

z/OS



# UNIX System Services Messages and Codes

*Version 2 Release 2*

**Note**

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page 949.

This edition applies to Version 2 Release 2 of z/OS (5650-ZOS) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

© **Copyright IBM Corporation 1996, 2015.**

US Government Users Restricted Rights – Use, duplication or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

---

# Contents

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <b>About this document</b> . . . . .   | <b>v</b>   |
| Who should use this document . . . . .   | v          |
| How this document is organized . . . . .   | v          |
| z/OS information . . . . .   | v          |
| Porting information for z/OS UNIX . . . . .  | vi         |
| z/OS UNIX courses. . . . .   | vi         |
| z/OS UNIX home page . . . . .  | vi         |
| Discussion list . . . . .  | vi         |
| <br>   |            |
| <b>How to send your comments to IBM</b> . . . . .  | <b>vii</b> |
| If you have a technical problem . . . . .  | vii        |
| <br>   |            |
| <b>Summary of changes.</b> . . . . .   | <b>ix</b>  |
| Summary of message changes for z/OS UNIX in<br>z/OS V2R2 . . . . .                           | ix         |
| Additional updates for z/OS UNIX Messages<br>and Codes . . . . .                             | xiv        |
| Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 1<br>(V2R1) as updated February, 2015. . . . . | xiv        |
| Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 1 . . . . .                                    | xv         |
| <br>   |            |
| <b>Chapter 1. Messages</b> . . . . .   | <b>1</b>   |
| Message prefixes and issuing modules. . . . .  | 1          |
| Shell and Utilities messages . . . . .   | 1          |
| BPXT . . . . .   | 1          |
| BPXW . . . . .   | 3          |
| CDA . . . . .  | 4          |
| FOMC . . . . .   | 8          |
| FOMF . . . . .   | 16         |
| FOMI . . . . .   | 27         |
| FOMN . . . . .   | 28         |
| FOMR . . . . .   | 46         |
| FSUC . . . . .   | 57         |
| FSUM . . . . .   | 79         |
| pedb and pedbx debugger messages . . . . .   | 438        |
| FOMOG . . . . .  | 438        |
| FOMOH . . . . .  | 457        |

|                                  |     |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| z/OS Debugger messages . . . . . | 475 |
| FDBX . . . . .                   | 475 |

## **Chapter 2. Return codes (errno) . . . . . 529**

## **Chapter 3. Reason codes (errnojrs) . . . . . 533**

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Description and location information . . . . .                                | 533 |
| Setting slips to obtain new diagnostic data . . . . .                         | 534 |
| Obtaining dumps on specific reason codes . . . . .                            | 535 |
| Obtaining GTF trace data sets containing all<br>issued return codes . . . . . | 535 |
| z/OS UNIX reason codes . . . . .  | 535 |
| Hierarchical File System (HFS) reason codes . . . . .                         | 725 |
| Module IDs . . . . .  | 725 |
| Global reason codes . . . . .   | 729 |
| Local reason codes for modules . . . . .                                      | 754 |
| zFS reason codes . . . . .  | 940 |
| TFS reason codes . . . . .  | 941 |

## **Chapter 4. Exit status codes for /usr/sbin/init . . . . . 943**

## **Appendix. Accessibility . . . . . 945**

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Accessibility features . . . . .                    | 945 |
| Consult assistive technologies . . . . .            | 945 |
| Keyboard navigation of the user interface . . . . . | 945 |
| Dotted decimal syntax diagrams . . . . .            | 945 |

## **Notices . . . . . 949**

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| Policy for unsupported hardware. . . . . | 950 |
| Minimum supported hardware . . . . .     | 951 |
| Trademarks . . . . .                     | 951 |
| Acknowledgments. . . . .                 | 951 |

## **Index . . . . . 953**



---

## About this document

This document presents the information you need to use z/OS UNIX System Services (z/OS UNIX). The z/OS shell and utilities provides commands based on open systems standards and services mentioned in “Acknowledgments” on page 951. The debugger helps you find and fix errors in C and C++ programs that use z/OS UNIX facilities.

This document provides information to help you identify and isolate problems. It also helps you correct errors you make in entering commands or using them correctly. Messages are listed in alphanumeric order by message prefix.

Only those messages with explanations are included.

This document also contains both reason and return codes listed by value. In addition, the `/usr/sbin/init` exit status codes are included.

Some commands in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* have messages that are not listed in this publication. For example, messages generated from the `ld` command can be found in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)*.

---

## Who should use this document

This document is intended for any user who is trying to resolve problems that may arise in z/OS UNIX in the shells and utilities or debugger. The list of users include the application and system programmer as well as the shell user.

---

## How this document is organized

This document includes a subset of shell and debugger error messages from various utilities, including `/bin/login`, `/usr/sbin/init`, OMVS and other TSO/E commands, and the debugger.

The messages in this document include *italicized* text. Italicized text indicates a variable placeholder for a string, such as a filename or pathname, or a hexadecimal or decimal number.

Some of the messages in this document are accompanied by error codes or additional messages that explain the problem further. Error codes can be generated by components of z/OS, by the XL C/C++ runtime library, or by Language Environment®. You should be able to find more information about them by referring to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide*. Additional error messages might come from components of z/OS, from RACF®, or from TSO/E. Refer to the messages documentation for these products for explanations.

Error and reason codes are also included.

---

## z/OS information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see *z/OS Information Roadmap*.

To find the complete z/OS® library, go to IBM Knowledge Center (<http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW/welcome>).

## Porting information for z/OS UNIX

A *Porting Guide* is available at z/OS UNIX System Services Porting Guide (<http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/features/unix/bpxa1por.html>). It covers a range of useful topics, including sizing a port, setting up a porting environment, ASCII-EBCDIC issues, performance, and much more.

The porting page also features a variety of porting tips and lists porting resources that will help you in your port.

## z/OS UNIX courses

For a current list of courses that you can take, go to IBM Education home page (<http://www.ibm.com/services/learning/>).

## z/OS UNIX home page

Visit the z/OS UNIX home page at z/OS UNIX home page (<http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/features/unix/>).

Some of the tools available from the website are ported tools, and some are unsupported tools designed for z/OS UNIX. The code works in our environment at the time we make it available, but is not officially supported. Each tool has a readme file that describes the tool and lists any restrictions.

The simplest way to reach these tools is through the z/OS UNIX home page. From the home page, click on **Tools and Toys**.

The code is also available from <ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/s390/zos/unix/> through anonymous FTP.

Because the tools are not officially supported, APARs cannot be accepted.

## Discussion list

Customers and IBM® participants also discuss z/OS UNIX on the **mvs-oe discussion list**. This list is not operated or sponsored by IBM.

To subscribe to the mvs-oe discussion, send a note to:

**listserv@vm.marist.edu**

Include the following line in the body of the note, substituting your given name and family name as indicated:

subscribe mvs-oe *given\_name family\_name*

After you have been subscribed, you will receive further instructions on how to use the mailing list.

---

## How to send your comments to IBM

We appreciate your input on this publication. Feel free to comment on the clarity, accuracy, and completeness of the information or provide any other feedback that you have.

Use one of the following methods to send your comments:

1. Send an email to [mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com](mailto:mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com).
2. Send an email from the "Contact us" web page for z/OS (<http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/webqs.html>).

Include the following information:

- Your name and address.
- Your email address.
- Your telephone or fax number.
- The publication title and order number:  
z/OS V2R2 UNIX System Services Messages and Codes  
SA23-2284-02
- The topic and page number that is related to your comment.
- The text of your comment.

When you send comments to IBM, you grant IBM a nonexclusive right to use or distribute the comments in any way appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

IBM or any other organizations use the personal information that you supply to contact you only about the issues that you submit.

---

## If you have a technical problem

Do not use the feedback methods that are listed for sending comments. Instead, take one of the following actions:

- Contact your IBM service representative.
- Call IBM technical support.
- Visit the IBM Support Portal at z/OS Support Portal (<http://www-947.ibm.com/systems/support/z/zos/>).





---

## Summary of changes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change.

---

## Summary of message changes for z/OS UNIX in z/OS V2R2

The following changes are made for z/OS UNIX in z/OS V2R2.

### New messages

FDBX5056  
FOMF0165I  
FOMF0166I  
FOMF0201I

### Changed messages

FOMF0307I  
FOMF0308I  
FOMF0310I

### Deleted messages

None.

### New reason codes

024C (JRMaxTasks)  
065E (JrRfiMax)

### Changed reason codes

0020 (JRForkExitRcParentBadEnv)  
00F7 (JRForkNoresource)  
0244 (JrApfAuthChange)

### Changed return codes

ESTALE

### Updated translation of Chinese messages

The following Chinese messages have changed translation even though the corresponding English messages did not change in V2R2.

BPXH002E  
BPXH011E  
BPXH015E  
BPXH024E  
BPXH025E  
BPXH040E  
BPXH072E

BPXH072E  
BPXB001E  
BPXF001I  
BPXF002I  
BPXF005I  
BPXF006I  
BPXF010I  
BPXF011I  
BPXF016I  
BPXF019I  
BPXF023I  
BPXF023I  
BPXF026I  
BPXF028I  
BPXF029E  
BPXF031I  
BPXF033I  
BPXF035I  
BPXF036I  
BPXF037I  
BPXF039I  
BPXF039I  
BPXF039I  
BPXF041I  
BPXF042I  
BPXF043I  
BPXF044I  
BPXF046I  
BPXF047I  
BPXF049I  
BPXF050I  
BPXF051I  
BPXF053I  
BPXF056I  
BPXF057I  
BPXF058I  
BPXF062I  
BPXF063I  
BPXF065I  
BPXF075I  
BPXF076I  
BPXF077S  
BPXF079S  
BPXF081I  
BPXF082I

BPXF083I  
BPXF084I  
BPXF202I  
BPXF203I  
BPXF204I  
BPXF205I  
BPXF206I  
BPXF211I  
BPXF212I  
BPXF214E  
BPXF215E  
BPXF218I  
BPXF221I  
BPXF222E  
BPXF223I  
BPXF225I  
BPXF226E  
BPXF228I  
BPXF230I  
BPXF232E  
BPXF236I  
BPXF237I  
BPXF242I  
BPXF243E  
BPXF244E  
BPXF245I  
BPXF246I  
BPXF248I  
BPXF252I  
BPXF253E  
BPXF257I  
BPXF259I  
BPXF260I  
BPXF261I  
BPXF262I  
BPXF263I  
BPXF264I  
BPXF265I  
BPXF266E  
BPXF267I  
BPXF268I  
BPXF269I  
BPXF270I  
BPXF271I  
BPXF272I

BPXF273I  
BPXF274I  
BPXF900I  
BPXF901I  
BPXF902I  
BPXF903I  
BPXF904I  
BPXF905I  
BPXF906I  
BPXI006I  
BPXI007I  
BPXI008I  
BPXI009I  
BPXI010I  
BPXI011I  
BPXI017I  
BPXI021I  
BPXI022I  
BPXI023I  
BPXI024I  
BPXI026I  
BPXI031E  
BPXI034I  
BPXI035E  
BPXI037I  
BPXI039I  
BPXI042I  
BPXI045I  
BPXI047I  
BPXI050I  
BPXI060I  
BPXI066E  
BPXI067E  
BPXI069I  
BPXI070E  
BPXI070I  
BPXI072I  
BPXI075I  
BPXI078I  
BPXI081I  
BPXI086I  
BPXI087I  
BPXI087I  
BPXI088I  
BPXM014I

BPXM021E  
BPXM022E  
BPXM033I  
BPXM046I  
BPXM047I  
BPXM048I  
BPXM049I  
BPXM053I  
BPXM063D  
BPXM064I  
BPXM084I  
BPXM100I  
BPXM101I  
BPXM102I  
BPXM103I  
BPXM105I  
BPXM107I  
BPXM122I  
BPXM124E  
BPXM125I  
BPXN002I  
BPXN003E  
BPXO001I  
BPXO002I  
BPXO003I  
BPXO006I  
BPXO007I  
BPXO008I  
BPXO009I  
BPXO012I  
BPXO024I  
BPXO030I  
BPXO031I  
BPXO033I  
BPXO034I  
BPXO035I  
BPXO036I  
BPXO037E  
BPXO040I  
BPXO041I  
BPXO042I  
BPXO043I  
BPXO044I  
BPXO045I  
BPXO046I

BPXO047I  
BPXO048I  
BPXO049I  
BPXO051I  
BPXO053I  
BPXO056I  
BPXO057I  
BPXO058I  
BPXO059I  
BPXO060I  
BPXO063I  
BPXO066I  
BPXO068I  
BPXO070I  
BPXO072I  
BPXO073I  
BPXO074I  
BPXO075I  
BPXO088I  
BPXP003E  
BPXP005I  
BPXP009I  
BPXP010I  
BPXP011I  
BPXP013I  
BPXP018I  
BPXP023I  
BPXP025I  
BPXU001I  
BPXU004I

## **Additional updates for z/OS UNIX Messages and Codes**

In V2R2, the slip used to produce a dump when a specific reason code is issued was changed in order to work with either `KERNELSTACKS(ABOVE)` or `KERNELSTACKS(BELOW)` statements of the `BPXPRMxx` parmlib member. See “Obtaining dumps on specific reason codes” on page 535.

---

## **Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 1 (V2R1) as updated February, 2015**

The following changes are made for z/OS Version 2 Release 1 (V2R1) as updated February, 2015.

### **New messages**

The following messages are new.

FDBX0557

FDBX0823

FDBX0824

FDBX0826

### **New return codes**

The following reason codes are new.

065C (JrPtInvVRNumber)

065D (JrPtVRNotSupported)

---

## **Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 1**

See the following publications for all enhancements to z/OS Version 2 Release 1 (V2R1):

- *z/OS Migration*
- *z/OS Planning for Installation*
- *z/OS Summary of Message and Interface Changes*
- *z/OS Introduction and Release Guide*





---

## Chapter 1. Messages

Messages are generated by the system in response to either an action or lack of action that has been detected. This section provides descriptions of the various z/OS UNIX messages a user might receive.

---

### Message prefixes and issuing modules

The following table is provided to help you determine what modules are issuing the messages you receive. The left-hand column lists all of the message prefixes issued by z/OS UNIX System Services. The right-hand column provides the module that issues the message.

*Table 1. Message prefixes and issuing modules*

| Message prefix | Issuing module   |
|----------------|--|
| BPX            | BPX messages are issued from either the REXX processor or the z/OS UNIX kernel. See <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> . |
| BPXT           | <b>bpxtrace</b> shell command. See “BPXT.”   |
| BPXW           | TSO/E OEDIT and OSTEPLIB messages. See “BPXW” on page 3.   |
| CDA            | <b>cda</b> utilities. See “CDA” on page 4.   |
| FOMC           | <b>chcp</b> shell commands. See “FOMC” on page 8.  |
| FOMF           | <b>automount</b> , <b>tso</b> , <b>configstk</b> , <b>extattr</b> , <b>filecache</b> , <b>*mount</b> utilities. See “FOMF” on page 16. |
| FOMI           | <b>ipcs</b> and <b>ipcrm</b> shell commands. See “FOMI” on page 27.  |
| FOMN           | <b>inetd</b> daemon. See “FOMN” on page 28.  |
| FOMOG          | <b>pedb</b> debugger. See “FOMOG” on page 438.   |
| FOMOH          | <b>pdbx</b> debugger. See “FOMOH” on page 457.   |
| FOMR           | <b>rlogin</b> daemon. See “FOMR” on page 46.   |
| FSUC           | <b>tcsh</b> shell. See “FSUC” on page 57.  |
| FSUM           | Shell and utilities and TSO/E OMVS. See “FSUM” on page 79.   |
| FDBX           | z/OS Debugger. See “FDBX” on page 475.   |

---

### Shell and Utilities messages

#### BPXT

---

**BPXTR001** Error changing to uid 0 **err=errno** **rsn=reasoncode**

**Explanation:** An error occurred attempting to change the effective UID to UID 0. The caller must have permission to change to UID 0 to trace processes associated with user identities other than their own user identity. The error is described by the z/OS UNIX error number and reason code.

## BPXTR002 • BPXTR009

**User response:** Ensure you have authority to change your UID. Obtain proper authority and rerun the `bpxtrace` command or rerun the command without specifying a different userid.

---

### BPXTR002 Services log written to *filename*

**Explanation:** The log from the z/OS UNIX IPCS interface was saved to a file to help diagnose a failure in the execution of the service. An additional message is also written indicating the service failed.

**User response:** View the log and look for the description of the failure. Based on the type of failure take appropriate corrective actions and retry the `bpxtrace` command.

---

### BPXTR003 Error allocating data sets

**Explanation:** An error occurred allocating new data sets necessary for processing the trace records. Allocation error messages should also be issued.

**User response:** Correct the allocation error and rerun the `bpxtrace` command. Allocation errors may also occur running the command simultaneously from multiple sessions. Avoid running the command more than once at a time.

---

### BPXTR004 Cannot access pid *pid number*

**Explanation:** A process id specified on the `bpxtrace` command either does not exist or the user does not have authority to access information on that process.

**User response:** Verify the correct pid has been specified and you have authority to view information for that pid.

---

### BPXTR005 IPCS command error: BPXGMPTR codes: *error codes*

**Explanation:** The `bpxtrace` command received an error from the z/OS UNIX BPXGMPTR service. The error codes from this service are shown and the log from the service is saved. Message BPXTR002 gives the location of the log file.

**User response:** View the log and look for the description of the failure. Based on the type of failure take appropriate corrective actions and retry the `bpxtrace` command.

---

### BPXTR006 Write error *filename errno reasoncode*

**Explanation:** The `bpxtrace` command received an error while writing to *filename*. The z/OS UNIX `errno` and reason codes are shown.

**User response:** Correct the error and rerun the command.

---

### BPXTR007 spawn error *errno reasoncode*

**Explanation:** The `bpxtrace` command received an error attempting to spawn its trace routine. The z/OS UNIX `errno` and reason codes are shown.

**User response:** Correct the error and rerun the command.

---

### BPXTR008 No Processes Found to Trace

**Explanation:** The `bpxtrace` command did not find any processes that matched the specified search criteria.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer and request that the CTRACE options be turned off.

---

### BPXTR009 OMVS is not running with minimum CTRACE options

**Explanation:** BPXTRACE determined that the OMVS CTRACE options are set above the minimum level. Because this is likely to result in trace buffers wrapping, you might get incomplete or no results from the `bpxtrace` command.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer and request that OMVS CTRACE options be turned off.

## BPXW

---

**BPXWE001 A record containing too many characters was found**

**Explanation:** The maximum allowed length of a line is 3275.

**User response:** The file might not be usable. Correct the error if possible and reissue the command.

---

**BPXWE002 The file is being edited or browsed under the TSO user ID**

**Explanation:** The shell session's effective UID is different than the TSO session user ID. An attempt to change the effective UID to edit the file has failed. The open will be done using the TSO user ID.

**User response:** Correct the error and reissue the command.

---

**BPXWE004 File is in use by another edit session**

**Explanation:** The specified file is already being used.

**User response:** Close the other edit session and reissue the command.

---

**BPXWE005 Pathname too long**

**Explanation:** The absolute path name must be less than 1023 bytes long.

**User response:** Correct the error and reissue the command.

---

**BPXWE006 File opened for read only**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while trying to open the file in read-write mode. The file was opened in read-only mode instead.

**User response:** Correct the error if necessary and reissue the command.

---

**BPXWE009 File must be a regular file**

**Explanation:** The path name that was specified is not for a regular file.

**User response:** Correct the error and rerun the command.

---

**BPXWE100 OMVS not started**

**Explanation:** z/OS UNIX must be running on this system.

**User response:** Start z/OS UNIX and rerun the command.

---

**BPXWE101 No STEPLIBLIST file**

**Explanation:** A path name to a file that contains the list of sanctioned step libraries must be specified on the command.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

**BPXWE102 STEPLIBLIST file not changed**

**Explanation:** No changes were made to the sanctioned step library list file.

**User response:** No action required.

---

## BPXWE103 • BPXWE112

---

### BPXWE103 Invalid data set name

**Explanation:** The data set name specified is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE104 Lower case characters not allowed in data set names

**Explanation:** The data set name contains a lowercase character, which is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE105 Blanks not allowed in data set names

**Explanation:** The data set name contains a blank character, which is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE106 Line length exceeds 255 characters

**Explanation:** The line contains more than 255 characters, which is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE107 PDS members cannot be specified

**Explanation:** The data set name contains a PDS member, which is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE108 Line: *text*

**Explanation:** Indicates the line number where the error was found.

**User response:** Refer to the BPXWE message following BPXWE108 that contains the error description and correct the error.

---

### BPXWE109 Warning: *text*

**Explanation:** An error was issued on a sysdsn() call with the data set name specified on message BPXWE110. *Text* specifies the error issued by sysdsn(). This will not cause the command to fail.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry.

---

### BPXWE110 *text*

**Explanation:** *Text* indicates the text of the line in the step library list file that was found to contain an error. Refer to the BPXWE message preceding this one.

**User response:** Correct the error if desired and retry.

---

### BPXWE112 Line accepted

**Explanation:** Only issued when BPXWE109 is issued. Indicates that the line does not cause the command to fail.

**User response:** Refer to the preceding BPXWE109 message for the warning given.

---

## CDA

---

---

**CDA0002** An invalid option *string* is specified.

**Explanation:** The indicated option is not a valid **dbgld** option.

In the message text:

*string* is an invalid option.

**User response:** Re-enter the **dbgld** command and specify a valid option.

---

**CDA0003** BINDER API failed. **retcode:***number*, **rsncode:***0xnumber*

**Explanation:** **dbgld** is unable to retrieve information from the input module. The BINDER API has failed.

In the message text:

*number* is the return code from BINDER API. *number* is the reason code from BINDER API.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Provide the indicated error text to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**CDA0004** The file *string* cannot be opened.

**Explanation:** Either the input file does not exist, or the permissions for the input file or the directory containing the input file do not have read or search permission set.

In the message text:

*string* is the input file name.

**User response:** Ensure the input file exists and that the input file and the directories containing the input file have read and search permissions set.

---

**CDA0005** No debug information was found in *string*.

**Explanation:** **dbgld** is unable to locate any debug information within the input file. No output file will be generated.

In the message text:

*string* is the input file name.

**User response:** Compile at least one compilation unit with the debug compiler option.

---

**CDA0006** Out of memory allocating *number* bytes for *string*.

**Explanation:** The **dbgld** command ran out of memory processing the input file. This may happen with a large input file.

In the message text:

*number* is the number of bytes **dbgld** tries to allocate. *string* contains the name of the function trying to allocate the memory.

**User response:** Shut down any large processes that are running. You may need to specify the runtime option **HEAP(,,FREE,,)** to prevent the **dbgld** command from running out of memory.

---

**CDA0007** INTERNAL UTILITY ERROR: Procedure *string*:*number*.

**Explanation:** An internal utility error occurred.

In the message text:

*string* is the procedure where the error has occurred. *number* is the line number where the error has occurred.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Provide the indicated error text to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**CDA0008**    **The DLL *string* is not found.**

**Explanation:** The indicated Common Debug Architecture run-time library cannot be found.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the Common Debug Architecture run-time library.

**User response:** The indicated Common Debug Architecture run-time library should be installed in the SCEERUN2 data set. Verify that the run-time library is installed properly.

---

**CDA0009**    **An incompatible DLL has been detected.  
The utility requires LIBDDPI\_DLL\_VERSION to be at least 0xnumber.  
The version found in the system is 0xnumber.**

**Explanation:** The Common Debug Architecture runtime version is outdated.

In the message text:

*number* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that **dbgld** is compiled with. *number* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is currently being used.

**User response:** Contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation and verify that you have the latest Common Debug Architecture run time installed.

---

**CDA0010**    **An incompatible DLL has been detected.  
The utility requires LIBELF\_DLL\_VERSION to be at least 0xnumber.  
The version found in the system is 0xnumber.**

**Explanation:** The Common Debug Architecture runtime version is outdated.

In the message text:

*number* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that **dbgld** is compiled with. *number* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is currently being used.

**User response:** Contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation and verify that you have the latest Common Debug Architecture run time installed.

---

**CDA0011**    **Cannot find the function *string* in DLL *string*.**

**Explanation:** The indicated function cannot be found in the Common Debug Architecture run-time library.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the function in the Common Debug Architecture run-time library. *string* is the name of the Common Debug Architecture run-time library.

**User response:** Contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation and verify that you have the latest Common Debug Architecture run time installed.

---

**CDA0012**    **The debug file *string* cannot be opened for reading.**

**Explanation:** The file permissions for the debug file do not have read permissions set.

In the message text:

*string* is the debug file name.

**User response:** Ensure the debug file exists and that it has read permissions set.

---

**CDA0013** The module map file *string* cannot be opened for writing.

**Explanation:** The file or directory permissions for the module map file do not have write permissions set.

In the message text:

*string* is the module map file.

**User response:** Ensure the **dbgld** command is being run from a directory with write permission, and the file has write permission if it already exists.

---

**CDA0014** The input file *string* cannot be processed due to the EDIT=NO attribute.

**Explanation:** **dbgld** cannot process modules that have been bounded with the EDIT=NO option.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name of the input module.

**User response:** Specify binder option EDIT=YES when binding the module.

---

**CDA0015** The input file *string* cannot be processed.

**Explanation:** The BINDER API has failed while processing the input module.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name of the input module.

**User response:** Refer to the Program Management documentation for information about the BINDER API return code and reason code.

---

**CDA0016** The object file produced from *string* contains ISD debug information.

**Explanation:** The **dbgld** command is converting ISD debug information into DWARF debug information. This process may degrade the performance of the **dbgld** command.

In the message text:

*string* is the source file name.

**User response:** To increase the performance of the **dbgld** command, please recompile the specified source file with the **-g** compiler option, rebind your application, and then reissue the **dbgld** command.

---

**CDA0017** The debug side file *string* is outdated.

**Explanation:** The MD5 signature within the specified debug side file does not match the MD5 signature within the input module.

In the message text:

*string* is the debug side file name.

**User response:** Recompile the corresponding source file, rebind your application, and then reissue the **dbgld** command.

---

**CDA0018** An error has occurred while processing the ISD debug information for *string*.

**Explanation:** The **dbgld** command is unable to convert the ISD debug information into DWARF debug information.

In the message text:

*string* is the source file name.

**User response:** Recompile the specified source file with the **-g** compiler option, rebind your application, and then reissue the **dbgld** command. If this is not a viable option, please contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**CDA0019** An error has occurred while processing the DWARF debug information for *string*.

**Explanation:** The `dbgld` command is unable to process the DWARF debug information in the specified debug side file.

In the message text:

*string* is the debug side file name.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Provide the indicated error text to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**CDA0020** The source file *string* cannot be opened for reading.

**Explanation:** Either the source file does not exist, or the file permissions for the source file do not have read permissions set. The contents of the source file will not be added to the module map.

In the message text:

*string* is the source file name.

**User response:** Ensure the source file exists and that it has read permissions set.

---

**CDA0021** Error writing to module map file *string*.

**Explanation:** There may be insufficient disk space to write to the file.

In the message text:

*string* is the module map file.

**User response:** Ensure there is enough disk space available.

---

## FOMC

---

**FOMC2800** Usage: `chcp [-q|-r] chcp [-s] -a ASCII_cp chcp [-s] -e EBCDIC_cp chcp [-s] -a ASCII_cp -e EBCDIC_cp`

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct syntax for the `chcp` command. It is displayed when incorrect or missing command options are used.

**User response:** Reenter the `chcp` command with correct command options. For a description of the `chcp` options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2801** *-string* is an unknown `chcp` command option.

**Explanation:** The `chcp` command does not recognize the command-line option displayed in the message.

In the message text:

*-string* The unknown option flag specified on the `chcp` command.

**User response:** Reenter the `chcp` command with correct command options. For a description of the `chcp` options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2802** The *-character* option appears more than once. All appearances after the first are not accepted.

**Explanation:** The option displayed in the message appears more than once on the `chcp` command line. `chcp` options must be specified only once.

In the message text:

*-character*

The duplicated option flag specified on the `chcp` command.

**User response:** Reenter the `chcp` command with correct command options. For a description of the `chcp` options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---



---

**FOMC2803** When using the ASCII code page option (-a), a code page name is required.

**Explanation:** The -a option was coded on the **chcp** command line, but no code page name was specified following the -a. When -a is present, a code page name must follow it on the command line. For example: **chcp -a IS08859-1 -e IBM-273**.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2804** When using the EBCDIC code page option (-e), a code page name is required.

**Explanation:** The -e option was coded on the **chcp** command line, but no code page name was specified following the -e. When -e is present, a code page name must follow it on the command line. For example: **chcp -a IS08859-1 -e IBM-273**.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2805** Specify only one of the query (-q), reset (-r), or set (-s) options on the chcp command line.

**Explanation:** More than one main operation (-q, -r, or -s) was requested on the **chcp** command line. The **chcp** command can perform only one of the query, reset, or set operations each time it is run.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2806** "-e string" specifies the name of an ASCII code page. An EBCDIC code page is required.

**Explanation:** The code page that follows the -e option flag must be an EBCDIC code page. The code page entered on the command line following -e is an ASCII code page.

In the message text:

**"-e string"**

The name of the ASCII code page.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2807** "-a string" specifies the name of an EBCDIC code page. An ASCII code page is required.

**Explanation:** The code page that follows the -a option flag must be an ASCII code page. The code page entered on the command line following -a is an EBCDIC code page.

In the message text:

**"-a string"**

The name of the EBCDIC code page.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2808** number positional parameters starting with "string" are not accepted.

**Explanation:** Two or more positional parameters were entered on the **chcp** command line following the option flags (if any). The message shows the first positional parameter on the command line. The **chcp** command does not accept any positional parameters.

In the message text:

*number* The number of positional parameters specified on the **chcp** command line.

**"string"** The text of the first positional parameter.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

**FOMC2809** Positional parameter "*string*" is not accepted.

**Explanation:** One positional parameter was entered on the **chcp** command line following the option flags (if any). This positional parameter is shown in the error message. The **chcp** command does not accept any positional parameters.

In the message text:

"*string*" The text of the positional parameter.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2810** The ASCII code page option (-a) must not be specified with the query (-q), or reset (-r) options.

**Explanation:** The ASCII code page option (-a) was present on the **chcp** command line along with either the query (-q) or reset (-r) options. The -a option can be used only when the set option (-s) is present or defaulted. Do not specify either -a or -e when performing a query or reset operation.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2811** The EBCDIC code page option (-e) must not be specified with the query (-q), or reset (-r) options.

**Explanation:** The EBCDIC code page option (-e) was present on the **chcp** command line along with either the query (-q) or reset (-r) options. The -e option can be used only when the set option (-s) is present or defaulted. Do not specify either -a or -e when performing a query or reset operation.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2812** When the set option (-s) is specified or defaulted, either the ASCII code page option (-a) or the EBCDIC code page option (-e) is required.

**Explanation:** The set option (-s) was used, but no ASCII or EBCDIC code pages were specified on the command line. When the **chcp -s** option is used, either the ASCII code page (-a *ASCII\_CP*), the EBCDIC code page (-e *EBCDIC\_CP*), or both code pages must be specified on the command line.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2813** The name for code page "*string*" contains more than *number* characters.

**Explanation:** The maximum length for **chcp** code page names is shown in the error message. The ASCII or EBCDIC code page name specified on the command line is too long. Code pages with shorter names must be used.

In the message text:

"*string*" The code page name that is too long.

*number* The maximum number of characters allowed in a code page name.

**User response:** Reenter the **chcp** command with correct command options. For a description of the **chcp** options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMC2814** An unexpected error occurred. error code = *number*, error data = "*string*"

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while **chcp** was running. This is an internal error. It is not caused by incorrect command syntax or I/O errors.

In the message text:

**error code** = *number*

The code that identifies this unexpected error.

**error data** = "*number*"

Error data that is associated with this error. If the string is empty, there is no data associated with this error.

**System programmer response:** This message indicates that there is a problem in the **chcp** command. Follow the usual procedures for reporting problems in z/OS UNIX.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2815 The chcp command cannot obtain *number* bytes of storage required for processing.**

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command could not obtain enough storage to run. The **chcp** command ends immediately whenever this happens.

In the message text:

*number* The number of bytes of storage that **chcp** requested.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the address spaces used by shell commands have enough storage to run the **chcp** command.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2821 The chcp command failed. The name of the controlling terminal cannot be determined. function = ctermid(), pathname = ""**

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command cannot determine the name of the controlling terminal. No code page operations are possible without the name of the controlling terminal.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Language Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the **ctermid()** output pathname shown in the error message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2822 The chcp command failed. The controlling terminal cannot be used. function = open(),  
pathname = "string",  
return value = number,  
errno = number (X'hexnum'),  
reason code = hexnum,  
message = "string"**

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command cannot open the controlling terminal. No code page operations are possible if the controlling terminal cannot be opened.

In the message text:

**pathname = "string"**

The pathname of the controlling terminal

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The **errno** value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this **errno** value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If **errno** = 0, no **errno** information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = "string"**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by **errno**. If **errno** = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the **errno** value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error

messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2823 This terminal does not support the `chcp` command.**

**Explanation:** The `chcp` command cannot be used on this terminal. The terminal does not support code page operations. If you are logged on through the TSO/E OMVS command, the `chcp` command is not supported.

**User response:** Do not run the `chcp` command when using this terminal.

To avoid this message when `chcp` is invoked from a shell script, and you are logged on through the TSO/E OMVS command, test the `_BPX_TERMPATH` environment variable. If this environment variable is set to `OMVS`, bypass the running of the `chcp` command. For more information about `_BPX_TERMPATH`, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

**FOMC2824 The `chcp` command failed. The code page capability for this terminal is unknown. `function = __tcgetcp()`, `file descriptor = number`, `pathname = "string"`, `return value = number`, `errno = number (X'hexnum')`, `reason code = hexnum`, `message = "string"`**

**Explanation:** The `chcp` command tried to determine the current code pages for the terminal. The `__tcgetcp()` function failed with the `errno` and `reason code` in the error message. The `chcp` command ended immediately.

In the message text:

**file descriptor = number**

The file descriptor of the controlling terminal.

**pathname = "string"**

The pathname of the controlling terminal.

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = "string"**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the `errno` value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2825 The ASCII code page was not changed. The current EBCDIC code page is not set.**

**Explanation:** `chcp` was run with just the ASCII code page (`-a ASCII_cp`) specified on the command line. The current EBCDIC code page for the terminal is not known, because the terminal is in binary mode. Whenever the `chcp` command is run and the terminal is in binary mode, both the ASCII and EBCDIC code pages must be specified on the command line. The code pages were not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the `chcp` command with both the ASCII code page (`-a ASCII_cp`) and the EBCDIC code page (`-e EBCDIC_cp`) on the command line. When the terminal is in binary mode, `chcp -r` can also be used to reset both code pages to the default values.

---

**FOMC2826** The EBCDIC code page was not changed. The current ASCII code page is not set.

**Explanation:** `chcp` was run with just the EBCDIC code page (`-e EBCDIC_cp`) specified on the command line. The current ASCII code page for the terminal is not known, because the terminal is in binary mode. Whenever the `chcp` command is run and the terminal is in binary mode, both the ASCII and EBCDIC code pages must be specified on the command line. The code pages were not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the `chcp` command with both the ASCII code page (`-a ASCII_cp`) and the EBCDIC code page (`-e EBCDIC_cp`) on the command line.

---

**FOMC2827** The code pages were not changed. ASCII code page "string" cannot be used with EBCDIC code page "string" on this terminal.

**Explanation:** The ASCII and EBCDIC code pages shown in the error message cannot be used together on this terminal. If the ASCII code page is IBM-932 or IBM-eucJP, the EBCDIC code page must be IBM-939. If the EBCDIC code page is IBM-939, the ASCII code page must be IBM-932 or IBM-eucJP. The code pages were not changed.

**User response:** Make sure to use only the allowed DBCS code pages on this terminal. Reenter the `chcp` command with the correct ASCII and EBCDIC DBCS code pages.

---

**FOMC2831** The code pages were not changed. The specified ASCII and EBCDIC code pages cannot be used together. `function = iconv_open(), tocode = "string", fromcode = "string", return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = "string"`

**Explanation:** The ASCII and EBCDIC code pages shown in the message cannot be used together. It is not possible to convert between these two code pages. The code pages were not changed.

In the message text:

**tocode = string**

The target code page passed to `iconv_open()`.

**fromcode = string**

The source code page passed to `iconv_open()`.

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = "string"**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the `errno` value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Make sure the code pages shown in the error message are correct. If not, reenter the `chcp` command using the `-a ASCII_cp` and `-e EBCDIC_cp` options to specify the correct code pages.

If the code pages are correct, report this error to the system programmer.

---

---

**FOMC2832** The code pages were not changed. Conversion from the ASCII code page to the EBCDIC code page cannot be set up. **function = iconv()**, **ASCII code page = "string"**, **EBCDIC code page = "string"**, **input bytes left = number**, **output bytes left = number**, **return value = number**, **errno = number (X'hexnum')**, **reason code = hexnum**, **message = "string"**

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command must build the ASCII to EBCDIC conversion table for this terminal. Both code pages contain single-byte codes, but **chcp** could not set up a 256-byte character conversion table. Either **iconv()** failed with the **errno** and **reason code** in the message, or the tables output from **iconv()** were not 256 bytes long. The code pages were not changed.

In the message text:

**ASCII code page = "string"**  
The requested ASCII code page.

**EBCDIC code page = "string"**  
The requested EBCDIC code page.

**input bytes left = number**  
The number of ASCII code points that can not be converted.

**output bytes left = number**  
The number of EBCDIC code points that are not used.

**return value = number**  
The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**  
The **errno** value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this **errno** value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If **errno = 0**, no **errno** information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**  
The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = "string"**  
A system error message that describes this error as reported by **errno**. If **errno = 0**, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the **errno** value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Make sure the code pages shown in the error message are correct. If not, reenter the **chcp** command using the **-a ASCII\_cp** and **-e EBCDIC\_cp** options to specify the correct code pages.

If the code pages are correct, report this error to the system programmer.

---

**FOMC2833** The code pages were not changed. Conversion from the EBCDIC code page to the ASCII code page cannot be set up. **function = iconv()**, **ASCII code page = "string"**, **EBCDIC code page = "string"**, **input bytes left = number**, **output bytes left = number**, **return value = number**, **errno = number (X'hexnum')**, **reason code = hexnum**, **message = "string"**

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command must build the EBCDIC to ASCII conversion table for this terminal. Both code pages contain single-byte codes, but **chcp** could not set up a 256-byte character conversion table. Either **iconv()** failed with the **errno** and **reason code** in the message, or the tables output from **iconv()** were not 256 bytes long. The code pages were not changed.

In the message text:

**ASCII code page = "string"**  
The requested ASCII code page.

**EBCDIC code page = "string"**  
The requested EBCDIC code page.

**input bytes left** = *number*

The number of EBCDIC code points that can not be converted.

**output bytes left** = *number*

The number of ASCII code points that are not used.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = "string"

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the errno value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Make sure the code pages shown in the error message are correct. If not, reenter the **chcp** command using the **-a ASCII\_cp** and **-e EBCDIC\_cp** options to specify the correct code pages.

If the code pages are correct, report this error to the system programmer.

**FOMC2834** The ASCII and EBCDIC code pages cannot be changed. **function** = `__tcsetcp()`, **ASCII code page** = "string", **EBCDIC code page** = "string", **file descriptor** = *number*, **pathname** = "string", **return value** = *number*, **errno** = *number* (X'hexnum'), **reason code** = *hexnum*, **message** = "string"

**Explanation:** The **chcp** command cannot change the code pages for the terminal. The `__tcsetcp()` function failed with the errno value and reason code shown in the message.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor of the controlling terminal.

**ASCII code page** = "string"

The requested ASCII code page.

**EBCDIC code page** = "string"

The requested EBCDIC code page.

**pathname** = "string"

The pathname of the controlling terminal.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = "string"

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the `errno` value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

---

**FOMC2835** The ASCII and EBCDIC code pages and tables cannot be changed. `function = __tcsettables()`, `ASCII code page = "string"`, `EBCDIC code page = "string"`, `file descriptor = number`, `pathname = "string"`, `return value = number`, `errno = number (X'hexnum')`, `reason code = hexnum`, `message = "string"`

**Explanation:** The `chcp` command cannot change the code pages for the terminal. The `__tcsettables()` function failed with the `errno` value and reason code shown in the message.

In the message text:

**file descriptor = number**

The file descriptor of the controlling terminal.

**ASCII code page = "string"**

The requested ASCII code page.

**EBCDIC code page = "string"**

The requested EBCDIC code page.

**pathname = "string"**

The pathname of the controlling terminal.

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = "string"**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information about this error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any problem determination procedures suggested for the `errno` value and the other error information shown in the message. Additional error messages may appear on the system console when this error occurs. If so, also follow any user responses for those messages.

**User response:** Report this error to the system programmer.

## FOMF

---

**FOMF0100I** Cannot open message catalog

**Explanation:** The message catalog `fomfmsgc.cat` cannot be opened.

**System action:** The command will proceed using default messages.

**User response:** Set your NLS environment variables to be consistent with a language feature installed on your system.



---

**FOMF0101I** *filename is empty or cannot be read*

**Explanation:** The automount master file could not be read or is an empty file.

**System action:** The automount configuration was not changed.

**User response:** Create a `/etc/auto.master` file or specify a master file pathname as the command argument.

---

**FOMF0102I** **Usage: automount [-aeqs] [master\_file\_name]automount -f file\_system\_name**

**Explanation:** The usage message displays the correct syntax for the automount command. Only one option flag can be specified.

**System action:** The automount configuration was not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the automount command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMF0103I** **Nothing to configure for file filename**

**Explanation:** The specified map file did not contain any configuration information.

**System action:** This map file did not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Delete the filename from `/etc/auto.master` or include configuration data in the file.

---

**FOMF0104I** **Directory does not exist: directory-name**

**Explanation:** The directory that you specified does not exist.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Create the directory and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0105I** **Line line-number: NAME keyword expected**

**Explanation:** The NAME keyword must be the first keyword in a map file.

**System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Correct the specifications in the map file named in the previous FOMF0107I message.

---

**FOMF0106I** **Line line-number: Invalid keyword: name**

**Explanation:** This symbol is not a valid keyword.

**System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Correct the specifications in the map file named in the previous FOMF0107I message.

---

**FOMF0107I** **Processing file filename**

**Explanation:** This message names the map file being processed.

**User response:** None

---

**FOMF0108I** **Managing directory directory-name**

**Explanation:** This message names the directory just configured for the automounter.

**User response:** None

---

**FOMF0109I** **Line line-number: Invalid number: number**

**Explanation:** The symbol is not a valid number or is out of range

**System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Correct the specifications in the map file named in the previous FOMF0107I message.

---

**FOMF0110I** Line *line-number*: **Argument not specified**

**Explanation:** A keyword is missing an argument.

**System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Correct the specifications in the map file named in the previous FOMF0107I message.

---

**FOMF0111I** Line *line-number*: **NAME \* must be the first entry**

**Explanation:** A *NAME \** statement was found in the map file but was not the first entry.

**System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

**User response:** Correct the specifications in the map file named in the previous FOMF0107I message.

---

**FOMF0112I** Error issuing PFSCCTL: *RC=number* *ERRNO=number* *REASON=number*

**Explanation:** An error occurred when the PFSCCTL command was issued. The return codes describe the error.

**System action:** The automount command terminates.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0113I** Directory name too long: *directory-name*

**Explanation:** The name of the directory to be managed by the automounter cannot contain more than 40 characters.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Rename the directory so it has a shorter pathname or reference the directory through a symbolic link that has a shorter pathname.

---

**FOMF0114I** Line *line-number*: **MODE must be RDWR or READ**

**Explanation:** The MODE keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0115I** Line *line-number*: *named-keyword* **argument is too long**

**Explanation:** The named keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0116I** Line *line-number*: **SETUID must be YES or NO**

**Explanation:** The SETUID keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0117I** Mount failed for directory *directory-name*. *Errno=number* *Reason=number*

**Explanation:** The automounter could not mount itself on the specified directory. The error code and reason code are shown.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

---

**FOMF0118I** Map file not specified for directory *directory-name*

**Explanation:** The automount master file contains a pathname for a directory to manage but no filename for the map file.

**System action:** The automount configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0119I** Line *line-number*: SECURITY must be YES or NO

**Explanation:** The SECURITY keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0120I** Line *line-number*: AUTOMOVE must be YES or NO

**Explanation:** The AUTOMOVE keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0121I** Line *line-number*: CCSID for TAG is not valid

**Explanation:** The CCSID decimal value for the TAG keyword has invalid characters or is out of range.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0122I** Line *line-number*: TAG must include TEXT or NOTEXT

**Explanation:** The TAG keyword line must specify TEXT or NOTEXT after the CCSID value and the comma.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0123I** Line *line-number*: Keyword error in allocation string at word *word-number*: *keyword*

**Explanation:** The allocation string specified on ALLOCUSER or ALLOCANY contains an unidentified word. The word number and word are shown.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0124I** Line *line-number*: LOWERCASE must be YES or NO

**Explanation:** The LOWERCASE keyword was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The specified directory is not configured for automount.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0125I** Automount policy was not changed

**Explanation:** The automount policy was not changed due to errors found in the automount policy.

**System action:** The current automount configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the errors and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0126I** Line *line-number*:keyword PATHPERM is not supported.

**Explanation:** The PATHPERM keyword is not supported for this file system type.

**System action:** The automount policy is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the errors and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0127I** Line *line-number*:keyword PATHPERM has an invalid value.

**Explanation:** The PATHPERM keyword only supports the digits 0-7.

**System action:** The automount policy is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the errors and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0128I** Line *line-number*LOWERCASE and CHARCASE mutually exclusive

**Explanation:** The LOWERCASE keyword is mutually exclusive with the CHARCASE keyword.

**System action:** The automount policy is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the errors and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0129I** Line *line-number* CHARCASE must be UPPER, LOWER, or ASIS.

**Explanation:** The CHARCASE keyword must be specified as UPPER, LOWER, or ASIS.

**System action:** The automount policy is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the errors and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0130I** Error issuing command: *reason*

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command could not be issued through OMVS. *Reason* provides additional information about the failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again or use the -t option.

---

**FOMF0131I** FOMF0131I Allocation for SYSTSIN failed

**Explanation:** The SYSTSIN DD name could not be allocated. An allocation failure message precedes this message with information about the allocation failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0132I** Allocation for SYSTSPRT failed

**Explanation:** The SYSTSPRT DD name could not be allocated. An allocation failure message precedes this message with information about the allocation failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0133I** TSO Environment service failed: *reason*

**Explanation:** The TSO environment could not be established. *Reason* provides more information about the failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

---

**FOMF0134I TSOLNK failed:** *reason*

**Explanation:** The TSO service routine could not be invoked. *Reason* provides more information about the failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0135I Command too long or all blanks**

**Explanation:** The argument was either not specified or contains more than 32,768 characters.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0136I Command not found**

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command specified in the argument was not found.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0137I Command syntax error**

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command specified in the argument does not have correct syntax.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0138I Command not supported in background**

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command specified in the argument is not supported in a TSO/E background environment.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** This command cannot be run with the tso utility using the -t option. Try to use the -o option.

---

**FOMF0139I Authorized commands are not supported**

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command specified in the argument is not supported through the TSO/E environment service.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** This command cannot be run with the tso utility using the -t option. Try to use the -o option.

---

**FOMF0140I Invalid option specified**

**Explanation:** An unsupported option was specified.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Specify a valid option. The supported options are -t and -o.

---

**FOMF0141I Unable to set 3270 passthrough mode**

**Explanation:** The controlling pseudo-tty does not support 3270 passthrough mode or there is no controlling pseudo-tty and the -o option was specified.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Reenter the command using the -t option.

---

---

**FOMF0142I Command abended:** *reason*

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command abended. *Reason* provides more information about the abend.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0143I Terminated by signal** *signal\_number*

**Explanation:** The tso shell command terminated due to a signal.

---

**FOMF0144I Fork failed:** *reason*

**Explanation:** The tso shell command attempted to fork() and the fork failed. *Reason* provides more information about the failure.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0145I Data set not allocated to DD\_name:** *data\_set*

**Explanation:** The data set could not be allocated to the DD name. An allocation failure message precedes this message with information about the allocation failure.

**System action:** The TSO/E command is not run.

**User response:** Correct the problem and try again.

---

**FOMF0161I No information found.**

**Explanation:** This is the output of the `-f file_system_name`. There is no information found for the specified file system.

**System action:** No system action is taken.

**User response:** No user response is needed.

---

**FOMF0164I File system name too long**

**Explanation:** The specified file system name is longer than the maximum allowed, which is 44 characters.

**System action:** No system action is taken.

**User response:** Change the file system name to a name that is 44 characters or less in length.

---

| **FOMF0165I Error issuing syscall:** **RC=number** **ERRNO=number** **REASON=number**

| **Explanation:** An error occurred when a syscall command was issued. The return code describes the error.

| *syscall* The name of the syscall command.

| **System action:** The automount command terminates.

| **User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

| **FOMF0166I** *line\_number*: **Expect a line after the continuation character**

| **Explanation:** The last line has a continuation character.

| **System action:** This map file does not change the automount configuration.

| **User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

---

**FOMF0201I Usage:** configstk [-s] [config\_file\_name]

**Explanation:** The usage message displays the correct syntax for the configstk command.

**System action:** The configuration was not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the configstk command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMF0202I** *file is empty or cannot be read*

**Explanation:** The configuration file could not be read or is an empty file.

**System action:** The configuration was not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the configstk command specifying a correct pathname for the configuration file.

---

**FOMF0203I Error issuing PFSCCTL:** RC=*number* ERRNO=*number* REASON=*number*

**Explanation:** An error occurred when the PFSCCTL command was issued. The return codes describe the error.

**System action:** The configstk command terminates.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0204I** *Line line-number:* **Invalid device number**

**Explanation:** Device numbers must be specified as four hex digits and the number must be an even number.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0205I** *Line line-number:* **Duplicate device address**

**Explanation:** Cannot duplicate device addresses.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0206I** *Line line-number:* **Invalid arguments**

**Explanation:** Unexpected text was found on a HOME or GATEWAY statement.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0207I** **Too many addresses specified for device** *device-name*

**Explanation:** No more than 256 IP addresses can be specified for a device.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0208I** *Line line-number:* **Invalid HOME IP address**

**Explanation:** The IP address on the HOME statement is not in the proper format for an IP address.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0209I** Line *line-number*: Invalid or missing BUFFERS keyword

**Explanation:** BUFFERS must be specified on the HOME statement.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0211I** Line *line-number*: Duplicate HOME keyword

**Explanation:** Only one HOME statement can be specified in the configuration file.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0212I** Line *line-number*: Invalid keyword: *keyword*

**Explanation:** A keyword was expected but not found.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0213I** HOME keyword must be specified

**Explanation:** One HOME statement must be specified in the configuration file.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0214** Too many IP addresses specified

**Explanation:** The configuration file cannot contain more than 256 IP addresses.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0215I** Too many devices specified

**Explanation:** The configuration file cannot contain more than 32 GATEWAY statements.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0216I** At least one IP address must be specified for device *device-type*

**Explanation:** Each GATEWAY statement must be followed by a list of at least one IP address.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0217I** Line *line-number*: Duplicate IP address

**Explanation:** The same IP address cannot appear twice in the configuration file.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---



---

**FOMF0218I** Line *line-number*: **Missing CHECKSUM or NOCHECKSUM keyword**

**Explanation:** CHECKSUM or NOCHECKSUM must be specified on the GATEWAY statement.

**System action:** The configuration is not changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0219I** Error processing device *device*: **Reason code=number**

**Explanation:** An error occurred when configuring the device. The reason code describes the error.

**System action:** This device is not configured.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0220I** Unable to locate active configuration

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to access the configuration.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Ensure a configuration has been activated.

---

**FOMF0221I** *buffer-type* **Buffers allocated: number of maximum-number**

**Explanation:** This displays the number of read or write buffers that are allocated and the maximum number that can be allocated.

---

**FOMF0301I** Usage: extattr [+alps] [-alps] [-F NA | BIN | NL | CR | LF | CRLF | LFCR | CRNL | REC] file ...

**Explanation:** The usage message displays the correct syntax for the extattr command.

**System action:** No file attributes were changed.

**User response:** Reenter the extattr command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMF0302I** *filename*: **File not found**

**Explanation:** The file does not exist.

**System action:** Attributes for the file were not changed.

**User response:** Reenter the extattr command using a correct filename.

---

**FOMF0303I** *filename: service* **error: rv=number, errno=number, rsn=number**

**Explanation:** An error was encountered processing *filename* issuing a *service* call. The return codes describe the error.

**System action:** No file attributes were changed.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the extattr command.

---

**FOMF0307I** **Attributes not set:** *filename*

**Explanation:** Specified attributes for the file *filename* could not be set.

**System action:** No file attributes were changed.

**User response:** Ensure you have authority to set the attributes and the file is a regular file.

---

**FOMF0308I** *filename*: **Not a regular file**

**Explanation:** Specified attributes for the file *filename* could not be set.

**System action:** No file attributes were changed.

**User response:** Only set extended attributes on regular files.

---

**FOMF0310I** File Format Flag is not set: *filename*

**Explanation:** Specified format flag for the file *filename* could not be set.

**System action:** No file format options were changed.

| **User response:** Ensure you have authority to set the attributes and the file is a regular file.

---

**FOMF0331I** Usage: filecache [-a filename...] filecache [-d filename...] filecache [-p|-q|-r]

**Explanation:** Incorrect syntax was used on the file cache command.

**System action:** No files were cached.

**User response:** Reenter the filecache command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMF0332I** Conflicting options

**Explanation:** Conflicting options were specified on the filecache command line.

**System action:** Files were not cached.

**User response:** Reenter the filecache command using the correct options.

---

**FOMF0333I** Error issuing PFSCCTL: RC=*number* ERRNO=*number* REASON=*number*

**Explanation:** An error occurred when the PFSCCTL command was issued. The return codes describe the error.

**System action:** The filecache command terminates.

**User response:** Correct the error and reenter the command.

---

**FOMF0334I** *filename*: file must be an existing regular file

**Explanation:** Only regular files that already exist can be cached.

**System action:** The file was not cached.

**User response:** Reenter the filecache command naming a regular file.

---

**FOMF0401I** Maximum storage allocation is *number*K

**Explanation:** Shows the maximum amount of storage that can be used by STREAMS message blocks.

---

**FOMF0402I** The current storage allocation is *number*K

**Explanation:** Shows the current amount of storage that is in use for STREAMS message blocks.

---

**FOMF0501I** Async mount proceeding for *file-system-name*

**Explanation:** The mount command was accepted and will complete later.

---

**FOMF0502I** Mount complete for *file-system-name*

**Explanation:** The mount command completed without error.

---

**FOMF0503I** Error invoking *service-name*: *return-code*

**Explanation:** The named service call failed with the printed return code.

---

---

**FOMF0504I** *service-name* **error:** *error-number* *reason-code*

**Explanation:** The named service call failed with the printed return value and reason code. If diagnostic information is available for these error codes it will follow this message in English.

---

**FOMF0505I** *number* **file systems could not be accessed**

**Explanation:** Some file systems could not be accessed.

**User response:** Rerun the command with superuser authority.

---

**FOMF0506I** **Usage:** **mount** [-t *fstype*] [-o *fsoptions*] [-d *destdsys*] [-a **yes** | **no** | **unmount** | **include, sysname,...** | **exclude, sysname,...**] [-s **nosecurity** | **nosetuid**] [-c **ccsid,text** | **notext**] [-w *time*] -f *fsname* **pathname**

**Explanation:** This is the syntax description for the mount command.

---

**FOMF0507I** **mount -q** [-v] [-d *destdsys*] **pathname...**

**Explanation:** This is a continuation of message FOMF0506I

---

**FOMF0508I** **Enter Y to proceed with unmount or N to end program**

**Explanation:** -p was specified for prompt mode on the unmount command and a file system is about to be unmounted.

---

**FOMF0509I** **Asynchronous mount failed for** *file-system*

**Explanation:** Asynchronous mount processing failed within the specified time.

---

**FOMF0510I** **Wait time expired. Async mount proceeding for** *file-system*

**Explanation:** Specified wait time expired. Asynchronous mount still proceeding.

---

**FOMF0510I** **Path is not a mountpoint:** *path-name*

**Explanation:** The path name specified is not a mountpoint and the -m option flag was not specified.

---

**FOMF0521I** **Usage:** **umount** [-R | f] [-vp] [-o **umount\_option**] **name**

**Explanation:** This is the syntax description for the unmount command.

---

**FOMF0531I** **Usage:** **chmount** [-DRrws] [-d *sysname*] [-a **yes** | **no** | **unmount** | **include, sysname,...** | **exclude, sysname,...**] **path**

**Explanation:** This is the syntax description for the chmount command.

## FOMI

---

**FOMI1076I** **ipcrm could not remove IPC member**

**Explanation:** The requested message queue, semaphore set, or shared memory identifier could not be removed. Possible causes include:

- The IPC ID or key value specified on the command line is incorrect.
- The user ID does not have permission to remove the requested IPC member.

The **ipcrm** command got an error return code from **shmctl()**, **msgctl()**, or **semctl()**. For more information, see the error descriptions for these functions in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

**User response:** Make sure that the correct IPC key or ID is entered on the command line. Issue **ipcrm** from a user ID that has authority to remove the requested message queue, semaphore set, or shared memory identifier.

## FOMN

---

**FOMN0001** usage: *pgm -d conf*

**Explanation:** inetd was invoked with an invalid option. inetd displays the correct usage.

In the message text:

*pgm*

The program name – normally inetd.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** Invoke inetd with the correct syntax.

---

**FOMN0003** Sigaction for SIGALRM failed: *errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd was not able to set up a signal handler for SIGALRM.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *sigaction()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *sigaction()*.

**System action:** inetd continues but may later terminate or not correctly initialize if TCP/IP is not already initialized or if TCP/IP is later restarted.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0004** Sigaction for SIGHUP failed: *errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd was not able to set up a signal handler for SIGHUP.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *sigaction()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *sigaction()*.

**System action:** inetd continues but will terminate if later sent a SIGHUP signal, rather than reinitializing.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0005** Sigaction for SIGCHLD failed: *errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd was not able to set up a signal handler for SIGCHLD.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *sigaction()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *sigaction()*.

**System action:** inetd continues but will not monitor the termination of child processes. Child processes may become zombies and certain internal services will not process multiple requests.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

---

**FOMN0006 Sigaction for SIGTERM failed:** *errdesc*, *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd was not able to set up a signal handler for SIGTERM.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *sigaction()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *sigaction()*.

**System action:** inetd continues, but will terminate immediately if sent a SIGTERM signal rather than terminating cleanly.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0007 Sigaction for SIGINT failed:** *errdesc*, *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd was not able to set up a signal handler for SIGINT.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *sigaction()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *sigaction()*.

**System action:** inetd continues, but will terminate immediately if sent a SIGINT signal rather than terminating cleanly.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0008 select:** *errdesc*, *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** An error, other than EINTR, was returned on the *select()* *inetd* issues against the sockets descriptors for the services listed in the configuration file.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *select()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *select()*.

**System action:** If the errno returned is EMVSERR, and the reason code is JrTcpError, or the ERRNO is EIO, inetd assumes that TCP/IP terminated or a new stack has been started, issues message FOMN0009 and attempts to reinitialize the sockets. For other errors, inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** If inetd terminates, contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0009 TCP/IP TERMINATED**

**Explanation:** inetd has received an error indication which is interpreted as indicating that TCP/IP has terminated or that a new stack has been started. This message is preceded by one or more other messages indicating what error was received.

**System action:** inetd attempts to reinitialize the sockets for the services in the configuration file. If that fails, inetd attempts to reinitialize the sockets every three minutes.

**System programmer response:** Start TCP/IP, if appropriate.

---

**FOMN0010** *someone wants service*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. A request has arrived on the port associated with *service*.

In the message text:

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

**System action:** inetd will process that request, ultimately invoking the program specified for the service in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0011** *accept, ctrl sd*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. An *accept()* has been issued for the socket associated with a new request. *accept()* has given a new socket descriptor, *sd*, allowing the socket associated with the service to continue to be listened to, while the new socket descriptor is used when invoking the service for the new request.

In the message text:

*sd* The socket descriptor returned by *accept()*.

**System action:** If *sd* is not -1, inetd will continue process that request, ultimately invoking program specified for the service in the configuration file. If *sd* is -1, an error message may be issued to the syslog daemon and appropriate processing would be done.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0012** *accept, for service: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** An error was returned on the *accept()* inetd issued against the socket descriptor for the *service*.

In the message text:

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *accept()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *accept()*.

**System action:** If the error returned is EBADE, EMVSERR with a reason of JrTcpError, or EIO, inetd assumes that TCP/IP terminated or a new stack has been started, issues message FOMN0009 and attempts to reinitialize the sockets. For EMFILE, inetd closes the socket associated with service and continues, supporting the remaining services. For other errors, inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** If *errdesc* is associated with EMFILE, increase the maximum files per process (MAXFILEPROC in SYS1.PARMLIB member BPXPRMxx). Note that the maximum can also be changed dynamically with the SETOMVS or SET OMVS command, and can be specified on a per-user basis in RACF. If *errdesc* is associated with EBADE, EMVSERR or EIO, start TCP/IP, if appropriate. If inetd terminates, contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0014** *fork: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** An error was returned on the *fork()* inetd issued to start a new daemon for a request.

In the message text:

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *fork()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *fork()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing, but abandons the current request.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

**FOMN0015** *getpwnam: username: No such user: errdesc, rsn= reason\_code*

**Explanation:** An error was returned on the *getpwnam()* inetd issued in preparation for setting the proper username for a service.

In the message text:

*username*

A username specified in the configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *getpwnam()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *getpwnam()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing, but abandons the current request.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the username shown is correctly set up in your security product.

**FOMN0017** *pid execl program*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. inetd has forked a child to process a request and is about to exec the program associated with the requested service.

In the message text:

*pid*

The process id of the process. This is a child of inetd.

*program*

The program about to be executed.

**System action:** inetd issues the exec. This is the last debug message associated with processing a request.

**System programmer response:** None.

**FOMN0019** *execv server: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *execv()* of the server programs associated with a request has failed.

In the message text:

*server*

Pathname of server program being executed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *execv()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *execv()*.

**System action:** inetd will abandon the request.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that the server program exists. If the name is wrong, correct the appropriate entry in the inetd configuration file.

**FOMN0020** *pid reaped, status=status*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. A server, previously started by inetd, has ended and inetd has been notified by a SIGCHLD. inetd has issued a *waitpid()* to obtain the status.

In the message text:

*pid*

The process id of the server which has ended.

## FOMN0021 • FOMN0026

*status*

The status returned from *waitpid()*.

**System action:** inetd processing continues. Normal ending status is 100.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0021** *service: exit status=status*

**Explanation:** A server, with the "wait" option in the inet configuration file, has ended and *waitpid()* returned a status of *status*.

In the message text:

*service*

Status ending status returned from *waitpid()*.

**System action:** inetd continue processing continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0023** *restored service, fd fd*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. A server, with the "wait" option in the inet configuration file, has ended and inetd is ready to for the next request for this service.

In this message text:

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

**System action:** inetd continue processing continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0024** *config\_file: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** inetd could not open its configuration file.

In the message text:

*config\_file*

Filename specified when inetd was invoked. The default is /etc/inetd.conf.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *fopen()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *fopen()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that *config\_file* exists or specify the correct pathname.

---

**FOMN0026** *service/protocol: unknown service.*

**Explanation:** The *service* was requested in the inetd configuration file with the *protocol* shown, *getservbyname()* returned an error.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned to *getservbyname()* .



*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *getserbyname()*.

**System action:** *inetd* continues processing, but without the *service/protocol* shown.

**System programmer response:** Correct the *inetd* configuration file entry for the *service/protocol* shown, or add the *service* shown with the *protocol* shown to */etc/services* or TCP/IP's services data set.

**FOMN0027** *service/protocol: socket: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *socket()* failed for the *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the *inetd* configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the *inetd* configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the *errno* returned from *socket()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *socket()*.

**System action:** *inetd* continues processing, but without the *service/protocol* shown. If the *errdesc* shown is for *errno* EAGAIN, *inetd* will assume that TCP/IP is not started and will retry the *socket()* call again in three minutes.

**System programmer response:** If the *errdesc* is associated with EAGAIN, start TCP/IP. Otherwise contact IBM support.

**FOMN0028** *service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_DEBUG): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_DEBUG option, failed for the *service/protocol* shown. Note: SO\_DEBUG is set only if the debug (-d) option was specified when invoking *inetd*.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the *inetd* configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the *inetd* configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the *errno* returned to *setsockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** *inetd* continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

**FOMN0029** *service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_REUSEADDR): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_REUSEADDR option, failed for the *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the *inetd* configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the *inetd* configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the *errno* returned from *setsockopt()*.

## FOMN0030 • FOMN0042

### *reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

### FOMN0030 *service/protocol: bind: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *bind()* failed for the *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

#### *service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

#### *protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

#### *errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *bind()* .

#### *reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *bind()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing. Unless the errno associated with *errdesc* is EADDRINUSE or EACCES, an attempt will be made in three minutes to initialize the socket.

**System programmer response:** If the *return\_code* is EACCES or EADDRINUSE, the port is probably in use by or reserved for another application. In particular, by default, both telnet and 3270 telnet use the same port. It may be necessary to select an alternate port in */etc/services*.

---

### FOMN0037 Out of memory

**Explanation:** While processing the inetd configuration file, memory could not be obtained.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** Increase memory available and restart inetd.

---

### FOMN0041 internal service *service* unknown

**Explanation:** An entry in the inetd configuration file specified "internal" for the server program name, but *service* is not a supported internal service.

In the message text:

#### *service*

The service in the configuration file which is incorrect.

**System action:** inetd continues, but does not support *service*.

**System programmer response:** Correct the *service* name or supply a valid program name.

---

### FOMN0042 *strdup: errdesc*

**Explanation:** While processing inetd configuration file entries, inetd got an error return from a *strdup()* function call.

In the message text:

#### *errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *strdup()* .

**System action:** inetd continues, but will not support all services in the *inetd* configuration file.

**System programmer response:** If *errdesc* is associated with ENOMEM, increase memory available and restart inetd.

---

---

**FOMN0043 Unable to open *pidfile*: *errdesc*, *rsn=reason\_code***

**Explanation:** During initialization, inetd was not able to open its lock file.

In the message text:

*pidfile*

The name of the inetd lock file, normally /etc/inetd.pid.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *open()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *open()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** Correct the condition preventing the open of the file and restart *inetd*.

---

**FOMN0044 Unable to lock *pidfile*: *errdesc*, *rsn=reason\_code***

**Explanation:** During initialization, inetd was not able to lock its lock file.

In the message text:

*pidfile*

The name of the inetd lock file, normally /etc/inetd.pid.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *fcntl()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *fcntl()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** If *return\_code* is associated with EAGAIN, inetd is already active. Stop the other inetd if first if you wish to restart it. For other errors, contact IBM service.

---

**FOMN0048 bump\_nofile: cannot extend file limit**

**Explanation:** The maximum number of file/socket descriptors has been exceeded.

**System action:** inetd continues, but will not support all requested services.

**System programmer response:** Increase the number of file descriptors allowed per process.

---

**FOMN0049 Unable to get time of day**

**Explanation:** The time built-in service was unable to get the system time.

**System action:** A time of binary zeros is returned to the client.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0051 *action: service proto=protocol, wait.max=wait.max, user.group=user.group builtin=builtin server= server***

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. It is issued during initialization and whenever the sockets are reinitialized. If *action* is "ADD", the *service* is being added to the list of supported services; if "FREE", the service is being dropped; if "REDO", the service is being reinitialized.

In the message text:

*action*

"ADD", "REDO" or "FREE".

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

## FOMN0061 • FOMN0063

### *protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

### *wait*

Zero if "nowait" is specified on the configuration file entry for *service*.

### *max*

The maximum number of requests for *service* per 60 second interval before inetd considers it to be a flood of requests.

### *user*

The username *server* is to run under.

### *group*

The groupname *server* is to run under. If "(none)", *inetd* does not set the groupname.

### *built-in*

Zero if the service is not handled directly by inetd.

### *server*

Pathname of server program to be executed for the *service*.

**System action:** inetd continues initialization or re-initialization.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

## FOMN0061 *service/protocol* server failing (looping), service terminated

**Explanation:** The number of requests for the specified *service/protocol* during the last 60 seconds exceeded the maximum specified in the inetd configuration file.

In the message text:

### *service*

The name of the service specified in the configuration file.

### *protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

**System action:** The service is stopped. It will be reinitialized in three minutes.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

## FOMN0062 *setsid: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** During initialization, inetd issued a *setsid()* to create a new session – separate from the invoking process. The *setsid()* failed.

In the message text:

### *errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setsid()*

### *reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setsid()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

## FOMN0063 about to issue select *numsock*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. inetd is about to issue a *select()* on the sockets for the services specified in the inetd configuration file. There is one socket for each service specified in the inetd configuration file.

In the message text:

### *numsock*

The number of socks inetd is about to select on.

**System action:** inetd issues the *select()*. inetd will wait until someone requests one of the services, a signal is received, or an error occurs.

**System programmer response:** None.

#### FOMN0064 **select returned** *select\_rv*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. *inetd's select()* has ended, returning *select\_rv*. Normally, the return value will be either one, indicating that a request has arrived from a client, or -1 indicating an error - generally EINTR.

*select\_rv*

The return value returned to the inetd *select()* on sockets.

**System action:** If a request has arrived, inetd processes the request. If the return value is -1, message FOMN0065 is issued.

**System programmer response:** None.

#### FOMN0065 **select: errdesc. rsn=reason\_code.**

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option and the return value to *select()* is -1. The most common *return\_code* is EINTR, indicating that a signal has been received. Generally, this is from a SIGCHLD when a child process terminates. When that occurs, message FOMN0020 will have been issued.

**System action:** If an EINTR has been received, inetd re-issues the *select()*. For other *errno*s, message FOMN0008 and possibly FOMN0009 are issued.

**System programmer response:** If FOMN0008 or FOMN0009 is issued, see the response for those messages.

#### FOMN0066 *pgmname* **terminating**

**Explanation:** inetd is about to terminate.

In the message text:

*pgmname*

*inetd's* program name (inetd).

**System action:** inetd terminates.

**System programmer response:** If this is an unexpected termination, use other messages to determine the cause. Contact IBM support, if needed.

#### FOMN0067 *service/protocol: can't set gid gid: errdesc , rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** This message should not occur because the groupid being set was just obtained from a *getpwnam()*.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*gid*

The groupid being set.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the *errno* returned from *setgid()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setgid()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates the current request, but continues process subsequent requests.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

**FOMN0068** *service/protocol: can't set uid uid: errdesc , rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*uid*

The userid being set.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setuid()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setuid()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates the current request, but continues process subsequent requests.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0069** *service/protocol: setibmssockopt (SO\_EioIfNewTP):errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setibmssockopt()* to request notification if a TCP/IP stack starts (when running with common inet) or stops (when running without common inet, or when the last stack ends with common inet) did not succeed.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setibmssockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setibmssockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues, but may not close and restart sockets when TCP/IP stacks are started or recycled.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0070** *config: syntax error*

**Explanation:** An entry in the configuration file is incomplete. Information has to be provided for all fields in a configuration file entry. See the "inet daemon" section in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*

In the message text:

*config*

The name of the configuration file, inetd.conf by default.

**System action:** Initialization exits.

**System programmer response:** Edit the configuration file and provide the information for missing fields.

---

**FOMN0071** *service: malformed buffer size option 'text'*

**Explanation:** The syntax for a send or receive buffer size is incorrect. It must be a decimal number, optionally followed by a 'k' for kilobytes or 'm' for megabytes.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*text*

The value specified on `sndbuf=` or `rcvbuf=`.

**System action:** Initialization continues with other services specified in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** Edit the configuration file and provide a syntactically correct buffer size.

---

**FOMN0072** *service: invalid buffer size 'text'*

**Explanation:** A negative buffer size was provided.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the `inetd` configuration file.

*text*

The value specified on `sndbuf=` or `rcvbuf=`.

**System action:** Initialization continues with other services specified in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** Edit the configuration file and provide a positive buffer size.

---

**FOMN0073** *service: too many buffer sizes*

**Explanation:** More than two buffer sizes were provide for the service.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the `inetd` configuration file.

**System action:** Initialization continues with other services specified in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** Edit the configuration file and remove the redundant `sndbuf` or `rcvbuf`.

---

**FOMN0074** *service: invalid protocol specified*

**Explanation:** An invalid protocol was specified in a configuration file entry for service *service*.

In the message text:

*service*

A service specified in the `inetd` configuration file.

**System action:** Initialization continues with other services specified in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** Edit the configuration file and correct the protocol.

---

**FOMN0076** *action: localaddr: service: proto= protocol, sndbuf=sndbuf, rcvbuf=rcvbuf, wait.max= wait.max, user.group=user.group builtin=builtin server= server*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if `inetd` is started with the debug (`-d`) option. It is issued during initialization and whenever the sockets are reinitialized. If *action* is "ADD", the *service* is being added to the list of supported services; if "FREE", the service is being dropped; if "REDO", the service is being reinitialized.

In the message text:

*action*

"ADD", "REDO" or "FREE".

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates `INADDR_ANY` (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the `inetd` configuration file.

## FOMN0077 • FOMN0078

### *sndbuf*

The size of the send buffer specified in the configuration file. Zero if not specified.

### *rcvbuf*

The size of the receive buffer specified in the configuration file. Zero if not specified.

### *wait*

Zero if "nowait" is specified on the configuration file entry for *service*.

### *max*

The maximum number of requests for *service* per 60 second interval before *inetd* considers it to be a flood of requests.

### *user*

The username *server* is to run under.

### *group*

The groupname *server* is to run under. If "(none)", *inetd* does not set the groupname.

### *built-in*

Zero if the service is not handled directly by *inetd*.

### *server*

Pathname of server program to be executed for the *service*.

**System action:** *inetd* continues initialization or re-initialization.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

## FOMN0077 *localaddr: service/protocol: the address family is not supported by the kernel*

**Explanation:** The protocol chosen resulted in an address family that is not supported.

In the message text:

### *localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

### *service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

### *protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the *inetd* configuration file.

**System action:** Initialization continues with other services specified in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** This can be the result of choosing a protocol of *tcp6* or *udp6* without kernel support for AF\_UNIX6. Check the kernel initialization parameters, BPXPRMxx.

---

## FOMN0078 *someone wants service on localaddr*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if *inetd* is started with the debug (-d) option. A request has arrived on the port associated with *service* and the local IP address *localaddr*.

In the message text:

### *service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

### *localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

**System action:** *inetd* will process that request, ultimately invoking the program specified for the service in the configuration file.

**System programmer response:** None.

---



---

**FOMN0079** *pid execv program*

**Explanation:** This message is issued only if inetd is started with the debug (-d) option. inetd has forked a child to process a request and is about to exec the program associated with the requested service.

In the message text:

*pid*

The process id of the process. This is a child of inetd.

*program*

The program about to be executed.

**System action:** inetd issues the exec. This is the last debug message associated with processing a request.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0080** *localaddr: service/protocol: getaddrinfo errdesc*

**Explanation:** A *getaddrinfo()* issued by inetd initialization or restart processing failed. This can happen if *localaddr* is not a valid IP address, if TCP/IP or the resolver is not started or if *service/protocol* is not defined in */etc/services* or the TCP/IP services dataset.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the return value returned from *getaddrinfo()*.

**System action:** inetd continues with the next configuration file entry. It will retry those that fail every three minutes.

**System programmer response:** Start TCP/IP and the resolver, if necessary, and check and correct the inetd configuration file, */etc/services* file and/or the TCP/IP services data set. If the inetd configuration file is changed, it will be necessary to either stop and restart inetd, or send it a SIGHUP signal to pick up the changes.

---

**FOMN0081** *localaddr: service/protocol: getaddrinfo resolved to multiple addresses*

**Explanation:** A *getaddrinfo()* issued by inetd initialization or restart processing returned more than one IP address. This will happen only if *localaddr* is a name, not an IP address, and that name has more than one IP address associated with it. For instance, if *localaddr* were *somesite.ibm.com*, and that resolved to three IP addresses.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

The name of a service specified in the configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

**System action:** inetd continues with the next configuration file entry. It will retry those that fail every three minutes.

**System programmer response:** Change the entry in the inetd configuration file, providing either an IP address or a name that resolves to a single IP address. Then either stop and restart inetd or send it a SIGHUP signal to pick up the changes. inetd will not reread the configuration file unless the SIGHUP is sent.

---

**FOMN0082** *localaddr: service/protocol: setibmssockopt (SO\_EioIfNewTP):errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setibmssockopt()* to request notification if a TCP/IP stack starts (when running with common inet) or stops (when running without common inet, or when the last stack ends with common inet) did not succeed.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setibmssockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setibmssockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues, but may not close and restart sockets when TCP/IP stacks are started or recycled.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0083** *localaddr: service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_DEBUG): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_DEBUG option, failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown. Note: SO\_DEBUG is set only if the debug (-d) option was specified when invoking inetd.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned to *setsockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0084** *localaddr: service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_REUSEADDR): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_REUSEADDR option, failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setsockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

**FOMN0085** *localaddr: service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_SNDBUF n): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_SNDBUF option, failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*n* The send buffer size requested in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setsockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing with either a smaller buffer or the default.

**System programmer response:** If the *errdesc* corresponds to an errno of ENOBUFS, reduce the requested buffer size or consult TCP/IP documentation on how to provide more space. Otherwise, contact IBM support.

**FOMN0086** *localaddr: service/protocol: setsockopt (SO\_RCVBUF n): errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *setsockopt()* with the SO\_RCVBUF option, failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*n* The send buffer size requested in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setsockopt()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *setsockopt()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing with either a smaller buffer or the default.

**System programmer response:** If the *errdesc* corresponds to an errno of ENOBUFS, reduce the requested buffer size or consult TCP/IP documentation on how to provide more space. Otherwise, contact IBM support.

**FOMN0087** *localaddr: service/protocol server failing (looping), service terminated*

**Explanation:** The number of requests for the specified *localaddr* and *service/protocol* during the last 60 seconds exceeded the maximum specified in the inetd configuration file.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

The name of the service specified in the configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

**System action:** The service is stopped. It will be reinitialized in three minutes.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMN0088** *localaddr: service/protocol: can't set gid gid: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** This message should not occur because the groupid being set was just obtained from a *getpwnam()*.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*gid*

The groupid being set.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setgid()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setgid()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates the current request, but continues process subsequent requests.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMN0089** *localaddr: service/protocol: can't set uid uid: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** This message should not occur because the userid being set was just obtained from a *getpwnam()*.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*uid*

The userid being set.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *setuid()* .

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *setuid()*.

**System action:** inetd terminates the current request, but continues to process subsequent requests.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

**FOMN0090** *localaddr: service/protocol: socket: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *socket()* failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *socket()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from *socket()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing, but without the *service/protocol* shown. If the *errdesc* shown is for errno EAGAIN, *inetd* will assume that TCP/IP is not started and will retry the *socket()* call again in three minutes.

**System programmer response:** If the *errdesc* is associated with EAGAIN, start TCP/IP. Otherwise contact IBM support.

**FOMN0091** *localaddr: service/protocol: bind: errdesc, rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** The *bind()* failed for the *localaddr* and *service/protocol* shown.

In the message text:

*localaddr*

The local IP address specified in the configuration file. An asterisk indicates INADDR\_ANY (an "\*" in the configuration file) was requested or defaulted.

*service*

A service specified in the inetd configuration file.

*protocol*

The protocol specified for the service in the inetd configuration file.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from *bind()*.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned to *bind()*.

**System action:** inetd continues processing. Unless the errno associated with *errdesc* is EADDRINUSE or EACCES, an attempt will be made in three minutes to initialize the socket.

**System programmer response:** If the *return\_code* is EACCES or EADDRINUSE, the port is probably in use by or reserved for another application. In particular, by default, both telnet and 3270 telnet use the same port. It may be necessary to select an alternate port in */etc/services*.

