

z/OS Communications Server



SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Reference

Version 2 Release 1

Note:

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under “Notices” on page 691.

First edition (September 2013)

This edition applies to version 2, release 1, modification 0 of z/OS (5650-ZOS), and to subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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- Title and order number of this document
- Page number or topic related to your comment

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About this document

This manual is designed to help customers write VTAM[®] application programs to use the VTAM logical unit (LU) 6.2 application programming interface (API). This manual describes the format of the macroinstructions and presents each macroinstruction in alphabetical order.

This manual explains macroinstruction syntax and parameters, return codes and responses, and identifies fields set by DSECTs. *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* also explains how to design VTAM LU 6.2 application programs.

Who should use this document

This book is for programmers (such as application or system programmers) who code VTAM application programs. This audience can include programmers who are modifying existing programs or writing new ones.

You should be familiar with LU 6.2 architecture before you write LU 6.2 programs. *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* provides this familiarity and is, therefore, a corequisite for using the *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Reference*. You should also be familiar with information in *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming*.

You should also be familiar with the information in the assembler language documentation for your operating system.

How this document is organized

This document is organized into the following topics:

- Chapter 1, "LU 6.2 macroinstruction syntax and operands," on page 1 describes all varieties of the VTAM APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 describes the return codes.
- Chapter 3, "DSECTs," on page 633 describes the LU 6.2 DSECTs.
- Chapter 4, "Summary of register usage," on page 683 describes the summary of register usage.
- Appendix A, "Architectural specifications," on page 685 lists documents that provide architectural specifications for the SNA Protocol.
- Appendix B, "Accessibility," on page 687 describes accessibility features to help users with physical disabilities.
- "Notices" on page 691 contains notices and trademarks used in this document.
- "Bibliography" on page 701 contains descriptions of the documents in the *z/OS[®] Communications Server* library.

How to use this document

To use this document, you should be familiar with the basic concepts of telecommunication, SNA, and VTAM.

Determining whether a publication is current

As needed, IBM® updates its publications with new and changed information. For a given publication, updates to the hardcopy and associated BookManager® softcopy are usually available at the same time. Sometimes, however, the updates to hardcopy and softcopy are available at different times. The following information describes how to determine if you are looking at the most current copy of a publication:

- At the end of a publication's order number there is a dash followed by two digits, often referred to as the dash level. A publication with a higher dash level is more current than one with a lower dash level. For example, in the publication order number GC28-1747-07, the dash level 07 means that the publication is more current than previous levels, such as 05 or 04.
- If a hardcopy publication and a softcopy publication have the same dash level, it is possible that the softcopy publication is more current than the hardcopy publication. Check the dates shown in the Summary of Changes. The softcopy publication might have a more recently dated Summary of Changes than the hardcopy publication.
- To compare softcopy publications, you can check the last 2 characters of the publication's file name (also called the book name). The higher the number, the more recent the publication. Also, next to the publication titles in the CD-ROM booklet and the readme files, there is an asterisk (*) that indicates whether a publication is new or changed.

How to contact IBM service

For immediate assistance, visit this website: <http://www.software.ibm.com/network/commsserver/support/>

Most problems can be resolved at this website, where you can submit questions and problem reports electronically, and access a variety of diagnosis information.

For telephone assistance in problem diagnosis and resolution (in the United States or Puerto Rico), call the IBM Software Support Center anytime (1-800-IBM-SERV). You will receive a return call within 8 business hours (Monday – Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m., local customer time).

Outside the United States or Puerto Rico, contact your local IBM representative or your authorized IBM supplier.

If you would like to provide feedback on this publication, see “Communicating your comments to IBM” on page 725.

Conventions and terminology that are used in this document

Commands in this book that can be used in both TSO and z/OS UNIX environments use the following conventions:

- When describing how to use the command in a TSO environment, the command is presented in uppercase (for example, NETSTAT).
- When describing how to use the command in a z/OS UNIX environment, the command is presented in bold lowercase (for example, **netstat**).
- When referring to the command in a general way in text, the command is presented with an initial capital letter (for example, Netstat).

All the exit routines described in this document are *installation-wide exit routines*. The installation-wide exit routines also called installation-wide exits, exit routines, and exits throughout this document.

The TPF logon manager, although included with VTAM, is an application program; therefore, the logon manager is documented separately from VTAM.

Samples used in this book might not be updated for each release. Evaluate a sample carefully before applying it to your system.

Note: In this information, you might see the term RDMA network interface card (RNIC) that is used to refer to the IBM 10GbE RoCE Express feature.

For definitions of the terms and abbreviations that are used in this document, you can view the latest IBM terminology at the IBM Terminology website.

Clarification of notes

Information traditionally qualified as Notes is further qualified as follows:

Note Supplemental detail

Tip Offers shortcuts or alternative ways of performing an action; a hint

Guideline

Customary way to perform a procedure

Rule Something you must do; limitations on your actions

Restriction

Indicates certain conditions are not supported; limitations on a product or facility

Requirement

Dependencies, prerequisites

Result Indicates the outcome

Prerequisite and related information

z/OS Communications Server function is described in the z/OS Communications Server library. Descriptions of those documents are listed in “Bibliography” on page 701, in the back of this document.

Required information

Before using this product, you should be familiar with TCP/IP, VTAM, MVS™, and UNIX System Services.

Softcopy information

Softcopy publications are available in the following collection.

Titles	Order Number	Description
<i>IBM System z® Redbooks Collection</i>	SK3T-7876	The IBM Redbooks® publications selected for this CD series are taken from the IBM Redbooks inventory of over 800 books. All the Redbooks publications that are of interest to the zSeries® platform professional are identified by their authors and are included in this collection. The zSeries subject areas range from e-business application development and enablement to hardware, networking, Linux, solutions, security, parallel sysplex, and many others. For more information about the Redbooks publications, see http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/zfavorites/ .

Other documents

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents.

When possible, this information uses cross-document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see z/OS Information Roadmap (SA23-2299). The Roadmap describes what level of documents are supplied with each release of z/OS Communications Server, and also describes each z/OS publication.

To find the complete z/OS library, including the z/OS Information Center, see www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/bkserv/.

Relevant RFCs are listed in an appendix of the IP documents. Architectural specifications for the SNA protocol are listed in an appendix of the SNA documents.

The following table lists documents that might be helpful to readers.

Title	Number
<i>DNS and BIND</i> , Fifth Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2006	ISBN 13: 978-0596100575
<i>Routing in the Internet</i> , Second Edition, Christian Huitema (Prentice Hall 1999)	ISBN 13: 978-0130226471
<i>sendmail</i> , Fourth Edition, Bryan Costales, Claus Assmann, George Jansen, and Gregory Shapiro, O'Reilly Media, 2007	ISBN 13: 978-0596510299
<i>SNA Formats</i>	GA27-3136
<i>TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1: The Protocols</i> , W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley Professional, 1994	ISBN 13: 978-0201633467
<i>TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 2: The Implementation</i> , Gary R. Wright and W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley Professional, 1995	ISBN 13: 978-0201633542
<i>TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 3: TCP for Transactions, HTTP, NNTP, and the UNIX Domain Protocols</i> , W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley Professional, 1996	ISBN 13: 978-0201634952
<i>TCP/IP Tutorial and Technical Overview</i>	GG24-3376
<i>Understanding LDAP</i>	SG24-4986
z/OS Cryptographic Services System SSL Programming	SC24-5901
z/OS IBM Tivoli Directory Server Administration and Use for z/OS	SC23-6788

Title	Number
z/OS JES2 Initialization and Tuning Guide	SA32-0991
z/OS Problem Management	SC23-6844
z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference	GA32-0904
z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids	GA32-0905
z/OS MVS Using the Subsystem Interface	SA38-0679
z/OS Program Directory	GI11-9848
z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference	SA23-2280
z/OS UNIX System Services Planning	GA32-0884
z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference	SA23-2281
z/OS UNIX System Services User's Guide	SA23-2279
z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference	SC14-7314
zEnterprise 196, System z10, System z9 and eServer zSeries OSA-Express Customer's Guide and Reference	SA22-7935

Redbooks publications

The following Redbooks publications might help you as you implement z/OS Communications Server.

Title	Number
<i>IBM z/OS V1R13 Communications Server TCP/IP Implementation, Volume 1: Base Functions, Connectivity, and Routing</i>	SG24-7996
<i>IBM z/OS V1R13 Communications Server TCP/IP Implementation, Volume 2: Standard Applications</i>	SG24-7997
<i>IBM z/OS V1R13 Communications Server TCP/IP Implementation, Volume 3: High Availability, Scalability, and Performance</i>	SG24-7998
<i>IBM z/OS V1R13 Communications Server TCP/IP Implementation, Volume 4: Security and Policy-Based Networking</i>	SG24-7999
<i>IBM Communication Controller Migration Guide</i>	SG24-6298
<i>IP Network Design Guide</i>	SG24-2580
<i>Managing OS/390® TCP/IP with SNMP</i>	SG24-5866
<i>Migrating Subarea Networks to an IP Infrastructure Using Enterprise Extender</i>	SG24-5957
<i>SecureWay Communications Server for OS/390 V2R8 TCP/IP: Guide to Enhancements</i>	SG24-5631
<i>SNA and TCP/IP Integration</i>	SG24-5291
<i>TCP/IP in a Sysplex</i>	SG24-5235
<i>TCP/IP Tutorial and Technical Overview</i>	GG24-3376
<i>Threadsafe Considerations for CICS</i>	SG24-6351

Where to find related information on the Internet

z/OS

This site provides information about z/OS Communications Server release availability, migration information, downloads, and links to information about z/OS technology

<http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/>

z/OS Internet Library

Use this site to view and download z/OS Communications Server documentation

www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/bkserv/

IBM Communications Server product

The primary home page for information about z/OS Communications Server

<http://www.software.ibm.com/network/commserver/>

IBM Communications Server product support

Use this site to submit and track problems and search the z/OS Communications Server knowledge base for Technotes, FAQs, white papers, and other z/OS Communications Server information

<http://www.software.ibm.com/network/commserver/support/>

IBM Communications Server performance information

This site contains links to the most recent Communications Server performance reports.

<http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27005524>

IBM Systems Center publications

Use this site to view and order Redbooks publications, Redpapers™, and Technotes

<http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/>

IBM Systems Center flashes

Search the Technical Sales Library for Techdocs (including Flashes, presentations, Technotes, FAQs, white papers, Customer Support Plans, and Skills Transfer information)

<http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atmastr.nsf>

RFCs

Search for and view Request for Comments documents in this section of the Internet Engineering Task Force website, with links to the RFC repository and the IETF Working Groups web page

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc.html>

Internet drafts

View Internet-Drafts, which are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) and other groups, in this section of the Internet Engineering Task Force website

<http://www.ietf.org/ID.html>

Information about web addresses can also be found in information APAR III1334.

Note: Any pointers in this publication to websites are provided for convenience only and do not serve as an endorsement of these websites.

DNS websites

For more information about DNS, see the following USENET news groups and mailing addresses:

USENET news groups

comp.protocols.dns.bind

BIND mailing lists

<https://lists.isc.org/mailman/listinfo>

BIND Users

- Subscribe by sending mail to bind-users-request@isc.org.
- Submit questions or answers to this forum by sending mail to bind-users@isc.org.

BIND 9 Users (This list might not be maintained indefinitely.)

- Subscribe by sending mail to bind9-users-request@isc.org.
- Submit questions or answers to this forum by sending mail to bind9-users@isc.org.

The z/OS Basic Skills Information Center

The z/OS Basic Skills Information Center is a web-based information resource intended to help users learn the basic concepts of z/OS, the operating system that runs most of the IBM mainframe computers in use today. The Information Center is designed to introduce a new generation of Information Technology professionals to basic concepts and help them prepare for a career as a z/OS professional, such as a z/OS systems programmer.

Specifically, the z/OS Basic Skills Information Center is intended to achieve the following objectives:

- Provide basic education and information about z/OS without charge
- Shorten the time it takes for people to become productive on the mainframe
- Make it easier for new people to learn z/OS

To access the z/OS Basic Skills Information Center, open your web browser to the following website, which is available to all users (no login required):
<http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/zos/basics/index.jsp>

Summary of changes

This section describes the release enhancements that were made.

New in z/OS Version 2 Release 1

For specifics on the enhancements for z/OS Version 2, Release 1, see the following publications:

- z/OS Summary of Message and Interface Changes
- z/OS Introduction and Release Guide
- z/OS Planning for Installation
- z/OS Migration

Chapter 1. LU 6.2 macroinstruction syntax and operands

About this chapter

This chapter describes all varieties of the VTAM APPCCMD macroinstruction. Separate descriptions are included for each CONTROL and QUALIFY combination of the macroinstruction. This chapter also includes the ISTGAPPC and ISTRPL6 macroinstructions. Macroinstruction descriptions are arranged alphabetically.

The macroinstructions are coded as assembler instructions, using name, operation, and operand fields. Refer to the *IBM High Level Assembler Language Reference for MVS and VM* for coding guidelines.

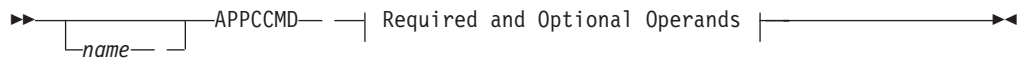
How macroinstructions are described

Each macroinstruction description contains:

- The purpose of the macroinstruction
- General comments about its use
- Reference to tutorial chapters detailing its use
- The syntax of the macroinstruction and all parameters
- Input parameter descriptions
- RPL and RPL extension fields set by the macroinstruction
- Return and reason codes that can be returned for the macroinstruction

Syntax descriptions

The syntax for the macroinstruction is described using the following format:



Note: If you are not familiar with this type of syntax diagram, see “How to read the syntax diagrams” on page 5.

Name field

The *name* field provides a label for the macroinstruction. If you use a name, it must begin in column one of the macroinstruction, be followed by one or more blanks, and contain 1 to 8 characters in the following format:

Character	Format
First character	Alphabetical (A-Z) or the national characters @, #, or \$
Second to eighth character	Alphabetical (A-Z), numerical (0-9), or the national characters @, #, or \$

The macroinstruction field

The *APPCCMD* identifier is always coded exactly as shown. It begins in column ten and must be preceded and followed by one or more blanks.

Operand field

Required and optional operands direct information to the expansion program in the assembler. Generally, the information provided by the operand is made part of a parameter list provided to VTAM during program processing. All operands for a macroinstruction appear in the syntax diagram.

Operands can occupy columns 16-71. You must place one or more blanks after the last operand on a line. If the operands require more than one line, you must place a nonblank *continuation character* in column 72. (See “Coding continued lines” on page 4.)

Operands consist of a fixed character string (the operand keyword) followed by an equal sign (=) and one or more operand values. If the value is specified as *name*, it must follow the rules for a symbolic name detailed in *IBM High Level Assembler Language Reference for MVS and VM*.

Operands do not have to be coded in the order shown by the syntax diagram. For example, a macroinstruction having the operands *AREALEN=data_length* and *AREA=data_area_address* could be coded in either of two ways:

```
AREALEN=132,AREA=WORK
```

```
AREA=WORK,AREALEN=132
```

Keyword operands must be separated by commas. If you choose to omit a keyword operand, also omit the comma that would have been included with it.

When more than one value can be coded after the keyword, a parenthesis is required. The *OPTCD* keyword can specify the manner of processing (asynchronous or synchronous) and control use of the buffer list option. For example, code the following information to specify synchronous and buffer list options: *OPTCD=(SYN,BUFFLST)*

Operand descriptions

Each operand description begins with an explanation of the operand function. If the operand allows more than one fixed value that can be supplied with it, the operand description explains the effect that each value has on the action performed by the macroinstruction.

Most operands are coded by these general rules. If the format varies from these rules, the format is included with the description.

- When a quantity is indicated (for example, `RECLLEN=data_length`), you can specify the value with:
 - Decimal integers.
 - An expression that is equal to such a value (for example, `RECLLEN=TEN`, where `TEN EQU 5*2`).
 - The number of the register (enclosed by parentheses) to contain the quantity when the macroinstruction is executed. When specifying a quantity, Register notation is restricted to registers 2-12.
- When an address is indicated (for example, `AREA=data_area_address`), you can use any expression valid for an RX-type assembler instruction (for example, an LA instruction). Registers 1-12 can be specified for any operand that designates the address of an RPL. Register notation for all other address operands is restricted to registers 2-12.

For more information on operand formats, refer to the assembler language publication appropriate to your operating system.

Completion information

All executable macroinstructions pass return codes in registers, and most indicate status information in control block fields when they are posted complete. This status information is described at the end of the macroinstruction description. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for information regarding the sequence of error checking.

Coding default values

The default values apply only to declarative macroinstructions ACB, EXLST, NIB, ISTRPL6, and RPL. All other macroinstructions (including APPCCMDs) use values specified in the macroinstruction itself or currently defined in the referenced control blocks. APPCCMDs do not have defaults; the defaults are in the underlying RPL and RPL extension.

Coding comments

Comments can contain any characters valid in the assembler language. You can write comments after the operand field, but they must meet the following criteria:

- Comments must begin in column 17 or beyond.
- Comments must be separated from the last operand in the field by one or more blanks.
- Comments must not extend into the continuation column, column 72.

Comments can be continued on more than one line by placing an asterisk (*) in column one as shown in Figure 1.

```

LABEL1  OP1      OPERAND1,OPERAND1,OPERAND3,OPERX
          AND4,OPERAND5  THIS IS ONE WAY
*
LABEL2  OP2      OPERAND1,OPERAND2, AND THIS      X
          OPERAND3,OPERAND4 IS ANOTHER
*
          WAY

```

Figure 1. How to code comments and continuation lines

Note: A macroinstruction that has no operands cannot have comments on APPCCMD identifier line.

An entire line can be used for a comment; place an asterisk in the first column of the line. If you need several entire lines for comments, place an asterisk in the first column of each line and leave column 72 blank.

In this manual, the comments field is not shown in the macroinstruction syntax diagram.

Coding continued lines

Procedure

Code VTAM macroinstructions in columns 1-71 of a line. Macroinstructions that exceed 71 columns can be continued on additional lines as shown in Figure 1. (Continuation characters are omitted from other examples in this manual.) When you need to continue on another line, the following steps apply:

1. Code the macroinstruction one of two ways:
 - Through column 71
 - Through any completed operand, stopping after the comma that separates the operand from those that follow
2. Enter a nonblank continuation character in column 72. The continuation character is not considered to be part of the macroinstruction.
3. Continue operands beginning in column 16 of the next line. Columns 1-15 must be blank. A continuation line that begins in column 17 or later is ignored. A comment line cannot follow a continuation line.
4. If you must continue on another line, proceed with Step 1.
5. Macroinstructions can be coded on as many lines as needed.
6. Comments can appear on every line of a continued macroinstruction.
7. Columns 73-80 can be used to code identification characters, macroinstruction sequence characters, or both.

How to read the syntax diagrams

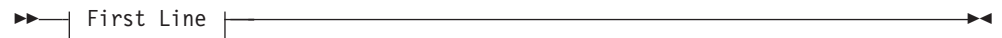
Purpose

This section describes how to read the syntax diagrams used in this book.

- Read the diagrams from left-to-right, top-to-bottom, following the main path line. Each diagram begins on the left with double arrowheads (▶▶) and ends on the right with two arrowheads facing each other (◀◀).



- If a diagram is longer than one line, the first line ends with a single arrowhead (▶) and the second line begins with a single arrowhead (◀).

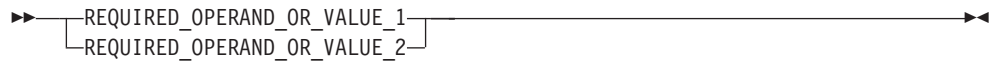


- Required operands and values appear on the main path line.



You must code required operands and values.

If your choices are greater than one, the choices are stacked vertically in alphanumeric order.

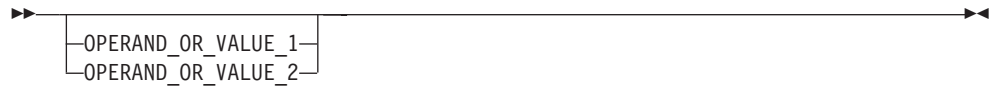


- Optional operands and values appear below the main path line.



You can choose not to code optional operands and values.

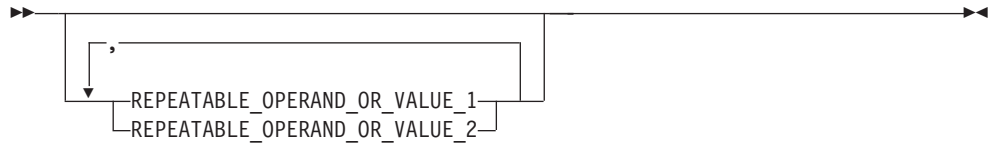
If your choices are more than one, they are stacked vertically in alphanumeric order below the main path line.



- An arrow returning to the left above an operand or value on the main path line means that the operand or value can be repeated. The comma means that each operand or value must be separated from the next by a comma.



- An arrow returning to the left above a group of operands or values means that more than one can be selected, or a single one can be repeated.



- A word in all uppercase is an operand or value you must spell exactly as shown. In this example, you must code *OPERAND*.

Note: VTAM commands are not case-sensitive. You can code them in uppercase or lowercase.



If an operand or value can be abbreviated, the abbreviation is discussed in the text associated with the syntax diagram.

- If a diagram shows a character that is not alphanumeric (parentheses, periods, commas, and equal signs), you must code the character as part of the syntax. In this example, you must code *OPERAND=(001,0.001)*.



- If a diagram shows a blank space, you must code the blank space as part of the syntax. In this example, you must code *OPERAND=(001 FIXED)*.



- Default operands and values appear above the main path line. VTAM uses the default if you omit the operand entirely.



- A word appearing in all lowercase italics is a *variable*. Where you see a variable in the syntax, you must replace it with one of its allowable names or values, as defined in the text.



- References to syntax notes appear as numbers enclosed in parentheses above the line. Do not code the parentheses or the number.



Notes:

- 1 An example of a syntax note.
- Some diagrams contain syntax fragments; these serve to break up diagrams that are too long, too complex, or too repetitious. Syntax fragment names appear in mixed case and are shown in the diagram and in the heading of the fragment. The fragment is placed below the main diagram.



Syntax Fragment:

|—1ST_OPERAND—, —2ND_OPERAND—, —3RD_OPERAND—|

APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=ALLOCD

Purpose

This macroinstruction allocates resources for a conversation and assigns a contention winner or contention loser session to the conversation. If a session is not available and session limits allow, VTAM activates a session for the conversation, if possible.

Usage

QUALIFY=ALLOCD is used when an application program allocates a conversation and wants VTAM to queue the request if the request cannot be met immediately. This macroinstruction corresponds to the ALLOCATE RETURN_CONTROL (WHEN_SESSION_ALLOCATED) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM assigns a session to the conversation or when an error occurs that prevents VTAM from assigning a session.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:

- If a session is free, VTAM assigns it to the conversation.
- If no free sessions exist and session limits allow, VTAM establishes a session and assigns it to the conversation.
- If a new session cannot be established, VTAM queues the request until a session becomes available or until the session limits are changed to allow the establishment of a new session.

When a conversation is allocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program associates a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier (CONVID).

The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received on this conversation.

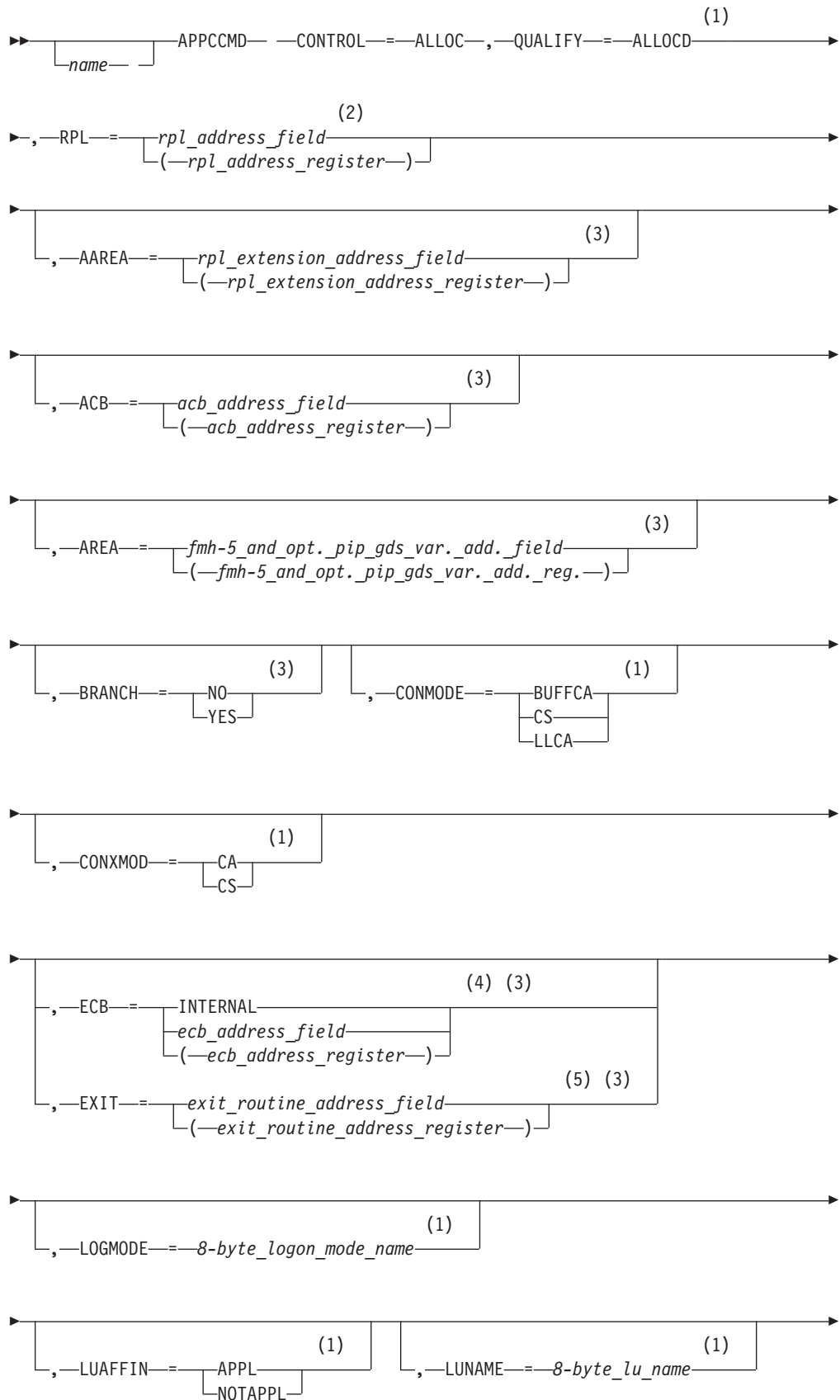
Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for details on allocating a conversation.

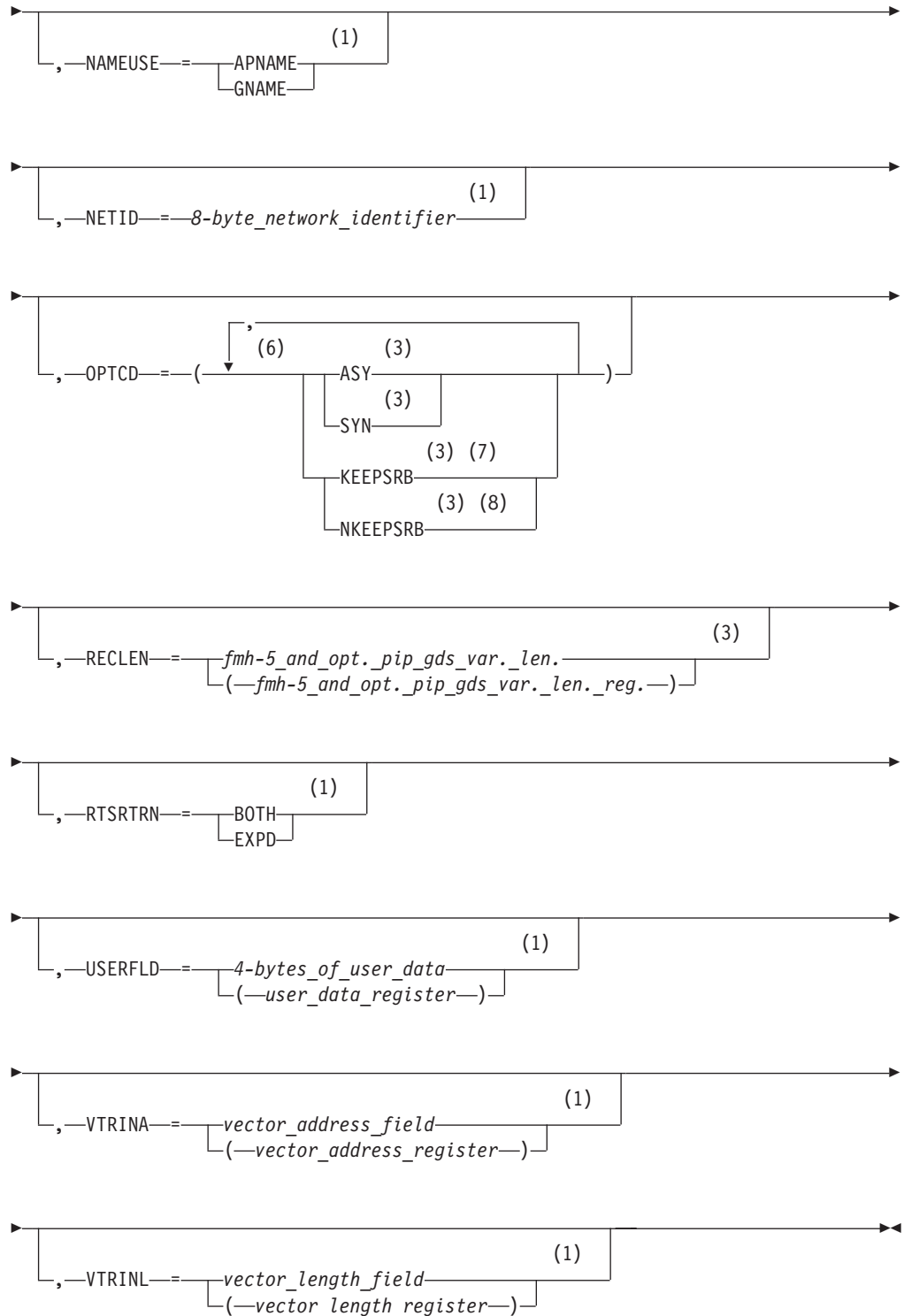
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is suspended for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._field*

AREA=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._reg.*)

Specifies the address of the data area containing a formatted FMH-5. A formatted GDS field can follow the FMH-5 in the data area. See "FMH-5 (ISTFM5)" on page 643 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to create and test values for an FMH-5. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the FMH-5 and GDS variable. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an

asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is meaningful only when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=*8-byte_lu_name*

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is

located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs= (NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLLEN=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len.*

RECLLEN=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len._reg.*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4-bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'01' SEND

X'08' END_CONVERSATION

This field can have the following values for full-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is returned at completion only if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRISSTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversations state is SEND after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL_DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FULL_DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=CONVGRP

Purpose

This macroinstruction allocates resources for a conversation and assigns to the conversation a session with a specified conversation group identifier. If the specific session is not available and session limits allow, VTAM queues the request until the session becomes available. If the specific session does not exist, VTAM fails the allocation request.

Usage

QUALIFY=CONVGRP is used to allocate a conversation over a specific session that already exists. It provides the ability to serially allocate a related group of conversations on a particular session. This macroinstruction corresponds to the ALLOCATE RETURN_CONTROL (WHEN_CONVERSATION_GROUP_ALLOCATED) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture. This macroinstruction completes when:

- VTAM assigns the specified session to the conversation.
- The specific session is deactivated.
- An error occurs that prevents VTAM from assigning the session to the conversation.

To indicate the session to be used, the application program specifies the conversation group identifier for the session on the CGID keyword. This value was returned to the application program by the CGID returned field for a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, CONTROL=PREALLOC, or CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction.

VTAM finds the session for the conversation as follows:

- If the specified session is available, VTAM assigns it to the conversation.
- If the specified session exists but is not available, VTAM queues the request until the session becomes available.
- If the specified session is deactivated while the request is queued, the queued request will be rejected.

As with other ALLOC macroinstructions, when the conversation is allocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program associates a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier (CONVID).

The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received.

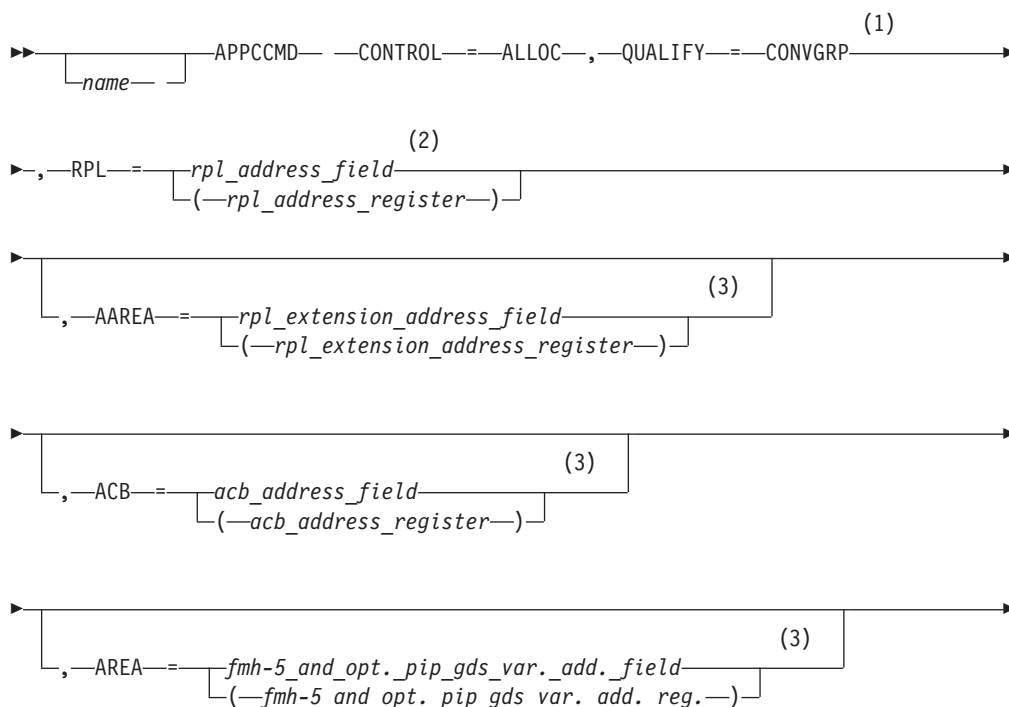
Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for details on allocating a conversation.

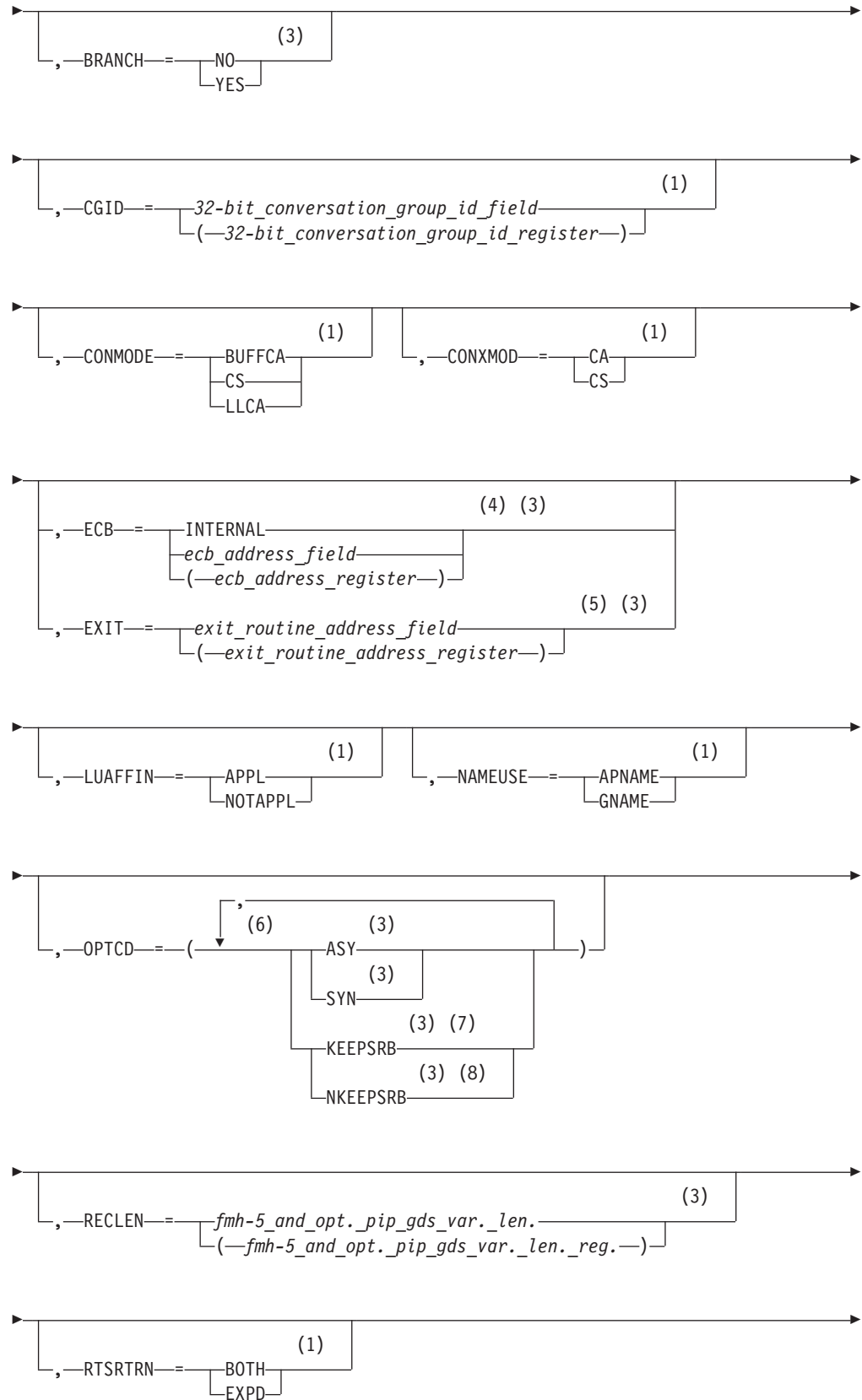
Context

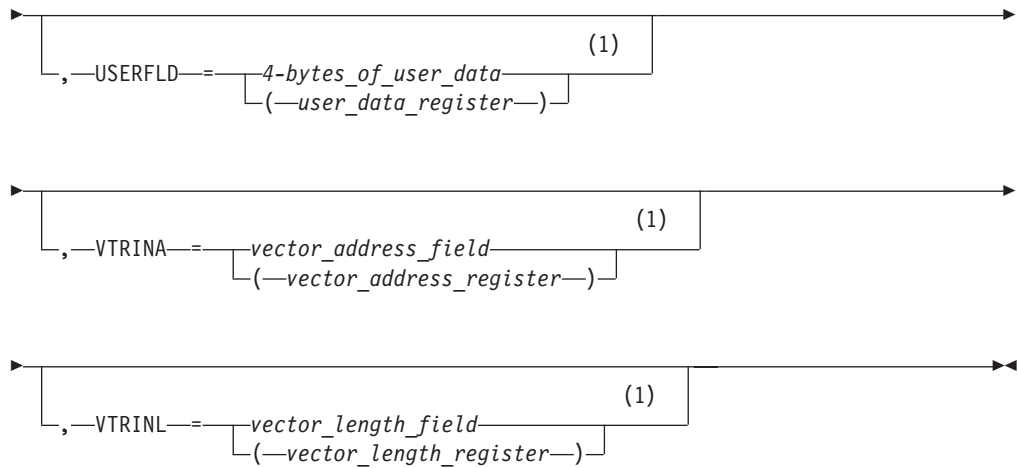
This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax







Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fms-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._field*

AREA=*(fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._reg.)*

Specifies the address of the data area containing a formatted FMH-5. A formatted GDS field can follow the FMH-5 in the data area. See “FMH-5 (ISTFM5)” on page 643 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to create and test values for an FMH-5. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the FMH-5 and GDS variable. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CGID=*32-bit_conversation_group_id_field*

CGID=*(32-bit_conversation_group_id_register)*

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group ID.

This value can be obtained from a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, CONTROL=PREALLOC, or CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. If the CGID operand is not specified, VTAM uses the conversation group ID that is already in the RPL6CGID field on the RPL extension.

The conversation group ID identifies a specific session between two specific LUs. It provides a means by which a VTAM LU 6.2 application program and its partner LU can share serially the same session.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is only meaningful when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does

not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLLEN=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len.*

RECLLEN=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len._reg.*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields.

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'01' SEND

X'08' END_CONVERSATION

This field can have the following values for full-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGMODE

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is returned at completion only if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

LUNAME

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located.

This network identifier is the identifier of the partner LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversation, the conversation state is SEND after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL_DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FULL_DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CGID_VALUE_SPECIFIED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=CONWIN

Purpose

This macroinstruction allocates resources for a conversation and, if session limits allow, assigns a contention-winner session to the conversation. If a contention-winner session is not available, VTAM queues the request for later completion.

Usage

QUALIFY=CONWIN is used when an application program allocates a conversation and wants VTAM to queue the request if no contention-winner session can be assigned. This macroinstruction corresponds to the ALLOCATE_RETURN_CONTROL (WHEN_CONTENTION_WINNER_ALLOCATED) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM assigns a contention-winner session or an error occurs that prevents VTAM from assigning a session.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:

- If a contention-winner session is currently available, VTAM assigns it to the conversation.
- If no contention-winner session is available and session limits allow, VTAM establishes a new contention-winner session and assigns it to the conversation.

- If a new contention-winner session cannot be established, VTAM queues the request until a contention-winner session is available or session limits are changed to allow a new contention-winner session to be activated.

For this macroinstruction to complete successfully, the session limits must define at least one contention-winner session.

If contention-winner sessions are deactivated under normal conditions and an APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=CONWIN request is queued, VTAM activates another contention-winner session to meet the queued request.

The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received.

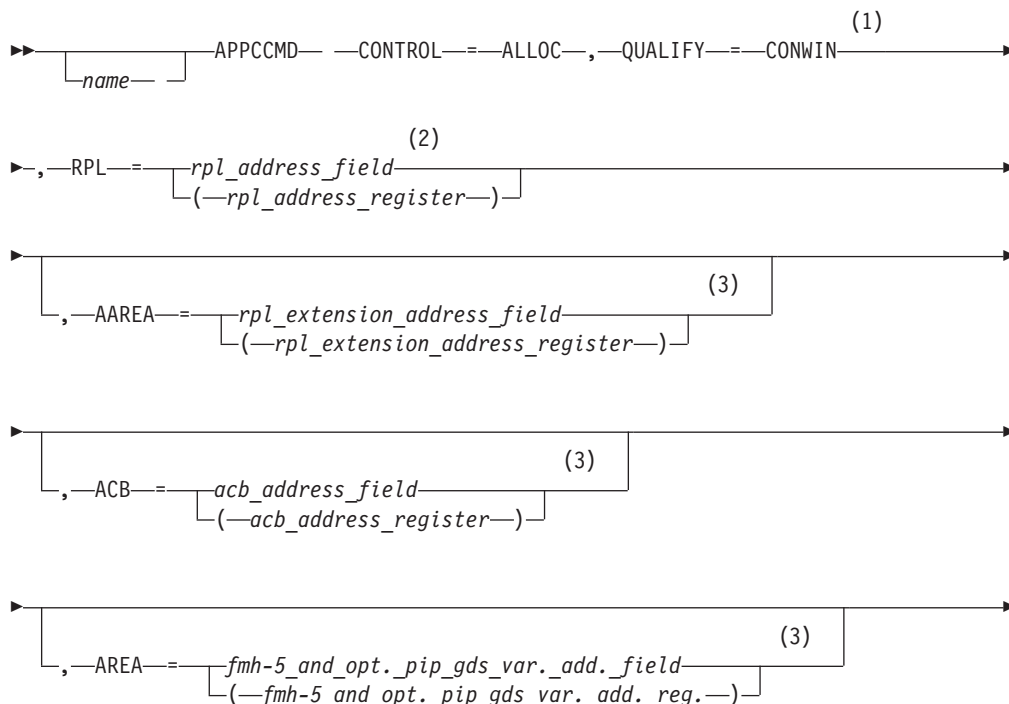
Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for details on allocating a conversation.

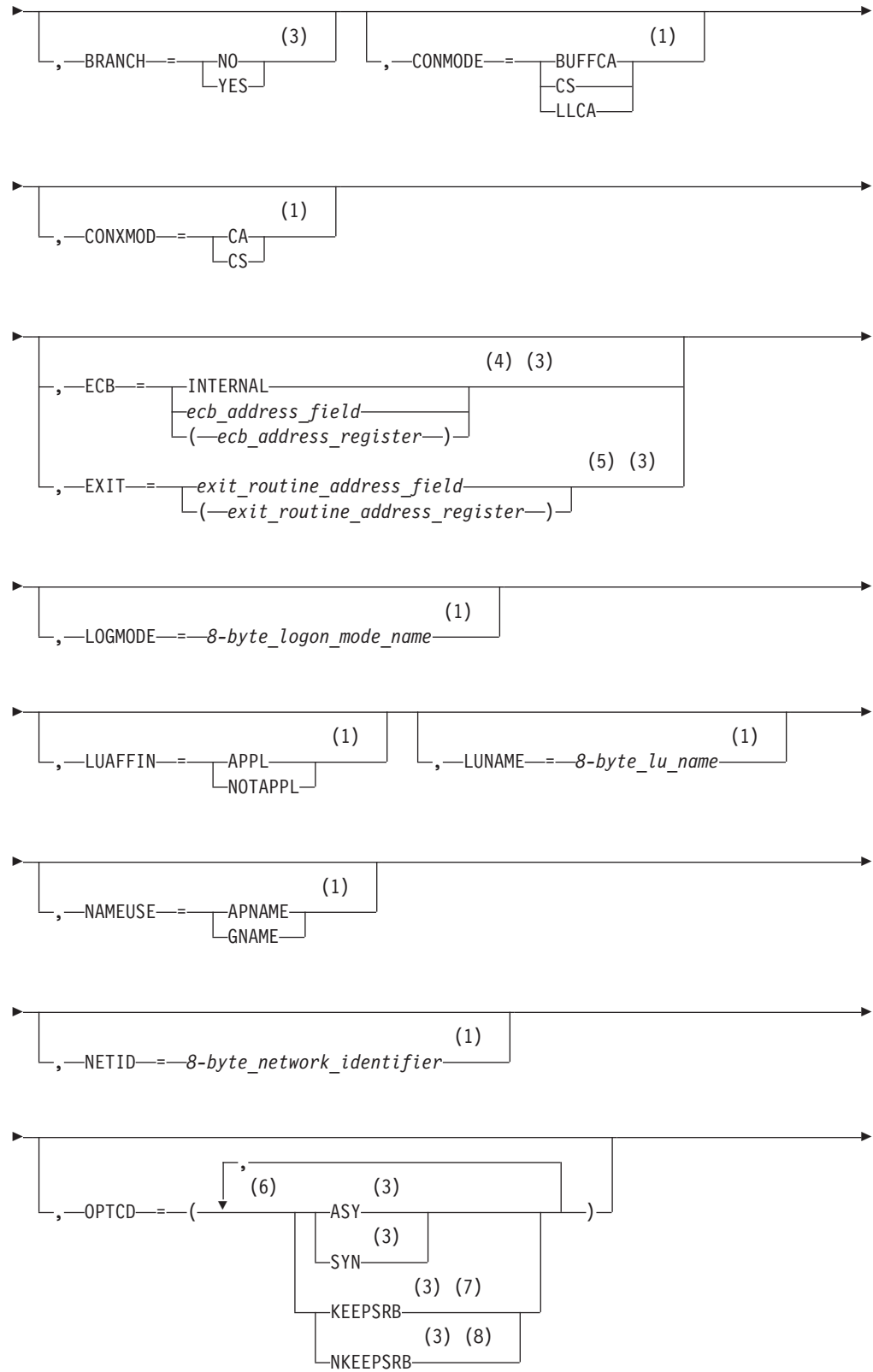
Context

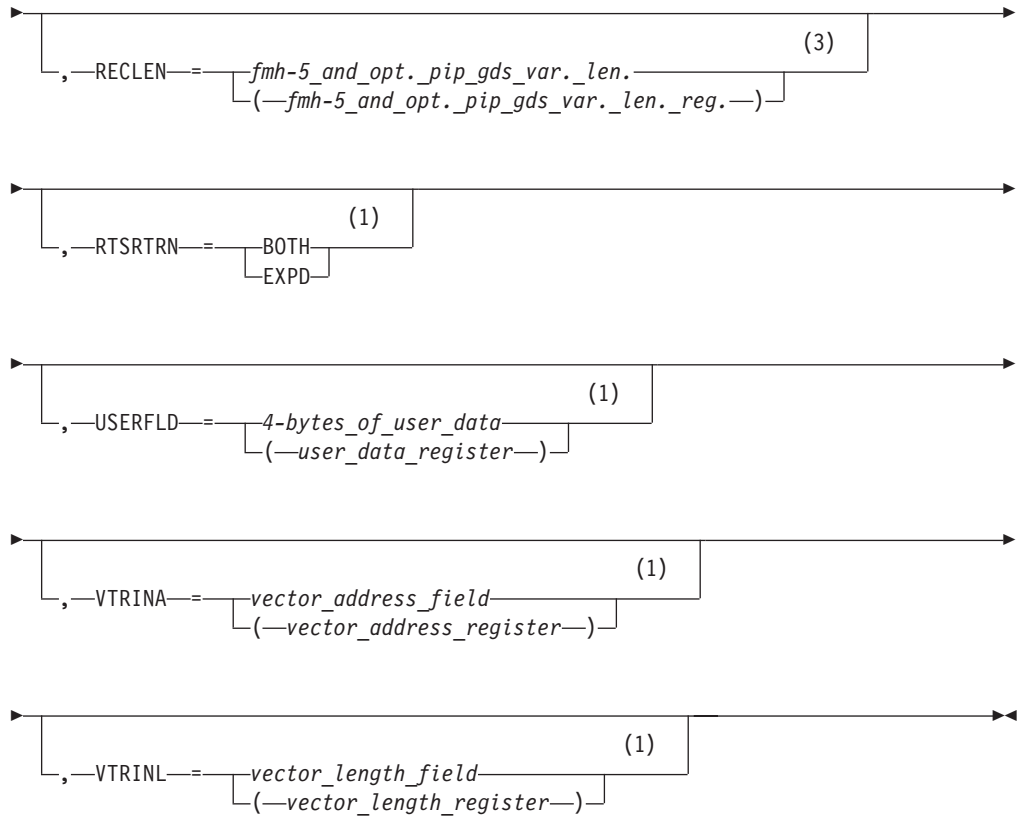
This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax







Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fmm-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._field*

AREA=(*fmm-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._reg.*)

Specifies the address of the data area containing a formatted FMH-5. A formatted GDS field can follow the FMH-5 in the data area. See "FMH-5 (ISTFM5)" on page 643 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to create and test values for an FMH-5. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the FMH-5 and GDS variable. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-

any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA

Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is meaningful only when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name

is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMS= (NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMS= (NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLEN=fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len.

RECLEN=(fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len._reg.)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=4_bytes_of_user_data**USERFLD=(user_data_register)**

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=vector_address_field**VTRINA=(vector_address_register)**

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=vector_length_field**VTRINL=(vector_length_register)**

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET
X'01' SEND
X'08' END_CONVERSATION

In addition to the half-duplex conversation states, this field can contain the following full-duplex conversation states:

X'00' RESET
X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is only returned at completion if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND state after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See the Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL_DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FULL_DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=IMMED

Purpose

This macroinstruction allocates resources for a conversation and if session limits allow, assigns an active contention-winner session to it. If no session is available, the allocation request fails.

Usage

QUALIFY=IMMED is used to allocate a conversation when the application program needs an immediate response from VTAM. This macroinstruction completes successfully only when an active contention-winner session is available to be assigned to the conversation. If the request cannot be met immediately, VTAM does not queue it. VTAM neither tries to activate a new session nor bids on a contention-loser session. APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=IMMED corresponds to the ALLOCATE RETURN_CONTROL(IMMEDIATE) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

When a conversation is allocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program must associate a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier.

The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received.

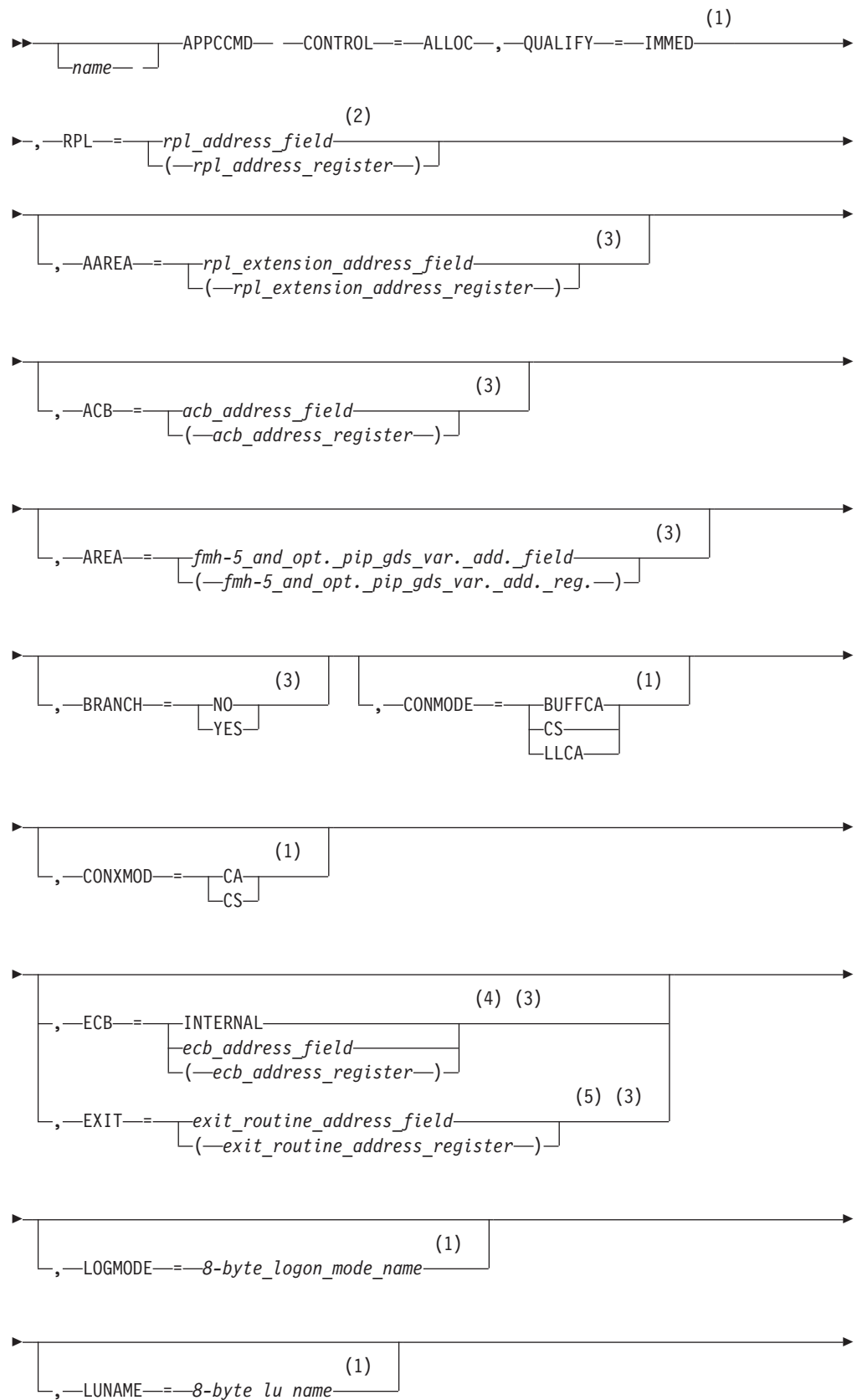
For details on allocating a conversation, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

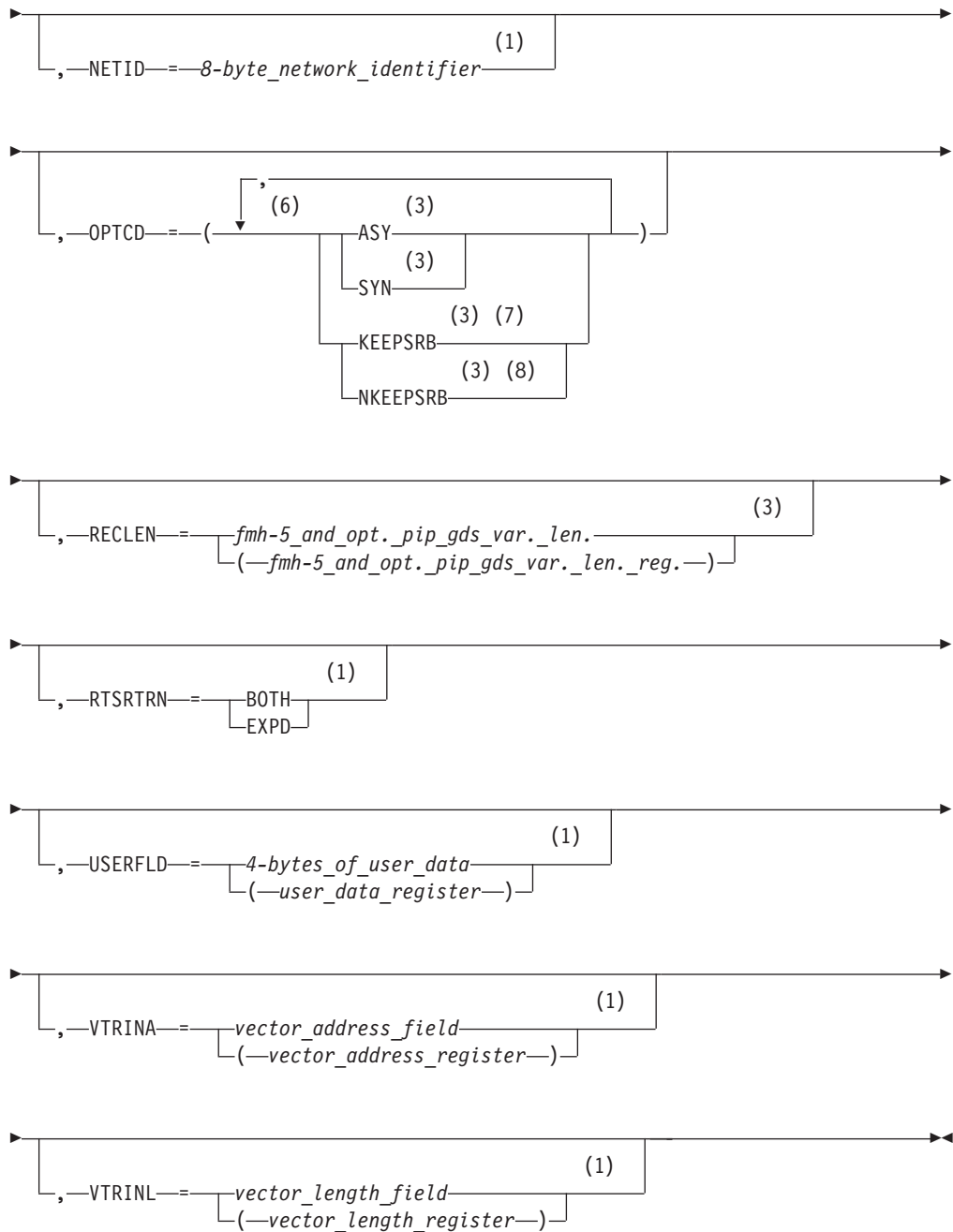
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.

- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._field*

AREA=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._reg.*)

Specifies the address of the data area containing a formatted FMH-5. A formatted GDS field can follow the FMH-5 in the data area. See "FMH-5 (ISTFM5)" on page 643 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to create and test values for an FMH-5. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the FMH-5 and GDS variable. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode.

It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=8-byte_logon_mode_name

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARM= (NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARM= (NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len.*

RECLN=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len._reg.*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0

- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*
VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET
 X'01' SEND
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION

This field can have the following values for full-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET
 X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See the Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL_DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FULL_DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0058'	X'0000'	UNSUCCESSFUL,—SESSION_NOT_AVAILABLE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=WHENFREE

Purpose

This macroinstruction allocates resources for a conversation and if session limits allow, assigns a session to the conversation. If a session is not available and one cannot be activated, VTAM returns control to the application program.

Usage

QUALIFY=WHENFREE is used when an application program allocates a conversation and wants VTAM to search for a session that satisfies the ALLOCATE request. This macroinstruction corresponds to the ALLOCATE RETURN_CONTROL (WHEN_SESSION_FREE) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM assigns a session to the conversation or when VTAM cannot assign a session and returns control to the application program with a return code of X'0004', X'0001'.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:

1. If a session is available, VTAM assigns it to the conversation.
2. If no available sessions exist and session limits allow, VTAM establishes a session and assigns it to the conversation.
3. If a session cannot be established and session activation requests are pending, VTAM queues the ALLOCATE request until the request is satisfied or until all pending session activation requests are used. If the pending session activation requests are used before the ALLOCATE request is satisfied, VTAM fails the ALLOCATE request with an RCPRI, RCSEC code of X'0004', X'0001'.
4. If a session cannot be established and no session activation request is pending that might satisfy the ALLOCATE request, VTAM fails the ALLOCATE request with an RCPRI, RCSEC code of X'0004', X'0001' and returns control to the application program.

When a conversation is allocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program associates a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier (CONVID).

The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received.

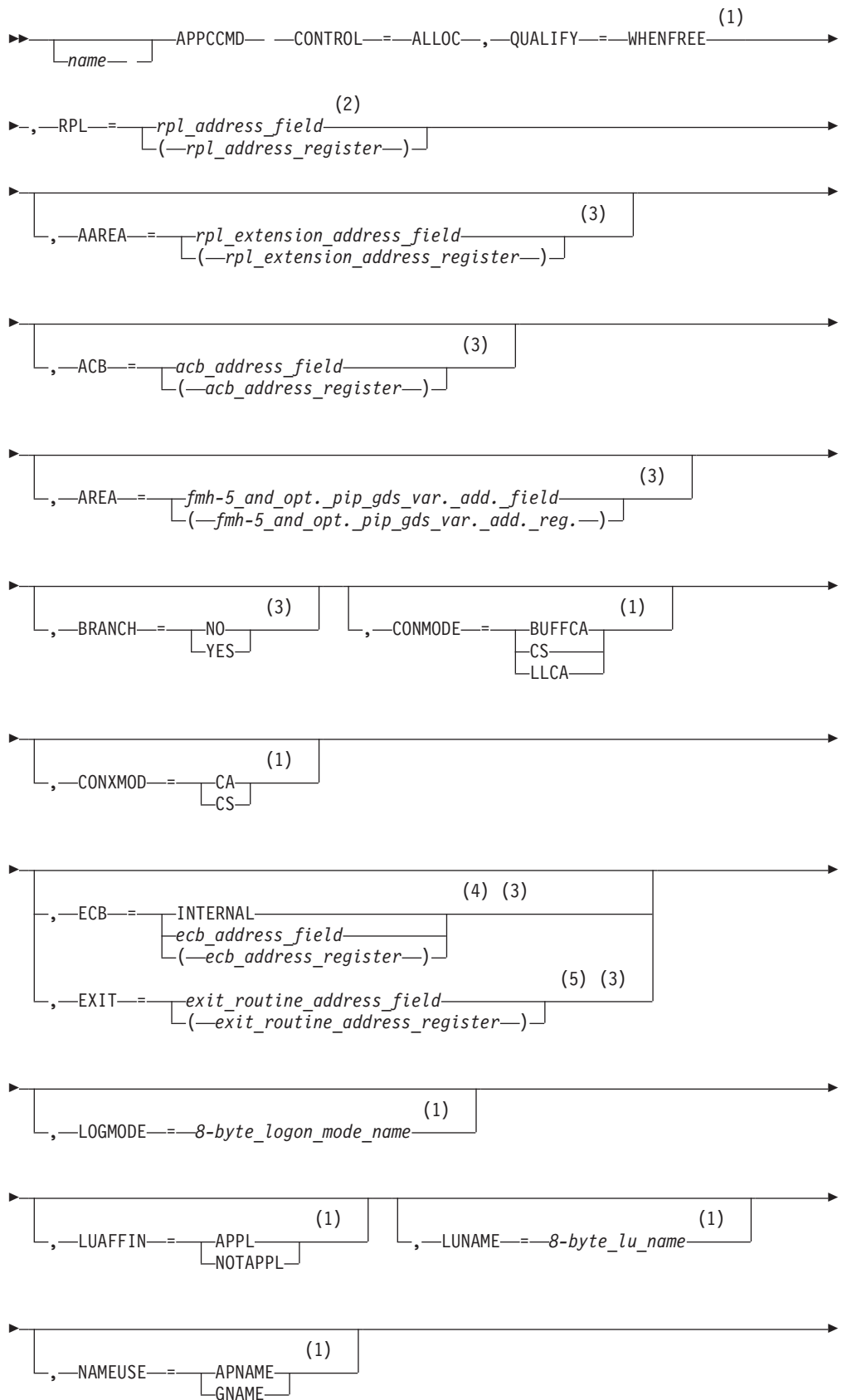
Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for details on allocating a conversation.

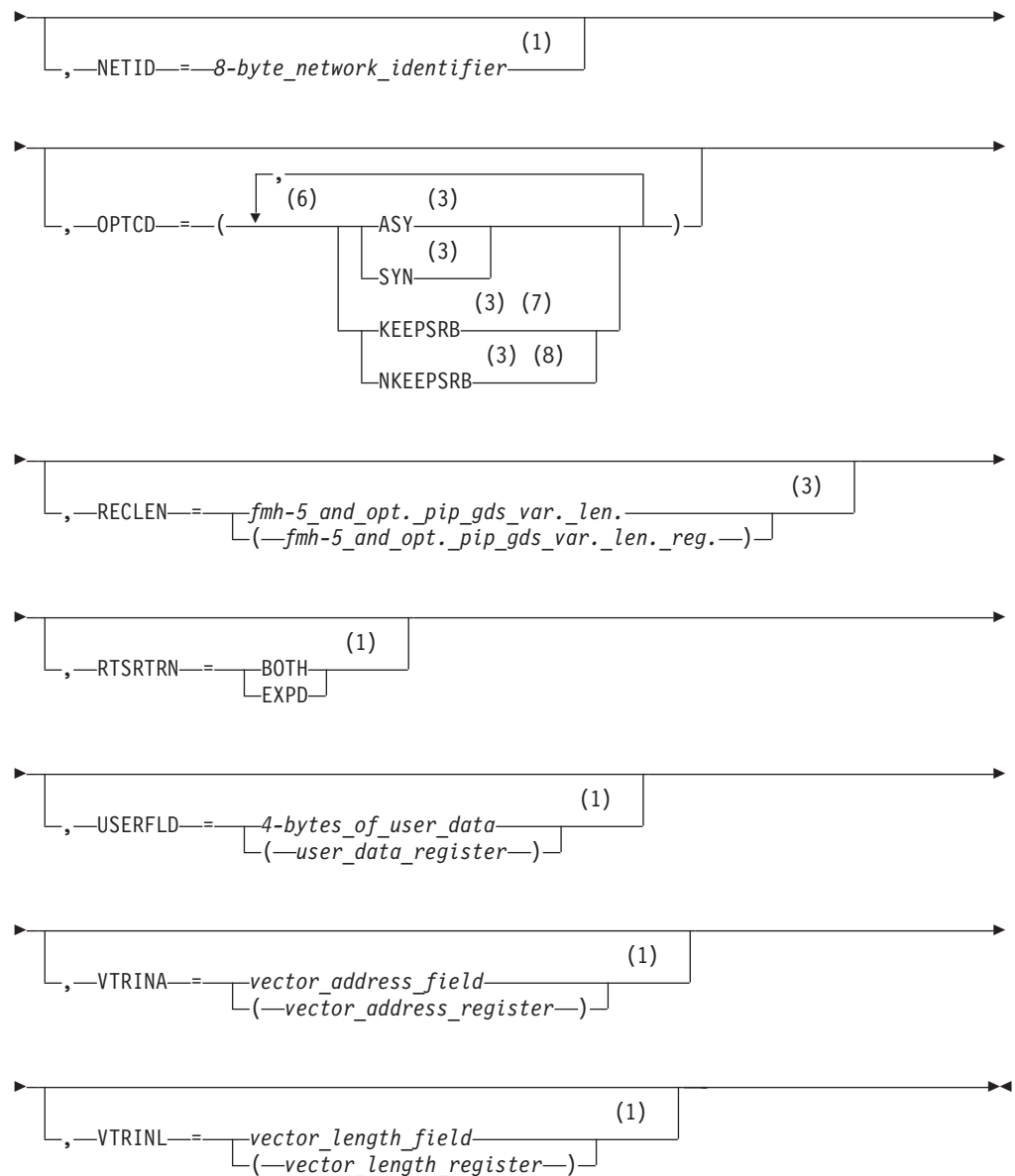
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.

- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fmm-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._field*

AREA=(*fmm-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._add._reg.*)

Specifies the address of the data area containing a formatted FMH-5. A formatted GDS field can follow the FMH-5 in the data area. See "FMH-5 (ISTFM5)" on page 643 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to create and test values for an FMH-5. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the FMH-5 and GDS variable. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=*(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=8-byte_logon_mode_name

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is only meaningful when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs= (NQNAMEs=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNAMEs=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMEs=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLen=*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len.*

RECLEN=(*fmh-5_and_opt._pip_gds_var._len._reg.*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts

the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates which state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'01' SEND

X'08' END_CONVERSATION

This field can have the following values for full-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is only returned at completion if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return

code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See the Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNCLEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL_DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FULL_DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK

Purpose

This macroinstruction waits for completion of an asynchronous macroinstruction request and marks the RPL and RPL extension used in the request as inactive upon completion.

Usage

When asynchronous handling is specified for an RPL-based request, the application program receives control when the request has been accepted by VTAM and the requested operation has been scheduled. An APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK macroinstruction must be issued for the RPL used for the request to determine when the macroinstruction completes and to get the return code information. APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK cannot be issued for synchronous requests. In addition, APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK cannot be issued for an RPL that specifies a non-APPCCMD request. This macroinstruction can be issued in cross-memory mode against an active asynchronous RPL request *only* when the RPL's ECB has been posted or the RPL exit has been scheduled.

When APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is executed for an RPL that specifies an ECB, the following actions occur:

- If the operation being checked has not been completed, VTAM suspends the execution of the application program task under which the APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is issued until the operation is completed.
- If the operation being checked has completed, VTAM returns control to the next sequential instruction after the APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK macroinstruction.
- The ECB (internal or external) is cleared before VTAM returns control to the application program. (The ECB must be cleared before an RPL-based macroinstruction is issued.)

Note: The ECB specified in an asynchronous APPCCMD macroinstruction must not be cleared between the time it is issued and the corresponding APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is issued. If the ECB is cleared during this interval, control cannot be returned to the application program after the APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is issued.

- The RPL being checked is marked available for reuse by another APPCCMD macroinstruction. (APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is the only way this can be done for asynchronous APPCCMD requests.)

When APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK is executed in an RPL exit routine for the associated RPL, the following actions occur:

- VTAM marks the RPL being checked as available for reuse by another APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- If the operation being checked has completed, VTAM returns control to the next sequential instruction after the APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax

```

APPCCMD —CONTROL—=—CHECK—,—RPL—=—(1)
└──┬──name──┘ └──rpl_address_field──┘
└──┬──rpl_address_register──┘

```

Notes:

- 1 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.

Input parameters

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

After the APPCCMD CONTROL=CHECK macroinstruction has completed, the completion information returned is for the macroinstruction being checked. Refer to the description of the particular APPCCMD being checked for a list of the parameters that are returned to the application program.

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG

Purpose

This macroinstruction deallocates a conversation when an application program has detected a transaction program error.

Usage

QUALIFY=ABNDPROG is used when the application program detects an error in a transaction program and that error prevents further useful communication on the conversation. It corresponds to DEALLOCATE TYPE=ABEND_PROG in the LU 6.2 architecture. If the conversation is in a sending state, the SEND buffer is flushed before the conversation is deallocated.

This macroinstruction, along with the other QUALIFY=ABND* forms, can be used to cancel an outstanding APPCCMD macroinstruction, which allows the application program to recover from hung transactions. The following macroinstructions cannot be canceled:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC that has not received any data from the partner LU
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY that has not been matched to a conversation
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=NULL|QUEUE
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RESETRCV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL
- APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=ALL|IALL
- One of the abnormal deallocation macroinstructions
- A macroinstruction that is waiting for a response to a confirmation request
- A macroinstruction that is waiting for the arrival of an FMH-7

If any one of these macroinstructions is outstanding, the application program must wait for it to complete before issuing this macroinstruction. Alternatively, the application program can issue an APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV macroinstruction.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for information on deallocating a conversation when an error is detected or for early deallocation of a pending APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=DATAQUE.

Context

On half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

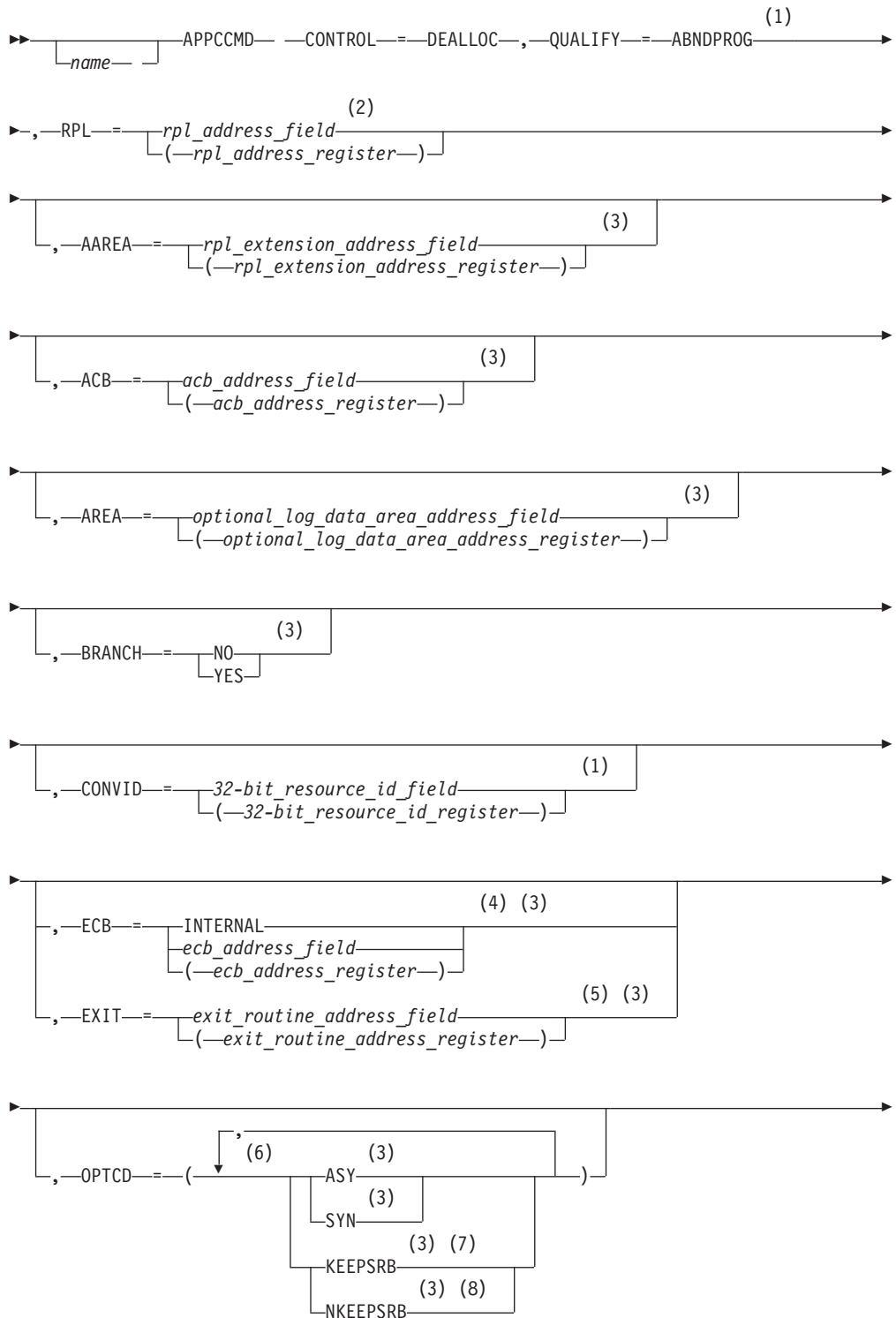
- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_SEND
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

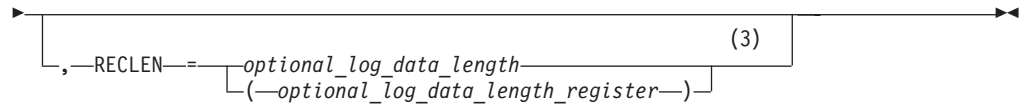
On full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*optional_log_data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*optional_log_data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner application program. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. If the application program chooses to supply an error log GDS variable, it has to supply the entire GDS variable on the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM inspects the 2-byte logical-record length (LL) field of the GDS variable to determine if the amount of data supplied is equal to the length specified in the LL field. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*optional_log_data_length*

RECLN=(*optional_log_data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A value of 0 in the RECLN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND
- X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'80' FDX_RESET
- X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
- X'82' SEND_ONLY
- X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the

AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is END_CONV after successful completion of the macroinstruction. For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is FDX_RESET after successful completion of the macroinstruction.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0021'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ABNORMAL_DEALLOCATE_REJECTED_RETRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDSERV

Purpose

This macroinstruction is used when the application program detects an error in its implementation of LU 6.2 services.

Usage

QUALIFY=ABNDSERV is used when the application program encounters errors related to LU 6.2 services. For example, the application program might detect an error in its support of mapped conversations or in conversation-level security that would require it to deallocate the conversation. QUALIFY=ABNDSERV corresponds to the DEALLOCATE TYPE=ABEND_SVC verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

If the conversation is in a state that allows sending, the function of the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction is executed prior to deallocating the conversation.

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDSERV can be issued against a conversation for which there is already an APPCCMD outstanding. These commands cancel the previous macroinstruction, allowing the application program to recover from a “hung” transaction. However, there are cases where it is not allowed when a prior macroinstruction is outstanding. See “Usage” on page 70 for a list of macroinstructions that cannot be canceled.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for information on abnormally deallocating a conversation.

Context

On half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND

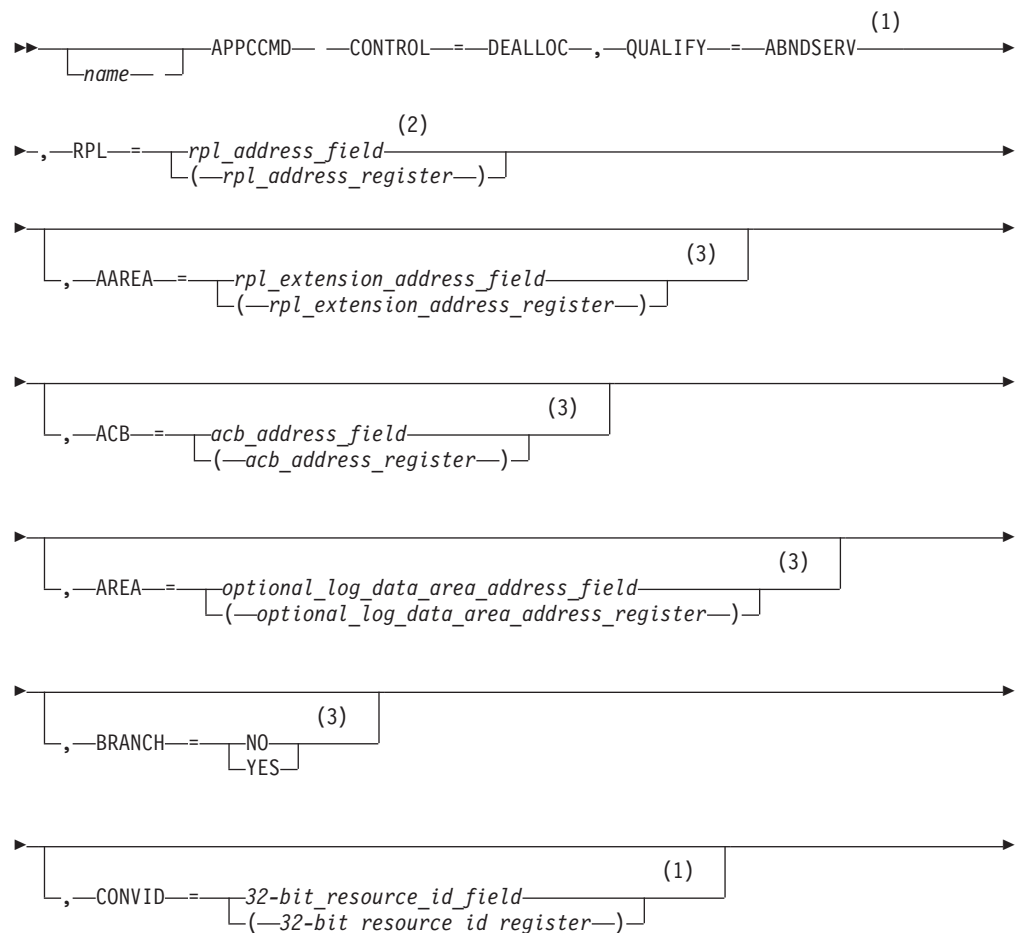
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_SEND
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

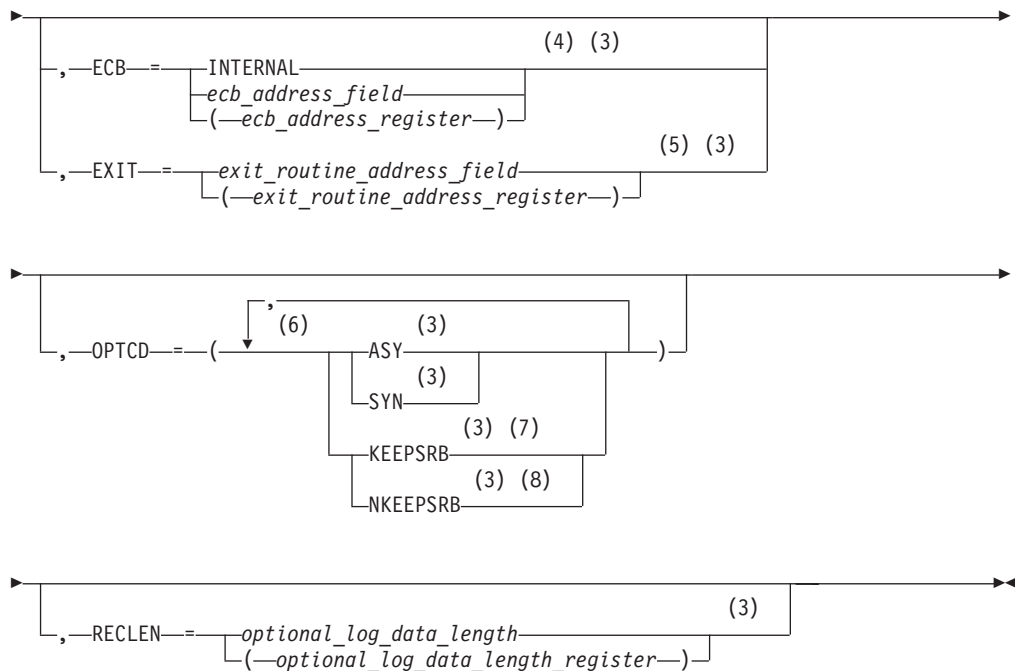
On full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID

(CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=optional_log_data_area_address_field

AREA=(optional_log_data_area_address_register)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner application program. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. If the application program chooses to supply an error log GDS variable, it has to supply the entire GDS variable on the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM inspects the 2-byte logical-record length (LL) field of the GDS variable to determine if the amount of data supplied is equal to the length specified in the LL field. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field

ECB=(ecb_address_register)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*optional_log_data_length*

RECLN=(*optional_log_data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A value of 0 in the RECLN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the PRL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND

X'02' RECEIVE

X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM

X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return

code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

State changes

The changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is END_CONV after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is FDX_RESET after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0021'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ABNORMAL_DEALLOCATE_REJECTED_RETRY
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDTIME

Purpose

This macroinstruction is used to deallocate a conversation that has had no activity for a specified amount of time.

Usage

QUALIFY=ABNDTIME is used when the LU detects that it has not received information from one of its transaction programs within a specific amount of time. For example, an application program would use this macroinstruction if one of the conversations is in a state that allows receiving and has not received any data in an excessive amount of time. The application program must determine how long to wait before issuing this macroinstruction.

If the conversation is in a state that allows sending, the function of the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction is executed prior to abnormally deallocating the conversation.

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDTIME can be issued against a conversation for which there is already an APPCCMD outstanding. These commands cancel the previous macroinstruction, allowing the application program to recover from a hung transaction. However, there are cases where it is not

allowed when a prior macroinstruction is outstanding. See “Usage” on page 70 for a list of macroinstructions that cannot be canceled.

QUALIFY=ABNDTIME corresponds to the DEALLOCATE TYPE=ABEND_TIMER verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of abnormally terminating a conversation.

Context

On half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

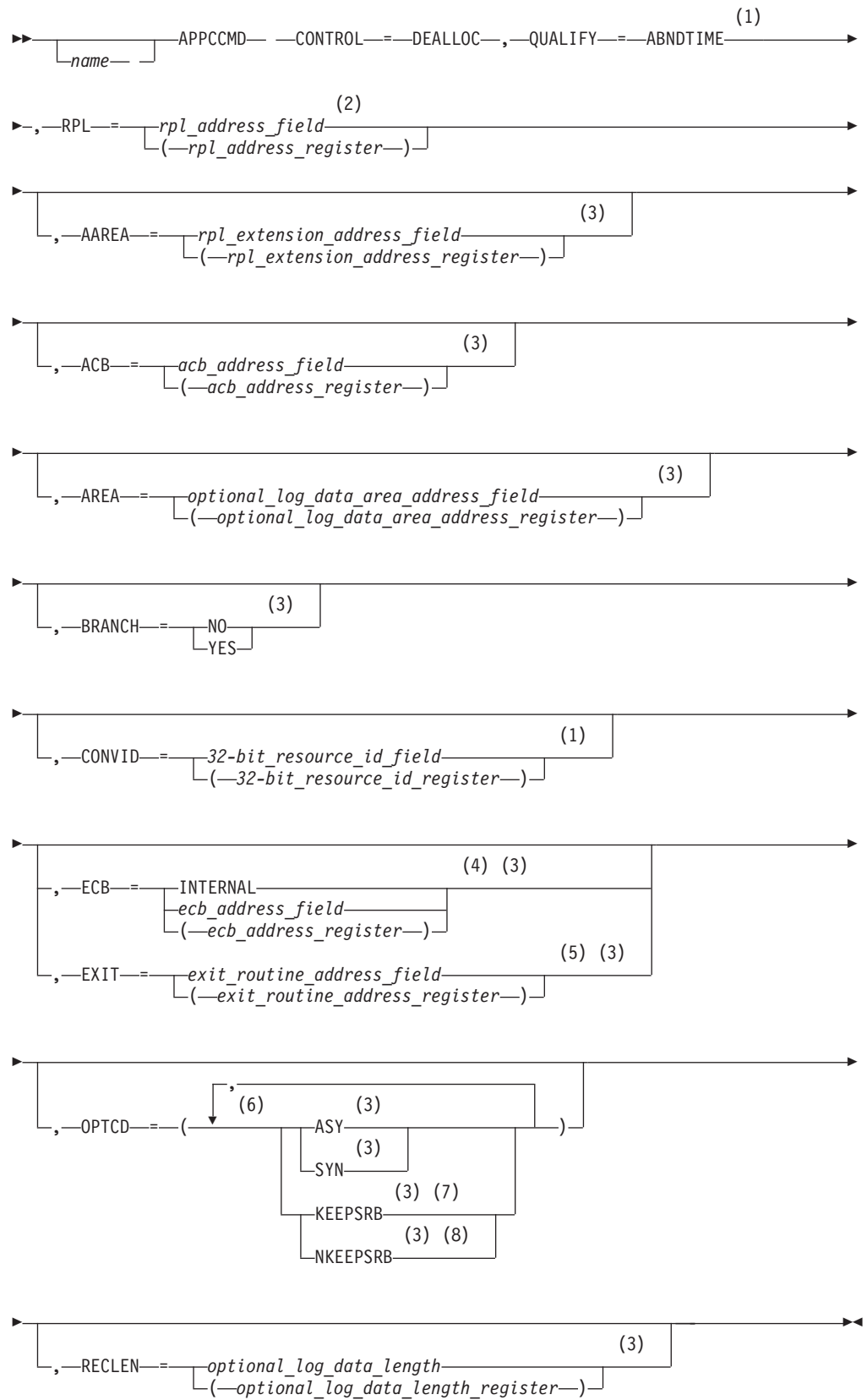
- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_SEND
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

On full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*optional_log_data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*optional_log_data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner application program. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. If the application program chooses to supply an error log GDS variable, it has to supply the entire GDS variable on the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM inspects the 2-byte logical-record length (LL) field of the GDS variable to determine if the amount of data supplied is equal to the length specified in the LL field. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLEN=*optional_log_data_length*

RECLEN=(*optional_log_data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A value of 0 in the RECLEN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLEN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage

occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is END_CONV after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is FDX_RESET after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0021'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ABNORMAL_DEALLOCATE_REJECTED_RETRY
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER

Purpose

This macroinstruction deallocates a conversation when the application program detects an error.

Usage

This macroinstruction is used by an application program to deallocate a conversation and to inform the partner LU of the reason for the deallocation. To indicate the reason for the deallocation, the application program specifies a sense code on the macroinstruction. This sense code is sent to the partner LU in an FMH-7 and must be appropriate to the error. Otherwise improper processing of the macroinstruction might occur. For a list of valid sense codes, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

This macroinstruction does not correspond to any of the verbs in the LU 6.2 architecture.

An example of the use of this macroinstruction would be to report errors that the application program detects on a received FMH-5. Although VTAM performs preliminary format checks on the FMH-5 before passing it to the application program, the application program validates the FMH-5. If the application program detects an error in the FMH-5, it issues APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER and specifies the appropriate sense code. VTAM sends the conversation deallocation notification and the FMH-7 to the partner LU.

If the conversation is in a state that allows sending, the function of the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction is executed prior to abnormally deallocating the conversation.

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER can be issued against a conversation for which there is already an APPCCMD outstanding. It cancels the previous macroinstruction, allowing the application program to recover from a "hung" transaction. However, in some cases, it is not allowed when a prior macroinstruction is outstanding. See "Usage" on page 70 for a list of macroinstructions that cannot be canceled.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information on abnormally deallocating a conversation.

Context

On half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE

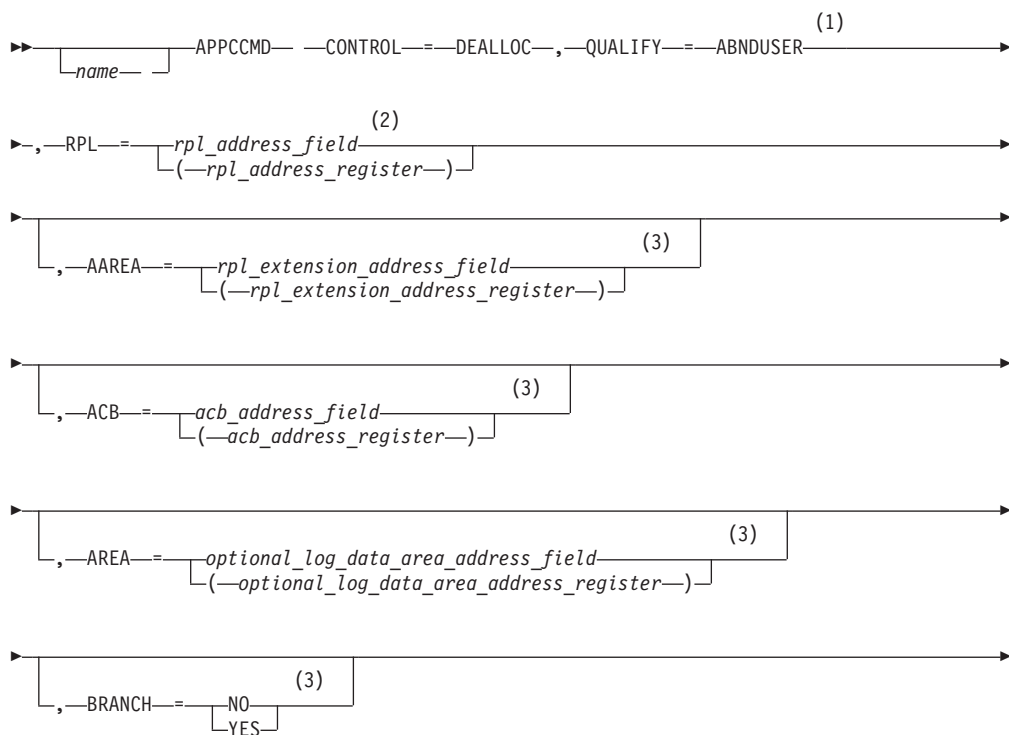
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_SEND
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

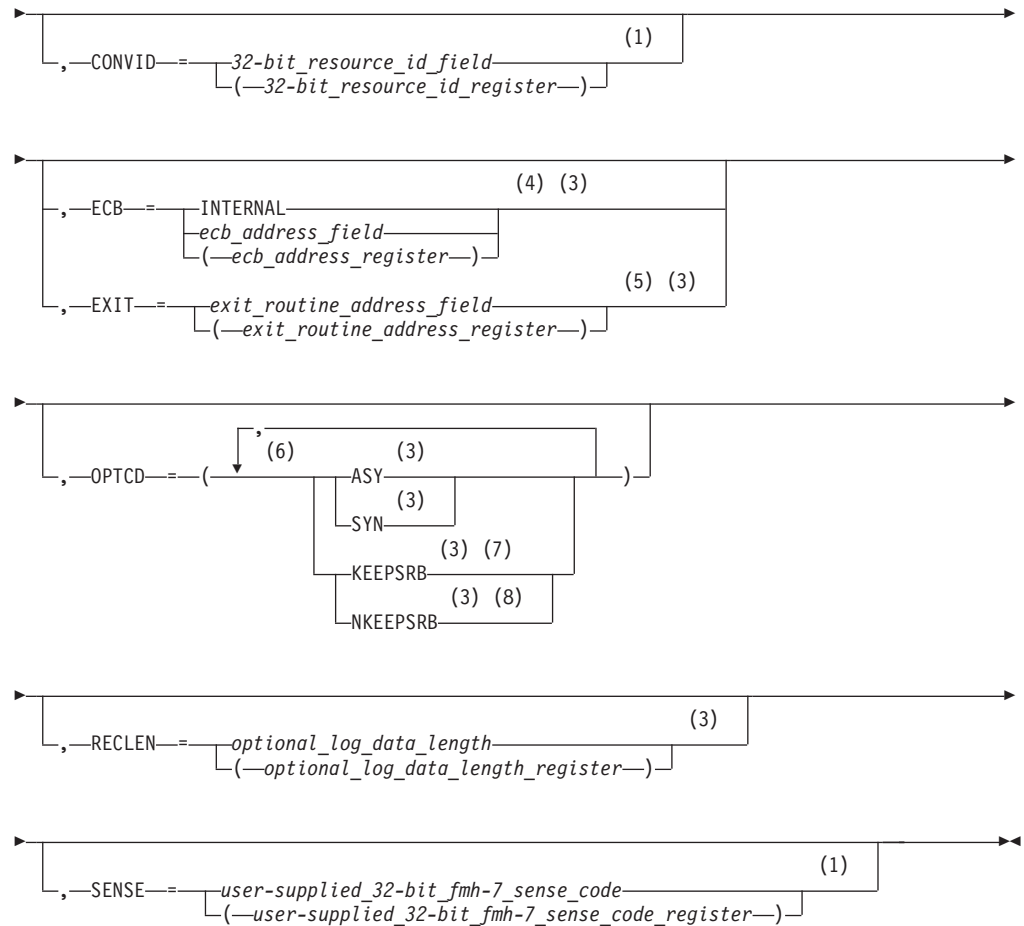
On full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*optional_log_data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*optional_log_data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner application program. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. If the application program chooses to supply an error log GDS variable, it has to supply the entire GDS variable on the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM inspects the 2-byte logical-record length (LL) field of the GDS variable to determine if the amount of data supplied is equal to the length specified in the LL field. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*optional_log_data_length*

RECLN=(*optional_log_data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A value of 0 in the RECLN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE=*user-supplied_32-bit_fmh-7_sense_code*

SENSE=(*user-supplied_32-bit_fmh-7_sense_code_register*)

Specifies the user-specified sense code that the application program requests to be placed in the FMH-7 that VTAM creates as a result of this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This sense code must be appropriate to the error. Otherwise, improper processing of the macroinstruction might result. This is the only one

of the abnormal DEALLOC macroinstructions for which this field is applicable. This field is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension. For a list of valid sense codes, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received

by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is END_CONV after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is FDX_RESET after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_ SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0021'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ABNORMAL_DEALLOCATE_ REJECTED_RETRY
X'002C'	X'002D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SENSE_CODE_ VALUE_SPECIFIED
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=CONFIRM

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends a confirmation request to a partner application program and, if the partner sends a positive confirmation response, VTAM deallocates the conversation.

Usage

QUALIFY=CONFIRM is used to ensure that the partner receives all data on a conversation before that conversation is deallocated.

VTAM sends the partner LU any remaining data in the SEND buffer, which is followed by a confirmation request. If the partner LU sends a positive response to the confirmation request, VTAM deallocates the conversation. If the partner LU sends a negative response to the confirmation request, VTAM does not deallocate the conversation. This macroinstruction completes only after a response is received from the partner LU. It corresponds to the DEALLOCATE (TYPE=CONFIRM) verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

When this macroinstruction completes, the current conversation state is in the CONSTATE field.

Because this macroinstruction requests deallocation of the conversation, the data in the SEND buffer must complete a logical record.

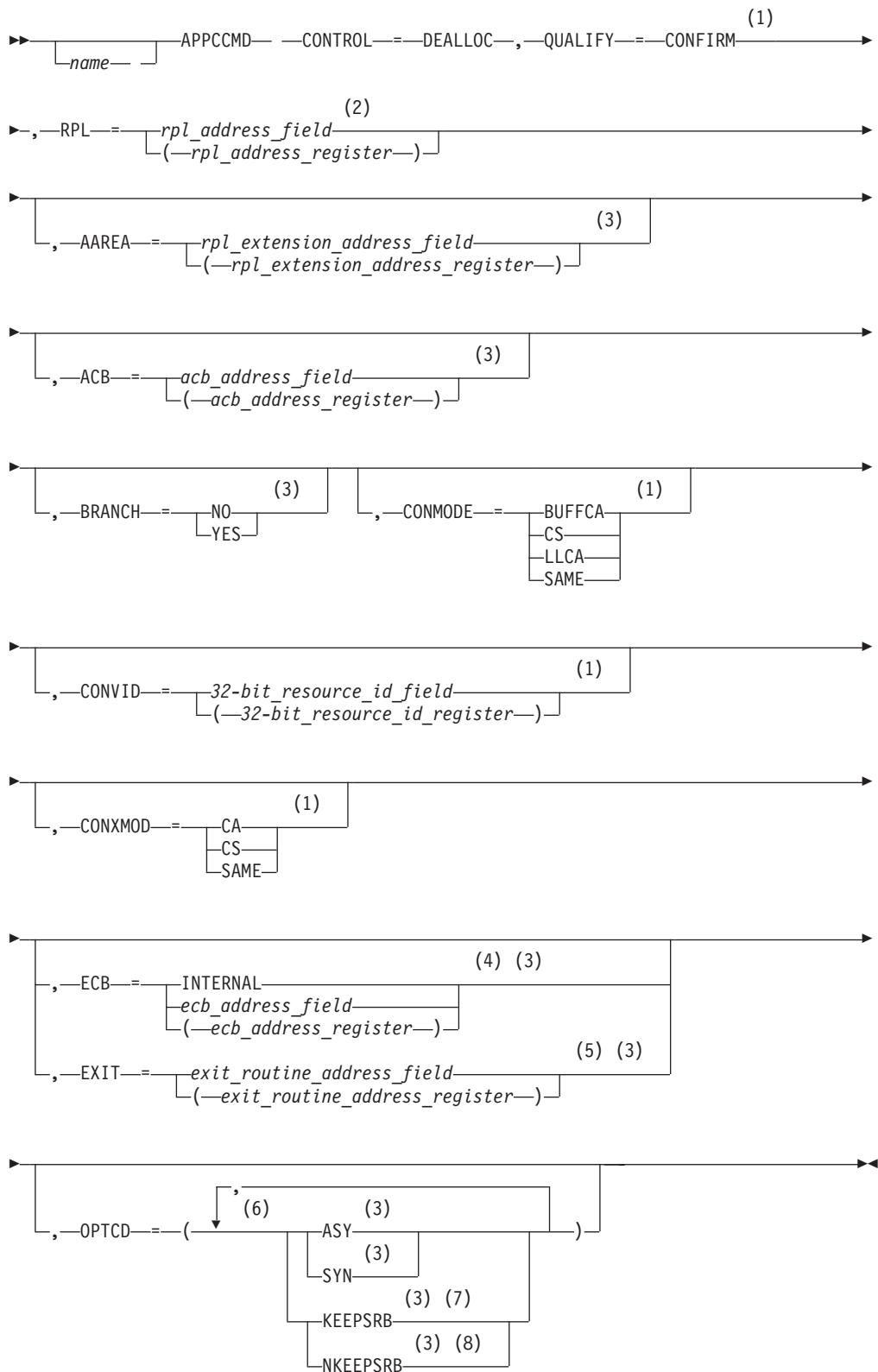
For more information on sending and responding to confirmation requests, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

Context

This macroinstruction can only be used on half-duplex conversations from the SEND conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.

- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_field*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY

can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field**ECB=(ecb_address_register)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field**EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field**RPL=(rpl_address_register)**

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. It can have the following values:

X'01' SEND

X'02' RECEIVE

X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

Indicates that an FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner application program. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Indicates either that no error indicator was received or that an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field

indicates `USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED`, the `SENSE` field contains an FMH-7 sense code that VTAM did not recognize. This field is labeled `RPL6SNSI` in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the `USERFLD` field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD `CONTROL=ALLOC` macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD `CONTROL=RCVFMH5` macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled `RPL6USR` in the RPL extension.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when `RCPRI` indicates OK.

The conversation state is `END_CONV` after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (`RCPRI`, `RCSEC`) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON_APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=DATACON

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data, which is supplied by the application program, and any information in the SEND buffer to a partner application program, followed by a confirmation request. If the partner LU sends a positive response to the confirmation request, VTAM deallocates the conversation normally.

Usage

This macroinstruction is used to send data to the partner LU and to ensure that the partner receives all the data before the conversation is deallocated.

VTAM sends any data remaining in the buffer followed by the data specified on the macroinstruction to the partner LU. This data is followed by a confirmation request. The macroinstruction completes only after the partner LU responds to the confirmation request. If the partner sends a positive confirmation response, the conversation is deallocated. If the partner LU sends a negative confirmation response, the conversation is not deallocated. This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_DATA and DEALLOCATE (TYPE=CONFIRM) verbs in the LU 6.2 architecture.

When this macroinstruction completes, the current conversation state is found in the CONSTATE field.

Because this macroinstruction requests deallocation of the conversation, the data sent must complete a logical record.

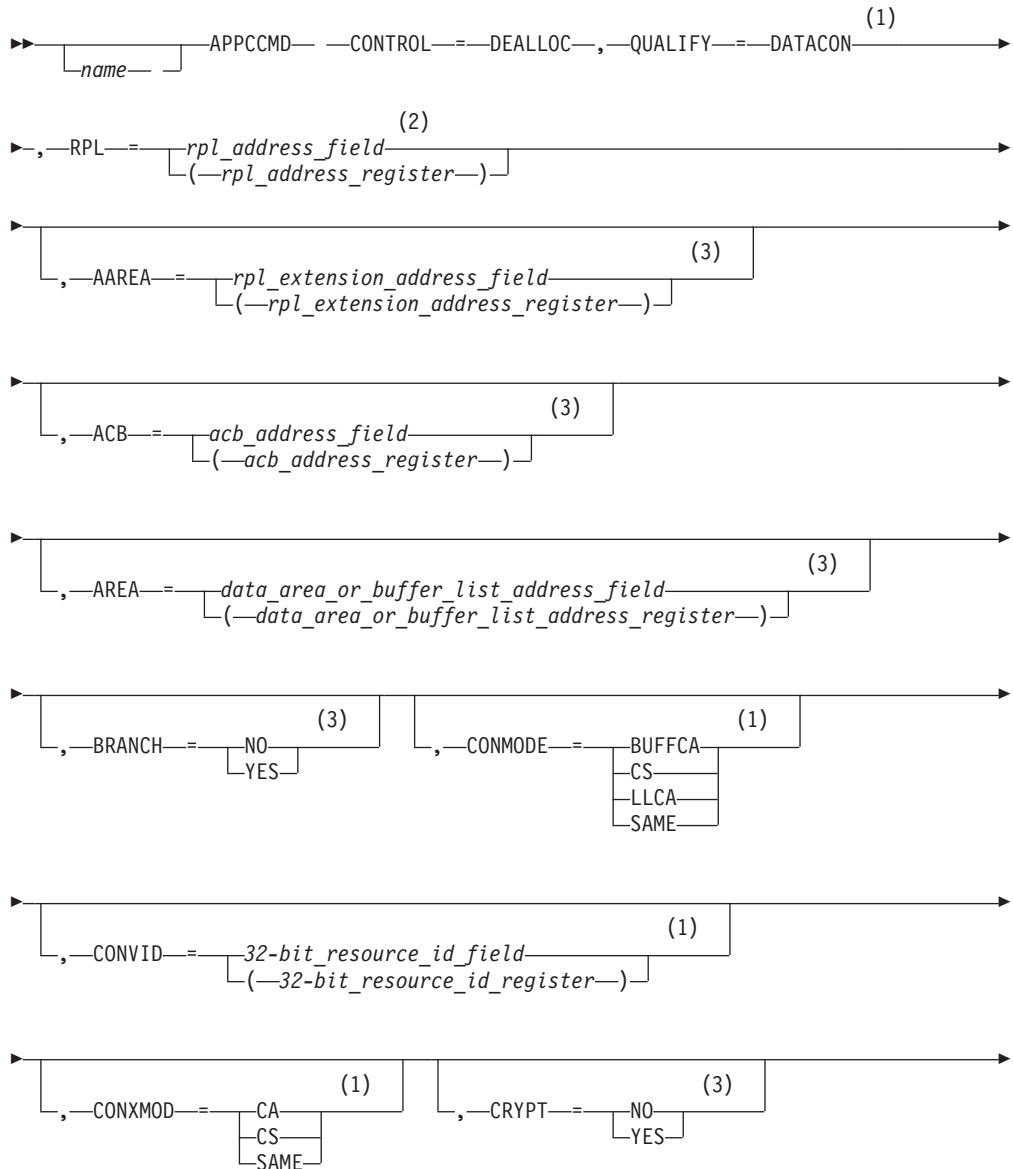
For more information on sending and responding to confirmation requests, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

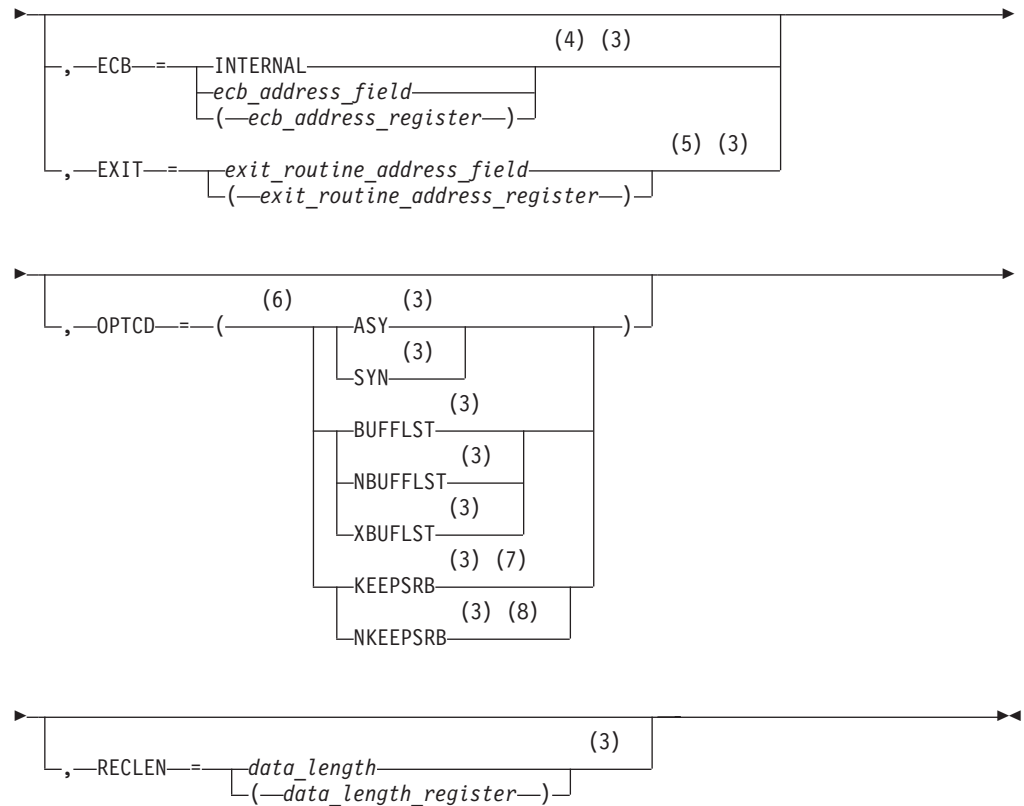
Context

This macroinstruction can be used only on half-duplex conversations from the SEND conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs

running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLen field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLen field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLen field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLen=*data_length*

RECLen=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLen in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLen specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.

- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

Indicates that an FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner application program. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Indicates either that no error indicator was received or that an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not recognized by VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. It is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

Indicates that a SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

Indicates that no SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

The conversation state is END_CONV after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=DATAFLU

Purpose

This macroinstruction unconditionally deallocates a conversation after sending data to a partner application program. The send function of the macroinstruction includes flushing the SEND buffer.

Usage

This macroinstruction combines the functions of two macroinstructions, APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA followed by APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=FLUSH. As with all macroinstructions that both send data and deallocate a conversation, the data sent by the application program *must complete a logical record*.

The deallocation request on this macroinstruction is unconditional. After VTAM successfully sends the data, it deallocates the conversation. Any incoming error information received for the application program is discarded.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_DATA verb followed by the DEALLOCATE (TYPE=FLUSH) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

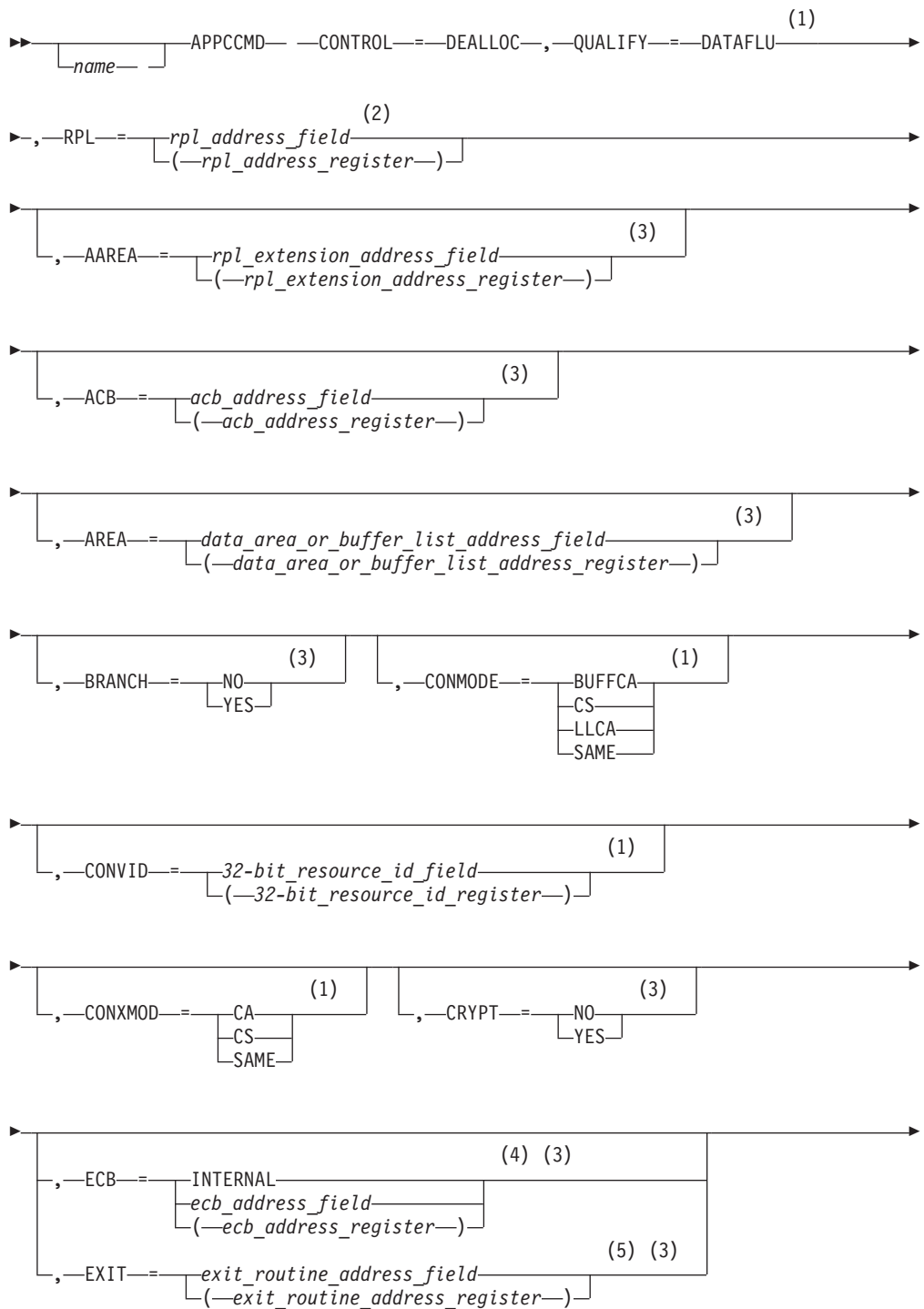
For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation states.

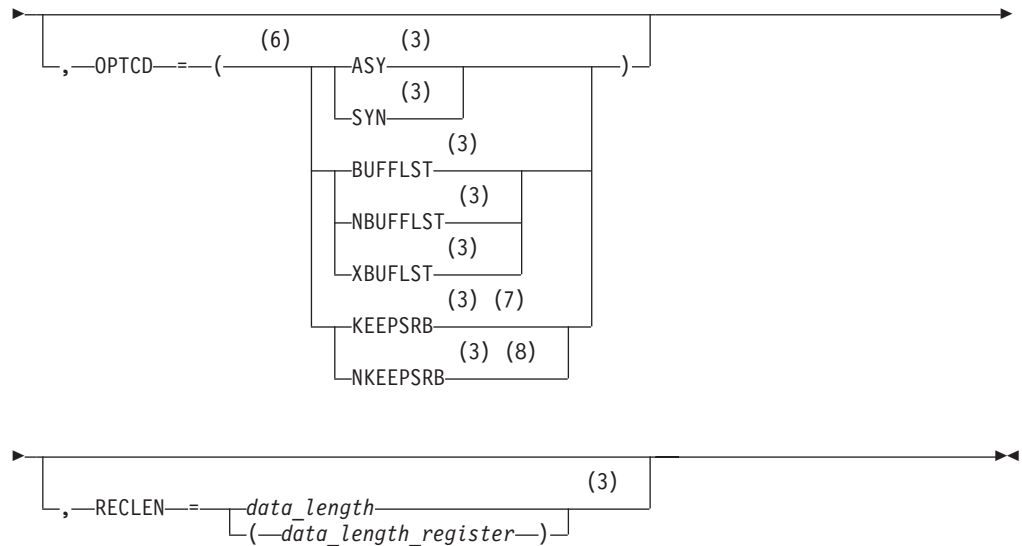
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY

can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLLEN=*data_length*

RECLLEN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

Returns the sense code carried in the FMH-7 used in deallocating the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. It is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

Indicates that a SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

Indicates that no SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation enters END_CONV after successful completion of the macroinstruction.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation enters one of the following states after successful completion of the macroinstruction.

- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- FDX_RESET

See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'0004'	X'0002'	CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0006'	SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0007'	SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	TRANSACTION_PROGRAM_NOT_AVAILABLE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	TRANSACTION_PROGRAM_NOT_AVAILABLE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANSACTION_PROGRAM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANSACTION_PROGRAM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNCATION
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNCATING

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNCATION
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE ABEND PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE ABEND SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE ABEND TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_ALLOCATION ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_UNKNOWN ERROR CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_RESOURCE FAILURE, RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=FLUSH

Purpose

This macroinstruction flushes the SEND buffer and unconditionally deallocates a conversation.

Usage

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction executes the function of the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction prior to the deallocation. Any error information coming from the partner application program that is received by VTAM after the macroinstruction is issued is not reported to the application program.

This macroinstruction, when issued on a full-duplex conversation, either initiates the conversation deallocation or completes the conversation deallocation if a deallocation request has been received from the conversation partner.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the DEALLOCATE (TYPE=FLUSH) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

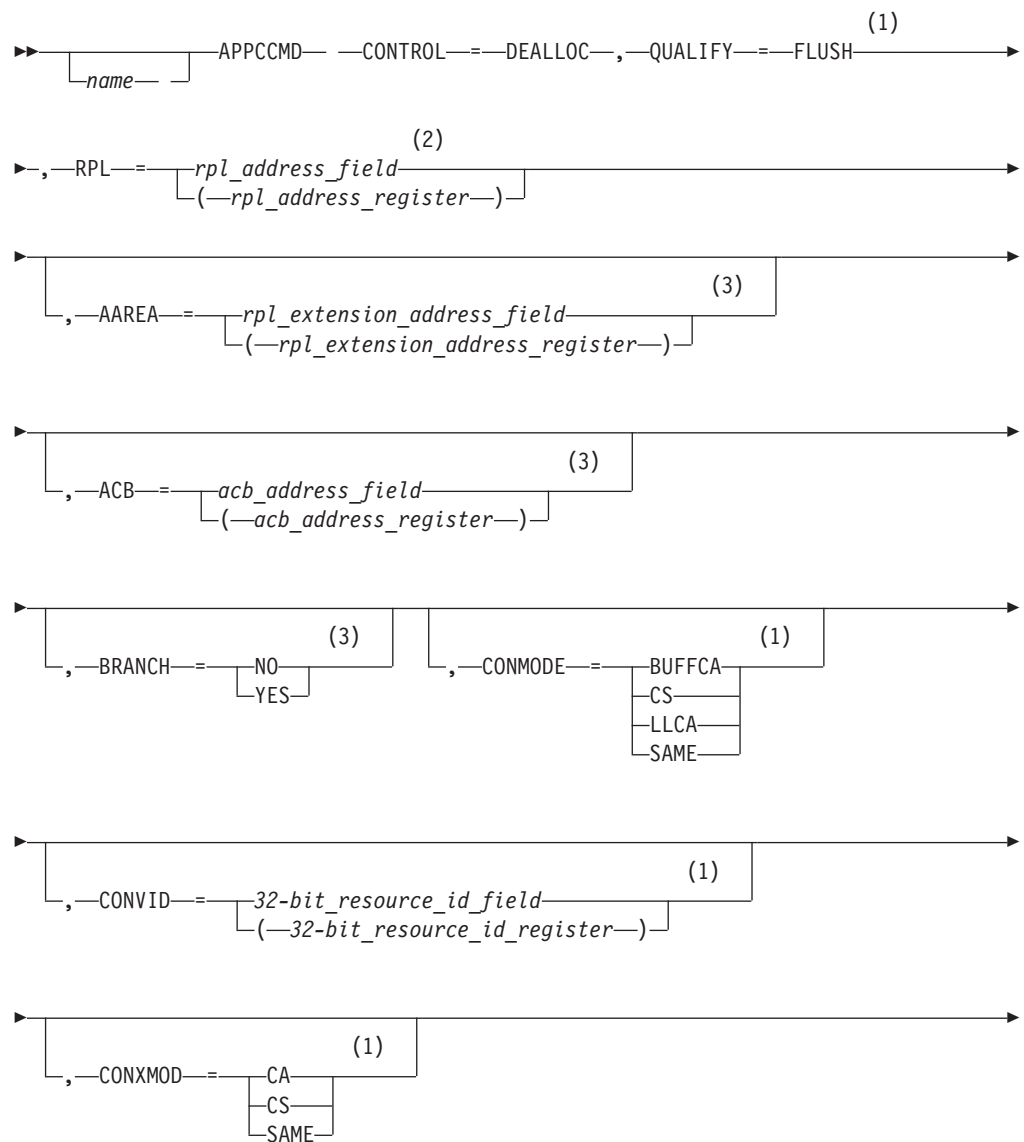
For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from a SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation state.

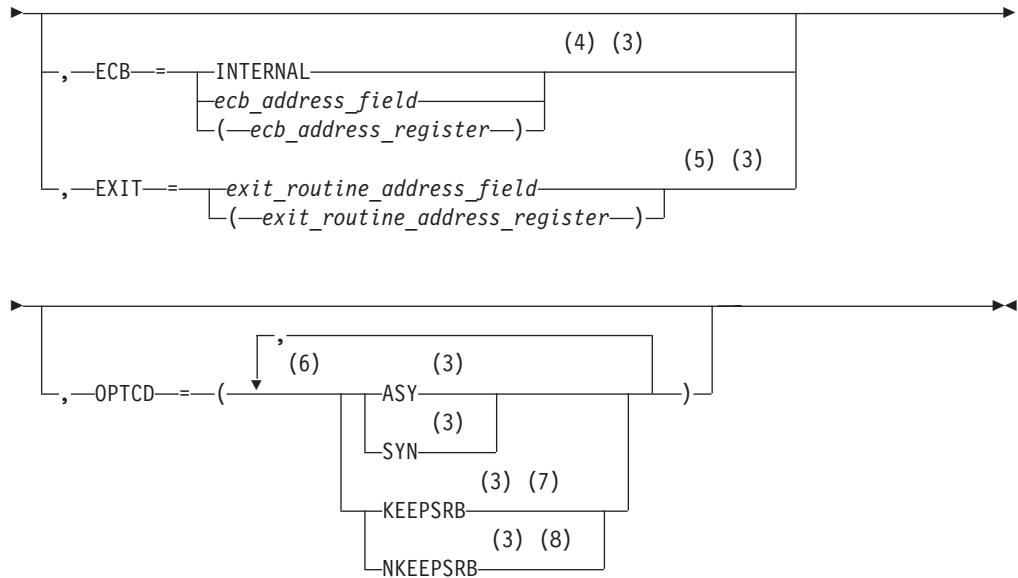
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction

programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation enters END_CONV after successful completion of the macroinstruction.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation can enter the following conversation states after successful processing:

- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- FDX_RESET

See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_ALLOCATION_ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_UNKNOWN_ERROR_CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED_RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ

Purpose

This macroinstruction deallocates a conversation when an application program has detected an error. This macroinstruction is queued if the conversation is in the

RECEIVE state and has not yet received data. When data is received, VTAM continues deallocation of the conversation.

Usage

QUALIFY=ABNDPROG is used to abnormally terminate a conversation when the application program detects an error that will prevent further useful conversation.

QUALIFY=ABNDSERV is used to abnormally terminate a conversation and alert VTAM that an LU service component has encountered an error.

QUALIFY=ABNDTIME is used to abnormally terminate a conversation when the application program detects that it has not received information from its partner for a specified amount of time.

QUALIFY=ABNDUSER is used to abnormally terminate a conversation. The command also alerts VTAM that the application program will provide a user-specified sense code to place in the FMH-7 that VTAM creates as a result of this command. The application program is responsible for the validity of the sense code.

This macroinstruction abnormally deallocates a conversation. If the conversation is in a sending state, the function is identical to the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC. The SEND buffer is flushed before the conversation is deallocated.

If the conversation is in a receiving state and is waiting for a first, or only element in the chain, this macroinstruction is queued until data is received from the partner LU.

To contrast this macroinstruction with DEALLOC, the DEALLOCQ macroinstruction will never receive an RCPRI, RCSEC of X'002C', X'0021'.

The following macroinstructions cannot be canceled by APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY that has not been matched to a conversation
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY that has not been matched to a conversation
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=NULL | QUEUE
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RESETRCV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG | ABNDSERV | ABNDTIME | ABNDUSER
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG | ABNDSERV | ABNDTIME | ABNDUSER
- APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=ALL | IALL
- A macroinstruction that is waiting for a response to a confirmation request
- A macroinstruction that is waiting for the arrival of an FMH-7

If any one of these macroinstructions is outstanding, the application program can either wait for the outstanding APPCCMD to complete and then issue APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ or issue APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for information on deallocating a conversation when an error is detected.

For early deallocation of a pending APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=DATAQUE, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

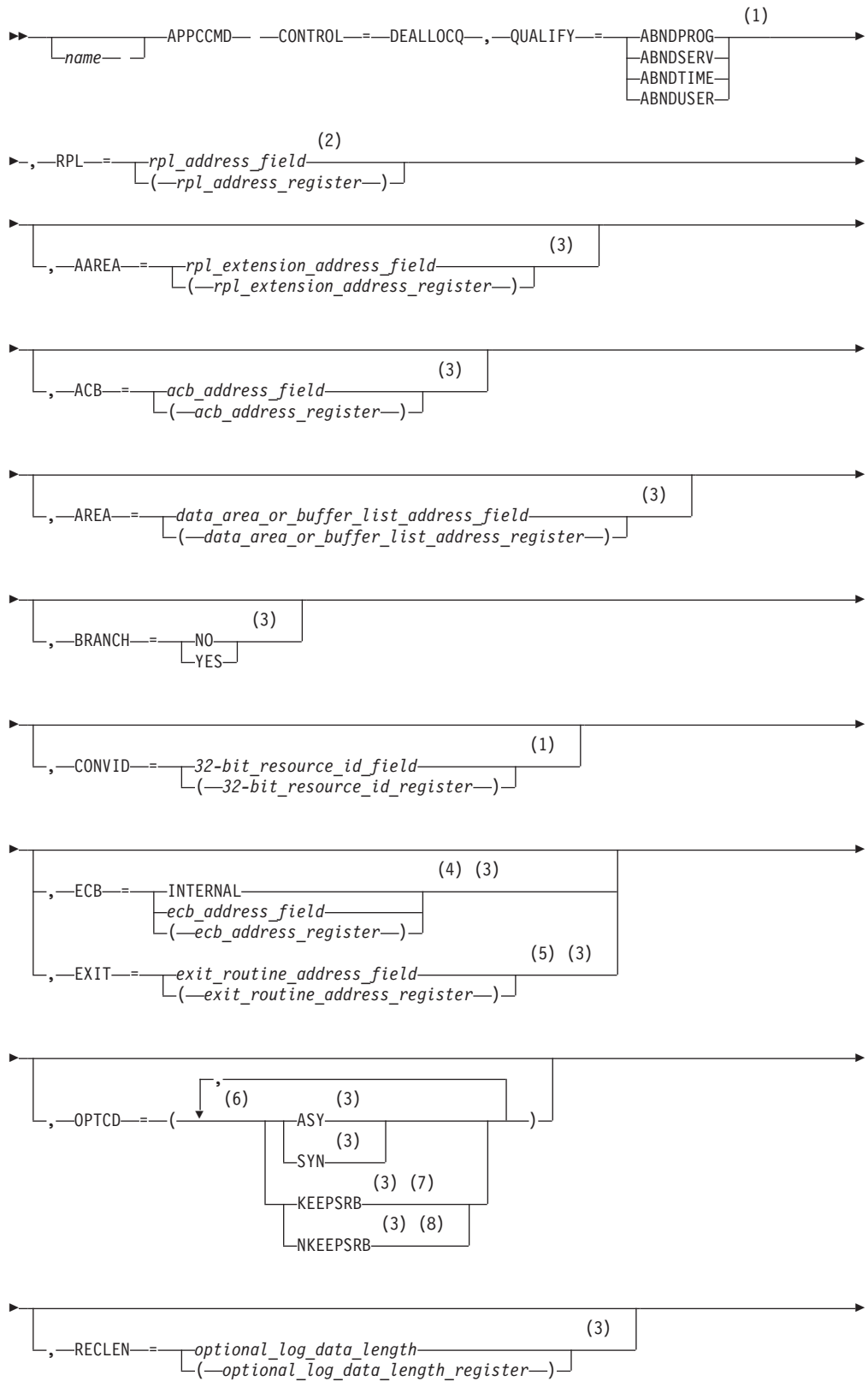
- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PENDING_SEND
- PENDING_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

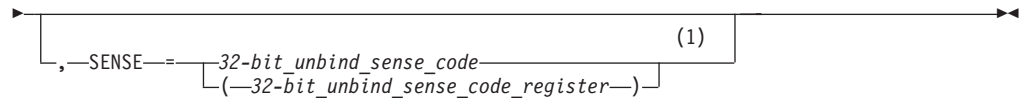
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- PENDING_ALLOCATE
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*optional_log_data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*optional_log_data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner application program. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. If the application program chooses to supply an error log GDS variable, it has to supply the entire GDS variable on the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM inspects the 2-byte logical-record length (LL) field of the GDS variable to determine if the amount of data supplied is equal to the length specified in the LL field. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*optional_log_data_length*

RECLN=(*optional_log_data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A value of 0 in the RECLN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE

Specifies the user-specified sense code that the application program requests to be placed in the FMH-7 that VTAM creates as a result of this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This sense code must be appropriate to the error. Otherwise, improper processing of the macroinstruction might result. This field is examined only if QUALIFY=ABNDUSER is issued. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. For a list of valid sense codes,

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND
- X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, END_CONV state is entered.

For full-duplex conversations, FDX_RESET state is entered.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (DEALLOCATION IS COMPLETE)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SENSE_CODE_VALUE_SPECIFIED
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA.
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS

Purpose

This macroinstruction responds positively to a session establishment request.

Usage

This macroinstruction is issued after the application program is notified through its LOGON or SCIP exit routine that a CINIT or BIND request has been received. (For a description of when the LOGON and SCIP exits are scheduled and for the information provided in each exit, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.) The function of this command is similar to the VTAM API commands OPNDST OPTCD=ACCEPT and OPNSEC for non-LU 6.2 sessions.

When this macroinstruction is used in a LOGON exit, the RPLAREA field of the read-only RPL passed to the exit routine contains the address of a read-only copy of the CINIT. The application program can examine the parameters of the BIND in the CINIT. If the application program needs to override any of the BIND parameters, it can specify session parameters for a BIND on this macroinstruction (mapped by ISTDBIND).

Attention: If both the local and the partner LU are the same LU, then this macroinstruction must not be issued from the LOGON exit routine. Otherwise, the session will hang.

The partner LU can negotiate the BIND. If this occurs, VTAM verifies and accepts the negotiated BIND parameters. (For information on BIND fields and their settings, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.) However, VTAM does not return the negotiated BIND response to the application program when this macroinstruction completes.

The application program can use this macroinstruction in a SCIP exit to override some of the values received in the BIND by providing a BIND image (in

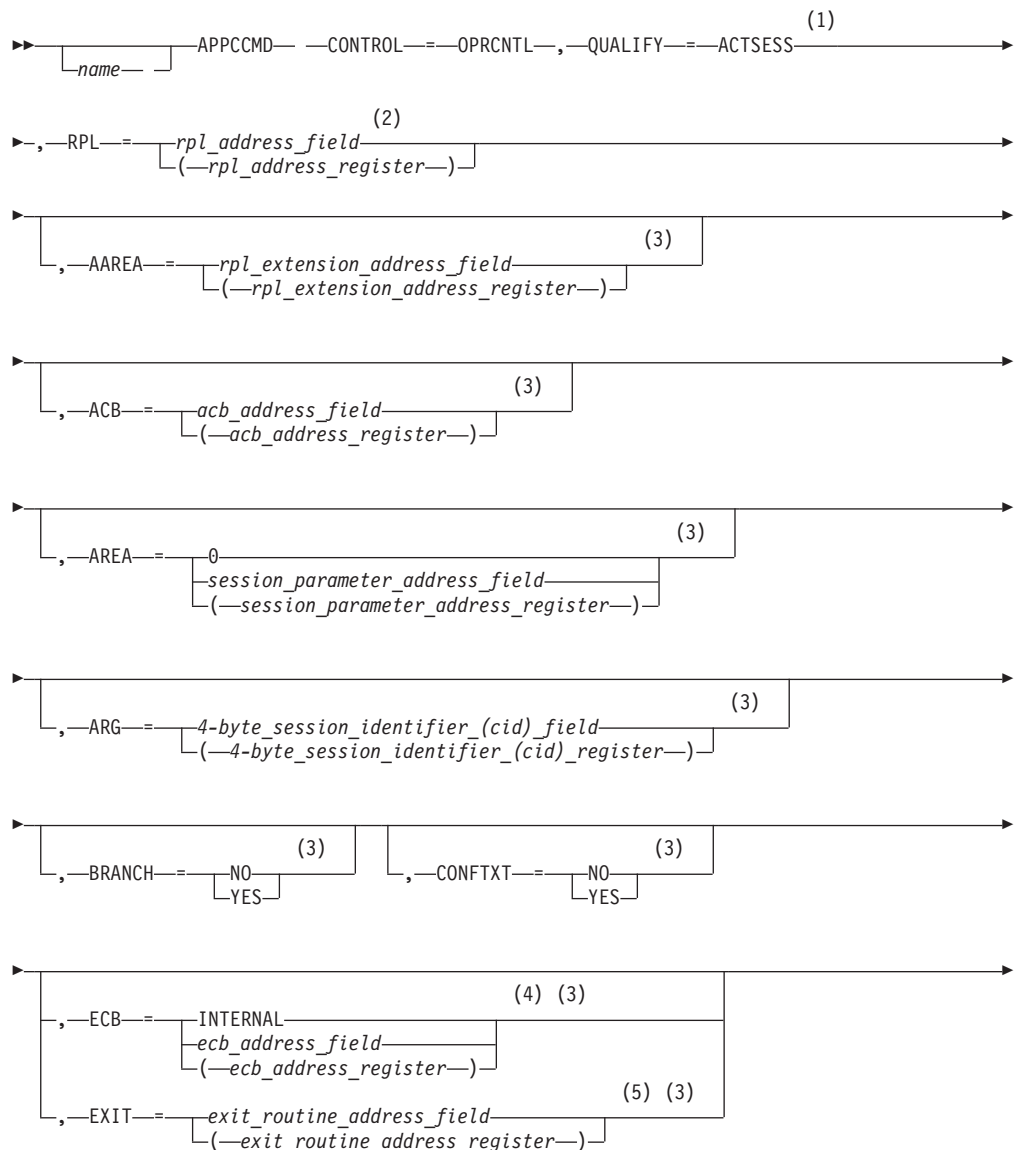
ISTDBIND format) to be used in building a response. When this macroinstruction is used in a SCIP exit, word 4 of the parameter list points to session parameters mapped by ISTDBIND. If the application program needs to override any of the BIND parameters, it can specify session parameters for a BIND response on this macroinstruction (mapped by ISTDBIND). Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for details on the values that can be overridden.

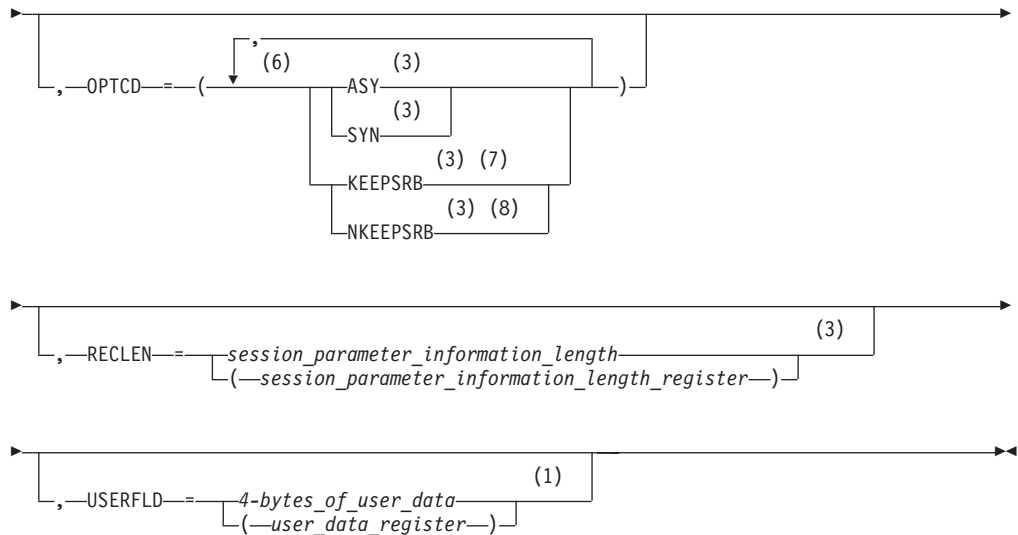
Note: APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS does not correspond to the ACTIVATE_SESSION verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*session_parameter_address_field*

AREA=*(session_parameter_address_register)*

Specifies the address of an area that contains a set of session parameters that VTAM uses when constructing the BIND or BIND response, which is sent to establish a session. If an address is indicated, the set of parameters specified by the application program will override the session parameters given in the CINIT or BIND (refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for information on building the session parameters). This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL. If you specify AREA=0, VTAM uses the set of session parameters contained in the CINIT or BIND to construct the BIND or BIND response.

Note: You should use the ISTDBIND DSECT if you include user data fields on the BIND.

ARG=*4-byte_session_identifier_(cid)_field*

ARG=*(4-byte_session_identifier_(cid)_register)*

Specifies the CID of the session that was returned to the application program in the parameter list of the LOGON or SCIP exit routine. The specified CID must identify a CINIT or BIND that is queued for this application program.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONFXTX

Indicates whether or not data sent or received on this session is to be considered "confidential" within this host. This field is labeled RPL6CFTX in the RPL extension.

CONFXTX=YES

The VTAM buffers used to hold the data are cleared before they are returned to their buffer pools.

CONFXTX=NO

No clearing is performed.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*session_parameter_information_length*

RECLN=(*session_parameter_information_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session parameter information. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

Contains the sense code if any is returned from session initiation macroinstructions. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0009'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_STRUCTURE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0014'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_BIND_PARAMETERS
X'002C'	X'001E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CID_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON_APPC
X'0064'	X'0000'	ACTIVATION_FAILURE
X'0068'	X'0000'	LU_MODE_SESSION_LIMIT_EXCEEDED
X'006C'	X'0000'	SESSION_NOT_PENDING
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS

Purpose

This macroinstruction negotiates the session limits on a mode group between the application program and a partner application.

Usage

VTAM determines the new session limits by using the session limits specified on the macroinstruction and the defined session limits of the partner LU. The overall session limits, the contention-winner session limits, and the contention-loser session limits are negotiated. Other parameters, such as draining of a conversation request and responsibility for deactivation, are also negotiated by this macroinstruction.

When this macroinstruction completes, VTAM can activate or deactivate sessions to make them conform to the new session limits. However, sessions already assigned to a conversation are not deactivated.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the INITIALIZE_SESSION_LIMIT, CHANGE_SESSION_LIMIT, and RESET_SESSION_LIMIT verbs in the LU 6.2 architecture.

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DEFINE macroinstruction can be used by a partner LU that is capable of parallel sessions to define the session limits that can be used in the negotiation when it receives the CNOS request.

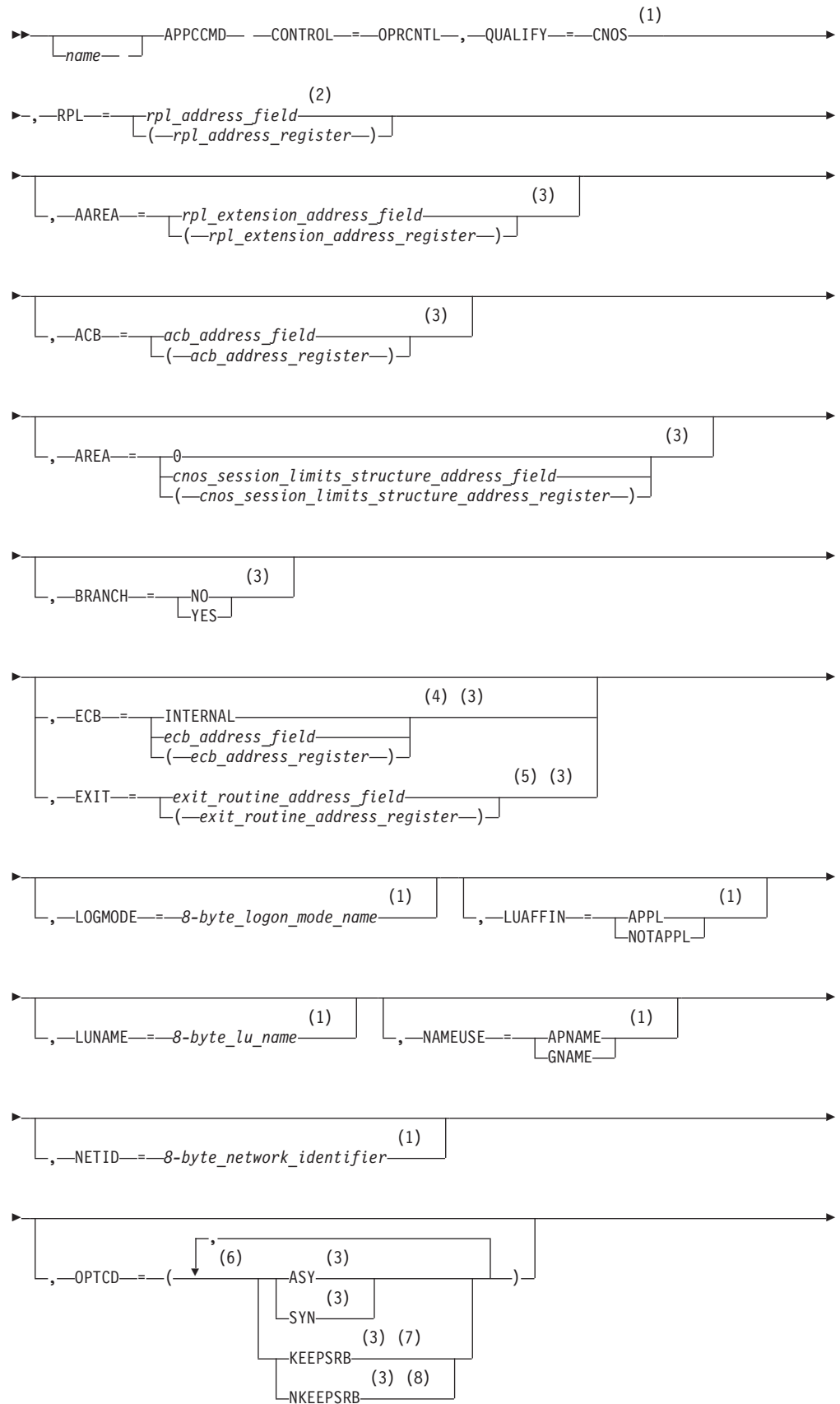
For a full discussion of this macroinstruction, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

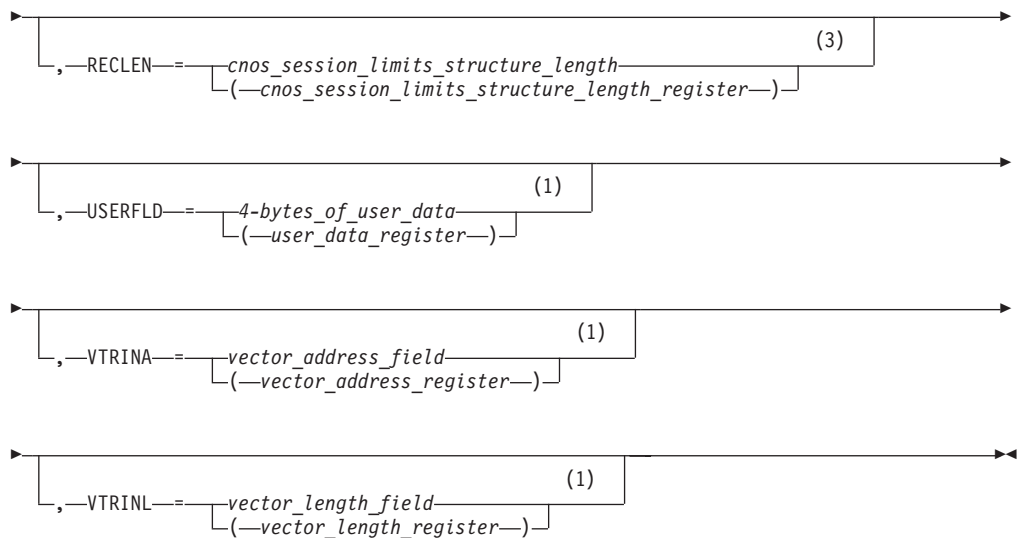
Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, the QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*cnos_session_limits_structure_address_field*

AREA=(*cnos_session_limits_structure_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a CNOS session limits data structure. (See “CNOS session limits data structure (ISTSLCNS)” on page 653 for the VTAM-supplied DSECT that can be used to fill in and test values.) The specification of a session limits structure is optional (the AREA field in the RPL extension would be 0 in this case). The defaults that are used when a session limits structure is omitted are given in the description of each parameter. The fields in the data structure that apply to this macroinstruction are described in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*) **This field is labeled RPLEXTDS in the RPL.**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name that requires the session limit and contention-winner polarity values to be changed. The mode name specified can be any mode name that is valid as the LOGMODE value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction including the SNASVCMG mode name,

which is used for exchanging the CNOS request and reply when the application program and partner application are connected by parallel sessions. However, no CNOS flow occurs to the partner application program as a result of issuing this macroinstruction for the SNASVCMG mode name.

If the session limits control block specifies that `SESSLIM=0` and `NBRMODE=ALL`, the session limit negotiation applies to all noncontrol modes between the two LUs, and this parameter is ignored.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information). This field is labeled `RPL6MODE` in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The `LUAFFIN` keyword is only meaningful when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, `LUAFFIN` is ignored.

The `LUAFFIN` value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the `LUAFFIN` value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If `LUAFFIN` is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if `SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL` was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program to which the change in the session limit and contention-winner polarity values applies. The LU name is a name that is valid as the LU name value on the `APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC` macroinstruction.

The LU name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled `RPL6LU` in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the `BIND` requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in `BIND` responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program to which the change in the session limit and contention-winner polarity value applies.

If PARMs= (NQNames=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNames=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNames=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.) The network identifier is also used to verify and update the logon mode table. It is the same as the NETID value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction.

The network identifier can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLen=cnos_session_limits_structure_length**RECLen=(cnos_session_limits_structure_length_register)**

Specifies the length of the CNOS session limits data structure supplied by the AREA field. The application program must supply the entire session limits data structure; it cannot supply a partial structure. This field is applicable only

if a CNOS session limits structure is specified by the AREA field. Otherwise, it is ignored by VTAM. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if

one exists. A result value is only returned at completion if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRISISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This sense code is returned for the control operator session that VTAM establishes as part of processing the CNOS request. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0001'	OK—AS_SPECIFIED
X'0000'	X'0002'	OK—AS_NEGOTIATED
X'0000'	X'000C'	OK_AS_SPECIFIED—PARTNER_LU_KNOWN_BY_DIFFERENT_NAME
X'0000'	X'000D'	OK_AS_NEGOTIATED—PARTNER_LU_KNOWN_BY_DIFFERENT_NAME
X'0000'	X'0004'	OK—PARTNER LU SUPPORTS SINGLE SESSION
X'0008'	X'0000'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0008'	X'0001'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0008'	X'0002'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0008'	X'0003'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0008'	X'0004'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0008'	X'0005'	CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0008'	X'0006'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0008'	X'0007'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_MISMATCH
X'000C'	X'0000'	CNOS_RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0010'	X'0000'	COMMAND_RACE_REJECT—PARTNER_GRANTED_RETRY
X'0010'	X'0001'	COMMAND_RACE_REJECT—COPR_FOR_LOCAL_LU_RETRIED
X'0010'	X'0002'	COMMAND_RACE_REJECT—PARTNER_CNOS_IN_PROGRESS
X'0010'	X'0003'	COMMAND_RACE_REJECT—LU_IS_IN_PENDING_SINGLE_STATE
X'0010'	X'0004'	COMMAND_RACE_REJECT—PARTNER_LU_STARTING_SESSION
X'0020'	X'0000'	CNOS_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0028'	X'0000'	LU_MODE_SESSION_LIMIT_CLOSED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'0004'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_VALUES_FOR_SNASVCMG_MODE
X'002C'	X'0005'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DRAINL_CHANGE
X'002C'	X'0006'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SNASVCMG_MODE_CANNOT_CURRENTLY_BE_RESET
X'002C'	X'0007'	PARAMETER_ERROR—MINWINL_PLUS_MINWINR_EXCEEDS_SESSLIM
X'002C'	X'0008'	SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0009'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_STRUCTURE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0018'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LIMIT_SPECIFIED
X'002C'	X'0019'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SNASVCMG_MODE_ALREADY_INITIALIZED
X'002C'	X'001A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ALL_MODES_SPECIFIED_ON_SINGLE_SESSION_LU
X'002C'	X'001B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SNASVCMG_OR_CPSVCMG_MODE_FOR_SINGLE_SESSION_LU
X'002C'	X'001C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SINGLE_SESSION_MODE_ALREADY_INITIALIZED
X'002C'	X'001E'	CID_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0054'	X'0000'	UNRECOGNIZED_MODE_NAME
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DACTSESS

Purpose

This macroinstruction responds negatively to a request for session establishment.

Usage

This command is issued after the application program is notified through its LOGON or SCIP exit routine that a CINIT or BIND request has been received. The function of this command is similar to the VTAM API commands CLSDST RELEASE and SESSIONC CONTROL=BIND for non-LU 6.2 sessions.

When this macroinstruction is used in a LOGON exit, the RPLAREA field of the read-only RPL contains a read-only copy of the CINIT. After examining the BIND image in the CINIT, the application program can issue this macroinstruction to prevent the session from being activated.

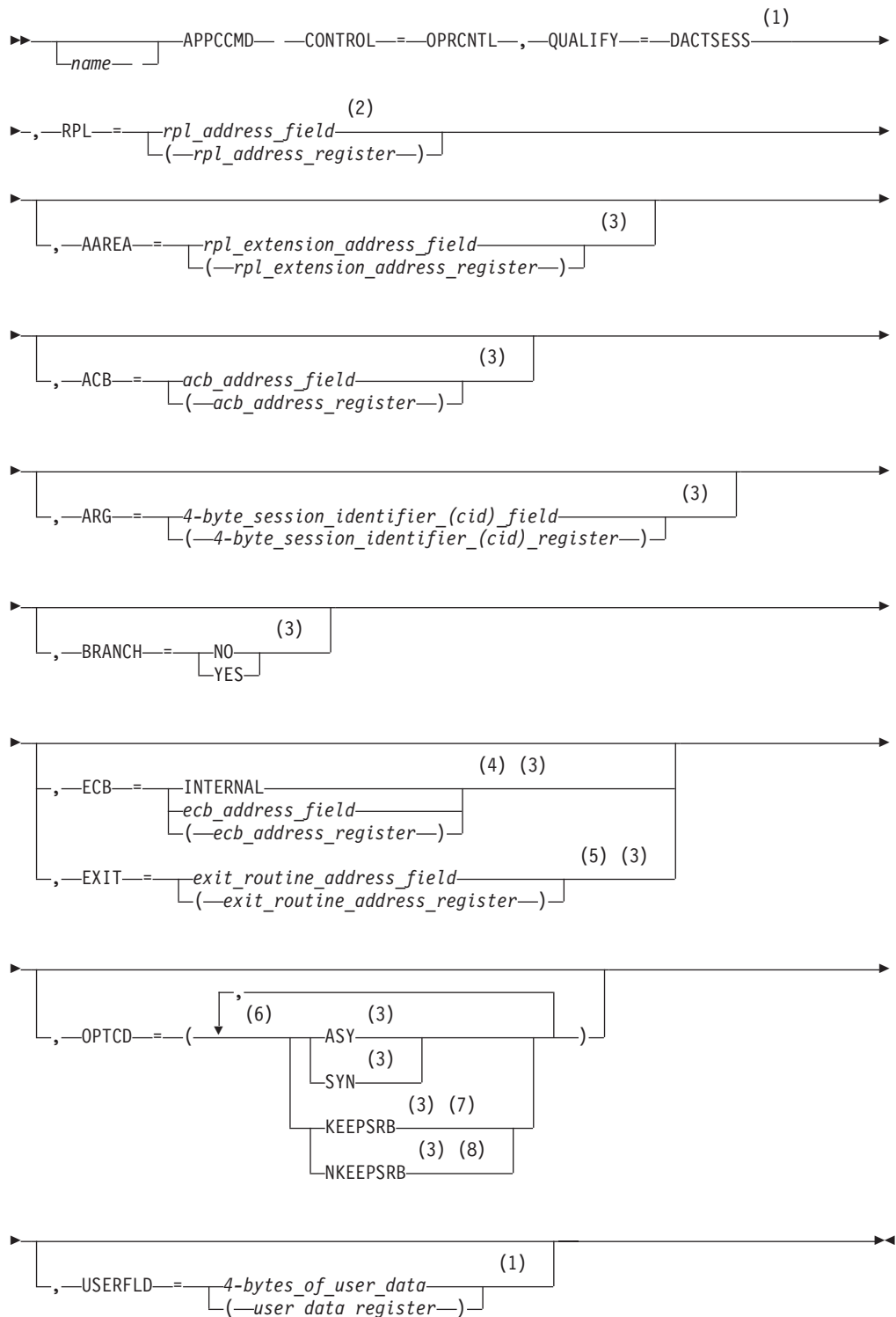
When this macroinstruction is used in a SCIP exit, the RPLAREA field of the read-only RPL contains the address of a read-only copy of the BIND. After examining the BIND, the application program can issue this macroinstruction to prevent the session from being activated.

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DACTSESS does not correspond to the DEACTIVATE_SESSION verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.

- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

ARG=*4-byte_session_identifier_(cid)_field*

ARG=(*4-byte_session_identifier_(cid)_register*)

Specifies the CID of the session that was returned to the application program in the parameter list of the LOGON or SCIP exit routine. The specified CID must identify a CINIT or BIND that is queued for this application program.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot

specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field

ECB=(ecb_address_register)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field

EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=4_bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(user_data_register)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CID_INVALID
X'006C'	X'0000'	SESSION_NOT_PENDING
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DEFINE

Purpose

This macroinstruction changes the session limit values that have been defined and that are used to negotiate a CNOS request from a partner LU. It also displays selected fields from the LU-mode table in the DEFINE/DISPLAY (ISTSLD) control block.

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used to modify values in a mode name entry that were originally obtained by VTAM from the APPL definition statement or that were supplied by using this macroinstruction previously. There is no direct correlation to the DEFINE verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

The session limit values that are defined are passed to VTAM in a DEFINE/DISPLAY control block. You must specify the address of this control block in the RPL when issuing the macroinstruction. The address is contained in the RPLAREA field, which can be set with the AREA keyword.

Most of the values specified in the DEFINE/DISPLAY control block are used to negotiate the values received in a CNOS request sent by the partner application program. The values are not affected by, nor do they have any effect upon, the values specified through the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction. For example, an application program can define the session limit used for negotiating purposes to be 10, yet later issue a CNOS macroinstruction that specifies a session limit of 20. The defined value of 10 does not restrict the CNOS value of 20; the CNOS value of 20 does not cause the defined value of 10 to be changed.

When this macroinstruction is issued before a CNOS request is negotiated on a mode, VTAM creates an entry in the LU-mode table for the mode and places the defined session limits in the table. The negotiated session limits are not determined until a CNOS request is negotiated.

When issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS, the application program can elect not to specify the limits to be used for CNOS negotiation. If this occurs, VTAM uses the defined limits specified by this macroinstruction as the default for these values. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.

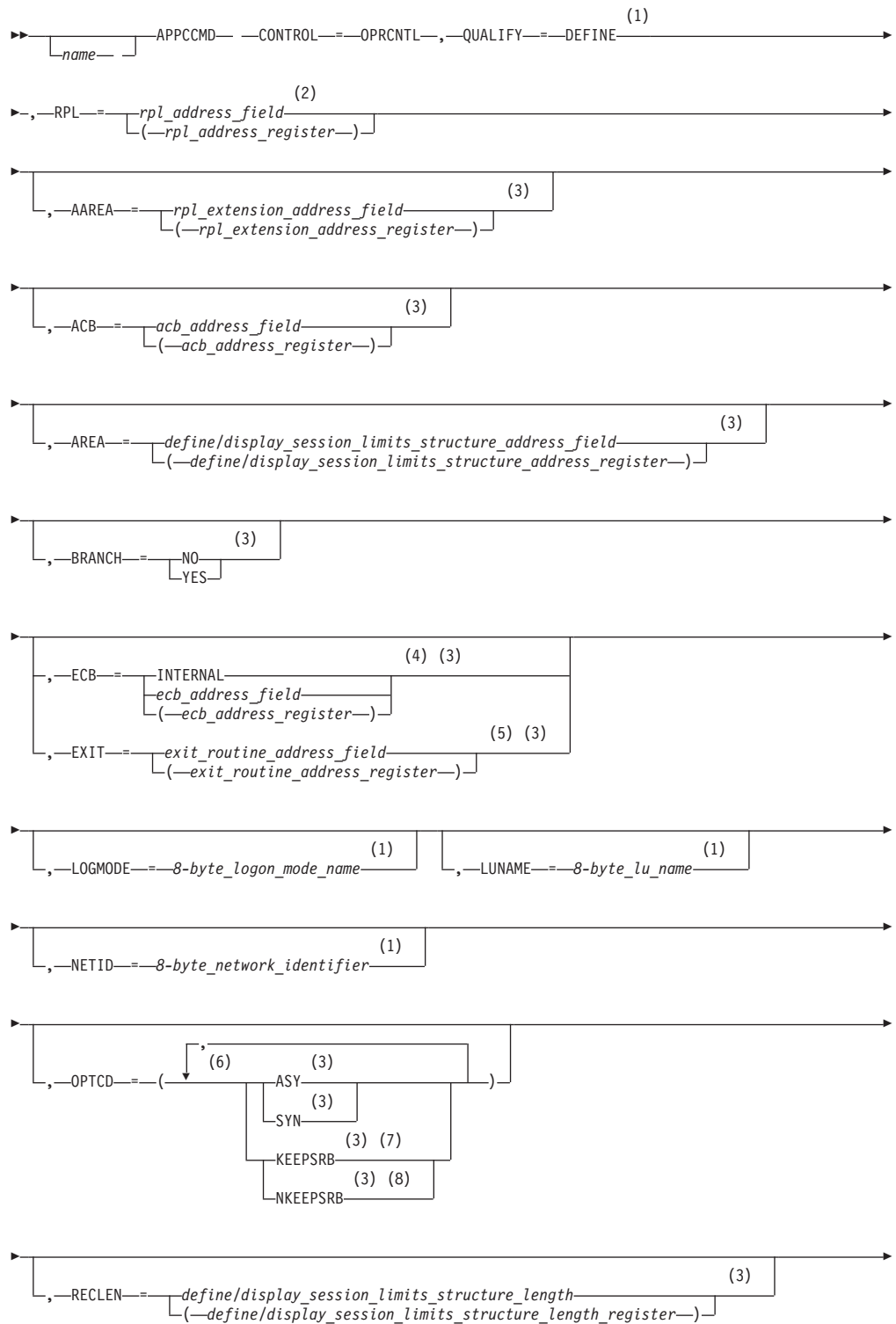
This macroinstruction can also be used to help control VTAM's use of storage. Specifying default limits of 0 with DELETE=ALLOW (in the DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits control block) informs VTAM that this mode name can be deleted from the LU-mode table when the mode name is no longer being used. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for an example of setting the DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits control block.) The execution of this macroinstruction involves only the application program; it does not cause any information to be sent through the network. The specified field values are in effect once the execution completes.

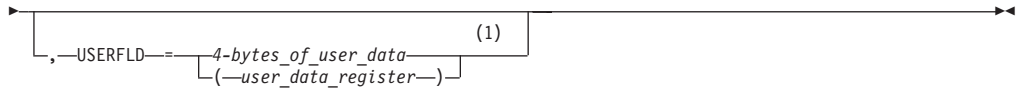
Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*define/display_session_limits_structure_address_field*

AREA=(*define/display_session_limits_structure_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure. (See “DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure (ISTSLD)” on page 654 for a description of the IBM-supplied DSECT that can be used to map this storage.) A description of the fields in the control block can be found in z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs

running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use `BRANCH=YES` to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the `RPLEXTDS` field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, `BRANCH=NO` is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the `BRANCH` field.

ECB

Valid only if `OPTCD=ASY`. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the `APPCCMD` macroinstruction. You cannot specify both `ECB` and `EXIT` on a single `APPCCMD` macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the `RPLOPT1` field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the `APPCCMD` macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous `APPCCMD` completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=*(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if `OPTCD=ASY`. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the `APPCCMD` completes. You cannot specify both `ECB` and `EXIT` on a single `APPCCMD` macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the `RPLEXTDS` field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the `APPCCMD` macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a `MODEENT` definition statement. (The `MODEENT` statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the `MODETAB` operand of the `APPL` definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the `MODEENT` macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled `RPL6MODE` in the RPL extension.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program to which the change in the session limit and contention-winner polarity values applies. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program to which the change in the session limit and contention-winner polarity value applies.

If PARMS= (NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMS= (NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.) The network identifier also is used to find and update the contents of the logon mode table.

This network identifier is an identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=define/display_session_limits_structure_length**RECLN=(define/display_session_limits_structure_register)**

Specifies the length of the DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure supplied by the AREA field. The application program must supply the entire session limits data structure; it cannot supply a partial structure. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=4_bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'0007'	PARAMETER_ERROR—MINWINL_PLUS_MINWINR_EXCEEDS_SESSLIM
X'002C'	X'0009'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_STRUCTURE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0017'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE_SPECIFIED

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A4'	X'0000'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DISPLAY

Purpose

This macroinstruction returns information associated with an LU or a mode name of an LU.

Usage

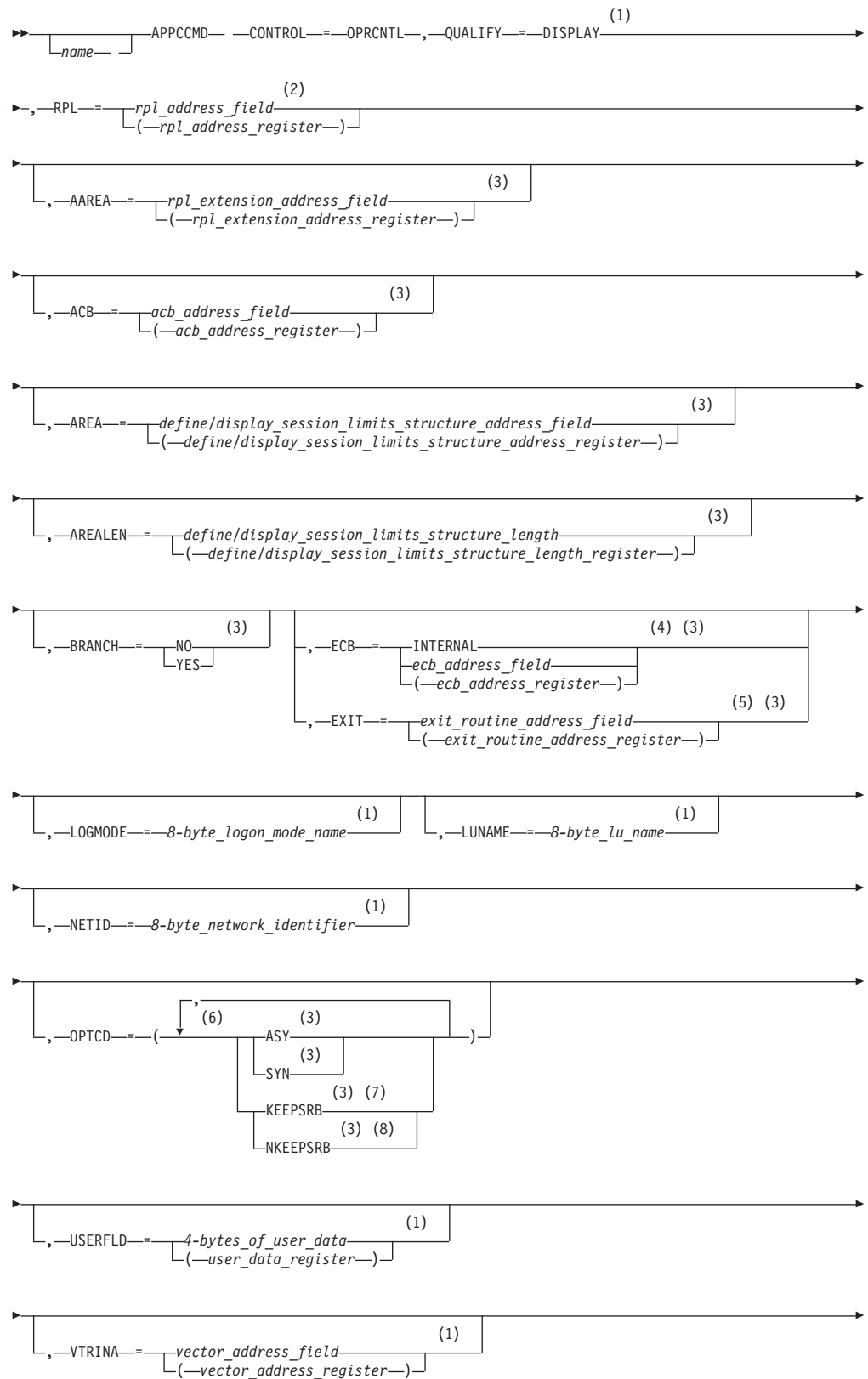
The information returned from this macroinstruction is contained in the DEFINE/DISPLAY control block. You must specify the address of this control block in the RPL when issuing the macroinstruction. It is contained in the RPLAREA field, which can be set with the AREA keyword. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the control block.

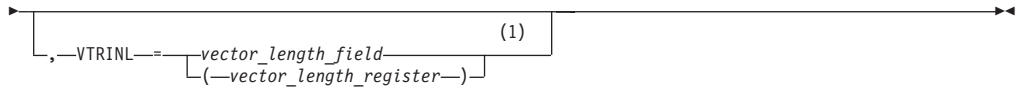
The execution of this macroinstruction involves only the application program. It does not cause any information to be sent through the network. There is no direct correlation to the DISPLAY verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

Conversation states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*define/display_session_limits_structure_address_field*

AREA=(*define/display_session_limits_structure_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area for the DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of this control block.). This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*define/display_session_limits_structure_length*

AREALEN=(*define/display_session_limits_structure_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area in which the DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure is to be returned. If a mode name is specified for the LOGMODE field, the application program must supply an area large enough

to contain the entire session limits data structure. If LOGMODE=0 is specified, a length of 40 can be coded for this field. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be allocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition

statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program to which the requested session information applies. The LU name is a name that is valid as the LU name value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction and the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program to which the requested session information applies.

If PARM= (NQ NAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARM= (NQ NAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQ NAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.) The network identifier also is used to find and update the contents of the logon mode table. It is the same as the NETID value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction.

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=4 *bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLen

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual length of the session limits structure being returned by the AREA field. If the application program specified LOGMODE=0, the value 40 is returned for this field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

A description of the session limits structure is found in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0013'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NO_CORRESPONDING_MODE_IN_LOGMODE_TABLE
X'002C'	X'0016'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NO_CORRESPONDING_LU_IN_LOGMODE_TABLE
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE

Purpose

This macroinstruction is used to restore modes and their associated persistent LU-LU sessions that are pending recovery.

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used by an application program to restore modes and associated persistent LU-LU sessions that are pending recovery. A mode is restored only after any sessions for the mode are restored. A mode without sessions also must be restored.

A single LU-mode can be restored when the LU name and logon mode are specified on the RESTORE command. All modes for a specific LU are restored when only the LU name is specified. If neither the LU name (with its NETID, if applicable) nor the logon mode is specified, all LUs and modes in the LU-mode table are restored.

The application program specifies the amount of information that is to be returned in the RESTORE control block. To do this, it uses the LIST keyword in the RESTORE macroinstruction. The application program can specify LU-mode table information, LU-mode table and session information, or no information. If the application program requests information to be returned, it must specify the address of a data area to contain that information. The application program must provide the storage area in addition to specifying the address of the storage. This address is contained in the RPLAREA field, which can be set with the AREA keyword.

When the area pointed to by RPLAREA is large enough, the macroinstruction builds multiple RESTORE blocks in this area, if necessary. The RESTORE structures are placed in the area specified until the area is filled or the command is completed, whichever comes first.

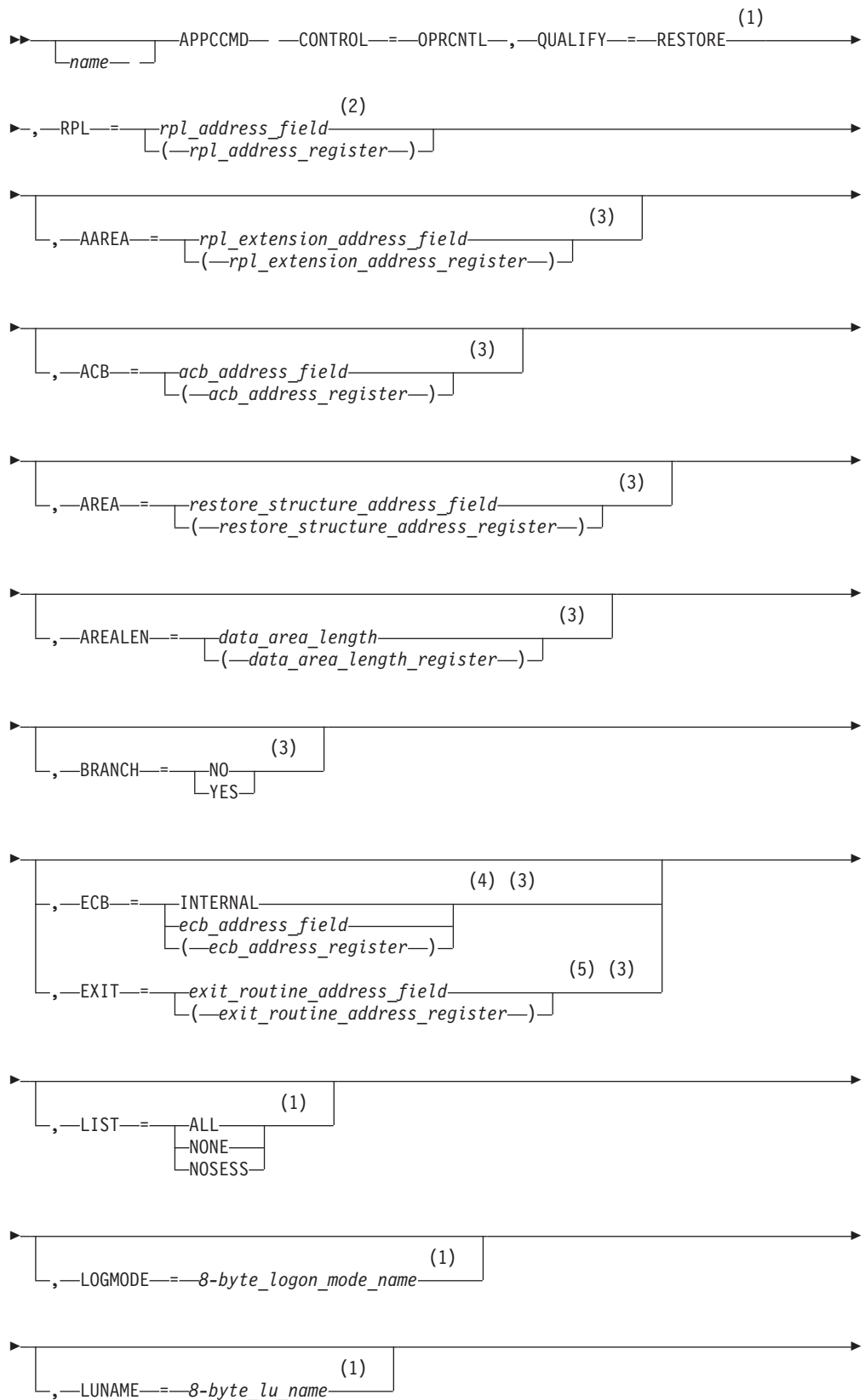
For more information about the restore process, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*. For information about the RESTORE control block, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*. For an example of retrieving information that is returned, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

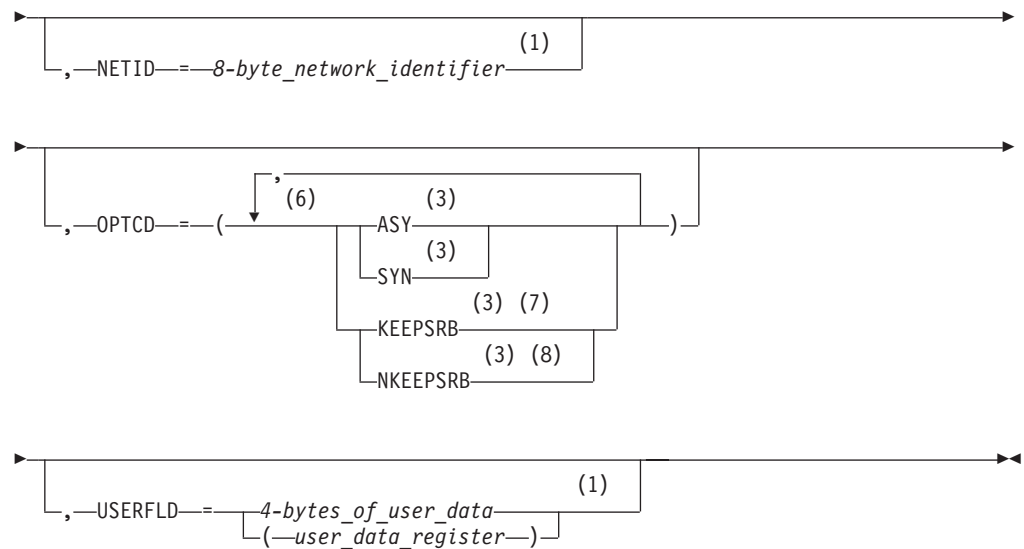
Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

The recovering VTAM application program can issue this macroinstruction only after it issues the SETLOGON START macroinstruction. Otherwise, this macroinstruction is rejected.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*restore_structure_address_field*

AREA=(*restore_structure_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area that returns one or more RESTORE data structures. It is used only with LIST=ALL or LIST=NOSESS. It is unnecessary when LIST=NONE is specified. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*restore_structure_length*

AREALEN=(*restore_structure_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area in which the RESTORE data structure is to be returned. It is used only with LIST=ALL or LIST=NOSESS. It is unnecessary when LIST=NONE is specified. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LIST

Specifies the information to be returned in the RESTORE structure, which describes the LUs, modes, and sessions that have been restored. This field is labeled RPL6LIST in the RPL extension.

LIST=ALL

Specifies that all LU, mode, and session information is returned in the RESTORE structure.

LIST=NONE

Specifies that no RESTORE structure is returned.

LIST=NOSESS

Specifies that all LU and mode information but no session information is returned in the RESTORE structure.

LOGMODE=8-byte_logon_mode_name

Specifies the logon mode name which should be restored. The application program can specify a logon mode name with an LU name to give greater granularity over the scope of the command. LOGMODE can be specified only with LUNAME. The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. If this operand is coded on this macroinstruction and on the RPL extension, VTAM uses the specifications from the macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner whose modes must be restored. It is the same as the LU name value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction. It is also the network name of the target LU. When the application program does not specify the LU name, all LUs and modes are restored. Otherwise, only the modes associated with a specified LU name are restored. The LU name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner whose modes must be restored.

If PARMS= (NQ NAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored.

If NQNAME=YES is specified, LUNAME and NETID together form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.) The network identifier also is used to find the appropriate information on sessions and modes waiting to be restored. It is the same as the NETID value on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction.

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=4_bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(user_data_register)

Specifies 4 bytes of information that the application program can associate with this operator control request. The information is returned unchanged when the macroinstruction completes. This data cannot be used by any conversations. It can be used for correlation purposes. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLen

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the length of AREA used to contain the RESTORE structure(s) returned by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Returns any unchanged user data that the application program placed in this field. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (RESTORE complete.)
X'0000'	X'0006'	RESTORE_UNNECESSARY—NO_SESSIONS_TO_RESTORE
X'0000'	X'0007'	RESTORE_INCOMPLETE—INPUT_WORK_AREA_TOO_SMALL
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0013'	NO_CORRESPONDING_MODE_IN_LM_TABLE
X'002C'	X'0016'	NO_CORRESPONDING_LU_IN_LM_TABLE
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0029'	INVALID_LIST_VALUE_SPECIFIED_ON_APPCCMD_FOR_RESTORE
X'002C'	X'002B'	NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'009C'	X'0001'	RESTORE_REJECTED—RESTORE_ISSUED_BEFORE_SETLOGON_START
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC, QUALIFY=ALLOCD

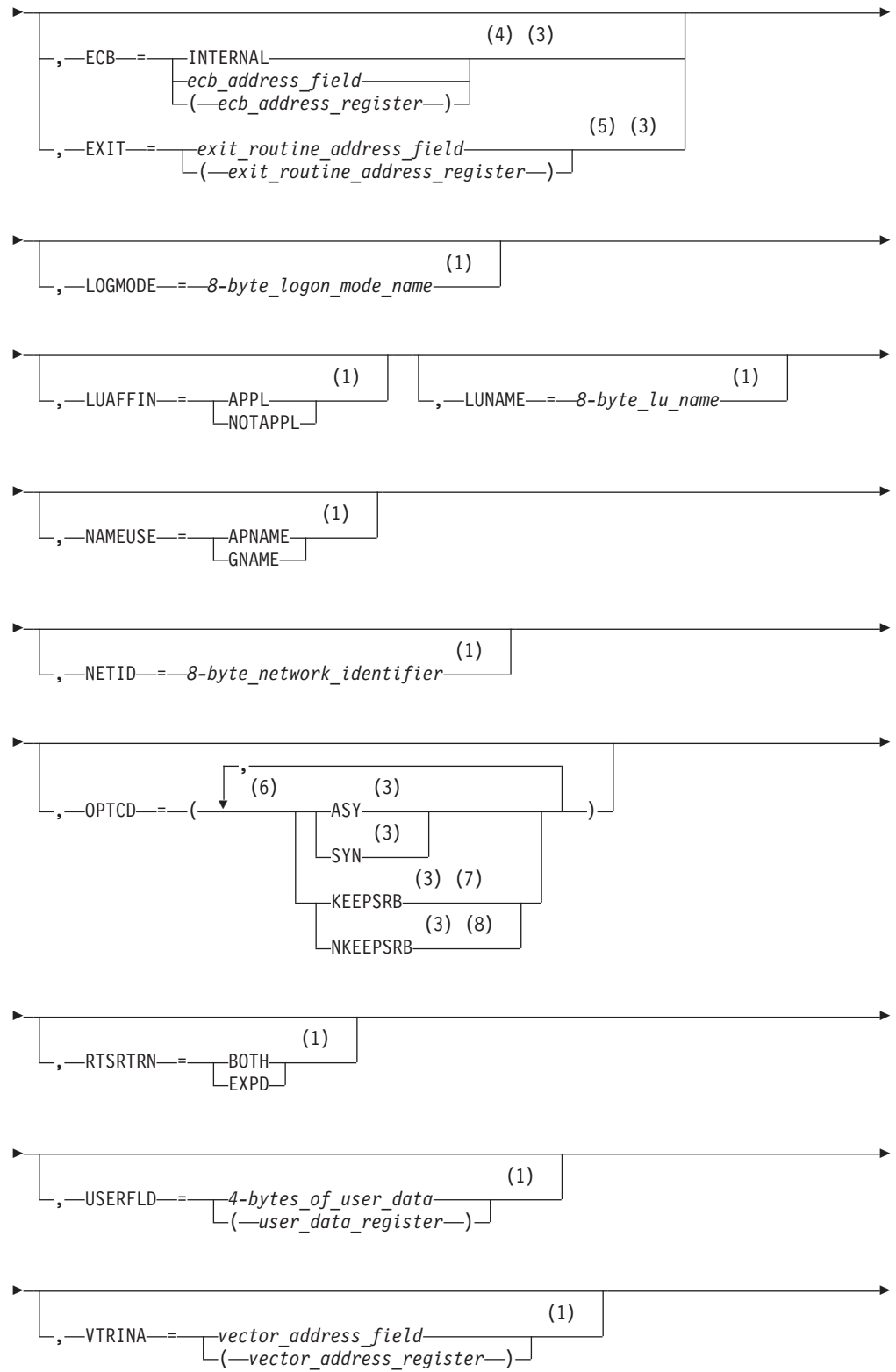
Purpose

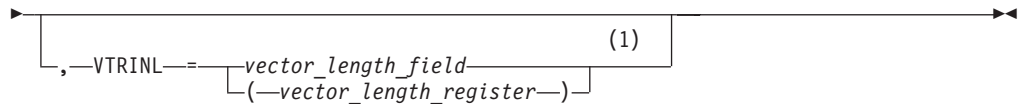
This macroinstruction reserves a session without establishing a conversation. If a session is not available and session limits allow, VTAM activates a session for the conversation, if possible. Session related information can be passed from VTAM to the application before the application sends the FMH-5. The conversation is not active until the application issues the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 macroinstruction.

Usage

QUALIFY=ALLOCD is used when an application program preallocates a conversation and wants VTAM to queue the request if the request cannot be met immediately. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM reserves a session for a conversation or when an error occurs that prevents VTAM from reserving a session.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs

running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be preallocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is meaningful only when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs= (NQNames=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNames=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNames=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=4-bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(user_data_register)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=vector_address_field

VTRINA=(vector_address_register)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=vector_length_field

VTRINL=(vector_length_register)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values at the completion of this macroinstruction:

X'00' RESET

X'08' END_CONV

X'FF' PENDING_ALLOCATE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is returned at completion only if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- Send FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'15')

- Receive FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'16')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

The conversation state is PENDING_ALLOCATE after successful completion of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC, QUALIFY=CONVGRP

Purpose

This macroinstruction reserves a session for a conversation with a specified conversation group identifier without establishing a conversation. If the specified session is not available and session limits allow, VTAM queues the request until the session becomes available. If the specific session does not exist, VTAM fails the preallocation request. After a session is reserved, session related information can be passed between the application program and VTAM. The conversation is not active until the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 is issued.

Usage

QUALIFY=CONVGRP is used to preallocate a conversation over a specific session that already exists. It provides the ability to serially preallocate a related group of conversations on a particular session. This macroinstruction completes when:

- VTAM assigns the specified session to the conversation.
- The specific session is deactivated.
- An error occurs that prevents VTAM from assigning the session to the conversation.

To indicate the session to be used, the application program specifies the conversation group identifier for the session on the CGID keyword. The conversation group identifier of the session is returned to the application program by the CGID returned field for the following APPCCMD macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC
- APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5

VTAM finds the session for the conversation as follows:

1. If the specified session is available, VTAM assigns it to the conversation.
2. If the specified session exists but is not available, VTAM queues the request until the session becomes available.
3. If the specified session is deactivated while the request is queued, the queued request is rejected.

After session initiation, the session is reserved to receive session related information if necessary and is assigned to a conversation. A conversation identifier is returned to the application in the CONVID field. The application program associates a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier (CONVID).

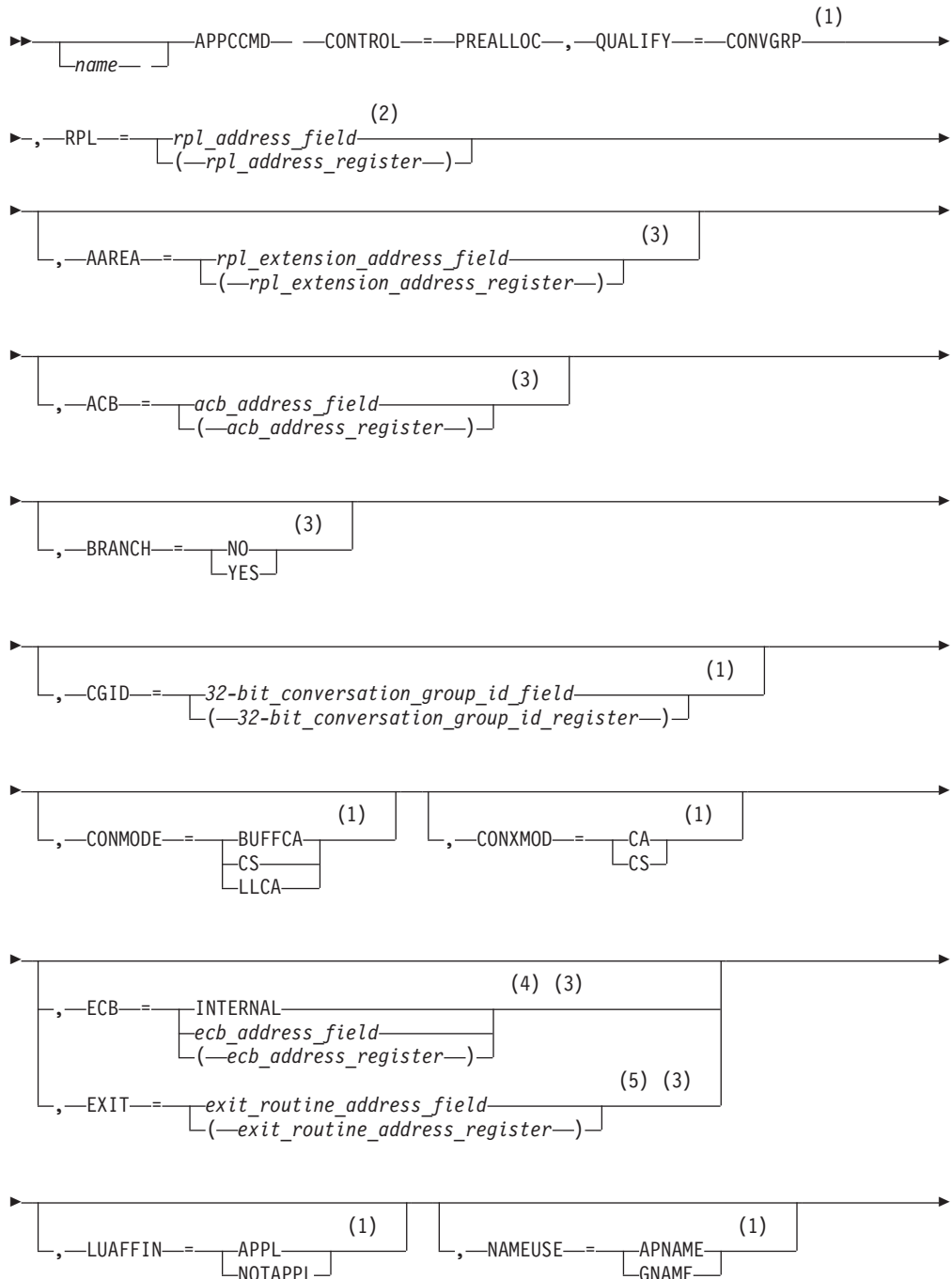
The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received on this conversation.

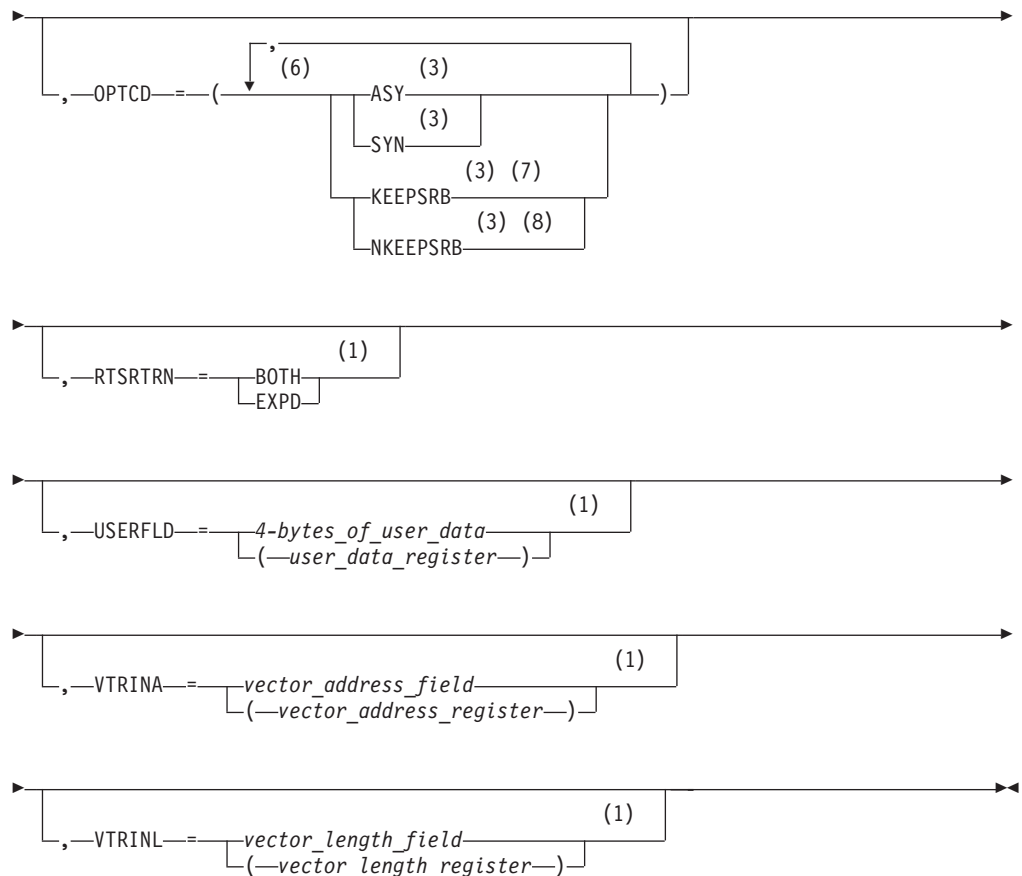
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field***ACB=(*acb_address_register*)**

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CGID=*32-bit_conversation_group_id_field***CGID=(*32-bit_conversation_group_id_register*)**

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group ID.

This value can be obtained from a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, CONTROL=PREALLOC, or CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. If the CGID operand is not specified, VTAM uses the conversation group ID that is already in the RPL6CGID field on the RPL extension.

The conversation group ID identifies a specific session between two specific LUs. It provides a means by which a VTAM LU 6.2 application program and its partner LU can share serially the same session.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation.

When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the subsequent APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, for example, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, for example, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is meaningful only when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM

returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=4-bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(user_data_register)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=vector_address_field

VTRINA=(vector_address_register)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=vector_length_field

VTRINL=(vector_length_register)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values at the completion of this macroinstruction:

X'00' RESET

X'08' END_CONV

X'FF' PENDING_ALLOCATE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGMODE

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be preallocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is returned at completion only if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

LUNAME

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located.

This network identifier is the identifier of the partner LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the

session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- Send FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'15')
- Receive FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'16')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

The conversation state is PENDING_ALLOCATE after successful completion of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CGID_VALUE_SPECIFIED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC, QUALIFY=CONWIN

Purpose

This macroinstruction reserves a contention-winner session for a conversation, if session limits allow, without establishing a conversation. If a contention-winner session is not available, VTAM queues the request for later completion. After a session is reserved, Session related information can be passed between the application program and VTAM. The conversation is not active until the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 is issued.

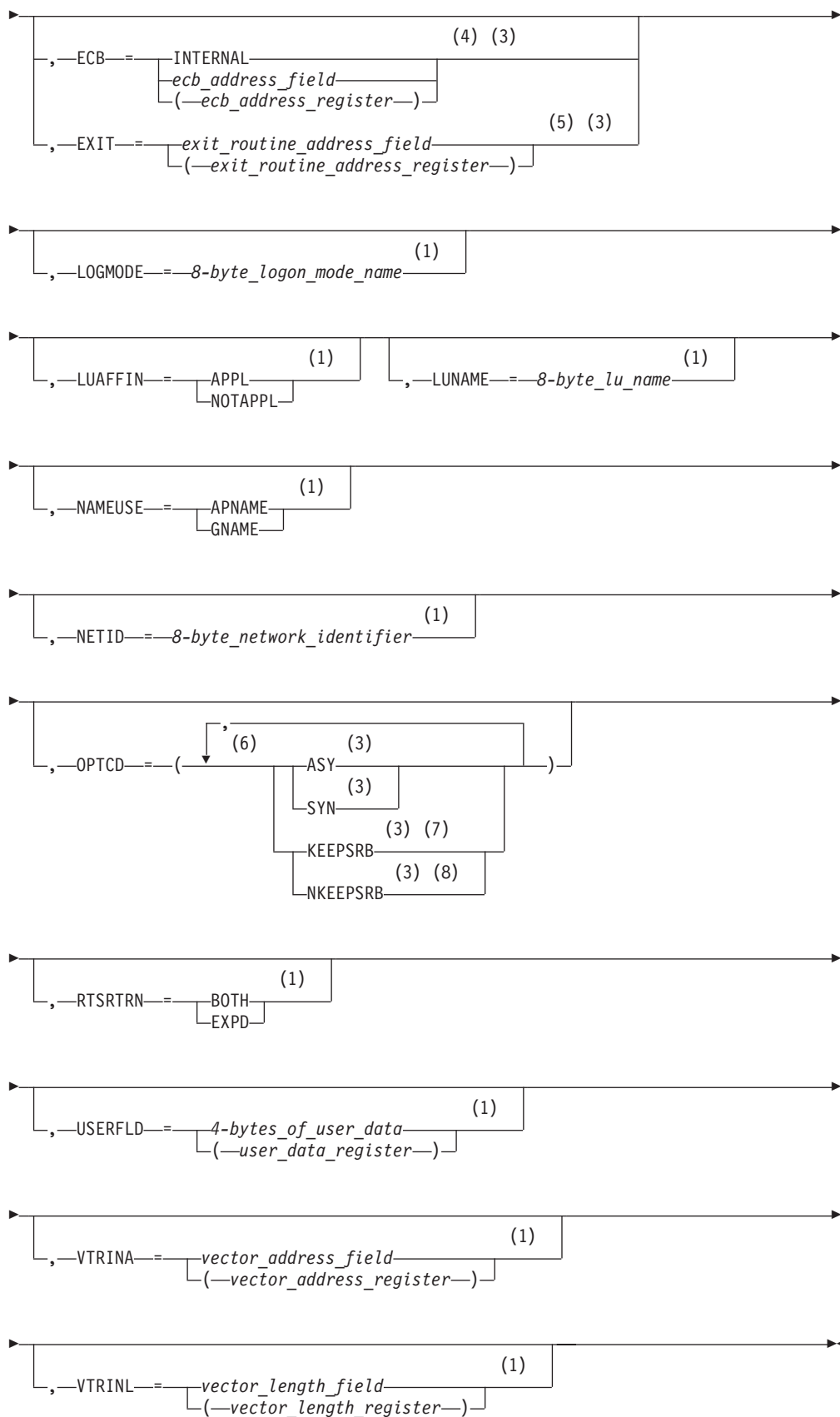
Usage

QUALIFY=CONWIN is used when an application program preallocates a conversation and wants VTAM to queue the request if no contention-winner session can be assigned. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM reserves a contention-winner session or an error occurs that prevents VTAM from assigning a session.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:

1. If a contention-winner session is currently available, VTAM reserves it for a conversation.
2. If no contention-winner session is available and session limits allow, VTAM establishes a new contention-winner session and assigns it to the conversation.
3. If a new contention-winner session cannot be established, VTAM queues the request until a contention-winner session is available or session limits are changed to allow a new contention-winner session to be activated.

For this macroinstruction to complete successfully, the session limits must define at least one contention-winner session.



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an

asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be preallocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is meaningful only when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=*8-byte_lu_name*

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is

located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs=(NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs=(NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4-bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values at the completion of this macroinstruction:

X'00' RESET

X'08' END_CONV

X'FF' PENDING_ALLOCATE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is only returned at completion if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return

code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- Send FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'15')
- Receive FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'16')
- PCID vector (X'17')

- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

The conversation state is PENDING_ALLOCATE after successful completion of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON_APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NETWORK_QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_ IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC, QUALIFY=IMMED

Purpose

This macroinstruction reserves an active contention-winner session for a conversation, if session limits allow, without establishing a conversation. If no session is available, the preallocation request fails. After a session is reserved, session related information can be passed between the application program and VTAM. The conversation is not active until the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 is issued.

Usage

QUALIFY=IMMED is used to preallocate a conversation when the application program needs an immediate response from VTAM. This macroinstruction completes successfully only when an active contention-winner session is available to be reserved for a conversation. If the request cannot be met immediately, VTAM does not queue it. VTAM neither tries to activate a new session nor bids on a contention-loser session.

When a conversation is preallocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program must associate a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier.

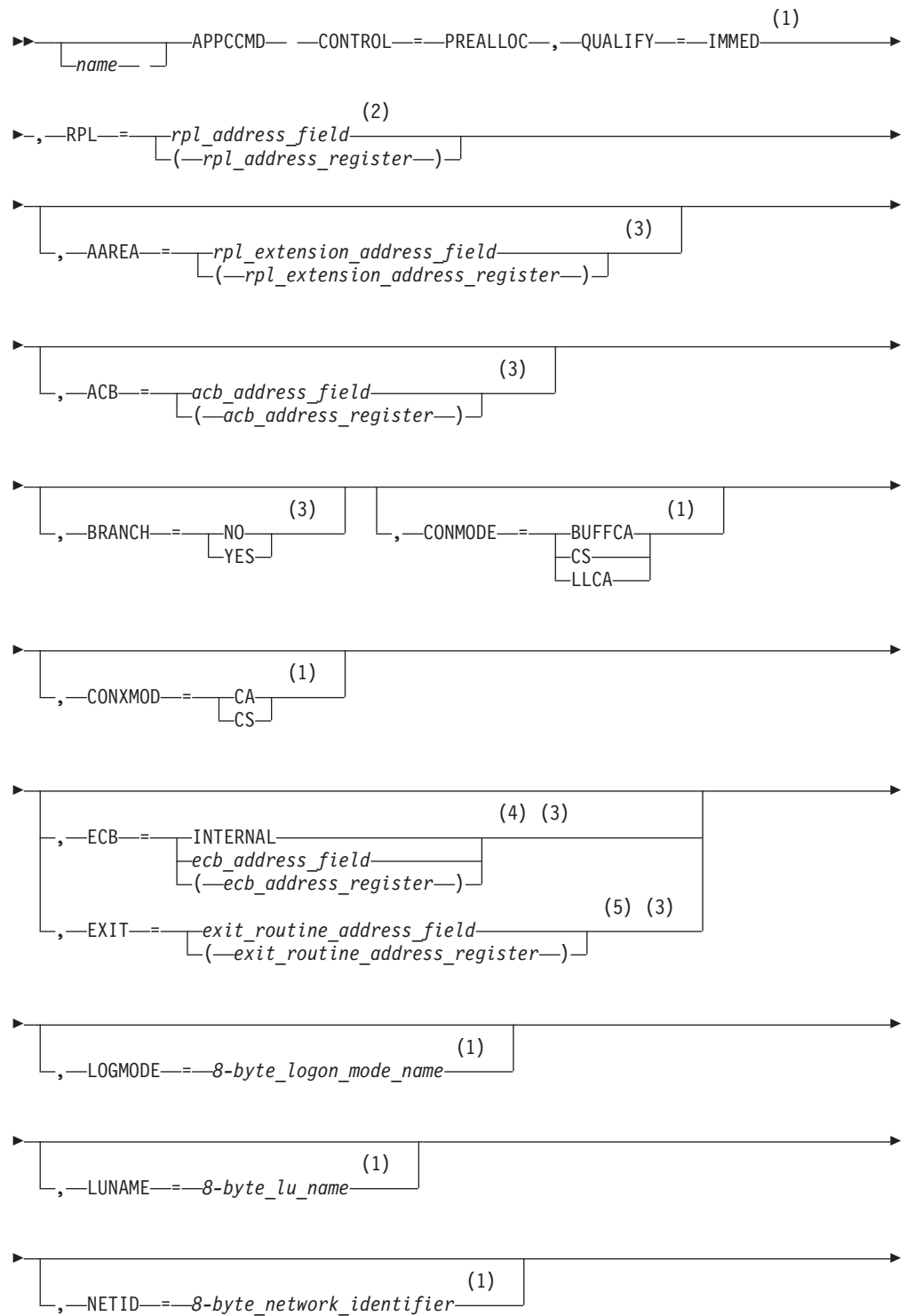
The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received.

