

Quick-install of the PowerHA Full System Replication Manager

Monday, April 17, 2023

A large, 3D-rendered white IBM logo is centered on the slide. The letters are thick and blocky, with a slight shadow cast to the right, giving it a three-dimensional appearance against the light gray background.

Christian Aasland
aasland@us.ibm.com

IBM Technology Expert Labs



Overview



- ❑ [What is Full System Replication?](#)
- ❑ [Storage and HMC configuration](#)
- ❑ [Production LPAR setup](#)
- ❑ [Controller LPAR setup](#)
- ❑ [Additional Topics](#)

What the heck is this document for?

- This is a quick-install guide for configuring the Full System Replication Manager for the following storage products:
 - SVC family (FlashSystems, Storwize)
 - DS8K family
 - IBM PowerVS [Cloud]
- Customers can have it, but it is designed to be performed by a Lab Services consultant
- It does not explain details or how to handle errors or special/complex situations
- Primary documentation is the FSR Manager Webpage:
 - <http://ibm.biz/FSRManager>

Overview of Replication

The toolkit will manage the hardware replication and LPAR resources so that the DR site can be used.

This is supported for:

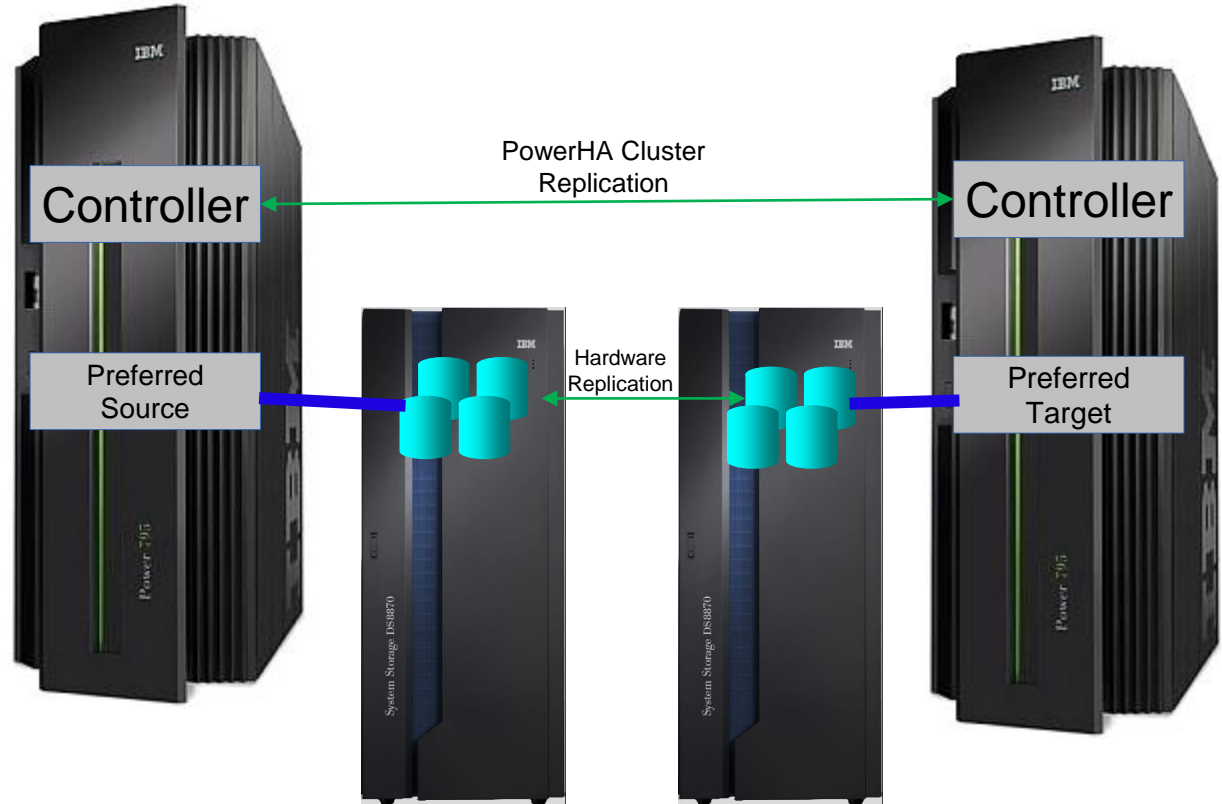
- DS8K GMIR and MMIR
- SVC GMIR, GMCV and MMIR
- PowerVS

The following is **not** supported:

- PowerVC
- Non-IBM storage devices

It is an active-passive configuration; i.e. the replication source LPAR is active, while the replication target LPAR is inactive.

A **switch** requires an outage, and can be either scheduled or unscheduled. A **detach** will pause replication and IPL the target into restricted, as a means to test the configuration.



Customer actions prior to our engagement

- Provide Technology Expert Labs with the IBM i serial numbers so we can generate license keys
- Source and Controlling LPARs configured with IBM i OS
 - Install the [LPP's](#) and [PTF's](#) detailed on our website:
 - <http://ibm.biz/FSRManager>
 - Expand 'Pre-engagement Requirements'
 - PowerHA (Enterprise Edition) installed and licensed
 - We will help you set up the clusters
 - Place FSR Manager savefile QZRDHASM51 in QGPL on the controlling and production LPARs
 - We will send this to you before we arrive
- Get IP addresses, administrative user IDs and passwords for:
 - HMC
 - LPAR's (including the secondary)
 - Storage devices (SVC / DS8K)
 - API Keys (PowerVS)

Storage Selector

[SVC Environment Configuration](#)

[DS8K Environment Configuration](#)

[Cloud Environment Configuration](#)