## FOMR

---

### FOMR0201 Only one of -k and -v allowed

**Explanation:** rlogind was invoked with invalid options. Only one of Kerberos(-k) or Vacuous(-v) options are allowed.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Invoke rlogind with the correct syntax. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

### FOMR0202 Can't get peer name of remote host: errdesc

**Explanation:** getpeername() call failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from getpeername().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Determine why getpeername() call failed.

---

### FOMR0203 Can't get peer name of remote host:

**Explanation:** getpeername() call failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from getpeername().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from getpeername().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Determine why getpeername() call failed.

---

### FOMR0204 Setsockopt (SO\_KEEPALIVE): errdesc

**Explanation:** The Setsockopt() with the SO\_KEEPALIVE option failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from setsockopt().

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Determine why setsockopt() call failed.

---

### FOMR0206 Secondary port number error

**Explanation:** The secondary port number sent by the rlogin client using rcmd() call is in error. rlogind expects 0 (null byte) as the secondary port number, if it does not receive the null byte within 60 seconds from the rlogin client, it assumes something went wrong.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

### FOMR0207 Remote host requires Kerberos authentication

**Explanation:** Remote host requires Kerberos authentication, but the Vacuous(-v) option is specified.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that remote host is Kerberos authenticated.

---

**FOMR0209 Connection from address on illegal port**

**Explanation:** Connection from the specified IP address is not bound to a reserved port.

*address*

Numerical IP address of the host.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the client at the specified address is bound to a reserved port.

---

**FOMR0210 Permission denied**

**Explanation:** Permission for connection from specified IP address and port is denied.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that client at the specified address is bound to a reserved port.

---

**FOMR0211 Connection received using IP options (ignored): options**

**Explanation:** getsockopt() call was successful. The internet protocol options are:

*options*

IP options string.

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** This is an informational message only.

---

**FOMR0212 Setsockopt IP\_OPTIONS NULL: errdesc**

**Explanation:** Explanation: setsockopt() call with IP\_OPTIONS failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from setsockopt().

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Determine why setsockopt() call failed.

**User response:** rlogin request terminates.

---

**FOMR0213 Host address mismatch.**

**Explanation:** Login failed. The user is not authenticated.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**User response:** Verify that user name and password are correct.

---

**FOMR0214 Setgid error errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** setgid() call failed to set the required group ID.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from setgid().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from setgid().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the error description and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*-> and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**FOMR0215** **Initgroups error errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** Initgroups() call failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from initgroups().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from initgroups().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the error description and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference->* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0216** **Setuid error errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** setuid() call failed to set the required user ID.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from setuid().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from setuid().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the error description and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference->* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0217** **Execfp to rlogind2 error errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** Exec function Ffailed to execute rlogind2.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from execlp().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from execlp().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the error description and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0218** **Rlogind: message\_string: errdesc rsn= reason\_code**

**Explanation:** This message line contains the actual message string for rlogin daemon messages.

*message\_string*

actual rlogin daemon message with error description and reason code.

**System programmer response:** Refer to the actual message.

**User response:** Look up the actual message and take appropriate action as described.

---

**FOMR0219** **Rlogind: message\_string**

**Explanation:** This message line contains the actual message string for rlogin daemon messages. *message\_string* actual rlogin daemon message.

**System programmer response:** Refer to the actual message.

**User response:** Look up the actual message and take appropriate action as described.

---



---

**FOMR0220 Remuser too long**

**Explanation:** The length of the remote user name supplied was invalid.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**User response:** Provide the correct length remote user name when logging in. Refer to local rlogin client documentation.

---

**FOMR0221 Locuser too long**

**Explanation:** The length of the local user name supplied was invalid.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**User response:** Provide the correct length local user name when logging in. Refer to local rlogin client documentation.

---

**FOMR0222 Terminal type too long**

**Explanation:** The length of the terminal type supplied was invalid.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**User response:** Check the length of specified terminal type. Refer to local rlogin client documentation.

---

**FOMR0223 Usage: rlogind -adlmn -k | -v**

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct syntax for the rlogin daemon with Kerberos authentication defined. It is displayed when the syntax supplied is incorrect.

**User response:** Reenter the rlogind command using correct syntax. For a description of the rlogind options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMR0224 Usage: rlogind -adlmn**

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct syntax for the rlogin daemon without Kerberos authentication defined. It is displayed when the syntax supplied is incorrect.

**User response:** Reenter the rlogind command using correct syntax. For a description of the rlogind options, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

**FOMR0225 Login:**

**Explanation:** You are being prompted for your login name.

**User response:** Provide a login name to start the login process.

---

**FOMR0226 <username>'s Password:**

**Explanation:** You are being asked to supply a login password or password phrase.

**User response:** Supply the correct password or password phrase. A password is at most 8 bytes long and a password phrase is 9-100 bytes long. Any character string greater than 100 or zero in length is invalid. Check with your installation security product for additional restrictions.

---

**FOMR0227 Caller is not a member of BPX.DAEMON facility**

**Explanation:** The password verification routine failed. The user ID of the rlogin daemon invoker is not defined in the BPX.DAEMON facility.

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Insufficient authorization of the rlogin daemon: The rlogin daemon uses the `_passwd()` call to authenticate the remote user. Programs that call `_passwd()` in a z/OS UNIX environment that is secured with BPX.DAEMON must be defined as program controlled to the security manager. Have your system

administrator set the program controlled extended attribute for the rlogin daemon.

---

**FOMR0228 You entered an invalid login name or password**

**Explanation:** The login name or password or password phrase you supplied was invalid. You will be prompted again for the login name.

**User response:** Provide the correct name and password or password phrase. The terminal session will be closed after three invalid attempts.

---

**FOMR0229 Password expired**

**Explanation:** Your password or password phrase has expired.

**User response:** You will be prompted to change it.

---

**FOMR0230 Enter new password:**

**Explanation:** You are being prompted to enter a new password or password phrase because your old one expired.

**User response:** Enter new, valid password or password phrase.

---

**FOMR0231 Re-enter new password:**

**Explanation:** You are changing your password or password phrase, and must reenter the new one for verification.

**User response:** Reenter the password or password phrase.

---

**FOMR0232 You entered an invalid password**

**Explanation:** While changing your password or password phrase, you entered a new one that was not valid.

**User response:** Use a password or password phrase that is valid according to your site's requirements.

---

**FOMR0233 New passwords do not match**

**Explanation:** While changing your password or password phrase, the first and second new password or password phrase entries did not match.

**User response:** You will be prompted to change the password or password phrase again. You have up to three attempts.

---

**FOMR0234 Password too long**

**Explanation:** While changing your password or password phrase, you entered a new one that had more than 255 bytes.

**User response:** You will be prompted to enter a new password or password phrase again. You have up to three attempts. Use a password or password phrase that is valid according to your site's requirements.

---

**FOMR0235 Read error: errdesc**

**Explanation:** The read request for the banner file failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from read().

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Determine the cause of read failure based on error description. Consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

---

**FOMR0236 Open error: errdesc**

**Explanation:** The open request for the banner file failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from open().

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that /etc/banner file exists and has the correct access permissions. Consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0237 Malloc error**

**Explanation:** The malloc() call failed and storage was not obtained.

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and determine why malloc() call failed.

---

**FOMR0238 Password error, errdesc, reason\_code**

**Explanation:** This warning message is issued to syslog only if rlogind is started with the debug (-d) option. This message indicates that there was an error during password or password phrase authentication (\_\_passwd() call).

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from \_\_passwd().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from \_\_passwd().

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Check the error description and reason code to identify the error.

---

**FOMR0302 usage: rlogind2 -kxadm**

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct syntax for second part of the rlogin daemon. It is displayed when the syntax is incorrect.

*k* Specifies that the Kerberos authentication support be enabled.

*x* Specifies that the Encrypt support be enabled.

*a* Specifies that the requester's Internet address be checked against the local gethostbyname() file. This option has no effect because the rlogin daemon never uses the .rhosts file for authentication.

*d* Specifies that the debug option be enabled.

*m* Specifies that the multiprocess support in the user address space be enabled.

**User response:** Reenter the rlogind2 command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMR0303 user name not specified**

**Explanation:** User name was not passed as argument to second part of the rlogin daemon.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** The z/OS UNIX version of the rlogin daemon passes the terminal type as its first argument, and the user name as the second argument. Make sure a user name is specified.

**FOMR0304 term not specified**

**Explanation:** Terminal type was not passed as argument to second part of the rlogin daemon.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** The z/OS UNIX version of the rlogin daemon passes the terminal type as its first argument, and the user name as the second argument. Make sure a terminal type is specified.

---

**FOMR0307 ROOT Kerberos login from %s.%s@%s on %s**

**Explanation:** This is a Root Kerberos login authentication information message issued to syslog.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMR0309 select mask too small, increase FD\_SETSIZE**

**Explanation:** Number of open file descriptors is more than the defined FD\_SETSIZE. This error message is issued to syslog.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Check the FD\_SETSIZE and increase it accordingly. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0310 internal error (select mask too small)**

**Explanation:** Number of open file descriptors is more than the defined FD\_SETSIZE.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Check the FD\_SETSIZE and increase it accordingly. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0311 select errdesc rs=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** Select() call failed.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from select().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from select().

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the select() request failed based on error description and reason code. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0312 EOF on socket**

**Explanation:** Read() call on a socket returned an error or zero value indicating EOF. This message is issued to syslog only if rlogind2 is started with the debug (-d) option.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

---

**FOMR0313 EOF on master tty**

**Explanation:** Readv() call on a master TTY returned an error or zero value indicating EOF. This message is issued to syslog only if rlogind2 is started with the debug (-d) option.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

---

---

**FOMR0314 child waitpid failed**

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request by parent process to wait for the child process to terminate and save the exit status failed.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the waitpid() request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0315 child exit status=status**

**Explanation:** The exit status of the child process. This informational message is issued to syslog only if rlogind2 is started with the debug (-d) option.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

**System programmer response:** None.

---

**FOMR0316 Fork utmp error errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** Fork() call failed to create a new process to close the utmp file entry.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from fork().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from fork().

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the fork() request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:**

---

**FOMR0317 execl FSUMOCLO error**

**Explanation:** Execl() function failed to execute FSUMOCLO to close the utmp file entry.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMR0318 waitpid failed, status=status**

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request by parent process to wait for the child process to update and close the utmp file entry failed

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the waitpid() request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0319 utmp error = status**

**Explanation:** There was an error in utmp file update and close processing. The process returned with non-zero value status.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Check the returned status and investigate the error. For more information on the status value, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:**

---

**FOMR0320 Rlogind2: message\_string: errdesc rsn= reason\_code**

**Explanation:** This message line contains the actual message string for rlogind2 messages.

*message\_string*

actual rlogind2 message with error description and reason code.

**System programmer response:** Refer to the actual message.

**User response:** Look up the actual message and take appropriate action as described.

---

**FOMR0321 Rlogind2: message\_string**

**Explanation:** This message line contains the actual message string for rlogind2 messages.

*message\_string*

actual rlogind2 message.

**System programmer response:** Refer to the actual message.

**User response:** Look up the actual message and take appropriate action as described.

---

**FOMR0322 Out of ptys**

**Explanation:** Could not obtain a free pseudo-TTY. Out of pseudo-TTYs. All pseudo-TTYs may be in use.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this master pseudo-TTY is defined correctly. The system looks for pseudo-TTYs starting at /dev/ptyp0000 and continues looking for pseudo-TTYs up through /dev/ptyp9999, in order. As soon as the system fails for one of these pseudo-TTYs, it looks no further.

**User response:**

---

**FOMR0323 open error on line errdesc rsn=reason\_code**

**Explanation:** Open() call failed to open a slave pseudo terminal.

*line*

Pseudo-TTY name.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the errno returned from open().

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from open().

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the open() request failed. For more information on open failure and error description, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0324 Can not translate current code page**

**Explanation:** Could not initialize the translation tables from ISO8859-1 to EBCDIC codeset name for current locale of the rlogin daemon.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support.

---

**FOMR0325 Packet mode control byte=n**

**Explanation:** This informational message is issued to syslog only if rlogin daemon is started with the debug (-d) option. This message indicates the control byte of the pty packet mode.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

---

**FOMR0326** `__tcsetattr` *errdesc* *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** `tcsetattr()` call failed to set the extended attributes to master terminal TTY.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the `errno` returned from `tcsetattr()`.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from `tcsetattr()`.

**System action:** `rlogind2` terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the `tcsetattr()` request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0327** `__tcsetcp` *errdesc* *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** `__tcsetcp()` call failed to set the terminal code page information for master terminal TTY.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the `errno` returned from `__tcsetcp()`.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from `__tcsetcp()`.

**System action:** `rlogind2` terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the `__tcsetcp()` request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0328** `__tcgetcp` *errdesc* *rsn=reason\_code*

**Explanation:** `__tcgetcp()` call failed to get the terminal code page information for master terminal TTY.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the `errno` returned from `__tcgetcp()`.

*reason\_code*

The reason code returned from `__tcgetcp()`.

**System action:** `rlogind2` terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the `__tcgetcp()` request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0329** Error using code pages *toname* and *fromname* - returning to default code pages

**Explanation:** The current code pages are not working correctly. Returning to default code pages.

*toname*

EBCDIC code page.

*fromname*

ASCII code page.

**System action:** `rlogind2` continues processing.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why specified code pages are not working correctly.

---

**FOMR0330** Change to binary mode

**Explanation:** The binary flag mode has been set to the TTY. This informational message is issued to `syslog` only if `rlogin` daemon is started with the `debug(-d)` option.

**System action:** `rlogind2` continues processing.

---

**FOMR0331 Change to SingleByte pages toname, fromname**

**Explanation:** Single-byte conversion table is being initialized to handle new code pages. This informational message is issued to syslog only if rlogin daemon is started with the debug (-d) option.

*toname*

EBCDIC code page.

*fromname*

ASCII code page.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

---

**FOMR0332 Change to MultiByte pages toname, fromname**

**Explanation:** Multibyte conversion table is being initialized to handle new code pages. This informational message is issued to syslog only if rlogin daemon is started with the debug (-d) option.

*toname*

EBCDIC code page.

*fromname*

ASCII code page.

**System action:** rlogind2 continues processing.

---

**FOMR0333 Unexpected input string**

**Explanation:** iconv() call to translate the multi byte ASCII character to EBCDIC returned EINVAL error value. The input character is incomplete or invalid.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why input character is incomplete or invalid. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0334 Unexpected iconv error**

**Explanation:** iconv() call to translate the multi byte ASCII character to EBCDIC failed.

**System action:** rlogind2 terminates.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the iconv() code conversion request failed. For more information, consult *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

**FOMR0239 Unsupported address family: n**

**Explanation:** Unsupported address family is specified.

*n* Specified address family.

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Specify the correct address family. Supported address families are AF\_INET and AF\_INET6 (z/OS 1.4 or higher).

---

**FOMR0240 Getnameinfo on \"from\" address failed: errdesc**

**Explanation:** getnameinfo() call failed on from address.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the error value returned from getnameinfo().

**System action:** rlogin request terminates.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS C/C++ Run-Time Library Reference*. Determine why getnameinfo() call failed based on error description.

---



---

**FOMR0241** Couldn't look up address for hostname: errdesc

**Explanation:** getaddrinfo() call failed for address lookup for the specified hostname.

*errdesc*

Error description associated with the error value returned from getaddrinfo().

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Determine why getaddrinfo() call failed based on error description.

---

**FOMR0242** Host addr address not listed for host hostname

**Explanation:** Specified host numerical address is not listed for canonical name or host name.

*address*

Numerical address.

*hostname*

Name of the host.

**System action:** rlogin session continues.

**System programmer response:** Consult TCP/IP documentation and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

---

## FSUC

---

**FSUC0501** Load average unavailable

**Explanation:** The **load average** editing command could not be completed.

**System action:** Command ends.

---

**FSUC0606** No matching command

**Explanation:** Command completion was not successful because the command does not exist.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify statement with a valid command.

---

**FSUC0607** Ambiguous command

**Explanation:** Command completion as not successful because more than one command matched the specifications.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command in a more precise manner.

---

**FSUC0721** *program-name*: No entry for terminal type *string*

**Explanation:** There was no entry for the specified terminal type in the terminfo database.

**System action:** Processing continues.

---

**FSUC0722** *program-name*: using dumb terminal settings.

**Explanation:** No terminfo could be found, so a dumb terminal is being used.

**System action:** Processing continues.

---

**FSUC0801 Unknown switch**

**Explanation:** An incorrect option was passed to the **setty** command. Valid options are: a, q, d, x.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC0802 Invalid argument**

**Explanation:** An incorrect argument was passed to the **setty** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check the syntax, and reissue command.

---

**FSUC0901 AddXkey: Null extended-key not allowed.**

**Explanation:** A null extended-key was issued on the **bindkey** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command using a non-null extended-key.

---

**FSUC0902 AddXkey: sequence-lead-in command not allowed**

**Explanation:** A **sequence-lead-in** command cannot be bound to multicharacter key binding.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue statement with a different command.

---

**FSUC0903 DeleteXkey: Null extended-key not allowed.**

**Explanation:** A null extended-key was issued on the **bindkey -r** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command using a non-null extended-key.

---

**FSUC0904 Unbound extended key *key***

**Explanation:** The specified key on the **bindkey** command was not bound to anything.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with the proper syntax.

---

**FSUC0905 Some extended keys too long for internal print buffer**

**Explanation:** The extended key was longer than the 95 character buffer limit.

**System action:** Command ends.

---

**FSUC0907 no input**

**Explanation:** There is no specified function associated with this key.

**System action:** Command ends.

---

**FSUC0908 Something must follow: *string***

**Explanation:** The syntax of your **bindkey** command is not correct.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax, and reissue statement.

---

---

**FSUC0909** Octal constant does not fit in a char.

**Explanation:** An octal constant was entered which is greater than 400.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with an octal value less than 400.

---

**FSUC1101** Warning: no access to tty (*string*).

**Explanation:** You do not have access to **tty** job control. The process specified does not belong to a process in the same session with the **tty**.

**System programmer response:** **setpgid()** or **tcsetpgrp()** system call failed. These calls succeed only if processed by a super-user, or if *id* is the real or effective user(group) id of the calling process.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUC1102** Thus no job control in this shell.

**Explanation:** You do not have access to **tty** job control. The process specified does not belong to a process in the same session with the **tty**.

**System programmer response:** **setpgid()** or **tcsetpgrp()** system call failed. These calls succeed only if processed by a super-user, or if *id* is the real or effective user(group) id of the calling process.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUC1305** *string*: shell built-in command.

**Explanation:** The command specified is a shell built-in command. It is a registered command but not found in alias.

---

**FSUC1306** *string*: Command not found.

**Explanation:** The command specified was not found. It is not a registered command nor an alias.

**User response:** Check the syntax on the command issued, including options and arguments, and try again.

---

**FSUC1307** where: / in command makes no sense.

**Explanation:** The command specified is not a valid command. Cannot process / in command.

**User response:** Check the syntax on the command issued, including options and arguments, and try again.

---

**FSUC1308** *string* is aliased to.

**Explanation:** If the command specified is an alias, then display its alias path.

---

**FSUC1309** *string* is a shell built-in.

**Explanation:** The command specified is a shell built-in command.

---

**FSUC1501** *string*: *string*: Can't *string* *string* limit.

**Explanation:** Unable to set/remove file size limits. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC1607** Bad seek type *number*.

**Explanation:** Bad seek type. Valid seek types are 0, 1, and 2.

**User response:** Respecify command with valid seek type.

---

## FSUC1701 • FSUC1717

---

**FSUC1701**    **BUG: waiting for background job!**

**Explanation:** Now keep pausing as long as we are not interrupted (SIGINT), and the target process, or any of its friends, are still running.

**System programmer response:** Processing continues.

**User response:** Please wait for process to return.

---

**FSUC1703**    **BUG: process flushed twice.**

**Explanation:** Process id is 0.

**System programmer response:** Process is ended.

---

**FSUC1708**    **BUG: status=status**

**Explanation:** Unrecognized process status message received.

---

**FSUC1709**    **(core dumped).**

**Explanation:** Process ends with core dump.

---

**FSUC1712**    *string: Already suspended.*

**Explanation:** The current shell is suspended/stopped.

---

**FSUC1714**    *job: Cannot superkill a process group*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified either a process id (pid) of 0, a negative value, or a shell job, indicating that the superkill should be sent to a process group. This is not supported for superkill.

**System action:** Processing of the job or pid *job* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -K" command only for positive pid values which have not terminated from a prior "kill -KILL".

---

**FSUC1715**    *pid: Cannot superkill pid -1 (all processes)*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) of -1. Pid -1 indicates that the superkill should be sent to all processes for which you are authorized. This is not supported for superkill.

**System action:** Processing of pid -1 ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -K" command only for positive pid values which have not terminated from a prior "kill -KILL".

---

**FSUC1716**    *pid: Cannot superkill without prior KILL signal to process*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) that had not been sent a KILL signal at least 3 seconds earlier.

**System action:** Processing of *pid* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -KILL" command for the pid. Wait 3 seconds. If the process does not terminate, then issue the "kill -K" command for the pid.

---

**FSUC1717**    *pid: \_\_superkill: reason code = reason\_code: errno string*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) that had not been sent a KILL signal at least 3 seconds earlier. The errno string is displayed with this message.

**System action:** Processing of *pid* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

---

**User response:** Issue the "kill -KILL" command for the pid. Wait 3 seconds. If the process does not terminate, then issue the "kill -K" command for the pid.

---

**FSUC1801**    **Warning: ridiculously long PATH truncated.**

**Explanation:** Incorrect PATH specified. Exported path exceeds maximum buffer size.

---

**FSUC1802**    **Warning: unknown multibyte display; using default(euc(JP)).**

**Explanation:** Incorrect multibyte display type. Using default multibyte display (euc(JP)).

---

**FSUC1803**    **Warning: unknown multibyte code *number*; multibyte disabled.**

**Explanation:** Incorrect multibyte code received. Multibyte disabled.

---

**FSUC1804**    **Warning: Invalid multibyte table length (*number*); multibyte disabled.**

**Explanation:** Incorrect multibyte table length. Multibyte disabled.

---

**FSUC1805**    **Warning: bad multibyte code at offset +*number*; multibyte disabled.**

**Explanation:** Bad multibyte code at offset. Multibyte disabled.

---

**FSUC2001**    **Invalid key name *string*.**

**Explanation:** The specified key name is not valid.

---

**FSUC2002**    **Bad key name: *string*.**

**Explanation:** The specified key name is not valid.

---

**FSUC2003**    **Bad command name: *string*.**

**Explanation:** The command name is not valid.

---

**FSUC2004**    **Bad key spec *string*.**

**Explanation:** Bad key specified.

---

**FSUC2005**    **Null string specification.**

**Explanation:** String is empty.

---

**FSUC2203**    **Faulty alias precmd removed.**

**Explanation:** You cannot alias `precmd`.

---

**FSUC2204**    **Faulty alias cwdcmd removed.**

**Explanation:** You cannot alias `cwdcmd`.

---

**FSUC2205**    **Faulty alias beepcmd removed.**

**Explanation:** You cannot alias `beepcmd`.

---

---

**FSUC2206** **Faulty alias periodic removed.**

**Explanation:** You cannot alias **periodic**.

---

**FSUC2323** **getwd: Cannot stat / (string).**

**Explanation:** Unable to get status of / directory. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC2324** **getwd: Cannot stat . (string).**

**Explanation:** Unable to get status of . directory. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC2325** **getwd: Cannot stat directory string (string).**

**Explanation:** Unable to get status of working directory. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC2326** **getwd: Cannot open directory string (string).**

**Explanation:** Unable to open working directory. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC2327** **getwd: Cannot find . in .. (string).**

**Explanation:** Unable to find . in .. directory. Write to stderr file.

---

**FSUC2333** **Unexpected \_\_writedown query return value number**

**Explanation:** A \_\_writedown query operation returned a value that is not recognized by the writedown command.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUC2502** **error: bsd\_signal(number) signal out of range.**

**Explanation:** Bsd signal is out of range.

**System programmer response:** Determine why bsd\_signal was out of range.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUC2503** **error: bsd\_signal(number) - sigaction failed, errno number.**

**Explanation:** Bsd signal failed.

**System programmer response:** Determine why bsd signal failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUC2601** **cannot stat string. Please unset watch.**

**Explanation:** Unable to get temporary file status.

**User response:** Verify that temporary file exists and `_PATH_UTMP` temporary file environmental variable has been set.

---

**FSUC2602** **string cannot be opened. Please unset watch.**

**Explanation:** Unable to open temporary file.

**User response:** Verify that temporary file exists and `_PATH_UTMP` temporary file environmental variable has been set.

---

---

**FSUC2607** *name* **has terminal date from** *host*.

**Explanation:** Display current element data with host field.

---

**FSUC3004** *string*: **Internal match error**.

**Explanation:** An internal editing command error has occurred.

**System action:** Command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUC3009** **tcsh internal error: I don't know what I'm looking for!**

**Explanation:** An internal error has occurred for a completion command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUC3110** **not a directory**

**Explanation:** Completion cannot process successfully because the specified name is not a valid directory.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command with a valid directory name.

---

**FSUC3111** **not found**

**Explanation:** Completion cannot process successfully because the specified file/directory name cannot be found.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command with a valid file/directory name.

---

**FSUC3112** **unreadable**

**Explanation:** Completion cannot process successfully because the specified file/directory name cannot be read.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Change permissions of file/directory, or reissue the command with a different, readable file/directory.

---

**FSUC5001** **Syntax Error**

**Explanation:** A command or construct was issued with incorrect syntax.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check the syntax on the command or construct and reissue.

---

**FSUC5002** *string* **is not allowed**

**Explanation:** You are not allowed to have a < or a numerical digit after a \$?, \$#, or \$%.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the command.

---

**FSUC5003 Word too long**

**Explanation:** Word used in \$ expansion, command substitution or history substitution is more than the buffer can hold.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try to split the expansion to use multiple smaller expansions.

---

**FSUC5004 \$< line too long**

**Explanation:** The input value for \$< is longer than the buffer allows.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try to shorten the input and/or split input between multiple reads.

---

**FSUC5005 No file for \$0**

**Explanation:** \$0 is the name for the current shell input file. If unknown, this var is unset, and any reference to it is an error.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Set \$0 and reissue command.

---

**FSUC5006 Incomplete [] modifier**

**Explanation:** A newline or EOF indicator was reached before the ending ].

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with correct syntax.

---

**FSUC5007 \$ expansion must end before ]**

**Explanation:** The \$ expansion was incomplete before reaching the ] character.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command, placing the ] character after variable expansion.

---

**FSUC5008 Bad : modifier in \$ (*character*)**

**Explanation:** Valid modifiers are limited to luhtrqxes.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with valid modifiers.

---

**FSUC5009 Subscript error**

**Explanation:** The closing ] on the array subscript was not found after a numerical value.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the command.

---

**FSUC5010 Badly formed number**

**Explanation:** Statement indicated requires numerical value.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check the syntax and reissue the statement.

---



**FSUC5011 No more words**

**Explanation:** argv or variable specified on **shift** command is either not set or has less than one word as value.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Set the **shift** argument to have enough words, or stop using **shift** command when all words are shifted.

---

**FSUC5012 Missing file name**

**Explanation:** Command specified is expecting a filename to be passed as an argument.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify the command with the appropriate filename.

---

**FSUC5013 Internal glob error**

**Explanation:** An internal glob error has occurred.

**System action:** Command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow your local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer or try and reissue the statement without glob characters.

---

**FSUC5014 Command not found**

**Explanation:** The command specified was not found in your search path.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check if the command exists, change search path as necessary.

---

**FSUC5015 Too few arguments**

**Explanation:** Function specified requires more arguments than you have listed.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check command syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5016 Too many arguments**

**Explanation:** Function specified requires fewer arguments than you have listed.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check the command syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5017 Too dangerous to alias that**

**Explanation:** It is not valid to alias the commands **alias** and **unalias**.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Do not try and alias these commands.

---

**FSUC5018 Empty if**

**Explanation:** The value of the **if** command cannot be NULL.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Issue **if** statement with non-null expression.

---

**FSUC5019 Improper then**

**Explanation:** **then** statement must be followed by a command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue **then** followed by a valid command.

---

**FSUC5020 Words not parenthesized**

**Explanation:** The wordlist within the **foreach** statement must be enclosed in parenthesis.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Enclose the wordlist in parenthesis and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5021 *string* not found**

**Explanation:** Either a **then**, **endif**, **endsw**, **end** or a case label statement was not found.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check the syntax of conditional statement, adding appropriate tag.

---

**FSUC5022 Improper mask**

**Explanation:** Masking values for the **umask** command must be between 0 and 777.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the **umask** command with the appropriate masking values.

---

**FSUC5023 No such limit**

**Explanation:** The resource value specified for the **limit** command does not exist. Controllable resources are: **cputime**, **filesize**, **datasize**, **stacksize**, **coredumpsize**, and **memoryuse**.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue **limit** command with one of the resources listed above.

---

**FSUC5024 Argument too large**

**Explanation:** You have exceeded the maximum or minimum value defined on your system.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** If possible, respecify argument within appropriate boundaries.

---

**FSUC5025 Improper or unknown scale factor**

**Explanation:** The scale factor for the maximum use field of the **limit** command is not valid. Valid values are either **k** for kilobytes, or **m** for megabytes.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue **limit** command with an appropriate scale factor.

---

**FSUC5026 Undefined variable**

**Explanation:** Variable used in specified command is undefined.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Define variable with the **set** command before using.

---

---

**FSUC5027 Directory stack not that deep**

**Explanation:** The numerical value following the = is greater than the size of the directory stack.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** You can find out how deep the directory stack is with the **dirs -v** command. Reissue =n where n is no greater than the largest stack value.

---

**FSUC5028 Bad signal number**

**Explanation:** The user specified an unknown signal number on the **kill** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Valid signal names and numbers are listed in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* under the **kill** command.

---

**FSUC5029 Unknown signal; kill -l lists signals**

**Explanation:** The user specified an unknown signal on the **kill** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** The -l option will list valid signal names. Reissue the command with a valid signal name.

---

**FSUC5030 Variable name must begin with a letter**

**Explanation:** The variable being initialized after the **set** command must begin with a letter.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Change name of variable so that a character occupies the first position.

---

**FSUC5031 Variable name too long**

**Explanation:** The variable name after the **set** command cannot exceed 30 characters in length.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Shorten variable name to less than 30 characters.

---

**FSUC5032 Variable name must contain alphanumeric characters**

**Explanation:** Variable name after the **set** command is expected to consist only of alphabetic characters, or a combination of alphabetic and numeric characters where the first letter in the variable name is alphabetic.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Change variable name to meet syntax guidelines.

---

**FSUC5033 No job control in this shell**

**Explanation:** This shell does not have job control capabilities.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Do not issue any job control commands.

---

**FSUC5034 Expression Syntax**

**Explanation:** Syntax of specified command is not correct.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and respecify command.

**FSUC5035 No home directory**

**Explanation:** The \$home variable is not set, therefore you cannot issue the **cd** or **chdir** command without any arguments.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Either set \$home or specify a directory on the **cd** or **chdir** command.

---

**FSUC5036 Can't change to home directory**

**Explanation:** The \$home variable is not set so using the '~' character to reference your home directory is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Either set \$home or explicitly specify directory.

---

**FSUC5037 Invalid null command.**

**Explanation:** An unexpected NULL string was encountered.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and reissue command.

---

**FSUC5038 Assignment missing expression**

**Explanation:** The @ **name=expr** command is missing the expr argument.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue statement specifying expr argument.

---

**FSUC5039 Unknown operator**

**Explanation:** The operator used in the @ command is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5040 Ambiguous**

**Explanation:** Specified function is ambiguous.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax, and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5041 *filename*: File exists**

**Explanation:** The specified file already exists and cannot be appended to or overwritten.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Use a different filename, or rename existing file.

---

**FSUC5042 Argument for -c ends in backslash**

**Explanation:** The -c tcsh option cannot be used with a script file that ends in a backslash.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Change name of script so that it does not end in a backslash.

---

---

**FSUC5043 Interrupted**

**Explanation:** A SIGINT has been received. Specified process has been interrupted.

**System action:** Specified process has been interrupted.

---

**FSUC5044 Subscript out of range**

**Explanation:** User tried to access a value outside the scope of the array.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** The  `$#variable` command will tell you how many elements are in the array. Your subscript value must be an integer no greater than this value, but no less than one.

---

**FSUC5045 Line overflow**

**Explanation:** A line within the here-document notation exceeded the 1020 character limit.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Use multiple here-documents, so that you can split the input such that it fits within this character limit.

---

**FSUC5046 No such job**

**Explanation:** There is no job with the corresponding name/number.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** The  `jobs -l` command will list all current jobs, along with their corresponding process id's. Any job specified must be listed in the  `jobs -l` output.

---

**FSUC5047 Can't from terminal**

**Explanation:** The  `onintr` command cannot be issued from a terminal. The  `hup` and  `nohup` commands cannot be issued from a terminal without a corresponding command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** The  `onintr` command can be issued from a script. The  `hup` and  `nohup` commands must be issued with a corresponding command, or can be issued without commands from a script.

---

**FSUC5048 Not in while/foreach**

**Explanation:** A  `break`,  `end`, or  `continue` statement can only be issued from inside a  `while` or  `foreach` loop.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax of statement. Make any necessary changes and reissue.

---

**FSUC5049 No more processes**

**Explanation:** There are insufficient resources to create another process, or you have already reached the maximum number of processes you can run.

**System action:** Command ends.

**System programmer response:** Determine why  `fork()` failed.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUC5050 No match**

**Explanation:** The wildcard expansion issued in your statement does not expand to a valid argument.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Be more explicit when issuing this statement.

---

**FSUC5051 Missing character**

**Explanation:** Statement missing either -, }, ], or ).

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and respecify.

---

**FSUC5052 Unmatched character**

**Explanation:** A closing ' or " is missing from your statement.

**User response:** Check syntax and respecify.

---

**FSUC5053 Out of memory**

**Explanation:** There were not enough system resources to allocate the required memory.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Free up more system resources and try again, or contact your system administrator for additional help.

---

**FSUC5054 Can't make pipe**

**Explanation:** Pipe command cannot be processed.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5055 function: return-code**

**Explanation:** A system error has occurred for the specified function.

**System action:** Command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** A correlating return code has been given. Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUC5058 Arguments should be jobs or process id's**

**Explanation:** Arguments to the specified command need to be either jobs or process id's. These can be found using the **jobs -l** builtin command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with arguments that are found in the **jobs -l** command.

---

**FSUC5059 No current job**

**Explanation:** Specified command cannot process because there is no current job.

**System action:** Command ends.

---

---

**FSUC5060 No previous job**

**Explanation:** Specified command cannot process because there is no previous job.

**System action:** Command ends.

---

**FSUC5061 No job matches pattern**

**Explanation:** There is no job that matches string in the '%?string' reference.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** You can get a list of all current jobs with the jobs command. Use a job from within that list.

---

**FSUC5062 Fork nesting > number; maybe '...' loop**

**Explanation:** There is a maximum nesting limit of 16 processes. This is done to avoid forking loops.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try to minimize the use of subshells and nested calls to builtin functions.

---

**FSUC5063 No job control in subshells**

**Explanation:** Job commands can only be issued from the parent shell.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Return to parent shell and reissue command.

---

**FSUC5065 string There are suspended jobs**

**Explanation:** There are suspended jobs in the shell that prevent you from exiting.

**System action:** Command ends, shell still remains active.

**User response:** To find out what jobs are suspended, issue the jobs command and either resume or kill these jobs.

---

**FSUC5067 No other directory**

**Explanation:** The pushd command with no arguments will exchange the top two elements in the stack. In this case, it cannot process because there is only one directory entry in the stack.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Cannot issue command until there is more than one entry in the stack.

---

**FSUC5068 Directory stack empty**

**Explanation:** The directory stack is empty, so the popd command can neither print values, nor remove directories from it.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Cannot issue command until there are entries in the stack.

---

**FSUC5069 Bad directory**

**Explanation:** The directory specified on the popd command is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify with a valid entry from the stack. This can be found using the dirs builtin command.

---

**FSUC5071 No operand for -h flag**

**Explanation:** When using the **source -h** command, no operand was given.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue with an argument after -h.

---

**FSUC5072 Not a login shell**

**Explanation:** The **login** and **logout** commands both terminate the login shell. These commands cannot process if they are issued from a non-login shell.

**System action:** Command ends, shell still remains active.

**User response:** To exit, issue the **exit** command.

---

**FSUC5073 Division by 0**

**Explanation:** Divide by 0 is not allowed.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify equation so that a divide by 0 does not occur.

---

**FSUC5074 Mod by 0**

**Explanation:** In the expression  $a\%b$ ,  $b$  was evaluated to be 0 which attempts a divide by 0.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify statement so that  $b$  does not equate to 0

---

**FSUC5075 Bad scaling; did you mean *string*?**

**Explanation:** Scale factors for all resources besides *cputime* default to k or kilobytes. A scale factor of m or megabytes may also be used. For *cputime*, the default scaling is in seconds, but m for minutes, h for hours or a time form of mm:ss (where m=minutes and s=seconds) may also be used.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify the **limit** command with syntax in the proper format.

---

**FSUC5076 Can't suspend a login shell (yet)**

**Explanation:** The **suspend** command cannot be issued when operating from a login shell.

**System action:** Command ends, shell still remains active.

**User response:** Try using the **logout** command instead.

---

**FSUC5077 Unknown user: *user***

**Explanation:** The user specified in *user* does not exist.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check that the user exists, check spelling.

---

**FSUC5078 No \$home variable set**

**Explanation:** Cannot **cd** to the home directory as the \$home variable is not set.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Set the \$home variable, and the reissue command.

---



---

**FSUC5080** \$, ! or < not allowed with \$# or \$?

**Explanation:** An illegal \$, ! or < was found in the name portion of \$# name or \$?name.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue this shell variable without the illegal characters.

---

**FSUC5081** Newline in variable name

**Explanation:** An illegal newline character was found in the variable name.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify the variable name to exclude any newlines. Respecify the command.

---

**FSUC5082** \* not allowed with \$# or \$?

**Explanation:** A wildcard character was found in name portion of either \$#name or \$?name

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify the shell variable reference without a \* in name.

---

**FSUC5083** \$?<digit> or \$#<digit> not allowed

**Explanation:** \$? or \$# cannot be followed by a digit.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify the shell variable reference with a variable name as an argument.

---

**FSUC5084** Illegal variable name

**Explanation:** Variable name must consist only of alphanumeric characters.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Take any non-alphanumeric characters out of the variable name.

---

**FSUC5085** Newline in variable index

**Explanation:** A newline character is not allowed in the index of an array.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify array[index] without any newlines in index.

---

**FSUC5086** Expansion buffer overflow

**Explanation:** While attempting to resolve a variable expansion ( such as \$expression ), the 1020 character buffer limit was exceeded .

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try and minimize complex expressions.

---

**FSUC5087** Variable syntax

**Explanation:** Variable modifiers cannot have a :g or :a at the end of the word selector.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax of modifiers, and the reissue command.

---

**FSUC5088 Bad ! form**

**Explanation:** No closing } was found on the ! history substitution character.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax of the statement and reissue.

---

**FSUC5089 No previous substitute**

**Explanation:** There is no previous s substitution for the " modifier to repeat.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Cannot use this modifier until you issue a valid s substitution. Use another form and/or combination of modifiers to process desired history substitution.

---

**FSUC5090 Bad substitute**

**Explanation:** The :s/x/y/ modifier format is not of proper syntax.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5091 No previous left hand side**

**Explanation:** There is no previous left hand side for the :s/x/y/ modifier format.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5092 Right hand side too long**

**Explanation:** The right hand side of the :s/x/y/ modifier format is too long.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try to shorten the substitution, try and use another form of history substitution, or manually type in command line.

---

**FSUC5093 Bad ! modifier: *modifier***

**Explanation:** Valid modifiers are: p s & r e h t q x u l g and a.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with valid modifiers.

---

**FSUC5094 Modifier failed**

**Explanation:** Specified modifier could not complete properly.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Check syntax and logic of the statement.

---

**FSUC5095 Substitution buffer overflow**

**System action:** Command ends.

---

---

**FSUC5096**    **Bad ! arg selector**

**Explanation:** The % modifier must be used in conjunction with the *!?string ?* reference (for example, *!?string?:%*) where % will match the entire word matching *string*.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5097**    **No prev search**

**Explanation:** *!??* will repeat the last **search** command. In this case, there is no previous **search** command, therefore, this form of history substitution cannot process.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Use another form of history substitution.

---

**FSUC5098**    *string*: **Event not found**

**Explanation:** *!?string?* will be replaced with the most recent history line containing *string* in line. No match was found, hence, no history substitution can occur.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Use another form of history substitution, or explicitly type in the command.

---

**FSUC5099**    **Too many )'s**

**Explanation:** There are more closing parenthesis than opening parenthesis.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5100**    **Too many ('s**

**Explanation:** There are more opening parenthesis than closing parenthesis.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5101**    **Badly placed (**

**Explanation:** The syntax of your statement is not correct due to a misplaced (.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5102**    **Missing name for redirect**

**Explanation:** The < or > redirection symbols were used without the appropriate source or target arguments.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the statement with valid arguments on redirection.

---

**FSUC5103**    **Ambiguous output redirect**

**Explanation:** Output redirection cannot process because the filename and/or pipe is ambiguous.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5104 Can't << within ()'s**

**Explanation:** The << redirection symbol cannot be used within a set of parenthesis.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the statement without this symbol inside the ()'s. You may want to try putting the << shell input lines inside a variable, or within a file.

---

**FSUC5105 Ambiguous input redirect**

**Explanation:** Input redirection cannot process because the filename and/or pipe is ambiguous.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5106 Badly placed ()'s**

**Explanation:** The syntax of your statement is not correct due to a misplaced parenthesis.

**System programmer response:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the statement.

---

**FSUC5107 Alias loop**

**Explanation:** You have exceeded the maximum value of 50 nested alias expansions.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** If possible, do not nest this alias.

---

**FSUC5108 No \$watch variable set**

**Explanation:** The `log/watchlog` command cannot process because the \$watch variable was not set.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** You must set the \$watch variable in order to use this command.

---

**FSUC5109 No scheduled events**

**Explanation:** The -n option on the `sched` command cannot process because there are no scheduled events to remove.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** There are no scheduled events to remove, therefore you don't need to take further action.

---

**FSUC5111 Not that many scheduled events**

**Explanation:** The -n option on the `sched` command cannot process because there are not n number of scheduled events.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** To see what the correct number of the event is, use the `sched` command with no arguments. Reissue `sched -n` with the correct n value.

---

**FSUC5112 No command to run**

**Explanation:** A corresponding command for the `sched` command was not given.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

---

---

**FSUC5113 Invalid time for event**

**Explanation:** The time for the `sched` command is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct time syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5114 Relative time inconsistent with am/pm**

**Explanation:** Relative time cannot have an AM/PM extension. Relative time is number of hours and minutes away from the current time.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the statement without AM/PM extension.

---

**FSUC5117 Unknown capability *capability***

**Explanation:** The terminal capability passed into the `settc` command is unknown.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue statement with a correct terminal capability.

---

**FSUC5118 Unknown termcap parameter *parameter***

**Explanation:** Valid termcap parameters are: `d,2,3,,+,%,>,i,r,n,B,D`

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue statement with a valid termcap parameter.

---

**FSUC5119 Too many arguments for *command (arguments-required)***

**Explanation:** More arguments were given for the specified command than it's syntax allows.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5120 *command* requires *number* arguments**

**Explanation:** The command specified is not in proper syntax.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax and reissue command.

---

**FSUC5122 *file: return-code*. Binary file not executable.**

**Explanation:** File failed execution with the specified return code. Even though the file has the proper permissions, it is not an executable file.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** See the return code description for how to proceed. Check the spelling of the command entered.

---

**FSUC5123 `!#` History loop**

**Explanation:** The `!#` event specification for history substitution has reached its maximum of 10 levels of recursion.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Either use another form of history substitution or explicitly type in command.

---

**FSUC5124 Malformed file inquiry**

**Explanation:** The syntax of the **filetest** command is incorrect.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax, making sure to check the file inquiry operator is valid.

---

**FSUC5125 Selector overflow**

**Explanation:** Expansion of the selector expression exceeded the 2056 character limit.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Try and simplify the expression.

---

**FSUC5129 Invalid completion: *argument***

**Explanation:** The specified list argument for the completion rule is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax using a valid list specifier.

---

**FSUC5130 Invalid *string: string***

**Explanation:** The specified command or separator field is not of the correct syntax.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax and reissue completion rule.

---

**FSUC5131 Missing separator *separator* after *string string***

**Explanation:** The syntax of the **completion** statement is not correct due to the specified missing separator.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5132 Incomplete *command: string***

**Explanation:** There is no specified range for the positional completion rule.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Respecify rule with correct syntax.

---

**FSUC5133 No operand for **-m** flag**

**Explanation:** The syntax for the **-m** option on the **source** command is incorrect.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue statement with correct syntax.

---

**FSUC5135 *\$variable* is read-only**

**Explanation:** The specified variable is read only. Any operations that may need to write, append or delete this variable cannot be processed.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Do not set this variable as read only, or use another variable.

---

---

**FSUC5136 No such job**

**Explanation:** The job specified on the command does not exist. You can get a list of jobs and their corresponding process ID's by issuing the **jobs -l** command.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Reissue command with a valid job.

---

**FSUC5137 Unknown colorls variable *variable***

**Explanation:** The LS\_COLORS shell variable could not be processed because the specified variable is not valid.

**System action:** Command ends.

**User response:** Correct syntax and reissue statement.

---

**FSUC5138 The autolock feature is not implemented**

**Explanation:** The command **set autologout=(x y)** was issued in which the y variable was intended to specify the number of minutes the shell can sit idle before it automatically locks.

**System action:** The **autologout** command is still implemented, however **autologout** takes on the value of the y variable, rather than the x.

**User response:** If this is not the value you want to take effect for **autologout**, respecify the statement with only one parameter.

---

**FSUC5140 *pid/job-number: string***

**Explanation:** The **kill()** run-time function failed with the specified pid/job number and returned the printed system message. Either the specified signal isn't supported, the caller does not have permission to send to the process specified, or there are no processes corresponding to the specified pid.

**System action:** The **kill** command terminates without sending the signal to the process/job.

**User response:** Double-check the value of the pid or job number you used when issuing the **kill** command.

---

**FSUC5141 The afsuser special shell variable is not implemented**

**Explanation:** Since the autolock feature is not implemented, setting this variable offers no benefit.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUC5142 The autocorrect special shell variable is not implemented**

**Explanation:** Setting this variable will not automatically invoke the **spell-word editor** command before each completion attempt.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** To spell check a word, you can manually invoke the **spell-word editor** command. To find out what this command is mapped to, issue the **bindkey** command

---

## FSUM

---

**FSUM1001 The RACF profile for this user does not contain an OMVS segment.**

**Explanation:** The RACF profile for this user does not contain an OMVS segment. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify if this user has the authority to issue the **OMVS** command. If so, add an OMVS segment to the RACF profile for this user.

**User response:** Contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM1002 Unable to set the LOGNAME environment variable.**

**Explanation:** A failure occurred while the LOGNAME environment variable was being set. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the `setenv()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1003 Unable to set the HOME environment variable.**

**Explanation:** A failure occurred while the HOME environment variable was being set. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the OMVS segment of the user's RACF profile contains a home directory. Determine why the `setenv()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1004 Cannot change to directory <string>.**

**Explanation:** The current working directory cannot be set to the specified HOME directory for this user ID. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the home directory specified in the OMVS segment of the user's RACF profile exists. Verify that the user has the authority to make this the current working directory.

**User response:** Contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM1005 Unable to set the SHELL environment variable.**

**Explanation:** A failure occurred while the SHELL environment variable was being set. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the OMVS segment of this user's RACF profile contains an initial user program name. Determine why the `setenv()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1006 A shell was not specified. Processing continues using the default shell name.**

**Explanation:** The name of the initial user program (shell) was not specified in the OMVS segment of the user's RACF profile. Processing continues using the default shell name.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the OMVS segment of this user's RACF profile contains an initial user program (shell) name.

**User response:** Contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM1007 Unable to open the message catalog.**

**Explanation:** The message catalog cannot be opened. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the message catalog exists in the file system.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1008 Unable to close the message catalog.**

**Explanation:** The message catalog cannot be closed.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the `catclose()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---



---

**FSUM1009 Unable to execute the shell.**

**Explanation:** The initial user program (shell) was not run. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the initial user program (shell) exists, and that the user has permission to execute it.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1010 Cannot obtain the TTY name.**

**Explanation:** The TTY name associated with this terminal could not be obtained. No entry will be made in the `/etc/utmpx` file. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the `ttyname()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1011 Unable to remove the TTY pathname.**

**Explanation:** The pathname could not be removed from the TTY name. No entry will be made in the `/etc/utmpx` file.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the pathname for the TTY is correct.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1012 The initial working directory was not specified.**

**Explanation:** The initial working directory was not specified in the OMVS segment of the user's RACF profile. The initial working directory will be set to the root (`/`) directory. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the OMVS segment of the user's RACF profile contains an initial working directory.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1013 The name of the default shell could not be found.**

**Explanation:** The name of the default shell could not be obtained. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support personnel.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1014 Unable to allocate storage.**

**Explanation:** The system could not allocate enough storage to continue. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Determine why there is not enough storage to be allocated.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1015 Unable to set the TZ environment variable.**

**Explanation:** The default time zone could not be set. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the `setenv()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1016 Unable to determine the default path.**

**Explanation:** The name of the default pathname could not be determined. The pathname will be set to `/bin`. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM support personnel.

---

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

**FSUM1017 Unable to set the PATH environment variable.**

**Explanation:** A failure occurred while the **PATH** environment variable was being set. Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **setenv()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

**FSUM1018 The start of the session was not recorded. An unexpected error occurred. Error code = number, reason code = hexnum, error data = hexnum, error string = 'string'**

**Explanation:** The start of the shell session was not recorded in the **/etc/utmpx** file, because an unexpected error occurred. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the **/etc/utmpx** file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

This error message can occur if the **/bin/login**, program is accidentally run as a shell command.

In the message text:

**error code = number**

The code for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

An additional reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error data = hexnum**

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error string = 'string'**

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

Make sure not to run **/bin/login**, as a shell command.

**FSUM1019 The start of the session was not recorded. The slot (in /etc/utmpx) for this terminal could not be updated, or a new slot for the terminal could not be created. Function = pututxline(), terminal name = 'string', program name = 'string', errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'**

**Explanation:** The login program tried to record the start of the user's shell session in the **/etc/utmpx** file. An error occurred when the login program issued **pututxline()**. The start of the shell session was probably not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session may not have been recorded in the **/etc/utmpx** file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name = 'string'**

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**program name = 'string'**

The name of the login program.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

Make sure that the */etc* directory exists and that the that */etc/utmpx* exists and has the proper permissions. Make sure that the login program (named in the error message) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM1101 Usage: uconvdef -f source\_file -v uconv\_table**

**Explanation:** The **uconvdef** command was not entered correctly. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** None

**User response:** Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the **uconvdef** syntax and reissue the command.

**FSUM1102 uconvdef: Start processing the source file is 'string'.**

**Explanation:** Informational message that the processing of the specified input file by **uconvdef** started.

**System programmer response:** None

**User response:** None

**FSUM1103 uconvdef: string created.**

**Explanation:** Informational message that **uconvdef** completed and that output is contained in the file specified.

**System programmer response:** None

**User response:** None

**FSUM1104 uconvdef: Output file 'string' was not created.**

**Explanation:** Informational message that there is no **uconvdef** output. This message is accompanied by another message that gives more specific information why processing did not complete.

**System programmer response:** Use information in the accompanying message to determine and fix the source of the failure.

**User response:** Use information in the accompanying message to determine and fix the source of the failure or contact the system programmer.

**FSUM1105 uconvdef: Not enough space for allocation.**

**Explanation:** The **uconvdef** function issued a system function call to obtain working storage in which to build output. The function failed and storage was not obtained. The **uconvdef** process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **malloc()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

**FSUM1106** **uconvdef: Cannot open input file 'string': *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fopen()** function failed. The file name and errno message associated with the **fopen()** are in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1107** **uconvdef: Cannot open temporary file: *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fopen()** function failed. The errno message associated with the **fopen()** is in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output. Had processing been successful the temporary file would contain the uconvdef output. Then the file would be renamed to the output file name specified on the uconvdef command.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1108** **uconvdef: Cannot close input file 'string': *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fclose()** function failed. The file name and errno message associated with the **fclose()** are in the message. The uconvdef process continues.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fclose()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1109** **uconvdef: Cannot close temporary file: *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fclose()** function failed. The errno message associated with the **fclose()** is in the message. The uconvdef process terminates. The temporary file contains incomplete output and is not usable. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fclose()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1110** **uconvdef: Cannot rename temporary file to output file 'string': *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **rename()** function failed. The new file name and errno message associated with the **rename()** are in the message. The temporary file contains complete output and is usable. The temporary file name is the output file name specified as a parameter on the command.uconvdef.tmpXXXXX, where XXXXX is a random number. The uconvdef process terminates.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **rename()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1111** **uconvdef: Error while reading input file 'string': *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fgets()** function failed. The file name and errno message associated with the failure are in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1112** **uconvdef: Error while writing temporary file: *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The **fwrite()** function failed. The errno message associated with the failure is in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1113** uconvdef: 'MB\_CUR\_MIN' is greater than 'MB\_CUR\_MAX' default.

**Explanation:** A value of MB\_CUR\_MIN was specified in the input file, MB\_CUR\_MAX was not specified. The default value of MB\_CUR\_MAX is 1 and the specified value of MB\_CUR\_MIN cannot exceed this value. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Specify a value of MB\_CUR\_MIN that is less than MB\_CUR\_MAX in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1114** uconvdef: Line *number*: space at the line top is not allowed.

**Explanation:** A line may not begin with a space. The number of the line is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Remove the space in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1115** uconvdef: Line *number*: illegal line format.

**Explanation:** The number of the line with the illegal format is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line format in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1116** uconvdef: Line *number*: illegal token.

**Explanation:** The number of the line with the illegal token is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1117** uconvdef: Line *number*: illegal value for token '*string*'.

**Explanation:** The number of the line with the illegal token value is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1118** uconvdef: Line *number*: token '*string*' must have value.

**Explanation:** A token must contain a value. The number of the line and token without a value is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1119** uconvdef: Line *number*: code set name can be defined only once.

**Explanation:** A code set name may be defined once. The number of the line that contains the name of the code set being defined again is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1120** **uconvdef: Line number: 'UCONV\_CLASS' can be defined only once.**

**Explanation:** UCONV\_CLASS may be defined once. The number of the line that attempts to define UCONV\_CLASS again is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1121** **uconvdef: Line number: CHARMAP section is already started.**

**Explanation:** An input file may contain only one CHARMAP section. The number of the line that attempts to begin a second section is contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1122** **uconvdef: Line number: extra characters.**

**Explanation:** Failed to find a token on input line contained in message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1123** **uconvdef: Line number: conflict with 'UCONV\_CLASS'.**

**Explanation:** Conflict with the UCONV\_CLASS specified. The length of the code point is greater or smaller than the length allowed by the UCONV\_CLASS. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1124** **uconvdef: Line number: conflict with 'MB\_CUR\_MIN' or 'MB\_CUR\_MAX'.**

**Explanation:** The length of a code point cannot be less than MB\_CUR\_MIN or greater than MB\_CUR\_MAX. The error was detected in the line contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1125** **uconvdef: Line number: conflicting code length.**

**Explanation:** An invalid code point length was detected while processing a multi-byte character set. The error was detected in the line contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1126** **uconvdef: Line number: range exceeds limits of one byte.**

**Explanation:** Range exceeds the allowable limit of one byte. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

---

**FSUM1127 uconvdef: Line *number*: Too many planes.**

**Explanation:** The value of the code point is greater than allowed. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Correct the line in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1128 uconvdef: Line *number*: escape and comment characters must be distinct.**

**Explanation:** The escape and comment characters must be distinct. The error was detected in the line contained in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Make the escape and comment characters distinct in the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1129 uconvdef: No code set name is defined.**

**Explanation:** The input file must contain a statement that identifies the code set. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Add a code set name statement to the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input. For example: `<code_set_name> "IBM-1047"`

---

**FSUM1130 uconvdef: No 'UCONV\_CLASS' is defined.**

**Explanation:** The input file must contain a statement that identifies the UCONV\_CLASS. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Add a UCONV\_CLASS statement to the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input. For example: `<uconv_class> "SBCS"`

---

**FSUM1131 uconvdef: CHARMAP section must start with 'CHARMAP'.**

**Explanation:** The CHARMAP section of the input file must start with a CHARMAP statement. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Add a CHARMAP statement to the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1132 uconvdef: CHARMAP section has no 'END CHARMAP'.**

**Explanation:** The input file must contain an END CHARMAP statement. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Add an END CHARMAP statement to the input file and run uconvdef again with the changed input.

---

**FSUM1133 uconvdef: Cannot open output file '*string*': *errno\_msg*.**

**Explanation:** The `fopen()` function failed. The file name and `errno` message associated with the `fopen()` are in the message. The uconvdef process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1134** **uconvdef: Cannot close output file:** *errno\_msg*.

**Explanation:** The `fclose()` function failed. The `errno` message is in the message. The `uconvdef` process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1135** **uconvdef: Cannot reopen output file:** *errno\_msg*.

**Explanation:** The `freopen()` function failed. The `errno` message is in the message. The `uconvdef` process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1136** **uconvdef: Cannot reposition output file:** *errno\_msg*.

**Explanation:** The `fseek()` function failed while repositioning the file pointer before a write to the output file. The `errno` message is in the message. The `uconvdef` process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1137** **uconvdef: Error while writing output file:** *errno\_msg*.

**Explanation:** The `fwrite()` function failed while writing to the output file. The `errno` message is in the message. The `uconvdef` process terminates with no output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1201** **Cannot create** *string*

**Explanation:** A problem occurred while the UNIX datagram socket was being created or initialized. This message is generated if one or more of the following events occurred:

**socket()**

The `socket` function could not create a UNIX datagram socket.

**bind()** The `bind` function could not bind a local name to the UNIX socket descriptor.

**chmod()**

The `chmod` function could not change the permissions on the log file.

Processing ends. The name of the log file and the return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before `syslogd` processed the `syslog` configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1202** **syslog/udp: unknown service**

**Explanation:** The `syslog` service was not found in `/etc/services`. Processing continues although `syslogd` will not attempt to send log data to or receive log data from remote `syslogd` servers.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before `syslogd` processed the `syslog` configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** If you do not want to exchange log data with remote `syslogd` servers, no action is



required. Otherwise, verify that the syslog service using the UDP protocol exists in the /etc/services file or the hlq.ETC.SERVICES data set.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

#### FSUM1203 *bind string*

**Explanation:** The bind function for the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket failed. Processing continues although syslogd does not attempt to send log data to or receive log data from remote syslogd servers. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the **bind()** failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

#### FSUM1204 *select string*

**Explanation:** select() failed while monitoring one or more of the following sockets: AF\_UNIX, AF\_INET or AF\_INET6. Processing ends if the failure is for the AF\_UNIX socket. If the failure is for the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket and the return code is EIO, indicating that TCP/IP has been recycled, the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket will be closed and re-opened. Any other error on the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket will not be recovered and message FSUM1205 will be issued. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the **select()** failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

#### FSUM1205 *An error was detected on the AF\_INET socket, syslogd will no longer monitor the socket*

**Explanation:** This message is generated after a nonrecoverable socket error. The return code information is available in the preceding message. This message is for informational purposes only.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1206 *socket string*

**Explanation:** The socket function for the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket failed. Processing continues although syslogd will not attempt to send log data to or receive log data from remote syslogd servers. The return code information is appended to the error message. If the return code is EAGAIN or the reason code is JrTcpNotActive, syslogd will wait 30 seconds and then re-issue the socket() call. Once TCP/IP is active, the socket() call will be successful and syslogd will then be able to communicate with remote syslogd servers.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine why the socket() function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

#### FSUM1207 *recvmsg unix string*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while performing a **recvmsg()** of a UNIX message. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine why the recvmsg() function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

#### FSUM1208 *\_\_atoc string*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while translating an internet message from ASCII to EBCDIC. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the **\_\_atoc()** failure.

## FSUM1209 • FSUM1214

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1209 `recvfrom inet string`

**Explanation:** An error occurred while performing a `recvfrom()` of an internet message. The return code information is appended to the error message. If the return code is EIO indicating that TCP/IP has been recycled, the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket will be closed and re-opened.

**System programmer response:** For errors other than EIO, use the return code information to determine why the `recvfrom()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1210 `__etoa string`

**Explanation:** An error occurred while translating a message from EBCDIC to ASCII. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the `__etoa()` failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1211 `sendto string`

**Explanation:** An error occurred while performing a `sendto()` of log data to a remote syslogd server. syslogd stops sending log data to the destination. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the `sendto()` failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1212 `unknown priority name priority`

**Explanation:** A priority name found in the configuration file is not valid.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Check the configuration file.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1213 `unknown facility name facility`

**Explanation:** A facility name found in the configuration file is not valid.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Check the configuration file.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

### FSUM1214 `getaddrinfo string`

**Explanation:** A host name found in the configuration file is not valid. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Check the configuration file.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM1215** *sigaction string*

**Explanation:** sigaction() failed while working with the SIGHUP signal. syslogd was trying to start a new session with no controlling terminal. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the sigaction() failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1216** *fork string*

**Explanation:** fork() could not create a child process. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the fork() failure.

---

**FSUM1217** *setsid string*

**Explanation:** setsid() failed to create a new process group. syslogd was trying to start a new session with no controlling terminal. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**Note:** Because this error occurred before syslogd processed the syslog configuration file, this message appears only at the operator console.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine the cause of the setsid() failure.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1218** *Message from syslog@hostname at timestamp*

**Explanation:** This message line precedes the syslogd message line for messages that are displayed to all logged-in users in the OMVS shell. It identifies the host that originated the message and provides the timestamp for the message.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1219** *syslogd: exiting on signal n*

**Explanation:** syslogd has received the displayed signal and is ending. Normally, the displayed signal will be 15 (SIGTERM) indicating that a kill command has been issued for syslogd.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1220** *syslogd: restart*

**Explanation:** This message is written to log files each time syslogd is started.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

---

**FSUM1221** **syslogd: last message repeated *n* times**

**Explanation:** The number of the times the previous message has been issued consecutively. A large number might indicate a loop in the application generating the message.

**System programmer response:** Investigate the application generating the messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1222** **setsockopt *string***

**Explanation:** The setsockopt function for the AF\_INET or AF\_INET6 socket failed. Processing continues although syslogd will not attempt to send log data to or receive log data from remote syslogd servers. The return code information is appended to the error message. message.

**System programmer response:** Use the return code information to determine why the **setsockopt()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM1223** **Error *return-code/reason-code* was returned from *libcall*: *explanation***

**Explanation:** The specified library or system call failed.

*libcall* is the name of the library or system call.

*explanation* describes the nature of the error.

*return-code* is the return code in hexadecimal format.

*reason-code* is the reason code in hexadecimal format.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Use the *return-code* and *reason-code* information to determine why the library or system call failed.

**User response:** See *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for more information about *libcall*.

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for more information about *return-code* and *reason-code*.

---

**FSUM1224** **SMF interface disabled — *reason***

**Explanation:** An error writing to SMF. syslogd will not attempt to write to SMF again until it reinitializes.

*reason* describes the nature of the error:

*record type 109 not recorded.* Record type 109 is used to store syslog messages in SMF. SMF can be configured to ignore records of this type. When these records are ignored, syslogd will not attempt to store them.

*syslogd not permitted to BPX.SMF.* The userid associated with syslogd must be permitted to SAF resource BPX.SMF. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning* for more information.

*unexpected error.* Another type of error was reported by SMF. See message FSUM1223 for more information about the error.

**System action:** Processing continues, but no records will be written to SMF.

**System programmer response:** Resolve the problem and reinitialize syslogd by sending it the SIGHUP signal.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1225** **syslogd record not written to SMF - *reason***

**Explanation:** A transient error occurred writing to SMF. The record being written is lost.

*reason* describes the nature of the error:

**SMF not active.** SMF is not active.

**SMF buffer shortage.** SMF encountered a buffer shortage.

**System action:** Processing continues. Subsequent errors of the same type will not be reported.

**System programmer response:** Resolve the problem and reinitialize syslogd by sending it the SIGHUP signal.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1226 Syntax error at line *linenum* in *filename*

**Explanation:** An invalid statement was encountered while parsing the syslog configuration file. *linenum* is the line or record number in the syslogd configuration file where the syntax error was found. *filename* is the name of the syslog configuration file.

**System action:** syslogd ignores this line and continues.

**System programmer response:** Correct the invalid statement and send syslogd the SIGHUP signal to cause it to reinitialize. If more information about the syntax error is needed, start syslogd with the *-d* command-line parameter and look at the debug messages which are displayed.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1227 Configuration file *filename* could not be read

**Explanation:** An error occurred opening or reading the specified configuration file. See message FSUM1223 for more information about the error. *filename* is the name of the configuration file specified on the syslogd command-line or the default configuration file */etc/syslog.conf*.

**System action:** syslogd ends.

**System programmer response:** Resolve the problem and start syslogd.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1228 Open of log file *filename* did not complete

**Explanation:** An `open()` call for the specified file did not complete. It may be a named pipe with no program currently reading from it. *filename* is the name of a log file specified in the configuration file.

**System action:** syslogd disables the rule using *filename* and continues.

**System programmer response:** Resolve the problem and reinitialize syslogd by sending it the SIGHUP signal.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1229 syslogd is already active

**Explanation:** Another instance of syslogd, or possibly some other program, is already processing the syslogd AF\_UNIX socket. The syslogd AF\_UNIX socket is */dev/log*, or a different one specified with the *-p* command-line parameter.

**System action:** syslogd ends.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

#### FSUM1230 Log file *filename* was created

**Explanation:** *filename* is the name of a log file specified in the syslog configuration file, after the expansion of `strftime()` format strings. syslogd created the file because it did not already exist and either it contained a `strftime()` format string or the *-c* command-line parameter was specified. The directory containing the log file may also have been created if the *-c* command-line parameter was specified.

**System action:** syslogd continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

**FSUM1231 syslogd configuration error**

**Explanation:** The syslog configuration file specified an IPv6 address (or a host name that resolved to an IPv6 address) for messages to be forwarded to but the TCP/IP stack is not IPv6-enabled.

**System action:** The rule is disabled and processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Correct configuration error.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1232 syslogd: running non-swappable**

**Explanation:** This message is issued to the syslog file when syslogd is able to run non-swappable.

**System action:** syslogd continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1233 syslogd: running swappable**

**Explanation:** This message is issued to the syslog file when syslogd is unable to run non-swappable. The return code information is appended to the error message.

**System action:** syslogd continues.

**System programmer response:** If you want syslogd to run as non-swappable, do one of the following:

- Do not define the RACF facility, "BPX.STOR.SWAP" and start the syslog daemon from a userid with UID=0.
- Define the facility and give the appropriate userids at least READ access to the facility.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM1234 syslogd record not written to OPERLOG - OPERLOG not active**

**Explanation:** syslogd attempted to write a log message to the /dev/operlog destination. The write failed with a return code that indicates OPERLOG is not active.

**System action:** Processing continues. All syslogd log messages that would have been written to the OPERLOG are discarded until the OPERLOG is activated.

**Operator response:** If you want syslogd message logging to OPERLOG, start the MVS™ operations log (OPERLOG). See *z/OS MVS Setting Up a Sysplex*. If you do not want syslogd message logging to the OPERLOG, notify the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** If you want syslogd message logging to OPERLOG, modify the syslog configuration file so that syslogd does not write to the /dev/operlog destination and send syslogd the SIGHUP signal to cause it to reinitialize. See *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide*, Configuring the syslog daemon (syslogd).

**User response:** Not applicable

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

---

**FSUM1235 Logging has resumed for OPERLOG**

**Explanation:** This message is issued when syslogd resumes writing log messages to the /dev/operlog destination following the error indicated by message FSUM1234.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

**FSUM1236 *option1* and *option2* are mutually exclusive options**

**Explanation:** syslogd was started with options that cannot be specified together.

*option1* is one of the syslogd options.

*option2* is the other syslogd option specified, which conflicts with *option1*.

**System action:** syslogd ends.

**Operator response:** Restart syslogd using the correct options.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

**FSUM1237 Job *jobname* running in local-only mode**

**Explanation:** syslogd was started in the local-only mode.

*jobname* is the name of the job associated with this instance of syslogd.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

## FSUM1238 • FSUM1240

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

### FSUM1238 Job *jobname* running in network-only mode

**Explanation:** syslogd was started in the network-only mode.

*jobname* is the name of the job associated with this instance of syslogd.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

### FSUM1239 usage: syslogd [-f conffile] [-m markinterval] [-p logpath] [-c] [-d] [-D permissions] [-F permissions] [-i] [-n] [-u] [-x] [-?]"

**Explanation:** This message is written by syslogd when start options that are not valid have been specified or the -? option is used.

**System action:** syslogd ends

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

**Automation:** Not applicable

---

### FSUM1240 Hostname *name* could not be resolved: *string*

**Explanation:** A syslog configuration statement specified a hostname that could not be resolved to an IP address.

*name* The hostname that could not be resolved to an IP address.

*string* The text that describes the problem.

**System action:** The syslog configuration statement that references hostname, *name*, is disabled and processing continues. Periodically, syslogd will retry hostname resolution and if the retry is successful then message FSUM1241 will be issued.

**Operator response:** If the syslog configuration file has not been changed and this hostname was previously resolved successfully, this might indicate a problem with the system resolver or a local or remote domain name server. If the syslog configuration file was recently changed, contact the system programmer.



**System programmer response:** Verify that the hostname, *name*, is a valid hostname and is known to the system resolver or domain name system. If the hostname is no longer valid, the syslog configuration file should be modified to remove or correct the configuration statement containing the hostname. If the hostname is valid, refer to z/OS Communications Server Diagnosis Guide, Diagnosing resolver problems.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

#### FSUM1241 Hostname *name* is now resolved

**Explanation:** syslogd successfully resolved the hostname, *name*.

*name* The hostname from the configuration statement that has been successfully resolved.

**System action:** The configuration statement that was previously disabled due to hostname resolution failure is enabled.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

#### FSUM1242 Incorrect IPv6 address type was specified

**Explanation:** syslogd encountered an incorrect IPv6 address type during the processing of its configuration file. Use valid global IPv6 addresses in syslog configuration files.

**System action:** The syslogd configuration statement containing the incorrect IPv6 address is ignored. Processing continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer to have the syslog configuration file corrected.

**System programmer response:** Correct the syslog configuration file. Consider using a hostname rather than a hard-coded IPv6 address.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

**FSUM1243 Statement on line *num* in *filename* was disabled**

**Explanation:** The syslogd statement on line number *num* in the syslog configuration file named *filename* was disabled.

*num* The line or record number of the statement in the syslog configuration file.

*filename* The name of the syslog configuration file.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**Operator response:** This informational message follows either message FSUM1240 or message FSUM1234. See the response for that message.

**System programmer response:** This informational message follows either message FSUM1240 or message FSUM1234. See the response for that message.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

**FSUM1244 Statement on line *num* in *filename* is enabled**

**Explanation:** The syslogd statement on line number *num* in the syslog configuration file named *filename* is enabled.

*num* The line or record number of the statement in the syslog configuration file.

*filename* The name of the syslog configuration file.

**System action:** Processing continues. The statement that was disabled is now enabled.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** Not applicable.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

---

**FSUM1245 Incorrect value for *parmname* parameter**

**Explanation:** An incorrect value has been specified for a syslogd parameter.

*parmname*

Is the configuration parameter or start option name that is in error.

**System action:** If this message is issued as a result of an incorrect start option value, syslogd ends. If this message is issued as a result of an incorrect parameter value in a syslogd rule or other configuration statement, the rule is disabled or the statement is ignored and processing continues.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** Examine the JCL, script or command that was used to start syslogd. The parameter shown in the message is incorrect. If the message is issued as a result of an error in the syslog configuration file,

examine the configuration file and correct the error. See z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide Chapter 5 for information on how to specify the parameter or start option.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See System Programmer Response.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** FSUM1245 Incorrect value for -F parameter.

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

**Automation:** Not applicable

#### FSUM1246 *option1* must be specified with *option2*

**Explanation:** A syslogd start option has been specified that requires another option that must also be specified.

*option1* First syslogd start option.

*option2* syslogd start option that must be specified in conjunction with *option1*.

**System action:** syslogd ends.

**Operator response:** None.

**System programmer response:** Examine the JCL, script or command that was used to start syslogd. The first start option shown in the message must be specified in conjunction with the second start option.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See System Programmer Response.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** FSUM1246 -c must be specified with -D

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

**Automation:** Not applicable

#### FSUM1247 Pipe *pipename* has been closed

**Explanation:** There was a timeout writing to the pipe because the pipe was blocked for more than 2 seconds. The pipe has been closed and the syslogd rule with this pipe as its destination has been disabled.

*pipename*

Is the name of the pipe that has been closed.

**System action:** syslogd continues to run but will no longer attempt to write log messages to the pipe.

**Operator response:** Check the application that reads the pipe to be sure it is running. If it is not running, it may need to be restarted. After restarting the application, restart syslogd to resume logging to the pipe.

**System programmer response:** Check the reading application to be sure it is running with the proper amount of CPU resource. It may need more CPU time to be able to keep up with the amount of data being written to the pipe by syslogd. Make the necessary adjustments and restart syslogd to resume logging.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See System Programmer Response.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** FSUM1247 Pipe /tmp/mypipe has been closed

## FSUM1248 • FSUM1249

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable

**Automation:** Not applicable

---

### FSUM1248 *jobname* INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

**Explanation:** The syslogd application completed its initialization. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd

**Example:** FSUM1248 SYSLOGD INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to determine when syslogd is able to process requests to log messages.

---

### FSUM1249 *jobname* SHUTDOWN COMPLETE

**Explanation:** The syslogd application ended in response to a STOP command or a terminating signal, or because of an unrecoverable error. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd ends.

**Operator response:** If you did not intentionally stop the syslogd application, contact the system programmer and restart the syslogd application when the problem has been resolved.

**System programmer response:** If the **syslogd** application ended because of an unrecoverable error, examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine the cause of the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** syslogd

**Example:** FSUM1249 SYSLOGD SHUTDOWN COMPLETE

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You can automate on this message to determine when syslogd is no longer able to process requests to log messages.

---

**FSUM1250** *jobname* **ARCHIVE IS IN PROGRESS, RESTART IGNORED**

**Explanation:** A MODIFY command was issued to restart syslogd, but a syslogd archive is in progress. The MODIFY command had no effect. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** The MODIFY command is ignored.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1250 SYSLOGD ARCHIVE IS IN PROGRESS, RESTART IGNORED

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1251** *jobname* **ARCHIVE IS IN PROGRESS, STOP DELAYED**

**Explanation:** A STOP command was issued to stop syslogd, but a syslogd archive is in progress. The STOP command will be processed when the archive event completes. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues, and syslogd will stop after the archive completes.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1251 SYSLOGD ARCHIVE IS IN PROGRESS, STOP DELAYED

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1252** *jobname* **RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE**

**Explanation:** The restarted syslogd application uses the configuration that was defined at the time of a MODIFY RESTART command or a SIGHUP signal. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

## FSUM1253

**Module:** syslogd

**Example:** FSUM1252 SYSLOGD RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to react to any changes in the syslogd configuration file.

---

FSUM1253 *jobname* **MODIFY COMMAND UNSUCCESSFUL - SYNTAX ERROR**, *reason*

**Explanation:** An incorrect parameter was specified on a syslogd MODIFY command. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

*reason* A description of the type of error that occurred. The following values are possible:

**UNKNOWN VERB**

The command verb is not known. For example:  
MODIFY procname,BADVERB

**UNKNOWN KEYWORD**

An unknown keyword was specified. For example:  
MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,BADKEY

**MISSING KEYWORD**

A required keyword is missing. For example:  
MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,

**MISSING VALUE**

A required value is missing. For example:  
MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,ARCHIVE,DETAIL,MAX=

**INCORRECT VALUE**

An incorrect value was specified. For example:  
MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,ARCHIVE,DETAIL,  
MAX=999999999999

**MISSING VERB**

The command verb is missing. For example:  
MODIFY procname,

**System action:** The syslogd MODIFY command is ignored.

**Operator response:** Verify the syntax of the MODIFY command and reissue the command. See the topic on operator commands and system administration in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP System Administrator's Commands* documentation for the syntax of the syslogd MODIFY command.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See operator response.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:**

```
FSUM1253 SYSLOGD MODIFY COMMAND UNSUCCESSFUL
- SYNTAX ERROR,
UNKNOWN KEYWORD
```

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

**FSUM1254** *jobname* **MODIFY COMMAND ACCEPTED**

**Explanation:** A MODIFY command was accepted by syslogd. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1254 SYSLOGD MODIFY COMMAND ACCEPTED

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

**FSUM1255** **File system statistics refresh failed**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while syslogd was refreshing file system statistics. Some of the activities that cause the statistics to be refreshed are: a MODIFY DISPLAY or MODIFY ARCHIVE command, a time of day or threshold based archive, or a syslogd restart. This message is preceded by one or more other error messages that provide more details about the error.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues but syslogd is unable to complete the activity that triggered this message. If a MODIFY command was issued, the command is ignored. If an automatic archive was attempted, the archive fails. If syslogd was restarted, the restart completes without refreshing file system statistics.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. If the problem cannot be resolved with the information provided then restart syslogd with the -d start option to get additional debugging information.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1255 File system statistics refresh failed

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

**FSUM1256** *jobname activity* IS ALREADY IN PROGRESS

**Explanation:** A MODIFY command was issued to restart syslogd or to start a syslogd archive. The requested type of activity was already in progress, so the MODIFY command had no effect. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the **syslogd** application.

*activity* The activity that was already in progress for syslogd. Valid values for *activity* are RESTART and ARCHIVE.

**System action:** The MODIFY command is ignored.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1256 SYSLOGD RESTART IS ALREADY IN PROGRESS

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1257** *jobname* IS UNABLE TO ARCHIVE BELOW FILE SYSTEM THRESHOLD *value*

**Explanation:** During an archive, syslogd was unable to reduce the utilization of one or more z/OS UNIX file systems below 50% of the value configured with the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement. One instance of message FSUM1269 should be written to the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility for each applicable file system. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

*value* 50% of the value configured with the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Issue the MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,ARCHIVE,DETAIL command to display z/OS UNIX file systems and the syslogd files contained in those file systems, in order to determine which file systems cannot be reduced below the threshold. Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. Message FSUM1269 identifies the applicable file systems and the utilization percentage after the archive. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. If the threshold value in the message text is relatively small, consider changing the value specified on the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement to a larger value. Check to make sure that other applications are not using the same file systems as syslogd. Automatic archiving based on a utilization threshold might not work correctly if non-syslogd managed data resides on the same file systems as data managed by syslogd. See the topic on operator commands and system administration in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP System Administrator's Commands* documentation for information about the MODIFY command for syslogd. See the topic on TCP/IP customization in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide* documentation and the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for information on configuring syslogd for automatic archiving.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1257 SYSLOGD IS UNABLE TO ARCHIVE BELOW FILE SYSTEM THRESHOLD 35%



**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to monitor syslogd automatic threshold archive results.

#### FSUM1258 *jobname* IS UNABLE TO COMPLETE MODIFY *type* COMMAND

**Explanation:** A MODIFY command was issued to display syslogd information, or to perform an archive. An internal error was encountered that prevented the MODIFY command from completing successfully. This message is preceded by one or more other error messages that provide more details about the error. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

*type* The type of command that failed, either DISPLAY or ARCHIVE.