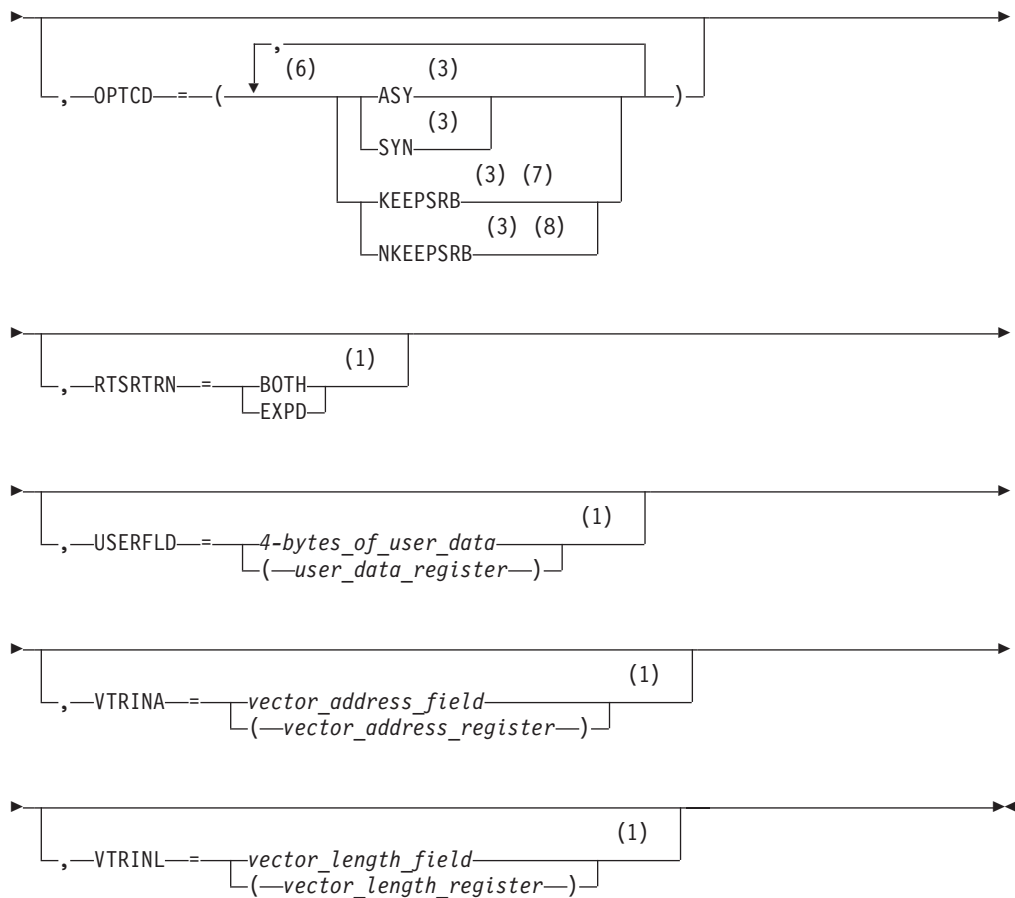
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field***ACB=(*acb_address_register*)**

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the

logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL
APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC
macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=*8-byte_logon_mode_name*

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be preallocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table

named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs= (NQNAMEs=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNAMEs=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMEs=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=4-bytes_of_user_data**USERFLD=(user_data_register)**

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=vector_address_field**VTRINA=(vector_address_register)**

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=vector_length_field**VTRINL=(vector_length_register)**

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following value at the completion of this macroinstruction:

X'00' RESET

X'08' END_CONV

X'FF' PENDING_ALLOCATE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received

by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension. The format of the session instance identifier is described in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide .

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

Indicates that the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

Indicates that the session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- Send FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'15')
- Receive FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'16')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

The conversation state is PENDING_ALLOCATE after successful completion of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0058'	X'0000'	UNSUCCESSFUL, SESSION_NOT_AVAILABLE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC, QUALIFY=WHENFREE

Purpose

This macroinstruction reserves a session for a conversation, if session limits allow, without establishing a conversation. If a session is not available and one cannot be activated, VTAM returns control to the application program. After a session is reserved, session related information can be passed between the application program and VTAM. The conversation is not active until the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 is issued.

Usage

QUALIFY=WHENFREE is used when an application program preallocates a conversation and wants VTAM to search for a session that satisfies the ALLOCATE request. This macroinstruction completes when VTAM reserves a session for a conversation or when VTAM cannot reserve a session and returns control to the application program with a return code of X'0004', X'0001'.

VTAM finds a session for the conversation as follows:

1. If a session is available, VTAM reserves it for a conversation.
2. If no available sessions exist and session limits allow, VTAM establishes a session and reserves it for a conversation.
3. If a session cannot be established and session activation requests are pending, VTAM queues the PREALLOCATE request until the request is satisfied or until all pending session activation requests are used. If the pending session activation requests are used before the PREALLOCATE request is satisfied, VTAM fails the PREALLOCATE request with an RCPRI, RCSEC code of X'0004', X'0001'.
4. If a session cannot be established and no session activation request is pending that might satisfy the PREALLOCATE request, VTAM fails the PREALLOCATE request with an RCPRI, RCSEC code of X'0004', X'0001' and returns control to the application program.

After session initiation, the session is reserved to receive session related information if necessary and is assigned to a conversation. When a conversation is preallocated, VTAM assigns a conversation identifier to it. This identifier is returned in the CONVID field. The application program associates a conversation with a particular transaction by using the conversation identifier (CONVID).

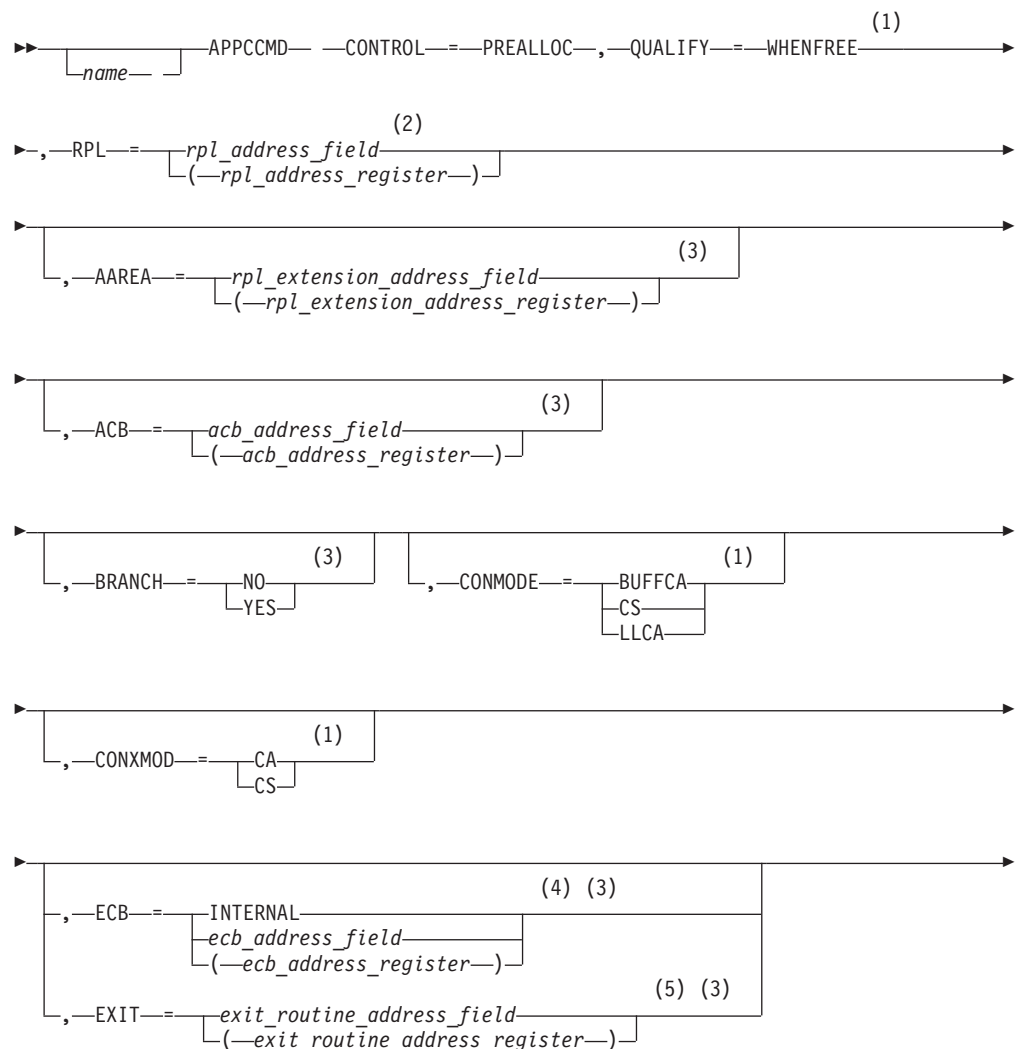
The application program can specify how expedited data is to be received on this conversation.

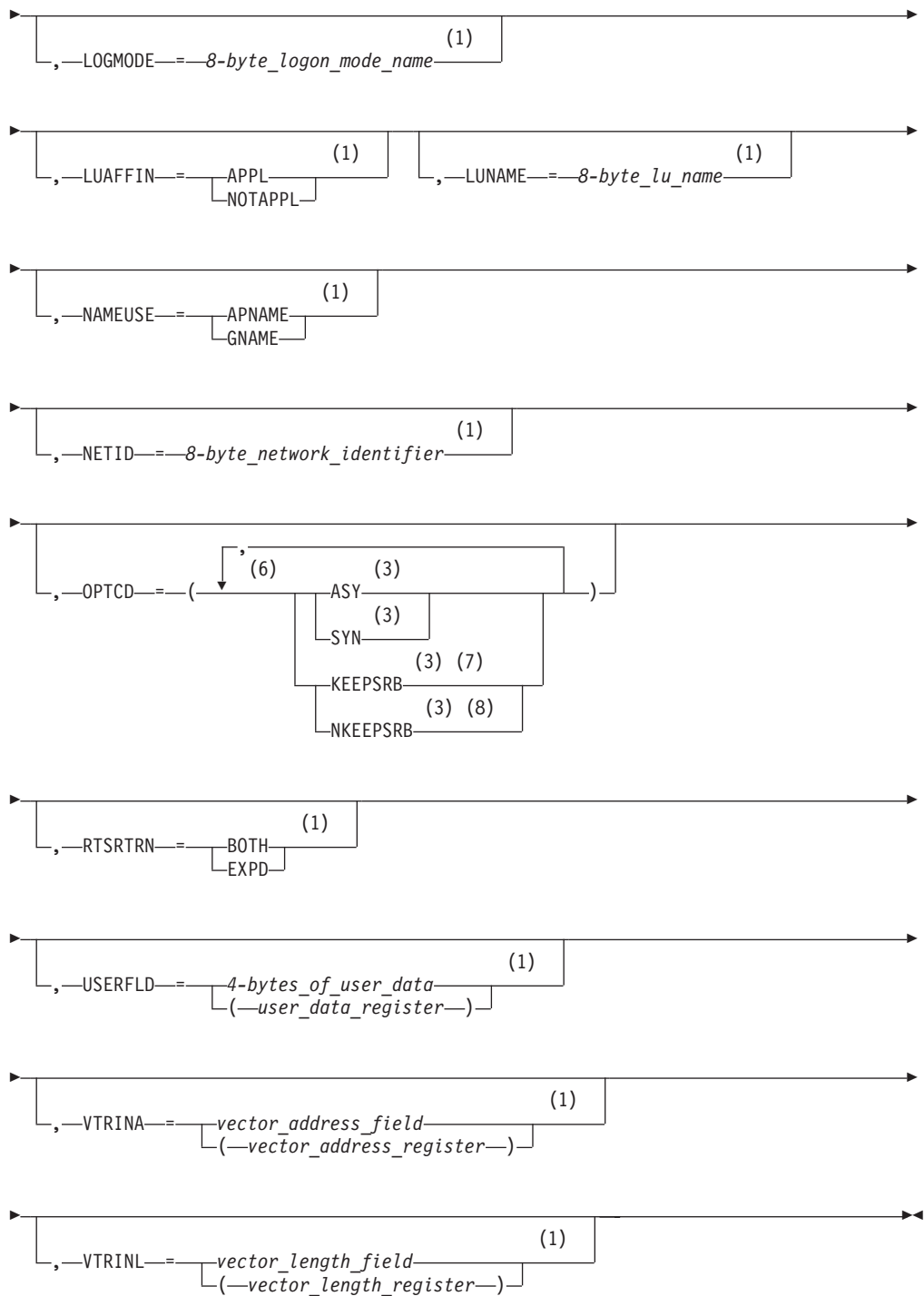
Context

This macroinstruction is independent of conversation states when it is issued. The initial conversation state is created after this macroinstruction completes.

When a mode is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.

- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA

corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=*(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled

when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOGMODE=8-byte_logon_mode_name

Specifies the logon mode name designating the network properties for the session to be preallocated for this conversation. The network properties include, for example, the class of service to be used.

The logon mode name cannot be blanks. The logon mode name can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks.

If the logon mode parameter on the APPCCMD macroinstruction specifies a logon mode name that does not exist in the logon mode table, VTAM uses the mode name of blanks to retrieve the default mode entry when processing session activation requests. (Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for more information.) This logon mode name corresponds to a logon mode name specified in a MODEENT definition statement. (The MODEENT statement is used to build the logon mode table named in the MODETAB operand of the APPL definition statement for this application program.) For more information on the MODEENT macroinstruction, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference*. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is only meaningful when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

Specifies the name of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is located. This LU name is the network name of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is less than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the LU name on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NAMEUSE

Specifies the preferred type of name identifying the application to the partner LU in the PLU name structured user data subfield in the BIND requests or in

the SLU name structured user data subfield in BIND responses sent while the application is acting as a generic resource.

NAMEUSE=APNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by its application network name.

NAMEUSE=GNAME

The application identifies itself to the partner LU by a generic resource name.

The NAMEUSE value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU and if no partner affinity is being retained. If any active or pending sessions exist or a partner affinity is being retained, the previous type of name is used for new sessions. If NAMEUSE is not specified, the generic resource name will be the preferred name used when starting sessions as a generic resource.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

Specifies the network identifier of the partner application program at which the remote transaction program, specified in the FMH-5 supplied in the AREA field, is found.

If PARMs= (NQNAMES=NO) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction and you specify NETID, the NETID value is ignored. If PARMs= (NQNAMES=YES) is specified on the ACB macroinstruction, NETID must be supplied.

If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified name of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME must be specified.)

This network identifier is the identifier of the target LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters in length, VTAM pads the network identifier on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does

not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4-bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

AVFA

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the partner LU accepts

the already-verified indicator in place of the password security access subfield on the FMH-5s that it receives. This field is labeled RPL6AVFA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts the already-verified indicator.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept the already-verified indicator.

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following value at the completion of this macroinstruction:

X'00' RESET

X'08' END_CONV

X'FF' PENDING_ALLOCATE

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

Note: The value in this field is returned before this macroinstruction completes to allow the application to cancel the conversation allocation process before it completes. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

CONVSECP

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether the partner LU accepts FMH-5s that include security subfields and indicators. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6CLSA in RPL6RTUN set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6CLSA in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts FMH-5s with security subfields and indicators. The subfields allow the application program to include a password, user ID, and profile on allocation requests.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept FMH-5s with security subfields. If this is the case, VTAM strips out any security subfields and indicators that might be included on an allocation request.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LUAFFIN

The field in the RPL extension that indicates the requested (on input) or actual (on output) ownership of a Generic Resource affinity with the partner LU, if one exists. A result value is only returned at completion if a requested value is specified when the macroinstruction is issued.

NONE (B'00')

GR affinity is not applicable or is unknown.

NOTAPPL (B'01')

GR affinity is not application-owned.

APPL (B'10')

GR affinity is application-owned.

PRSISTVP

Indicates that the partner LU accepts requests for persistent verification. This field is labeled RPL6PV in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The partner LU accepts persistent-verification indicators.

NO (B'0')

The partner LU does not accept persistent-verification indicators.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning

only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. However, not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. If the APPCCMD failed because an attempt to establish a session failed, this field contains a sense code indicating the cause of the failure. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that returns a session instance identifier of the session over which the FMH-5 flows. The FMH-5 is supplied by the application program using the AREA field. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range of 0-8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- Send FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'15')
- Receive FMH_5 sequence number vector (X'16')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Name change vector (X'18')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

The conversation state is PENDING_ALLOCATE after successful completion of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'000A'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_APPL_NAME_GENERIC_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0000'	X'000B'	SESSIONS_WILL_USE_GENERIC_NAME_APPL_NAME_REQUESTED
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0001'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000E'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'0004'	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION_REQUESTED
X'002C'	X'0000'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LU_NAME_OR_NETWORK_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0001'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_MODE
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002B'	PARAMETER_ERROR—NETWORK-QUALIFIED_NAME_REQUIRED
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B0'	X'0001'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0002'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_DIFFERS_FROM_ASSOCIATED_NAME
X'00B0'	X'0003'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_VARIANT_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0004'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_SUPPLIED_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0005'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—PARTNER_NETWORK_NAME_MISMATCH
X'00B0'	X'0006'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LUNAME_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0007'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—NAME_RETURNED_FOUND_IN_UNUSABLE_NAME_ENTRY
X'00B0'	X'0008'	NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR—LU_NAME_FOUND_IN_A_DISASSOCIATED_NAME_ENTRY

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=CONFIRM

Purpose

This macroinstruction is used to change the local conversation state of a half-duplex conversation from SEND to RECEIVE. This macroinstruction flushes the SEND buffer and then sends a confirmation request to the partner application program. When a positive acknowledgment to the confirmation is received, the macroinstruction changes the conversation state from SEND to RECEIVE.

Usage

This macroinstruction synchronizes the communication between the local and remote LUs. It is issued when the application program has finished sending and is ready to receive. This macroinstruction causes VTAM to flush the SEND buffer (in the same way as it does for APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFIRM) and send a confirmation request to the partner LU.

If a positive acknowledgment to the confirmation is received (as indicated by an RCPRI of X'0000'), VTAM changes the conversation from SEND to RECEIVE state in preparation to receive data. If a negative confirmation response is received (RCPRI is not X'0000'), the state of the conversation is found in the CONSTATE field.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE (TYPE=CONFIRM) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

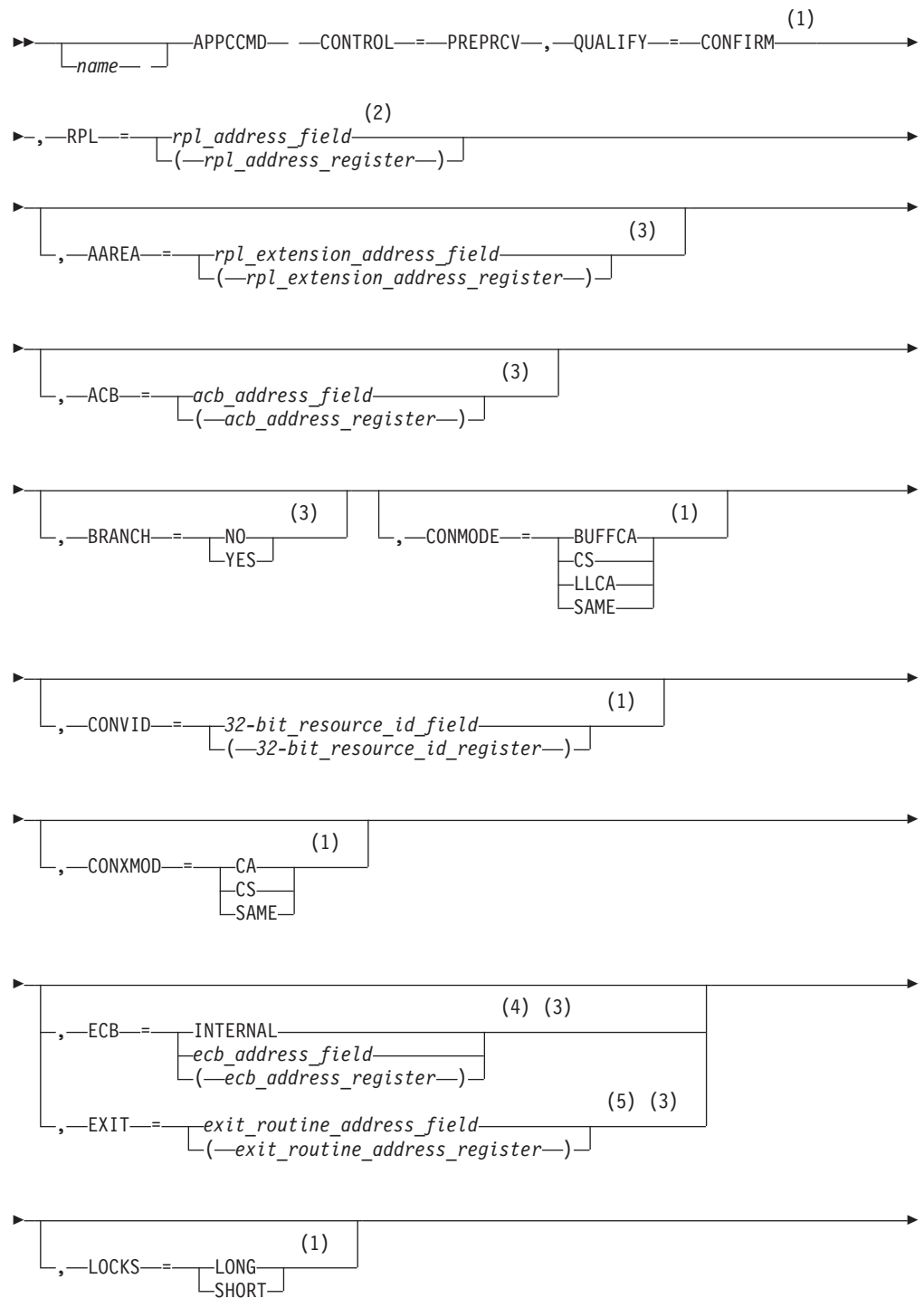
Context

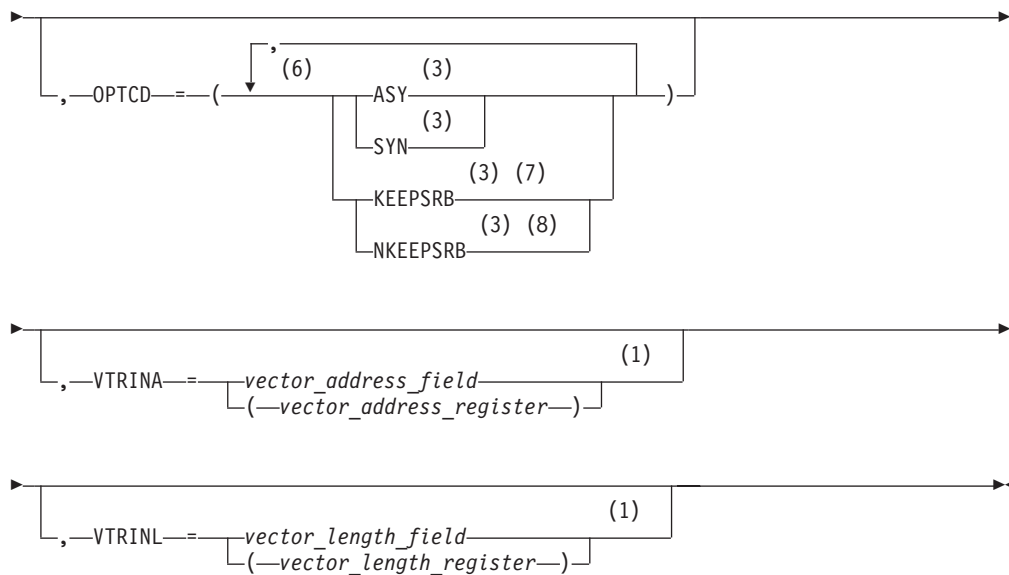
This macroinstruction can be issued only from SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation state. This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

The local application can specify whether this acknowledgment is a response (LOCKS=SHORT) or data received from the partner (LOCKS=LONG). The LOCKS=SHORT specification completes more quickly and the LOCKS=LONG specification uses fewer transmission flows and processing cycles.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction

programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOCKS

Specifies when the execution of the macroinstruction is complete following execution of the CONFIRM function. This field corresponds to the LOCKS parameter on the PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on the use of this function.) This field is labeled RPL6LOCK in the RPL extension.

LOCKS=LONG

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when information, such as data, is received from the partner application. The receipt of data presumes an affirmative reply to the confirmation request. The local application program must issue an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE in order to get the information that caused the macroinstruction to complete.

LOCKS=SHORT

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when a positive response is received to the confirmation request.

Note: The partner cannot determine whether LOCKS=LONG or SHORT was specified. The APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFRMD must be specified in either case.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. It is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE,

QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner application program. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also

can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not recognized by VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

The conversation state is RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=DATACON

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data, flushes the SEND buffer, and then sends a confirmation request to the partner application program. If a positive confirmation acknowledgment is received, the local conversation state is changed from SEND to RECEIVE state.

Usage

This macroinstruction combines the functions of two macroinstructions, APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA followed by APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=CONFIRM. VTAM flushes the SEND buffer and sends the data that is specified on the macroinstruction. A confirmation request follows. The application program must ensure that the data sent completes a logical record.

If a positive acknowledgment to the confirmation request is received, the conversation is placed in RECEIVE state. When this macroinstruction completes without error, the state of the conversation is contained in the CONSTATE field.

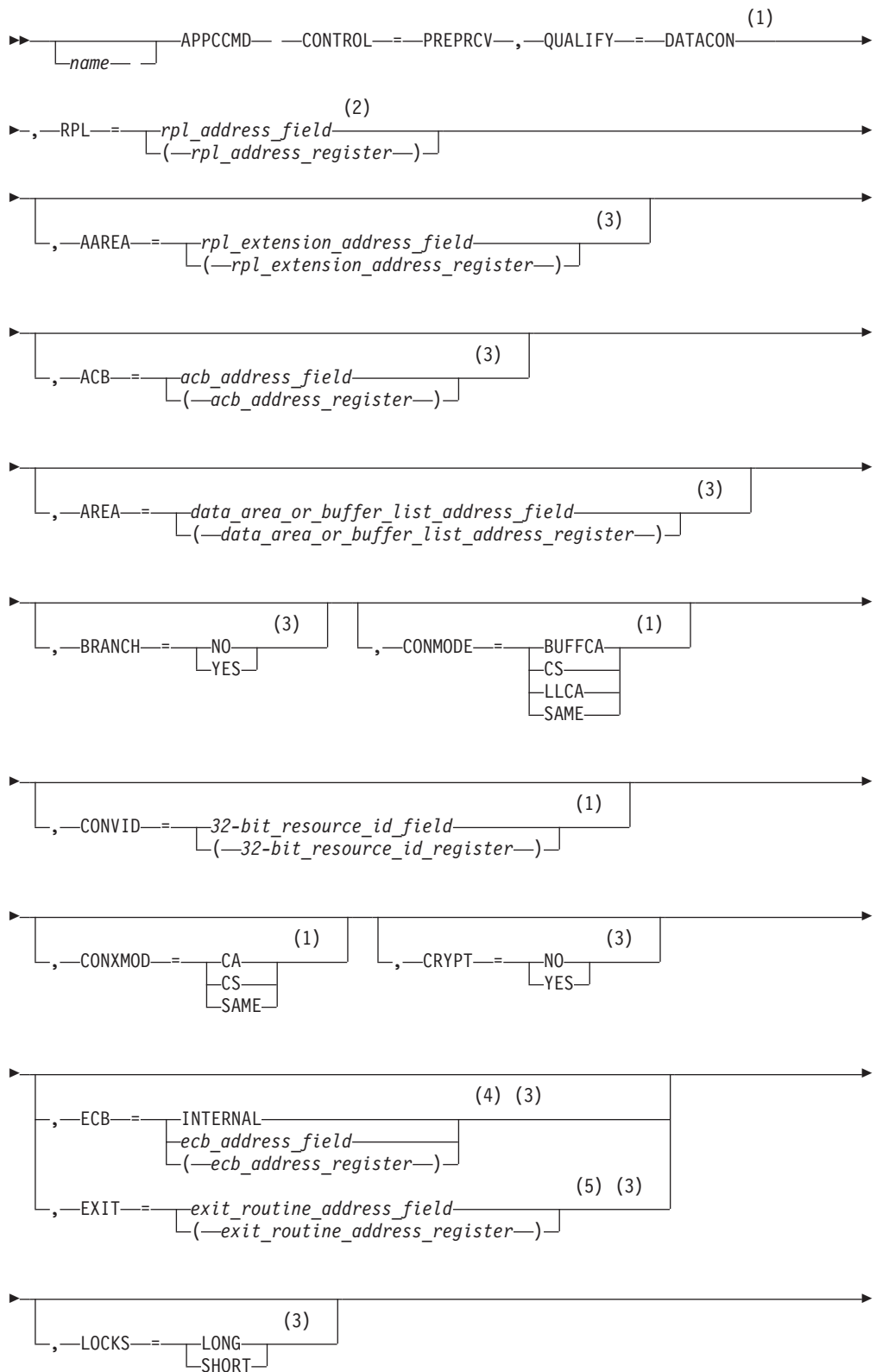
This macroinstruction corresponds to the verbs SEND_DATA followed by PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE (TYPE=CONFIRM) described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

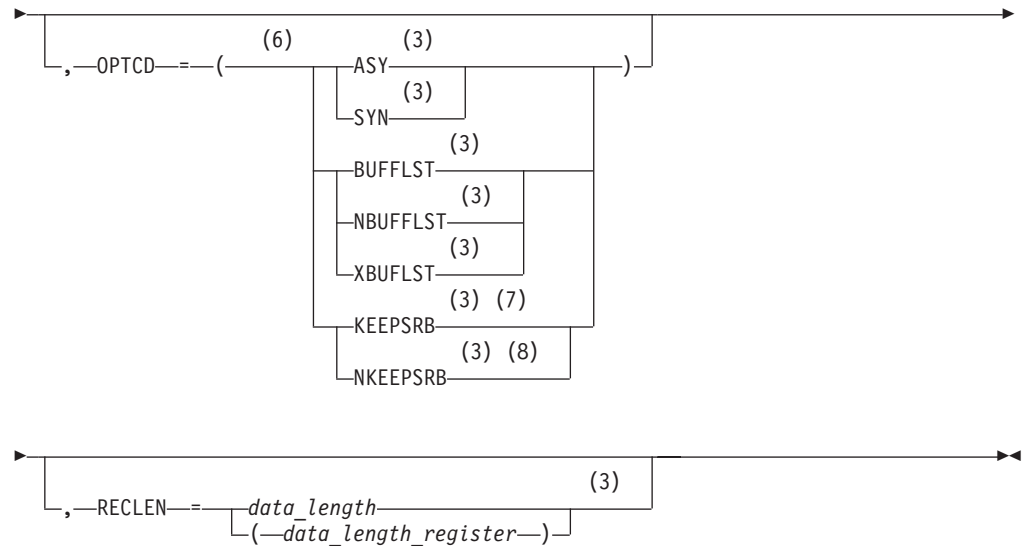
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation state. This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

Following are descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY

can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

LOCKS

Specifies when the execution of the macroinstruction is complete following execution of the CONFIRM function. This field corresponds to the LOCKS parameter on the PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on the use of this function.) This field is labeled RPL6LOCK in the RPL extension.

LOCKS=LONG

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when information, such as data, is received from the partner application. The receipt of data presumes an affirmative reply to the confirmation request. The local application program must issue an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE in order to get the information that caused the macroinstruction to complete.

LOCKS=SHORT

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when a positive response is received to the confirmation request.

Note: The partner cannot determine whether LOCKS=LONG or SHORT was specified. The APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFRMD must be specified in either case.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*data_length*

RECLN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, RECLN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

Following are descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND
- X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. It is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner application program. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not recognized by VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. It is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner application program. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

The conversation enters RECEIVE state after successful completion of the macroinstruction.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (REMOTE PROGRAM REPLIED AFFIRMATIVELY)
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=DATAFLU

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data to a partner LU and flushes the SEND buffer. The conversation state for the application program is then changed from SEND to RECEIVE.

Usage

This macroinstruction combines the functions of two macroinstructions, APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA followed by APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=FLUSH. VTAM sends any data currently in the SEND buffer. This data is followed by the data specified on the macroinstruction to the partner LU. The application program must ensure that the data sent completes a logical record.

If the data is sent successfully, the conversation is placed in RECEIVE state. The conversation state is found in the CONSTATE field when the macroinstruction completes.

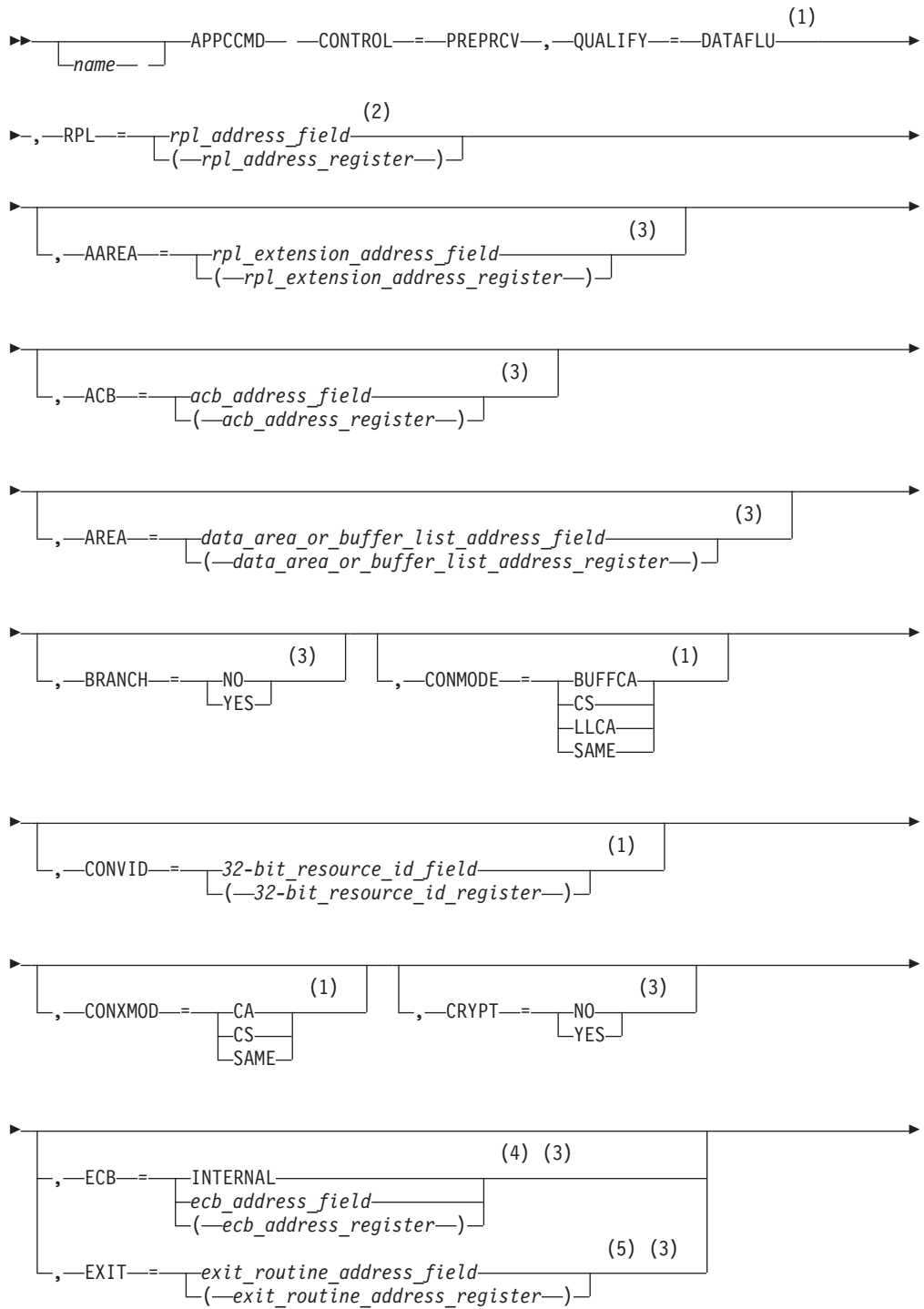
This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_DATA followed by PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE (TYPE=FLUSH) verbs described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

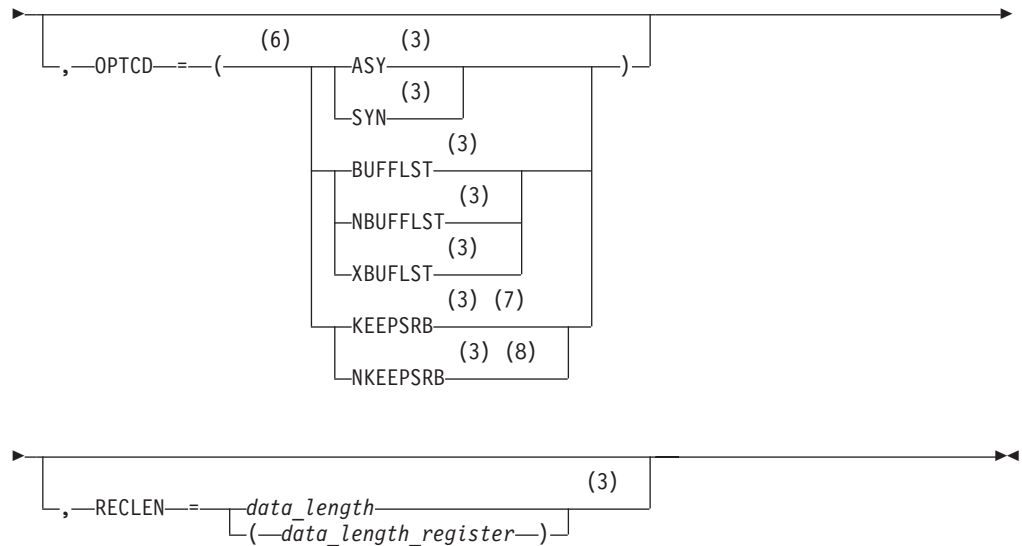
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation state. This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

| Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE,

QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate | whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLLEN=*data_length*

RECLLEN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. It can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in

the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that VTAM did not recognize.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list entry (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list entry (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

The conversation state is RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_RETRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0004'	CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=FLUSH

Purpose

This macroinstruction flushes the application program's SEND buffer and changes the conversation state from SEND to RECEIVE.

Usage

This macroinstruction executes the function of the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction. The application program must ensure that the data in the SEND buffer completes a logical record.

If the data is sent successfully, the conversation is put in RECEIVE state. The conversation state is in the CONSTATE field when the macroinstruction completes.

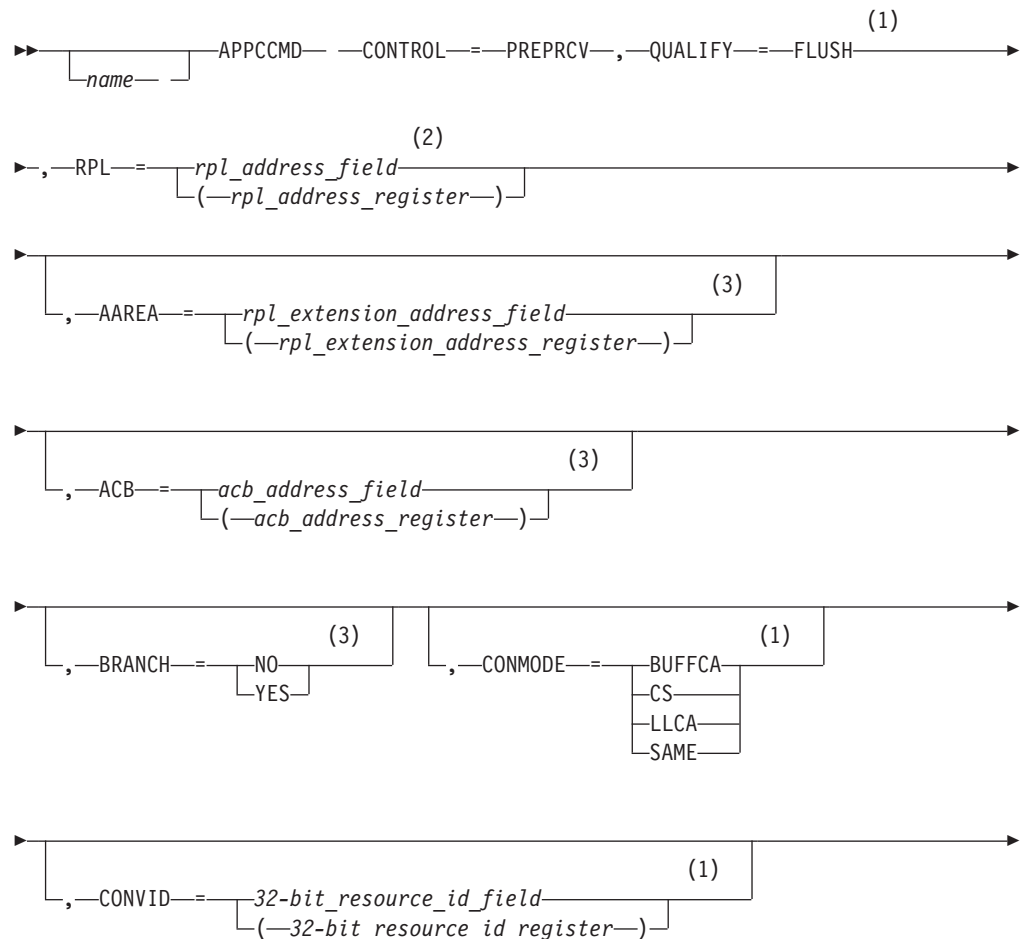
This macroinstruction corresponds to the PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE (TYPE=FLUSH) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

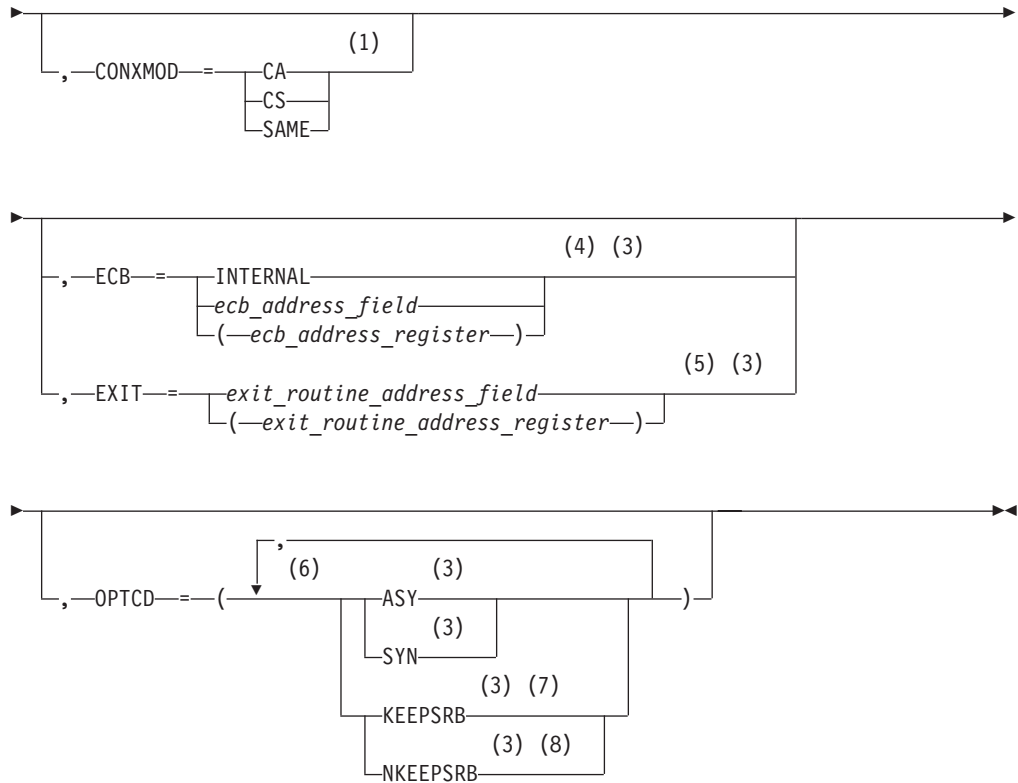
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the SEND or PENDING_SEND conversation state. This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field

ECB=(ecb_address_register)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field

EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program

immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. It can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND
- X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

The conversation state is RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. Refer to Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATIONS
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives expedited information from any active conversation whose expedited information mode is continue-any. VTAM will wait for expedited information to arrive on a conversation in continue-any mode to satisfy the macroinstruction request.

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used when the application program is maintaining multiple asynchronous conversations. Instead of issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC for each conversation, the application program can put the conversations in continue-any mode for receiving expedited information and issue a single APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY.

The application program must receive the entire amount of expedited data available. If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive all the expedited data available, an RCPRI,RCSEC combination of PARAMETER_ERROR_SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. The maximum amount of data that can be received from the partner is 86 bytes.

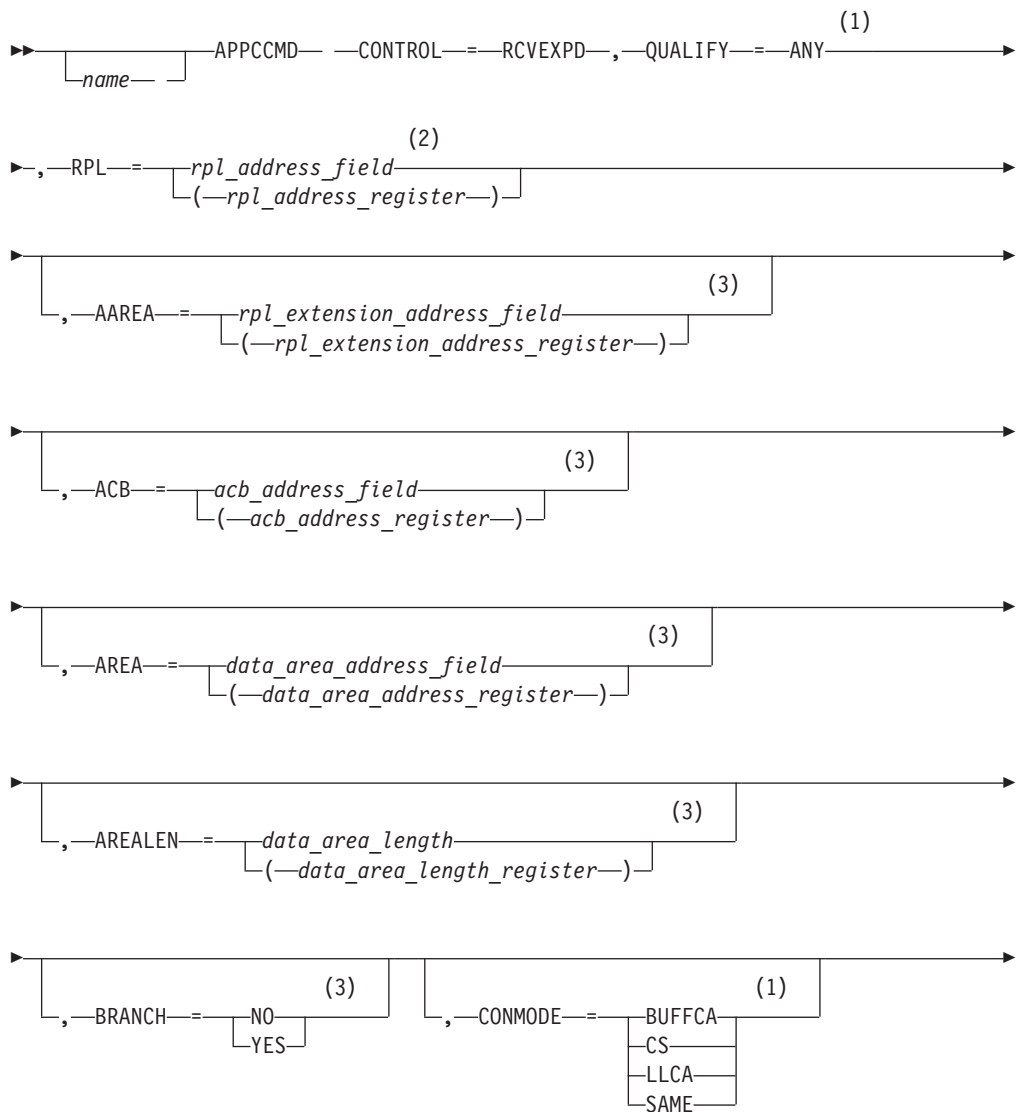
A Request_To_Send_Received indication is sufficient to complete this macroinstruction. If a Request_To_Send_Received indication and expedited data are present, then both will be returned to the application. The settings of the SIGRCV and SIGDATA returned parameter fields will indicate whether a Request_To_Send_Received indication (Signal Data) was received on the conversation. When expedited data is available on a conversation whose expedited information mode is continue-any, VTAM copies the data into the data area that is specified on the AREA parameter and completes the macroinstruction. The conversation identifier of the conversation that satisfied the macroinstruction is placed in the CONVID field.

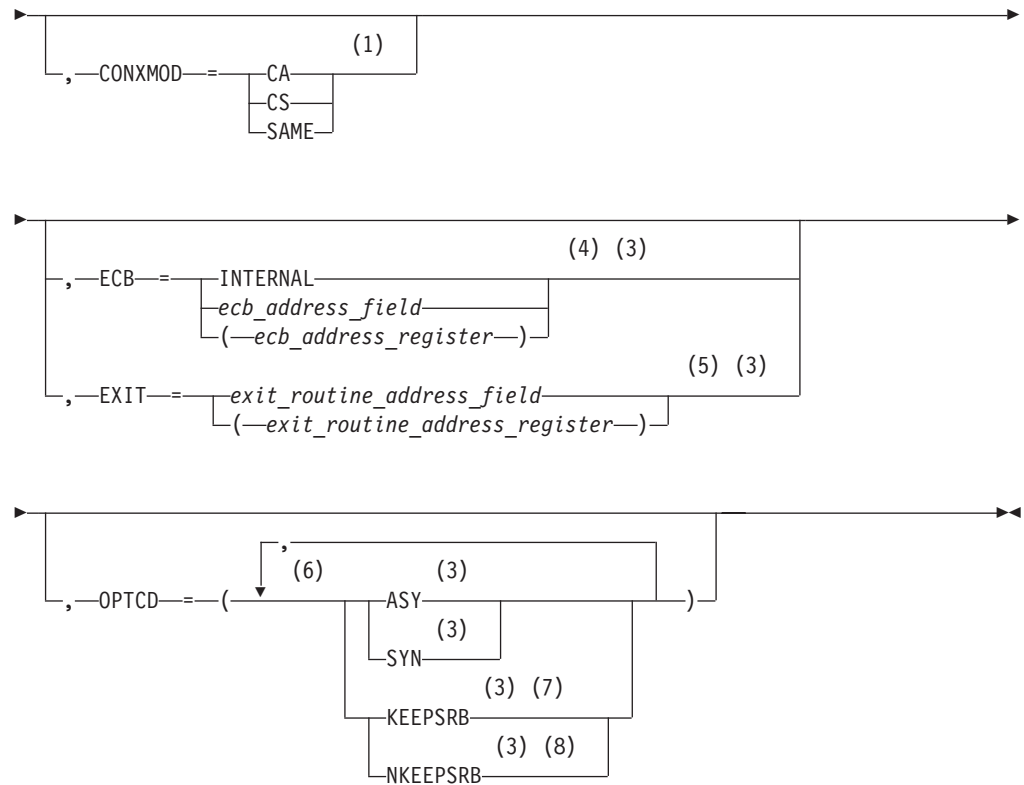
Multiple APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY macroinstructions can be outstanding concurrently. The macroinstruction can be issued when no conversations exist that are in continue-any mode for receiving expedited information. VTAM queues the APPCCMD until one or more conversations are placed in continue-any mode for receiving information and has expedited information available to be received.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction. Only expedited information for a conversation that is not in PENDING_DEALLOCATE, END_CONV or FDX_RESET state and whose expedited information mode is continue-any satisfies this type of RCVEXPD.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field***AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)**

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length***AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)**

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation on which information was received. A value is placed in this field by VTAM only if QUALIFY=ANY. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount

of expedited data the application program received. If the application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=IANY

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives expedited information from any active conversation whose expedited information mode is continue-any. VTAM will not wait for expedited information to arrive on a conversation in continue-any mode to satisfy the macroinstruction.

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used when the application program is maintaining multiple asynchronous conversations. Instead of issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC for each conversation, the application program can put the conversations in continue-any mode for receiving expedited information and issue a single APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=IANY.

A Request_To_Send_Received indication is sufficient to successfully complete this macroinstruction. If a Request_To_Send_Received indication and expedited data are present then both will be returned to the application. The settings of the SIGRCV and SIGDATA returned parameter fields will indicate whether a Request_To_Send_Received indication (Signal Data) was received on the conversation. When expedited data is available on a conversation whose expedited information mode is continue-any, VTAM copies the data into the data area that is specified on the AREA parameter and completes the macroinstruction. The conversation identifier of the conversation that satisfied the macroinstruction is placed in the CONVID field.

When issued and no conversation exists in a continue-any mode for expedited data or no conversations in continue-any mode have received expedited information, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0008', NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION is returned to the application program.

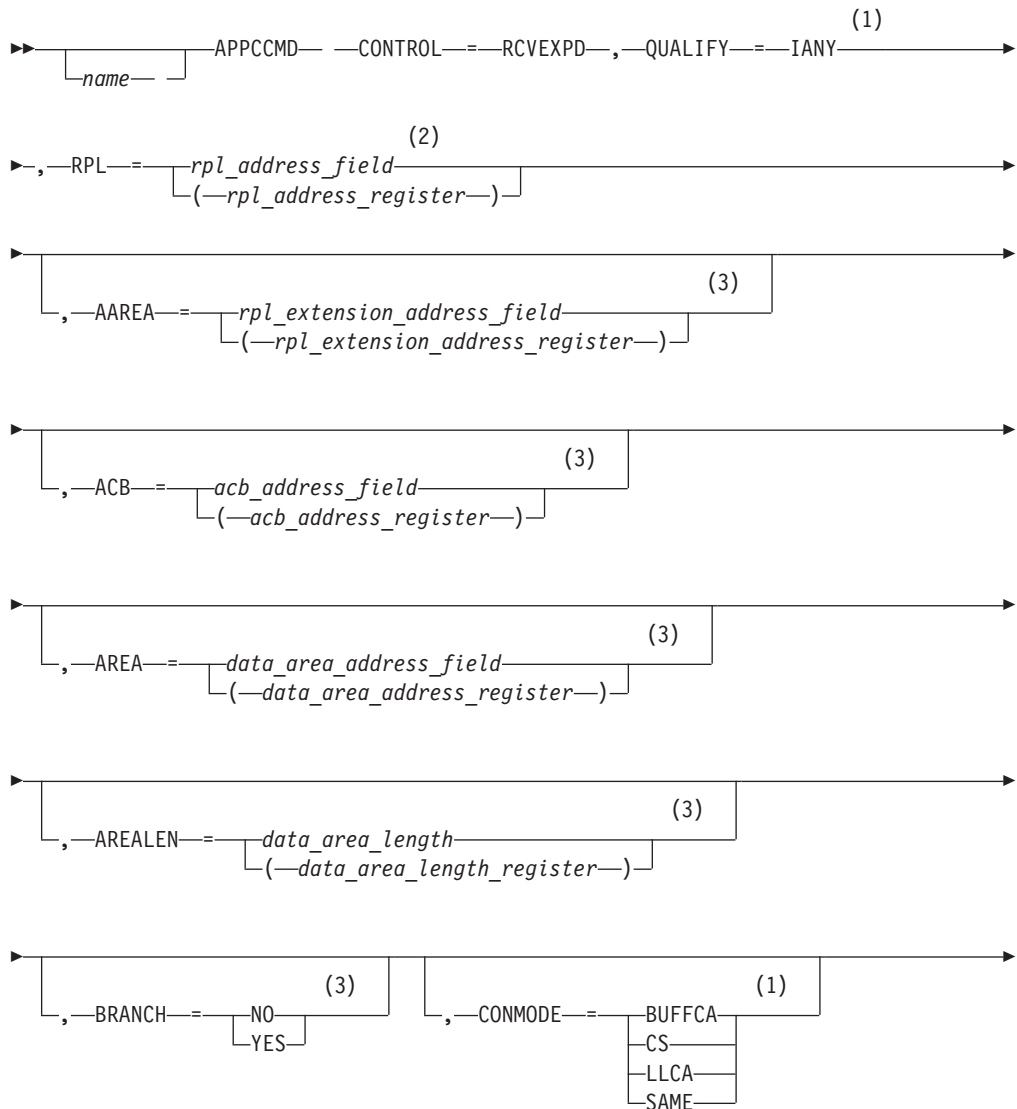
The application must receive the entire amount of expedited data available. If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive all the expedited data available, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008',

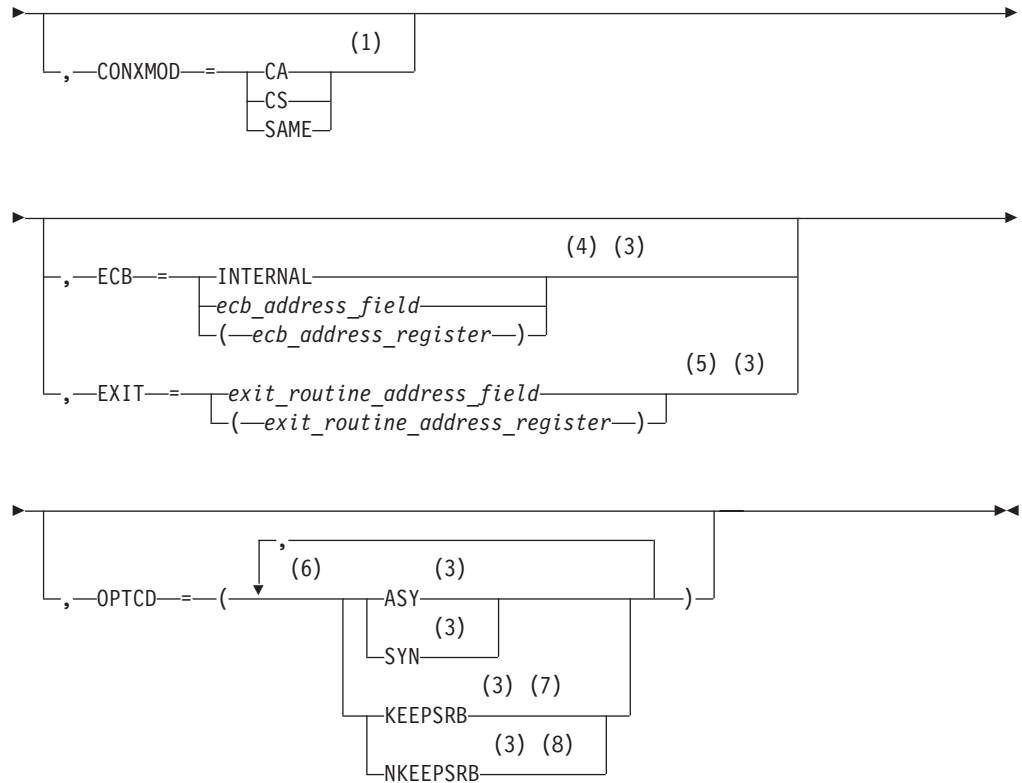
PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction. Only expedited information for a conversation that is not in PENDING_DEALLOCATE, END_CONV, or FDX_RESET and whose expedited information mode is continue-any satisfies this type of RCVEXPD.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field***AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)**

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length***AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)**

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation on which information was received. A value is placed in this field by VTAM only if QUALIFY=ANY|IANANY. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of expedited data the application program received up to the maximum. If the

application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ISPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives expedited information immediately available on a specified conversation. VTAM will not wait for expedited information to arrive to satisfy the macroinstruction request.

Usage

A Request_To_Send_Received indication is sufficient to successfully complete this macroinstruction. The conversation mode (CONXMOD) for expedited data may be either CA or CS. If a Request_To_Send_Received indication and expedited data are present then both will be returned to the application. The settings of the SIGRCV and SIGDATA returned parameter fields will indicate whether a Request_To_Send_Received indication (Signal Data) was received on the conversation. When expedited data is available on the conversation, VTAM copies the data into the data area that is specified on the AREA parameter and completes the macroinstruction.

If expedited information is not available, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0008', NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION is returned to the application.

The application must receive the entire amount of expedited data available. If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive all the expedited data available, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application.

If this macroinstruction is issued while another RCVEXPD macroinstruction is currently outstanding for the specified conversation, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0011', PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING is returned to the application. The maximum amount of expedited data that can be received is 86 bytes.

If the RECEIVE EXPEDITED queue has been prohibited, then an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0002', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—

REQUEST_BLOCKED is returned to the application. The RECEIVE EXPEDITED queue is prohibited when the conversation is in the process of being deallocated or terminated.

If the macroinstruction is issued for a conversation in PENDING_DEALLOCATE state, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0050', X'0000', STATE_ERROR is returned to the conversation.

If the conversation ends before this macroinstruction can process, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0009', REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION is returned to the application.

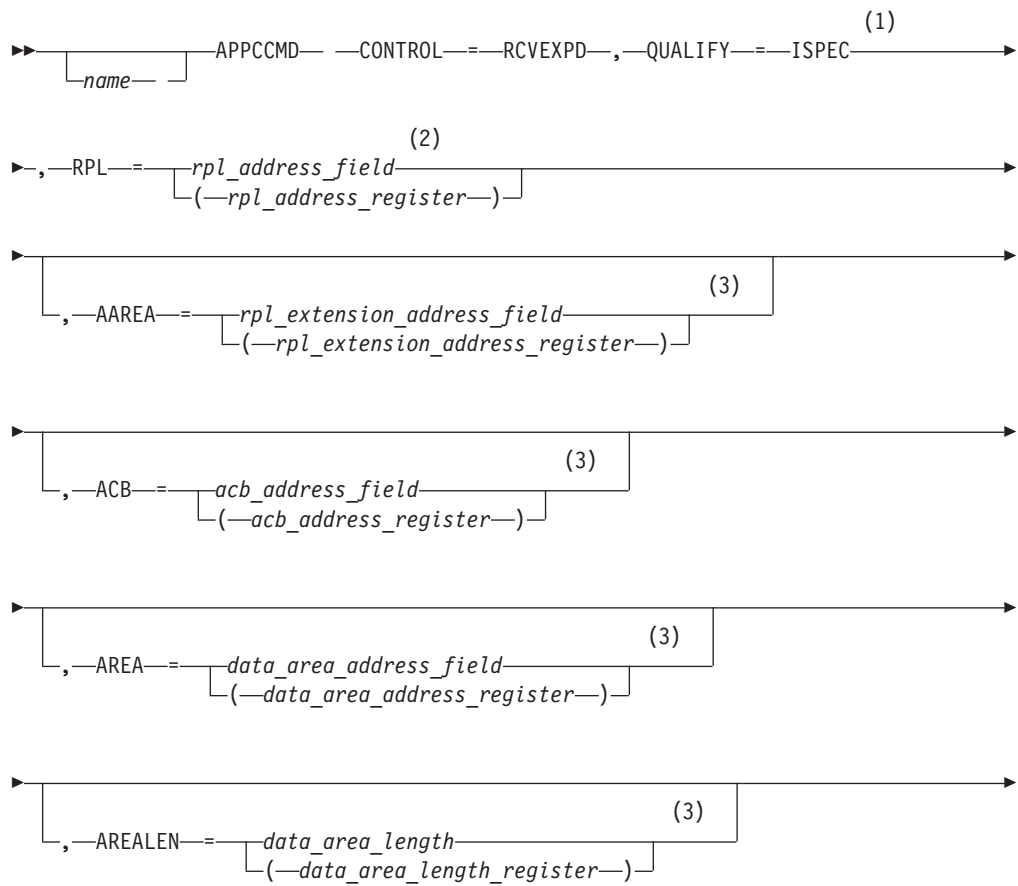
This macroinstruction corresponds to the RECEIVE_EXPEDITED_DATA (IMMEDIATE) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

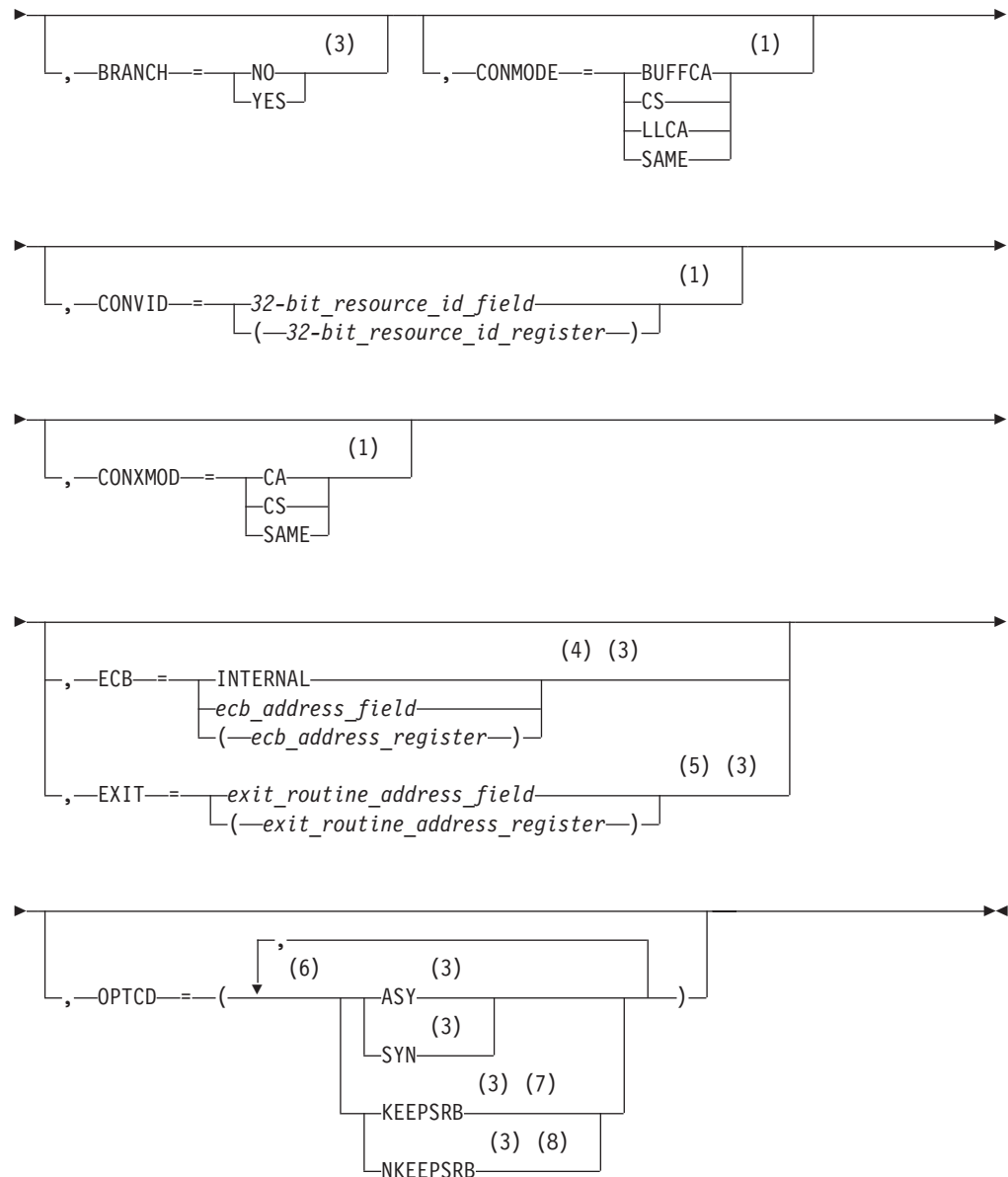
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from any conversation state except PENDING_DEALLOCATE, END_CONV, or FDX_RESET.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.

- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive

data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND

X'02' RECEIVE

X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM

X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND

X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return

code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of expedited data the application program received. The value returned will always be less than or equal to the value specified for AREALEN. This value will be set to 0 if the macroinstruction is being completed because of a REQUEST_TO_SEND being received.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

There are no state changes caused by the execution of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives expedited information from the specified conversation. VTAM will wait for expedited information to arrive to satisfy the macroinstruction request. If expedited information is immediately available, then the application receives it without waiting. The expedited information mode may be continue-any or continue-specific.

Usage

A Request_To_Send_Received indication is sufficient to successfully complete this macroinstruction. If a Request_To_Send_Received indication and expedited data are present then both will be returned to the application. The settings of the SIGRCV and SIGDATA returned parameter fields will indicate whether a Request_To_Send_Received indication (Signal Data) was received on the conversation. When expedited data is available on the conversation, VTAM copies the data into the data area that is specified on the AREA parameter and completes the macroinstruction.

The application must receive the entire amount of expedited data available. If the length of the area specified by the application program is not sufficient to receive all the expedited data available, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008',

PARAMETER_ERROR_SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. The maximum amount of expedited data that can be received is 86 bytes.

If this macroinstruction is issued while another RCVEXPD macroinstruction is currently outstanding for the specified conversation, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0011', PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING is returned to the application.

If the RECEIVE EXPEDITED queue has been prohibited, then an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0002', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED is returned to the application. The RECEIVE EXPEDITED queue is prohibited when the conversation is in the process of being allocated or terminated.

If the macroinstruction is issued for a half-duplex conversation and a negative response is received from the partner, then an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0003', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—EXECUTION_OF_REQUEST_TERMINATED will be returned to the application.

If the macroinstruction is issued for a conversation in PENDING_DEALLOCATE state, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0050', X'0000', STATE_ERROR is returned to the application.

If the conversation is terminated before expedited information is received, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0009', REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION is returned to the application.

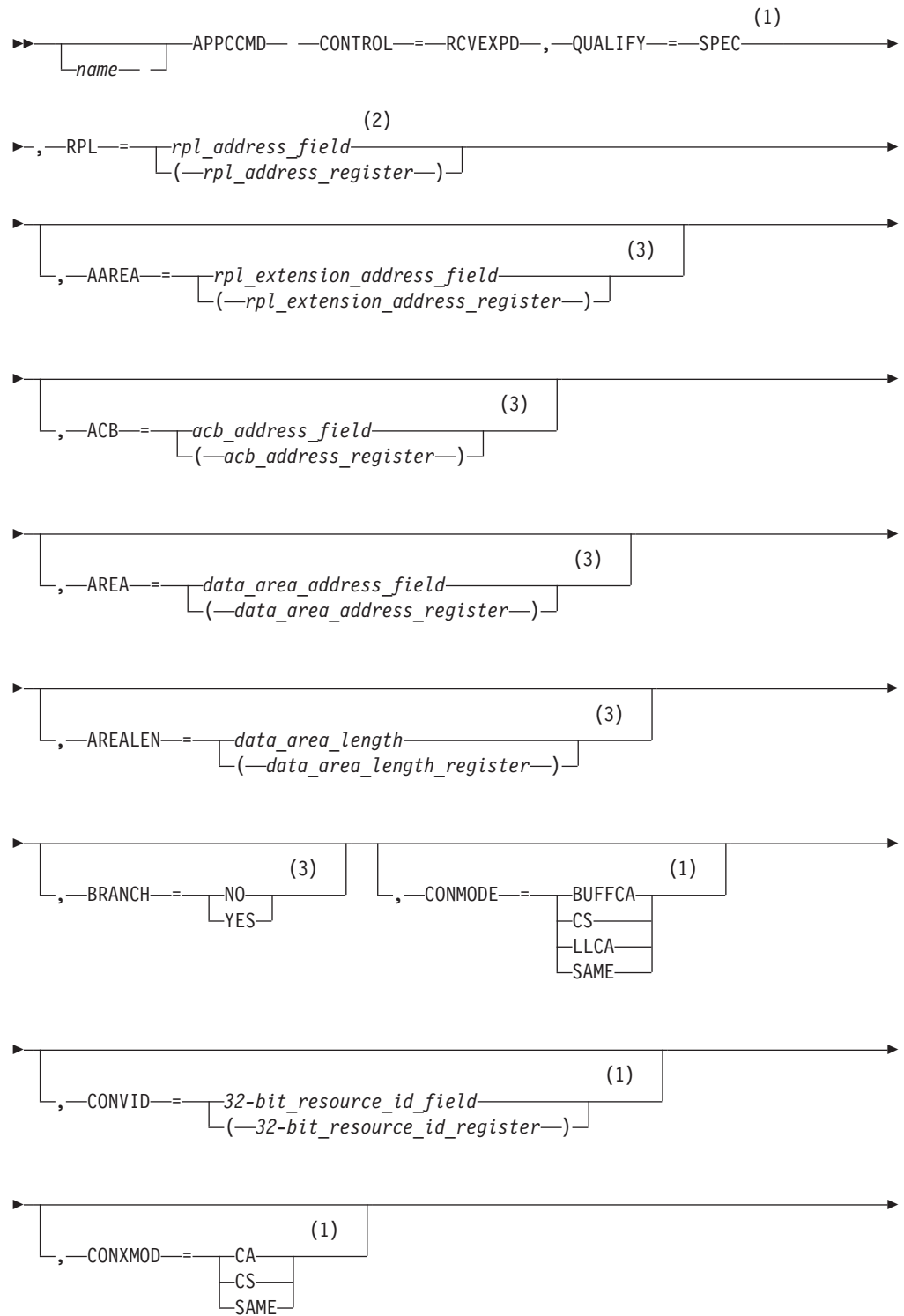
This macroinstruction corresponds to the RECEIVE_EXPEDITED_DATA (WHEN_EXPEDITED_DATA_RECEIVED) verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

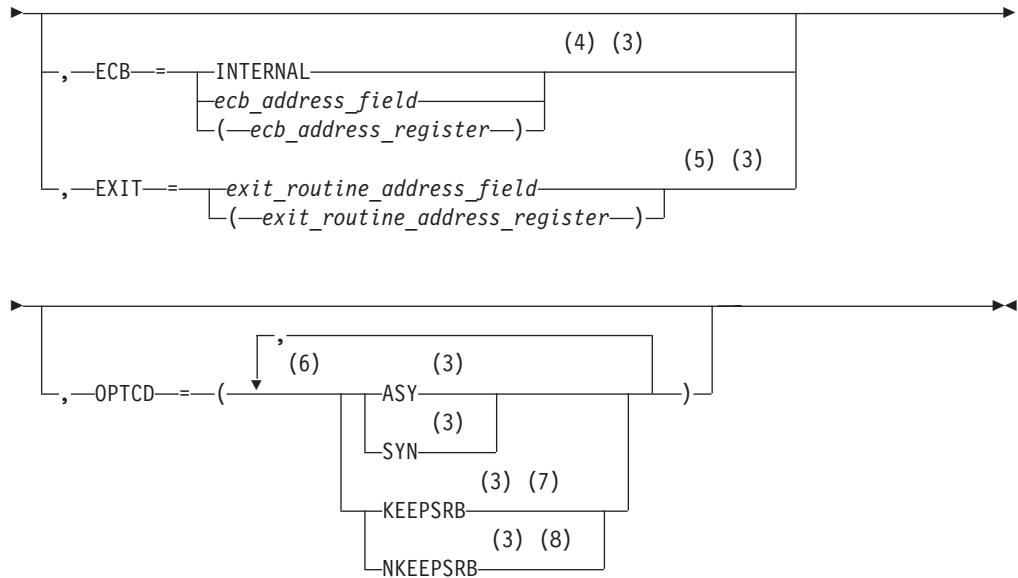
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from any conversation state except PENDING_DEALLOCATE, END_CONV, or FDX_RESET.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction

programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the

logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of expedited data the application program received. The value returned will always be less than or equal to the value specified for AREALEN. This value is set to 0 if the macroinstruction completes only due to receipt of a REQUEST_TO_SEND indication.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

There are no state changes caused by the execution of this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0003'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—EXECUTION_OF_REQUEST_TERMINATED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=DATAQUE

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives an FMH-5, which begins the application program's participation in a conversation.

This macroinstruction allows the application to specify how expedited information is received.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies the FMH-5, which represents a new conversation, into the area specified on the AREA parameter. When the macroinstruction completes, the new conversation identifier can be found in the CONVID field. The new conversation will be in RECEIVE state for half-duplex conversations and in SEND/RECEIVE state for full-duplex conversations.

If this macroinstruction is issued before an FMH-5 is received, VTAM waits until the FMH-5 is received to complete the macroinstruction. When an FMH-5 is received, VTAM bypasses the ATTN exit. If VTAM receives the FMH-5 before this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM schedules the ATTN exit. In either case, VTAM then moves the FMH-5 to the application's buffer and returns the CONVID and other return parameters.

After performing the operation of the RCVFMH5, VTAM examines the setting of the FILL parameter. If FILL=LL has been specified, this macroinstruction performs the functions of an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC with a FILL=LL. That is, VTAM receives a single logical record. This would be the first logical record after the FMH-5. However, if FILL=BUFF has been specified, this macroinstruction performs the functions of an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC with a FILL=BUFF. If there is insufficient information to complete the receive, the macroinstruction is suspended until more information is received from the partner. As is normally done for a receive macroinstruction, if any of the following conditions occurs, the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=DATAQUE completes:

- The local receive buffer is completely filled.
- A complete logical record is received AND FILL=LL was specified.
- A SEND indication is received.

- A CONFIRM indication is received.
- A DEALLOCATE indication is received.
- An ERROR condition is detected.

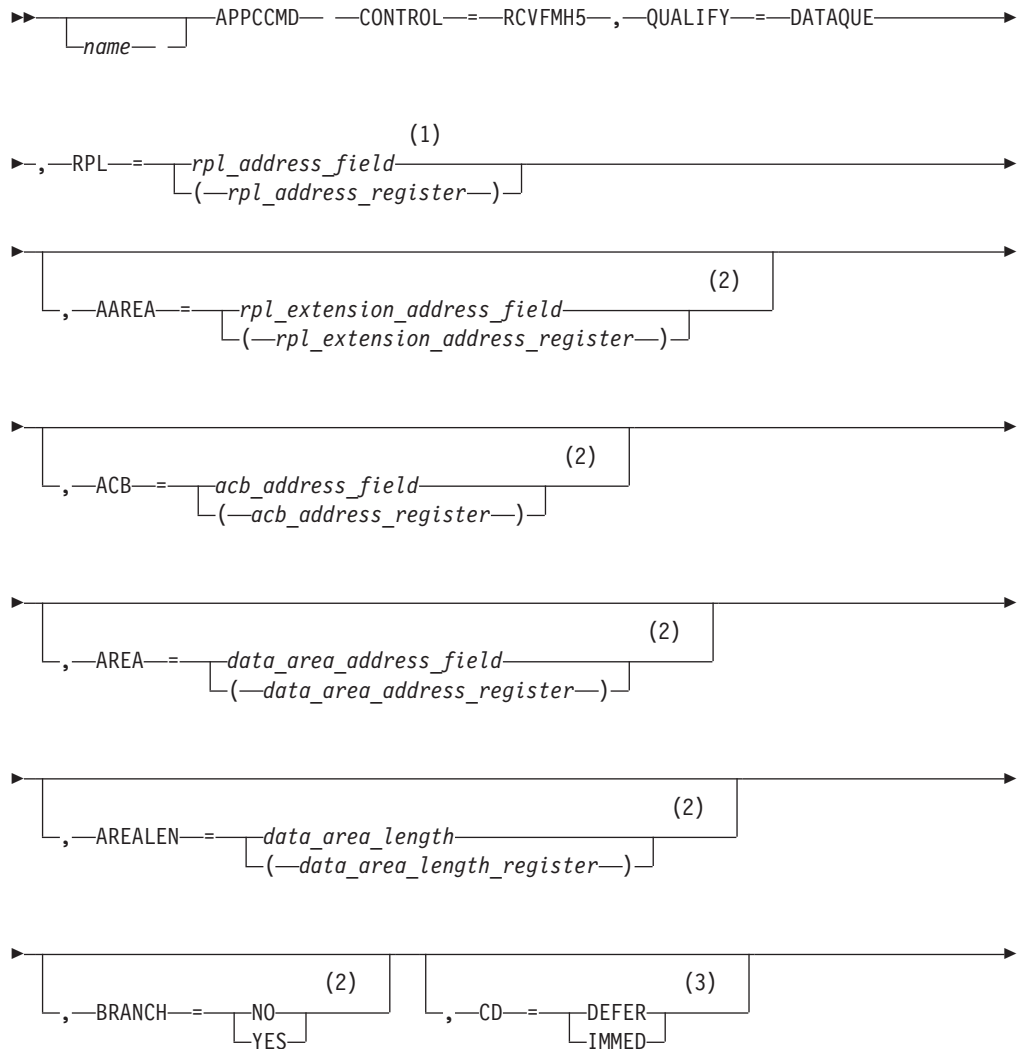
The application program can use the FMH-5 to perform conversation level security processing. Also, the FMH-5 indicates whether any GDS fields, such as DCE security or program initialization (PIP) data, follows the FMH-5.

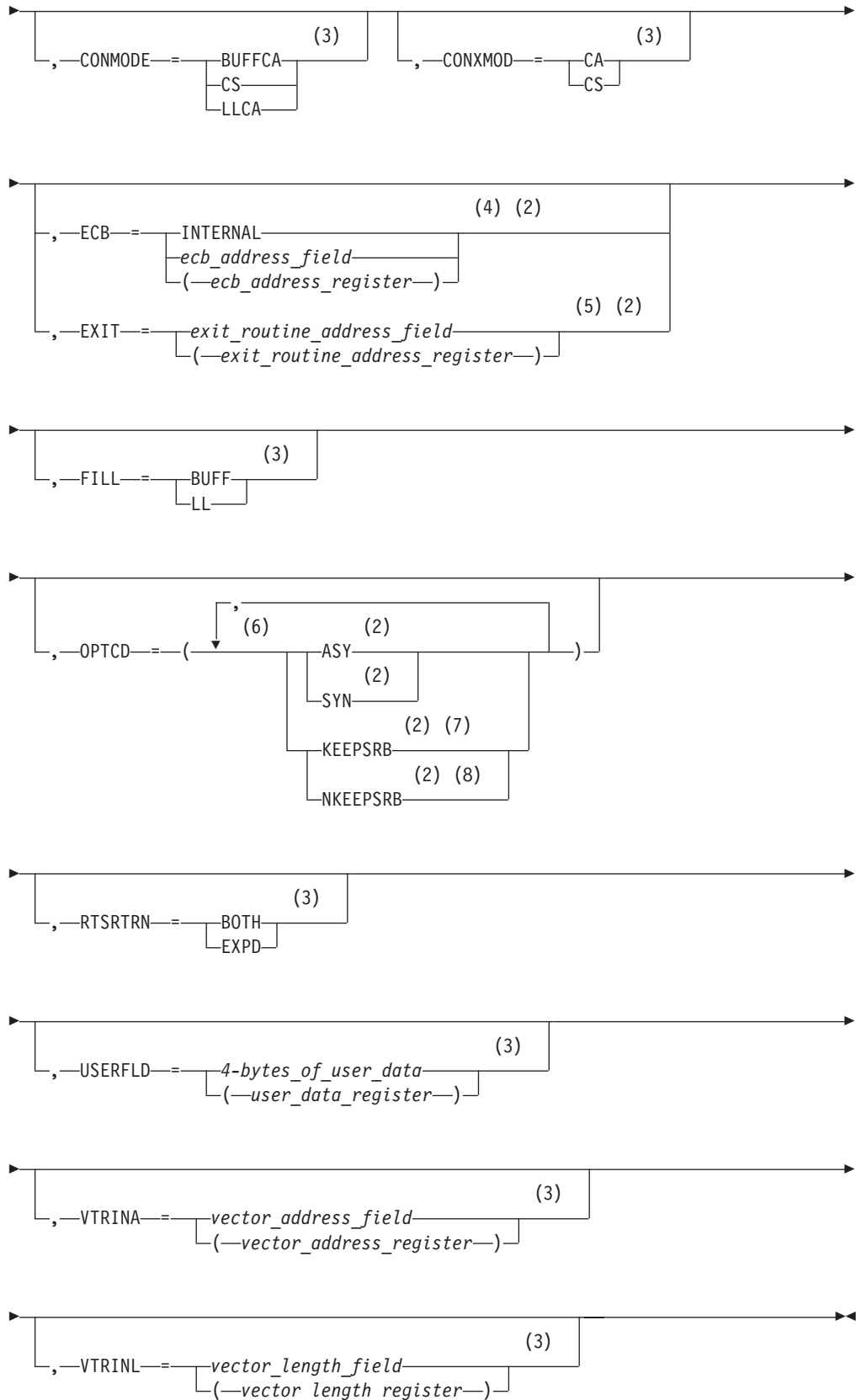
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the RESET conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not mode-specific and might be issued for a mode that is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions. However, an FMH-5 is not returned for a mode that is being retained for persistent LU-LU sessions when this macroinstruction is issued.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the FMH-5 and any associated data. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the size of the supplied buffer area. An FMH-5 is, at most, 255 bytes in length. Because the application cannot determine the length of the FMH-5 when the RCVFMH5 request is queued, VTAM fails this macroinstruction if the length of AREALEN is less than 255 with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008'. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PEND_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data. This parameter is valid only for half-duplex conversations.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PEND_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=***(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=***(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does

not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=*user_data_register*

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONVID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the resource identifier of the new conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'00' RESET
X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOC
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values.

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE_ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether another FMH-5, other than the one currently being passed to the application program on this APPCCMD, has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No other FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'

PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

LOGMODE

The field in the RPL extension that returns the logon mode name of the session over which the FMH-5 is being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6MODE.

LUNAME

The field in the RPL extension that returns the name of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This LU name is the network name of the partner LU. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the network identifier of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This network identifier is the identifier of the partner LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application the size, in bytes, of the FMH-5. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. If the RCPRI field equals X'0000', (OK), RECLLEN specifies the number of bytes of the supplied AREA field that were used to return the FMH-5 to the application program.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 4-byte sense code. This sense code has meaning if the RCPRI return code indicates a resource failure problem. It is labeled RPL6SNSI. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that, when SESSIDL is not equal to 0, returns a session instance identifier for the session over which the FMH-5 was received. The format of the session instance identifier is described in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range 0–8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. It is labeled RPL6RSIG. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether or not the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns a mask specifying what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT. The application program should examine this WHATRCV mask only when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned *on* (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set *on*; the other bits will be set *off*.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the following format.

RPL6RCV1		RPLRCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	DATA	0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1	DATA_COMPLETE	1-7	Reserved
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE		
3	SEND		
4	CONFIRM		
5	DEALLOCATE		
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for a discussion of the meaning of this field.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_ RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=NULL

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives an FMH-5, which begins the application program's participation in a conversation.

This macroinstruction allows the application to specify how expedited information is received.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies the FMH-5, which represents a new conversation, into the area specified on the AREA parameter. When the macroinstruction completes, the new conversation identifier can be found in the CONVID field. The new conversation will be in RECEIVE state for half-duplex conversations and in SEND/RECEIVE state for full-duplex conversations.

The application program can use the FMH-5 to perform conversation level security processing. Also, the FMH-5 indicates whether any GDS fields, such as DCE security or program initialization (PIP) data, follows the FMH-5. If so, the application program should issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE to receive the GDS data.

If no FMH-5 is available for the application to receive, this macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI return code of X'0060'.

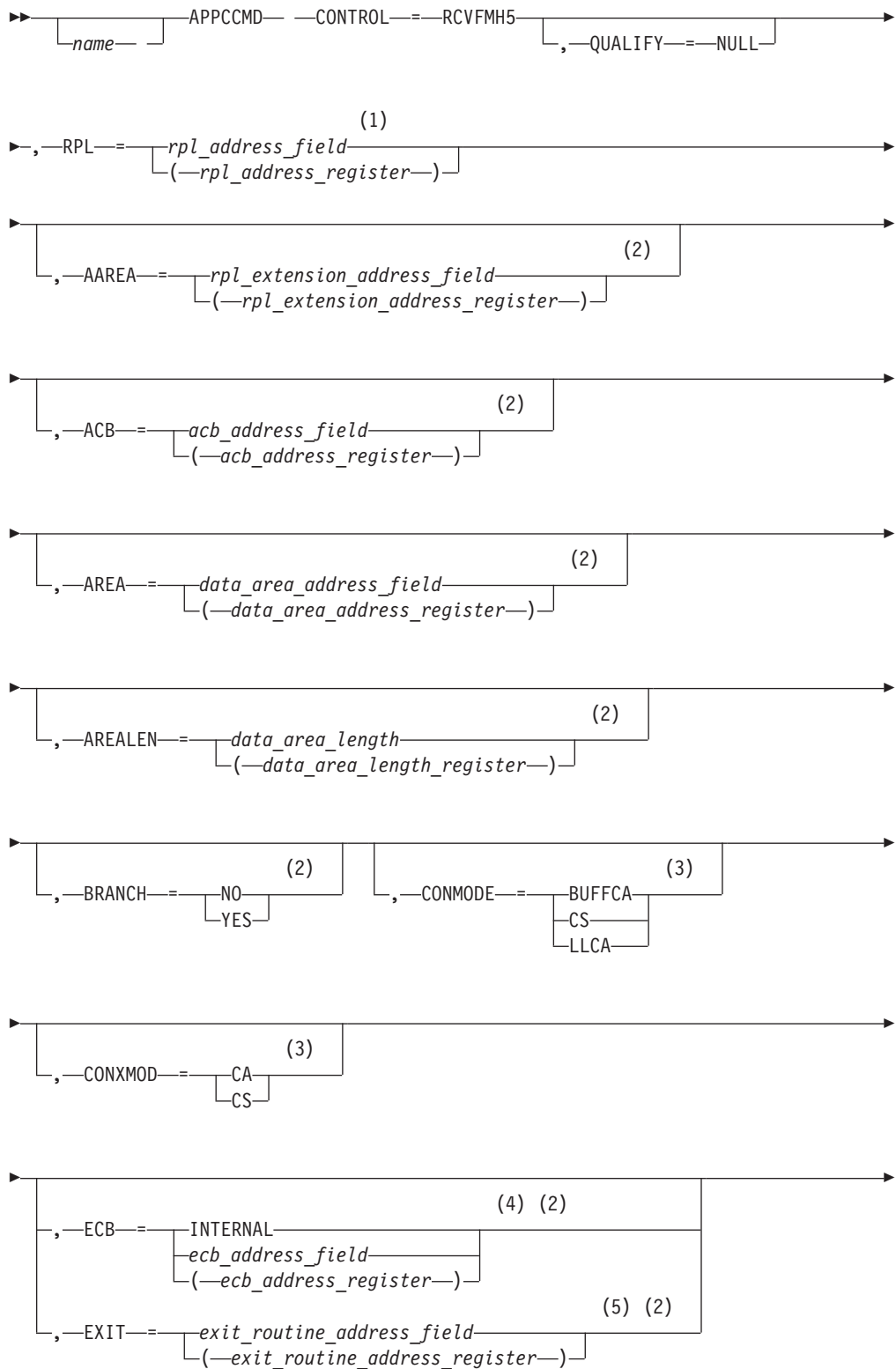
For information on how the application program is informed that an FMH-5 is ready to be received, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

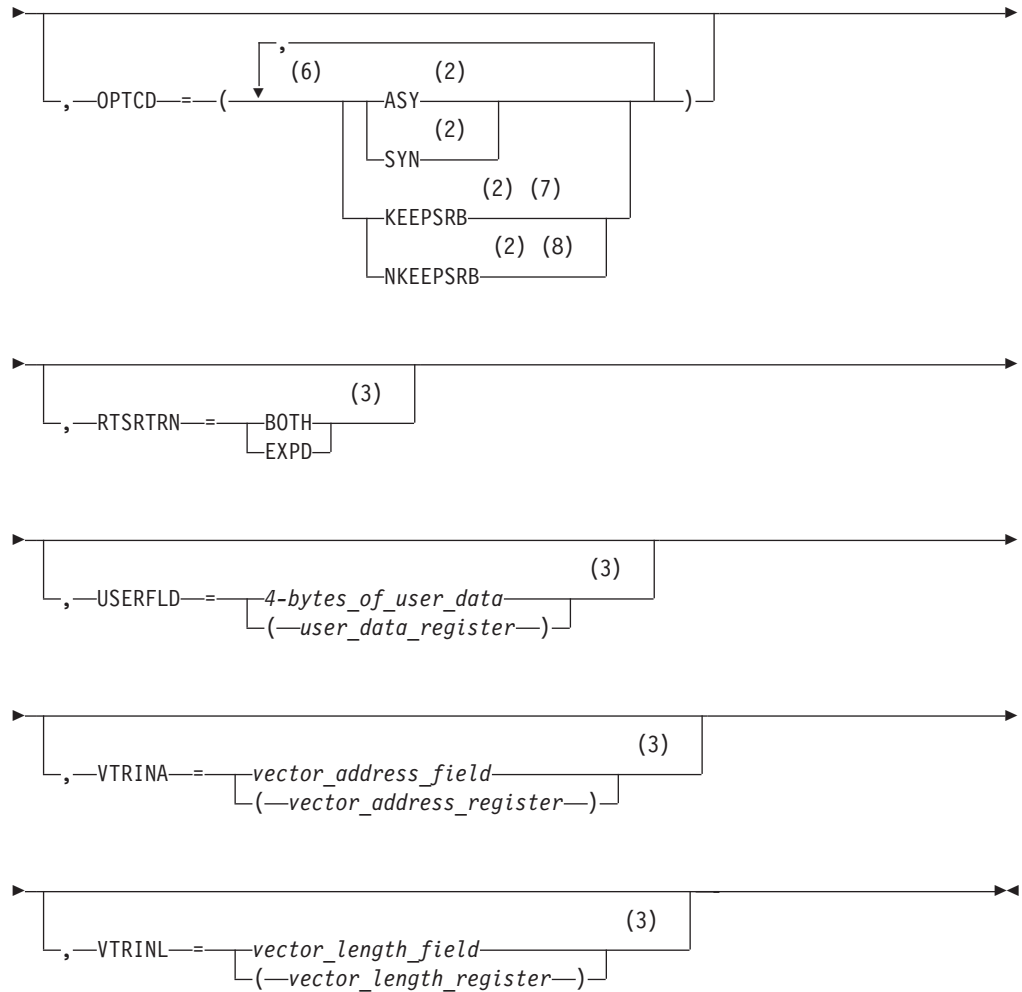
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the RESET conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not mode-specific and might be issued for a mode that is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions. However, an FMH-5 is not returned for a mode that is being retained for persistent LU-LU sessions when this macroinstruction is issued.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the FMH-5. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the size of the supplied buffer area. The supplied buffer area must be large enough to contain the entire FMH-5. An FMH-5 is at most 255 bytes in length (it has only 1 byte for a length count). If a 255-byte buffer is used to receive the FMH-5, the RCVFMH5 macroinstruction will never fail for lack of buffer space. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA

corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled

when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier.

It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in.

It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'00'** RESET
- X'02'** RECEIVE
- X'08'** END_CONVERSATION

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values.

- X'00'** RESET
- X'80'** FDX_RESET
- X'81'** SEND/RECEIVE

CONVID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the resource identifier of the new conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether another FMH-5, other than the one currently being passed to the application program on this APPCCMD, has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No other FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGMODE

The field in the RPL extension that returns the logon mode name of the session over which the FMH-5 is being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUNAME

The field in the RPL extension that returns the name of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This LU name is the network name of the partner LU. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the network identifier of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This network identifier is the identifier of the partner LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application the size, in bytes, of the FMH-5. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. If the RCPRI field equals X'0000', (OK), RECLEN specifies the number of bytes of the supplied AREA field that were used to return the FMH-5 to the application program. If the (RCPRI, RCSEC) fields equal X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT, it indicates the size of the FMH-5. However, in the latter case, because the supplied buffer was not large enough to contain the entire FMH-5, the FMH-5 is not returned to the application program. The application program is informed, through the FMH5LEN, of how large the buffer must be in order to receive the FMH-5.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 4-byte sense code. This sense code has meaning if the RCPRI return code indicates a resource failure problem. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that, when SESSIDL is not equal to 0, returns a session instance identifier for the session over which the FMH-5 was received. The format of the session instance identifier is described in z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range 0–8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether or not the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is RECEIVE after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0060'	X'0000'	NO_FMH5_AVAILABLE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A4'	X'0000'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, QUALIFY=QUEUE

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives an FMH-5, which begins the application program's participation in a conversation.

This macroinstruction allows the application to specify how expedited information is received.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies the FMH-5, which represents a new conversation, into the area specified on the AREA parameter. When the macroinstruction completes, the new conversation identifier can be found in the CONVID field. The new conversation will be in RECEIVE state for half-duplex conversations and in SEND/RECEIVE state for full-duplex conversations.

If this macroinstruction is issued before an FMH-5 is received, VTAM waits for the FMH-5 to complete the macroinstruction. When an FMH-5 is received, VTAM bypasses the ATTN exit. If VTAM receives the FMH-5 before this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM schedules the ATTN exit. In either case, VTAM then moves the FMH-5 to the application's buffer and returns the CONVID and other return parameters. VTAM retains any data that accompanies the FMH-5.

The application program can use the FMH-5 to perform conversation level security processing. Also, the FMH-5 indicates whether any GDS fields, such as DCE security or program initialization (PIP) data, follows the FMH-5. If so, the application program should issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE to receive the PIP data.