Cloud setup prior to our engagement

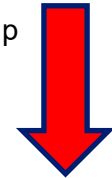
- Create the Cloud environment including
 - One or two persistent controlling PVM instances (IBM i)
 - Access to the PowerVS APIs (i.e. iam.cloud.ibm.com etc)
 - Preferred Source PVM instances
 - Network access (IP addresses etc)
 - Storage with OS loaded and configured
 - BRMS (optional)
 - Preferred Target PVM instances
 - Bring it on image volumes and allow cloud-init to finish (no need to install additional software or volumes)
 - Serial numbers for all the instances
 - DSPSYSVAL QSRLNBR
 - Include potential LPM serial numbers, if known
- Service ID
 - Access to the resources (instances, storage, etc)
- API Key (the API Key must be retained when created)



[Click here to continue to Controller setup](#)

SVC setup prior to our engagement

- Configure the storage unit for Primary, Secondary and Controlling LPAR.
 - Firmware level 7.5.0.3 or newer
 - If using FS910 with GMCV and the change volumes are in a data reduction pool (DRP), the SVC must be at firmware level 8.2.1.1 or higher
 - Create or select user profile
 - Must be assigned to CopyOperator (or better) user group
 - LUNs
 - Host connections
 - Licenses (Replication, Thin-provision, etc)
 - Partnerships
 - We can remotely help you set this up (also ensures you have communication between the SVC's before we arrive)
 - Start replication
 - Replication should be completed before we're onsite so that won't have to wait for it to catch up



[Click here to continue to HMC setup](#)

DS8K setup prior to our engagement

- Configure the storage unit for Primary, Secondary and Controlling LPAR.
 - Recent firmware level
 - Install DSCLI on the IBM i from the DS8K CD
 - Bundle 87.10.91.0 or newer (required for creating GMIR D-Copy)
 - Create fixed block volumes (requires ranks, arrays, extent pools, space efficient repositories, etc)
 - Volume groups, ports and host connections
 - Licenses (Replication, Space Efficient, etc)
 - PPRC Paths
 - We can remotely help you set this up (also ensures you have communication between the DS's before we arrive)
 - Start replication
 - Replication should be completed before we're onsite so that won't have to wait for it to catch up

- Create a user on the LPAR HMCs
 - Any user name will do (as long as you remember it)
 - Password is required
 - Hmcsuperadmin with AllSystemResources
- Additional considerations (these are enabled by default):
 - Enable remote command execution
 - Enable ssh through the HMC's firewall

Creating the cluster on the controllers

- If there is only one controller, you must create a single-node cluster. Perform the following steps on the single node only.
- If multiple controllers are to be configured, issue these messages on all of them:
 - STRTCPSVR *INETD
 - CHGTCPSPVR *INETD AUTOSTART(*YES)
 - CHGNETA ALWADDCLU(*ANY)
- On the Master controller
 - CRTCLU CLUSTER(FSFC) START(*YES) DEVDMN(*GEN)
 - PF4, fill in Primary and Secondary Controlling node names and IP addresses
- On Auxiliary controller:
 - WRKCLU, validate cluster is started

Restoring toolkit library, setup on both Controllers

- Place the toolkit savefile in QGPL (FTP, scp etc)
- Restore the toolkit library:
 - RSTLIB SAVLIB(QZRDHASM) DEV(*SAVF) SAVF(QZRDHASM51)
 - The '51' refers to the release and may change
 - ADDLIBLE QZRDHASM
- Run the setup program
 - SETUPFSR NODEROLE(*CTL) PORT(*DFT) CTLCODE('??')
 - The port is used to receive communications from the production LPARs, *DFT is 55920
 - Will create user profile QLPAR without a password, initialize files etc.

Set up IBM Pwr HA tools - FSR (SETUPFSR)

Type choices, press Enter.

```
Node role . . . . . > *CTL           *CTL, *PRD
FSFC communications port . . . . *DFT       1-65535, *SAME, *DFT
Toolkit access code for *CTL . . 12345
```

Update the startup program on the controllers

- Modify the startup program (after IP has been started) on each controller to:
 - Start the subsystem if any process will be initiated from the production LPAR:
 - STRSBS QZRDHASM/QZRDFSR
 - Start the cluster if there are multiple nodes using the DDD:
 - STRCLUNOD CLUSTER(*) NODE(*ALL)
 - **This requires *IOSYSCFG so QSTRUPJD should specify a profile like QLPAR so after compiling the startup program issue this command:**
 - **CHGJOB JOB(QSTRUPJD) USER(QLPAR)**

Download the Java Secure Channel code (on the Controllers)

- Not necessary for PowerVS Operations
- Download Java Secure Channel to /QIBM/qzrdhasm/ssh from
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/jsch/files/jsch.jar/0.1.55/jsch-0.1.55.jar/download>
 - Use the latest version, ensure the file /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/ssh/jsch.jar links to what you downloaded.
- The Java Secure Channel is an open-source implementation of ssh
- Because it is open-source, IBM Legal requires that you download it yourself (i.e. we can't bundle it with our toolkit)
- Download to desktop, FTP to both IBM i controllers, place it into directory /QIBM/qzrdhasm/ssh/

```
ftp> bin
200 Representation type is binary IMAGE.
ftp> put jsch-0.1.55.jar /QIBM/qzrdhasm/ssh/jsch-0.1.55.jar
local: jsch-0.1.55.jar remote: /QIBM/qzrdhasm/ssh/jsch-0.1.55.jar
227 Entering Passive Mode (9,5,168,177,167,46).
150-NAMEFMT set to 1.
150 Sending file to /QIBM/qzrdhasm/ssh/jsch-0.1.55.jar
226 File transfer completed successfully.
249282 bytes sent in 0.742 secs (336.12 Kbytes/sec)
ftp>
```

Create the credentials on either controller

- FSFC uses userid/password to log into the HMCs, DS8Ks and SVCs. Use WRKCSECRDL or ADDCSECERDE to manage these credentials.
- The 'Role' should be *USER if the host is not a CSM server
- Enter the IP address, user ID, password and a description of the host for:
 - SVCs
 - DS8Ks
 - HMCs
- This information is encrypted and placed into the device data domain and is kept consistent on both of the controllers.
- WRKCSECRDL uses PowerHA to keep the controllers in sync
- Use option 6 to validate the credentials

Work with CSE Credentials List				
Type options, press Enter.				
1=Add 2=Change 4=Remove				
Opt	IP Address	Role	User ID	Description
	9.5.95.139	*USER	qlpar	CTCHAHMC2
	9.5.167.58	*USER	qlpar	IBM.2107-75XA511

Create or identify a Cloud Service ID

- FSR uses an API Key to authenticate cloud resource usage.
 - Only used for PowerVS operations
 - An API Key is associated with a Service ID. Use the Cloud IAM web GUI to create or identify a service ID.