**System action:** The MODIFY command is ignored.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. If the problem cannot be resolved with the information provided then restart syslogd with the -d start option to get additional debugging information.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1258 SYSLOGD IS UNABLE TO COMPLETE MODIFY DISPLAY COMMAND

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

#### FSUM1259 *jobname* ARCHIVE FAILED FOR *number* FILES

**Explanation:** A syslogd archive has failed. The archive attempt was the result of one of the following events:

- A MODIFY *procname*,ARCHIVE command was issued
- The time of day configured on the ArchiveTimeOfDay configuration statement has passed
- One or more of the z/OS UNIX files systems containing syslogd files reached or exceeded the utilization threshold configured on the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement

In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the **syslogd** application.

*number* The total number of z/OS UNIX files that failed to be archived.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues. When the next archive event occurs, syslogd will attempt to archive the failed files again.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages

## FSUM1260 • FSUM1261

might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. Message FSUM1263 provides details about each file that failed to be archived. Investigate and take action according to these error messages. If the problem cannot be resolved with the information provided then restart syslogd with the -d start option to get additional debugging information.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:** FSUM1259 SYSLOGD ARCHIVE FAILED FOR 2 FILES

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to monitor for syslogd automatic archive failures.

---

**FSUM1260** *jobname* ARCHIVE COMPLETE FOR *number* FILES

**Explanation:** A syslogd archive has completed. The archive was the result of one of the following events:

- A MODIFY *procname*,ARCHIVE command was issued
- The time of day configured on the ArchiveTimeOfDay configuration statement has passed
- One or more of the z/OS UNIX files systems containing syslogd files reached or exceeded the utilization threshold configured on the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement

In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

*number* The total number of z/OS UNIX files that were successfully archived.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1260 SYSLOGD ARCHIVE COMPLETE FOR 10 FILES

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to monitor syslogd automatic archive results.

---

**FSUM1261** File system *mountpoint* archive results: old utilization *oldpercent* - new utilization *newpercent*

**Explanation:** An automatic archive has been completed by syslogd. This message shows the results of the archive for a given z/OS UNIX file system. In the message text:

*mountpoint*

The mount point of the z/OS UNIX file system.

*oldpercent*

The percentage of utilization of the file system before the archive was done.

*newpercent*

The percentage of utilization of the file system after the archive was done.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1261 File system /var/logs/syslogd archive results: old utilization 72% - new utilization 30%

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

**FSUM1262** File system *mountpoint* archive complete, file *filename* - destination *dest*

**Explanation:** An automatic archive has been completed by syslogd. This message shows the results of the archive for a given z/OS UNIX file. In the message text:

*mountpoint*

The mount point of the z/OS UNIX file system.

*filename* The name of the z/OS UNIX file that was archived.

*dest* The name of the MVS data set that contains the contents of the archived file.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1262 File system /var/logs/syslogd archive complete, file /var/logs/syslogd/daemon.log - destination USER1.SYSARCH.DAEMON.G001V005

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

**FSUM1263** File system *mountpoint* archive failed on *function* - file *filename* - destination *dest* - *errordata*

**Explanation:** A syslogd automatic archive has failed. This message shows error information for a given file within a z/OS UNIX file system. In the message text:

*mountpoint*

The mount point of the z/OS UNIX file system.

*function* The archive function that failed, such as allocation, open, or write.

*filename* The name of the z/OS UNIX file for which the archive failed.

*dest* The name of the MVS data set for which the archive failed.

## FSUM1264

### *errordata*

Error information that describes the specific error. For C library functions this information is in the form:

*errorstring(errno), errno2*

See the topic areas for `errno` and `errnojr` for the corresponding values and supporting information.

For dynamic allocation errors this information is in the form:

error code *errorcode*, info code *infocode*

See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* documentation for details about the error and info codes for dynamic allocation.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: `daemon.error` destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. Investigate and take action based on the error information contained in the message text. If the problem cannot be resolved with the information provided then restart syslogd with the `-d` start option to get additional debugging information.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** `ezasyarc`

**Example:** FSUM1263 File system `/var/logs/syslogd` archive failed on allocation - file `/var/logs/syslogd/daemon.log` - destination `USER1.SYSARCH.DAEMON` - error code 4714, info code 0035

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

### FSUM1264 *parameter specified out of context*

**Explanation:** A syslogd configuration statement or parameter is specified out of context. There are 2 possible reasons for this.

- A parameter that is valid only within the bounds of `Beginxxx` and `Endxxx` statements is specified outside those bounds. For example, the `DSNPrefix` parameter is specified outside of the `BeginArchiveParms` and `EndArchiveParms` statements. The parameter is ignored in this case.
- A configuration statement or parameter that is not valid within the bounds of `Beginxxx` and `Endxxx` statements is specified within those bounds. For example, the `ArchiveCheckInterval` configuration statement is specified inside of the `BeginArchiveParms` and `EndArchiveParms` statements. The entire `Beginxxx` and `Endxxx` statement block is treated as an error in this case.

In the message text:

### *parameter*

The configuration statement or parameter that was specified out of context.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd configuration file and correct the statement or parameter that failed. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd configuration statements. Restart syslogd.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasyarc, syslogd

**Example:** FSUM1264 DSNPrefix specified out of context

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

#### FSUM1265 *jobname* AUTOMATIC ARCHIVE FUNCTION NOT ACTIVE

**Explanation:** The syslogd application was configured to perform automatic archiving, but the automatic archive function is not active due to a configuration error or an internal error. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues, but syslogd will not be able to automatically archive z/OS UNIX files.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility to determine if additional error messages explain more about the problem. To determine which syslogd destination contains these messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to the following: daemon.error destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might look different. See the topic on the syslogd daemon in the *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* documentation for the syntax of syslogd rules. Investigate and take action according to these error messages. If a configuration error occurred, correct the error and restart syslogd. If the problem cannot be resolved with the information provided then restart syslogd with the -d start option to get additional debugging information.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** SYSLOGD AUTOMATIC ARCHIVE FUNCTION NOT ACTIVE

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to monitor for syslogd automatic archive failures.

#### FSUM1266 File system *mountpoint* file reinitialization complete, file *filename*

**Explanation:** An archive event has been completed by syslogd, and some syslogd rules were configured with the -X parameter, indicating that the z/OS UNIX file should be reinitialized. This message indicates that the reinitialization is complete for a given z/OS UNIX file. In the message text:

*mountpoint*

The mount point of the z/OS UNIX file system.

*filename* The name of the z/OS UNIX file that was reinitialized.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1266 File system /var/logs file reinitialization complete, file /var/logs/syslog/daemon.trace

## FSUM1267 • FSUM1268

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

### FSUM1267 FILE SYSTEM SUMMARY

**Explanation:** A MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,ARCHIVE command was issued. This message is followed by summary information for z/OS UNIX file systems that contain syslogd files as destinations.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:**

```
FSUM1267 FILE SYSTEM SUMMARY
NAME=OMVS.TMP.HFS
PATH=/SYSTEM/TMP
512-BLOCKS= 169920  USED= 12224  AVAIL= 157696  USAGE= 7%
```

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

### FSUM1268 FILE SYSTEM DETAILS

**Explanation:** A MODIFY procname,DISPLAY,ARCHIVE,DETAIL command was issued. This message is followed by detailed information for z/OS UNIX file systems that contain syslogd files as destinations.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** Not applicable.

**System programmer response:** Not applicable.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasycmd

**Example:**

```
FSUM1268 FILE SYSTEM DETAILS
NAME=OMVS.TMP.HFS
PATH=/SYSTEM/TMP
512-BLOCKS= 169920  USED= 12224  AVAIL= 157696  USAGE= 7%
FILE SIZE USAGE PATH
      24      0% /TMP/SYSLOG.LOG
1 OF 1 RECORDS DISPLAYED
```

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1269** File system *mountpoint* actual utilization *actual* - target utilization *target*

**Explanation:** During an archive, syslogd was unable to reduce the utilization of a z/OS UNIX file system below 50% of the value configured with the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement. This message shows both the target percentage value (50% of the value configured with the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement), and the actual percentage value that was achieved. This message indicates the results for an individual file system, and is followed by message FSUM1257. In the message text:

*mountpoint*

The mount point of the z/OS UNIX file system.

*actual* The actual utilization percentage that was achieved.

*target* 50% of the value configured with the ArchiveThreshold configuration statement.

**System action:** Syslogd processing continues.

**Operator response:** See message FSUM1257.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM1257.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See message FSUM1257.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1269 File system /var/logs/syslogd actual utilization 54% - target utilization 40%

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1270** Warning: user name *name* is truncated to 8 characters

**Explanation:** A rule in the syslogd configuration file appears to be configured with a list of user names as the destination, but the specified user name is too long. In the message text:

*name* The user name specified on the rule.

**System action:** Syslogd truncates the specified user name to 8 characters.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the rule destination is supposed to be a list of user names. If so, specify user names that are no more than 8 characters and restart syslogd. It is possible that the destination is supposed to be a z/OS UNIX file, but the leading slash ("/") character was inadvertently left off. In this case, syslogd interprets the destination as a list of user names. If this is the case, correct the z/OS UNIX file destination and restart syslogd.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** syslogd

**Example:** FSUM1270 Warning: user name charliebrown is truncated to 8 characters

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: Syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1271** *jobname* **RULE ON LINE *num* IN *filename* WAS DISABLED**

**Explanation:** The syslogd rule on line number *num* in the syslog configuration file named *filename* was disabled.

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

*num* The line or record number of the statement in the syslog configuration file.

*filename* The name of the syslog configuration file.

**System action:** Processing continues. Log messages are no longer written to the destination file for this syslogd rule.

**Operator response:** This informational message indicates that syslogd has stopped logging messages for the syslogd rule due to an error writing to the rule's destination file. This occurs when the filesystem for the destination file is full but can also occur for other errors. If the filesystem is full, free up space in the filesystem and issue a MODIFY RESTART command to syslogd to resume logging.

**System programmer response:** This informational message indicates that syslogd has stopped logging messages for the syslogd rule due to an error writing to the rule's destination file. This occurs when the filesystem for the destination file is full but can also occur for other errors. If the file system is filling up often then you need to consider automatic syslogd archiving or you need to reduce the number of log messages being written to the filesystem or increase the size of the filesystem.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** See system programmer response.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:**

```
FSUM1271 SYSLOGD RULE ON LINE 50
IN /etc/syslogd.conf WAS DISABLED
```

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** 10

**Descriptor code:** 12

**Automation:** This message is written to the system console and syslog. You might want to automate on this message to monitor syslogd and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUM1272** **Warning: archive function disabled for rules with shared destination** *filename*

**Explanation:** More than one syslogd rule is using the same z/OS UNIX file destination, and at least one of those rules is configured with the -N parameter, indicating the file should be automatically archived. Automatic archiving for rules that share a z/OS UNIX file destination is not supported. In the message text:

*filename* The name of the z/OS UNIX file destination that is shared by multiple rules.

**System action:** Automatic archiving is turned off for all rules that share the z/OS UNIX file destination. However, logging to the destination file continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** If you want to automatically archive this destination file, examine your syslogd configuration file to identify the set of rules that specify this destination. You can combine the set of rules into a single rule or continue to use multiple rules.

1. If you want to combine the rules, specify each rule condition on a single line, separated by semicolon characters, followed by the file name and then your archive specification. For example:

```
local1.*;local2.* /var/logs/local.log -N LOCAL
```

2. If you want to use multiple rules, change the rules to specify a unique z/OS UNIX file for each rule, and configure each rule for automatic archiving. For information about configuring syslogd rules and using automatic archiving, see the topic about the syslogd daemon in *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference*.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.



**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1272 Warning: archive function disabled for rules with shared destination /var/logs/syslog/daemon.trace

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

#### FSUM1273 *jobname* AUTOMATIC ARCHIVE NOT USED FOR RULES WITH SHARED DESTINATION

**Explanation:** More than one syslogd rule is using the same z/OS UNIX file destination, and at least one of those rules is configured with the -N parameter, indicating the file should be automatically archived. Automatic archiving for rules that share a z/OS UNIX file destination is not supported. In the message text:

*jobname* The job name of the syslogd application.

**System action:** Automatic archiving is turned off for all rules that share a z/OS UNIX file destination. However, logging to the destination files continues.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Examine the syslogd destination that is configured to receive error messages for the daemon facility and look for occurrences of message FSUM1272. Each FSUM1272 message identifies a z/OS UNIX file destination that is shared by more than one rule. Use the documentation for message FSUM1272 to correct the problem.

To determine which syslogd destination contains the FSUM1272 messages, look for a rule in the syslogd configuration file similar to: `daemon.error` destination. Because of the flexibility of syslogd rules, the rule you configured for these messages might be different. For information about syslogd rule syntax, see the topic about the syslogd daemon in *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference*.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** ezasyarc

**Example:** FSUM1273 SYSLOGD AUTOMATIC ARCHIVE NOT USED FOR RULES WITH SHARED DESTINATION

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

#### FSUM1274 The name/token pair support for the configuration file location is disabled due to a storage constraint

**Explanation:** A storage constraint occurred while the name/token pair was being created.

**System action:** Processing continues without the name/token pair support.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** If you want to use syslogd name/token pair support, determine the cause of the storage shortage. See *z/OS V2R2.0 Communications Server: IP Diagnosis Guide* for information about storage shortages. If you do not want to use syslogd name/token pair support, no action is required.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** FSUM1274 The name/token support for the configuration file location is disabled due to a storage constraint

## FSUM1275 • FSUM2001I

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM1275** The name/token pair support for the configuration file location is disabled due to an error:  
*return-code / reason-code*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the name/token pair was being created.

*return-code*

The return code, 8, which indicates an error.

*reason-code*

The reason code, which is one of the following values:

- 7 ENQ failed permanently
- 8 ENQ attempts timed out
- 9 Retrieve token failed permanently
- 13 Cannot get ECSA storage

For any other return code and reason code, contact IBM support.

**System action:** Processing continues without the name/token pair support.

**Operator response:** Contact the system programmer.

**System programmer response:** Contact the IBM software support center and provide them with the return code and reason code.

**User response:** Not applicable.

**Problem determination:** Not applicable.

**Module:** syslogd.c

**Example:** FSUM1275 The name/token pair support for the configuration file location is disabled due to an error: 8 / 13

**Source:** z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP: syslogd

**Routing code:** Not applicable.

**Descriptor code:** Not applicable.

**Automation:** Not applicable.

---

**FSUM2001I** Command system error+  
There is not enough virtual storage  
to run the command.  
Function = IKJPARS, return code =  
*return-code*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command invoked the TSO/E parse service routine (IKJPARS) to process the OMVS command options. IKJPARS failed with an error return code. The second-level TSO/E message indicates what error was reported by IKJPARS:

**FSUM2002I**

IKJPARS could not obtain required storage and issued return code 16.

**FSUM2003I**

IKJPARS detected an error and issued the return code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from the TSO/E IKJPARS service.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If the second-level message is FSUM2002I, make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the **OMVS** command. Increase the default storage **SIZE** for the TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed **LOGON** storage **SIZE** value for the TSO/E user ID.

If the second-level message is FSUM2003I, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services* for more information on this error from IKJPARS. If any other messages appeared along with the error, follow the suggested actions for those messages.

**User response:** If the second-level TSO/E message is FSUM2002I, the **OMVS** command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available, do one of the following:

- Enter the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E **READY** prompt.
- Enter the **OMVS** command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger **SIZE** value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

If the second-level TSO/E message is FSUM2003I, contact the system programmer with this message number and the IKJPARS return code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

#### FSUM2002I There is not enough virtual storage to run the command.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2001I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2001I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2001I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2001I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2001I.

#### FSUM2003I Function = IKJPARS, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2001I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2001I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2001I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2001I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2001I.

#### FSUM2004I The OMVS command could not open the character conversion library.+ Return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command tried to open the data set containing the character conversion table. **OPEN** failed with the return code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

Other error messages explaining why **OPEN** failed may appear along with this message.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from **OPEN**.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session. Additional error messages may appear if you entered the TSO/E **PROFILE WTPMSG** command.

**System programmer response:** For more information about error return codes from **OPEN**, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. If any other error messages appeared along with this one, follow the suggested actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the **OPEN** return code displayed in the second-level message.

**FSUM2005I** Return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2004I when you press "?". For more information, see message FSUM2004I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2004I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2004I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2004I.

---

**FSUM2006I** The OMVS command could not load the character conversion table.+ Module *conversion-table-name* could not be loaded from the system libraries. Module *conversion-table-name* could not be loaded from data set *data-set-name*.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not load the character conversion table from the specified data set, or from the default system libraries.

Other error messages explaining why the MVS LOAD service failed may appear along with this message.

In the message text:

*conversion-table-name*

The name of the character conversion table that could not be loaded.

*data-set-name*

The name of the data set that should have contained the character conversion table.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session. Additional error messages may appear if you had entered the TSO/E PROFILE WTPMSG command.

**System programmer response:** If other error messages appeared with this one, follow the suggested actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the error message number and any variable information provided by the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2007I** Module *conversion-table-name* could not be loaded from the system libraries.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2006I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2006I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2006I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2006I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2006I.

---

**FSUM2008I** Module *conversion-table-name* could not be loaded from data set *data-set-name*.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2006I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2006I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2006I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2006I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2006I.

---

**FSUM2009I** The OMVS command could not close the character conversion library.+ Return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command tried to close the data set containing the character conversion table, but failed with the return code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

Other error messages explaining why CLOSE failed may appear along with this message.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from CLOSE.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** For more information about error return codes from CLOSE, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the CLOSE return code displayed in the second-level message.

**FSUM2010I** Return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2009I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2009I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2009I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2009I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2009I.

**FSUM2011I** The OMVS command could not delete the character conversion table.+ Module *conversion-table-name* could not be deleted.

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command could not delete the character conversion table that was loaded from the specified data set or from the default system libraries.

Other error messages explaining why DELETE failed may appear along with this message.

In the message text:

*conversion-table-name*

The name of the character conversion table that could not be deleted.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The character conversion tables may still be loaded in system storage.

**System programmer response:** If other error messages appeared with this one, follow the suggested actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the error message number and any variable information provided by the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2012I** Module *conversion-table-name* could not be deleted.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2011I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2011I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2011I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2011I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2011I.

**FSUM2013I** The OMVS command ended in error.+ OMVS return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command ended because of an error. Other error messages that explain the failure should appear with this message.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from the C-language portion of the **OMVS** command, or the runtime library. This is not the return code from the **OMVS** command returned to a TSO/E CLIST.

The return codes are:

- 12 An unrecoverable error caused the **OMVS** command to end. Prior error messages should describe the error.

- 16 An unexpected error caused the **OMVS** command to end. Message FSUM2141I, which should appear prior to this message, describes the unexpected error.
- 100 An internal error caused the **OMVS** command to end. Message FSUM2145I, which should appear prior to this message, describes the internal error.
- 111 An internal error caused the **OMVS** command to end.
- 112 An internal error caused the **OMVS** command to end.
- 113 An internal error caused the **OMVS** command to end.
- 200 SIGILL, SIGSEGV, SIGFPE, or SIGABND caused the **OMVS** command to end.
- 211 SIGILL, SIGSEGV, SIGFPE, or SIGABND caused the **OMVS** command to end abruptly, perhaps without the usual error messages.
- Other** A return code issued from the runtime library. For more information about this return code, see *z/OS XL C/C++ User's Guide*.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends in error and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** Follow the recommended actions for the earlier error messages that describe the error.

**User response:** Follow the recommended actions for the earlier error messages that describe the error. Contact the system programmer, if needed.

**FSUM2014I OMVS return code = *return-code***

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2013I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2013I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2013I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2013I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2013I.

**FSUM2016I An unexpected error occurred.** **Error code = *error-code*,**  
**return code = *return-code-decimal***  
**(*X'return-code-hex'*),**  
**abend code = *abend-code*,**  
**reason code = *reason-code*,**  
**error data = *error-data*,**  
**error string = '*error-string*'**  
**Error code = *error-code*,**  
**return value = *return-value*,**  
**errno = *errno-decimal***  
**(*X'errno-hex'*),**  
**reason code = *reason-code*,**  
**description = '*system-message*'**  
**Error code = *error-code***

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command detected an error, probably in the **OMVS** command or the message catalog.

In the message text:

*error-code*

The code for this error.

*return-code-decimal*

The return code, in decimal, associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no return code for this error.

*return-code-hex*

The return code, in hexadecimal, associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no return code for this error.

*abend-code*

An abend code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no abend code for this error.

*reason-code*

A reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

*error-data*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional data for this error.

*error-string*

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

*return-value*

The return value associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no return value available for this error.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, for this error. If this value is zero, there is no errno available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, for this error.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value. If errno is zero, this message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues processing after reporting the error.

**System programmer response:** Report the problem to the IBM support center.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with this message number and the displayed error information from the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2017I** **Error code** = *error-code*, **return code** = *return-code-decimal* (X'*return-code-hex*'), **abend code** = *abend-code*, **reason code** = *reason-code*, **error data** = *error-data*, **error string** = '*error-string*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2016I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2016I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2016I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2016I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2016I.

**FSUM2018I** **Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2016I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2016I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2016I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2016I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2016I.

**FSUM2019I** **Error code** = *error-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2016I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2016I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2016I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2016I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2016I.

---

**FSUM2020I** No session was started. Not enough storage is available. Function = `malloc()`, bytes required = *malloc-bytes*, return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command was unable to get the storage required to start a new session. The second-level TSO/E message gives the number of bytes of storage required.

In the message text:

*malloc-bytes*

The number of bytes that could not be obtained by the `malloc()` function.

*return-value*

The return value from the failing `malloc()` function.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the OMVS command. Increase the default storage SIZE for this TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed LOGON storage SIZE value for the TSO/E user ID.

**User response:** The OMVS command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available:

- Enter the OMVS command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.
- Specify a larger SIZE value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

To reduce the OMVS storage requirement:

- Do not try to start so many sessions.
- Enter the OMVS command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- If the LINES(n) option was used, specify a smaller value for n.

---

**FSUM2021I** Function = `malloc()`, bytes required = *malloc-bytes*, return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2020I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2020I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2020I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2020I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2020I.

---

**FSUM2022I** Special characters may appear incorrect on the terminal. OMVS cannot use the codeset in the character conversion table.+ Function = `setlocale()`, codeset name = *'codeset-name'*, return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** The TSO/E OMVS command recognized the codeset name in the character conversion table, but was unable to switch to any of the known locales that use the codeset. The `setlocale()` function failed for all known locales that use the specified codeset.

Data sets for one or more of the locales that use the codeset are probably not available on the system. For more information about the C/370™ locale data sets, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide*.

In the message text:

*codeset-name*

The name of the codeset specified in the character conversion table.

*return-value*

The return value from `setlocale()`.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues. Characters in error messages and the help panel will not be converted from code page 1047 to the correct 3270 code page before they are written to the terminal. Certain special characters may appear incorrect on the 3270 screen.



**System programmer response:** If an IBM-provided character conversion table was being used, make sure that the required locale data sets are available on the system.

If the failure occurred when trying to use a customized table, make sure that the codeset name in the character conversion table is correct, and that all required locale data sets are available on the system.

**User response:** If the CONVERT keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default character conversion table, specify a different table. If the correct table was specified, contact the system programmer.

If the default character conversion table was used, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2023I** Function = `setlocale()`, codeset name = '*codeset-name*', return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2022I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2022I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2022I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2022I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2022I.

**FSUM2024I** Special characters may appear incorrect on the terminal. OMVS cannot use the locale in the character conversion table.+ Function = `setlocale()`, locale name = '*locale-name*', return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** The TSO/E **OMVS** command was unable to switch to the locale specified in the character conversion table. The `setlocale()` function failed with the displayed return value. This error happens only when using customized character conversion tables, which specify a locale name rather than just the codeset name.

The locale name may be incorrect, or data sets for the locale may not be available on the system. For more information about C/370 locale data sets, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide*.

In the message text:

*locale-name*

The name of the locale specified in the character conversion table.

*return-value*

The return value from `setlocale()`.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues. Characters in error messages and the help panel will not be converted from code page 1047 to the correct 3270 code page before they are written to the terminal. Certain special characters may appear incorrect on the 3270 screen.

**System programmer response:** This error normally occurs only when using customized character conversion tables. Make sure that the locale name specified in the character conversion table is correct. Make sure that all data sets for that locale are available on the system.

**User response:** If the CONVERT keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default character conversion table, specify a different table. If the correct table was specified, contact the system programmer.

If the default character conversion table was used, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2025I** Function = `setlocale()`, locale name = '*locale-name*', return value = *return-value*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2024I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2024I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2024I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2024I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2024I.

---

**FSUM2026I** No session was started. The shell cannot start, because too many processes are already active for this UID. Function = `attach_exec`,  
return value = *return-value*,  
errno = *errno-decimal*  
(*X'errno-hex'*),  
reason code = *reason-code*,  
description = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** When you entered the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand, close to the maximum number of processes were already active for this UID. Because of this, the process required for the shell could not be created. At least two processes must be available for this UID when you run the TSO/E **OMVS** command. Also, at least one process must be available for this UID when you run the **OPEN** subcommand. Each shell session takes up at least one process for this UID. Active z/OS UNIX batch jobs submitted for this TSO/E user ID count as processes for this UID. Other TSO/E user IDs may share the same UID with this TSO/E user ID. If those user IDs are currently using z/OS UNIX, their processes also count toward the maximum allowed for this UID.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from **attach\_exec**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **attach\_exec**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **attach\_exec**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **attach\_exec**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for a UID. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

For an explanation of the errno and reason code from **attach\_exec**, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

Wait for any z/OS UNIX batch jobs from this TSO/E user ID to end before reentering the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand. Other TSO/E user IDs may share a common UID with this user ID. Reenter the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand after one of those TSO/E user IDs has finished using z/OS UNIX.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number of processes allowed per UID.

---

**FSUM2027I** Function = `attach_exec`,  
return value = *return-value*,  
errno = *errno-decimal*  
(*X'errno-hex'*),  
reason code = *reason-code*,  
description = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2026I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2026I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2026I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2026I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2026I.

---

**FSUM2028I** No session was started. The shell cannot start, because too many processes are already active in the system. Function = `attach_exec`,  
 return value = *return-value*,  
 errno = *errno-decimal*  
 (*X'errno-hex'*),  
 reason code = *reason-code*,  
 description = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** When you entered the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand, close to the maximum number of processes were already active in the system. Because of this, the process required for the shell could not be created. The system must be able to start at least two more processes before the TSO/E **OMVS** command can run. The system must be able to start at least one more process before the **OPEN** subcommand can run.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from **attach\_exec**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **attach\_exec**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **attach\_exec**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **attach\_exec**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for z/OS UNIX. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

For an explanation of the errno and reason code from **attach\_exec**, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

Retry the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand later, when the system is not so busy.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number processes that can be active at one time.

---

**FSUM2029I** Function = `attach_exec`,  
 return value = *return-value*,  
 errno = *errno-decimal* (*X'errno-hex'*),  
 reason code = *reason-code*,  
 description = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2028I when you press "?". For more information see FSUM2028I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2028I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2028I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2028I.

---

**FSUM2030I** One or more DBCS characters were found in the TSO/E **OMVS** command **ESCAPE** operand string. These DBCS characters are ignored.

**Explanation:** One or more DBCS characters or a Shift Out (SO) character were specified in the TSO/E **OMVS** command **ESCAPE** operand. However, only SBCS characters may be used as escape characters. **OMVS** cannot use DBCS escape characters.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues processing. None of the DBCS characters in the ESCAPE operand string are treated as escape characters. Any valid SBCS characters in the string are used as escape characters. The accepted escape characters appear at the bottom of the OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that any CLISTs or REXX EXECs that invoke OMVS do not specify DBCS characters in the TSO/E OMVS command ESCAPE operand.

**User response:** Specify only SBCS characters in the OMVS command ESCAPE operand string. Do not specify any DBCS escape characters.

**FSUM2031I The OMVS command could not start, because not enough storage was available.**

**Explanation:** During OMVS command processing, a request for storage failed. There was not enough storage to issue a more detailed error message that would describe the failing storage request.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the OMVS command. Increase the default storage SIZE for the TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed LOGON storage SIZE value for the TSO/E user ID.

**User response:** The OMVS command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available, do one of the following:

- Enter the OMVS command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.
- Enter the OMVS command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger SIZE value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2032I The OMVS command failed because it could not obtain required storage. Function = malloc(), bytes required = malloc-bytes, return value = return-value  
Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = bytes-below-16mb, return code = return-code  
Function = GETMAIN, bytes required = bytes-anywhere, return code = return-code  
Function = GETMAIN (subpool 1), bytes required = subpool-1-bytes, return code = return-code  
Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72**

**Explanation:** During OMVS command processing, a request for storage failed. The second-level TSO/E message gives the type of storage request that failed, and the number of bytes requested.

In the message text:

*malloc-bytes*

The number of bytes that could not be obtained by the **malloc()** function.

*return-value*

The return value from the failing **malloc()** function.

*bytes-below-16mb*

The number of bytes of storage required below the 16MB address.

*return-code*

The return code from the failing GETMAIN request.

*bytes-anywhere*

The number of bytes of storage required above or below the 16MB address.

*subpool-1-bytes*

The number of bytes of storage required in subpool 1.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the **OMVS** command. Increase the default storage **SIZE** for this TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed **LOGON** storage **SIZE** value for the TSO/E user ID.

The second-level TSO/E message indicates what type of storage ran out:

**FSUM2033I**

Not enough storage to satisfy a **malloc()** request.

**FSUM2034I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address.

**FSUM2035I**

Not enough storage above or below the 16MB address

**FSUM2036I**

Not enough storage to satisfy a **GETMAIN** request for subpool 1 storage.

**FSUM2064I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **TCLEARQ**).

**FSUM2065I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **STFSPMODE ON**).

**FSUM2066I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **STFSPMODE OFF**).

**FSUM2067I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **STTMPMD ON**).

**FSUM2068I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **STTMPMD OFF**).

**FSUM2069I**

Not enough storage below the 16MB address (storage is required for the **OMVS** command with **STLINENO**).

**User response:** The **OMVS** command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available:

- Enter the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E **READY** prompt.
- Enter the **OMVS** command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger **SIZE** value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2033I** **Function = malloc(), bytes required = malloc-bytes, return value = return-value**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following **FSUM2032I** when you press "?". For more information, see **FSUM2032I**.

**System action:** See message **FSUM2032I**.

**System programmer response:** See message **FSUM2032I**.

**User response:** See message **FSUM2032I**.

---

---

**FSUM2034I** Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = *bytes-below-16mb*, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2035I** Function = GETMAIN, bytes required = *bytes-anywhere*, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2036I** Function = GETMAIN (subpool 1), bytes required = *subpool-1-bytes*, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2037I** The OMVS debug data set could not be opened. Debug information will not be recorded. Function = **fopen()**,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal(X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** The DEBUG option was specified on the OMVS command when it was entered. The OMVS command tries to record debug data in the data set with a DDNAME of SYSFSUMO. The OMVS command was unable to use this data set.

The errno, reason code, and system message displayed in the second-level TSO/E message may explain more about this error. More information about the errno value and system message can be found in *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If the reason code is not zero, more information can be found in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

In the message text:

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **fopen()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **fopen()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fopen()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues processing but does not record any debug data. Additional error messages may appear if you entered the TSO/E PROFILE WTPMSG command.

**System programmer response:** If you need to collect debugging information from the OMVS command, make sure that the SYSFSUMO debug data set is available to the OMVS command. If the WRAPDEBUG(n) option is not used, this data set should have room for at least 10,000 80-byte fixed-length records. If the WRAPDEBUG(n) option is

used, this data set should have room for at least *n* 80-byte fixed-length records.

**User response:** If you were directed to collect debugging information from the **OMVS** command, a debug data set is required. If **WRAPDEBUG(n)** is used, create a data set with room for at least *n* 80-byte fixed-length records. If **WRAPDEBUG(n)** is not used, create a data set with room for at least 10,000 80-byte fixed-length records. Use the TSO/E **ALLOCATE** command to allocate this data set to SYSFSUMO. For example, **ALLOCATE FILE(SYSFSUMO) DATASET(XXX)**. Do not direct the debugging data to the terminal using **DATASET(\*)** on the **ALLOCATE** command, because you will prevent the **OMVS** command from using the display screen. Retry the **OMVS** command after setting up the debug data set.

If you do not want to record **OMVS** command debugging data, omit the **DEBUG** option from the **OMVS** command, or specify **OMVS DEBUG(NO)**.

**FSUM2038I** **Function = fopen(),**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2037I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2037I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2037I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2037I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2037I.

**FSUM2039I** **The OMVS character conversion table defines one or more DBCS characters as escape characters. These DBCS characters are ignored.**

**Explanation:** The OMVS character conversion table defines one or more DBCS characters or a Shift Out (SO) character as a default escape character. However, only SBCS characters can be defined as escape characters. OMVS cannot use DBCS escape characters.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues processing. None of the DBCS characters in the character conversion table are treated as escape characters. Any valid SBCS characters in the table are used as escape characters. The accepted escape characters appear at the bottom of the OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that any character conversion tables created for the TSO/E **OMVS** command define only SBCS characters as escape characters.

**User response:** If OMVS is not using any escape characters, or if the accepted SBCS escape characters are not sufficient, end OMVS and return to TSO/E.

- Rerun the TSO/E **OMVS** command using the **ESCAPE** operand to override the bad default escape characters from the character conversion table. Specify only SBCS characters in the **ESCAPE** operand.
- Rerun the TSO/E **OMVS** command using the **CONVERT** operand to choose a different character conversion table.

Report the problem to the system programmer. Along with the message number, include any operands specified on the TSO/E **OMVS** command when the error occurred.

**FSUM2040I** **The OMVS command failed because the specified character conversion table contains ASCII characters.**

**Explanation:** The character conversion table specified on the **OMVS** command is not usable. The specified table converts between ASCII and EBCDIC characters. The **OMVS** command cannot use a conversion table that performs this conversion.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that any character conversion tables that are provided for use with the **OMVS** command do not convert to or from ASCII. If this error message appeared when the **CONVERT** keyword was not specified on the **OMVS** command, make sure the default table for the **OMVS** command does not convert to and from ASCII.

**User response:** If the **CONVERT** keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default character

## FSUM2041I • FSUM2043I

conversion table name, specify a different table. The table must not perform ASCII to EBCDIC conversion. If the CONVERT keyword was not used, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2041I** The OMVS command could not start, because module *module-name* could not be loaded.+ Abend code = *Sabend-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command tried to load the module named in the error message. The MVS LOAD service failed with the abend code and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For more information about this abend code and reason code, see *z/OS MVS System Codes*.

In the message text:

*module-name*

The name of the load module that could not be loaded.

*abend-code*

The system abend code from the LOAD function.

*reason-code*

The abend reason code from the LOAD function.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the module named in the error message can be loaded by the OMVS command from the normal system libraries. Follow the suggested actions for the abend code and reason code displayed in the message.

**User response:** Report this message number and the displayed module name, abend code, and reason code to the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2042I** Abend code = *Sabend-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2041I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2041I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2041I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2041I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2041I.

---

**FSUM2043I** The OMVS command failed because the specified character conversion table is not the correct size.+ The required size is *required-size* bytes, but the actual size is *actual-size* bytes (decimal).

**Explanation:** The length of the character conversion table specified on the OMVS command is incorrect. The OMVS command requires tables of a certain length. If the CONVERT keyword was used to override the default character conversion table name, the specified name is probably not the name of a character conversion table. If the specified name is correct, the table was probably not built correctly.

In the message text:

*required-size*

The required length for character conversion tables used by the OMVS command.

*actual-size*

The actual length of the character conversion table that was loaded.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that all character conversion tables for the OMVS command are exactly the required length. If this error message appeared when the CONVERT keyword was not specified on the OMVS command, make sure the default table is the correct length.

**User response:** If the CONVERT keyword on the OMVS command was used to override the default character conversion table, make sure that the specified data set really is a character conversion table, or use the CONVERT keyword to choose a different table. If the CONVERT keyword was not used, contact the system programmer.



---

**FSUM2044I** The required size is *required-size* bytes, but the actual size is *actual-size* bytes (decimal).

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2043I when you press “?”. For more information see FSUM2043I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2043I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2043I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2043I.

---

**FSUM2045I** The OMVS command failed because data in the specified character conversion table is incorrect.+  
The eyecatcher field must be '*required-eyecatcher*' (X'*required-eyecatcher-hex*') but is actually  
X'*actual-eyecatcher-hex*'.

**Explanation:** The eyecatcher field in the character conversion table specified on the **OMVS** command is incorrect. The **OMVS** command requires the correct eyecatcher field in all tables used. If the CONVERT keyword was used to override the default table name, the specified name is probably not the name of a character conversion table. If the specified name is correct, the table was probably not built correctly.

In the message text:

*required-eyecatcher*

The EBCDIC data that is required in the eyecatcher field of character conversion tables used by the **OMVS** command.

*required-eyecatcher-hex*

The hexadecimal data that is required in the eyecatcher field of character conversion tables used by the **OMVS** command.

*actual-eyecatcher-hex*

The hexadecimal data that is actually present in the eyecatcher field of the specified character conversion table.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the eyecatcher field is correct in all character conversion tables for the **OMVS** command. If this error message appeared when the CONVERT keyword was not specified on the **OMVS** command, make sure the eyecatcher field in the default table is correct.

**User response:** If the CONVERT keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default table, make sure that the specified data set really is a character conversion table, or use the CONVERT keyword to choose a different table. If the CONVERT keyword was not used, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2046I** The eyecatcher field must be '*required-eyecatcher*' (X'*required-eyecatcher-hex*') but is actually  
X'*actual-eyecatcher-hex*'.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2045I when you press “?”. For more information see FSUM2045I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2045I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2045I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2045I.

---

**FSUM2047I** The OMVS command failed because the specified character conversion table is the wrong version.+  
Version *required-version* is required, but the actual version is *actual-version*.

**Explanation:** The version of the character conversion table specified on the **OMVS** command is incorrect. The **OMVS** command requires a different version of the table. If the CONVERT keyword was used to override the default table name, the specified data might not be a character conversion table.

In the message text:

*required-version*

The version of the character conversion table required by the **OMVS** command.

## FSUM2048I • FSUM2050I

### *actual-version*

The version number contained inside the loaded character conversion table.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that all character conversion tables that are provided for the **OMVS** command contain the correct version number. If this error message appeared when the **CONVERT** keyword was not specified on the **OMVS** command, make sure the version of the default table is correct.

**User response:** If the **CONVERT** keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default character conversion table name, use a different table, or specify a different library. Make sure that the data set name specified is really the name of a character conversion table, or use the **CONVERT** keyword to choose a different table. If the **CONVERT** keyword was not used, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2048I** Version *required-version* is required, but the actual version is *actual-version*.

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2047I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2047I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2047I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2047I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2047I.

---

**FSUM2049I** The **OMVS** command can be entered only from a display terminal.

**Explanation:** You tried to invoke the **OMVS** command from a terminal that is not a display terminal. When the **OMVS** command tried to find out the screen size, it determined that the terminal was not a display. The **OMVS** command must be entered from a 3270-type display terminal, or from a workstation with a 3270 emulator.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** The terminal in use is not a display terminal. For more information, see return code 8 from the **GTTERM** macro, in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Make sure that you are logged on to a display terminal before you enter the **OMVS** command. If you are logged on to a display terminal, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2050I** Special characters may appear incorrect on the terminal. The codeset ('*codeset-name*') in the character conversion table is unknown.

**Explanation:** The codeset name in the character conversion table is not known to the TSO/E **OMVS** command. This error normally occurs only when using customized character conversion tables. The **OMVS** command was unable to construct a locale name for **setlocale()** from the unknown codeset name.

In the message text:

### *codeset-name*

The name of the unknown codeset specified in the character conversion table.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues. Characters in error messages and the help panel will not be converted from code page 1047 to the correct 3270 code page before they are written to the terminal. Certain special characters may appear incorrect on the 3270 screen.

**System programmer response:** This error normally occurs only when using customized character conversion tables. If the customized table contains a codeset name, it must be a codeset used by a locale supported by **OMVS**.

If you need to use an installation-provided locale with the TSO/E **OMVS** command, specify the complete locale name ("Xx\_XX.YYY-9999") instead of the codeset name in the customized **OMVS** character conversion table.

**User response:** If the **CONVERT** keyword on the **OMVS** command was used to override the default character conversion table, specify a different table. If the correct table was specified, contact the system programmer.

If the default character conversion table was used, contact the system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM2051I** The OMVS command failed because the display screen size is not supported.+ The screen size must be at least *minimum-rows* by *minimum-columns* but less than *maximum-bytes* bytes total. The actual primary screen size is *primary-rows* by *primary-columns* (*primary-size* bytes). The alternate screen size is *alternate-rows* by *alternate-columns* (*alternate-size* bytes).

**Explanation:** The available screen sizes for the terminal are too large or too small for the TSO/E OMVS command. The OMVS command is unable to use screens that are larger or smaller than the limits shown in the message text.

In the message text:

*minimum-rows*

The smallest number of rows allowed on a display screen supported by the OMVS command.

*minimum-columns*

The smallest number of columns allowed on a display screen supported by the OMVS command.

*maximum-bytes*

The maximum number of characters (rows times columns) allowed on a display screen supported by the OMVS command.

*primary-rows*

The number of rows in the first screen size supported by the terminal.

*primary-columns*

The number of columns in the first screen size supported by the terminal.

*primary-size*

The number of bytes (rows times columns) for the first screen size supported by the terminal.

*alternate-rows*

The number of rows in the second or alternate screen size supported by the terminal.

*alternate-columns*

The number of columns in the second or alternate screen size supported by the terminal.

*alternate-size*

The number of bytes (rows times columns) for the second or alternate screen size supported by the terminal.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If the terminal does have a supported screen size, examine the actual screen size reported in the message. If the number of rows or columns is wrong in the message, the terminal may be reporting the wrong screen size to the system. The system could also be reporting the wrong screen size to the OMVS command. The OMVS command uses GTTERM to determine the screen size.

**User response:** Make sure that the OMVS command is entered only from terminals with supported screen sizes. Find another terminal, or use another emulator session with a supported screen size. If possible, reconfigure the terminal or emulator to a different screen size.

---

**FSUM2052I** The screen size must be at least *minimum-rows* by *minimum-columns* but less than *maximum-bytes* bytes total. The actual primary screen size is *primary-rows* by *primary-columns* (*primary-size* bytes). The alternate screen size is *alternate-rows* by *alternate-columns* (*alternate-size* bytes).

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2051I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2051I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2051I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2051I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2051I.

---

**FSUM2053I** The OMVS command failed because it could not obtain enough storage to determine the screen size.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command requests 72 bytes of storage in order to determine the screen size. The request failed.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the **OMVS** command. Increase the default storage **SIZE** for this TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed **LOGON** storage **SIZE** value for the TSO/E user ID.

The failing **GETMAIN** request was for 72 bytes below the 16MB address.

**User response:** The **OMVS** command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available:

- Enter the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E **READY** prompt.
- Specify a larger **SIZE** value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2054I The OMVS command can be entered only from a 3270-type terminal attached through VTAM.**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command tries to put the TSO/E terminal into full-screen mode before displaying data from the shell session. The terminal could not be put into full-screen mode, because it is not a 3270-type terminal attached through VTAM®.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** The terminal must be a 3270-type terminal attached through VTAM. For more information, see return code 8 from the **STFSMODE** macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Make sure you are using a 3270-type terminal or 3270 emulator when you enter the **OMVS** command. This terminal must be capable of running full-screen TSO/E commands, such as **ISPF**. If other full-screen commands work properly on this terminal, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2055I The OMVS command cannot use the message catalog.**  
**Function = catopen(),**  
**catalog name = 'catalog-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command tried to open the message catalog named in the second-level TSO/E message. This message catalog could not be opened. If the **errno** value is nonzero, you can find more information about this error in *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. The displayed reason code can be found in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and may help explain the cause of this error.

In the message text:

*catalog-name*

The name of the message catalog that cannot be opened.

*return-value*

The return value from the system.

*errno-decimal*

The **errno** value, in decimal, returned from the system; if **errno** is 0, no **errno** information is available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The **errno** value, in hexadecimal, returned from the system.

*reason-code*

The reason code from the system; if **errno** is 0, this reason code value may be incorrect.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned **errno** value; if **errno** is 0, the displayed system message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues running after this error. However, the **OMVS** command screens might not contain the usual wording. Some **OMVS** subcommands may not be recognized. Some **OMVS** command error messages might not contain the usual wording.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the message catalog named in this error message is installed. Make

sure that this user has read access to the message catalog. Make sure the user has search permission for all the directories leading to the message catalog.

**User response:** Record the message number and the other information from the second-level TSO/E message. Contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2056I** **Function = catopen(),**  
**catalog name = 'catalog-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2055I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2055I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2055I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2055I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2055I.

**FSUM2057I** **No session was started. This TSO/E user ID does not have access to OpenMVS.Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** The RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID does not contain the information needed to use z/OS UNIX.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Give this TSO/E user ID access to z/OS UNIX, if required. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Ask the system programmer to give this TSO/E user ID access to z/OS UNIX.

**FSUM2058I** **Function = sigprocmask, return value = return-value-hex, return code = return-code, reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2057I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2057I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2057I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2057I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2057I.

---

**FSUM2059I** No session was started. This TSO/E user ID is in a group that does not have access to OpenMVS.Function = sigprocmask,  
 return value = *return-value-hex*,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This TSO/E user ID is a member of a RACF group. The RACF profile for that group does not contain information needed to use z/OS UNIX.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Place this TSO/E user ID in a RACF group that can use z/OS UNIX, or allow the group currently containing this TSO/E user ID to use z/OS UNIX. For information about setting up user IDs and RACF groups for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Ask the system programmer to place this TSO/E user ID in a RACF group that can use z/OS UNIX.

---

**FSUM2060I** Function = sigprocmask, return value = *return-value-hex*, return code = *return-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2059I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2059I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2059I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2059I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2059I.

---

**FSUM2061I** The OMVS command could not write an informational message, because not enough storage was available.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command tried to issue a TSO/E message. The message could not be displayed because there was not enough storage.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. The shortage of storage may also prevent this message from showing up on the terminal.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 16 from the PUTLINE macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the OMVS command. Increase the default storage SIZE for the TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed LOGON storage SIZE value for the TSO/E user ID.

**User response:** The OMVS command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available:

- Enter the OMVS command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.
- Enter the OMVS command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger SIZE value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2062I** The OMVS command could not get the next input line, because the terminal was disconnected.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not get the next line of input data from TSO/E, because the terminal was disconnected.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. Because the terminal is disconnected, this error message will probably not show up on the screen.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 32 from the PUTGET macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If the terminal is disconnected, log on to TSO/E, then reenter the OMVS command. If the terminal is not disconnected, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2063I** The OMVS command could not write an informational message, because the terminal was disconnected.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not write a TSO/E message to the terminal, because it was disconnected.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. Because the terminal is disconnected, this error message will probably not show up on the screen.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 20 from IKJEFF02 and the PUTLINE macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If the terminal is disconnected, log on to TSO/E, then reenter the OMVS command. If the terminal is not disconnected, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2064I** Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2065I** Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2066I** Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

**FSUM2067I** Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

## FSUM2068I • FSUM2071I

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

### FSUM2068I Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

### FSUM2069I Function = GETMAIN (below 16 megabytes), bytes required = 72

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2032I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2032I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2032I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2032I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2032I.

---

### FSUM2070I Special characters may appear incorrect on the terminal. The length of the codeset string (*codeset-length*) in the character conversion table is too long.

**Explanation:** The field containing the codeset name or locale name in the character conversion table is 64 bytes long. There is a separate length field in the table, which specifies the actual number of bytes used in the codeset name or locale name string. The specified string length was more than 64 bytes.

In the message text:

*codeset-length*

The length of the codeset string specified in the character conversion table.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues. Characters in error messages and the help panel will not be converted from code page 1047 to the correct 3270 code page before they are written to the terminal. Certain special characters may appear incorrect on the 3270 screen.

**System programmer response:** This error normally occurs only when using customized character conversion tables. Fix the length field in the customized table so that matches the number of characters in the codeset name or locale name string. The maximum possible length is 64 characters.

**User response:** If the CONVERT keyword on the OMVS command was used to override the default character conversion table, specify a different table. If the correct table was specified, contact the system programmer.

If the default character conversion table was used, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2071I An error occurred while the OMVS command was writing to the debug data set. No more debug information will be recorded.+**  
**Function = fwrite(),**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** The OMVS command was entered with the DEBUG option. The OMVS command was unable to write debugging information to the debug data set. This error may occur when the first data is written, or after some data has been written successfully.

In the message text:



*return-value*

The return value from the **fwrite()** function.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **fwrite()**. If errno is 0, no errno information is available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **fwrite()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fwrite()**; if errno is 0, this reason code value may be incorrect.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value; if errno is 0, the displayed system message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command does not record any more debugging data in the debug data set. The **OMVS** command tries to close the debug data set, but continues all other processing normally.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the debug data set is set up properly. Follow any suggested actions for the errno or reason code displayed in the TSO/E second-level message.

For more information about the displayed errno value from the **fwrite()** function, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. For information about the return code from the **fwrite** callable service, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** If the debug data is important, end the shell session and return to TSO/E. Make sure that the debug data set is defined as a sequential data set with fixed-length 80-byte records. If **WRAPDEBUG(n)** is not used, make sure that the data set has enough room for at least 10,000 80-byte records. If **WRAPDEBUG(n)** is used, make sure that the data set has enough room for at least **n** 80-byte records. If nothing appears to be wrong with the debug data set definition, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2072I** **Function = fwrite(),**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2071I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2071I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2071I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2071I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2071I.

**FSUM2073I** **An error occurred while the OMVS command was closing the debug data set. Function = fclose(),**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command tried to close the debug data set. The debug data set is closed when the shell session returns to TSO/E. If message FSUM2071I also appeared, the debug data set was closed because of the write error.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from the **fclose()** function.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **fclose()**; if errno is 0, no errno information is available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **fclose()**.

## FSUM2074I • FSUM2076I

### *reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fclose()**; if **errno** is 0, this reason code value may be incorrect.

### *system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned **errno** value; if **errno** is 0, the displayed system message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues normal processing. The recorded debugging information in the data set might or might not be complete.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the debug data set was set up properly. Follow any suggested actions for the **errno** or reason code displayed in the TSO/E second-level message.

For more information about the displayed **errno** value from the **fclose()** function, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. For more information about the return code from the **fclose** callable service, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the data in the debug data set, and the information from the TSO/E second-level message.

---

**FSUM2074I** **Function = fclose(),**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2073I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2073I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2073I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2073I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2073I.

---

**FSUM2075I** **The OMVS command could not send output data, because the terminal was logged off and could not be reached.**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command could not write TSO/E full-screen data to the terminal, because it was logged off.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. Because the terminal is logged off, this error message will probably not show up on the screen.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 20 from the **TPUT** macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If the terminal is logged off, log on to TSO/E, then reenter the **OMVS** command. If the terminal is not logged off, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2076I** **The OMVS command could not send output data to the terminal, because not enough storage was available.**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command could not send full-screen output data to the terminal, because there was not enough storage.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The shortage of shortage may also prevent this message from showing up on the terminal.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 32 from the **TPUT** macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the **OMVS** command. Increase the default storage **SIZE** for the TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed **LOGON** storage **SIZE** value for the TSO/E user ID.

**User response:** The **OMVS** command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available, do one of the following:

- Enter the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.
- Enter the **OMVS** command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger **SIZE** value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2077I** The **OMVS** command could not obtain input data, because the terminal was logged off and could not be reached.

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command could not obtain TSO/E full-screen data from the terminal, because it was logged off.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. Because the terminal is logged off, this error message will probably not show up on the screen.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 20 from the TGET macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If the terminal is logged off, log on to TSO/E, then reenter the **OMVS** command. If the terminal is not logged off, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2078I** No session was started. The home directory for this TSO/E user ID does not exist or cannot be accessed. **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This TSO/E user ID has a home directory that cannot be used:

1. The wrong home directory might be specified in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID.
2. The home directory might not exist in the file system.
3. The file system containing the home directory might not be mounted.
4. This user might not have search permission for the home directory.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Make sure the home directory specified in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID is correct. Check that the home directory exists and that the file system containing it is mounted. Make sure that the permissions for the home directory allow the TSO/E user ID to search the directory. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Make sure the home directory for this TSO/E user ID exists in the file system before you enter the **OMVS** command. If you do not have authority to create the home directory or mount the file system containing it, contact the operator or the system programmer. If the specified home directory is wrong, ask the system programmer to change it.

---

**FSUM2079I** **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

## FSUM2080I • FSUM2081I

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2078I when you press “?”. For more information, see FSUM2078I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2078I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2078I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2078I.

---

**FSUM2080I** The OMVS command could not request an immediate response from the terminal, because it was logged off and could not be reached.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not send output requiring an immediate response from the terminal, because it was logged off.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. Because the terminal is logged off, this error message will probably not show up on the screen.

**System programmer response:** For more information, see return code 20 from the TPG macro in *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If the terminal is logged off, log on to TSO/E, then reenter the OMVS command. If the terminal is not logged off, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2081I** The OMVS command ended because OpenMVS is no longer available.

**Explanation:** The z/OS UNIX component ended or was stopped while you were using the OMVS command.

In the message text:

*error-code*

The error code shows which function reported that z/OS UNIX was not active:

|    |               |
|----|---------------|
| 68 | fork()        |
| 70 | chdir()       |
| 71 | getlogin()    |
| 72 | getpwnam()    |
| 73 | dup2()        |
| 74 | open()        |
| 75 | setsid()      |
| 76 | close()       |
| 77 | close()       |
| 78 | close()       |
| 78 | close()       |
| 79 | attach_exec   |
| 80 | kill()        |
| 81 | write()       |
| 82 | read()        |
| 83 | catopen()     |
| 84 | sigprocmask() |
| 85 | sigaddset()   |
| 86 | sigemptyset() |
| 87 | sigpending()  |
| 88 | sigismember() |

89     **sysconf()**  
90     **setenv()**  
91     **clearenv()**  
92     **setlocale()**  
95     **close()**  
96     **close()**  
97     **close()**  
98     **close()**  
99     **close()**  
100    **open()** - master TTY  
101    **open()** - slave TTY  
102    **fork()** - when starting session  
103    **fork()** - when ending session  
104    **waitpid()** - while in session  
105    **waitpid()** - when ending session  
106    **stat()**  
107    **sigaction()**  
109    **sigdelset()**  
110    **sigfillset()**  
111    **read()** to pipe  
112    **pipe()**  
113    **fcntl()**  
114    **close()**  
115    **close()**  
116    **close()**  
117    **fcntl()**  
118    sigprocmask  
119    mvssigsetup  
120    mvsunsigsetup  
121    **waitpid()**  
122    **setuid()**  
123    **seteuid()**  
124    **w\_getpsent()**  
125    **time()**  
126    **access()**  
127    **tcgetattr()**  
128    **tcsetattr()**  
129    **tcflush()**  
130    **tcgetpgrp()**  
131    **select()**

- 132    *ioctl()*
- 133    *tcdrain()*
- 134    *getlogin (BPX1GLG)*
- 135    *getutxline()*
- 136    *pututxline()*
- 137    *fstat()*
- 138    *ptsname()*
- 139    *ttyname()*

*return-value*

The return value from the function. If this value is zero, there is no return value available for this error.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from the function. If this value is zero, there is no errno available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from the function.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from the function. If this value is zero, there is no reason code for this error.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the errno value. If errno is zero, this message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The **OMVS** command may also abend with EC6 abend code after this message is displayed.

**System programmer response:** If z/OS UNIX was not stopped or did not end, respond as indicated for the displayed reason code. For a description of the displayed errno and reason code values, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Wait for z/OS UNIX to be restarted before reentering the **OMVS** command.

**FSUM2082I**    **Error code = *error-code*,**  
                   **return value = *return-value*,**  
                   **errno = *errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')*,**  
                   **reason code = *reason-code*,**  
                   **description = '*system-message*'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2081I when you press “?”. For more information, see FSUM2081I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2081I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2081I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2081I.

**FSUM2083I**    **No session was started. OpenMVS is not active.Function = *sigprocmask*,**  
                   **return value = *return-value-hex*,**  
                   **return code = *return-code*,**  
                   **reason code = *reason-code***

**Explanation:** z/OS UNIX was not active when you entered the **OMVS** command.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If z/OS UNIX is already active, follow the actions suggested in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the displayed reason code.

**User response:** Contact the system operator, to start z/OS UNIX, if required. Wait for z/OS UNIX to start and become fully active before reentering the **OMVS** command. If z/OS UNIX is already active, contact the system programmer with the reason shown in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2084I** **Function = sigprocmask, return value = return-value-hex, return code = return-code, reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2083I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2083I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2083I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2083I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2083I.

**FSUM2085I** **No session was started. OpenMVS was stopped and has been restarted. Function = sigprocmask, return value = return-value-hex, return code = return-code, reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** A z/OS UNIX application other than the **OMVS** command is running in this address space. z/OS UNIX stopped and was restarted while that other application was still running. The **OMVS** command was entered after z/OS UNIX was restarted and before the other application ended.

All z/OS UNIX applications in an address space must end after z/OS UNIX is restarted, before you can enter the **OMVS** command again.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If logging off and back on to TSO/E did not solve the problem, follow the actions suggested in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the displayed reason code.

**User response:** Make sure all z/OS UNIX applications have ended. If ISPF is active, end it and get back to the TSO/E READY prompt. End any active REXX exec or CLIST. Then reenter the **OMVS** command.

If the error recurs, try logging off TSO/E. Log back on and reenter **OMVS**. If the error still recurs, contact the system programmer with the reason shown in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2086I** **Function = sigprocmask, return value = return-value-hex, return code = return-code, reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2085I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2085I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2085I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2085I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2085I.

---

**FSUM2087I** The **SESSIONS**(*specified-sessions*) operand on the **OMVS** command specified too many sessions.  
**Maximum number of sessions** = *max-sessions*

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command could not start all the sessions asked for by the **SESSIONS**(*n*) operand. The maximum number of sessions that **OMVS** can start is determined by the **MAXPROCUSER** or **CHILD\_MAX** value for the system. **OMVS** cannot start more than **MAXPROCUSER**/2 shell sessions.

In the message text:

*specified-sessions*

The number of sessions specified by the **OMVS** command **SESSIONS**(*n*) operand.

*max-sessions*

The maximum number of shell sessions that can be started.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command tries to start the maximum number of sessions allowed. Processing continues with this reduced number of sessions.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the value of **MAXPROCUSER** to at least twice the number of sessions needed by each user ID.

**User response:** The maximum number of sessions allowed is shown in the message text. Specify no more than this number in the **OMVS** command **SESSIONS**(*n*) operand.

If more sessions are required, ask the system programmer to increase the value of **MAXPROCUSER** to at least twice the number of sessions required.

---

**FSUM2088I** The **OMVS** command ended unexpectedly. The recovery routine was invoked. **OMVS** control block address = *omvs-block*, **C** control block address = *c-block*

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command has abended. There is probably another message that contains an abend code.

In the message text:

*omvs-block*

The address of the main TSO/E **OMVS** command control block.

*c-block*

The address of the main runtime library control block.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends, and control is returned to TSO/E. This message should be accompanied by message FSUM2089I.

**System programmer response:** See the recommended response for the abend code in *z/OS MVS System Codes*.

**User response:** If this abend is unexpected, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2089I** First **OMVS** module address = *module1-address*, second **OMVS** module address = *module2-address*,  
**PSW** = *psw0-3 psw4-7*

**Explanation:** This message is displayed after message FSUM2088I. This message contains additional information that may assist in problem determination. See message FSUM2088I for a description of the error.

In the message text:

*module1-address*

The address of the main load module for the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

*module2-address*

The address of another load module for the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

*psw0-3*

The first 4 bytes of the error program status word (PSW).

*psw4-7*

The second 4 bytes of the error PSW.



**System action:** The OMVS command ends, and control is returned to TSO/E. This message should be accompanied by message FSUM2088I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2088I.

**User response:** If this abend is unexpected, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2091I** The OMVS command ended because incorrect data was received from the terminal. This is a terminal or system error. No data bytes were received from the terminal. Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*  
 The first character (X'*aid-byte*')  
 was unexpected. Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*  
 The location of the cursor was  
 partly missing. Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *incomplete-cursor*  
 Unexpected control information  
 was received from the terminal.  
 Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *unexpected-order*  
 Data describing the screen location  
 of the input field was incomplete.  
 Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *incomplete-address*  
 The input data came in from an  
 unexpected screen location.  
 Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *unexpected-address*  
 Input data came in from more  
 than one location on the screen.  
 Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data from second field =  
*second-field*  
 Input data was received when none  
 was expected. Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *unexpected-input*  
 The final character of input data  
 was missing. Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *incomplete-input*  
 An unexpected character was  
 found in the input data.  
 Function = TGET,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 data count = *data-count*,  
 data = *unexpected-bytes*  
 Too much input data was received.

## FSUM2091I

**Function = TGET,**  
**return code = *return-code*,**  
**data count = *data-count*,**  
**data = *starting-data***  
**An incorrect DBCS mixed string**  
**was received. Function = TGET,**  
**return code = *return-code*,**  
**data count = *data-count*,**  
**data = *mixed-data***

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command received incorrect data from the 3270 terminal. This error is probably caused by a terminal or system problem, and not by what the user entered. The second-level message describes the specific data stream error seen by the **OMVS** command:

### FSUM2092I

The **OMVS** command issued TGET and received no data from the terminal. In full-screen mode, the terminal should always send in at least 1 byte of data (the AID byte).

### FSUM2093I

The first byte of data from the terminal was not one of the expected 3270 AID bytes.

### FSUM2094I

Only 2 bytes of data were received from the terminal in full-screen mode. This indicates that the second byte of the cursor address was missing in the data stream.

### FSUM2095I

An unexpected display order was received from the terminal. The first display order in the data stream should be the 3270 SET BUFFER ADDRESS (SBA) order.

### FSUM2096I

Exactly 5 bytes of input data were received from the terminal. The second byte of the screen address of the first input field is missing.

### FSUM2097I

Input data was received from some location other than the usual **OMVS** command input area at the bottom of the screen. This error can be caused by repeatedly entering data while the normal **OMVS** command screen is not being displayed.

### FSUM2098I

Input data was received from two or more input fields on the same screen. This error can be caused by repeatedly entering data while the normal **OMVS** command screen is not being displayed.

### FSUM2099I

Input data was received while the **OMVS** command did not have an input area on the screen. This error can be caused by repeatedly entering data while the normal **OMVS** screen is not being displayed.

### FSUM2100I

The data stream received from the terminal ended with a graphic escape (GE) character, but there was no character following the GE.

### FSUM2101I

The data stream received from the terminal contained one or more of the following unexpected characters:

- SET ATTRIBUTE (SA)
- START FIELD (SF)
- START FIELD EXTENDED (SFE)
- SHIFT OUT (SO)
- SHIFT IN (SI)
- NULL

### FSUM2102I

Too much data was received from the terminal. The data was too long to fit in the normal input area at the bottom of the screen. This error can be caused by repeatedly entering data while the normal **OMVS** command screen is not being displayed.

**FSUM2103I**

An odd-length DBCS subfield in a mixed DBCS string was received from the terminal. In addition, the final (odd) byte was out of range for DBCS data. The terminal should never send in odd-length DBCS subfields or incorrect characters in DBCS subfields.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from TSO/E.

*aid-byte*

The first byte of data, in hexadecimal, from the terminal. This is the unexpected 3270 AID byte.

*data-count*

The number of bytes of data received from the terminal.

*incomplete-cursor*

The 2 bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. The last byte is the incomplete cursor address.

*unexpected-order*

The first few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. These bytes contain the unexpected 3270 display order that was received.

*incomplete-address*

The first 5 bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. The last byte of data is the incomplete screen address of the first input field.

*unexpected-address*

The first few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. These bytes contain the unexpected screen address of the input data.

*second-field*

The first few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the second input field on the screen.

*unexpected-input*

The first few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. These bytes contain the unexpected input data.

*incomplete-input*

The last few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. The last byte of data is the start of an incomplete graphic escape character.

*unexpected-bytes*

A few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal. The first byte of data is the unexpected character.

*starting-data*

The first few bytes of data, in hexadecimal, received from the terminal,

*mixed-data*

The last few bytes of an odd-length DBCS subfield received from the terminal. The last byte is the usually the Shift In (SI) or Shift Out (SO) character that ends the incorrect subfield.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, ending the shell session.

**System programmer response:** Examine the bytes of data from the terminal in the second-level message. If there is a terminal data stream error, determine the cause of this error.

If there is too much data or data from unexpected input fields, there may be no terminal or system problem. It is possible that the user repeatedly entered data while the normal **OMVS** command screen was not being displayed. In these cases, use the **DEBUG(DATA)** keyword on the TSO/E **OMVS** command to trace the data from the terminal.

**User response:** Report this problem to the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2092I** No data bytes were received from the terminal. Function = TGET, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2093I** The first character (X'*aid-byte*') was unexpected. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2094I** The location of the cursor was partly missing. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *incomplete-cursor*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2095I** Unexpected control information was received from the terminal. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *unexpected-order*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2096I** Data describing the screen location of the input field was incomplete. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *incomplete-address*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

---

**FSUM2097I** The input data came in from an unexpected screen location. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *unexpected-address*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2098I** Input data came in from more than one location on the screen. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data from second field = *second-field*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2099I** Input data was received when none was expected. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *unexpected-input*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2100I** The final character of input data was missing. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *incomplete-input*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2101I** An unexpected character was found in the input data. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *unexpected-bytes*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

## FSUM2102I • FSUM2107I

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2102I** Too much input data was received. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *starting-data*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2103I** An incorrect DBCS mixed string  
was received. Function = TGET,  
return code = *return-code*,  
data count = *data-count*,  
data = *mixed-data*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2091I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2091I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2091I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2091I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2091I.

---

**FSUM2107I** The OMVS command ended  
because OpenMVS was  
restarted.+  
Error code = *error-code*,  
return value = *return-value*,  
errno = *errno-decimal(X'errno-hex')*,  
reason code = *reason-code*,  
description = "*system-message*"

**Explanation:** The z/OS UNIX component ended or was stopped while you were using the OMVS command. z/OS UNIX was then restarted.

In the message text:

*error-code*

The error code shows which function reported that z/OS UNIX was restarted:

|    |            |
|----|------------|
| 68 | fork()     |
| 70 | chdir()    |
| 71 | getlogin() |
| 72 | getpwnam() |
| 73 | dup2()     |
| 74 | open()     |
| 75 | setsid()   |
| 76 | close()    |
| 77 | close()    |
| 78 | close()    |
| 78 | close()    |

79     attach\_exec  
80     kill()  
81     write()  
82     read()  
83     catopen()  
84     sigprocmask()  
85     sigaddset()  
86     sigemptyset()  
87     sigpending()  
88     sigismember()  
89     sysconf()  
90     setenv()  
91     clearenv()  
92     setlocale()  
95     close()  
96     close()  
97     close()  
98     close()  
99     close()  
100    open() - master TTY  
101    open() - slave TTY  
102    fork() - when starting session  
103    fork() - when ending session  
104    waitpid() - while in session  
105    waitpid() - when ending session  
106    stat()  
107    sigaction()  
109    sigdelset()  
110    sigfillset()  
111    read() to pipe  
112    pipe()  
113    fcntl()  
114    close()  
115    close()  
116    close()  
117    fcntl()  
118    sigprocmask  
119    mvssigsetup  
120    mvsunsigsetup  
121    waitpid()

## FSUM2108I

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| 122 | <b>setuid()</b>           |
| 123 | <b>seteuid()</b>          |
| 124 | <b>w_getpsent()</b>       |
| 125 | <b>time()</b>             |
| 126 | <b>access()</b>           |
| 127 | <b>tcgetattr()</b>        |
| 128 | <b>tcsetattr()</b>        |
| 129 | <b>tcflush()</b>          |
| 130 | <b>tcgetpgrp()</b>        |
| 131 | <b>select()</b>           |
| 132 | <b>ioctl()</b>            |
| 133 | <b>tcdrain()</b>          |
| 134 | <b>getlogin (BPX1GLG)</b> |
| 135 | <b>getutxline()</b>       |
| 136 | <b>pututxline()</b>       |
| 137 | <b>fstat()</b>            |
| 138 | <b>ptsname()</b>          |
| 139 | <b>ttyname()</b>          |

### *return-value*

The return value from the function. If this value is zero, there is no return value available for this error.

### *errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from the function. If this value is zero, there is no errno available for this error.

### *errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from the function.

### *reason-code*

The reason code returned from the function. If this value is zero, there is no reason code for this error.

### *system-message*

The system message corresponding to the errno value. If errno is zero, this message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The **OMVS** command may also abend with EC6 abend code after this message is displayed.

**System programmer response:** If logging off and back on to TSO/E did not solve the problem, respond as indicated for the displayed reason code. For a description of the displayed errno and reason code values, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Make sure all z/OS UNIX applications have ended. If ISPF is active, end it and return to the TSO/E READY prompt. End any active REXX exec or CLIST. Then reenter the **OMVS** command.

If the error recurs, try logging off TSO/E. Log back on and reenter OMVS. If the error still recurs, contact the system programmer with the reason shown in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2108I** **Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (**X'***errno-hex***'**),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2107I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2107I.



**System action:** See message FSUM2107I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2107I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2107I.

**FSUM2109I** The OMVS command ended because too many consecutive rewrites of the same screen were required.

**Explanation:** The OMVS command received many consecutive reshow indications from TSO/E. Each reshow indication causes the OMVS command to completely rewrite the entire screen. If too many consecutive reshow indications occur, the OMVS command may be in a screen refresh loop. This error can be caused by:

- Pressing the <PA2> key many times consecutively without pressing any other keys in between.
- Receiving many files or TSO/E messages from other users continuously for a long period of time while the OMVS command is running.
- Running the OMVS command with the DEBUG option directed to the terminal. This happens if you have allocated the debug file to the terminal using a command such as **ALLOCATE FILE(SYSFSUMO) DATASET(\*)**.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If there is no apparent explanation for this error, report the problem to the IBM support center.

**User response:** Do not press the <PA2> key consecutively too many times without entering any data or pressing any function keys. Do not allocate the debug file to the terminal. If this error was not caused by one of these two actions, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2110I** User abend code = *user-abend-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2113I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2113I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2113I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2113I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2113I.

**FSUM2111I** The *TSO/E-command-name* command ended with return code = *return-code-decimal* (X'*return-code-hex*).

**Explanation:** The TSO/E command ended with the nonzero return code displayed in the message. This TSO/E message is issued only if the OMVS command was invoked with the **DEBUG** option.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was being run.

*return-code-decimal*

The return code, in decimal, from the TSO/E command.

*return-code-hex*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from the TSO/E command.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues processing as usual. The invoked TSO/E command may have failed.

**System programmer response:** Perform the responses in the messages for the TSO/E command. This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 4. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Consult the appropriate return code documentation for the TSO/E command. The failing TSO/E command may have issued error messages. Perform the responses for these messages. To suppress this message, enter the OMVS command without specifying the **DEBUG** option.

---

**FSUM2112I** The *TSO/E-command-name* command ended because of an attention interruption.

**Explanation:** The <Attention> key was pressed while the TSO/E command was running. This attention interruption caused the TSO/E command to end and return to the **OMVS** command.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was being run.

**System action:** The TSO/E command ends and returns to the **OMVS** command. The **OMVS** command continues processing normally. The TSO/E command may have issued other error messages.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 8. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** If this error was not caused by pressing the <Attention> key, contact the system programmer. If the TSO/E command issued any error messages, perform the responses for these messages.

---

**FSUM2113I** The *TSO/E-command-name* command ended abnormally.

**Explanation:** A TSO/E command ended abnormally, with a user or system abend. The abend codes and reason codes are displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. See *z/OS MVS System Codes* for the system abend code and reason code. If a user abend code is displayed, see appropriate documentation for user abend codes from this TSO/E command.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was being run when the abend occurred.

*user-abend-code*

The user abend code from the TSO/E command.

*reason-code*

The reason code for the abend.

*system-abend-code*

The system abend code from the TSO/E command.

**System action:** The TSO/E command ends, and control returns to the **OMVS** command. The **OMVS** command continues processing normally.

Normally, the system does not request a dump for this error. However, if the **DEBUG** option was specified on the TSO/E **OMVS** command, the system requests a dump.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 12. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Perform the responses for the user and system abend codes and the reason code. Other error messages may have appeared. If so, perform the responses for those messages.

---

**FSUM2114I** System abend code = *system-abend-code*, user abend code = *user-abend-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2113I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2113I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2113I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2113I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2113I.

---

**FSUM2115I** System abend code = *system-abend-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2113I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2113I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2113I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2113I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2113I.

**FSUM2116I** *The TSO/E-command-name command was not found.*

**Explanation:** The requested TSO/E command was not found, so it could not be run.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was requested.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues processing normally. The requested command is not run.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the user has access to the requested TSO/E command.

This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 20 and reason code 40. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes and reason codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Correct the name of the TSO/E command and try again. If the TSO/E command name was typed correctly, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2117I** *TSO/E-command-name is an unsupported background function.*

**Explanation:** The system cannot run the requested TSO/E command because it is running in the background.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was requested.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues processing normally. The requested command is not run.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 20 and reason code 52. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes and reason codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with this message number and the name of the requested TSO/E command.

**FSUM2118I** *TSO/E-command-name is an authorized function, but a copy of the function could not be found in an authorized library.*

**Explanation:** The system cannot run the requested TSO/E command. The TSO/E command is authorized but could not be found in an authorized library.

In the message text:

*TSO/E-command-name*

The name of the TSO/E command that was to be run.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command continues processing normally. The requested authorized command is not run.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 20 and reason code 56. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes and reason codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

If the requested TSO/E command should be authorized, make sure it is available to this TSO/E user in an authorized library. If the requested command is not supposed to be authorized, make sure that it is not marked as authorized.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with this message number and the name of the requested TSO/E command.

---

**FSUM2119I** The command name contains a syntax error.

**Explanation:** The entered command name is not valid. It contains a syntax error.

**System action:** The OMVS command continues processing normally. The requested command was not run.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with return code 20 and reason code 44. For more information about IKJEFTSR return codes and reason codes, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

**User response:** Correct the name of the TSO/E command and try it again. If the command name is correct, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2120I** Function = unlockpt(),  
 file descriptor = *unlock-file-descriptor*,  
 terminal name = "TTY-name",  
 return value = *unlock-return-value*,  
 errno = *unlock-errno-decimal*  
 (X'*unlock-errno-hex*'),  
 reason code = *unlock-reason-code*,  
 description = 'system-message'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2170I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2170I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2170I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2170I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2170I.

---

**FSUM2121I** TSO/E encountered an unexpected failure while trying to run the command. Function = IKJEFTSR,  
 return code = *return-code*,  
 reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** TSO/E reported an unexpected error when running the requested TSO/E command. This error was not detected by the OMVS command.

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service.

*reason-code*

The reason code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service.

**System action:** The system displays the error message and waits for the user to request the second-level TSO/E error message or enter the next TSO/E command.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with the return code and reason code shown in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of the return code and reason code reported by IKJEFTSR, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*. Take the appropriate action for this return code and reason code from IKJEFTSR.

**User response:** Note the message ID and the return code and reason code from the second-level message. Contact the system programmer with this information.

---

**FSUM2122I** Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2121I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2121I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2121I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2121I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2121I.

---

**FSUM2123I** An unknown error was reported while the system was running the command.+ Function = IKJEFTSR, unknown return code = *unknown-return-code*  
Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*, unknown reason code = *unknown-reason-code*

**Explanation:** The system tried to run the requested TSO/E command. The system reported a return code or reason code that was unknown to the OMVS command.

In the message text:

*unknown-return-code*

The return code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service. The OMVS command did not recognize this return code.

*return-code*

The return code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service.

*unknown-reason-code*

The reason code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service. The OMVS command did not recognize this reason code.

**System action:** The system displays the error message and waits for the user to request the second-level TSO/E error message or enter the next TSO/E command.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with the return code and reason code shown in the second-level TSO/E message. The OMVS command did not recognize this return code or reason code. For an explanation of the return code and reason code reported by IKJEFTSR, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*. Take the appropriate action for this return code and reason code from IKJEFTSR.

**User response:** Note the message ID and the return code and reason code from the second-level message. Contact the system programmer with this information.

---

**FSUM2124I** Function = IKJEFTSR, unknown return code = *unknown-return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2123I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2123I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2123I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2123I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2123I.

---

**FSUM2125I** Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*, unknown reason code = *unknown-reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2123I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2123I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2123I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2123I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2123I.

---

**FSUM2126I** An unexpected error was reported while the system was running the command.Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*  
Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** The system tried to run the requested TSO/E command. The system reported an unexpected error to the OMVS command.

## FSUM2127I • FSUM2129I

In the message text:

*return-code*

The return code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service.

*reason-code*

The reason code from the TSO/E IKJEFTSR service.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** This error was detected by the TSO service routine (IKJEFTSR), which ended with the return code and reason code shown in the second-level TSO/E message. The OMVS command did not expect this return code or reason code. For an explanation of the return code and reason code reported by IKJEFTSR, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*. Take the appropriate action for this return code and reason code from IKJEFTSR.

**User response:** Note the message ID and the return code and reason code from the second-level message. Contact the system programmer with this information.

---

**FSUM2127I** Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2126I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2126I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2126I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2126I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2126I.

---

**FSUM2128I** Function = IKJEFTSR, return code = *return-code*, reason code = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2126I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2126I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2126I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2126I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2126I.

---

**FSUM2129I** No session was started. The program to start the shell could not be invoked. Function = *attach\_exec*, program name = '*program-name*', return value = *return-value*, errno = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'), reason code = *reason-code*, description = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not invoke the login program that starts the z/OS UNIX shell. The *attach\_exec* function failed with the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

In the message text:

*program-name*

The name of the login program passed to *attach\_exec*.

*return-value*

The return value from *attach\_exec*.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from *attach\_exec*.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from *attach\_exec*.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from *attach\_exec*.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** For an explanation of the **errno** and reason code from **attach\_exec**, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this **errno** value and reason code.

Check that the program named in the message (the login program) exists in the file system. Make sure the program file has the proper execute permissions so this user can run it and that the permissions for the directory containing the program are set properly so this user is allowed access. Make sure that the **SETUID** and **SETGID** flags are not set for this program.

**User response:** Try the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand again. If this problem persists, contact the system programmer with all information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2130I** **Function = attach\_exec,**  
**program name = 'program-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following **FSUM2129I** when you press “?”. For more information see **FSUM2129I**.

**System action:** See message **FSUM2129I**.

**System programmer response:** See message **FSUM2129I**.

**User response:** See message **FSUM2129I**.

**FSUM2131I** **The OMVS command was unable to obtain the next input line.+Function = PUTGET, return code = return-code**

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command was unable to obtain the next TSO/E command from the terminal. The system reported an unexpected error. For more information about the displayed return code from **PUTGET**, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

In the message text:

*return-code*  
 The return code from the TSO/E **PUTGET** service.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command automatically returns from TSO/E mode back to subcommand mode or to the shell.

**System programmer response:** For more information about return codes from **PUTGET**, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*. It is possible that the **OMVS** command was invoked from another application or **CLIST**. This application or **CLIST** may have set up the TSO/E input stack in such a way that the **OMVS** command could not obtain any lines after the user switched to TSO/E.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and the return code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2132I** **Function = PUTGET, return code = return-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following **FSUM2131I** when you press “?”. For more information, see **FSUM2131I**.

**System action:** See message **FSUM2131I**.

**System programmer response:** See message **FSUM2131I**.

**User response:** See message **FSUM2131I**.

---

**FSUM2133I** No session was started. No more processes can be started for this UID. Function = sigprocmask,  
**return value** = *return-value-hex*,  
**return code** = *return-code*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This UID was already running the maximum allowed number of processes when the **OMVS** command was entered. The new process required for the **OMVS** command could not start.

Active z/OS UNIX batch jobs submitted for this TSO/E user ID count as processes for this UID. Other TSO/E user IDs may share the same UID with this TSO/E user ID. If those user IDs are currently using z/OS UNIX, their processes also count toward the maximum allowed for this UID.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for a UID. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Wait for any z/OS UNIX batch jobs from this TSO/E user ID to end before reentering the **OMVS** command. Other TSO/E user IDs may share a common UID with this user ID. Reenter the **OMVS** command after one of those TSO/E user IDs has finished using z/OS UNIX.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number of processes allowed per UID.