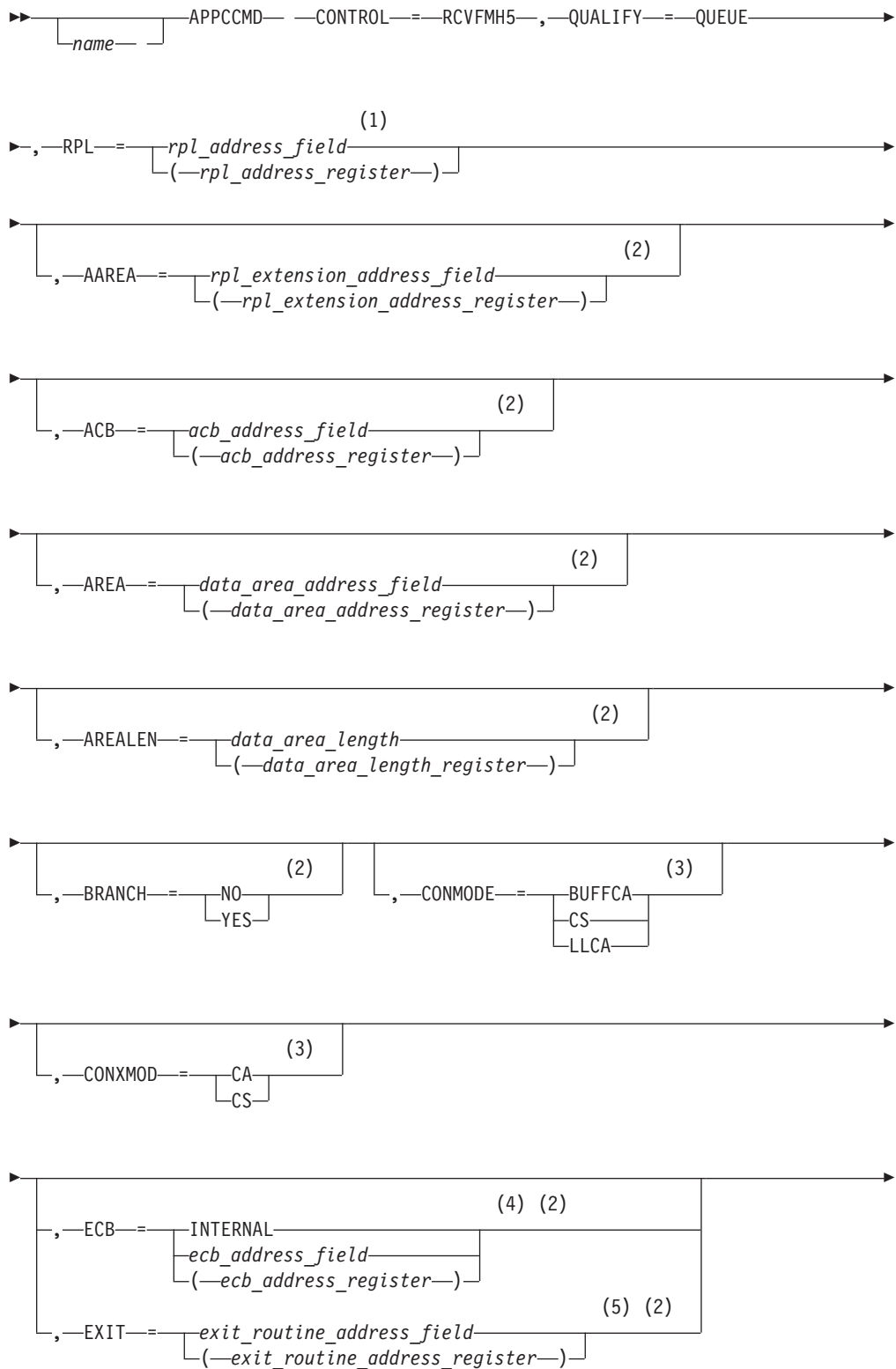
For information on how the application program is informed that an FMH-5 is ready to be received, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

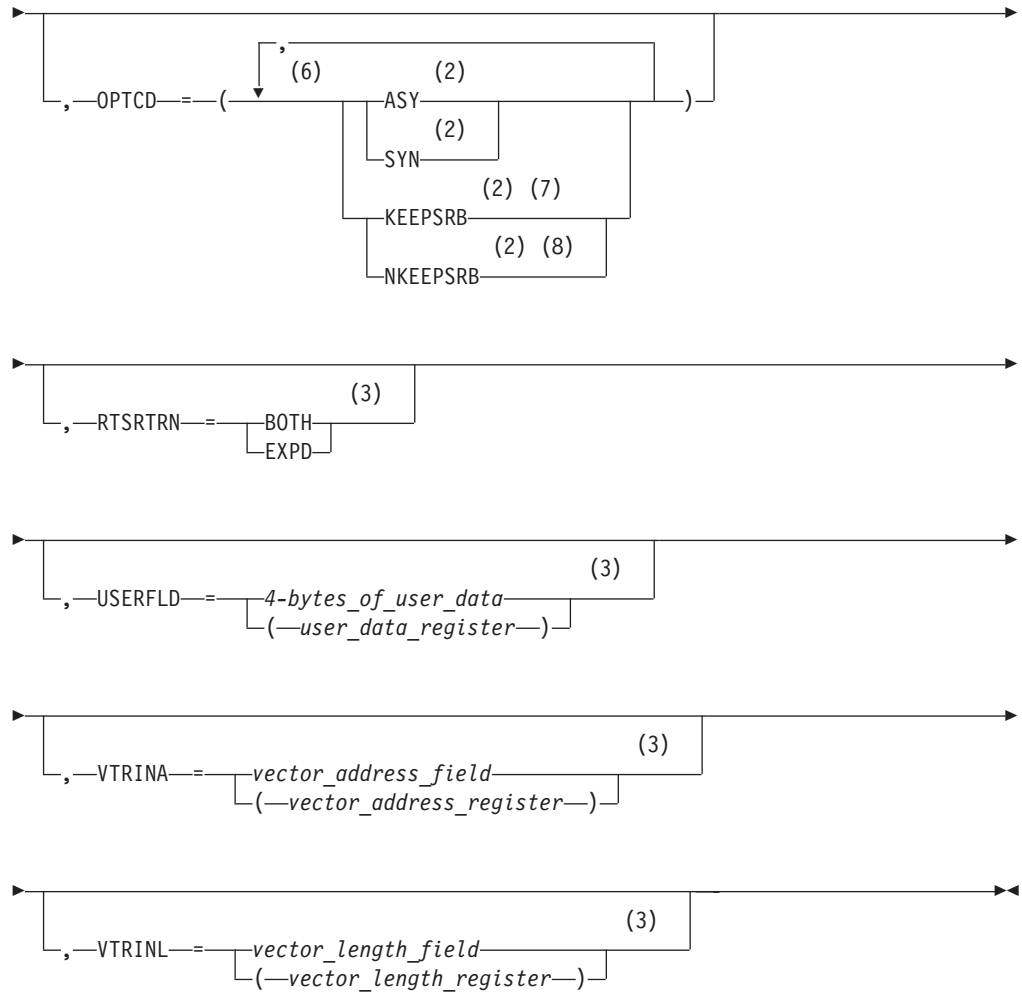
Context

This macroinstruction can be issued from the RESET conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not mode-specific and might be issued for a mode that is retained for persistent LU-LU sessions. However, an FMH-5 is not returned for a mode that is being retained for persistent LU-LU sessions when this macroinstruction is issued.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the FMH-5. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the size of the supplied buffer area. An FMH-5 is, at most, 255 bytes in length. Because the application cannot determine the length of the FMH-5 when the RCVFMH5 request is queued, VTAM fails this macroinstruction if the length of AREALEN is less than 255 with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008'. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information on completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA

corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=*(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=*(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled

when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RTSRTRN

Specifies the manner in which the Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be reported to the application on subsequent macroinstructions.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on all APPCCMDs that return these parameters.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that the Request_To_Send_Received indication can be reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

USERFLD=*4_bytes_of_user_data*

USERFLD=(*user_data_register*)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data to be associated with the new conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD macroinstruction completes for this conversation, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=*vector_address_field*

VTRINA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=*vector_length_field*

VTRINL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CGID

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group identifier. It is labeled RPL6CGID in the RPL extension.

CONVID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the resource identifier of the new conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'00' RESET
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values.

- X'00' RESET
- X'80' FDX_RESET
- X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

CRYPTLVL

Indicates the encryption level for the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CRYP in the RPL extension.

NONE (B'00')

No data is to be encrypted.

SELECTIVE (B'01')

The application program specifies the data that is to be encrypted.

REQUIRED (B'11')

All data is to be encrypted.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether another FMH-5, other than the one currently being passed to the application program on this APPCCMD, has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No other FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGMODE

The field in the RPL extension that returns the logon mode name of the session over which the FMH-5 is being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. It is labeled RPL6MODE.

LUNAME

The field in the RPL extension that returns the name of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This LU name is the network name of the partner LU. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID

The field in the RPL extension that returns the network identifier of the partner LU that sent the FMH-5 being returned on this APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This network identifier is the identifier of the partner LU. It can be up to 8 characters in length. If it is fewer than 8 characters, VTAM pads it on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application the size, in bytes, of the FMH-5. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. If the RCPRI field equals X'0000', (OK), RECLLEN specifies the number of bytes of the supplied AREA field that were used to return the FMH-5 to the application program.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 4-byte sense code. This sense code has meaning if the RCPRI return code indicates a resource failure problem. It is labeled RPL6SNSI. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated.

SESSID

The field in the RPL extension that, when SESSIDL is not equal to 0, returns a session instance identifier for the session over which the FMH-5 was received. The format of the session instance identifier is described in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the session instance identifier, which is itself returned in the SESSID field. Values in the range 0–8 are valid. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

Vectors returned

VTAM may return the following vectors in the area supplied by the VTRINA parameter:

- VTAM-to-APPL required information vector (X'10')
- Partner's DCE capabilities vector (X'12')
- Local nonce vector (X'13')
- Partner's nonce vector (X'14')
- PCID vector (X'17')
- Session information vector (X'19')
- Partner's application capabilities vector (X'1A')

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is RECEIVE after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND/RECEIVE after successful processing.

See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'002E'	VECTOR AREA NOT VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	VECTOR AREA LENGTH INSUFFICIENT
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A4'	X'0000'	MODE_MUST_BE_RESTORED_BEFORE_USING
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives normal information on a conversation that is in continue-any mode. Unlike other macroinstructions that are used to receive data, the application program does not specify a partner conversation. Instead, the macroinstruction is associated with the first conversation that is in continue-any mode and that receives data.

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used when the application program is maintaining multiple asynchronous conversations. Instead of issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC for each conversation, the application program can put the conversations in continue-any mode and issue a single APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY.

When VTAM receives data on a continue-any mode conversation, VTAM copies the data into the data area that is specified on the AREA parameter and if sufficient data has been received, then VTAM completes the macroinstruction. The

conversation identifier of the conversation that is used to complete the macroinstruction is placed in the CONVID field.

This macroinstruction can be used to receive application program data, conversation status information, and confirmation requests. However, it cannot be used to receive error log information. The application program must use APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC to receive error log information.

If VTAM receives notification that a conversation fails on a continue-any mode, this macroinstruction completes with a nonzero return code.

Multiple APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY macroinstructions can be outstanding concurrently. The order in which these macroinstructions complete is not necessarily the order in which they were issued. This means that if a conversation is left in continue-any mode, data from multiple RECEIVES could arrive out of order. If the application program cannot detect this and process the data properly, the application program should specify CONMODE=CS on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY macroinstruction. For more information on specifying CONMODE, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY can be issued when no conversations exist that are in continue-any mode and in RECEIVE, SEND/RECEIVE, or RECEIVE-ONLY state. The APPCCMD waits until one or more conversations are placed into continue-any mode and the right state.

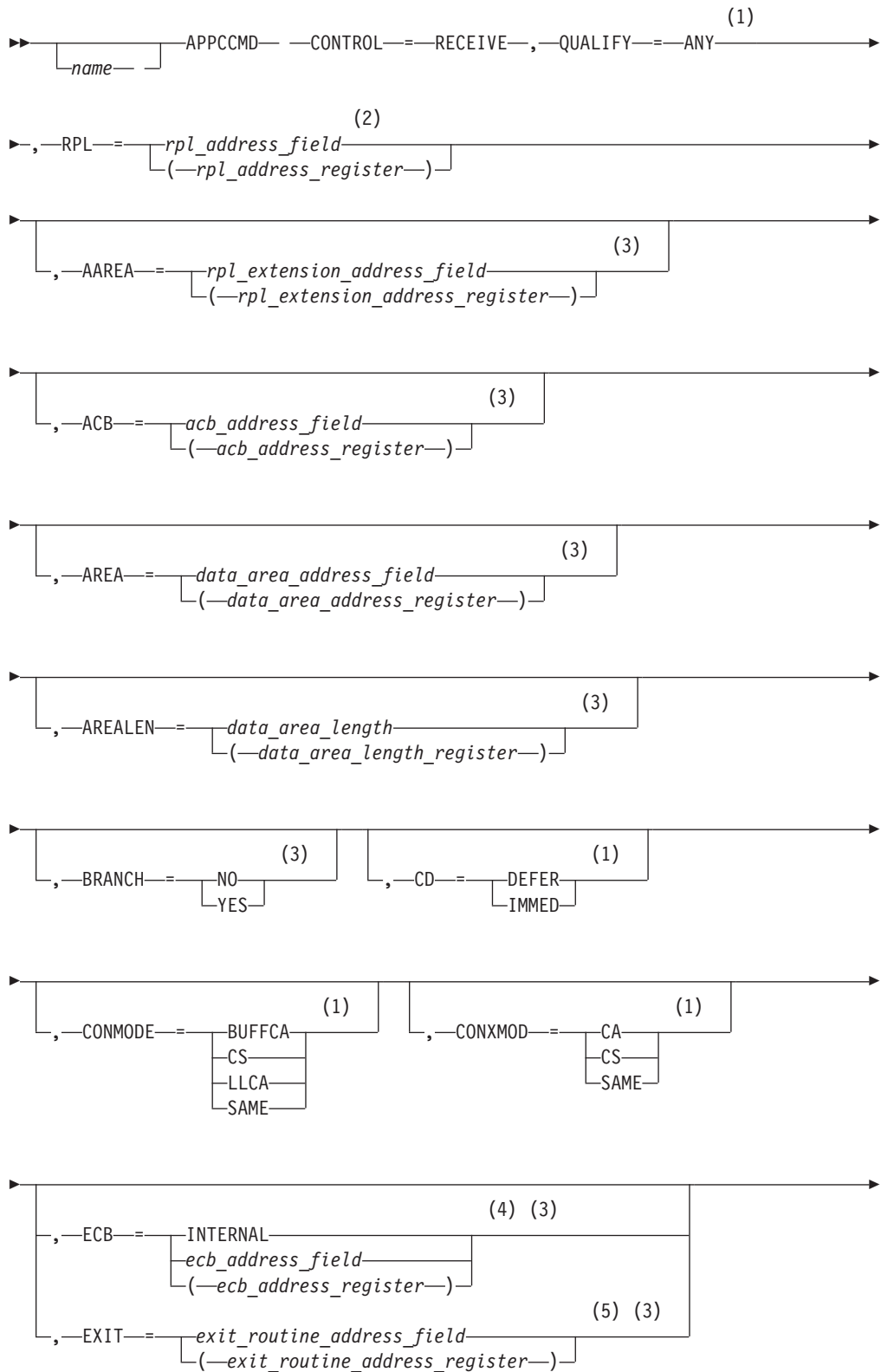
An any-mode RECEIVE can lock out a specific-mode RECEIVE. For example, if an application program has issued an any-mode RECEIVE that receives data in terms of buffers, and enough data has not arrived to satisfy the buffer length, VTAM waits until enough data arrives to satisfy the buffer length before honoring a specific mode RECEIVE for the conversation.

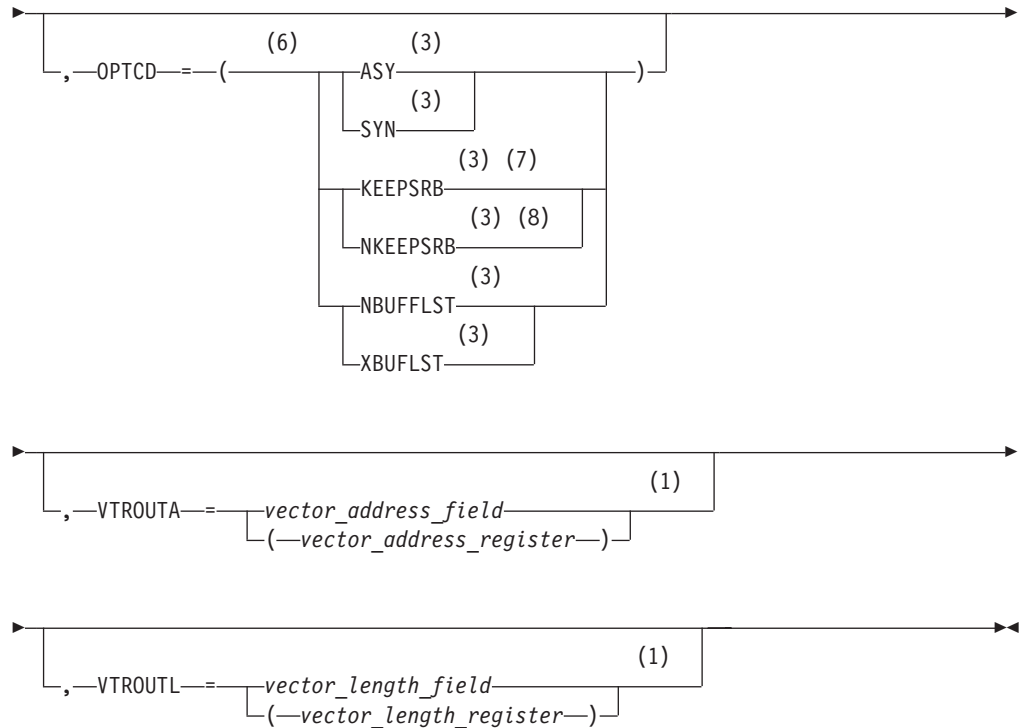
This macroinstruction does not directly correspond to any architected verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction. Only information for a conversation in RECEIVE, SEND/RECEIVE, or RECEIVE_ONLY state and continue-any mode satisfies this type of RECEIVE.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the

application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

When OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies an address in which VTAM is to build an extended buffer list. The AREALEN field of the RPL specifies a length of this area that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer. For each list entry, VTAM provides the CSM token, data length and information necessary for the application to address the storage (address and data space ALET). Note that a large buffer list area can help prevent excessive API crossings. The format of the extended buffer list pointed to by the AREA parameter is mapped by the ISTBLXEN mapping DSECT.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive.

If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREALEN specifies the length of the area in which VTAM builds a buffer list. The buffer list in turn points to the data that has been received. The AREALEN parameter specifies an area length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PENDING_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PENDING_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field**ECB=(ecb_address_register)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field**EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the AREA field contains the address of the area in which the application is to receive the data. The RECLLEN field specifies the length of the data area.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. VTAM builds an extended

buffer list in the address specified by the AREA parameter. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer containing the data being received by the application. The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

Note: Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state must specify BRANCH=YES for HPDT requests.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

VTROUTA=*vector_address_field*

VTROUTA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, this field must point to the XBUFLST-receive vector (ISTAPC82), which is mapped by ISTAPCVL. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.)

This field is labeled RPL6VAOA in the RPL extension.

VTROUTL=*vector_length_field*

VTROUTL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6VAOL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation on which information was received. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLen

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of data the application program received up to the maximum. If the application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. When OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, VTAM returns the actual length of the extended buffer list that is built in the buffer list area pointed to by the AREA operand. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled

RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not recognized by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns a mask specifying what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT in the RPL extension. The application program should examine this WHATRCV mask *only* when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned on (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set on; the other bits will be set off.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the following format:

RPL6RCV1		RPL6RCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	DATA	0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1	DATA_COMPLETE	1-7	Reserved
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE		
3	SEND		
4	CONFIRM		
5	DEALLOCATE		
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a discussion of the meaning of this field. However, LOG_DATA cannot be set on this macroinstruction.

State changes

See the description of the WHATRCV mask for a description of the state changes that occur when RCPRI indicates OK.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_ CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_ SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_ NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_ SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0030'	PARAMETER_ERROR—STORAGE_TYPE_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'002C'	X'0033'	PARAMETER_ERROR—A_REQUIRED_VECTOR_WAS_NOT_PROVIDED_OR_SPECIFIED_INCORRECTLY
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=IANY

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives normal information that is immediately available on a conversation that is in continue-any mode. VTAM does not wait for data to be received before completing this macroinstruction.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies all data that is immediately available into the supplied data area or control block that is specified by the AREA parameter. VTAM also returns the identification of the conversation that satisfied the macroinstruction in the CONVID parameter.

This macroinstruction can be used to receive application program data, conversation status information, and confirmation requests. However, it cannot be used to receive error log information. The application program must use APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC to receive error log information.

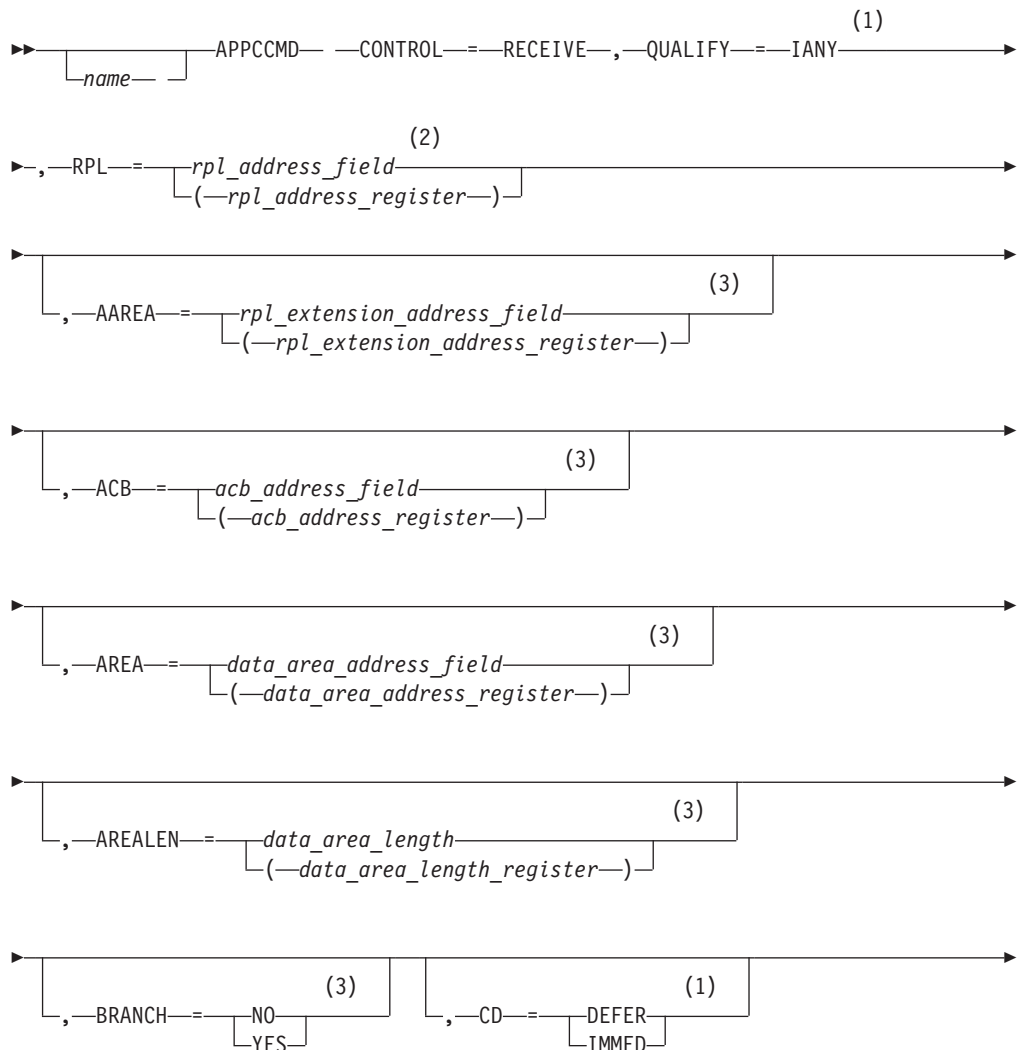
This macroinstruction does not directly correspond to any architected verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

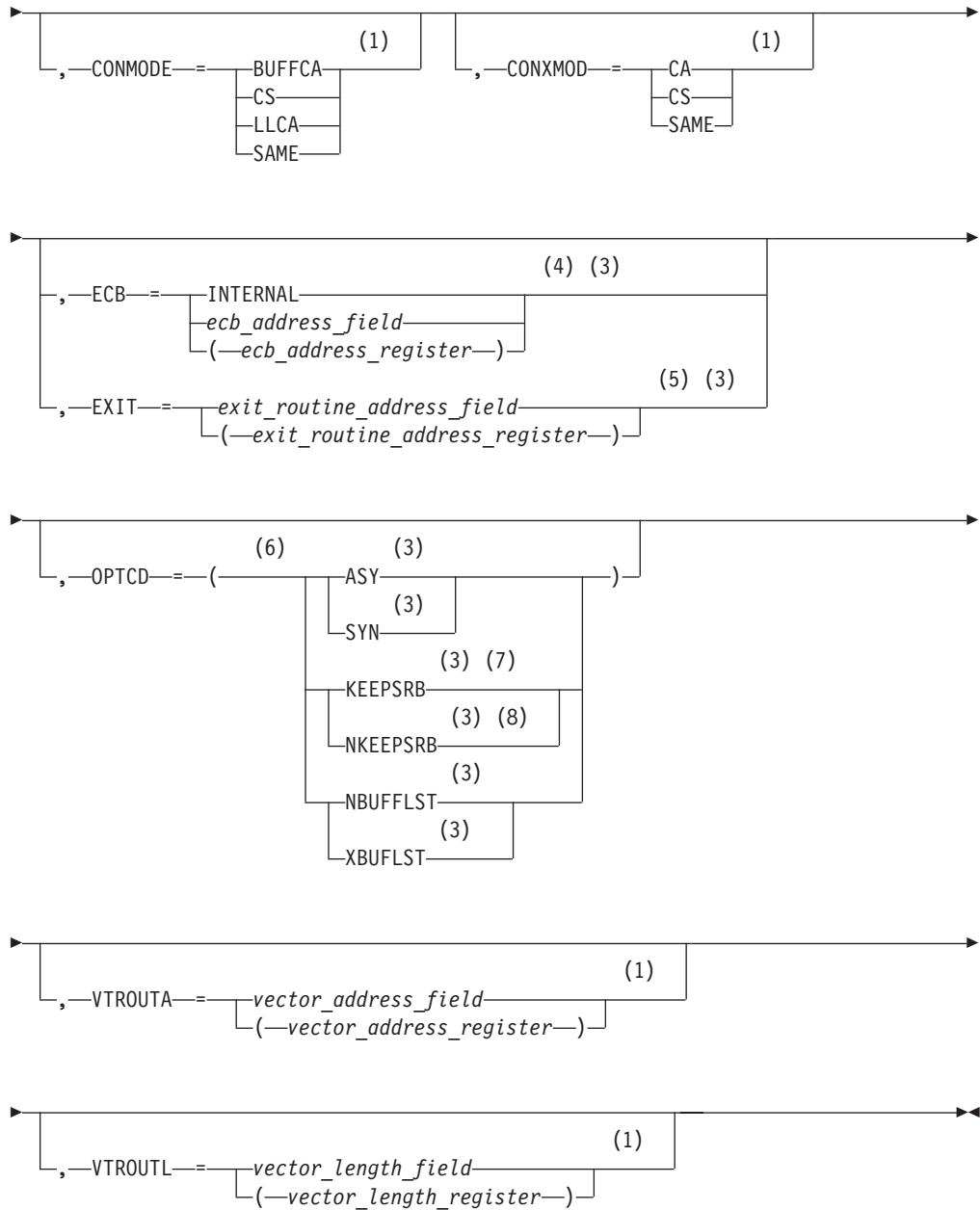
If no data is immediately available, an RCPRI,RCSEC of (X'0000', X'0008') NO_INFORMATION_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE is returned to the application.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction. Only data for a conversation in RECEIVE, SEND/RECEIVE, or RECEIVE_ONLY state and continue-any mode satisfies this type of RECEIVE.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.

- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

When OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies an address in which VTAM is to build an extended buffer list. The AREALEN field of the RPL specifies a length of this area that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer. For each list entry, VTAM provides the CSM token, data length and information necessary for the application to address the storage (address and data space ALET). Note that a large buffer list area can help prevent excessive API crossings. The format of the extended buffer list pointed to by the AREA parameter is mapped by the ISTBLXEN mapping DSECT.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive.

If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREALEN specifies the length of the area in which VTAM builds a buffer list. The buffer list in turn points to the data that has been received. The AREALEN parameter specifies an area length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PENDING_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PENDING_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NBUFLST

Specifies that the AREA field contains the address of the area in which the application is to receive the data. The RECLen field specifies the length of the data area.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. VTAM builds an extended buffer list in the address specified by the AREA parameter. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer containing the data being received by the application. The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

Note: Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state must specify BRANCH=YES for HPDT requests.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

VTROUTA=*vector_address_field*

VTROUTA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, this field must point to the XBUFLST-receive vector (ISTAPC82), which is mapped by ISTAPCVL. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.)

This field is labeled RPL6VAOA in the RPL extension.

VTROUTL=*vector_length_field*

VTROUTL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6VAOL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND

X'02' RECEIVE

X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM

X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND

X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

CONVID

Specifies the resource identifier of the conversation on which information was received. A value is placed in this field by VTAM only if QUALIFY=*ANY. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'

PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'

PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'

SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'

SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'

SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'

USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning

only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of data the application program received up to the maximum. If the application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. When OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, VTAM returns the actual length of the extended buffer list that is built in the buffer list area pointed to by the AREA operand. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not recognized by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT in the RPL extension. The application program should examine the WHATRCV field *only* when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned on (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set on; the other bits will be set off.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the following format:

RPL6RCV1		RPL6RCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	DATA	0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1	DATA_COMPLETE	1-7	Reserved
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE		
3	SEND		
4	CONFIRM		
5	DEALLOCATE		
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'.

Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for a discussion of the meaning of this field. However, LOG_DATA cannot be set on this macroinstruction.

State changes

See the description of the WHATRCV mask for a description of the state changes that occur when RCPRI indicates OK.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0030'	PARAMETER_ERROR—STORAGE_TYPE_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'002C'	X'0033'	PARAMETER_ERROR—A_REQUIRED_VECTOR_WAS_NOT_PROVIDED_OR_SPECIFIED_INCORRECTLY
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ISPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives normal information that is immediately available from a specified conversation. The conversation may be in continue-any or continue-specific mode. VTAM does not wait for more data to be received before completing this macroinstruction.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies all data that is immediately available into the supplied data area or control block that is specified by the AREA parameter. The AREALEN parameter specifies the length of the data area. VTAM does not wait to receive any more data before completing the macroinstruction request. If there is no information available, VTAM issues an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0008', NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION.

When this macroinstruction completes, the RECLen field indicates how much data was written to the data area. The WHATRCV field indicates what type of data was received.

If VTAM is processing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY for a conversation and the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ISPEC for the same conversation, the QUALIFY=ISPEC request fails with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0003', RECEIVE_SPECIFIC_REJECTED. VTAM cannot allow a specific-mode RECEIVE while an any-mode RECEIVE is being processed.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the RECEIVE_IMMEDIATE verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

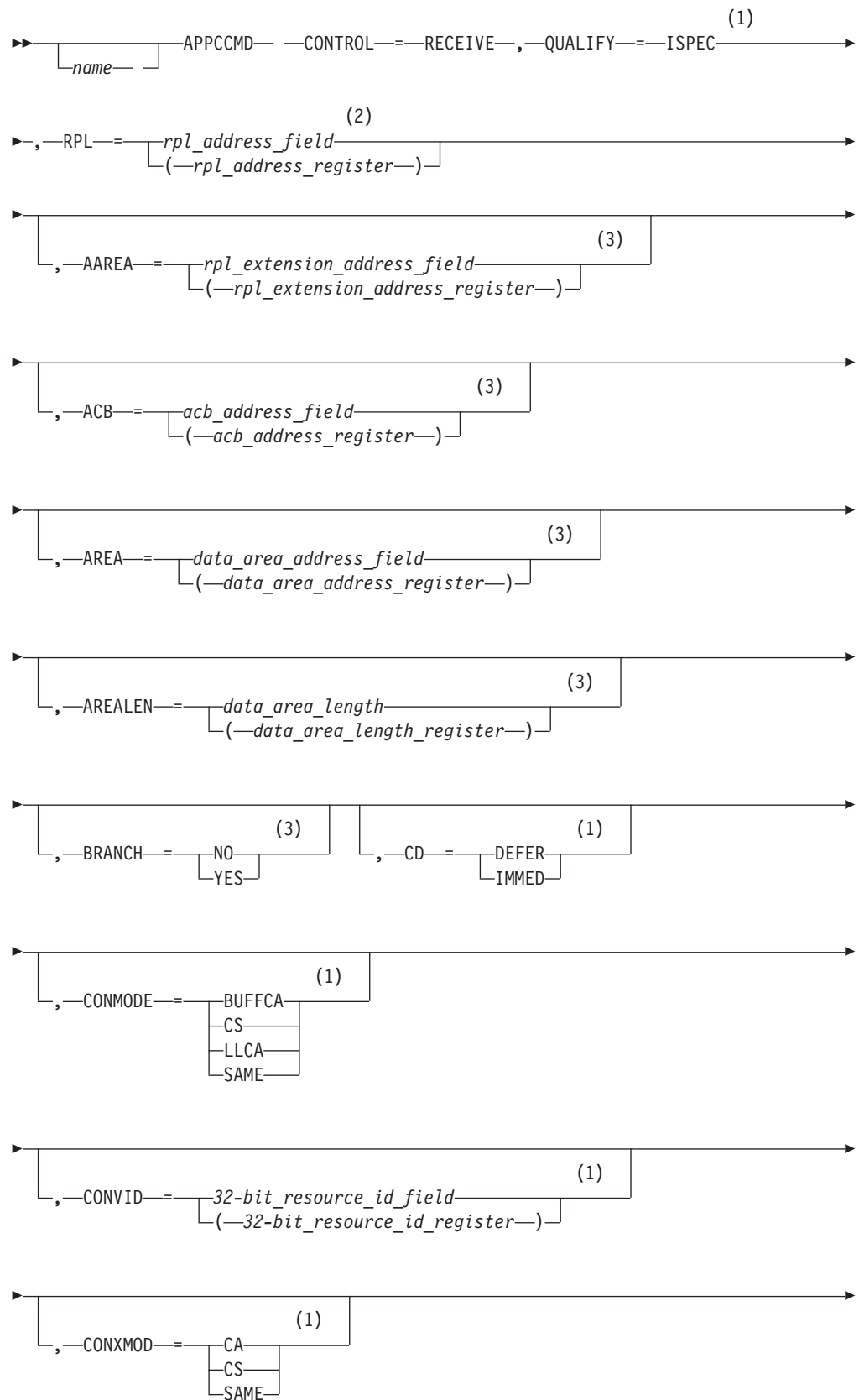
- RECEIVE
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PEND_RCV_LOG

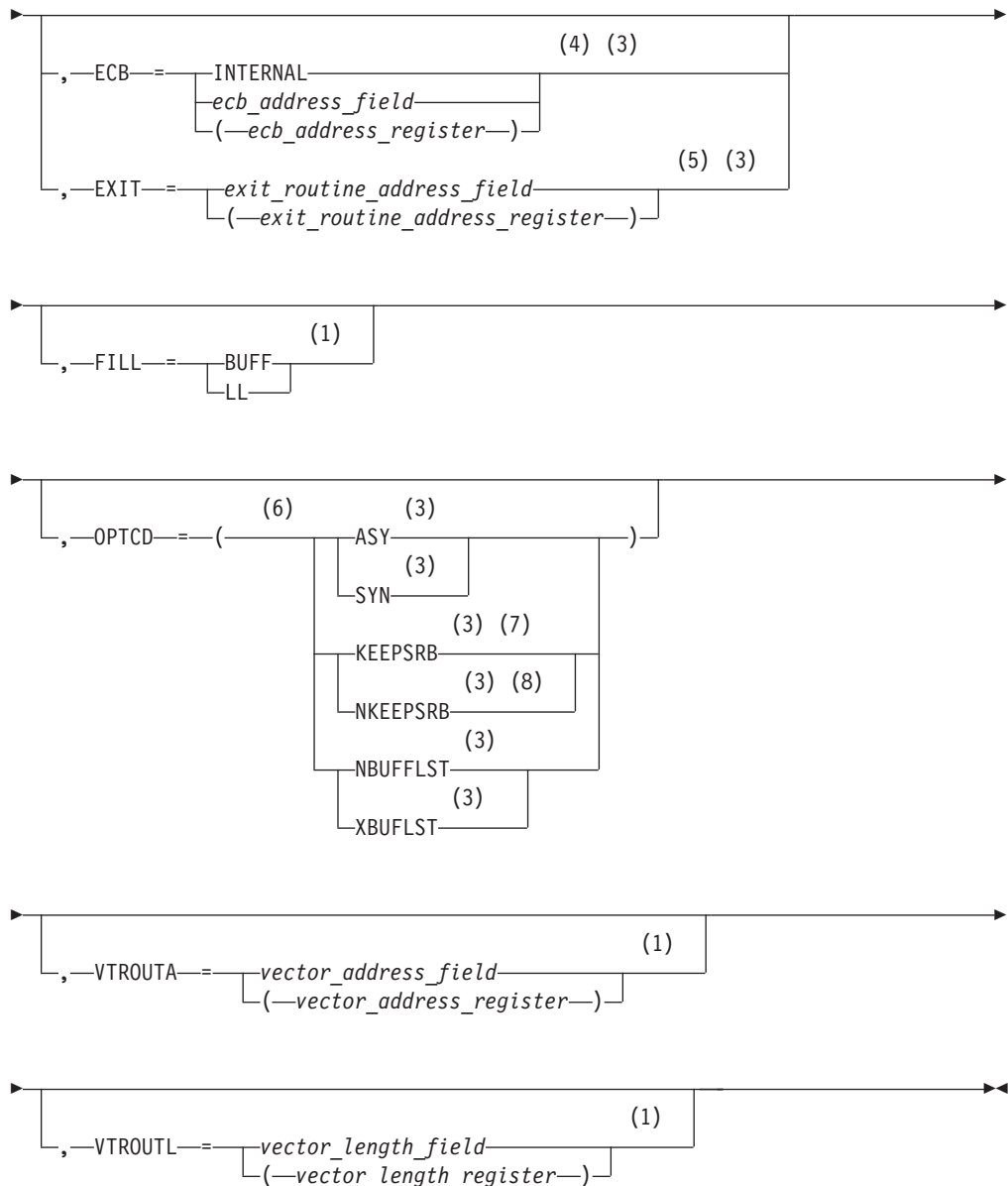
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.

- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

When OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies an address in which VTAM is to build an extended buffer list. The AREALEN field of the RPL specifies a length of this area that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer. For each list entry, VTAM provides the CSM token, data length and information necessary for the application to address the storage (address and data space ALET). Note that a large buffer list area can help prevent excessive API crossings. The format of the extended buffer list pointed to by the AREA parameter is mapped by the ISTBLXEN mapping DSECT.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive.

If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREALEN specifies the length of the area in which VTAM builds a buffer list. The buffer list in turn points to the data that has been received. The AREALEN parameter specifies an area length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PEND_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PEND_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field**ECB=(ecb_address_register)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field**EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

FILL

Specifies whether the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. This parameter corresponds to FILL=LL | BUFFER described in the LU 6.2 architecture. This field is labeled RPL6FILL in the RPL extension.

FILL=BUFF

Specifies the application program is to receive data independently of its logical-record format, up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. FILL=BUFF corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

FILL=LL

Specifies the application program is to receive one logical record, or whatever portion of the logical record is available, up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. FILL=LL corresponds to FILL=LL on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NBUFLST

Specifies that the AREA field contains the address of the area in which the application is to receive the data. The RECLLEN field specifies the length of the data area.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. VTAM builds an extended buffer list in the address specified by the AREA parameter. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer containing the data being received by the application. The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

Note: Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state must specify BRANCH=YES for HPDT requests.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

VTROUTA=*vector_address_field*

VTROUTA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, this field must point to the XBUFLST-receive vector (ISTAPC82), which is mapped by ISTAPCVL. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.)

This field is labeled RPL6VAOA in the RPL extension.

VTROUTL=*vector_length_field*

VTROUTL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6VAOL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received

by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'

PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'

PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'

SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'

SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'0048'
RESOURCE_FAILURE,_NO_RETRY

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of data the application program received. If the application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. When OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, VTAM returns the actual length of the extended buffer list that is built in the buffer list area pointed to by the AREA operand. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

- X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT in the RPL extension. The application program should examine the WHATRCV field only when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned *on* (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set *on*; the other bits will be set *off*.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the format shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Format of WHATRCV mask

RPL6RCV1		RPL6RCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	DATA	0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1	DATA_COMPLETE	1-7	Reserved
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE		
3	SEND		
4	CONFIRM		
5	DEALLOCATE		
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a discussion of the meaning of this field.

State changes

See the description of the WHATRCV mask for state changes when RCPRI indicates OK.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0003'	RECEIVE_SPECIFIC_REJECTED
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR_INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0030'	PARAMETER_ERROR—STORAGE_TYPE_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'002C'	X'0033'	PARAMETER_ERROR—A_REQUIRED_VECTOR_WAS_NOT_PROVIDED_OR_SPECIFIED_INCORRECTLY
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction receives information on a specified conversation. The conversation may be in any continuation mode.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM copies any available data from the conversation that is specified by the CONVID parameter to the data area that is specified by the AREA parameter. The AREALEN parameter specifies the length of the data area. If no data is ready to be received on the conversation, VTAM queues the macroinstruction until data arrives.

When this macroinstruction completes, the RECLen field indicates how much data was written to the data area. The WHATRCV field indicates what type of data was received.

The application program can issue this macroinstruction when the conversation is in SEND state. In this case, VTAM flushes its SEND buffer, sending all buffered information, along with the SEND indicator, to the partner LU. This changes the conversation to RECEIVE state. VTAM then waits for information to arrive. The remote application program can send data to the local application program after it receives the SEND indication.

If VTAM is processing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY for a conversation and the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC for the same conversation, the QUALIFY=SPEC request fails with an RCPRI, RCSEC return code of X'0000', X'0003'. (VTAM cannot allow a specific-mode RECEIVE while an any-mode RECEIVE is being processed because if a SEND indication was received on the any-mode RECEIVE while the specific-mode RECEIVE was being processed, a SEND indicator would erroneously be sent to the partner LU as a result of the specific-mode RECEIVE.)

This macroinstruction corresponds to the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

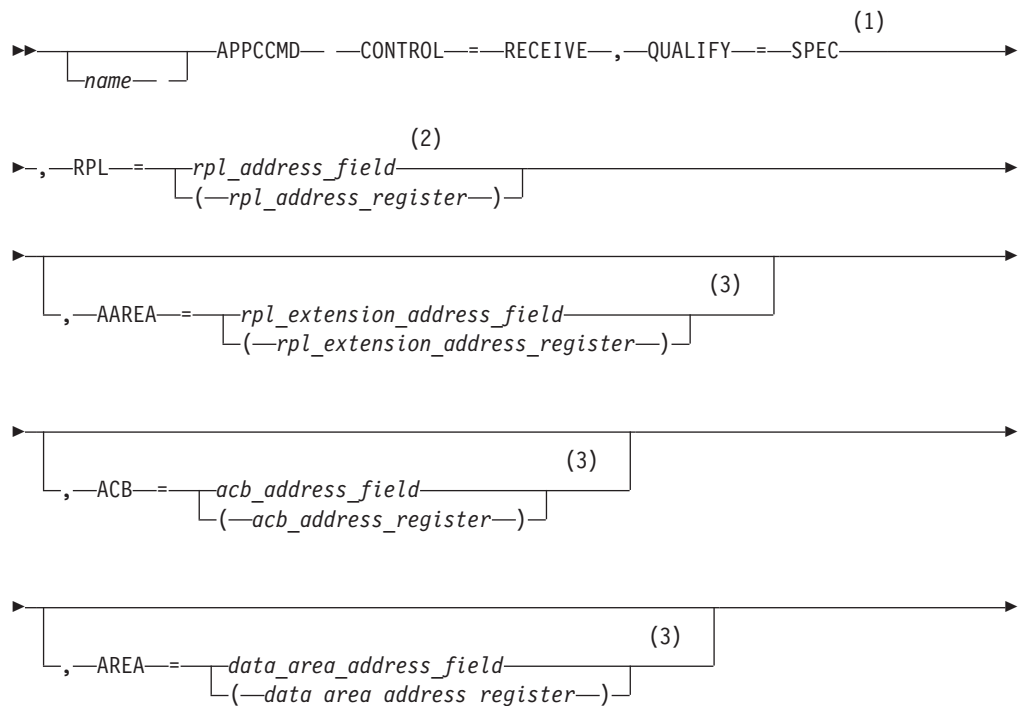
- RECEIVE
- SEND
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PEND_RCV_LOG

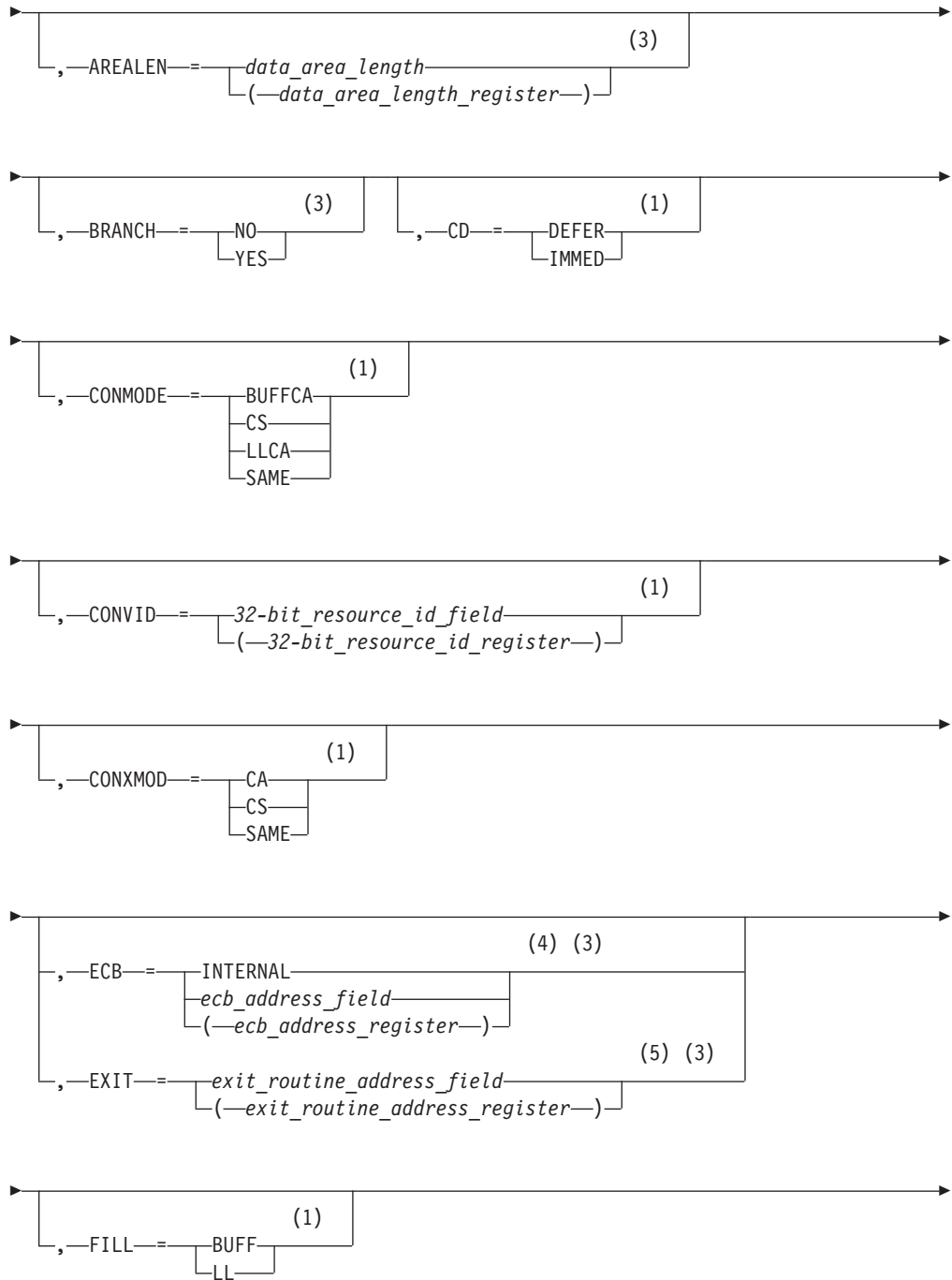
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

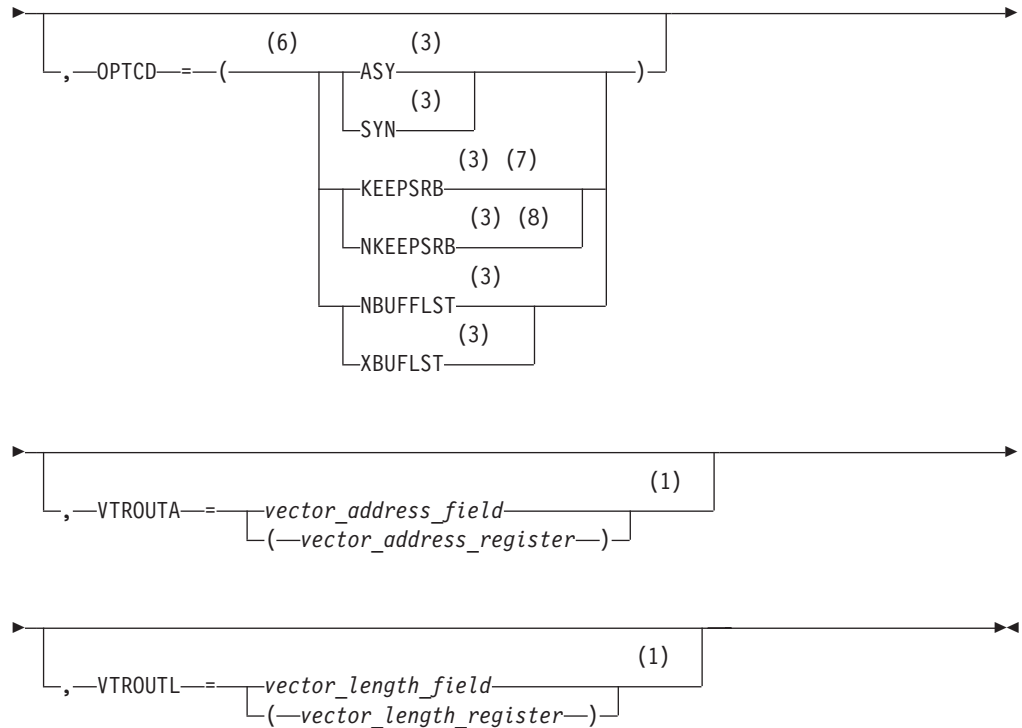
- SEND/RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax







Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the

application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

When OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies an address in which VTAM is to build an extended buffer list. The AREALEN field of the RPL specifies a length of this area that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer. For each list entry, VTAM provides the CSM token, data length and information necessary for the application to address the storage (address and data space ALET). Note that a large buffer list area can help prevent excessive API crossings. The format of the extended buffer list pointed to by the AREA parameter is mapped by the ISTBLXEN mapping DSECT.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive.

If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREALEN specifies the length of the area in which VTAM builds a buffer list. The buffer list in turn points to the data that has been received. The AREALEN parameter specifies an area length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PEND_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PEND_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

FILL

Specifies whether the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. This parameter corresponds to FILL=LL | BUFFER described in the LU 6.2 architecture. This field is labeled RPL6FILL in the RPL extension.

FILL=BUFF

Specifies the application program is to receive data independently of its logical-record format, up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. FILL=BUFF corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

FILL=LL

Specifies the application program is to receive one logical record, or whatever portion of the logical record is available, up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. FILL=LL corresponds to FILL=LL on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the AREA field contains the address of the area in which the application is to receive the data. The RECLen field specifies the length of the data area.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. VTAM builds an extended buffer list in the address specified by the AREA parameter. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer containing the data being received by the application. The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

Note: Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state must specify BRANCH=YES for HPDT requests.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

VTROUTA=*vector_address_field*

VTROUTA=(*vector_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, this field must point to the XBUFLST-receive vector (ISTAPC82), which is mapped by ISTAPCVL. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.)

This field is labeled RPL6VAOA in the RPL extension.

VTROUTL=*vector_length_field*

VTROUTL=(*vector_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6VAOL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'

PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'

PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'

SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'

SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'

SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'0048'

RESOURCE_FAILURE,_NO_RETRY

X'005C'

USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return

code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual amount of data the application program received. If the application program receives information other than data, this variable is set to 0. When OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, VTAM returns the actual length of the extended buffer list that is built in the buffer list area pointed to by the AREA operand. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns a mask specifying what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT in the RPL. The application program should examine this WHATRCV mask only when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned *on* (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set *on*; the other bits will be set *off*.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the following format.

RPL6RCV1		RPL6RCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	DATA	0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1	DATA_COMPLETE	1-7	Reserved
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE		
3	SEND		
4	CONFIRM		
5	DEALLOCATE		
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a discussion of the meaning of this field.

State changes

See the description of the WHATRCV mask for state changes when RCPRI indicates OK.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0003'	RECEIVE_SPECIFIC_REJECTED
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0030'	PARAMETER_ERROR— STORAGE_TYPE_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'002C'	X'0033'	PARAMETER_ERROR— A_REQUIRED_VECTOR_WAS_NOT_PROVIDED_ OR_SPECIFIED_INCORRECTLY
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_ RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV

Purpose

This macroinstruction deallocates a conversation abnormally as well as its underlying session when the application program detects a protocol violation on the conversation.

If the conversation is no longer associated with a session when APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV is issued, VTAM does not unbind the session.

Usage

When the application program detects a protocol violation on the conversation, it issues this macroinstruction and specifies a sense code on the SENSE parameter. VTAM deallocates the conversation first. If the conversation is still associated with a session, VTAM deactivates the session by issuing an UNBIND of type X'FE', which contains the user-specified sense code. Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a list of valid UNBIND sense codes.

As an example, suppose the local application program issues an APPCCMD macroinstruction that completes with a return code of PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC and LOGRCV=YES, which indicates that an error is detected and that the partner LU is sending error log data. Also, suppose the local application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC to receive the error log data and either no data is received or the data that is received is not error-log data. This means that the partner LU committed a protocol violation, and the application program could issue this macroinstruction to end the conversation and session.

APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV can be issued to cancel an APPCCMD macroinstruction that was issued on the conversation previously. However, it cannot cancel an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY, or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY macroinstruction that has not been matched to a conversation. Nor can it cancel an APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV macroinstruction that was issued previously for the same conversation or an APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=ALL|IALL.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM

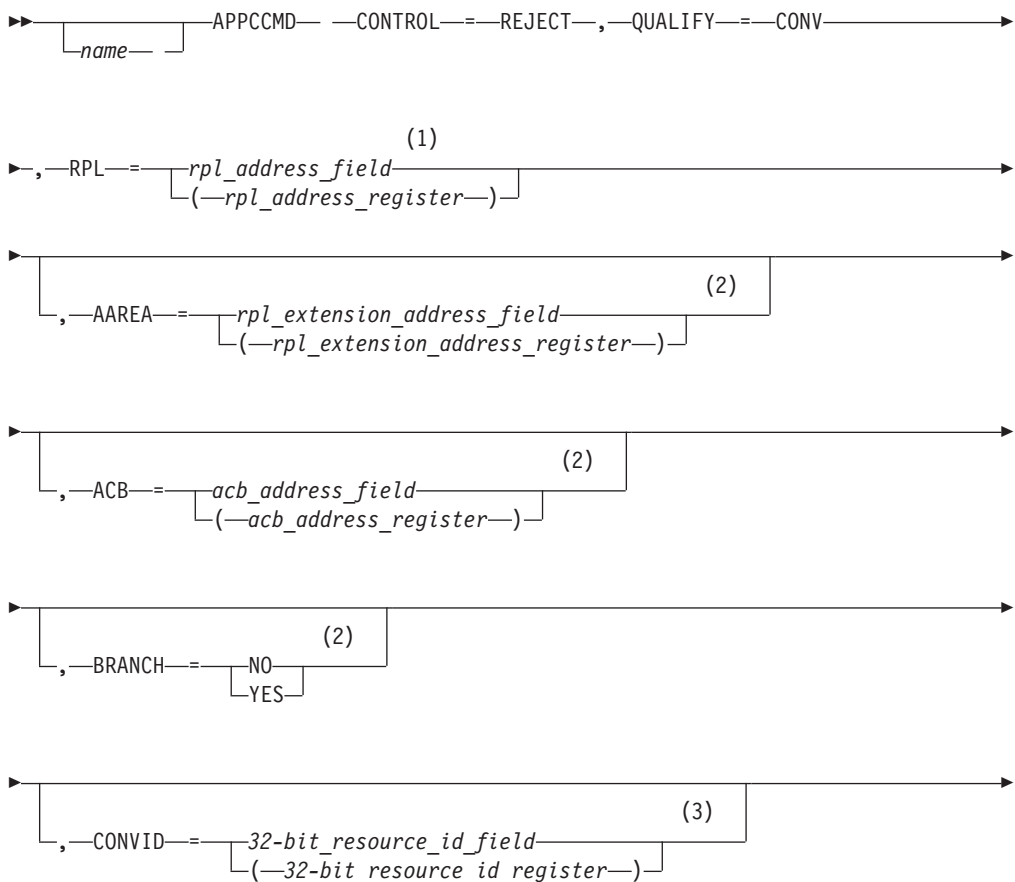
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PENDING_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_SEND
- PEND_RCV_LOG

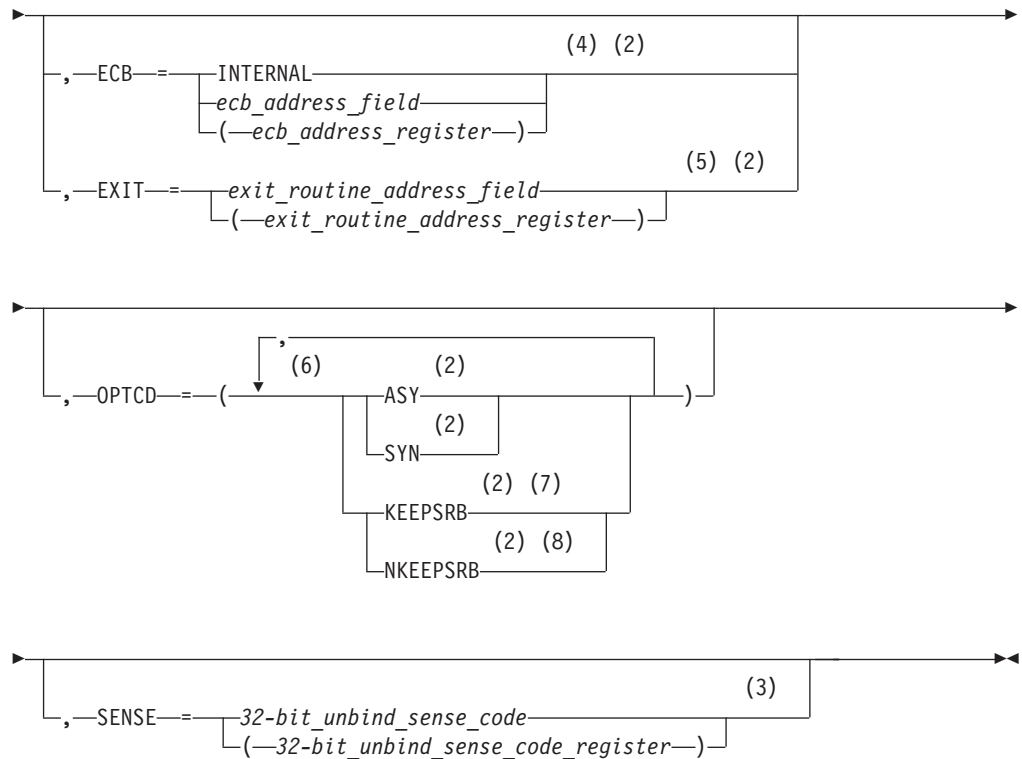
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field**CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)**

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing the APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource. The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE=*32-bit_unbind_sense_code*

SENSE=(*32-bit_unbind_sense_code_register*)

Indicates the reason for the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT macroinstruction. This field specifies a 32-bit UNBIND (X'FE') sense code. VTAM generates an UNBIND (X'FE') carrying the supplied sense code and ends the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on sense codes.)

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following value:

X'08' END_CONVERSATION

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following value:

X'80' FDX_RESET

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is END_CONV after successful processing.

For full-duplex conversations, the conversations state is FDX_RESET after successful processing.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0020'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_REJECT_REQUEST_OUTSTANDING
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONVGRP

Purpose

This macroinstruction deactivates the session associated with the conversation group and any conversations matched to the session. The application program specifies, through the deactivation type code, that either a protocol violation has occurred or cleanup is necessary.

Usage

If the application program detects a protocol violation committed by the partner LU or if the architected processing indicates that a cleanup deactivation of the session should occur, the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONVGRP to terminate the session. This session can have an active conversation associated with it. If so, the conversation fails with an indication of an abnormal termination.

By using the deactivation type (DEACTYP) parameter, the application program can indicate that VTAM should send either an UNBIND PROTOCOL_VIOLATION (X'FE') or an UNBIND CLEANUP (X'0F') to deactivate the session. If the deactivation type parameter is omitted, or is equal to a value other than X'0F' or X'FE', VTAM generates an UNBIND (X'0F'). The sense code parameter is valid only if UNBIND (X'FE') is specified.

The application program must specify the conversation group that is to be deactivated. To do this, it uses the CGID parameters to specify the conversation group identifier.

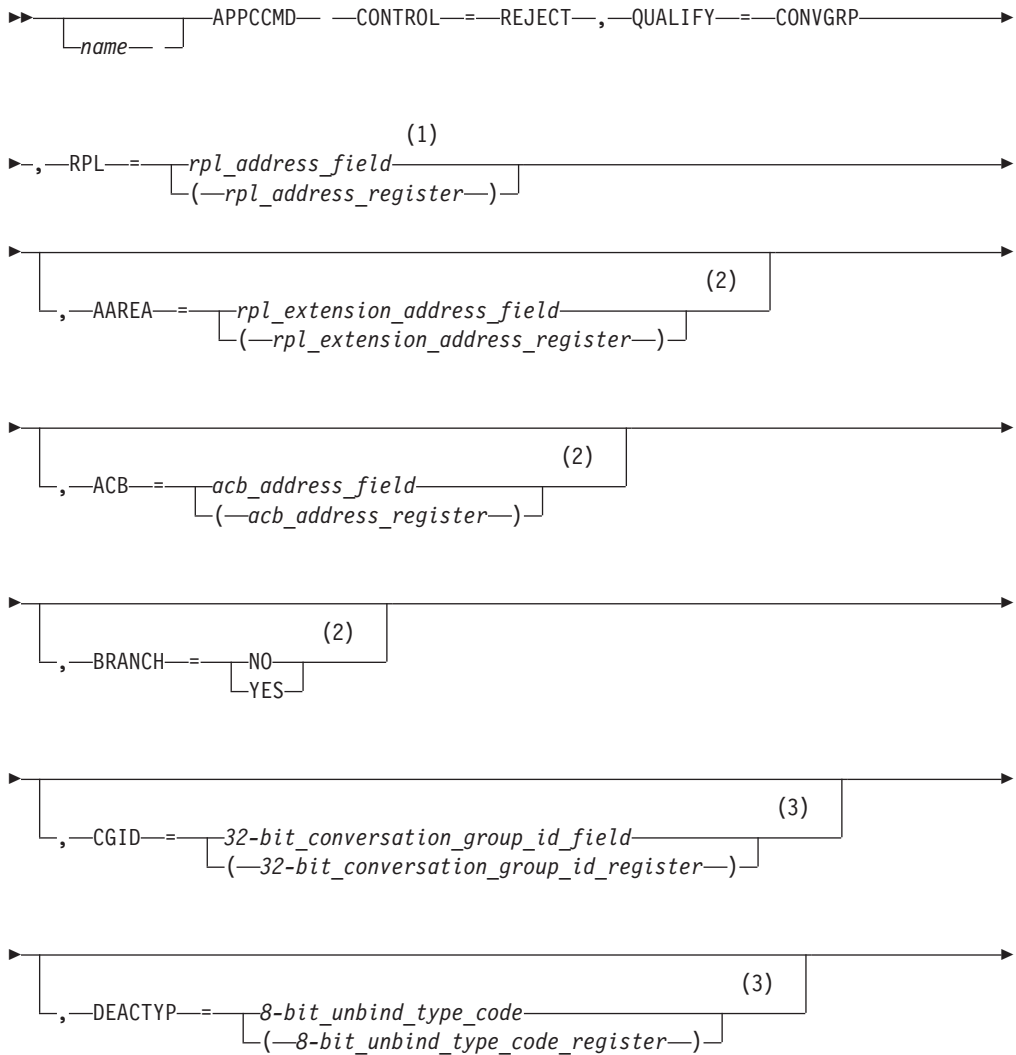
VTAM posts the application program with successful return codes if no session is active with the specified conversation group identifier.

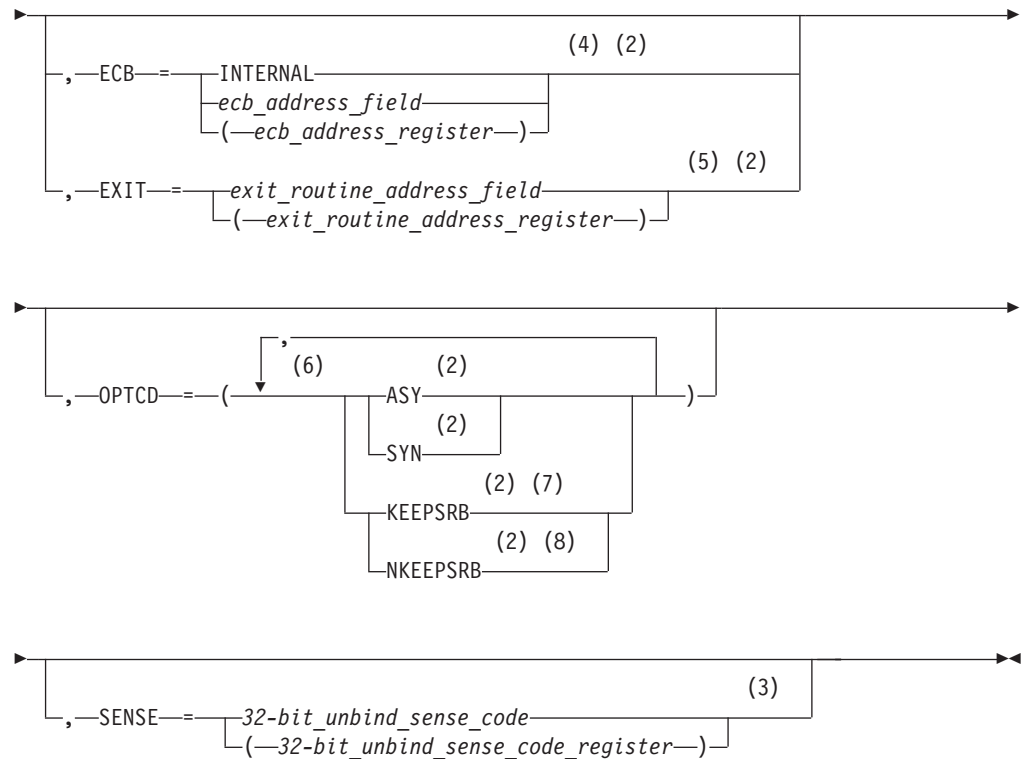
APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONVGRP can be issued without knowledge of any conversations associated with the specified session through the CGID parameter. It corresponds to the DEACTIVATE_CONVERSATION_GROUP verb in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and therefore is not conversation-state-driven.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CGID=32-bit_conversation_group_id_field**CGID=(32-bit_conversation_group_id_register)**

Specifies the 32-bit conversation group ID.

This value can be obtained from a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, CONTROL=PREALLOC, or CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. If the CGID operand is not specified, VTAM uses the conversation group ID that is already in the RPL6CGID field on the RPL extension.

The conversation group ID identifies a specific session between two specific LUs. It provides a means by which a VTAM LU 6.2 application program and its partner LU can share serially the same session.

DEACTYP=8-bit_unbind_type_code**DEACTYP=(8-bit_unbind_type_code_register)**

The UNBIND type code can be specified as cleanup (X'0F') or as protocol violation (X'FE'). If DEACTYP specifies cleanup, the value specified on the SENSE operand will be ignored. However, if DEACTYP specifies protocol error, the UNBIND will flow with the sense code specified by the SENSE operand. If the DEACTYP operand is omitted or a value other than X'0F' or X'FE' is entered, VTAM will generate an UNBIND of X'0F'. The application program can be posted with a return code of INVALID_DEACTIVATION_TYPE_CODE, but the session may still have been deactivated successfully. This field is labeled RPL6DETP in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field**ECB=(ecb_address_register)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field**EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field**RPL=(rpl_address_register)**

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE=32-bit_unbind_sense_code**SENSE=(32-bit_unbind_sense_code_register)**

Indicates the reason for the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT macroinstruction. This field specifies a 32-bit UNBIND (X'FE') sense code. VTAM generates an UNBIND (X'FE') carrying the supplied sense code and ends the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on sense codes.)

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

Conversation states do not apply to this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, “Return codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0020'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_REJECT_REQUEST_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0027'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DEACTIVATION_TYPE_ CODE
X'002C'	X'002A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CGID_VALUE_SPECIFIED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION

Purpose

This macroinstruction deactivates the session and any conversation matched to this session. The application program specifies, through the deactivation type code, that either a protocol violation has occurred or cleanup is necessary.

Usage

If the application program detects a protocol violation committed by the partner LU or if the architected processing indicates that a cleanup deactivation of the session should occur, the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION to terminate the session. This session can have an active conversation associated with it. If so, the conversation fails with an indication of an abnormal termination. The application must issue an APPCCMD to receive the conversation failure notification and cause conversation cleanup.

By using the deactivation type (DEACTYP) parameter, the application program can indicate that VTAM should send either an UNBIND PROTOCOL_VIOLATION (X'FE') or an UNBIND CLEANUP (X'0F') to deactivate the session. If the deactivation type parameter is omitted, or is equal to a value other than X'0F' or X'FE', VTAM generates an UNBIND (X'0F'). The sense code parameter is ignored unless an UNBIND (X'FE') is specified.

The application program must specify the session that is to be deactivated. To do this, it uses the SESSID and SESSIDL parameters to specify the session instance identifier. These parameters were made available to the conversation at conversation allocation from the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction and the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction.

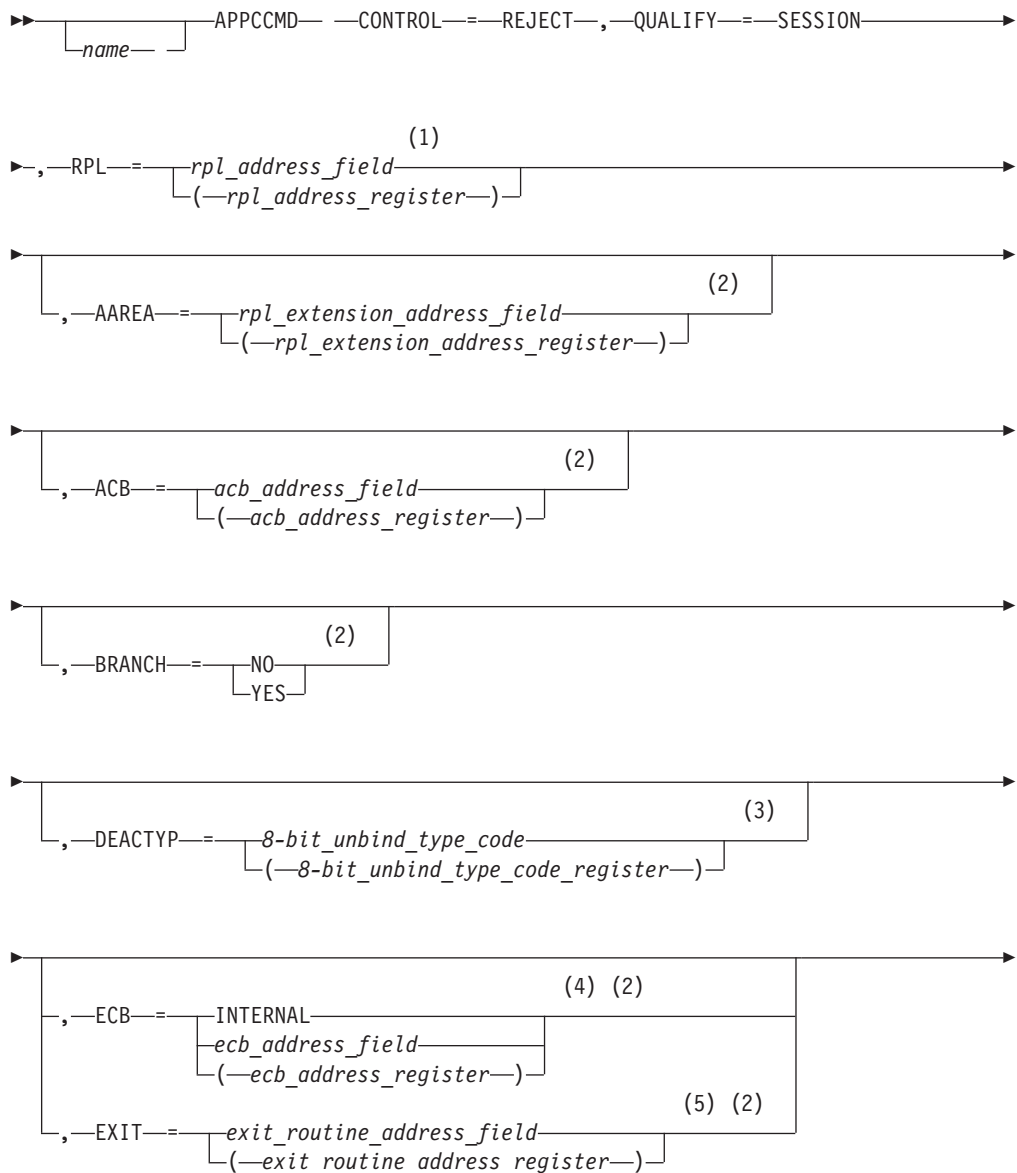
VTAM posts the application program with successful return codes if no session is active with the specified session identifier and session identifier length.

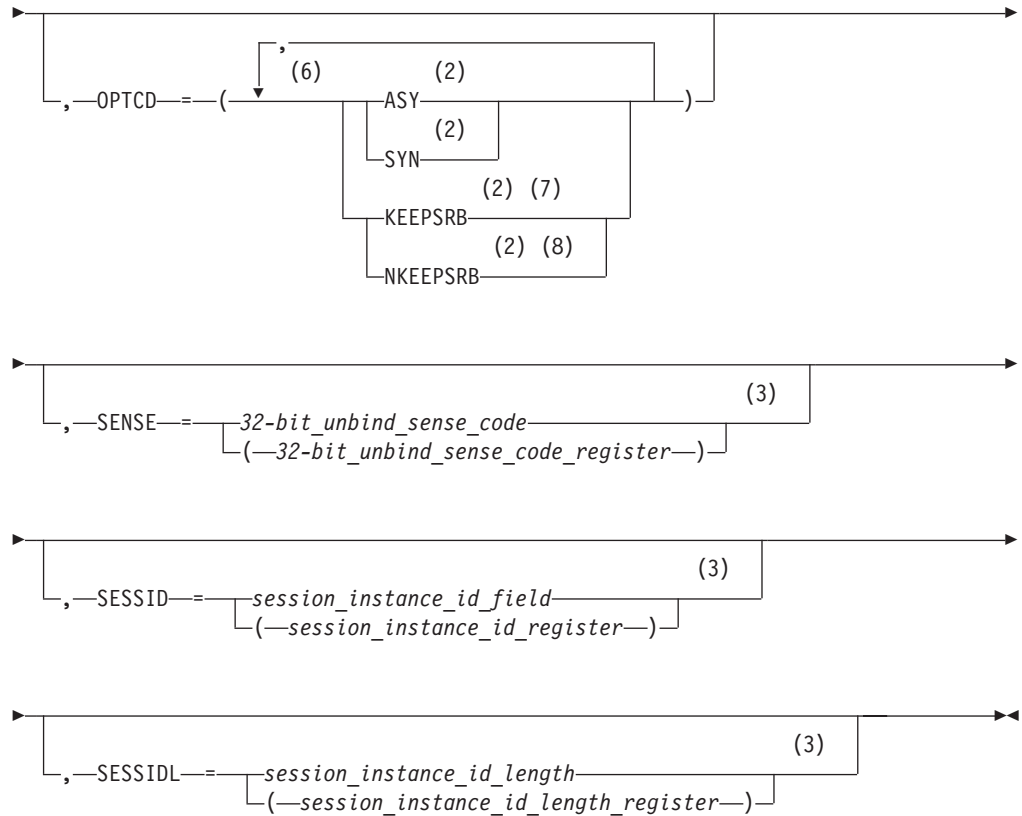
APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION can be issued without knowledge of any conversations associated with the specified session through the SESSID parameter.

Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and therefore is not conversation-state-driven.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

DEACTYP=*8-bit_unbind_type_code*

DEACTYP=(*8-bit_unbind_type_code_register*)

The UNBIND type code can be specified as cleanup (X'0F') or as protocol violation (X'FE'). If DEACTYP specifies cleanup, the value specified on the SENSE operand will be ignored. However, if DEACTYP specifies protocol error, the UNBIND will flow with the sense code specified by the SENSE operand. If the DEACTYP operand is omitted or a value other than X'0F' or X'FE' is entered, VTAM will generate an UNBIND of X'0F'. The application program can be posted with a return code of INVALID_DEACTIVATION_TYPE_CODE, but the session may still have been deactivated successfully. This field is labeled RPL6DETP in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled

when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE=*32-bit_unbind_sense_code*

SENSE=(*32-bit_unbind_sense_code_register*)

Indicates the reason for the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT macroinstruction. This field specifies a 32-bit UNBIND (X'FE') sense code. VTAM generates an UNBIND (X'FE') carrying the supplied sense code and ends the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on sense codes.)

SESSID=*session_instance_id_field*

SESSID=(*session_instance_id_register*)

Specifies the session to be deactivated. The session instance identifier must refer to an active session. (A session must be activated before it can be deactivated.) The session instance identifier is passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. A session that is in pending activation state cannot be specified. A conversation that is matched to this session fails with a session outage notification. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL=*session_instance_id_length*

SESSIDL=(*session_instance_id_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session instance ID. The value specified must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 8. The session instance ID length was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD

CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction.
This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

State changes

Conversation states do not apply to this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0020'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_REJECT_REQUEST_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0023'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0027'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DEACTIVATION_TYPE_CODE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=RESETRCV

Purpose

This macroinstruction changes the existing continuation modes of a conversation. For example, it can change the conversation from continue-specific (CS) mode to logical-record-continue-any (LLCA) mode for receiving normal information.

This macroinstruction can also change the existing mode for receiving expedited information.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM changes the continuation mode for receiving normal information of the conversation specified with the CONVID parameter to the continuation mode specified on the CONMODE parameter.

VTAM also changes the expedited information mode of the conversation specified with the CONXMOD parameter to the expedited information mode specified on the CONXMOD parameter.

For a complete discussion of continuation modes and an example of how this macroinstruction can be used, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PEND_END_CONV_LOG

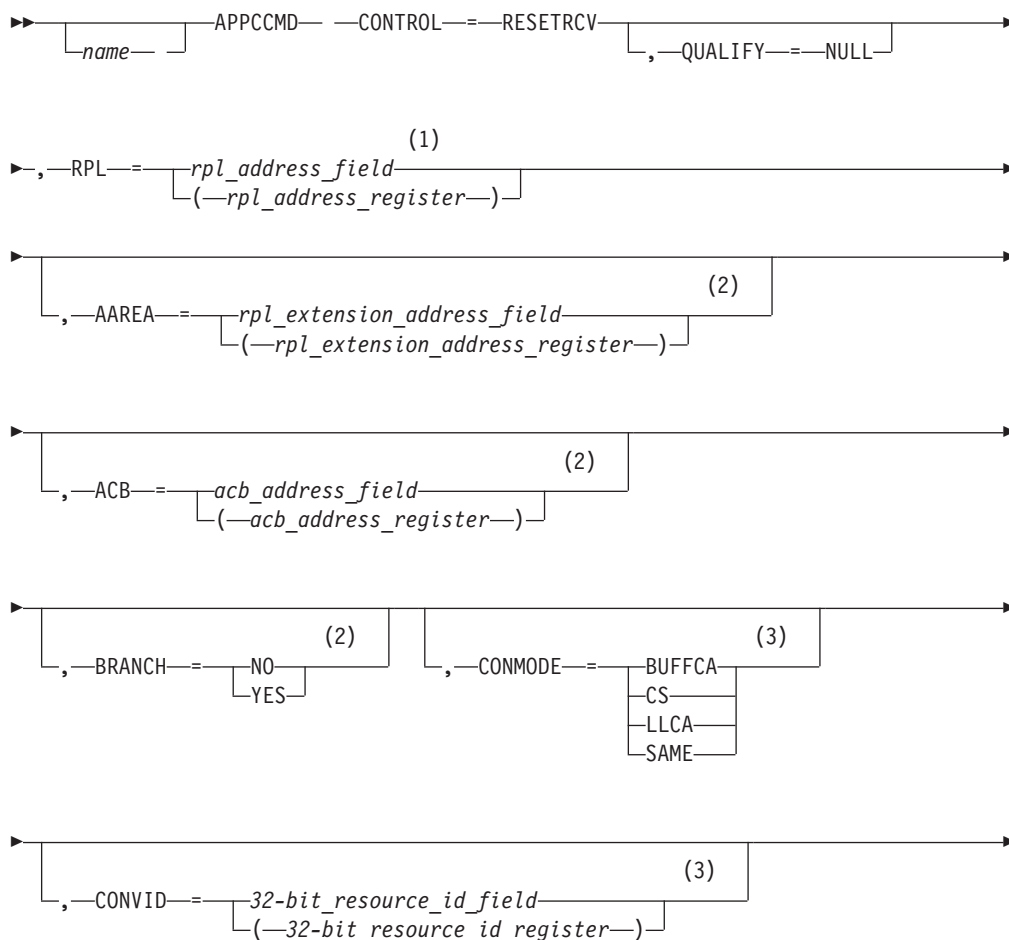
- PEND_RCV_LOG

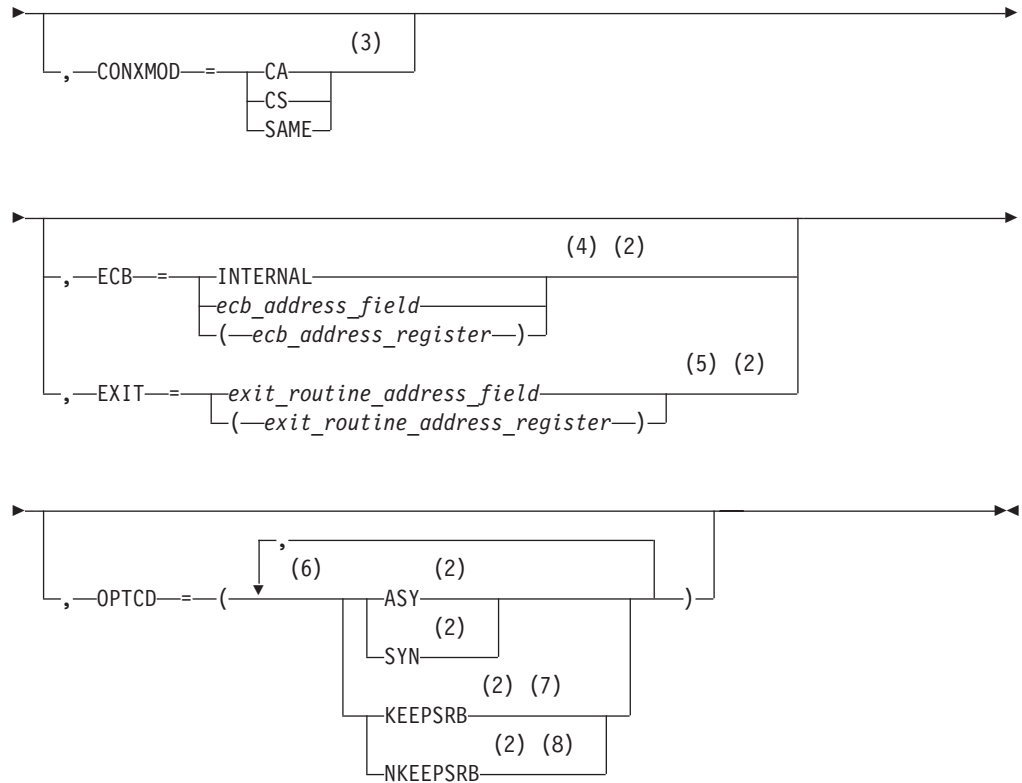
For full-duplex conversation, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversations states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field

ECB=(ecb_address_register)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field

EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program

immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing this APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource (that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex, or on the SEND queue if the conversation is full-duplex) until the command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV macroinstruction and the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstruction. The application program can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the RECEIVE (if the conversation is full-duplex), EXPEDITED SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE, and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing the APPCCMD on a full-duplex conversation.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND

X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can contain the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

X'82' SEND_ONLY

X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM

places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

There are no state changes associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFIRM

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends a confirmation request on a half-duplex conversation to a remote application program and waits for a confirmation reply (either synchronously or asynchronously).

Usage

This macroinstruction can be used only for half-duplex conversations.

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM flushes the SEND buffer of the specified conversation and sends a confirmation request. This macroinstruction completes only after the partner LU receives the confirmation request and issues APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFIRM.

This macroinstruction enables the local and remote application programs to synchronize their processing with one another. The application program can use this APPCCMD for various transaction program-level functions. For example:

- The application program can issue this APPCCMD immediately after an APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction in order to determine whether the allocation of the conversation is successful before sending any data.
- The application program can issue this APPCCMD as a request for acknowledgment of data that it sent to the remote program.

The application program must ensure that APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFIRM is not issued by a transaction program against a conversation that was allocated with a synchronization level of NONE.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the CONFIRM verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

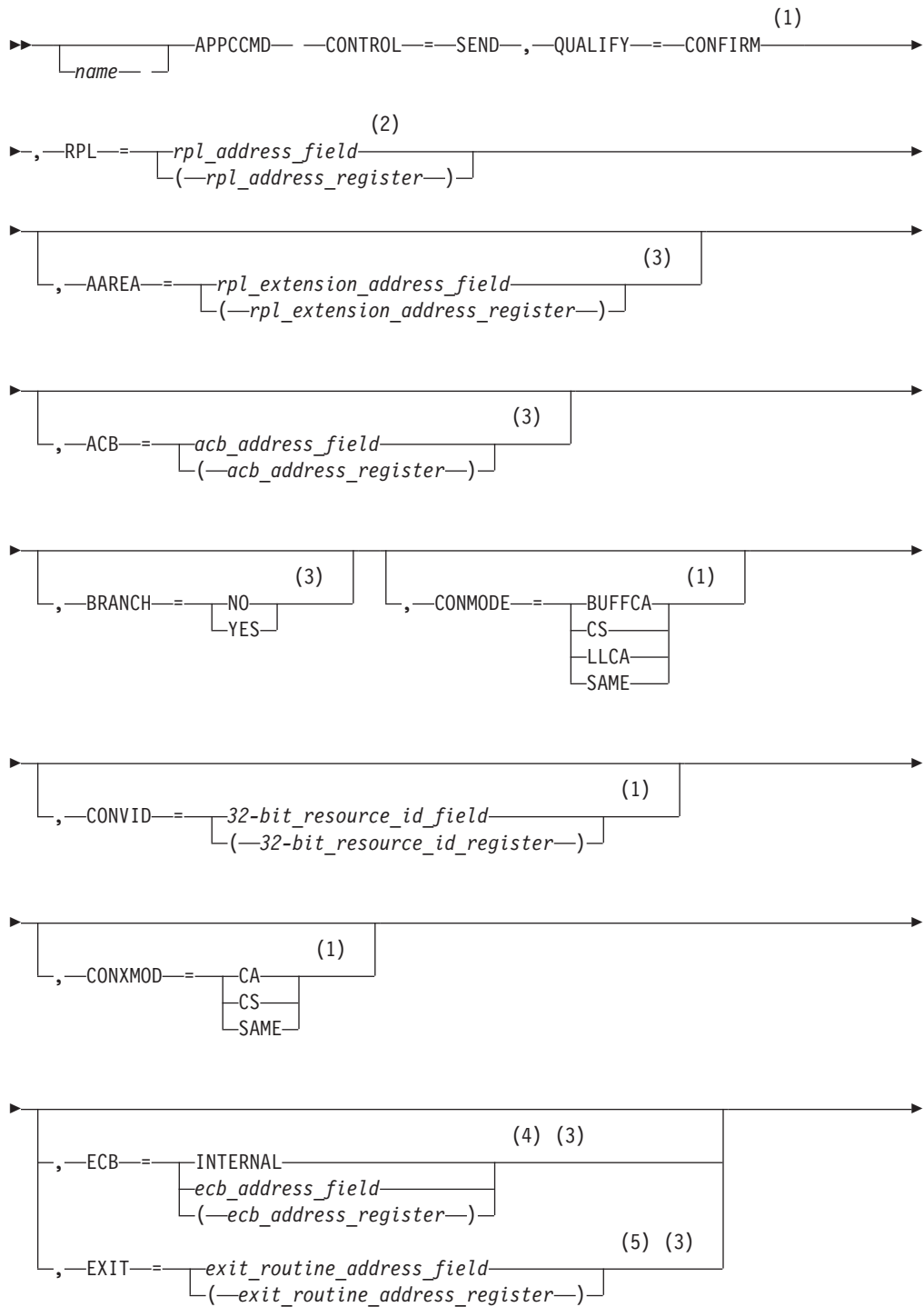
For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from following conversation states:

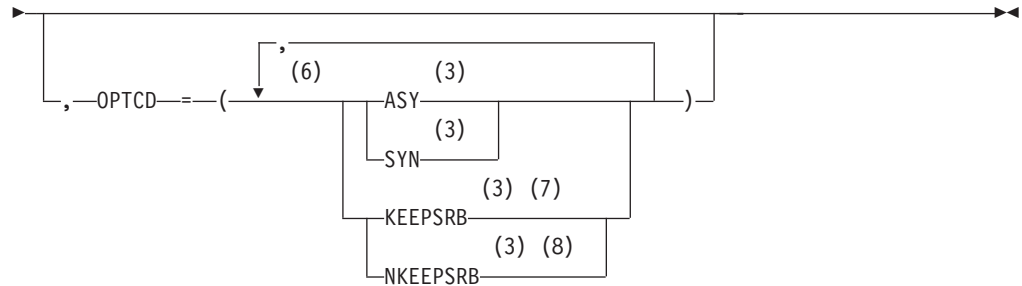
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning

only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

- X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

There are no state changes associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (REMOTE PROGRAM REPLIED AFFIRMATIVELY)
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ INVALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=CONFRMD

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends a positive confirmation reply to the remote application program on a half-duplex conversation.

Usage

This macroinstruction can only be used for half-duplex conversations.

When the application program receives a CONFIRM indication in the WHATRCV field after an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction, the application issues this macroinstruction to indicate that all the data that was sent by the CONFIRM indication has been received and is acceptable. This allows an application program to synchronize processing with its partner application.

If the application program receives a CONFIRM indication and it detects an error in the data it received before the CONFIRM, it can issue APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR to send a negative reply to the CONFIRM.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the CONFIRMED verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

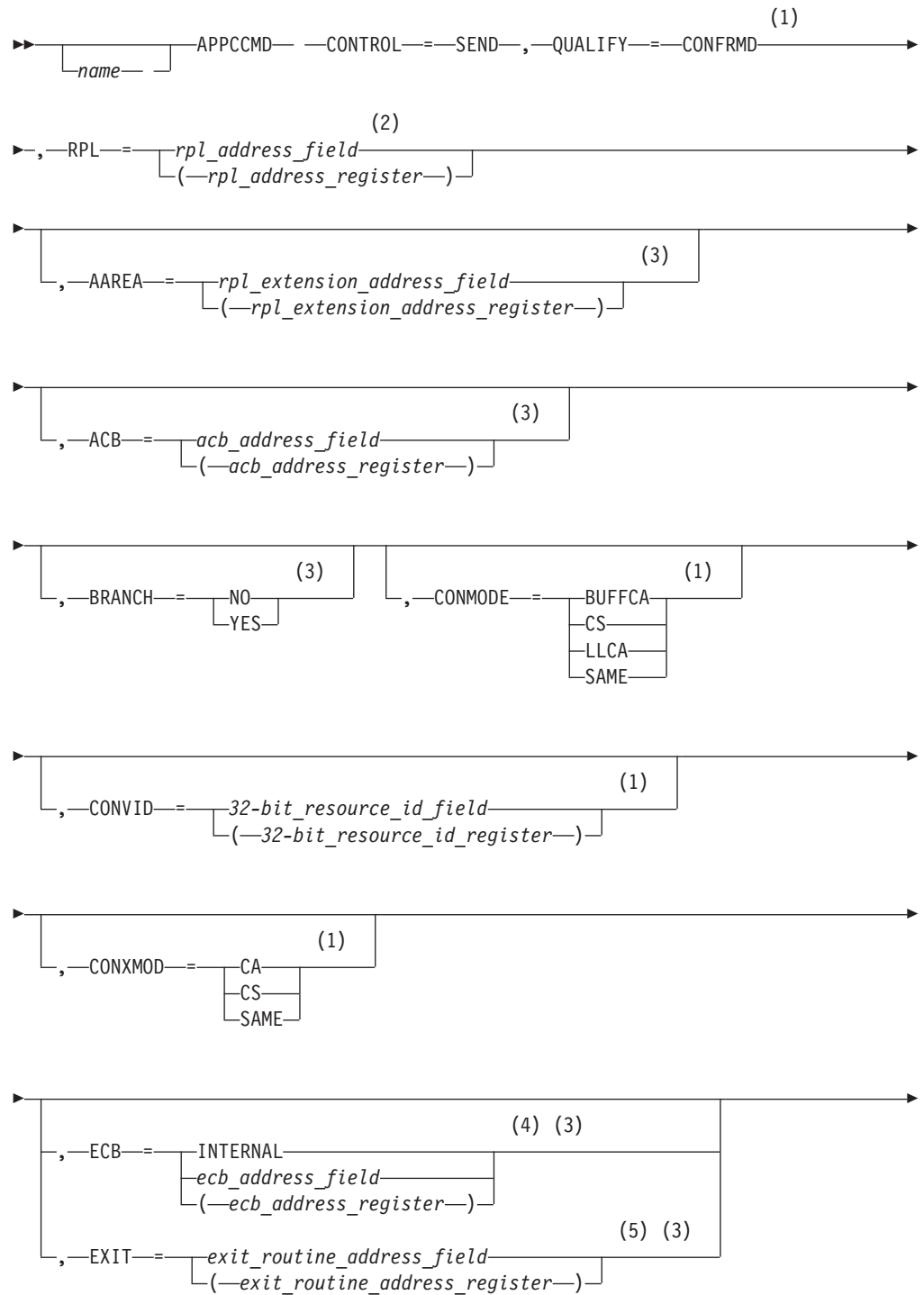
This macroinstruction may only be issued from the following conversation states on a half-duplex conversation:

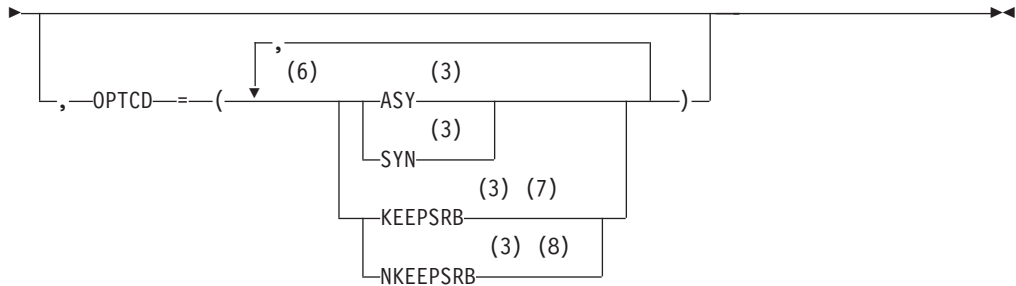
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE

This macroinstruction is not allowed on a full-duplex conversation.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=***(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=***(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(epl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary

return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

RECEIVE state is entered when an indicator of CONFIRM, DATA_CONFIRM, or DATA_COMPLETE_CONFIRM was received on the preceding APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE.

SEND state is entered when an indicator of CONFIRM_SEND, DATA_CONFIRM_SEND, or DATA_COMPLETE_CONFIRM_SEND was received on the preceding APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE.

END_CONV state is entered when an indicator of CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE, DATA_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE, or DATA_COMPLETE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE was received on the preceding APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (PARTNER LU REPLIED AFFIRMATIVELY)
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_INVALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data to a partner LU.

Usage

This macroinstruction transfers data that is specified by the AREA parameter into the SEND buffer of the conversation that is specified by the CONVID parameter. When there is more data in the conversation's SEND buffer than the maximum RU size for the conversation's session, an RU is sent to the partner LU. If the data does not exceed a maximum RU size, the data in the buffer remains there until the application program sends more data or causes the SEND buffer to be flushed.

Note: If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified on this macroinstruction, all of the data is sent to the partner LU, even if the data does not exceed the maximum RU size.

The AREA parameter can specify a single data area to be sent, or it can specify a buffer list that points to multiple data areas to be sent. The OPTCD parameter specifies which of these methods is used.

For a complete discussion of sending data, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_DATA verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

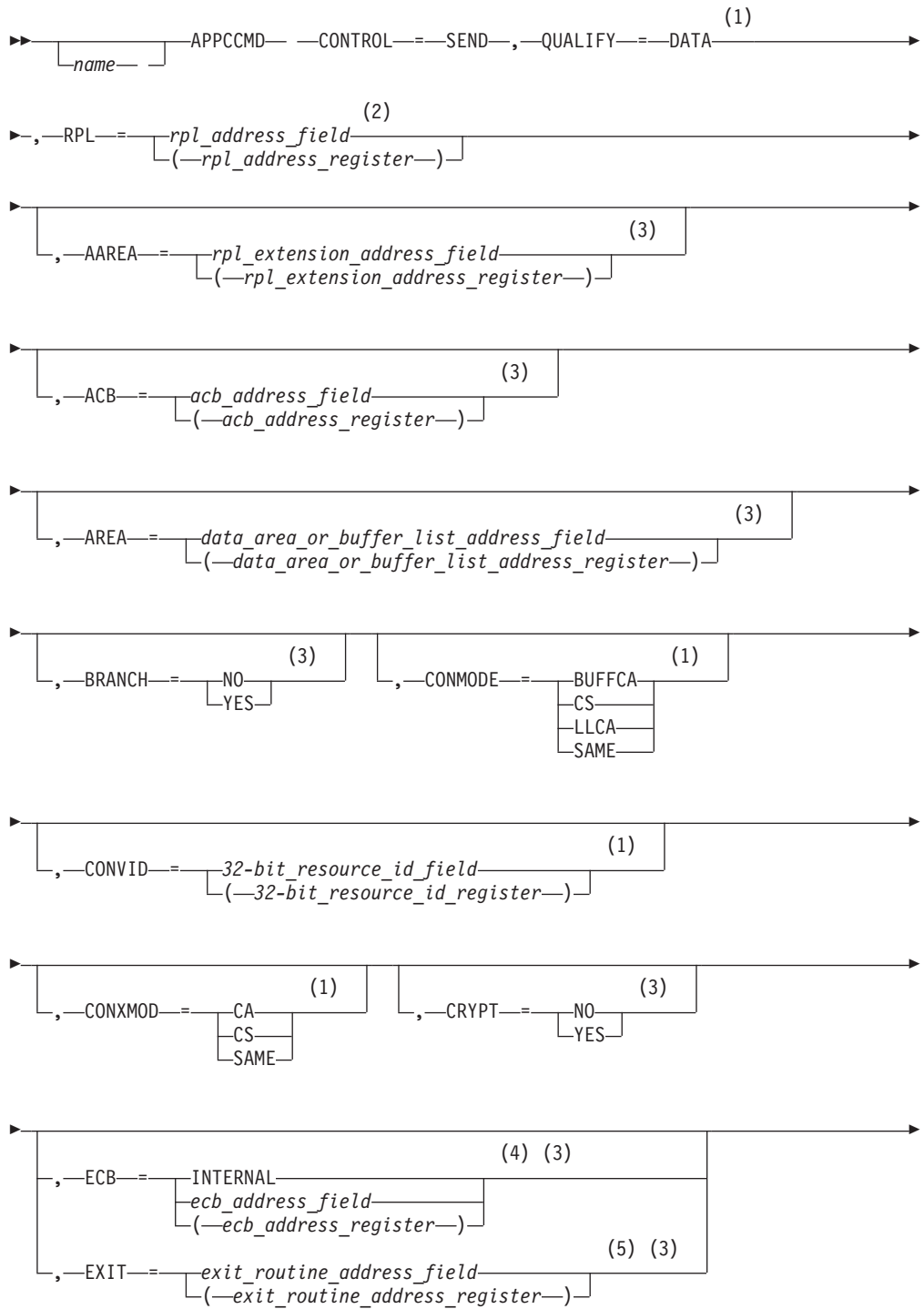
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

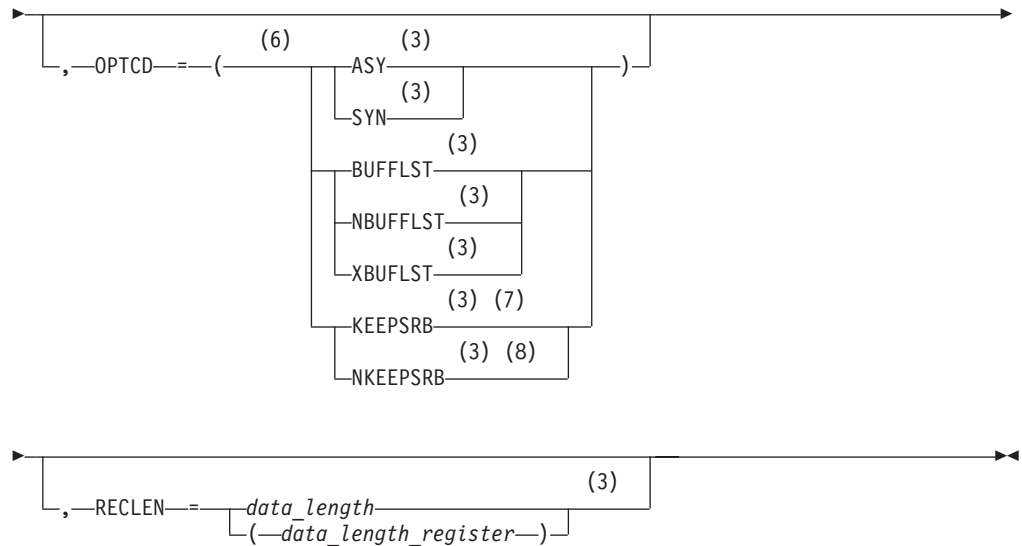
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field

AREA=(data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

When OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified on this macroinstruction, VTAM performs an internal flush of any data remaining in the send buffer, even if it does not exceed the maximum RU size.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=***(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=***(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource (that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex or on the SEND queue if the conversation is full-duplex) until the command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV and the abnormal termination APPCCMD

CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the RECEIVE (if the conversation is full-duplex), EXPEDITED SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE, and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing the APPCCMD on a full-duplex conversation.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is

rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010'
(INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*data_length*

RECLN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can contain the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

Note: The LOGRCV field is reserved if this macroinstruction is issued on a full-duplex conversation.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. The application program must perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data, and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018' DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C' DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030' PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034' PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038' PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C' SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040' SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044' SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C' USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled

RPL6SNSI in the RPL. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be

associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED— ALLOCATION_ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—UNKNOWN_ERROR_CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATACON

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data that is supplied by the application program and any data that is already in the SEND buffer to a partner application program on a half-duplex conversation. The data is followed by a confirmation request.