The screenshot displays the IBM Cloud IAM web GUI. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: Manage, Enterprise, Account, Billing and usage, Access (IAM), and Catalogs. The 'Access (IAM)' option is highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Service IDs' and includes a lock icon and the text 'Access (IAM)'. Below this is a navigation menu with options: Overview, Users, Access groups, Roles, Service IDs (highlighted), Authorizations, Identity providers, API keys, and Settings. The main content area contains a description: 'A service ID identifies a service or application similar to how a user ID identifies a user. Create service IDs to enable access to your IBM Cloud services by applications hosted both inside and outside of IBM Cloud.' Below the description is a table with columns: Status, Name, Description, Created, and Last Modified. A 'Create +' button is located in the top right corner of the table area. The table contains one row with a lock icon in the Status column, the name 'TEST_FSFC_API', and timestamps '2020-06-08 16:14 GMT' for both Created and Last Modified. At the bottom of the table, there is a pagination control showing 'Service IDs per page: 25' and '1-25 items'.

Status	Name	Description	Created	Last Modified
	TEST_FSFC_API		2020-06-08 16:14 GMT	2020-06-08 16:14 GMT

Create Service ID API Key

- After identifying the Service ID identify or create an API Key
 - When the API Key is created it will be displayed or downloaded in a file.
 - You *must* record this API Key as there will not be an opportunity to retrieve it later. If you have a Service ID but no API Key then create a new key.
 - The name of the key does not matter. In these examples we are re-using a key created for FSFC operations.

TEST_FSFC_API [Details](#) [Actions...](#)

[Access group](#) [Access policies](#) **API keys**

Create and manage API keys for this service ID.

[Create](#) +

Status	Name	↓	Description	Date Created	
	FSFC Access Token		For testing FSFC Stuff	2020-06-08 20:46 GMT	⋮

Enter the API Key into WRKCSECRDL

- Use the command WRKCSECRDL TYPE(*CLOUD) to work with Cloud credentials.
 - Use option 1 to add a new set of credentials. Give the credentials a name which will later be used to refer to this cloud instance. DAL_KEY and WDC_KEY are good examples.
 - The API Key can be entered but not extracted. It is stored in an encrypted space.
 - The URNs and URLs will depend on the specific cloud implementation.
 - The team which set up your PowerVS cloud account may have this information
 - For Cloud Instance ID enter *SELECT and the API will provide a list based on the resources the API Key is authorized to.

```
                                Add Cloud Credential Entry (ADDCLDCRDE)

Add Cloud Credential Entry (ADDCLDCRDE)

Type choices, press Enter.

Key name . . . . . > WDC_KEY      Character value
IAM Identity Services URL . . . . iam.cloud.ibm.com

Resource controller URL . . . . . resource-controller.cloud.ibm.com

API Key . . . . . Your API KEY goes here

URN Endpoint . . . . . us-east.power-iaas.cloud.ibm.com

Cloud Instance ID . . . . . *SELECT

Description . . . . . WDC
```

[SVC Environment Configuration](#)

[DS8K Environment Configuration](#)

[PowerVS Environment Configuration](#)

Create the SVC environments on the controller

- An FSR Environment describes the storage to the toolkit. Use WRKCSE to manage the environments.
 - Option 1 creates a new environment
 - Enter *NONE when prompted for ASP Copy Descriptions
- The environments are stored in the device data domain and is kept in sync with both controllers.
- On the SVC, remote copy consistency groups can be changed between MMIR, GMIR and GMCV, but environment types are static. If you plan to change a consistency group type, create multiples types of environments.
- NOTE: F6 to validate only works after we have created the CSE data (that's next).

```
Change a MMIR Environment.

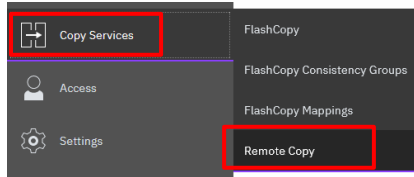
Type choices, press Enter.

Environment name . . . . . : TEST
Storage type . . . . . : SVC
Primary ASP . . . . . : *SYSTEM          33 - 255, *SYSTEM

F1=Help  F3=Exit  F6=Validate SVC  F12=Cancel  More...
```

Finding the Remote copy consistency group Id

- The environment requires the Remote copy consistency group Id.
- It can be different on the master and auxiliary SVCs so log into both to get that information
- To find it, view the remote copy consistency groups and enable the Id column



Partnerships

- ctclabvc
- CTCSVC1

CTCSVC1

- Configured

DEMO_FSR

Consistent copying

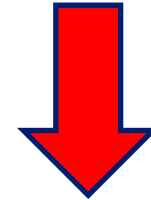
ctclabvc (Master) → CTCSVC1

Group info

- Replication type: Global
- Primary site: ctclabvc
- Cycle period: 300 s
- Freeze time: 4/17/2023 1:58:51 PM
- Group ID: 4

Relationships (4)