---

**FSUM2134I** Function = sigprocmask,  
**return value** = *return-value-hex*,  
**return code** = *return-code*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2133I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2133I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2133I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2133I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2133I.

---

**FSUM2135I** No session was started. No more UIDs can log in to the shell. Function = sigprocmask,  
**return value** = *return-value-hex*,  
**return code** = *return-code*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*

**Explanation:** The TSO/E **OMVS** command was entered when no more UIDs were allowed to use z/OS UNIX. The **OMVS** command cannot start until some other UID stops using z/OS UNIX.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.



*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E, without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of UIDs that can use z/OS UNIX. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Wait for another UID to stop using z/OS UNIX, before reentering the **OMVS** command.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number UIDs that can use z/OS UNIX.

**FSUM2136I** **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value =** *return-value-hex*,  
**return code =** *return-code*,  
**reason code =** *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2135I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2135I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2135I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2135I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2135I.

**FSUM2137I** **No session was started. Too many processes are already active in the system.****Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value =** *return-value-hex*,  
**return code =** *return-code*,  
**reason code =** *reason-code*

**Explanation:** The **OMVS** command was entered when the maximum number of processes was already running. The new process required for the **OMVS** command could not start.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for z/OS UNIX. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Retry the **OMVS** command later, when the system is not as busy.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number processes that can be active at one time.

**FSUM2138I** **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value =** *return-value-hex*,  
**return code =** *return-code*,  
**reason code =** *reason-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2137I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2137I.

## FSUM2139I • FSUM2140I

**System action:** See message FSUM2137I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2137I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2137I.

---

**FSUM2139I** No session was started. Too many files and pseudo-TTYs are already in use. **Function = open()**,  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name'**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** OMVS was unable to open the pseudo-TTY required to start a session with the shell. Too many file descriptors were already open for this process. Each open file and pseudo-TTY uses one of the available file descriptors.

This error is most likely to occur if you are trying to start too many shell sessions. Each shell session requires at least one open pseudo-TTY.

It may also occur if you did not enter the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt. In this case, other running applications may have open files.

You may have switched to TSO/E while using the **OMVS** command. If you enter a second **OMVS** command, both instances of OMVS will have open files, and the combined number of open files may exceed the limit.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was passed to **open()** when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from **open()**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **open()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **open()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **open()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the number of open files allowed for a process. For more information about this **open()** error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno and reason code.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the **OMVS** command.

If you did not enter the **OMVS** command from the TSO/E READY prompt, make sure that no other programs that use files are running. This includes **OEDIT**, **OBROWSE**, **ISHELL**, and other instances of the **OMVS** command. End the other programs that use files, and try the **OMVS** command again. If the error still occurs, try entering the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.

If you entered the **OMVS** command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2140I** **Function = open()**,  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name'**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2139I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2139I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2139I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2139I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2139I.

**FSUM2141I** An unexpected error caused the OMVS command to end. *Error code = error-code, return code = return-code-decimal (X'return-code-hex'), abend code = abend-code, reason code = reason-code, error data = error-data, error string = 'error-string' Error code = error-code, return value = return-value, errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'), reason code = reason-code, description = 'system-message' Error code = error-code*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command invoked an MVS or z/OS UNIX C function. That function failed with an unexpected return code, reason code, abend code, or errno.

If the failing routine is an ANSI C function (error code = 193), see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for a description of the displayed errno value.

If the failing routine is a z/OS UNIX C function (error code = 161, 162, 171-179, or 181-185), see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for a description of the displayed errno (z/OS UNIX return code) and reason code values.

If the failing routine is a TSO/E service (error code = 12-15, 21, 23-26, 32, 41-44, 53-56, 58, 62, 66, and 67), see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services* for a description of the displayed return code and reason code values.

If the failing routine is an MVS service (error code = 11 or 29), see *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP* for a description of the displayed abend code and reason code values.

If a nonzero abend code is displayed, see *z/OS MVS System Codes* for a description of the displayed abend code and reason code values.

The system may have issued other error messages that further explain the error.

In the message text:

*error-code*

The error code shows which function failed:

- 11 LINK to IKJEFTSR
- 12 IKJEFTSR
- 13 PUTGET
- 14 IKJEFF02
- 15 IKJSCAN
- 21 STAX
- 23 STAX
- 24 STAX
- 25 STAX DEFER=YES
- 26 STAX DEFER=NO
- 29 ESTAE
- 32 GTERM

## FSUM2141I

41 STFSMODE ON  
42 STFSMODE OFF  
43 STTMPMD ON  
44 STTMPMD OFF  
53 TGET  
54 TPUT  
55 TGET  
56 TPUT  
58 STLINENO  
62 PUTLINE  
66 TCLEARQ INPUT  
67 TCLEARQ OUTPUT  
161 **read()**  
162 **write()**  
163 **seteuid()**  
164 **setuid()**  
165 **kill()**  
166 **fork()**  
168 **chdir()**  
169 **getlogin()**  
170 **getpwnam()**  
171 **waitpid()**  
172 **sigaddset()**  
173 **sigprocmask()**  
174 **sigemptyset()**  
175 **sigaction()**  
176 **close()**  
177 **waitpid()**  
178 **sigdelset()**  
179 **sigfillset()**  
180 **stat()**  
181 **fcntl()**  
182 **sigpending()**  
183 **sigismember()**  
184 mvssigsetup  
185 mvsunsigsetup  
186 **setenv()**  
187 **clearenv()**  
188 **sysconf()**  
189 **setlocale()**

190 `open()`  
 191 `setsid()`  
 192 `dup2()`  
 193 `vsprintf()`  
 196 Signal catcher was passed an unexpected signal.  
 201 `w_getpsent()`  
 202 `time()`  
 203 `ttyname()`  
 205 `access()`  
 206 `tcgetattr()`  
 207 `tcsetattr()`  
 208 `tcflush()`  
 209 `tcgetpgrp()`  
 210 `select()`  
 211 `ioctl()`  
 212 `tcdrain()`  
 213 `getlogin (BPX1GLG)`  
 214 `getutxline()`  
 215 `pututxline()`  
 216 `fstat()`  
 217 `ptsname()`  
 311 WIFSTOPPED, WIFEXITED, and WIFSIGNALED all gave no status from `/bin/fsumoclo`.

*return-code-decimal*

The return code, in decimal, from a called function.

*return-code-hex*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from a called function.

*abend-code*

An abend code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no abend code for this error.

*reason-code*

A reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

*error-data*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional data for this error.

*error-string*

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

*return-value*

The return value from the function. If this value is zero, there is no return value available for this error.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from the function. If this value is zero, there is no errno available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from the function.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value. If errno is zero, this message is not meaningful.

## FSUM2142I • FSUM2145I

**System action:** The OMVS command ends immediately, and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** Follow the suggested actions for the abend code, return code, and reason code displayed in the message.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with this message number and the displayed error information from the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2142I** **Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return code** = *return-code-decimal*  
(*X'return-code-hex'*),  
**abend code** = *abend-code*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**error data** = *error-data*,  
**error string** = *'error-string'*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2141I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2141I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2141I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2141I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2141I.

---

**FSUM2143I** **Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = *'system-message'*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2141I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2141I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2141I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2141I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2141I.

---

**FSUM2144I** **Error code** = *error-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2141I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2141I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2141I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2141I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2141I.

---

**FSUM2145I** **An internal error caused the OMVS command to end.+**  
**Error code** = *error-code*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**error data** = *error-data*,  
**error string** = *error-string*  
**Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = *'system-message'*  
**Error code** = *error-code*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command detected an error, probably in the OMVS command or the message catalog.

In the message text:

*error-code*

The code for this error.

*reason-code*

An additional reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

*error-data*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional data for this error.

*error-string*

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

*return-value*

The return value from a z/OS UNIX service. If this value is zero, there is no return value available for this error.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from a z/OS UNIX service. If this value is zero, there is no errno available for this error.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from a z/OS UNIX service.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value. If errno is zero, this message is not meaningful.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends immediately and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** Report the problem to the IBM support center.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and the error information displayed in the second-level error message.

**FSUM2146I** **Error code** = *error-code*, **reason code** = *reason-code*, **error data** = *error-data*, **error string** = *error-string*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2145I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2145I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2145I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2145I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2145I.

**FSUM2147I** **Error code** = *error-code*,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (**X'***errno-hex***'**),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2145I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2145I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2145I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2145I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2145I.

**FSUM2148I** **Error code** = *error-code*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2145I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2145I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2145I.

## FSUM2149I

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2145I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2145I.

---

**FSUM2149I** No session was started. No pseudo-TTYs are available. Function = `stat()`,  
ending name = `'TTY-name'`,  
return value = `return-value`,  
errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`,  
reason code = `reason-code`,  
description = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not obtain a free pseudo-TTY which is required to start a session with the shell.

All pseudo-TTYs may be in use, or one or more may be unusable because of error conditions or definition errors.

If errors prevented the system from using one or more available pseudo-TTYs, other error messages should appear. See those messages for more information.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was passed to `stat()` when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from `stat()`.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `stat()`.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `stat()`.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from `stat()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If the pseudo-TTY name in the second-level message is one higher than the last pseudo-TTY defined, the OMVS command looked at all the defined pseudo-TTYs and could not find one that was usable. If other messages appeared with this message, errors prevented the OMVS command from using some of the defined pseudo-TTYs. For more information, see the descriptions for those messages.

If all pseudo-TTYs are busy, you may need to define more pseudo-TTYs. This allows more users to start shell sessions.

If the displayed pseudo-TTY name is one that should be defined in the system, an error occurred when the system tried to see if that pseudo-TTY was defined. For a description of the errno values and reason codes from `stat()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that this master pseudo-TTY is defined correctly. The system looks for pseudo-TTYs starting at `/dev/ptyp0000` and continues looking for pseudo-TTYs up through `/dev/ptyp9999`, in order. As soon as the system fails for one of these pseudo-TTYs, it looks no further.

**User response:** If no other error messages appeared with this one, all existing pseudo-TTYs may be in use. You can try the OPEN subcommand or OMVS command again later.

If other error messages appeared, perform the responses for those messages. If this problem is persistent, contact your system programmer with the information from all displayed messages.



---

**FSUM2150I** **Function = stat(),**  
**ending name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = system-message**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2149I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2149I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2149I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2149I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2149I.

---

**FSUM2151I** **No session was started. The selected pseudo-TTY could not be opened.Function = open(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This error message appears with FSUM2149I to provide additional information. The **OMVS** command found a free pseudo-TTY. When it tried to open the slave side of this pseudo-TTY, an error occurred. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was passed to **open()** when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from **open()**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **open()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **open()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **open()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The system continues to try other defined pseudo-TTYs. However, this message appears only when no other pseudo-TTY is usable. The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** This message contains information about the first error the system found when trying to open a slave pseudo-TTY. The system was able to open the corresponding master pseudo-TTY, but could not open the slave side. For an explanation of this **open()** error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno and reason code.

In general, make sure that for each master pseudo-TTY with a name such as **/dev/ptypNNNN**, there is a corresponding slave pseudo-TTY with a name such as **/dev/ttypNNNN**. Make sure that this slave pseudo-TTY is defined with the proper permissions and the proper major and minor number.

**Note:** The system may have experienced many slave pseudo-TTY **open()** failures. Only the first failure is reported by an error message. Any **open()** errors for other slave pseudo-TTYs might or might not be the same.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with all the information from all second-level TSO/E messages that appeared with this one.

**FSUM2152I** **Function = open()**,  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name'**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2151I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2151I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2151I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2151I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2151I.

---

**FSUM2153I** **No session was started. The process required for the shell could not be created.****Function = fork()**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not create the shell process. The **fork()** function failed with the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of the errno and reason code, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

The system may be too busy to start new processes at this time.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from **fork()**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **fork()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **fork()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fork()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** For an explanation of the errno and reason code from **fork()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Try the OMVS command or OPEN subcommand again. If this problem persists, contact the system programmer with all information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2154I** **Function = fork()**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2153I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2153I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2153I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2153I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2153I.

**FSUM2155I** No session was started. The OMVS command side of the pseudo-TTY could not be set up properly.

**Function** = `close()`,  
**file descriptor** = *close-file-descriptor*,  
**terminal name** = *'TTY-name'*,  
**return value** = *close-return-value*,  
**errno** = *close-errno-decimal*  
*(X'close-errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *close-reason-code*,  
**description** = *'system-message'*  
**Function** = `fcntl()`,  
**terminal name** = *'TTY-name'*,  
**file descriptor** = *fcntl-file-descriptor*,  
**return value** = *fcntl-return-value*,  
**errno** = *fcntl-errno-decimal*  
*(X'fcntl-errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *fcntl-reason-code*,  
**description** = *'system-message'*

**Explanation:** The system obtained a pseudo-TTY to use for the session with the shell. While this pseudo-TTY was being prepared, one of two errors occurred:

#### FSUM2156I

The OMVS command ran `fork()` or `attach_exec` to create the process for the z/OS shell. The main OMVS command process was then unable to close the slave side of the pseudo-TTY. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

#### FSUM2165I

This error message appears along with FSUM2149I to provide additional information. The system found a free master pseudo-TTY. It then tried to issue `fcntl()` to set the close-on-exec flag (FD\_CLOEXEC) for the master pseudo-TTY, and `fcntl()` returned this error. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

In the message text:

*close-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to `close()` when this error occurred.

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*close-return-value*

The return value from `close()`.

*close-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `close()`.

*close-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `close()`.

*close-reason-code*

The reason code returned from `close()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

*fcntl-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to `fcntl()` when this error occurred.

*fcntl-return-value*

The return value from `fcntl()`.

*fcntl-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `fcntl()`.

*fcntl-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `fcntl()`.

## FSUM2156I • FSUM2157I

### *fcntl-reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fcntl()**.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** For an explanation of the **errno** and reason code from **fcntl()** or **close()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this **errno** and reason code.

**Note:** The system may have experienced many master pseudo-TTY **fcntl()** failures if message FSUM2165I appeared. Only the first failure is reported by an error message. Any **fcntl()** errors for other master pseudo-TTYs might not be the same.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with all the information from all second-level TSO/E messages that appeared with this one.

---

**FSUM2156I** **Function = close(),**  
**file descriptor =** *close-file-descriptor*,  
**terminal name =** *'TTY-name'*,  
**return value =** *close-return-value*,  
**errno =** *close-errno-decimal*  
(*X'close-errno-hex'*),  
**reason code =** *close-reason-code*,  
**description =** *'system-message'*

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2155I when you press “?”. For more information, see FSUM2155I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2155I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2155I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2155I.

---

**FSUM2157I** **The pseudo-TTY could not be reset properly after an earlier error.****Function = close(),**  
**file descriptor =** *file-descriptor*,  
**terminal name =** *'TTY-name'*,  
**return value =** *return-value*,  
**errno =** *errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code =** *reason-code*,  
**description =** *'system-message'*

**Explanation:** This is an informational message that appears along with other error messages, FSUM2149I in particular. Those error messages describe an error that prevented the system from using one or more defined master pseudo-TTYs. The system tries to close the unusable master pseudo-TTY before going on to try the next defined pseudo-TTY. The **close()** function failed with the **errno** and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of this **errno** and reason code, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

The master pseudo-TTY named in the error message might not be open after this error occurs. There may be more problems with this pseudo-TTY later on.

In the message text:

### *file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to **close()** when this error occurred.

### *TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

### *return-value*

The return value from **close()**.

### *errno-decimal*

The **errno** value, in decimal, returned from **close()**.

### *errno-hex*

The **errno** value, in hexadecimal, returned from **close()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **close()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The system continues to try other defined pseudo-TTYs. However, this message appears only when no other pseudo-TTY is usable. The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** This message contains information about the first error the system found when trying to close a master pseudo-TTY. For an explanation of this **close()** error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno and reason code.

**Note:** The system may have experienced many master pseudo-TTY **close()** failures. Only the first failure is reported by an error message. Any **close()** errors for other master pseudo-TTYs might not be the same.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with all the information from all second-level TSO/E messages that appeared with this one.

**FSUM2158I** **Function = close(),**  
**file descriptor = file-descriptor,**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2157I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2157I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2157I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2157I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2157I.

**FSUM2159I** **No session was started. This TSO/E user ID has no defined UID.****Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** There is no UID defined in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID. z/OS UNIX cannot be used unless a UID is assigned.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Define a UID in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Ask the system programmer to define a UID for this TSO/E user ID.

---

**FSUM2160I** **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2159I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2159I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2159I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2159I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2159I.

---

**FSUM2161I** **No session was started. This TSO/E user ID is in a group that has no defined GID.****Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This TSO/E user ID belongs to a RACF group that has no defined GID. User IDs in this group cannot use z/OS UNIX unless a GID is defined in the RACF group profile.

In the message text:

*return-value-hex*

The return value from sigprocmask.

*return-code*

The return code, in hexadecimal, from sigprocmask.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from sigprocmask; if this value is zero, there is no reason code available for this error.

**System action:** The OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E without starting a shell session.

**System programmer response:** Define a GID in the RACF group profile for this TSO/E user ID, or reassign the user ID to another group that already has a GID. For information about setting up user IDs and RACF groups for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

To see other suggested actions for the displayed reason code and return code, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**User response:** Ask the system programmer to set up a GID for this TSO/E user ID.

---

**FSUM2162I** **Function = sigprocmask,**  
**return value = return-value-hex,**  
**return code = return-code,**  
**reason code = reason-code**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2161I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2161I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2161I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2161I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2161I.

---

**FSUM2163I** **One or more defined pseudo-TTYs cannot be used.+**  
**Function = open(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This error message appears along with FSUM2149I to provide additional information. The system was looking for a free pseudo-TTY. When it tried to open the master side of the pseudo-TTY named in the error message, an **open()** error occurred. For an explanation of the **errno** and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was passed to **open()** when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from **open()**.

*errno-decimal*

The **errno** value, in decimal, returned from **open()**.

*errno-hex*

The **errno** value, in hexadecimal, returned from **open()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **open()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned **errno** value.

**System action:** The system continues to try other defined pseudo-TTYs. However, this message appears only when no other pseudo-TTY is usable. The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** This message contains information about the first error the system found when trying to open a master pseudo-TTY. For an explanation of this **open()** error, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this **errno** and reason code.

Make sure that the master pseudo-TTY (whose name is displayed in the error message) is defined with the proper permissions and the proper major and minor number.

**Note:** The system may have experienced many master pseudo-TTY **open()** failures. Only the first failure is reported by an error message. Any **open()** errors for other master pseudo-TTYs might or might not be the same.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with all the information from all second-level TSO/E messages that appeared with this one.

**FSUM2164I** **Function = open(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2163I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2163I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2163I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2163I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2163I.

**FSUM2165I** **Function = fcntl(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**file descriptor = fcntl-file-descriptor,**  
**return value = fcntl-return-value,**  
**errno = fcntl-errno-decimal**  
**(X'fcntl-errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = fcntl-reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

## FSUM2166I • FSUM2167I

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2155I when you press “?”. For more information, see FSUM2155I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2155I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2155I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2155I.

---

**FSUM2166I** No session was started. The shell cannot start, because too many processes are already active for this UID.  
**Function** = `fork()`,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal(X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** When the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand was entered, close to the maximum number of processes were already active for this UID. The process required for the shell could not be created. At least two processes must be available for this UID when the TSO/E **OMVS** command is run. At least one process must be available for this UID when the **OPEN** subcommand is run.

Each shell session takes up at least one process for this UID. Active z/OS UNIX batch jobs submitted for this TSO/E user ID count as processes for this UID. Other TSO/E user IDs may share the same UID with this TSO/E user ID. If those user IDs are currently using z/OS UNIX, their processes also count toward the maximum allowed for this UID.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from `fork()`.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `fork()`.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `fork()`.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from `fork()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for a UID. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

For an explanation of the errno and reason code from `fork()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

Wait for any z/OS UNIX batch jobs from this TSO/E user ID to end before reentering the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand. Other TSO/E user IDs may share a common UID with this user ID. Reenter the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand after one of those TSO/E user IDs has finished using z/OS UNIX.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number of processes allowed per UID.

---

**FSUM2167I** **Function** = `fork()`,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')*,  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'



**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2166I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2166I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2166I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2166I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2166I.

**FSUM2168I** No session was started. The shell cannot start, because too many processes are already active in the system.  
**Function** = `fork()`,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** When the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand was entered, close to the maximum number of processes were already active in the system. The process required for the shell could not be created. The system must be able to start at least two more processes before the **OMVS** command can run. The system must be able to start at least one more process before the **OPEN** subcommand can run.

In the message text:

*return-value*

The return value from **fork()**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **fork()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **fork()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **fork()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for z/OS UNIX. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

For an explanation of the errno and reason code from **fork()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

Retry the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand later, when the system is not as busy.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number processes that can be active at one time.

**FSUM2169I** **Function** = `fork()`,  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2168I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2168I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2168I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2168I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2168I.

## FSUM2170I

---

**FSUM2170I** No session was started. The pseudo-TTY could not be set up properly. Function=`grantpt()`,  
file descriptor =`grant-file-descriptor`,  
terminal name ="`TTY-name`",  
return value =`grant-return-value`,  
errno =`grant-errno-decimal`  
(`X'grant-errno-hex'`),  
reason code = `grant-reason-code`,  
description = '`system-message`'  
Function = `unlockpt()`,  
file descriptor =`unlock-file-descriptor`,  
terminal name ="`TTY-name`",  
return value =`unlock-return-value`,  
errno =`unlock-errno-decimal`  
(`X'unlock-errno-hex'`)  
reason code = `unlock-reason-code`,  
description = '`system-message`'  
Function = `tcgetattr()`,  
file descriptor =`get-file-descriptor`,  
terminal name ="`TTY-name`",  
return value =`get-return-value`,  
errno = `get-errno-decimal`  
(`X'get-errno-hex'`),  
reason code =`get-reason-code`,  
description = '`system-message`'  
Function = `tcsetattr()`,  
file descriptor =`set-file-descriptor`,  
terminal name ="`TTY-name`",  
return value = `set-return-value`,  
errno = `set-errno-decimal`  
(`X'set-errno-hex'`),  
reason code =`set-reason-code`,  
description = '`system-message`'

**Explanation:** The system obtained a pseudo-TTY to use for the session with the shell. While this pseudo-TTY was being prepared, one of four errors occurred:

### FSUM2090I

The **OMVS** command was unable to change the ownership of the slave pseudo-TTY to the real userid. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

### FSUM2120I

The **OMVS** command was unable to unlock the slave pseudo-TTY. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* and *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

### FSUM2180I

The **OMVS** command was unable to obtain the attributes (termios structure) for the Pseudo-TTY. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

### FSUM2190I

The **OMVS** command was unable to place the pseudo-TTY into 3270 control packet mode. For an explanation of the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

In the message text:

*grant-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to `grantpt()` when this error occurred.

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*grant-return-value*

The return value from **grantpt()**.

*grant-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **grantpt()**.

*grant-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **grantpt()**.

*grant-reason-code*

The reason code returned from **grantpt()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

*unlock-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to **unlockpt()** when this error occurred.

*unlock-return-value*

The return value from **unlockpt()**.

*unlock-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **unlockpt()**.

*unlock-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **unlockpt()**.

*unlock-reason-code*

The reason code returned from the **unlockpt()**.

*get-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to **tcgetattr()** when this error occurred.

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*get-return-value*

The return value from **tcgetattr()**.

*get-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **tcgetattr()**.

*get-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **tcgetattr()**.

*get-reason-code*

The reason code returned from **tcgetattr()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

*set-file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to **tcsetattr()** when this error occurred.

*set-return-value*

The return value from **tcsetattr()**.

*set-errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **tcsetattr()**.

*set-errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **tcsetattr()**.

*set-reason-code*

The reason code returned from **tcsetattr()**.

**System action:** The shell session is not started. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** For an explanation of the errno and reason code from **grantpt()**, **unlockpt()**, **tcgetattr()** or **tcsetattr()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno and reason code.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the information from the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2171I** The pseudo-TTY could not be closed after trying to record the end of the session.+  
**Function** = `close()`,  
**file descriptor** = *file-descriptor*,  
**terminal name** = 'TTY-name',  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** The system was unable to close the master pseudo-TTY before returning to TSO/E. The pseudo-TTY named in the second-level TSO/E message may be open or closed at this time. For more information on the `errno` and reason code from `close()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

When the next user tries to use this pseudo-TTY, an error may occur.

In the message text:

*file-descriptor*

The file descriptor that was passed to `close()` when this error occurred.

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from `close()`.

*errno-decimal*

The `errno` value, in decimal, returned from `close()`.

*errno-hex*

The `errno` value, in hexadecimal, returned from `close()`.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from `close()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned `errno` value.

**System action:** The **OMVS** command ends the session. The end of this user's session with the z/OS shell has been recorded, unless other error messages appear along with this one. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the `errno` and reason code from `close()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this reason code and `errno` value.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and any information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2172I** **Function** = `close()`,  
**file descriptor** = *file-descriptor*,  
**terminal name** = 'TTY-name',  
**return value** = *return-value*,  
**errno** = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),  
**reason code** = *reason-code*,  
**description** = '*system-message*'

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2171I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2171I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2171I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2171I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2171I.

---

**FSUM2173I** The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording process could not be canceled, and may still be active. **Function = kill()**,  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name'**,  
**process ID = process-id**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This error message appears along with other error messages, FSUM2189I and FSUM2183I in particular. See the descriptions for those messages for additional information about this error. After starting the logoff recording process, the system had to end the process, using **kill()**, but the **kill()** function failed with the displayed **errno** and reason code. For more information on the **errno** and reason code from **kill()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

The logoff recording process might or might not exist after **kill()**. If message FSUM2189I appeared along with this message, the logoff recording process may have finished as **kill()** was issued. In this case, there is no real problem, except that the logoff recording process took much longer than it should have.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*process-id*

The process ID of the recording process that was passed to **kill()**.

*return-value*

The return value from **kill()**.

*errno-decimal*

The **errno** value, in decimal, returned from **kill()**.

*errno-hex*

The **errno** value, in hexadecimal, returned from **kill()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **kill()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned **errno** value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the **errno** and reason code from **kill()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this reason code and **errno** value.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and any information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2174I** **Function = kill()**,  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name'**,  
**process ID = process-id**,  
**return value = return-value**,  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')**,  
**reason code = reason-code**,  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2173I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2173I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2173I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2173I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2173I.

**FSUM2175I The end of the session was not recorded. The name of the logged-on user could not be determined.**

**Explanation:** The system needs to determine the name of the TSO/E user, so that the end of the session can be recorded. The system invoked the `getlogin (BPX1GLG)` function, which returned no user name. For more information about `BPX1GLG` errors, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the `OMVS` command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of the user's session with the shell is not recorded.

Because the end of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For a description of errors from `BPX1GLG`, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*. If there are any system error messages on the console, follow the suggested actions for these messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2176I The end of the session was not recorded. The recording process could not start.**  
**Function = `fork()`,**  
**terminal name = `'TTY-name'`,**  
**return value = `return-value`,**  
**errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`,**  
**reason code = `reason-code`,**  
**description = `'system-message'`**

**Explanation:** The system tried to start the z/OS UNIX process required for the logoff recording program. When `fork()` was issued, it failed with the `errno` and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For more information on the `errno` and reason code from `fork()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

This error can occur if the system is very busy and cannot start any new processes.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*return-value*

The return value from `fork()`.

*errno-decimal*

The `errno` value, in decimal, returned from `fork()`.

*errno-hex*

The `errno` value, in hexadecimal, returned from `fork()`.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from `fork()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned `errno` value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the `OMVS` command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of the user's session with the shell is not recorded.

Because the end of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the `errno` and reason code from `fork()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any suggested actions for this reason code and `errno` value.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and any information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2177I** **Function = fork(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2176I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2176I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2176I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2176I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2176I.

---

**FSUM2178I** **The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording process ended, or did not start, and the outcome is unknown.****Function = waitpid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**process ID = process-id**

**Explanation:** The system started the logoff recording process to record the end of this user's session with the shell. However, the system was unable to find out what happened to the logoff recording process. That process apparently disappeared from the system.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*process-id*

The process ID of the recording process that was passed to **waitpid()**.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** **waitpid()** was issued for the process ID shown in the second-level TSO/E message. **waitpid()** returned with **errno** set to **ECHILD**, indicating that the logoff recording process was no longer in the system. The **OMVS** command could not get the ending status from the logoff recording process, so its outcome is not known.

Look for any other error messages or abend messages that might appear on the system console. Follow any recommended actions for these messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2179I** **Function = waitpid(), terminal name = 'TTY-name', process ID = process-id**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2178I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2178I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2178I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2178I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2178I.

---

---

**FSUM2180I** **Function = tcgetattr(),**  
**file descriptor = *get-file-descriptor*,**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**return value = *get-return-value*,**  
**errno = *get-errno-decimal***  
**(X'*get-errno-hex*'),**  
**reason code = *get-reason-code*,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2170I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2170I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2170I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2170I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2170I.

---

**FSUM2181I** **The end of the session may not have been recorded. The outcome of the logoff recording process is unknown.****Function = waitpid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**process ID = *process-id*,**  
**return value = *return-value*,**  
**errno = *errno-decimal* (X'*errno-hex*'),**  
**reason code = *reason-code*,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** The system started the logoff recording process to record the end of this user's session with the shell. However, the system was unable to find out what happened to the logoff recording process. An error occurred when the OMVS command issued **waitpid()** to get the ending status from the logoff recording process. **waitpid()** failed with the errno and reason code displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of the errno value and the reason code, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*process-id*

The process ID of the recording process that was passed to **waitpid()**.

*return-value*

The return value from **waitpid()**.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from **waitpid()**.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from **waitpid()**.

*reason-code*

The reason code returned from **waitpid()**.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the errno and reason code from **waitpid()**, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno value and reason code.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.



---

**FSUM2182I** **Function = waitpid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**process ID = process-id,**  
**return value = return-value,**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**reason code = reason-code,**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2181I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2181I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2181I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2181I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2181I.

---

**FSUM2183I** **The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording process stopped unexpectedly, before completion, so it was canceled.****Function = waitpid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**process ID = process-id,**  
**signal = signal-number**

**Explanation:** The system started the logoff recording process to record the end of this user's session with the shell. That process stopped because it received the signal number displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

This error could have happened if some authorized user entered the **kill** command to stop the logoff process while it was running.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*process-id*

The process ID of the recording process that was passed to **waitpid()**.

*signal-number*

The number of the signal that caused the logoff recording process to stop. For a list of signal numbers, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**System action:** The logoff recording process is canceled. OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that authorized users do not stop or kill the logoff recording process while it is running. If any other error messages appeared at the system console, follow any recommended actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2184I** **Function = waitpid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**process ID = process-id,**  
**signal = signal-number**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2183I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2183I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2183I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2183I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2183I.

---

**FSUM2185I** The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording process ended unexpectedly, before completion. **Function = waitpid(), terminal name = 'TTY-name', process ID = process-id, signal = signal-number**

**Explanation:** The system started the logoff recording process to record the end of this user's session with the shell. That process ended because it received the signal number displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

This error could have happened if some authorized user issued the **kill** command to end the logoff process while it was running.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*process-id*

The process ID of the recording process that was passed to **waitpid()**.

*signal-number*

The number of the signal that caused the logoff recording process to end unexpectedly. For a list of z/OS UNIX signal numbers, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that authorized users do not stop or kill the logoff recording process while it is running. If any other error messages appeared at the system console, follow any recommended actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2186I** **Function = waitpid(), terminal name = 'TTY-name', process ID = process-id, signal = signal-number**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2185I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2185I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2185I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2185I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2185I.

---

**FSUM2187I** The end of the session was not recorded. The proper location for recording could not be found. **Function = getutxline(), terminal name = 'TTY-name', user name = user-name, return value = return-value**

**Explanation:** The system was trying to record the end of the user's session with the shell in the */etc/utmpx* file. It could not find the record for this user's pseudo-TTY in that file.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*user-name*

The name of the logged-on user.

*return-value*

The return value from `getutxline()`.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of the user's session with the shell is not recorded.

Because the end of the session with the shell was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the `/etc` directory is defined, and that `/etc/utmpx` exists and has the proper permissions. Make sure that `/bin/fsuoclo` (the logoff recording program) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

For an explanation of the return value from `getutxline()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2188I** Function = `getutxline()`,  
terminal name = `'TTY-name'`,  
user name = `user-name`,  
return value = `return-value`

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2187I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2187I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2187I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2187I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2187I.

**FSUM2189I** The end of the session might not have been recorded. The recording process took too much time, so it was canceled.

**Explanation:** The system started the logoff recording process to record the end of this user's session with the shell. That process did not end within the required time limit. Since the TSO/E terminal is locked until the logoff recording process ends, the process was canceled.

The logoff recording process may have hung. It is also possible that the system is extremely slow, and the logoff recording process was not hung.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell might not have been recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** The logoff recording process may have been hung. This is especially likely if other processes are also hung. Make sure that there is no problem reading and writing the `/etc/utmpx` file.

If any other error messages appeared at the system console, follow any recommended actions for those messages.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2190I** Function=`grantpt()`,  
file descriptor = `grant-file-descriptor`,  
terminal name = `"TTY-name"`,  
return value = `grant-return-value`,  
errno = `grant-errno-decimal`  
(`X'grant-errno-hex'`),  
reason code = `grant-reason-code`,  
description = `'system-message'`

## FSUM2191I • FSUM2192I

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2170I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2170I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2170I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2170I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2170I.

---

**FSUM2191I** The end of the session was not recorded. The slot for this terminal could not be updated. Function = `pututxline()`, terminal name = `'TTY-name'`, errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`, description = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** The system invoked the logoff recording program to record the end of the user's session with the shell. The `pututxline()` function failed with the errno value displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For a description of the errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. The reason code from `pututxline()` is not available for this error.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `pututxline()`.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `pututxline()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell was probably not recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the logoff recording program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) has the SETUID flag set in the directory entry. Make sure that the `/etc/utmpx` file has the correct permissions.

Follow any recommended actions for errno values returned from the `pututxline()` function.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number and any error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E messages.

---

**FSUM2192I** Function = `pututxline()`, terminal name = `'TTY-name'`, errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`, description = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2191I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2191I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2191I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2191I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2191I.

---

---

**FSUM2193I** The end of the session was not recorded. The slot for this terminal could not be updated.

**Explanation:** The system invoked the logoff recording program to record the end of the user's session with the shell. The `pututxline()` function failed. The `errno` value and reason code from `pututxline()` are not available for this error.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell was probably not recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the logoff recording program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) has the SETUID flag set in the directory entry. Make sure that the `/etc/utmpx` file has the correct permissions.

Follow any recommended actions for errors from the `pututxline()` function.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer with the message number.

---

**FSUM2194I** The end of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not be invokedFunction = `execve()`,  
**terminal name** = `'TTY-name'`,  
**program name** = `'program-name'`,  
**errno** = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`,  
**description** = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** The system was unable to invoke the logoff recording program. When `execve()` was issued to invoke the program named in the second-level TSO/E message, an error occurred. The `errno` value from the failing `execve()` invocation is displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of the `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. The reason code is not available for this error.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*program-name*

The name of the logoff recording program passed to `execve()`.

*errno-decimal*

The `errno` value, in decimal, returned from `execve()`.

*errno-hex*

The `errno` value, in hexadecimal, returned from `execve()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned `errno` value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the OMVS command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of the user's session with the shell is not recorded.

Because the end of the session with the shell was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem will clear up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the `errno` value from `execve()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this `errno` value and reason code.

Make sure that `/bin/fsumoclo` (the logoff recording program) exists in the file system and that it has the execute permissions set in its directory entry. Also make sure that the SETUID flag is set for `/bin/fsumoclo`.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2195I** Function = `execve()`,  
terminal name = `'TTY-name'`,  
program name = `'program-name'`,  
errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`,  
description = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2194I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2194I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2194I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2194I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2194I.

---

**FSUM2196I** The end of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not be invoked.

**Explanation:** The system was unable to invoke the logoff recording program. When `execve()` was issued to invoke the program named in the second-level TSO/E message, an error occurred. Neither the reason code nor the errno value from `execve()` is available for this error.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. The end of the user's session with the shell is not recorded.

Because the end of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem will clear up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that `/bin/fsumoclo` (the logoff recording program) exists in the file system and that it has the execute permissions set in its directory entry. Also make sure that the SETUID flag is set for `/bin/fsumoclo`.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

---

**FSUM2197I** The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording program could not get the authority needed to do the recording.  
Function = `seteuid()`,  
terminal name = `'TTY-name'`,  
program name = `'program-name'`,  
errno = `errno-decimal (X'errno-hex')`,  
description = `'system-message'`

**Explanation:** The logoff recording program tried to obtain the authority needed to record the end of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when this program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) issued `seteuid()` to obtain the proper authority. The errno value from the failing `seteuid()` invocation is displayed in the second-level TSO/E message. For an explanation of the errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. The reason code is not available for this error.

In the message text:

*TTY-name*

The pseudo-TTY name that was in use when this error occurred.

*program-name*

The name of the logoff recording program being run.

*errno-decimal*

The errno value, in decimal, returned from `seteuid()`.

*errno-hex*

The errno value, in hexadecimal, returned from `seteuid()`.

*system-message*

The system message corresponding to the returned errno value.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell was probably not recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** For more information about the errno value from `seteuid()`, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. Follow any recommended actions for this errno value.

Make sure that the logoff recording program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) has the SETUID flag set in the directory entry.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2198I** **Function = seteuid(),**  
**terminal name = 'TTY-name',**  
**program name = 'program-name',**  
**errno = errno-decimal (X'errno-hex'),**  
**description = 'system-message'**

**Explanation:** This is a TSO/E secondary message that appears following FSUM2197I when you press "?". For more information, see FSUM2197I.

**System action:** See message FSUM2197I.

**System programmer response:** See message FSUM2197I.

**User response:** See message FSUM2197I.

**FSUM2199I** **The end of the session may not have been recorded. The recording program could not get the authority needed to do the recording.**

**Explanation:** The logoff recording program tried to obtain the authority needed to record the end of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when this program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) issued `seteuid()` to obtain the proper authority. Neither the errno value nor the reason code are available for this error.

**System action:** OMVS ends the shell session. If there are no other active sessions, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E.

The end of this user's session with the shell was probably not recorded. If this recording was not completed, certain shell commands may show that this user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the logoff recording program (`/bin/fsumoclo`) has the SETUID flag set in the directory entry.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer, with the error message number and any other error information displayed in the second-level TSO/E message.

**FSUM2301** **The end of the session was not recorded. An unexpected error occurred. Error code = number, return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'**

**Explanation:** The system invoked the logoff recording program to record the end of the user's session with the shell. A z/OS UNIX C function failed with an unexpected error. The error code displayed in the message indicates which z/OS UNIX C function failed.

In the message text:

**error code = number**

The error code shows which function failed.

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| 161 | <code>read()</code>    |
| 162 | <code>write()</code>   |
| 163 | <code>seteuid()</code> |
| 164 | <code>setuid()</code>  |
| 165 | <code>kill()</code>    |

## FSUM2301

|     |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| 166 | <code>fork()</code>             |
| 168 | <code>chdir()</code>            |
| 169 | <code>getlogin()</code>         |
| 170 | <code>getpwnam()</code>         |
| 171 | <code>waitpid()</code>          |
| 172 | <code>sigaddset()</code>        |
| 173 | <code>sigprocmask()</code>      |
| 174 | <code>sigemptyset()</code>      |
| 175 | <code>sigaction()</code>        |
| 177 | <code>waitpid()</code>          |
| 178 | <code>sigdelset()</code>        |
| 179 | <code>sigfillset()</code>       |
| 180 | <code>stat()</code>             |
| 181 | <code>fcntl()</code>            |
| 182 | <code>sigpending()</code>       |
| 183 | <code>sigismember()</code>      |
| 184 | <code>mvssigsetup</code>        |
| 185 | <code>mvsunsigsetup</code>      |
| 186 | <code>setenv()</code>           |
| 187 | <code>clearenv()</code>         |
| 188 | <code>sysconf()</code>          |
| 189 | <code>setlocale()</code>        |
| 190 | <code>open()</code>             |
| 191 | <code>setsid()</code>           |
| 192 | <code>dup2()</code>             |
| 201 | <code>w_getpsent()</code>       |
| 202 | <code>time()</code>             |
| 203 | <code>ttyname()</code>          |
| 205 | <code>access()</code>           |
| 206 | <code>tcgetattr()</code>        |
| 207 | <code>tcsetattr()</code>        |
| 208 | <code>tcflush()</code>          |
| 209 | <code>tcgetpgrp()</code>        |
| 210 | <code>select()</code>           |
| 211 | <code>ioctl()</code>            |
| 212 | <code>tcdrain()</code>          |
| 213 | <code>getlogin (BPX1GLG)</code> |
| 214 | <code>getutxline()</code>       |
| 215 | <code>pututxline()</code>       |
| 216 | <code>fstat()</code>            |



|     |                   |
|-----|-------------------|
| 217 | <b>ptsname()</b>  |
| 218 | <b>grantpt()</b>  |
| 219 | <b>unlockpt()</b> |
| 220 | <b>dup()</b>      |

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2302** The end of the session was not recorded. An unexpected error occurred. Error code = *number*, reason code = *hexnum*, error data = *hexnum*, error string = '*string*'

**Explanation:** The end of the user's shell session was not recorded because an internal error occurred.

This error message can occur if the **/bin/fsumocli**, **/bin/fsumoclo**, or **/bin/fsumoclp** programs are accidentally run as shell commands. These programs are part of the TSO/E OMVS command and should not be run individually.

In the message text:

**error code** = *number*

The code for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

An additional reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error data** = *hexnum*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error string** = '*string*'

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

Make sure not to run **/bin/fsumocli**, **/bin/fsumoclo**, or **/bin/fsumoclp** as shell commands.

---

**FSUM2303** The end of the session was not recorded. The slot (in `/etc/utmpx`) for this terminal could not be updated. Function = `pututxline()`, terminal name = `'string'`, program name = `'string'`, errno = number (`X'hexnum'`), reason code = `hexnum`, message = `'string'`

**Explanation:** The logoff recording program tried to record the end of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the logoff recording program issued `pututxline()`. The end of the shell session was probably not recorded. Certain shell commands may show that the user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = `'string'`

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**program name** = `'string'`

The name of the logoff recording program.

**errno** = number (`X'hexnum'`)

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = `hexnum`

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = `'string'`

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that the `/etc` directory exists and that the that `/etc/utmpx` exists and has the proper permissions. Make sure that the logoff recording program (named in the error message) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2304** The end of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not get the authority needed to do the recording. Function = `seteuid()`, terminal name = `'string'`, program name = `'string'`, errno = number (`X'hexnum'`), reason code = `hexnum`, message = `'string'`

**Explanation:** The logoff recording program tried to obtain the authority needed to record the end of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the logoff recording program issued `seteuid()`. The end of the shell session was probably not recorded. Certain shell commands may show that the user is still logged on. The problem clears up when the next user logs in to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY that this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = `'string'`

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**program name** = `'string'`

The name of the logoff recording program.

**errno** = number (`X'hexnum'`)

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = `hexnum`

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that the logoff recording program (named in the error message) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2311** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up the shell side of the pseudo-TTY. Function = `dup2()`, file descriptors = `number` and `0`, return value = `number`, `errno` = `number (X'hexnum')`, reason code = `hexnum`, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell was not started, because the pseudo-TTY could not be set up as the standard output device (`stdout`) for the shell.

In the message text:

**file descriptors = `number` and `0`**

The current and desired file descriptors for the pseudo-TTY. The pseudo-TTY is currently opened at the current file descriptor. The pseudo-TTY cannot be duplicated to become file descriptor `0`.

**return value = `number`**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = `number (X'hexnum')`**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = `hexnum`**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** z/OS UNIX file descriptor `0` may be in use by an authorized TSO/E program that was still running when the OMVS command or the OPEN subcommand was entered. If so, stop that authorized program and reenter the OMVS command or the OPEN subcommand.

**FSUM2312** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up the shell side of the pseudo-TTY. Function = `dup2()`, file descriptors = `number` and `1`, return value = `number`, `errno` = `number (X'hexnum')`, reason code = `hexnum`, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell was not started. The pseudo-TTY could not be set up as the standard input device (`stdin`) for the z/OS shell.

In the message text:

**file descriptors = `number` and `1`**

The current and desired file descriptors for the pseudo-TTY. The pseudo-TTY is currently opened at the current file descriptor. The pseudo-TTY cannot be duplicated to become file descriptor `1`.

**return value = `number`**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

## FSUM2313 • FSUM2314

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** z/OS UNIX file descriptor 1 may be in use by an authorized TSO/E program that was still running when the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand was entered. If so, stop that authorized program, and reenter the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand.

---

**FSUM2313** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up the shell side of the pseudo-TTY. Function = dup2(), file descriptors = *number* and 2, return value = *number*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell was not started. The pseudo-TTY could not be set up as the standard error device (**stderr**) for the z/OS shell.

In the message text:

**file descriptors** = *number* and 2

The current and desired file descriptors for the pseudo-TTY. The pseudo-TTY is currently opened at the current file descriptor. The pseudo-TTY cannot be duplicated to become file descriptor 2.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** z/OS UNIX file descriptor 2 may be in use by an authorized TSO/E program that was still running when the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand was entered. If so, stop that authorized program and reenter the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand.

---

**FSUM2314** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Environment variable name = COLUMNS

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because **OMVS** was unable to format the numeric data for the COLUMNS environment variable required by the shell.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2315** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Function = setenv(), environment variable name = COLUMNS, return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because OMVS was unable to set the COLUMNS environment variable required by the shell.

In the message text:

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2316** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Environment variable name = LINES

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because OMVS was unable to format the numeric data for the LINES environment variable required by the shell.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2317** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Function = setenv(), environment variable name = LINES, return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because OMVS was unable to set the LINES environment variable required by the shell.

In the message text:

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2318** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was preparing the pseudo-TTY for use by the shell. Function = close(), file descriptor = number, return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session with the z/OS shell was started, because the OMVS command could not close the pseudo-TTY file descriptor properly. OMVS was trying to close the master pseudo-TTY just before invoking the z/OS shell. This problem could occur if there was another TSO/E program running for the same TSO/E user when the OMVS command was entered. That program might have interfered with the use of the file descriptor for the pseudo-TTY.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = number

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2319** No session was started. The program to start the shell could not be invoked. Function = execl(), program name = 'string', errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started because OMVS could not invoke the program that starts the z/OS shell.

In the message text:

**program name** = 'string'

The name of the program that cannot be executed.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the program named in the error message is available in the hierarchical file system. Make sure that the program file has the proper permissions so that this user can run it. Make sure that the permissions for the directory containing the program are set properly so this user is allowed access.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2320** The starting time of the session could not be recorded. Function = `time()`, terminal name = 'string', `errno = number (X'hexnum')`, reason code = `hexnum`, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The system could not obtain the current time. It recorded the start of the shell session, but did not include the starting time in the `/etc/utmpx` file. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

In the message text:

**terminal name = 'string'**

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2321** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Function = `setenv()`, environment variable name = `TERM`, return value = `number`, `errno = number (X'hexnum')`, reason code = `hexnum`, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the `z/OS` shell, because `OMVS` was unable to set the `TERM` environment variable required by the shell.

In the message text:

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this

## FSUM2322 • FSUM2323

message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2322** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was preparing the pseudo-TTY for use by the shell. Function = setsid(), return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session with the z/OS shell was started, because OMVS was unable to become the session leader for the pseudo-TTY.

In the message text:

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2323** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was preparing the pseudo-TTY for use by the shell. Function = open(), filename = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session with the z/OS shell was started, because OMVS could not reopen the pseudo-TTY after becoming the session leader. It is possible that this error could occur if the OMVS command or OPEN subcommand was entered when other TSO/E programs already had many files open for this TSO/E user.

In the message text:

**filename** = 'string'

The filename for the pseudo-TTY that could not be reopened.

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this



message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Retry the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand when no other TSO/E programs are running to see if this problem goes away. If this problem persists, contact the system programmer.

**FSUM2324** The start of the session may not have been recorded. The recording program could not get the authority needed to do the recording. Function = `seteuid()`, terminal name = 'string', program name = 'string', errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The login recording program tried to obtain the authority needed to record the start of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the login recording program issued `seteuid()`. The start of the shell session was probably not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session may not have been recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = 'string'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**program name** = 'string'

The name of the login recording program.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that the login recording program (named in the error message) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2325** No session was started. The signaling mechanism between the OMVS command and the shell could not be set up. Function = `sigaction()`, signal = number, return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session with the z/OS shell was started, because **OMVS** was unable to reset the catching status for one of the required signals back to the default action.

In the message text:

**signal** = number

The number of the signal being set up when this error occurred. For a list of signal numbers, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2326** The start of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not get the name of the pseudo-TTY for the session. Function = `ttyname()`, terminal name = *'string'*, file descriptor = *number*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** The login recording program tried to obtain the name of the pseudo-TTY needed to record the start of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the login recording program issued `ttyname()`. The start of the shell session was not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the terminal returned by `ttyname()`.

**file descriptor** = *'number'*

The file descriptor of the pseudo-TTY passed to `ttyname()`.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2327** The start of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not determine the name of the pseudo-TTY for the session. Function = `ttyname()`, terminal name = *'string'*, file descriptor = *number*

**Explanation:** The login recording program could not separate the pseudo-TTY pathname into the directory name and the pseudo-TTY file name. The start of the session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the terminal returned by `ttyname()`.

**file descriptor** = *'number'*

The file descriptor of the pseudo-TTY passed to `ttyname()`.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that the names of pseudo-TTYs used by the TSO/E OMVS command are of the form `/dev/ptypNNNN` and `/dev/ttypNNNN`. If the pseudo-TTY name shown in the error message is correct, follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2328** No session was started. The signaling mechanism between the OMVS command and the shell could not be set up. Function = `sigprocmask()`, signal = *number*, return value = *number*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** No session with the z/OS shell was started. The z/OS shell must receive control with no signals blocked. OMVS was unable to unblock all signals before invoking the z/OS shell.

In the message text:

**signal** = *number*

The number of the signal being set up when this error occurred. For a list of signal numbers, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2329** The start of the session was not recorded. The name of the logged-on user could not be determined. Function = `getlogin (BPX1GLG)`, return value = *hexnum*

**Explanation:** The login recording program tried to obtain the name of the logged-on user needed to record the start of the shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the login recording program issued `BPX1GLG`. The start of the shell session was not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

## FSUM2331 • FSUM2336

**return value** = *hexnum*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the return value displayed in this message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2331 The session has ended. Press <Enter> to end OMVS.**

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell has ended. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the **OMVS** command ends and returns to TSO/E. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2332 The session has ended. Press <Enter> to scroll forward.**

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell has ended. No more input data can be typed into the input area. MORE... appears on the screen because not all the available output data from the session fits on the screen.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, the **OMVS** command automatically scrolls the screen forward. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2333 No more input data can be sent to the shell.**

**Explanation:** No more input data can be typed into the input area. The z/OS shell is not accepting any more input data from the terminal, but the session with the shell has not yet ended. New output data from the shell may still appear on the screen.

**User response:** You can scroll the screen forward or backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility. If the session does not soon end by itself, you can go into subcommand mode and enter the **QUIT** subcommand.

---

**FSUM2334 No more input is allowed. Some input data was ignored.**

**Explanation:** No more input data can be typed into the input area. The z/OS shell is not accepting any more input data from the terminal, but the session with the shell has not yet ended. Some earlier input data could not be sent to the shell, and is now permanently lost. New output data from the shell may still appear on the screen.

**User response:** You can scroll the screen forward or backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility. If the session does not soon end by itself, you can go into subcommand mode and enter the **QUIT** subcommand.

---

**FSUM2335 No more input is allowed. Press <Enter> to scroll forward.**

**Explanation:** No more input data can be typed into the input area. The z/OS shell is not accepting any more input data from the terminal, but the session with the shell has not yet ended. MORE... appears on the screen, because not all the available output data from the session fits on the screen. In addition, new output data from the shell may still appear on the screen.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, the **OMVS** command automatically scrolls the screen forward. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility. If the session does not soon end by itself, you can go into subcommand mode and enter the **QUIT** subcommand.

---

**FSUM2336 A session error occurred. Press <Enter> to end OMVS.**

**Explanation:** An error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end. Earlier error messages may contain more information about this error. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the **OMVS** command ends and

returns to TSO/E. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2337 A session error occurred. Press <Enter> to scroll forward.**

**Explanation:** An error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end. Earlier error messages may contain more information about this error. No more input data can be typed into the input area. MORE... appears on the screen, because not all the available output data from the session fits on the screen.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, the OMVS command automatically scrolls the screen forward. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2338 The session has ended. Press <Enter> for another session.**

**Explanation:** The current session with the z/OS shell has ended. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the currently displayed session ends, and OMVS automatically displays another session. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2339 A session error occurred. Press <Enter> for another session.**

**Explanation:** An error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end. Earlier error messages may contain more information about this error. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the currently displayed session ends, and OMVS automatically displays another session. You can also scroll the screen backward, switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2340 No more input is allowed. Press <Enter> to remove the message.**

**Explanation:** No more input data can be typed into the input area. The z/OS shell is not accepting any more input data from the terminal, but the session with the shell has not yet ended. MORE... appears on the screen because not all the available output data from the session fits on the screen. In addition, new output data from the shell may still appear on the screen.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the error message is removed from the screen so you can see the entire output area. You can also switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility. If the session does not soon end by itself, you can go into subcommand mode and enter the QUIT subcommand.

---

**FSUM2341 The session has ended.**

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell has ended. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** You can switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or return from the help facility.

---

**FSUM2342 A session error occurred.**

**Explanation:** An error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end. Earlier error messages may contain more information about this error. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** You can switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or return from the help facility.

---

**FSUM2343 The session has ended. Press <Enter> to remove the message.**

**Explanation:** The session with the z/OS shell has ended. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the error message is removed from the screen so you can see the entire output area. You can also switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2344** A session error occurred. Press <Enter> to remove the message.

**Explanation:** An error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end. Earlier error messages may contain more information about this error. No more input data can be typed into the input area.

**User response:** If you press the <ENTER> or the <CLEAR> key, or scroll forward, the error message is removed from the screen so you can see the entire output area. You can also switch to TSO/E, go into subcommand mode, or invoke the help facility.

---

**FSUM2347** The input TSO/E command contains incorrect DBCS data. The command was not executed. Incorrect data = *string*

**Explanation:** The TSO function key was pressed while incorrect DBCS data was in the input area. This incorrect DBCS string cannot be passed to TSO/E to be run as a command.

In the message text:

'*string*' Several bytes (in hexadecimal) of incorrect DBCS data from the input area.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Enter the TSO/E command again. If the second attempt also fails, try pressing <CLEAR> or <PA2> and then enter the TSO/E command again. If you still cannot enter the TSO/E command, clear out all data in the input area and press the TSO function key to switch to TSO/E. Then reenter the TSO/E command. When the command completes, press <PA1> or <Attention> to return to the shell session.

---

**FSUM2348** '*string*' is an unknown subcommand.

**Explanation:** Data was entered in the input field in subcommand mode. This data is not one of the known OMVS subcommands.

In the message text:

'*string*' The unknown command that was entered.

**User response:** If you want to see a list of valid OMVS subcommands, enter HELP, ?, or press the Help key. If you want to enter data for the z/OS shell, press the Return key or use the RETURN subcommand to get out of subcommand mode first. If you want to run a TSO/E command, enter the TSO subcommand or use the TSO key.

---

**FSUM2349** The subcommand contains too many words. Words starting with '*string*' are incorrect.

**Explanation:** Data was entered in the input field in subcommand mode. This data contained more than one word. All OMVS subcommands contain only one word.

In the message text:

'*string*' The second word entered on the command line.

**User response:** If you want to see a list of valid OMVS subcommands, enter HELP, ?, or press the Help key. If you want to enter data for the z/OS shell, press the Return key or use the RETURN subcommand to get out of subcommand mode first. If you want to run a TSO/E command, enter the TSO subcommand or use the TSO key.

---

**FSUM2350** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = select(), file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = '*string*', return value = *number*, errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while waiting for data from the pseudo-TTY, or for the pseudo-TTY to accept more data. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

file descriptor = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2351** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = read(), file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = *'string'*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred during an attempt to read output data from the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2352** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = write(), file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = *'string'*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred during an attempt to write input data to the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

## FSUM2353 • FSUM2354

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2353** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `read()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = *'string'*, return value = *number*

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred during an attempt to read output data from the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2354** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `write()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = *'string'*, return value = *number*

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred during an attempt to write input data to the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination



procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2355** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `tcgetattr()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = '*string*', return value = *number*, errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while trying to obtain the current termios control information for the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2356** No more sessions can be started. Maximum number of sessions = *number*

**Explanation:** The **OPEN** subcommand cannot start any more shell sessions. The maximum number of active shell sessions for this user has already been reached. The maximum number of sessions is determined by the value of **MAXPROCUSER** or **CHILD\_MAX**. No additional sessions can be started if the number of sessions would exceed **MAXPROCUSER/2**.

In the message text:

*number* The maximum number of shell sessions that can be active at one time.

**User response:** End some other shell session before starting any new sessions.

Ask the system programmer to increase the value of **MAXPROCUSER** to allow more sessions. The value for **MAXPROCUSER** should be at least twice the number of active sessions required.

**FSUM2357** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `tcsetattr()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = '*string*', return value = *number*, errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while trying to reset the current termios control information for the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

## FSUM2358

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2358** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `tcflush()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = '*string*', return value = *number*, errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred when trying to flush data that was queued for the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2359** TSO/3270 passthrough mode ended abnormally, because unexpected 3270 output data was found. Error code = X'hexnum', Incorrect data: introducer = X'hexnum', request = X'hexnum', length = number

**Explanation:** The pseudo-TTY was in TSO/3270 passthrough mode when the TSO/E OMVS command found a TSO/3270 passthrough request containing incorrect data. Because of the error, OMVS was unable to fail this request and look for the next request in the data stream. TSO/3270 passthrough mode ended, and the pseudo-TTY was returned to normal operation.

This error can be caused by:

- An error in the TSO/3270 passthrough application that caused it to send an incorrect TSO/3270 passthrough request to the TSO/E OMVS command. The length field could have exceeded 32767, or the first byte of the request might not have been X'FF'.
- An incorrect (too short) length field in the previous TSO/3270 passthrough request. This causes the TSO/E OMVS command to look for the X'FF' byte for the next request in the middle of the 3270 data from the prior request. This is also a TSO/3270 passthrough application error.
- Regular data written to the pseudo-TTY while it was in TSO/3270 passthrough mode. This data would be interpreted as an incorrect TSO/3270 passthrough request. This data could have come from a background job, or from another user who sent a message to the TTY while it was in TSO/3270 passthrough mode.

In the message text:

**Error code = X'hexnum'**

The error code passed back to the TSO/3270 passthrough application in the **\_\_error** field of the response. For more information about this error code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming Tools*.

**Introducer = X'hexnum'**

The (presumed) first byte (**\_\_ff** field) of the failing request. If this byte is not X'FF', it is probably the cause of this error. The first byte of every TSO/3270 passthrough request must be X'FF'.

**request = X'hexnum'**

The request code in the **\_\_fcn** field in the failing request. If the **\_\_fcn** field is not available, X'00' is displayed, instead. If the introducer is not X'FF', the displayed request code is probably not meaningful.

**length = num**

The length field (**\_\_l**) in the failing request. If the **\_\_l** field is not available, 0 is displayed, instead. If the introducer is not X'FF', the displayed length is probably not meaningful. If the introducer is X'FF', and the length field exceeds 32767, the length field is the cause of this error. The length field must always be 32767 or less in TSO/3270 passthrough requests.

**System programmer response:** Correct any errors in the TSO/3270 passthrough application that might have caused this problem. Modify the application so that regular TTY data is less likely to interfere when the terminal is in TSO/3270 passthrough mode. For more information about writing TSO/3270 passthrough applications, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming Tools*.

**User response:** Make sure that no background jobs are running then a TSO/3270 passthrough command is run. Make sure that no other users send you messages while a TSO/3270 passthrough command is running. If neither of these errors caused the problem, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM2360** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = ioctl(), command = hexnum, file descriptor = number, terminal name = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred when trying send the SIGWINCH signal to the foreground processes using the pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor = number**

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name = 'string'**

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2361** **Input data was received from an unexpected area of the screen (row *number*, column *number*). This input data was discarded. You may not have entered in the usual input field.**

**Explanation:** You may have entered input data while the normal OMVS screen was not displayed or was partly overwritten by TSO/E messages. This input data was probably not typed into the normal input field at the bottom of the screen. Make sure all input data is entered in the normal input area at the bottom of the screen.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** If the normal OMVS screen is overlaid or blank, you may need to press <PA2> to force OMVS to rewrite the screen before you enter input data.

**FSUM2362** **Input data was received from an empty screen. This input data was discarded. You may have entered the data right after you pressed the <Clear> key, and before the OMVS command could refresh the screen.**

**Explanation:** Data was probably entered right after the screen was cleared, and before OMVS had a chance to rewrite the normal screen. Make sure all input data is entered in the usual input area at the bottom of the normal OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** If the normal OMVS screen is overlaid or blank, you may need to press <PA2> to force OMVS to rewrite the screen before you enter input data.

**FSUM2363** **Input data was received from a screen that was not created by OMVS. This input data was discarded. You may have entered the data while the OMVS screen was not being displayed.**

**Explanation:** Data was probably entered right after the OMVS screen was interrupted (by a message, for example) and before OMVS had a chance to rewrite the normal screen. Make sure all input data is entered in the usual input area at the bottom of the normal OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** If the normal OMVS screen is overlaid or blank, you may need to press <PA2> to force OMVS to rewrite the screen before you enter input data.

---

**FSUM2364** Too much input data was received. This input data was discarded. You may have entered the data while the normal OMVS screen was partly overlaid with data from the system. If this happens again, press <PA2> to refresh the screen before entering data.

**Explanation:** Data was probably entered right after the OMVS screen was overlaid (by a message, for example) or cleared, and before OMVS had a chance to rewrite the normal screen. Make sure all input data is entered in the usual input area at the bottom of the normal OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** If the normal OMVS screen is overlaid or blank, you may need to press <PA2> to force OMVS to rewrite the screen before you enter input data.

---

**FSUM2365** Data from two or more input fields was received. All the input data was discarded. You may have entered some data outside the normal input field.

**Explanation:** Data was probably entered right after the z/OS UNIX screen was overlaid (by a message, for example), and before OMVS had a chance to rewrite the normal screen. Some of the data may have been entered in the normal input area, but input data was also typed in somewhere else on the screen. Make sure all input data is entered in the usual input area at the bottom of the normal OMVS screen.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** If the normal OMVS screen is overlaid or blank, you may need to press <PA2> to force OMVS to rewrite the screen before you enter input data.

---

**FSUM2366** Input data (starting with 'string') was discarded, because the session with the shell ended.

**Explanation:** Input data was received from the terminal just as the session with the z/OS shell was ending. This data could not be passed to the shell. This is an informational message telling you which data was not seen by the shell.

In the message text:

'string' The start of the input data that could not be passed to the z/OS shell. Data before this (if any) was passed to the shell.

**User response:** If you want to send this data to the shell, use OMVS to reestablish a session with the shell, and then reenter the data.

---

**FSUM2367** Input data was received when none was expected. This input data was discarded. You may have entered the data as the session with the shell was ending, before OMVS had a chance to remove the input area.

**Explanation:** OMVS replaced the usual input field on the screen with a message describing the end of the session with the z/OS shell. Input data was then received from the terminal when it was not expected. It is possible that you entered data as the input field was being removed. If so, there is no real problem. The input data cannot be passed to the shell because the session has ended.

**System programmer response:** If the input data was entered normally, or if this problem occurs and there is no obvious explanation, there may be an error in the terminal or in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting terminal or z/OS UNIX problems.

---

**FSUM2368** The session with the shell ended because of an unexpected I/O error. Function = `tcdrain()`, file descriptor = *number*, terminal name = '*string*', return value = *number*, errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred when trying to wait for queued data to be read at slave pseudo-TTY. This error caused the session with the z/OS shell to end.

In the message text:

**file descriptor** = *number*

The file descriptor that was being used when this error occurred.

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that TSO/E commands used while OMVS is switched to TSO/E do not use any file descriptors that were opened by the **OMVS** command.

**User response:** If this error occurred shortly after you switched to TSO/E and then returned to the z/OS shell, the TSO/E commands that were invoked may have caused this error. Contact the system programmer with this message number and the variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2370** The shell process ended, but the session did not end automatically. You may need to run the **QUIT** subcommand to end the session.

**Explanation:** OMVS was notified that the z/OS shell process ended, but the slave pseudo-TTY was not closed. OMVS will not automatically end the session until all processes have closed the slave pseudo-TTY. One or more processes may continue to run indefinitely after the shell ends, before the TTY is closed.

**User response:** If one of these processes is still reading input data from the terminal, you can continue to use the session. Since the shell has ended, you probably cannot run shell commands.

If the shell session appears to hang up after this message is seen, you can enter subcommand mode and use the **QUIT**, **QUITALL**, or **CLOSE** subcommand to end the session.

---

**FSUM2371** The shell process stopped unexpectedly, without ending. You can run the **QUIT** subcommand to end the session.

**Explanation:** OMVS was notified that the z/OS shell process stopped, but it did not exit. Whatever stopped the shell may soon cause it to resume. In this case, there is no problem.

**User response:** If the shell session appears to hang up after this message is seen, you can enter subcommand mode and use the **QUIT**, **QUITALL**, or **CLOSE** subcommand to end the session.

---

**FSUM2372** The shell process ended with a nonzero exit status. **Exit status** = *number*

**Explanation:** The z/OS shell exited with a nonzero status value. This is an informational message that is produced when the **DEBUG** option is specified on the **OMVS** command. This nonzero exit status might not indicate a problem.

In the message text:

**exit status** = *number*

The exit status code from the z/OS shell as reported to OMVS.

---

---

**FSUM2377** The start of the session was not recorded. An unexpected error occurred. Error code = *number*, reason code = *hexnum*, error data = *hexnum*, error string = '*string*'

**Explanation:** The start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, because an unexpected error occurred. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

This error message can occur if the `/bin/fsumocli`, `/bin/fsumoclo`, or `/bin/fsumoclp` programs are accidentally run as shell commands. These programs are part of the TSO/E OMVS command and should not be run individually.

In the message text:

**error code** = *number*

The code for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

An additional reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error data** = *hexnum*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error string** = '*string*'

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

Make sure not to run `/bin/fsumocli`, `/bin/fsumoclo`, or `/bin/fsumoclp` as shell commands.

---

**FSUM2378** The start of the session was not recorded. The slot (in `/etc/utmpx`) for this terminal could not be updated, or a new slot for the terminal could not be created. Function = `pututxline()`, terminal name = '*string*', program name = '*string*', errno = *number* (X'*hexnum*'), reason code = *hexnum*, message = '*string*'

**Explanation:** The login recording program tried to record the start of the user's shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the login recording program issued `pututxline()`. The start of the shell session was probably not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session may not have been recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**program name** = '*string*'

The name of the login recording program.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that the `/etc` directory exists and that the that `/etc/utmpx` exists and has the proper permissions. Make sure that the login recording program (named in the error message) has the SETUID flag set in its directory entry.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2379** The start of the session was not recorded. The system could not obtain information about this user from the user database. Function = `getpwnam()`, user name = *string*, return value = *hexnum*, `errno` = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The login recording program tried to obtain the name of the logged-on user needed to record the start of the shell session in the `/etc/utmpx` file. An error occurred when the login recording program issued `getpwnam()`. The start of the shell session was not recorded. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**user name = *string***

The name of the user passed to `getpwnam()`.

**return value = *hexnum***

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = *number (X'hexnum')***

The `errno` value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this `errno` value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no `errno` information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = *hexnum***

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that this user is defined in the user data base, and that the user is defined to *z/OS UNIX*. For information about setting up user IDs for *z/OS UNIX*, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2380** No session was started. An error occurred while the OMVS command was setting up information needed by the shell. Function = `setenv()`, environment variable name = *string*, new value = 'string', return value = *number*, `errno` = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the *z/OS* shell, because *OMVS* could not set the one of the environment variables required by the shell.

In the message text:

**environment variable name = *string***

The name of the environment variable that could not be set.



**new value** = *'string'*

The value that the environment variable could not be set to.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2381** No session was started. The name of the logged-on user could not be determined. Function = **getlogin (BPX1GLG)**, return value = *hexnum*

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because OMVS could not obtain the name of the logged-on user.

In the message text:

**return value** = *hexnum*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the return value displayed in this message, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2382** No session was started. The system could not obtain information about this user from the user database. Function = **getpwnam()**, user name = *string*, return value = *hexnum*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because the system could not obtain the entry for this user in the user data base.

In the message text:

**user name** = *string*

The name of the logged-on user passed to **getpwnam()**.

**return value** = *hexnum*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Make sure that this user is defined in the user data base, and that the user is defined to z/OS UNIX. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2383 No initial directory pathname was specified in the user profile. The home directory is set to root.**

**Explanation:** Because a home directory was not specified in the OMVS segment of the RACF user profile for this user, the system set the home directory to the root directory, /.

**System programmer response:** If required, specify a home directory in the OMVS segment of the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** If you need to use a home directory other than the root, ask the system programmer to set up a home directory for this TSO/E user ID.

**FSUM2384 No session was started. The system cannot set the current working directory to the specified home directory for this user ID. Function = chdir(), directory name = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'**

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because the home directory for this TSO/E user ID cannot be made the working directory.

In the message text:

**directory name = 'string'**

The home directory specified for this TSO/E user ID.

**return value = number**

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno = number (X'hexnum')**

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code = hexnum**

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message = 'string'**

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Check that the home directory specified in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID is correct. If this user should not be using the root directory, /, as the home directory, do not default the home directory in the user profile. Make sure that the home directory exists and that the file system containing it is mounted. Also, ensure that the permissions for the home directory allow the TSO/E user ID to search the directory. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Make sure the home directory for this TSO/E user ID exists in the file system before you enter the OMVS command. If you do not have authority to create the home directory or to mount the file system containing

it, contact the operator or system programmer. If the specified home directory is wrong, ask the system programmer to change it.

**FSUM2385** No session was started. The system cannot obtain required storage. Function = malloc(), bytes requested = number, return value = number

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because not enough storage was available.

In the message text:

**bytes requested** = number

The number of bytes of storage that were not available from malloc().

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that this TSO/E user has enough storage to run the OMVS command. Increase the default storage SIZE for this TSO/E user ID, or increase the maximum allowed LOGON storage SIZE value for the TSO/E user ID. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** The OMVS command requires more storage than is currently available. To make more storage available:

- Enter the OMVS command directly from the TSO/E READY prompt.
- Enter the OMVS command from a 3270 display with a smaller screen size.
- Specify a larger SIZE value when logging on to TSO/E. If you have already specified the maximum allowed size, contact the system programmer.
- Use the NOSHAREAS option on the TSO/E OMVS command.

**FSUM2386** No shell program was specified in the user profile. The default shell ('string') is used.

**Explanation:** Because a shell pathname was not specified in the OMVS segment of the RACF user profile for this user, the system used the default shell program.

In the message text:

('string')

The name of the default shell program.

**System programmer response:** If required, specify a shell program in the OMVS segment of the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID. For information about setting up user IDs for z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** If you need to use a shell program other than the default, ask the system programmer to specify a shell program for this TSO/E user ID.

**FSUM2387** The start of the session may not have been recorded. The outcome of the recording process is unknown. Function = waitpid(), terminal name = 'string', process ID = number (X'hexnum'), return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The login recording process did not complete normally. The login recording process was created, but the system could not determine what happened to it. The process may have disappeared from the system before or after completing. The start of the shell session might or might not have been recorded in the */etc/utmpx* file. This error does not prevent the shell session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session may not have been recorded in the */etc/utmpx* file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = 'string'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**process ID** = number (X'hexnum')

The process ID of the login recording process.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Look for any other messages that might appear on the system console. Follow any recommended actions for those messages.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2388**    **The start of the session may not have been recorded. The recording process stopped or ended unexpectedly, before completion. Function = waitpid(), terminal name = 'string', process ID = number (X'hexnum'), status value = number (X'hexnum'), return value = number**

**Explanation:** The login recording process did not complete normally. The start of the shell session might or might not have been recorded properly in the */etc/utmpx* file. This error does not prevent the shell session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session may not have been recorded in the */etc/utmpx* file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**process ID** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The process ID of the login recording process.

**status value** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The status value from **waitpid()** for the login recording process. For information about the status value, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**System programmer response:** Make sure that authorized users do not stop or kill the login recording process while it is running. If any other messages appeared at the system console, follow any recommended actions for those messages.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2389**    **The message catalog cannot be used. catalog name = 'string', errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'**

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not open the message catalog named in the error message. This error does not prevent the session from starting. Default error messages are substituted for the messages in the message catalog. These substituted messages might not contain the usual wording.

In the message text:

**catalog name** = *'string'*

The name of the message catalog that could not be opened.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Check that the message catalog named in the error message is installed, and that this user has read access to the message catalog. Make sure that the user has search permission for all the directories leading to the message catalog.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2390** The message catalog cannot be closed. **catalog name** = *'string'*, **errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*, **reason code** = *hexnum*, **message** = *'string'*

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not close the message catalog named in the error message. This error does not prevent the session from starting.

In the message text:

**catalog name** = *'string'*

The name of the message catalog that could not be closed.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** Check that the message catalog named in the error message is installed and that this user has read access to the message catalog. Make sure that the user has search permission for all the directories leading to the message catalog.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2391** The start of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not start, because too many processes were already active for this UID. **Function** = *fork()*, **terminal name** = *'string'*, **return value** = *number*, **errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*, **reason code** = *hexnum*, **message** = *'string'*

**Explanation:** When the TSO/E OMVS command or OPEN subcommand was entered, close to the maximum number of processes were already active for this UID. Because of this, the process required for the login recording could not be created. At least three processes must be available for this UID when the TSO/E OMVS command is run. At least two processes must be available for this UID when the OPEN subcommand is run.

Each shell session takes up at least one process for this UID. Active z/OS UNIX batch jobs submitted for this TSO/E user ID count as processes for this UID. Other TSO/E user IDs may share the same UID with this TSO/E user ID. If those user IDs are currently using z/OS UNIX, their processes also count toward the maximum allowed for this UID.

## FSUM2392

The start of the shell session is not recorded. This error does not prevent the shell session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for a UID. This number is specified in the `parmlib` member for *z/OS UNIX*. For information about configuring *z/OS UNIX*, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E **OMVS** command.

Wait for any *z/OS UNIX* batch jobs from this TSO/E user ID to end before reentering the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand. Other TSO/E user IDs may share a common UID with this user ID. Reenter the **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand after one of those TSO/E user IDs has finished using *z/OS UNIX*.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number of processes allowed per UID.

---

**FSUM2392** The start of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not start, because too many processes were already active in the system. Function = `fork()`, terminal name = *'string'*, return value = *number*, errno = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** When the TSO/E **OMVS** command or **OPEN** subcommand was entered, close to the maximum number of processes were already active in the system. Because of this, the process required for the login recording could not be created. The system must be able to start at least three more processes before the TSO/E **OMVS** command can run. The system must be able to start at least two more process before the **OPEN** subcommand can run.

The start of the shell session was not recorded. This error does not prevent the shell session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

If required, increase the maximum number of processes allowed for z/OS UNIX. This number is specified in the parmlib member for z/OS UNIX. For information about configuring z/OS UNIX, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Try not to start so many shell sessions. Specify fewer initial sessions on the TSO/E OMVS command.

Retry the TSO/E OMVS command or OPEN subcommand later, when the system is not so busy.

Ask the system programmer to increase the maximum number processes that can be active at one time.

**FSUM2393** The start of the session was not recorded. The process required for the login recording program could not be created. Function = fork(), terminal name = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** The OMVS command could not create the process required for the login recording program. The start of the shell session is not recorded. This error does not prevent the shell session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the */etc/utmpx* file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = *'string'*

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Try the OMVS command or OPEN subcommand again. If this problem persists, contact the system programmer with this message number and all the variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2394** The start of the session was not recorded. The recording program could not be invoked. Function = `execve()`, program name = 'string', terminal name = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** OMVS could not invoke the login recording program named in the error message. The start of the shell session could not be recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file. This error did not prevent the session from starting.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**program name** = 'string'

The name of the login recording program that could not be invoked.

**terminal name** = 'string'

The name of the pseudo-TTY that was being used when this error occurred.

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = hexnum

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = 'string'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Check that the login recording program named in the error message is installed properly. Make sure that this program file has the execute permissions set properly so this user ID can run it. Also make sure that the SETUID flag is set in the directory entry for this program.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM2395** No session was started. The NOSHAREAS option on the TSO/E OMVS command must be used to run the specified shell program. Function = `execve()`, program name = 'string', return value = number, errno = number (X'hexnum'), reason code = hexnum, message = 'string'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because OMVS could not invoke the shell program. The SHAREAS option of the TSO/E OMVS command was used or defaulted. OMVS cannot run the specified shell program in the same address space, because the shell is a SETUID or SETGID program.

In the message text:

**program name** = 'string'

The name of the shell program that could not be invoked.

**return value** = number

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = number (X'hexnum')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.



**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by *errno*. If *errno* = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the *errno* and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Check that the shell program specified in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID is correct. If the shell program is not a SETUID or SETGID program, make sure that the SETUID and SETGID flags are off in the directory entry for the shell. Make sure that the UID and GID for the shell program are correct. Also make sure that the UID and GID for the TSO/E user ID are correct. For information about setting up user IDs for *z/OS UNIX*, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Rerun the TSO/E **OMVS** command using the **NOSHAREAS** option.

Make sure the shell program named in the error is correct. If not, ask the system programmer to change the shell program for this user ID.

**FSUM2396** No session was started. The shell program could not be invoked. Function = *execve()*, program name = *'string'*, return value = *number*, *errno* = *number (X'hexnum')*, reason code = *hexnum*, message = *'string'*

**Explanation:** No session was started with the *z/OS* shell, because **OMVS** could not invoke the shell program.

In the message text:

**program name** = *'string'*

The name of the shell program that could not be invoked.

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The *errno* value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this *errno* value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If *errno* = 0, no *errno* information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = *'string'*

A system error message that describes this error as reported by *errno*. If *errno* = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the *errno* and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

Check that the shell program specified in the RACF user profile for this TSO/E user ID is correct. Make sure that the shell program exists, and that the file system containing it is mounted. Make sure that the permissions for the shell program allow this user ID to run it. Make sure all the directories leading to the specified shell program can be searched by the user. For information about setting up user IDs for *z/OS UNIX*, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Check that the shell program named in the error message exists in the file system before you enter the **OMVS** command. Make sure the file system containing the shell program is mounted. If you do not have the authority to put the shell program in the file system or mount the file system containing it, contact the operator or system programmer. If you need to run a different shell program, ask the system programmer to change the shell program for your user ID.

---

**FSUM2397** No session was started. An unexpected error occurred. **Error code = number**, **return value = number**, **errno = number (X'hexnum')**, **reason code = hexnum**, **message = 'string'**

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because a z/OS UNIX C function failed with an unexpected error. The error code displayed in the message indicates which z/OS UNIX C function failed.