Usage

This macroinstruction can only be used on a half-duplex conversation.

VTAM places the data specified by the AREA parameter in the SEND buffer of the conversation specified by the CONVID parameter. VTAM sends all data in the SEND buffer to the partner LU. The data is followed by a confirmation request. This macroinstruction completes only after a confirmation reply is received from the partner LU. The application program must ensure that the data that it sends completes a logical record.

For more information on sending and responding to confirmation requests, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_DATA followed by CONFIRM verbs described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

This macroinstruction can be issued on a half-duplex conversation from the following conversation states:

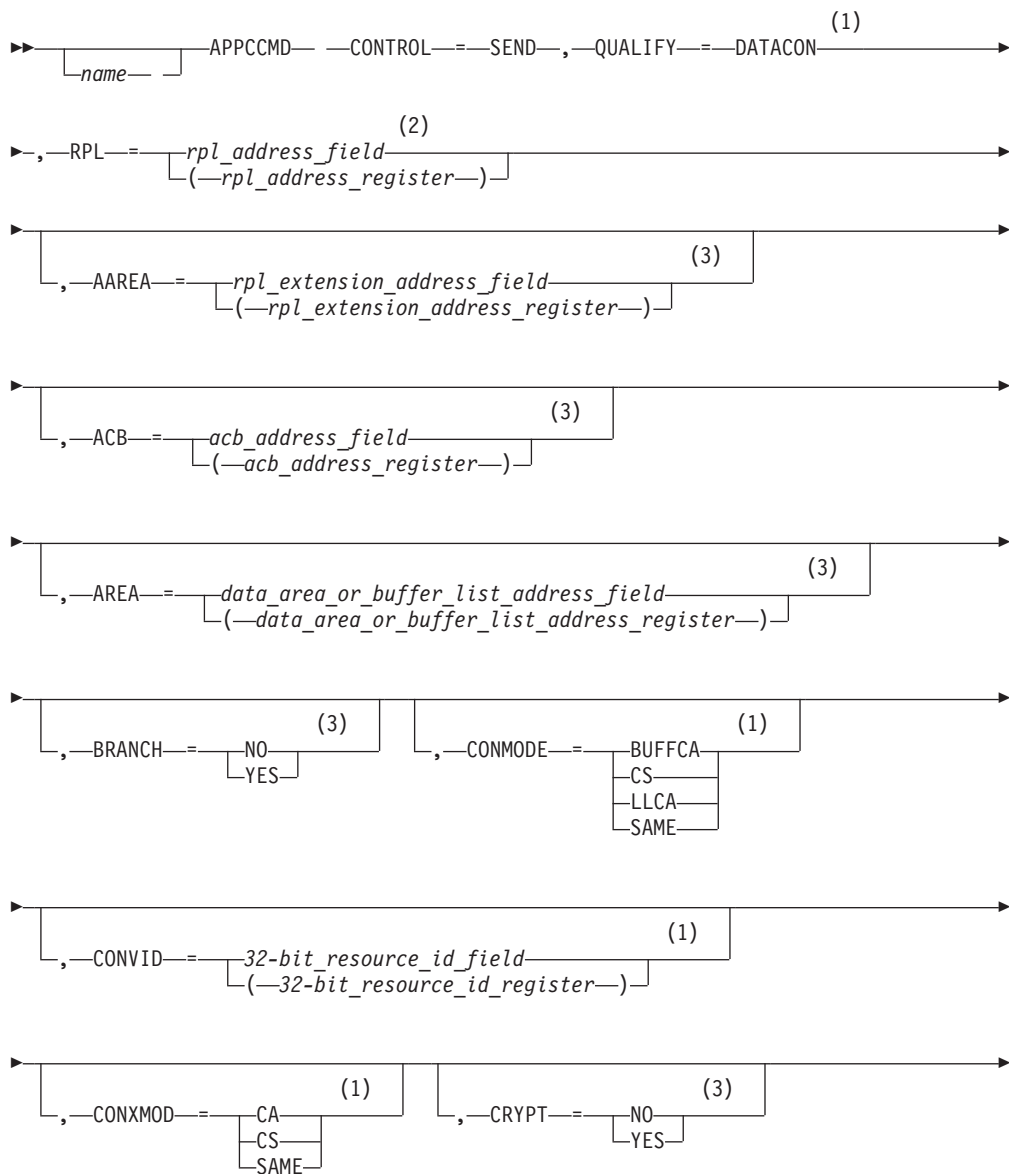
- SEND

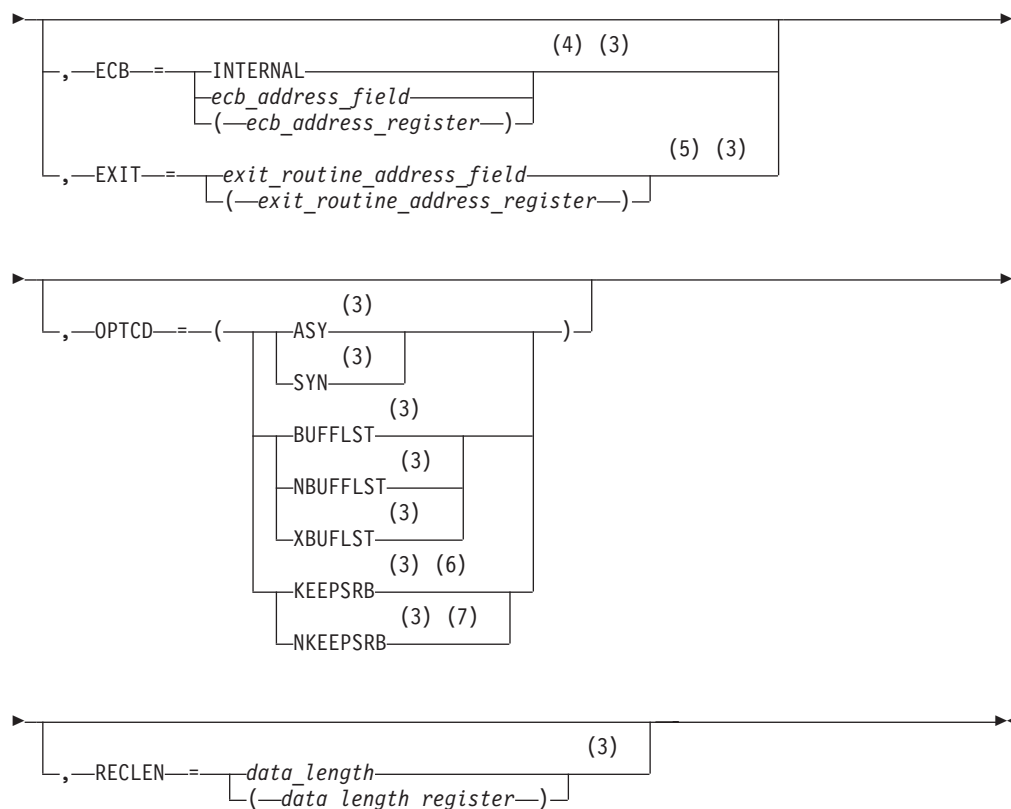
- PENDING_SEND

This macroinstruction is not allowed on a full-duplex conversation.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 7 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the

application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing the APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE

queue until the command has completed. The exception to this is the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV macroinstruction. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the EXPEDITED SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*data_length*

RECLN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, RECLN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can contain the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to

be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data, and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'

PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'

PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'

PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'

SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'

SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK (REMOTE PROGRAM REPLIED AFFIRMATIVELY)
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_ INVALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATION
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATAFLU

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends data supplied by the application program as well as any data that is already in the SEND buffer to the partner application.

Usage

This macroinstruction combines the functions of two macroinstructions: APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA followed by APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH. VTAM places the data that is specified by the AREA parameter in the SEND buffer of the conversation that is specified by the CONVID parameter. VTAM sends all data in the SEND buffer to the partner LU.

This macroinstruction corresponds to SEND_DATA followed by FLUSH verbs described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

For a complete discussion of sending data, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

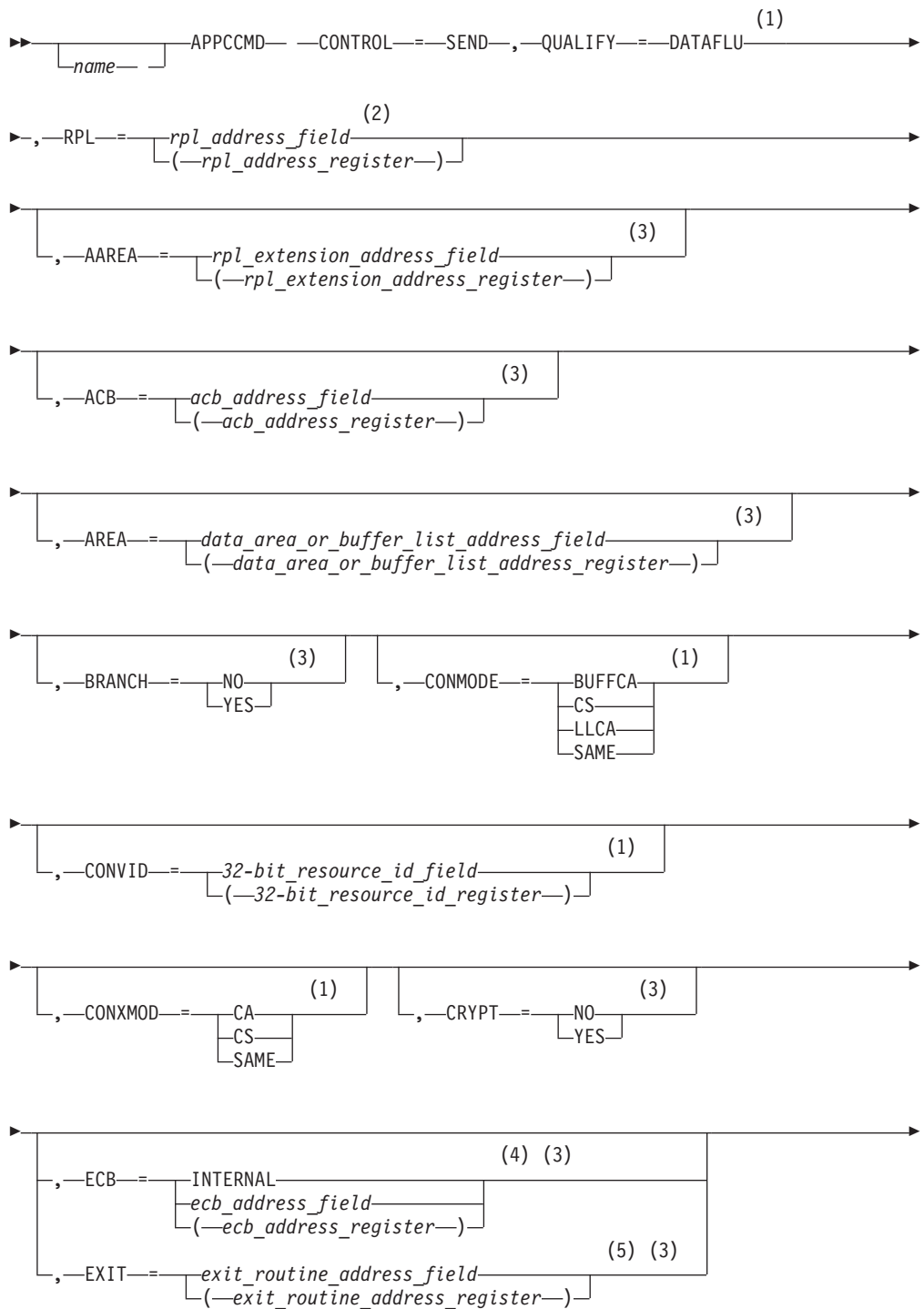
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

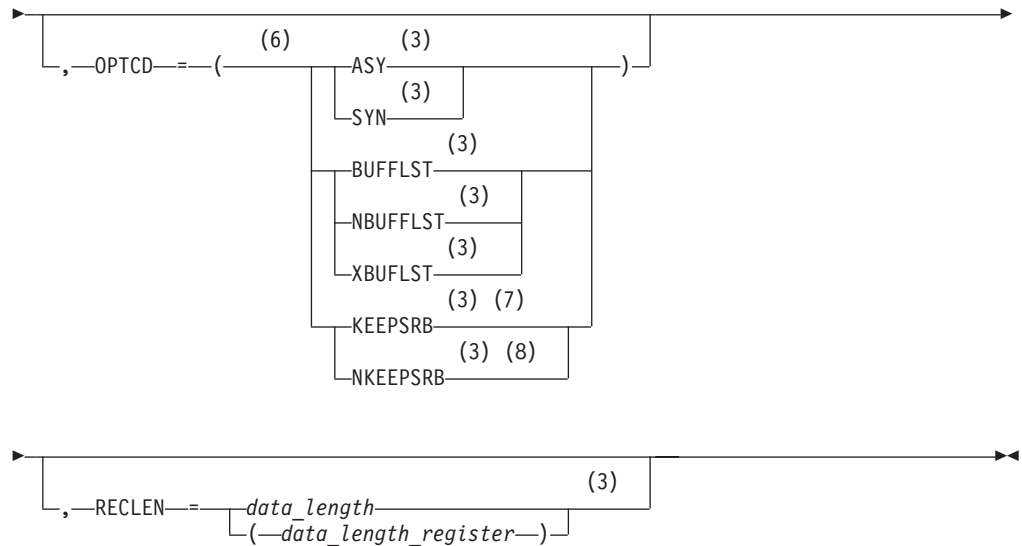
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list.

- If OPTCD=NBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an area containing the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=BUFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list. Each entry in the buffer list points to the data to be sent. Unless an HPDT request has proceeded this macroinstruction on this conversation, VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, AREA specifies the address of an extended buffer list. The data to be sent resides in CSM buffers. Once XBUFLST has been specified on an APPCCMD, VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application on this or subsequent requests, for the duration of the conversation. Each entry in the extended buffer list is 48 bytes. RU boundaries and logical record boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. Each entry in the buffer list can specify any displacement in a CSM buffer. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a given CSM buffer. Note that a CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list.

If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on an APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction, which obtains additional tokens for the storage area. The tokens are provided on the extended buffer list and specified on the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY

can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

CRYPT

Specifies whether data at the location indicated by the AREA is to be encrypted before it is sent on the conversation. This field is labeled RPLTCRYP in the RPL.

CRYPT=NO

Do not encrypt data before it is sent.

CRYPT=YES

Encrypt the data before it is sent. Specify CRYPT=YES only if encryption is allowed on the mode to which the conversation is allocated. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of how VTAM determines the level of cryptography.)

Note: If CRYPT=YES is specified, VTAM does not use HPDT services to transfer data, even if OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified. Instead, the normal send or receive path is used.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource (that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex or on the SEND queue if the conversation is full-duplex) until the command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV and the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the RECEIVE (if the conversation is full-duplex), EXPEDITED

SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE, and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing the APPCCMD on a full-duplex conversation.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the HPDT interface is to be used. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list containing 48-byte buffer list entries. Each entry in the buffer list points to a CSM buffer to be used for sending data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes.

The following requirements apply to APPCCMD macroinstructions used to send data from an application-supplied extended buffer list:

- Applications using HPDT must use authorized path processing. Therefore, BRANCH=NO cannot be specified when OPTCD=XBUFLST.
- Entries in the extended buffer list must not contain any negative values. If a negative value exists in the entry, then the macroinstruction is rejected with an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0010' (INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH).

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLEN=*data_length*

RECLEN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLEN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the data area specified by AREA.
- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLEN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, RECLEN specifies the length of the extended buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. RECLEN must be a nonzero multiple of 48 bytes. (Extended buffer list entries consist of 48 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

Note: The LOGRCV field is reserved if this macroinstruction is issued on a full-duplex conversation.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. The application program must perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data, and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'

ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'

DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates

USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'002C'	PARAMETER_ERROR_INVALID_EXPEDITED_DATA_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0006'	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED— ALLOCATION_ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—UNKNOWN_ERROR_CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR

Purpose

This macroinstruction informs the partner LU that the local application program detects an error.

Usage

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM builds an FMH-7, based on the TYPE and SENSE parameters, to represent the error that the application program detected.

The application program can specify one of the following types of errors:

- PROGRAM—error in an end-user transaction program
- SERVICE—error in a service component of a transaction program
- USER—user-specified error.

VTAM determines the sense code to place in the FMH-7 for program and service errors. The application program specifies the sense code on the SENSE parameter for user errors. The sense code specified must be appropriate to the error. Otherwise, improper processing of the macroinstruction might result. For a list of valid sense codes for an FMH-7, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

A negative response must be sent to the partner LU before the FMH-7 can be transmitted if the conversation is in one of the following states:

- RECEIVE
- PEND_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE

VTAM flushes the SEND buffer before the FMH-7 is created and a negative response is not sent if the conversation is in one of the following states:

- SEND
- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

For half-duplex conversations, the FMH-7 (and error log data that is supplied) is not sent to the partner LU until the application program issues a macroinstruction such as APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH that causes the SEND buffer to be flushed. For full-duplex conversations, the FMH-7 is sent immediately to the conversation partner.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_ERROR verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

For more details on error handling, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

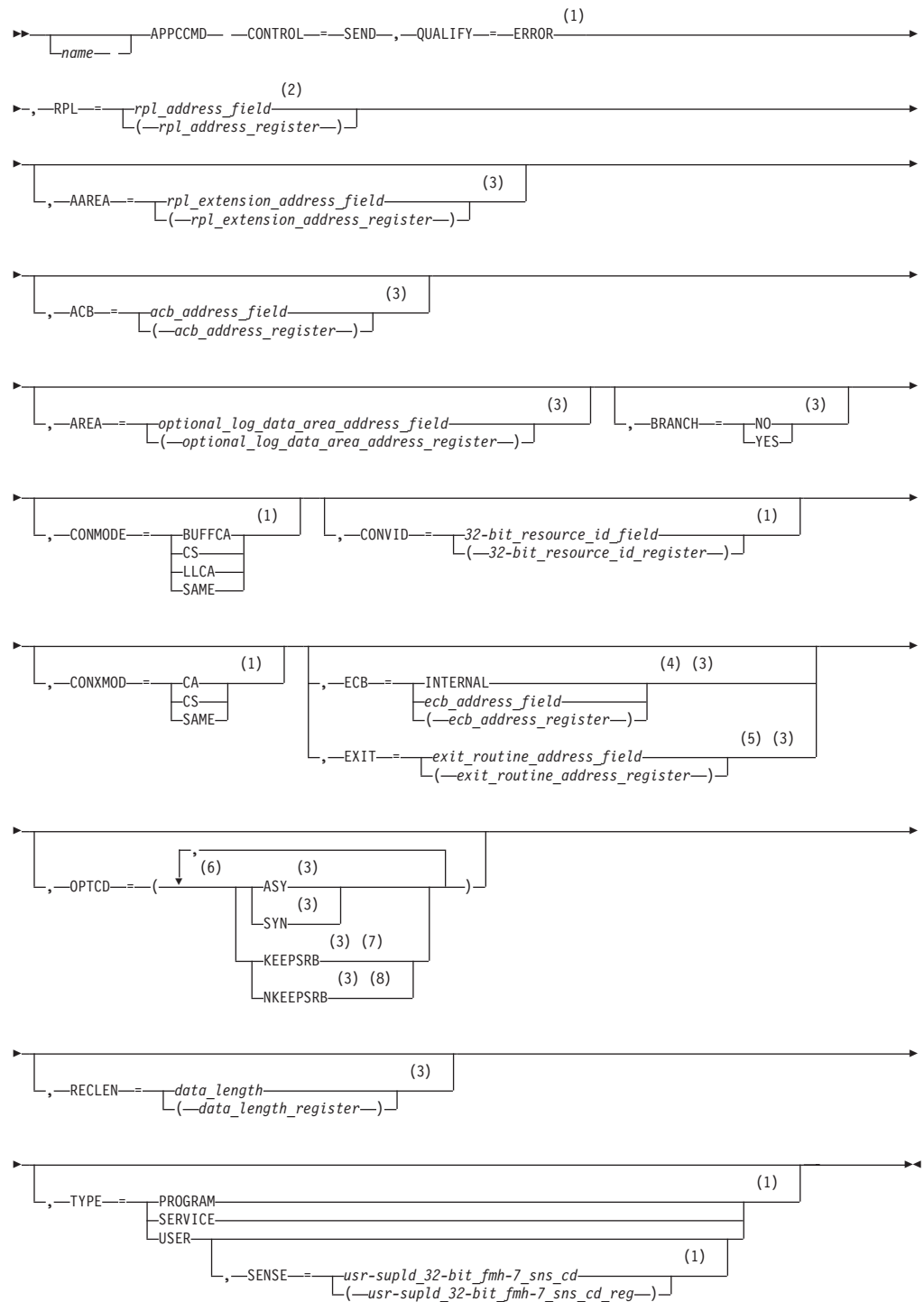
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.

- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*optional_log_data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*optional_log_data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data area containing a formatted error log GDS variable to be sent to the partner LU. The application program is responsible for placing the error log data into the local system log. VTAM treats the error log GDS variable the same as other conversation data. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a description of the error log GDS variable.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=***(ecb_address_register)*

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=***(exit_routine_address_register)*

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource (that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex or on the SEND queue if the conversation is full-duplex) until the command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV and the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the RECEIVE (if the conversation is full-duplex), EXPEDITED SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE, and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing the APPCCMD on a full-duplex conversation.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM

returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLN=*data_length*

RECLN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL. A 0 value in the RECLN field indicates that the application program has chosen not to provide optional error log data to VTAM. If the application program specifies RECLN=0, VTAM indicates in the FMH-7 it creates as a result of this APPCCMD that no error log data follows the FMH-7, and the AREA field in the RPL is ignored.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SENSE=*user-supplied_32-bit_fmh-7_sense_code*

SENSE=(*user-supplied_32-bit_fmh-7_sense_code_register*)

Specifies the sense code that VTAM places in the FMH-7. This field is applicable only when TYPE=USER is specified. It is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension.

TYPE

Specifies the type of error being reported. This field is intended to distinguish between errors to be reported to end-user transaction programs and errors to be reported to a service component, such as a mapped conversation component, of the LU. This field is labeled RPL6TYPE in the RPL extension.

TYPE=PROGRAM

Specifies that an end-user transaction program error is being reported. VTAM determines the appropriate sense code to be placed in the FMH-7 based upon the state of the conversation and of the LU's SEND buffer. VTAM also determines whether the FMH-7 should be preceded by a negative response, based upon the current state of the conversation.

VTAM will place a sense code of either X'08890000' or X'08890001' in the FMH-7 for this type of error.

TYPE=SERVICE

Specifies that a service-component error is being reported. VTAM determines the appropriate sense code to be placed in the FMH-7 based upon the state of the conversation and of the LU's SEND buffer. VTAM also determines whether the FMH-7 should be preceded by a negative response, based upon the current state of the conversation.

VTAM will place a sense code of either X'08890100' or X'08890101' in the FMH-7 for this type of error.

TYPE=USER

Specifies that the application program is providing to VTAM a user-specified sense code that is to be placed in the FMH-7. The FMH-7 sense code is passed to VTAM through the SENSE field of the RPL extension. It is the responsibility of the application program to supply a valid FMH-7 sense code. This user-specified sense code must be appropriate for the error. Otherwise, improper processing of the

macroinstruction might occur. VTAM determines whether the FMH-7 should be preceded by a negative response, based upon the current state of the conversation. For a list of sense codes that the application program can use, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

For more discussion on this type of error, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to

be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

Note: The LOGRCV field is reserved if this macroinstruction is issued on a full-duplex conversation.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. The application program must perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data, and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. If the session for the conversation was deactivated, this code explains why. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

- Hex 00010001 indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied data buffer or buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

These changes are applicable when RCPRI indicates OK.

For half-duplex conversations, the conversation state is SEND after successful completion.

For full-duplex conversations, no conversation state changes occur.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return

codes,” on page 591 for a description of these return codes. The return codes that can be returned depend on the state of the conversation at the time this APPCCMD is issued.

If APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR is issued in SEND state, the following values can be returned:

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_ RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_ PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000B'	INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_ RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

If APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR is issued in SEND/RECEIVE, SEND_ONLY, or PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_log state, the following values can be returned:

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000B'	INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—ALLOCATION_ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—UNKNOWN_ERROR_CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY

If APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR is issued in RECEIVE, PEND_SEND, or PEND_RCV_LOG state, the following values can be returned:

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000B'	INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0080'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_NORMAL
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

If APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR is issued in RECEIVE_CONFIRM, RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND, or RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE state, the following values can be returned:

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000B'	INCOMPLETE_GDS_VARIABLE_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH

Purpose

This macroinstruction flushes the VTAM SEND buffer associated with the specified conversation.

Usage

This macroinstruction is useful for optimizing processing between the application program and its partner LU. VTAM normally buffers the data from consecutive SEND macroinstructions until it has enough data for transmission. With this macroinstruction, the application program causes VTAM to transmit the data immediately.

VTAM flushes the buffer only when there is something in it. Issuing this macroinstruction when the SEND buffer is empty does not cause anything to flow to the partner LU.

For half-duplex conversations, VTAM buffers function management headers (FMH-5 and FMH-7). The FLUSH macroinstruction may be used to ensure that the headers are sent to the partner LU immediately.

Issuing an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH on a full-duplex conversation may cause the early completion of an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, FILL=BUFF for the partner transaction program.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the FLUSH verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

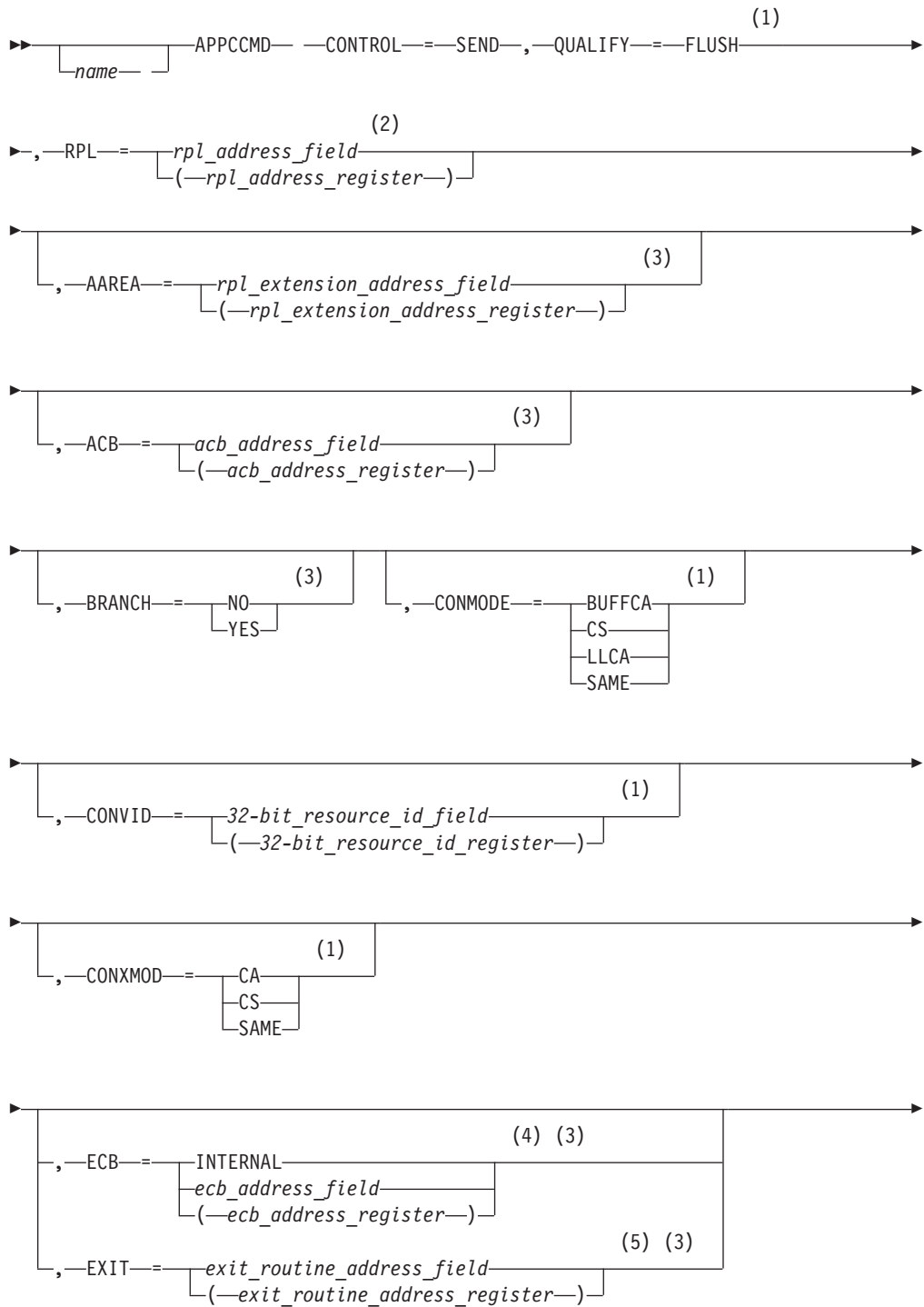
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

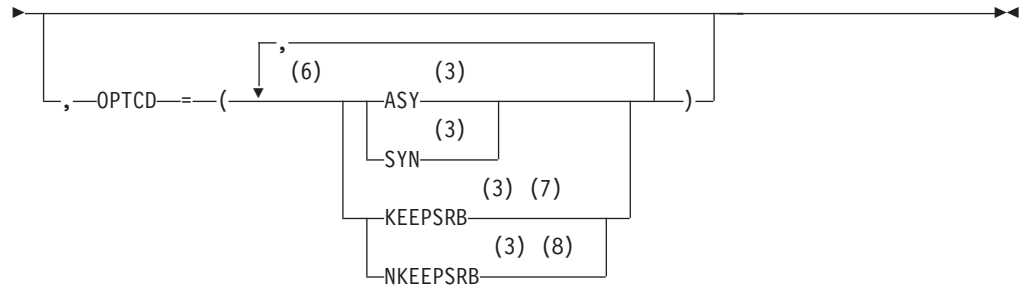
For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource (that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex or on the SEND queue if the conversation is full-duplex) until the command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV and the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the RECEIVE (if the conversation is full-duplex), EXPEDITED

SEND, EXPEDITED RECEIVE, and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing the APPCCMD on a full-duplex conversation.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
X'02' RECEIVE
X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
X'08' END_CONVERSATION
X'09' PENDING_SEND
X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
X'82' SEND_ONLY
X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00AC'	X'0001'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'00AC'	X'0002'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'00AC'	X'0003'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIME
X'00AC'	X'0004'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—ALLOCATION_ERROR
X'00AC'	X'0005'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—UNKNOWN_ERROR_CODE
X'00AC'	X'0006'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'00AC'	X'0007'	ERROR_INDICATION_RECEIVED—RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=RQSEND

Purpose

This macroinstruction notifies the partner LU on a half-duplex conversation that the local application program is requesting to enter SEND state. The conversation is changed to SEND state when the local application program subsequently receives a SEND indication from the remote application program.

Usage

This macroinstruction can only be used on half-duplex conversations.

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM sends a SIGNAL RU to the partner application program to indicate that the local LU is requesting to enter SEND state. The signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU carry X'00010001'.

When the partner application receives the REQUEST_TO_SEND notification, it can enter RECEIVE state. When an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction

completes and the SEND indicator is on in the WHATRCV field, the local application program is informed that it is in SEND state.

This macroinstruction can be issued while other macroinstructions are outstanding. However, if this macroinstruction is issued while an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=RQSEND or an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD macroinstruction is outstanding, it completes with return codes that indicate PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the REQUEST_TO_SEND verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

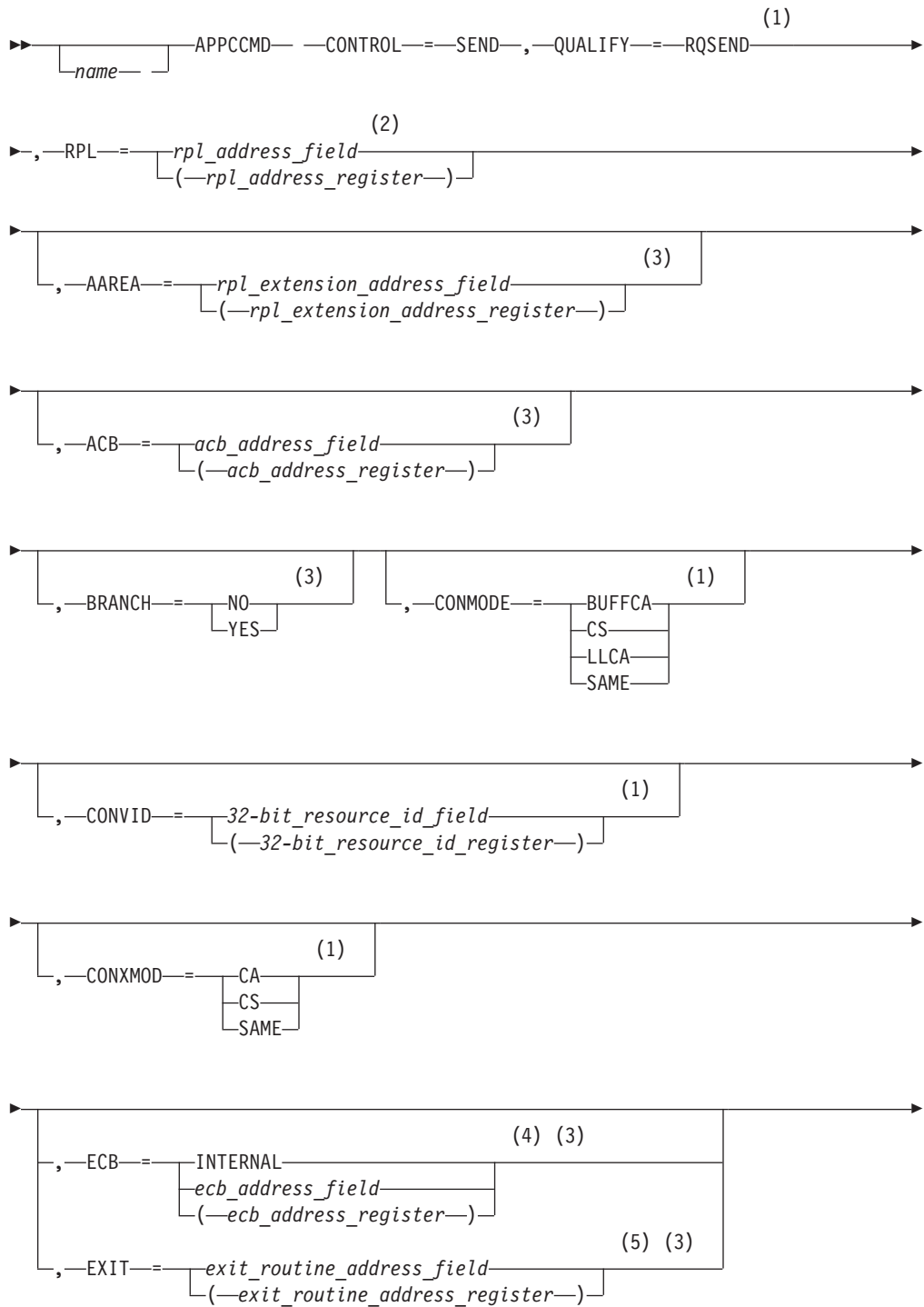
For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

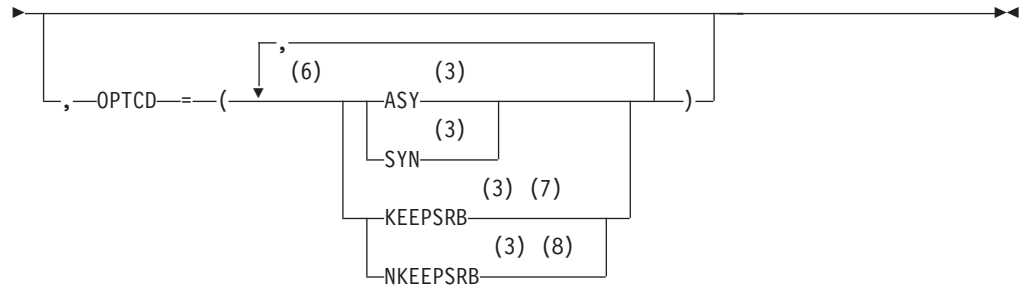
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

This macroinstruction is not allowed on full-duplex conversations.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource that processes on the EXPEDITED SEND queue until the command has completed. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE if the conversation is half-duplex, or the SEND and RECEIVE queues if the conversation is full-duplex, and the EXPEDITED RECEIVE and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing this APPCCMD.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND
- X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'80' FDX_RESET
- X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
- X'82' SEND_ONLY
- X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
- X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0004'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_INVALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATION
X'00A0'	X'0005'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—RSP_HAS_NOT_BEEN_RECEIVED_FOR_A_PREVIOUS_SENDEXPD_REQUEST
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD, QUALIFY=DATA

Purpose

This macroinstruction sends expedited data to a partner LU over a full-duplex or a half-duplex conversation established on a *full-duplex-capable session*. If the session is not full-duplex capable, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0001', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—LU_PAIR_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_SENDING_EXPEDITED_DATA is returned to the application.

Usage

The amount of expedited data specified by the application should be in the range of 1–86 bytes. If the length of the expedited data is outside of this range, an RCRPI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'002C', PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_EXPEDITED_DATA_LENGTH is returned to the application.

This macroinstruction will be posted complete immediately without waiting for a response from the partner LU. A response will not be sent by the partner until the expedited data has been received by the partner application.

If the conversation ends before the macroinstruction has a chance to process, RCRPI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0009', REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION is returned to the application.

If this macroinstruction is issued while another APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD macroinstruction or an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=RQSEND macroinstruction is currently outstanding for the specified conversation, an RCRPI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0011', PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING is returned to the application.

If the EXPEDITED SEND queue has been prohibited, then an RCRPI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0002', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED, is returned to the application.

An RCRPI, RCSEC combination of X'0050', X'0000', STATE_ERROR, will be returned when the macroinstruction is issued in PENDING_DEALLOCATE state.

If the macroinstruction is issued and the response to a previously issued SENDEXPD request has not been received, then an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'00A0', X'0005', REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—RSP_HAS_NOT_BEEN_RECEIVED_FOR_A_PREVIOUS_SENDEXPD_REQUEST is returned to the application.

This macroinstruction will always cause a flow.

This macroinstruction corresponds to the SEND_EXPEDITED_DATA verb described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Context

For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

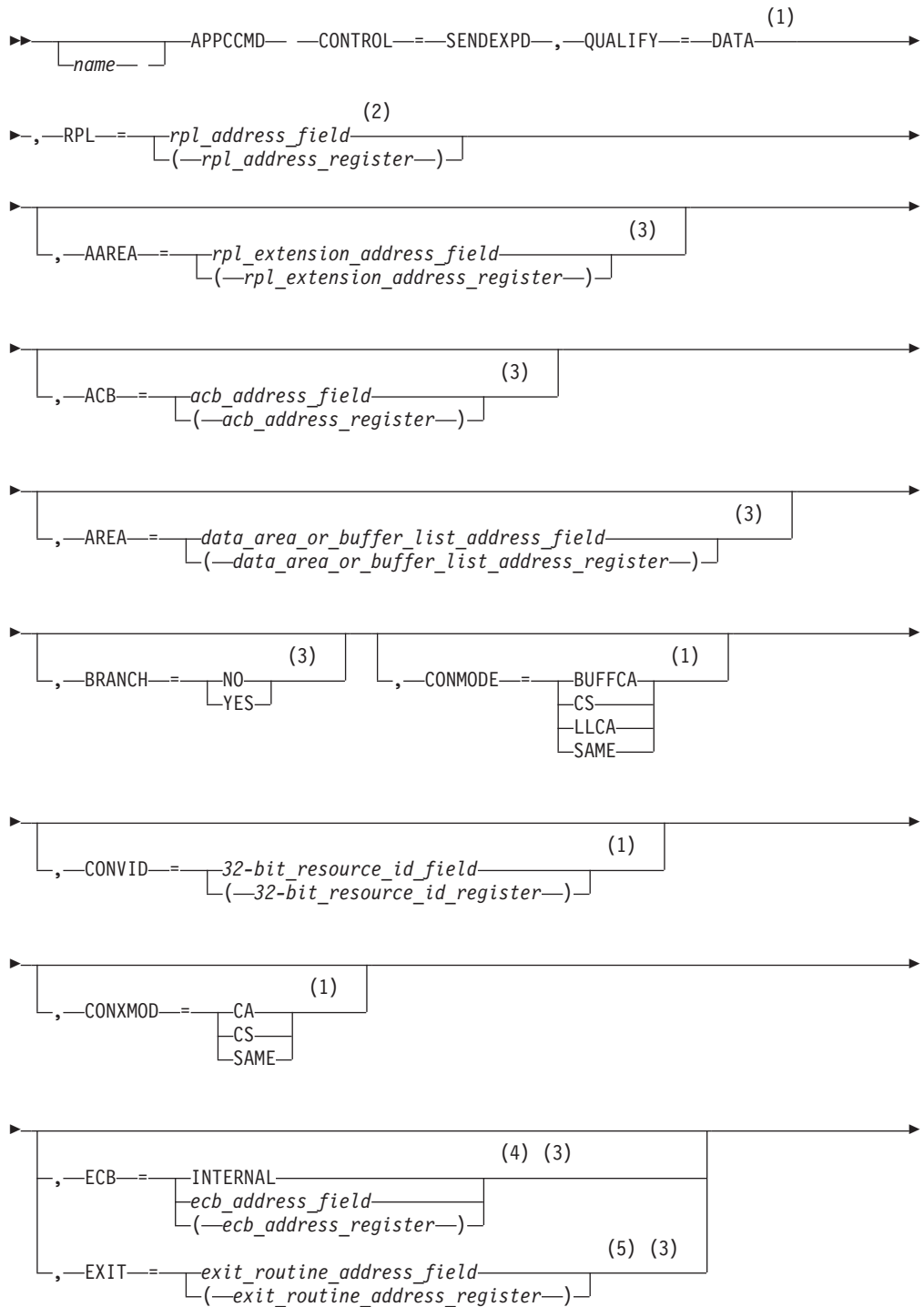
- SEND
- RECEIVE
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- PENDING_END_CONV_LOG
- PENDING_SEND
- PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

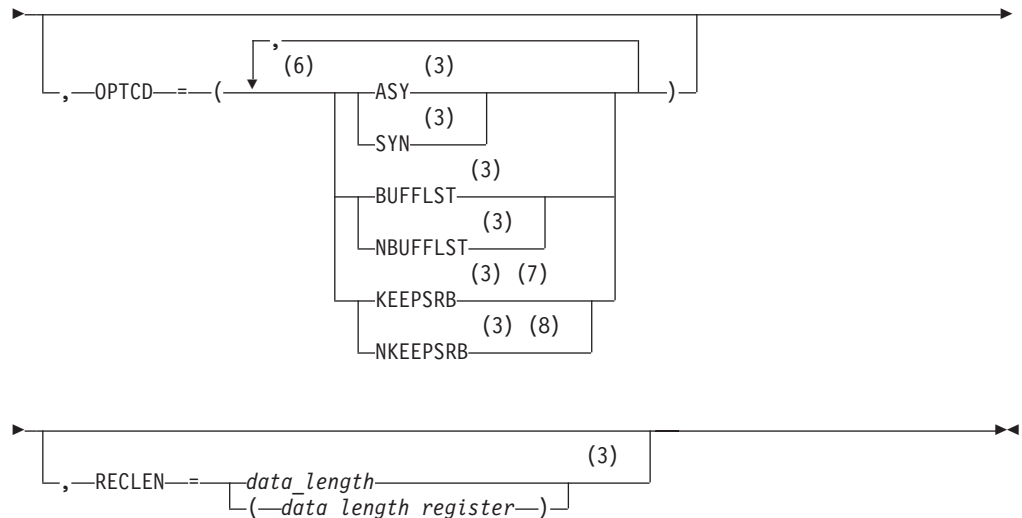
For full-duplex conversation, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversations states:

- SEND/RECEIVE
- SEND_ONLY
- RECEIVE_ONLY
- PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
- PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
- PENDING_RESET_LOG

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=data_area_or_buffer_list_address_field

AREA=(data_area_or_buffer_list_address_register)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list. If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a data area containing the data to be sent. If OPTCD=BUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited information is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field**ECB=(ecb_address_register)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field**EXIT=(exit_routine_address_register)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource that processes on the EXPEDITED SEND queue until the command has completed. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE if the conversation is half-duplex, or the SEND and RECEIVE queues if the conversation is full-duplex, and the EXPEDITED RECEIVE and TESTSTAT queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing this APPCCMD.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

If OPTCD=BUFFLST is chosen, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The RECLLEN field of the RPL specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries.

OPTCD=NBUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within a single buffer area. The AREA field specifies the address of the buffer and the RECLLEN field specifies the length of the buffer. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

RECLLEN=*data_length*

RECLLEN=(*data_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data to be sent or the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the number of bytes of data to be sent from the buffer area specified by AREA.

- If OPTCD=BUFFLST, RECLLEN specifies the length of the buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. The RECLLEN specifies a buffer list length that is a nonzero multiple of 16 bytes. (Buffer list entries consist of 16 bytes.)

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

EXPDLLEN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES so long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field is labeled RPL6RSIG in the RPL extension. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off).

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'002C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_EXPEDITED_DATA_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0001'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—LU_PAIR_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_SENDING_EXPEDITED_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A0'	X'0005'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—RSP_TO_PREVIOUS_REQUEST_NOT_RECEIVED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5, QUALIFY=NULL

Purpose

This macroinstruction accepts and sends an FMH-5 for a conversation reserved by the APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC macroinstruction.

Usage

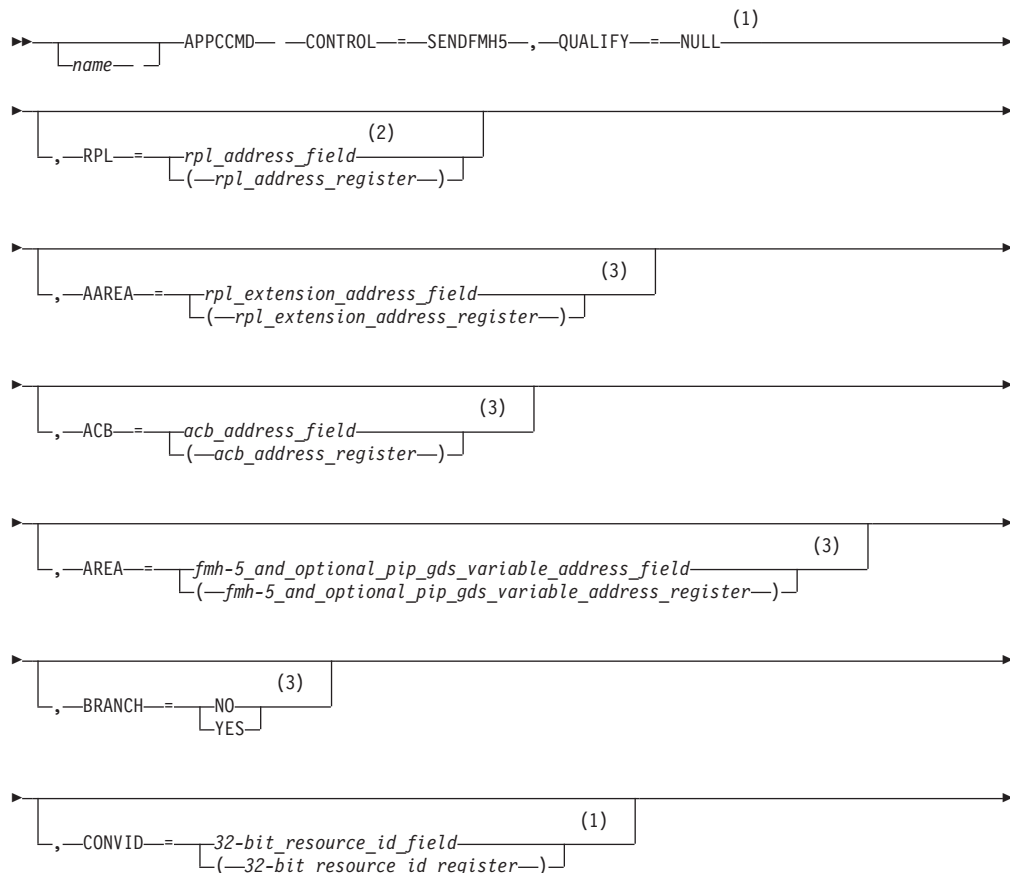
This macroinstruction completes the allocation of a conversation begun by a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC. VTAM does not activate any additional session between the application program and its partner LU as a result of this command.

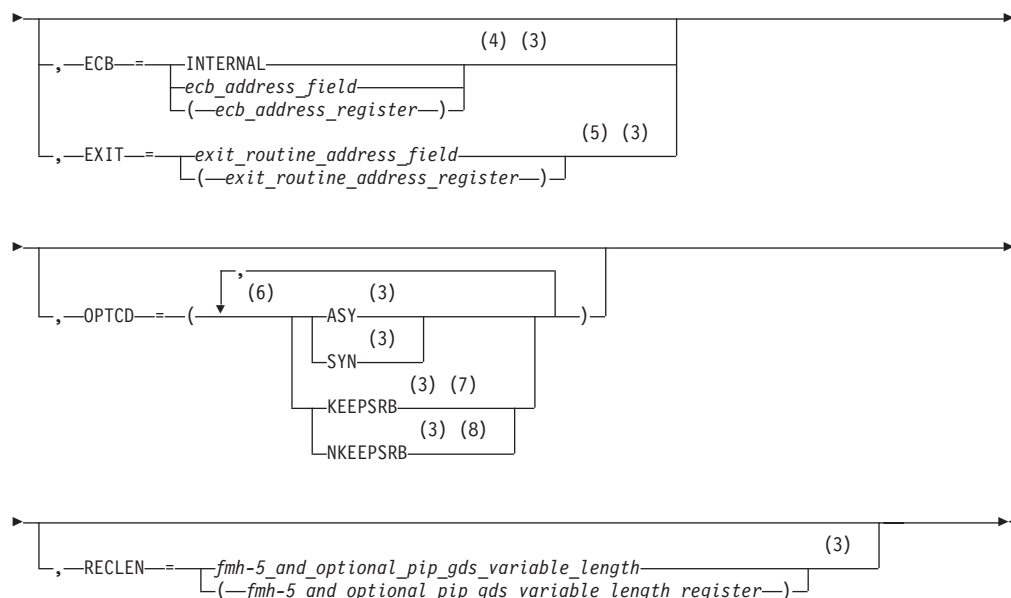
The APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDFMH5 macroinstruction does not return any vectors to the application in the vector area. For conversations on half-duplex-capable sessions, the FMH-5 is stored in the SEND buffer. For conversations on full-duplex-capable sessions, the FMH-5 is flushed immediately.

Context

This macroinstruction can only be issued from the PENDING_ALLOCATE conversation state.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction

programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*fmh-5_and_optional_pip_gds_variable_address_field*

AREA=(*fmh-5_and_optional_pip_gds_variable_address_register*)

Specifies the address of a data buffer or buffer list. If OPTCD=NBUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a data area containing the data to be sent. If OPTCD=BUFFLST, AREA specifies the address of a buffer list that in turn points to the data to be sent. In either case, the data consists of logical records. VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.) This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled

when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RECLEN=*fmh-5_and_optional_gds_field_length*

RECLEN=(*fmh-5_and_optional_gds_field_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the data within the data area indicated by the AREA field. This field is labeled RPLRLLEN in the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of the RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL extension that indicates what state the conversation is in. It is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

This field can have the following values for half-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'01' SEND

X'08' END_CONVERSATION

This field can have the following values for full-duplex conversations:

X'00' RESET

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SLS

The field in the RPL extension that indicates whether the session was established using session-level LU-LU verification. This field is labeled RPL6SLS in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

The session was established using session-level LU-LU verification.

NO (B'0')

The session was not established using session-level LU-LU verification.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

State changes

After successful completion of this macroinstruction, the conversation state is SEND if issued over a half-duplex session or SEND/RECEIVE if issued over a full-duplex session.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0006'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_BY_LU
X'0004'	X'0000'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—ALLOCATION_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'0010'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_VALID_FOR_FULL-DUPLEX
X'0004'	X'0011'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—LU_PAIR_NOT_SUPPORTING_FDX_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'000A'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INCOMPLETE_FMH5_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0015'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_TPN
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0022'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONTROL_OR_QUALIFY_VALUE
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE,_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE,_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_SHORTAGE
X'0074'	X'0000'	HALT_ISSUED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE.

APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDRCV, QUALIFY=DATAFLU

Purpose

This macroinstruction provides a dual function; it performs the function of a send, and when the send is complete it automatically performs the function of a receive.

The send portion of this macroinstruction sends data supplied by the application program and any data that is already in the SEND buffer to the partner application. After the send portion of this macroinstruction is successfully completed, the conversation is placed in receive state and the macroinstruction waits for data from the partner.

This macroinstruction can only be issued for half-duplex conversations.

Usage

This macroinstruction combines the functions of two macroinstructions: APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATAFLU followed by APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC. A buffer list format must be used to allow the application program to specify areas and lengths separately for both the send and receive portions of this macroinstruction. For a description of how to use both non-extended buffer list entries and extended buffer list entries refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

When this macroinstruction is issued, VTAM places data in the SEND buffer of the conversation that is specified by the CONVID parameter. VTAM determines the location of the data to be sent from the buffer list entries specified by the AREA parameter. VTAM sends all data in the SEND buffer to the partner LU.

When the send portion of this macroinstruction completes, there is no data ready to be received on the conversation; therefore, VTAM queues the macroinstruction until data arrives. This macroinstruction has just turned the flow around and the SEND indication is still enroute to the partner. After the partner receives the data just sent and also the SEND indication, it may then send data back to the local application. When enough of this data is received by VTAM to satisfy the receive portion of this macroinstruction the macroinstruction will be completed.

After data is received, VTAM copies any received data from the conversation that is specified by the CONVID parameter to the data area that is specified by the last entry in the buffer list.

When this macroinstruction completes, the BLERECLN field of the last buffer list entry indicates how much data was written to the data area. The WHATRCV field indicates what type of data was received.

The application program can issue this macroinstruction when the conversation is in SEND or PENDING_SEND state. VTAM flushes its SEND buffer, sending all buffered information, along with the SEND indicator, to the partner LU. This changes the conversation to RECEIVE state. VTAM then waits for information to arrive. The remote application program can send data to the local application program after it receives the SEND indication.

For a complete discussion of sending data and receiving data, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

Context

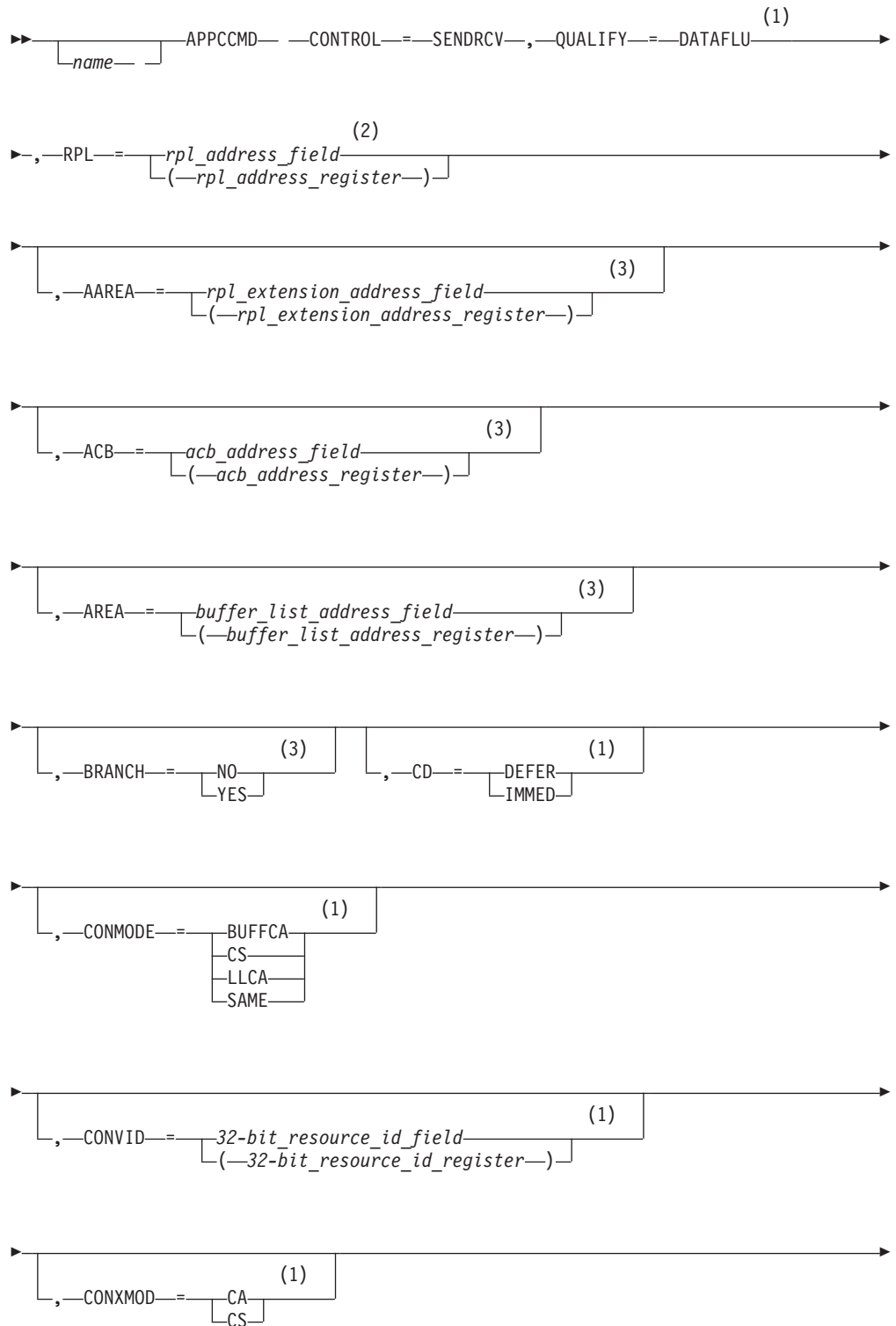
For half-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction can be issued from the following conversation states:

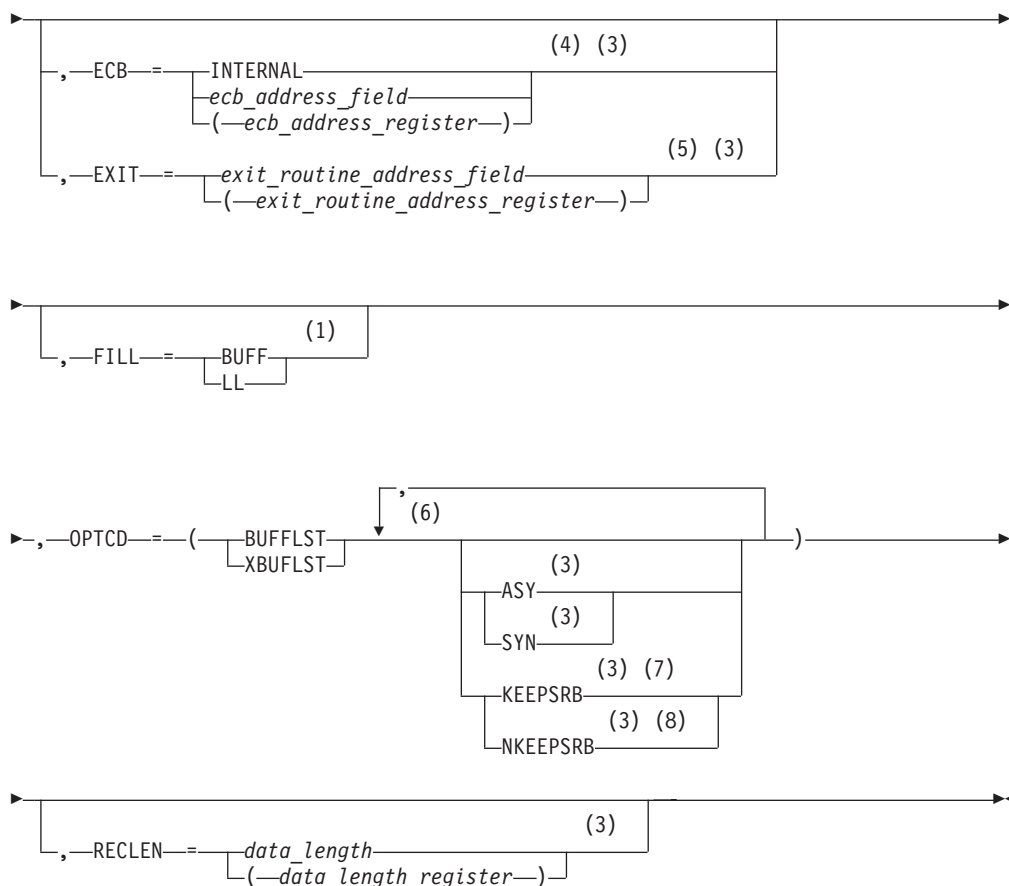
- SEND
- PENDING_SEND

For full-duplex conversations, this macroinstruction is not allowed.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 Refer to "Coding Default Values" in z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=rpl_extension_address_register

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=acb_address_field**ACB=acb_address_register**

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=buffer_list_address_field**AREA=buffer_list_address_register**

Specifies the address of a list of buffer entries.

- If **OPTCD=BUFFLST**, all entries in the buffer list except the last specify the address and length of data to be sent. The data consists of logical records. VTAM tracks the logical records supplied by the application program, examining the logical-record length (LL) field associated with each logical record. (It does not inspect the data portion of the logical record.)

The last entry specifies the address and length of an area in which data is to be received. When this macroinstruction completes, another field in this last entry contains the number of bytes placed in this receive buffer by VTAM.

Both the send and receive buffers are described using the ISTBLENT DSECT. For a more detailed description of how to use buffer list entries refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

- If **OPTCD=XBUFLST**, all entries in the buffer list except the last specify the address and length of data to be sent. The send data resides in CSM buffers. VTAM does not track logical records supplied by the application.

Like **OPTCD=BUFFLST**, the last entry specifies the address and length of an area in which data is to be received. When this macroinstruction completes, another field in this last entry contains the number of bytes placed in this receive buffer by VTAM. This receive buffer is not a CSM buffer.

The send buffers are described using the ISTBLXEN DSECT and the receive buffer is described using the ISTBLENT DSECT. For a more detailed description of how to use extended buffer list entries, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

When the application program receives information other than data, as indicated by the WHATRCV field of the RPL extension, nothing is placed in this data area. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use **BRANCH=YES** to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, **BRANCH=NO** is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

- CD** This parameter controls subsequent actions if a SEND indication is received in the WHATRCV field on the receive portion of this macroinstruction. For this to happen, the send portion of this macroinstruction transmitted the SEND indication to the partner, as is normally done on this macroinstruction, which in turn returned it. The SEND indication is being reported back to the local application on the receive portion of this macroinstruction. In particular CD specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into PEND_SEND when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be in PEND_SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be in SEND state when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CONMODE

Specifies the mode for receiving normal information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that only APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC can be used to receive data on this conversation. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY|IANY can be used to receive data on this conversation and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC macroinstruction.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation is to remain unchanged.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_register

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD. This field is labeled RPL6CXMD in the RPL extension.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received by either a specific-type macroinstruction or an any-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can be received only by a specific-type macroinstruction, such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=ecb_address_field

ECB=(ecb_address_register)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=exit_routine_address_field

EXIT=exit_routine_address_register

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

FILL

Specifies whether the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. This parameter applies only to the receive portion of this macroinstruction and corresponds to FILL=LL | BUFFER described in the LU 6.2 architecture. This field is labeled RPL6FILL in the RPL extension.

FILL=BUFF

Specifies the application program is to receive data independently of its logical-record format. FILL=BUFF corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

FILL=LL

Specifies the application program is to receive one logical record, or

whatever portion of the logical record is available. FILL=LL corresponds to FILL=LL on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

In general, when the application program regains control after issuing an asynchronous APPCCMD, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource until the prior asynchronous command has completed. The exceptions to this are the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=RQSEND; APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT; and the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions. (For more information, refer to the descriptions of the particular macroinstructions). The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=BUFFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within multiple buffers. This option allows the application program to provide data from discontinuous buffer areas. RU boundaries are independent of the buffer boundaries. VTAM creates RUs based upon the maximum SEND RU size regardless of whether the data is taken from one buffer, part of a buffer, or multiple buffers. Logical records are also independent of the buffer boundaries. This field is labeled RPLBUFFL in the RPL. When OPTCD=BUFFLST, the AREA field of the RPL points to a buffer list that is a contiguous set of 16-byte control blocks, called buffer list entries. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for a detailed description of these buffer list entries.) The buffer list created by the application must have at least two entries. One or more entries must be send buffer list entries. This specifies the layout of the send buffers. The last entry must be a special receive entry that points to the receive buffer and indicates the area length. Both the send buffer(s) and the receive buffer are described by the ISTBLENT macroinstruction. The following list explains the layout of the receive entry:

- The first 4 bytes are reserved and should be set to 0 when the macroinstruction is issued. This field will be used to return the amount of data received to the application.
- The second 4 bytes contain the length of the receive buffer. This is similar to the AREALEN field of an RPL that accompanies a receive type macroinstruction.
- The third 4 bytes contain the address of a receive buffer. This is similar to the AREA field that accompanies a receive type macroinstruction.
- The fourth 4 bytes must contain zeros (the send length field).

OPTCD=XBUFLST

Specifies that the data supplied by the application program is contained within an extended buffer list. The AREA field of the RPL points to an extended buffer list that contains a contiguous set of 48-byte send extended buffer list entries followed immediately by a 16-byte receive buffer entry. Once OPTCD=XBUFLST has been issued, VTAM no longer tracks logical records for the duration of the conversation.

The indicator is labeled RPLXBFL and resides within the RPLOPT6 field of the RPL.

Each send entry in the extended buffer list can point to any displacement into a CSM buffer and is described by ISTBLXEN. VTAM uses the CSM token rather than the storage address to track a CSM buffer. A CSM token cannot be repeated in an extended buffer list. If multiple areas of a CSM buffer are to be used on one APPCCMD, the CSM buffer must first be segmented by using the IVTCSM REQUEST=ASSIGN_BUFFER macroinstruction. This macroinstruction returns a new token for each CSM buffer segment. The new tokens should then be used on the APPCCMD. VTAM treats the CSM storage associated with the new CSM tokens as separate CSM buffers.

The last entry describes the receive buffer. This buffer is not a CSM buffer. It is described using the ISTBLENT DSECT.

RECLEN

Specifies the length of the buffer list containing the data to be sent. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

- If OPTCD=BUFLST, the length of the buffer list is determined by the product of 16 and the number of entries, both send and receive. (Each buffer list entry consists of 16 bytes.)
- If OPTCD=XBUFLST, the length of the buffer list is determined by the product of 48 and the number of send entries plus 16 bytes for the receive buffer entry. (Each CSM buffer list entry consists of 48 bytes.)

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=rpl_address_register

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

The following conversation states are possible:

X'01' SEND
 X'02' RECEIVE
 X'03' RECEIVE CONFIRM
 X'04' RECEIVE CONFIRM_SEND
 X'05' RECEIVE CONFIRM_DEALLOC
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

EXPDLN

The field in the RPL6 that shows the length of the expedited data waiting to be received. This field has meaning only when EXPDRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6EXDL in the RPL extension.

EXPDRCV

The field in the RPL6 that indicates whether expedited data is waiting to be received. This field is labeled RPL6EXDR in the RPL extension.

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner application programs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES as long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

LOGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether error log data is expected. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RLOG set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RLOG in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

An FMH-7 was received that specified that error log data follows. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC in order to retrieve the log data. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform an optional receive check after issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE,

QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC to determine whether the expected log data was sent by the partner LU. The data must be error log data and it must be in the form of a GDS variable.

LOGRCV=YES only if the RCPRI field of the RPL extension contains one of the following values:

X'0004'
ALLOCATION_ERROR

X'0014'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM

X'0018'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE

X'001C'
DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER

X'0030'
PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0034'
PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING

X'0038'
PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC

X'003C'
SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC

X'0040'
SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING

X'0044'
SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC

X'0048'
RESOURCE_FAILURE,_NO_RETRY

X'005C'
USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED

NO (B'0')

Either no error indicator was received or an error indicator was received but indicated that no log data follows.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLN

The field used on the SEND portion of this macroinstruction, similar to a send with a buffer list. It is used to calculate the number of entries in the buffer list.

For the receive portion of this macroinstruction, VTAM calculates a RECLLEN value but does not overlay the RECLLEN provided by the application in the RPL. Instead, VTAM returns the receive RECLLEN in the first 4 bytes of the last entry in the buffer list (BFERECLN), which is the entry used to describe the receive area.

RPLXSRV

A field in the RPL that is set if VTAM accepts all the CSM buffers from the application on an HPDT request. If the APPCCMD completes unsuccessfully and the completion status is stored in the RPL, the application must examine RPLXSRV. Some TPEND exits are driven where the RPL is canceled and not posted complete. It is the application's responsibility to examine the RPLXSRV bit and determine if CSM storage needs to be freed.

For more information about application recovery options when RPLXSRV is not set, refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

The RPLXSRV indicator is contained in the RPLEXTDS field in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

SENSE

The field in the RPL extension that returns a 32-bit sense code. This field has meaning only if the RCPRI field is set to a nonzero value. The sense code also can be set when the return code is RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY. This code indicates why the session for the conversation was deactivated. Not all RCPRI values have sense data associated with them. If the RCPRI field indicates USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED, the SENSE field contains an FMH-7 sense code that was not interpreted by VTAM. It is labeled RPL6SNSI in the RPL extension.

SIGDATA

The field in the RPL extension in which the signal code and signal extension fields of a received SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when SIGRCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6SGNL in the RPL extension.

X'00010001' indicates a REQUEST_TO_SEND notification has been received from the remote application program.

Note: The SIGDATA field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

SIGRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an application program's partner has requested permission to send. This field and the SIGDATA field correspond to the REQUEST_TO_SEND_RECEIVED parameter described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: The SIGRCV field is reserved if, on the macroinstruction that initiated the conversation (APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5), the application specified RTSRTRN=EXPD.

The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RSIG bit set on or off). It is labeled RPL6RSIG.

YES (B'1')

A SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. The values carried in the signal code and signal extension fields of the SIGNAL RU are returned to the application program in the SIGDATA field.

NO (B'0')

No SIGNAL RU has been received from the partner LU. When SIGRCV=NO, the SIGDATA field contains no meaningful information.

STSHBF

The field in the RPL extension that returns the address of the current buffer. It is used with STSHDS to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STBF in the RPL extension.

STSHDS

The field in the RPL extension that returns the displacement into the current buffer. It is used with STSHBF to give the current position (address and displacement) in the application-supplied buffer list (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) when a temporary storage shortage occurs while data is being sent. All data prior to this buffer has been sent. This field is labeled RPL6STDS in the RPL extension.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by a remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.

WHATRCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns a mask specifying what the application program received. It is labeled RPL6WHAT. The application program should examine this WHATRCV mask only when RCPRI indicates X'0000'. Otherwise, WHATRCV has no meaning.

When RCPRI indicates OK, one or more bits in the mask can be turned *on* (contain a value of B'1') to indicate the type of information that has been received. For instance, if the application program is being passed both conversation data and a request for confirmation, both the DATA and CONFIRM bits will be set *on*; the other bits will be set *off*.

The 2-byte WHATRCV mask has the following format.

RPL6RCV1

Bit	Meaning
0	DATA
1	DATA_COMPLETE
2	DATA_INCOMPLETE
3	SEND
4	CONFIRM
5	DEALLOCATE

RPL6RCV2

Bit	Meaning
0	PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
1-7	Reserved

RPL6RCV1		RPL6RCV2	
Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
6	LOG_DATA		
7	PS_HEADER		

For example, a WHATRCV value indicating that DATA has been received would be represented by X'8000'. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for a discussion of the meaning of this field.

State changes

See the description of the WHATRCV mask for state changes when RCPRI indicates OK.

See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for state changes associated with other return codes.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0004'	X'0002'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CONVERSATION_TYPE_ MISMATCH
X'0004'	X'0003'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_ALLOWED
X'0004'	X'0004'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—PIP_NOT_SPECIFIED_CORRECTLY
X'0004'	X'0005'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SECURITY_NOT_VALID
X'0004'	X'0007'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—SYNC_LEVEL_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PROGRAM
X'0004'	X'0008'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TPN_NOT_RECOGNIZED
X'0004'	X'0009'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000A'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—TRANS_PGM_NOT_AVAIL_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000B'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_NO_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000C'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—CANNOT_RECONNECT_TRANS_PGM_RETRY
X'0004'	X'000D'	ALLOCATION_ERROR—RECONNECT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ BY_PGM
X'0014'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM
X'0018'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE
X'001C'	X'0000'	DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER
X'0024'	X'0000'	LOGICAL_RECORD_BOUNDARY_ERROR
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0003'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_LL
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_ LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_ OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0012'	PARAMETER_ERROR—BUFFER_LIST_LENGTH_INVALID
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_ NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0024'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_NOT_SUPPLIED
X'002C'	X'0025'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PS_HEADER_LENGTH_IS_ INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'0028'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CRYPTOGRAPHY_NOT_ALLOWED_ ON_MODE
X'002C'	X'0031'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SENDRCV_SPECIFIED_WITHOUT_ OPTCD=BUFFLST XBUFLST

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0030'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0034'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING
X'0038'	X'0000'	PROGRAM_ERROR_TRUNC
X'003C'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_NO_TRUNC
X'0040'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING
X'0044'	X'0000'	SERVICE_ERROR_TRUNC
X'0048'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_NO_RETRY
X'004C'	X'0000'	RESOURCE_FAILURE_RETRY
X'0050'	X'0000'	STATE_ERROR
X'005C'	X'0000'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—FOLLOWING_ NEGATIVE_RESPONSE
X'005C'	X'0001'	USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED—WITHOUT_NEGATIVE_ RESPONSE
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE_OR_RESOURCE_ SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOCATE_ABEND
X'008C'	X'0000'	PARTNER_COMMITTED_PROTOCOL_VIOLATION
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'0094'	X'0000'	INVALID_CONDITION_FOR_SENDING_DATA
X'0098'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE_WHILE_SENDING_DATA
X'00A0'	X'0004'	CONTROL/QUALIFY_VALUE_INVALID_FOR_ FULL-DUPLEX_CONVERSATION
X'00A0'	X'0006'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_ FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_ REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE
X'00B4'	X'0001'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— NOT_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0002'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED
X'00B4'	X'0003'	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME

Purpose

This macroinstruction resumes sending any outgoing normal data that was held because APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND was issued previously on the specified session.

Usage

This macroinstruction should be issued to notify VTAM to allow any outbound normal data to flow to the partner if any has been held due to a previously issued APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND command. APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME also enables the following items to resume:

- Normal data flow from any conversations matched to the session
- Normal session deactivation
- Session bidding

This macroinstruction indicates to VTAM that the application program (which is supporting a sync point manager) has completed its synchronization processing successfully.

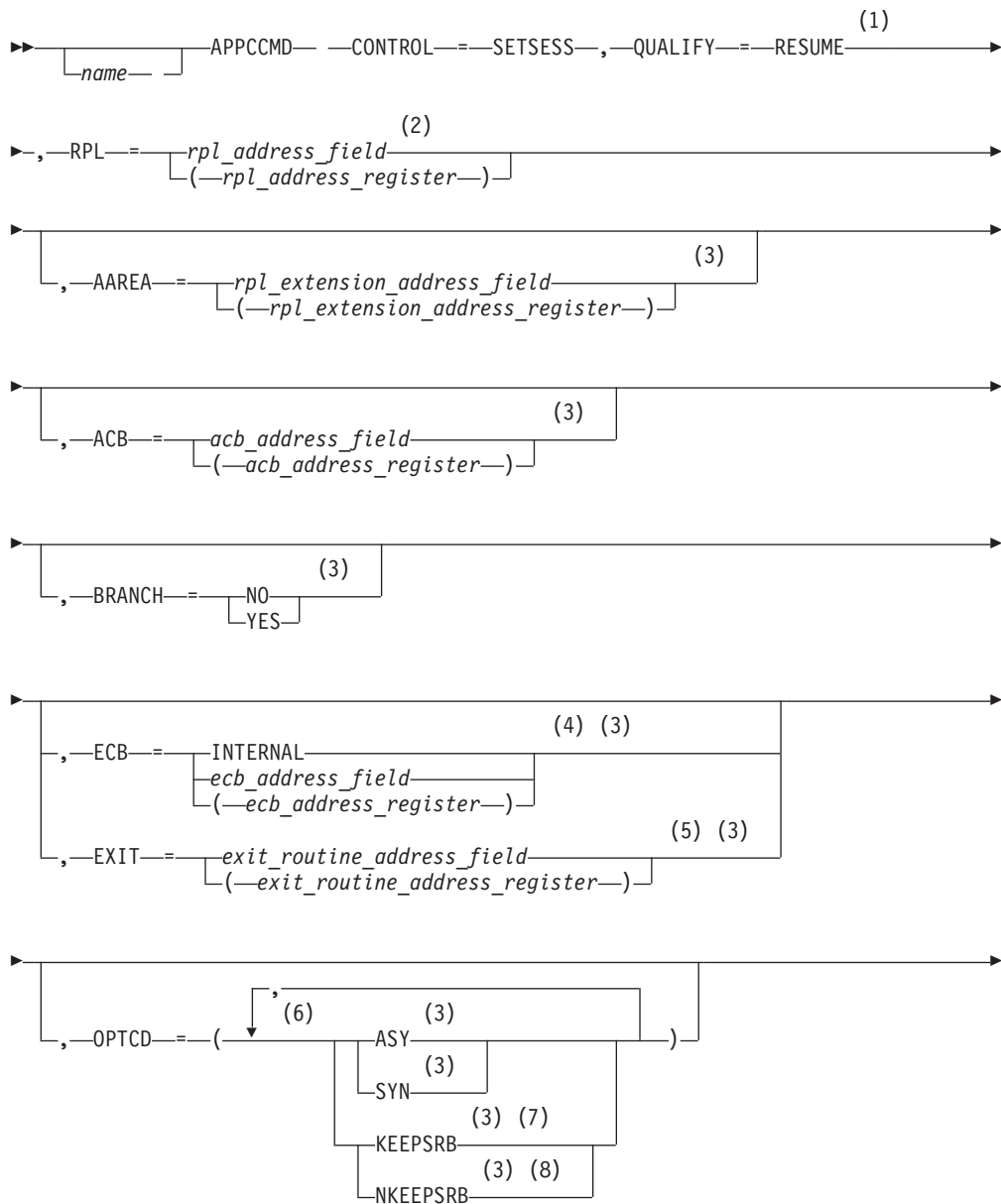
APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION can be issued if the application program's synchronization processing was unsuccessful and the application program does not wish to imply by the normal data flow that the sync point completed successfully.

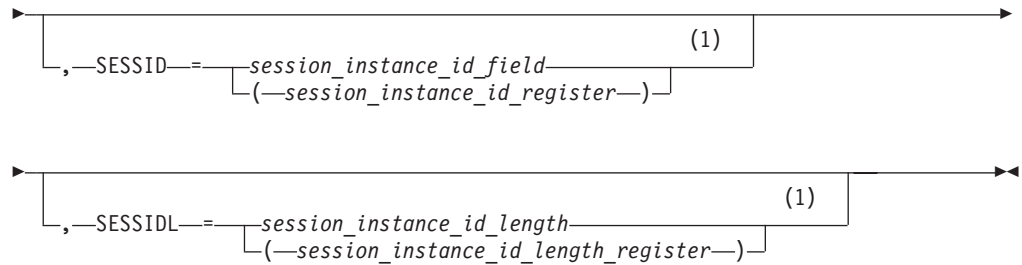
If this macroinstruction is issued and the session has not been suspended, a return code of 0 is received, but no changes are made.

Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and therefore is not conversation-state-driven.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SESSID=*session_instance_id_field*

SESSID=(*session_instance_id_register*)

Specifies the session to which this macroinstruction applies. The session instance identifier, which was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction, indicates the session to be released. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL=*session_instance_id_length*

SESSIDL=(*session_instance_id_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session instance ID. The value specified must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 8. The session instance ID length was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

Following are descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0023'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND

Purpose

This macroinstruction specifies that the application program wants VTAM to suspend any outgoing normal data flow on the specified session after the current conversation has been deallocated. APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME resumes the outgoing normal flow.

Usage

This macroinstruction should be issued to notify VTAM to not allow outbound flow on the session. It should be issued if the application program (which is supporting a sync point manager) has not completed the synchronization processing needed before the partner can continue its synchronization processing. The application program must issue this command before the conversation supporting the sync point exchange is deallocated to ensure the flow is stopped on the free session.

Suspending the session gives the application program with the sync point manager control of the outbound flow whose subsequent receipt at the partner implies a successful sync point has completed. The partner application program can then continue synchronization cleanup. Further information on the sync point services function is described in the *SNA Format and Protocol Reference Manual: Architecture Logic for LU Type 6.2*.

APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME indicates that the application program is ready to resume normal flow because its sync point processing completed successfully. APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION can be issued if the sync point processing is unsuccessful.

If an application program is executing under persistent LU-LU session support and the application program fails after APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND has been issued and APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME has not been issued, VTAM UNBINDs the session and deallocate the conversation on which the synchronization is taking place. In the same situation, VTAM also UNBINDs sync point sessions for which APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCBEG has been issued but neither APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCEND nor APPCCMD

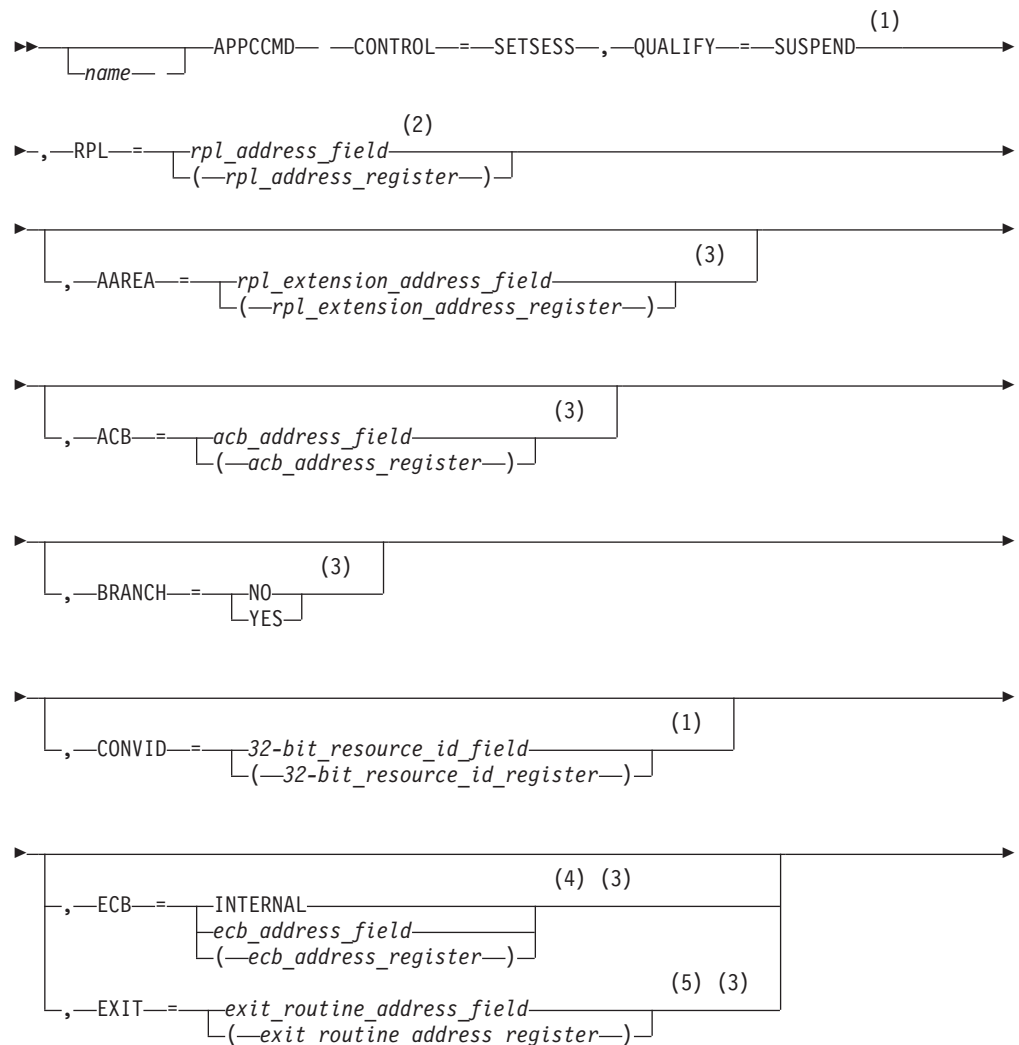
CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME has been issued at the time of the failure.

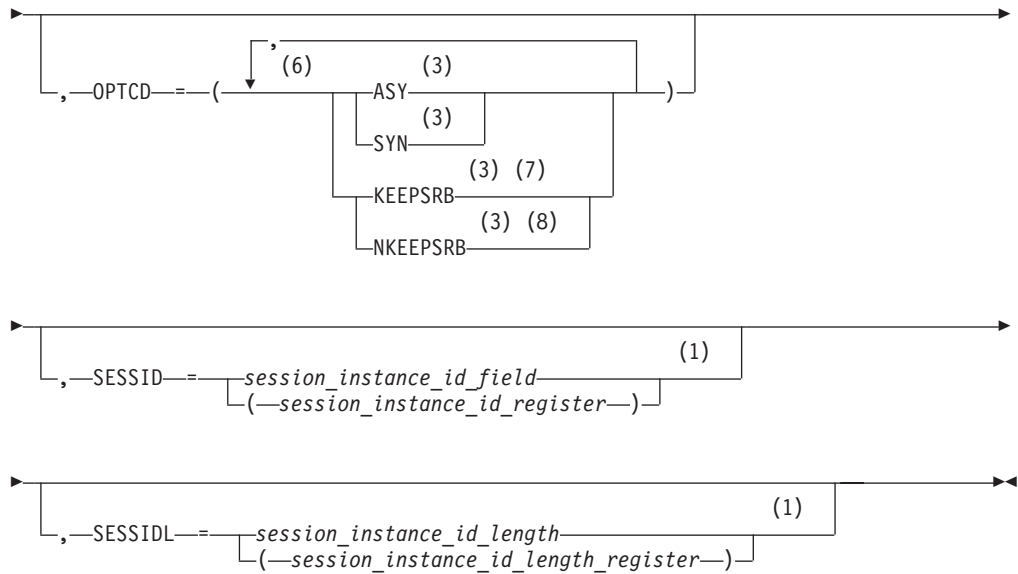
Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and, therefore, is not driven by the conversation state.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction

programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SESSID=*session_instance_id_field*

SESSID=(*session_instance_id_register*)

Specifies the session to which this macroinstruction applies. The session instance identifier, which was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction, indicates the session to be held. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL=*session_instance_id_length*

SESSIDL=(*session_instance_id_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session instance ID. The value specified must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 8. The session instance ID length was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

State changes

There are no state changes associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0023'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0026'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER_AND_CONVERSATION_ID_ARE_MISMATCHED
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0088'	X'0000'	CANCELLED_BY_REJECT_OR_DEALLOC_ABEND
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCBEG

Purpose

This macroinstruction notifies VTAM that a sync point exchange is beginning.

If an application program is executing under persistent LU-LU session support, persistence must be overridden for a session during the time that a sync point exchange takes place. If the application program fails after APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND has been issued and APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME has not been issued, VTAM UNBINDs the session and deallocates the conversation on which the synchronization is taking place. In the same situation, VTAM also UNBINDs sync point sessions for which APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCBEG has been issued, but neither APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCEND nor APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME has been issued at the time of the failure.

Usage

This macroinstruction is issued to notify VTAM that the sync point manager is beginning a synchronization exchange because a SYNCPT is being issued or a TAKE-SYNCPT is being received. To ensure that synchronization protocols are followed, VTAM UNBINDs this session when the application program fails, even though the application program has enabled persistence. The UNBIND permits the LUs to make consistent decisions and ensures continued synchronization between the two LUs. If the data is critical enough to use a synchronization exchange, APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCBEG and APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCEND should be used. For circumstances for use, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

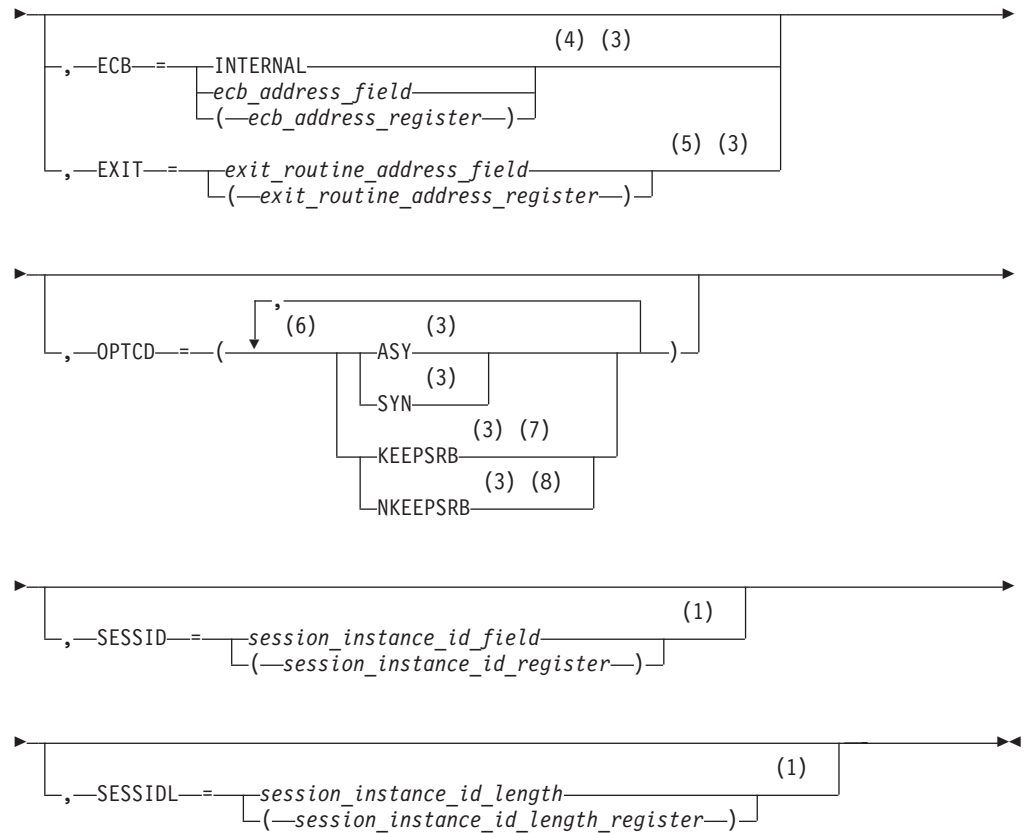
Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and, therefore, is not driven by the conversation state. It performs a useful function only for application programs that are using persistent LU-LU sessions. If application programs that have not enabled persistence issue this macroinstruction, a good return code is sent but no action is taken.

This macroinstruction is not allowed for conversations pending deallocation for persistent LU-LU sessions.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SESSID=*session_instance_id_field*

SESSID=(*session_instance_id_register*)

Specifies the session to which this macroinstruction applies. The session instance identifier, which was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction, indicates the session to be released. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL=*session_instance_id_length*

SESSIDL=(*session_instance_id_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session instance ID. The value specified must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 8. The session instance ID length was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning

only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0002'	INVALID_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0023'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER
X'002C'	X'0026'	SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER_AND_CONVERSATION_IDENTIFIER_MISMATCH
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0084'	X'0000'	STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCEND

Purpose

This macroinstruction indicates to VTAM that the sync point exchange has completed.

Note: This macroinstruction only has meaning for MVS and VSE applications using persistent sessions. VTAM ignores this macroinstruction if issued from a VM application.

Usage

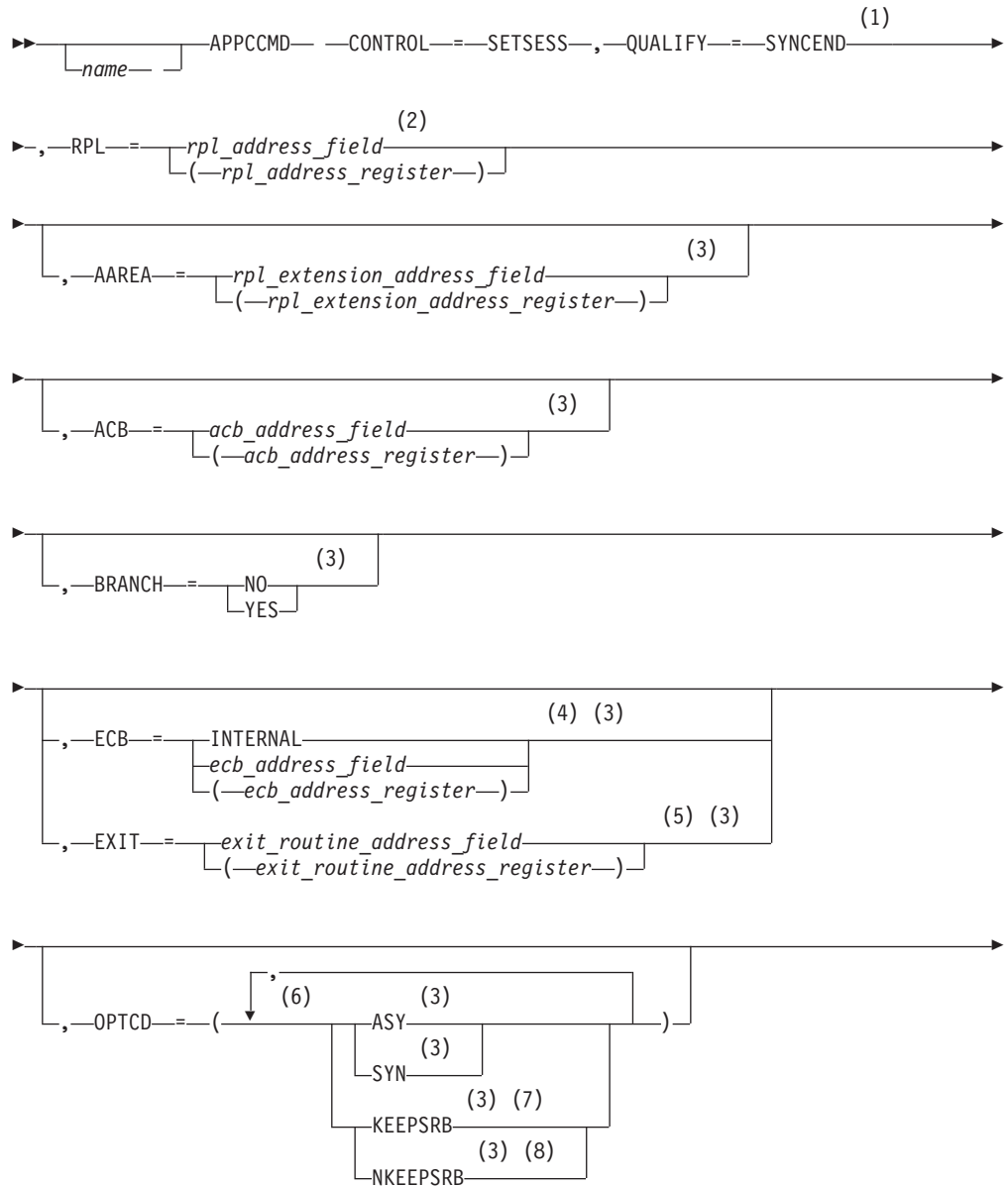
This macroinstruction is issued to notify VTAM that the sync point exchange has completed, whether successful or not, and that VTAM no longer needs to UNBIND sync point sessions during a failure after persistence has been enabled. It is used with APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SYNCBEG. For circumstances

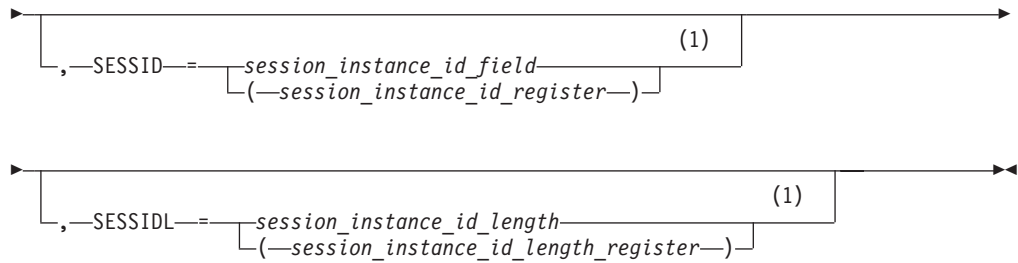
for use, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

Context

This macroinstruction is not conversation-specific and, therefore, is not driven by conversation state. It performs a useful function only for application programs that are using persistent LU-LU sessions. If application programs that have not enabled persistence issue this macroinstruction, a good return code is sent but no action is taken.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

SESSID=*session_instance_id_field*

SESSID=(*session_instance_id_register*)

Specifies the session to which this macroinstruction applies. The session instance identifier, which was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction, indicates the session to be released. This field is labeled RPL6SSID in the RPL extension.

SESSIDL=*session_instance_id_length*

SESSIDL=(*session_instance_id_length_register*)

Specifies the length of the session instance ID. The value specified must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 8. The session instance ID length was passed to the application program on a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPL6SIDL in the RPL extension.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

State changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'001F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—APPCCMD_ISSUED_FOR_NON-APPC
X'002C'	X'0023'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_SESSION_INSTANCE_IDENTIFIER
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=ALL

Purpose

This macroinstruction obtains status on information from any active conversation. VTAM will wait for information to arrive on a conversation to satisfy the macroinstruction request. If information is available to be received, the application will receive status on the information without waiting.

Usage

The information returned from this macroinstruction is contained in the status data structure control block, CITY-STATE. The address of the control block must be specified in the RPLAREA field which can be set with the AREA keyword. See “Status data structure (ISTSTATD)” on page 656 for a description of the control block.

If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive the entire status data structure (AREALEN should be a least 48 bytes) an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. RECLLEN will contain the length of the data structure.