Name	ID	State	Master Volume	Replication Direction	Auxiliary Volume
rcrel32	192	Consistent Copying	DEMO_FS_PS_1	→	DEMO_FS_PT_1
rcrel33	193	Consistent Copying	DEMO_FS_PS_2	→	DEMO_FS_PT_2
rcrel34	194	Consistent Copying	DEMO_FS_PS_3	→	DEMO_FS_PT_3
rcrel35	195	Consistent Copying	DEMO_FS_PS_4	→	DEMO_FS_PT_4



[Click here to continue with CSE Data](#)

Create the DS environments on the controller

- An FSR Environment describes the storage to the toolkit. Use WRKCSE to manage the environments.
 - Option 1 creates a new environment
 - Enter *NONE when prompted for ASP Copy Descriptions
- The environments are stored in the device data domain and is kept in sync with both controllers.

```
Change a GMIR Environment
Type choices, press Enter.
Environment . . . . . : DEMO_FSR
Storage type . . . . . : DS8K
Primary ASP . . . . . *SYSTEM          33 - 255, *SYSTEM
CSM Replication . . . . *NO           *YES, *NO
Global Mirroring DS unit information:
Source device . . . . . IBM.2107-75DYR51   Name
Target device . . . . . IBM.2107-75LHH71   Name, *SAME
Session number . . . . . 5                 Hexadecimal number
Reverse session number 5                     Required if Symmetrical
```

Enter the DS information

- o Enter the DS information (IP addresses and LUNs). Ignore the password field.

```
Change a GMIR Environment
Type choices, press Enter.

DS unit SMC information:
Source hmc1 . . . . . 9.5.167.21          IPv4
Source hmc2 . . . . . *NONE              IPv4, *NONE
Target hmc1 . . . . . 9.5.168.160        IPv4
Target hmc2 . . . . . *NONE              IPv4, *NONE

Global Mirroring options:
Symmetrical Mirroring      *YES          *YES, *NO
D-Copy Flash normal . .   *YES          *YES, *NO
D-Copy Flash reversed     *NO           *YES, *NO
Override Master LSS . .   *NO           *YES, *NO
CG interval . . . . .    0             Seconds (0 - 65535)
CG drain time . . . . .  240          30 to 1200

Space Efficient FlashCopy options:
On Normal CG Flashes . .  *YES          *YES, *NO
On Reversed CG Flashes   *YES          *YES, *NO
```

Enter the DS volumes

- Press Enter and fill in the source and target LUNs

```

                                Add, Change or Delete Volumes
Environment . : DEMO_FSR          Source device : IBM.2107-75DYR51
Type . . . . : GMIR             Target device : IBM.2107-75LHH71
Volume sets . : 4

Type Volume options; 1=Add, 2=Change, 4=Delete, press Enter.
  Opt      Source      Target      Target      Source
          PPRC Vols   PPRC Vols   CG Flash Vols  CG Flash Vols
          1E00-1E01   1E00-1E01   1E10-1E11     1E10-1E11
          1F00-1F01   1F00-1F01   1F10-1F11     1F10-1F11

```

- Test communications with WRKCSE opt 14, then opt 9, F10 on the lsfbvol_PS.script script.
- You should receive a list of the fixed block volumes.



Storage configuration is finished – continue with configuration

Set up PowerVS Replication

- Setting up PowerVS Replication is covered in a separate document and details the following steps:
 - Deploy target VM on disposable volumes
 - Gather information
 - Shut down target VM
 - Start replication from source volumes
 - Creates target volumes
 - Create consistency set from volumes
 - Onboard consistency set
 - Makes replicated target volumes available
 - Attach replicated target volumes to target VM
 - Dispose of initial target deployment volumes

Create the Cloud environments on the controller

- An FSR Environment describes the storage to the toolkit. Use WRKCSE to manage the environments.
- The environments are stored in the device data domain and is kept in sync with both controllers.
 - Option 1 creates a new environment
 - Recommended name of the environment same as the preferred source VM name.
 - Enter GMIR when prompted for Copy Service Type
 - Enter CLOUD for Storage Type
 - Enter *SYSTEM for Primary ASP

```
                                Add an Environment

Enter Copy Services and ASP information

Environment name . . . . . : TEST
Copy Service Type . . . . . : GMIR
Storage Type . . . . . : CLOUD

Primary ASP . . . . . *SYSTEM          33 - 255, *SYSTEM
```

Create the Cloud environments on the controller

- Select the API Key names and PVM Instance id's for the preferred source and target
 - Use F4 to Prompt

```
Change a GMIR Environment
Type choices, press Enter.
Environment . . . . . : TEST
Storage type . . . . . : CLOUD
Primary ASP . . . . . *SYSTEM          33 - 255, *SYSTEM

Cloud Replication Information:
Source API Key name . . WDC_CLOUD
Source PVM Instance Id 0d458e15-2d8f-4bf4-9eb9-5c245891b4d5
Source PVM name . . . . SRCDEMO
Source Consistency Set srcdemo
Target API Key name . . DAL_CLOUD
Target PVM Instance Id a1933b1d-e70c-4d2a-8245-508beb9bec07
Target PVM name . . . . TRGDEMO
Target Consistency Set : rccg-9138-44d82
```

Create the Copy Services Environment (CSE) Data on either Controller

- The CSE Data describes the non-storage elements of an environment.
- This data is stored in the Cluster Resource Group (CRG) and **the CSEDTA Name must match the environment name**
 - The toolkit will create the CRG. It will always remain inactive
- WRKCSEDTA, CRTCS EDTA, CHGCSEDTA and DSPCS EDTA can be used to work with this information.
 - Stored in the CRG so the data is synchronized between the controllers
- To delete the CSE data, remove the CRG (WRKCLU, opt 9, opt 4)

```
                                Create CSE Data

Supply all required values, press Enter.

CSE Data Name . . . . . : TEST
Use . . . . . : *SYSTEM
Copy type . . . . . : *PPRC

Environment name . . . . . TEST
Production node name . . . . . _____
FSR communications port . . . 55920
Primary controlling node . . . _____ Name
Secondary controlling node . . . _____ Name
```