In the message text:

**error code = number**

The error code shows which function failed.

|     |               |
|-----|---------------|
| 161 | read()        |
| 162 | write()       |
| 163 | seteuid()     |
| 164 | setuid()      |
| 165 | kill()        |
| 166 | fork()        |
| 168 | chdir()       |
| 169 | getlogin()    |
| 170 | getpwnam()    |
| 171 | waitpid()     |
| 172 | sigaddset()   |
| 173 | sigprocmask() |
| 174 | sigemptyset() |
| 175 | sigaction()   |
| 177 | waitpid()     |
| 178 | sigdelset()   |
| 179 | sigfillset()  |
| 180 | stat()        |
| 181 | fcntl()       |
| 182 | sigpending()  |
| 183 | sigismember() |
| 184 | mvssigsetup   |
| 185 | mvsunsigsetup |
| 186 | setenv()      |
| 187 | clearenv()    |
| 188 | sysconf()     |
| 189 | setlocale()   |
| 190 | open()        |
| 191 | setsid()      |
| 192 | dup2()        |
| 201 | w_getpsent()  |
| 202 | time()        |
| 203 | ttyname()     |

|     |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| 205 | <code>access()</code>           |
| 206 | <code>tcgetattr()</code>        |
| 207 | <code>tcsetattr()</code>        |
| 208 | <code>tcflush()</code>          |
| 209 | <code>tcgetpgrp()</code>        |
| 210 | <code>select()</code>           |
| 211 | <code>ioctl()</code>            |
| 212 | <code>tcdrain()</code>          |
| 213 | <code>getlogin (BPX1GLG)</code> |
| 214 | <code>getutxline()</code>       |
| 215 | <code>pututxline()</code>       |
| 216 | <code>fstat()</code>            |
| 217 | <code>ptsname()</code>          |
| 218 | <code>grantpt()</code>          |
| 219 | <code>unlockpt()</code>         |
| 220 | <code>dup()</code>              |

**return value** = *number*

The return value reported by the system for this error.

**errno** = *number (X'hexnum')*

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If errno = 0, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by errno. If errno = 0, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the errno and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

**FSUM2398** No session was started. An unexpected error occurred. Error code = *number*, reason code = *hexnum*, error data = *hexnum*, error string = '*string*'

**Explanation:** No session was started with the z/OS shell, because an internal error occurred.

This error message can occur if the `/bin/fsumocli`, `/bin/fsumoclo`, or `/bin/fsumoclp` programs are accidentally run as shell commands. These programs are part of the TSO/E OMVS command and should not be run individually.

In the message text:

**error code** = *number*

The code for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

An additional reason code associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

## FSUM2399 • FSUM3002

**error data** = *hexnum*

Additional data associated with this error. If this value is zero, there is no additional reason code for this error.

**error string** = '*string*'

A string of characters that provides additional error information. If this string is empty, no error string is available for this error.

**System programmer response:** This might be an error in z/OS UNIX. Follow the usual problem determination procedures for diagnosing and reporting z/OS UNIX problems.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

Make sure not to run `/bin/fsumocli`, `/bin/fsumoclo`, or `/bin/fsuoclp` as shell commands.

---

**FSUM2399** No session was started. The name of the pseudo-TTY for the session could not be determined.  
**Function** = `ttyname()`, **terminal name** = '*string*', **file descriptor** = *number*, **errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*'),  
**reason code** = *hexnum*, **message** = '*string*'

**Explanation:** The login program tried to obtain the name of the pseudo-TTY used for the shell session. An error occurred when the login program issued `ttyname()`. The shell session did not start.

Because the start of the shell session was not recorded in the `/etc/utmpx` file, certain shell commands may show that the user is not logged on. This problem clears up when the next user logs on to the shell using the same pseudo-TTY this user had.

In the message text:

**terminal name** = '*string*'

The name of the terminal returned by `ttyname()`.

**file descriptor** = '*number*'

The file descriptor of the pseudo-TTY passed to `ttyname()`.

**errno** = *number* (X'*hexnum*')

The errno value returned by the system for this error. For more information about this errno value, see *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*. If `errno = 0`, no errno information is available from the system for this error.

**reason code** = *hexnum*

The reason code returned by the system for this error. For more information about this reason code, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*.

**message** = '*string*'

A system error message that describes this error as reported by `errno`. If `errno = 0`, this message is not meaningful.

**System programmer response:** For more information on the `errno` and reason code values displayed in this message, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference*.

**User response:** Provide the system programmer with this message number and any variable information displayed in the message.

---

**FSUM3002** When using the output file option (-o), specify a filename.

**Explanation:** The `-o` option requires an option-argument that is the name of an output file to be created by `c89`. This filename can be a pathname or a data set and member name that begins with two slashes.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and specify an output filename to be used with the `-o` option. For example:

```
c89 -o myprog myprog.c
```

```
c89 -o "//myload(myprog)" myprog.c
```

```
c89 -c -o /tmp/myprog.o myprog.c
```

---

**FSUM3005** When using the library directory option (-L), specify a directory pathname.

**Explanation:** The -L option requires an option-argument that is the pathname of a directory to be used when **c89** searches for archive libraries. **c89** uses that name when searching for library names specified with the -l operand.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and include a library directory pathname after the -L option. For example:  
c89 -L mylib myprog.c -l mine

---

**FSUM3007** *string* is not a valid option.

**Explanation:** The indicated option is not a valid **c89** option. To see the valid **c89** options, enter the **c89** command without any arguments, or look up the command description in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* .

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a valid option.

---

**FSUM3008** Specify a file with the correct suffix (*.string1*, *.string2*, *.string3*, *.string4*, *.string5*, *.string6*, *.string7*, or *.string8*), or a corresponding data set name, instead of *string9*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command can process either operands whose pathnames end with the **.c**, **.i**, **.s**, **.o**, **.x**, **.p**, **.I** , or **.a** suffix, or a corresponding data set name that begins with two slashes. The indicated string is not in either form.

In the message text:

*string1* is the C source file suffix. *string2* is the preprocessed file suffix. *string3* is the Assembler source file suffix. *string4* is the object file suffix. *string5* is the definition side deck file suffix. *string6* is the Prelinker output file suffix. *string7* is the IPA Link output file suffix. *string8* is the archive file suffix. *string9* is the incorrect file name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a valid pathname or data set name. With the appropriate form, **c89** can process the following:

- C source files (**.c** or **.i** suffix, or corresponding C source data set name)
- MVS assembler source files (**.s** suffix, or corresponding assembler source data set name)
- Object files produced by compiling with the **c89** command (**.o**suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Object files of IMPORT statements, produced by the linkedit phase with the -Wl,dll option, when processing a DLL which exports symbols ( **.x** suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Composite object files optionally produced by the PRELINK step of the linkedit phase of the **c89** command (**.p**suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- IPA linker object files optionally produced by the IPALINK step of the linkedit phase of the **c89** command (**.I** suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Archive files such as those produced by the **ar** command ( **.a** suffix, or corresponding library data set name)

The **c89** command can also process files which do not match any of the above forms. By setting the environment variable {\_EXTRA\_ARGS} to a value of 1, such files will be processed during link-editing. The **c89** command will use information in addition to the suffix of the file to determine that the file is to be processed as an object file or as a library.

---

**FSUM3009** When using the library operand (-l), specify a library name.

**Explanation:** The -l operand requires an option-argument that is the name of a library. **c89** uses that name when it searches for the corresponding archive file to be used during link-editing.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a library name to be used with the -l operand. For example:  
c89 myprog.c -l mine

---

---

**FSUM3010** Specify a file with the correct suffix (*.string1*, *.string2*, *.string3*, *.string4*, *.string5*, *.string6*, *.string7*, *.string8*, *.string9*, *.string10*, or *.string11*), or a corresponding data set name, instead of *string12*.

**Explanation:** The `c++` command can process either operands whose pathnames end with the `.C`, `.hh`, `.i`, `.c`, `.i`, `.s`, `.o`, `.x`, `.p`, `.I`, or `.a` suffix, or a corresponding data set name that begins with two slashes. The indicated string is not in either form.

In the message text:

*string1* is the C++ source file suffix. *string2* is the Class Library Inline file suffix. *string3* is the C++ preprocessed file suffix. *string4* is the Template Instantiation file suffix. *string5* is the C preprocessd file suffix. *string6* is the MVS assembler source file suffix. *string7* is the object file suffix. *string8* is the definition side deck file suffix. *string9* is the Prelinker output file suffix. *string10* is the IPA Link output file suffix. *string11* is the archive file suffix. *string12* is the incorrect file name.

**User response:** Reenter the `c++` command and specify a valid pathname or data set name. With the appropriate form, `c++` can process the following. Note that in order for `c++` to process `C.i` suffix files, either or both the `C` and `C++` default `.i` suffix must be modified:

- C++ source files (`.C`, `.hh`, or `.i` suffix, or corresponding C++ source data set name)
- C source files (`.c` or `.i` suffix, or corresponding C source data set name)
- MVS assembler source files (`.s` suffix, or corresponding assembler source data set name)
- Object files produced by compiling with the `c++` command (`.o` suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Object files of `IMPORT` statements, produced by the `linkedit` phase with the `-Wl,dll` option, when processing a DLL which exports symbols (`.x` suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Composite object files optionally produced by the `PRELINK` step of the `linkedit` phase of the `c++` command (`.p` suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- IPA linker object files optionally produced by the `IPALINK` step of the `linkedit` phase of the `c++` command (`.I` suffix, or corresponding object data set name)
- Archive files such as those produced by the `ar` command (`.a` suffix, or corresponding library data set name)

The `c++` command can also process files which do not match any of the above forms. By setting the environment variable `{_EXTRA_ARGS}` to a value of 1, such files will be processed during link-editing. The `c++` command will use information in addition to the suffix of the file to determine that the file is to be processed as an object file or as a library.

Alternatively, the `-+` option of the `c++` command can be used. It overrides the `{_EXTRA_ARGS}` environment variable. It causes all C source files, as well as any files which are not of any of the above forms, to be processed as C++ source files.

---

**FSUM3012** Specify at least one source, archive, or object operand to be processed.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command requires that you specify at least one operand of the pathname form. Otherwise, `c89` has nothing that it can process. A library operand of the `-l` form alone is not enough input for `c89`.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and specify at least one operand of the pathname form. For example:  
`c89 myprog.c`

---

**FSUM3015** You cannot specify a data set as a library directory. Specify a valid library directory pathname instead of the data set *string*.

**Explanation:** When using the `-L` option, you can specify only a pathname as a library directory. You cannot specify a data set, because other data sets are not found in directories. If you are trying to specify a C/370 object library to be used as a library by `c89`, specify that data set name as an argument on the `-l` operand. This is analogous to specifying an archive file pathname (for which `c89` also does not perform a library directory search).

In the message text:

*string* is the data set name.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and specify a library directory pathname after the `-L` option. For example:  
`c89 -L mylib myprog.c -l mine`

Or, specify a data set after the **-I** operand. For example:

```
c89 myprog.c -I //mylib
```

**FSUM3017 Could not compile *string*. Correct the errors and try again.**

**Explanation:** **c89** could not compile the indicated file. You should already have received one or more **c89** or C/370 compiler messages (or both) indicating the reason for the failure.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name.

**User response:** Correct the errors and then reenter the **c89** command.

**FSUM3018 Could not assemble *string*. Correct the errors and try again.**

**Explanation:** **c89** could not assemble the indicated file. You should already have received one or more **c89** or MVS assembler messages (or both) indicating the reason for the failure.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name.

**User response:** Correct the errors and then reenter the **c89** command.

**FSUM3024 When using the define option (-D), specify a name to be passed to the compiler.**

**Explanation:** The **-D** option requires an option-argument that is a name. Optionally, after the name, you can specify a value to be used during the compilation as if coded on a **#define** statement in the C source program.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a name (and, optionally, a value) to be passed to the compiler. (If you do not specify a value, 1 is used.) For example:

```
c89 -D mydef=2 myprog.c
```

**FSUM3028 When using the undefine option (-U), specify a name.**

**Explanation:** The **-U** option requires an option-argument that is a name. The option-argument is needed in order to override the specification of the same name on a **-D** option that was specified either explicitly on the **c89** command line, or implicitly by **c89** itself. The name is not passed to the compiler. If you also specify a value, **c89** ignores it.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a name that is not to be passed to the compiler. For example:

```
c89 -U _POSIX1_SOURCE myprog.c
```

**FSUM3032 When using the include directory option (-I), specify a directory name.**

**Explanation:** The **-I** option requires an option-argument that is the name of an include directory. This directory name can be a directory pathname or a data set name that begins with two slashes. The C/370 compiler uses that directory name when searching for a header file specified on a **#include** statement in the C source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify the include directory name after the **-I** option. For example:

```
c89 -I myinc myprog.c
```

**FSUM3033 Directory *string1* specified by command option *string2* cannot be searched.**

**Explanation:** A directory specified by **-I** or **-L** option on the command line can not be searched.

In the message text:

*string1* is the directory name. *string2* is the option name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a directory that can be searched.

---

**FSUM3039** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid data set name instead of *string2*.

**Explanation:** c89 tried to allocate the indicated data set name dynamically in order to associate it with the indicated data definition. But the dynamic allocation failed because the indicated data set name was incorrect. Some common errors are:

- More than 8 characters were specified for any qualifier of the data set name.
- More than 44 characters were specified for the data set name.
- An incorrect character was specified as part of the data set name.
- A data set name qualifier began with a number.

Unless you enclose the data set name with single quotes, a TSO/E user ID prefix is added to the data set name.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the incorrect specification.

**User response:** Reenter the c89 command and specify a valid data set name. For example:

```
c89 "//myproj.c(myprog1)"
```

---

**FSUM3040** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. It does not begin with `//[ddname]` at *string2*.

**Explanation:** c89 processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a c89 internal parsing error.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction.

**System programmer response:** Reenter the c89 command with the `-v` option, and redirect `stdout` to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL file and the c89 command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the c89 command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3041** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. It does not begin with `//[ddname] DD` at *string2*.

**Explanation:** c89 processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a c89 internal parsing error.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction.

**System programmer response:** Reenter the c89 command with the `-v` option and redirect `stdout` to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL file and the c89 command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the c89 command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3042** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid data set member name instead of *string2(string3)*.

**Explanation:** The c89 command tried to allocate the indicated data set name dynamically and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. The dynamic allocation failed, probably because the indicated data set member name did not have the correct syntax. Some common syntax errors are:

- More than 8 characters were specified for the member name.
- An incorrect character was specified as part of the member name.
- The member name began with a number.

Unless you enclosed the data set name with single quotes, a TSO/E user ID prefix is added to the data set name.

In the message text:



*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name. *string3* is the member name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command line and specify a valid data set member name. For example:

```
c89 "//myproj.c(myprog1)"
```

**FSUM3043** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify balanced parentheses for the data definition at *string2*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction.

**User response:** Environment variables provide necessary system and operational information to **c89**. Most likely, the values of one or more of these variables was incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

**FSUM3046** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a numeric *string2* subparameter for *string3* instead of *string4*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error. One of the following subparameters had an incorrect value:

- For the DCB parameter, the keyword subparameters are one of the following:
  - LRECL
  - BLKSIZE
- For the SPACE parameter, the positional subparameters are one of the following:
  - BLKLGTH
  - PRIMARY-QTY
  - SECONDARY-QTY
  - DIRECTORY

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the subparameter name. *string3* is the parameter name. *string4* is the incorrect value specified.

**User response:** Environment variables provide necessary system and operational information to **c89**. Most likely, the values of one or more of these variables was incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

**FSUM3047** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid *string2* subparameter for *string3* instead of *string4*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error. One of the following subparameters had an incorrect value:

- For the DISP parameter, the positional subparameters are one of the following:
  - STATUS
  - NORMAL
  - ABNORMAL

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the subparameter name. *string3* is the parameter name. *string4* is the incorrect value specified.

**User response:** Environment variables provide necessary system and operational information to **c89**. Most likely, the

## FSUM3048 • FSUM3051

values of one or more of these variables was incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

---

**FSUM3048** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid *string2* subparameter instead of *string3*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error. One of the following parameters had an incorrect subparameter:

- DCB

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the parameter name. *string3* is the incorrect value specified.

**User response:** Environment variables provide necessary system and operational information to **c89**. Most likely, the values of one or more of these variables was incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

---

**FSUM3049** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid parameter instead of *string2*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the incorrect value specified.

**User response:** The **c89** command is configured by the use of environment variables. Most likely, the value of one or more of these environment variables is incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

---

**FSUM3050** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid *string2* parameter instead of *string3*.

**Explanation:** **c89** processed a pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction with incorrect syntax. This is a **c89** internal parsing error. One of the following parameters had an incorrect value:

- DSNTYPE
- PATHOPTS
- PATHMODE

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the parameter name. *string3* is the incorrect value specified.

**User response:** The **c89** command is configured by the use of environment variables. Most likely, the value of one or more of these environment variables is incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

---

**FSUM3051** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a valid file instead of *string2*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command tried to allocate for the indicated file pathname dynamically and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. The dynamic allocation failed because the **/dev/fdN** pathname associated with the file did not have the correct syntax. Normally this cannot be the case because **c89** validates the character special files **/dev/fdN** for all pathname dynamic allocations before the actual dynamic allocation.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the incorrect value specified.

**System programmer response:** Reenter the `c89` command with the `-v` option and redirect `stdout` to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL file and the `c89` command specified for problem determination.

You can determine the actual `/dev/fdN` character special file pathname as follows:

- In the pseudo-JCL, find the statements for the failing step.
- Beginning with  $N=3$ , count all the pathname allocations in the order listed. (Ignore the allocations already in the `/dev/fdN` format, such as 1 and 2.)

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3052** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. The data set was not found. Ensure that data set name *string2* is specified correctly.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command tried to dynamically allocate the data set name indicated and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. The dynamic allocation failed, because the data set indicated could not be found. This is probably because the data set does not exist, or is not correctly cataloged (`c89` can only work with cataloged data sets). Note that for data set names specified on the `c89` command line, unless the data set name is enclosed in single quotes, a TSO/E user ID prefix is added to the data set name.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command line and specify an existing data set name. For example:

```
c89 "'myuser.myprog.c'"
```

**FSUM3053** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. The data set was not found. Ensure that data set and member name *string2(string3)* are specified correctly.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command tried to dynamically allocate the indicated data set and member name and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. But the allocation failed, because the indicated data set and member could not be found. This is probably because the data set does not exist, or is not correctly cataloged (`c89` can only work with cataloged data sets). Unless you enclose the data set name with single quotes, a TSO/E user ID prefix is added to the data set name.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name. *string3* is the member name.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and specify an existing data set. For example:

```
c89 "'myuser.myproj.c(myprog1)'"
```

**FSUM3054** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. The file was not found. Ensure that file *string2* is specified correctly.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command tried to dynamically allocate for the indicated file pathname and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. But the dynamic allocation failed because the `/dev/fdN` pathname associated with the indicated file could not be found. Normally this situation does not happen because `c89` validates the character special files `/dev/fdN` for all pathname dynamic allocations before doing the dynamic allocation.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the file name.

**System programmer response:** Reenter the `c89` command with the `-v` option, redirecting `stdout` to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL file and the `c89` command specified for problem determination.

You can determine the actual `/dev/fdN` character special file pathname as follows:

- In the pseudo-JCL, find the statements for the failing step.
- Beginning with  $N=3$ , count all the pathname allocations in the order listed.
- Ignore the allocations already in the `/dev/fdN` format (such as 1 and 2).

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3055** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify a member name for partitioned data set *string2*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command allocated the indicated data set, for which no data set member was specified, and discovered that it is a partitioned data set. Since **c89** knows that this is a reference to a specific part, as opposed to a library, you must specify a data set member name.

For compiler objects, since the name is derived from the source data set name, the source and object data sets must have the same organization (partitioned or sequential).

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the partition data set name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command line and specify the data set name with a member name. For example:  
**c89** "//myproj.c(myprog1)"

If the source data set and object data set types are not the same, you need to delete (and optionally preallocate) the object data sets so the organizations are the same before reentering the **c89** command.

---

**FSUM3056** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. File *string2* could not be opened: *string2*

**Explanation:** **c89** tried to open the indicated file pathname and to associate it with the indicated data definition name. However, the file pathname could not be opened. This is usually because the file does not exist, or you do not have permission to use the file.

The error message from the open function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the file name. *string2* is the error message.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify an existing filename to which you have permission. For example:  
**c89** myprog.c

---

**FSUM3057** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. An allocation error occurred for *string2* with return code *string3*, error code *string4* hex, and information code *string5* hex.

**Explanation:** A pseudo-JCL dynamic allocation instruction that was processed by **c89** failed. **c89** did not recognize the return code, error code, and information code resulting from the dynamic allocation function.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name. *string3* is the return code. *string4* is the error code. *string5* is the information code.

**System programmer response:** Reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option, and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL, error file, and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

You can find the meaning of most dynamic allocation return codes in the chapter on requesting dynamic allocation functions in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3058** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify only a data set name for sequential data set *string2* instead of member *string3*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command allocated the indicated data set, for which the indicated data set member was specified, and discovered that it is a sequential data set. Sequential data sets do not have members.

For compiler objects, since the name is derived from the source data set name, the source and object data sets must have the same organization (partitioned or sequential).

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name. *string3* is the member name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command line and specify the data set name without a member name. For example:  
**c89 "//myprog.c"**

If the source data set and object data set organizations are not the same, you need to delete (and optionally preallocate) the object data set so the organizations are the same before reissuing the **c89** command.

**FSUM3059** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify only a data set name for partitioned data set *string2* instead of member *string3*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command allocated the indicated data set, for which the indicated data set member was specified. **c89** knows that this should be a reference to a C370LIB object library data set. C370LIB object libraries are specified by giving the data set name only, without referring to any of the data set members. The data set members are automatically included by the Prelinker, as required, during symbol resolution.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name. *string3* is the member name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command line and specify the C370LIB object library data set name without a member name. For example:

**c89 "//myproj.c(myprog)" -l"//mylib"**

**FSUM3060** Could not open *string1*: *string2*

**Explanation:** The **c89** command tried to open the indicated temporary system input stream, but the associated data set could not be opened.

The error message from the open function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data set name. *string2* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the error message. If that does not work, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3061** Could not write record *string1* to *string2* (*string3* bytes were written): *string4*

**Explanation:** The **c89** command tried to write to the indicated temporary system input stream data set that it opened, but the write failed. (That data set is needed for the prelink and link-edit steps.)

The error message from the write function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the record number. *string2* is the file name. *string3* is the number of bytes written. *string4* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the error message. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option, and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3064** Specify fewer arguments for the *string1* step.

**Explanation:** Too many arguments were passed to the indicated step, where the step is one of the following:

- ASSEMBLE
- COMPILE

## FSUM3065

- IPACOMP
- TEMPINC
- IPATEMP
- IPALINK
- PRELINK
- LINKEDIT

When a program is invoked dynamically under MVS (such as when **c89** calls the compiler), the length of the parameter string is architecturally limited.

Most of the **c89** arguments have corresponding parameters to the compiler, prelinker, and linkage editor. Therefore, if you specify fewer arguments to **c89**, a shorter parameter string is passed. For example, perhaps many **-I** options were specified, or absolute rather than relative names were used.

In the message text:

*string1* is the step name.

**User response:** Shorten the length of the arguments for the indicated step. Normally, you can accomplish this by removing one or more **c89** options or operands. Alternatively, you may be able to use a more terse syntax, such as specifying relative instead of absolute pathnames.

---

**FSUM3065** The *string1* step ended with return code *string2*.

**Explanation:** The indicated step completed with a nonzero return code, where the step is one of the following:

- ASSEMBLE
- COMPILE
- IPACOMP
- TEMPINC
- IPATEMP
- IPALINK
- PRELINK
- LINKEDIT

This does not necessarily mean that you need to take action. Normally, another error message from the step precedes this message (for the prelinker, you may need to create a prelink map, such as by using the **-V** option, to see the associated error message).

If a positive return code less than or equal to the value of the environment variable **{\_ACCEPTABLE\_RC}**; (or its default value), is returned, the final result of the **c89** command is not affected.

In the message text:

*string1* is the step name. *string2* is the return code.

**User response:** If necessary, correct the error indicated by the preceding message or messages, and reenter the **c89** command.

If a preceding message indicates that there is a problem with a *DD:ddname* (such as *DD:SYSLIN*), and it is unclear to which data set or pathname this refers, then reenter the failing **c89** command with the **-v** option to produce pseudo-JCL. To find out which data set or pathname **c89** is allocating to that *ddname*, look at the pseudo-JCL of the failing step for a line beginning with the words " *//ddname DD*". The beginning of each step is identified by the words " *//step EXEC*".

---

**FSUM3066** The *string1* step ended with return code *string2*: *string3*

**Explanation:** The indicated step completed with a nonzero return code, where the step is one of the following:

- ASSEMBLE
- COMPILE
- IPACOMP
- TEMPINC
- IPATEMP
- IPALINK
- PRELINK
- LINKEDIT

The error message from the system function is at the end of the **c89** message. Usually this happens because the program used in the indicated step cannot be found. For example, if the compiler program whose name is the value of the environment variable `{_CNAME}` (or its default value) is not in the search order used for MVS programs, an error results.

In the message text:

*string1* is the step name. *string2* is the return code. *string3* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the specific error message associated with the failing step. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3067** The archive library *string* cannot be found.

**Explanation:** **c89** tried to find the indicated archive library, first by using the directories specified on all **-L** options, and then by looking in the “usual places” (**/lib** and then **/usr/lib**). The filename used for the search is the archive library name prefixed with **lib** and suffixed with **a**. But the archive library either does not exist, or you do not have permission to read it. Normally, this error occurs when the library name is incorrectly specified.

In the message text:

*string* is the archive library name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify an existing library name to which you have permission. For example:

```
c89 myprog.c -l m
```

or specify a library directory on the **-L** option that contains the indicated archive library. For example:

```
c89 -L mylib myprog.c -l mine
```

---

**FSUM3068** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify the name of a partitioned data set instead of sequential data set *string2*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command allocated the indicated data set and discovered that it has sequential data set organization. **c89** knows that this should be a reference to a specified data set that has partitioned organization.

Certain data sets, such as C370LIB object libraries (specified on the **-I** operand) and executable (load) libraries (specified on the **-o** option), must always have partitioned organization.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command line and specify a partitioned data set for the library data set name. For example:

```
c89 "//myproj.c(myprog)" -l"//mylib"
```

or

```
c89 -o"//myload(myprog)" "//myproj.c(myprog)"
```

**FSUM3069** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Specify the name of a sequential data set instead of partitioned data set *string2*.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command allocated the indicated data set and discovered that it has partitioned data set organization. **c89** was told that this is a reference to a specified data set that has partitioned organization instead of sequential organization, because of the DSORG subparameter specified on the DCB parameter of the environment variable associated with this data set.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the data set name.

**User response:** The **c89** command is configured by the use of environment variables. Most likely, the value of one or more of these environment variables is incorrect. Use the **env** command to determine which **c89** environment variables are incorrectly set. (*z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* describes environment variables in the section on the **c89** command.)

**FSUM3070** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Information for character special file *string2*, needed to allocate file *string3*, cannot be obtained: *string4* Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command uses the **/dev/fdN** character special files for all pathname allocations. **c89** tried to validate the indicated character special file by using the **stat** function, but that function failed. **c89** cannot use the indicated file without the indicated character special file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the character special file name. *string3* is the file name. *string4* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that the **/dev/fdN** character special files were correctly created with the **mknod** command, and that there are enough of them. For more information about creating the **/dev/fdN** character special files required for **c89**, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3071** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. File *string2*, needed to allocate file *string3*, is not character special. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command uses the **/dev/fdN** character special files for all pathname allocations. **c89** validated the indicated character special file, using the **stat** function, and determined that the indicated file is not a character special file. **c89** cannot use the indicated file without the indicated character special file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the character special file name. *string3* is the file name.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that the **/dev/fdN** character special files were correctly created with the **mknod** command, and that there are enough of them. For more information about creating the **/dev/fdN** character special files required for **c89**, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3072** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Character-special file *string2*, needed to allocate file *string3*, is not major 5. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

**Explanation:** The **c89** command uses the **/dev/fdN** character special files for all pathname allocations. **c89** validated the indicated character special file, using the **stat** function, and determined that the indicated character special file does not have the correct major number. **c89** cannot use the indicated file without the indicated character special file.

In the message text:



*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the character special file name. *string3* is the file name.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that the `/dev/fdN` character special files were correctly created with the `mknod` command, and that there are enough of them. For more information about creating the `/dev/fdN` character special files required for `c89`, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3073** The data definition name *string1* cannot be resolved. Character-special file *string2*, needed to allocate file *string3*, is not minor *string4*. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command uses the `/dev/fdN` character special files for all pathname allocations. `c89` validated the indicated character special file, using the `stat` function, and determined that the indicated character special file does not have the correct minor number. `c89` cannot use the indicated file without the indicated character special file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data definition name. *string2* is the character special file name. *string3* is the file name. *string4* is the minor number.

**System programmer response:** Ensure that the `/dev/fdN` character special files were correctly created with the `mknod` command, and that there are enough of them. For more information about creating the `/dev/fdN` character special files required for `c89`, refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

**FSUM3080** Specify an argument shorter than *string*.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command has an internal buffer, which is suitable for any option, option-argument, or operand that is valid for the `c89` command. This buffer has a length limitation; the argument (option, option-argument, or operand) was too long. The portion of the argument that `c89` could process is indicated in the message.

In the message text:

*string* is the maximum length.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and make sure that the argument is not longer than the length indicated in the message.

**FSUM3081** Specify an argument other than null for argument number *string*.

**Explanation:** The `c89` command cannot process a null argument (option, option-argument, or operand).

In the message text:

*string* is the sequence number of the argument.

**User response:** Reenter the `c89` command and make sure that the length of the indicated argument string is greater than zero.

**FSUM3088** Usage: `cc [-CcEFfgOpqrsVv0123] [-D name[=value]]... [-U name]... [-e function]... [-u function]... [-W phase,option[,option]]... [-o outfile] [-I directory]... [-L directory]... [file.c]... [file.i]... [file.s]... [file.o]... [file.x]... [file.p]... [file.I]... [file.a]... [-l libname]...`

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct format of the `cc` command. It is displayed only when you enter `cc` without any arguments.

---

**FSUM3090** Usage: c89 [-CcEgOrsVv0123]  
 [-D name[=value]]... [-U name]...  
 [-e function]... [-u function]...  
 [-W phase,option[,option]]...  
 [-o outfile]  
 [-I directory]... [-L directory]...  
 [file.c]... [file.i]... [file.s]...  
 [file.o]...  
 [file.x]... [file.p]... [file.I]...  
 [file.a]... [-l libname]...

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct format of the **c89** command. It is displayed only when you enter **c89** without any arguments.

---

**FSUM3091** Usage: c++ | cxx [-+CcEgOrsVv0123]  
 [-D name[=value]]... [-U name]...  
 [-e function]... [-u function]...  
 [-W phase,option[,option]]...  
 [-o outfile]  
 [-I directory]... [-L directory]...  
 [file.C]... [file.hh]... [file.i]...  
 [file.c]... [file.s]...  
 [file.o]... [file.x]... [file.p]...  
 [file.I]... [file.a]... [-l  
 libname]...

**Explanation:** This message shows the correct format of the **c++** command. It is displayed only when you enter **c++** without any arguments.

---

**FSUM3102** Specify an output file instead of the source file *string*.

**Explanation:** The indicated file has the format of a source file (a pathname with a source file suffix). To prevent the source files from being accidentally erased, this format is not allowed for output files.

In the message text:

*string* is the source file name.

**User response:** After the **-o** option, specify an output filename that does not have a source file suffix. For example:  
**c89 -o myprog.out myprog.c**

---

**FSUM3103** Specify an output file instead of the directory file *string*.

**Explanation:** The indicated file is a directory file type. A directory file cannot be written to, nor executed, so this type is not allowed for output files.

In the message text:

*string* is the directory name.

**User response:** After the **-o** option, specify an output filename that is not a directory file type. For example:  
**c89 -o myprog.out myprog.c**

---

**FSUM3104** Specify an output file instead of the FIFO special file *string*.

**Explanation:** The indicated is a FIFO (first-in-first-out) special file type. Writing to a FIFO requires that another process be reading the FIFO. To prevent unexpected behavior (such as this process waiting for another process to open the file for reading), this type is not allowed for output files.

In the message text:

*string* is the FIFO special file name.

**User response:** After the **-o** option, specify an output filename that is not a FIFO special file type. For example:

```
c89 -o myprog.out myprog.c
```

---

**FSUM3110** Could not open *string1*: *string2*

**Explanation:** When compiling with optimization level 2, **c89** must copy certain files from data sets to HFS files. But **c89** could not open the indicated file so it could not copy the corresponding data set to an HFS file.

The error message from the open function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the file name. *string2* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the specific error message. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3111** Could not read *string1* when copying to *string2*: *string3*

**Explanation:** When compiling with optimization level 2, **c89** must copy certain files from data sets to HFS files. But **c89** could not read from the indicated data set, which is an output of the compilation, so it could not copy that data set to an HFS file.

The error message from the read function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data set name. *string2* is the file name. *string3* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the specific error message. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3112** Could not write *string1* when copying from *string2*: *string3*

**Explanation:** When compiling with optimization level 2, **c89** must copy certain files from data sets to HFS files. But it could not write to the indicated HFS file, which is an output of the **c89** command, so **c89** could not copy that file from a data set.

The error message from the write function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string1* is the data set name. *string2* is the file name. *string3* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the specific error message. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the **-v** option, and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3120** When using the extensions option (**-W**), specify a phase code and a list of options.

**Explanation:** The **-W** option requires an option-argument which is a comma-separated list, beginning with a phase code, and followed by the phase options. For the IPA phase code (**-WI**), the phase options are optional. The phase options are passed directly to the specified phase. Specifying the IPA phase code indicates that IPA processing be enabled, otherwise IPA processing is disabled.

For information on valid phase codes and how to specify them, see message FSUM3121.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. After the **-W** option, specify a phase code, followed by a comma and a

series of comma separated options that are to be passed to that phase. In the shell, parentheses within arguments must be escaped, either with a backslash or by quoting the argument. For example:

```
c89 -W "0,lang(extended)" -c myprog.c
```

```
c89 -W l,p,map -o myprog myprog.o
```

```
c89 -W I,obj -o myprog myprog.c
```

---

**FSUM3121** Specify a valid **-W** phase code (**0** or **c=compile**, **a=assemble**, **I=IPA**, **l,p=prelink**, **l,I=IPA link**, **l=linkedit**) instead of *string*.

**Explanation:** The **-W** option was not followed by a valid phase code. The **-W** option requires an option-argument which is a comma-separated list, beginning with a phase code, and followed by the phase options. For the IPA phase code (**-WI**), and the IPA link step of link phase code (**-WI,I**), the phase options are optional. The phase options are passed directly to the specified phase. Specifying the IPA phase code or the IPA link step on the link phase code, indicates that IPA processing be enabled, otherwise IPA processing is disabled.

The supported phase codes are as follows:

- Phase codes **0** and **c** (you can use either) indicate the compile step of the compile phase. These options are also passed to the IPA compile step.
- Phase code **a** indicates the assemble step of the compile phase.
- Phase code **I** indicates IPA, both the IPA compile step of the compile phase, and the IPA link step of the link-edit phase.
- Phase code **l** indicates the link-edit step of the link-edit phase.
- Phase code **l**, when the first phase option is **p** (**l,p**), indicates the prelink step of the link-edit phase.
- Phase code **l**, when the first phase option is **I** (**l,I**), indicates the IPA link step of the link-edit phase.

In the message text:

*string* is the incorrect phase code specified.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. After the **-W** option, specify a phase code, followed by a comma and a series of comma separated options that are to be passed to that phase. In the shell, parentheses within arguments must be escaped, either with a backslash or by quoting the argument. For example:

```
c89 -W"0,lang(extended)" -c myprog.c
```

```
c89 -Wl,p,map -o myprog myprog.o
```

```
c89 -W I,obj -o myprog myprog.c
```

---

**FSUM3122** Specify a series of options, separated by commas, for the **-W** *string* phase.

**Explanation:** The **-W** option was not followed by a valid phase code and then by a comma. The **-W** option requires an option-argument which is a comma-separated list, beginning with a phase code, and followed by the phase options. For the IPA phase code (**-WI**), the phase options are optional. The phase options are passed directly to the specified phase. Specifying the IPA phase code indicates that IPA processing be enabled, otherwise IPA processing is disabled.

In the message text:

*string* is the phase code.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. After the **-W** option, specify a phase code, followed by a comma and a series of comma separated options that are to be passed to that phase. In the shell, parentheses within arguments must be escaped, either with a backslash or by quoting the argument. For example:

```
c89 -W"0,lang(extended)" -c myprog.c
```

```
c89 -Wl,p,map -o myprog myprog.o
```

```
c89 -W I,obj -o myprog myprog.c
```

---

---

**FSUM3123** When using the entry option (-e), specify an entry point symbol.

**Explanation:** The -e option requires an option-argument that is the name of the entry point symbol, to which control will be given when the output file program is executed. This symbol can be an L-name symbol, or an S-name symbol that begins with two slashes.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify an entry point symbol to be used with the -e option. For example:

```
c89 -e mystart myprog.c
c89 -e //MYSTART myprog.c
```

---

**FSUM3124** When using the unresolved option (-u), specify a symbol to load.

**Explanation:** The -u option requires an option-argument that is the name of a symbol which is to be added to the table of unresolved symbols. This symbol can be an L-name symbol, or an S-name symbol that begins with two slashes.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command and specify a symbol to load with the -u option. For example:

```
c89 -u mymain file.a
c89 -u //MYMAIN file.a
```

---

**FSUM3130** Fork failed: *string*

**Explanation:** **c89** attempted to fork, and the fork failed.

The error message from the fork function is at the end of the **c89** message.

In the message text:

*string* is the error message.

**System programmer response:** Try to correct the problem based on the specific error message. If you do not succeed, reenter the **c89** command with the -v option and redirect **stdout** and **stderr** to a file. Keep this pseudo-JCL and error file and the **c89** command specified for problem determination.

**User response:** Reenter the **c89** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3131** Terminated by signal *string*.

**Explanation:** **c89** was terminated due to a signal.

In the message text:

*string* is the signal number.

---

**FSUM3132** Terminated by signal *string*.

**Explanation:** -S is ignored because it is not supported for IPA compile.

IPA Compile can not generate an assembler source file, so -S option is ignored.

---

**FSUM3201** Configuration file *string* is not valid.

**Explanation:** An invalid configuration file was specified.

In the message text:

*string* is the configuration file name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a valid configuration file.

**FSUM3202 Configuration file *string* cannot be read.**

**Explanation:** Attempt to read the configuration file failed.

In the message text:

*string* is the configuration file name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Check the file for corruption and try again.

---

**FSUM3203 Configuration file *string1* does not contain stanza *string2*.**

**Explanation:** Required stanza was not found in the configuration file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the configuration file name. *string2* is the stanza name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the stanza matching the command name is defined in the configuration file. If the -F flag option is used to override the default stanza, ensure that the overriding stanza is defined in the configuration file.

---

**FSUM3204 Configuration file *string1* contains incorrect stanza *string2*.**

**Explanation:** An incorrect stanza was found in the configuration file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the configuration file name. *string2* is the stanza name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the stanza reported in the message is correctly defined in the configuration file.

---

**FSUM3205 Stanza *string1* contains incorrect attribute *string2*.**

**Explanation:** An incorrect attribute was specified in the configuration file for the reported stanza.

In the message text:

*string1* is the stanza name. *string2* is the attribute name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Correct the attribute specification.

---

**FSUM3206 Configuration attribute *string1* contains an incorrectly quoted string *string2*.**

**Explanation:** An attribute that requires quotes is missing a quote.

In the message text:

*string1* is the attribute name. *string2* is the string.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the attribute has matching opening and closing quotes.

---

**FSUM3207 Configuration option *string* is missing a subargument.**

**Explanation:** A subargument of the -F flag option or an option specified in the configuration file is missing.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that a required subargument is correctly specified.

---

**FSUM3208 Command option *string* is missing a subargument.**

**Explanation:** A subargument of an option specified on the command line is missing.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the required subargument is correctly specified.

---

**FSUM3209 Configuration option *string* contains an incorrect subargument.**

**Explanation:** A subargument of an option specified in the configuration file is incorrect.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the required subargument is correctly specified.

---

**FSUM3210 Command option *string* contains an incorrect subargument.**

**Explanation:** A subargument of an option specified on the command line is incorrect.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the required subargument is correctly specified.

---

**FSUM3211 Configuration option *string* is incorrect for z/OS platform - ignored.**

**Explanation:** An option specified in the configuration file is not supported on z/OS.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** Option is ignored and the processing continues.

**User response:** Remove the option from the configuration file.

---

**FSUM3212 Command option *string* is incorrect for z/OS platform - ignored.**

**Explanation:** An option specified on the command line is not supported on z/OS.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** Option is ignored and the processing continues.

**User response:** Remove the option from the command line.

---

**FSUM3215 Configuration option *string* is not recognized - passed to ld.**

**Explanation:** An option specified in the configuration file is not recognized as a valid compiler option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** Option is passed to ld and the processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the option is correct.

---

**FSUM3216** Command option *string* is not recognized - passed to ld.

**Explanation:** An option specified on the command line is not recognized as a valid compiler option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** Option is passed to ld and the processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the option is correct.

---

**FSUM3217** Configuration option *string* is incorrect.

**Explanation:** A flag option specified in the configuration file is incorrect.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the flag option is correctly specified.

---

**FSUM3218** File *string* contains an incorrect file suffix.

**Explanation:** A file specified on the command line has an incorrect file suffix.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the suffix is correctly specified, or change the appropriate suffix attribute in the configuration file to match the suffix of the file specified on the command line.

---

**FSUM3219** Out of space.

**Explanation:** Required heap space is not available.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Increase the region size of the USS session.

---

**FSUM3220** The current directory is not writeable.

**Explanation:** The current directory does not have write permission.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Add write permission to the current directory.

---

**FSUM3221** Cannot spawn program *string1* - *string2*.

**Explanation:** An attempt to spawn a program failed.

In the message text:

*string1* is the program name. *string2* is the output of errno or "reason unknown".

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that there are no system problems.

---



---

**FSUM3223** Component *character* has no program specified.

**Explanation:** A program that corresponds to the component reported in the message was not specified in the configuration file.

In the message text:

*character* is a one character component id (c - C/C++ Compiler, a - Assembler, L - IPA Link, l - Binder).

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Add the required program to the configuration file.

---

**FSUM3224** Fatal error in *string*: signal *number* received.

**Explanation:** A signal other than SIGHUP, SIGINT, and SIGQUIT was received.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the running program. *number* is the signal id.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the system is functioning properly.

---

**FSUM3226** Reason unknown.

**Explanation:** The xlc utility was unable to determine the reason for a spawn error.

**User response:** See user response for spawn errors.

---

**FSUM3228** Input file *string* not found.

**Explanation:** The input file specified on the command line was not found.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name.

**System action:** The file is ignored and the processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the name of the input file is correct and the file exists.

---

**FSUM3229** Compilation ended due to insufficient space.

**Explanation:** The compile could not finish due to insufficient storage.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Increase the region size of the USS session.

---

**FSUM3230** Internal compiler error.

**Explanation:** An internal compiler error has occurred.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Report the error to your Service Representative.

---

**FSUM3231** Unable to find help file.

**Explanation:** The xlc utility was unable to find the help file.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the xlc utility is properly installed. If overriding the NLSPATH environment variable, ensure that it includes the location where the help file is installed.

---

**FSUM3233** Input file *string* does not have correct permissions.

**Explanation:** The input file does not have read permission.

In the message text:

*string* is the file name.

**System action:** The processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the input file has proper permissions.

---

**FSUM3238** Configuration file *string* does not exist.

**Explanation:** The reported configuration file does not exist.

In the message text:

*string* is the configuration file name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Provide an existing configuration file.

---

**FSUM3243** Object file *string* is not writeable.

**Explanation:** The reported object file does not have write permission.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the object file.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the object file is writeable.

---

**FSUM3244** Warning: More than one source file with *string1* and *string2*; *string3* ignored.

**Explanation:** More than one source file was specified with flag options such as -c and -o.

In the message text:

*string1* is the name of the first flag option. *string2* and *string3* represent the name of the second flag option.

**System action:** The second flag option is ignored and processing continues.

**User response:** Use only one of these flag options on the command line.

---

**FSUM3247** Directory *string1* specified by the configuration file option *string2* cannot be searched.

**Explanation:** A directory specified by an option in the configuration file can not be searched.

In the message text:

*string1* is the directory name. *string2* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the directory can be searched.

---

**FSUM3248** Directory *string1* specified by command option *string2* cannot be searched.

**Explanation:** A directory specified by an option on the command line can not be searched.

In the message text:

*string1* is the directory name. *string2* is the option name.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the directory can be searched.

---

**FSUM3257** Option *string* is not recognized. Option will be ignored.

**Explanation:** The reported option was not recognized as a valid option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**System action:** The option is ignored and the processing continues.

**User response:** Specify a valid option.

---

**FSUM3265** Compiler component is not installed or *string1* attribute ( = *string2* ) in the configuration file is incorrect.

**Explanation:** The reported compiler component is not an existing program.

In the message text:

*string1* is the attribute name. *string2* is the value assigned to the attribute in the configuration file.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the configuration file attribute for the reported component points to a location that contains the required program.

---

**FSUM3271** The specified option "-*string*" does not support suboptions.

**Explanation:** Most -q options do not support suboptions in a negative form. The negative form of the specified option does not support suboptions. The specified option is invalid.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the invalid option.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Remove the suboption or use the positive form of the option and submit the command again.

---

**FSUM3272** Output file *string* is not writeable.

**Explanation:** The reported output file does not have write permission.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the output file.

**System action:** The processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the output file is writeable.

---

**FSUM3273** Data set is not a valid suboption, option *string* is ignored.

**Explanation:** The reported option does not support data sets.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the ignored option.

**System action:** The option is ignored and the processing continues.

**User response:** Specify a UNIX file name instead of a data set name.

---

**FSUM3274** Make dependencies are not supported for data sets, option *string1* is ignored.

**Explanation:** Make utility does not support data sets in targets or prerequisites. Make dependencies are not generated when either the source or the object file is a data set.

In the message text:

*string1* is the ignored option name.

---

## FSUM3275 • FSUM3406

**System action:** The processing ignores the make depend option and continues.

**User response:** Specify a UNIX file for both the source and the object file and recompile.

---

**FSUM3275** -S is ignored because it is not supported for IPA compile.

**Explanation:** IPA Compile can not generate an assembler source file, so -S option is ignored.

---

**FSUM3401** The assemble step ended with rc = *number*.

**Explanation:** Assemble step completed with a non-zero return code.

In the message text:

*number* is the return code from the assemble step.

**User response:** This does not necessarily mean that you need to take action. If necessary, correct the error indicated by the preceding messages, and reenter the **as** command.

---

**FSUM3402** Exactly one source file must be specified.

**Explanation:** The **as** command requires that you specify exactly one source file. The source file must be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify exactly one source file.

---

**FSUM3403** The PDS *string* cannot be assembled. Specify a PDS member instead.

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a PDS. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a PDS member.

---

**FSUM3404** The PDSE *string* cannot be assembled. Specify a PDSE member instead.

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a PDSE. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a PDSE member.

---

**FSUM3405** The VSAM file *string* cannot be assembled.

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a VSAM file. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

---

**FSUM3406** The block special file *string* cannot be assembled.

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a block special file. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

**FSUM3407 The character special file *string* cannot be assembled.**

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a character special file. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

**FSUM3408 The directory *string* cannot be assembled. Specify a UNIX System Services file instead.**

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a directory. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a UNIX System Services file.

**FSUM3409 The socket file *string* cannot be assembled.**

**Explanation:** The indicated input file is a socket file. The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

**FSUM3410 The path name of the working directory cannot be determined.**

**Explanation:** The file permissions for the current directory or its parent directories do not have read or search permissions set.

**User response:** Ensure that the current directory and its parent directories have read and search permissions set.

**FSUM3411 The real path for file *string1* cannot be retrieved: errno: *number*, strerror: *string2***

**Explanation:** The **as** command cannot determine the canonicalized absolute path name for the indicated file. The **errno** is set by `realpath()`.

In the message text:

*string1* is the processing file name. *number* is the **errno** from `realpath()`. *string2* is the error message associated with **errno**.

**User response:** Review the `realpath()` information in the C/C++ Run-Time Library Reference and use the **errno** to determine the cause of the error.

**FSUM3412 The file *string1* cannot be opened with attributes: *string2*. errno: *number*, strerror: *string3*.**

**Explanation:** The **as** command requires permission to open the indicated file with the indicated permission.

In the message text:

*string1* is the processing file name. *string2* contains the file attributes passed into `fopen()`. *number* is the **errno** set by `fopen()`. *string3* is the error message associated with **errno**.

**User response:** If the indicated file already exists on your system, rename the file and reenter the **as** command.

## FSUM3416 • FSUM3421

Review the `fopen()` information in the XL C/C++ Run-Time Library Reference and use the `errno` to determine the cause of the error.

---

### FSUM3416 DD names passed to assembler:

**Explanation:** This is the message header for displaying the data definition names that are being passed to the assembler. A list of data definition names will follow this message. The message is issued when the `--verbose` option is specified for the `as` command.

**User response:** Reenter the `as` command without the `--verbose` option.

---

### FSUM3417 The DLL *string* is not found.

**Explanation:** The indicated Common Debug Architecture run-time library cannot be found.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the Common Debug Architecture run-time library.

**User response:** The indicated Common Debug Architecture run-time library should be installed in the SCEERUN2 data set. Verify that the run-time library is installed properly.

---

### FSUM3418 The data set does not exist.

**Explanation:** This message provides the cause of the failure in data definition name allocation. Message FSUM3421 provides the name of the data set.

**User response:** Make sure the data set is properly allocated.

---

### FSUM3419 A Ddpi error has been encountered: *number*.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred while generating DWARF 3.0 debug information.

In the message text:

*number* is the error number generated by the `libddpi` APIs.

**User response:** If you do not require debug information, reenter the `as` command without the `-g` option. Otherwise, provide the indicated error number to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

### FSUM3420 An error has been encountered in *string*.

**Explanation:** The indicated message text contains the phase where the error has occurred. The known phases are:

- ESI (extraction of symbol information)
- A2D (ADATA to DWARF conversion)
- POM (production of object map)

In the message text:

*string* is the phase where the error has occurred.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Provide the indicated error text to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

### FSUM3421 An error has occurred when establishing the DD name for *string1.string2*

**Explanation:** An error has occurred while the `as` command uses the SVC99 service to allocate the data definition name.

In the message text:

*string1* is the file name. *string2* is the SVC99 message.

**User response:** The cause of the error is indicated in the second part of the message. If the cause of the error is still unclear, reenter the `as` command with the `--verbose` option, and redirect the output to a file. Provide this information

to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3422** An error has occurred when reading *string1*: **errno**: *number*, **sterror**: *string2*.

**Explanation:** Unable to read from the indicated file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the file being fread(). *number* is the errno set by fread(). *string2* is the error message associated with errno.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Reenter the **as** command with the **--verbose** option, and redirect the output to a file. Provide this information to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3423** An error has occurred when writing *string1*: **errno**: *number*, **sterror**: *string2*.

**Explanation:** Unable to write to the indicated file.

In the message text:

*string1* is the file being fwrite(). *number* is the errno set by fwrite(). *string2* is the error message associated with errno.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Reenter the **as** command with the **--verbose** option, and redirect the output to a file. Provide this information to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3424** An error has occurred: *string*.

**Explanation:** This is a generic error message. Refer to the error message text for a description of the error.

In the message text:

*string* contains the cause of the error and the method of recovery.

**User response:** Refer to the error message text for information on how to recover from the error.

---

**FSUM3425** The file *string* does not exist.

**Explanation:** The **as** command cannot find the indicated file.

In the message text:

*string* is a file name.

**User response:** Verify that the file name specified is correct and the proper permissions are set.

---

**FSUM3426** An incompatible DLL has been detected. *0xhexnum1* is the LIBDDPI\_DLL\_VERSION with which *string* was compiled. *0xhexnum2* is the LIBDDPI\_DLL\_VERSION of the DLL.

**Explanation:** The Common Debug Architecture run-time version is outdated.

In the message text:

*hexnum1* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is compiled with the **as** command. *string* is one of the source file names in the **as** command. *hexnum2* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is being used to run the **as** command.

**User response:** Contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation and verify that you have the latest Common Debug Architecture run time installed.

---

**FSUM3427** An incompatible DLL has been detected. *0xhexnum1* is the LIBELF\_DLL\_VERSION with which *string* was compiled. *0xhexnum2* is the LIBELF\_DLL\_VERSION of the DLL.

**Explanation:** The Common Debug Architecture run-time version is outdated.

In the message text:

*hexnum1* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is compiled with the **as** command. *string* is one of the source file names in the **as** command. *hexnum2* is the Common Debug Architecture run time that is being used to run the **as** command.

## FSUM3428 • FSUM3433

**User response:** Contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation and verify that you have the latest Common Debug Architecture run time installed.

---

**FSUM3428** The listing file name is too long. It must not be more than *number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified listing file name is too long.

In the message text:

*number* is the maximum character length for the file name.

**User response:** Provide a listing file name with less than the indicated number of characters.

---

**FSUM3429** The object file name is too long. It must not be more than *number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified object file name is too long.

In the message text:

*number* is the maximum character length for the file name.

**User response:** Provide an object file name with less than the indicated number of characters.

---

**FSUM3430** The option *string* is specified with multiple source files.

**Explanation:** The indicated option can only be specified when there is exactly one input source file.

In the message text:

*string* is an option name.

**User response:** Specify only one source file when using this option.

---

**FSUM3431** Options: *string*

**Explanation:** The **as** command displays a list of options passed to the assemble step when the command line option **--verbose** is used.

In the message text:

*string* contains a list of option names.

**User response:** Remove the command line option **--verbose** to suppress this message.

---

**FSUM3432** Out of memory allocating *number* bytes for *string*.

**Explanation:** The **as** command ran out of memory trying to assemble the file. This sometimes happens with large input files.

In the message text:

*number* is the number of bytes **as** tries to allocate. *string* contains the name of the function trying to allocate the memory.

**User response:** Shut down any large processes that are running. You may need to specify the runtime option **HEAP(,,,FREE,,)** to prevent the **as** command from running out of memory.

---

**FSUM3433** Out of memory allocating *number* bytes.

**Explanation:** The **as** command ran out of memory trying to assemble the file. This sometimes happens with large input files.

In the message text:

*number* is the number of bytes **as** tries to allocate.

**User response:** Shut down any large processes that are running. You may need to specify the runtime option **HEAP(,,,FREE,,)** to prevent the **as** command from running out of memory.



---

**FSUM3434 SVC99 error code 0xhexnum1, info code 0xhexnum2.**

**Explanation:** This message provides the cause of the failure in data definition name allocation. Message FSUM3421 provides the name of the data set.

In the message text:

*hexnum1* is the SVC99 error code. *hexnum2* is the SVC99 information code.

**User response:** Make sure the data set is properly allocated. If the error still persists, reenter the **as** command with the **--verbose** option, and redirect the output to a file. Provide this information to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3437 Unable to allocate *string1* data set concatenation. The first data set in error is *string2*.**

**Explanation:** The **as** command is unable to process the indicated data set.

In the message text:

*string1* is a list of concatenated dataset names. *string2* is the data set that is not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that the data set exists and is properly allocated.

---

**FSUM3438 Unable to load the assembler compiler.**

**Explanation:** The **as** command can not load the assembler compiler.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command. If the problem persists, contact the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3439 Unable to obtain the file information for *string*.**

**Explanation:** The **as** command requires the input source file to be a sequential data set, a PDS member, a PDSE member or a UNIX System Services file.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of input source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a valid file name.

---

**FSUM3440 Unable to open the debug file *string*.**

**Explanation:** The indicated file can not be opened for writing.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the debug file.

**User response:** If a file with the same name already exists, give the existing file another name before you reenter the **as** command.

---

**FSUM3441 Unable to open the listing file *string*.**

**Explanation:** The indicated file can not be opened for writing.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the listing file.

**User response:** If a file with the same name already exists, make sure it is renamed to another name before you reenter the **as** command.

---

**FSUM3442** Unable to open the object file *string*.

**Explanation:** The indicated file can not be opened for writing.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the object file.

**User response:** If a file with the same name already exists, make sure it is renamed to another name before you reenter the **as** command.

---

**FSUM3443** Unable to open the source file *string* for read.

**Explanation:** The indicated file can not be opened for reading.

In the message text:

*string* is the name of the input source file.

**User response:** Make sure the source file exists and has the correct read permission.

---

**FSUM3444** Unable to set up stderr for writing asm error messages.

**Explanation:** The **as** command is unable to access files within */dev/* for writing.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Reenter the **as** command with the **--verbose** option, and redirect the output to a file. Provide this information to the IBM service representative responsible for your installation.

---

**FSUM3491** An invalid option *string* is specified.

**Explanation:** The indicated option is not a valid **as** option.

In the message text:

*string* is an invalid option.

**User response:** Reenter the **as** command and specify a valid option.

---

**FSUM3495** The debug file name is too long. It must not be more than *number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified debug file name is too long.

In the message text:

*number* is the maximum character length for the file name.

**User response:** Provide a debug file name with less than the indicated number of characters.

---

**FSUM3496** Option *string* accepts a maximum of *number* suboptions.

**Explanation:** The number of given suboptions exceeds the maximum allowed by the option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name. *number* is the maximum number of suboptions allowed.

**User response:** Use the correct number of suboptions for each option.

---

**FSUM3497** Option *string* requires a minimum of *number* suboptions.

**Explanation:** The number of given suboptions is less than the minimum required by the option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name. *number* is the minimum number of suboptions required.

**User response:** Use the correct number of suboptions for each option.

---

---

**FSUM3498** Option *string* cannot be specified in negative form.

**Explanation:** The specified option is only allowed in the positive form.

In the message text:

*string* is the positive form of the option name.

**User response:** Ensure that a valid Assembler option is specified.

---

**FSUM3499** The option *string* has invalid syntax.

**Explanation:** There is no closing parenthesis for the suboptions of the specified option.

In the message text:

*string* is the option name.

**User response:** Ensure that the suboptions are enclosed in parentheses.

---

**FSUM4001** /etc/log created by /usr/sbin/init

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init erased and recreated the /etc/log file during start of z/OS UNIX system services with the START OMVS command.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4002** /etc/log created by /usr/sbin/init, <date/time>

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init erased and recreated the /etc/log file at <date/time> during start of z/OS UNIX system services with the START OMVS command.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4003** Shell with pathname <name> inaccessible

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init could not find a shell with pathname <name> in z/OS UNIX file system.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 04 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the shell pathname specified in the /etc/init.options file (default = /bin/sh) is in the z/OS UNIX file system.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4004** Script with pathname <name> inaccessible

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init could not find an initialization script with pathname <name> in the z/OS UNIX file system.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 05 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the script pathname specified in the /etc/init.options file (default = /etc/rc) is in the z/OS UNIX file system.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4005 Sigaction for SIGALRM handler failed**

**Explanation:** The sigaction() request by /usr/sbin/init to install the SIGALRM signal catcher failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 07 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the sigaction() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4006 Execve <shell-pathname>, script = <script-pathname>, timeout = <time-interval> seconds**

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init issued an execve() request to invoke a shell with pathname <shell-pathname> to execute an initialization script with pathname <script-pathname>. /usr/sbin/init is set up to wait <time-interval> seconds for the shell to finish executing the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init waits while the shell executes the initialization script.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4007 Fork for <shell-pathname> process space failed**

**Explanation:** The fork() request by /usr/sbin/init to create a child process for the shell with pathname <shell-pathname> failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0E (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the fork() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4008 Unable to unblock signals for <shell-pathname>**

**Explanation:** The sigprocmask() request by /usr/sbin/init to unblock signals before invoking the shell with pathname <shell-pathname> failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 16 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the sigprocmask() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4009 Execve of shell with pathname <pathname> failed**

**Explanation:** The execve() request by /usr/sbin/init to invoke the shell with pathname <shell-pathname> failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 17 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the execve() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4010 Waitpid for <shell-pathname> failed**

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname <shell-pathname> to finish executing the initialization script failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0F (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the waitpid() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM4011** Waitpid for *<shell-pathname>* failed, *<date/time>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request by /usr/sbin/init at *<date/time>* to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to finish executing the initialization script failed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0F (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the waitpid() request failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4012** Timeout after *<time-interval>* seconds waiting for *<shell-pathname>*

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init received a SIGALRM signal while waiting for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to finish executing the initialization script.

Before invoking the shell, /usr/sbin/init issues an alarm() request to generate the SIGALRM signal after *<time-interval>* seconds.

**System action:** If the value of the terminate option, -t, specified in the /etc/init.options file is nonzero (default = 1), /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 10 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate if a longer time interval is required for /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell to finish executing the initialization script. The time interval to wait is specified with the -a option in the /etc/init.options file (default = 10 seconds).

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4013** Timeout, *<date/time>*, after *<time-interval>* seconds waiting for *<shell-pathname>*

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init received a SIGALRM signal at *<date/time>* while waiting for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to finish executing the initialization script.

Before invoking the shell, /usr/sbin/init issues an alarm() request to generate the SIGALRM signal after *<time-interval>* seconds.

**System action:** If the value of the terminate option, -t, specified in the /etc/init.options file is nonzero (default = 1), /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 10 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate if a longer time interval is required for /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell to finish executing the initialization script. The time interval to wait is specified with the -a option in the /etc/init.options file (default = 10 seconds).

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4014** *<shell-pathname>* exit with status *<stat>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init because the shell exited with status *<stat>* (hexadecimal).

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init notifies z/OS UNIX system services that the shell exited and then exits with status 0. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell exited with nonzero status.

**User response:** If the status returned by the shell is nonzero, contact your system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM4015** *<shell-pathname>* **exit with status** *<stat>*, *<date/time>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init at *<date/time>* because the shell exited with status *<stat>*.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init notifies z/OS UNIX system services that the shell exited and then exits with status 0. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell exited with nonzero status.

**User response:** If the status returned by the shell is nonzero, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4016** *<shell-pathname>* **terminated by signal** *<sig>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init because the shell was terminated by a signal with signal number *<sig>*.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 11 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell received the terminating signal.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4017** *<shell-pathname>* **terminated by signal** *<sig>*, *<date/time>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init at *<date/time>* because the shell was terminated by a signal with signal number *<sig>*.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 11 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell received the terminating signal.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4018** *<shell-pathname>* **stopped by signal** *<sig>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init because the shell was stopped by a signal with signal number *<sig>*.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 12 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell process received the stop signal.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4019** *<shell-pathname>* **stopped by signal** *<sig>*, *<date/time>*

**Explanation:** The waitpid() request issued by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell with pathname *<shell-pathname>* to execute the initialization script returned control to /usr/sbin/init at *<date/time>* because the shell was stopped by a signal with signal number *<sig>* (hexadecimal).

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init sends SIGTERM to terminate the shell process group, which includes the shell process and any processes created by the shell to execute the initialization script. Then /usr/sbin/init exits with status 12 (hexadecimal). The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the shell process received the stop signal.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM4020 Ready signal received**

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/int received a SIGCONT signal from z/OS UNIX system services indicating that system services are now generally available to batch and interactive users. z/OS UNIX system services sends the SIGCONT signal in response to /usr/sbin/int's sending a SIGSTOP signal. /usr/sbin/int sends the SIGSTOP signal when the shell exits after executing the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4021 Ready signal received, <date/time>**

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/int received a SIGCONT signal from z/OS UNIX system services at <date/time> indicating that system services are now generally available to batch and interactive users.

z/OS UNIX system services send the SIGCONT signal in response to /usr/sbin/int's sending a SIGSTOP signal. /usr/sbin/init sends the SIGSTOP signal when the shell exits after executing the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4022 ARG\_MAX exceeded parsing <option-value>**

**Explanation:** While parsing an option with value <option-value> in the /etc/init.options file, /usr/sbin/init determined that additional bytes required for this value would cause the configurable system variable value, {ARG\_MAX}, to be exceeded.

./usr/sbin/init issues execve() to invoke a shell to execute the initialization script. The number of bytes required for the execve() parameters, which include shell and script pathnames and environment variables specified in the /etc/init.options file, cannot exceed the configurable system variable value, {ARG\_MAX}. /usr/sbin/int determines this value by issuing a sysconf(\_SC\_ARG\_MAX) request.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int exits with status 14 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the ARG\_MAX value was exceeded.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4023 ENV\_MAX exceeded parsing <env-option-value>**

**Explanation:** While parsing an environment variable option, -e, with value <env-option-value> in the /etc/init.options file, /usr/sbin/int determined that the number of environment variables specified in the /etc/init.options file exceeded 25.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int exits with status 15 (hexadecimal) without invoking a shell to execute the initialization script. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the ENV\_MAX value, 25, was exceeded.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4024 Unable to open options file, /etc/init.options**

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init could not access the options file whose pathname is /etc/init.options.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues using default option values.

**System programmer response:** Determine if the options file is required to override defaults.

**User response:** If you expect /usr/sbin/init to use non-default option values, contact your system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM4025** <*partial-option-value*> **option value too long**

**Explanation:** While parsing an option with partial value <*partial-option-value*> in the /etc/init.options file, /usr/sbin/init determined that the entire value would exceed 255 bytes.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues using the default option value.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the maximum option value, 255 bytes, was exceeded.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4026** **Invalid timeout value =** <*time-interval*>

**Explanation:** The time interval value <*time-interval*> specified by the -a option in the /etc/init.options file is not valid. It must be a number of seconds less than 10,000. It specifies the number of seconds /usr/sbin/int will wait for the shell to execute the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the default option value (180 seconds).

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -a option value is not a number of seconds less than 10,000.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4027** **Timeout option value =** <*time-interval*>

**Explanation:** The time interval value <*time-interval*> specified by the -a option in the /etc/init.options file is valid. /usr/sbin/int will wait this number of seconds for the shell to execute the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues using the timeout option value specified.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4028** **Invalid terminate flag =** <*flag-value*>

**Explanation:** The terminate flag value <*flag-value*> specified by the -t option in the /etc/init.options file is not valid. It must be a digit in the range 0 through 9. A nonzero value indicates that /usr/sbin/init should terminate the shell process group if /usr/sbin/int times out while waiting for the shell to execute the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the default option value (1 = terminate).

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -t option value is not a digit in the range 0 through 9.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM4029** **Terminate option flag =** <*flag-value*>

**Explanation:** The terminate flag value <*flag-value*> specified by the -t option in the /etc/init.options file is valid. A nonzero value indicates that /usr/sbin/init should terminate the shell process group if /usr/sbin/int times out while waiting for the shell to execute the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the option value specified.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM4030** **Invalid environment variable name:** <*ev-option-value*>

**Explanation:** An environment variable option value <*ev-option-value*> specified by a -e option in the /etc/init.options file is not valid. <*ev-option-value*> must have the form *name=value*. *name*, which specifies the name of an environment variable, must be delimited by leading blanks and a trailing equal sign (=). *name* cannot contain embedded blanks or equal signs.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init ignores the incorrect -e option and continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -e option value is not of form *name=value*.



**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

**FSUM4031 Invalid environment variable value:** *<ev-option-value>*

**Explanation:** An environment variable option value *<ev-option-value>* specified by a -e option in the /etc/init.options file is not valid. *<ev-option-value>* must have the form *name=value*. *value*, which specifies the value of an environment variable, must be delimited by a leading equal sign (=) and trailing blanks. *value* cannot contain embedded blanks.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int ignores the incorrect -e option and continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -e option value is not of form *name=value*.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

**FSUM4032 Environment variable option string:** *<name=value>*

**Explanation:** The environment variable string *<name=value>* specified by a -e option in the /etc/init.options file is valid. /usr/sbin/init issues a setenv() request to add (or replace) the environment variable with name *name* and value *value* to its environment variable array. After processing the /etc/init.options file, /usr/sbin/init uses execve() to invoke the shell and to pass it the environment variable array.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

**FSUM4033 Invalid shell pathname =** *<pathname-option-value>*

**Explanation:** The shell pathname *<pathname-option-value>* specified by the -sh option in the /etc/init.options file is not a valid pathname.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the default option value (/bin/sh).

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -sh option value is not valid.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

**FSUM4034 Shell pathname option =** *<pathname-option-value>*

**Explanation:** The shell pathname value *<pathname-option-value>* specified by the -sh option in the /etc/init.options file is valid. /usr/sbin/init uses this pathname to invoke a shell to execute the initialization script.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the specified option value for the shell pathname.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

**FSUM4035 Invalid script pathname =** *<pathname-option-value>*

**Explanation:** The script pathname *<pathname-option-value>* specified by the -sc option in the /etc/init.options file is not a valid pathname.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the default option value (/etc/rc).

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the -sc option value is not valid.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

**FSUM4036 Script pathname option =** *<pathname-option-value>*

**Explanation:** The script pathname value *<pathname-option-value>* specified by the -sc option in the /etc/init.options file is valid. /usr/sbin/init passes this pathname to the shell as the pathname of the initialization script to be executed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/int continues using the specified option value for the script pathname.

## FSUM4037 • FSUM5003

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

### FSUM4037 No shell execution option

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init found a shell pathname option, -sh, line in the /etc/init.options file in which the option value field consisted of all blanks followed by the value field continuation character, backslash (\). This -sh option value tells /usr/sbin/init to bypass invoking a shell to execute an initialization script and, instead, to raise SIGSTOP to signal z/OS UNIX system services that the system is ready for multiuser access.

**System action:** When z/OS UNIX system services send a SIGCONT signal in response to the SIGSTOP signal, /usr/sbin/init exits with status 0. The system continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

### FSUM4038 No value found for -<option-name> option

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init found an option line in the /etc/init.options file for option <option-name>. However, no option value was specified for this option.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init ignores this option line and continues.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why an option value was not specified.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

### FSUM4039 Open of message catalog <catalog-name> failed

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init could not open the message catalog with name <catalog-name>.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init continues using default message text for messages it writes into the /etc/log file.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the open failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

### FSUM4040 Spawn2 /etc/inittab, timeout = <time-interval> seconds

**Explanation:** /usr/sbin/init issued a spawn2() request to process the /etc/inittab file. /usr/sbin/init is set up to wait <time-interval> seconds for the /etc/inittab file to be processed.

**System action:** /usr/sbin/init waits while the /etc/inittab file is processed.

**User response:** None.

---

### FSUM5001 Usage: chaudit [-adFi] attr file ...

**Explanation:** You specified incorrect arguments on the **chaudit** request.

**User response:** Verify the syntax of the request and reenter the command.

---

### FSUM5002 chaudit: Missing argument(s)

**Explanation:** You specified an improper number of arguments on the **chaudit** request.

**User response:** Verify the syntax of the request and reenter the command.

---

### FSUM5003 chaudit: fatal error during "-F" or "-d" option

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while the recursive **chaudit** request was processing.

**System programmer response:** This error is caused primarily by a **stat()** failure. Check integrity of filesystem.

**User response:** Reenter the **chaudit** command. If the problem persists, contact your system administrator.

---

---

**FSUM5004** **chaudit: read directory "*string*" failed**

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to perform a read operation on the specified file or directory.

**User response:** Verify that the file or directory name is correct, verify the permissions to the file, and reenter the command.

---

**FSUM5005** **chaudit: stat file "*string*" failed**

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to perform a stat operation on the specified file or directory.

**User response:** Verify that the file or directory name is correct, verify the permissions to the file, and reenter the command.

---

**FSUM5006** **chaudit: Unknown or missing operator in symbolic attr "*string*"**

**Explanation:** You specified an incorrect attribute value on the **chaudit** request.

**User response:** Verify the syntax of the request and reenter the command.

---

**FSUM5007** **chaudit: Unable to open the message catalog**

**Explanation:** The message catalog cannot be opened. Processing continues with the default messages being used.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the message catalog exists in the file system.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5008** **chaudit: Unable to close the message catalog**

**Explanation:** The message catalog cannot be closed.

**System programmer response:** Investigate why the **catclose()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5009** **chaudit: "*string*": Operation not permitted**

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to change the file or directory.

**User response:** Verify that the file or directory is correct, verify the permissions to the file, and reenter the command.

---

**FSUM5010** **chaudit: "*string*": No such file or directory**

**Explanation:** The specified file or directory does not exist.

**User response:** Verify that the file or directory is correct and reenter the command.

---

**FSUM5011** **su: User not authorized to obtain superuser authority.**

**Explanation:** The user ID issuing the **su** command does not have the proper authorization to switch to superuser.

**User response:** Verify authorization with the system administrator.

---

**FSUM5012** **su: Unable to set up the user environment.**

**Explanation:** The environment variables required by the shell have not been set up.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **setenv()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5014 su: Unable to open the message catalog.**

**Explanation:** The message catalog cannot be opened. Processing continues with the default messages being used.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the message catalog exists in the file system.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5015 su: No password entered.**

**Explanation:** The password or password phrase of the specified user ID is required. Processing terminates.

**User response:** Enter the correct password or password phrase when prompted.

---

**FSUM5016 su: Password expired.**

**Explanation:** The password or password phrase of the specified user ID has expired. Processing terminates.

**User response:** Inform the owner of the specified userid that a new password or password phrase is required.

---

**FSUM5017 su: User not authorized to switch to "userid". Password incorrect.**

**Explanation:** The password or password phrase entered is not correct for the specified user ID.

**User response:** Enter the correct password or password phrase when prompted.

---

**FSUM5018 su: Program loaded from an uncontrolled library.**

**Explanation:** When the BPX.DAEMON profile is defined in the FACILITY class, any program loaded in the address space where the su command is running must be defined to program control. Because an uncontrolled program has been loaded, the address space is marked "dirty".

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Check the system log for any messages from the security product indicating that the environment has become uncontrolled. (For example, ICH420I may be issued by RACF.) Define the programs or libraries to program control. Either use the RDEFINE command to define the program or library to the RACF PROGRAM class, or use the extattr +p shell command for a z/OS UNIX executable file. Verify that the /bin/su file has the "p" extended attribute and does not have the "s" extended attribute.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM5019 Enter the password for userid:**

**Explanation:** The su command prompts you for the new user ID's password or password phrase.

**User response:** Enter the password or password phrase of the specified user ID.

---

**FSUM5020 su: User not authorized to switch to "userid".**

**Explanation:** The setuid to the specified user's UID failed because the user is not authorized.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the setuid() function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5021 su: Unable to switch to "userid"**

**Explanation:** The setuid to the specified user's UID failed. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Take the appropriate action based on the error code. Verify that the RACF profile for the specified user ID contains an OMVS segment, and that the OMVS segment contains a UID.

**User response:** Check the error code explanation following this message. If unable to resolve, contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM5022** su: User ID "*userid*" is too long.

**Explanation:** The specified user ID is not a valid user ID. Processing terminates.

**User response:** Specify a user ID that is defined.

---

**FSUM5023** su: User ID "*userid*" does not exist, or the RACF profile does not contain an OMVS segment.

**Explanation:** The specified user ID was either not defined to RACF or the RACF profile does not contain an OMVS segment. Processing terminates.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the RACF profile for the specified user ID contains an OMVS segment.

**User response:** Specify a valid user ID or contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM5024** su: Unable to get login name

**Explanation:** Failed to get the login name associated with the current process.

**System action:** Processing ends.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the profile for the specified user ID contains an OMVS segment.

**User response:** Check the error code explanation following this message. If invoked from outside the shell, ensure that you are using a user ID with an OMVS segment.

---

**FSUM5025** su: **setuid: reason code = *reason code***

**Explanation:** Failed to change the UID of the process.

**System action:** Processing ends.

**System programmer response:** Take the appropriate action based on the reason code.

**User response:** Check the reason code explanation. Ensure that you are not running multiple processes in the same address space.

---

**FSUM5026** su: **setgid: reason code=*reason code***

**Explanation:** Failed to change the GID of the process.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Take the appropriate action based on the reason code.

**User response:** Check the reason code explanation. Ensure that you are not running multiple processes in the same address space.

---

**FSUM5027** su: User is not a surrogate of "*userid*".

**Explanation:** The user ID does not have read access to the SURROGAT class profile for the new user ID. Either a password or password phrase was not entered, or the -s option was used.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the user ID has read access to the appropriate SURROGAT class profile.

**User response:** Contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM5028** su: **initgroups: reason code=*reason code***

**Explanation:** Failed to change the supplementary groups of the process.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based upon the reason code.

**User response:** Check the reason code explanation. Ensure that you are not running multiple processes in the same address space.

**FSUM5029 su: getpwuid: Unable to get login profile for UID(0).**

**Explanation:** Failed to get a user profile associated with UID(0). This is needed for the **su** - command to switch to a login shell for the superuser.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Check that a user ID is set up with UID(0).

**User response:** Contact the system administrator.

---

**FSUM5030 su: Out of memory**

**Explanation:** **su** was unable to allocate memory needed.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Make more memory available.

---

**FSUM5031 su: Unknown option -option**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for the **su** command. If you specified login shell processing, the **-** must be separated from other arguments.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM5032 su: getpwnam: Unable to get the OMVS segment of the RACF profile for "userid": error message**

**Explanation:** Failed to retrieve the OMVS segment of the RACF profile information for the user.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Check the error code explanation following this message.

---

**FSUM5033 su: Invalid password entered: reason code = reason code.**

**Explanation:** The password or password phrase entered is invalid.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Check the reason code explanation and take the appropriate action based on the reason code.

---

**FSUM5101 gencat: Unable to open target file.**

**Explanation:** The message catalog file specified as the target of **gencat** cannot be opened for output.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5102 gencat: Unable to allocate memory for the catalog.**

**Explanation:** **gencat** was unable to allocate needed memory.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **malloc()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5103 gencat: Message is longer than NL\_TEXTMAX value of number. string**

**Explanation:** This message is too long.

**User response:** Make the message shorter.

---

---

**FSUM5104** **gencat: Invalid set number.** *string*

**Explanation:** This set identifier is not a number within the values of 1 to NL\_SETMAX.

**User response:** Change the set number.

---

**FSUM5105** **gencat: Message catalog generated normally.**

**Explanation:** **gencat** has completed successfully.

---

**FSUM5106** **gencat: Cannot open gencat's message catalog. Processing continues normally.**

**Explanation:** The message catalog for **gencat**'s messages cannot be opened.

**System action:** Processing continues with the default messages being used.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the message catalog exists in the file system.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5107** **gencat: Unexpected newline within quotes.** *string*

**Explanation:** The message line ended without an ending quote or continuation character.

**User response:** Correct the message source file.

---

**FSUM5108** **gencat: Invalid message number.** *string*

**Explanation:** This message identifier is not a number within the values of 1 to NL\_MSGMAX.

**User response:** Change the message number.

---

**FSUM5109** **gencat: Unexpected end of string, no newline or end of quotes.** *string*

**Explanation:** The message line ended with a null terminator, but no newline was found.

**User response:** Correct the message source file.

---

**FSUM5110** **gencat: Error writing catalog header.**

**Explanation:** The file pointer consistency check in **gencat** discovered that an error occurred while writing the header of the message catalog to the target file.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM service.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5111** **gencat: Error writing catalog text.**

**Explanation:** The file pointer consistency check in **gencat** discovered that an error occurred while writing the text of the message catalog to the target file.

**System programmer response:** Contact IBM service.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5112** **gencat: Unable to load catalog** *string*

**Explanation:** **gencat** was unable to load the target catalog because it was either not found, or is not a valid message catalog.

**User response:** Verify that the name is correct and that this file is a valid message catalog created with the **gencat** command.

---

FSUM5113 **gencat: Unable to read existing catalog file** *string*

**Explanation:** **gencat** could not read the existing message catalog file.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fread()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM5115 **gencat: No messages defined in source file.**

**Explanation:** After processing all the source files, there were no messages to be written to the target catalog.

**User response:** Correct the input file.

---

FSUM5116 **gencat: The message/set numbers became out of order just after set number, msg number string**

**Explanation:** All the set numbers and message numbers must be in ascending order in the message file.

**User response:** Correct the input file.

---

FSUM5119 **gencat: Unable to open source file** *string*

**Explanation:** The message source file specified as the source for **gencat** cannot be opened for input.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM5131 **mkcatdefs: Specified MsgFile name is too long**

**Explanation:** The message file name specified as the first parameter to **mkcatdefs** is longer than the maximum allowed name.