Upon successful completion, this macroinstruction will return status on one or more of the following types of information:

- Normal information
- Expedited information (data and/or Request_To_Send Received)

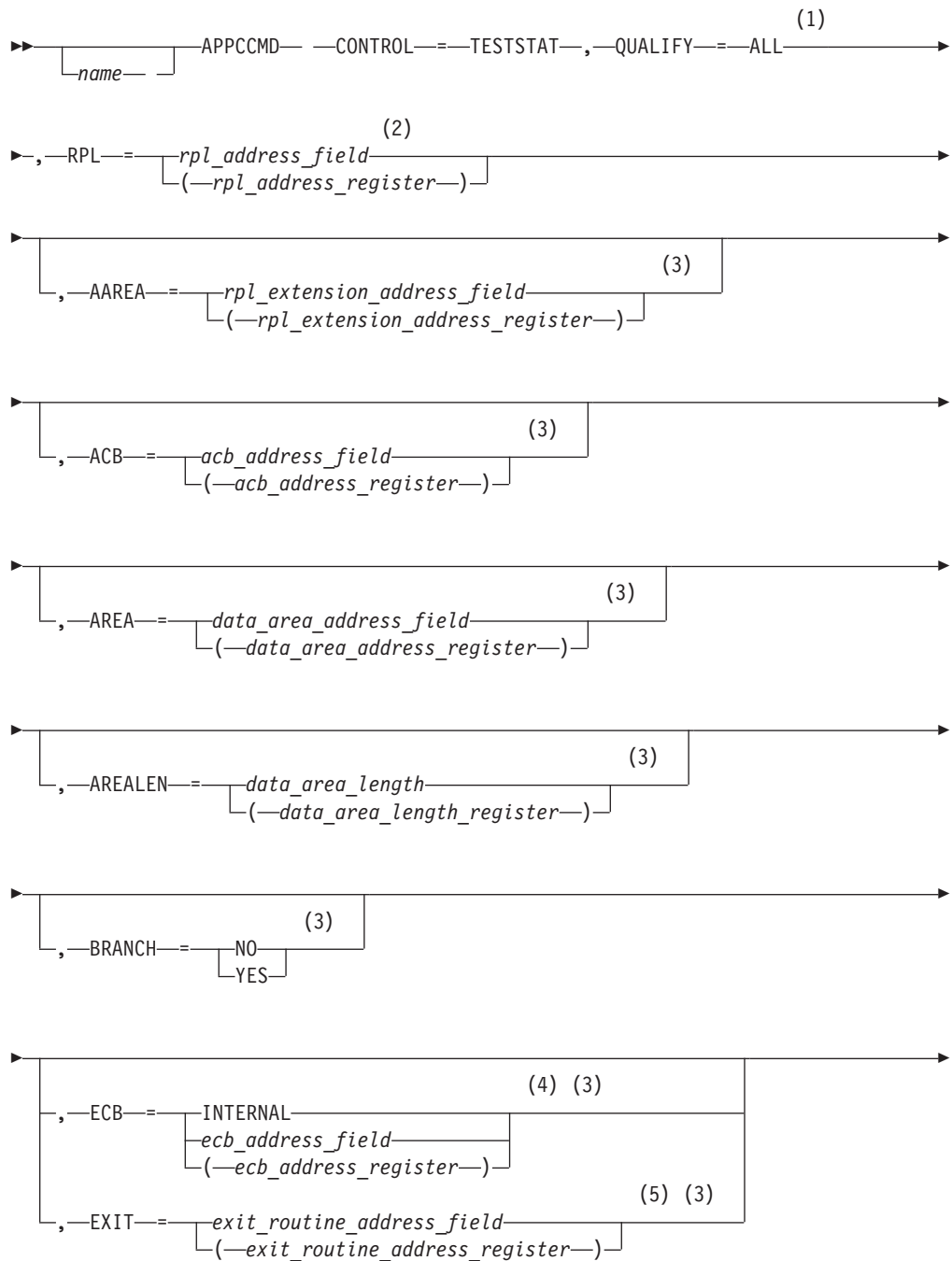
If this macroinstruction is issued while another TESTSTAT ALL | IALL is currently outstanding, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0011', PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING is returned to the application program.

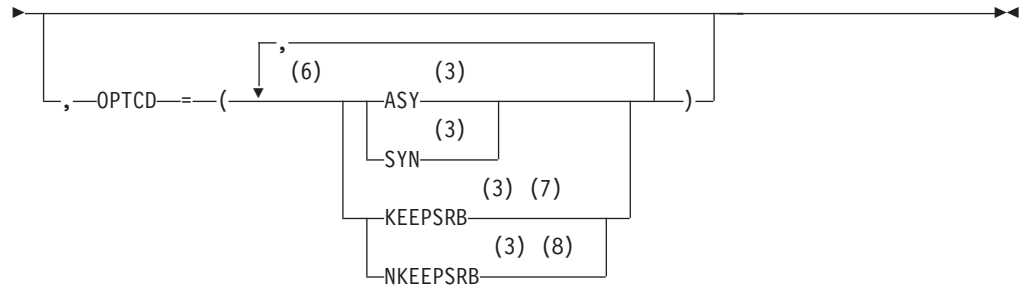
This macroinstruction will not alter the conversation.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. The data returned should be mapped using the status data structure, CITY-STATE. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. The application program must receive at least 48 bytes of data, or it will be rejected. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of

the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES so long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual size of the structure containing the status information VTAM placed in the AREA if the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'0000', X'0000'. If the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'002C', X'0008' RECLLEN indicates the length of the status data structure, but because the receive buffer is not sufficient to contain the entire structure, none of the status data structure is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD.

State Changes

No state changes are associated with this macroinstruction.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'002E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_NOT_VALID
X'002C'	X'002F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—VECTOR_AREA_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, Qualifiable

Purpose

This macroinstruction obtains status on information immediately available from any active conversation. VTAM will not wait for information to arrive on a conversation to satisfy the macroinstruction request.

Usage

The information returned from this macroinstruction is contained in the status data structure control block, CITY-STATE. The address of the control block must be

specified in the RPLAREA field, which can be set with the AREA keyword. See “Status data structure (ISTSTATD)” on page 656 for a description of the control block.

If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive the entire status data structure (AREALEN should be at least 48 bytes), an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. RECLEN will contain the length of the data structure.

If this macroinstruction is issued and information is not available on any conversation, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0008', NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION is returned to the application.

Upon successful completion, this macroinstruction will return status on one or more of the following types of information:

- Normal information
- Expedited information (data and/or Request_To_Send Received)

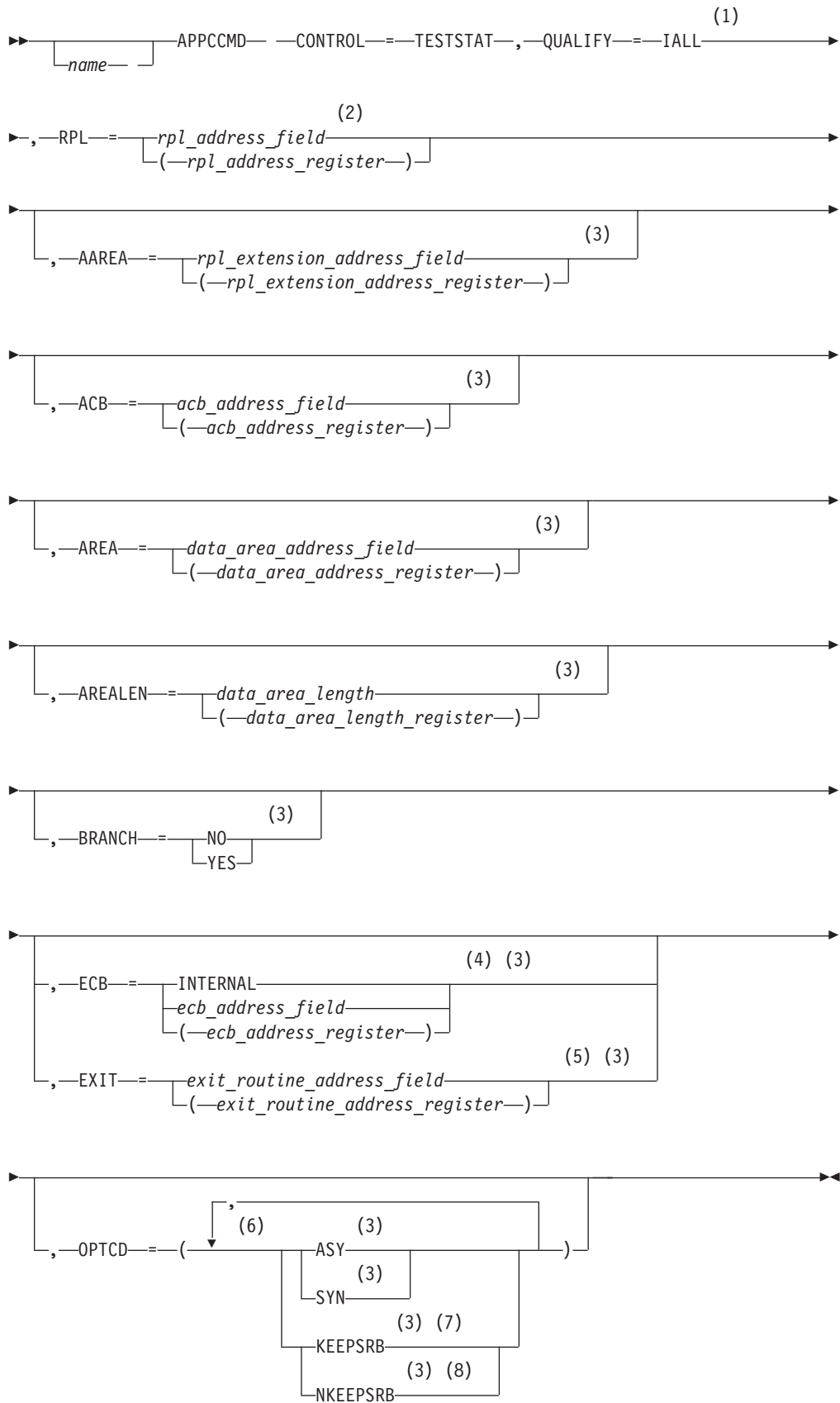
If this macroinstruction is issued while another TESTSTAT ALL | IALL is currently outstanding, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0011', PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING is returned to the application program.

This macroinstruction will not alter the conversation.

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax



Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. The data returned should be mapped using the status data structure, CITY-STATE. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. The application program must receive at least 48 bytes of data, or it will be rejected. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES so long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual size of the structure containing the status information VTAM placed in the AREA if the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'0000', X'0000'. If the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'002C', X'0008' RECLEN indicates the length of the status data structure, but because the receive buffer is not sufficient to contain the entire structure, none of the status data structure is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLRTNCD.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=ISPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction obtains status on information immediately available on a specified conversation. VTAM will not wait for information to arrive to satisfy the macroinstruction request.

Usage

The information returned from this macroinstruction is contained in the status data structure control block, CITY-STATE. The address of the control block must be specified in the RPLAREA field which can be set with the AREA keyword. See "Status data structure (ISTSTATD)" on page 656 for a description of the control block.

If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive the entire status data structure (AREALEN should be a least 48 bytes) an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. RECLEN will contain the length of the data structure.

If information is not available, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0008', NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION is returned to the application program.

If the conversation ends before this macroinstruction can query the information received, if any, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0009', REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION is returned to the application.

Upon successful completion, this macroinstruction will return status on one or more of the following types of information:

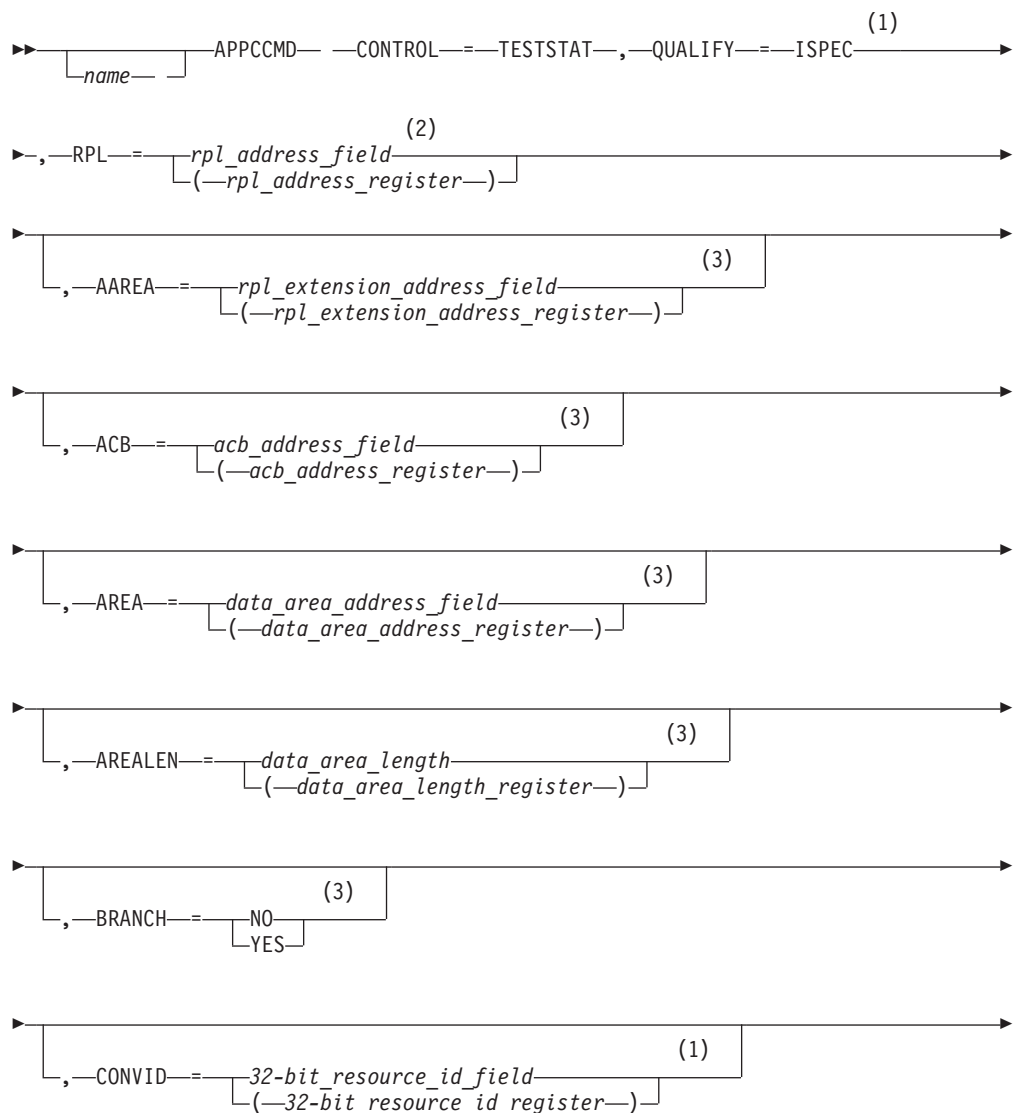
- Normal information
- Expedited information (data and/or Request_To_Send Received)

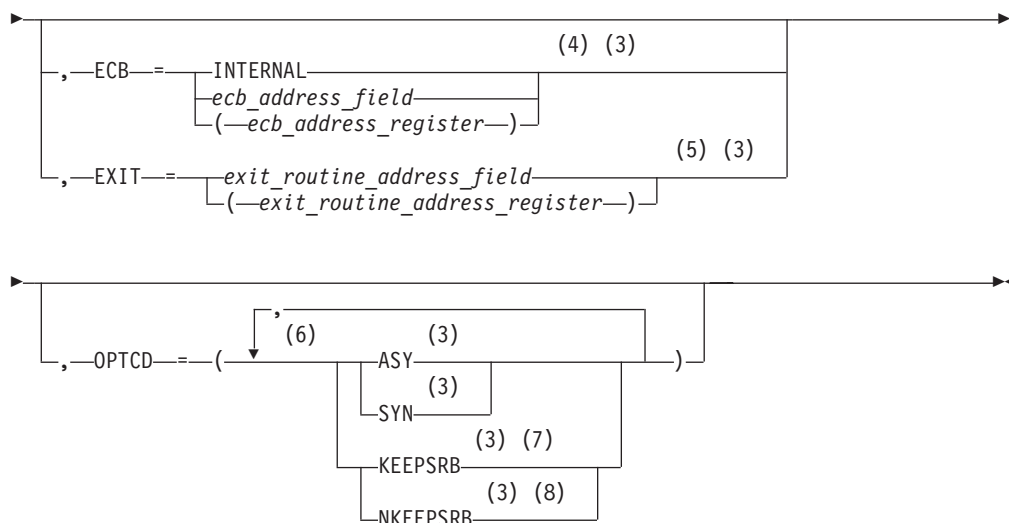
This macroinstruction will not alter the conversation.

Context

This macroinstruction can be issued in any conversation state while the conversation is active so long as another APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction is not currently outstanding for the specified conversation.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See "Coding default values" on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. The data returned should be mapped using the status data structure, CITY-STATE. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. The application program must receive at least 48 bytes of data, or it will be rejected. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=*32-bit_resource_id_field*

CONVID=(*32-bit_resource_id_register*)

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field*

ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field*

EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource that processes on the TESTSTAT queue until the command has completed. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex, or the SEND and RECEIVE queues if the conversation is full-duplex, and the EXPEDITED RECEIVE and EXPEDITED SEND queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing this APPCCMD.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=*rpl_address_field*

RPL=(*rpl_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension. For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'01'	SEND
X'02'	RECEIVE
X'03'	RECEIVE_CONFIRM
X'04'	RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND

X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
 X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
 X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
 X'08' END_CONVERSATION
 X'09' PENDING_SEND
 X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can contain the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET
 X'81' SEND/RECEIVE
 X'82' SEND_ONLY
 X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY
 X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG
 X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG
 X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES so long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLLEN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual size of the structure containing the status information VTAM placed in the AREA if the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'0000', X'0000'. If the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'002C', X'0008' RECLLEN indicates the length of the status data structure, but because the receive buffer is not sufficient to contain the entire structure, none of the status data structure is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0008'	NO_IMMEDIATELY_AVAILABLE_INFORMATION
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT, QUALIFY=SPEC

Purpose

This macroinstruction obtains status on information available on a specified conversation. VTAM will wait for information to arrive to satisfy the macroinstruction request. If information is already available, the application program receives status on it without waiting.

Usage

The information returned from this macroinstruction is contained in the status data structure control block, CITY-STATE. The address of the control block must be specified in the RPLAREA field, which can be set with the AREA keyword. See “Status data structure (ISTSTATD)” on page 656 for a description of the control block.

If the length of the area specified by the application is not sufficient to receive the entire status data structure (AREALEN should be a least 48 bytes), an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'002C', X'0008', PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT is returned to the application. RECLLEN will contain the length of the data structure.

Upon successful completion, this macroinstruction will return status on one or more of the following types of information:

- Normal information
- Expedited information (data and/or Request_To_Send Received)

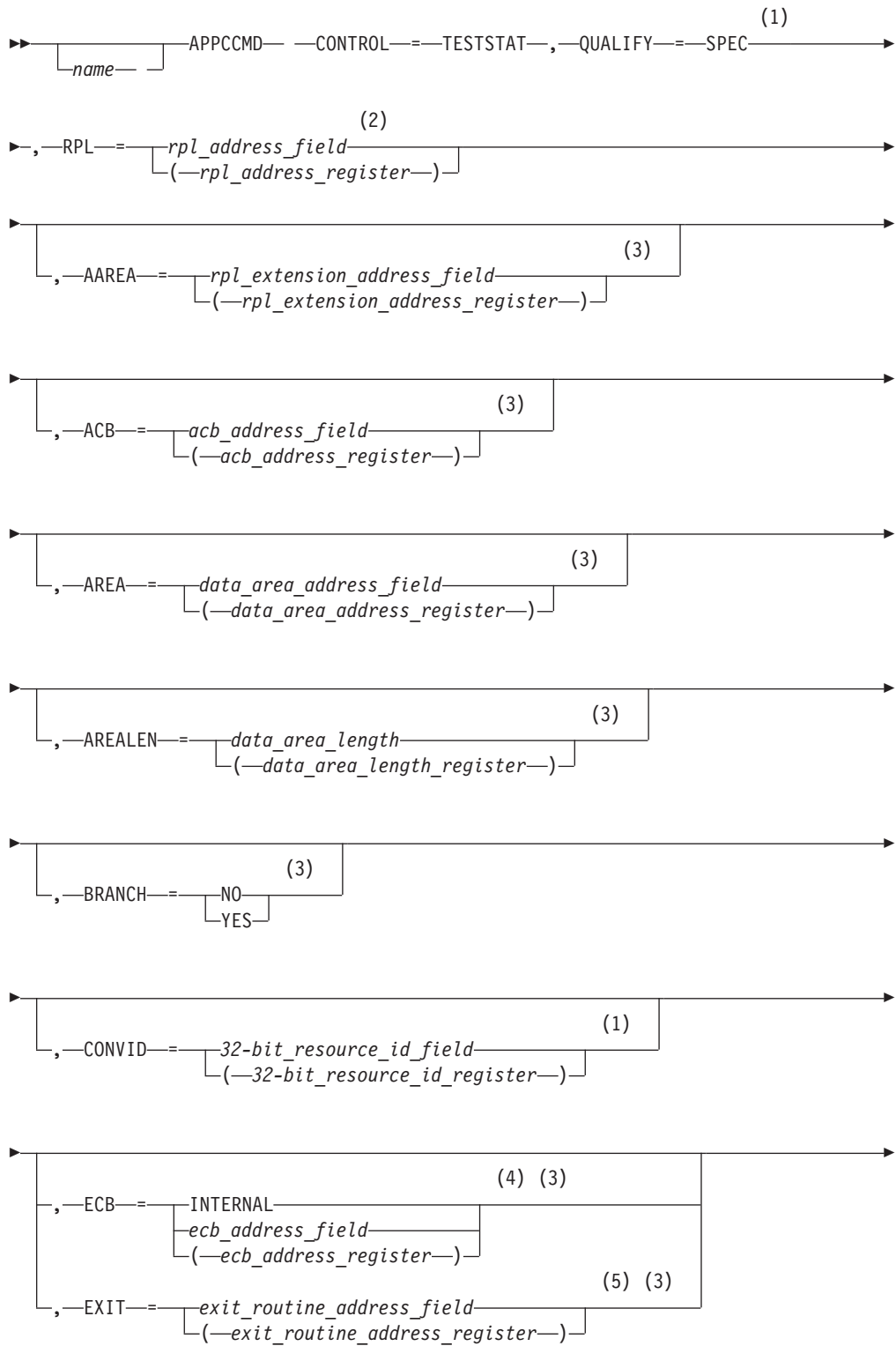
If the conversation is terminated before information is received, an RCPRI, RCSEC combination of X'0000', X'0009', REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION is returned to the application program.

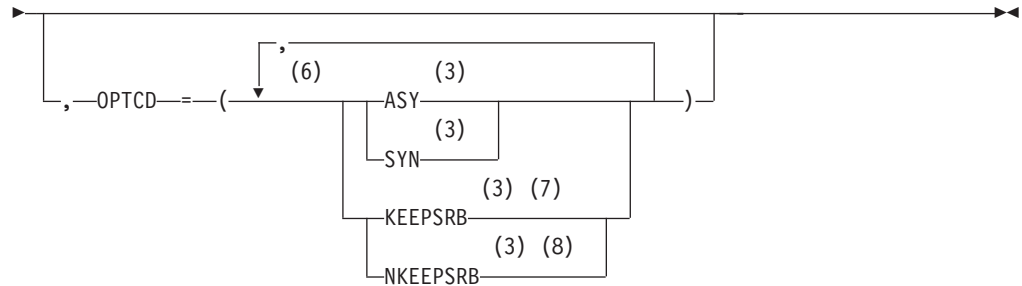
This macroinstruction will not alter the conversation.

Context

This macroinstruction can be issued in any conversation state while the conversation is active so long as another APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC macroinstruction is not currently outstanding for the specified conversation.

Syntax





Notes:

- 1 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an ISTRPL6 macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the ISTRPL6X DSECT.
- 2 See “Coding default values” on page 3 for information on coding operands on the RPL or the APPCCMD macroinstruction.
- 3 Operand value might be placed in its RPL field either by specification on an RPL macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the IFGRPL DSECT.
- 4 ECB is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 5 EXIT is meaningful only for asynchronous operations.
- 6 You can code more than one suboperand on OPTCD, but no more than one from each group.
- 7 KEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.
- 8 NKEEPSRB is meaningful only for synchronous operations.

Input parameters

The following information shows descriptions of the input parameters:

AAREA=*rpl_extension_address_field*

AAREA=(*rpl_extension_address_register*)

Specifies the address of the LU 6.2 RPL extension that will be associated with this APPCCMD macroinstruction. This field is labeled RPLAAREA in the RPL.

ACB=*acb_address_field*

ACB=(*acb_address_register*)

Specifies the address of an access method control block that identifies the application program that is issuing the APPCCMD macroinstruction. VTAM associates conversations with application programs using the conversation ID (CONVID). The application program associates conversations with transaction programs. Application programs cannot issue APPCCMD macroinstructions in address spaces other than the ACB address space. This field is labeled RPLDACB in the RPL.

AREA=*data_area_address_field*

AREA=(*data_area_address_register*)

Specifies the data area in which the application program is to receive the data. The data returned should be mapped using the status data structure, ISTSTATD. This field is labeled RPLAREA in the RPL.

AREALEN=*data_area_length*

AREALEN=(*data_area_length_register*)

Specifies the length value that is the maximum amount of data the application program is to receive. The application program must receive at least 48 bytes of data, or it will be rejected. This field is labeled RPLBUFL in the RPL.

BRANCH

Specifies whether authorized path processing is to be used for application programs running in supervisor state under a TCB. Application programs running in TCB-mode supervisor state can use BRANCH=YES to obtain authorized path services. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

BRANCH=NO

Authorized path processing is not to be used. For application programs running in problem state (non-supervisor state) under a TCB, BRANCH=NO is the only option.

BRANCH=YES

Authorized path processing is to be used. For application programs running under an SRB rather than under a TCB, the macroinstruction is processed in this manner automatically, regardless of the actual setting of the BRANCH field.

CONVID=32-bit_resource_id_field**CONVID=(32-bit_resource_id_register)**

Specifies the resource ID of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CNVD in the RPL extension.

ECB

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. Specifies how the application program requests to be informed of the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

ECB=INTERNAL

Specifies that VTAM is to post an internal ECB when the APPCCMD macroinstruction completes.

ECB=*ecb_address_field***ECB=(*ecb_address_register*)**

Specifies that VTAM is to post an event control block (ECB) when an asynchronous APPCCMD completes. *Event_control_block_address* is the location of the ECB to be posted. The ECB can be any fullword of storage aligned on a fullword boundary.

EXIT=*exit_routine_address_field***EXIT=(*exit_routine_address_register*)**

Valid only if OPTCD=ASY. It indicates the address of a routine to be scheduled when the APPCCMD completes. You cannot specify both ECB and EXIT on a single APPCCMD macroinstruction. The indicator resides within the RPLEXTDS field of the RPL.

OPTCD

Specifies the following processing options that can be selected for the macroinstruction request:

OPTCD=SYN

Specifies that control is to be returned synchronously to the application program when the function of the APPCCMD has completed. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=ASY

Specifies that control is to be returned to the application program immediately and that the application program is to be informed later of the completion of the macroinstruction by the posting of an ECB or the scheduling of an exit. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT1 field of the RPL.

When the application program regains control after issuing an APPCCMD asynchronously, it is prevented from issuing another APPCCMD against the same conversation resource that processes on the TESTSTAT queue until the command has completed. The application can issue APPCCMDs against the same conversation resource that processes on the SEND/RECEIVE queue if the conversation is half-duplex, or the SEND and RECEIVE queues if the conversation is full-duplex, and the EXPEDITED RECEIVE and EXPEDITED SEND queues. For more information about conversation queues, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide

The application program is allowed to issue APPCCMDs against other conversations. OPTCD=ASY is recommended when issuing this APPCCMD.

OPTCD=KEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM returns to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

OPTCD=NKEEPSRB

Specifies that for a synchronous request issued in SRB mode, VTAM does not return to the application under the same SRB in which VTAM was invoked. The indicator resides within the RPLOPT11 field of the RPL.

RPL=rpl_address_field

RPL=(rpl_address_register)

Specifies the address of the request parameter list that contains information to be used during the processing of the APPCCMD macroinstruction.

RPL and RPL extension fields modified by macroinstruction

The following information shows descriptions of RPL and RPL extension fields:

CONSTATE

The field in the RPL6 extension that indicates the state of the conversation. This field is labeled RPL6CCST in the RPL extension.

For half-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

- X'01' SEND
- X'02' RECEIVE
- X'03' RECEIVE_CONFIRM
- X'04' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_SEND
- X'05' RECEIVE_CONFIRM_DEALLOCATE
- X'06' PENDING_DEALLOCATE
- X'07' PENDING_END_CONVERSATION_LOG
- X'08' END_CONVERSATION
- X'09' PENDING_SEND

X'0A' PENDING_RECEIVE_LOG

For full-duplex conversations, this field can have the following values:

X'80' FDX_RESET

X'81' SEND/RECEIVE

X'82' SEND_ONLY

X'83' RECEIVE_ONLY

X'84' PENDING_SEND/RECEIVE_LOG

X'85' PENDING_RECEIVE-ONLY_LOG

X'86' PENDING_RESET_LOG

FDB2

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM secondary return code is returned to the application program. It is labeled RPLFDB2 in the RPL.

FMH5LEN

The field in the RPL extension that returns the length of the FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program. If multiple FMH-5s are waiting to be received, FMH5LEN specifies the length of the longest FMH-5 to be received by the application program. This field has meaning only when FMH5RCV=YES. This field is labeled RPL6MH5L in the RPL extension.

FMH5RCV

The field in the RPL extension that returns an indication of whether an FMH-5 has been received. The indication is either YES or NO (RPL6RMH5 set on or off). This field is labeled RPL6RMH5 in the RPL extension.

YES (B'1')

One or more FMH-5s have been received from partner LUs. The FMH5RCV field continues to be set to YES so long as an FMH-5 is waiting to be received by the application program. The application program must issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 in order to receive an FMH-5.

NO (B'0')

No FMH-5s are waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific primary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCPR in the RPL extension.

RCSEC

The field in the RPL extension in which an APPCCMD-specific secondary return code is returned to the application program. This field has meaning only when RTNCD=X'00' and FDB2=X'0B'. This field is labeled RPL6RCSC in the RPL extension. The combination of the RCPRI and RCSEC fields indicates the result of the macroinstruction processing.

RECLN

The field in the RPL that returns to the application program the actual size of the structure containing the status information VTAM placed in the AREA if the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'0000', X'0000'. If the RCPRI,RCSEC fields equal X'002C', X'0008' RECLN indicates the length of the status data structure, but because the receive buffer is not sufficient to contain the entire structure, none of the status data structure is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRLEN in the RPL.

RTNCD

The field in the RPL in which a global VTAM primary return code is returned to the application program. This field is labeled RPLRTNCD in the RPL.

USERFLD

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. Whenever an APPCCMD completes, VTAM places in the USERFLD field of the RPL extension the 4 bytes that were supplied on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the local application program) or the APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 macroinstruction (if the conversation was initiated by the remote application program). This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

Return codes

The following (RCPRI, RCSEC) combinations can be returned to the application program when it issues this APPCCMD macroinstruction. See Chapter 2, "Return codes," on page 591 for a description of these return codes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	OK
X'0000'	X'0009'	REQUEST_TERMINATED_BY_END_OF_CONVERSATION
X'002C'	X'0002'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_CONVERSATION_ID
X'002C'	X'0008'	PARAMETER_ERROR—SUPPLIED_LENGTH_INSUFFICIENT
X'002C'	X'000C'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_EXIT_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000D'	PARAMETER_ERROR—ZERO_ECB_FIELD
X'002C'	X'000E'	PARAMETER_ERROR—REQUEST_INVALID_FOR_ADDRESS_SPACE
X'002C'	X'000F'	PARAMETER_ERROR—CONTROL_BLOCK_INVALID
X'002C'	X'0010'	PARAMETER_ERROR—INVALID_DATA_ADDRESS_OR_LENGTH
X'002C'	X'0011'	PARAMETER_ERROR—PREVIOUS_MACROINSTRUCTION_OUTSTANDING
X'002C'	X'0032'	PARAMETER_ERROR—UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD
X'0070'	X'0000'	TEMPORARY_STORAGE_SHORTAGE
X'0078'	X'0000'	VTAM_INACTIVE_FOR_YOUR_ACB
X'007C'	X'0000'	REQUEST_ABORTED
X'0090'	X'0000'	APPLICATION_NOT_APPC_CAPABLE
X'00A0'	X'0002'	REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED—REQUEST_BLOCKED
X'00A8'	X'0000'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR_OS_LEVEL_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_REQUESTED_FUNCTION
X'00A8'	X'0001'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—SUSPEND_FAILURE
X'00A8'	X'0002'	ENVIRONMENT_ERROR—RESUME_FAILURE

ISTGAPPC

Purpose

This macroinstruction declares and sets a list of global variables to indicate which LU 6.2 options are supported by the installed release of VTAM.

Usage

ISTGAPPC can be invoked directly, or by either IFGRPL or IFGACB as an inner macroinstruction call. The global variables defined for ISTGAPPC are shown in Table 2 on page 579.

To use the ISTGAPPC macroinstruction, the programmer must be familiar with the GBLA and SETA assembler language instructions, which are described in the assembler language publication for your operating system.

The use of ISTGAPPC is similar to the use of the ISTGLBAL macroinstruction. For details, refer to the description of ISTGLBAL in *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming*.

The variables defined by ISTGAPPC are available to the application program at assembly time. If you want the application program to check these values at execution time, you can use the function-list vector described in the *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide*.

Each global variable is an arithmetic symbol that can be set to 0, 1, or 2. The following information shows the meanings for the global variables and the corresponding levels of support.

Global Variable	Support Level
------------------------	----------------------

X'00'	No (Option is not supported.)
-------	-------------------------------

X'01'	Yes (Option is supported.)
-------	----------------------------

X'02'	Pass-through (VTAM offers support for this function, but the application program must implement the function.)
-------	--

Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax

Comments

ISTGAPPC sets the following global variables:

Table 2. LU 6.2 global macro variables set by ISTGAPPC

Variable	Function Indicated	Support Level
&ISTGA01	Conversations between transaction programs at the same LU	No
&ISTGA02	Delayed session allocation	No
&ISTGA03	Immediate session allocation	Yes
&ISTGA04	Sync point services	Pass-through
&ISTGA05	Program reconnect	No
&ISTGA06	Reserved	No
&ISTGA07	Session-level LU-LU verification	Yes
&ISTGA08	User identifier verification	Pass-through
&ISTGA09	Program-supplied user identifier and password	Pass-through
&ISTGA10	User identifier authorization	Pass-through
&ISTGA11	Profile verification and authorization	Pass-through
&ISTGA12	Reserved	No
&ISTGA13	Profile pass-through	Pass-through
&ISTGA14	Program-supplied profile	Pass-through
&ISTGA15	Send persistent verification	Pass-through
&ISTGA16	Receive persistent verification	Pass-through
&ISTGA17	PIP data	Pass-through
&ISTGA18	Logging of data in system log	Pass-through
&ISTGA19	Flush LU's SEND buffer	Yes
&ISTGA20	LUW identifier	Pass-through
&ISTGA21	Prepare to receive	Yes
&ISTGA22	Long locks	Yes
&ISTGA23	Post on receipt with wait	Pass-through
&ISTGA24	Post on receipt with test for posting	No
&ISTGA25	Receive immediate	Yes
&ISTGA26	Test for request-to-send received	Yes
&ISTGA27	Data mapping	Pass-through
&ISTGA28	FMH application program data	Pass-through
&ISTGA29	Get attributes	Pass-through
&ISTGA30	Get conversation type	Pass-through
&ISTGA31	Mapped conversation LU services component	Pass-through
&ISTGA32	CHANGE_SESSION_LIMIT verb	Yes
&ISTGA33	MIN_CONTENTION WINNERS_TARGET parameter	Yes
&ISTGA34	RESPONSIBLE(TARGET) parameter	Yes
&ISTGA35	DRAIN_TARGET(NO) parameter	Yes
&ISTGA36	FORCE parameter	No
&ISTGA37	ACTIVATE_SESSION verb	No
&ISTGA38	DEACTIVATE_SESSION verb	No
&ISTGA39	LU parameter verbs	Yes
&ISTGA40	LU-LU session limit	No
&ISTGA41	Locally-known LU names	Yes
&ISTGA42	Uninterpreted LU names	Yes

Table 2. LU 6.2 global macro variables set by ISTGAPPC (continued)

Variable	Function Indicated	Support Level
&ISTGA43	Single-session reinitiation	Yes
&ISTGA44	Alternate code processing	No
&ISTGA45	Maximum RU size bounds	Yes
&ISTGA46	Session-level mandatory cryptography	Yes
&ISTGA47	Contention-winner automatic-activation limit	Yes
&ISTGA48	Queued allocation of a contention-winner session	Yes
&ISTGA49	Enhanced security (SAME)	Pass-through
&ISTGA50	Session-level selective cryptography	Yes
&ISTGA51	Conversation group support	Yes
&ISTGA52	ALLOCATE WHEN_SESSION_FREE verb	Yes
&ISTGA53	LU 6.2 full-duplex protocols	Yes
&ISTGA54	VTAM-to-application vector list	Yes
&ISTGA55	Queued RCVFMH5	Yes
&ISTGA56	High performance data transfer	Yes
&ISTGA57	APPCCMD SENDRCV	Yes
&ISTGA58	Intra-LU conversations	Yes
&ISTGA59	Password substitution	Pass-through
&ISTGA60	Extended security sense codes	Pass-through
&ISTGA61	DCE security services	Pass-through

ISTRPL6

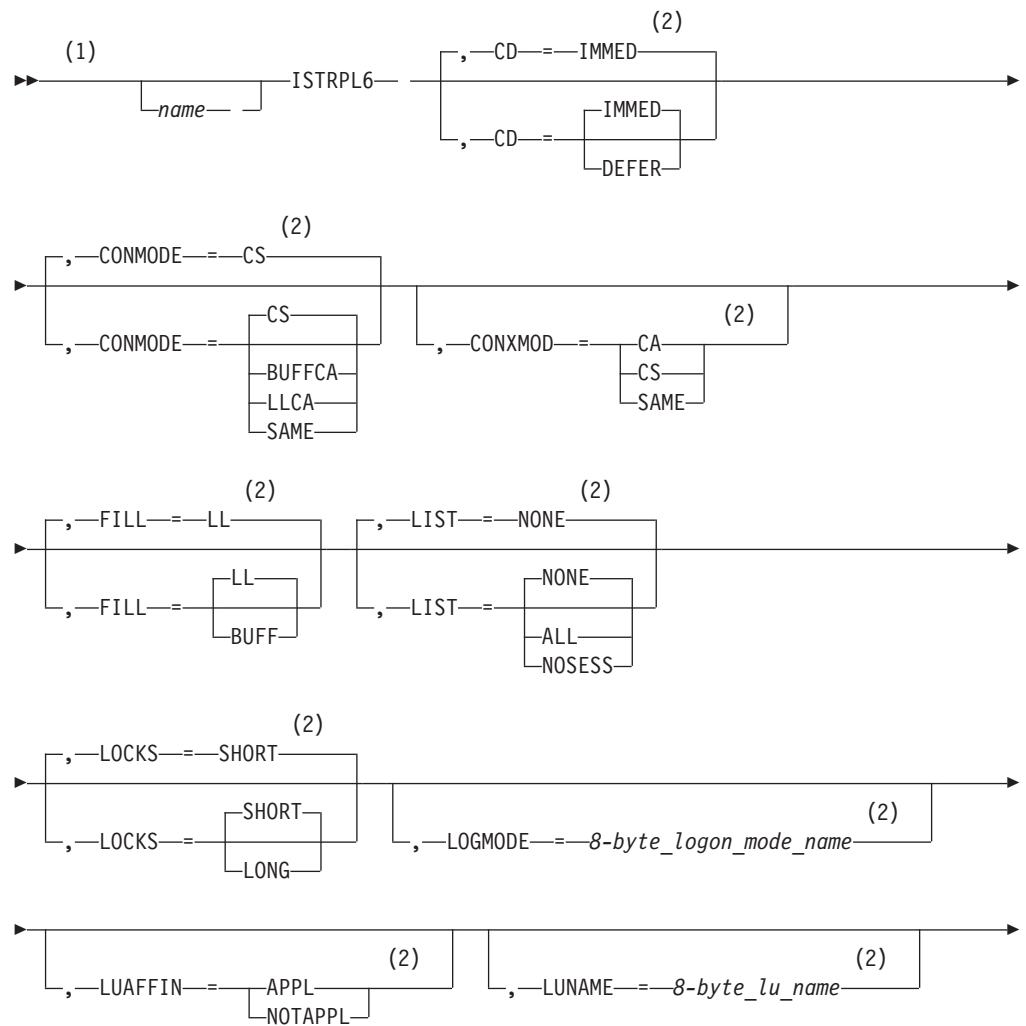
Purpose

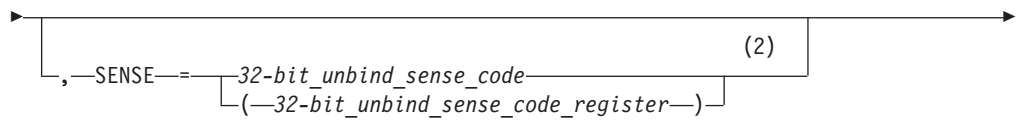
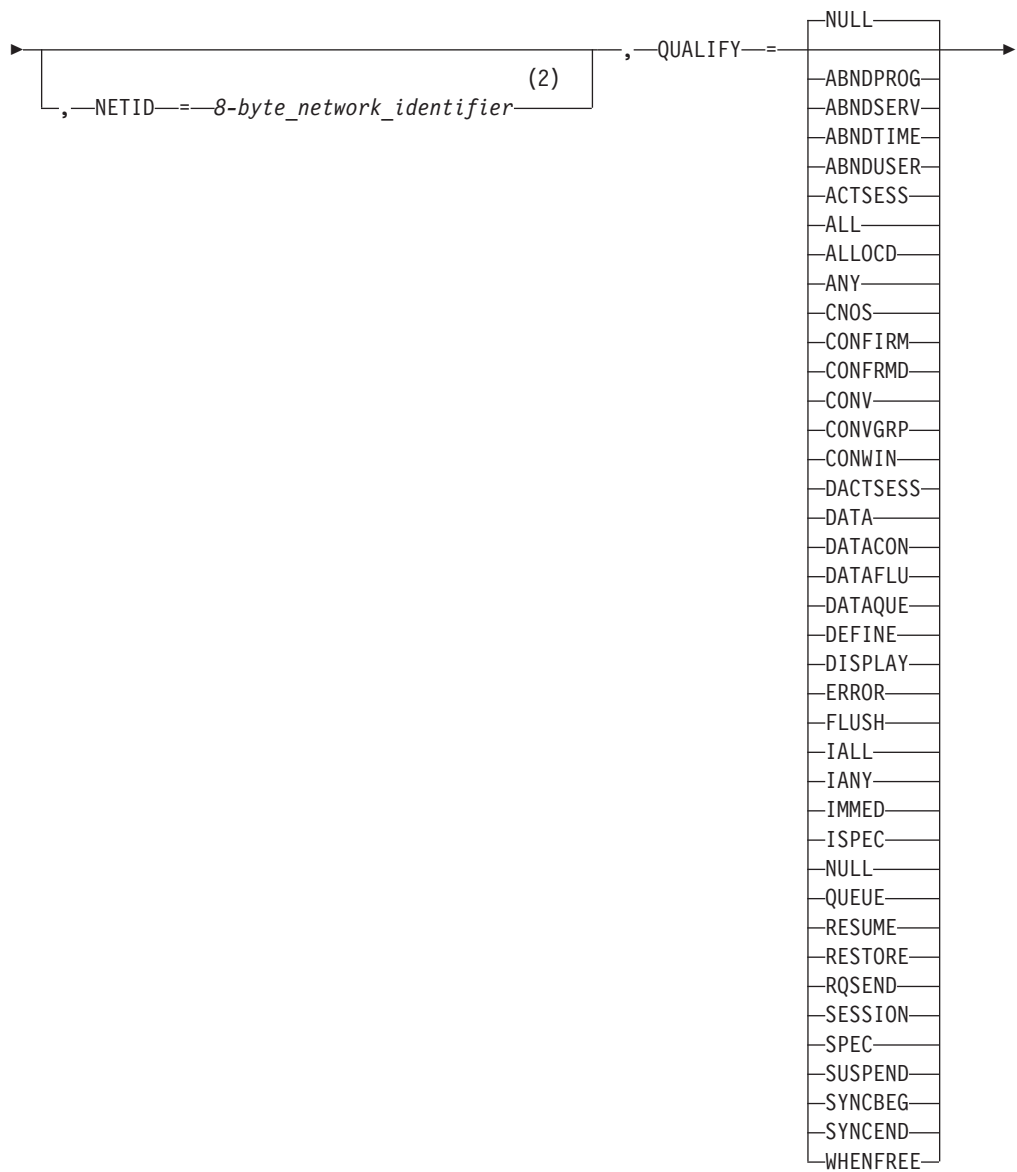
This macroinstruction obtains storage for the RPL extension at assembly time and initializes any fields included as parameters on the macroinstruction. Any fields without a default value and not explicitly included on the macroinstruction are set to 0.

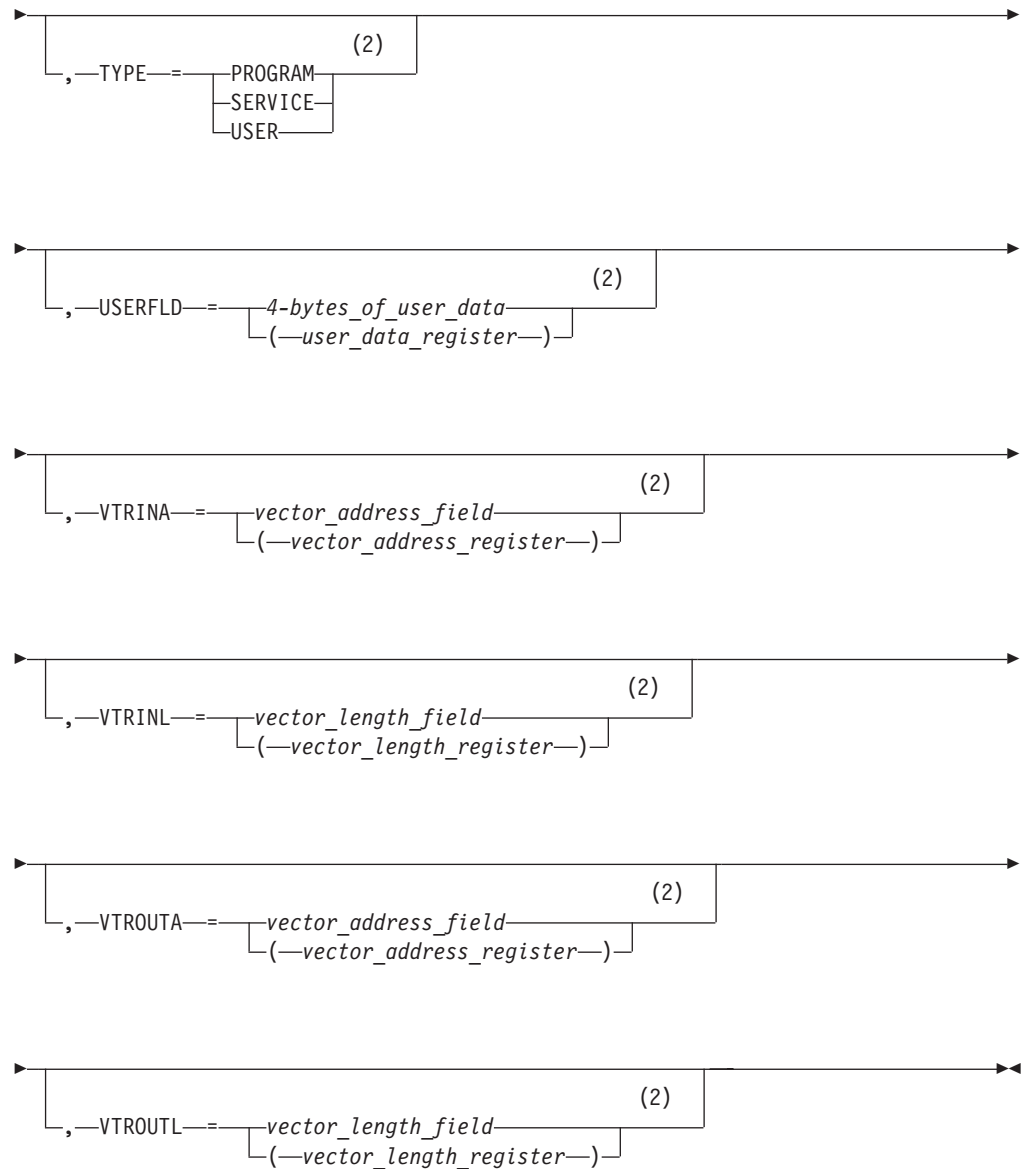
Context

Input states are not applicable to this macroinstruction.

Syntax







Notes:

- 1 In this macroinstruction, all operands except the first must be preceded by a comma. For example, you would code `ISTRPL6 CD=DEFER,FILL=LL,LOCKS=LONG`.
- 2 Operand value might be placed in its RPL extension field either by specification on an `ISTRPL6` macroinstruction operand or by explicitly setting the field using the `ISTRPL6X DSECT`.

Input parameters

CD

Specifies whether the LU immediately goes to SEND or whether the LU defers the SEND transition by going into `PEND_SEND` when a change of direction is received with no data.

CD=DEFER

Specifies that the conversation state will be PEND_SEND when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set.

CD=IMMED

Specifies that the conversation state will be SEND when the SEND indicator of the WHATRCV field is set and none of the data indicators are set. IMMED is the default.

CONMODE

Specifies that upon completion of the APPCCMD, the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any, buffer-continue-any, or continue-specific mode. This field is labeled RPL6CMOD in the RPL extension.

CONMODE=BUFFCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in buffer-continue-any mode. It indicates that this conversation is to apply when APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY is issued and that the application program is to receive data independently of the logical-record format of the data. BUFFCA corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

CONMODE=CS

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in continue-specific mode. It indicates that data is to be received from this conversation by the application program only if the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC. When the application program issues APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC, it must indicate whether the data is to be received in terms of the logical-record format of the data, or independently of the logical-record format of the data.

CONMODE=LLCA

Specifies that the conversation is to be placed in logical-record-continue-any mode. It indicates that this conversation is to apply when APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY is issued and that the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. LLCA corresponds to FILL=LL on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

CONMODE=SAME

Specifies that the continuation mode of the conversation should remain unchanged after the completion of the APPCCMD macroinstruction using this RPL.

CONXMOD

Specifies the mode for receiving expedited information upon completion of the APPCCMD.

CONXMOD=CS

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can only be received by a specific-type of macroinstruction for such as, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC.

CONXMOD=CA

Specifies that the mode for expedited information is to be put in such a state that expedited information can only be received by either a specific-type of macroinstruction, for example, APPCCMD

CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC or ISPEC, or by any type of macroinstruction, for example, APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=ANY or IANY.

CONXMOD=SAME

Specifies that the conversation mode for expedited data is to remain unchanged at the completion of this macroinstruction.

FILL

Specifies whether the application program is to receive data in terms of the logical-record format of the data. This parameter corresponds to FILL=LL | BUFFER described in the LU 6.2 architecture. The field is ignored unless QUALIFY=SPEC. This field is labeled RPL6FILL in the RPL extension.

FILL=BUFF

Specifies the application program is to receive data independently of its logical-record format, up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. FILL=BUFF corresponds to FILL=BUFFER on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

FILL=LL

Specifies the application program is to receive one logical record, or a portion of the logical record up to the length specified by the AREALEN field of the RPL. If only a portion of the logical record is received, the DATA_INCOMPLETE bit in the what-received field is set on. The remainder of the logical record is buffered by VTAM, and will be used to satisfy the next RECEIVE request. FILL=LL corresponds to FILL=LL on the RECEIVE_AND_WAIT verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture.

LIST

Specifies the amount of detail to be provided about LUs, modes, and sessions. The requested information is provided in a RESTORE structure and describes the LUs, modes, and sessions that have been restored. This field is labeled RPL6LIST in the RPL extension.

LIST=ALL

Specifies that all LU, mode, and session information is included in the RESTORE structure.

LIST=NONE

Specifies that no RESTORE structure is returned.

LIST=NOSESS

Specifies that all LU and mode information is included in the RESTORE structure; session information is not included.

LOCKS

Specifies when the execution of the macroinstruction is complete following execution of the CONFIRM function. This field corresponds to the LOCKS parameter on the PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE verb as described in the LU 6.2 architecture. This field is labeled RPL6LOCK in the RPL extension.

LOCKS=SHORT

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when a positive response is received to the confirmation request.

LOCKS=LONG

Specifies that the function of this macroinstruction is complete when information, such as data, is received from the partner LU after an affirmative reply to the confirmation request. The application program

must issue an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE in order to get the information that caused the prior macroinstruction to complete.

LOGMODE=8-byte_logon_mode_name

The field that holds the logon mode name of the session over which an FMH-5 flows. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6MODE in the RPL extension.

LUAFFIN

Specifies whether the application program or VTAM will be the owner of the Generic Resource affinity for this specific LU partner.

LUAFFIN=APPL

The application program will own the GR affinity for this LU.

LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL

VTAM will own the GR affinity for this LU.

The LUAFFIN keyword is only meaningful when the issuing application is acting as a generic resource. If the application does not support a generic name, LUAFFIN is ignored.

The LUAFFIN value is honored if no sessions currently exist with the partner LU. If any active or pending sessions exist, the LUAFFIN value is ignored, and the previously established ownership is used for new sessions. If LUAFFIN is not specified and no sessions currently exist with the partner LU, the generic resource affinity ownership will be based on the type of LU 6.2 session or the owner will be the application if SETLOGON OPTCD=GNAMEADD, AFFIN=APPL was issued.

For more information about affinity ownership between an LU and a generic resource member, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

LUNAME=8-byte_lu_name

The field that holds the name of a partner LU. This LU name is the network name of the partner LU. It is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6LU in the RPL extension.

NETID=8-byte_network_identifier

The field that holds the network identifier of the partner LU. This identifier is the network identifier of the partner LU. If NQNAMES=YES, LUNAME and NETID are used together to form the network-qualified of the target LU. (If NETID is specified, LUNAME is specified.)

The network identifier is an 8-byte name, padded on the right with blanks. This field is labeled RPL6NET in the RPL extension.

QUALIFY=one_of_the_qualify_values_listed_below

Specifies the exact function of an APPCCMD macroinstruction. The general function of the macroinstruction is determined by the CONTROL keyword, required on each APPCCMD macroinstruction.

See the individual macroinstruction descriptions for details.

ABNDPROG

Specifies abnormal termination of a conversation because of a transaction program error.

ABNDSERV

Specifies abnormal termination of a conversation because of an LU services component error.

ABNDTIME

Specifies abnormal termination of a conversation because of excessive elapsed time.

ABNDUSER

Specifies abnormal termination of a conversation because of a user-specified condition.

ACTSESS

Responds positively to a session-initiation request being processed in the LOGON or SCIP exit.

ALL

Specifies a TESTSTAT that can return status on information that is available on any conversation.

ALLOCD

Allocates a session for use by a conversation.

ANY

Used to specify a RECEIVE or RCVEXPD that will accept normal or expedited information, respectively, for more than one conversation.

CNOS

Regulates session limits with another application program.

CONFIRM

Sends a confirmation request to another application program.

CONFRMD

Sends a reply to a confirmation request.

CONV

Deallocates the conversation and its underlying session.

CONVGRP

Associates a session having a specified conversation group identifier with a conversation for allocation of a conversation or deactivation of the session.

CONWIN

Allocates a conversation to a contention-winner session.

DACTSESS

Responds negatively to a session-initiation request in the LOGON or SCIP exit.

DATA

Sends data to a partner LU.

DATACON

Sends data and a confirmation request to a partner LU.

DATAFLU

Sends data to a partner LU and forces flushing of the SEND buffer.

DATAQUE

Specifies that the macroinstruction be queued pending receipt of the FMH-5 from the partner LU and that the FMH-5 as well as any data should be received to the application's buffer when received by VTAM.

DEFINE

Alters information in the LU-mode table.

DISPLAY

Displays information in the LU-mode table.

ERROR

Sends an error indication to a partner LU.

FLUSH

Forces flushing of the SEND buffer.

IALL

Specifies a TESTSTAT that can return status on information that is immediately available on any conversation.

IANY

Specifies a RECEIVE or RCVEXPD that can receive normal or expedited information, respectively, that is immediately available from a conversation in continue-any mode.

IMMED

Allocates a contention-winner session for immediate use by a conversation.

ISPEC

Specifies a RECEIVE that will accept normal information that is immediately available from a user-specified conversation.

NULL

Optional value that can be used when no other QUALIFY value applies

QUEUE

Specifies that the macroinstruction be queued pending receipt of the FMH-5 from the partner LU and that the FMH-5 should be received to the application's buffer when received by VTAM.

RESTORE

Restores a mode (or modes) that has been retained pending recovery of one or more persistent LU-LU sessions.

RESUME

Releases a session that has been suspended.

RQSEND

Requests that an application program be placed in SEND state.

SESSION

Deactivates the session and deallocates any conversation associated with it.

SPEC

Satisfies a RECEIVE using data for a particular conversation.

SUSPEND

Suspends a subsequent conversation.

SYNCBEG

Indicates the beginning of a synchronization exchange.

SYNCEND

Indicates the end of a synchronization exchange.

WHENFREE

Specifies to allocate a session for the conversation if a session is available or pending or one can be activated.

RTSRTRN

Specifies, upon completion of the APPCCMD, the manner in which Request_To_Send_Received indication is to be received.

RTSRTRN=BOTH

Specifies that Request_To_Send_Received indication can be received either

by an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD or reported in the SIGRCV and SIGDATA fields returned with other APPCCMDs.

RTSRTRN=EXPD

Specifies that Request_To_Send_Received indication can be received only by an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD.

SENSE=32-bit_unbind_sense_code

SENSE=(32-bit_unbind_sense_code_register)

The field that holds a 32-bit sense code. This field is labeled RPL6SNSO in the RPL extension.

TYPE

Specifies the level of error being reported on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR macroinstruction. This field is intended to distinguish between errors to be reported to end-user transaction programs and errors to be reported to a service component, such as a mapped conversation component, of the LU. This field is labeled RPL6TYPE in the RPL extension. See "APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR" on page 475 for more details.

TYPE=PROGRAM

Specifies an end-user transaction program error is being reported.

TYPE=SERVICE

Specifies a service-component error is being reported.

TYPE=USER

Specifies that the application program is providing to VTAM a user-specific sense code that it requests be placed in the FMH-7 that VTAM creates as a result of this APPCCMD macroinstruction.

USERFLD=4_bytes_of_user_data

USERFLD=(user_data_register)

Specifies 4 bytes of user data that the application program requests be associated with a conversation. This field is labeled RPL6USR in the RPL extension.

VTRINA=vector_address_field

VTRINA=(vector_address_register)

Specifies the address of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if one of the following items is true:

- VTRINA=0
- The value for VTRINL is less than the minimum length required to return the APPCCMD vector area header.
- The value for VTRINL is not specified.

This field is labeled RPL6VAIA in the RPL extension.

VTRINL=vector_length_field

VTRINL=(vector_length_register)

Specifies the length of the data area where VTAM places vector list information for the application.

This parameter is ignored if the value for VTRINA is 0 or is not specified. This field is labeled RPL6VAIL in the RPL extension.

VTROUTA=vector_address_field

VTROUTA=(vector_address_register)

Specifies the address of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. If OPTCD=XBUFLST is specified, this field must point to the XBUFLST-receive vector (ISTAPC82), which is mapped by ISTAPCVL. (Refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information.)

This field is labeled RPL6VAOA in the RPL extension.

VTROUTL=vector_length_field

VTROUTL=(vector_length_register)

Specifies the length of the area where the application places vector list information for VTAM. This field is labeled RPL6VAOL in the RPL extension.

Chapter 2. Return codes

VTAM passes feedback return codes to the LU 6.2 application program in a variety of ways. The principal feedback mechanism is the RCPRI and RCSEC return code fields in the RPL extension. These fields have meaning only when register 15 is set to X'00' and register 0 is set to X'0B'. These values are also the values of the RPL's RTNCD and FDB2 fields, respectively.

For a general discussion of how register contents relate to RPL feedback fields, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide.

RCPRI and RCSEC codes

The RPL extension contains two fields in which return code information is passed to the application program at the completion of an APPCCMD macroinstruction execution. The two fields are RPL6RCPRI and RPL6RCSEC, and together they indicate the result of the macroinstruction execution, including any state changes to the specified conversation. The RCPRI field returns a primary return code to the application; the RCSEC field returns a secondary return code to the application. Some RCPRI codes do not have associated RCSEC subcodes. For these RCPRI codes, the RCSEC field is set to X'0000'.

Some of the (RCPRI, RCSEC) return codes indicate the results of the local VTAM's processing of the macroinstruction; these return codes are returned on the APPCCMD that invoked the local processing. Other (RCPRI, RCSEC) return codes indicate the results of processing invoked at the remote end of the conversation and, depending upon the CONTROL and QUALIFY settings of the APPCCMD, can be returned on the APPCCMD that invoked the remote processing or on a subsequent APPCCMD. Still other return codes report events that originate at the remote end of the conversation.

The following information describes the RCPRI and RCSEC codes. Each description includes the meaning of the code, the reason for the condition indicated by the code, when the code can be reported to the application program, and the state of the conversation (if applicable) when the function of the APPCCMD completes. Actions taken by the local application program are discussed in the return code descriptions in terms of APPCCMD macroinstructions; actions taken by the remote LU or transaction program are described more generically using the architected protocol boundary verbs documented in the LU 6.2 architecture.

Note: Some application programs change the hexadecimal values from the RCPRI, RCSEC fields to decimal values. You may need to convert these back to hexadecimal values for problem determination.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	(all)	USF6OK	OK

The local application program issued an APPCCMD macroinstruction that executed without error. The function defined for the APPCCMD was performed as specified.

The OK RCPRI code together with one of the RCSEC subcodes form the complete return code that is returned to the application; the RCSEC subcode provides additional information.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0000'	USF6OKSC	OK

The APPCCMD completed successfully and no additional information is defined for the APPCCMD. If a conversation-related macroinstruction is issued, the conversation state can be found in the CONSTATE field. Whenever this RCPRI,RCSEC combination is present, registers 15 and 0 are also set to 0.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0001'	USF6ASSP	AS SPECIFIED

The CNOS values supplied by the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction were accepted by the partner LU as specified, without negotiation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0002'	USF6ASNG	AS NEGOTIATED

One or more of the CNOS values supplied by the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was changed by negotiation with the partner LU. The values are returned to the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction. (The macroinstruction description defines which values can be negotiated.)

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0003'	USF6RCVR	RECEIVE SPECIFIC REJECTED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC or APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ISPEC macroinstruction was rejected because an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY or APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=IANY macroinstruction is currently being processed on this conversation. There is no state change. See z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide for more information on the APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC | ISPEC and APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=ANY | IANY macroinstructions.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0004'	USF6SNGL	PARTNER LU SUPPORTS SINGLE SESSION

VTAM has determined that the partner LU supports only single sessions. If the session limit you specified was greater than 1, or if you did not specify a session limit, then the default values of 1, 0, 0 were used for your CNOS request.

If the partner LU indicated single-session capability using a negative BIND response, the partner LU's name will be missing from the Userdata subfield of the BIND. When the application program issues an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DISPLAY macroinstruction, it should verify the presence of the partner LU's fully qualified name. If the FQNLEN field is 0, the partner LU's name is not available. Check the FQNLEN field before checking the FQNAME field.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0005'	USF6INER	INTERNAL VTAM ERROR

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION macroinstruction because of an internal error other than a storage shortage condition.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0006'	USF6RSUN	RESTORE_UNNECESSARY— NO_MODES_TO_RESTORE

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=RESTORE macroinstruction is unnecessary. The associated mode (or modes) has been restored already, or nothing existed to restore.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0007'	USF6RSIN	RESTORE_INCOMPLETE— INPUT_WORK_AREA_TOO_SMALL

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=RESTORE macroinstruction is incomplete. The AREA supplied is too small to hold all the information that needs to be returned. Reissue the macroinstruction one or more times to obtain all the restore information and to complete the restore.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0008'	USF6NINA	NO IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE INFORMATION

An APPCCMD that requested the immediate return of available information was issued. However, no information that could satisfy the request was available.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'0009'	USF6RTEC	REQUEST TERMINATED BY END OF CONVERSATION

An APPCCMD was awaiting processing or awaiting the arrival of information or a response on a specific conversation. The command has terminated because the conversation ended before the requested information became available or before it could be processed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'000A'	USF6ANMS	SESSIONS WILL USE APPL NAME, GENERIC NAME REQUESTED

Use of the generic resource name was requested but the application network name is required.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'000B'	USF6GNMS	SESSIONS WILL USE GENERIC NAME, APPL NAME WAS REQUESTED

Use of the application network name was requested but the generic resource name is required.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'000C'	USF6NAM1	AS SPECIFIED, PARTNER LU KNOWN BY DIFFERENT NAME

The CNOS values supplied by the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction were acceptable by the partner LU as specified, without negotiation. Furthermore, the CNOS operation caused an LU entry of type RCVD_NAME to be changed to a VARIANT_NAME entry in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0000'	X'000D'	USF6NAM2	AS NEGOTIATED, PARTNER LU KNOWN BY DIFFERENT NAME

One or more of the CNOS values supplied by the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was changed by negotiation with the partner LU. The values are returned to the application program on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction. (The macroinstruction description defines which values can be negotiated.) Furthermore, the CNOS operation caused an LU entry of type RCVD_NAME to be changed to a VARIANT_NAME entry in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	(all)	USF6ALLC	ALLOCATION ERROR

The application program issued APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC and allocation of the specified conversation could not be completed. When the ALLOCATION_ERROR RCPRI code is used with one of the RCSEC subcodes

(X'0000'–X'000F'), they form the complete return code that is returned to the program. The RCSEC subcode identifies the specific error. (The partner LU and remote transaction program referred to in the RCSEC definitions are the LU named in the LUNAME field of the APPCCMD, and the transaction program named in the FMH-5 supplied through the AREA field of the APPCCMD, respectively.)

If the partner LU detects the error that causes an ALLOCATION_ERROR RCPRI code to be returned to the application, the error indicator sent by the partner LU can specify that error log data follows the error indicator. The error log data indicator is returned to the application program in the LOGRCV field of the completed macroinstruction. If an ALLOCATION_ERROR RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=YES, the conversation should issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC to receive the error log data. When the error log data is received, the conversation is over.

If an ALLOCATION_ERROR RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=NO, the conversation is in END_CONV state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0000'	USF6ALNR	ALLOCATION FAILURE, NO RETRY

The conversation cannot be allocated on a session because of a permanent condition. For example, the session to be used for the conversation cannot be activated for one of the reasons:

- The mode is closed; the current session limit is 0.
 - CNOS has not been negotiated and no entry has been created for the mode.
 - A previous CNOS request has set limits to 0.
- A system definition error.
- A session-activation protocol error.

The session also might be deactivated because of a session protocol error before the conversation could be allocated. The application program should not try the allocation request again until the condition is corrected. The application should check the returned SENSE field in the RPL extension for an indication of the exact error.

If this code occurs when issuing a DISPLAY APING operator command, the session may have been deactivated as a result of processing a received APING request for the same mode. Reissue the operator command.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0001'	USF6ALR	ALLOCATION FAILURE RETRY

The conversation cannot be allocated on a session because of a temporary condition. For example, the session to be used for the conversation cannot be activated because of a temporary lack of resources at the remote LU; or the session was deactivated because of session outage before the conversation could be allocated. The condition is temporary, and the program can try the allocation request again.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0002'	USF6ALCM	CONVERSATION TYPE MISMATCH

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the remote transaction program does not support the respective mapped or basic protocol boundary. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0003'	USF6ALPI	PIP NOT ALLOWED

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application program provided program initialization parameter (PIP) data (along with the FMH-5) and either the partner LU does not support PIP data, or the remote transaction program has no PIP variables defined. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0004'	USF6ALPP	PIP NOT SPECIFIED CORRECTLY

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the remote transaction program has one or more PIP variables defined and the local application program provided no program initialization parameters, or the local application program specified program initialization parameters (along with the FMH-5) that do not correspond in number to those defined for the remote transaction program. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0005'	USF6ALSC	SECURITY NOT VALID

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the access security information supplied by the local application (in the FMH-5) is not valid. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0006'	USF6ALSY	SYNC LEVEL NOT SUPPORTED BY LU

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the synchronization level specified in the allocation request is not supported by both the local and partner LU. The local LU specifies its level of synchronization support on its APPL statement. The partner LU has returned the negotiated level between the two LUs in the BIND response. This return code is returned on the APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction for the local LU.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0007'	USF6ALSL	SYNC LEVEL NOT SUPPORTED BY PROGRAM

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application program specified a synchronization level (in the FMH-5) that the remote transaction program does not support. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0008'	USF6ALTP	TPN NOT RECOGNIZED

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application program specified a remote transaction program name (TPN) that the partner LU does not recognize. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0009'	USF6ALTN	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, NO RETRY

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application program specified a remote transaction program that the partner LU recognizes but cannot start. The condition is not temporary, and the application should not try the allocation request again. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000A'	USF6ALTR	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, RETRY

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application specified a remote program that the remote LU recognizes but currently cannot start. The condition is temporary, and the application can try the allocation request again. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000B'	USF6ALRN	CANNOT RECONNECT TRANSACTION PROGRAM, NO RETRY

The partner LU rejected the reconnection request because it does not recognize the conversation correlator. The condition is not temporary, and the application should not try the reconnection request again. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000C'	USF6ALRR	CANNOT RECONNECT TRANSACTION PROGRAM, RETRY

The partner LU rejected the reconnection request because it currently cannot reconnect the remote transaction program implied by the conversation correlator. The condition is temporary, however, and the application can try the reconnection request again. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000D'	USF6ALNS	RECONNECT NOT SUPPORTED BY PROGRAM

The partner LU rejected the allocation request because the local application program specified a recovery level of program reconnect (in the FMH-5) and the remote transaction program does not support program reconnect. This return code is returned on an APPCCMD subsequent to APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000E'	USF6SPMA	MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING

The APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC macroinstruction is rejected because the specified mode name is pending recovery for persistent LU-LU sessions. Restore the mode by issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'000F'	USF6DARQ	DEALLOCATION REQUESTED

The allocation request has been canceled before its normal processing could be completed. The local application program issued a request for abnormal deallocation of the pending conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0010'	USF6ALSF	ALLOCATION ERROR - SYNCH LEVEL NOT VALID FOR FULL-DUPLEX

The allocation request has been rejected because it specifies a full-duplex conversation with a sync point level not allowed for a full-duplex conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'0004'	X'0011'	USF6LNSF	ALLOCATION ERROR - LU PAIR NOT SUPPORTING FDX CONVERSATION

The allocation request has been rejected because it specifies a full-duplex conversation and the negotiated level of support between the local application and the partner LU does not allow full-duplex conversations.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	(all)	USF6CNSA	CNOS FAILURE

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction did not process successfully. The CNOS_ALLOCATION_ERROR RCPRI code together with one of the RCSEC subcodes (X'0000'-X'0006') form the complete return code that is returned to the transaction program. The RCSEC subcode identifies the specific error. The local and partner LUs' CNOS parameters are not changed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0000'	USF6CANR	ALLOCATION FAILURE, NO RETRY

The control operator conversation cannot be allocated because of a condition that is not temporary. For example, the session to be used for the control operator conversation cannot be activated because the session limit for the specified partner LU and SNASVCMG mode name is currently 0 at either the local LU or partner LU; or because of a system definition error or a session-activation protocol error; or because a session protocol error caused the session to be deactivated before the conversation could be allocated. The CNOS will not be able to complete successfully until the condition is corrected. This code can also be returned if a partner LU rejects a SNASVCMG mode name BIND.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0001'	USF6CAR	ALLOCATION FAILURE, RETRY

The control operator conversation cannot be allocated because of a temporary condition. For example, the session to be used for the control operator conversation cannot be activated because of a temporary lack of resources at the local LU or partner LU, or the session was deactivated because of session outage before the conversation could be allocated. The condition is temporary, and the control operator can try the transaction again later.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0002'	USF6CATR	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, RETRY

The partner LU is currently unable to start the transaction program identified as hex 06F1, which is the SNA service transaction program for the control operator. For example, there can be a temporary lack of resources the partner LU needs to start the transaction program. The condition is temporary, and the control operator can try the transaction again later.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0003'	USF6CATN	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, NO RETRY

The partner LU is unable to start the transaction program identified as X'06F1', which is the SNA service transaction program for the control operator. The condition is not temporary, and the application should not try again the CNOS request.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0004'	USF6CACM	CONVERSATION TYPE MISMATCH

The partner LU rejected the CNOS conversation allocation request because the remote transaction program does not support the respective mapped or basic protocol boundary.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0005'	USF6CASC	SECURITY NOT VALID

The partner LU rejected the CNOS conversation allocation request because the access security information supplied by VTAM (in the FMH-5) is not valid.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0006'	USF6SPMC	MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction is rejected because the specified mode name is pending recovery for persistent LU-LU sessions. Restore the mode by issuing APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE. New modes can be added once the SNASVCMG mode for an LU has been restored, but any mode that exists when the failure (or takeover) occurs cannot be used until that mode has been restored.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0008'	X'0007'	USF6NQNM	NETWORK QUALIFIED NAME MISMATCH

The name on an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was an ACB name. The ACB name is not identical to the network resource name. ACB names cannot be used in cross-domain, cross-network, or network qualified. For information on coding the ACBNAME operand, see the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'000C'	X'0000'	USF6CNSN	CNOS RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because of a failure that caused the control operator conversation to be deallocated prematurely. For example, the session being used for the control operator conversation was deactivated for one of the reasons:

- A session protocol error
- A session outage from which the control operator component of the LU could not recover

The conversation also might be deallocated because of a protocol error between the control operator components of the LUs. The condition is not temporary, and the control operator should not try the transaction again until the condition is corrected. The CNOS parameters remain unchanged at the local LU, or both the local and partner LUs, depending on when the failure occurred.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	(all)	USF6CRRJ	COMMAND RACE REJECT

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because two CNOS operations caused contention for the needed resources.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	X'0000'	USF6CRPR	PARTNER GRANTED RETRY

Both LUs initiated a CNOS negotiation for the same mode at the same time. The partner LU will try the CNOS request again. VTAM fails the CNOS request from the local LU.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	X'0001'	USF6CRLR	CONTROL OPERATOR FOR LOCAL LU RETRIED

Both LUs initiated CNOS processing for the same mode at the same time. VTAM failed the partner's CNOS attempt, and the local LU was given permission to try the CNOS request again. VTAM attempted CNOS processing again but the subsequent CNOS negotiation failed as well. VTAM was forced to fail the local LU's CNOS request.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	X'0002'	USF6PCIP	PARTNER CNOS IN PROGRESS

The partner LU has already begun processing a CNOS for the same mode name, and its processing will continue uninterrupted. The application program must reissue this APPCCMD for it to be processed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	X'0003'	USF6LPSS	LU IN PENDING SINGLE STATE

The CNOS negotiation cannot be attempted at this time because the partner LU has initiated a CNOS request for the same mode. The partner LU might be a single-session-capable LU. The local LU cannot issue a CNOS request until the CNOS request initiated by the partner LU completes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0010'	X'0004'	USF6PLSS	PARTNER LU STARTING SESSION

A partner LU that provides only single-session support is currently initiating a session. Because only one session can be active at a time, the application program's CNOS request is rejected. The application program can try the CNOS command again later.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0014'	X'0000'	USF6DABP	DEALLOCATE ABEND PROGRAM

The remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb, as defined in the LU 6.2 architecture, specifying the TYPE(ABEND_PROG) parameter, or the remote LU did so because of a remote transaction program abend condition. If the conversation for the remote transaction program was in a state in which information can be received when the DEALLOCATE was issued, information sent by the local application and not yet received by the remote transaction program was purged. This return code can be reported to the local application on any APPCCMD macroinstruction that can process the error notification on a half-duplex conversation. This return code can only be reported on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE on a full-duplex conversation. The error indicator sent by the partner LU to specify the DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM condition can specify that error log data follows the error indicator. The error log data indicator is returned to the application program in the LOGRCV field of the completed macroinstruction. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=YES, the conversation should issue APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE, QUALIFY=SPEC|ISPEC to receive the error log data. The conversation is then ended. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_PROGRAM RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=NO, the conversation is ended.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0018'	X'0000'	USF6DABS	DEALLOCATE ABEND SERVICE

The remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture, specifying the TYPE(ABEND_SVC) parameter. If the conversation for the remote transaction program was in a state in which information can be received when the DEALLOCATE was issued, information sent by the local application and not yet received by the remote transaction program was purged. This return code can be reported to the local application on any

APPCCMD macroinstruction that can process the error notification on a half-duplex conversation. This return code can only be reported on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE on a full-duplex conversation. The error indicator sent by the partner LU to specify the DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE condition can specify that error log data follows the error indicator. The error log data indicator is returned to the application program in the LOGRCV field of the completed macroinstruction. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=YES, the conversation is in PEND_END_CONV_LOG or PEND_RESET_LOG state. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SERVICE RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=NO, the conversation is in END_CONV or FDX_RESET state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'001C'	X'0000'	USF6DABT	DEALLOCATE ABEND TIMER

The remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb, as described in the LU 6.2 architecture, specifying the TYPE(ABEND_TIMER) parameter. If the conversation for the remote program was in a state in which information can be received when the DEALLOCATE was issued, information sent by the local application program and not yet received by the remote transaction program was purged. This return code can be reported to the local program on any APPCCMD macroinstruction that can process the error notification on a half-duplex conversation. This return code can only be reported on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE on a full-duplex conversation. The error indicator sent by the partner LU to specify the DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER condition can specify that error log data follows the error indicator. The error log data indicator is returned to the application program in the LOGRCV field of the completed macroinstruction. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=YES, the conversation is in PEND_END_CONV_LOG or PEND_RESET_LOG state. If a DEALLOCATE_ABEND_TIMER RCPRI code is returned to the application along with LOGRCV=NO, the conversation is in END_CONV or FDX_RESET state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0020'	X'0000'	USF6CNSR	CNOS FAILURE, RETRY

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued and a conversation was begun with the partner LU. However, a failure occurred that caused the conversation to be prematurely terminated. For example, the session being used for the conversation was deactivated because of a session outage, such as a line failure or a modem failure. The condition is temporary, and the application can try the transaction again.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0024'	X'0000'	USF6LRBE	LOGICAL RECORD BOUNDARY ERROR

The application program began sending a logical record before the previous logical record was sent in its entirety. The conversation state does not change.

For macroinstructions that use the QUALIFY=DATAON keyword, the data that was to be sent with the confirmation request is held. The application program must either furnish more data to finish the logical record, or truncate the incomplete record. The application cannot immediately send more data to complete the logical record, but must explicitly flush the send buffer and then send data to complete the logical record.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0028'	X'0000'	USF6SLCL	LU MODE SESSION LIMIT CLOSED

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because the partner LU currently will not allow the session limit for the specified mode name to be raised above 0. The session limit remains at 0. This condition is not necessarily permanent; the control operator can try the CNOS transaction again later.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	(all)	USF6PARM	PARAMETER ERROR

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD because one of the RPL, RPL extension, or session limits structure fields specified in the APPCCMD contained a value that was not valid. The PARAMETER_ERROR RCPRI code together with the RCSEC subcodes (X'0000'–X'002D') form the complete return code that is returned to the application. The subcode identifies the specific error. This RCPRI code is returned on the APPCCMD that contained the parameter that was not valid. When this RCPRI code is returned on a conversation APPCCMD macroinstruction (that is, a macroinstruction that does not specify CONTROL=OPRCNTL), the state of the conversation remains unchanged. When this RCPRI code is returned on an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL macroinstruction, the local and partner LUs' CNOS parameters are not changed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0000'	USF6IVLU	INVALID LU NAME OR NETWORK IDENTIFIER

The APPCCMD specified an unrecognized partner LU name or network identifier.

This combination of return codes might result if VTAM does not find the LU name for a partner in the LU-mode table. The partner LU name and the logon mode name are added to the dynamically built LU-mode table during CNOS negotiation. To initiate CNOS negotiation, the application program issues the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction and specifies the LU name and logon mode (LOGMODE) name to be used during communication.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0001'	USF6IVMD	INVALID MODE

The APPCCMD specified an unrecognized logmode name, or the logmode name is not allowed for the LU-LU pair.

This combination of return codes might occur if the LU name specified for a conversation allocation request is present in the LU-mode table but the logon mode name is not present. The partner LU name and the logon mode name are added to the dynamically built LU-mode table during CNOS negotiation. To initiate CNOS negotiation, the application program issues the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction and specifies the LU name and logon mode (LOGMODE) name to be used during communication.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0002'	USF6IVCI	INVALID CONVERSATION

The APPCCMD specified an unassigned conversation ID, or the RPL used for the request specified an ACB other than the one associated with the conversation assigned that CONVID. The value specified might have been a valid CONVID, but the conversation might not be active.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0003'	USF6IVLL	INVALID LL

The data provided by the application program on an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, an APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, or an APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC macroinstruction was not valid. It contained a logical record length (LL) value of X'0000', X'0001', X'8000', or X'8001'. An LL value of hex 0001, which indicates that the data contains a presentation services (PS) header for sync point, is allowed only on conversations with a synchronization level of sync point.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0004'	USF6IVSV	INVALID VALUES FOR SNASVCMG MODE

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued and the values specified for the SESSLIM, MINWINL, and MINWINR do not specify (2,1,1) or (0,0,0), respectively.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0005'	USF6IVDL	INVALID DRAINL CHANGE

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued, NBRMODE=ONE and DRAINL=YES were specified, the session limit in effect when the APPCCMD was issued was 0, and DRAINL=NO was in effect when the APPCCMD was issued. (The application program attempted to change DRAINL from NO to YES on an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction when session limits were 0.)

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0006'	USF6SNAR	SNASVCMG MODE CANNOT CURRENTLY BE RESET

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction is issued, the SNASVCMG mode name is specified, and either one or more session limits for the mode name group for the partner LU is not 0; or one or more session limits for the mode name group for the partner LU are 0, but draining is enabled.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0007'	USF6MMEX	MINWINL PLUS MINWINR EXCEEDS SESSLIM

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS or QUALIFY=DEFINE macroinstruction was issued and either the sum of MINWINL plus MINWINR is greater than the SESSLIM value specified, or the sum of DMINWNL plus DMINWNR is greater than the DSESLIM value specified.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0008'	USF6LNIN	SUPPLIED LENGTH INSUFFICIENT

The application issued one of the macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5
- APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE,OPTCD=XBUFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=ACTSESS
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=DISPLAY
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=RESTORE
- APPCCMD CONTROL=TESTSTAT.

The data area or data length was not suitable as indicated in the items:

RECEIVE,OPTCD=XBUFLST

The area specified is not large enough to hold one extended buffer list entry.

RCVEXPD

Data area is too small to contain all the expedited data.

RCVFMH5

Data area is too small to contain the next available FMH-5.

QUALIFY=ACTSESS

Data length indicated in the supplied session parameters was larger than the amount of data provided or exceeds the maximum size allowed.

QUALIFY=DISPLAY

Data area is too small to contain the DEFINE/DISPLAY (ISTSLD) structure.

QUALIFY=RESTORE

Data area is too small to contain the RESTORE (ISTREST) structure.

TESTSTAT

Data area is too small to contain the status data structure (ISTSTATD).

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0009'	USF6INSL	INCOMPLETE STRUCTURE SUPPLIED

The application program issued one of the macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DEFINE.

The data length was not suitable as indicated in the :

QUALIFY=ACTSESS

Data length provided was less than the minimum size for the session parameters.

QUALIFY=CNOS

Data length provided was less than the minimum size for the session limits structure (ISTSLCNS).

QUALIFY=DEFINE

Data length provided was less than the minimum size for the DEFINE/DISPLAY (ISTSLD) structure.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000A'	USF6INFM	INCOMPLETE FMH5 SUPPLIED

The application program issued APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, but did not supply an entire FMH-5.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000B'	USF6INGD	INCOMPLETE GDS VARIABLE SUPPLIED

The application program issued an abnormal termination APPCCMD deallocation macroinstruction, but did not supply an entire GDS variable.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000C'	USF60EXT	ZERO EXIT FIELD

The RPL specified that the ECB-EXIT field is being used as an EXIT field, but the RPL exit routine address in the field is 0. No RPL exit routine has been scheduled.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000D'	USF60ECB	ZERO ECB FIELD

The RPL specified that the ECB-EXIT field is being used to point to an external ECB, but the address in the field is 0. No ECB has been posted.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000E'	USF6RIAS	REQUEST INVALID FOR ADDRESS SPACE

An internal error occurred.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'000F'	USF6CBIN	CONTROL BLOCK INVALID

The RPL's ACB field does not contain the address of a valid ACB or the ACB is closed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0010'	USF6INDL	INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH

An APPCCMD was issued that specified a work area address that is beyond the addressable range of the application program.

If using a buffer list or extended buffer list to send data, check entries to ensure that the length field does not contain any negative values.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0011'	USF6PRVO	PREVIOUS MACROINSTRUCTION OUTSTANDING

An APPCCMD is issued that specifies a conversation resource while an outstanding macroinstruction that targets the same conversation and processes on the same conversation queue is pending completion, or an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL is issued while an outstanding operator control APPCCMD that targets the same LU is pending completion. Wait until the first macroinstruction completes or coordinate this request with the one that is outstanding.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0012'	USF6BLIV	BUFFER LIST LENGTH INVALID

The RECLLEN field of the RPL was not valid.

For the macroinstructions, the RECLLEN field must be a nonzero multiple of 16:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, OPTCD=BUFFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, OPTCD=BUFFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, OPTCD=BUFFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXP, OPTCD=BUFFLST

- APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDRCV, OPTCD=BUFFLST.

For the macroinstructions, the RECLLEN field must be a nonzero multiple of 48:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, OPTCD=XBUFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, OPTCD=XBUFLST
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, OPTCD=XBUFLST

For the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDRCV, OPTCD=XBUFLST macroinstruction, the value for RECLLEN minus 16 must be a nonzero multiple of 48.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0013'	USF6NOMD	NO CORRESPONDING MODE IN LM TABLE

The application program issued one of the macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DISPLAY
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE.

The application program also specified a mode name for which no corresponding entry exists in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0014'	USF6IVBP	INVALID BIND PARAMETERS

The application program issued an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS and specified a set of BIND parameters that were not valid, or the parameters in the BIND that was received were not valid.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0015'	USF6IVTP	INVALID TPN

The application program issued an APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC with an FMH-5 that contained a transaction program name that was reserved or not valid, such as X'06F1', which is the SNA service transaction program for the control operator.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0016'	USF6NOLU	NO CORRESPONDING LU IN LM TABLE

The application program issued one of the macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DISPLAY
- APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE.

The application program also specified an LU name for which no corresponding entry exists in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0017'	USF6IMDF	INVALID MODE SPECIFIED

The application program issued an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DEFINE macroinstruction and specified mode name SNASVCMG.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0018'	USF6ILSP	INVALID LIMIT SPECIFIED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued and one of the session limit fields was an incorrect value.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0019'	USF6SMAI	SNASVCMG MODE ALREADY INITIALIZED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued in order to initialize the SNASVCMG mode. However, it was already initialized, and no action was taken.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001A'	USF6ALLS	ALL MODES SPECIFIED ON SINGLE SESSION LU

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued against all the mode names of the LU specified. However, the partner LU is single-session capable. Therefore, an APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction must be issued against a specific mode name.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001B'	USF6SMSS	SNASVCMG OR CPSVCMG MODE FOR SINGLE SESSION LU

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued for the SNASVCMG or CPSVCMG mode name. However, the partner LU is single-session capable, and the SNASVCMG or CPSVCMG is not allowed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001C'	USF6SSMI	SINGLE SESSION, MODE ALREADY INITIALIZED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction was issued for a partner LU that is single-session capable. However, another of the LU's

mode names is already initialized to nonzero session limits, and only one mode name can have nonzero session limits at a time.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001E'	USF6CIDI	CID INVALID

The RPL's ARG field does not contain a valid session identifier (CID). You might have inadvertently modified the field or failed to set it in the first place, or you might have used the CID of a session that no longer exists.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'001F'	USF6APNA	APPCCMD ISSUED FOR NON-APPC

The application issued an APPCCMD against a non-LU 6.2 session or resource. The APPCCMD is rejected.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0020'	USF6PRRO	PREVIOUS REJECT REQUEST OUTSTANDING

An APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT request was issued. However, a previous APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT request has already been issued for the same resource. The later APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT was rejected.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0021'	USF6DARJ	ABNORMAL DEALLOCATE REJECTED, RETRY

One of the macroinstructions was issued:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDSERV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDTIME
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER.

However, a prior macroinstruction that cannot be canceled is outstanding. The command is not allowed in this case and is rejected. This command also is not allowed to be issued when the conversation is in RECEIVE state and no data has been received for the conversation. APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=CONV can be issued to terminate the conversation and session in this case.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0022'	USF6IVCQ	INVALID CONTROL OR QUALIFY VALUE

An undefined value for the CONTROL or QUALIFY keyword was specified, or a QUALIFY value is not valid to use with the specified CONTROL value. For CONTROL types that do not use a QUALIFY value, RPL6QUAL must be set to 0.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0023'	USF6INSI	INVALID SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION request or an APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND request or an APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=RESUME request because the local application specified:

- A session instance identifier for a session that was not active at the time of the request.
- A session ID length that was not valid.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0024'	USF6PSHI	PS HEADER NOT SUPPLIED

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND request because the local application did not supply a complete PS header. (For example, the PS header length and data are missing.)

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0025'	USF6PSLI	PS HEADER LENGTH IS INSUFFICIENT

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND request because the local application specified an insufficient PS header length (the length equals 0).

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0026'	USF6NMSC	SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER AND CONVERSATION IDENTIFIER MISMATCH

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND request because the application program requested a session with APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS, QUALIFY=SUSPEND, but the conversation identified by CONVID was not currently assigned to the session identified by SESSID. VTAM rejected the request and nothing was suspended.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0027'	USF6IDET	INVALID DEACTIVATION TYPE CODE

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT, QUALIFY=SESSION request because the local application program omitted the DEACTYP parameter or

specified an UNBIND deactivation type code value other than cleanup (X'0F') or protocol violation (X'FE'). The session has been successfully deactivated with UNBIND (X'0F').

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0028'	USF6NCRY	CRYPTOGRAPHY NOT ALLOWED ON MODE

An APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, an APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, or an APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC macroinstruction is rejected because CRYPT=YES is specified, and the mode does not support encryption.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0029'	USF6INLI	INVALID LIST VALUE SPECIFIED ON APPCCMD FOR RESTORE

The value for the LIST field in the RPL is not equal to NONE, ALL, or NOSESS. The keyword LIST=ALL, LIST=NONE, or LIST=NOSESS can be specified on the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE macroinstruction.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002A'	USF6INCG	INVALID CGID VALUE SPECIFIED

A macroinstruction was issued specifying CONVGRP, but the conversation group ID (CGID) was not valid. You might have unintentionally modified the field, failed to set it correctly, or used a CGID that corresponds to a session that no longer exists.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002B'	USF6NONI	NETWORK-QUALIFIED NAME REQUIRED

NETID was not coded on the APPCCMD although PARMS=(NQNNAMES=YES) was coded on the ACB macroinstruction.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002C'	USF6INEL	PARAMETER ERROR - INVALID EXPEDITED DATA LENGTH

An APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD was issued that specified an expedited data length of 0 or an expedited data length greater than the allowed maximum. The largest expedited data size that can be sent with one macroinstruction invocation is 86 bytes.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002D'	USF6INSC	PARAMETER ERROR - INVALID SENSE CODE VALUE SPECIFIED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ,QUALIFY=ABNDUSER was specified with a sense code that was not an allocation or abnormal deallocation sense code value.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002E'	USF6VANV	VECTOR AREA NOT VALID

The application supplied VTAM with a vector area address that is not valid or is write-protected.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'002F'	USF6VALI	VECTOR AREA LENGTH INSUFFICIENT

The application supplied VTAM with a vector area that is smaller than the minimum required size.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0030'	USF6STNV	PARAMETER_ERROR— STORAGE_TYPE_NOT_VALID

A storage type indication was not supplied or is not valid. Storage type is required to be specified via the ISTAPC82 mapping DSECT that is mapped within the ISTAPCVL mapping DSECT.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0031'	USF6VALS	PARAMETER_ERROR— SENDRCV_SPECIFIED_WITHOUT_ OPTCD=BUFFLST XBUFLST

The APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDRCV was issued without specifying a buffer. OPTCD=BUFFLST | XBUFLST is required for this macroinstruction.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0032'	USF6UNXV	PARAMETER_ERROR— UNEXPECTED_VECTOR_PROVIDED_ON_APPCCMD

An unexpected vector was provided on an APPCCMD request. An input vector is not defined for the APPCCMD.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0033'	USF6VNPV	PARAMETER_ERROR— A_REQUIRED_VECTOR_WAS_NOT_PROVIDED_ OR_SPECIFIED_INCORRECTLY

A required input vector was either not provided or specified incorrectly on an APPCCMD request.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'002C'	X'0034'	USF6LNSP	PASSWORD_SUBSTITUTION_VALUE_SET_IN_ERROR

The FMH-5 received from the application indicated password substitution in byte 4, bit 3. The session established with the partner does not support password substitution. Reissue the macroinstruction with this bit setting off.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0030'	X'0000'	USF6PENT	PROGRAM ERROR NO TRUNCATION

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb specifying the TYPE(PROG) parameter; the conversation for the remote program was in a sending state; and the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb did not truncate a logical record. No truncation occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb before sending any logical records or after sending a complete logical record. This return code is reported to the local application program when it issues an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction prior to receiving any logical records or after receiving one or more complete logical records.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0034'	X'0000'	USF6PEPU	PROGRAM ERROR PURGING

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb, specifying the TYPE(PROG) parameter, and the conversation for the remote transaction program was in RECEIVE state. The LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb might have caused information to be purged. Purging occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb in RECEIVE state before receiving all the information sent by the local application, that is, all the information sent prior to the reporting of the PROGRAM_ERROR_PURGING return code to the local application. The purging can occur at the local LU, the remote LU, or both. No purging occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb in a CONFIRM state, or in RECEIVE state after receiving all the information sent by the local application. This RCPRI code is normally reported to the local application on an APPCCMD it issues after sending some information to the remote transaction program. However, the RCPRI code can be reported on an APPCCMD the application issues prior to sending any information, depending on the CONTROL and QUALIFY fields of the APPCCMD and when it is issued. The conversation is in RECEIVE state.

Note: This code is never reported on an APPCCMD issued on a full-duplex conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0038'	X'0000'	USF6PETR	PROGRAM ERROR TRUNCATING

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb, specifying the TYPE(PROG) parameter; the conversation for the remote transaction program was in a sending state; and the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb truncated a logical record. Truncation occurs when a transaction program begins sending a logical record and then issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb before sending the complete logical record. This return code is reported to the local application on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction issued after receiving the truncated logical record. The conversation state is unchanged.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'003C'	X'0000'	USF6SENT	SERVICE ERROR NO TRUNCATION

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb, specifying the TYPE(SVC) parameter; the conversation for the remote transaction program was in a sending state; and the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb did not truncate a logical record. No truncation occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb before sending any logical records or after sending a complete logical record. This return code is reported to the local application on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction it issues prior to receiving any logical records or after receiving one or more complete logical records. The conversation state is unchanged.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0040'	X'0000'	USF6SEPU	SERVICE ERROR PURGING

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb, specifying the TYPE(SVC) parameter, and the conversation for the remote transaction program was in RECEIVE state. The LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb might have caused information to be purged. Purging occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb in RECEIVE state before receiving all the information sent by the local application, that is, all the information sent prior to the reporting of the SERVICE_ERROR_PURGING return code to the local application. The purging can occur at the local LU, the remote LU, or both. No purging occurs when a transaction program issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb in a CONFIRM state, or in RECEIVE state after receiving all the information sent by the local application. This return code is normally reported to the local application on an APPCCMD it issues after sending some information to the remote transaction program. However, the return code can be reported on an APPCCMD the application issues prior to sending any information, depending on the CONTROL and QUALIFY fields of the APPCCMD and when it is issued. The conversation is in RECEIVE state.

Note: This code is never reported on an APPCCMD issued on a full-duplex conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0044'	X'0000'	USF6SETR	SERVICE ERROR TRUNCATING

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb, specifying the TYPE(SVC) parameter; the conversation for the remote transaction program was in a sending state; and the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb truncated a logical record. Truncation occurs when a program begins sending a logical record and then issues the LU 6.2 SEND_ERROR verb before sending the complete logical record. This return code is reported to the local application on an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE macroinstruction issued after receiving the truncated logical record. The conversation state is unchanged.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0048'	X'0000'	USF6RFNR	RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY

A failure occurred that caused the conversation to be prematurely terminated. For example, the session being used for the conversation was deactivated because of a session protocol error. The condition is not temporary, and the application should not try the transaction again until the condition is corrected. The conversation is in END_CONV or FDX_RESET state if no log data is present. If log data is present, the conversation is in PEND_END_CONV_LOG or PEND_RESET_LOG state.

Two common failures are:

- Local LU sends unexpected control information.
For example, the conversation can be in PENDING_DEALLOCATE state, but something other than a deallocate is received, or an FMH-7 is not received when it is expected.
- Local LU sends unexpected data on the conversation.
For example, a logical record that is not valid, PS header or FMH-7, might have been received, or a logical record is truncated by something other than an FMH-7.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'004C'	X'0000'	USF6RFRE	RESOURCE FAILURE, RETRY

A failure occurred that caused the conversation to be prematurely terminated. For example, the session being used for the conversation was deactivated because of a session outage, such as a line failure or a modem failure. The application can try the transaction again when the error that caused the session outage has been corrected. The conversation is in END_CONV or FDX_RESET state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0050'	X'0000'	USF6STER	STATE ERROR

The specified conversation was not in an appropriate state to issue the specified APPCCMD. For example, the application program issued APPCCMD

CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA, but the conversation was in RECEIVE state. The state of the conversation remains unchanged.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0054'	X'0000'	USF6URMD	UNRECOGNIZED MODE NAME

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because the partner LU does not recognize the specified mode name. The local and partner LUs' CNOS parameters are not changed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0058'	X'0000'	USF6UNSC	UNSUCCESSFUL, SESSION NOT AVAILABLE

The APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC, QUALIFY=IMMED macroinstruction issued by the local application program did not execute successfully because there was not a contention-winner session available for use by a new conversation request. This RCPRI code is returned on the unsuccessful APPCCMD.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'005C'	(all)	USF6UECR	USER ERROR CODE RECEIVED

An FMH-7 was received that contained a sense code not interpreted by VTAM. The unrecognized sense code is passed to the application program through the SENSE field in the RPL extension. The application program must determine whether the sense code is a valid user-supplied sense code or a code that is not valid. The USER_ERROR_CODE_RECEIVED RCPRI code together with the RCSEC subcodes (X'0000' X'0001') form the complete return code that is returned to the application. The subcode specifies whether a negative response preceded the FMH-7 containing the unrecognized sense code. The conversation is in a receiving state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'005C'	X'0000'	USF6FNGR	NEGATIVE RESPONSE

The FMH-7 containing the unrecognized sense code was received by VTAM after the receipt of a negative response.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'005C'	X'0001'	USF6WNGR	WITHOUT NEGATIVE RESPONSE

The FMH-7 containing the unrecognized sense code was not preceded by a negative response.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0060'	X'0000'	USF6NOFM	NO FMH5 AVAILABLE

The application issued an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, but there is currently no FMH-5 waiting to be received by the application program.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0064'	X'0000'	USF6ACFL	ACTIVATION FAILURE

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because activation for the pending active session failed. For example, the path between the application and the other LU could have been lost.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0068'	X'0000'	USF6SLEX	LU MODE SESSION LIMIT EXCEEDED

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS macroinstruction did not execute successfully because activating the pending active session would have caused the session limits for the mode name group to be exceeded.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'006C'	X'0000'	USF6SACT	SESSION NOT PENDING

An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS or QUALIFY=DACTSESS macroinstruction was issued for a session that is no longer pending. The CID for the session is valid but a BIND or CINIT is no longer queued, or the session is being deactivated due to a previous error or request.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0070'	X'0000'	USF6STOR	TEMPORARY STORAGE SHORTAGE OR RESOURCE SHORTAGE

VTAM is unable to process the request because of a temporary storage shortage, a resource shortage, or other shortage.