Enter the Copy Services Environment (CSE) Data on either Controller

- Enter the Preferred Source and Preferred Target information.
- If the LPARs participate in LPM or LUN Switches then use *SEARCH for the HMC Managed system.
- For PowerVS, specify *CLOUDENV for Primary HMC IP
- Use F6 to prompt the HMC for the Managed System, LPAR and Profile names

```
                                Create CSE Data

Supply all required values, press Enter.

Preferred source details:
  IP address . . . . . _____
  Primary HMC IP . . . . . _____
                                     IPv4 address, *CLOUDENV
  Secondary HMC IP . . . . . _____
  HMC managed system . . . . . _____
  HMC LPAR name . . . . . _____
  HMC Profile name . . . . . _____

Preferred target details:
  IP address . . . . . _____
  Primary HMC IP . . . . . _____
  Secondary HMC IP . . . . . _____
  HMC managed system . . . . . _____
  HMC LPAR name . . . . . _____
  HMC Profile name . . . . . _____

                                More...

F1=Help  F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F6=Query HMC  F12=Cancel
```

Power Down Command on the Controller

- The “Power down command” must be entered and it will be called on the production LPAR.
- Use PWRDWN SYS or another command that will perform any necessary shutdown tasks.
- The LPAR should be NOT be restarted (let FSR do that for you)
- Specify /* *NONE */ for no command, user will have to shut down the LPAR manually. This provides an additional safeguard in case a switch is accidentally started.
- Prompting (F4) is available on the command

But ... it is prompted on the local (controlling) LPAR, not where the command will run (on the source LPAR).

```
                                Create CSE Data

Supply all required values, press Enter.

Power down command . . . . . PWRDWN SYS *CNTRLD DELAY(30) RESTART(*NO)

Auto start cluster . . . . . *YES          *YES, *NO
Message Queue . . . . . *SYSOPR         name, *SYSOPR
  Library . . . . . _____ library name

Text . . . . .
```

Restoring toolkit library, setup on Production LPARs

- Place the toolkit savefile in QGPL (FTP, scp etc)
- Restore the toolkit library:
 - RSTLIB SAVLIB(QZRDHASM) DEV(*SAVF) SAVF(QZRDHASM51)
 - The '51' refers to the release and may change
 - ADDLIBLE QZRDHASM
- Run the setup program
 - SETUPFSR NODEROLE(*PRD) PORT(*DFT) PSCODE('??') PTSRLNBR(??) PTCODE('??')
 - The default port is 55920 and must match what we entered into CRTCS EDTA on the controller
- The access code is based on serial number and will be provided by the IBM Technology Expert Labs consulting team. You should have multiple access codes, one for each serial number

Setting up Production LPAR resources: System Roles

- The Preferred Source (*PS) is where your production normally runs
- The Preferred Target (*PT) is where your production LPAR switches to for DR purposes
- Multiple LPAR (for example LPM etc) roles can be differentiated with *PS00-*PS99 etc.
- If the PT will have a different line description or IP address than the PS, create them on the PS
 - FSR will only bring online the correct resources
- Use WRKSTRPRSC *SYS to indicate to the toolkit the roles of the LPARs

Work with System Information Entries					
Type options, press Enter.					
1=Add 2=Change 4=Remove					
Opt	Usage	Serial number	LPAR number	Default CSEDTA	Comment
	*PS	787F800	*ANY	*NONE	WDC06
	*PT	VSHJKLR	*ANY	*NONE	DAL12

Setting up Production LPAR resources: IP Addresses

- The Preferred Source (*PS) is where your production normally runs
- The Preferred Target (*PT) is where your production LPAR switches to for DR purposes
- If the PT will have a different line description or IP address than the PS, create them on the PS
 - FSR will only bring online the correct resources
- Use WRKSTRPRSC *CMN to indicate to the toolkit which lines to bring online
- *IPADDR and *LINE indicates FSR will populate the data from the current LPAR
- At IPL, FSR will find the resource at the specified location (CMNxx) and assign it to the specified line description.
- For aggregate lines, multiple resource location prompts are provided (up to 8)

Usage	*PS			*PSxx, *PTxx, *FCxx, *CTLx, *SGxx	
IP Interface	9.5.167.13			IPv4 address	
Line Description . .	ETHLINE			Name, *IPADDR, *VIRTUALIP	
Resource Location . .	U9009.22A.787F800-V28-C6				
Port	0			Name, *LINE, blank *LOC, *DFT, 0-65535	

Opt	Usage	IP Interface	Line Desc	Hardware Resource Location	Port
	*PS	9.5.167.13	ETHLINE	U9009.22A.787F800-V28-C6	0
	*PT	9.5.168.174	ETHLINE	U9009.22A.787F820-V34-C4	0

Finding communication resource bus locations on the Production

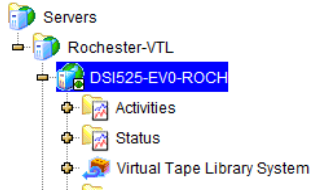
- WRKHDWRSC *CMN, opt 7
- The “Port” is on the second page, but is usually 0 for VIOS managed virtual adapters
- The format of the location code for the *PT can be inferred
 - V22 = LPAR number 22
 - C2 = Virtual slot 2 or Adapter number
- Can also use *LPAR to have toolkit resolve type, model, serial and virtual bus
 - *LPAR-C2-T1

```
Resource name . . . . . : CMN11
Text . . . . . : Ethernet Port
Type-model . . . . . : 2BD4-001
Serial number . . . . . : 00-00000
Part number . . . . . :
```