**User response:** Correct the name.

---

FSUM5132 **mkcatdefs: Cannot open** *string*

**Explanation:** Either **mkcatdefs** cannot open the header file for output, or cannot open one of the source files for input.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM5133 **mkcatdefs: There were write errors on file** *string*

**Explanation:** **mkcatdefs** found errors while writing to the file.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **fprintf()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM5134 **mkcatdefs: Error(s) found: no** *string* **created**

**Explanation:** **mkcatdefs** encountered one or more errors while processing the source files. No output is produced.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the functions failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM5135 **mkcatdefs: string created**

**Explanation:** **mkcatdefs** successfully created this output file.

---



---

**FSUM5136** **mkcatdefs: No symbolic identifiers; no *string* created**

**Explanation:** There were no symbolic names specified in the source files. No header is produced.

---

**FSUM5137** **mkcatdefs: Invalid set identifier found *string***

**Explanation:** A set identifier is invalid for one of these reasons:

- A symbolic name contains invalid characters
- A numeric name is out of the range of values allowed for sets.

**User response:** Correct the identifier for this set.

---

**FSUM5138** **mkcatdefs: Set is already assigned or sets not in ascending sequence *string***

**Explanation:** You used numeric set identifiers that caused the set numbers to get out of ascending order.

**User response:** Correct the set identifier.

---

**FSUM5139** **mkcatdefs: Symbolic name used more than once. *string***

**Explanation:** You used the same symbolic name before to refer to this set or message. All symbolic names must be unique.

**User response:** Use a different symbolic name.

---

**FSUM5140** **mkcatdefs: Invalid message identifier found *string***

**Explanation:** A message identifier is invalid for one of these reasons:

- A symbolic name contains invalid characters
- A numeric name is out of the range of values allowed for messages

**User response:** Correct the identifier for this message

---

**FSUM5141** **mkcatdefs: Message number is already assigned or message numbers not in ascending sequence *string***

**Explanation:** You used numeric message identifiers that caused the message numbers to get out of ascending order.

**User response:** Correct the message identifier.

---

**FSUM5142** **mkcatdefs: Unexpected EOF, a continued message was not finished.**

**Explanation:** Message text ended with the continuation character (`\`), but this was the last line of the source file.

**User response:** Correct this message.

---

**FSUM5151** **dspmsg: catopen failed**

**Explanation:** The message catalog for this message cannot be opened. A message follows this one which explains the failure.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the `catopen()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5152** **dspmsg: catgets failed**

**Explanation:** This message cannot be read from the message catalog. A message follows this one which explains the failure.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the `catgets()` function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5153** dspmsg: too many arguments *number*, only 10 allowed.

**Explanation:** More than ten arguments were passed to be included as variables in the message.

**User response:** Pass ten or less arguments.

---

**FSUM5154** dspmsg: too few arguments specified. Message requires *number1* arguments, but *number2* were passed.

**Explanation:** The message text contains format specifiers for more variables than were passed. This causes **printf** to program check.

**User response:** Pass the exact number of variables needed for this message.

---

**FSUM5161** dspcat: No message id allowed with **-g** option.

**Explanation:** You cannot specify a message number along with the **-g** option.

**User response:** Remove the **-g** option or the message number.

---

**FSUM5162** dspcat: Unable to open this catalog

**Explanation:** This message catalog cannot be opened. A message follows this one which explains the failure.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **catopen()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5164** dspcat: Unable to get this message.

**Explanation:** This message cannot be read from the message catalog. A message follows this one which explains the failure.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **catgets()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5165** dspcat: Unable to get this set.

**Explanation:** This set cannot be read from the message catalog. A message follows this one which explains the failure.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the **catgets()** function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUM5171** No \$set in *string*

**Explanation:** The source file to the **mkcatdefs** command does not contain any \$set directives. This is not a valid source file.

**User response:** Correct the source file. See the **mkcatdefs** command for more information.

---

**FSUM5172** Can't open *string*

**Explanation:** The source file to the **mkcatdefs** command cannot be opened.

**User response:** Specify a source file that exists.

---

**FSUM5211** User not authorized to issue **chroot**.

**Explanation:** The user ID issuing the **chroot** does not have the proper authorization. You must either be superuser or be a member of BPX.SUPERUSER facility class.

**User response:** Verify your authorization with the system administrator.

---

---

**FSUM5212 Usage: chroot directory command**

**Explanation:** You specified the **chroot** command incorrectly. **chroot** always needs the directory which specifies the new root directory and command which specifies a command to run with the **chroot** command.

**User response:** Re-enter the command using the correct syntax.

---

**FSUM5213 chroot seteuid failed: reason code = *reason code***

**Explanation:** Failed to change to UID(0). Processing ends.

**User response:** Check the reason code explanation and any message that might follow the reason code. Ensure that you are not running multiple processes in the same address space.

---

**FSUM5214 chroot cannot change root**

**Explanation:** **chroot** failed due to the displayed error.

**User response:** Check the given return code for more information for the error.

---

**FSUM5215 Unable to execute the shell**

**Explanation:** If the SHELL environment variable is set, **chroot** uses its value to invoke the shell.

**User response:** Verify that the shell exists.

---

**FSUM5231 Error obtaining the user login name.**

**Explanation:** The `_getlogin1()` function could not obtain the login name for the current terminal.

**User response:** If the problem persists, contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM5240 Usage: sysvar variable**

**Explanation:** You specified the `sysvar` command incorrectly. `sysvar` needs to know the variable for which it must retrieve.

**User response:** Reenter the command using the correct syntax.

---

**FSUM5241 sysvar: *variable* is not defined as a system variable**

**Explanation:** `sysvar` cannot retrieve any information on the requested variable.

**System programmer response:** Make sure the variable was defined when the system was IPLed.

**User response:** Make sure the variable was typed correctly.

---

**FSUM5242 Unexpected ASASYMBM error. rc=*return code***

**Explanation:** An unexpected return code was returned from the ASASYMBM assembler function.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM5243 fetch() failed for ASASYMBM service — processing terminates**

**Explanation:** ASASYMBM could not be loaded.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM5272 No password entered.**

**Explanation:** A null value was entered at the password prompt. Processing terminates and the password is not changed.

**User response:** Reissue the command specifying the password or password phrase when prompted.

---

**FSUM6001 Unknown option "-option"**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6003 input file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6004 write error on standard output**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6007 insufficient memory for string storage**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to use for string storage.

**User response:** Free up more system resources, or modify your program to require less string storage.

---

**FSUM6008 unbalanced char**

**Explanation:** An unbalanced number of parentheses or braces was encountered.

**User response:** Make sure that all braces and parentheses are paired.

---

**FSUM6013 Missing script file**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-f** option without providing the name of a script file.

---

**FSUM6014 not enough available file descriptors**

**Explanation:** There were less than four available file descriptors.

**User response:** Free up more file descriptors.

---

**FSUM6017 Newline in regular expression**

**Explanation:** A newline was encountered while reading a regular expression.

**User response:** Check for a missing / delimiter.

---

**FSUM6018 Newline in string**

**Explanation:** A newline was encountered while reading a string constant.

**User response:** Check for a missing " delimiter.

---

**FSUM6019 EOF in regular expression**

**Explanation:** The end-of-file character was encountered while reading a regular expression.

**User response:** Check for a missing / delimiter.

---

**FSUM6020 EOF in string**

**Explanation:** The end-of-file character was encountered while reading a string constant.

**User response:** Check for a missing " delimiter.

---

---

**FSUM6022** inadmissible use of reserved keyword

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a reserved keyword in an unacceptable way (for example, as a function or variable name).

**User response:** Choose a different name for your function or variable.

---

**FSUM6023** attempt to redefine builtin function

**Explanation:** You attempted to redefine one of the built-in awk functions.

**User response:** Choose a name for your function that is not the name of any built-in function. Refer to the description of the awk command in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for lists of built-in arithmetic and string functions.

---

**FSUM6039** *command*: not found

**Explanation:** You specified a *command-name* that the shell was unable to find.

**User response:** Make sure that *command-name* is spelled properly and that you have the appropriate permissions.

---

**FSUM6047** unredirected getline in END action

**Explanation:** The default output stream has already been closed when the END action is performed, so a `getline` function must be redirected or it fails.

**User response:** Redirect the `getline` function to read from a named file.

---

**FSUM6048** too many open streams to *funcname* onto "*filename*"

**Explanation:** awk can only have a limited number of files open at one time. There were too many open files.

**User response:** Make sure that unused files are being closed properly, or restructure your program to have fewer files open at the same time.

---

**FSUM6049** insufficient arguments to printf or sprintf

**Explanation:** You did not specify enough arguments to match the number required by the specified format string.

**User response:** Check your format string and number of arguments.

---

**FSUM6052** Too many fields (LIMIT: *number*)

**Explanation:** awk read a record with more fields than it was able to handle.

**User response:** Edit the input file to decrease the number of fields in the record.

---

**FSUM6053** Record too long (LIMIT: *number* bytes)

**Explanation:** awk read a record that was longer than the maximum record size it can handle. On UNIX and POSIX-compliant systems, the maximum record length is 20000 characters.

**User response:** Edit the record so that it does not exceed the limit.

---

**FSUM6054** division (/ or %) by zero

**Explanation:** An arithmetic operation using / or % resulted in an attempt to divide by zero.

**User response:** Modify your program so that division by zero does not occur.

---

**FSUM6055 too deeply nested for in loop (LIMIT: *number*)**

**Explanation:** "For" loops can only be nested *number* levels deep.

**User response:** Rewrite the program to use fewer levels of nesting.

---

**FSUM6058 lvalue required in assignment**

**Explanation:** You did not specify a variable or array element as the left-hand side of an assignment expression.

**User response:** Specify a valid variable or array element on the left-hand side of the assignment operator.

---

**FSUM6059 return outside of a function**

**Explanation:** A return statement was encountered that was not part of a function.

**User response:** Only use the return statement inside a function definition.

---

**FSUM6060 may delete only array element or array**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the delete statement to delete a scalar variable.

**User response:** Only use delete to delete arrays and array element.

---

**FSUM6063 SYMTAB must have exactly one index**

**Explanation:** You tried to reference the SYMTAB array using more than one index.

**User response:** Always reference SYMTAB with exactly one index.

---

**FSUM6069 regular expression error**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while processing a regular expression.

**User response:** Check the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6070 second parameter to "split" must be an array**

**Explanation:** You invoked the split function but the second parameter was not an array.

**User response:** Invoke split with an array as the second parameter.

---

**FSUM6074 Unknown FP error**

**Explanation:** An unknown error occurred during a floating-point operation.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6075 Domain**

**Explanation:** A domain error occurred when executing a floating-point operation. For example, taking the square root of a negative number would cause this error.

**User response:** Make sure that you are performing a valid mathematical operation.

---

**FSUM6076 Singularity**

**Explanation:** The program executed a floating-point division that resulted in an infinite value.

**User response:** Make sure that you are performing mathematical operations that produce finite results.

---

---

**FSUM6077 Overflow**

**Explanation:** The program executed an operation that resulted in a number that is larger than awk can represent on this platform.

**User response:** Correct the program to use values that are supported on this system or bc.

---

**FSUM6078 Underflow**

**Explanation:** The program executed an operation that resulted in a number that is smaller than awk can represent on this platform.

**User response:** Correct the program to use values that are supported on this system or bc.

---

**FSUM6079 Total loss of precision**

**Explanation:** The program executed a floating-point operation that used in an intermediate result that cannot be properly generated on this platform.

**User response:** Correct the program or use bc.

---

**FSUM6080 Partial loss of precision**

**Explanation:** The program executed a floating-point operation that used in an intermediate result that cannot be properly generated on this platform.

---

**FSUM6081 error in function *funcname(arg)* at NR=*num\_records***

**Explanation:** A math error occurred while performing the function *funcname* on argument *arg*.

**User response:** Make sure that you are passing a proper argument to the function *funcname* .

---

**FSUM6082 Missing fill character**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-c** option but did not provide a character following it.

**User response:** Provide a fill character with the **-c** option.

---

**FSUM6083 Missing font file**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-f** option but did not provide the name of a font file following it.

**User response:** Provide a font file with the **-f** option.

---

**FSUM6084 Missing width after -w**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-w** option without providing the width argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing width.

---

**FSUM6085 cannot open font file "*fontfile*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6086 banner: bad HALO font file format in "*fontfile*"**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid font file.

**User response:** Use one of the files listed in the *FILES* section of the banner man page.

---

---

**FSUM6089 break statement found outside of loop**

**Explanation:** bc encountered a break statement when it was not performing a "for" or "while" loop.

**User response:** Make sure that all "break" statements occur within "for" or "while" loops.

---

**FSUM6090 warning: body of if/else statement is empty**

**Explanation:** You did not supply any statements for the body of an "if" or "if/else" construct. bc only generates this message when you have specified `-i` option.

**User response:** Make sure that this is what you intended. bc man page bc syntax.

---

**FSUM6091 bc: error on line *line\_num* of *filename***

---

**FSUM6092 empty stack (too few arguments ?)**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while executing a function, probably because the function was called with fewer arguments than required.

**User response:** Make sure that you call functions with the correct number of arguments.

---

**FSUM6095 valid array index is 0 through *num***

**Explanation:** You specified an array index that was not in the range 0 to `BC_DIM_MAX-1`, where `BC_DIM_MAX` is a configuration variable indicating the maximum number of elements that a bc array may have.

**User response:** Specify an array index in the indicated range.

---

**FSUM6099 shell command failed to execute**

**Explanation:** You specified the `sh` statement with *command* as its argument and bc failed to run *command*.

**User response:** Check the syntax of the specified command.

---

**FSUM6101 end of file in comment starting on line *num* of *filename***

**Explanation:** bc encountered the end-of-file character when reading a comment which begins on line *num* of the file *filename*.

**User response:** Make sure that the file *filename* contains a `/*` to end each comment begun with a `*/`.

---

**FSUM6102 end of file in string starting on line *num* of *filename***

**Explanation:** bc encountered the end-of-file character when reading a string that begins on line *num* of the file *filename*.

**User response:** Make sure that the file *filename* contains a double quote (`"`) at the end of the string.

---

**FSUM6103 warning: '=' operator assumed**

**Explanation:** This version of bc permits the use of the old style assignment operators like `=-` rather than `-=`. This can be ambiguous since `a=-2` can mean `a = - 2` or `a = -2`. bc has assumed that you meant to use the `-=` operator.

**User response:** Use spaces to clarify the syntax of the expression.

---

**FSUM6104 numerical constant is too long**

**Explanation:** You specified a numerical constant that was longer than the maximum permitted length, as defined by the value of the configuration variable `BC_STRING_MAX`.

**User response:** Specify a shorter numerical constant.

---



---

**FSUM6105** string is too long

**Explanation:** You specified a string that was longer than the maximum permitted length, as defined by the value of the configuration variable BC\_STRING\_MAX.

**User response:** Specify a shorter string.

---

**FSUM6107** Unknown option "-option"

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6108** bc: execution error on line *line of file*

**Explanation:** This message is a generic "syntax error" message. Refer to the given line number and file; the error may be there or a few lines back.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM6112** command too long

**Explanation:** You specified a command line to pass to the system with the ! operator that was longer than 1000 bytes.

**User response:** Use a shorter command line.

---

**FSUM6113** input radix too big.

**User response:** Specify a smaller input radix.

---

**FSUM6114** save: args

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the s or S operator when there was no value on the stack.

**User response:** Make sure that there is at least one value on the stack before trying to use the s and S commands.

---

**FSUM6115** output radix too big.

**Explanation:** output radix too big for dc to handle.

**User response:** Specify a smaller output radix.

---

**FSUM6116** scale too big.

**Explanation:** scale too big for dc to handle.

**User response:** Specify a smaller scaling factor.

---

**FSUM6117** number expected, string found

**Explanation:** dc expected a number but a string value was found.

**User response:** Make sure that the stack contains the proper type of value when performing operations using the stack.

---

**FSUM6118** negative argument to Q

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the Q operator but the value on the top of the stack was negative. Q cannot take a negative argument.

**User response:** Make sure that the stack has a positive number on top when using the Q operator.

---

**FSUM6119 readstk?**

**Explanation:** You attempted to pop too many values off the stack with the Q operator.

**User response:** Make sure that the top value on the stack is not greater than the number of currently executing strings.

---

**FSUM6120 L?**

**Explanation:** You tried to pop a value off an empty stack variable using the L operator.

**User response:** Correct your program.

---

**FSUM6121 Q?**

**Explanation:** You specified a string argument to the Q command. This is invalid. The Q command requires a numeric argument.

**User response:** Correct your program.

---

**FSUM6122 negative index**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a negative number as an array index.

**User response:** Use a positive number as an array index.

---

**FSUM6123 index too big**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use an array index that was greater than 2047.

**User response:** Use an array index that is less than or equal to 2047.

---

**FSUM6124 cannot execute number**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the x operator to execute a string, but the value on the top of the stack was a number.

**User response:** Only use the x operator when there is a string on top of the stack.

---

**FSUM6125 divide by 0**

**Explanation:** You attempted to divide a number by 0.

**User response:** Do not divide numbers by 0.

---

**FSUM6126 exponent must be an integer from 0 to *max***

**Explanation:** You specified an exponent that was not an integer in the range 0 to SHRT\_MAX-1.

**User response:** Specify an exponent in the valid range.

---

**FSUM6129 *octalnum* is unimplemented**

**Explanation:** You specified a character that is not a currently implemented operator. *oct\_num* is the octal value of the character.

**User response:** See the description of dc in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid operators.

---

---

**FSUM6130** **sqrt of negative number**

**Explanation:** You attempted to take the square root of a negative number. The `sqrt` function must be used with positive numbers.

**User response:** Only use the `sqrt` function with positive numbers.

---

**FSUM6131** **stack too deep**

**Explanation:** You attempted to put more values on the stack than it was able to hold. The maximum size of the stack is limited by the size of the maximum integer your system can represent.

**User response:** Check for uncontrolled recursion.

---

**FSUM6132** **empty stack**

**Explanation:** You attempted an operation that required popping a value from the stack, but the stack was empty.

**User response:** Push a value onto the stack and try the operation again.

---

**FSUM6133** **out of memory**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate the required space.

**User response:** Free up more resources and try again.

---

**FSUM6134** **out of memory (fatal)**

**Explanation:** `bc` ran out of system resources but was unable to recover sufficient storage to continue.

**User response:** Free up more resources and try again. Pay particular attention to large arrays.

---

**FSUM6155** **insufficient memory**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6178** **cat: input file "filename" is identical with output**

**Explanation:** You specified *filename* as both an input and output file. It is also possible that the output file was linked to *filename* .

**User response:** Use a file other than *filename* as the output file.

---

**FSUM6180** **file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6181** **command: fatal error during "-R" option**

**Explanation:** You specified the `-R` option but some file or directory in the directory structure was inaccessible.

**User response:** Make sure that you have access to all files in the directory structure.

---

**FSUM6184** **command: file "filename": You are not a member of the groupname group**

**Explanation:** You attempted to change the group ownership of *filename* to *group* , but you are not a member of the specified group.

**User response:** Specify a group to which you belong.

---

**FSUM6185** *command: group "groupname" is unknown*

**Explanation:** You specified a group name that could not be found in the group database.

**User response:** Specify a valid group name or use a valid numeric group ID.

---

**FSUM6187** **Missing mode argument.**

**Explanation:** You did not specify an argument representing the new access permissions.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM6188** **stat file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6189** **read directory "pathname"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6191** *command: user "username" is unknown*

**Explanation:** You specified a user name that could not be found in the user database.

**User response:** Specify a valid user name or use a valid numeric user ID.

---

**FSUM6196** *command: not executable*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6199** **[read error]**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to read the indicated file.

---

**FSUM6202** **Unknown terminal "term".**

**Explanation:** A path could not be determined for the terminal name, or none of standard input, standard output, and standard error were a terminal.

**User response:** Make sure that standard input is a terminal, not a redirected file or a pipe.

---

**FSUM6203** **No terminfo database.**

**Explanation:** The terminfo database could not be found.

**User response:** Assign the environment variable TERMINFO to point at a valid database of terminal information.

---

**FSUM6210** **cannot determine PATH\_MAX**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6213** **cannot determine NAME\_MAX**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6214** **cannot allocate buffer**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM6216** Bits must be between *num1* and *num2*

**Explanation:** You specified a value for the maximum number of bits of compression with the **-b** option that fell outside of the range *num1* to *num2*.

**User response:** Specify a value that falls in the *num1* to *num2* range.

---

**FSUM6217** exec "uncompress"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6219** output file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6220** tempfile

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6221** command: (-D) same count exceeded - aborting

**Explanation:** compress encountered a line where more than the first 255 characters were identical to those of the previous line.

---

**FSUM6229** command: *filename* has *number* other links: unchanged

**Explanation:** You specified an input file that has more than one link.

**User response:** Remove the additional links and try again.

---

**FSUM6232** command: unable to create tempfile name

**Explanation:** A temporary file could not be created in the directory named by */tmp* directory, or the current directory.

**User response:** Make sure that you have appropriate permissions to create a temporary file in one of these three directories.

---

**FSUM6233** command: tempfile pathname too long

**Explanation:** uncompress create a tempfile based on the name of the file to be uncompressed. The name of this file can only be PATHMAX characters long.

**User response:** Move the compressed file closer to the root of the directory hierarchy before decompressing that file. This creates a shorter path name.

---

**FSUM6234** command: can't stat file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6235** command: *filename* not a regular file: unchanged

**Explanation:** You specified a file that was not a regular file. You cannot compress or uncompress directories, FIFOs, or other such files.

**User response:** Make sure that the specified *filename* is a regular file.

---

**FSUM6237** no space on device for file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** You attempted to copy (or move) a file to *filename* on a device that has no space for it.

**User response:** Free up space on the target device or copy (or move) the file to another device.

---

---

**FSUM6238** cannot unlink source file *"filename"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6239** cannot unlink target file *"filename"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6241** Unknown option *"-option"*

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6242** target *"pathname"* must be a directory

**Explanation:** You attempted to copy (or move) two or more files but the target indicated by *name* was not a directory.

**User response:** When copying (or moving) two or more files, ensure that the final *name* on the command line is a directory.

---

**FSUM6243** cannot allocate target string

**Explanation:** There are not enough free system resources to hold the name of the target file.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6244** cannot rename *"file1"* to *"file2"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6245** link to target *"filename"* failed

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6246** cannot rmdir *"pathname"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6247** stat error for *"filename"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6248** unreadable directory *"pathname"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6249** recursive copy to directory *"pathname"*

**Explanation:** You tried to recursively copy a directory to itself.

**User response:** Choose a different *pathname* .

---

**FSUM6250** target *"pathname"* is not a directory

**Explanation:** When recursively copying (or moving) multiple files using the **-r** or **-R** option, the target must be a directory. You specified a target *pathname* that is not a directory.

**User response:** Check spelling of target *pathname*.

---

**FSUM6251** cannot mkdir "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6254** "*pathname*" is a directory (not copied)

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6255** fifo "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6256** special file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6257** cannot allocate I/O buffer

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6258** cannot open file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6259** target file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6260** write error on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6261** read error on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6263** *command*: must run as setuid root

**Explanation:** This utility requires its binary file to be setuid root.

**User response:** Use the chmod command to do this or contact your system programmer to run this command.

---

**FSUM6310** Can't find user: "*user*"

**Explanation:** Can't find crontab or at job's MVS identity in the user database. Typically, this indicates that the user database was modified while cron was running.

**User response:** Recreate the crontab or at file, or contact the system programmer to restart cron.

---

**FSUM6311** Can't stat "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6312** Can't find user: "*userid*"

**Explanation:** Can't find crontab file's owner in the user database. Typically, this indicates that the user database was modified while cron was running.

**User response:** Recreate the crontab file, or contact the system programmer to restart cron.

---

**FSUM6313** bad queue: *queue*

**Explanation:** A job has been submitted to an invalid queue. (Valid queues are typically the same as the character set on the host machine.)

**User response:** Resubmit the job to a valid queue.

---

**FSUM6314** allocating queue entries

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6316** forking process

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6317** unknown process terminated: *process\_id*

**Explanation:** cron was notified of a terminating process which it did not create. (This indicates a POSIX.1 or POSIX.2 logic error.)

**User response:** Contact your system programmer. Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUM6318** temporary output file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6319** temporary file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6322** couldn't find user

**Explanation:** cron was unable to find a user ID in the user database. Typically, this indicates that the user database was modified while cron was running.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6323** notification process

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6324** couldn't find user in password file

**Explanation:** cron could not find the user in the user database to print a log message. Typically, this indicates that the user database was modified while cron was running.

---

**FSUM6325** cron: can't open log file!

**Explanation:** cron was unable to open its log file. Permissions on the log file or its directory might be incorrect.

**User response:** Have your system programmer correct the permissions on the log file or its directory.

---

**FSUM6342** write error

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6349** cannot create temporary file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---



---

**FSUM6352** Badly formed line offset in "*offset*"

**Explanation:** You specified an *offset* that was not a valid integer.

**User response:** Specify a valid integer for *offset*.

---

**FSUM6353** error in regular expression *regexp regular\_expression\_error*

**Explanation:** You have entered a regular expression incorrectly. See the regular expressions (*regexp*) section of *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM6354** Misplaced {*number*} repetition count

**Explanation:** You specified a { *number* } repetition count before specifying the splitting criteria, or you specified the count without specifying any criteria at all.

**User response:** Make sure that any { *number* } arguments follow the appropriate criteria specification on the command line.

---

**FSUM6355** Badly formed line number "*linenumber*"

**Explanation:** You specified a *linenumber* that was not a valid integer.

**User response:** Specify a valid integer for *linenumber*.

---

**FSUM6357** Badly formed {*repeat*} count "*number*"

**Explanation:** You specified a { *number* } that was not a valid integer.

**User response:** Specify a valid integer for *number*.

---

**FSUM6358** too many file names generated, use "-n" option

**Explanation:** More files need to be generated than *csplit* was able to generate names for, given the number of digits in the numeric portion of file names.

**User response:** Use the *-n* option to increase the number of digits in the numeric portion of file names.

---

**FSUM6359** Generated filenames would be too long

**Explanation:** The argument specified for the *-n* option, when combined with the length of the specified *prefix* resulted in a generated file name that was longer than the file system permits.

**User response:** Specify a shorter *prefix* or a lower value for the argument of the *-n* option.

---

**FSUM6361** cannot create temp file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6362** unable to pipe to sort command

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6363** cannot open temp file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6364** tag file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM6365** Don't know how to process "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A file *filename* was specified which is not a valid C source file. The file is skipped.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** If necessary, reissue the ctags shell command with valid C source files as arguments.

---

**FSUM6371** Missing character after -d

**Explanation:** You specified the -d option, but did not provide a field separator character as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing field separator character.

---

**FSUM6372** Unknown option "*option*"

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6374** out of memory

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate as internal buffers.

**User response:** Free up more system resources and try again.

---

**FSUM6378** date: no permission to set date

**Explanation:** You do not have proper permissions for changing the system date.

**User response:** If you need the system date changed, talk to your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6380** The option "*option*" does not contain a "="

**Explanation:** You specified *option* without providing the required equals sign (=).

**User response:** Provide the missing equals sign.

---

**FSUM6381** dd: cbs=*number* given without ascii/ebcdic/ibm/block/unblock conversion

**Explanation:** You specified the **cbs=** *size* option but did not specify a conversion option which uses it.

**User response:** Provide the missing conversion option.

---

**FSUM6382** dd: out of memory for buffers

**Explanation:** dd was unable to allocate the system resources that it needed for conversion buffers.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6383** *option=value* is an unknown option

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for dd.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6384** *full\_blocks+partial\_blocks* records in *full\_blocks+partial\_blocks* records out

**Explanation:** Displays the number of full blocks or partial blocks read from input and written to output.

**System action:** The command ends.

---

---

**FSUM6385** Warning: *file1* is tagged with a different ccsid type than what you specified for conversion.

**Explanation:** The ccsid of the specified file is either of type ASCII, EBCDIC, or INVALID. Either the conversion type specified by the "conv=..." option does not match the encoding type of the ccsid associated with the file, or the ccsid of the specified file is of type invalid. Data may be incorrectly converted.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** Check that the ccsid of the file correctly identifies the encoding of the data. Adjust the "conv=..." option accordingly.

---

**FSUM6388** dd: unknown conversion "string"

**Explanation:** You specified a conversion value following **conv=** that dd did not recognize.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6389** dd: badly formed number "num"

**Explanation:** You specified *num* as a number (for example, a block size), but *num* did not have the form of a number recognized by dd.

**User response:** Make sure that *num* is a valid number, and if it is followed by a letter to indicate the block size unit; check the *Options* **bs=** option for a list of valid letters.

---

**FSUM6390** dd: absolute I/O must be in *number* byte units

**Explanation:** You attempted to read from, or write to, a device which requires block sizes to be in multiples of its sector size (in this case, *num* bytes).

**User response:** Specify a block size that is a multiple of the device's sector size.

---

**FSUM6391** seek output

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6392** seek input

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6393** read error

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6398** File *file1* is a *type1* while file *file2* is a *type2*

**Explanation:** The two files specified on the directory were of different file types. *diff* can only compare files that have the same file type.

**User response:** Specify two files that have the same file type.

---

**FSUM6404** directory "pathname"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6405** insufficient memory (try *diff -h*)

**Explanation:** *diff* ran out of system resources when generating the data structures used in the differencing algorithm (see the *LIMITS* section of *diff* in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information). *diff* requires fewer system resources than *diff* algorithm. This may allow it to succeed where the regular algorithm fails.

---

**FSUM6406 cannot allocate name buffer**

**Explanation:** There is not enough main storage to allocate the name buffer.

**User response:** Free up system resources and try again.

---

**FSUM6407 Missing number after "option" option**

**Explanation:** You specified *option* but did not specify a number following it.

**User response:** Specify a number following the *option* option.

---

**FSUM6408 Missing #ifdef symbol after -D**

**Explanation:** You did not specify a conditional label on the command line after **-D** option.

---

**FSUM6409 only one file may be "-"**

**Explanation:** Only one of the two files being compared may be the standard input.

**User response:** Specify **-** (standard input) as, at most, one of the two files to be compared.

---

**FSUM6411 internal error--cannot create temporary file**

**Explanation:** `diff` was unable to create a working file that it needed.

**User response:** Ensure that you either have a `/tmp` directory or that the environment contains a variable `TMPDIR` which names a directory where `diff` can store temporary files. Also, ensure that you have sufficient permissions on this directory to create a temporary file.

---

**FSUM6412 couldn't stat file system for "filesystem"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6417 too many lines in file "filename"**

**Explanation:** The file *filename* contained more than the value of the `INT_MAX`. `diff` cannot handle a file that large. Try `diff` with the **-h** option.

---

**FSUM6418 opening temporary file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6420 string: you must specify exactly 3 input files**

**Explanation:** You did not specify exactly three input files on the command line.

**User response:** Specify three input files.

---

**FSUM6422 diff3: no temporary files available**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6423 diff3: child process**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM6424 diff3: "diff" command failed**

**Explanation:** diff3 was unable to complete its function.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6425 diff3: Insufficient memory**

**Explanation:** diff3 was unable to allocate storage for all lines in the input files.

**User response:** Free up more system resources or break up the files.

---

**FSUM6426 diffnumbers3: unexpected end of file diff.**

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6427 diffnumbers3: bad control line n.**

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6428 diffnumbers3: expecting `---'; got `n'**

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6432 Addressed line out of range**

**Explanation:** You specified an address for a command that referenced a line that does not exist.

**User response:** Modify the address given to correctly reference the desired lines.

---

**FSUM6433 Unknown option "--option".**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM6434 Only one file name is allowed.**

**Explanation:** You specified more than one file name on the command line when you invoked ed.

---

**FSUM6437 File filenamesystem\_error**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6439 Temporary file error**

**Explanation:** An error occurred when accessing the paging file. Check the description of ed in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

**User response:** See your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6440 Badly constructed regular expression**

**Explanation:** You made an error in the syntax of a regular expression.

**User response:** Refer to the documentation on regular expressions in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and correct the error.

---

**FSUM6441 No remembered regular expression**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use & to refer to a remembered regular expression when there was no remembered regular expression.

**User response:** Issue the command again, but specify a regular expression this time.

---

**FSUM6442 Missing trailing delimiter after pattern.**

**Explanation:** You specified a pattern as part of a ed command but did not delimit it.

**User response:** Provide a trailing delimiter for the pattern.

---

**FSUM6446 Out of memory for lines**

**Explanation:** ed was unable to allocate system resources while trying to insert or append lines to the buffer.

**User response:** Split the file into small pieces.

---

**FSUM6447 Unknown command**

**Explanation:** You entered a command that does not exist in ed.

**User response:** Check the description of ed in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid commands.

---

**FSUM6448 Illegal command suffix**

**Explanation:** You specified a command suffix for a command that does not accept suffixes.

**User response:** Check the description of ed in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid commands and their syntaxes.

---

**FSUM6450 No match found for regular expression**

**Explanation:** The / command failed to find any matching lines.

**User response:** Try a different regular expression.

---

**FSUM6451 Wrong number of addresses for command**

**Explanation:** You specified the wrong number of addresses for the command that you entered.

**User response:** Check the description of ed in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid commands and the number of addresses that you can specify with each.

---

**FSUM6452 Need space after command**

**Explanation:** You did not separate a command from its file name argument with a space.

**User response:** Reenter the command with the required space.

---

**FSUM6453 Name too long**

**Explanation:** The file name specified on the ed command line was too long.

**User response:** Use a shorter file name.

---

**FSUM6454 Badly formed name**

**Explanation:** You specified an improperly formed or missing file name with a command which requires a file name as an argument (for example, e or f).

**User response:** Correct or provide the file name.

---

---

**FSUM6455**    **Illegal command redirection**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **!** command redirection with the **f** command.

**User response:** Do not use the **!** command redirection with the **f** command.

---

**FSUM6456**    **Restricted shell**

**Explanation:** You invoked the restricted form of **ed** (**red**), but then tried to use a command that is not allowed in the restricted editor (the **!** command).

**User response:** See the *Description* section of the **ed** man page for a discussion of the differences between **ed** and **red**.

---

**FSUM6457**    **No remembered file name**

**Explanation:** You tried to execute a command that uses a remembered file name when there was no remembered file name.

**User response:** Issue the command again, but specify a file name this time.

---

**FSUM6458**    **Mark name must be lower case**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **k** command to mark an addressed line with a character other than a lowercase letter.

**User response:** Use **k** to mark the line with a lowercase letter.

---

**FSUM6459**    **Undefined mark name**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reference a mark name that you have not assigned.

**User response:** Use the **k** command to assign the mark name to a line, or specify a previously assigned mark name.

---

**FSUM6460**    **'m' and 't' require destination address**

**Explanation:** You issued an **m** or **t** command but did not provide a destination address.

**User response:** Provide a destination address with the **m** or **t** command.

---

**FSUM6461**    **Destination cannot straddle source in 'm' and 't'**

**Explanation:** You specified a range of lines to be moved or copied by **m** or **t** that included the destination address.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified range of lines for **m** or **t** does not include the destination address.

---

**FSUM6462**    **command not allowed inside g, v, G, or V**

**Explanation:** You specified a command that cannot be used with the issued global command (**g**, **v**, **G**, or **V**).

**User response:** Check the description of **ed** in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of commands that cannot be used with the various global commands.

---

**FSUM6463**    **Incomplete regular expression.**

**Explanation:** You issued a **g** or **G** command but did not provide a regular expression as an argument.

**User response:** Provide a regular expression as an argument to the command.

---

**FSUM6464**    **the x command has become X (upper case)**

---

**FSUM6465 Global command too long**

**Explanation:** You specified a global instruction (**g** or **v**) that was longer than 256 characters, including newlines.

**User response:** Specify a global instruction that is less than 256 characters in length.

---

**FSUM6466 *command: too many environment variables***

**Explanation:** You specified more than 512 environment variables in a single `env` command.

**User response:** Do not specify more than 512 environment variables in a single `env` command.

---

**FSUM6469 *command: insufficient memory***

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for the command to carry out the desired operation.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6470 Bad tab stop specification**

**Explanation:** You specified an illegal character in a tab stop specification, or you did not specify tab stops in ascending order.

**User response:** Reenter the command with a valid tab specification.

---

**FSUM6473 *expr: internal tree error***

**Explanation:** You specified an expression that `expr` was unable to evaluate, due to either syntax errors or unusual complexity.

**User response:** Correct the syntax errors, or simplify the expression (perhaps by breaking it into parts).

---

**FSUM6477 *file: format error in magic file "filename", line line\_num***

**Explanation:** You specified *filename* as a magic file, but it does not conform to the syntax described in the `magic 4` man page.

**User response:** Edit *filename* to fit the magic file syntax, or use a valid magic file.

---

**FSUM6478 Only one `-f` option allowed**

**Explanation:** You specified the given option more than once.

**User response:** Specify the given option once only.

---

**FSUM6484 unknown type or cannot open**

**Explanation:** You specified a file that does not exist, cannot be opened, or whose file type cannot be determined.

**User response:** Check that the file exists and that the file permissions allow access.

---

**FSUM6498 *file: no space for read buffer***

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for `file` to allocate a read buffer.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6499 *file: line line\_num bad number in magic file***

**Explanation:** You specified a magic file with a line that should contain a number, but it does not.

**User response:** Make sure that fields in the specified magic file are separated by tabs.

---



---

**FSUM6500 file: out of space for magic entries**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for file to allocate for entries from the magic file.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6501 file: misplaced > in magic file**

**Explanation:** You specified a magic file containing a line beginning with a > that did not follow a regular template line.

**User response:** Either create a template line before the line, or remove the line.

---

**FSUM6503 find: unable to allocate memory for expression tree**

**Explanation:** find requires system resources to build an expression tree. There were not enough free resources to do so.

**User response:** Free up more system resources or specify a less complex *expression*.

---

**FSUM6504 find: bad number specification in "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that takes a numeric value (for example, **-atime**, **-ctime**), but you did not specify a valid number after the option.

**User response:** Ensure that options that take a numeric value are followed by a valid number (only decimal digits, preceded by an optional plus or minus sign).

---

**FSUM6505 find: "-type character" is invalid**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-type** primary but did not follow with a valid character to represent the file type.

**User response:** Check the description of find in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid characters for use with the **-type** primary.

---

**FSUM6506 find: non-terminated "primary" argument list**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-exec** or **-ok** primary and did not terminate the argument list following it with a semicolon (;).

**User response:** Terminate the argument list following **-exec** or **-ok** with a semicolon.

---

**FSUM6507 find: must specify option after primary**

**Explanation:** You specified **-primary**, but did not provide the argument that it requires.

**User response:** Specify a valid argument after **-primary**.

---

**FSUM6508 cannot stat file "filename" for -newer**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6510 find: user name "user" is unknown**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-user** primary, but did not provide a valid user name. Or you specified **-acl\_entry** primary and the *acl\_text* has undefined username.

**User response:** Provide a valid user name after the **-user** primary. Or if specified **-acl\_entry**, provide valid username in the *acl\_text*.

---

**FSUM6511 find: group name "name" is unknown**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-group** primary but did not specify a valid group name. Or you specified **-acl\_entry** primary and the *acl\_text* has undefined groupname.

**User response:** Specify a valid group name after the **-group** primary. Or if specified **-acl\_entry**, provide valid groupname in the *acl\_text*.

---

**FSUM6512 unable to access "pathname"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6513 error reading directory "pathname"**

**Explanation:** You attempted to read the directory *pathname* . You do not have read permissions on this directory.

**User response:** If you need to access the directory *pathname* , see your system manager about acquiring read permissions for that directory. If you do not need to access it, no corrective action is required.

---

**FSUM6515 cannot execute "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6517 Missing offset.**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-p** option but did not provide an output page offset as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing output page offset.

---

**FSUM6518 Missing line length.**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-l** option but did not provide a line length as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing line length.

---

**FSUM6519 fmt: length "number" is invalid**

**Explanation:** You specified a line length that was less than zero or greater than the maximum length (as given by the configuration variable *LINE\_MAX*).

**User response:** Use a line length in the range zero to *LINE\_MAX*.

---

**FSUM6527 no room for buffers**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for *grep* to allocate the buffers that it requires.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6529 out of space for pattern "string"**

**Explanation:** *grep* did not have enough system resources available to store the code needed to work with the given pattern (regular expression). The usual cause is that the pattern is very complex.

**User response:** Make the pattern simpler, or free more system resources.

---

**FSUM6535 Badly formed line/character count "num"**

**Explanation:** The value *num*, following a **-b**, **-c**, **-k**, **-l**, **-m**, or **-n** option was not a valid number.

**User response:** Ensure that *num* is a valid number. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information on the *find* command.

---

---

**FSUM6537** The help command provides a summary of the command manual pages that contains more information than the usage messages printed by most commands. For example, type: help find for information on the 'find' command.

---

**FSUM6541** *command: invalid user name: "user"*

**Explanation:** You specified a user name that was not found in the user database.

**User response:** Check that you spelled the user name correctly.

---

**FSUM6544** **Bad file number specification in "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified a file number that was not 1 or 2 with the **-j** option.

**User response:** Specify a file number of 1 or 2 when using the **-j** option.

---

**FSUM6545** **Badly constructed output list at "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified an improperly constructed list of output fields with the **-o** option.

**User response:** Check the description of join in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for details on constructing a list of output fields for the **-o** option.

---

**FSUM6546** **Missing -e string**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-e** option without a string argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing string.

---

**FSUM6547** **Missing join field number**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-j**, **-1**, or **-2** option without specifying which field to use as the join field.

**User response:** Provide the missing join field number.

---

**FSUM6548** **Bad join field number**

**Explanation:** You specified a value to indicate the join field that was not a valid number.

**User response:** Make sure to use a valid number to indicate join the field.

---

**FSUM6549** **Missing character after -t**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-t** option without specifying a field separator as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing field separator.

---

**FSUM6550** **Must specify -o with -e**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-e** option without also specifying the **-o** option.

**User response:** Always specify the **-o** option when using the **-e** option.

---

**FSUM6551** **join: too many -o list elements**

**Explanation:** You specified more than 512 fields in the list of output fields given as the argument to the **-o** option.

**User response:** Specify no more than 512 output fields.

---

---

**FSUM6553** Out of dfa move space: increase *num* from *number*

**Explanation:** There were not enough move entries for `lex` to process your input.

**User response:** Increase move table size with the `hexnum` directive.

---

**FSUM6563** Error writing temp file '*filename*'

**Explanation:** An error occurred while trying to write the temporary file *filename*.

**User response:** Check the directory indicated by `TMPDIR`, or `/tmp` and ensure that the directory is writable and has sufficient space.

---

**FSUM6564** No `lex` rules

**Explanation:** You specified `lex` input that did not contain any translation rules, possibly due to empty or badly formatted input.

**User response:** Make sure that your input file is specified properly, and that the contents are properly formatted.

---

**FSUM6565** Write error on *filename*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while `lex` was writing the output file.

**User response:** Check that space exists on the output device and that you have appropriate permissions to write the file.

---

**FSUM6569** Out of NFA state space: increase *num* from *number*

**Explanation:** You did not reserve enough space for the NFA tables.

**User response:** Use the `number` directive to increase the space for the NFA tables.

---

**FSUM6570** Out of DFA state space: increase *num* from *number*

**Explanation:** You did not reserve enough space for the DFA tables.

**User response:** Use the `integer` directive to increase the space for the DFA tables.

---

**FSUM6571** Too many character classes (more than *num* )

**Explanation:** `lex` ran out of space for character classes.

**User response:** Simplify your scanner input.

---

**FSUM6572** Too many translations (more than *num* )

**Explanation:** `lex` ran out of space for translation rules.

**User response:** Simplify your scanner input.

---

**FSUM6573** Table for *item* too large for machine ( *num* bytes)

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the `lex Malloc` function to allocate a block of memory that is larger than the hardware segment size. This error only occurs on systems with segment architecture.

**User response:** Use `Malloc` to allocate a block of memory that is small than the hardware segment size.

---

**FSUM6574** No more memory for *item*

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate to *item* . Your scanner input was too large or too complicated, or you requested too much space for a table.

**User response:** Simplify your input expressions, or request less space for tables.

---

---

**FSUM6579** Too many move (*%num*) entries: *number*

**Explanation:** You did not reserve enough space for move tables.

**User response:** Use the *hexnum* directive to increase the space for move tables.

---

**FSUM6582** premature eof in prototype

**Explanation:** lex encountered an end-of-file character in the prototype file when it was not expecting it, probably due to a badly formatted prototype file.

**User response:** Ensure that the prototype file is not corrupted. If using a private prototype file, ensure that it has the same layout as the distributed version.

---

**FSUM6600** Cannot use character class or equivalence class in range

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a character class or an equivalence class (that is, [*:* *:*] or [*=* *=*]) in a character range within a regular expression.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6601** Poorly formed [*char sequence (string)*]

**Explanation:** You specified a [*.* *.*], [*=* *=*], or [*:* *:*] sequence improperly.

**User response:** Specify the sequence correctly.

---

**FSUM6602** Unknown class [*:class:*]

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression containing a character class [*:class :*] that is not supported in the POSIX locale.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6603** Unknown collating element [*.col\_element.*]

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression containing a collating element that is not supported by the POSIX locale.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6604** Multi-character collating element [*.col\_element.*] not supported

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression containing a multicharacter collating element that is not supported by the POSIX locale.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6605** Collation in [*=* *=*] not supported (yet)

**Explanation:** You attempted to use an equivalence class [*=*[*. collation-symbol .*]=] within a regular expression. lex does not support this construct.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6606** Badly formed equivalence class [*=equiv\_class=*]

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a multicharacter equivalence class in a regular expression. Lex does not support non-POSIX locales.

**User response:** Rewrite the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6614** *command:* **Option** *-option* **argument missing**

**Explanation:** You did not provide an argument for *-option*.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM6630** **compress not initialized**

**Explanation:** The program detected that the compression file was not properly initialized.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6631** **bits must be from *num1* to *num2***

**Explanation:** You specified a value for the maximum number of bits of compression that outside the range *num1* to *num2*.

**User response:** Specify a value in the range *num1* to *num2*.

---

**FSUM6632** **no space for compression tables**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate to compression tables.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6633** **compression not closed**

**Explanation:** The program attempted to open a compression file that was already open and initialized.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6634** **compress: unknown error**

**Explanation:** An unknown compression error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6635** **not initialized**

**Explanation:** The program attempted to close a file that was not initialized.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6636** **not in compressed format**

**Explanation:** You specified a file to be uncompressed that was not in compressed format.

**User response:** Specify a compressed file.

---

**FSUM6637** **compressed with *num1* bits, can only handle *num2* bits**

**Explanation:** You specified a file to be uncompressed that was compressed with *num1* bits, but this version of `uncompress` handles a maximum of *num2* bit compression.

**User response:** Request a copy of the file compressed using *num2* bit compression.

---

---

**FSUM6638 no space for decompress tables**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for uncompress to allocate to the decompress tables.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6639 compressed file is corrupt**

**Explanation:** You specified a compressed file that was damaged.

**User response:** Get a new copy of file and try again.

---

**FSUM6640 not closed**

**Explanation:** The program attempted to open a file that was already open and initialized.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6641 unknown error**

**Explanation:** An unknown decompression error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6642 Insufficient memory**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the specified operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6643 getgroups failed**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6644 Unknown or missing operator in symbolic mode "*modestring*"**

**Explanation:** When using the symbolic mode to indicate new access permissions, you specified a string *modestring* which was either missing an operator or contained an unrecognized operator.

**User response:** Make sure that all *mode* values in symbolic mode contain one of the following operators: +, -, or =.

---

**FSUM6645 Octal mode may contain only digits [0-7] in *numstring***

**Explanation:** When using the octal mode to indicate new access permissions, you specified a string *numstring* which contained a character other than the digits 0 to 7.

**User response:** Make sure that all *mode* values in octal mode are valid octal numbers, containing only the digits 0 through 7.

---

**FSUM6647 failed to match**

**Explanation:** A match was found for the specified regular expression.

**User response:** No action is required.

---

**FSUM6648 invalid collation element**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contains an invalid collating element.

**User response:** Make sure that all collating elements in the regular expression are valid in the locale indicated by LC\_COLLATE.

---

**FSUM6649 trailing \ in pattern**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression with a trailing \.

**User response:** Remove the trailing \ or complete the escape sequence.

---

**FSUM6650 newline found before end of pattern**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a newline before the end of the pattern.

**User response:** Check the regular expression for a missing /.

---

**FSUM6652 number in \[0-9] invalid**

**Explanation:** You specified a number that was greater than the number of matching subexpressions.

**User response:** Specify a number that is less than or equal to the number of matching subexpressions.

---

**FSUM6653 [ ] imbalance or syntax error**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a [ ] imbalance.

**User response:** Make sure that all [ and ] characters appear in matched pairs in the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6654 ( ) or \(\) imbalance**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a ( ) or \(\) imbalance.

**User response:** Make sure that all ( and ) characters and all \ ( and \ ) characters appear in matched pairs in the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6655 { } or \{ \} imbalance**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a { } or \{ \} imbalance.

**User response:** Make sure that all { and } characters and all \ { and \ } characters appear in matched pairs in the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6656 invalid endpoint in range**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a range expression with an invalid endpoint.

**User response:** Specify a valid endpoint.

---

**FSUM6658 invalid character class type**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a reference to an invalid character class.

**User response:** Make sure that all character classes referenced in the regular expression are valid in the locale indicated by LC\_CTYPE.

---

**FSUM6659 syntax error**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid regular expression.

**User response:** Correct the syntax of the regular expression.

---

**FSUM6660 contents of { } or \{ \} invalid**

**Explanation:** The contents of \{ \} or { } in the specified regular expression were invalid: not a number, too large a number, more than two numbers, first number larger than second.

**User response:** Make sure that the contents of \{ \} or { } are valid.

---



---

**FSUM6661 internal error**

**Explanation:** There was an internal error during the processing of a regular expression.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

**FSUM6662 unknown regex error**

**Explanation:** The error code that was passed to `regerror` is not a known error.

**User response:** Check your program to verify that `errcode` was retrieved from `regexec` or `regcomp`.

---

**FSUM6700 Charmap information not available.**

**Explanation:** For some reason, `locale` was unable to list the set of available charmap files.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6701 Unknown keyword name 'name'.**

**Explanation:** You specified a `name` that is not a keyword.

**User response:** Specify a valid keyword name.

---

**FSUM6708 The following required symbolic names are missing from the charmap file:**

**Explanation:** You specified a charmap file that did not contain certain required symbolic names.

**User response:** Add the appropriate symbolic names to the charmap file or specify a charmap file that does contain these names.

---

**FSUM6710 Character `\x hexnum` not specified in charmap file**

**Explanation:** You specified a character (with hexadecimal value `hexnum`) that was not contained in the charmap file.

**User response:** Add the character to the charmap file or specify a charmap file that contains this character.

---

**FSUM6715 Implementation restriction. Too many one-to-many mappings; limit `num`**

**Explanation:** You specified too many one-to-many mappings. The maximum is `num`.

**User response:** Specify no more than `num` one-to-many mappings.

---

**FSUM6721 unknown category name**

**Explanation:** You specified a category that was not `LC_CTYPE`, `LC_COLLATE`, `LC_TIME`, `LC_NUMERIC`, `LC_MONETARY`, or `LC_MESSAGES`.

**User response:** Ensure that you have spelled the category name correctly and that it is one `LC_CTYPE`, `LC_COLLATE`, `LC_TIME`, `LC_NUMERIC`, `LC_MONETARY`, or `LC_MESSAGES`.

---

**FSUM6729 regular expr error: `regular_expression_error`**

**Explanation:** You have entered a regular expression incorrectly. See the regular expressions (`regex`) section of *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM6731 Missing `order_start` keyword**

**Explanation:** You failed to specify an `order_start` keyword in the `LC_COLLATE` category definition.

**User response:** Provide the missing keyword.

---

**FSUM6733** **order\_start: Too many sort-rules; limit COLL\_WEIGHTS\_MAX (num)**

**Explanation:** You specified too many sort-rules with the `order_start` keyword. You are limited to *num* rules, as specified by the configuration variable `COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX`.

**User response:** Specify fewer sort-rules.

---

**FSUM6734** **order\_start: forward/backward are mutually exclusive**

**Explanation:** You specified both the `forward` and the `backward` directives as sort-rules with the `order_start` keyword. These directives are mutually exclusive; you can specify one or the other but not both.

**User response:** Remove either the `forward` or the `backward` directive.

---

**FSUM6736** **order\_start keyword specified num1 weights; collating element entry for <symbol> gave num2 weights**

**Explanation:** The entry for the *symbol* collating element specified *num2* weights, while the `order_start` keyword specified that should be *num1*. The number of weights should be the same in both place.

**User response:** Ensure that the number of weights for all collating elements agrees with the number of weights given by the `order_start` keyword.

---

**FSUM6737** **Multiple UNDEFINED entries specified**

**Explanation:** The special symbol `UNDEFINED` appeared more than once in the collation order.

**User response:** Remove extra occurrences of `UNDEFINED`.

---

**FSUM6738** **Too many weights; limit COLL\_WEIGHTS\_MAX (num)**

**Explanation:** You specified too many weights in a collation entry. The maximum number of weights is given by the configuration variable `COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX` (which has the value *num*).

**User response:** Specify no more than *num* weights for any collation entry.

---

**FSUM6739** **Multi-character collating element too long; limit num**

**Explanation:** You specified a multicharacter collating element that was more than *num* characters long.

**User response:** Make sure that no multicharacter collating element is more than *num* characters long.

---

**FSUM6741** **reading file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6743** **String too long -- limit 255 bytes**

**Explanation:** You specified a string that was longer than 255 bytes.

**User response:** Make sure that all strings are no longer than 255 bytes.

---

**FSUM6745** **Insufficient memory**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6747** **LC\_TIME: keyword keyword: Expecting num1 arguments, found num2**

**Explanation:** You specified an incorrect number of arguments for the keyword *keyword* in the `LC_TIME` category.

**User response:** Make sure that you specify the correct number of arguments for each `LC_TIME` keyword.

---

---

**FSUM6748** LC\_TIME: keyword *keyword*: already specified

**Explanation:** You attempted to specify an LC\_TIME keyword that had already been specified.

**User response:** Make sure that LC\_TIME keyword is specified only once.

---

**FSUM6749** LC\_TIME: keyword *keyword* is missing

**Explanation:** You failed to specify a mandatory LC\_TIME keyword.

**User response:** Provide the missing keyword.

---

**FSUM6751** Directory "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6752** charmap file "*string*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6753** sourcefile "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6754** <symbolic-name> too long; limit *num* characters

**Explanation:** You specified a <symbolic-name> that was longer than *num* characters.

**User response:** Make sure that no <symbolic-name> is longer than *num* characters.

---

**FSUM6755** Invalid character *hexnum* in a symbolic-name

**Explanation:** A symbolic-name included an invalid character which had the hexadecimal value *hexnum*.

**User response:** Make sure that all characters in the symbolic-name are valid.

---

**FSUM6762** console device "*dev*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6763** writing to console device "*dev*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6764** logname: cannot get login name

**Explanation:** logname was unable to access the system utmpx file, or the process was not a currently logged in user.

**User response:** Check that the system utmpx file is accessible.

---

**FSUM6768** opening archive *arch\_name*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6769** *string* is not a valid archive

**Explanation:** *arch\_name* is not a valid archive. The recognized formats are system specific.

**User response:** Ensure that you specified the correct file.

---

---

**FSUM6770** insufficient memory

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6771** opening temporary archive *arch\_name*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6773** rename *arch\_name1* to *arch\_name2*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6776** nm: not enough memory for symbol table

**Explanation:** There are not enough free system resources to allocate to the symbol table.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6777** command: file "string": Not an object, executable, or library file

**Explanation:** You specified a file on the command line that is not an object file, executable file, or library file.

**User response:** Make sure that you specify a file that is one of these three types.

---

**FSUM6780** executable file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6781** command: file "string": Not an executable file

**Explanation:** You specified a file on the command line that is not an executable file.

**User response:** Specify an executable file.

---

**FSUM6784** cannot allocate memory for sorting

**Explanation:** There were not enough system resources available for *ls* to sort its output.

**User response:** Free up more system resources or use option and path names on the command that will produce less output.

---

**FSUM6785** File or directory "*name*" is not found

**Explanation:** You specified a *pathname* that does not exist.

**User response:** Check to make sure that you did not omit or misspell any components of *pathname* .

---

**FSUM6786** too many directory entries in "*dir*"

**Explanation:** *ls* ran out of dynamically allocated system resources.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM6789** allocating *structure*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6793** EOF in arg list

**Explanation:** An end of file was encountered while evaluating the argument list of a macro. The closing parenthesis was not found.

**User response:** Check for an omitted closing parenthesis, or truncated input file. Remember that unquoted parentheses in macro arguments must be balanced.

**FSUM6795 EOF in comment**

**Explanation:** An end of file was encountered while copying a comment. The end-of-comment string was not found.

**User response:** Check for a missing or mis-typed end-of-comment string (set by the `\*[MACRO changecom]` macro), or a truncated input file.

**FSUM6796 EOF in quoted string**

**Explanation:** An end of file was encountered while scanning a quoted string.

**User response:** Check for a missing closing string quote (set by the `\*[MACRO changequote]` macro), or a truncated input file.

**FSUM6802 tempnam() failure**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**FSUM6803 diversion temporary file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**FSUM6807 expression syntax error**

**Explanation:** You specified an expression argument that was not a well-formed expression.

**User response:** Check for unbalanced parentheses, missing quotes, and undefined variables.

**FSUM6808 unbalanced ()**

**Explanation:** An expression contained an unbalanced pair of parentheses.

**User response:** Provide the missing parenthesis.

**FSUM6809 internal expression tree botch**

**FSUM6810 defn(builtin) in expression**

**Explanation:** The expression supplied to the `\*[MACRO eval]` macro contains the definition of a built-in macro (as yielded by the `\*[MACRO defn]` macro).

**User response:** Either you did not mean to use `\*[MACRO defn]` here, or you meant to apply it to a macro of your own definition, rather than to a built-in macro.

**FSUM6811 no assignments in `eval'**

**Explanation:** You attempted to pass an expression to the `\*[MACRO eval]` macro that contained an assignment operation. The `\*[MACRO eval]` macro cannot perform assignments.

**User response:** Do not pass include assignment operations in expressions being passed to `\*[MACRO eval]`.

**FSUM6813 misplaced binary operator**

**Explanation:** An expression contained a binary operator that was not between two integers.

**User response:** Make sure that all binary operators have an integer on each side.

**FSUM6815** insufficient memory to store evaluation

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to store the evaluation of the expression.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6816** creating temporary file name

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6817** temporary file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6818** Missing number of hops after "-h"

**Explanation:** You specified the **-h** option without an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM6819** Missing address after "-r"

**Explanation:** You specified the **-r** option without an address argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing address argument.

---

**FSUM6820** Missing subject after "-s"

**Explanation:** You specified the **-s** option without providing a subject string as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing subject string.

---

**FSUM6821** Missing user after "-u"

**Explanation:** You specified the **-u** option without a user name argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing user name.

---

**FSUM6822** Options applying only to interactive use were given.

**Explanation:** You specified the **-e**, **-f**, **-H**, **-N**, or **-u** options when attempting to send mail. These options are only for use when reading mail.

**User response:** Check the description of `mailx 1` in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for usable options when sending mail.

---

**FSUM6823** *command*: no interactive rmail use

**Explanation:** You attempted to use interactive `mailx` commands after calling `mailx` with the name `rmail`.

**User response:** Do not use interactive commands with `rmail`.

---

**FSUM6826** variable storage

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6827** *string*: read-only variable

**Explanation:** You cannot change the values of some environment variables, such as `HOME` and `MAILRC`, from within `mailx`. You tried to change the value of such a variable.

**User response:** Do not try to change the value of read-only variables.

---

---

**FSUM6828** *string: no such variable*

**Explanation:** You tried to make use of a variable that does not exist.

**User response:** Check to make sure that you have spelled the variable name correctly or define the variable with a `set` command.

---

**FSUM6829** *building pathname* *pathname*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6830** **Misplaced shell meta-character**

**Explanation:** You provided an invalid file name pattern.

**User response:** Ensure that the pattern given is correct.

---

**FSUM6831** **Expansion memory allocation failure**

**Explanation:** The system could not allocate sufficient system resources to perform the requested operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM6832** **Shell syntax error**

**Explanation:** You provided an invalid file name pattern.

**User response:** Ensure that the pattern given is correct.

---

**FSUM6833** **Ambiguous**

**Explanation:** You provided a file name pattern that expanded into more than one file name.

**User response:** Be more specific in naming the file you want.

---

**FSUM6834** **alias storage**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6835** *string: no such alias*

**Explanation:** You attempted to unalias *alias* ; however, no alias with this name exists.

**User response:** Make sure that you spelled *alias* correctly, or specify an alias that does exist.

---

**FSUM6860** **Missing file name**

**Explanation:** You issued a command which requires a file name without providing one.

**User response:** Specify a file name.

---

**FSUM6861** **Missing pipe command**

**Explanation:** You specified the `~|` command without providing a shell command.

**User response:** Provide the missing shell command.

---

**FSUM6864** **fork failed**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

FSUM6865 **mail to command** "*command\_name*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM6866 **mail to file** "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM6869 **No recipients specified**

**Explanation:** You attempted to send a mail message without specifying any recipients.

**User response:** When sending mail, please specify recipients either on the command line or on the carbon copy (or blind carbon copy) list.

---

FSUM6879 **string: no matching "if" statement**

**Explanation:** You issued an **else** or **endif** command without a corresponding **if** command.

**User response:** Ensure that all **else** and **endif** commands are preceded by an **if** command.

---

FSUM6880 **EOF inside "if" statement**

**Explanation:** While processing an **if** command, mailx encountered an end-of-file condition.

**User response:** If the **if** command is in your start-up file, ensure that you have included a corresponding **endif** command. If you are entering the **if** in command mode, do not enter the EOF character before issuing the **endif** command.

---

FSUM6881 **cannot lock file** "*filename*"

**Explanation:** mailx was unable to acquire exclusive access to a mail folder.

**User response:** Wait for a little while and try again.

---

FSUM6882 **rewriting** "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM6883 **allocating message header**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM6884 **allocating message address**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM6894 **No applicable messages.**

**Explanation:** You specified a message list that does not match any messages in the current mailbox.

**User response:** No action required.

---

FSUM6900 **Invalid message number**

**Explanation:** You used a message number of 0 or one that is greater than the number of messages in the mailbox.

**User response:** Use a message number in the range from 1 to the number of messages in the mailbox.

---



---

**FSUM6901 Inappropriate message**

**Explanation:** You tried to perform a command on an inappropriate message. For example, you tried to undelete a message that was not deleted or you tried to respond to a deleted message.

**User response:** Check the description of the command you are using to ensure that you are using it correctly.

---

**FSUM6902 No applicable messages**

**Explanation:** You specified a message list that does not match any messages in the current mailbox.

**User response:** No action required.

---

**FSUM6903 Referencing before first message**

**Explanation:** You used the - notation to try to reference the message before the first one in the mailbox.

**User response:** Do not use - when the current message is the first message in the mailbox.

---

**FSUM6904 Referencing beyond last message**

**Explanation:** You used the + notation to try to reference the next message when the current message was the last one in the mailbox.

**User response:** Do not use + when the current message is the last message in the mailbox.

---

**FSUM6905 Non-numeric second argument**

**Explanation:** The second argument in a message list was not numeric.

**User response:** Ensure that, when specifying a range of messages as arguments for a command, you indicate the first and last message in the range with integers in the range 1 to the number of messages in the current mailbox.

---

**FSUM6906 No args expected**

**Explanation:** You specified arguments for a command that does not take arguments.

**User response:** Do not specify arguments for this command.

---

**FSUM6907 Only one arg allowed**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a command that takes only one argument, but you specified either more or less than one argument.

**User response:** Specify only one argument for this command.

---

**FSUM6908 Variable "cmd" not set.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **pipe** command without specifying a shell command to pipe the messages through and the variable `cmd` was not set.

**User response:** Either specify a shell command with **pipe** or set the `cmd` to a default shell command to use with **pipe** when no shell command is explicitly specified.

---

**FSUM6909 command "command"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6911 No value set for "folder" variable**

**Explanation:** You have not provided a value for the `mailx` variable `folder`.

**User response:** Provide a value for the variable `folder` either in the start-up file or in command mode.

---

**FSUM6912** No previous file.

**Explanation:** You used # to represent the file name of the previous file when there was no previous file.

**User response:** Use a different file name indicator.

---

**FSUM6934** Cannot nest "if"s

**Explanation:** You attempted to nest one if command within another.

**User response:** Do not nest if commands.

---

**FSUM6935** if: "s" or "r" are permissible arguments

**Explanation:** You used an argument other than s or r with the if command.

**User response:** Use only s or r as the argument for an if command.

---

**FSUM6939** Missing file after source command

**Explanation:** You issued a source without specifying a file name.

**User response:** Specify a file name with the source command.

---

**FSUM6940** command file "*cmdfile\_name*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6954** *string*: cannot find out who you are

**Explanation:** The mailx command was unable to find your user ID.

**User response:** Check with your system programmer.

---

**FSUM6955** fork for shell

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6956** copy buffer

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6960** No entry for "*entry*" in section *section* of the manual.

**Explanation:** man found no man page for *entry* in the specified section of the manual.

**User response:** Check that you spelled *entry* correctly, that you specified the correct section of the manual, and that the man command will search the path containing its man page.

---

**FSUM6961** No manual entry for "*entry*".

**Explanation:** man found no man page for *entry* in any section of the manual.

**User response:** Check that you spelled *entry* correctly, and that man command searches the path containing its man page.

---

**FSUM6962** *string*: nothing appropriate

**Explanation:** man found no entries for the specified *keyword* in the what is database.

**User response:** Check that you spelled *keyword* correctly. Try a related *keyword*.

---

---

**FSUM6963** system call failed

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6967** Unknown operand "*string*"

**Explanation:** You specified an operand *string* that was not the required yes or no expression (normally y or n but may differ for other languages).

**User response:** Specify y or n as operands to *mesg*. For other languages, check LC\_MESSAGES for the appropriate syntax.

---

**FSUM6968** *string*: unknown terminal

**Explanation:** *mesg* was unable to determine a path for the terminal name, or none of standard input, standard output, and standard error were a terminal.

**User response:** Make sure that standard input is a terminal, not a redirected file or a pipe.

---

**FSUM6969** terminal "*term*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6975** fifo file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6977** Missing major/minor device

**Explanation:** You failed to specify the major or minor device type argument for a character or block special file.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM6978** character special file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM6979** block special file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7007** Not that many files ...

**Explanation:** When using the *:p* or *:n* commands, you specified a value for *n* that would move you past the beginning or the end of the file list.

**User response:** Specify a smaller value for *n*.

---

**FSUM7008** No other file ...

**Explanation:** When using the *:e* command, you specified a file name of *#*; however, there was no previous file.

**User response:** Specify the desired file name explicitly.

---

**FSUM7009** Not enough lines to scroll...

**Explanation:** When using one of the scrolling commands, you specified a value for *n* that would move you past the beginning or the end of the file.

**User response:** Specify a smaller value for *n*.

---

**FSUM7012** **Badly constructed regular expression.**

**Explanation:** more encountered a syntax error in a regular expression.

**User response:** Check the syntax of the regular expression.

---

**FSUM7013** **No remembered regular expression.**

**Explanation:** You tried to use a remembered regular expression; however, there was no remembered regular expression.

**User response:** Specify the regular expression explicitly.

---

**FSUM7014** **No match found for regular expression.**

**Explanation:** more did not find a match for the specified regular expression.

**User response:** Check that the regular expression was entered correctly.

---

**FSUM7015** **Tag *tagname* not found.**

**Explanation:** You tried to move to tag *tagname* , but more could not find it.

**User response:** Check to see that you entered *tagname* correctly.

---

**FSUM7016** **No tags file present.**

**Explanation:** more was unable to open the tags file.

**User response:** Check that the file tags exists, and that you have appropriate permissions.

---

**FSUM7017** *filename*: **Not a text file**

**Explanation:** You specified the file *filename* which was not a text file.

**User response:** Specify a text file.

---

**FSUM7019** *string*: **cannot reopen input file**

**Explanation:** You attempted to view a previously viewed file with the **:e** command, and when more tried to reopen that file, it could not, or you attempted to reopen the current file (due to a **R** command or the completion of a shell escape command) and it failed.

**User response:** Find out what caused the file become unopenable, and fix the problem.

---

**FSUM7024** *command*: **interactive terminal inaccessible**

**Explanation:** more was unable to open the terminal for input.

**User response:** Make sure that the standard input is assigned to a terminal.

---

**FSUM7027** **invalid command:** *command*

**Explanation:** The *command* argument to **-p** or **+** was invalid.

**User response:** Fix the syntax of *command* .

---

**FSUM7028** **No such mark**

**Explanation:** You attempted to move to a mark using the *'letter* command, but you never defined the mark *letter* with a **mletter** command.

**User response:** Check the name of the mark to which you intended to move, and enter the correct name with the **'** command, or define a mark with the name specified.

---

---

**FSUM7029** *command: cannot create temporary file*

**Explanation:** more was unable to create a working file that it needed.

**User response:** Ensure that you either have a /tmp directory or that the environment contains a variable TMPDIR which names a directory where more can store temporary files. Also, ensure that you have sufficient permissions on this directory to create a temporary file.

---

**FSUM7030** *--More--*

**Explanation:** This message is displayed at the bottom of the screen when the more command is running.

---

**FSUM7031** *cannot create file "filename"*

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the :w *filename* command, but more was unable to create the file, probably due to the existence of a file with that name, no space on the destination device, or inappropriate permissions on the destination directory.

**User response:** Check that *filename* does not already exist, that there is space on the destination device, and that you have appropriate permissions on the destination device.

---

**FSUM7033** *command: unable to find your user name*

**Explanation:** newgrp was unable to find your user name in the system user database.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7034** *command: unknown group "groupname"*

**Explanation:** You specified a *groupname* that was not in the system group database.

**User response:** Use the id command to get a list of all groups you may access.

---

**FSUM7035** *setgroups call failed*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7036** *set group ID to groupname*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7037** *setuid*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7038** *exec default shell "shell"*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7054** *Badly formed number in "string"*

**Explanation:** You specified an option which requires a numeric argument, but the argument given was not a valid number.

**User response:** Provide a valid number as an argument.

---

**FSUM7057** *Unknown format character "character"*

**Explanation:** You specified an unrecognized format character as an argument to the -t option.

**User response:** Check the description of od in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid format characters.

---

**FSUM7058 Invalid size modifier for "character" format**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid size modifier for the *char* format character.

**User response:** Check the description of *od* in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the valid size modifiers for each format character.

---

**FSUM7059 Missing argument for "-character" option**

**Explanation:** You specified the *-opt* option but did not follow it with the expected argument.

**User response:** Provide the expected argument. Check the description of *od* in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid options and their arguments.

---

**FSUM7060 seek error on input**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7061 od: badly formed offset "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified an *offset* that was not a decimal or octal value.

**User response:** Specify a valid *offset* .

---

**FSUM7062 od: offset must be multiple of 512**

**Explanation:** You specified an *offset* value that was not a multiple of 512.

**User response:** Specify an *offset* value that is a multiple of 512.

---

**FSUM7063 too many output formats, (maximum number)**

**Explanation:** You specified too many output formats on the *od* command line. The maximum number of output formats is *num*.

**User response:** Do not specify more than *num* output formats on the *od* command line.

---

**FSUM7065 has links**

**Explanation:** You specified a file that has more than one link.

**User response:** You can force *filename* to be packed with the *-f* option.

---

**FSUM7066 already packed**

**Explanation:** You specified a *filename* that appeared to be a pack file.

**User response:** You can force *filename* to be packed with the *-f* option.

---

**FSUM7067 no saving**

**Explanation:** You specified a file that was too small or uniform to benefit from packing.

**User response:** You can force *filename* to be packed with the *-f* option.

---

**FSUM7068 can't pack in place**

**Explanation:** You specified a file that was too large to pack in place.

**User response:** Specify an output file with the *-o* option.

---

---

**FSUM7070** *command* : *filename* **already exists**

**Explanation:** pack attempted to write its output to the file *filename* , but the file already existed.

**User response:** Delete or rename *filename* .

---

**FSUM7078** **seek on file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7079** **truncate file "*filename*" to length *number* failed**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7080** **setting time on file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7081** **tempnam() error**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7082** **tempfile error on "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7083** **rename *filename1* to *filename2***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7084** **not a packed file**

**Explanation:** You specified an input file that was not a packed file.

**User response:** Make sure that you specified the correct file name. If it is correct, use the file utility to see if it was a compressed file.

---

**FSUM7085** **decoding tree truncated**

**Explanation:** You specified a packed file that was damaged.

**User response:** Specify a packed file that is not damaged.

---

**FSUM7086** **tempfile error**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while writing the unpacked file.

**User response:** Make sure that TMPDIR points to a writable directory, or if TMPDIR is not set, that /tmp is a writable directory.

---

**FSUM7087** **data truncated**

**Explanation:** You specified a packed file that was damaged.

**User response:** Specify a packed file that is not damaged.

---

**FSUM7089** **file size for "*filename*" is greater than or equal to INT\_MAX. Use compress.**

**Explanation:** pack does not support files that are of INT\_MAX size or larger and is obsolescent to the compress utility. The compress utility can handle large files.

**User response:** Use the compress utility.

---

---

FSUM7106 **cannot determine OPEN\_MAX**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7107 **paste: must specify input files**

**Explanation:** You did not specify any input files.

**User response:** Specify at least one input file.

---

FSUM7108 **paste: too many files at "filename"**

**Explanation:** You specified more files than paste can handle. *filename* is the first file that paste was unable to open. The number of files that paste can open depends on the number of files that other processes have open.

**User response:** Close files that other processes have open to increase the number of files that paste can open.

---

FSUM7119 **command: Too many file arguments.**

**Explanation:** You specified more than one file to be patched on the command line.

**User response:** Do not specify more than one file to be patched on the command line.

---

FSUM7120 **string: missing argument after "-command" option**

**Explanation:** You specified *-option* without providing the required argument.

**User response:** Check the *Options* section of the patch man page for a list of options and their arguments.

---

FSUM7131 **Out of space or reached the end of the archive file. If you want to go on, type device or file name when ready**

**Explanation:** There is no more room to write \$ the archive or extract members, or the end of the archive file has been reached. It is also possible that the archive is corrupt.

**User response:** Press CTRL-C to terminate the command or enter the name of a device or file to continue. If there is no additional device or file, press CTRL-C to terminate the command and verify that the archive is not corrupt.

---

FSUM7139 **command: compress: string**

**Explanation:** A problem occurred in the compression of the archive.

**User response:** See the compress man page for a full list of possible compression errors.

---

FSUM7140 **command: decompress: string**

**Explanation:** Normally implies that the archive is corrupted.

**User response:** See the uncompress man page for a full list of possible compression errors.

---

FSUM7141 **Unable to open terminal "term"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7142 **Existing file "filename" is newer**

**Explanation:** *filename* was not extracted from the archive because an existing file with the same name was newer.

**User response:** If you really want to extract *filename*, use the **-u** option.

---



---

**FSUM7143** cannot create parent directory to "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7144** cannot link "*name1*" to "*name2*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7145** *command: pathname: links not supported by OS*

**Explanation:** The pax, tar, or cpio file being extracted contained hard links, which are not supported by the operating system. These files are not extracted.

**User response:** Since this message appears only on systems with no hard link support, there is no way to extract the file as a hard link. One can manually make a copy of the file referenced by the link.

---

**FSUM7146** *name1 symbolic link to name2*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7147** *name1 link to name2*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7148** cannot create file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7151** I/O buffer allocation

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7152** *command: -6 not supported*

**Explanation:** You specified the **-6** option, which is not currently implemented.

**User response:** Do not use the **-6** option.

---

**FSUM7153** *command: Unknown option "-option"*

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM7154** Must specify one of **-i**, **-o**, or **-p**

**Explanation:** When using cpio, you must specify one and only one of the **-i**, **-o**, or **-p** options.

**User response:** Specify one of the required options.

---

**FSUM7155** *command: -r option disabled with -p*

**Explanation:** cpio cannot use the **-r** option (rename files) with **-p** (pass, which copies files from one location to another directory).

**User response:** When using the **-p** option, do not also specify the **-r** option.

---

**FSUM7158** Bad magic number in archive

**Explanation:** Either the wrong file was passed, or the file has been corrupted.

**User response:** Check your archive file.

---

**FSUM7159** *filename*: unsupported file mode *mode*

**Explanation:** When creating a cpio archive, the mode (file type) of the specified file on the file system is not valid for including in a cpio archive.

**User response:** Check the file type of the named file, and correct if possible. (The file type may be an extension to POSIX, which is valid on the host operating System, but shouldn't be included in a portable cpio archive.)

---

**FSUM7160** *command*: Unknown mode field *mode*

**Explanation:** The type of the file specified in the *mode* field of the cpio archive is not supported by the operating system.

**User response:** No action possible, as the file cannot exist on the host system.

---

**FSUM7161** *command*: "string" not found.

**Explanation:** You specified the name of an archive member, but it was not found in the archive.

**User response:** Get a full table of contents of the archive to see if you are using the correct name.

---

**FSUM7162** *command*: file "*filename*": Unable to represent filename in ISO/IEC 8859 -- not saved

**Explanation:** Characters in *filename* cannot be represented in the character set used in tar archives.

**User response:** Rename the specified file to contain only characters in ISO/IEC 8859.

---

**FSUM7163** symbolic link *filename*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7164** Bad format in header

**Explanation:** Either the wrong file was passed, or the file has been corrupted.

**User response:** Check your archive file.

---

**FSUM7165** *command*: archive file name >*num* characters

**Explanation:** The archive contained a path name that was longer than that permitted on the local system.

**User response:** Re-create the archive using a shorter relative path.

---

**FSUM7167** *command*: interactive EOF

**Explanation:** When using the interactive rename option, an end-of-file was encountered.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM7169** *command*: cannot set access/modify time on "*filename*"

**Explanation:** While *filename* was being restored, the timestamp could not be restored to its original value. This is most likely due to the lack of appropriate permission to the file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Obtain the appropriate permission, or disable the restoring of the timestamp by using the *-pm* option (for pax) or the *-m* option (for tar).

---

---

**FSUM7170** *filename:* **cannot set mode**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7171** *filename:* **cannot set uid/gid**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7172** **Warning: file "file": character "character"**

**Explanation:** While attempting to convert data in the archive during a read or write, pax encountered a character that could not be converted to the desired codeset. The character is left untranslated.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM7173** *command:* **out of memory for link tables**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to create the needed link tables. When archiving files with multiple links, each link must be remembered.

**User response:** Archive in smaller pieces.

---

**FSUM7174** *command:* **missing num link(s) to filename**

**Explanation:** Not all links to a given file were archived.

**User response:** None.

---

**FSUM7175** **Missing file characteristics after "p"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-p** option without providing an argument that indicated the file characteristics to be preserved.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM7176** **Missing blocking factor after "b"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-b** option without providing an argument that indicated the size of an output block.

**User response:** Provide the missing block size.

---

**FSUM7177** **Missing filename after "f"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-f** option without providing a file name as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing file name.

---

**FSUM7178** **Missing substitution after "s"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-s** option without providing a substitution command as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing substitution command.

---

**FSUM7179** **Missing format after "x"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-x** option without providing an archive format as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing archive format.

---

**FSUM7180 Missing volume pattern after "V"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-V** option without providing a volume pattern as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing volume pattern.

---

**FSUM7181 Missing keyword list after "o"**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-o** option without providing a keyword list as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing keyword list.

---

**FSUM7182 Unable to convert from codeset "codeset1" to codeset "codeset2"**

**Explanation:** The host file name character set ( *codeset1* ) was unable to map to and from the archive character set ( *codeset2* ).

**User response:** Correctly specify to and from keywords with the **-o** option of pax.

---

**FSUM7183 *command:* cannot read archive from terminal**

**Explanation:** You attempted to extract or list an archive from a tty device.

**User response:** Specify a non-tty file name to pax.

---

**FSUM7184 *command:* can't use -a or -u with stdout**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-a** or **-u** option when sending output to the standard output. These options can only be used with archive files.