- If a sense code is not provided, a temporary storage shortage has occurred.
- If a sense code is provided indicating insufficient resources, then a storage shortage or other resource shortage has occurred. In either of these cases, the request can be reissued (with EXECPRL, for example.) There is no state change. This return code is reported to the application program to allow time for the problem to diminish or disappear. If VTAM attempts to try the request again, the additional storage might not be available immediately, and the problem might occur again.

- If a sense code is provided other than one for insufficient resources, examine the sense code explanation to determine the action required. In this situation, whether the request can be reissued depends on the information contained in the sense code.
- If this return code is received at the completion of an APPCCMD with CONTROL=RECEIVE, OPTCD=(,XBUFLST), then a CSM buffer that meets the storage type specified in the XBUFLST-receive vector could not be obtained to receive the data, or other VTAM internal resources required to receive the data could not be obtained. The system is storage constrained. No data is received. The application can take several possible actions:
 - Reissue the APPCCMD several times as a temporary try recovery action again.
 - Issue a receive without the XBUFLST specification so the data can be copied into application private storage.
 - Explicitly deallocate the conversation via APPCCMD services.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0074'	X'0000'	USF6HALT	HALT ISSUED

The operator has issued a HALT command. Depending on the type of HALT, the application program can no longer issue certain macroinstructions.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0078'	X'0000'	USF6VIYA	VTAM INACTIVE FOR YOUR ACB

The association between VTAM and the application program (ACB) that was established with the OPEN macroinstruction has been broken (the ACB is in the process of being closed). This might have occurred because:

- The application program has elsewhere issued a CLOSE that has not yet completed
- VTAM has become inactive
- A VARY NET,INACT command was issued for the application program.

Any active conversations are placed in END_CONV or FDX_RESET state.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'007C'	X'0000'	USF6RQAB	REQUEST ABORTED

VTAM has rejected a request because of an error detected while processing the request or because of an error in the associated session, task, or address space. For example, an abend. An abend might or might not be retried.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0080'	X'0000'	USF6DLNR	DEALLOCATE NORMAL

The remote transaction program issued an LU 6.2 DEALLOCATE TYPE(FLUSH) verb. This return code is reported to the application program on an APPCCMD

CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR macroinstruction issued when the conversation is in RECEIVE state. The conversation is in END_CONV state. The conversation can be in RECEIVE state or in PEND_RCV_LOG state. This return code applies only to half-duplex conversations.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0084'	X'0000'	USF6STSH	STORAGE SHORTAGE

Indicates VTAM has encountered a storage shortage when attempting to satisfy an APPCCMD CONTROL=RECEIVE or an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5, either while storing incoming data or sending a pacing response. There is no state change.

This return code can also be issued when a storage failure occurs while processing an internal DEALLOC FLUSH request. VTAM does internal DEALLOC FLUSH processing when it receives an indication that the partner has issued an abnormal deallocation request on the full-duplex conversation.

The application should issue one of the abnormal termination APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC | DEALLOCQ macroinstructions to end the conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0088'	X'0000'	USF6CREJ	CANCELED BY REJECT OR ABNORMAL DEALLOCATE

The request, while in progress, was canceled by the issuance of an APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT or abnormal deallocation APPCCMD, which has requested the termination of the current conversation and, possibly, the session.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'008C'	X'0000'	USF6PROE	PARTNER COMMITTED PROTOCOL VIOLATION

The partner LU has violated conversation protocols during the execution of this command. Notification of conversation failure will be received on a subsequent APPCCMD command. There is no state change.

Two common protocol violations are:

- Partner LU sends unexpected control information.
For example, the conversation can be in PENDING_DEALLOCATE state, but something other than a deallocate is received, or an FMH-7 is not received when it is expected.
- Partner LU sends unexpected data on the conversation.
For example, a logical record that is not valid, PS header or FMH-7, might have been received, or a logical record is truncated by something other than an FMH-7.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0090'	X'0000'	USF6NOTA	APPLICATION NOT APPC CAPABLE

The application program issued an APPCCMD, but the application program has APPC=NO coded on its APPL definition statement. The APPL definition statement must have APPC=YES coded before the application program can issue APPCCMD macroinstructions.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0094'	X'0000'	USF6SDRJ	INVALID CONDITION FOR SENDING DATA

This indicates that the application program issued an APPCCMD that provided data to be sent an error on a previous QUALIFY=DATAFLU or QUALIFY=DATAACON type of send (either CONTROL=SEND, CONTROL=PREPRCV or CONTROL=DEALLOC). However, data remains, held by VTAM, from the error on the previous DATAFLU or DATAACON macroinstruction.

Before sending more data, issue a macroinstruction that flushes VTAM's buffers. An APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=FLUSH macroinstruction, an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR macroinstruction, or one of the abnormal termination CONTROL=DEALLOC macroinstructions will flush the send data queue so that processing can continue.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'0098'	X'0000'	USF6STGS	TEMPORARY STORAGE SHORTAGE WHILE SENDING DATA

This indicates a temporary storage shortage has occurred while sending data. This RCPRI, RCSEC combination might be returned for one of the macroinstructions:

- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDSERV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDTIME
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ, QUALIFY=ABNDPROG
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ, QUALIFY=ABNDSERV
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ, QUALIFY=ABNDTIME
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOCQ, QUALIFY=ABNDUSER
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=DATAACON
- APPCCMD CONTROL=DEALLOC, QUALIFY=DATAFLU
- APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=DATAACON
- APPCCMD CONTROL=PREPRCV, QUALIFY=DATAFLU
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATA
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATAACON
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=DATAFLU
- APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=ERROR

- APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDRCV, QUALIFY=DATAFLU.

The current position in the application-supplied data buffer (the area pointed to by the AREA field of the RPL) is returned in RPL6STBF (the current buffer) and RPL6STDS (displacement in the data). All data prior to this buffer or buffer list entry has been sent.

The user has two alternatives when this return code is received.

- Attempt to continue sending data on the conversation by issuing an APPCCMD macroinstruction with the data pointers and length set to reflect the values returned in RPL6STBF and RPL6STDS. The subsequent macroinstruction must be issued with the AREA field set with the RPL6STBF value plus the RPL6STDS value to avoid duplicating any data already sent. The data length (the RECLLEN field in the RPL) must also be adjusted to indicate the amount of remaining data. Once the subsequent macroinstruction with the updated data location completes successfully, the conversation can be continued as if the storage shortage did not occur.
- Deactivate the conversation by issuing one of the abnormal termination CONTROL=DEALLOC macroinstructions, or APPCCMD CONTROL=REJECT macroinstructions. Note that REJECT must be issued to deactivate a conversation if the abnormal termination CONTROL=DEALLOC macroinstructions are unsuccessful.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'009C'	X'0001'	USF6RSTF	RESTORE REJECTED—RESTORE ISSUED BEFORE SETLOGON START

The APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE macroinstruction is issued before the SETLOGON START macroinstruction is issued.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	(all)	USF6RNAL	REQUEST NOT ALLOWED

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD because the macroinstruction request conflicts in some way with the capabilities of the session or conversation to which it applies. The REQUEST_NOT_ALLOWED RCPRI code together with one of the RCSEC subcodes form the complete return code that is returned to the transaction program.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0001'	USF6LNSE	LU PAIR DOES NOT SUPPORT SENDING EXPEDITED DATA

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD because the negotiated support level of the current session does not support protocols needed to transmit expedited data.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0002'	USF6RQBL	REQUEST BLOCKED

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD because the conversation with which it is associated is in the process of being deallocated or terminated.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0003'	USF6RNEX	EXECUTION OF REQUEST TERMINATED

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVEXPD, QUALIFY=SPEC on a half-duplex conversation because the partner LU is awaiting a change-direction or end-of-chain indicator before sending error information. No expedited information was available to be received.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0004'	USF6VNVF	CONTROL/QUALIFY VALUE INVALID FOR FULL-DUPLEX CONVERSATION

VTAM rejected the APPCCMD because the CONTROL= and QUALIFY= value combination specified is not allowed for a full-duplex conversation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0005'	USF6EXRO	RSP HAS NOT BEEN RECEIVED FOR A PREVIOUS SENDEXPD REQUEST

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD,QUALIFY=DATA or an APPCCMD CONTROL=SEND, QUALIFY=RQSEND because the response to a previously issued APPCCMD CONTROL=SENDEXPD,QUALIFY=DATA had not been received from the partner LU.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0006'	USF6NAUT	PROGRAM_NOT_AUTHORIZED_FOR_REQUESTED_FUNCTION

An application not using VTAM authorized path attempted to use the HPDT interface. The request is disallowed.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A0'	X'0008'	USF6ENEL	NAMED RESOURCE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR REQUESTED ALTERATION

A MODIFY DEFINE command with DELETE=UNUSE was issued for an entry in the LU-mode table, but the entry type is not UNUSABLE.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A4'	X'0000'	USF6SPMD	MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING

An APPCCMD macroinstruction is issued with a mode name that is pending recovery for persistent LU-LU sessions. Issue the APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=RESTORE macroinstruction to restore the mode.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A8'	(all)	USF6ENVE	ENVIRONMENT ERROR

A macroinstruction has failed for some reason related to the system environment in which the request was processed. The RCSEC subcode identifies the specific error.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0000'	USF6OSLV	OS LEVEL DOES NOT SUPPORT REQUESTED FUNCTION

A macroinstruction request required the use of an operating system service which is not supported by the active operating system level.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0001'	USF6XMES	SUSPEND FAILURE

VTAM attempted to suspend processing of an APPCCMD macroinstruction issued in either cross-memory mode or in synchronous SRB-mode with OPTCD=KEEPSRB specified. The attempt failed, probably due to conditions in the operation system environment. The application may reissue the request.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00A8'	X'0002'	USF6XMER	RESUME FAILURE

VTAM attempted to resume processing of an APPCCMD macroinstruction issued in either cross-memory mode or in synchronous SRB-mode with OPTCD=KEEPSRB specified. The attempt failed. VTAM is unable to post the request complete. If the application has a LOSTERM exit, it will be scheduled with a reason code of 44. For more information about the LOSTERM exit, see z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming . The RPL is now available for reuse.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	(all)	USF6ERIN	ERROR INDICATION RECEIVED

VTAM's processing of an APPCCMD request stored on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was ended because the remote transaction program or LU issued an LU 6.2 architecture verb that canceled further processing of the request. An associated Secondary Return Code value indicates the type of operation that caused the request to be ended.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0001'	USF6EIAS	DEALLOCATE ABEND PROGRAM

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because an abnormal deallocation request was issued by the remote transaction program. The FMH-7 received from the partner LU carried a sense code indicating that the remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb with TYPE(ABEND_PROG).

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0002'	USF6ERAS	DEALLOCATE ABEND SERVICE

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because an abnormal deallocation request was issued by the remote transaction program. The FMH-7 received from the partner LU carried a sense code indicating that the remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb with TYPE(ABEND_SVC).

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0003'	USF6EIAT	DEALLOCATE ABEND TIME

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because an abnormal deallocation request was issued by the remote transaction program. The FMH-7 received from the partner LU carried a sense code indicating that the remote transaction program issued a DEALLOCATE verb with TYPE(ABEND_TIMER).

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0004'	USF6EIAT	ALLOCATION ERROR

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because an abnormal deallocation request was issued by the remote transaction program. The FMH-7 received from the partner LU carried a sense code indicating that an allocation request was rejected by the remote transaction program.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0005'	USF6EIUN	UNKNOWN ERROR CODE

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because an abnormal deallocation request was issued by the remote transaction program. The FMH-7 received from the partner LU carried a sense code other than the Deallocate ABEND, Allocation Error, or Resource Failure codes. The application program must determine whether the sense code is a valid user-supplied sense code or is a code that is not valid.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0006'	USF6EIRR	RESOURCE FAILURE, RETRY

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because a failure occurred that caused the conversation to be prematurely terminated. The application can try the transaction again when the error that caused the session outage has been corrected.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU label	Meaning
X'00AC'	X'0007'	USF6EIRN	RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY

An APPCCMD that processes on the SEND queue of a full-duplex conversation was terminated because a failure occurred that caused the conversation to be prematurely terminated. The condition is not temporary, and the application should not try the transaction again until the condition is corrected.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'(all)'	USF6NRER	NAME RESOLUTION ERROR

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because there was an inappropriate name translation. The NAME_RESOLUTION_ERROR RCPRI code together with one of the RCSEC subcodes form the complete return code that is returned to the transaction program.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0001'	USF6NRRE	LUNAME FOUND IN A VARIANT NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the LUNAME specified on the macroinstruction was found in a VARIANT_NAME entry in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0002'	USF6NRRD	NAME RETURNED DIFFERS FROM ASSOCIATED NAME

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the BIND RSP contained an LUNAME that is different from the associated name in the SUPPLIED_NAME entry in the LU-mode table. The association of names for the partner LU had previously occurred.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0003'	USF6NRRA	NAME RETURNED FOUND IN VARIANT_NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the LUNAME returned in the BIND RSP was found in a VARIANT_NAME entry in the LU-mode table. The association of names for the partner LU has not occurred.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0004'	USF6NRAP	NAME RETURNED FOUND IN SUPPLIED_NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the LUNAME contained in the BIND RSP was found in a SUPPLIED_NAME entry in the LU-mode table. The SUPPLIED_NAME entry was different than the entry used in the session initiation.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0005'	USF6NRNM	PARTNER NETWORK NAME MISMATCH

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the NETID contained in the BIND RSP was different than that previously saved in the LU-mode table for that LUNAME.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0006'	USF6NRAV	LUNAME FOUND IN AN UNUSABLE_NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the LUNAME specified on the macroinstruction was found in an UNUSABLE_NAME entry in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0007'	USF6NRRE	NAME RETURNED FOUND IN AN UNUSABLE_NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD because the partner LU returned an LUNAME in the BIND response that was found in an UNUSABLE_NAME entry in the LU-mode table.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B0'	X'0008'	USF6NRDN	LU NAME FOUND IN A DISASSOCIATED_NAME ENTRY

VTAM rejected an APPCCMD macroinstruction request or an operator command because the LU name specified is a DISASSOCIATED_NAME entry. This type of

entry has no mode values and thus has no sessions. The LU name was previously a VARIANT_NAME entry but is no longer associated with a SUPPLIED_NAME entry.

If the request or operator command was to display information about the LU, reissue the request with LOGMODE=0 and any LU-specific information will be returned.

If the request was for an allocate, a CNOS must be issued to establish mode information before the allocate can be retried.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B4'	(all)	USF6CSME	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR

CSM detected an error. The CSM_DETECTED_ERROR RCPRI code together with one of the RCSEC subcodes form the complete return code that is returned to the transaction program.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B4'	X'0001'	USF6NSPC	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR—NOT_SPECIFIED

CSM detected a problem during APPCCMD processing of the request. The specific reason for the error is not passed back to the APPCCMD application.

Upon receipt of this return code the application can:

- Optionally consider the error temporary and try the request again several times. Note that it is possible that the error may not recur. This temporary error condition could occur in the case where a VTAM-built parameter list to CSM is randomly corrupted on a particular request, but not on a subsequent request.
- Consider the error permanent and terminate the conversation.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: CSM Guide for more information about these CSM errors.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B4'	X'0002'	USF6IBTK	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_BUFFER_TOKEN_SPECIFIED

The communications storage manager (CSM) detected a problem during APPCCMD processing of the request. The specific reason for the error is that CSM detected that the CSM buffer token being used for the APPCCMD is not a valid CSM buffer token.

Upon receipt of this return code the application can:

- Check the current buffer pointer (RPL6STBF) in the RPL extension to determine the address of the buffer list entry that was processed when the error occurred.
- Optionally consider the error temporary and try the request again several times.

Note that it is possible that the error may not recur. This temporary error condition could occur in the case where a VTAM-built parameter list to CSM is randomly corrupted on a particular request, but not on a subsequent request.

- Consider the error permanent and terminate the conversation.
- Continue using the conversation with a different CSM buffer.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: CSM Guide for more information about these CSM errors.

RCPRI	RCSEC	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00B4'	X'0003'	USF6IIID	CSM_DETECTED_ERROR— INVALID_INSTANCE_ID_SPECIFIED

The communications storage manager (CSM) detected a problem during APPCCMD processing of the request. The specific reason for the error is that CSM detected that the instance ID portion of the CSM buffer token being used for the APPCCMD is not a valid CSM instance ID. Because the instance ID is not valid, it is possible that the CSM buffer being specified on the APPCCMD has been previously freed and a new instance ID has been assigned to the storage by CSM.

Upon receipt of this return code the application can:

- Check the current buffer pointer (RPL6STBF) in the RPL extension to determine the address of the buffer list entry that was processed when the error occurred.
- Optionally consider the error temporary and try the request again several times.
Note that it is possible that the error may not recur. This temporary error condition could occur in the case where a VTAM-built parameter list to CSM is randomly corrupted on a particular request, but not on a subsequent request.
- Consider the error permanent and terminate the conversation.
- Continue using the conversation with a different CSM buffer.

Refer to z/OS Communications Server: CSM Guide for more information about these CSM errors.

RTNCD, FDB2 information for LU 6.2

While most of the LU 6.2 feedback information from errors is found in the RCPRI and RCSEC fields, some error return codes in the RPL RTNCD and FDB2 fields are meaningful for LU 6.2 applications. The X'00', X'0B' combination in the RPL indicates some problem might have occurred while the macroinstruction was executing. RCPRI and RCSEC should be used for further diagnosis. The other RTNCD, FDB2 combinations refer to attempts to start an LU 6.2 session independent of VTAM or attempts to use non-APPCCMD macroinstructions for APPCCMD functions. The following information shows the relevant codes.

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'00'	X'0B'	USF6APPC	CONDITIONAL COMPLETION FOR APPCCMD

Some type of error might have occurred on an APPCCMD macroinstruction. For further problem determination, refer to the primary and secondary return codes in the RPL extension. These fields are RPL6RCPR and RPL6RCSC.

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'04'	X'05'	USFNQN	SYMBOLIC NAME KNOWN BY NETWORK-QUALIFIED NAME ONLY

A real-to-symbolic translation request is made, and NIBNET is filled in with a network identifier, but VTAM cannot provide a symbolic name. VTAM knows this resource only by its network-qualified name. No symbolic name represents this resource. Do one of the following actions:

- Use the network-qualified name
- Define a symbolic name to represent this resource

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'10'	X'13'	USF6APRJ	ATTEMPT TO START 6.2 SESSION: REQUEST REJECTED

An LU 6.2 application program has tried to start an LU 6.2 session independent of VTAM. No pending sessions have been disturbed. This occurs when an OPNDST is issued with an LU 6.2 user-specified BIND.

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'10'	X'14'	USF6APST	ATTEMPT TO START 6.2 SESSION: PENDING SESSION TERMINATED

An LU 6.2 application program has tried to start an LU 6.2 session independent of VTAM. The pending session has been terminated. This occurs when the LOGMODE specified on an OPNDST resolves to an LU 6.2 BIND or when OPNSEC is issued for an LU 6.2 BIND.

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'10'	X'15'	USF6APIS	AN APPCCMD MUST BE ISSUED

An OPNDST or CLSDST has been issued for a pending LU 6.2 session. An APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=ACTSESS or QUALIFY=DACTSESS macroinstruction must be issued for this session.

RTNCD	FDB2	ISTUSFBC EQU Label	Meaning
X'14'	X'7F'	USF6PENA	POLICING ERROR — NON-APPC MACRO

An application program issued a non-APPCCMD macroinstruction to establish an LU 6.2 session, or issued a non-APPCCMD macroinstruction against a current LU 6.2 session.

Chapter 3. DSECTs

This chapter contains the LU 6.2 DSECTs. For general information on the use and purpose of DSECTs, refer to z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming.

The DSECTs are shown as an abbreviated form of an assembler listing. The first column indicates the offsets within the DSECT and is the "LOC" column of an assembler listing. The object code, address columns and statement number columns of the listing, however, are not included. The source statements and comments are found next to the offset column. All numbers in the offset column are in hexadecimal.

BIND image (ISTDBIND)

```
LOC      SOURCE STATEMENT
000000  ISTDBIND DSECT
000000  BINFMTY DS    C          BIND FORMAT AND TYPE
      BINFMT EQU  X'F0'      BIND FORMAT
      *      VALUES FOR BINFMT (FORMAT)
      BINFMT0 EQU  X'00'      FORMAT 0
      BINTYPE EQU  X'0F'      BIND TYPE
      *      VALUES FOR BINTYPE (TYPE)
      BINNEGO EQU  X'00'      NEGOTIABLE
      BINONEGO EQU X'01'      NON NEGOTIABLE
      BINCOLD EQU  X'01'      NON NEGOTIABLE
000001  BINFM  DS    C          FUNCTION MANAGEMENT
      *
      *      VALUES FOR BINFM - FUNCTION MANAGEMENT PROFILE
      BINFM19 EQU  X'13'      FM PROFILE 19
000002  BINTS  DS    C          TRANSMISSION SERVICES
      *      PROFILE
      *      VALUES FOR BINTS (TRANSMISSION SERVICES PROFILE)
      BINTS7 EQU  X'07'      SEQ NOS - NO RESET STATE
      BINTS4 EQU  X'04'      SEQ NOS - RESET STATE
      BINTS3 EQU  X'03'      SEQ NOS - RESET STATE
      BINTS2 EQU  X'02'      SEQ NOS - NO RESET STATE
      BINTS1 EQU  X'01'      NOT VALID ON LU-LU SESSION
      BINTS0 EQU  X'00'      NOT VALID ON LU-LU SESSION
000003  BINPRIP DS    C          PRIMARY LU PROTOCOLS FOR
      *      SENDING FM DATA
      BINPCHN EQU  X'80'      1 = MULTIPLE RU CHAINS
      *      0 = SINGLE RU CHAINS
      BINPMCH EQU  X'40'      1 = MULTIPLE OUTSTANDING
      *      CHAINS (DELAYED
      *      REQUEST MODE)
      *      0 = SINGLE OUTSTANDING
      *      CHAIN (IMMEDIATE
      *      REQUEST MODE)
      BINPCHNR EQU  X'30'      CHAIN RESPONSE PROTOCOL(SEE
      *      BINSCHNR BELOW FOR VALUES)
      BINRSV01 EQU  X'0C'      RESERVED
      BINPCMP EQU  X'02'      1 = COMPRESSION MAY BE
      *      USED
      *      0 = COMPRESSION MUST NOT
      *      BE USED
      BINPSEB EQU  X'01'      1 = PRIMARY MAY SEND EB
      *      0 = PRIMARY WILL NOT
      *      SEND EB
000004  BINSECP DS    C          SECONDARY LU PROTOCOLS FOR
      *      SENDING FM DATA
      BINSCHN EQU  X'80'      1 = MULTIPLE RU CHAINS
```

```

*                               0 = SINGLE RU CHAIN
BINSMCH EQU X'40'              1 = MULTIPLE OUTSTANDING
*                               CHAINS (DELAYED
*                               REQUEST MODE)
*                               0 = SINGLE OUTSTANDING
*                               CHAIN (IMMEDIATE
*                               REQUEST MODE)
BINSCHNR EQU X'30'            CHAIN RESPONSE PROTOCOLS
*****
*   VALUES FOR BINPCHNR/BINSCHNR (TYPE OF RESPONSES ASKED
*   FOR BY REQUESTS FROM PRIMARY/SECONDARY)
*****
BINNYRSP EQU X'30'            DEFINITE OR EXCEPTION
*                               RESPONSE
BINDFRSP EQU X'20'            DEFINITE RESPONSE
BINEXRSP EQU X'10'            EXCEPTION RESPONSE
BINNORSP EQU X'00'            NO RESPONSE
BINRSV02 EQU X'0C'            RESERVED
BINSCMP EQU X'02'            1 = COMPRESSION MAY BE
*                               USED
*                               0 = COMPRESSION MUST NOT
*                               BE USED
BINSSEB EQU X'01'            1 = SECONDARY MAY SEND EB
*                               0 = SECONDARY WILL NOT
*                               SEND EB
000005 BINCMNP DS C            COMMON LU PROTOCOLS
BINWBREQ EQU X'80'            WHOLE-BINS-REQUIRED INDICATOR
*
BINFMHD EQU X'40'            1 = FM HEADERS MAY
*                               BE USED
*                               0 = FM HEADERS MUST NOT
*                               BE USED
BINBRAK EQU X'20'            1 = BRACKETS WILL BE USED
*                               AND RESET STATE IS
*                               BETWEEN-BRACKETS
*                               0 = BRACKETS WILL NOT
*                               BE USED OR, IF USED,
*                               RESET STATE IS IN-
*                               BRACKETS
BINBKTR EQU X'10'            1 = CONDITIONAL BRACKETS
*                               TERMINATION
*                               0 = UNCONDITIONAL BRACKETS
*                               TERMINATION
BINALT EQU X'08'            1 = ALTERNATE CODE MAY
*                               BE USED
*                               0 = ALTERNATE CODE MUST
*                               NOT BE USED
BINRSV04 EQU X'06'            RESERVED
BINQUE EQU X'01'            BIND-QUEUEING INDICATOR
000006 BINCMNP2 DS C            COMMON LU PROTOCOLS
BINFMTRM EQU X'CO'            SEND/RECEIVE MODE
*   VALUES FOR BINFMTRM
BINMSTSL EQU X'CO'            RESERVED
BINHDXFF EQU X'80'            HDX FLIP FLOP
BINHDXC EQU X'40'            HDX CONTENTION
BINFLDPX EQU X'00'            FULL DUPLEX
BINRCVR EQU X'20'            1 = SYMMETRIC
*                               RESPONSIBILITY FOR
*                               RECOVERY
*                               0 = CONTENTION LOSER (SEE
*                               BINBKFS BELOW)
*                               RESPONSIBLE FOR
*                               RECOVERY
BINBKFS EQU X'10'            1 = PRIMARY IS BRACKETS
*                               FIRST SPEAKER AND CONTENTION
*                               WINNER; SECONDARY IS BRACKETS
*                               BIDDER AND CONTENTION LOSER
*

```

```

*
*
*
*
BINASCC EQU X'0C'
*
*
*
BINCTLV EQU X'02'
*
BINCONR EQU X'01'
*
*
*
*
000007 BINTSU DS CL6
00000D BINPRVC DS CL12
000019 BINCRCTL DS CL1
*
BINNOCRY EQU X'00'
BINCRYCA EQU X'09'
BINCRYSL EQU X'19'
BINCRYRQ EQU X'39'
*
BINCEUMP EQU X'C0'
*
BINCEUPS EQU X'80'
BINCEUPP EQU X'40'
BINCEUNP EQU X'00'
*
BINCSSESS EQU X'30'
*
BINCSENP EQU X'00'
BINCSESP EQU X'10'
BINCSESR EQU X'30'
*
BINCLLEN EQU X'0F'
*
*
00001A BINPRIML DS C
00001B BINPRIMN DS CL8
*
* INCLUDE FOR COMPATIBILITY
*
000023          ORG BINPRIMN
00001B BINPRIM DS 8C
*
000023 BINUSEL DS C
BINUSE EQU *
BINUSERD EQU X'00'
*
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINTSU' (TS USAGE)
000024          ORG BINTSU
000007 BINAPACE DS C
BINSP2ST EQU X'80'
*
*
*
BINRSV43 EQU X'40'
BINAPACM EQU X'3F'
000008 BINRPACE DS C
BINASPI EQU X'80'
*
BINRSV07 EQU X'40'
BINRPACM EQU X'3F'

```

```

0 = SECONDARY IS BRACKETS
FIRST SPEAKER AND CONTENTION
WINNER; PRIMARY IS BRACKETS
BIDDER AND CONTENTION LOSER
ALTERNATE CODE PROCESSING IDENTIFIER

00=ASCII7
01=ASCII8
CONTROL VECTORS ARE INCLUDED
AFTER THE SLU NAME
RESET STATE FOR HDX FLIP-FLOP
(E.G. AT START OF SESSION)
1 = PRIMARY SENDS FIRST
WHEN DATA TRAFFIC
RESET STATE IS LEFT
0 = SECONDARY SENDS FIRST
TS USAGE
PRESENTATION SERVICES
CRYPTOGRAPHY CONTROL BYTE
VALUES FOR BINCRCTL
NO CRYPTOGRAPHY
CAPABLE OF CRYPTOGRAPHY
SELECTIVE CRYPTOGRAPHY
REQUIRED CRYPTOGRAPHY
VALUES FOR BINCEUMP
EU/PRIVATE CRYPTOGRAPHY FLAGS
SYSTEM KEY, PRIVATE PROTOCOL
PRIVATE KEY, PRIVATE PROTOCOL
NO PRIVATE/EU PROTOCOL
VALUES FOR BINCSSESS
SESSION LEVEL CRYPTOGRAPHY FLAGS
NO CRYPTOGRAPHY
SELECTIVE CRYPTOGRAPHY
REQUIRED CRYPTOGRAPHY
LENGTH OF CRYPTOGRAPHY FIELD
PRIMARY LU NAME LENGTH
PRIMARY LU NAME
PRIMARY LU NAME
USER DATA LENGTH
USER DATA
USER DATA LENGTH DEFAULT
RESERVED
SLU SEND PACING
NUMBER OF PACING STAGES FROM
SLU TO PLU ( NOTE-REVERSE OF
BINPS1ST)
1 = TWO STAGES
0 = ONE STAGE
RESERVED
SLU SEND PACING COUNT
SLU RECEIVE PACING
ADAPTIVE SESSION PACING INDICATOR
RESERVED
SLU RECEIVE PACING COUNT

```

```

000009 BINRUSZ DS 0CL2 RU SIZES
000009 BINSRUSZ DS C SLU MAXIMUM SEND RU SIZE
BINSRUSS EQU X'80' RU SIZE IS SPECIFIED
00000A BINPRUSZ DS C PLU MAXIMUM SEND RU SIZE
BINPRUSS EQU X'80' RU SIZE IS SPECIFIED
* VALUES FOR BINSRUSZ AND BINPRUSZ (RU SIZES) EXCEPT RU SIZE
* SPECIFIED
BINRU256 EQU X'85' 256 BYTE RU (8*2**5)
BINR4096 EQU X'89' 4096 BYTE RU (8*2**9)
BIN61440 EQU X'FC' 61440 BYTE RU (15*2**12)
BINRU1K EQU X'87' 1024 BYTE RU (8*2**7)
BINRUSZM EQU X'F0' MANTISSA (M)
BINRUSZE EQU X'0F' EXPONENT (E) SIZE=M*2**E
00000B BINSPLACE DS C PLU SEND PACING
BINPS1ST EQU X'80' NUMBER OF PACING STAGES FROM
* PLU TO SLU (NOTE-REVERSE OF
* BINS2ST)
* 1 = ONE STAGE
* 0 = TWO STAGE
BINRSV44 EQU X'40' RESERVED
BINSPACM EQU X'3F' PLU SEND PACING COUNT
00000C BINBPACM DS C PLU RECEIVE PACING
BINRSV10 EQU X'C0' RESERVED
BINBPACM EQU X'3F' PLU RECEIVE PACING COUNT
*
*****
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINPRVC' (PRESENTATION SERVICES)
*****
00000D ORG BINPRVC
00000D BINLUP DS C PS PROFILE
* VALUES FOR BINLUP (PS PROFILE)
BINPSFMT EQU X'80' PS USAGE FIELD FORMAT
BINLUTYP EQU X'7F' LU TYPE
BINLUP6C EQU X'06' LU TYPE 6
BINLUP4C EQU X'04' LU TYPE 4
BINLUP3C EQU X'03' LU TYPE 3
BINLUP2C EQU X'02' LU TYPE 2
BINLUP1C EQU X'01' LU TYPE 1
BINLUP0C EQU X'00' LU TYPE 0
*
00000E BINPSCHR DS CL11 PS PROFILE DEPENDENT
* PRESENTATION SERVICES
*
*****
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINPSCHR' (PRESENTATION SERVICES CHARACTERISTICS
* FOR PS PROFILE 1)
*****
000019 ORG BINPSCHR
00000E BINLUP1 DS X PS PROFILE 1 FMHS AND DSP
BINFMHS1 EQU X'F0' FM HEADER SUBSET
* VALUES FOR BINFMHS1
BINFMS3C EQU X'30' DATA MANAGEMENT SUBSET
BINFMS2C EQU X'20' TYPE 1 HEADERS
BINFMS1C EQU X'10' TYPE 1 HEADERS WITH
* RESTRICTIONS
BINFMS0C EQU X'00' NO FM HEADERS ALLOWED
BINDSP1 EQU X'0F' DATA STREAM PROFILE
* VALUES FOR BINDSP1 (DATA STREAM PROFILE)
BINDSP1C EQU X'01' BASIC CONTROLS, CARDS MAY
* SPAN RUS
BINDSP0C EQU X'00' BASIC CONTROLS
00000F BINPLUS1 DS 0XL5 PLU USAGE
00000F BINPFMF1 DS 0XL2 FMH SUBSET DEPENDENT
* FLAGS
00000F BINPFMB1 DS X FIRST BYTE
000010 BINPFMB2 DS X SECOND BYTE
000011 BINPDSP1 DS 0XL2 DATA STREAM FLAGS FOR

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	*		DSP0 AND DSP1
000011	BINPDSB1 DS	X	FIRST BYTE
000012	BINPDSB2 DS	X	SECOND BYTE
000013	BINPMED1 DS	X	MEDIA FLAGS
000014	BINSLUS1 DS	0XL5	SLU USAGE
000014	BINSFMF1 DS	0XL2	FMH SUBSET DEPENDENT FLAGS
	*		
000014	BINSFMB1 DS	X	FIRST BYTE
000015	BINSFMB2 DS	X	SECOND BYTE
000016	BINSDSP1 DS	0XL2	DATA STREAM FLAGS FOR DSP0 AND DSP1
	*		
000016	BINSDSB1 DS	X	FIRST BYTE
000017	BINSDSB2 DS	X	SECOND BYTE (RESERVED)
000018	BINSMED1 DS	X	MEDIA FLAGS
	*		
	*	FLAGS FOR LU PROFILE 1	
	*		
	*	FLAGS FOR BINPFMB1 AND BINSFMB1 (FIRST BYTE OF FM HEADER FLAGS)	
	*		
	BINDESTS EQU	X'80'	0 = TWO DESTINATIONS MAY BE OUTSTANDING
	*		
	*		1 = THREE DESTINATIONS MAY BE OUTSTANDING
	*		
	BINCMPCT EQU	X'40'	0 = WILL NOT SEND COMPACTION TABLE/WILL NOT BE QUERIED FOR COMPACTION TABLES
	*		
	*		1 = MAY SEND COMPACTION TABLE/MAY BE QUERIED FOR COMPACTION TABLES
	*		
	BINPDIR EQU	X'20'	0 = PDIR WILL NOT BE SENT
	*		1 = PDIR MAY BE SENT
	BINRSV09 EQU	X'1F'	RESERVED FOR FMHS1
	*	ADDITIONAL FLAGS FOR FMHS3	
	BINKDDSI EQU	X'10'	0 = KEYED DIRECT DATA SET WILL NOT BE SENT
	*		
	*		1 = KEYED DIRECT DATA SET MAY BE SENT
	*		
	BINSDSI EQU	X'08'	0 = SEQUENTIAL DATA SETS WILL NOT BE SENT
	*		
	*		1 = SEQUENTIAL DATA SETS MAY BE SENT
	*		
	BINSAI EQU	X'04'	0 = SEQUENTIAL ACCESS TO ADDRESSED DIRECT DATA SET WILL NOT BE SENT
	*		
	*		1 = SEQUENTIAL ACCESS TO ADDRESSED DIRECT DATA SET MAY BE SENT
	*		
	BINSIDS EQU	X'02'	0 = SERIES ID NOT SUPPORTED (WITH STATUS IN REPLY)
	*		
	*		1 = SERIES ID SUPPORTED (WITH STATUS IN REPLY)
	*		
	BINARRR EQU	X'01'	0 = ADD REPLICATE, REPLACE REPLICATE NOT SUPPORTED
	*		
	*		1 = ADD REPLICATE, REPLACE REPLICATE SUPPORTED
	*		
	*	FLAGS FOR BINPFMB2 AND BINSFMB2 (SECOND BYTE OF FM HEADER FLAGS)	
	BINRSV17 EQU	X'FF'	RESERVED FOR FMHS1
	*	ADDITIONAL FLAGS FOR FMHS3	
	BINRSV16 EQU	X'80'	RESERVED
	BINQDSI EQU	X'40'	0 = QUERY FOR DESTINATION SELECTION NOT SUPPORTED
	*		
	*		1 = QUERY FOR DESTINATION SELECTION SUPPORTED
	*		
	BINCSDS EQU	X'20'	0 = CREATE / SCRATCH /

```

*                               SCRATCH ALL DATA
*                               SET NOT ALLOWED
*                               1 = CREATE / SCRATCH /
*                               SCRATCH ALL DATA
*                               SET NOT ALLOWED
BINXFPD EQU X'10'                0 = EXECUTE PROGRAM OFFLINE
*                               NOT ALLOWED
*                               1 = EXECUTE PROGRAM OFFLINE
*                               ALLOWED
BINRSV11 EQU X'0F'              RESERVED FOR FMHS3
*
*   FLAGS FOR 'BINPDSB1 AND BINSDSB1' (PLU/SLU DATA STREAM
*                               FLAGS FOR DSP0 AND DSP1)
*   NL AND FF MAY BE SENT IN ANY SUBSET. EACH SUBSET BELOW CONTAINS
*   EVERY PRECEDING SUBSET (E.G. IF AN LU CAN SEND THE HORIZONTAL
*   FORMAT SUBSET, IT CAN ALSO SEND THE FULL BASE SET)
BININTR EQU X'80'                0 = FULL BASE SET DATA
*                               STREAM (BS,CR,LF,ENP,
*                               INP,HT,VT) WILL NOT
*                               BE SENT
*                               1 = FULL BASE SET DATA
*                               STREAM (BS,CR,LF,ENP,
*                               INP,HT,VT) MAY BE
*                               SENT
BINHFDS EQU X'40'                0 = HORIZONTAL FORMAT,
*                               DATA STREAM(SHF) WILL
*                               NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = HORIZONTAL FORMAT,
*                               DATA STREAM(SHF) MAY
*                               BE SENT
BINVTDS EQU X'20'                0 = VERTICAL FORMAT
*                               DATA STREAM (SVF)
*                               WILL NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = VERTICAL FORMAT
*                               DATA STREAM (SVF)
*                               MAY BE SENT
BINVSDS EQU X'10'                0 = VERTICAL CHANNEL DATA
*                               STREAM (SVF(CHANNELS),SCF,
*                               SEL) WILL NOT BE
*                               SENT
*                               1 = VERTICAL CHANNEL DATA
*                               STREAM (SVF(CHANNELS),SCF,
*                               SEL) MAY BE SENT
BINSLD EQU X'08'                0 = SLD WILL NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = SLD MAY BE SENT
BINRSV40 EQU X'06'              RESERVED
BINTRNDS EQU X'01'              0 = TRANSPARENCY DATA
*                               STREAM (TRN,IRS) WILL
*                               NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = TRANSPARENCY DATA
*                               STREAM (TRN,IRS)
*                               MAY BE SENT
*   FLAGS FOR BINPDSB2
*
BINUAINT EQU X'80'              0 = SLU WILL INITIATE
*                               ATTENDED
*                               1 = SLU WILL INITIATE
*                               UNATTENDED
BINUAALT EQU X'40'              0 = DURING SESSION SLU
*                               WILL NOT ALTERNATE
*                               BETWEEN ATTENDED AND
*                               UNATTENDED
*                               1 = DURING SESSION SLU
*                               WILL ALTERNATE
*                               BETWEEN ATTENDED AND
*                               UNATTENDED
BINRSV41 EQU X'3F'              RESERVED

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*
*   FLAGS FOR BINPMED1 AND BINSMED1 (PLU/SLU MEDIA FLAGS)
BINDOCMT EQU  X'80'          0 = DOCUMENT FORMAT WILL
*                               NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = DOCUMENT FORMAT
*                               MAY BE SENT
BINCARD EQU   X'40'          0 = CARD FORMAT WILL NOT
*                               BE SENT
*                               1 = CARD FORMAT MAY BE
*                               SENT
BINXCHNG EQU  X'20'          0 = EXCHANGE MEDIA FORMAT
*                               WILL NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = EXCHANGE MEDIA FORMAT
*                               MAY BE SENT
BINDISK EQU   X'10'          0 = DISK FORMAT WILL NOT
*                               BE SENT
*                               1 = DISK FORMAT MAY BE
*                               SENT
BINXCDF EQU   X'08'          0 = EXTENDED CARD FORMAT
*                               WILL NOT BE SENT
*                               1 = EXTENDED CARD FORMAT
*                               MAY BE SENT
BINXDOCF EQU  X'04'          0 = EXTENDED DOCUMENT
*                               FORMAT WILL NOT BE
*                               SENT
*                               1 = EXTENDED DOCUMENT
*                               FORMAT MAY BE SENT
BINCEDEDS EQU X'02'          0 = SLU MAY SEND CD
*                               EVERY EDS
*                               1 = SLU MUST SEND CD
*                               EVERY EDS
*                               (THIS FLAG APPLIES
*                               TO BINPMED1)
BINICMP1 EQU  X'02'          APPLIES ONLY to BINSMED1
*                               (SEE BINICMP1 AND BINICMP2)
BINICMP2 EQU  X'01'          (SEE BINICMP1 AND BINICMP2)
*
*****
*   OVERLAY FOR 'BINPSCHR' (PRESENTATION SERVICES CHARACTERISTICS
*                               FOR PS PROFILE 2)
*****
000019          ORG  BINPSCHR
00000E BINDFLAG DS  XL1          DEVICE FLAG
        BINSEDS EQU X'80'        EXTENDED 3270 DATA STREAM
00000F BINRSV14 DS  XL4          RESERVED
000013 BINSCRSZ DS  0XL5        PRESENTATION SPACE SIZE
000013 BINSPRIR DS  FL1          PRIMARY (DEFAULT) NUMBER
*                               OF ROWS
000014 BINSPRIC DS  FL1          PRIMARY (DEFAULT) NUMBER
*                               OF COLUMNS
000015 BINSALTR DS  FL1          ALTERNATE NUMBER OF ROWS
000016 BINSALTC DS  FL1          ALTERNATE NUMBER OF COLUMNS
000017 BINPRESZ DS  FL1          PRESENTATION SPACE SIZE
*   VALUES FOR BINPRESZ (PRESENTATION SPACE SIZE)
BINPSZRC EQU   X'7F'          PRESENTATION SPACE HAS
*                               DEFAULT AND ALTERNATE
*                               SIZES AS DEFINED IN
*                               DEFAULT, ALTERNATE
*                               ROW/COL FIELDS
BINPSFX EQU    X'7E'          PRESENTATION SPACE IS
*                               FIXED SIZE AS DEFINED BY
*                               ROW/COL VALUES IN
*                               DEFAULT ROW/COL FIELDS
BINPSZ3 EQU    X'03'          24X80 DEFAULT UNDEFINED ALTERNATE
*                               DO WRITE STRUCTURED FIELD QUERY
*                               TO IDENTIFY ALTERNATE
BINPSZ2 EQU    X'02'          24X80 ROW X COLUMN

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BINPSZ1 EQU X'01'          12X40 ROW X COLUMN
BINPSZ0 EQU X'00'          UNDEFINED ROW X COLUMN
000018 BIN2COMP DS X        COMPRESSION FLAGS
BIN2CMP1 EQU X'02'        APPLIES ONLY to BINSMED1
*                          (SEE BINCMP1 AND BINCMP2)
BIN2CMP2 EQU X'01'        (SEE BINCMP1 AND BINCMP2)
*
*****
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINPSCHR' (PRESENTATION SERVICES CHARACTERISTICS
*                          FOR PS PROFILE 3)
*****
000019          ORG BINPSCHR
00000E BINRSV26 DS XL5      RESERVED
000013 BINBFRSZ DS 0XL4    PRESENTATION SPACE SIZE
000013 BINBFRDR DS FL1     PRIMARY (DEFAULT) NUMBER OF ROWS
000014 BINBFRDC DS FL1     PRIMARY (DEFAULT) NUMBER OF
*                          COLUMNS
000015 BINBFRAR DS FL1     ALTERNATE NUMBER OF ROWS
000016 BINBFRAC DS FL1     ALTERNATE NUMBER OF COLUMNS
000017 BINBDESC DS FL1     PRESENTATION SPACE
*                          SIZE SPECIFICATION:
*                          0 = MAXIMUM
*                          1 = 480 CHAR
*                          2 = 1920 CHAR
*                          X'7E' = FIXED SIZE(SEE
*                          BINBFRDR AND
*                          BINBFRDC)
*                          X'7F' = VARIABLE SIZE AS
*                          DEFINED BY
*                          BINBFRSZ
BINBFSIZ EQU X'7F'        SEE ABOVE
BINBFSZF EQU X'7E'        SEE ABOVE
000018 BIN3COMP DS X        COMPRESSION FLAGS
BIN3CMP1 EQU X'02'        APPLIES ONLY to BINSMED1
*                          (SEE BINCMP1 AND BINCMP2)
BIN3CMP2 EQU X'01'        (SEE BINCMP1 AND BINCMP2)
*
*****
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINPSCHR' (PRESENTATION SERVICES CHARACTERISTICS
*                          FOR PS PROFILE 4)
*****
000019          ORG BINPSCHR
00000E BINPSNDO DS 0XL4    PLU SEND CAPABILITY
00000E BINPDSPP DS X        PRINTER DATA STREAM
*                          PROFILE
BINPBDSP EQU X'80'        BASE DATA STREAM PROFILE
*                          0 = NOT SUPPORTED
*                          1 = SUPPORTED
BINRSV46 EQU X'40'        RESERVED
BINPJOB EQU X'20'        JOB SCS SUBSET
*                          0 = NOT SUPPORTED
*                          1 = SUPPORTED
BINRSV47 EQU X'10'        RESERVED
BINWPRAW EQU X'08'        WORD PROCESSING RAW FORM
*                          0 = NOT SUPPORTED
*                          1 = SUPPORTED
BINRSV48 EQU X'07'        RESERVED
00000F BINADSPP DS X        ADDITIONAL DATA STREAM
*                          PROFILE
BINRSV49 EQU X'80'        RESERVED
BINADSCD EQU X'40'        0 = CARD NOT SUPPORTED
*                          1 = CARD SUPPORTED
BINRSV29 EQU X'3F'        RESERVED
000010 BINCSLP DS X        CONSOLE
BINCBDSP EQU X'80'        BASE DATA STREAM PROFILE
*                          0 = NOT SUPPORTED
*                          1 = SUPPORTED

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	BINRSV50	EQU	X'40'	RESERVED
	BINCJOB	EQU	X'20'	JOB SCS SUBSET
	*			0 = NOT SUPPORTED
	*			1 = SUPPORTED
	BINRSV51	EQU	X'1F'	RESERVED
000011	BINFMHUP	DS	X	FM/FMH USAGE
	BINSSDAT	EQU	X'80'	RESERVED
	BINDSSTO	EQU	X'60'	00= 1 LEVEL DESTINATION
	*			SELECTION SUSPENSION
	*			STACK
	*			01= 2 LEVEL DESTINATION
	*			SELECTION SUSPENSION
	*			STACK
	*			10= RESERVED
	*			11= 3 LEVEL DESTINATION
	*			SELECTION SUSPENSION
	*			STACK
	BINRSV52	EQU	X'1E'	RESERVED
	BINKIXS	EQU	X'01'	0 = SLU NEED NOT RECEIVE
	*			CD ON EVERY EDS
	*			1 = SLU MUST RECEIVE CD
	*			ON EVERY EDS
000012	BINSSNDO	DS	0XL4	SLU SEND CAPABILITY
000012	BINPDSPS	DS	X	PRINTER DATA STREAM
	*			PROFILE (SEE BINPDSP)
000013	BINADSPS	DS	X	ADDITIONAL DATA STREAM
	*			PROFILE (SEE BINADSP)
000014	BINCSLS	DS	X	CONSOLE (SEE BINCSLP)
000015	BINFMHUS	DS	X	FM/FMH USAGE (SEE
	*			BINFMHUP; MEANING FOR
	*			BINKIXS IS: 0 = PLU NEED
	*			NOT RECEIVE CD ON EVERY
	*			EDS, 1 = PLU MUST RECEIVE
	*			CD ON EVERY EDS)
000016	BINCSO	DS	X	CODE SELECTION
	BINCSOR	EQU	X'F0'	REPertoire
	BINCSOE	EQU	X'80'	EBCDIC
	BINCSOAI	EQU	X'40'	ASCII / ISCII / ITA#5
	BINRSV30	EQU	X'20'	RESERVED
	BINRSV31	EQU	X'10'	RESERVED
	BINCSOC1	EQU	X'0C'	00= CODE 0 (MAIN CODE)
	*			SELECTION IS EBCDIC
	*			01= CODE 0 (MAIN CODE)
	*			SELECTION IS ASCII /
	*			ISCII / ITA#5
	BINCSOC2	EQU	X'03'	00= CODE 1 (ALTERNATE
	*			CODE SELECTION IS
	*			EBCDIC
	*			01= CODE 1 (ALTERNATE
	*			CODE SELECTION IS
	*			ASCII / ISCII /
	*			ITA#5
000017	BINGENCO	DS	X	GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS
	BINRSV32	EQU	X'CO'	RESERVED
	BINWDF	EQU	X'20'	0 = PLU MAY SEND DATA
	*			FIRST
	*			1 = SLU MUST SEND DATA
	*			FIRST
	BINRSV33	EQU	X'10'	RESERVED
	BINIAO	EQU	X'08'	0 = SLU WILL INITIATE
	*			ATTENDED
	*			1 = SLU WILL INITIATE
	*			UNATTENDED
	BINAAO	EQU	X'04'	0 = SLU WILL NOT
	*			ALTERNATE BETWEEN
	*			ATTENDED AND
	*			UNATTENDED


```

BINCONF EQU X'20' CONFIRM SUPPORTED
BINCSBK EQU X'40' CONFIRM, SYNC POINT, AND
* BACKOUT SUPPORTED
BINRS EQU X'10' RECONNECT SUPPORT:
* 0= RECONNECT NOT SUPPORTED
* 1= RECONNECT SUPPORTED
BINRSR EQU X'0C' RESPONSIBILITY FOR SESSION
* REINITIATION:
* NOTE: BINRSR IS RESERVED WHEN PARALLEL SESSIONS ARE SUPPORTED
* (I.E. WHEN BINPSS IS SET)
* VALUES FOR BINRSR
BINOPRC EQU X'00' OPERATOR CONTROLLED
BINPRIMH EQU X'04' PRIMARY WILL REINITIATE
BINSECNH EQU X'08' SECONDARY WILL REINITIATE
BINETHR EQU X'0C' EITHER MAY REINITIATE
*
BINPSS EQU X'02' PARALLEL SESSION SUPPORT FOR
* LU-LU PAIR:
* 0= PSS NOT SUPPORTED
* 1= PSS SUPPORTED
BINGDSVF EQU X'01' CHANGE NUMBER OF SESSIONS GDS
* VARIABLE FLOW SUPPORT:
* 0= NOT SUPPORTED
* 1= SUPPORTED
000018 BINFLG3 DS X
BINRSV37 EQU X'80' RESERVED
BINLTDRC EQU X'40' 1= LIMITED RESOURCE EXISTS
BINRSV38 EQU X'3C' RESERVED
BIN6CMP1 EQU X'02' APPLIES ONLY to BINSMED1
* (SEE BIN6CMP1 AND BIN6CMP2)
BIN6CMP2 EQU X'01' (SEE BIN6CMP1 AND BIN6CMP2)
*****
* OVERLAY FOR 'BINPSCHR' (GENERIC OVERLAY FOR COMPRESSION)
*****
000019 ORG BINPSCHR
00000E BINRSV53 DS XL10 UNCHANGED BY COMPRESSION
* REFER TO SPECIFIC PROFILE
000018 BINCOMP DS XL1 COMPRESSION FLAG BYTE
BINCOMP1 EQU X'02' COMPRESSION BIT 1
BINCOMP2 EQU X'01' COMPRESSION BIT 2
* THE COMBINATIONS:
* BIND REQUEST:
* 00 - NO COMPRESSION
* 01 - COMPRESSION BID
* 10 - UNUSED
* 11 - COMPRESSION REQUIRED
* BIND RESPONSE:
* 10 - COMPRESSION USED
* XX - REMAINING - UNUSED
000019 ORG , END OF OVERLAYS

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FMH-5 (ISTFM5)

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LOC SOURCE STATEMENT
000000 ISTFM5 DSECT FMH5 MAPPING
000000 FM5BASE DS 0CL10 FIXED LENGTH BASE
000000 FM5LENTH DS X LENGTH FIELD
000001 FM5FLAG1 DS X FLAG FIELDS 1
FM5CONCT EQU X'80' CONCATENATION INDICATOR
FM5TYP EQU X'7F' FMH TYPE MASK
FM5TYPE5 EQU X'05' IBM ARCHITECTED FMH5
000002 FM5TYPE DS XL2 FMH5 TYPE
FM5ATTCH EQU X'02FF' FMH5 TYPE = ATTACH
000004 FM5FLAG2 DS X FLAG BYTE
FM5UIDAV EQU X'80' USER ID ALREADY VERIFIED
FM5PV1 EQU X'40' USER ID SIGNED ON
FM5PV2 EQU X'20' USER ID SIGN ON

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	FM5PWS	EQU	X'10'	PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
	*			IF THIS BIT IS 0 AND A PASSWORD
	*			IS PRESENT IT IS IN THE CLEAR
	*			IF THIS BIT IS 1 AND A PASSWORD
	*			IS PRESENT IT IS A SUBSTITUTED
	*			PASSWORD
	FM5PIPPR	EQU	X'08'	PIP PRESENT AFTER FMH5
	FM5DSSPR	EQU	X'04'	DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS SECURITY
	*			AUTHENTICATION TOKEN GDS
	*			PRESENT AFTER FMH-5 (AND PIP
	*			GDS IF PRESENT). IF THIS BIT
	*			IS ON, FM5UIDAV, FM5PV1, AND
	*			FM5PV2 MUST BE ZERO AS WELL AS
	*			THE SECURITY ACCESS SUBFIELDS.
	*			
000005	FM5LNFLP	DS	X	LENGTH OF FIXED LENGTH PARAMETERS
000006	FM5FXLEN	DS	0XL3	FIXED LENGTH PARAMETERS
000006	FM5RSCTP	DS	X	RESOURCE TYPE
	FM5BASIC	EQU	X'D0'	BASIC CONVERSATION
	FM5MAPED	EQU	X'D1'	MAPPED CONVERSATION
	FM5FDBAS	EQU	X'D2'	FULL-DUPLEX BASIC CONVERSATION
	FM5FDMAP	EQU	X'D3'	FULL-DUPLEX MAPPED
	*			CONVERSATION
000007		DS	C	RESERVED
000008	FM5FLAG3	DS	X	FLAGS FOR FIXED LENGTH PARMS
	FM5SYNCH	EQU	X'C0'	SYNCHRONIZATION LEVEL MASK
	FM5NONE	EQU	X'00'	NONE
	FM5CONFM	EQU	X'40'	CONFIRM
	FM5CSB	EQU	X'80'	CONFIRM, SYNC POINT, BACKOUT
	FM5RESUP	EQU	X'20'	RECONNECTION SUPPORT
000009	FM5LNTPN	DS	X	LENGTH OF TRANSACTION PROGRAM NAME
	*			(NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
00000A	FM5TPNAM	DS	0X	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NAME
	*			
000000	FM5ASI	DSECT		ACCESS SECURITY INFORMATION
	*			SUBFIELDS
000000	FM5LNASI	DS	X	LENGTH OF ASI SUBFIELDS
	*			(NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000001	FM5ASEC	DS	0X	CONTAINS ALL ACCESS SECURITY
	*			SUBFIELDS. THESE SUBFIELDS ARE
	*			MAPPED BY THE FM5ACCSE DSECT.
	*			THERE MAY BE ZERO OR MORE OF
	*			THESE SUBFIELDS, AND EACH MUST
	*			BE SEPARATELY MAPPED BY THE
	*			FM5ACCSE DSECT.
	*			
000000	FM5LUOW1	DSECT		LOGICAL UNIT OF WORK IDENTIFIER
	*			FIELD
000000	FM5LNLW	DS	X	LENGTH OF LUOW ID
	*			(NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000001	FM5LUWI	DS	0X	LUOW ID
000001	FM5LNFQN	DS	X	LENGTH OF FULLY QUALIFIED LU NAME
	*			(NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000002	FM5FQNAM	DS	0X	FULLY QUALIFIED LU NAME
	*			
000000	FM5LUOW2	DSECT		LUOW
000000	FM5LUWIN	DS	XL6	LUOW INSTANCE NUMBER
000006	FM5LUWSN	DS	XL2	LUOW SEQUENCE NUMBER
	*			
000000	FM5CVCOR	DSECT		CONVERSATION CORRELATOR
000000	FM5LNCCS	DS	X	LENGTH OF CONVERSATION CORRELATOR
	*			OF SENDER
	*			(NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000001	FM5CCS	DS	0X	CONVERSATION CORRELATOR OF SENDING
	*			TRANSACTION
	*			
000000	FM5SEQNM	DSECT		SEQUENCE NUMBER MAP


```

000000 FM5LNSNM DS X LENGTH OF SEQUENCE NUMBER
* (NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000001 FM5SNM DS XL8 SEQUENCE NUMBER
*
*****
* ACCESS SECURITY SUBFIELD *
* *
* THIS DSECT IS USED TO MAP EACH ACCESS SECURITY SUBFIELD. THESE *
* SUBFIELDS ARE ALL CONTAINED IN THE FIELD 'FM5ASEC'. YOU MUST *
* DETERMINE HOW MANY SUBFIELDS ARE SPECIFIED, AND DETERMINE THE *
* LENGTH OF EACH OF THE SUBFIELDS. *
* *
*****
000000 FM5ACCSE DSECT ACCESS SECURITY SUBFIELD
000000 FM5ASLL DS X SUBFIELD LENGTH
* (NOT INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000001 FM5ASTY DS X SUBFIELD TYPE
FM5ASIPR EQU X'00' PROFILE
FM5ASIPW EQU X'01' PASSWORD
FM5ASIID EQU X'02' USER ID
000002 FM5ASDA DS 0X SUBFIELD DATA
*
*****
* PROGRAM INITIALIZATION PARAMETER (PIP). *
* *
* THE PIP, IF IT EXISTS (INDICATED BY FM5PIPPR), FOLLOWS *
* THE FMH5. *
* *
* ADDRESSABILITY: IF PIP EXISTS, PIP LOCATED AFTER FMH5. *
* *
*****
000000 FM5PIPFM DSECT PIP FORMAT
000000 FM5PIPLN DS XL2 PIP LENGTH (INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000002 FM5PIPGD DS XL2 GDS INDICATOR
FM5PIPF5 EQU X'12F5' PIP VARIABLE
000004 FM5PIPSF DS 0X ZERO OR MORE PIP SUBFIELDS, EACH OF
* WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING FORMAT
000000 FM5PIPSM DSECT PIP SUBFIELD MAP
000000 FM5PIPSL DS XL2 SUBFIELD LENGTH
* (INCLUDING THIS BYTE)
000002 FM5PIPSG DS XL2 GDS INDICATOR
FM5PIPE2 EQU X'12E2' PIP SUBFIELD
000004 FM5PIPSD DS 0X SUBFIELD DATA

```

RPL extension (ISTRPL6X)

```

LOC SOURCE STATEMENT
000000 ISTRPL6X DSECT
000000 RPL6AREA DS 0CL112 START OF APPC EXTENSION
000000 RPL6CBID DS CL4 CONTROL BLOCK IDENTIFIER
000004 RPL6REQ DS XL1 TYPE OF APPCCMD
000005 RPL6QUAL DS XL1 SUBTYPE OF APPCCMD
000006 DS XL2 RESERVED
000008 RPL6CNVD DS XL4 CONVERSATION ID
00000C RPL6USR DS XL4 USER FIELD
000010 RPL6SNSO DS XL4 SENSE DATA SPECIFIED ON APPCCMD
000014 RPL6SNSI DS XL4 SENSE DATA RETURNED BY APPCCMD
000018 RPL6SGNL DS XL4 SIGNAL DATA RETURNED
00001C RPL6SIDL DS XL1 LENGTH OF SESSION ID
00001D DS XL3 RESERVED
000020 RPL6SSID DS XL8 SESSION IDENTIFICATION
000028 RPL6RC DS 0XL4 RPL6 RETURN CODE
000028 RPL6RCPR DS XL2 PRIMARY RETURN CODE
00002A RPL6RCSC DS XL2 SECONDARY RETURN CODE
00002C RPL6FLGS DS 0XL4 INDICATORS SPECIFIC TO VTAM'S
* APPCCMD MACRO
00002C RPL6FLG1 DS XL1 FIRST INDICATORS BYTE

```

	RPL6FILL	EQU	X'80'	FILL INDICATOR
	RPL6CD	EQU	X'40'	CD KEYWORD INDICATION
	*	EQU	X'20'	RESERVED
	RPL6SLS	EQU	X'10'	PARTNER LU VERIFICATION
	*			INDICATOR
	RPL6CFTX	EQU	X'08'	CONFTEXT INDICATOR
	RPL6LIST	EQU	X'06'	SCOPE OF INFORMATION TO BE
	*			RETURNED IN THE RESTORE COMMAND
	*	EQU	X'01'	RESERVED
00002D	RPL6FLG2	DS	XL1	SECOND INDICATORS BYTE
	*	EQU	X'80'	RESERVED
	RPL6RTSX	EQU	X'40'	RTS_RCV RETURN 1=EXPD,0=BOTH
	RPL6CXMD	EQU	X'30'	CONXMOD INDICATORS
	RPL6TYPE	EQU	X'0C'	TYPE INDICATOR
	RPL6NAMU	EQU	X'03'	NAME USE REQUESTED WHEN APPLICATION
	*			IS ACTING AS A GENERIC RESOURCE
00002E	RPL6FLG3	DS	XL1	THIRD INDICATORS BYTE
	RPL6LOCK	EQU	X'80'	LOCKS INDICATOR
	RPL6DERC	EQU	X'60'	DEACTIVATION REASON CODE
	RPL6EXDR	EQU	X'10'	EXPEDITED DATA RECEIVED
	RPL6CMOD	EQU	X'0C'	CONMODE INDICATOR
	RPL6LAST	EQU	X'03'	LAST INDICATOR
00002F	RPL6FLG4	DS	XL1	FOURTH INDICATORS BYTE
	RPL6AFFN	EQU	X'CO'	GENERIC RESOURCE AFFINITY OWNER
	*	EQU	X'3F'	RESERVED
000030	RPL6LU	DS	CL8	NAME OF LU
000038	RPL6MODE	DS	CL8	MODE NAME
000040	RPL6WHAT	DS	0XL2	
000040	RPL6RCV1	DS	XL1	WHAT RECEIVED INDICATOR
	RPL6WDAT	EQU	X'80'	WHATRCV=DATA
	RPL6WDAC	EQU	X'40'	WHATRCV=DATA_COMPLETE
	RPL6WDAI	EQU	X'20'	WHATRCV=DATA_INCOMPLETE
	RPL6WSND	EQU	X'10'	WHATRCV=SEND
	RPL6WCFM	EQU	X'08'	WHATRCV=CONFIRM
	RPL6WDAL	EQU	X'04'	WHATRCV=DEALLOCATE
	RPL6WLOG	EQU	X'02'	WHATRCV=LOG_DATA
	RPL6WPSH	EQU	X'01'	WHATRCV=PS_HEADER
000041	RPL6RCV2	DS	XL1	RESERVED FOR BIT MASK FOR THE
	RPL6WPSI	EQU	X'80'	WHATRCV=PARTIAL_PS_HEADER
	*	EQU	X'7F'	NOT USED
000042	RPL6RTUN	DS	XL1	RETURNED INDICATORS AS
	*			A RESULT OF APPCCMD
	RPL6RMH5	EQU	X'80'	FMH5RCV INDICATOR
	RPL6RLOG	EQU	X'40'	LOGRCV INDICATOR
	RPL6RSIG	EQU	X'20'	SIGRCV INDICATOR
	RPL6CLSA	EQU	X'10'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS SECURITY
	*			SUBFIELDS ON FMH5
	RPL6AVFA	EQU	X'08'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR
	*			ALREADY VERIFIED
	RPL6PV	EQU	X'04'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR
	*			PERSISTENT VERIFICATION
	RPL6CRYP	EQU	X'03'	ENCRYPTION LEVEL
000043	RPL6MH5L	DS	XL1	LENGTH OF THE FMH 5 RECEIVED
000044	RPL6CCST	DS	XL1	CURRENT CONVERSATION STATE
000045	RPL6ACTV	DS	XL1	RPL6 ACTIVE INDICATOR
	*			FF=ACTIVE / 00=INACTIVE
000046	RPL6DETP	DS	XL1	DEACTIVATION TYPE CODE
000047	RPL6EXDL	DS	XL1	LENGTH OF EXPEDITED DATA
000048	RPL6TID	DS	0A	TASK ID
000048	RPL6MID	DS	XL2	MACHINE ID
00004A	RPL6TIX	DS	XL2	TASK INDEX OF CURRENTLY
	*			EXECUTING TASK
00004C	RPL6RPL	DS	A	POINTER BACK TO THE RPL
000050	RPL6STBF	DS	A	POINTER TO CURRENT BUFFER
	*			AT STORAGE SHORTAGE
000054	RPL6STDS	DS	A	DISPLACEMENT IN CURRENT
	*			BUFFER AT STORAGE SHORTAGE

```

000058 RPL6VAOL DS XL2 RESERVED
00005A RPL6VAIL DS XL2 VTAM-TO-APPL VECTORLIST AREA LENGTH
*
00005C RPL6NET DS CL8 NQN NETID
000064 RPL6CGID DS XL4 CONVERSATION GROUP ID
000068 RPL6VAOA DS A RESERVED
00006C RPL6VAIA DS A VTAM-to-APPL VECTORLIST AREA
RPL6END EQU * END OF RPL6
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6AFFN.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "LUAFFIN=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6NAFF EQU X'00' LUAFFIN NOT SPECIFIED
RPL6NAAF EQU X'40' LUAFFIN=NOTAPPL
RPL6AAFF EQU X'80' LUAFFIN=APPL
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES ARE THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE
* EXPEDITED DATA FLOW CONTROL RU "SIGNAL".
*
*****
RPL6SIG1 EQU X'00010001' SIGNAL DATA RETURNED TO APPLICATION
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT IS DEFINED AS A SYMBOLIC REFERENCE
* TO THE APPC CONTROL BLOCK ID (RPL6).
*
*****
RPL6ID EQU C'APPC' APPC CONTROL BLOCK ID
*
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6REQ.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "CONTROL=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6ALLC EQU X'10' ALLOC
RPL6PLOC EQU X'11' PREALLOC
RPL6SFM5 EQU X'12' SENDFMH5
RPL6RSRV EQU X'20' RESETRCV
RPL6DEAL EQU X'30' DEALLOC
RPL6DEAQ EQU X'31' DEALLOCQ
RPL6OPER EQU X'40' OPRCNTL
RPL6PREC EQU X'50' PREPRCV
RPL6RFH5 EQU X'60' RCVFMH5
RPL6RCV EQU X'70' RECEIVE
RPL6RCVX EQU X'71' RCVEXPD
RPL6RJCT EQU X'80' REJECT
RPL6SEND EQU X'90' SEND
RPL6SNDX EQU X'91' SENDEXPD
RPL6SETS EQU X'A0' SETSESS
RPL6TSTS EQU X'B0' TESTSTAT
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6QUAL.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "QUALIFY=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6NQUA EQU X'00' NULL QUALIFER
RPL6APRG EQU X'01' ABNDPROG
RPL6ASRV EQU X'02' ABNDSERV
RPL6ATIM EQU X'03' ABNDTIME
RPL6AUSR EQU X'04' ABNDUSER
RPL6ANY EQU X'05' ANY
RPL6CNOS EQU X'06' CNOS

```

```

RPL6CFRM EQU X'07'          CONFIRM
RPL6CFMD EQU X'08'          CONFRMD
RPL6DATA EQU X'09'          DATA
RPL6DCON EQU X'0A'          DATACON
RPL6DFLU EQU X'0B'          DATAFLU
RPL6DFIN EQU X'0C'          DEFINE
RPL6DSPY EQU X'0D'          DISPLAY
RPL6ERR  EQU X'0E'          ERROR
RPL6FLSH EQU X'0F'          FLUSH
RPL6RQSD EQU X'10'          RQSEND
RPL6SPEC EQU X'11'          SPEC
RPL6ACT  EQU X'12'          ACTSESS
RPL6DACT EQU X'13'          DACTSESS
RPL6ALCD EQU X'14'          ALLOCD
RPL6IMED EQU X'15'          IMMED
RPL6CWIN EQU X'16'          CONWIN
RPL6SESN EQU X'17'          SESSION
RPL6CONV EQU X'18'          CONV
RPL6SUSP EQU X'19'          SUSPEND
RPL6RESM EQU X'1A'          RESUME
RPL6REST EQU X'1B'          RESTORE
RPL6SYNB EQU X'1C'          SYNCBEG
RPL6SYNE EQU X'1D'          SYNCEND
RPL6CNGP EQU X'1E'          CONVGRP
RPL6SESF EQU X'1F'          WHENFREE
RPL6IANY EQU X'20'          IANY
RPL6ISPC EQU X'21'          ISPEC
RPL6QALL EQU X'22'          ALL
RPL6IALL EQU X'23'          IALL
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6FILL.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "FILL=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6BUFF EQU X'00'          BUFF
RPL6LL   EQU X'80'          LL
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CD
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "CD=" VALUE
*
*****
RPL6CDIM EQU X'00'          "CD=IMMED"
RPL6CDDE EQU X'40'          "CD=DEFER"
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CFTX.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "CONFTXT=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6CFT  EQU X'08'          YES
RPL6NCFT EQU X'00'          NO
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6TYPE.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "TYPE=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6TBIT EQU X'0C'          TYPE BITS POSITION
RPL6USER EQU X'0C'          USER
RPL6PRGM EQU X'04'          PROGRAM
RPL6SVC  EQU X'08'          SERVICE
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6NAMU.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "NAMEUSE=" VALUE.
*

```

```

*
*****
RPL6NUNS EQU X'00'          NAME USAGE NOT SPECIFIED
RPL6ANAM EQU X'01'          WHEN APPLICATION IS ACTING AS A
*                             GENERIC RESOURCE, SESSIONS STARTED
*                             WITH PARTNER LU SHOULD USE THE
*                             APPLICATION NETWORK NAME
RPL6GNAM EQU X'02'          WHEN APPLICATION IS ACTING AS A
*                             GENERIC RESOURCE, SESSIONS STARTED
*                             WITH PARTNER LU SHOULD USE GENERIC
*                             NAME OF THE APPLICATION
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6LOCK.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "LOCKS=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6LONG EQU X'00'          LONG
RPL6SHRT EQU X'80'          SHORT
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6DERC.
*
*****
RPL6RNRM EQU X'00'          NORMAL
RPL6RABN EQU X'40'          ABNORMAL
RPL6RANR EQU X'60'          ABNORMAL, NORETRY
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CMOD.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "CONMODE=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6CBIT EQU X'0C'          CONMODE BITS POSITION
RPL6LLCA EQU X'00'          LLCA
RPL6BFCA EQU X'04'          BUFFCA
RPL6CS EQU X'08'           CS
RPL6SAME EQU X'0C'          SAME
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CXMD.
* THEY REPRESENT THE "CONXMOD=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6CXBT EQU X'30'          CONXMOD BIT POSITIONS
RPL6CSCX EQU X'00'          CS
RPL6CACX EQU X'10'          CA
RPL6SAMX EQU X'30'          SAME
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6LAST.
*
*****
RPL6NLST EQU X'00'          SESSIONS EXIST FOR THE
*                             SPECIFIED MODE
RPL6LMD EQU X'01'          LAST SESSION DEACTIVATED
*                             FOR THE SPECIFIED MODE
RPL6NCTL EQU X'02'          LAST SESSION DEACTIVATED
*                             FOR NON-CONTROL MODES
RPL6ALL EQU X'03'          ALL SESSIONS FOR THIS LU
*                             HAVE BEEN DEACTIVATED
*****
*
* THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6LIST.
*
*****
RPL6LINO EQU X'00'          NO INFORMATION RETURNED

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RPL6LINS EQU X'02'          LU NAME, MODE NAME, AND LM
*                          TABLE INFORMATION RETURNED
RPL6LIAL EQU X'04'          ALL INFORMATION IN RESTORE
*                          STRUCTURE RETURNED
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CCSL.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE CURRENT CONVERSATION STATE.
*
*****
RPL6RSET EQU X'00'          RESET (INITIAL STATE)
* ** HALF-DUPLEX CONVERSATION STATES **
RPL6SND EQU X'01'          SEND
RPL6RECV EQU X'02'          RECEIVE
RPL6RVCF EQU X'03'          RECEIVE CONFIRM
RPL6RVCS EQU X'04'          RECEIVE CONFIRM SEND
RPL6RVCD EQU X'05'          RECEIVE CONFIRM DEALLOCATE
RPL6PNDD EQU X'06'          PEND DEALLOCATE
RPL6PECL EQU X'07'          PEND END CONVESATION LOG
RPL6ENDC EQU X'08'          END CONVERSATION (FINAL)
RPL6PNDS EQU X'09'          PENDING SEND
RPL6PRVL EQU X'0A'          PENDING RCV LOG
* ** FULL-DUPLEX CONVERSATION STATES **
RPL6FDRS EQU X'80'          FDX RESET (FINAL)
RPL6FDSR EQU X'81'          FDX SEND/RECEIVE
RPL6FDSO EQU X'82'          FDX SEND-ONLY
RPL6FDRO EQU X'83'          FDX RECEIVE-ONLY
RPL6FSRL EQU X'84'          FDX PENDING SEND/RCV LOG
RPL6FROL EQU X'85'          FDX PENDING RCV-ONLY LOG
RPL6FRSL EQU X'86'          FDX PENDING RESET LOG
* ** PENDING CONVERSATION ALLOCATION **
RPL6PALC EQU X'FF'          PENDING ALLOCATE
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6DETP.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE "DEACTYP=" VALUE.
*
*****
RPL6TCLP EQU X'0F'          CLEANUP
RPL6TPVL EQU X'FE'          PROTOCOL VIOLATION
*****
*
*   THE FOLLOWING CONSTANT VALUES WILL BE RECORDED IN RPL6CRYP.
*   THEY REPRESENT THE ENCRYPTION LEVEL.
*
*****
RPL6CNON EQU X'00'          NONE
RPL6CSEL EQU X'01'          SELECTIVE DATA ENCRYPTION
RPL6CMAN EQU X'03'          MANDATORY DATA ENCRYPTION

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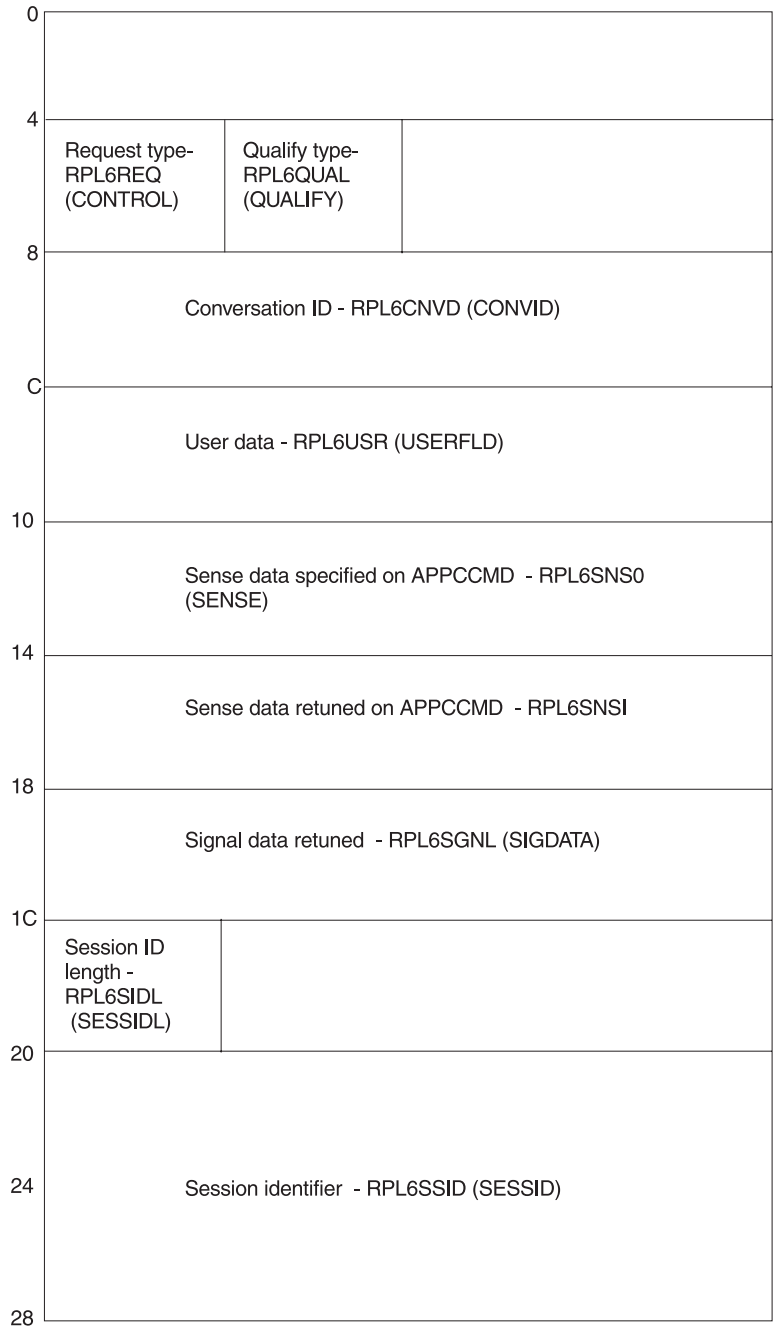


Figure 2. Layout of the RPL extension (part 1 of 3)

28	Primary return code - RPL6RCPR (RCPRI)		Secondary return code - RPL6RCSC (RCSEC)	
2C	Flag byte- RPL6FLG1 (FILL, CD SLS, CONFXT, LIST)	Flag byte- RPL6FLG2 (RTSRTRN CONXMOD,TYPE, NAMEUSE)	Flag byte- RPL6FLG3 (LOCKS, DERC EXDR, CONMODE LAST)	Flag byte- RPL6FLG4 (LUAFFIN)
30	LU name - RPL6LU (LUNAME)			
34				
38				
3C	Mode name - RPL6MODE (LOGMODE)			
40	What-received field - RPL6RCV1 (WHATRCV)	What-received field - RPL6RCV2 (WHATRCV)	Returned bits- RPL6RTUN (FMH5RCV, LOGCRV, SIGRCV, CONVSECP, AFVA PRSISTVP, CRYPTLVL)	Received (FMH5 length - RPL6MH5L (FMH5LEN)
44	Current conversation state RPL6CCST (CONSTATE)	RPL in use - RPL6ACTV	Session deactivation - type code - RPL6DEPT (DEACTYP)	Expedited type code - RPL6EXDL
48	Task ID (The sublevel names are referenced by the VM system) - RPL6TID			
4C				

Figure 3. Layout of the RPL extension (part 2 of 3)

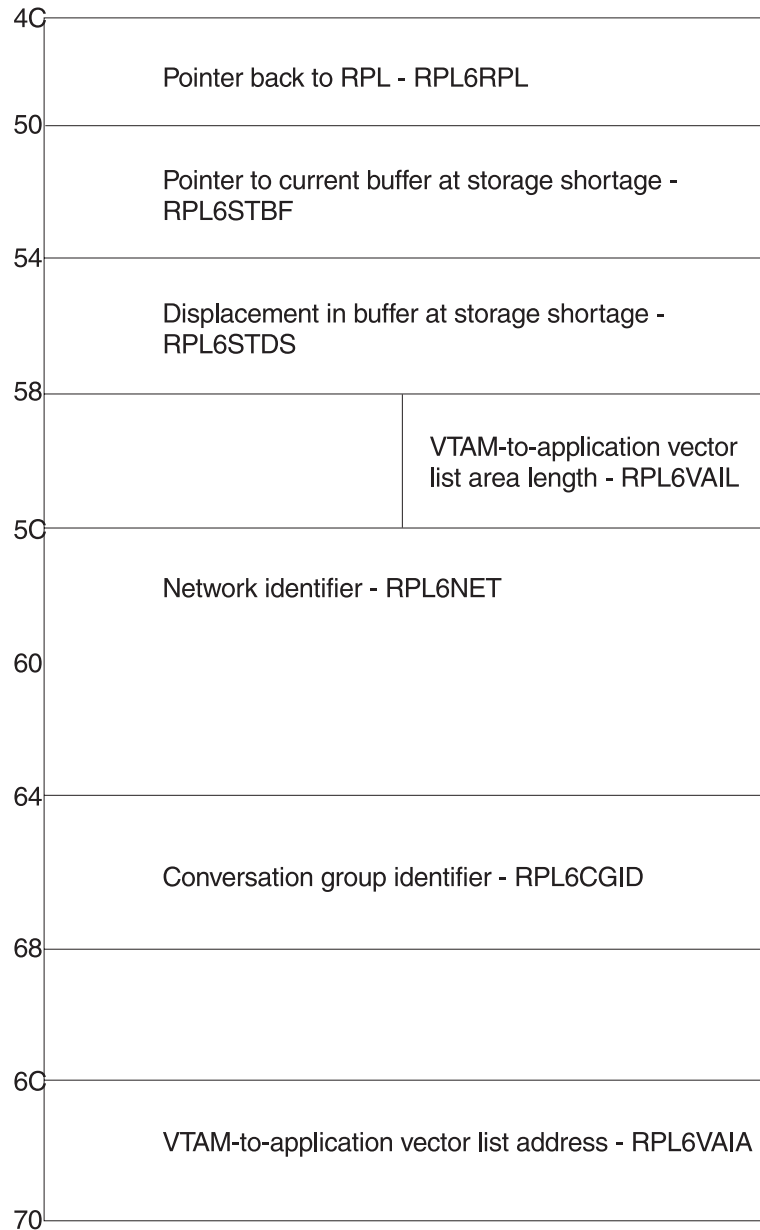


Figure 4. Layout of the RPL extension (part 3 of 3)

CNOS session limits data structure (ISTSLCNS)

LOC	SOURCE STATEMENT	
000000	ISTSLCNS DSECT	SESSION LIMITS FOR CNOS
000000	SLCSESSL DS H	SESSION LIMIT
000002	SLCMCWL DS H	MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*	SESSIONS - LOCAL LU
000004	SLCMCWP DS H	MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*	SESSIONS - PARTNER LU
000006	SLCPARMS DS XL1	CNOS PARAMETERS
	SLCDRAL EQU X'80'	DRAINING OF LOCAL LU REQUESTED
	SLCDRAP EQU X'40'	DRAINING OF PARTNER LU REQUESTED
	SLCPRSPL EQU X'20'	RESPONSIBLE FOR DEACTIVATION
	*	IF SET, PARTNER LU IS RESPONSIBLE
	*	IF NOT SET, LOCAL LU IS RESPONSIBLE

	SLCALL	EQU	X'10'		INDICATES IF CNOS IS FOR ONE MODE OR ALL MODES
	*				IF SET, CNOS IS FOR ALL MODES
	*				IF NOT SET, CNOS IS FOR ONE MODE
	SLCSSLU	EQU	X'08'		INDICATE IF THE PARTNER LU IS ONLY SINGLE SESSION CAPABLE
	*				
	SLCLLSI	EQU	X'07'		LOCAL LU SECURITY SUBFIELD ACCEPTANCE INFORMATION
	*				NONE ACCEPTED
	SLCLNONE	EQU	X'00'		SECURITY SUBFIELDS ACCEPTED ON FMH5
	SLCLCONV	EQU	X'04'		ALREADY VERIFIED REQUESTS ACCEPTED
	*				
	SLCLAVFA	EQU	X'02'		
	*				
	SLCLPV	EQU	X'01'		PERSISTENT VERIFICATION REQUESTS ACCEPTED
	*				RESERVED
000007		DS	XL1		DEFINED SESSION LIMIT
000008	SLCDSESL	DS	H		DEFINED MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER SESSIONS - LOCAL LU
00000A	SLCDMCWL	DS	H		DEFINED MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER SESSIONS - PARTNER LU
	*				INDICATORS
	*				DEFINED DRAINING OF LOCAL LU
00000C	SLCDMCWP	DS	H		DEFINED ACCEPTANCE DEACTIVATION RESPONSIBILITY OF LOCAL LU
	*				ON-ATTN CNOS DRIVEN DUE TO MODIFY DEFINE. OFF- ATTN CNOS DRIVEN DUE TO CNOS PROCESSED ON TARGET SIDE.
	*				RESERVED
	*				RESERVED
	*	EQU	X'10'-X'01'		
00000F		DS	XL1		
	*				
000010	SLCEND	DS	0X		END OF ISTSLCNS

DEFINE/DISPLAY session limits data structure (ISTSLD)

LOC	SOURCE STATEMENT			
000000	ISTSLD DSECT		SESSION LIMITS - DEFINE/DISPLAY	
	*			
	* BEGINING OF LU SPECIFIC FIELDS			
	*			
000000	SLDLUPAR DS	0XL40	LU SPECIFIC FIELDS	
000000	SLDLU1 DS	XL1	LU SPECIFIC FIELDS - BYTE 1	
	SLDSCAP EQU	X'C0'	LU'S SESSION CAPABILITY MASK	
	SLDPARR EQU	X'C0'	PARALLEL SESSION CAPABLE	
	SLDPNDGP EQU	X'80'	PENDING PARALLEL STATE	
	SLDPNDGS EQU	X'40'	PENDING SINGLE STATE	
	SLDSINGL EQU	X'00'	SINGLE SESSION CAPABLE	
	SLDSYNCH EQU	X'30'	NEGOTIATED LEVEL OF SYNCHRONIZATION	
	*			
	SLDCSBK EQU	X'20'	CONFIRM, SYNC POINT, BACKOUT SUPPORTED	
	*			
	SLDCONF EQU	X'10'	CONFIRM SUPPORTED	
	SLDSYNRT EQU	X'00'	SYNCHRONIZATION LEVEL NOT SET	
	*	EQU	X'0F'	RESERVED
000001	SLDLU2 DS	XL1	LU SPECIFIC FIELDS - BYTE 2	
	SLDCLSV EQU	X'80'	SECURITY SUBFIELD ACCEPTANCE INFORMATION IS VALID	
	*			
	SLDPCLSA EQU	X'40'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS SECURITY SUBFIELDS ON FMH5	
	*			
	SLDPAVFA EQU	X'20'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR ALREADY VERIFIED FUNCTION	
	*			
	SLDPPV EQU	X'10'	PARTNER LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR PERSISTENT VERIFICATION	
	*			
	SLDLCLSA EQU	X'08'	LOCAL LU ACCEPTS SECURITY	

	*			SUBFIELDS ON FMH5 FROM THIS
	*			PARTNER LU
		SLDLAVFA	EQU X'04'	LOCAL LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR
	*			ALREADY VERIFIED FUNCTION
		SLDLPV	EQU X'02'	LOCAL LU ACCEPTS REQUESTS FOR
	*			PERSISTENT VERIFICATION
	*		EQU X'01'	RESERVED
000002		SLDFQNLN	DS XL1	LENGTH OF FULLY QUALIFIED
	*			PARTNER LU NAME
000003		SLDFQNAM	DS XL17	FULLY QUALIFIED PARTNER LU
	*			NAME - USE SLDFQNLN FOR
	*			ACTUAL LENGTH OF NAME
000014		SLDLU3	DS XL1	LU-SPECIFIC INDICATORS
		SLDCNVCP	EQU X'00'	CONVERSATION CAPABILITY FIELD
		SLDCNVFD	EQU X'80'	FULL-DUPLEX OR HALF-DUPLEX,
	*			EXPEDITED DATA ALLOWED
		SLDCNVHD	EQU X'40'	HALF-DUPLEX CONVERSATIONS ONLY
		SLDCNVUN	EQU X'00'	CAPABILITY IS UNKNOWN
	*		EQU X'20' - X'01'	RESERVED
000015		SLDNMUSE	DS XL1	APPLICATION NAME USE FIELD,
	*			INDICATES FORM OF LU NAME USED BY
	*			LOCAL LU FOR SESSIONS WITH THIS
	*			PARTNER LU
		SLDNMUUN	EQU X'00'	NAME USE NOT YET KNOWN
		SLDNMUUV	EQU X'01'	USERVAR NAME IS BEING USED
		SLDNMUAN	EQU X'02'	APPL NETWORK NAME BEING USED
		SLDNMUGN	EQU X'03'	GENERIC NAME IS BEING USED
000016		SLDTYPE	DS XL1	TYPE OF LU ENTRY
		SLDSUPNM	EQU X'00'	SUPPLIED_NAME ENTRY
		SLDRCVNM	EQU X'01'	RCVD_NAME ENTRY
		SLDVARNM	EQU X'02'	VARIANT_NAME ENTRY
		SLDUNUNM	EQU X'03'	UNUSABLE_NAME ENTRY
		SLDDISNM	EQU X'04'	DISASSOC_NAME ENTRY
000017			DS XL17	RESERVED
	*			
	*			
	*			* END OF LU SPECIFIC FIELDS
	*			
	*			* BEGINING OF MODE SPECIFIC FIELDS
	*			
000028		SLDDSESL	DS H	DEFINED SESSION LIMIT
00002A		SLDDMCWL	DS H	DEFINED NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- LOCAL LU
00002C		SLDDMCWP	DS H	DEFINED NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- PARTNER LU
00002E		SLDDEFPA	DS XL1	DEFINED PARAMETERS
		SLDDRSPL	EQU X'80'	DEFINED ACCEPTANCE OF DEACTIVATION
	*			RESPONSIBILITY, IF SET THEN THE
	*			LOCAL LU WILL ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY
		SLDDDRAL	EQU X'40'	DEFINED ACCEPTANCE OF REQUEST TO
	*			DRAIN QUEUED ALLOCS, IF SET THEN
	*			LOCAL LU WILL ACCEPT THE REQUEST
		SLDDELET	EQU X'20'	MODE DELETION INDICATOR, IF SET
	*			APPL WILL ALLOW DELETION OF MODE
		SLDAUTOS	EQU X'10'	AUTOSES SPECIFIED AS ON DEFINE
		SLDMDSUS	EQU X'08'	MODE PENDING RECOVERY
	*		EQU X'04'-X'01'	RESERVED
00002F		SLDCNSPA	DS XL1	CNOS PARAMETERS
		SLDDRAL	EQU X'80'	DRAINING OF LOCAL LU
		SLDDRAP	EQU X'40'	DRAINING OF PARTNER LU
	*		EQU X'20'-X'01'	RESERVED
000030		SLDSESSL	DS H	SESSION LIMIT
000032		SLDMCWL	DS H	MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- LOCAL LU
000034		SLDMCWP	DS H	MINIMUM NUMBER OF CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- PARTNER LU
000036		SLDAUTO	DS H	AUTO ACTIVATE LIMIT

000038	SLDSESSC	DS	H	CURRENT SESSION COUNT
00003A	SLDWINLC	DS	H	NUMBER OF CURRENT CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- LOCAL LU
00003C	SLDWINPC	DS	H	NUMBER OF CURRENT CONTENTION WINNER
	*			SESSIONS -- PARTNER LU
00003E	SLDFREEC	DS	H	NUMBER OF FREE SESSIONS
000040	SLDQALLC	DS	H	NUMBER OF ALLOCATE REQUEST WAITING
	*			FOR FREE SESSIONS
000042		DS	XL2	RESERVED
	*			
	*			* END OF MODE SPECIFIC FIELDS
	*			
000044	SLDEND	DS	0X	END OF ISTSLD

Restore data structure (ISTSREST)

LOC	SOURCE STATEMENT			RESTORE STRUCTURE
000000	ISTSREST	DSECT		RESTORE STRUCTURE
	*			
	*			
	*			
000000	SRENAME	DS	CL8	LU NAME
000008	SREMODE	DS	CL8	LU MODE
000010	SRENXTAD	DS	A	NEXT RESTORE STRUCTURE ADDRESS
000014	SRESLDAD	DS	A	SLD STRUCTURE ADDRESS
000018	SRESEAD	DS	A	ADDRESS OF FIRST SRESESS
00001C	SREMFLGS	DS	XL2	MODE LEVEL FLAGS
	SREMDRS	EQU	X'80'	1=MODE HAS BEEN RESTORED
00001E	SRESECT	DS	H	NUMBER OF SRESESS STRUCTURES
000020	SRENETID	DS	CL8	NETID OF LU
000028	SREEND	DS	0X	END OF ISTSREST STRUCTURE
	*			
000000	SRESESS	DSECT		SESSION INFORMATION
000000	SRESNXTA	DS	A	NEXT SESSION STRUCTURE ADDRESS
000004	SRESFLGS	DS	XL3	SESSION LEVEL FLAGS
	SREPCONV	EQU	X'80'	1=CONVERSATION PENDING DEALLOCATION
	*			FOR PERSISTENT LU-LU SESSIONS
	SRESPNDA	EQU	X'40'	1=SESSION PENDING DEACTIVATION
	*			FOR PERSISTENT LU-LU SESSIONS
000007	SRESIDL	DS	XL1	SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER LENGTH
000008	SRESESID	DS	XL8	SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER
000010	SRESEND	DS	0X	END OF SESSION INFORMATION

Status data structure (ISTSTATD)

LOC	SOURCE STATEMENT			TESTSTAT INFORMATION ENTRY
000000	ISTSTATD	DSECT		TESTSTAT INFORMATION ENTRY
	*			
000000	STATENTL	DS	XL2	LENGTH OF THIS ENTRY
000002	STATENTT	DS	X	ENTRY TYPE
	STATNRME	EQU	X'01'	NORMAL DATA INFORMATION ENTRY
	STATXPDE	EQU	X'02'	EXPEDITED DATA INFORMATION ENTRY
	STATRTSE	EQU	X'03'	REQUEST-TO-SEND INFORMATION ENTRY
000003	STAFLAG1	DS	X	STATUS ENTRY FLAGS
	STACNVCA	EQU	X'80'	DATA IS IN CA MODE
000004	STACNVID	DS	XL4	CONVID OF CONVERSATION
000008	STATOTAV	DS	XL4	TOTAL DATA AVAILABLE (NORM & EXPD)
00000C	STACURLL	DS	XL2	CURRENTLY ACTIVE LL FIELD (NORM),
	*			RESERVED (EXPED & RTS_RCVD)
00000E	STACURLR	DS	XL2	CURRENT LL REMAINDER (NORM),
	*			RESERVED (EXPED & RTS_RCVD)
000010	STATENTE	DS	0X	END OF STATUS ENTRY