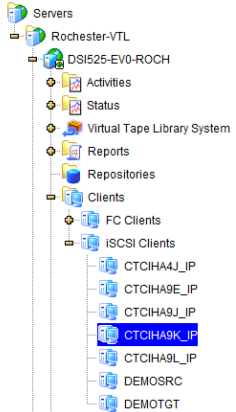
```
Location : U9009.22A.787F800-V28-C6
```

Finding iSCSI Resources on the VTL

- The iSCSI details can be found in the VTL Console

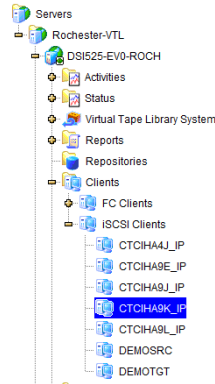


General	Event Log	Version Info	System Log	i
Name	Value			
Server Name	DSI525-EV0-ROCH			
Login Machine Name	9.5.34.65			
Login User Name	root			
Processor 1 - 32	Intel(R) Xeon(R) Silver 4110 CPU @ 2.10GHz 2100			
Network Interface	eth0 - mtu 1500 inet 9.5.34.65 mac 80:18:44:eb:b			



General	Resources	i
Name	vtl-tgt-for-ctciha9k	
FSFC FSR PS Development		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00096		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00097		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00098		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00099		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00100		
IBM-ULT3580-TD7-00101		

Client IQN:



General	Resources	i
Name	Value	
Client ID	26	
Client Name	CTCIHA9K_IP	
Initial Client Name	CTCIHA9K_IP	
Client Type	iSCSI	
Access Type	stationary	
Authentication	none	
Initiator Name	iqn.1924-02.com.ibm.ibm.ctciha9k-i0	
iSCSI Resource Count	7	

Entering iSCSI Resources on the Production LPAR

- Enter them into WRKSTRPRSC *ISCSI

```
                                Add or Change iSCSI Resources
Enter details, press Enter.

Usage . . . . . *PS                *PSxx, *PTxx, *FCxx, *CTLx,
                                *SGxx
IP Interface . . . . 9.5.34.65      IPv4 address
Port . . . . . 3260                0-65535
Target Device IQN . . DSI525-EV0
                                IQN
Client Device IQN . . iqn.1924-02.com.ibm:ibmi.demotest
                                IQN
```

```
                                Work with iSCSI Resources
Type options, press Enter.
 1=Add  2=Change  4=Remove

Opt  Usage  IP Interface  Target Device
-----
  *PS   9.5.34.65  DSI525-EV0
  *PT   9.5.35.66  FalconStor Thingy
```

Setting up Production LPAR resources: Storage (i.e. backup devices)

- Use WRKSTRPRSC *STG to indicate to the toolkit which tape devices to bring online
- During IPL, FSR will find the resource based on serial number (TAPxx or TAPMLBxx) and assign it to the device description and vary it on.
- The serial number can be for either the library or the tape drive.
 - If there are multiple logical libraries then the tape drive serial number will let you select a drive in a specific library with a common serial number
- The device description is what your backup application uses
- The device type indicates whether FSR should vary on the tape drive or the media library
 - If a tape drive serial number is specified with Type = *MLB then FSR will vary on the media library the tape drive is in

Usage	*PS	*PSxx, *PTxx, *FCxx, *CTLx, *SGxx
Device Description	VTL_PS_DEV	Name
Serial Number	YTC634303828	Character value, *DEVD
Device Type	*MLB	*MLB, *TAP, *DEV

Device Opt	Device Usage	Device Description	Storage Resource Type	Serial Number
	*PS	VTL_PS_DEV	*MLB	YTC634303828
	*PT	VTL_PS_DEV	*MLB	YTC634832773

Setting up Production LPAR resources: Routes

- Use WRKSTRPRSC *RTE to indicate to the toolkit which routes to use
- If no routes are specified, no changes are made to the routes (CFGTCP opt 2)
- If any routes are specified, all existing routes will be removed

Usage	*PS	*PSxx, *PTxx, *FCxx, *CTLx, *SGxx
Destination	*DFTRROUTE	IPv4 address, *DFTRROUTE
Subnet Mask	*NONE	nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn, *NONE, *HOST
Next Hop	9.5.167.1	IPv4 address
Preferred Interface	*NONE	IPv4 address, *NONE

Preferred	Opt	Usage	Destination	Subnet Mask	Next Hop	Interface
		*PS	*DFTRROUTE	*NONE	9.5.167.1	*NONE
		*PT	*DFTRROUTE	*NONE	9.5.168.1	*NONE

Setting up Production LPAR resources: BRMS Changes

- Add changes which should occur to BRMS depending on where it IPLs.
- The syntax is:
 - “For the BRMS object of this type, change the specified attribute to this value”
- For example:
 - “When starting as *PS then change the *DEVICE object TS3400 to use attribute *LOC TS3400PROD
- Additional items can be added by request

Usage	*PS				*PSxx, *PTxx, *FCxx, *SGxx
Object	TS3400				Name
Object Type . . .	*DEVICE				*DEVICE, *MEDPCY, *CTLGATTR
Attribute	*LOC				*LOC, *MEDCLS, *MOVPCY, *MARKDUP *MARKHST, *MINVOL, *TEXT, *VOLSEC *DEVICE, *MEDPCYFUL, *MEDPCYINC
New Value	TS3400PROD				
Opt	Usage	Object Name	Object Type	Attribute	New Value
	*PS	TS3400	*DEVICE	*LOC	TS3400PROD
	*PT	TS3400	*DEVICE	*LOC	TS3400DR