**User response:** Make sure that you specify an archive file when using the **-a** or **-u** options.

---

**FSUM7185 *command:* blocking factor must be at least 512 for read operations**

**Explanation:** You specified a blocking factor of less than 512 bytes and attempted to perform read operations.

**User response:** Use the **-b** option to specify a block size of at least 512 bytes.

---

**FSUM7194 *command:* badly formed number: "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid number as the argument of a **-b** option.

**User response:** Specify a valid number.

---

**FSUM7195 *command:* overflow in blocking factor: "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified a *blocksize* argument to the **-b** option that was too large.

**User response:** Use a smaller value for *blocksize*.

---

**FSUM7196 *command:* blocking factor of 0 not allowed**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-b** option with an argument that evaluated to zero.

**User response:** Specify a nonzero value as the argument to the **-b** option.

---

**FSUM7197 *command:* invalid archive format selected: 'string'**

**Explanation:** You specified an argument to the **-x** option that is not a supported format.

**User response:** Check the description of pax in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of supported archive formats.

---

---

**FSUM7199** *command:* **medium not seekable**

**Explanation:** You attempted to append to an archive which was not seekable.

**User response:** Create a new archive instead.

---

**FSUM7200** *command: pathname:* **Not a directory**

**Explanation:** You specified pass mode with either the **-p** option for `cpio` or the **-r** and **-w** options for `pax`, but the destination given was not a directory.

**User response:** Make sure that the destination *pathname* is a directory.

---

**FSUM7203** *command:* **error in string replacement:** *string*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while string placement was being performed during regular expression processing.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Verify that the regular expressions used are correct and reissue the command.

---

**FSUM7204** **Warning: blocking factor** *blocksize* **not portable to UNIX**

**Explanation:** You specified a blocking factor ( *blocksize* ) that was larger than 20. This may create an archive that does not work on a UNIX system.

**User response:** To guarantee portability to a UNIX system, use a *blocksize* of 20 or less. A larger value may work but is not guaranteed.

---

**FSUM7205** **TAR file already set**

**Explanation:** You specified the **f** option more than once on the command line.

**User response:** Specify the **f** option only once.

---

**FSUM7206** **Must specify one of 'c', 'r', 't', 'u', or 'x'**

**Explanation:** `tar` requires that you specify one of the **c**, **r**, **t**, **u**, or **x** options as the first character of its option string. You failed to do this.

**User response:** Specify one of the required options at the beginning of the option string.

---

**FSUM7207** *command:* **"z" (compress) option unavailable with "option"**

**Explanation:** The `compress` option cannot be specified with the `"r"` (replace) option; compressed archives cannot be appended to.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** To add a file to the end of a compressed archive, you can first use the `uncompress` utility to uncompress the archive, and later use the `compress` utility to recompress the archive.

---

**FSUM7209** *command:* **tape archive medium not seekable**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the `replace (r)` option on an archive file that was not seekable.

**User response:** Only use the `r` option with archive files that are seekable.

---

**FSUM7210** *command:* **'u' function not implemented--using 'r'**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7211 **chdir to *pathname***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7218 *command: string: name too long*

**Explanation:** The path name *filename* was too long to be included in a tar archive.

**User response:** Rename or move *filename* , such that its path name is shorter.

---

FSUM7219 *command: string: Unknown mode filename*

**Explanation:** The type of the file specified in the *mode* field of the tar archive entry is not supported by the operating system.

**User response:** No action possible, as the file cannot exist on the host system.

---

FSUM7220 *command: string is a special file--not dumped*

**Explanation:** You attempted to dump a special file *filename* when writing a non-USTAR tar file.

**User response:** Do not specify special files to be included in tar archives. If you want to archive special files, use a USTAR format archive.

---

FSUM7221 *command: file "hardlink": hard link to "targetfile" ignored: tar format does not permit links to pathnames longer than n*

**Explanation:** The format of the tar and USTAR archives does not allow the storing of files that are hardlinked to files whose name exceeds *n* characters. Hard links are files that have the same inode value. The first file stored in the archive with the same inode as subsequently archived hardlinks is considered the target of those subsequently archived hardlinks. The name of the target hard link cannot exceed *n* characters, because the format of the archive only allows for *n* characters to represent the name of the target hardlink.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** For z/OS Release 9 or later, pax and tar support an extended USTAT format, which can store hard links whose target exceeds *n* characters. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. For previous versions, the hardlink cannot be stored unless the name of the target hardlink is shortened. For pax, the -i or -s options can be used to rename files.

---

FSUM7222 *command: symbolic link "symlink": tar format does not permit symbolic links to pathnames longer than n*

**Explanation:** The format of the tar and USTAR archives does not allow the storing of symbolic links whose target pathname exceeds *n* characters.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** For z/OS Release 9 or later, pax and tar support an extended USTAT format, which can store symbolic links whose target exceeds *n* characters. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

FSUM7223 **tape read**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7224 **Incomplete tape block**

**Explanation:** When reading a tape archive header, a block that was not the same size as the archive block size was read.

**User response:** Check to see if the archive was corrupted.

---

---

**FSUM7226** *command: filename:* **name too long...switching to USTAR format**

**Explanation:** The pax or tar command was using the original UNIX tar format when it encountered *filename*, whose name was too long to be represented in the archive using the original UNIX tar format. It switched to the USTAR format for the remainder of the archive.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** This is an informational message. No corruption occurred to the archive or to *filename*, and no recovery action is required. To avoid this message, use the "-U" option for tar, to force the use of the USTAR format. For pax, do not use "-x" to specify the tar format; pax will use USTAR as the default.

---

**FSUM7229** **scratch file**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7230** **sorting**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7231** **updating archive**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7252** **Badly constructed regular expression.**

**Explanation:** You specified an incorrect regular expression.

**User response:** Correct the regular expression.

---

**FSUM7253** **No remembered regular expression.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the /, ?, or ^ command to repeat a previous search; however, no previous search command identified a regular expression to search for.

**User response:** Explicitly specify the regular expression for which you want to search.

---

**FSUM7257** **Missing prompt after -p**

**Explanation:** You specified the -p option without providing a prompt string as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing prompt string.

---

**FSUM7259** **Terminfo database not found**

**Explanation:** The terminfo database could not be found.

**User response:** Set the environment variable TERMINFO to point at a valid database of terminal information.

---

**FSUM7260** *term:* **Unknown terminal type.**

**Explanation:** The terminal type *term* could not be found in the terminal database.

**User response:** Check that the TERM environment variable is set correctly.

---

**FSUM7261** *term:* **Unknown terminal type, using dumb.**

**Explanation:** The terminal type *term* could not be found in the terminal database. The terminal type was set to dumb.

**User response:** Check that the TERM environment variable is set correctly.

---

**FSUM7263** insufficient memory

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the requested operation.

**User response:** Free up more system resources.

---

**FSUM7266** Width is insufficient

**Explanation:** The line was not wide enough to hold the given number of columns with the given column width; or a column was not wide enough to hold the minimum amount of data.

**User response:** Use the `-w` option to increase the width of the page.

---

**FSUM7267** Too many files for merge(-m) option; limit *num*

**Explanation:** You specified too many files for the `-m` option to handle. The limit was *num* files.

**User response:** Specify fewer files.

---

**FSUM7280** rm: not allowed to remove *pathname*

**Explanation:** You specified either `.` (current directory) or `..` (parent directory) as the final pathname component of *pathname*. `rm` will not remove these directories.

**System action:** Processing for the *pathname* is skipped, the command continues.

**User response:** Do not specify `.` or `..` as the final pathname component of *pathname*.

---

**FSUM7282** rm: use "-r" to remove directory "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** You attempted to use `rm` to remove a directory without specifying the `-r` option.

**User response:** Specify the `-r` option when you want to use `rm` to remove a directory.

---

**FSUM7283** rm: fatal error during "-r" option

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7286** cannot stat entry "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7287** cannot open directory "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7290** insufficient memory for buffers

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate as buffers.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM7291** "y" command may not be followed by a newline

**Explanation:** You followed the `y` command with a newline rather than its required arguments.

**User response:** Provide the missing arguments.

---

**FSUM7293** non-matching "{" and "}" commands

**Explanation:** You specified a `{` command without the matching `}`.

**User response:** Provide the missing `}`.

---



---

**FSUM7294** garbage after command

**Explanation:** You specified invalid characters after a script command.

**User response:** Remove the surplus characters.

---

**FSUM7295** *number* addresses given for command expecting at most *maximum\_number*

**Explanation:** You specified a command with *number* addresses that uses a maximum of *maximum\_number* addresses.

**User response:** Use the correct number of addresses.

---

**FSUM7296** newline or end of file found in pattern

**Explanation:** sed encountered a newline or end-of-file character when reading a pattern from the script or script file.

**User response:** Check the pattern for a missing delimiter.

---

**FSUM7297** Missing script

**Explanation:** You specified the `-e` option but did not provide a script as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing script.

---

**FSUM7299** label "*label*" not found in script

**Explanation:** You specified *label* as an argument to the `b` or `t` command, but *label* does not exist in the script.

**User response:** Make sure that `b` and `t` commands refer to labels that exist in the script.

---

**FSUM7300** cannot nest "!" command

**Explanation:** You attempted to execute one `!` command from within another.

**User response:** Remove any nested `!` commands.

---

**FSUM7301** "\" must terminate the "*character*" command

**Explanation:** You specified the `cmd` command, but you did not provide the backslash (`\`) required to terminate its input.

**User response:** Provide the missing `\`.

---

**FSUM7302** End of file in "*cmd*" command

**Explanation:** sed encountered an end of file while parsing the command `cmd`.

**User response:** Check the script file for missing closing quotes, missing regular expression delimiters, and other syntactical errors.

---

**FSUM7303** "*cmd*" command needs a label

**Explanation:** You specified a command that requires a label as an argument, but you did not provide the label name.

**User response:** Provide the missing label name.

---

**FSUM7305** no memory file file table

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the requested operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM7306** badly formed file name for "*cmd*" command

**Explanation:** You specified the *cmd* which requires a file name as an argument, but the given argument does not have the syntax of a file name.

**User response:** Specify a valid file name.

---

**FSUM7308** insufficient memory to compile command

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources for *sed* to compile a given command.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM7309** bad regular expression delimiter after \

**Explanation:** You used a backslash (\) to indicate an alternate regular expression delimiter, but you did not follow it with a valid delimiter.

**User response:** Provide a valid delimiter following the \ (that is, any character other than newline, space, tab, or EOF).

---

**FSUM7310** no remembered regular expression

**Explanation:** You issued a command that tried to use a remembered regular expression, but there was no remembered regular expression.

**User response:** Specify the regular expression explicitly.

---

**FSUM7311** script file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7315** *string*: restricted

**Explanation:** You were using the restricted version of the shell (for example, by specifying the *-r* option for *sh*). The restricted shell does not allow the use of the specified command.

**User response:** To use the specified command, you must be using a non-restricted shell.

---

**FSUM7316** *string*: readonly variable

**Explanation:** You attempted to change or remove the variable *name* which was marked as read-only.

**User response:** Do not attempt to change or remove a read-only variable.

---

**FSUM7317** temporary file (*filename*) error using here document

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7318** cannot open script "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7320** missing command after *-c*

**Explanation:** You specified the *-c* option but did not provide a command as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing command.

---

---

**FSUM7321 Unknown option "*option*"**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM7325 return: not executing function**

**Explanation:** You specified a return command when you were not executing a function.

**User response:** Only use return to return from a function.

---

**FSUM7326 reading script**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7327 signal number *num* not conventional**

**Explanation:** You specified a signal number *num* which is not conventional. The signal associated with the signal number is not the same across all platforms. The signal number *num* defined by this system will be used by the command.

**System action:** The command continues. This message does not affect the exit status.

**User response:** To avoid this message, specify the desired signal name.

---

**FSUM7328 too many outstanding signals**

---

**FSUM7329 <(command) and >(command) not implemented**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use <(command) or >(command) which are not implemented in this version of the shell.

**User response:** Do not use these constructs.

---

**FSUM7330 <<*string* unclosed**

**Explanation:** The shell encountered an end-of-file character while reading a here document before it encountered *name*.

**User response:** Make sure that *name* appears in the text of the input file.

---

**FSUM7331 too many << in line**

**Explanation:** You specified more than 10 here documents using <<.

**User response:** Simplify your command line to use fewer here documents.

---

**FSUM7332 syntax error: got *string1* expecting *string2***

**Explanation:** When processing your input, the shell encountered *string1* when it was expecting *string2*.

**User response:** Check the description of sh in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the correct syntax for various shell commands. Reenter your input with the correct syntax.

---

**FSUM7333 Use "exit"**

**Explanation:** You entered an end-of-file (EOF) character (Ctrl-D), but the ignoreeof shell option is set. The ignoreeof option tells the shell not to exit when an EOF character is entered.

**System action:** The shell continues.

**User response:** Enter the exit command to exit the shell.

---

**FSUM7334 not an identifier**

**Explanation:** You specified a for, function, or select statement, but did not follow it with a valid identifier.

**User response:** Provide a valid identifier after the statement.

---

**FSUM7337 coprocess not implemented**

**Explanation:** On DOS, you attempted to use an operation or option that depends on coprocesses. DOS does not support coprocesses.

**User response:** Do not attempt to use coprocesses on DOS.

---

**FSUM7338 execute: internal error ( number )**

**Explanation:** This is an internal error in the z/OS shell.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Report this error to IBM Service.

---

**FSUM7339 ambiguous redirection**

**Explanation:** You specified a file name in a redirection construct that expands to other than a single word.

**User response:** Ensure that the file name in a redirection construct expands to a single word.

---

**FSUM7340 file descriptor *fd* already redirected**

**Explanation:** You attempted to redirect the file descriptor *fd* which was already being redirected in the same command.

**User response:** Only redirect a file descriptor once.

---

**FSUM7341 bad file descriptor "*fd*"**

**Explanation:** You tried to read from, or write to, the file descriptor *fd* which was not open for that operation.

**User response:** Open the file descriptor *fd* for the appropriate operation.

---

**FSUM7342 file "*filename*" already exists**

**Explanation:** You attempted to redirect output into an existing file, but you have turned on the **noclobber** option (see set 1).

**User response:** Use the construct `>| filename` to redirect the output into an existing file or turn the **noclobber** option off with `set+o noclobber`.

---

**FSUM7343 cannot open "*filename*" for input/output**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7345 no file descriptor available**

**Explanation:** You attempted to redirect a file descriptor but none were available. When a file descriptor is redirected, the old value is remembered by the shell by duplicating it to yet another file descriptor. The total number of file descriptors is limited by the system and hence the shell may run out while it looks like your command is using far fewer than the maximum number of descriptors.

**User response:** Free up a file descriptor.

---

---

**FSUM7346 no pipes available**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7347 cannot open "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7349 only one co-process allowed**

**Explanation:** You tried to create more than one coprocess.

**User response:** Do not attempt to create more than one coprocess.

---

**FSUM7350 e\_cmd: negative result?**

**Explanation:** This is an internal error in the z/OS shell.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Report this error to IBM Service.

---

**FSUM7351 not found**

**Explanation:** You attempted to execute a command that could not be found.

**User response:** Ensure that the command exists and that the PATH environment variable is valid.

---

**FSUM7352 recursion too deep**

**Explanation:** You have defined a function that has too many levels of recursion.

**User response:** Simplify the function to use fewer levels of recursion.

---

**FSUM7354 "string" is not an identifier**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a nonalphanumeric *name* as an identifier.

**User response:** Use only alphanumeric names for identifiers.

---

**FSUM7355 bad file descriptor "fd"**

**Explanation:** You tried to read from, or write to, the file descriptor *fd* which was not open for that operation.

**User response:** Open the file descriptor *fd* for the appropriate operation.

---

**FSUM7356 history not available**

**Explanation:** The shell was unable to open a history file when you logged in.

**User response:** Make sure that the environment variable HISTFILE is set to a file which is named properly and for which you have appropriate permissions. You may have to log in again.

---

**FSUM7357 no active co-process**

**Explanation:** You attempted to receive input from or send output to a coprocess when there was no active coprocess.

**User response:** Do not use the **-p** option when there is no active coprocess.

---

**FSUM7358 no HOME directory**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use `cd` to return to your home directory; however, the environment variable `HOME` was not defined.

**User response:** Set the environment variable `HOME` to the path name of your home directory.

---

**FSUM7359 no previous directory**

**Explanation:** You tried to use the command `cd -` to return to your previous working directory; however, there was no record of what your previous directory was.

**User response:** Specify the desired directory explicitly.

---

**FSUM7360 pattern "old" not found in "dir"**

**Explanation:** You tried a command of the form `cd old new`. However, the name of the current directory `dir` does not contain any string matching the regular expression `old`.

**User response:** Ensure that the name of the current directory contains the regular expression `old`.

---

**FSUM7362 writing**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7363 reading**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7364 bad shift count *expr***

**Explanation:** You specified an expression that did not evaluate to a number in the range from 0 to the number of remaining positional parameters.

**User response:** Specify an expression that evaluates to a number in the range from 0 to the number of remaining positional parameters.

---

**FSUM7366 "string" not a valid trap name**

**Explanation:** You specified an unrecognized trap name.

**User response:** Check that you spelled the trap name correctly.

---

**FSUM7367 base "number" not in [2,36]**

**Explanation:** You used the `-i` option to specify a base for an integer, but the base was not in the range from 2 to 36.

**User response:** Specify a base in the range from 2 to 36.

---

**FSUM7369 Cannot restore privileged state**

**Explanation:** You specified `+o privileged` or `-p`, but for some reason, the shell cannot restore the affected values.

**User response:** Exit the current shell and start a new one.

---

**FSUM7411 cannot create temporary file**

**Explanation:** A temporary file was required to perform the requested operations. The shell was unable to create this file, for example, because the disk was full.

**User response:** Free up more disk space.

---

---

**FSUM7412 no command matches "command"**

**Explanation:** You asked to edit a command beginning with a particular *string*, but there was no such command in the history file.

**User response:** Use the `fc` command to browse through the history file to ensure that *string* is entered correctly.

---

**FSUM7421 command is corrupt**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred in the z/OS shell while it was searching for the *command*.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Report this error to IBM Service.

---

**FSUM7422 name is not found**

**Explanation:** You specified a *name* that type was unable to find.

**User response:** Check that the *name* exists, was spelled properly, and that you have the appropriate permissions.

---

**FSUM7423 stack overflow**

**Explanation:** You specified an expression that was too complicated for the stack to handle.

**User response:** Try simplifying the expression.

---

**FSUM7424 misplaced subscript**

**Explanation:** The subscript for an array was missing or invalid.

**User response:** Make sure that you provide a valid subscript for the array.

---

**FSUM7425 unknown operator**

**Explanation:** You specified an unknown operator.

**User response:** Check the *Arithmetic Substitution* subsection of the description of `sh` in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a table showing the valid arithmetic operators.

---

**FSUM7426 base must be in [2,36]**

**Explanation:** You specified a base that was not in the range 2 to 36.

**User response:** Specify a base in the 2 to 36 range.

---

**FSUM7427 unmatched ? :**

**Explanation:** You specified the `?` operator without the `:`.

**User response:** Specify the missing `:`.

---

**FSUM7428 expression: internal error**

**Explanation:** This is an internal error in the z/OS shell.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Report this error to IBM Service.

---

**FSUM7429** assign only to variable

**Explanation:** You specified an assignment where the left hand side that was not a variable.

**User response:** Only use the assignment operators to assign values to variables.

---

**FSUM7430** error in arithmetic expression "*expr*"

**Explanation:** An error occurred in the arithmetic expression *expr*.

**User response:** Look up *error* in the error listing for more details.

---

**FSUM7431** error in arithmetic expression "*expr*" near *substr*

**Explanation:** An error occurred in the arithmetic expression *expr* near the substring *substr* .

**User response:** Look up *error* in the error listing for more details.

---

**FSUM7433** string: No such job

**Explanation:** You specified a nonexistent job identifier.

**User response:** Use the jobs command to get a list of jobs that are currently job controlled.

---

**FSUM7438** job control disabled

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the fg or bg command when set-o monitor (or set -m was not set.

**User response:** Turn on monitor mode with set -omonitor or set-m. This mode is not supported on all systems.

---

**FSUM7439** job [*job-id*] not job controlled

**Explanation:** You specified the job identifier of a job which was not being job controlled.

**User response:** Use the jobs command to get a list of jobs currently being job controlled.

---

**FSUM7440** cannot continue job

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7441** "*string*" not a valid signal

**Explanation:** You specified a non-integer signal for kill that was not a valid signal name, or you specified a signal that is outside the range of valid signal numbers.

**User response:** Make sure that you specify a valid signal number or name for *signal*.

---

**FSUM7442** "*string*" is not a job

**Explanation:** You specified a job-identifier that is not valid, or a pid (process ID) that is not valid. One example of an invalid pid is a number greater than 2147483647.

**User response:** Specify a valid job-identifier or pid.

---

**FSUM7443** j\_freejob(NULL)!

**Explanation:** An internal function in the z/OS UNIX shell was invoked with a NULL input parameter. If this occurred after a prior failure, it is normal and may be ignored.

**System action:** The command ends. The shell continues.

**User response:** If this occurs repeatedly, or without a prior failure, follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---



---

**FSUM7449** *pathname:* **Unknown file type field value `type'**

**Explanation:** A file with an invalid file type was encountered when extracting or listing an archive's contents.

**User response:** This archive is invalid. No action is possible.

---

**FSUM7452** *string:* **Pathname component too long**

**Explanation:** You specified a *directory* with a name that was longer than the maximum length indicated by the configuration variable `\*[VARX PATH_MAX]`. The specified *directory* is invalid, since no directory can exist with a path name that long.

**User response:** Specify a valid directory.

---

**FSUM7453** **Argument to -n must be numeric**

**Explanation:** You specified an argument to the `-n` option that was not a number.

**User response:** Specify a numeric argument for `-n`.

---

**FSUM7455** *command name:* **warning--file size error in "filename"--file truncated**

**Explanation:** While *filename* was being written to the archive, the size of the file grew. Only the amount of the file that corresponds to the original size of *filename* was archived; the contents of *filename* in the archive no longer match the contents of *filename* on your file system.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** If the truncation of *filename* is a problem, rebuild the archive.

---

**FSUM7456** *command name :* **warning--file size error in " filename "--file padded with spaces**

**Explanation:** While *filename* was being written to the archive, another unrelated application caused the size of the file to become smaller. *filename* was stored in the archive padded with spaces to its original size, and the contents of *filename* in the archive no longer match the contents of *filename* on your file system.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** If the padding of *filename* is a problem, rebuild the archive.

---

**FSUM7457** **Checksum error on tape (got hexnum1 expected hexnum2 )**

**Explanation:** A bad checksum was found in a tar header.

**User response:** Check to see if the archive was corrupted.

---

**FSUM7458** *command:* **non-USTAR header in USTAR archive at "string"**

**Explanation:** When reading a USTAR format archive, pax encountered a header without the USTAR magic number.

**User response:** Check to see if your archive has been corrupted.

---

**FSUM7459** *string:* **Component `directory' makes pathname too long.**

**Explanation:** The *name* component of the specified path name makes the overall path name longer than the maximum length indicated by the configuration variable `PATH_MAX`.

**User response:** Use `cd` to move deeper into the directory structure and try `lc` again. This should result in a shorter overall path name.

---

**FSUM7460** *string: try "c" option for ASCII archive*

**Explanation:** The magic number in the cpio archive header appeared to be in ASCII.

**User response:** Try using the `-x` cpio option instead of `-x cpiob`.

---

**FSUM7461** *command: string: final component of name too long*

**Explanation:** The USTAR format extends the old tar file name limit from 100 to 256 bytes; however, this requires breaking up the file name into one piece of 156 bytes or less and another piece of 100 bytes or less. The break occurs between directory components (that is, at a slash). In the case of *pathname*, the second component could not be made to fit into 100 bytes.

**User response:** Move or rename *pathname* to have shorter path components.

---

**FSUM7462** *command: string: Unable to split name to fit in tar header*

**Explanation:** The USTAR format extends the old tar file name limit from 100 to 256 bytes; however, this requires breaking up the file name into one piece of 156 bytes or less and another piece of 100 bytes or less. The break occurs between directory components (that is, at a slash). In this case, the characteristics of *pathname* would not allow it to be broken up in such a manner.

**User response:** Move or rename *pathname* to have shorter path components.

---

**FSUM7473** **Missing variable assignment**

**Explanation:** You specified the `-v` option but did not follow it with a variable assignment.

**User response:** Provide a variable assignment following the `-v` option.

---

**FSUM7475** *command: username is not a member of group groupname*

**Explanation:** The user *username* is not included in the list of users who are members of the group *groupname*, and the group does not have a password or password phrase.

**User response:** See your system programmer about adding *username* to the members of *groupname*.

---

**FSUM7476** **-f filename invalid if message given**

**Explanation:** On the `logger` command line, you used the `-f` to indicate a file from which `logger` is to read log messages; however, you also provided the argument *string* to be used as a log message. You cannot use both methods on the same command line.

**User response:** Either specify a file to be read with the `-f` option or provide a log message on the command line, but not both.

---

**FSUM7477** **Formatted log message too long -- limit LINE\_MAX (num)**

**Explanation:** The formatted log message was longer than *num* characters. *num* is the value of the configuration variable `LINE_MAX`.

**User response:** Shorten your log message.

---

**FSUM7478** **Warning: newgrp utility probably not setuid to root.**

---

**FSUM7483** **bad file name in atjobs directory: "pathname"**

**Explanation:** A file in the `atjobs` directory was not of the form *jobid* . *queuename* . No period (.) was found in the file name.

**User response:** Have your system programmer remove the file.

---

---

**FSUM7488** files too large, trying "-h" option ...

**Explanation:** You specified the **-H** option, but there were not enough free system resources to handle the files. `diff` will now try to compare the files using the **-h** option.

**User response:** If you are comparing these two files again, specify the **-h** option on the command line for faster operation.

---

**FSUM7490** Missing field separator

**Explanation:** You specified the **-F** option but did not follow it with a field separator.

**User response:** Provide a field separator following the **-F** option.

---

**FSUM7495** Security error: file "*filename*" owner is #*user\_id1*, should be #*user\_id2*

**Explanation:** The user ID of the owner of a crontab file does not match the user ID in the user database corresponding to the name of the crontab file (which is the name of the user who should own it).

**User response:** Have your system programmer check the `setuid` and ownership (root) of the crontab program and remove the file.

---

**FSUM7496** Security error: At job directory "*pathname*": bad owner/mode: cron exiting

**Explanation:** An `atjob` file was found without root ownership, or it had other-writable permission.

**User response:** Have your system programmer fix the ownership and/or permissions on the file, and check the `setuid` and ownership of the `at` program.

---

**FSUM7497** Security error: Crontab directory "*pathname*": bad owner/mode: cron exiting

**Explanation:** A cron directory was found without root ownership, or it had other-writable permissions.

**User response:** Have your system programmer make root the owner of the directory and turn off the other-writable permission.

---

**FSUM7499** string: command: symbolic links not supported by OS

**Explanation:** You attempted to extract a file specified as a symbolic link in the archive. Symbolic links are not supported on all operating systems.

**User response:** Do not use symbolic links on this system.

---

**FSUM7501** command: bad substitution expression: "*sub\_pattern*"

**Explanation:** You invoked with a **-s** option, but the `sub_pattern` argument was empty, or did not contain a leading delimiter.

**User response:** Specify a valid `sub_pattern` argument, such as **-s old/new**.

---

**FSUM7502** fifo special file "*filename*": fifo not supported by local o/s

**Explanation:** You attempted to extract an archive file containing a FIFO file, and the host operating system does not support FIFOs.

**User response:** Since the operating system does not support FIFOs, no action is possible.

---

**FSUM7506** Unknown tape density "*num*"

**Explanation:** You specified a tape drive number followed by an argument that should be a tape density, but the argument was not `l`, `m`, or `h`.

**User response:** Specify a valid tape density (`l`, `m`, or `h`).

---

**FSUM7507** Missing file name after "f"

**Explanation:** You specified the **f** option but you did not specify the name of an archive file as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing file name.

---

**FSUM7509** Missing blocking factor after "b"

**Explanation:** You specified the **-b** option without providing an argument that indicated the size of an output block.

**User response:** Provide the missing block size.

---

**FSUM7513** Blocking factor "*blocksize*" is non-numeric

**Explanation:** You specified the **-b** option, but the *blocksize* argument was not a valid number.

**User response:** Specify a valid number as the value of *blocksize*.

---

**FSUM7514** Blocking factor larger than *number*

**Explanation:** You specified the **-b** option, but the *blocksize* argument that you provided is too large.

**User response:** Use a smaller *blocksize* .

---

**FSUM7517** *command*: **-O: Must specify -o option**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-O** option, but did not specify the **-o** option.

**User response:** To use the **-O** option, you must specify the **-o** option.

---

**FSUM7520** *command*: **-I: Must specify -i option**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-I** option, but did not specify the **-i** option.

**User response:** To use the **-I** option, you must specify the **-i** option.

---

**FSUM7522** *command*: **missing directory after -C**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-C** but did not provide a directory name as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing directory name.

---

**FSUM7524** Only one character allowed after -t

**Explanation:** You specified a field separator that was longer than one character as an argument to the **-t** option.

**User response:** Use a one-character field separator.

---

**FSUM7530** *string: command: msg\_file*: **message must have id in range [1..line]**

**Explanation:** You specified a message identifier outside the valid range.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the *gencat* man page and `\*[INCL nls.h]` for the valid range for message identifiers.

---

**FSUM7531** **writing to *name***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM7532** *string: command: msg\_file:* **missing set identifier**

**Explanation:** You omitted the *set-id* from a `$set` directive.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the `gencat` man page for the format of the `$set` directive.

---

**FSUM7533** *string: command: msg\_file:* **set id must be in range [1..line]**

**Explanation:** You specified a set identifier outside the valid range.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the `gencat` man page and `\*[INCL nls.h]` for the valid range for set identifiers.

---

**FSUM7534** *string: command: msg\_file:* **EOF in string**

**Explanation:** End of file was encountered in a message text string.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the `gencat` man page for the format of text message.

---

**FSUM7535** *string: command: msg\_file:* **unterminated string**

**Explanation:** An unescaped newline was encountered in a quoted message text string.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the `gencat` man page for the format of text message.

---

**FSUM7536** *string: command: msg\_file:* **EOF in string escape**

**Explanation:** End of file was encountered in an escape sequence in a message text string.

**User response:** See the *DESCRIPTION* section of the `gencat` man page for the format of text message.

---

**FSUM7538** **growing set index**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7539** **initializing new set**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7540** **growing message index**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7542** **copying text to *catalog***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7543** **exitializing set index**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7544** **getting index indirector**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7545** **writing index to *catalog***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM7546** allocating set index

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7547** <state *num1*, *i* = *num2* >

---

**FSUM7548** Token buffer overflow

**Explanation:** Your scanner contained a token that was larger than the token buffer.

**User response:** Increase the size of the token buffer by editing `yyllex.c` and increasing the size of `YYLMAX`, then recompile your scanner.

---

**FSUM7552** Push-back buffer overflow

**Explanation:** Your scanner action code called the `unput` function too many times in a row, causing the pushback buffer to overflow.

**User response:** Increase the size of the pushback by editing `yyllex.c` and increasing the size of `YYLMAX`, then recompile your scanner.

---

**FSUM7553** seeking index in *catalog*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7554** reading index from *catalog*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7558** creating temp file *name*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7559** allocating index

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7560** initializing set index

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7561** opening *catalog*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7562** creating temp file name

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7679** `getcwd`

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7723** -- core dumped

**Explanation:** A program called by the shell terminated with a core dump.

**User response:** Ensure that the program was called correctly.

---

---

**FSUM7725 history**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7726 cannot fork: reason code = *reasoncode***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on reason code.

---

**FSUM7727 shell metacharacter in wordexp()**

**Explanation:** The wordexp function was called by the shell to expand a string that contained special shell characters.

**User response:** Check the program which calls wordexp and ensure that the string to be expanded does not contain any special shell characters.

---

**FSUM7728 bad \${} modifier**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid modifier in a **\${}** construct.

**User response:** Check the description of sh in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid modifiers in **\${}** constructs.

---

**FSUM7729 missing closing "char"**

**Explanation:** You specified a {, =, \', ~, ", (, ((, or [ and did not provide the corresponding closing character.

**User response:** Provide the missing closing character.

---

**FSUM7730 string: no expansion of unset variables**

**Explanation:** You attempt to expand an unset variable when **set-o nounset** was on.

**User response:** Use **set+o nounset** to turn **nounset** off and retry the expansion.

---

**FSUM7731 string: cannot assign**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the special parameter @ or \* either as part of the undefined variable *name* in the construct **\${name=word}** or as part of the empty or undefined variable *name* in the construct **\${name :=word}**.

**User response:** Do not use the special parameters @ and \* as part of *name* when using these two constructs.

---

**FSUM7732 string: parameter null or not set**

**Explanation:** You specified a **\${ name?}** construct where *name* was not set and no message followed the ?.

**User response:** Set *name* and specify a message after the ?.

---

**FSUM7733 no command substitution permitted**

**Explanation:** The wordexp function was called by the shell to expand a string that contained command substitution, such as **\$(cmd )** or **f(CW' cmd')**.

**User response:** Check the program that called wordexp and ensure that the string to be expanded does not contain any command substitutions.

---

**FSUM7734 substitute: internal error**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred in the z/OS UNIX shell word substitution function.

**System action:** The command ends. The shell continues.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

**FSUM7739 Illegal instruction**

**Explanation:** The shell received an illegal instruction signal. This signal typically occurs when a process tries to execute something that is not a valid machine instruction recognized by the hardware.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7766 unbalanced [ ]**

**Explanation:** You specified a [ without providing the matching ].

**User response:** Provide the missing ].

---

**FSUM7767 missing closing )**

**Explanation:** You specified a ( as part of the test expression but did not provide the closing ).

**User response:** Provide the missing ).

---

**FSUM7768 Not a 'Shell Regular Built-in Utility'**

**Explanation:** You attempted to execute a command that is not a regular built-in utility.

**User response:** Specify only shell regular built-in utilities.

---

**FSUM7769 Not enough memory**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the requested operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM7770 Too many arguments**

**Explanation:** The system limit for the size of an argument list was exceeded.

**User response:** Specify fewer arguments.

---

**FSUM7771 execl failed**

**Explanation:** The shell could not be executed to run a built-in shell utility.

**User response:** Have your system programmer ensure that the shell is both accessible and executable.

---

**FSUM7778 Missing -o file**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-o** option without providing a file name as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing file name.

---

**FSUM7780 -position "string" must follow +position**

**Explanation:** You specified a **-endpos** option either before or without a **+startpos** option.

**User response:** Reverse the order of the **-** and **+** options on the command line, or provide the missing **+startpos** option.

---

**FSUM7828 Missing tab list after -t.**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-t** option but did not provide a tab list as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing tab list.

---



---

**FSUM7829** Missing terminal type after -T.

**Explanation:** You specified the -T option but did not provide a terminal type as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing terminal type.

---

**FSUM7830** Illegal tabs in "tablist".

**Explanation:** You specified a *tablist* which contained either a negative or nonnumeric value.

**User response:** Specified a *tablist* that contains only numbers in ascending order.

---

**FSUM7831** Cannot set margins on terminal "term".

**Explanation:** You specified the +m *margin* option, but the terminfo database does not support margins for the terminal *term*.

**User response:** Check your terminal definition against the terminal's operation manual for missing information. If the terminal's manual does not provide the necessary information then your terminal does not support margins.

---

**FSUM7832** Cannot set tabs on terminal "term".

**Explanation:** You attempted to set tab stops on the terminal *term* , but the terminfo database does not support tabs on that terminal.

**User response:** Check your terminal definition against the terminal's operation manual for missing information. If the terminal's manual does not provide the necessary information then your terminal does not support tabs.

---

**FSUM7833** "string" are not in ascending order.

**Explanation:** You specified a list of tab stops that was not in ascending order.

**User response:** Specify the tab stops in ascending order.

---

**FSUM7835** not enough memory for buffering

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7836** re-opening file descriptor "fd"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7842** creating fifo "filename"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7843** chowning fifo "filename"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM7846** command: standard input must be a terminal.

**Explanation:** You attempted to invoke `talk` when the standard input was not a terminal.

**User response:** Set the standard input to be a terminal.

---

**FSUM7853** creating file "filename"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

FSUM7854 **opening file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7856 **Cannot fork**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM7859 **Bad date conversion**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid date string on the command line.

**User response:** Specify a valid date string.

---

FSUM7860 **Only one -r (-f) or -t flag allowed**

**Explanation:** You specified a **-f**, **-r**, or **-t** option on the same command line with one or more other **-f**, **-r**, or **-t** options.

**User response:** Remove the excess options, leaving only one **-f**, **-r**, or **-t** option.

---

FSUM7861 **stat: age file "*filename*" inaccessible**

**Explanation:** You specified a *filename* that either does not exist, or one for which you do not have appropriate permissions.

**User response:** Check that *filename* exists, was named properly, and that you have appropriate permissions.

---

FSUM7864 **Unknown terminfo capability "*action*".**

**Explanation:** You specified a value for *action* that tput did not recognize as valid terminfo capability.

**User response:** Check the *Description* section of the tput man page for a list of valid terminfo capabilities.

---

FSUM7870 ***command* : odd data**

**Explanation:** The input file contained an odd number of tokens.

**User response:** Ensure that the input to tsort is valid, and try again.

---

FSUM7876 **Missing number of fields to skip**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-f** option without providing the number of fields to skip as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing number of fields.

---

FSUM7877 **Missing character skip count**

**Explanation:** You specified the **-s** option without providing the number of characters to skip as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing number of characters.

---

FSUM7878 **skip not a number in "*string*"**

**Explanation:** You specified an argument to the **+**, **-**, **-f**, or **-s** option that was not a valid number.

**User response:** Specify a valid number.

---

FSUM7880 **No begin line**

**Explanation:** uuencode did not find a begin line in the input file.

**User response:** Make sure that the file was encoded by uuencode.

---

**FSUM7881** **Begin line missing filename**

**Explanation:** There was no file name specified on the begin line of the input file, most likely due to a corrupt file.

**User response:** Get another copy of the encoded file.

---

**FSUM7882** **No such user as "user"**

**Explanation:** You specified a file name that used tilde (~) expansion, but there no user with the given *username* exists on the local system.

**User response:** Specify the file name without using tilde expansion, or specify a *username* that does exist.

---

**FSUM7883** **No end line**

**Explanation:** uudecode did not find a end line in the input file.

**User response:** Make sure that the file has not been truncated.

---

**FSUM7884** **Unable to set mode on "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUM7885** **Short file**

**Explanation:** uudecode encountered an end-of-file character before encountering the end of the encoded text.

**User response:** Make sure that the file has not been truncated.

---

**FSUM7888** **What? |command: No such command from open/visual**

**Explanation:** In Vi mode, you attempted to use one of the Ex commands that are not permitted in this mode.

**User response:** Do not use *command* in Vi mode.

---

**FSUM7889** **Can't undo within global.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use an **undo** command within a global command. This is not permitted.

**User response:** Do not use an **undo** command within a global command.

---

**FSUM7890** **missing lhs**

**Explanation:** You attempted to **unmap** or **unabbreviate** a mapping without providing the necessary left-hand-side.

**User response:** Check the *Ex Commands* subsection of this man page for a description of the **unmap** and **unabbreviate** commands and their syntax.

---

**FSUM7894** **ERROR: File is partially loaded due to too many lines. Editing in read-only mode.**

**Explanation:** vi has an upper limit for the number of lines in a file it can handle. The file the user is editing has surpassed that limit.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** If the edits in the file need to be saved, use a different file name when writing out the file, as data loss may occur.

---

**FSUM7895 Failed to preserve file.**

**Explanation:** vi attempted to write a recoverable version of the current working file to /etc/recover/\$LOGNAME, using the exrecover utility. It is possible that the exrecover command failed, or that the /etc/recover directory is not configured properly.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** Verify that the /etc/recover directory exists, and that it has proper permissions. Verify that /tmp (or wherever vi temporary files are currently being written) is not corrupted or full. For further assistance, follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** To be sure you have a backup copy of your file, issue a ":w alternatefilename" to write out the current version of the file with this new (not existing) name. Contact your system programmer for further assistance.

---

**FSUM7897 Missing filename**

**Explanation:** You specified a command that required a file name as an argument without providing the file name.

**User response:** Provide the missing file name.

---

**FSUM7898 System does not support job control**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a job control command (for example, **stop**) on a system that does not support job control.

**User response:** Avoid using commands that require job control. Request that the system manufacturer support job control.

---

**FSUM7899 Write forms are 'w' and 'w>>'**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid syntax for the **write** command.

**User response:** Check the *Ex Commands* subsection for a description of the **write** command and its syntax.

---

**FSUM7901 Missing rhs**

**Explanation:** The right-hand-side expansion of a mapping is missing.

**User response:** Provide the missing expansion to define a mapping or macro. Use the **unmap** command to remove a mapping or macro.

---

**FSUM7903 No write since last change (:command! overrides)**

**Explanation:** You attempted to run a command before you saved any changes to a file.

**User response:** Either save the current changes or use the suggested command to override the error.

---

**FSUM7904 No file|No current filename**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reread the current file when there was no current file.

**User response:** Specify a file name with the command.

---

**FSUM7905 Extra chars|Extra characters at end of command**

**Explanation:** You specified extraneous characters at the end of the command line that have no function.

**User response:** Reenter the command without the extraneous characters.

---

---

**FSUM7906 Not that many lines in buffer**

**Explanation:** You specified a line range that included at least one value that was greater than the number of lines in the file.

**User response:** Specify a correct line range. You can use the dollar sign (\$) to denote the last line in the file.

---

**FSUM7907 Insufficient memory string**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the requested operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM7908 Restricted environment**

**Explanation:** You tried to use an operation that is not permitted in a restricted environment.

**User response:** Use an unrestricted version of the editor. Contact your system programmer if you do not have access to an unrestricted editor. Also, once the `set` variable `restrict` is enabled, it cannot be disabled during the editor session.

---

**FSUM7909 Negative address - first buffer line is 1**

**Explanation:** You specified a negative number as an address. The address of the first line of the buffer is 1.

**User response:** Specify a positive number as an address.

---

**FSUM7910 Unimplemented EX command**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use an Ex command that is not implemented on your system.

**User response:** Do not use unimplemented commands.

---

**FSUM7911 Global within global not allowed.**

**Explanation:** You specified either a 'g' or a 'v' as the command to be used with the `ex "global"` command. The global commands 'g' or 'v' cannot occur in the list of commands to run globally.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Verify that the command you entered has no errors, or attempt your action through another method. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM7913 No address allowed on this command**

**Explanation:** You specified an address for a command which does not use an address.

**User response:** Reenter the command without the address.

---

**FSUM7915 Undefined mark referenced**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reference a mark which was not yet defined.

**User response:** Define the mark using the `m` command.

---

**FSUM7918 Addr1 > addr2 | First address exceeds second**

**Explanation:** You specified two addresses to indicate a range; however, the first address was greater than the second.

**User response:** When specifying a range, make sure that the first address is less than the second.

---

---

**FSUM7921** *string*: No such option@- 'set all' gives all option values

**Explanation:** You attempted to reference an invalid **set** variable.

**User response:** Check the *Set Option Variables* subsection for a list of valid variables, or use the **set all** command to see the current settings of all variables.

---

**FSUM7922** **String too long in option assignment**

**Explanation:** You attempted to assign a string to a variable using the **set** command, but the size of the string exceeded the allocated storage space.

**User response:** Specify a shorter string.

---

**FSUM7927** **No File**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reread the current file when there was no current file.

**User response:** Specify a file name with the command.

---

**FSUM7929** **Nothing in buffer 'buf'.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **put** command to paste text, or the **@** command to execute a macro, from the buffer *buf* which was empty.

**User response:** Use the **yank** or **delete** commands to save text to a buffer.

---

**FSUM7930** *command*: Text conversion cannot be performed between file CCSID *file\_ccsid* and program CCSID *pgm\_ccsid* for file. **fcntl() failed with error\_number.**

**Explanation:** The command cannot convert text data between the specified CCSIDs, or a conversion path between the two CCSIDs does not exist.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Correct the text conversion options specified and try the operation again. See the command documentation in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. See the **fcntl()** system call documentation in *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for more information about the error number. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7931** **Replacement pattern too long - limit *num* characters**

**Explanation:** You specified a replacement pattern that was too long for the allotted buffer space.

**User response:** Perform the necessary replacements in increments using shorter replacement patterns.

---

**FSUM7932** **Regular expression too complicated**

**Explanation:** The regular expression specified by the user is too long.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Specify a shorter regular expression.

---

**FSUM7933** **Can't escape newline in visual**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a backslash at the end of a line to escape a newline. This is not permitted in Vi mode.

**User response:** Do not use a backslash at the end of a line.

---

---

**FSUM7934** *command*: Value "option" for -W is not supported

**Explanation:** The option format or keyword specified with the -W option is not supported or is not valid on this command.

**User response:** Correct the option value specified and try the operation again. For more information about the command, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* .

---

**FSUM7935** No newlines in re's | Can't escape newlines into regular expressions

**Explanation:** You attempted to search for a newline character in a regular expression. This is not possible.

**User response:** Do not attempt to search for a newline in a regular expression.

---

**FSUM7936** Command too long

**Explanation:** You entered a command line that exceeded the input buffer size.

**User response:** Break the command line in smaller workable components. Create macros or source scripts if the task is going to be performed many times.

---

**FSUM7937** *command* where? | *command* requires a trailing address

**Explanation:** You attempted to use *command* to move or copy a range of lines without specifying a target address.

**User response:** Provide the missing target address.

---

**FSUM7938** No filename to substitute for %

**Explanation:** You attempted to use % to represent the current file name, but there was no current file name.

**User response:** Specify a full file name for the command.

---

**FSUM7939** No alternate filename to substitute for #

**Explanation:** You attempted to use # to represent the alternate file name, but there was no alternate file name.

**User response:** Specify a full file name for the command.

---

**FSUM7940** Filename too long

**Explanation:** You specified a file name that exceeded the maximum length allowed.

**User response:** Use a shorter name.

---

**FSUM7941** Too many file names

**Explanation:** You specified multiple file names as arguments to a command that only accepts one file name.

**User response:** Check the *Ex Commands* subsection of the *vi* man page for a list of valid Ex commands and their arguments.

---

**FSUM7942** Argument buffer overflow

**Explanation:** You specified a list of command arguments that, after the expansion of the current file name (%) or the alternate file name (#), overflowed the buffer.

**User response:** Specify a shorter list of command arguments.

---

**FSUM7943 Incomplete shell escape command - use 'shell' to get a shell**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use a shell escape without specifying a command.

**User response:** To invoke an interactive shell, use the **shell** command.

---

**FSUM7944 Too long | Result of delete would produce a line too long**

**Explanation:** You attempted to delete a range of text from the middle of one line to the middle of another. This would result in joining the remainders of the lines to form a line, the length of which would exceed the maximum line length indicated by the configuration variable `LINE_MAX`.

**User response:** Make shorter lines.

---

**FSUM7945 Line too long**

**Explanation:** You attempted to add text to a line that would cause its length to exceed the maximum indicated by the configuration variable `LINE_MAX`.

**User response:** Make shorter lines.

---

**FSUM7946 *tagstring*: Bad tag file entry**

**Explanation:** `vi` encountered an entry in the tags file that it was unable to parse correctly.

**User response:** See the man page for `ctags 1` for information on how to generate a tags file, or `ctags 4` for the correct format of a tags entry.

---

**FSUM7949 Too many nested sources**

**Explanation:** You attempted to nest too many source files within other source files.

**User response:** Reduce the level of nesting.

---

**FSUM7950 Temporary file i/o error--DANGER--write file somewhere else and exit ASAP!**

**Explanation:** A serious error occurred while performing I/O on the temporary files.

**User response:** Save the work space to a different work file name, exit the editor and reenter using the recently saved work file. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7952 Internal error: bad seek pointer.**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while processing `ed/vi` internal buffers. No file damage has occurred, but `ed/vi` has lost track of where it is in the file.

**User response:** Quit editing the current file, and restart the editor again. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7953 Internal error: bad write seek.**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while processing `ed/vi` internal buffers. No file damage has occurred, but `ed/vi` has lost track of where it is in the file.

**User response:** Quit editing the current file, and restart the editor again. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7954 Internal error: Line out of range.**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while processing `ed/vi` internal buffers. No file damage has occurred, but `ed/vi` has lost track of where it is in the file.

**User response:** Quit editing the current file, and restart the editor again. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---



---

**FSUM7955 Internal error: line too long--DANGER.**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while processing ed/vi internal buffers. No file damage has occurred, but ed/vi has lost track of where it is in the file.

**User response:** Quit editing the current file, and restart the editor again. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7957 Nonzero address required on this command**

**Explanation:** You specified zero (0) as a line address for a command which does not accept 0 as a valid line address.

**User response:** Specify a nonzero line address.

---

**FSUM7960 Internal error: ltsave().**

**Explanation:** vi's internal tables, which store line table information, have been corrupted.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** If you want to try to save the latest changes, use ":w newfilename" (where newfilename doesn't already exist) to avoid overwriting the current `_file`. Check the original file and the new file (newfilename) for corruption, and contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7963 *command*: Value "*option\_value*" specified for *option\_keyword* is not supported for text conversion.**

**Explanation:** The specified value is not supported on the command for the specified keyword. The value was specified either with the `-W` option or as part of the `_TEXT_CONV` environment variable.

**User response:** Correct the value specified and try the operation again. See the command documentation in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a description of supported values.

---

**FSUM7964 *command*: Could not turn autoconversion off for *file*. fcntl() failed with *error\_number*.**

**Explanation:** The command could not disable autoconversion.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** See the `fcntl()` system call documentation in *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for more information about the error number. If the error persists, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM7969 File is read only**

**Explanation:** You attempted to write to a file that is considered to be read-only by the file system, or you had enabled the `set` variable `readonly`.

**User response:** Save the changes you have made to a different file name. Use `chmod` to change the file access permissions, and reread the file. If you set the `readonly` variable to on, you can set it to off before writing the file with `set noreadonly` or you can use the `w!` command to force the write.

---

**FSUM7971 Write error (out of space?)**

**Explanation:** A write error occurred. It is possible that there was no disk space left.

**User response:** Make room on the current disk, or save to another disk that you know has space available.

---

**FSUM7972 File exists - use "*w! filename*" to overwrite**

**Explanation:** You attempted to write to a file that already exists.

**User response:** Specify an unused file name, or use the suggested command to overwrite the existing file.

---

**FSUM7976 No previous command to substitute for !**

**Explanation:** You attempted to repeat a previous shell command when no initial shell command had been made.

**User response:** Specify the shell command explicitly.

---

**FSUM7988 Buffers are 1-9, a-z**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid buffer name. Buffers **A** to **Z** are valid in both Ex and Vi mode, while buffers **1** to **9** are valid only in Vi mode and are read-only.

**User response:** Specify a valid buffer name.

---

**FSUM7992 Line overflow | Result line of join would be too long**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **join** command to combine several lines into a single line, the length of which would exceed the maximum line length indicated by the configuration variable `LINE_MAX`.

**User response:** Specify fewer lines to be joined.

---

**FSUM7994 Too dangerous to map that.**

**Explanation:** You specified a multikey mapping that did not begin with a nonalphabetic character.

**User response:** Choose a multikey mapping that begins with a nonalphabetic character.

---

**FSUM7995 No identity mappings allowed.**

**Explanation:** You specified a mapping of the form: **map***lhs rhs* where *lhs* and *rhs* were identical strings. vi reached its limit on the number of mappings, macros, and abbreviations allowed.

**User response:** Use the **map** and **abbreviate** commands to view the current list of mappings and abbreviations, the use the **unmap** and **unabbreviate** commands to remove those that are not currently required.

---

**FSUM7998 Mapping "macro" is not defined**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use *macro* , which was not defined with a **map** command.

**User response:** Use **map** to create *macro*.

---

**FSUM8000 Nothing to repeat**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **.** command to repeat the previous command; however, you had not entered a previous command.

**User response:** Only use the **.** command once you have entered at least one command.

---

**FSUM8001 Last repeatable command overflowed the repeat buffer**

**Explanation:** You attempted to repeat a command that overflowed the fixed size repeat buffer.

**User response:** Reenter the command in full.

---

**FSUM8002 No previous regular expression**

**Explanation:** You attempted to repeat a regular expression search when no initial search had been made.

**User response:** Specify a regular expression explicitly in your search command.

---

---

**FSUM8004 Not enough memory for screens**

**Explanation:** `vi` attempted to set up the necessary structures for full-screen operation and failed. There are not enough free system resources to run `vi`.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM8008 Digits required after =**

**Explanation:** You attempted to assign a nonnumeric value to a numeric variable using `set`.

**User response:** Specify a valid number.

---

**FSUM8009 Bad tag | Give one tag per line**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reference more than one tag on a line.

**User response:** Specify only one tag name on a line.

---

**FSUM8010 No tags file**

**Explanation:** You specified a tags file with the `tags` variable that `vi` was unable to find.

**User response:** Check the *Ex Commands* subsection of the `vi` man page for information on using the `set` command to set the `tags` variable, or the man page for `ctags` for information on generating a tags file.

---

**FSUM8011 string: No such tag@in tags file**

**Explanation:** You attempted to reference a tag that was not present in the tags file.

**User response:** Either use `ctags` to regenerate the tags file, or add the entry by hand to the tags file.

---

**FSUM8020 write: user logged in more than once ... writing to tty**

**Explanation:** You tried to write to `user`'s terminal but `user` was logged in multiple times. `write` writes to `user`'s session on the terminal `tty`.

**User response:** If you want to write to a different terminal than the one that `write` chose, specify the terminal argument on the command line.

---

**FSUM8023 write: user not logged in on that tty**

**Explanation:** You tried to write to `user` at a specific terminal but `user` was not logged in on that terminal.

**User response:** Retry your `write` command without specifying `terminal`.

---

**FSUM8024 write: user not logged in**

**Explanation:** You tried to write to `user`'s terminal but `user` was not logged in.

**User response:** Send e-mail to `user`.

---

**FSUM8025 target terminal "tty"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8030 size for -option must be <num**

**Explanation:** You specified a numeric argument for `-option` that was greater than or equal to `num`.

**User response:** Specify a numeric argument that is less than `num`.

---

**FSUM8054** Code started at line *num* never ends

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a yacc action that was not terminated with a }.

**User response:** Provide the missing }.

---

**FSUM8055** union declaration started at line *num* never ends

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a union { declaration that lacked an ending }.

**User response:** Provide the missing }.

---

**FSUM8058** Variables aren't allowed here

**Explanation:** Your grammar attempted to set precedence/association of a variable (nonterminal).

**User response:** You can only set precedence or association of tokens.

---

**FSUM8059** Sorry, value *num* is reserved for EOF/error

**Explanation:** Your grammar attempted to use a yacc internal token number.

**User response:** Use a different token number.

---

**FSUM8061** Start symbol must be a variable

**Explanation:** Your grammar used a token as a start symbol.

**User response:** You must use a variable (nonterminal) as a start symbol.

---

**FSUM8062** Warning: start symbol redefined; was *value*

---

**FSUM8063** %%prefix is already set to "*prefix*"

**Explanation:** Your grammar used more than one *hexnum* prefix setting, or attempted to combine *hexnum* prefix with *-pprefix*.

**User response:** Remove extra *hexnum* prefix, or avoid using both the *hexnum* prefix directive and the *-p* option.

---

**FSUM8069** ITEM and lookahead TOO BIG

**Explanation:** yacc was unable to create a human-readable state list due to a lack of available system resources. This only occurs when yacc reports on conflicts in the grammar.

**User response:** Fix conflicts in the yacc grammar.

---

**FSUM8070** ispace: should be *ni*, is *%ip-ispace*

**Explanation:** This is an internal error within yacc.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM8071** Unknown reserved word: *word*

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a % keyword that yacc did not recognize, most likely due to a misspelling in *word*.

**User response:** Correct the spelling of *word*.

---

---

**FSUM8072** Comment started at line *num* never ends

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a comment that did not have a closing \*/.

**User response:** Provide the missing \*/.

---

**FSUM8073** End of file in character constant

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a character constant that was missing the closing quote.

**User response:** Provide the missing quote.

---

**FSUM8074** Empty character string

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a quoted character string with no characters.

**User response:** Make sure that all quoted strings contain characters.

---

**FSUM8076** Mangled character constant

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained an illegal character constant.

**User response:** Check and correct grammar.

---

**FSUM8103** Out of memory at *num* bytes

**Explanation:** yacc has run out of system resources for this input grammar.

**User response:** Simplify your grammar, or free more system resources.

---

**FSUM8105** pspace: should be *num1* is *num2*

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred during yacc processing.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

**FSUM8145** Undefined nonterminal '*name*'

**Explanation:** A grammar rule referenced a rule or token which is not defined.

**User response:** Add the appropriate grammar rule or token.

---

**FSUM8149** write: no permission to write to *user* on terminal *tty*

**Explanation:** You tried to write to a *user* who had disabled communication with *msg*.

**User response:** Send e-mail to *user*.

---

**FSUM8155** Missing keydefinition after -k

**Explanation:** You specified the -k option without providing a key definition as an argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing key definition.

---

**FSUM8181** String started at line *num* never ends

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a string in a yacc action that was not terminated.

**User response:** Make sure the string is terminated.

---

**FSUM8183 Code segment started at line *num* never ends**

**Explanation:** Your grammar contained a code segment that lacked an ending %}.

**User response:** Provide the missing %}.

---

**FSUM8193 Mark must be a lowercase letter.**

**Explanation:** You used the **m** command to mark a position in the file; however you attempted to name the mark with a character other than a lowercase letter.

**User response:** Use lowercase letters for all mark names.

---

**FSUM8194 Cannot edit standard input.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **v** command to edit text that was coming from the standard input stream.

**User response:** Store the input text in a temporary file and then use **more** to view that file. This allows you to edit the text if necessary.

---

**FSUM8196 Syntax error in word expansion.**

**Explanation:** You provided an invalid file name pattern.

**User response:** Check the pattern and try again.

---

**FSUM8210 file "*filename...*": Line too long**

**Explanation:** A line in the file containing the list of file names is too long.

**User response:** Inspect the file containing the list of file names for invalid input.

---

**FSUM8211 Null to Expand**

**Explanation:** The system encountered an internal error while trying to expand a null string.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM8213 Invalid hop count: *num***

**Explanation:** You specified the **&ndash;h** option, but the argument that you provided with it is not a valid number.

**User response:** Provide a valid number as the argument to the **&ndash;h** option.

---

**FSUM8214 Badly specified macro**

**Explanation:** The syntax of the macro is incorrect.

**User response:** Use the correct syntax to specify the macro.

---

**FSUM8219 tsmail: writing mailbox "*mailbox*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8223 Expansion too long**

**Explanation:** After expansion, the macro is too long for the supplied buffer.

**User response:** Modify the macro so that it expands to less than **STRING\_SIZE** (8192) bytes.

---

---

**FSUM8226** **make: Error code** *retcode*

**Explanation:** Make exited for one of these reasons:

- make itself encountered an error while executing a recipe. See the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a complete description of error codes returned by make.
- A recipe command executed by make returned with an error code. In this case the error code is the exit status of the failed command.

**User response:** Make treats this as an error unless the `.IGNORE` attribute has been used, or if the recipe line was preceded by a `-` character. If a nonzero return code is acceptable, modify the recipe line in the makefile so that the return code from this command line is ignored.

---

**FSUM8229** **Incomplete rule recipe group detected**

**Explanation:** You specified a group recipe but omitted the closing `]`.

**User response:** Add the closing square bracket.

---

**FSUM8230** **Cannot mix single and group recipe lines**

**Explanation:** You attempted to mix recipe lines with group recipes for the same rule.

**User response:** Either make the entire recipe a group, or remove the group.

---

**FSUM8231** **Found unmatched '['**

**Explanation:** You specified a `]` in your makefile for a group recipe without providing the matching `[`.

**User response:** Provide the missing `[`.

---

**FSUM8232** **Expecting macro or rule defn, found neither**

**Explanation:** Make expected this line in the makefile to contain a macro or rule definition, but it didn't. This probably indicates a syntax error in the makefile, or a comment which is missing the `#` symbol.

**User response:** Correct this line in the makefile so it follows Make syntax rules. If the line is a comment, ensure that it starts with the `#` symbol.

---

**FSUM8233** **Illegal parser state** *state*

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM8236** **Only a single % allowed in a target pattern**

**Explanation:** A metarule target contained more than one `%`. It may only contain one.

**User response:** Remove the additional percent signs.

---

**FSUM8241** **Unable to determine current directory**

**Explanation:** make was unable to find out what its current directory was.

**User response:** Verify that you have all necessary permissions to determine your current directory.

---

**FSUM8242 Operator after special target treated as '!'**

**Explanation:** You specified a modifier, such as !, with a rule defining a special target. make ignores any such modifiers.

**User response:** Remove the extraneous modifier.

---

**FSUM8244 Multiple targets are not allowed in % rules**

**Explanation:** You specified a metarule with more than one target. A metarule can have only one target specified.

**User response:** Refer to the section in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming Tools* on inference rules and correct the makefile.

---

**FSUM8245 Special target must appear alone**

**Explanation:** You specified a special target which cannot appear with any other target in a rule. For example, a rule with .ERROR as a special target cannot mention any other target.

**User response:** Correct the line.

---

**FSUM8247 Syntax error in % rule, missing % target**

**Explanation:** You specified your meta-rule incorrectly. The target must contain a %.

**User response:** Correct the syntax of the rule.

---

**FSUM8249 Missing targets or attributes in rule**

**Explanation:** When reading input, make encountered a rule that had no targets or attributes specified.

**User response:** Correct the syntax of your makefile.

---

**FSUM8253 No .INCLUDE file(s) specified**

**Explanation:** You specified a .INCLUDE special target without providing the names of the files to be included.

**User response:** Refer to the description of the .INCLUDE target in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming Tools* and add the missing file names.

---

**FSUM8257 Attributes possibly ignored**

**Explanation:** A special target may inherit attributes, but only certain attributes take effect on specific special targets.

**User response:** Refer to the description of make in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about which attributes may be applied to which special targets.

---

**FSUM8260 Nonglobal attributes ignored**

**Explanation:** You specified attributes that are nonglobal. make will ignore them.

**User response:** Remove the attributes.

---

**FSUM8263 Invalid library format**

**Explanation:** make attempted to access a library that was not in the correct format.

**User response:** Verify that your library is correct and rebuild it if necessary.

---



---

**FSUM8267** Too many arguments -- limit *num*

**Explanation:** Too many arguments were produced when make tried to execute a line in a recipe.

**User response:** Simplify the recipe line.

---

**FSUM8565** tsmail: temporary file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8566** tsmail: writing temporary file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8703** No 'makefile' present

**Explanation:** make was unable to find Makefile or makefile, and did not have any default rules.

**User response:** Create the missing makefile, or add default rules to startup.mk.

---

**FSUM8704** Missing .END for .IF

**Explanation:** You specified a .IF statement without the corresponding .END statement.

**User response:** Provide the missing .END statement, or remove the extra .IF statement.

---

**FSUM8705** No target

**Explanation:** make had a makefile to process, but did not find a rule defining a target to be made.

**User response:** Add a target rule to your makefile, or specify a target on the command line.

---

**FSUM8707** Openfile: bad name

**Explanation:** make attempted to open a file with an invalid or NULL name.

**User response:** Edit the makefile and correct the file name.

---

**FSUM8708** file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8710** *command*: file "*string*": Incorrect format for -D option

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the **&ndash;D** option to decompress a file that was not compressed with the **&ndash;D** option of compress.

**User response:** Only use the **&ndash;D** option of uncompress to decompress files compressed with the **&ndash;D** option of compress.

---

**FSUM8714** No more memory

**Explanation:** make was unable to allocate storage space.

**User response:** Free up some resources and try again.

---

**FSUM8716** pipe to command "*cmd*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8717** tmp file "filename"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8718** name: cannot open: string

**Explanation:** Could not open the file. This message is followed by a system error describing the specific reason for the error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUM8721** list file "filename"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8723** Unmatched "quote

**Explanation:** You specified an opening &ldquo; on a line that did not contain a closing &rdquo;.

**User response:** Correct the line.

---

**FSUM8724** .ELSE without .IF

**Explanation:** You specified a .ELSE statement without a corresponding .IF statement.

**User response:** Provide the corresponding .IF and .END statements (if necessary), or remove the .ELSE statement.

---

**FSUM8725** Unmatched .END

**Explanation:** You specified a .END statement without the corresponding .IF statement.

**User response:** Provide the missing .IF statement, or remove the extra .ELSE statement.

---

**FSUM8726** No macro name

**Explanation:** A macro assignment = appears without a macro name.

**User response:** Correct the line.

---

**FSUM8728** Write error on temp file

**Explanation:** An error occurred while trying to write on a diversion or group recipe temporary file.

**User response:** Ensure that there is space on the file system containing the temporary file.

---

**FSUM8730** &lt;+ diversion unterminated

**Explanation:** You specified a &lt;+ to begin a diversion, but did not specify the corresponding +&gt;; to end it.

**User response:** Provide the closing +&gt;;.

---

**FSUM8731** Directory stack empty in pop.

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

---

**FSUM8732** &lt;+ missing before +>

**Explanation:** You specified a +> to end a diversion before specifying the corresponding <+ to begin it.

**User response:** Ensure that corresponding <+ and +> symbols appear in the correct order.

---

**FSUM8733** file: misplaced & in magic file

**Explanation:** You specified a magic file containing a line beginning with a & that did not follow a regular template line.

**User response:** Either create a template line before the line, or remove the line.

---

**FSUM8734** cannot access file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8735** Too many mail folders specified on command line.

**Explanation:** The **&ndashf** flag was specified, and more than one mail folder was named on the command line.

**User response:** List only one file name on the command line.

---

**FSUM8736** tsmail: invalid user "*user*"

**Explanation:** The name *user*, which was specified as a recipient of the message, is not a valid user on the system.

**User response:** Check the spelling of the recipient's name, and try to send your message again.

---

**FSUM8737** tsmail: cannot lock file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** The mailbox *filename* could not be locked, so the message could not be delivered.

**User response:** Wait a little while and try to send the message again.

---

**FSUM8738** tsmail: re-opening temporary file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8739** tsmail: chowning mailbox "*mailbox*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8740** command: input file "*filename*": error

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8741** Number "*string*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8742** window size too large

**Explanation:** You specified a window size (lines per page) with the **&ndash** or **&ndashn** option that was greater than the number of lines on the screen (as given by the environment variable LINE).

**User response:** Specify a smaller window size.

---

**FSUM8743 window size too small**

**Explanation:** You specified a window size (lines per page) with the **&ndash** or **&ndashn** option that was less than three.

**User response:** Specify a window size of at least three lines.

---

**FSUM8745 line *line\_num*: Bad length**

**Explanation:** The length of a line did not match the length indicated by the first character in the line; perhaps the input file was corrupted.

**User response:** Check that the input is valid uuencoded data.

---

**FSUM8746 line *line\_num*: Line too short (*num1* bytes, expecting *num2*)**

**Explanation:** The length of a line did not match the length indicated by the first character in the line; perhaps the input file was corrupted.

**User response:** Check that the input is valid uuencoded data.

---

**FSUM8747 No last buffer executed**

**Explanation:** You attempted to repeat a macro when no macros had been previously executed.

**User response:** Execute a specific macro before attempting to repeat it.

---

**FSUM8749 What?|*command*: Not an editor command**

**Explanation:** You specified *command* in Ex mode; however, *command* is not a valid editor command.

**User response:** Check the *Ex Commands* section of the vi man page for a list of valid editor commands.

---

**FSUM8750 Badly formed re|Regular expression \ must be followed by / or ?**

**Explanation:** When using a regular expression in an address, you followed a backslash (\) with a character other than / or ?.

**User response:** Delimit the regular expression with \/ or \?.

---

**FSUM8754 Too long|Result of substitute would produce a line too long**

**Explanation:** You specified a replacement string in a **substitute** (or **s**) command that would result in a line that is too long for vi to handle.

**User response:** Specify a shorter replacement string, or break the original line into two or more shorter lines before performing the substitution.

---

**FSUM8755 Bad RE delim|Regular expressions cannot be delimited by letters or digits**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use an alphanumeric character to delimit a regular expression.

**User response:** Use a nonalphanumeric character as the delimiter.

---

**FSUM8756 Environment variable HOME not defined.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to change the current working directory to your home directory by using the **cd** or **chdir** command without specifying a path name; however, the environment variable HOME was not defined.

**User response:** Set HOME to your home directory, or specify the complete path name of your home directory when using **cd** or **chdir**.

---

---

**FSUM8764 Unknown uid *num* Unable to recover**

**Explanation:** Your user ID could not be found. This ID (typically your login name) is used to locate files that were lost or preserved by the use for subsequent recovery at a later time.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM8765 Internal error: glob routine: Code *code***

**Explanation:** While attempting to get a list of all recovered files, the C/C++ Run-Time Library function glob() failed, for the reason specified by *Code*. It is possible that an attempt to allocate memory failed.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** The return codes of glob are specified in glob.h. Look in glob.h to find the exact reason for the failure, and attempt the command again.

---

**FSUM8766 "*string*": File not found**

**Explanation:** You specified the name of a file that does not exist.

**User response:** Ensure that you spelled the file name correctly, and that you have appropriate permissions to access the file.

---

**FSUM8770 \&ldigit&gt; value too large**

**Explanation:** When using a numerical reference to a subexpression within the regular expression, the number used exceeded the number of subexpressions present.

**User response:** Ensure that numerical references to subexpressions are valid.

---

**FSUM8772 Internal Error:**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer. Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUM8774 %prec needs a token; *string* isn't****FSUM8785 grammar file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8786 header file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8787 listing file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8788 parser file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8789 file I/O error**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

FSUM8810 Use yacc to generate Turbo Pascal code on DOS.

---

FSUM8811 The prototype for Pascal code is /etc/yparse.pas.

---

FSUM8813 **Warning: newline in character constant**

**Explanation:** The lexical analyzer encountered a character constant that begins on one line and ends on another. This often indicates a missing quote.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Add the missing quote.

---

FSUM8819 **unlink temp file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM8820 **write error on temporary file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM8821 **file "filename" is binary**

**Explanation:** You specified the binary file *filename* as a diff input file. diff only works on text files.

**User response:** Only specify text files as diff input files.

---

FSUM8822 **file "filename": line too long: limit LINE\_MAX**

**Explanation:** The input line is too long.

**User response:** Try again with a shorter input line.

---

FSUM8824 **yacc bug:**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer. Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

FSUM8842 **codeset translation initialization**

**Explanation:** The iconv\_open() function failed. A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System programmer response:** Determine why the iconv\_open() function failed.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

FSUM8843 **codeset translation**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM8913 **unexpected end of file.**

**Explanation:** The end of the file was encountered prematurely.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the input file for truncation.

---

---

**FSUM8955** couldn't allocate memory (*num* bytes requested)

**Explanation:** The system did not have enough free resources to allocate *num* bytes.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM8957** Unexpected EOF in escape sequence

**Explanation:** While reading the input data, *col* discovered an escape sequence which was terminated by an unexpected EOF.

**User response:** Check the input data for unexpected truncation.

---

**FSUM8958** read error on "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8960** can't stat file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8961** output file "(standard output)"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8976** Error writing "*sourcename*" to PDSE member "*targetname*".

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to write a data member to a PDSE containing program object members. A PDSE cannot contain both program object members and data members.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Use the *-X* option on the *cp* or *mv* command to specify that the member to be copied or moved is a program object member, and try the request again.

---

**FSUM8977** command: source "*name1*" and target "*name2*" are identical

**Explanation:** You specified source and target files that are actually the same file (for example, because of links).

**User response:** No further action is required.

---

**FSUM8979** target "*filename*" must exist

**Explanation:** The destination directory must exist for this utility to work.

**User response:** Check the command line arguments. You may need to create the target directory.

---

**FSUM8980** cannot create parent directory for target "*filename*"

**Explanation:** An error occurred while trying to create the parent directory of the specified target file.

**User response:** Make sure you have permissions to create the directory.

---

**FSUM8981** Error copying file *file1* to *file2*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8982** command : internal error: unknown return code from *m\_cp*: *string*

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system manager.

---

---

**FSUM8983** Cannot reset times on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8984** Cannot reset permissions on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8985** Cannot reset uid or gid on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM8986** must run as setuid root

**Explanation:** The program issuing this message must run with effective user ID of root-- the setuid bit should be set on and the program should also have root ownership.

**User response:** Contact system administrator. For security reasons, verify that the program issuing this message should run setuid root. If so, turn on setuid bit for the program ("`chmod u+s program`") and ensure root ownership ("`chown root program`").

---

**FSUM8987** you are not authorized to use at. Sorry.

**Explanation:** The system programmer had not configured at to allow you to use it.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer about gaining access to at.

---

**FSUM8988** bad time format

**Explanation:** You specified a time format that at does not recognize.

**User response:** Check the *Time Specification* subsection of the at man page for a list of valid time formats.

---

**FSUM8989** unable to spool at job.

**Explanation:** at was unable to create a spool file, in which to store the job.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM8990** at job "*at\_job*": insufficient permission.

**Explanation:** You attempted to remove an *at\_job* which but you did not submit.

**User response:** Only the user root can remove arbitrary *at-jobs*.

---

**FSUM8991** No time specified

**Explanation:** You did not specify a time specification on the command line.

**User response:** Specify a time specification.

---

**FSUM8992** Invalid time keyword

**Explanation:** You specified what appeared to be a time keyword, but at does not recognize it as a valid time keyword.

**User response:** Use only noon, midnight, next, and now as time keywords.

---



---

**FSUM8993 Two digits must follow ":"**

**Explanation:** You specified a colon (:) to separate hours from minutes, but you did not follow it with two digits.

**User response:** When specifying minutes after a colon (:), you must use a two digit number.

---

**FSUM8994 hour must be 1-12 for 12 hour clock**

**Explanation:** You provided an a.m./p.m. designation, but you specified an hour that was not in the range 1 to 12.

**User response:** When using the 12 hour clock, specify an hour in the range 1 to 12.

---

**FSUM8995 hour or minute out of range**

**Explanation:** When specifying a time in the format *hh : mm* , the hour value ( *hh* ) was not in the range 0 to 23 or the minute value ( *mm* ) was not in the range 0 to 59.

**User response:** Specify a time where the hour and minute values fall within the ranges 0 to 23 and 0 to 59 respectively.

---

**FSUM8996 TZ environment variable must be set**

**Explanation:** The environment variable TZ was not set.

**User response:** Assign a value to the variable TZ (see the `timezone` man page for more details.), or specify a time zone in the time specification.

---

**FSUM8997 date must follow month**

**Explanation:** You specified the day of the month before the month name in your time specification.

**User response:** Always specify the month name before the day of the month.

---

**FSUM8998 year must follow ","**

**Explanation:** You specified a comma (,) in your time specification, but you did not provide a year following it.

**User response:** Provide the missing year.

---

**FSUM8999 invalid year**

**Explanation:** You specified a year that was less than 1970.

**User response:** Specify a year greater than or equal to 1970.

---

**FSUM9000 increment requires number**

**Explanation:** You specified a + to indicate an increment, but you did not provide a number following it.

**User response:** Provide the missing number following the +.

---

**FSUM9001 invalid increment unit**

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid unit for the increment in the time specification.

**User response:** Check the *Time Specifications* subsection of the `at` man page for a list of valid units.

---

**FSUM9002 garbage after time specification**

**Explanation:** You specified extra characters after the end of the time specification on the command line.

**User response:** Check the *Time Specifications* subsection of the `at` man page for the proper syntax of time specifications and remove the extra characters.

---

**FSUM9003 "next" must not specify year**

**Explanation:** You specified the next time format with a year. at does not support this form of time specification.

**User response:** Do not specify a year with next.

---

**FSUM9004 "next" requires either date or weekday**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the next time format without specifying a date or weekday.

**User response:** Specify a date or weekday when using the next time format.

---

**FSUM9005 string: invalid year**

**Explanation:** You specified a year that was not in the range 1970 to 2000.

**User response:** Specify a year in the range 1970 to 2000.

---

**FSUM9007 Field delimiter specified by -d must be one character**

**Explanation:** You specified a field delimiter (as an argument to the **&ndash;d** option) that was more than one character long.

**User response:** Specify a single character field delimiter.

---

**FSUM9008 file "[standard input]"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9010 date: bad format or date output longer than *number* bytes**

**Explanation:** The format string supplied to date is invalid, or the output is longer than the size of the date buffer.

**User response:** Confirm that the date format string on the command line is valid.

---

**FSUM9086 no space for line table**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate initial resources for ed.

**User response:** Free up more system resources and restart program.

---

**FSUM9087 Input line too long**

**Explanation:** You entered an ed command which was too long.

**User response:** Simplify the command and try again.

---

**FSUM9088 no memory for pages**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate initial resources for ed.

**User response:** Free up more system resources and restart program.

---

**FSUM9090 no memory for line number tables**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate initial resources for ed.

**User response:** Free up more system resources and restart program.

---

---

**FSUM9091 Result of substitution would produce a line too long**

**Explanation:** You specified a replacement string in a substitution command that would produce a line that is too long for ed to handle.

**User response:** Specify a shorter replacement string or split the original line into shorter lines before performing the substitution.

---

**FSUM9092 Result line of join too long**

**Explanation:** You attempt to use the `j` command to join a range of lines into one line; however, the resulting line would be too long for ed to handle.

**User response:** Specify a smaller range of lines to be joined.

---

**FSUM9094 find: must specify a command after -exec/-ok**

**Explanation:** You specified either the `&ndash;exec` or the `&ndash;ok` primary without specifying a command to be performed.

**User response:** Provide the missing command.

---

**FSUM9104 terminfo definition file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9105 terminfo database "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9106 terminfo database directory "*pathname*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9110 Not enough memory for use\_list element**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate for the `use_list` element.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM9118 Failed to allocated memory.**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the desired operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM9139 Failed to allocate required memory.**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to perform the desired operation.

**User response:** Free up more resources.

---

**FSUM9140 Terminal "*term*" has insufficient capabilities for Curses.**

**Explanation:** Your TERM environment variable setting provides insufficient functions from the curses library to support this program. This most likely occurs when running vi from the OMVS shell, which sets TERM=dumb.

**User response:** vi cannot be run from the OMVS shell. vi can only be run via a "raw-mode" session, such as telnet or rlogin. The value of TERM should not be changed from the setting assigned by your terminal.

---

**FSUM9153** Cannot chdir to *directory&ndashname*

**Explanation:** Could not change directory to *directory&ndashname*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** The system error displayed with this message indicates the cause.

---

**FSUM9154** Shell ( *filename* ) not executable.

**Explanation:** The newgrp utility attempted to invoke a new shell named *filename* , but it could not be run.

**System action:** The newgrp command ends, and the shell from which newgrp was issued is terminated (because newgrp has already replaced the shell's process image).

**User response:** Check that the filename is a valid shell (command interpreter) and that it has the correct permissions.

---

**FSUM9156** login: cannot fork passwd command

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9164** Internal error: 10 too small in Get\_token()

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer. Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUM9165** .IF .ELSE ... .END nesting too deep

**Explanation:** The nesting of .IF .ELSE ... .END structures is too deep.

**User response:** Modify your makefile so that these structures are not nested as deep.

---

**FSUM9169** Internal, buildList buffer too small

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM9170** &lt;+ diversion cannot be nested

**Explanation:** You attempted to put one &lt;+ diversion inside another &lt;+ diversion. make does not permit this.

**User response:** Remove the nested &lt;+ diversion.

---

**FSUM9174** reading file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9179** seek past EOF on input

**Explanation:** The seek offset specified on the command line was greater than the size of the input file.

**User response:** Check the offset and try again.

---

---

**FSUM9181** *string: component too long.*

**Explanation:** One of the components of the path name provided is longer than is allowed by the filesystem (or by POSIX, if **&ndash;p** was specified).

**User response:** Try to shorten the component or components of the path name.

---

**FSUM9182** *string: pathname too long.*

**Explanation:** The length of the path name provided is longer than that allowed by the filesystem (or by POSIX, if **&ndash;p** was specified).