Feedback code data structure (ISTUSFBC)

```

LOC      SOURCE STATEMENT
000000  ISTUSFBC DSECT
*
*****
*
*      THE FOLLOWING CODES ARE STORED IN EITHER 'RPLRTNCD', OR *
*      'RPLFDB2' OR 'RPLFDB3'.  SEE THE INTRODUCTORY COMMENTS *
*      FOR EACH GROUP FOR FURTHER INFORMATION. *
*
*      RPL FIELD NAME          OPERAND OF MANIPULATIVE MACRO *
*
*      RPLRTNCD                RTNCD      (FEEDBACK CODE) *
*      RPLFDB2                 FDBK2     (REASON CODE) *
*      RPLFDB3                 FDBK      (DATA FLAGS) *
*
*      IF THE RPLRTNCD IS SET TO X'00' AND THE RPLFDB2 IS SET *
*      TO X'1A' THEN THE USER SHOULD REFER TO THE FOLLOWING FIELDS *
*      IN THE RPL6.  THIS IS ADDED FOR APPC/VTAM. *
*
*      RPL6 FIELD NAME *
*
*      RPL6RCPR             PRIMARY RETURN CODE *
*      RPL6RCSC            SECONDARY RETURN CODE *
*
*****
*
*
*
*****  RPLRTNCD          CONTAINS A FEEDBACK CODE.  IF THE RPL *****
*                        REQUEST IS UNSUCCESSFUL THEN REGISTER *
*                        ZERO WILL ALSO CONTAIN THIS CODE.  FOR A *
*                        CERTAIN GROUP OF ERRORS, ONLY REGISTER *
*                        ZERO WILL CONTAIN THE FEEDBACK CODE AND *
*                        NO FEEDBACK INFORMATION WILL BE PLACED IN *
*                        THE RPL. *
*
*                        THE FEEDBACK CODE EQUATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: *
*
USFAOK  EQU  X'00'      NORMAL COMPLETION/CONDITIONAL COMPLETION
USFXORDC EQU X'04'      EXTRAORDINARY COMPLETION
USFRESSU EQU X'08'      REISSUE THIS REQUEST
USFDAMGE EQU X'0C'      DAMAGE - INTEGRITY OF REQUEST/DEVICE
USFENVER EQU X'10'      ENVIRONMENT ERROR
USFLOGIC EQU X'14'      USER LOGIC ERROR
USFRLGIC EQU X'18'      USER LOGIC ERROR - SETONLY IN REG ZERO
USF6CHEK EQU X'20'      RPL/RPL6 IN WRONG STATE - SET ONLY IN
*                        REG00
USF6WRCK EQU X'24'      WRONG CHECK MACRO ISSUED - SET ONLY IN
*                        REG00
*
*
*****
*
*      RPLFDB2          CONTAINS A REASON CODE.  THIS REASON CODE *
*                        INDICATES ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE *
*                        FEEDBACK CODE. *
*
*****  REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'00' *****
*
USFAOOK  EQU  X'00'      OPERATION SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED
USFRCWNP EQU X'01'      RESET CONDITIONAL WAS NO-OPED
USFRCDPR EQU X'02'      RESET CONDITIONAL SUCCESSFUL -
*                        READ-AHEAD DATA PRESENT
USFYTCTN EQU X'03'      YIELDED TO CONTENTION
USFYTCTL EQU X'04'      YIELDED TO CONTENTION, ERROR LOCK SET
USFATFSI EQU X'05'      AREA TOO SMALL FOR INQUIRE/INTERPRET
USFNOIN  EQU  X'06'      NO INPUT AVAILABLE

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USFIIINA EQU X'07'      INQUIRE INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE
USFDSTIU EQU X'08'      DESTINATION IN USE
USFNLGFA EQU X'09'      NO LOGON FOUND FOR ACCEPT MATCH
USFANC EQU X'0A'
USF6APPC EQU X'0B'      INDICATES THAT AN ERROR OCCURRED RUNNING
*                          APPC, AND REFER TO THE RPL6 PRIMARY AND
*                          SECONDARY RETURN CODES
USFINQPS EQU X'0D'      MORE SESSIONS PENDING RECOVERY ON
*                          WHICH TO INQUIRE
*
*                          IF, FOLLOWING A SYNCHRONOUS RPL REQUEST MACRO OR CHECK
*                          MACRO, REGISTER 15 CONTAINS X'00' THEN REGISTER ZERO WILL
*                          CONTAIN ONE OF THE ABOVE REASON CODE VALUES
*
*
***** REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'04' *****
*
USFRVIRC EQU X'00'      RVI RECEIVED, ERROR LOCK SET
USFATNRC EQU X'01'      ATTENTION RECEIVED, ERROR LOCK SET
USFBSCSM EQU X'02'      BSC STATUS MSG RECEIVED
USFEXRQ EQU X'03'      EXCEPTION REQUEST RECEIVED
USFEXRS EQU X'04'      EXCEPTION RESPONSE RECEIVED
USFNQN EQU X'05'      RESOURCE KNOWN AS NQN ONLY
*
*
***** REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'08' *****
*
USFSTALF EQU X'00'      TEMPORARY OUT OF STORAGE SITUATION EXISTS
*                          RPL ECB/EXIT NOT POSTED/INVOKED
*
*
***** REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'0C' *****
*
USFIOEDU EQU X'00'      I/O ERROR, DEVICE STILL USABLE ER LK SET
USFDVUNS EQU X'01'      I/O ERROR, DEVICE NOT USABLE ER LCK SET
USFUNTRM EQU X'02'      REQUEST RESET BY TEST REQUEST MESSAGE
USFBTHEX EQU X'03'      BUFFER THRESHOLD EXCEEDED
USFBTEOR EQU X'04'      BUF THRESHOLD EXCEEDED, ONLY READS ALLOW
USFNCPAO EQU X'05'      NCP ABENDED, RESTART O.K.
USFLIORP EQU X'06'      LAST I/O REQUEST PURGED
USFRECIPEQU X'07'      RECOVERY IN PROGRESS
USFRTRAF EQU X'08'      RECORD TERMINAL RESTARTED AFTER FAILURE
USFQOPDC EQU X'09'      QUEUED OPNDST CANCELLED BY CLSDST
USFUSRES EQU X'0A'      REQUEST RESET BY THE USER
USFCLOCC EQU X'0B'      CLSDST OR TERMSESS ISSUED OR UNBIND SENT
*                          IN LIEU OF NEGATIVE BIND RESPONSE
*
USFCLRED EQU X'0C'      REQUEST WAS CLEAR'ED
USFPREXC EQU X'0D'      SEND CANCELLED DUE PRIOR EXCEPTION COND.
USFPOQLE EQU X'0E'      SEND CANCELLED DUE POA QUEUE LIMIT
*
*
***** REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'10' *****
*
USFTANAV EQU X'00'      TERMINAL OR APPLICATION NOT AVAILABLE
USFSBFAL EQU X'01'      SESSION BIND FAILED
USFTAPUA EQU X'02'      TARGET APPLICATION UNACCEPTABLE
USFVTHAL EQU X'03'      VTAM IS HALTING
USFILRS EQU X'04'      INCOMPATIBLE DEFINITION
USFPCF EQU X'05'      PERMANENT FAILURE IN PATH
USFANS EQU X'06'      AUTO NETWORK SHUTDOWN
USFVOFOC EQU X'07'      VARY DEACTIVATE IMMEDIATE OCCURRED
USFDISCO EQU X'08'      DISCONNECT OCCURRED
USFUTSCR EQU X'09'      UNCONDITIONAL TERMINATE SELF CMD RECEIVED
USFSYERR EQU X'0A'      APPARENT VTAM ERROR
USFDIDOL EQU X'0B'      DISCONNECT ON DIAL-OUT LINE

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USFDIDIL EQU X'0C' DISCONNECT ON DIAL-IN LINE
* NOTE - X'0D' AND X'0E' - RPL ECB/EXIT NOT POSTED/INVOKED *
USFVTMNA EQU X'0D' VTAM INACTIVE FOR THAT APPLICATION
USFABNDO EQU X'0E' ABEND CONDITION HAS OCCURRED
*
USFVTBFO EQU X'0F' VTAM BUFFER OVERFLOW
USFCTERM EQU X'10' CONDITIONAL TERM SELF
USFOSDTF EQU X'11' SDT FAILURE ON OPNDST
USFMFF EQU X'12' MACRO FUNCTION FAILED,SENSE INCLUDED
USF6APRJ EQU X'13' ATTEMPT TO START 6.2 SESSION: REQUEST
* REJECTED
USF6APST EQU X'14' ATTEMPT TO START 6.2 SESSION: PENDING
* SESSION TERMINATED
USF6APIS EQU X'15' MUST ISSUE APPCCMD
USFNONSW EQU X'16' SWITCHED OPERATION ATTEMPTED ON
* NONSWITCHED DEVICE
USFNOCRY EQU X'17' ENCRYPTION REQUESTED WHEN SESSION
* DOES NOT SUPPORT CRYPTOGRAPHY
USFNOSES EQU X'18' XES IS NOT ACCESSABLE
USFNOSYS EQU X'19' APPLICATION NOT RESIDENT IN A SYSPLEX
*
USFXMEMS EQU X'1A' SUSPEND FAILURE
USFXMEMR EQU X'1B' RESUME FAILURE
USFOSLVL EQU X'1C' OPERATING SYSTEM LEVEL INSTALLED DOES NOT
* SUPPORT THE REQUESTED FUNCTION
USFSECME EQU X'1D' SECURITY MANAGER ERROR
*
*
***** REASON CODE EQUATES FOR RPLFDB2 IF RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'14' *****
*
USFNONVR EQU X'00' RPL CONTAINS A NON-VTAM REQUEST CODE
* RPL ECB/EXIT NOT POSTED/INVOKED *
USFNOTAS EQU X'01' NOT ASSIGNED
USFEXTAZ EQU X'02' RPL INDICATES EXIT, EXIT ADDR IS ZERO
* RPL ECB/EXIT NOT POSTED/INVOKED *
USFEXTEZ EQU X'03' RPL IND EXTERNAL ECB, ECB ADDR IS ZERO
* RPL ECB/EXIT NOT POSTED/INVOKED *
USFCRPLN EQU X'04' CHECKED RPL IS NOT ACTIVE
* ONLY OCCURS FOLLOWING A CHECK MACRO REQUEST *
USFCBERR EQU X'10' RPL POINTS TO INVALID ACB
USFRNORT EQU X'11' NO RTYPE SPECIFIED
USFCLSIP EQU X'12' CLSDST IN PROGRESS
USFCIDNG EQU X'13' CID IS INVALID
USFILDOP EQU X'14' LDO COMMAND FIELD IS INVALID
USFWANCR EQU X'15' READ NOT CHAINED
USFSTOOD EQU X'16' SOLICIT SPECIFIC TO OUTPUT ONLY DEVICE
USFRTOOD EQU X'17' READ TO OUTPUT ONLY DEVICE
USFWTOI EQU X'18' WRITE TO INPUT ONLY DEVICE
USFEWNS EQU X'19' ERASE TO INVALID DEVICE
USFEWAU3 EQU X'1A' WRITE EAU TO NON-3270
USFCWTOO EQU X'1B' WRITE CONV TO OUTPUT ONLY
USFCWB EQU X'1C' WRITE WITH ERASE AND CONV SPECIFIED
USFCCPY EQU X'1D' CHAINED COPY LDO
USFIDA EQU X'1E' INVALID DATA AREA OR LENGTH
USFILDOA EQU X'1F' INVALID LDO ADDRESS
USFJTOJ EQU X'20' JUMP LDO TO JUMP
USFMT100 EQU X'21' MORE THAN 100 LDOS
USFRILCP EQU X'22' RESET LDO IS NOT ALONE
USFCRIRT EQU X'23' INVALID MACRO REQUEST TYPE
USFASIDE EQU X'24' ASID MISMATCH
USFEWBLK EQU X'25' WRITE ERASE BLOCK
USFCRSDC EQU X'26' SOLICIT LDO WITH DATA CHAINING
USFIREST EQU X'27' RESET OPTION CODE INVALID
USFWBT32 EQU X'28' WRITE BLOCK TO 3270 DEVICE
USFRMD32 EQU X'29' READ MODIFIED TO NON-3270 DEVICE
USFCTN32 EQU X'2A' COPY TO NON-3270 DEVICE
USFWCNVR EQU X'2B' WRITE CONV ISSUED WHEN DATA EXPECTED

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USFRNFT3 EQU	X'2C'	OUTPUT NOT PRECEDED BY INPUT
USFRCINV EQU	X'2D'	RESET CONDITIONAL ILLEGAL
USFINVRM EQU	X'2E'	INVALID READ MODE
USFLGCNT EQU	X'2F'	EXCESSIVE LEADING GRAPHICS, ERROR LK SET
USFCPCNT EQU	X'30'	COPY COUNT ERROR
USFIDAEI EQU	X'31'	INVALID DATA AREA OR LENGTH, ERROR LK SET
USFUSELE EQU	X'32'	REQUEST INVALID FOR DEVICE, ERROR LK SET
USFCRNF EQU	X'33'	CONV. REPLY NOT POSSIBLE, ERROR LOCK SET
USFNORD EQU	X'34'	NO READ WHERE REQUIRED, ERROR LOCK SET
USFCPYE2 EQU	X'35'	COPY WRONG CLUSTER, ERROR LOCK SET
USFRELPN EQU	X'36'	REQUEST LOCK NOT ALLOWED, ERROR LOCK SET
USFCPYE1 EQU	X'37'	COPY UNOPENED DEVICE, ERROR LOCK SET
USFDFIBH EQU	X'38'	FIRST I/O FAILED INVALID BHSET, ER LK SET
USFDFIPO EQU	X'39'	FIRST I/O FAILED INVALID PROC, ER LK SET
USFQSCIE EQU	X'3A'	QUIESCE IN EFFECT
USFREXAL EQU	X'3B'	RESPOND = EX ALONE IN RPL
USFSDNP EQU	X'3C'	POST = SCHED STILL OUTSTANDING
USFSCEM EQU	X'3D'	CHAINING ERROR: MIDDLE OR LAST REQUIRED
USFSCEF EQU	X'3E'	CHAINING ERROR: FIRST OR ONLY REQUIRED
USFSNQC EQU	X'3F'	QUIESCE COMPLETE RESPONSE NOT REQUESTED
USFSINVC EQU	X'40'	INVALID CONTROL = OPTION
USFSDFR EQU	X'41'	NO START DATA TRAFFIC IN EFFECT
USFSNOS EQU	X'42'	CONTROL RESPONSE INVALID
USFSNOUT EQU	X'43'	SEND RESPONSE NOT REQUESTED
USFLIMEX EQU	X'44'	NIB RESPLIM EXCEEDED
USFSSEQ EQU	X'45'	SEQUENCE NUMBER ERROR
USFSINVS EQU	X'46'	RESPOND = OPTION MISMATCH
USFSINVR EQU	X'47'	RESP = OPTION INVALID FOR POST = RESP
USFINVRT EQU	X'48'	PROTOCOL VIOLATION
USFACINV EQU	X'49'	INVALID ACTION TYPE
USFICNDN EQU	X'4A'	INSTALLATION EXIT ROUTINE N/A
USFILLSIN EQU	X'4B'	INVALID LOGON SEQUENCE
USFIICBE EQU	X'4C'	LU NOT SESSION CAPABLE
USFINTNA EQU	X'4D'	NO INTERPRET TABLE
USFILNBL EQU	X'4E'	ILLEGAL USE OF NIB LIST
USFINVOT EQU	X'4F'	INVALID OPNDST TYPE
USFINVAP EQU	X'50'	INVALID ACQUIRE PARAMETER
USFAPNAC EQU	X'51'	APPLICATION NEVER ACCEPTS
USFINVNB EQU	X'52'	INVALID NIB
USFSYMNUEQU	X'53'	SYMBOLIC NAME UNKNOWN
USFDSTUO EQU	X'54'	DESTINATION UNOPENABLE
USFNOPAU EQU	X'55'	NO OPNDST AUTHORIZATION
USFMDINC EQU	X'56'	MODE - DEVICE INCOMPAT
USFINVMD EQU	X'57'	INVALID MODE
USFBHSUN EQU	X'58'	BHSET NAME UNKNOWN
USFMDNAU EQU	X'59'	MODE NAME AUTHORIZED
USFMBHSS EQU	X'5A'	MULTIPLE BHSETS SPECIFIED
USFINVLA EQU	X'5B'	INVALID LOGON DATA AREA
USFDUPND EQU	X'5C'	DUPLICATE NODES
USFDSTNO EQU	X'5D'	DESTINATION NOT OPENED
USFNPSAU EQU	X'5E'	NO PASS AUTHORIZATION
USFRSCNO EQU	X'5F'	RESOURCE NOT OWNED
USFRSCNC EQU	X'60'	RESOURCE NOT CLOSEABLE
USFINVSL EQU	X'61'	INVALID SETLOGON
USFMCNVD EQU	X'62'	MACRO NOT VALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE
USFRNOEL EQU	X'6C'	PROGRAM OPERATOR APPLICATION EXCEEDED
*		LIMIT OF OUTSTANDING RVCMDS
USFRNONA EQU	X'6D'	APPLICATION NOT AUTHORIZED
USFRNOSE EQU	X'6E'	REPLY, SENT BY PROGRAM OPERATOR,
*		REJECTED DUE TO SYNTAX ERROR
USFRNOIA EQU	X'6F'	PROGRAM OPERATOR INTERFACE INACTIVE
USFRNOCL EQU	X'70'	RVCMD REJECTED BECAUSE PROGRAM
*		OPERATOR APPLICATION IS CLOSING
USFRNOCE EQU	X'71'	V,D,F, SENT BY PROGRAM OPERATOR
*		REJECTED DUE TO SYNTAX ERROR
USFPCIT EQU	X'72'	LOGICAL ERROR, PRIMARY CANNOT ISSUE
*		TERMSSESS

USFINVSD EQU	X'73'	INVALID OPTIONS ON SEND	
*			*
USFNRNBD EQU	X'74'	NEGOTIABLE RESPONSE TO NON-NEGOTIABLE BIND	*
*			*
USFINBRP EQU	X'75'	INVALID NEGOTIABLE BIND RESPONSE PARAMETERS	*
*			*
USFINBSZ EQU	X'76'	INVALID NEGOTIABLE BIND RESPONSE SIZE	*
*			*
USFNFMQ EQU	X'77'	FM DATA REQUEST UNIT REQUIRED	
*			
USFCHINV EQU	X'78'	INVALID CHAIN SPECIFICATION	
*			
USFBLINV EQU	X'79'	INVALID BUFFER LIST LENGTH	
*			
USFINVRH EQU	X'7B'	INVALID USER RH	
*			
USFSCINV EQU	X'7C'	OPTCD=USERRH INVALID FOR SESSIONC	
*			
USFHPIV EQU	X'7D'	XRF PROTOCOL VIOLATION	
USFCOMR EQU	X'7E'	CONFLICTING OPTCD ON A MACRO REQUEST	
*			
USF6PENA EQU	X'7F'	POLICING ERROR - NON-APPC MACRO	
USFPRINV EQU	X'80'	PERSISTENT LU-LU SESSION SUPPORT REQUESTED FOR APPLICATION THAT IS NOT PERSISTENT SESSION CAPABLE	
*			
USFTSPND EQU	X'81'	TERMSESS WITHOUT UNBIND WITH SESSION IN PENDING ACTIVE STATE	
*			
USFPARML EQU	X'82'	PARAMETER LENGTH INVALID	
USFSFERR EQU	X'83'	SUBFIELD NOT SUPPORTED, INVALID COMBINATION OF SUBFIELDS, OR SUBFIELD FORMAT ERROR	
*			
USFASDAZ EQU	X'84'	ZERO NIBASDPA FIELD	
USFSMBRS EQU	X'85'	SESSION IS IN RECOVERY STATE AND MUST BE RESTORED	
*			
USFSESSA EQU	X'86'	SESSIONS OR AFFINITIES EXIST	
USFSNAME EQU	X'87'	RESOURCE NAME AND GENERIC NAME EQUAL	
USFNOSPT EQU	X'88'	NO SPT EXISTS	
USFNSECM EQU	X'89'	NO SECURITY AUTHORIZATION FOR GENERIC RESOURCE	
*			
USFDIFNM EQU	X'8A'	ALREADY REGISTERED WITH A DIFFERENT GENERIC NAME	
*			
USFNOMAP EQU	X'8B'	NOT REGISTERED AS A GENERIC RESOURCE	
USFNETID EQU	X'8C'	ALREADY REGISTERED WITH A DIFFERENT NETWORK ID	
*			
USFCPNAM EQU	X'8D'	MAPPING ALREADY EXISTS ON A DIFFERENT SYSPLEX NODE	
*			
USFCNFAC EQU	X'8E'	CONFLICTING APPC CAPABILITY	
USFVTAMO EQU	X'8F'	SPT IS OWNED BY VTAM	
USFUSVAR EQU	X'90'	GENERIC NAME CONFLICTS WITH AN EXISTING USERVAR	
*			
USFGNUNA EQU	X'91'	TSO GENERIC NAME CONFLICT	
USFGMNA EQU	X'92'	SETLOGON GNAME SUB FAILURE	
USFSTKNV EQU	X'93'	STOKEN NOT VALID	
*			
*****	NO REASON CODE EQUATES EXIST FOR RPLRTNCD EQUALS X'18'		*****
*			*
*			*
*****	EQUATES FOR RPLFDB3 ON RETURN FROM INQUIRE IF		*****
*****	RPLRTNCD IS X'00'		*****
*			*
USFIACT EQU	X'00'	APPLICATION IS ACTIVE	
USFIINA EQU	X'04'	APPLICATION IS INACTIVE	
*		SEE USFANC (X'0A') UNDER RPLFDB2	
*		WHEN RTNCD = X'00'	
USFINA EQU	X'08'	APPLICATION WILL NOT ACCEPT LOGONS	
USFITNA EQU	X'0C'	APPLICATION IS TEMPORARILY NOT ACCEPTING LOGONS	
*			*

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USFIQUIE EQU X'10'      APPLICATION IS QUIESCING
USFILACT EQU X'80'      RESOURCE IS ACTIVE
USFILINA EQU X'84'      RESOURCE IS NOT ACTIVE
*
*
*****
***
*
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE ALL THE RPL6RCPR (PRIMARY RETURN
*** CODE) VALUES FOR APPC/VTAM.
***
USF60K EQU X'0000'      OK
USF6ALLC EQU X'0004'      ALLOCATION ERROR
USF6CNSA EQU X'0008'      CNOS ALLOCATION ERROR
USF6CNSN EQU X'000C'      CNOS RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY
USF6CRRJ EQU X'0010'      COMMAND RACE REJECT
USF6DABP EQU X'0014'      DEALLOCATE ABEND PROGRAM
USF6DABS EQU X'0018'      DEALLOCATE ABEND SERVICE
USF6DABT EQU X'001C'      DEALLOCATE ABEND TIMER
USF6CNSR EQU X'0020'      CNOS FAILURE, RETRY
USF6LRBE EQU X'0024'      LOGICAL RECORD BOUNDARY ERROR
USF6SLCL EQU X'0028'      LU MODE SESSION LIMIT CLOSED
USF6PARM EQU X'002C'      PARAMETER ERROR
USF6PENT EQU X'0030'      PROGRAM ERROR NO TRUNCATION
USF6PEPU EQU X'0034'      PROGRAM ERROR PURGING
USF6PETR EQU X'0038'      PROGRAM ERROR TRUNCATING
USF6SENT EQU X'003C'      SERVICE ERROR NO TRUNCATION
USF6SEPU EQU X'0040'      SERVICE ERROR PURGING
USF6SETR EQU X'0044'      SERVICE ERROR TRUNCATING
USF6RFNR EQU X'0048'      RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY
USF6RFRE EQU X'004C'      RESOURCE FAILURE, RETRY
USF6STER EQU X'0050'      STATE ERROR
USF6URMD EQU X'0054'      UNRECOGNIZED MODE NAME
USF6UNSC EQU X'0058'      UNSUCCESSFUL, SESSION NOT AVAILABLE
*
USF6UECR EQU X'005C'      USER ERROR CODE RECEIVED
USF6NOFM EQU X'0060'      NO FMH5 AVAILABLE
USF6ACFL EQU X'0064'      ACTIVATION FAILURE
USF6SLEX EQU X'0068'      LU MODE SESSION LIMIT EXCEEDED
USF6SACT EQU X'006C'      SESSION NOT PENDING
USF6STOR EQU X'0070'      TEMPORARY STORAGE SHORTAGE OR RESOURCE
*
USF6HALT EQU X'0074'      HALT ISSUED
USF6VIYA EQU X'0078'      VTAM INACTIVE FOR YOUR ACB
USF6RQAB EQU X'007C'      REQUEST ABORTED
USF6DLNR EQU X'0080'      DEALLOCATE NORMAL
USF6STSH EQU X'0084'      STORAGE SHORTAGE
USF6CREJ EQU X'0088'      CANCELLED BY REJECT OR DEALLOCATE ABND*
*
USF6PROE EQU X'008C'      PARTNER COMMITTED PROTOCOL VIOLATION
*
USF6NOTA EQU X'0090'      APPLICATION NOT APPC CAPABLE
USF6SDRJ EQU X'0094'      SEND DATA REJECTED INVALID STATE
USF6STGS EQU X'0098'      STORAGE SHORTAGE WHILE SENDING
*
USF6RSTF EQU X'009C'      RESTORE REJECTED
USF6RNAL EQU X'00A0'      REQUEST NOT ALLOWED
USF6SPMD EQU X'00A4'      MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING
USF6ENVE EQU X'00A8'      ENVIRONMENT ERROR
USF6ERIN EQU X'00AC'      ERROR INDICATION WAS RECEIVED
USF6NRER EQU X'00B0'      NAME RESOLUTION ERROR
USF6CSME EQU X'00B4'      CSM DETECTED ERROR
*
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'0000' (USF60K).
***

```

USF60KSC EQU	X'0000'	OK
USF6ASSP EQU	X'0001'	AS SPECIFIED
USF6ASNG EQU	X'0002'	AS NEGOTIATED
USF6RCVR EQU	X'0003'	RECEIVE SPECIFIC REJECTED
USF6SNGL EQU	X'0004'	PARTNER LU SUPPORTS SINGLE SESSION
*		
USF6INER EQU	X'0005'	INTERNAL VTAM ERROR
USF6RSUN EQU	X'0006'	RESTORE UNNECESSARY - NO SESSIONS
*		TO RESTORE
USF6RSIN EQU	X'0007'	RESTORE INCOMPLETE - INPUT WORK
*		AREA TOO SMALL
USF6NINA EQU	X'0008'	NO IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE INFORMATION
*		FOR REQUEST
USF6RTEC EQU	X'0009'	REQUEST TERMINATED BY END OF
*		CONVERSATION
USF6ANMS EQU	X'000A'	SESSIONS WILL USE APPL NETWORK NAME,
*		GENERIC NAME WAS REQUESTED
USF6GNMS EQU	X'000B'	SESSIONS WILL USE GENERIC NAME,
*		APPL NETWORK NAME WAS REQUESTED
USF6NAM1 EQU	X'000C'	AS SPECIFIED, PARTNER LU KNOWN BY
*		DIFFERENT NAME
USF6NAM2 EQU	X'000D'	AS NEGOTIATED, PARTNER LU KNOWN BY
*		DIFFERENT NAME
*		
*		

***		THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
***		PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'0004' (USF6ALLC).

USF6ALNR EQU	X'0000'	ALLOCATION FAILURE, NO RETRY
USF6ALR EQU	X'0001'	ALLOCATION FAILURE, RETRY
USF6ALCM EQU	X'0002'	CONVERSATION TYPE MISMATCH
USF6ALPI EQU	X'0003'	PIP NOT ALLOWED
USF6ALPP EQU	X'0004'	PIP NOT SPECIFIED CORRECTLY
USF6ALSC EQU	X'0005'	SECURITY NOT VALID
USF6ALSY EQU	X'0006'	SYNC LEVEL NOT SUPPORTED BY LU
USF6ALSLS EQU	X'0007'	SYNC LEVEL NOT SUPPORTED BY PROGRAM
*		
USF6ALTP EQU	X'0008'	TPN NOT RECOGNIZED
USF6ALTN EQU	X'0009'	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, NO
*		RETRY
USF6ALTR EQU	X'000A'	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, RETRY
*		
USF6ALRN EQU	X'000B'	CANNOT RECONNECT TRANSACTION PROGRAM,
*		NO RETRY
USF6ALRR EQU	X'000C'	CANNOT RECONNECT TRANSACTION PROGRAM,
*		RETRY
USF6ALNS EQU	X'000D'	RECONNECT NOT SUPPORTED BY PROGRAM
*		
USF6SPMA EQU	X'000E'	MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING
USF6DARQ EQU	X'000F'	DEALLOCATION REQUESTED
USF6ALSF EQU	X'0010'	REQUESTED SYNCH LEVEL NOT ALLOWED
*		FOR FULL-DUPLEX CONVERSATION
USF6LNSF EQU	X'0011'	LU PAIR NOT SUPPORTING FULL-DUPLEX
*		CONVERSATIONS
*		

***		THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
***		PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'0008' (USF6CNSA).

USF6CANR EQU	X'0000'	ALLOCATION FAILURE, NO RETRY
USF6CAR EQU	X'0001'	ALLOCATION FAILURE, RETRY
USF6CATR EQU	X'0002'	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, RETRY
*		
USF6CATN EQU	X'0003'	TRANSACTION PROGRAM NOT AVAILABLE, NO
*		RETRY
USF6CACM EQU	X'0004'	CONVERSATION TYPE MISMATCH

USF6CASC EQU	X'0005'	SECURITY NOT VALID
USF6SPMC EQU	X'0006'	MODE MUST BE RESTORED BEFORE USING
USF6NQNM EQU	X'0007'	NETWORK QUALIFIED NAME MISMATCH

*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE		
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'10' (USF6CRRJ).		

USF6CRPR EQU	X'0000'	PARTNER GRANTED RETRY
USF6CRLR EQU	X'0001'	CONTROL OPERATOR OF LOCAL LU RETRIED
*		
USF6PCIP EQU	X'0002'	PARTNER CNOS IN PROGRESS
USF6LPSS EQU	X'0003'	LU IS IN PENDING SINGLE STATE
USF6PLSS EQU	X'0004'	PARTNER LU STARTING SESSION

*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE		
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'002C' (USF6PARM).		

USF6IVLU EQU	X'0000'	INVALID LU NAME OR NETID
USF6IVMD EQU	X'0001'	INVALID MODE
USF6IVCI EQU	X'0002'	INVALID CONVERSATION ID
USF6IVLL EQU	X'0003'	INVALID LL
USF6IVSV EQU	X'0004'	INVALID VALUES FOR SNASVCMG MODE
USF6IVDL EQU	X'0005'	INVALID DRAINL CHANGE
USF6SNAR EQU	X'0006'	SNASVCMG MODE CANNOT CURRENTLY BE RESET
*		
USF6MMEX EQU	X'0007'	MINWINL PLUS MINWINR EXCEEDS SESSLIM
*		
USF6LNIN EQU	X'0008'	SUPPLIED LENGTH INSUFFICIENT
USF6INSL EQU	X'0009'	INCOMPLETE SESSION LIMITS STRUCTURE
*		
USF6INFM EQU	X'000A'	INCOMPLETE FMH5 SUPPLIED
USF6INGD EQU	X'000B'	INCOMPLETE GDS VARIABLE SUPPLIED
*		
USF60EXT EQU	X'000C'	ZERO EXIT FIELD
USF60ECB EQU	X'000D'	ZERO ECB FIELD
USF6RIAS EQU	X'000E'	REQUEST INVALID FOR ADDRESS SPACE
*		
USF6CBIN EQU	X'000F'	CONTROL BLOCK INVALID
USF6INDL EQU	X'0010'	INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR LENGTH
USF6PRVO EQU	X'0011'	PREVIOUS MACRO INSTRUCTION OUTSTANDING
*		
USF6BLIV EQU	X'0012'	BUFFER LIST LENGTH INVALID
USF6NOMD EQU	X'0013'	NO CORRESPONDING MODE IN LM TABLE
*		
USF6IVBP EQU	X'0014'	INVALID BIND PARAMETERS
USF6IVTP EQU	X'0015'	INVALID TPN
USF6NOLU EQU	X'0016'	NO CORRESPONDING LU IN LM TABLE
*		
USF6IMDF EQU	X'0017'	INVALID MODE SPECIFIED
USF6ILSP EQU	X'0018'	INVALID LIMIT SPECIFIED
USF6SMAI EQU	X'0019'	SNASVCMG MODE ALREADY INITIALIZED
*		
USF6ALLS EQU	X'001A'	ALL MODES SPECIFIED ON SINGLE SESSION LU
*		
USF6SMSS EQU	X'001B'	SNASVCMG MODE FOR SINGLE SESSION LU
*		
USF6SSMI EQU	X'001C'	SINGLE SESSION, MODE ALREADY INITIALIZED
*		
USF6CIDI EQU	X'001E'	CID INVALID
USF6APNA EQU	X'001F'	APPCCMD ISSUED FOR NON-APPC
USF6PRRO EQU	X'0020'	PREVIOUS REJECT REQUEST OUTSTANDING
*		
USF6DARJ EQU	X'0021'	DEALLOCATE ABND* REJECTED, RETRY
USF6IVCQ EQU	X'0022'	INVALID CONTROL OR QUALIFY VALUE
USF6INSI EQU	X'0023'	INVALID SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER
USF6PSHI EQU	X'0024'	PS HEADER NOT SUPPLIED
USF6PSLI EQU	X'0025'	PS HEADER LENGTH INSUFFICIENT

```

USF6NMSC EQU X'0026'      SESSION INSTANCE IDENTIFIER AND
*                               CONVERSATION ID MISMATCH
USF6IDET EQU X'0027'      INVALID DEACTIVATION TYPE CODE
USF6NCRY EQU X'0028'      CRYPTOGRAPHY NOT ALLOWED ON MODE
USF6INLI EQU X'0029'      INVALID LIST VALUE SPECIFIED ON
*                               APPCCMD FOR RESTORE
USF6INCG EQU X'002A'      INVALID CGID VALUE ON ALLOCATE
USF6NONI EQU X'002B'      NETWORK QUALIFIED NAME REQUIRED
USF6INEL EQU X'002C'      INVALID EXPEDITED DATA LENGTH
*                               SPECIFIED
USF6INSC EQU X'002D'      INVALID SENSE CODE SPECIFIED
USF6VANV EQU X'002E'      VECTOR AREA NOT VALID
USF6VALI EQU X'002F'      VECTOR AREA LENGTH INSUFFICIENT
USF6STNV EQU X'0030'      STORAGE TYPE NOT VALID
USF6VALS EQU X'0031'      SENDRCV SPECIFIED WITHOUT
*                               OPTCD=BUFFLST|XBUFLST
USF6UNXV EQU X'0032'      UNEXPECTED VECTOR PROVIDED ON
*                               APPCCMD
USF6VNPV EQU X'0033'      A REQUIRED VECTOR WAS NOT PROVIDED
*                               OR SPECIFIED INCORRECTLY
USF6LNSP EQU X'0034'      PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION VALUE SET IN
*                               ERROR
*
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'005C' (USF6UECR).
***
USF6FNGR EQU X'0000'      FOLLOWING NEGATIVE RESPONSE
USF6WNGR EQU X'0001'      WITHOUT NEGATIVE RESPONSE
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'009C' (USF6RSTF).
***
USF6SLSR EQU X'0001'      RESTORE ISSUED BEFORE SETLOGON START
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'00A0' (USF6RNAL).
***
USF6LNSE EQU X'0001'      LU PAIR NOT SUPPORTING EXPEDITED
*                               DATA REQUESTS
USF6RQBL EQU X'0002'      REQUEST BLOCKED DUE TO PENDING
*                               CONVERSATION TERMINATION
USF6RNEX EQU X'0003'      EXECUTION OF REQUEST TERMINATED
USF6VNVF EQU X'0004'      CONTROL/QUALIFY VALUE INVALID ON
*                               FULL-DUPLEX CONVERSATION
USF6EXRO EQU X'0005'      EXPEDITED DATA RESPONSE OUTSTANDING
USF6NAUT EQU X'0006'      PROGRAM NOT AUTHORIZED FOR REQUESTED
*                               FUNCTION
*                               X'0007'      RESERVED
USF6ENEL EQU X'0008'      NAMED RESOURCE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR
*                               FOR REQUESTED ALTERATION
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'00A8' (USF6ENVE).
***
USF6OSLV EQU X'0000'      OPERATING SYSTEM LEVEL DOES NOT SUPPORT
*                               REQUESTED FUNCTION
USF6XMES EQU X'0001'      SUSPEND FAILURE
USF6XMER EQU X'0002'      RESUME FAILURE
*
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'00AC' (USF6ERIN).
***
USF6EIAP EQU X'0001'      DEALLOCATE ABEND PROGRAM
USF6EIAS EQU X'0002'      DEALLOCATE ABEND SERVICE
USF6EIAT EQU X'0003'      DEALLOCATE ABEND TIMER

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USF6EIAE EQU X'0004' ALLOCATION ERROR
USF6EIUN EQU X'0005' UNKNOWN TERMINATION TYPE RECEIVED
USF6EIRR EQU X'0006' RESOURCE FAILURE, RETRY
USF6EIRN EQU X'0007' RESOURCE FAILURE, NO RETRY
*
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'00B0' (USF6NRER).
***
USF6NRRE EQU X'0001' LUNAME FOUND IN A VARIANT_NAME ENTRY
USF6NRRD EQU X'0002' NAME RETURNED DIFFERS FROM
* ASSOCIATED NAME
USF6NRRA EQU X'0003' NAME RETURNED FOUND IN A
* VARIANT NAME ENTRY
USF6NRAP EQU X'0004' NAME RETURNED FOUND IN A
* SUPPLIED NAME ENTRY
USF6NRNM EQU X'0005' NETWORK NAME MISMATCH
USF6NRAV EQU X'0006' LUNAME FOUND IN AN UNUSABLE_NAME
* ENTRY
USF6NRIV EQU X'0007' NAME RETURNED FOUND IN AN
* UNUSABLE_NAME ENTRY
USF6NRDN EQU X'0008' LUNAME FOUND IN A DISASSOCIATED_NAME
* ENTRY
*
***
*** THE FOLLOWING ARE SECONDARY RETURN CODES WHEN THE
*** PRIMARY RETURN CODE IS SET TO X'00B4' (USF6CSME).
***
USF6NSPC EQU X'0001' NOT SPECIFIED
USF6IBTK EQU X'0002' INVALID BUFFER TOKEN SPECIFIED
USF6IIID EQU X'0003' INVALID INSTANCE ID SPECIFIED
*
*****
*****

```

APPCCMD vector lists (ISTAPCVL)

```

LOC SOURCE STATEMENT
*** MAPPING FOR VECTORLIST HEADER (LENGTH FIELD) **
000000 ISTAPCVA DSECT VECTOR LIST
*
000000 APCVALEN DS HL2 LENGTH OF VECTOR LIST
* (INCLUDES LENGTH FIELD & VECTORS)
000002 APCVADTA DS 0X VECTORS
*
*****
*** GENERALIZED MAPPING FOR EXAMINING OR BUILDING COMMON FIELDS IN **
*** ALL APPCCMD VECTORS IN THE VECTOR LISTS POINTED TO BY RPL6VAIA **
*** AND RPL6VAIA **
*****
000000 ISTAPCVT DSECT VECTOR TEMPLATE
000000 APCVTLEN DS HL2 VECTOR LENGTH
000002 APCVTKEY DS X VECTOR KEY
000003 APCVTDTA DS 0X VECTOR DATA
*
*
*****
*** VECTORS PASSED FROM VTAM TO APPLICATION AT APPCCMD COMPLETION **
*** **
*** Note: Highorder bit in vector key is off for all vectors sent **
*** from VTAM to application. **
*** **
*****
*
*****
*** ISTAPC10 - maps the VTAM-to-APPL Required INFORMATION vector. **

```

```

***          - Returned on all APPCCMD macros if a vector area is      **
***          provided.                                               **
***          - Indicates whether VTAM was able to return vector      **
***          information successfully and length needed.             **
***          - NOTE: Application-provided vector area must be large  **
***          enough to accept at least this vector.                  **
*****
000000 ISTAPC10 DSECT          INFORMATION VECTOR
*
000000 APC10LEN DS    HL2          VECTOR LENGTH
000002 APC10KEY DS    X            VECTOR KEY
          APC10KYC EQU  X'10'      VECTOR KEY X'10'
000003 APC10DTA DS    0X          VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC10FLG DS    X            FLAGS
          APC10IVL EQU  X'80'      INSUFFICIENT VECTOR AREA LENGTH
000004          DS    X            RESERVED
000005          DS    X            RESERVED
000006 APC10VLN DS    HL2          VECTOR AREA LENGTH NEEDED
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC12 - Maps the Partner's DCE Capability vector.             **
***          - Returned on these APPCCMD completions if DCE is      **
***          active:                                                **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC                               **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5                               **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL QUALIFY=CNOS                  **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL QUALIFY=DISPLAY              **
***          - Also returned on ATTN(CNOS) if DCE is active.       **
***          - Contains the Security Mechanisms Data subfield      **
***          exchanged during BIND processing if DCE is active.    **
*****
000000 ISTAPC12 DSECT          PARTNER'S DCE CAPABILITY VECTOR
*          MAPPING
000000 APC12LEN DS    HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR (INCLUDING
*          LENGTH OF THIS FIELD)
000002 APC12KEY DS    X            VECTOR KEY
          APC12KYC EQU  X'12'      VECTOR KEY X'12'
000003 APC12DTA DS    0X          SECURITY MECHANISMS DATA
          APC12DCE EQU  X'01'      DCE AUTHENTICATION
          APC12KRY EQU  X'02'      KRYPTOKNIGHT
          APC12KER EQU  X'03'      KERBEROS V5
          APC12DCP EQU  X'04'      DCE PERFORMANCE MECHANISM
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC13 - maps the LOCAL NONCE vector.                          **
***          - Returned for these APPCCMD completions if           **
***          password substitution is supported on session:        **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC                               **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5                               **
***          - Contains random data used for password              **
***          substitution.                                          **
*****
000000 ISTAPC13 DSECT          MAPPING FOR LOCAL NONCE VECTOR
000000 APC13LEN DS    HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC13KEY DS    X            VECTOR KEY
          APC13KYC EQU  X'13'      KEY IS X'13'
000003 APC13DTA DS    0X          NONCE DATA
000003          DS    XL1          RESERVED
000004 APC13NOF DS    CL8          NONCE FIELD
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC14 - maps the PARTNER'S NONCE vector.                     **
***          - Returned for these APPCCMD completions if           **
***          password substitution is supported on session:        **

```

```

***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5          **
***          - Contains random data used for password substitution.          **
*****
000000 ISTAPC14 DSECT          MAPPING FOR PARTNER NONCE
000000 APC14LEN DS          HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC14KEY DS          X          VECTOR KEY
          APC14KYC EQU          X'14'          KEY IS X'14'
000003 APC14DTA DS          0X          NONCE DATA
000003          DS          XL1          RESERVED
000004 APC14NOF DS          CL8          NONCE FIELD
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC15 - maps the SEND FMH_5 SEQUENCE NUMBER vector.          **
***          - Returned for these APPCCMD completions if password substitution is supported on session:          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC          **
***          - Contains the number of FMH_5s which have flowed on this session from the partner LU.          **
*****
000000 ISTAPC15 DSECT          MAPPING FOR SEND FMH_5
          *          SEQUENCE NUMBER VECTOR
000000 APC15LEN DS          HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC15KEY DS          X          VECTOR KEY
          APC15KYC EQU          X'15'          KEY IS X'15'
000003          DS          XL1          RESERVED
000004 APC15SNF DS          0X          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD
000004 APC15SNH DS          XL4          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD -
          *          HIGH-ORDER BITS
000008 APC15SNL DS          XL4          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD -
          *          LOW-ORDER BITS
          *
          *
*****
*** ISTAPC16 - maps the RECEIVE FMH_5 SEQUENCE NUMBER vector.          **
***          - Returned for these APPCCMD completions if password substitution is supported on session:          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5          **
***          - Contains the number of FMH_5s which have flowed on this session from the partner LU.          **
*****
000000 ISTAPC16 DSECT          MAPPING FOR RECEIVE FMH_5
          *          SEQUENCE NUMBER VECTOR
000000 APC16LEN DS          HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC16KEY DS          X          VECTOR KEY
          APC16KYC EQU          X'16'          KEY IS X'16'
000003          DS          XL1          RESERVED
000004 APC16SNF DS          0X          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD
000004 APC16SNH DS          XL4          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD -
          *          HIGH-ORDER BITS
000008 APC16SNL DS          XL4          SEQUENCE NUMBER FIELD -
          *          LOW-ORDER BITS
          *
          *
*****
*** ISTAPC17 - maps the PCID vector.          **
***          - Returned for these APPCCMD completions:          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5          **
***          - Contains the PCID for the session being used by the conversation.          **
*****
000000 ISTAPC17 DSECT          MAPPING FOR PCID VECTOR
000000 APC17LEN DS          HL2          LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC17KEY DS          X          VECTOR KEY

```



```

APC17KYC EQU X'17' KEY IS X'17'
000003 APC17DTA DS 0X VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC17PCF DS CL8 SESSION PCID FIELD
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC18 - maps the NAME CHANGE vector. **
*** - Returned for these APPCCMD completions and exits: **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL,QUALIFY=CNOS **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC **
*** ATTN(CNOS) exit **
*** ...when a RCVD_NAME LU entry has been changed to **
*** a VARIANT_NAME_LU entry in the LU-Mode Table. **
*****
000000 ISTAPC18 DSECT MAPPING FOR NAME CHANGE VECTOR
000000 APC18LEN DS HL2 LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC18KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
APC18KYC EQU X'18' KEY IS X'18'
000003 APC18DTA DS 0X VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC18NET DS CL8 NETWORK IDENTIFIER OF THE LU
00000B APC18RCV DS CL8 LUNAME IN RCVD_NAME LU ENTRY
000013 APC18SUP DS CL8 LUNAME IN SUPPLIED_NAME ENTRY
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC19 - maps the Session Information vector. **
*** - Returned for these APPCCMD completions: **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5 **
*** ...to provide session characteristics information **
*** for the conversation. **
*****
000000 ISTAPC19 DSECT MAPPING FOR SESSION INFORMATION
* VECTOR
000000 APC19LEN DS HL2 LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC19KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
APC19KYC EQU X'19' KEY IS X'19'
000003 APC19DTA DS 0X VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC19CSU DS X COMMUNICATION STORAGE USAGE
* INDICATORS
APC19NOF EQU X'80' NOT AN HPDT-ENABLED SESSION.
* CSM STORAGE USERS, DUE TO
* PERFORMANCE CONSTRAINTS, SHOULD
* EITHER USE CSM PAGEABLE DATA
* SPACE OR NON_CSM STORAGE
APC19SMB EQU X'40' SMALLER BUFFERS RECOMMENDED FOR
* CSM STORAGE USERS BECAUSE OF
* RU SIZE LIMITATIONS.
APC19PGP EQU X'20' PAGEABLE BUFFERS RECOMMENDED. HPDT
* ENABLED FOR THIS SESSION.
* NO ADDITIONAL PERFORMANCE CAN BE
* GAINED USING FIXED BUFFERS.
APC19FXP EQU X'10' FIXED BUFFERS RECOMMENDED. HPDT
* ENABLED FOR THIS SESSION.
* ADDITIONAL PERFORMANCE CAN BE
* GAINED USING FIXED BUFFERS.
000004 DS XL2 RESERVED
000006 APC19RUO DS FL4 MAXIMUM RU SIZE OUTBOUND
00000A APC19RUI DS FL4 MAXIMUM RU SIZE INBOUND
*
*
*****
*** ISTAPC1A - maps the Partner Application Capabilities vector **
*** - Returned for these APPCCMD completions: **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC **
*** APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=CNOS **

```

```

***          APPCCMD CONTROL=OPRCNTL, QUALIFY=DISPLAY          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=PREALLOC                          **
***          APPCCMD CONTROL=RCVFMH5                          **
***          - Returned for this exit:                          **
***          ATTN(CNOS)                                        **
***                                                         **
***          ...to provide partner capabilities information     **
***          for the conversation.                              **
*****
000000 ISTAPC1A DSECT          MAPPING FOR PARTNER APPLICATION
*          CAPABILITIES VECTOR
000000 APC1ALEN DS    HL2      LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC1AKEY DS    X        VECTOR KEY
      APC1AKYC EQU    X'1A'    KEY IS X'1A'
000003 APC1ADTA DS    0X       VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC1AFL1 DS    X        PARTNER APPLICATION CAPABILITY
*          INDICATORS
      APC1APAR EQU    X'C0'    NEGOTIATED PARALLEL SESSION
*          CAPABILITY
      APC1ASSC EQU    X'00'    SINGLE SESSION CAPABLE
      APC1ASSP EQU    X'40'    PENDING SINGLE STATE
      APC1APSP EQU    X'80'    PENDING PARALLEL STATE
      APC1APSC EQU    X'C0'    PARALLEL SESSION CAPABLE
      APC1APWS EQU    X'30'    NEGOTIATED LEVEL OF
*          PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
      APC1APSS EQU    X'20'    PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
*          SUPPORTED
      APC1APSN EQU    X'10'    PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
*          NOT SUPPORTED
      APC1APSU EQU    X'00'    PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
*          LEVEL NOT SET
      APC1AESS EQU    X'0C'    PARTNER SUPPORT FOR
*          EXTENDED SECURITY SENSE
*          CODES
      APC1ASSS EQU    X'08'    EXTENDED SECURITY SENSE CODES
*          SUPPORTED
      APC1ASSN EQU    X'04'    EXTENDED SECURITY SENSE CODES
*          NOT SUPPORTED
      APC1ASSU EQU    X'00'    EXTENDED SECURITY SENSE CODE
*          LEVEL NOT SET
      APC1AFDX EQU    X'03'    NEGOTIATED FDX/EXPD
*          CAPABILITY
      APC1AFXS EQU    X'02'    FDX OR HDX CONVERSATIONS AND
*          EXPEDITED DATA ALLOWED
      APC1AFXN EQU    X'01'    HDX CONVERSATIONS ONLY
      APC1AFXU EQU    X'00'    CAPABILITY IS UNKNOWN
000004 APC1AFL2 DS    X        PARTNER APPLICATION CAPABILITY
*          INDICATORS
      APC1ACON EQU    X'C0'    NEGOTIATED LEVEL OF
*          SYNCHRONIZATION
      APC1ACNS EQU    X'80'    CONFIRM, SYNC POINT AND
*          BACKOUT SUPPORTED
      APC1ACNN EQU    X'40'    CONFIRM SUPPORTED
      APC1ACNU EQU    X'00'    SYNCHRONIZATION LEVEL NOT
*          SET
      APC1ASEC EQU    X'20'    PARTNER ACCEPTS SECURITY
*          SUBFIELDS ON FMH
      APC1AALV EQU    X'10'    PARTNER ACCEPTS REQUEST FOR
*          ALREADY VERIFIED
      APC1APRV EQU    X'08'    PARTNER ACCEPTS REQUEST FOR
*          PERSISTENT VERIFICATION
*          EQU    X'07'    RESERVED
000005 APC1AFL3 DS    X        PARTNER CHARACTERISTICS
      APC1ALOC EQU    X'E0'    PARTNER LOCALITY STATUS
      APC1AUNL EQU    X'00'    LOCALITY OF PARTNER UNKNOWN
      APC1ARMT EQU    X'80'    PARTNER NOT ON SAME HOST
      APC1ALCL EQU    X'40'    PARTNER IS ON SAME HOST SYSTEM

```

```

APC1ALUO EQU   X'20'                PARTNER LU SAME AS APPLICATION LU
*                                           (LU=OWN)
*
*
*****
***
*** VECTORS PASSED FROM APPLICATION TO VTAM AT APPCCMD ISSUANCE
***
*** Note: Highorder bit in vector key is on for all vectors sent
***      from application to VTAM.
***
*****
*
*****
*** ISTAPC82 - maps the XBUFLST RECEIVE vector.
***      - This vector is passed to VTAM on an APPCCMD
***      CONTROL=RECEIVE when OPTCD specifies XBUFLST.
*****
000000 ISTAPC82 DSECT                MAPPING FOR XBUFLST RECEIVE VECTOR
000000 APC82LEN DS   HL2              LENGTH OF VECTOR
000002 APC82KEY DS   X                VECTOR KEY
000002 APC82KYC EQU  X'82'           KEY IS X'82'
000003 APC82DTA DS   0X              VECTOR DATA FIELDS
000003 APC82SFL DS   X                STORAGE TYPE FLAG BYTE:
*                                       ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING
*                                       IS REQUIRED:
APC82ECS EQU  X'80'           ECSA STORAGE REQUESTED
APC82CDS EQU  X'40'           DATA SPACE STORAGE REQUESTED
000004 APC82XBL DS   FL4             BUFFER LENGTH (REQUIRED WHEN
*                                       IN FILL=BUFF MODE) OR ZEROS
*
000008 APC82MXD DS   FL4             MAXIMUM DATA TO BE RECEIVED
*                                       (OPTIONAL) OR ZEROS
*
00000C APC82TSK DS   AL4             TASK TCB ADDRESS FOR CSM
*                                       STORAGE ASSOCIATION
*                                       (OPTIONAL) OR ZEROS
*

```

Application-ACB vector list (ISTVACBV)

```

LOC      SOURCE STATEMENT
*****
***
***      DATA FIELDS PASSED FROM THE APPLICATION TO VTAM.
***
***
*** Addressability: ACBAPID, ACBPASSW.
***
*****
000000 ISTVACAP DSECT                APPLID MAPPING
*
000000 VACAPLEN DS   X                MAP LENGTH
000001 VACAPDTA DS   0X              MAP DATA
*
000000 ISTVACPW DSECT                PASSWORD MAPPING
*
000000 VACPWLEN DS   X                MAP LENGTH
000001 VACPWDTA DS   0X              MAP DATA
*
*****
***
***      VECTORS PASSED FROM THE APPLICATION TO VTAM.
***
***
*** Addressability: ACBAVPTR.
***

```

```

*** Note: Highorder bit in vector key is on for all vectors sent   **
***       from application to VTAM.                                **
***                                                                 **
*****
*
***       MAPPING FOR VECTORLIST HEADER (LENGTH FIELD)           **
000000 ISTVACAV DSECT      APPLICATION VECTORLIST
*                          POINTED TO BY ACBAPVTR
*                          WHEN PARMS=(APPLVCTR=address)
000000 VACAVLEN DS      HL2      TOTAL LENGTH OF APPL VECTORS
000002 VACAVIDTA DS     0X      VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** GENERALIZED MAPPING FOR EXAMINING OR BUILDING COMMON FIELDS IN **
*** ALL ACB VECTORS IN THE VECTOR LIST POINTED TO BY ACBAVPTR    **
*****
000000 ISTVACVT DSECT      VECTOR TEMPLATE
000000 VACVTLEN DS      HL2      VECTOR LENGTH
000002 VACVTKEY DS      X        VECTOR KEY
000003 VACVTDAT DS     0X      VECTOR DATA
*
*
*****
*** ISTVAC81 - Application Capabilities vector                    **
*** - Passed to VTAM by the application at OPEN invocation      **
*** for the ACB.                                                **
*** - Bit indicators which enable/disable application use       **
*** of certain VTAM functions.                                  **
*****
000000 ISTVAC81 DSECT      APPLICATION CAPABILITIES VECTOR
000000 VAC81LEN DS      HL2      VECTOR LENGTH
000002 VAC81KEY DS      X        VECTOR KEY
VAC81KYC EQU      X'81'      KEY IS X'81'
000003 VAC81CAP DS      0XL4     APPLICATION CAPABILITIES DATA
VAC81MLE EQU      X'80'      APPLICATION SUPPORTS HAVING ITS
*                          LOGON EXIT DRIVEN MULTIPLE TIMES
*                          PER SESSION REQUEST. APPLICATIONS
*                          WITH LOGON EXITS MUST SET THIS
*                          INDICATOR TO BENEFIT FROM
*                          VERIFICATION REDUCTION
VAC81FPR EQU      X'40'      APPLICATION INDICATES THAT IT WILL
*                          USE HPDT INTERFACE PROVIDED
*                          VIA THE OPTCD=XBUFLST FIELD ON THE
*                          APPCCMD RECEIVE MACROINSTRUCTION
*
VAC81PWS EQU      X'20'      APPLICATION INDICATES THAT IT
*                          IS PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
*                          CAPABLE
VAC81ESS EQU      X'10'      APPLICATION INDICATES THAT IT
*                          IS CAPABLE OF EXTENDED
*                          SECURITY SENSE CODES
VAC81FPS EQU      X'08'      APPLICATION INDICATES THAT IT
*                          WILL USE HPDT INTERFACE
*                          PROVIDED BY THE OPTCD=XBUFLST
*                          FIELD ON AN APPCCMD
*                          MACROINSTRUCTION THAT SENDS
*                          DATA
*
*
*****
*** ISTVAC82 - Local Application's DCE Capability Vector          **
*** - Passed to VTAM by the application at OPEN invocation      **
*** for the ACB.                                                **
*** - Contains the Security Mechanisms data for the Local       **
*** LU.                                                         **
*****
000000 ISTVAC82 DSECT      LOCAL APPLICATION'S DCE

```

```

*
000000 VAC82LEN DS HL2 CAPABILITY VECTOR MAPPING
* LENGTH OF VECTOR (INCLUDING
000002 VAC82KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
VAC82KYC EQU X'82' VECTOR KEY X'82'
000003 VAC82DTA DS 0X ISTVAC82 DATA

```

Access-method-support vector list (ISTAMSVL)

```

LOC SOURCE STATEMENT
000000 ISTAMSVL DSECT MAPPING FOR RESOURCE INFORMATION
* VECTOR LIST POINTED TO BY ACVAMSVL
000000 AMSLLEN DS HL2 TOTAL LENGTH OF VECTORS
000002 AMSLDATA DS 0X VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** GENERALIZED MAPPING FOR EXAMINING COMMON FIELDS IN ALL ACB **
*** VECTORS IN THE VECTOR LIST POINTED TO BY ACBAMSVL **
*****
000000 ISTAMSVT DSECT VECTOR FIELDS
000000 AMSVTLEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 AMSVTKEY DS X VECTOR KEY
000002 AMSVTDAT DS 0X VECTOR DATA
*
*
*****
*** ISTAMS01 - maps the RELEASE LEVEL vector. **
*** - Contains identification codes for the access method **
*** product and its version, release, and modification **
*** level. **
*****
000000 ISTAMS01 DSECT RELEASE LEVEL VECTOR
000000 AMS01LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 AMS01KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
AMS01KYC EQU X'01' KEY IS X'01'
000002 AMS01DTA DS 0CL4 VECTOR DATA
000002 AMS01PRD DS CL1 PRODUCT CODE
AMS01VTM EQU C'0' VTAM PRODUCT CODE
000003 AMS01VER DS CL1 VERSION CODE
000004 AMS01REL DS CL1 RELEASE CODE
000005 AMS01MDF DS CL1 MODIFICATION CODE
*
*****
*** ISTAMS04 - maps the COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION vector. **
*** - This vector may be repeated. **
*** - Each component identification vector contains product **
*** identification information about a major component or **
*** feature of the VTAM licensed program. When multiple **
*** component identification vectors are present, the **
*** first one designates the base VTAM product and later **
*** vectors are features or other major VTAM components. **
*** - The vector data is in the form: C'xxxx-xxxx-xxx'. **
*****
000000 ISTAMS04 DSECT COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION VECTOR
000000 AMS04LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 AMS04KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
AMS04KYC EQU X'04' KEY IS X'04'
000002 AMS04DTA DS CL14 VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** ISTAMS05 - maps the FUNCTION LIST vector. **
*** - The vector data is a variable-length bit string, in **
*** which each bit corresponds to a particular VTAM **
*** function. If a bit is on, the corresponding function **
*** is present in the executing release of VTAM. If a **
*** bit is off, the function is not available. If the **
*** vector is not present or if the bit string is shorter **

```

```

***          than expected, you may assume that the missing bits  **
***          are zero and their corresponding functions are not   **
***          available.                                          **
***          - These indicator bits correspond to the compile-time **
***          global indicator bits in the ISTGLOBAL macro.       **
*****

```

```

000000 ISTAMS05 DSECT          FUNCTION LIST VECTOR
000000 AMS05LEN DS    X          VECTOR LENGTH
000001 AMS05KEY DS    X          VECTOR KEY
          AMS05KYC EQU  X'05'    KEY IS X'05'
000002 AMS05DTA DS    0X        VECTOR DATA
000002 AMS05DT0 DS    X          BYTE 0 OF INDICATORS
          AMS05B00 EQU  X'80'    NIB ENCR AND RPL CRYPT
          *                      (CRYPTOGRAPHY)
          AMS05B01 EQU  X'40'    ACB PARM=NIB (COMMUNICATION
          *                      NETWORK MANAGEMENT INTERFACE)
          AMS05B02 EQU  X'20'    MULTIPLE-ADDRESS-SPACE
          *                      APPLICATIONS PROGRAMS
          AMS05B03 EQU  X'10'    AUTHORIZED PATH FOR
          *                      COMMUNICATIONS MACROS
          AMS05B04 EQU  X'08'    AUTHORIZED PATH FOR ALL
          *                      RPL-BASED MACROS
          AMS05B05 EQU  X'04'    SRBEXIT (ON APPL DEFINITION
          *                      STATEMENT)
          AMS05B06 EQU  X'02'    SONSCIP (ON APPL DEFINITION
          *                      STATEMENT)
          AMS05B07 EQU  X'01'    VTAMFRR (ON APPL DEFINITION
          *                      STATEMENT)
          *
000003 AMS05DT1 DS    X          BYTE 1 OF INDICATORS
          AMS05B10 EQU  X'80'    SSCP TRACKING OF DEVICE-LU
          *                      SESSION CAPABILITY VIA NOTIFY
          *                      (ENABLED/DISABLED/INHIBITED)
          AMS05B11 EQU  X'40'    RPL OPTCD=LMPEO
          AMS05B12 EQU  X'20'    RPL OPTCD=BUFFLST
          AMS05B13 EQU  X'10'    RPL OPTCD=USERRH
          AMS05B14 EQU  X'08'    ACB PARM=USERFLD
          AMS05B15 EQU  X'04'    RPL BRACKET=CEB
          AMS05B16 EQU  X'02'    APPLICATION PROGRAM ASSIGNMENT OF
          *                      SEQUENCE NUMBERS FOR EXPEDITED DFC
          AMS05B17 EQU  X'01'    RESOURCE-IDENTIFICATION VECTOR LIST
          *
000004 AMS05DT2 DS    X          BYTE 2 OF INDICATORS
          AMS05B20 EQU  X'80'    ACCESS-METHOD-SUPPORT VECTOR LIST
          AMS05B21 EQU  X'40'    RETURN OF SYSTEM RESPONSE BYTE AND
          *                      EXTENDED RESPONSE BYTE FOR BSC 3270
          *                      TERMINALS ATTACHED TO ACF/NCP
          AMS05B22 EQU  X'20'    INTRPRET
          AMS05B23 EQU  X'10'    VTAM API IS XRF CAPABLE
          AMS05B24 EQU  X'08'    SENSE ON -RSP(CINIT). CLSDST
          *                      OPTCD=(RELEASE,SENSE)
          AMS05B25 EQU  X'04'    UNBIND SON CODE AND SENSE.
          *                      CLSDST OPTCD=(RELEASE,SONCODE),
          *                      TERMSESS OPTCD=(UNBIND,SONCODE)
          AMS05B26 EQU  X'02'    HOLD/RELEASE LOGON/SCIP EXIT FOR
          *                      SESSION SETUP.
          *                      SETLOGON OPTCD=(START|HOLD)
          AMS05B27 EQU  X'01'    CINIT - NETWORK ADDRESSES IN
          *                      VECTOR KEY X'15'
          *
000005 AMS05DT3 DS    X          BYTE 3 OF INDICATORS
          AMS05B30 EQU  X'80'    31-BIT API
          AMS05B31 EQU  X'40'    NOTIFICATION OF QUEUED RESPONSES
          *                      SUPPORTED. SEND OPTCD=(RSPQUED)
          AMS05B32 EQU  X'20'    APPC IS SUPPORTED
          AMS05B33 EQU  X'10'    ADD SUPPORT FOR USVAR
          AMS05B34 EQU  X'08'    VCNS API SUPPORT FOR X.25

```

```

AMS05B35 EQU X'04' VCNS API SUPPORT FOR TOKEN BUS,
* TOKEN RING,
AMS05B36 EQU X'02' CROSS-MEMORY API IS SUPPORTED
AMS05B37 EQU X'01' KEEPFRR SUPPORT (ON ACB STATEMENT)
*
000006 AMS05DT4 DS X BYTE 4 OF INDICATORS
AMS05B40 EQU X'80' SRBEXIT SUPPORT (ON ACB STATEMENT)
AMS05B41 EQU X'40' PERSISTENT LU-LU SESSIONS
AMS05B42 EQU X'20' V.25BIS SUPPORT
AMS05B43 EQU X'10' VTAM/NPM INTERFACE SUPPORT
AMS05B44 EQU X'08' LU6 PLUS TRACKING SUPPORTED
AMS05B45 EQU X'04' BYTE 4, BIT 5: RESERVED
AMS05B46 EQU X'02' BYTE 4, BIT 6: RESERVED
AMS05B47 EQU X'01' NETWORK QUALIFIED NAMES SUPPORTED
*
000007 AMS05DT5 DS X BYTE 5 OF INDICATORS
AMS05B50 EQU X'80' MS TRANSPORT SUPPORTED
AMS05B51 EQU X'40' PERFORMANCE MONITOR INTERFACE
* SUPPORTED
AMS05B52 EQU X'20' QUEUED SESSION TERMINATION
* SUPPPORTED
AMS05B53 EQU X'10' VTAM AGENT SUPPORTED
AMS05B54 EQU X'08' GENERIC RESOURCES SUPPORTED
AMS05B55 EQU X'04' OPTCD=KEEPSRB FOR SYNC SRB
* SUSPEND/RESUME
AMS05B56 EQU X'02' APPLICATION VECTORS SUPPORTED ON
* ACB MACRO
AMS05B57 EQU X'01' SETLOGON GNAMESSUB SUPPORTED
*
000008 AMS05DT6 DS X BYTE 6 OF INDICATORS
AMS05B60 EQU X'80' BYTE 6, BIT 0: RESERVED
AMS05B61 EQU X'40' BYTE 6, BIT 1: RESERVED
AMS05B62 EQU X'20' BYTE 6, BIT 2: RESERVED
AMS05B63 EQU X'10' BYTE 6, BIT 3: RESERVED
AMS05B64 EQU X'08' BYTE 6, BIT 4: RESERVED
AMS05B65 EQU X'04' BYTE 6, BIT 5: RESERVED
AMS05B66 EQU X'02' BYTE 6, BIT 6: RESERVED
AMS05B67 EQU X'01' BYTE 6, BIT 7: RESERVED
*
000009 AMS05DT7 DS X BYTE 7 OF INDICATORS
AMS05B70 EQU X'80' BYTE 7, BIT 0: RESERVED
AMS05B71 EQU X'40' BYTE 7, BIT 1: RESERVED
AMS05B72 EQU X'20' BYTE 7, BIT 2: RESERVED
AMS05B73 EQU X'10' BYTE 7, BIT 3: RESERVED
AMS05B74 EQU X'08' BYTE 7, BIT 4: RESERVED
AMS05B75 EQU X'04' BYTE 7, BIT 5: RESERVED
AMS05B76 EQU X'02' BYTE 7, BIT 6: RESERVED
AMS05B77 EQU X'01' BYTE 7, BIT 7: RESERVED
*
*****
*** ISTAMS06 - maps the LU6.2 SUPPORT FUNCTION LIST vector. **
*** - The vector data is a variable-length string of byte **
*** indicators, each byte corresponding to a particular **
*** LU6.2 function. Each byte will have a value showing **
*** that its corresponding function is either supported, **
*** not supported, or supported on a "pass-through" basis.**
*** (Pass-through functions are those which VTAM does not **
*** directly provide but provides the ability for the **
*** application to create the support itself.) **
*** If the vector is not present or if the byte string **
*** is shorter than expected, you may assume that the **
*** missing bytes are zero and their corresponding **
*** functions are not supported. **
*** - These indicator bytes correspond to the compile-time **
*** global indicators in the ISTGAPPC macro. **
*****
000000 ISTAMS06 DSECT LU6.2 SUPPORT FUNCTION LIST VECTOR

```

000000	AMS06LEN	DS	X	VECTOR LENGTH
000001	AMS06KEY	DS	X	VECTOR KEY
	AMS06KYC	EQU	X'06'	KEY IS X'06'
000002	AMS06DTA	DS	0X	VECTOR DATA
000002	AMS06D01	DS	X	01. CONVERSATIONS BETWEEN TPS
	*			AT SAME LU
000003	AMS06D02	DS	X	02. DELAYED SESSION
	*			ALLOCATION
000004	AMS06D03	DS	X	03. IMMEDIATE SESSION
	*			ALLOCATION
000005	AMS06D04	DS	X	04. SYNC POINT SERVICES
000006	AMS06D05	DS	X	05. PROGRAM RECONNECT
000007	AMS06D06	DS	X	06. RESERVED
000008	AMS06D07	DS	X	07. SESSION-LEVEL LU-LU
	*			VERIFICATION
000009	AMS06D08	DS	X	08. USERID VERIFICATION
00000A	AMS06D09	DS	X	09. PROGRAM SUPPLIED USERID
	*			AND PASSWORD
00000B	AMS06D10	DS	X	10. USERID AUTHORIZATION
00000C	AMS06D11	DS	X	11. PROFILE VERIFICATION AND
	*			AUTHORIZATION
00000D	AMS06D12	DS	X	12. RESERVED
00000E	AMS06D13	DS	X	13. PROFILE PASSTHROUGH
00000F	AMS06D14	DS	X	14. PROGRAM-SUPPLIED PROFILE
000010	AMS06D15	DS	X	15. SEND PERSISTENT
	*			VERIFICATION
000011	AMS06D16	DS	X	16. RECEIVE PERSISTENT
	*			VERIFICATION
000012	AMS06D17	DS	X	17. PIP DATA
000013	AMS06D18	DS	X	18. LOGGING OF DATA IN SYSTEM
	*			LOG
000014	AMS06D19	DS	X	19. FLUSH LU SEND BUFFER
000015	AMS06D20	DS	X	20. LUW IDENTIFIER
000016	AMS06D21	DS	X	21. PREPARE TO RECEIVE
000017	AMS06D22	DS	X	22. LONG LOCKS
000018	AMS06D23	DS	X	23. POST ON RECEIPT WITH WAIT
000019	AMS06D24	DS	X	24. POST ON RECEIPT WITH TEST
	*			FOR POSTING
00001A	AMS06D25	DS	X	25. RECEIVE-IMMEDIATE
00001B	AMS06D26	DS	X	26. TEST FOR REQUEST-TO-SEND
	*			RECEIVED
00001C	AMS06D27	DS	X	27. DATA MAPPING
00001D	AMS06D28	DS	X	28. FMH APPLICATION-DATA
00001E	AMS06D29	DS	X	29. GET ATTRIBUTES
00001F	AMS06D30	DS	X	30. GET CONVERSATION-TYPE
000020	AMS06D31	DS	X	31. MAPPED CONVERSATION LU
	*			SERVICES COMPONENT
000021	AMS06D32	DS	X	32. CHANGE_SESSION_LIMIT VERB
000022	AMS06D33	DS	X	33. MIN_CONWINNERS_TARGET
	*			PARAMETER
000023	AMS06D34	DS	X	34. RESPONSIBLE(TARGET)
	*			PARAMETER
000024	AMS06D35	DS	X	35. DRAIN_TARGET(NO) PARAMETER
000025	AMS06D36	DS	X	36. FORCE PARAMETER
000026	AMS06D37	DS	X	37. ACTIVATE_SESSION VERB
000027	AMS06D38	DS	X	38. DEACTIVATE_SESSION VERB
000028	AMS06D39	DS	X	39. LU-PARAMETER VERBS
000029	AMS06D40	DS	X	40. LU-LU SESSION LIMIT
00002A	AMS06D41	DS	X	41. LOCALLY-KNOWN LU NAMES
00002B	AMS06D42	DS	X	42. UNINTERPRETED LU NAMES
00002C	AMS06D43	DS	X	43. SINGLE-SESSION
	*			RE-INITIATION
00002D	AMS06D44	DS	X	44. ALTERNATE CODE PROCESSING
00002E	AMS06D45	DS	X	45. MAXIMUM RU SIZE BOUNDS
00002F	AMS06D46	DS	X	46. SESSION-LEVEL MANDATORY
	*			CRYPTOGRAPHY
000030	AMS06D47	DS	X	47. CONTENTION WINNER

	*			AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION LIMIT
000031	AMS06D48	DS	X	48. CONWINNER SESSION
	*			ALLOCATION
000032	AMS06D49	DS	X	49. ENHANCED SECURITY (SAME)
000033	AMS06D50	DS	X	50. SESSION-LEVEL SELECTIVE
	*			CRYPTOGRAPHY
000034	AMS06D51	DS	X	51. CONVERSATION GROUP SUPPORT
000035	AMS06D52	DS	X	52. ALLOCATE WHEN SESSION FREE
000036	AMS06D53	DS	X	53. FULL-DUPLEX
000037	AMS06D54	DS	X	54. APPCCMD VECTOR LISTS
000038	AMS06D55	DS	X	55. QUEUED RCVFMH5
000039	AMS06D56	DS	X	56. HIGH PERFORMANCE DATA
	*			TRANSFER
00003A	AMS06D57	DS	X	57. APPCCMD SENDRCV
00003B	AMS06D58	DS	X	58. INTRA-LU CONVERSATIONS
00003C	AMS06D59	DS	X	59. PASSWORD SUBSTITUTION
00003D	AMS06D60	DS	X	60. EXTENDED SECURITY SENSE
00003E	AMS06D61	DS	X	61. DCE SECURITY SERVICES
	*			

Resource-information vector list (ISTRIVL)

Loc	Source	Statement		
000000	ISTRIVL	DSECT		MAPPING FOR RESOURCE INFORMATION
	*			VECTOR LIST POINTED TO BY ACBRIVL
000000	RIVLLEN	DS	HL2	TOTAL LENGTH OF VECTORS
000002	RIVLDATA	DS	0X	VECTOR DATA
	*			

	***	GENERALIZED MAPPING FOR EXAMINING COMMON FIELDS IN ALL ACB		**
	***	VECTORS IN THE VECTOR LIST POINTED TO BY ACBRIVL		**

000000	ISTRIVVT	DSECT		VECTOR TEMPLATE @Y3A
000000	RIVVTLEN	DS	X	VECTOR LENGTH @Y3A
000001	RIVVTKEY	DS	X	VECTOR KEY @Y3A
000002	RIVVTDAT	DS	0X	VECTOR DATA @Y3A
	*			

	***	ISTRIV02 - maps the application's network name vector.		**
	***	- The name is specified by the name field of the		**
	***	application definition statement.		**
	***	- This is obtained from the NAME ON APPL STATEMENT.		**

000000	ISTRIV02	DSECT		APPLICATION NETWORK NAME VECTOR
	*			(FROM NAME ON APPL STATEMENT)
000000	RIV02LEN	DS	X	VECTOR LENGTH
000001	RIV02KEY	DS	X	VECTOR KEY
	RIV02KYC	EQU	X'02'	KEY IS X'02'
000002	RIV02DTA	DS	CL8	VECTOR DATA
	*			

	***	ISTRIV03 - maps the application's ACB name vector.		**
	***	- This is supplied by the APPLID operand on the ACB		**
	***	statement or can be supplied by the operating		**
	***	system. During OPEN ACB, VTAM will search for the		**
	***	application's characteristics by matching the ACB		**
	***	APPLID value to an RDTE with the application's		**
	***	ACBNAME. If ACBNAME was not coded for the		**
	***	application, VTAM will search for a match with an		**
	***	RDTE containing the application's network name.		**
	***	- This is obtained from the APPLID on ACB MACRO.		**

000000	ISTRIV03	DSECT		APPLICATION ACB NAME VECTOR
	*			(FROM APPLID ON ACB MACRO)
000000	RIV03LEN	DS	X	VECTOR LENGTH
000001	RIV03KEY	DS	X	VECTOR KEY

```

RIV03KYC EQU X'03' KEY IS X'03'
000002 RIV03DTA DS CL8 VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** ISTRIV06 - maps the network name in which the host resides. **
*** - This is obtained from the NETID START OPTION. **
*** If NETID start option is not specified, this value **
*** will be blanks. **
*****

000000 ISTRIV06 DSECT NETWORK NAME VECTOR
* (FROM NETID START OPTION)
000000 RIV06LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV06KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV06KYC EQU X'06' KEY IS X'06'
000002 RIV06DTA DS CL8 VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** ISTRIV07 - maps the SSCP Name vector. **
*** - This is obtained from the SSCPNAME START OPTION **
*****

000000 ISTRIV07 DSECT SSCP NAME VECTOR
* (FROM SSCPNAME START OPTON)
000000 RIV07LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV07KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV07KYC EQU X'07' KEY IS X'07'
000002 RIV07DTA DS CL8 VECTOR DATA
* (DEFAULT IS 'VTAM')
*
*****
*** ISTRIV08 - maps the Host Subarea PU Network Name vector. **
*** - This is obtained from the HOSTPU START OPTION **
*** If HOSTPU start option is not specified, the name **
*** will default to 'ISTPUS '. **
*****

000000 ISTRIV08 DSECT HOST SUBAREA PU NETWORK NAME VECTOR
* (FROM HOSTPU START OPTION)
000000 RIV08LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV08KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV08KYC EQU X'08' KEY IS X'08'
000002 RIV08DTA DS CL8 VECTOR DATA
* (DEFAULT IS 'ISTPUS')
*
*****
*** ISTRIV09 - maps the Host Subarea PU network address vector. **
*** - It contains the network address of the host **
*** subarea PU. **
*****

000000 ISTRIV09 DSECT HOST SUBAREA PU NETWORK ADDRESS
*
000000 RIV09LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV09KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV09KYC EQU X'09' KEY IS X'09'
000002 RIV09DTA DS XL6 VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** ISTRIV0A - maps the maximum subarea vector. **
*** - Contains the maximum subarea number that is valid **
*** for the host's domain. **
*** - This is obtained from the MAXSUBA START OPTION **
*****

000000 ISTRIV0A DSECT MAXIMUM SUBAREA NUMBER VECTOR
* (FROM MAXSUBA START OPTION)
000000 RIV0ALEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV0AKEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV0AKYC EQU X'0A' KEY IS X'0A'
000002 RIV0ADTA DS X VECTOR DATA
*

```

```

*****
*** ISTRIV0B - maps the LU 6.2 application definition vector.      **
***      After the LU 6.2 application program has issued an      **
***      open ACB, the LU 6.2 application program may use      **
***      this vector to determine the values coded on the      **
***      APPL definition statement.                             **
***      - This is obtained from the APPL STATEMENT PARAMETERS  **
*****
000000 ISTRIV0B DSECT      LU 6.2 APPL DEFINITION VECTOR
*      (FROM APPL STATEMENT PARAMETERS)
000000 RIV0BLEN DS      X      VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV0BKEY DS      X      VECTOR KEY
      RIV0BKYC EQU      X'0B'  KEY IS X'0B'
000002 RIV0BDTA DS      0X     VECTOR DATA
000002      DS      X      RESERVED
      RIV0BSLV EQU      X'CO'  SESSION-LEVEL LU-LU VERIFICATION
*      BIT MASK
      RIV0BSLR EQU      X'80'  REQUIRED
      RIV0BSLO EQU      X'40'  OPTIONAL
      RIV0BSLN EQU      X'00'  NONE
000003 RIV0BCLS DS      X      CONVERSATION SECURITY ACCEPTANCE
      RIV0BCLN EQU      X'01'  NONE
      RIV0BCLC EQU      X'02'  CONV
      RIV0BCLA EQU      X'03'  ALREADYV
      RIV0BCLP EQU      X'04'  PERSISTV
      RIV0BCLV EQU      X'05'  AVPV
000004 RIV0BFLG DS      X      MISCELLANEOUS FLAGS
      RIV0BDDL EQU      X'80'  DDRAIN=ALLOW
      RIV0BDRL EQU      X'40'  DRESPL=ALLOW
      RIV0BATA EQU      X'20'  ATNLOSS=ALL
      RIV0BSYP EQU      X'10'  SYNCLVL=SYNCPT
      RIV0BOPC EQU      X'08'  OPERCNOS=ALLOW
000005      DS      X      RESERVED
000006 RIV0BDSL DS      HL2    DSESLIM VALUE
000008 RIV0BDML DS      HL2    DMINWNL VALUE
00000A RIV0BDMR DS      HL2    DMINWNR VALUE
00000C RIV0BAUT DS      HL2    AUTOSSES VALUE
*
*****
*** ISTRIV0C - maps the common application definition vector.      **
***      After the application program has issued an open for    **
***      its ACB, the application may examine this vector to    **
***      determine the values coded on the APPL definition      **
***      statement for common application definition keywords.  **
***      - This is obtained from the APPL STATEMENT PARAMETERS  **
*****
000000 ISTRIV0C DSECT      APPLICATION DEFINITION VECTOR
*      FOR ALL APPLICATION PROGRAMS @N1A
*      (FROM APPL STATEMENT PARAMETERS)
000000 RIV0CLEN DS      X      VECTOR LENGTH @N1A
000001 RIV0CKEY DS      X      VECTOR KEY @N1A
      RIV0CKYC EQU      X'0C'  KEY IS X'0C' @N1A
000002 RIV0CDTA DS      0X     VECTOR DATA @N1A
000002 RIV0CAUT DS      X      AUTHORIZATION SETTINGS @N1A
      RIV0CACQ EQU      X'80'  AUTH=ACQ @N1A
      RIV0CASD EQU      X'40'  AUTH=ASDP @N1A
      RIV0CCNM EQU      X'20'  AUTH=CNM @N1A
      RIV0CPAS EQU      X'10'  AUTH=PASS @N1A
      RIV0CPPO EQU      X'08'  AUTH=PPO @N1A
      RIV0CSPO EQU      X'04'  AUTH=SPO @N1A
      RIV0CTSO EQU      X'02'  AUTH=TSO @N1A
      RIV0CVPA EQU      X'01'  AUTH=VPACE @N1A
000003 RIV0CFL1 DS      X      MISCELLANEOUS FLAGS 1 @N1A
      RIV0CAPC EQU      X'80'  APPC=YES @N1A
      RIV0CAUX EQU      X'40'  AUTHEXIT=YES @N1A
      RIV0CCER EQU      X'20'  CERTIFY=YES @N1A
      RIV0CDSW EQU      X'10'  DSPLYWLD=YES @N1A

```

```

RIV0CFSP EQU X'08' FASTPASS=YES @N1A
RIV0CHAV EQU X'04' HAVAIL=YES @N1A
RIV0CPAR EQU X'02' PARSESS=YES @N1A
RIV0CPRS EQU X'01' PERSIST=MULTI @N1A
000004 RIV0CFL2 DS X MISCELLANEOUS FLAGS 2 @N1A
RIV0CSSL EQU X'80' SESSLIM=YES @N1A
RIV0CSON EQU X'40' SONSCIP=YES @N1A
RIV0CSRX EQU X'20' SRBEXIT=YES @N1A
RIV0CVCN EQU X'10' VCNS=YES @N1A
RIV0CVFR EQU X'08' VTAMFRR=YES @N1A
000005 RIV0CLTM DS X LOSTERM SETTING @N1A
RIV0CLTN EQU X'00' LOSTERM=NORMAL @N1A
RIV0CLTI EQU X'01' LOSTERM=IMMED @N1A
RIV0CLTS EQU X'02' LOSTERM=SECOND @N1A
000006 RIV0CCMI DS X CMPAPPLI VALUE @N1A
000007 RIV0CCMO DS X CMPAPPLO VALUE @N1A
000008 RIV0CENC DS X ENCR VALUE @N1A
RIV0CECN EQU X'00' ENCR=NONE @N1A
RIV0CECO EQU X'01' ENCR=OPT @N1A
RIV0CECC EQU X'02' ENCR=COND @N1A
RIV0CECS EQU X'03' ENCR=SEL @N1A
RIV0CECR EQU X'04' ENCR=REQD @N1A
000009 RIV0CVPC DS X VPACING VALUE @N1A
00000A DS XL4 RESERVED @N1A
*
*****
*** ISTRIV11 - maps the APPCCMD vector area length vector. **
*** - It contains the absolute minimum length and the **
*** recommended minimum length for full use of the **
*** APPCCMD vector area. **
*****
000000 ISTRIV11 DSECT APPCCMD VECTOR AREA LENGTH VECTOR @L3C
*
000000 RIV11LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV11KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV11KYC EQU X'11' KEY IS X'11'
000002 RIV11AML DS XL4 ABSOLUTE MINIMUM APPCCMD VECTOR
* AREA LENGTH @L3A
000006 RIV11RML DS XL4 RECOMMENDED MINIMUM APPCCMD
* VECTOR AREA LENGTH @L3C
*
*****
*** ISTRIV12 - maps the application to VTAM vector keys vector. **
*** - It contains a list of all ACB vector keys that **
*** VTAM will process. Constants for the ACB vectors are **
*** located in ISTVACBV. **
*****
000000 ISTRIV12 DSECT APPLICATION TO VTAM VECTOR KEYS
* FOR ACB MACRO
000000 RIV12LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH
000001 RIV12KEY DS X VECTOR KEY
RIV12KYC EQU X'12' KEY IS X'12'
000002 RIV12DTA DS 0CL1 VECTOR DATA
*
*****
*** ISTRIV13 - maps the Performance Monitor vector. **
*** Identifies a table of Performance Data vector fields **
*** (within ISTXPL) that have been retired by the **
*** Performance Monitor Interface since its inception. **
*****
000000 ISTRIV13 DSECT PERFORMANCE MONITOR VECTOR @L1A
*
000000 RIV13LEN DS X VECTOR LENGTH @L1A
000001 RIV13KEY DS X VECTOR KEY @L1A
RIV13KYC EQU X'13' KEY IS X'13' @L1A
000002 RIV13ENT DS HL2 NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN TABLE @L2A
* (ZERO IF NONE RETIRED)

```

000004	RIV13RFT DS	AL4		RETIRED FIELDS TABLE ADDRESS @L2A (ZERO IF NONE RETIRED)
	*			
000008	RIV13ELN DS	HL2		LENGTH OF EACH ENTRY @L2A
	*			
000000	RIV13TBL DSECT			RETIRED FIELDS TABLE ENTRY @L1A (MAPS ENTRIES IN TABLE ADDRESSED BY RIV13RFT)
	*			
	*			
000000	RIV13VID DS	0CL6		ID OF AFFECTED VECTOR @L1A
000000	RIV13MAJ DS	CL2		MAJOR CATEGORY @L1A
000002	RIV13SUB DS	CL2		SUBCATEGORY @L1A
000004	RIV13REC DS	CL2		RECORD TYPE @L1A
000006	RIV13FLD DS	0CL4		FIELD POSITION WITHIN VECTOR @L1A
000006	RIV13OFF DS	HL2		FIELD OFFSET @L1A
000008	RIV13FLG DS	BL1		FLAG BYTE @L1A
	RIV13BIT EQU	X'01'		DATA TYPE INDICATOR (1= BITSTRING, 0= OTHER) @L1A
	*			
000009	RIV13LNG DS	XL1		FIELD LENGTH IF NOT BITSTRING, MASK FOR BITS RETIRED WITHIN BYTE FOR BITSTRING FIELD
	*			
	*			
	*			

Extended buffer list entry (ISTBLXEN)

LOC	SOURCE STATEMENT			
000000	ISTBLXEN DSECT			
000000	BLXEN_CSM DS	0CL28		THIS AREA MAPS THE CSM BUFFER DESCRIPTOR
	*			
000000		DS	X	RESERVED. THIS FIELD MUST BE SET TO ZERO.
	*			
000001	BLXEN_SOURCE DS	X		BUFFER SOURCE
	BLXEN_CECSA EQU	X'80'		INDICATES THAT THE STORAGE REFERENCED IN THE LIST IS CSM ECSA
	*			
	BLXEN_CDSPACE EQU	X'40'		INDICATES THAT THE STORAGE REFERENCED IN THE LIST IS CSM DATA SPACE
	*			
	*			
000002	BLXEN_TYPE DS	X		BUFFER TYPE
	BLXEN_FIXED EQU	X'80'		INDICATES THAT THE STORAGE IS IN A GUARANTEED TO BE FIXED STATE
	*			
	BLXEN_PAGEABLE EQU	X'40'		INDICATES THAT THE STORAGE IS IN A GUARANTEED TO BE PAGEABLE STATE
	*			
	BLXEN_PAGEELIG EQU	X'20'		INDICATES THAT THE STORAGE IS ELIGIBLE TO BE PAGEFREED BY CSM
	*			
	*			
000003		DS	XL1	RESERVED
000004	BLXEN_CTOKN DS	XL12		CSM TOKEN
000010	BLXEN_ALET DS	F		CSM DATA SPACE ALET
000014	BLXEN_AREA DS	A		POINTER TO DATA
000018	BLXEN_RLEN DS	F		LENGTH OF DATA
00001C	BLXEN_RLENA DS	F		LENGTH OF DATA ACCEPTED BY ... VTAM ON A REQUEST TO SEND ... DATA.
	*			
	*			... THIS FIELD SHOULD BE SET ... TO ZERO BY THE APPLICATION. ... VTAM SETS THIS FIELD ... TO REFLECT THE AMOUNT OF ... DATA REFERENCED BY XBUFLST ... THAT HAS BEEN ACCEPTED BY ... VTAM.
	*			
000020	BLXEN_VAFLAGS DS	X		VTAM and APPL FLAGS
	BLXEN_OWNAACC EQU	X'80'		VTAM HAS ACCEPTED OWNERSHIP OF THE CSM BUFFER
	*			
000021		DS	XL15	RESERVED

Chapter 4. Summary of register usage

Table 3 shows what VTAM does with the general-purpose registers before it returns control to the application program at the next sequential instruction. It indicates which registers are left unchanged by the VTAM macroinstructions and which ones can be modified between the time the macroinstruction is executed and control is returned to the application program. The table also shows the disposition of the registers when any of the exit routines receive control. Refer to *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide* for further details on how to handle macroinstruction errors.

Table 3. Register contents upon return of control

	Register 0	Register 1	Register 2-12	Register 13	Register 14	Register 15
Upon return from OPEN and CLOSE macroinstructions	Unpredictable	Unpredictable	Unmodified	Unmodified ¹	Unpredictable	Return code
Upon return from RPL-based macroinstructions, including CHECK	See footnote ²	Address of RPL	Unmodified	Unmodified ¹	Unpredictable	See footnote ¹
Upon return from GENCB	Error return code or control block length ^{3 4}	Control block address ^{3 4}	Unmodified	Unmodified ¹	Unpredictable	General return code
Upon return from SHOWCB, MODCB, or TESTCB	Error return code ⁴	Unpredictable	Unmodified	Unmodified ¹	Unpredictable	General return code
Upon invocation of LERAD or SYNAD exit routines	Recovery action return code	Address of RPL	Unmodified	Unmodified ¹	Return address	Address of exit routine
Upon invocation of other EXLST exit routines	Unpredictable	Address of VTAM-supplied parameter list	Unpredictable	Unpredictable	Return address	Address of exit routine
Upon invocation of RPL-based exit routines	Unpredictable	Address of RPL	Unpredictable	Unpredictable	Return address	Address of exit routine

1. Register 13 must indicate the address of an 18-word save area when the macroinstruction is executed.

2. If the operation completed normally, register 15 is set to 0. For some macroinstructions completing normally but with a special condition, register 0 is also set. If an error occurred and the LERAD or SYNAD exit routine has been invoked, registers 0 and 15 contain the values set in them by the exit routine. If an error occurred and no LERAD or SYNAD exit routine exists, VTAM sets register 15 to 4 and places a recovery action return code in register 0 (if the error is that the ACB is not open, register 15 is set to decimal 32 and the RPL request code is set in register 0).

3. When GENCB completes successfully (register 15 is set to 0), register 1 contains the address of the generated control blocks and register 0 contains the length of the control blocks, in bytes.

4. If GENCB, SHOWCB, MODCB, or TESTCB completes unsuccessfully (with register 15 not set to 0), register 1 is unpredictable and register 0 contains an error code (if register 15 is set to 4 or 12) or else is unpredictable.

Appendix A. Architectural specifications

This appendix lists documents that provide architectural specifications for the SNA Protocol.

The APPN Implementers' Workshop (AIW) architecture documentation includes the following architectural specifications for SNA APPN and HPR:

- APPN Architecture Reference (SG30-3422-04)
- APPN Branch Extender Architecture Reference Version 1.1
- APPN Dependent LU Requester Architecture Reference Version 1.5
- APPN Extended Border Node Architecture Reference Version 1.0
- APPN High Performance Routing Architecture Reference Version 4.0
- SNA Formats (GA27-3136-20)
- SNA Technical Overview (GC30-3073-04)

For more information, see the AIW documentation page at <http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=852&uid=swg27017843>.

The following RFC also contains SNA architectural specifications:

- RFC 2353 *APPN/HPR in IP Networks APPN Implementers' Workshop Closed Pages Document*

RFCs can be obtained from:

Government Systems, Inc.
Attn: Network Information Center
14200 Park Meadow Drive
Suite 200
Chantilly, VA 22021

Many RFCs are available online. Hardcopies of all RFCs are available from the NIC, either individually or by subscription. Online copies are available using FTP from the NIC at <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc.html>.

Use FTP to download the files, using the following format:

```
RFC:RFC-INDEX.TXT  
RFC:RFCnnnn.TXT  
RFC:RFCnnnn.PS
```

where:

- *nnnn* is the RFC number.
- TXT is the text format.
- PS is the postscript format.

You can also request RFCs through electronic mail, from the automated NIC mail server, by sending a message to service@nic.ddn.mil with a subject line of RFC *nnnn* for text versions or a subject line of RFC *nnnn*.PS for PostScript versions. To request a copy of the RFC index, send a message with a subject line of RFC INDEX.

For more information, contact nic@nic.ddn.mil.

Appendix B. Accessibility

Publications for this product are offered in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) and should be compliant with accessibility standards. If you experience difficulties when using PDF files, you can view the information through the z/OS Internet Library website or the z/OS Information Center. If you continue to experience problems, send an email to mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com or write to:

IBM Corporation
Attention: MHVRCFS Reader Comments
Department H6MA, Building 707
2455 South Road
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400
USA

Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use software products successfully. The major accessibility features in z/OS enable users to:

- Use assistive technologies such as screen readers and screen magnifier software
- Operate specific or equivalent features using only the keyboard
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size

Using assistive technologies

Assistive technology products, such as screen readers, function with the user interfaces found in z/OS. Consult the assistive technology documentation for specific information when using such products to access z/OS interfaces.

Keyboard navigation of the user interface

Users can access z/OS user interfaces using TSO/E or ISPF. See *z/OS TSO/E Primer*, *z/OS TSO/E User's Guide*, and *z/OS ISPF User's Guide Vol I* for information about accessing TSO/E and ISPF interfaces. These guides describe how to use TSO/E and ISPF, including the use of keyboard shortcuts or function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys and explains how to modify their functions.

z/OS information

z/OS information is accessible using screen readers with the BookServer or Library Server versions of z/OS books in the Internet library at www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/bkserv/.

One exception is command syntax that is published in railroad track format, which is accessible using screen readers with the Information Center, as described in "Dotted decimal syntax diagrams."

Dotted decimal syntax diagrams

Syntax diagrams are provided in dotted decimal format for users accessing the Information Center using a screen reader. In dotted decimal format, each syntax element is written on a separate line. If two or more syntax elements are always

present together (or always absent together), they can appear on the same line, because they can be considered as a single compound syntax element.

Each line starts with a dotted decimal number; for example, 3 or 3.1 or 3.1.1. To hear these numbers correctly, make sure that your screen reader is set to read out punctuation. All the syntax elements that have the same dotted decimal number (for example, all the syntax elements that have the number 3.1) are mutually exclusive alternatives. If you hear the lines 3.1 USERID and 3.1 SYSTEMID, you know that your syntax can include either USERID or SYSTEMID, but not both.

The dotted decimal numbering level denotes the level of nesting. For example, if a syntax element with dotted decimal number 3 is followed by a series of syntax elements with dotted decimal number 3.1, all the syntax elements numbered 3.1 are subordinate to the syntax element numbered 3.

Certain words and symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers to add information about the syntax elements. Occasionally, these words and symbols might occur at the beginning of the element itself. For ease of identification, if the word or symbol is a part of the syntax element, it is preceded by the backslash (\) character. The * symbol can be used next to a dotted decimal number to indicate that the syntax element repeats. For example, syntax element *FILE with dotted decimal number 3 is given the format 3 * FILE. Format 3* FILE indicates that syntax element FILE repeats. Format 3* * FILE indicates that syntax element * FILE repeats.

Characters such as commas, which are used to separate a string of syntax elements, are shown in the syntax just before the items they separate. These characters can appear on the same line as each item, or on a separate line with the same dotted decimal number as the relevant items. The line can also show another symbol giving information about the syntax elements. For example, the lines 5.1*, 5.1 LASTRUN, and 5.1 DELETE mean that if you use more than one of the LASTRUN and DELETE syntax elements, the elements must be separated by a comma. If no separator is given, assume that you use a blank to separate each syntax element.

If a syntax element is preceded by the % symbol, this indicates a reference that is defined elsewhere. The string following the % symbol is the name of a syntax fragment rather than a literal. For example, the line 2.1 %OP1 means that you should see separate syntax fragment OP1.

The following words and symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers:

- A question mark (?) means an optional syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the ? symbol indicates that all the syntax elements with a corresponding dotted decimal number, and any subordinate syntax elements, are optional. If there is only one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on the same line as the syntax element, (for example 5? NOTIFY). If there is more than one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on a line by itself, followed by the syntax elements that are optional. For example, if you hear the lines 5 ?, 5 NOTIFY, and 5 UPDATE, you know that syntax elements NOTIFY and UPDATE are optional; that is, you can choose one or none of them. The ? symbol is equivalent to a bypass line in a railroad diagram.
- An exclamation mark (!) means a default syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the ! symbol and a syntax element indicate that the syntax element is the default option for all syntax elements that share the same dotted

decimal number. Only one of the syntax elements that share the same dotted decimal number can specify a ! symbol. For example, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1! (KEEP), and 2.1 (DELETE), you know that (KEEP) is the default option for the FILE keyword. In this example, if you include the FILE keyword but do not specify an option, default option KEEP will be applied. A default option also applies to the next higher dotted decimal number. In this example, if the FILE keyword is omitted, default FILE(KEEP) is used. However, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1, 2.1.1! (KEEP), and 2.1.1 (DELETE), the default option KEEP applies only to the next higher dotted decimal number, 2.1 (which does not have an associated keyword), and does not apply to 2? FILE. Nothing is used if the keyword FILE is omitted.

- An asterisk (*) means a syntax element that can be repeated 0 or more times. A dotted decimal number followed by the * symbol indicates that this syntax element can be used zero or more times; that is, it is optional and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 5.1* data area, you know that you can include one data area, more than one data area, or no data area. If you hear the lines 3*, 3 HOST, and 3 STATE, you know that you can include HOST, STATE, both together, or nothing.

Notes:

1. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk (*) next to it and there is only one item with that dotted decimal number, you can repeat that same item more than once.
 2. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk next to it and several items have that dotted decimal number, you can use more than one item from the list, but you cannot use the items more than once each. In the previous example, you could write HOST STATE, but you could not write HOST HOST.
 3. The * symbol is equivalent to a loop-back line in a railroad syntax diagram.
- + means a syntax element that must be included one or more times. A dotted decimal number followed by the + symbol indicates that this syntax element must be included one or more times; that is, it must be included at least once and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 6.1+ data area, you must include at least one data area. If you hear the lines 2+, 2 HOST, and 2 STATE, you know that you must include HOST, STATE, or both. Similar to the * symbol, the + symbol can only repeat a particular item if it is the only item with that dotted decimal number. The + symbol, like the * symbol, is equivalent to a loop-back line in a railroad syntax diagram.

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z/OS Communications Server information

z/OS Communications Server product information is grouped by task in the following tables.

Planning

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: New Function Summary	GC27-3664	This document is intended to help you plan for new IP or SNA function, whether you are migrating from a previous version or installing z/OS for the first time. It summarizes what is new in the release and identifies the suggested and required modifications needed to use the enhanced functions.
z/OS Communications Server: IPv6 Network and Application Design Guide	SC27-3663	This document is a high-level introduction to IPv6. It describes concepts of z/OS Communications Server's support of IPv6, coexistence with IPv4, and migration issues.

Resource definition, configuration, and tuning

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide	SC27-3650	This document describes the major concepts involved in understanding and configuring an IP network. Familiarity with the z/OS operating system, IP protocols, z/OS UNIX System Services, and IBM Time Sharing Option (TSO) is recommended. Use this document with the z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference.

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference	SC27-3651	This document presents information for people who want to administer and maintain IP. Use this document with the z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide. The information in this document includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TCP/IP configuration data sets • Configuration statements • Translation tables • Protocol number and port assignments
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Network Implementation Guide	SC27-3672	This document presents the major concepts involved in implementing an SNA network. Use this document with the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Reference	SC27-3675	This document describes each SNA definition statement, start option, and macroinstruction for user tables. It also describes NCP definition statements that affect SNA. Use this document with the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Network Implementation Guide.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Resource Definition Samples	SC27-3676	This document contains sample definitions to help you implement SNA functions in your networks, and includes sample major node definitions.
z/OS Communications Server: IP Network Print Facility	SC27-3658	This document is for systems programmers and network administrators who need to prepare their network to route SNA, JES2, or JES3 printer output to remote printers using TCP/IP Services.

Operation

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: IP User's Guide and Commands	SC27-3662	This document describes how to use TCP/IP applications. It contains requests with which a user can log on to a remote host using Telnet, transfer data sets using FTP, send and receive electronic mail, print on remote printers, and authenticate network users.
z/OS Communications Server: IP System Administrator's Commands	SC27-3661	This document describes the functions and commands helpful in configuring or monitoring your system. It contains system administrator's commands, such as TSO NETSTAT, PING, TRACERTE and their UNIX counterparts. It also includes TSO and MVS commands commonly used during the IP configuration process.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Operation	SC27-3673	This document serves as a reference for programmers and operators requiring detailed information about specific operator commands.
z/OS Communications Server: Quick Reference	SC27-3665	This document contains essential information about SNA and IP commands.

Customization

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Customization	SC27-3666	This document enables you to customize SNA, and includes the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication network management (CNM) routing table • Logon-interpret routine requirements • Logon manager installation-wide exit routine for the CLU search exit • TSO/SNA installation-wide exit routines • SNA installation-wide exit routines

Writing application programs

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: IP Sockets Application Programming Interface Guide and Reference	SC27-3660	This document describes the syntax and semantics of program source code necessary to write your own application programming interface (API) into TCP/IP. You can use this interface as the communication base for writing your own client or server application. You can also use this document to adapt your existing applications to communicate with each other using sockets over TCP/IP.
z/OS Communications Server: IP CICS Sockets Guide	SC27-3649	This document is for programmers who want to set up, write application programs for, and diagnose problems with the socket interface for CICS® using z/OS TCP/IP.
z/OS Communications Server: IP IMS Sockets Guide	SC27-3653	This document is for programmers who want application programs that use the IMS™ TCP/IP application development services provided by the TCP/IP Services of IBM.
z/OS Communications Server: IP Programmer's Guide and Reference	SC27-3659	This document describes the syntax and semantics of a set of high-level application functions that you can use to program your own applications in a TCP/IP environment. These functions provide support for application facilities, such as user authentication, distributed databases, distributed processing, network management, and device sharing. Familiarity with the z/OS operating system, TCP/IP protocols, and IBM Time Sharing Option (TSO) is recommended.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming	SC27-3674	This document describes how to use SNA macroinstructions to send data to and receive data from (1) a terminal in either the same or a different domain, or (2) another application program in either the same or a different domain.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Guide	SC27-3669	This document describes how to use the SNA LU 6.2 application programming interface for host application programs. This document applies to programs that use only LU 6.2 sessions or that use LU 6.2 sessions along with other session types. (Only LU 6.2 sessions are covered in this document.)
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programmer's LU 6.2 Reference	SC27-3670	This document provides reference material for the SNA LU 6.2 programming interface for host application programs.
z/OS Communications Server: CSM Guide	SC27-3647	This document describes how applications use the communications storage manager.

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: CMIP Services and Topology Agent Guide	SC27-3646	This document describes the Common Management Information Protocol (CMIP) programming interface for application programmers to use in coding CMIP application programs. The document provides guide and reference information about CMIP services and the SNA topology agent.

Diagnosis

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: IP Diagnosis Guide	GC27-3652	This document explains how to diagnose TCP/IP problems and how to determine whether a specific problem is in the TCP/IP product code. It explains how to gather information for and describe problems to the IBM Software Support Center.
z/OS Communications Server: ACF/TAP Trace Analysis Handbook	GC27-3645	This document explains how to gather the trace data that is collected and stored in the host processor. It also explains how to use the Advanced Communications Function/Trace Analysis Program (ACF/TAP) service aid to produce reports for analyzing the trace data information.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Diagnosis Vol 1, Techniques and Procedures and z/OS Communications Server: SNA Diagnosis Vol 2, FFST Dumps and the VIT	GC27-3667 GC27-3668	These documents help you identify an SNA problem, classify it, and collect information about it before you call the IBM Support Center. The information collected includes traces, dumps, and other problem documentation.
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Data Areas Volume 1 and z/OS Communications Server: SNA Data Areas Volume 2	GC31-6852 GC31-6853	These documents describe SNA data areas and can be used to read an SNA dump. They are intended for IBM programming service representatives and customer personnel who are diagnosing problems with SNA.

Messages and codes

Title	Number	Description
z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages	SC27-3671	This document describes the ELM, IKT, IST, IUT, IVT, and USS messages. Other information in this document includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Command and RU types in SNA messages • Node and ID types in SNA messages • Supplemental message-related information
z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 1 (EZA)	SC27-3654	This volume contains TCP/IP messages beginning with EZA.
z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 2 (EZB, EZD)	SC27-3655	This volume contains TCP/IP messages beginning with EZB or EZD.
z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 3 (EZY)	SC27-3656	This volume contains TCP/IP messages beginning with EZY.
z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 4 (EZZ, SNM)	SC27-3657	This volume contains TCP/IP messages beginning with EZZ and SNM.
z/OS Communications Server: IP and SNA Codes	SC27-3648	This document describes codes and other information that appear in z/OS Communications Server messages.

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