Setting up Production LPAR resources: Startup Program Changes

- While WRKSTRPRSC defines the resources, CFGSTRPRSC will effect the changes
- Place a call to QZRDHASM/CFGSTRPRSC early in QSTRUPPGM, before any resources need access to TCP

```
DCL VAR(&IPLTYPE) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(5) VALUE('?????')
/* PowerHA Tools for IBM i */
QZRDHASM/CFGSTRPRSC RTNVAR(&IPLTYPE)
MONMSG      MSGID(CPF0000)
IF          COND((%SST(&IPLTYPE 1 3) *EQ '*FC') *OR +
                (%SST(&IPLTYPE 1 5) *EQ '*DTCH') *OR +
                (%SST(&IPLTYPE 1 5) *EQ '?????')) +
            THEN(RETURN)
STRTCP
MONMSG      MSGID(CPF0000)
```

- CFGSTRPRSC will configure resources, but it will not start TCP
- After calling CFGSTRPRSC, call STRTCP after all the subsystems have been started (like right before :DONE)
- Since TCP is started from the startup program, don't start it during IPL
 - CHGIPLA STRTCP(*NO)
- Other useful commands:
 - RUNLPARCMD: Execute command based on where the LPAR is running
 - RTVLPARINF: Retrieve *PS or *PT into a variable to control program flow

- CHKCSE is a toolkit command used to check whether you can perform a scheduled switch. It performs more checks than SWCSE or WRKCSE, including verifying that the LUNs reported to the production LPAR are being replicated.
- Run the command interactively now to test it.
- Schedule CHKCSE to run periodically and monitor for escape messages. An escape message indicates a switch may fail.

```
                                Check Copy Services Environ. (CHKCSE)

Type choices, press Enter.

Environment name . . . . .           F4 to prompt

> CHKCSE ENV(FSR_TEST)
  Partition TEST is configured for a manual IPL.
  CHKCSE completed successfully.  FSR_TEST is ready for the SWCSE command.
```

- WRKCSE is the main command for working with the storage. We have already created an environment, now we can do more things with it.
- A 'detach' is a test switch without an outage to the production LPAR.
 - It will pause replication and IPL the target into restricted state.
- Go into WRKCSE and take option 12 on the environment.
- Note the status – it should be “Consistent synchronized” or “Consistent copying” before doing a detach.

```
Work with SVC PPRC Environment

Environment . . . . . : FSR9J4J
GMIR Status . . . . . : Consistent copying
Direction . . . . . : Normal

Select one of the following:

    2. Pause
    3. Resume

    5. Switch
    6. Start Replication after Switch

    8. Detach
    9. Reattach
   10. Display replication
```

Test detach with WRKCSE

- Take option 10 (Display Replication) to view the relationships, then PF11 to view the progress
- The “Progress” column should be nearly caught up (~100%) or blank, and the “Freeze time” (if using GMCV) should be within the past few minutes.
- If the progress or freeze time is far behind, then a detach or scheduled switch will take a long time to complete.

```
Display Replication
Environment . . . : FSR9J4J          Type . . . . . : GMIR
Consistency group : ctciha9j_4j
Cycle period . . . : 300
Primary . . . . . : Master
State . . . . . : Consistent_copying

Relationship  State / in sync?      Freeze time      Progress
rcrel28      consistent_copying      2023/04/18 09:58:57  99
rcrel29      consistent_copying      2023/04/18 09:58:57  99
rcrel30      consistent_copying      2023/04/18 09:58:57  99
rcrel31      consistent_copying      2023/04/18 09:58:57  99
```

- A Detach will prepare the primary LPAR, pause replication, and IPL the secondary LPAR in manual restricted state.
 - Detach for SVC is supported for MMIR and GMCV replication, not GMIR.
 - Detach for DS8K is supported for GMIR, not MMIR
 - Detach for PowerVS is supported.
- Once detached, the replication status will be “Idle”.

```
Work with SVC PPRC Environment

Environment . . . . . : FSR9J4J
GMIR Status . . . . . : Consistent copying
Direction . . . . . : Normal

Select one of the following:

    2. Pause
    3. Resume

    5. Switch
    6. Start Replication after Switch

    8. Detach
    9. Reattach
   10. Display replication

Selection
      8

Bottom

F1=Help  F3=Exit  F5=Refresh Status  F10=View log  F12=Cancel

Detaching current target LPAR.
```

- A Reattach will deactivate the secondary LPAR and resume replication.
 - If both LPARs are deactivated, the toolkit will ask which direction to resume replication in.
- After a Reattach, it is recommended to change the secondary HMC LPAR properties to IPL in B-Normal (the toolkit leaves it in B-Manual)
- The replication status will go to “Inconsistent copying”.
- The longer the replication is paused, the longer it will take to reach a “Consistent” state.

```
Work with SVC PPRC Environment

Environment . . . . . : FSR9J4J
GMIR Status . . . . . : Inconsistent copying
Direction . . . . . : Normal

Select one of the following:

    2. Pause
    3. Resume

    5. Switch
    6. Start Replication after Switch

    8. Detach
    9. Reattach
   10. Display replication

Selection
    9

Bottom
```

Perform a scheduled switch with WRKCSE

- A **Scheduled Switch** will shut down the primary LPAR, IPL the secondary LPAR, and then reverse replication.
 - This requires an outage of the LPAR!
- A scheduled switch requires the primary LPAR to be active and reachable at its IP address.
- WRKCSE option 5 will prompt on SWCSE and it will be performed interactively. Press enter.
- On the primary LPAR, an inquiry message will be posted to QSYSOPR
- Auto replicate *DFT will restart replication after a scheduled switch.

```
Switch Copy Services Environ. (SWCSE)

Type choices, press Enter.

Environment name . . . . . > TEST          F4 to prompt
Switch type . . . . . *SCHEDULED        *SCHEDULED, *UNSCHEDULED
Type . . . . . *                        *, *GMIR, *MMIR
Auto replicate . . . . . *DFT           *DFT, *YES, *NO

Message ID . . . . . : IAS0029          Severity . . . . . : 40
Message type . . . . . : Inquiry
Date sent . . . . . : 04/18/23         Time sent . . . . . : 10:46:22

Message . . . . . : Perform full system switch? (G C)
Cause . . . . . : A scheduled SWCSE command was issued by job 2 on node . If
you reply Go to this message, the system will be powered down. Possible
choices for replying to the message are:
G -- Go      = Perform full system switch.
C -- Cancel  = Do not perform full system switch.
```

Perform unscheduled switch with SWCSE

- An **Unscheduled Switch** will reverse replication, and then IPL the secondary LPAR.
 - This requires an outage of the LPAR!
- An unscheduled switch requires that the primary LPAR be powered down. In the event of a disaster, you will be performing an unscheduled switch.
- SWCSE can be submitted to batch.
- Auto replicate *DFT will **not** restart replication after an unscheduled switch.
- When SWCSE is called, you will be presented with this message on the controlling LPAR:

Unscheduled SWCSE Warning

You have issued an unscheduled GMIR switch for *SYSTEM.

This process assumes that the current production node is not accessible and eliminates any normal switchover release actions for external storage disk volumes that are accessible on the production node. If the production node is active, cancel this switchover by pressing F12.

Press F10 to continue the unscheduled GMIR switchover.

Restart replication after a switch

- If a switch did not restart replication you can do so from WRKCSE option 12 then option 6.
- A panel confirming the direction of replication is presented.
 - Use F8 to reverse replication, and F10 to start replication.

```
Work with SVC PPRC Environment

Environment . . . . . : TEST
GMIR Status .....
Direction : Confirm Start of Replication :
: :
Select one of : Warning; this option may be hazardous to the health :
: data of your production data. It is possible to start :
2. Pause : replication in either direction. BEFORE CONTINUING, :
3. Resum : CONFIRM THE NEW NODE ROLES BELOW. :
: :
5. Switc : :
6. Start : Press F10 to continue, F8 to reverse, F12 to cancel. :
: :
8. Detac : Source LPAR/VM : *PT prod :
9. Reatt : Target LPAR/VM : *PS dr :
10. Displ : :
: Bottom :
Selection : F1=Help F3=Exit F8=Reverse the Direction :
6 : F10=Continue F12=Cancel :
: :
F1=Help F3=.....
```


How to reset after failure

- Failures can happen, you need to know how to set things back to normal.
- This usually involves the following manual steps:
 - Determine the current state of the master and auxiliary LPARs (i.e. which should be active or inactive)
 - Determine the desired of LPARs and replication direction
 - Deactivating LPARs if needed, using the HMC web interface
 - Manually changing the replication direction if needed, using the SVC web interface
 - Activating an LPAR if needed, using the HMC web interface
- Tell the toolkit the correct current state of the replication
 - On the controller, CHGCSEDTA and modify these fields:
 - Status to *READY
 - Direction to *NORMAL or *REVERSED

```
PPRC status . . . . . *READY          *READY, *INCOMPLETE, number
PPRC direction . . . . . *NORMAL        *NORMAL, *REVERSED
```

Save the Copy Services Environment (CSE) Data on both Controllers

- WRKCSE, WRKCSEDTA and WRKCSECRDL information is stored on the controller in PowerHA device data domains (DDD)
- The DDD's are not saved/restored with the usual commands SAVCFG, SAVOBJ etc or even GO SAVE opt 21
- The Toolkit includes two commands to save and restore the DDD:
 - SAVDDD
 - Saves all the DDD information to a new IFS directory based on the current timestamp
 - RSTDDD
 - Restores all the DDD information from an existing IFS directory
- Recommendation is to run SAVDDD prior to an upgrade and immediately before IFS backups on the controlling LPAR

Where can I find the logs for troubleshooting?

- Controller logs are in the following place:
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/qzrdhasm.log
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/qzrdhasm.log.bak
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/java.logs/*
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/joblogs/*
- DMPINF ENV(*ALL) EXTDLOGS(*YES) will grab all these files and put them in a zip file.

```
                                Dump ICSM Information (DMPINF)

Type choices, press Enter.

Environment name . . . . . *ALL           F4 to prompt
Type . . . . . *ALL           *ALL, *FLASH, *GMIR, *LUN...
Extended logging . . . . . *YES         *YES, *NO
Job name . . . . . *NONE        Name, *CURRENT, *NONE, *LAST
  User . . . . .                Name
  Number . . . . .                000000-999999
```

- On the primary LPAR:
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/qzrdhasm.log
 - /QIBM/Qzrdhasm/joblogs/*
 - WRKJOB QZRDIAEXT2 and view the joblog
 - WRKJOB QSTRUPJD and view the joblog

Schedule Log Cleanup on all LPARs

- CLEANLOGS will prune toolkit logs to save on space
 - Tell it how many days of log entries to retain
 - `ADDJOBSCDE JOB(CLEANLOGS) FRQ(*WEEKLY) CMD(QZRDHASM/CLEANLOGS RETAIN(120)) SCDDATE(*NONE) SCDDAY(*ALL) SCDTIME('22:30')`

```
                Clean Toolkit Logs (CLEANLOGS)
                Type choices, press Enter.

Days of information to retain .                *NONE, days

                Additional Parameters

FSFC environment . . . . . *NONE                Name, *NONE, *ALL
```

Contacting support if you have problems

- Support for the FSFC Toolkit is to customers who meet the following criteria:
 - Current System i Software Maintenance Agreement
 - Current FSFC Toolkit Software Maintenance Agreement
- For non-urgent issues or questions contact the consultant who installed the Toolkit. To reach a Toolkit developer for non-urgent issues and questions, or to report a bug, send an email to iessspt@us.ibm.com
- For immediate 24x7 assistance, reach out to IBM Support:
 - US: <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/us/>
 - Worldwide: <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/>
 - To assist IBM personnel in correctly routing your problem, request support for the iSeries
 - Lab Services “Copy Services Toolkit – Full System Flashcopy” using component
 - identifier 5798CST00.

- text

example