**User response:** Try to shorten some of the components of the path name, in order to reduce the overall length of the path name.

---

**FSUM9183** *string: Not searchable.*

**Explanation:** You specified a path name *pathname* that was not searchable.

**User response:** Specify a different path name.

---

**FSUM9184** *string: requested format differs from the existing archive format*

**Explanation:** You used the **&ndasha** option with **&ndash;xformat**, where the archive already existed with a different format.

**User response:** Do not specify the format when appending to an existing archive, or specify the correct format.

---

**FSUM9185** **Symbolic link name too long: Not extracted**

**Explanation:** Couldn't allocate enough memory to hold the symbolic link's name.

**User response:** Archive contains symbolic name which is too large; no action possible.

---

**FSUM9186** **Missing format specification**

**Explanation:** You did not specify a format specification on the command line.

**User response:** Provide the missing format specification.

---

**FSUM9188** **unused argument at "arg"**

**Explanation:** You specified a format string without any conversion specifications.

**User response:** Add at least one conversion specification to your format string.

---

**FSUM9190** **not a valid real argument "string"**

**Explanation:** You specified a format specification that was expecting a real (that is, floating-point) number, but you provided the argument *string* which was not a valid real number.

**User response:** Provide a valid real number in place of *string*.

---

**FSUM9191** **cannot allocate buffer for pathname**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9192** **cannot determine working directory**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM9195** cannot unlink entry "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9196** cannot remove directory "*pathname*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9199** input line too long

**Explanation:** A line in the input file was longer than 10240 bytes.

**User response:** Make sure that the input file is a text file.

---

**FSUM9200** reading from file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9201** input file "*filename*" is binary

**Explanation:** You specified the binary file *filename* as a sed input file. sed only works on text files.

**User response:** Only specify text files as sed input files.

---

**FSUM9203** unmatched {} commands

**Explanation:** There is a '{' command in your script which does not have a corresponding '}' to terminate it.

**User response:** Make sure that there are as many '}' as there are '{'.

---

**FSUM9204** pattern space overflow during G command

**Explanation:** The content of the hold buffer was too long to be appended to the pattern buffer.

**User response:** Place a smaller amount of text in the hold buffer.

---

**FSUM9205** hold space overflow during H command

**Explanation:** You attempted to "hold" more data than would fit in the sed hold buffer.

**User response:** Reorganize your script to require less data in the hold buffer.

---

**FSUM9206** Can't chain "*cmd*" command

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9208** cannot redirect (dup2)

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9209** cannot execute: reason code = *reasoncode*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on reason code.

---

**FSUM9210** Traced functions not effective unless -o korn is set

**Explanation:** "typeset -ft function" (turn on tracing for the named function) was specified, but KornShell mode wasn't enabled.

**User response:** Don't specify "typeset &ndash;ft", or enable KornShell mode with "set &ndash;o korn".

---

**FSUM9221** get limit failed

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9222** set limit failed

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9224** bad number "*num*"

**Explanation:** Invalid string given where a number was expected. (MAILCHECK, TMOUT, OPTIND, HISTSIZE, and COLUMNS environment variables, or array subscript.)

**User response:** Specify a decimal number (containing only the digits 0 through 9) to the appropriate environment variables or subscripts.

---

**FSUM9225** no memory: *system\_error*

**Explanation:** A memory allocation failed with the error indicated.

**User response:** Take appropriate action to make virtual memory available based on the error indicated as part of this message.

---

**FSUM9230** Internal error: j\_close: no processes

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer. Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUM9247** "*filename*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9249** Failed to allocate required memory.

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9259** Need an explicit type for \$*n* when *n* &lt;= 0

**Explanation:** In a grammar with a union declaration, an action references a Yacc symbol value \$*n*, where *n* &lt;= 0, but no type is specified for \$*n*.

**User response:** Add an explicit type, of the form \$*typen*.

---

**FSUM9261** Need a type for *name*

**Explanation:** In a grammar with a union declaration, an action is referencing a Yacc symbol value that does not have a type associated with it.

**User response:** Use %*type type* rule to assign a type to a rule, or %*token type tokenname* to assign a type to a token. Alternatively, you can use explicit types within the action, in the form \$*\fltypen*.

---

**FSUM9268** Too many makefiles specified.

**Explanation:** You specified too many files using the **&ndash;f** option.

**User response:** Combine one or more files into a single file.

---

**FSUM9270** Too many open files. Max nesting level is *num*

**Explanation:** You have exceeded the maximum limit of `.INCLUDES`.

**User response:** Check to see if you have recursively included a make file, or simplify your makefile.

---

**FSUM9271** Could not create string "*string1/string2*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9272** "TTY" group not found -- contact your system administrator

**Explanation:** Unable to find the group that owns all the terminals. The name of this group is an installation option. The `getgrgid()` function reported the failure.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM9273** Not setgid to group '*term\_group*' -- contact your system administrator

**Explanation:** The process does not belong to the *term\_group* group. It must belong to this group in order to run successfully.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM9276** can't pass scalar to '*var[]*'

**Explanation:** You tried to pass a scalar value to a function expecting an array parameter.

**User response:** Correct your program.

---

**FSUM9277** can't pass array to '*var*'

**Explanation:** You tried to pass an array into a function expecting a scalar parameter.

**User response:** Correct your program.

---

**FSUM9278** built-in '*var*' can't be used as a parameter or auto variable

**Explanation:** You tried to use the name of a built-in function or variable as a parameter or local variable in a function.

**User response:** Correct your program.

---

**FSUM9279** *string()* is not a function

**Explanation:** You tried to use *name* as a function when it was not defined as such.

**User response:** Correct your program, or make sure that the spelling of *name* is the same as was used when defining the function.

---

**FSUM9280** '*string*' can only have values from *num1* through *num2*

**Explanation:** You tried to assign a value to a built-in variable that is outside the permitted range.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and correct your program to use a value that is within the acceptable range for that variable.

---

**FSUM9281** while executing function *funcname()*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while executing the named function.

**User response:** Determined by remainder of message.

---



---

**FSUM9283** internal error: Converting wide character back to MB

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system manager.

---

**FSUM9285** Number "*string*" not in range *num1.. num2*

**Explanation:** An invalid user ID was specified.

**User response:** Ensure that the command line arguments are correct.

---

**FSUM9309** Multibyte to wide character conversion error in "*string*"

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9310** Badly formed line/byte count "*num*"

**Explanation:** You gave an invalid number for the `&ndash;n` option.

**User response:** Correct the command line.

---

**FSUM9311** Missing number after "`&ndash;option`" option

**Explanation:** You specified the `&ndash;option` option without providing a number as its argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing number.

---

**FSUM9312** byte count not in range *num1..num2*

**Explanation:** You gave an invalid byte count.

**User response:** On the command line, correct the byte count to a number that can be expressed by the machine architecture.

---

**FSUM9353** Bad multibyte delimiter after `-t`

**Explanation:** The field separator specified for the `&ndasht` flag was not a valid multibyte sequence.

**User response:** Check the command line and try again.

---

**FSUM9356** *string*: Internal error: nextrecord: Unexpected status return from `m_fgetws`: *status*

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system manager.

---

**FSUM9357** Writing to standard output

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9358** Writing unpaired records

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9364** Bad date conversion: *string*

**Explanation:** The string passed to `m_readdate` was not in a format that the function recognized.

**User response:** Check the format of the date and try again.

---

**FSUM9366 invalid multibyte character**

**Explanation:** An invalid multibyte character was encountered during the processing of a regular expression.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Check the regular expression for invalid multibyte characters and reissue the command.

---

**FSUM9368 *command:* Only printable characters are permitted in log messages.**

**Explanation:** You specified a nonprintable character in a log message.

**User response:** Replace the nonprintable character with one or more printable characters.

---

**FSUM9369 cannot allocate storage for environment**

**Explanation:** There is not enough free memory to build the new shell environment.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Free up more resources and issue the command again.

---

**FSUM9370 cannot set supplementary groups**

**FSUM9374 *command:* Failed to strip file "string".**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while trying to strip an executable file.

**User response:** No action possible.

---

**FSUM9378 Special target [*target*] cannot be a prerequisite**

**Explanation:** You tried to use a special target as a prerequisite.

**User response:** Edit the makefile, and remove the special target from the prerequisite list.

---

**FSUM9379 Option -c failed to change directory to "*pathname*": *system\_error***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9380 *command:* Unknown option &ndash;*option***

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUM9381 *command:* Option &ndash;*string* argument missing**

**Explanation:** You specified the &ndash;*option* option without providing its required argument.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUM9383 Configuration file '*filename*' not found**

**Explanation:** Could not open the MAKESTARTUP configuration file.

**User response:** The MAKESTARTUP file may be either misnamed or missing. Ensure that the MAKESTARTUP file exists, and that it is accessible. This may require setting the \\*[MACRO MAKESTARTUP] macro or MAKESTARTUP environment variable.

---

---

**FSUM9384** Unable to return to directory ``pathname'`

**Explanation:** Make could not set the directory back to the original directory. The original directory may have been deleted, renamed, or had its permissions changed since Make was started.

**User response:** Ensure that the directory exists and has the correct permissions. Attempt the make operation again.

---

**FSUM9385** file `"filename"`

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9387** Unable to change directory to ``pathname'`

**Explanation:** Make could not set the directory back to the specified directory. The specified directory may have been deleted, renamed, or had its permissions changed since Make was started.

**User response:** Ensure that the directory exists and has the correct permissions. Attempt the make operation again.

---

**FSUM9392** file is binary

**Explanation:** A file that was supposed to contain rules contained binary data.

**User response:** Ensure that the correct file name is specified and that the contents of the specified file are correct.

---

**FSUM9393** line too long: limit `num`

**Explanation:** The makefile contains a line that exceeds the `LINE_MAX` limit.

**User response:** Shorten the line. You can use the continuation character (backslash) to spread long rules over several lines in the makefile.

---

**FSUM9394** error reading file

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9401** Inference rules result in circular dependency for `[target]`

**Explanation:** The inference rules result in a target that depends upon itself.

**User response:** Verify that the recipe lines are correct. Ensure that the meta rules or suffix rules are correctly specified. In some cases, you may need to use an explicit rule to override the action of the inference rules.

---

**FSUM9415** Don't know how to make `target`

**Explanation:** Make does not know how to make the given target.

**User response:** Ensure that the target is defined in the makefile. The target may be declared directly by an explicit rule or indirectly by an inference rule.

---

**FSUM9419** Mismatched braces in token `'token'`

**Explanation:** The number of open braces (`{`) does not match the number of close braces (`}`) in this token.

**User response:** Edit the token so that each open brace has a matching close brace.

---

**FSUM9424** Argument string to `(modifier)` must be quoted with `"`

**Explanation:** The argument to this macro expansion must be quoted using double quotes.

**User response:** Modify the macro expansion so that the argument is quoted using double quotes.

---

**FSUM9428** Ambiguity in *target\_list* targets [*target*], chose *string*

**Explanation:** The target list supplied to make is ambiguous and make chose *string* as the target from this list.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** If the target chosen by make is not the intended target for the current rule, then reformat the target list to be unambiguous and reissue the make command.

---

**FSUM9429** meta-rule too long: "*rule*"

**Explanation:** The meta-rule contained its maximum number of characters before Make reached the end of the meta-rule.

**User response:** Shorten the meta-rule so it fits in **DONE\_STATE** characters.

---

**FSUM9430** Internal, bad current dfa state *num* in [*node\_name*]

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM9431** Only one *.SETDIR* attribute allowed in rule line

**Explanation:** You have a rule with more than one *.SETDIR* attribute.

**User response:** If you want Make to search for a file in a number of different directories, use the *.SOURCE* special target.

---

**FSUM9432** Duplicate entry [*target*] in target list

**Explanation:** The makefile has duplicate entry *target* in target list.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Edit the makefile to remove the duplicate entry from target list.

---

**FSUM9433** Duplicate entry [*prereq*] in prerequisite list

**Explanation:** The makefile has duplicate entry *prereq* in the prerequisite list.

**User response:** Edit the makefile to remove the duplicate entry from the prerequisite list.

---

**FSUM9434** Multiply defined recipe for target *target*

**Explanation:** You specified more than one recipe for *target* in different rules, and the rules use the *:* operator.

**User response:** Either use the *:* operator to handle independent recipes, or correct your makefile.

---

**FSUM9435** Empty recipe for special target *target*

**Explanation:** The special target specified requires that a recipe also be specified for it.

**User response:** Refer to the documentation for the target and add an appropriate recipe.

---

**FSUM9436** *string* ignored on suffix rule [*.SETDIR*]

**Explanation:** The attribute is ignored, so it cannot be applied to this suffix rule.

**User response:** Remove the attribute from the suffix rule.

---

---

**FSUM9437 Imported macro *macroname* not found in environment**

**Explanation:** `make` attempted to import a macro that was not present in the program environment.

**User response:** Define the appropriate environment variable, remove the import rule, or add the `.IGNORE` attribute to the import rule.

---

**FSUM9439 Include file *filename* not found**

**Explanation:** `make` couldn't find the file *filename*.

**User response:** Check that the file exists, was named properly and that you have the appropriate permissions. Also check the prerequisites of the `.INCLUDIRS` target to make sure that it specifies the correct path.

---

**FSUM9441 Target *target* cannot mix `:' and `::' rules**

**Explanation:** You defined a rule for *target* using the `::` operator, and then followed this with another rule for *target* using the `:` operator.

**User response:** Either modify the second rule to use `::` or remove it.

---

**FSUM9453 *library(member)* : Can't touch library member**

**Explanation:** Warning: The command failed when trying to touch the library member to force the modify time to the present.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check the library and try again.

---

**FSUM9454 *string* macro not defined**

**Explanation:** You tried to execute a recipe that required the shell and either the `\*[MACRO GROUPSHELL]` macro or the `SHELL` macro was not defined.

**User response:** Make sure that the macro is defined properly in your makefile or `startup.mk` file.

---

**FSUM9456 Cannot open *pathname***

**Explanation:** `make` was unable to open a temporary file for a diversion or group recipe. You may not be able to write to your `TMPDIR` directory.

**User response:** Make sure that the `TMPDIR` environment variable is set up properly, that you have the appropriate permissions in that directory and that there is space on the file system.

---

**FSUM9464 allocating buffer for backslash interpretation**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9465 internal error: Converting "*number*" format argument from wide to MB**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9466 internal error: unexpected return value from `bs()`**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9467 argument "*arg*"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

---

**FSUM9503 cannot open file "*filename*" in "*cmd*" command**

**Explanation:** The file named in the *cmd* command could not be opened, either because the maximum number of files was already open, or because you were not permitted to write to *file*.

**User response:** Either simplify your script, so that it requires fewer open files, or check to ensure that you do have permission to write to the file.

---

**FSUM9505 Warning: unknown process *process\_id* terminated**

**Explanation:** This process has either ended normally or was terminated by a signal. The shell issued this message because even though this process is a child of the shell, its process id is unknown to the shell.

**System programmer response:** The receipt of this message generally indicates an error in fork() processing.

---

**FSUM9514 Input read error.**

**Explanation:** While in Vi mode, the editor received an EOF as command input- which terminated the editing session. This occurs when the standard input is a file rather than a terminal and the file ends without an **exit** command.

**User response:** Add a proper **exit** command to the command file.

---

**FSUM9526 Could not change name of utmpx database to "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to change the utmpx database name to *filename*. It is possible there were not enough free system resources to allocate an internal buffer.

**System action:** Program ends.

**User response:** Double-check the name of the file or free up some system resources and reissue the command.

---

**FSUM9527 *filename* is not a valid utmpx file**

**Explanation:** While reading entries from the utmpx database, specified by *filename*, a value for the *ut\_type* field of the utmpx structure was out of range. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

**System action:** Program ends.

**System programmer response:** Verify */etc/utmpx* is not corrupted.

**User response:** If the file used by the *who* utility is the default */etc/utmpx* file, then contact system programmer. If a different file was specified, then verify this file is not corrupted and in the proper format.

---

**FSUM9528 file "*filename*" is binary**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9529 file "*filename*": line too long: limit *LINE\_MAX***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9532 can't open parser resource file "*filename*"**

---

**FSUM9533 disk error: cannot write temp file**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9564 Insufficient disk space on device or Bad temporary file (read)**

**Explanation:** Yacc encountered a problem while reading a temporary file.

**User response:** Ensure that the disk is not full or defective.

---

**FSUM9566** expanded length of string too long; limit *char\_set\_size*

**Explanation:** You specified a string that expanded to a length greater than the number of characters in the character set. Since a given character may appear only once in the first string, you specified a character more than once in that string.

**User response:** Remove any repeated characters in the first string.

---

**FSUM9567** Starting endpoint *hexnum1* does not precede the second endpoint *hexnum2*

**Explanation:** The starting point of a range of characters is after the end point you have indicated.

**User response:** Reverse the start and end points of the range.

---

**FSUM9569** Invalid character class *class*

**Explanation:** You specified a character class *class* that is not defined in the locale indicated by LC\_CTYPE.

**User response:** Specify a character class that is defined in the locale indicated by LC\_CTYPE.

---

**FSUM9570** Collation string is not supported in [=equiv=]

**Explanation:** You specified a string for *equiv* in a [=equiv=] expression that contained more than one character. **tr** accepts only a single character for the equivalence class.

**User response:** Specify a one-character equivalence class.

---

**FSUM9571** syntax error in [x\*n] expression expression.

**User response:** Provide the missing ].

---

**FSUM9572** [x\*0] construct may only occur once

**Explanation:** You tried to fill the string using the [x\*0] construct more than once.

**User response:** Remove the second fill request.

---

**FSUM9573** Multibyte conversion

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9575** Corrupt multibyte character file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** File *filename* contains incomplete multibyte characters.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Make sure that file *filename* contains complete multibyte characters.

---

**FSUM9581** memory allocation failure

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUM9585** Only classes [:upper:] and [:lower:] are valid as a translate result, and then only if the corresponding character class is specified

**Explanation:** You specified a *class* in a [:class: construct in *string2* that was not **lower** or **upper**, or you specified [:lower:] or [:upper:] in *string2* without specifying the other one at the corresponding spot in *string1*.

**User response:** Specify *string2* in a form that gives an equivalent result without using the [:class:] construct, or specify [:upper:] or [:lower:] (as appropriate) at the correct point in *string1*.

---

---

FSUM9586 **input file *filename***

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

FSUM9587 **command: input line too long in *filename***

**Explanation:** A line in the input file *filename* was longer than **LINE\_MAX** bytes.

**User response:** Use **cmp** to compare non-text files.

---

FSUM9588 **command: input file *filename* is a binary file**

**Explanation:** You specified *filename* as the input file; however, *filename* is a binary file. **uniq** only works with text files.

**User response:** Specify a text file as the input file.

---

FSUM9593 **dd: only one of conv=ucase and conv=lcase may be specified**

**Explanation:** You specified both **ucase** and **lcase**. These options are mutually exclusive; you can specify only one.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Select **ucase** or **lcase** and rerun the command.

---

FSUM9594 **dd: only one of conv=block and conv=unblock may be specified**

**Explanation:** You specified both **block** and **unblock**. These options are mutually exclusive; you can specify only one.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Select **block** or **unblock** and rerun the command.

---

FSUM9595 **dd: only one character set translation option may be specified**

**Explanation:** The **ascii**, **ebcdic**, **ibm**, and **convfile** translation options are mutually exclusive. You specified more than one of these options.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Select only one translation option and rerun the command.

---

FSUM9602 **unable to create tempfile name**

**Explanation:** A temporary file could not be created. A system error indicating the cause follows this message. The problem is usually caused by lack of space on the output device, or lack of appropriate permissions to create the file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

FSUM9603 **output path or file name too long**

**Explanation:** The pathname of the temporary file exceeds system limits.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Because the name of the temporary file is based on the pathname of the input file, shorten the pathname of the input file by renaming it and/or moving it to a directory with a shorter name.

---

FSUM9604 **file "*filename*" already exists; not overwritten**

**Explanation:** The output file "*filename*" already exists and will not be overwritten.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Remove or rename "*filename*".



---

**FSUM9620 File read error**

**Explanation:** ed experienced a problem reading the file. A system error message follows.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Respond to the accompanying system error message.

---

**FSUM9630 Number " num " not in range min.max**

**Explanation:** The number you specified, " num ", is not within the allowable range of numbers.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify a number in the range *min* and *max*.

---

**FSUM9631 Number " num " not in range min.max**

**Explanation:** The number you specified, " num ", is not within the allowable range of numbers.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify a number in the range *min* and *max*.

---

**FSUM9632 Number " num " not in range min.max**

**Explanation:** The number you specified, " num ", is not within the allowable range of numbers.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify a number in the range *min* and *max*.

---

**FSUM9636 System does not support querying the set of character sets**

**Explanation:** The -l option is not supported.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Consult your system programmer if this is a needed feature.

---

**FSUM9637 Warning: multibyte locale not supported**

**Explanation:** lex currently does not support multibyte locales. If you are attempting to run lex in a multibyte locale, you may experience additional errors. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Run lex in POSIX locale.

---

**FSUM9638 Number " num " not in range min.max**

**Explanation:** The number you specified, " num ", is not within the allowable range of numbers.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify a number in the range *min* and *max*.

---

**FSUM9639 Number " number " not in range 0 ... unsigned long max**

**Explanation:** Input data fell outside of the accepted range, because you attempted to enter a negative number.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Enter only non-negative numbers.

---

**FSUM9661** pipe buffer

**Explanation:** While attempting to pipe a message through a command, mailx was not able to allocate enough memory.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Free up system resources and retry the command.

---

**FSUM9666** No messages satisfy : *subcommand line*

**Explanation:** No messages in the mailbox matched the subcommand given.

**System action:** The program continues.

---

**FSUM9667** No applicable messages about " *subcommand line* "

**Explanation:** No messages in the mailbox had a subject line that matched the one given by the user.

**System action:** The program continues.

---

**FSUM9668** No applicable messages from " *subcommand line* "

**Explanation:** The system could not find a mail message from the specified user.

**System action:** The program continues.

---

**FSUM9669** Unrecognized scrolling command " *command* "

**Explanation:** The user gave a scrolling command that was not valid.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** To scroll forwards, use '+' or "z+". To scroll backwards, use '-' or "z-".

---

**FSUM9673** *pathname*: Nonportable character 'c' (*xx*) found.

**Explanation:** *pathname* contains the character *c* (represented in hex by *xx*), which is not in the portable filename character set.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Rename *pathname* so that it does not include this character.

---

**FSUM9674** *pathname* : Nonportable byte *xx* found.

**Explanation:** *pathname* contains the non-printable character with hex byte value of *xx*, which is not in the portable filename character set.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Rename *pathname* so that it does not include this character.

---

**FSUM9679** Existing file " *filename* " exists; it will not be overwritten

**Explanation:** The -k (do not overwrite) option was specified for a pax restore, and pax has determined that *filename* already exists on the file system. The version of *filename* in the archive will not be restored.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** This is an informational message. No response is required.

---

---

**FSUM9681** *n*.illegal character sequence(s) for codeset extracting file "*filename* "

**Explanation:** While *filename* was being extracted, *n* characters could not be translated from and to codesets specified on the "-o to=" option. The *n* characters are left untranslated.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Verify that the *filename* as stored in the archive is not corrupted, and use the *iconv* utility to verify that the file can be successfully converted in its original form.

---

**FSUM9682** Cannot append to compressed archive

**Explanation:** The -a (append) option cannot be used on a compressed archive.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** To add a file to the end of a compressed archive, you can first use the *uncompress* utility to uncompress the archive, and later use the *compress* utility to recompress the archive.

---

**FSUM9684** Error: -o "*option string*": Invalid syntax

**Explanation:** The -o option was used with an invalid syntax near *option string*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Correct the -o syntax near *option string*.

---

**FSUM9696** !write error on file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** An error occurred writing to *filename*. A system error message that indicates the reason for the error follows this message. The problem is usually caused by lack of space on the output device, or lack of appropriate permissions to write the file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the accompanying system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUM9697** Badly formed sort key position "*position* "

**Explanation:** The key position was not specified correctly.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the format and try again.

---

**FSUM9698** Must specify number in "*-option* "

**Explanation:** Only numeric input data is accepted.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Use proper numeric data and try again.

---

**FSUM9700** too many key field positions specified

**Explanation:** *sort* is limited in the number of key positions that can be specified. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Use fewer key fields.

---

**FSUM9701** key value in "string" out of bounds

**Explanation:** The key value must be between 1 and LINEMAX.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Change the key value.

---

**FSUM9702** invalid key specification "key "

**Explanation:** If you specify a key using *m.n* notation, you cannot specify 0 in the *n* position.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Respecify the command using proper key syntax. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUM9704** file "filename ": no newline at end of file

**Explanation:** The file did not end in a newline character. A newline character was added.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** To avoid this message in the future, add a newline to the end of the file.

---

**FSUM9705** file "filename ": line too long: limit *max* -- truncated

**Explanation:** The line exceeded the allowed length, and as a result was truncated. This could be due to a missing newline character.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** To avoid this message in the future, make sure the line length does not exceed the stated limit and that the file is not missing newline characters.

---

**FSUM9707** file "filename": line *linenumber* : non-unique key in record: *record*

**Explanation:** The field selected is not suitable as a key field because its values are not unique for each record.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Select a different key field and try again.

---

**FSUM9708** file "filename": line *linenumber* : not ordered properly at: *record*

**Explanation:** The fields of the given record were apparently out of sequence in comparison with previous records.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check for missing field(s), or reorder the given record to match the previous records.

---

**FSUM9710** !temporary file error "filename"

**Explanation:** crontab was unable to open the named temporary file. This could be due to insufficient free storage, or a problem with the /tmp directory.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Make sure that /tmp exists and is not full, try freeing up system resources, and retry the command.

---

**FSUM9712** Upper/lower case conversion must be specified in the same relative positions

**Explanation:** The upper or lower character class specified in *string2* does not correspond to the opposite lower or upper class specified in *string1*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Change the position of the upper or lower character class in *string2* to correspond with the lower or upper character class in *string1*.

**FSUM9771** *string: cannot use TCP device with cu.*

**Explanation:** A TCP Device was specified for this system. cu cannot connect to another system over the TCP/IP network.

**User response:** Use another device type.

**FSUM9835** **initialization failed.**

**Explanation:** Common initialization for uucp commands failed, due to an error in reading the uucp configuration file.

**User response:** Make sure the uucc command has been run to create the uucp configuration file. See the uucc command description.

**FSUM9922** **internal execution tree error at " string "**

**Explanation:** awk encountered an error at the named step.

**System action:** The program continues in an error state and may end later.

**User response:** See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information on awk.

**FSUM9926** **error reading file**

**Explanation:** An unspecified error occurred in trying to read the file. A system error message that explains the error follows this message.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Respond to the system error message.

**FSUM9927** **error splitting record: line**

**Explanation:** awk encountered a syntax error on the given line.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Correct the error and retry. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

**FSUM9928** **invalid wide character** *hex character code*

**Explanation:** awk encountered a character that was not a valid wide character.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

**FSUM9942** **" argument " ignored, same basename as " argument "**

**Explanation:** Duplicate arguments are not allowed.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** To avoid this message in the future, remove the duplicate argument.

**FSUM9943 file(s) contain a character outside the domain of the collating sequence**

**Explanation:** One or more characters in the file(s) has an incorrect character, based on information in the LC\_COLLATE category of the current locale.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Review the file(s) for incorrect characters (see LC\_COLLATE).

---

**FSUM9948 Warning: useless variables:**

**Explanation:** The listed variables are either redundant or not used.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Review your code to see if the listed variables can be eliminated, or if the code that uses them is missing.

---

**FSUM9949 invalid character "*character*"**

**Explanation:** awk encountered a character that it did not recognize as alphanumeric, whitespace, or a special character to awk (such as a metacharacter).

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check your input for characters that are not valid, and check that the codeset of the input data matches the codeset of the shell environment.

---

**FSUM9950 input lines truncated - result questionable**

**Explanation:** One or more input lines are longer than grep can handle. grep assumes that the file it is searching has lines terminated by newline characters. When no newline character is found, the line is either truncated or split into multiple lines. A common cause of this message is the use of a binary file as input to the grep command.

**System action:** The program continues. This message does not affect the exit status.

**User response:** Shorten the line or lines, if possible. Do not use grep to search binary files.

---

**FSUM9952 history file \$HISTFILE "*file*"**

**Explanation:** The z/OS shell command history file specified by the HISTFILE variable could not be opened.

**System action:** The shell continues to run with the default history file: \$HOME/.sh\_history.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on the specific error description at the end of this message.

---

**FSUM9954 bad month "*month number*"**

**Explanation:** Months range from 1 to 12.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Enter again with a valid month number.

---

**FSUM9955 invalid year "*year*"**

**Explanation:** Years range from 1 to 9999.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Enter again with a valid year.

---

---

**FSUM9956 bad month "month"**

**Explanation:** The month name, spelling, or abbreviation was incorrect.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the spelling of the month, or use the first 3 letters of the month name as an abbreviation.

---

**FSUM9988 !cannot determine PATH\_MAX**

**Explanation:** The program was unable to get the size limit for filenames (including their directory path) from the system.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUM9989 invalid queue name 'queue name'**

**Explanation:** queue name must be a single-byte character long, and must not be a space, tab, newline, or NULL.

---

**FSUM9991 time specified has already expired**

**Explanation:** You specified a time that was in the past.

**User response:** Reissue the command with a correct time.

---

**FSUM9992 must run as root, and be run by root**

**Explanation:** cron can only be started by a superuser. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more detailed information.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator to start cron.

---

**FSUM9993 cron already running, pid # pid number**

**Explanation:** You may only start cron once, and it is already running.

**System action:** The cron that is already running continues to run.

---

**FSUM9994 cron already running**

**Explanation:** You may only start cron once, and it is already running.

**System action:** The cron that is already running continues to run.

---

**FSUM9995 bad format in queuedefs**

**Explanation:** There is a bad format in the queuedefs file. The queue format is `quename.##n#w`, where `quename` is a single character and `#` is a numeric value followed by a letter: `j` for the maximum number of jobs, `n` for null value, or `w` for wait to reschedule.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the queuedefs file for errors. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more details.

---

**FSUM9996** insufficient permission for -u

**Explanation:** The -u option can only be used by a superuser.

**System action:** The program ends.

---

**FSUM9997** You are not authorized to use cron. Sorry.

**Explanation:** Either your user ID is not in cron.allow, or it is in cron.deny.

**User response:** Contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUM9998** can't remove your crontab file

**Explanation:** crontab was unable to remove the crontab file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the permissions on the crontab file and verify that write permission has been granted.

---

**FSUMA003** Unexpected character found in line: *line*

**Explanation:** crontab was expecting to find either a valid number or an '\*' character followed by a non-blank (space or tab) character.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check the input line. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the correct format.

---

**FSUMA004** Number out of bounds in line: *line*

**Explanation:** crontab encountered a number in the input line that is outside of the allowed range.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the input line. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the correct format.

---

**FSUMA005** Missing command on line: *line*

**Explanation:** crontab was expecting to find a command on the given input line and failed to detect one.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the input line for incorrect format.

---

**FSUMA007** Warning: *string* already defined in *filename*

**Explanation:** A duplicate identifier was found in the given file.

**System action:** The program continues.

---

**FSUMA008** DLL in use

**Explanation:** The system is unable to run the program while the DLL is in use by another program or another instance of this program.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Make sure diff isn't running in a background process (use ps to detect this). If it is, either use the kill command to end it or use the fg command to bring it to the foreground. If the problem persists, contact your system administrator.

---



---

**FSUMA009** *filename* : **Not a directory**

**Explanation:** dircmp can only be used to compare directories.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** If you are comparing files, use diff or cmp; otherwise, verify that both arguments to dircmp are directories.

---

**FSUMA051** *filename* : **not executable, object, or library format**

**Explanation:** The input to the nm command must be a single executable file, a single object file or an archive library of object files.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify the appropriate type of file as input to nm and execute the command again.

---

**FSUMA081** **database file "file"**

**Explanation:** The program was unable to open the named file for reading.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check to make sure the file exists and that you have permission to read it.

---

**FSUMA083** *command*: **Unknown terminal "term"**

**Explanation:** The terminal type *term* could not be found in the terminal database.

**User response:** Check that the TERM environment variable is set correctly, and that an entry exists in the terminfo database for that terminal type.

---

**FSUMA084** **Multibyte conversion error.**

**Explanation:** An error occurred in converting between types wide character and multibyte. It is possible that an incorrect multibyte character was encountered.

**User response:** Check the data for incorrect multibyte characters, and try again.

---

**FSUMA093** **write error on standard output**

**Explanation:** The program was unable to write to standard output.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMA094** *file* is **not a normal file--can't patch.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to patch a file that is not a regular file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Make sure there were no typos in the filename, then check the file itself for errors.

---

**FSUMA096** **Not enough memory to try swapped hunk! Assuming unswapped.**

**Explanation:** patch was unable to allocate memory from the system. This may be due to insufficient storage space in the system.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Free up system resources and retry the command.

---

**FSUMA099** *Hunk number failed at line number*

**Explanation:** patch was unable to process the given hunk. Unless you specify otherwise, those hunks that failed will be saved in a file in the current directory.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** It is possible that the patchfile was applied to the wrong file. Double-check patch files, source files, and any reject files that were created to ensure proper order.

---

**FSUMA104** *Ran out of memory using Plan A--trying again...*

**Explanation:** patch was unable to allocate enough memory to perform an action.

**System action:** The program continues, attempting to apply the remaining patches (hunks) from the file.

---

**FSUMA107** *You may not change to a different patch file.*

**Explanation:** Only one patch file may be used per patch.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMA108** *Unable to change directory to ' directory '*

**Explanation:** The directory you specified may not exist; or you may have insufficient permissions to access it.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Double-check the directory path and its permissions.

---

**FSUMA110** *Fatal internal error in abort\_hunk()*

**Explanation:** While attempting to output information from a failing hunk, patch encountered a character it did not recognize.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the patch file for corruption or truncation. Also check that the codeset in which the patch file is encoded matches that of the current environment.

---

**FSUMA111** *Out-of-sync patch, lines starting line, ending line --mangled text or line numbers, maybe?*

**Explanation:** While attempting to apply the current hunk, patch encountered an error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the patch file for corruption.

---

**FSUMA112** *patch: misordered hunks! output will be garbled.*

**Explanation:** A problem arose with the patch file (a diff file): patch could not properly match a line in the patch file with the file being updated.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Restore the file from backup, and retry.

---

**FSUMA116** *This appears to be the wrong kind of patch.*

**Explanation:** The diff type you specified did not match the actual type of the patch.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Respecify the diff type (context, ed, or normal) so that it matches the actual type of the file. For more information, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* under "diff" and "patch".

---

---

**FSUMA130 Unexpected end of file in patch.**

**Explanation:** While processing a segment of the patch file, patch ran across an unexpected end of file. The patch file could be corrupted.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Recreate the patch file, restore the file to be updated from backup, and rerun the program.

---

**FSUMA131 Unexpected end of hunk at line *line number* .**

**Explanation:** patch came across the end of the current hunk (segment) of the patch file sooner than expected.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Examine the patch file for errors.

---

**FSUMA132 Unexpected \*\*\* at line *line number* : *line***

**Explanation:** patch came across the start or end of a hunk or segment sooner than expected.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Examine the patch file for errors.

---

**FSUMA133 Duplicate "---" at line *line number* --check line numbers at line *line number* .**

**Explanation:** patch came across the start or end of a hunk or segment sooner than expected. This may be due to an extraneous "---" marker.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Examine the patch file for errors.

---

**FSUMA134 Premature "---" at line *line number* --check line numbers at line *line number* .**

**Explanation:** The "---" indicator of the next section of the patch file was encountered sooner than expected.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check the line numbers specified; the patch file may have been edited or otherwise corrupted.

---

**FSUMA135 Overdue "---" at line *line number* --check line numbers at line *line number* .**

**Explanation:** The "---" indicator of the next section of the patch file was expected and not found.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check the line numbers specified; the patch file may have been edited or otherwise corrupted.

---

**FSUMA136 Hunk too large ( *quantity lines*) at line *line number* : *line***

**Explanation:** The current hunk exceeds the maximum allowable hunk size.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Consult your system programmer.

---

**FSUMA137 No --- found in patch at line *line number***

**Explanation:** The "---" marker, which marks the beginning of replacement text was expected and not found.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Examine the patch file for corruption.

---

**FSUMA139** Replacement text or line numbers mangled in hunk at line *line number*

**Explanation:** The patch file may have been corrupted or applied in the reverse order.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Examine the patch file for corruption.

---

**FSUMA140** Unexpected end of file in patch at line *line number*

**Explanation:** patch encountered the end-of-file marker before it had finished processing the patch file.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Check the patch file for corruption or truncation.

---

**FSUMA144** Not enough memory to swap next hunk!

**Explanation:** This message occurs only when you use the -R option on the command line. patch was unable to allocate memory to swap a hunk to/from the patchfile.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** To avoid this problem in the future, try freeing up system resources.

---

**FSUMA145** Malformed patch at line *line number* : *line*

**Explanation:** patch was expecting to find a digit and did not find one.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the patch file for errors.

---

**FSUMA157** at ".so *filename* ", file nesting level too deep

**Explanation:** You attempted to push more than 64 files onto the stack.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Try breaking up the spell command so that you do not need to examine more than 64 files at one time.

---

**FSUMA162** hash table

**Explanation:** The system was unable to allocate storage for the hash table.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Free up system resources, or add more main storage.

---

**FSUMA163** hash file "*file*"

**Explanation:** The program was unable to open the named file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the file permissions. If the failure persists, contact your system administrator.

---

**FSUMA164** hash file "*file*" write

**Explanation:** The program was unable to write to the named file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message that accompanies this message.

---

---

**FSUMA176 Incomplete multibyte sequence on command line**

**Explanation:** The multibyte character sequence specified in the input or output translation string is incomplete.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** This is most likely due to a missing \SI (shift in) character following a \SO (shift out).

---

**FSUMA186 Internal error: wcfputs().**

**Explanation:** In attempting to write a wide character string to a stream, an internal error occurred during conversion to multibyte.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Consult your system programmer, or follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMA187 Failed to expand words.**

**Explanation:** vi was unable to expand the %, #, ! commands on the input line.

**System action:** The program continues.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Check the input line for mistyped arguments or files.

---

**FSUMA194 Problem creating pathname ( *path* )**

**Explanation:** This is a system error that may have been caused by either of the following situations (though other causes are possible): 1. pathname length exceeds PATH\_MAX. 2. insufficient memory to create the pathname.

**System action:** The program ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local guidelines for reporting the problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMA196 temporary file error**

**Explanation:** wall was unable to open a temporary file. There could be insufficient system resources, for example, not enough storage or open file pointers.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Free up system resources and try again if necessary.

---

**FSUMA197 write error on temporary file**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the program was attempting to write to a temporary file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Make sure that system resources have not been used up, as insufficient free storage could cause this problem.

---

**FSUMA860 Recursive alias "*alias*" not expanded**

**Explanation:** This alias was part of another alias, and exceeded the maximum recursive depth allowed.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Redefine the alias so that an alias name is not part of the definition.

---

---

**FSUMA872 cannot open file "filename"**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMA873 !cannot create or open file for writing " pathname "**

**Explanation:** " *pathname* " could not be opened. A system error indicating the cause follows this message. The problem is usually caused by lack of space on the output device, or lack of appropriate permissions to create the file.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUMA874 csplit argument must be one of: /regex/[+-offset] regular expression,  
%regex%[+-offset] non copied  
regular expression,  
number line number,  
{number} repetition count for  
previous argument**

**Explanation:** You entered a `csplit` argument that did not look like a regular expression, line number, or repeat count.

**User response:** Check the syntax of your command line, correct any mistakes, and reenter it.

---

**FSUMA875 Badly formed regular expression "regex"**

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that did not conform to the rules for regular expressions.

**User response:** Correct the regular expression.

---

**FSUMA876 invalid number (num) specified with -n option (max max allowed)**

**Explanation:** The number *num* that was specified for the `-n` option exceeds the allowable value *max*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Respecify a number that is less than or equal to *max*.

---

**FSUMA877 !read error on file " pathname " at line n**

**Explanation:** An error occurred in file " *pathname* " at line *n* that prevented the file from being read. A system error indicating the cause follows this message.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUMA878 file " pathname ", line n: contains binary data**

**Explanation:** " *pathname* " at line *n* contains data that is not text. This program requires text data.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Verify that " *pathname* " is a text file.

---

**FSUMA879 file " pathname ", line n: line length exceeds limit of max**

**Explanation:** The length of line *n* in " *pathname* " exceeds the maximum allowed value *max*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Because the name of " *pathname* " is based on the pathname of the input file, shorten the pathname of the input file by renaming it and/or moving it to a directory with a shorter name.

---

---

**FSUMA882** " *string* " : **Premature end of file**

**Explanation:** csplit encountered the end of file before it was expected. This usually indicates that the last line of the input file is not terminated by a line-end character.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** csplit operates on text files. Verify that the file consists of complete text lines.

---

**FSUMA883** " *string* " : **Out of range**

**Explanation:** This is most likely the result of specifying a negative offset from a regular expression that resulted in a negative number of lines to output.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Reattempt the command with a smaller negative offset, or change the regular expression.

---

**FSUMA884** **!memory allocation error**

**Explanation:** You ran out of memory.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Obtain more memory.

---

**FSUMA885** **find: could not execute cpio utility**

**Explanation:** popen failed to execute cpio. Another message is displayed describing the error.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Look up the associated error message.

---

**FSUMA888** **Nice priority must range from *num1* to *num2***

**Explanation:** You specified a *priority* value that was not in the range *num1* to *num2* .

**User response:** Specify a *priority* value that falls in the given range.

---

**FSUMA891** **No such user as " *user* "**

**Explanation:** The user specified with the -u option is not known on this system. Either the user name or the numeric user ID is not defined in the user database.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Specify a valid user name or user ID.

---

**FSUMA893** **renice *nice\_val* [-v] [-p] *pid* ... [-g *gid* ...] [-p *pid* ...] [-u *user* ...]**

**Explanation:** Usage messages display the correct syntax for a command that you may have entered incorrectly.

---

**FSUMA894** **renice *nice\_val* [-v] -g *gid* ... [-g *gid* ...] [-p *pid* ...] [-u *user* ...]**

**Explanation:** Usage messages display the correct syntax for a command that you may have entered incorrectly.

---

**FSUMA895** **renice *nice\_val* [-v] -u *user* ... [-g *gid* ...] [-p *pid* ...] [-u *user* ...]**

**Explanation:** Usage messages display the correct syntax for a command that you may have entered incorrectly.

---

---

**FSUMA897 pathchk: warning: pathconf("pathname", varcode) returns 'syserror'. Using varcode2 = rc**

**Explanation:** An error occurred executing the C-runtime function pathconf() on *pathname* using varcode= *varcode*.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action. Contact your system programmer for additional help.

---

**FSUMA902 can't access your terminal**

**Explanation:** The invoking process does not have a controlling terminal.

**User response:** When running ps without a controlling terminal, you must specify one of the **&ndash;G**, **&ndash;g**, **&ndash;p**, **&ndash;t**, **&ndash;U**, or **&ndash;u** options to identify the processes on which ps is to report.

---

**FSUMA903 process table**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMA904 no matching processes found.**

**Explanation:** ps did not find any find any processes which matched the specified search criteria.

**User response:** Confirm the command options for ps.

---

**FSUMA905 badly constructed format string "format"**

**Explanation:** The output format string was not correct.

**User response:** Check the description of ps in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of possible format specifications.

---

**FSUMA906 parsing format string**

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMA907 out of memory**

**Explanation:** There were not enough free system resources to allocate the required space.

**User response:** Free up more resources and try again.

---

**FSUMA909 bad numeric ID at "&ndash;command option"**

**Explanation:** You specified a numeric identifier for a process, group, or session that was not a valid number.

**User response:** Make sure that all numeric IDs are valid numbers.

---

**FSUMA910 unknown user ID at "&ndash;u command"**

**Explanation:** You specified an unknown login name or a bad user ID as an argument to the **&ndash;u** option.

**User response:** Check the arguments to the **&ndash;u** option carefully.

---

**FSUMA911 undefined function**

**Explanation:** The command is identified as an undefined function. Possible causes: 1. The command name was marked with the "typeset -u" or "autoload" command, and the definition was not found in FPATH. 2. A filename matching the command name was found in FPATH, but the file did not contain a function definition of that name.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Define the function, or set the FPATH variable to include a directory that contains a file with the command name. The contents of this file must include a function definition for the command name.



---

**FSUMA912 Cannot set locale: The internationalization variable settings are invalid.**

**Explanation:** The shell called the "setlocale(LC\_ALL, "")" function, which failed. This is probably a result of an invalid or corrupted locale file.

---

**FSUMA917 job control disabled**

**Explanation:** You attempted to use the fg or bg command when set **&ndash;o monitor** (or set **&ndash;m** was not set.

**User response:** Turn on monitor mode with set **&ndash;omonitor** or set **&ndash;m**.

---

**FSUMA921 Option &ndash;option argument missing**

**Explanation:** You did not provide an argument for **&ndash;option**.

**User response:** Provide the missing argument.

---

**FSUMA922 &ndash;l number too large**

**Explanation:** You specified the **&ndash;l** option with a numeric argument that was greater than 1023.

**User response:** Specify an argument to the **&ndash;l** option that is less than 1024.

---

**FSUMA923 &ndash;n number too large**

**Explanation:** You specified the **&ndash;n** option with a numeric argument that was greater than 1023.

**User response:** Specify an argument to the **&ndash;n** option that is less than 1024.

---

**FSUMA924 !could not fork()**

**Explanation:** xargs could not fork a new process. A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on the reason code.

---

**FSUMA925 path: command not found**

**Explanation:** The command *path* cannot be found, or you do not have permission to access it.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Verify that you spelled the command correctly and that you have the correct permission to access it.

---

**FSUMA930 command: Unknown option &ndash;option**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUMA932 argument : input file can't be a directory**

**Explanation:** Directories may not be used as input source.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Specify a non-directory file as input source.

---

**FSUMA934 Warning: increment number changed to number**

**Explanation:** The increment specified on the nice command resulted in a nice value that was not valid. The increment was adjusted to result in a valid nice value.

**System action:** The command continues.

## FSUMA935 • FSUMA962

**User response:** No action is needed. To avoid this warning, specify a priority increment that, when added to the current nice value, results in a valid nice value (0-39).

---

### FSUMA935 *command not executable*

**Explanation:** The command specified as an argument on the nice command could not be run. A specific error description follows this message.

**System action:** The nice command ends.

**User response:** Specify an executable command as an argument on the nice command.

---

### FSUMA957 *translation code code not valid unsigned char*

**Explanation:** The value of *code* fell outside the range of values for an unsigned character.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Change either the variable type or the value assigned to it.

---

### FSUMA958 *duplicate translation on 'character'*

**Explanation:** During the processing of a new translation table, a character was redeclared.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Remove the extraneous declaration.

---

### FSUMA959 *undefined start condition 'name'*

**Explanation:** A `&lt;start state&gt;` was used in a pattern, but lex was unable to find it in the list of declared start states.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Declare the start state, or correct the name if it is misspelled.

---

### FSUMA960 *bad {NAME} syntax*

**Explanation:** lex encountered a character in a {NAME} that was not an alphabetic, numeric, or '\_' (underscore). There could be a missing '}' at the end of a previous declaration.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Remove the illegal character(s) from the {NAME} declaration or add the missing '}'.

---

### FSUMA961 *definition not defined*

**Explanation:** After seeing a {definition}, lex was unable to find it in the list of declared substitutions.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Replace the declared substitution, or define it in the definition section.

---

### FSUMA962 *nested { definition } expansion*

**Explanation:** You may have attempted to place a call to a macro with the definition of that macro.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Remove the recursive macro call, or change the macro to a function that can be called recursively.

---

---

**FSUMA963** ?possibly non-portable character class

**Explanation:** The defined character class may not be fully portable because of the inclusion of system or locale-specific characters, numbers, or symbols.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** If you want to find a more portable (POSIX-defined) definition of the desired character class, consult *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* or a lex manual.

---

**FSUMA964** Incomplete %{ declaration

**Explanation:** lex could not find the trailing %}, which needs to be the first and only thing on a line.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Add or correct the missing %}.

---

**FSUMA965** Too many start conditions

**Explanation:** During processing of the definition section, the number of *start conditions* exceeded the size of lex's static internal table. The default number of start conditions is 100.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Use fewer start conditions.

---

**FSUMA966** can't determine look ahead

**Explanation:** lex ran into a conflict in lookahead tokens, and did not know how to resolve it.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Simplify or expand the grammar rules to remove the conflict.

---

**FSUMB031** ?, \*, + or - not preceded by valid regular expression

**Explanation:** You specified a regular expression that contained a ?, \*, +, or - which was not preceded by a valid regular expression.

**User response:** Make sure that every unquoted ?, \*, +, or - in the regular expression is preceded by a valid regular expression.

---

**FSUMB039** error setting termios attributes

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMB040** unknown mode *string*

**Explanation:** You specified an unknown stty operand.

**User response:** Check the description of stty in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid stty operands.

---

**FSUMB041** Mode " *mode* " not supported in this window

**Explanation:** The system was unable to set the number of rows in this window.

**System action:** The program ends.

---

**FSUMB042** missing number after *string*

**Explanation:** You did not specify a numeric value as the argument of *operand*.

**User response:** Supply an appropriate number as the argument of *operand*.

---

**FSUMB043** internal error 1

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred in stty while trying to set the stty modes.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

**FSUMB045** failed to get termios attributes

**Explanation:** A call to tcgetattr() failed to return the necessary information.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMB046** missing character after "*command*"

**Explanation:** You did not specify a control character as the argument of *command*.

**User response:** Supply an appropriate argument for *command*.

---

**FSUMB047** badly formed *operand* character "*char*"

**Explanation:** You specified *operand* as the argument to *command* but *operand* is not a valid control character.

**User response:** Specify a valid control character.

---

**FSUMB048** missing speed after "*command*"

**Explanation:** You did not specify a baud rate with the **ispeed** or **ospeed** operand.

**User response:** Supply a valid baud rate.

---

**FSUMB049** argument "*arg*" not valid after *operand*

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid baud rate, *arg* , after the **ispeed** or **ospeed** operand.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer or check your reference manuals for a list of baud rates supported by your machine.

---

**FSUMB077** Detected circular dependency using [*target*]

**Explanation:** After expansion, a target depends upon itself. Make does not permit this.

**User response:** Modify the makefile to eliminate the circular dependency.

---

**FSUMB082** result of substitution too long

**Explanation:** The resulting filename after the substitution specified on the "-s" option exceeds the maximum filename length allowed.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Use a shortened substitution string.

---

---

**FSUMB083 Unknown option "+option"**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUMB084 Option "option" requires an argument**

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of options.

---

**FSUMB085 Invalid XQT file format - 'U' line not found (jobname)**

---

**FSUMB091 literal newline characters are not allowed in EREs**

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to place a newline character after the '\.'

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Remove the literal newline from the extended regular expression.

---

**FSUMB261 Bad list for -f, -b, or -c option [list]**

**Explanation:** You specified a list for the **&ndash;f**, **&ndash;b**, or **&ndash;c** option that contained non-numeric entries.

**User response:** Specify a list that contains only numeric entries.

---

**FSUMB262 Badly formed range in list [list]**

**Explanation:** You specified a list that contained a range that was not in the form: *num1* to *num2*.

**User response:** Reenter the command line using the proper syntax for a range.

---

**FSUMB263 Must specify "-f", "-b" or "-c" option**

**Explanation:** You did not specify any of the **&ndash;f**, **&ndash;b**, or **&ndash;c** options.

**User response:** Specify one of the three options.

---

**FSUMB264 Bad range "num1-num2" in list**

**Explanation:** You specified a list containing the range *num1* - *num2* where *num2* was less than *num1* . Ranges must be specified with the lower value first.

**User response:** Reenter the command line, making sure to list the lower value first when specifying the range.

---

**FSUMB265 no fields specified in list [list]**

**Explanation:** cut did not recognize anything in *list* as indicating a field.

**User response:** Check the syntax of the list and reenter the command.

---

**FSUMB291 Invalid number "number".**

**Explanation:** The *number* must be between the `LONGLONG_MAX` and the `LONGLONG_MIN`.

**User response:** Respecify command with an appropriate number.

---

**FSUMB293** Invalid option character " *unit\_character* " in " *user\_string* "

**Explanation:** The unit character *unit* specified by the user is invalid. Valid unit characters are b, c, k, l or m.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command with a correct unit.

---

**FSUMB294** Argument " *unit1* " is mutually exclusive with previously specified " *unit2* " option.

**Explanation:** The unit character *unit1* cannot be specified by the user because *unit2* was already specified. There cannot be two unit specifiers on the same command line.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command specifying only one unit character.

---

**FSUMB322** Argument to &ndash;n must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The &ndash;n option requires a numeric argument. This message occurs when a non-numeric value is detected as the argument to &ndash;n.

**User response:** Make sure that the command was entered correctly and use a numeric value for &ndash;n.

---

**FSUMB407** submit: '*filename*' Could not open file. *errno=reason*

**Explanation:** The specified file cannot be opened.

**System action:** The command fails for the file specified in the error message.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMB408** submit: *target* Not accepted by JES.

**Explanation:** The specified file or data set is not accepted as a JES job.

**System action:** The command fails for the file or data set specified in the error message.

**User response:** Verify that the file or data set member is in the correct JES format and reenter the command.

---

**FSUMB409** submit: *target* Could not submit empty job.

**Explanation:** The specified file or data set is empty and cannot be submitted to JES.

**System action:** The command fails for the file or data set specified in the error message.

**User response:** Verify that the file or data set member contains data and reenter the command.

---

**FSUMB410** Unknown option "&ndsh;*option*"

**Explanation:** You specified an option that is not valid for this command.

**User response:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for a list of valid options.

---

**FSUMB411** submit: *data set* Could not allocate data set.

**Explanation:** The specified data set cannot be allocated.

**System action:** The command fails for the data set specified in the error message.

**User response:** A system error message may have been displayed with this message. Verify that the specified data set exists.

---

---

**FSUMB451** **tsocmd: TSO/E command "*command\_string*" not found.**

**Explanation:** The specified TSO/E command cannot be found.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command ends.

**User response:** Verify that a valid TSO/E command was specified, and try the request again. Note that quotes can be used around the command string to avoid shell parsing.

---

**FSUMB452** **tsocmd: Unexpected error occurred processing TSO/E command "*command\_string*", return code *return\_code*.**

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while processing TSO/E command "*command\_string*". The associated system error messages precede this error, and the TSO/E return code was *return\_code*.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command ends.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error messages and return code *return\_code*.

**User response:** Refer to *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services* for more information on the system error messages. Verify that the correct TSO/E command was entered, and try the request again. Note that quotes can be used around the command string to avoid shell parsing. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMB453** **tsocmd: Unexpected error occurred processing environment variable "*variable\_name*", return code *return\_code*.**

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while processing environment variable *variable\_name*. The associated system error messages precede this error, and the TSO/E return code was *return\_code*.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command ends.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error messages and return code *return\_code*.

**User response:** Refer to the **tsocmd** command description in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. Verify that the environment variable has been properly specified, and try the request again.

---

**FSUMB454** **tsocmd: Unexpected error occurred processing environment variable "*variable\_name*".**

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while processing environment variable *variable\_name*. The associated system error messages precede this error.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command ends.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error messages.

**User response:** Refer to the **tsocmd** command description in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. Verify that the environment variable has been properly specified, and try the request again.

---

**FSUMB455** **tsocmd: Data set not allocated to *DD\_name:data\_set*, return code *return\_code*.**

**Explanation:** Data set *data\_set* could not be allocated to DD name *DD\_name*. The associated system error messages precede this error, and the TSO/E return code was *return\_code*.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command continues.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error messages and return code *return\_code*.

**User response:** Refer to the **tsocmd** command description in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. Verify that the TSOALLOC, SYSEXEC or SYSPROC environment variable has been properly specified, and try the request again.

---

---

**FSUMB456** **tsocmd: Data set not allocated for DD *DD\_name* with command "*command\_string*", return code *return\_code*.**

**Explanation:** The data set could not be allocated to DD name *DD\_name* using the information in *command\_string*. The associated system error messages precede this error, and the TSO/E return code was *return\_code*.

**System action:** The **tsocmd** command continues.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error messages and return code *return\_code*.

**User response:** Refer to the **tsocmd** command description in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information. Verify that the TSOALLOC, SYSEXEC or SYSPROC environment variable has been properly specified, and try the request again.

---

**FSUMF004** **Unknown or missing operator in symbolic audit mode "*operator*"**

**Explanation:** There is a missing or invalid operator in the specified symbolic **-audit** or **-audit**.

**User response:** Refer to the description of the **find** command in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the correct values and reenter the command.

---

**FSUMF005** **Octal audit mode may contain only digits [0-7] in *option***

**Explanation:** When you specify attributes in octal audit mode, the possible values are expressed by some combination of the digits 0 through 7 (for example, 777). You have specified a number outside that range or you have specified characters along with or instead of digits.

**User response:** Check the description of the **find** command in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for the correct values and reenter the command.

---

**FSUMF006** **getgroupsbyname failed**

**Explanation:** This message indicates a system error.

**User response:** Record any other messages and return codes that appear with this one and consult your system programmer or follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF007** **Invalid printer format: "*forms*"**

**Explanation:** You specified too many arguments for **-d** (*dest*) on the **lp** command. "*Destination\_name*", "*class*" and "*forms*" are the only permissible arguments on **-d**. They must be specified in that order.

**User response:** Reissue the command with valid arguments on **-d**.

---

**FSUMF008** **Invalid class: "*class*"**

**Explanation:** You specified the *class* operand of the **lp** command incorrectly. *class* can't be longer than one character. Valid values are A-Z and 0-9, but your installation may not have all valid values defined.

**User response:** Reissue the command with an appropriate value for *class*.

---

**FSUMF009** **Unable to access printer.**

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation to SYSOUT could not be made. The MVS system did not recognize one or more of the operands you specified on the **-lp** command.

**User response:** Check what you specified for "*destination\_name*", "*class*", and "*forms*". You may need assistance from your local help desk or a system programmer.

---



---

**FSUMF010 Unable to open printer ddn('ddn')**

**Explanation:** The system could not OPEN the SYSOUT data set.

**User response:** This message probably indicates a system error. Consult your system programmer or follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF011 logger: Priority: Priority must be 1-16**

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid priority value on the **logger** command. The priority value you specify on **logger** is used as the DESC= value on an MVS WTO command.

**User response:** Consult *z/OS JES3 Messages*, which describes what this descriptor means and gives the appropriate values for it. Reissue the command.

---

**FSUMF012 logger: Dest: Destination must be 1-128**

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid destination number on the **logger** command. This number is used as a route code by the MVS WTO command.

**User response:** Consult *z/OS JES3 Messages*, which describes what this descriptor means and gives the appropriate values for it. Reissue the command.

---

**FSUMF013 logger: wto failed, rc= rc**

**Explanation:** The **logger** command could not write your message to the operator console.

**User response:** Record the return code and any associated messages that appear with this one and consult your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF014 There is no function provided for this utility**

**Explanation:** The function is not supported on z/OS UNIX.

---

**FSUMF015 Unexpected EOF on "string"**

**Explanation:** End of file was reached unexpectedly.

---

**FSUMF016 Writing archive file "file"****FSUMF017 string(string): Bad magic #hexnum**

**Explanation:** Either the wrong file was passed, the file has been corrupted, or if file is of goff object format, records are not fixed at 80 bytes.

**User response:** Check your archive file.

---

**FSUMF018 Bad byte count on ESD card: offset**

**Explanation:** The object deck was corrupted.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Recompile the source to create another object deck.

---

**FSUMF019 Bad length on XSD card: offset , length**

**Explanation:** The object deck was corrupted.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Recompile the source to create another object deck.

---

**FSUMF020 File "*filename*": Unexpected end of file or archive member**

**Explanation:** The file or archive member does not end with an End record. The file or archive member was corrupted.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Reprocess the file or archive member. You may need to recompile the specified file.

---

**FSUMF021 Write permission required to strip "*input\_file*"**

**Explanation:** The user or process does not have write permission to the input file.

**User response:** Make sure that your user ID or process has write permission to the file.

---

**FSUMF022 Cannot set priority**

**Explanation:** The request to set or change the scheduling priority of one or more processes failed.

---

**FSUMF047 Cannot update cron**

**Explanation:** Check to make sure that the command you are using: crontab, at, or batch is owned by uid=0 and has set-user-ID bit on.

---

**FSUMF060 man: glob() failure**

**Explanation:** The glob() function failed to generate a pathname. Possible reasons include: insufficient permission to fully search directory paths, inability to allocate memory, or an internal error that caused the function to end.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** The pathname that was attempted is printed if the -x option was selected. It may be necessary to contact your system administrator if permissions are not set to allow access. If insufficient memory or storage was the cause, try freeing up system resources and reattempting the program.

---

**FSUMF061 Cannot format *string***

**Explanation:** man cannot format this man page because there is no troff formatter shipped with z/OS UNIX.

**User response:** Format this man page on a system that supports nroff or troff. Then return the formatted man page to z/OS UNIX and install it in the appropriate /usr/man/LANG/catN directory. Then man will be able to find it.

---

**FSUMF062 man: mkdir( *path* ) failure**

**Explanation:** The mkdir() function failed to create the named directory. Possible reasons for the failure include: the pathname names a symbolic link; the process did not have search permission on some component of the pathname; the pathname is too long (it exceeds PATH\_MAX); there is insufficient storage; a component of the pathname prefix is not a directory; or the parent directory is on a read-only file system.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Check the pathname for any of the above errors. It may be necessary to contact your system administrator for errors involving permissions. In the event of insufficient storage, try freeing up system resources or adding more storage.

---

**FSUMF063 *string* has been corrupted.**

**Explanation:** Previous goff card read specified that it was to be continued on next card, but when next card was read it was not of goff type.

**User response:** Recompile the file, run utility again.

---

---

**FSUMF068** **WARNING: syslist data invalid for file system. offset: syslist offset length:syslist length**

**Explanation:** The system list data returned from a call to `w_getmntent()` is in a state that should not occur. This may not affect your operation.

**System action:** `df` continues without error.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Note the error indicated as part of this message and contact your system programmer. Obtain internal debug info by issuing `df` with `-D` option, and supply that data to system programmer as well.

---

**FSUMF070** *name1* **external link to** *name2*

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMF072** **internal error creating file "*filename*" --BPX1CHR failure.**

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while restoring the external attributes of *filename* .

**User response:** This problem cannot be fixed by the user. Follow local procedures for reporting the problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF073** *filename*: **user not authorized to restore extended attribute "c"**

**Explanation:** The user attempted to set the "a", "p", or "l" extended attribute but does not have the proper authorization.

**User response:** To be able to set the "a" attribute, you must have at least READ access to the BPX.FILEATTR.APF facility class profile. To be able to set the "p" attribute, you must have at least READ access to the BPX.FILEATTR.PROGCTL facility class profile. To be able to set the "l" attribute, you must have at least read access to the BPX.FILEATTR.SHARELIB facility class profile. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning* for more information.

---

**FSUMF074** **Cannot append to an archive which is a PDS member.**

**Explanation:** You attempted to append to an archive which is a PDS member. This is not supported.

**User response:** To append to an archive which is a PDS member, the archive must first be copied into an HFS file or an MVS sequential dataset.

---

**FSUMF075** *cmd*: **A special header file was created for "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** The pax or tar utility created a special header file in order to preserve file characteristics of *filename* that could not otherwise be preserved using the specified archive format. This message will be followed by one or more messages indicating the specific characteristics that were preserved.

**User response:** This is an informational message and does not indicate an error with the archive created. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about the pax/tar special header files.

---

**FSUMF076** **target of linktype link ("*filename*") exceeds *n* chars.**

**Explanation:** The target of the specified link exceeds the number of characters supported by the pax/tar USTAR format. To store it in the archive requires the use of a special header file.

**User response:** This is an informational message. Due to pathname length limitations, the specified link cannot be stored in the archive using the standard archive format. The use of special header records will be required to store the link. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about the pax/tar special header files.

---

**FSUMF077** *cmd*: **Format error in special header file: "*reason*"**

**Explanation:** A pax/tar special header file could not be processed due to an error in its format. The *reason* is shown.

**User response:** This is an internal error that should not occur under normal circumstances and is most likely an indication that a portion of the archive is corrupted. Verify that the archive was not corrupted (generally due to incorrect transfer between systems). If problem persists, follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**FSUMF078 Special header ignored. Version number *n* not supported.**

**Explanation:** The pax/tar archive being read contains a special header which is at a higher level than your version of pax/tar supports. The header will be ignored and any characteristics described within the header will not be applied to the file the header pertains to.

**User response:** The special header summary file for this archive contains a description of all attributes defined in the special header files for this archive and can be used to manually restore the characteristics. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about pax/tar special headers.

---

**FSUMF079 Warning: unsupported field "*name*" in special header.**

**Explanation:** The special header file describes a file characteristic that is not supported by your present level of pax/tar and so cannot be restored. This is most likely due to the archive having been created with a newer version of pax/tar.

**User response:** The special header summary file for this archive contains a description of all attributes defined in the special header files for this archive and can be used to manually restore the characteristics that could not be restored in this file. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about pax/tar special header files.

---

**FSUMF080 cmd: error writing summary special header to archive.**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while writing the summary special header file to the archive. An error message describing the reason for the error will also be provided.

**User response:** If possible, correct the underlying cause of the error as described by the reason message. For additional help, contact your system programmer or follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF081 cmd: Special header file(s) were created for one or more component files in this archive.**

**Explanation:** The purpose of this message is to inform you that one or more special header files were created during the writing of the archive.

**User response:** This is an informational message and does not indicate an error with the archive created. Its purpose is to inform you that one or more files had attributes which could not normally be stored using the default pax/tar archive and so were stored using special header files. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about pax/tar special header files.

---

**FSUMF082 warning: file "*pathname*" not extracted from archive, substitution resulted in empty filename**

**Explanation:** The substitution pattern specified by the pax -s option resulted in *pathname* being replaced by an empty string, consequently, *pathname* was not extracted from the archive.

**System action:** pax continues without error.

**User response:** This is an informational message. If you wish "*pathname*" to be extracted, specify a different substitution pattern or extract "*pathname*" in a separate command.

---

**FSUMF083 warning: file "*pathname*" not added to archive, substitution resulted in empty filename**

**Explanation:** The substitution pattern specified by the pax -s option resulted in *pathname* being replaced by an empty string, consequently, *pathname* was not written to the archive.

**System action:** pax continues without error.

**User response:** This is an informational message. If you wish "*pathname*" to be written, specify a different substitution pattern or append "*pathname*" in a separate command.

---

---

**FSUMF084 warning: file "*pathname*" not copied, substitution resulted in empty filename**

**Explanation:** The substitution pattern specified by the pax -s option resulted in *pathname* being replaced by an empty string, consequently, *pathname* was not copied to the target directory.

**System action:** pax continues without error.

**User response:** This is an informational message. If you wish "*pathname*" to be copied, specify a different substitution pattern or copy it manually using the cp utility.

---

**FSUMF115 ps internal error return code processing BPX1GTH.**

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while processing the results from a call to the callable service BPX1GTH (\_\_getthent: "get thread data").

**User response:** This problem cannot be fixed by the user. Follow local procedures for reporting the problem to IBM. Please note the "internal error" number. If the problem can be recreated, run the same ps command with the "-z" (debug) option and save the debug file created.

---

**FSUMF125 fldata() failed for MVS data set "*name*"**

**Explanation:** cp/mv failed when trying to retrieve information about the *name* MVS data set.

**User response:** Check the MVS data set *name* based on the error indicated as part of this message.

---

**FSUMF127 cannot reset File Format for file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** Not all file systems support the file format.

**User response:** Check that the file system you are using for your target supports file formats.

---

**FSUMF128 user not authorized to restore File Format for file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** File format could not be restored for the *filename*.

**User response:** Check file permissions.

---

**FSUMF129 cannot reset extended attribute "*attribute*" for file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** Not all file systems support the extended attributes.

**User response:** Check that the file system you are using for your target, supports the extended attribute you are trying to set.

---

**FSUMF130 cannot reset extended attributes for file "*filename*"**

**Explanation:** Not all file systems support the extended attributes.

**User response:** Check that the file system you are using for your target, supports the extended attributes you are trying to set.

---

**FSUMF131 appending "*suffix*" to file "*filename*" exceeds PATH\_MAX**

**Explanation:** You are trying to append a suffix which will cause the filename to exceed the PATH\_MAX length.

---

**FSUMF132 suffix "*suffix*" and filename "*filename*" are the same**

**Explanation:** You are trying to drop a suffix which is the same as the filename. Dropping *suffix* will leave the filename to be an empty string.

---

---

**FSUMF133** source *"filename"* is not a supported type of file for this operation

**Explanation:** You are trying to do an operation on a file that is not supported.

**User response:** Check the documentation for this command to see which type of files are supported.

---

**FSUMF134** source *"filename"* is a directory, not allowed for MVS data set target

**Explanation:** You are trying to do an operation where the source is a directory and the target is an MVS data set. This source/target combination is not supported.

---

**FSUMF135** source *"filename"* is either a sequential data set or a partitioned data set, not allowed for partitioned data set target

**Explanation:** You are trying to do an operation where the source is either a sequential data set or a partitioned data set and the target is a partitioned data set. This source/target combination is not supported.

---

**FSUMF136** sequential data set source and director target is not supported

**Explanation:** You are trying to do an operation where the source is a sequential data set and the target is a directory. This source/target combination is not supported.

---

**FSUMF137** partitioned data set source and a file target is not allowed

**Explanation:** You are trying to do an operation where the source is a partitioned data set and the target is a file. This source/target combination is not supported.

---

**FSUMF138** partitioned data set *"name"* must exist

**Explanation:** You specified a partitioned data set that was not found.

**User response:** Check that you specified the correct partitioned data set name and that it exists.

---

**FSUMF139** fetch() failed for IEWBIND

**Explanation:** fetch() of IEWBIND for copying/moving executables to/from PDS failed.

**User response:** Note the error indicated as part of this message and contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF140** IEWBIND function *"function"* failed with return code *return\_code* and reason code *reason\_code*

**Explanation:** IEWBIND failed for the given function.

**User response:** Look in *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* to check the return code and reason code.

---

**FSUMF141** *filename* exceeds the pathname limit for IEWBIND

**Explanation:** The filename specified exceeds what is allowed for pathname length in IEWBIND.

---

**FSUMF142** *format* is not a supported File Format

**Explanation:** The file specified has an unsupported File Format.

---

**FSUMF143** *name* exceeds the maximum data set length

**Explanation:** The specified data set name was too long. It must be 44 characters or less.

**User response:** Make the data set name shorter and try again.

---

---

**FSUMF144** **remove() failed for file *filename***

**Explanation:** cp/mv was unable to remove *filename*.

**User response:** Check the *filename* based on the error indicated as part of this message.

---

**FSUMF145** **error when traversing the PDS(E) *name***

**Explanation:** While traversing the PDS(E) for a member list, an error was encountered.

**User response:** Check the partitioned data set and try again.

---

**FSUMF146** **cannot find *member* in PDS(E)**

**Explanation:** The *member* cannot be found in the PDS(E) anymore.

**User response:** Check the partitioned data set and try again.

---

**FSUMF147** **either *name* or *name2* not found in *name3***

**Explanation:** One of the members cannot be found in the partitioned data set anymore.

**User response:** Check the partitioned data set and try again.

---

**FSUMF148** ***command*: spanned records are not supported**

**Explanation:** You tried to cp/mv to/from an MVS data set which has spanned records.

**User response:** Move the data to a data set with non-spanned records.

---

**FSUMF149** **sequential data sets cannot be copied nor moved as executables**

**Explanation:** You specified to cp/mv an MVS sequential data set as an executable.

**User response:** Check to make sure you have the correct MVS data set name.

---

**FSUMF154** ***filename* is not a load module**

**Explanation:** You specified to cp/mv the *filename* as an executable but it's not a load module.

**User response:** Check to make sure you have the correct file name.

---

**FSUMF155** ***filename* must be in undefined record format to store a load module**

**Explanation:** You specified to cp/mv an executable to an MVS data set that is not in undefined record format.

**User response:** Check to make sure you have the correct target name or chose one that is in undefined record format.

---

**FSUMF156** **"*filename*" is a partitioned data set, not supported for MVS target**

**Explanation:** You tried to cp/mv from a partitioned data set, to an MVS data set. This source/target combination is not supported.

**User response:** Check the documentation for the supported source/target combinations.

---

**FSUMF157** ***filename* is an existing sequential data set, no member allowed**

**Explanation:** You specified a member name for an MVS sequential data set. MVS sequential data sets do not have members.

**User response:** Check to make sure you have the correct file name.

---

## FSUMF158 • FSUMF167

---

**FSUMF158** **Dynalloc failed with error code=*error\_code*, info code=*info\_code* for *filename***

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation failed for *filename*.

**User response:** Check the dynalloc() error and info codes.

---

**FSUMF159** ***command* : localtime() failed**

**Explanation:** A system call to convert the calendar to local time has failed.

**System programmer response:** There may be a problem with the TZ environment variable or the current LC\_TOD locale category (assuming a POSIX environment).

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF160** **Unable to change back to current working directory "*pathname*"**

**Explanation:** Could not set the directory back to the original directory. The original directory may have been deleted, renamed, or had its permissions changed since command was started.

**User response:** Ensure that the directory exists and has the correct permissions and cd back to it.

---

**FSUMF161** **No recovery files for "*name*"**

**Explanation:** You specified a file name that does not contain any recovery files in /etc/recover/\$LOGNAME.

**User response:** Check value of TMP\_VI environment variable, and run the exrecover utility. Search your file system for any VI\* files which may have been written during another session using a different value for TMP\_VI.

---

**FSUMF162** **fuser: Options -c and -f are mutually exclusive.**

**Explanation:** You have specified both the -c and -f options. You can specify one or the other, but not both.

**User response:** If you want the specified *file* argument to represent a file system, use -c. Otherwise, use -f for fuser to report only *file*.

---

**FSUMF165** **Could not send SIGKILL signal to process *process*.**

**Explanation:** The SIGKILL signal could not be sent to the process because the process does not exist or the user does not have permission to send the SIGKILL signal to the process.

**User response:** If the target process is still running, the program sending the SIGKILL must be run from an authorized user.

---

**FSUMF166** **BPX1GMN failed for device named by *pathname* devno=*n*, rc=*return\_code*, reason=*reason\_code***

**Explanation:** The callable service BPX1GMN returned with an unexpected return value when querying the mountpoint for the file system (with device number *n*) named by *pathname*.

**User response:** This error indicates a problem with the device *d* or an internal error. Retry the command. If it continues to fail, note the return code and reason code and follow local procedures for reporting the problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF167** **BPX1GTH() failed. Return code=*return\_code*, reason code=*reason\_code***

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while processing the results from a call to the callable service BPX1GTH (\_\_getthent: "get thread data").

**User response:** This problem cannot be fixed by the user. Follow local procedures for reporting the problem to IBM. Please note the return code and reason code.

---



---

**FSUMF168** `w_getmntent` could not obtain mount point for "*filesystem*".

**Explanation:** The pathname for the mount point is not currently available for this file system.

**System programmer response:** More detailed information can be found from the MVS console command *display omvs.f*.

**User response:** This condition may be transitory. Try issuing the command again. Otherwise, contact system programmer.

---

**FSUMF170** `getsyntax`: Cannot retrieve the variant character definitions from the current locale.

**Explanation:** Unable to locate variant character information/definitions for the current locale.

**System programmer response:** Ensure current locale has LC\_SYNTAX defined correctly.

**User response:** Contact system programmer.

---

**FSUMF171** `cp/mv` of link "*filename1*" to target "*filename2*" failed

**Explanation:** Unable to copy/move the *filename1*.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMF172** MVS data set name *name* is too long

**Explanation:** The data set name exceeds the allowable length.

**User response:** Check the data set name and try again.

---

**FSUMF173** **Warning:** *dirname* is a directory and will not be traversed without **-R**.

**Explanation:** A directory was encountered by the `chtag` command. Only files, not directories can have a filetag.

**System action:** `chtag` continues.

**User response:** If you wanted to recursively traverse the directory, and tag/print all of the files contained within it, you must use the `-R` option. No further action is needed if you wanted to ignore the contents of the directory.

---

**FSUMF174** *command*: You must enter a codeset name or a ccsid between 0 and 65535 (USHRT\_MAX).

**Explanation:** Either the codeset name you specified does not convert to a ccsid, a ccsid was not entered, or the given ccsid is out of range (  $0 \leq \text{ccsid} \leq \text{USHRT\_MAX}$  ).

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Respecify command with a valid code set name or ccsid.

---

**FSUMF175** *command*: `chattr()` or `fchattr()` could not set filetag for *filename*.

**Explanation:** The `chattr()` or `fchattr()` service failed.

**System action:** The filetag of the file specified in the error message will not be changed. The command continues.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message.

---

**FSUMF177** *filename* : To set `txtflag` on, you must have a valid character codeset.

**Explanation:** You either explicitly tried to turn on `txtflag` and set a ccsid equal to 0 or 0xFFFF (binary), or you tried to change one of the fields of the filetag which would result in this combination.

**System action:** The filetag of the file specified in the error message will not be changed. The command continues.

**User response:** Find out what state the filetag is in with the `-p` or `-v` option, then issue the `chtag` command with a valid combination of options.

---

**FSUMF178 Arithmetic error, division by 0 or overflow.**

**Explanation:** awk encountered a floating-point math error. There was either a division by 0 error, or an overflow of a double floating point variable. The allowable range for double floating point numbers is 5.397605e-79 to 7.237006e+75 (for positive numbers).

**User response:** Check your awk program and data. There could be a formula error, or a range value might have been exceeded. (For example, calculating 57! will exceed the maximum allowed range.)

---

**FSUMF179 *command*: internal error executing \_\_toCSName(ccsid,...)**

**Explanation:** During the execution of the *command* utility, an unexpected error occurred calling \_\_toCSName with the value *ccsid*. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message. If appropriate, *command* will display the *ccsid* rather than the codeset name.

**System action:** *command* continues.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

**FSUMF180 ERROR: unable to query existing *signal* handler**

**Explanation:** The sigaction call returned a failure while attempting to query the existing signal handler.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local guidelines for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for possible reasons this call may have failed. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF181 WARNING: unable to reset the signal handler for *signal* back to its previous state. It has been set back to the system default.**

**Explanation:** For unknown reasons, the sigaction function returned an error while attempting to restore the previous signal handler. In this case, the signal handler has been restored to the system default.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** If desired, reset the signal handler manually. For more information see the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* .

---

**FSUMF182 Could not turn autoconversion off for *file***

**Explanation:** During the execution of a command, the fcntl() failed. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The command will fail for the file specified in error message.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

**FSUMF183 fileno() failed and could not turn autoconversion off for *file***

**Explanation:** During the execution of the head or tail command, the fileno() failed and therefore could not turn autoconversion off. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The head or tail command will fail for the file specified in error message.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

---

**FSUMF186 warning: codeset conversion performed on "file" which is tagged "mixed".**

**Explanation:** Codeset conversion was performed on *file* which is tagged as "mixed" (textflag off and a valid codeset value). Because this file might contain non-text data, this message is a warning that some data might have been corrupted as a result of the conversion.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** If the file contains non-text data, do not perform translation or use "-o fromfiletag".

---

**FSUMF187 unable to determine ccsid for codeset "codeset"**

**Explanation:** A ccsid (numerical id associated with a codeset) could not be determined for the specified *codeset*. This is mostly likely due to an incorrect spelling or the codeset is not supported on your system.

**System action:** processing does not continue--application ends.

**User response:** Verify that the *codeset* is valid.

---

**FSUMF188 warning: codeset conversion performed on "file" which is tagged "binary".**

**Explanation:** Codeset conversion was performed on *file* which is tagged as "binary" . Because this file is identified as containing non-text, this message is a warning that some or all of the data in the file might have been corrupted as a result of the conversion.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** If the file contains non-text data, do not perform translation or use "-o fromfiletag".

---

**FSUMF189 warning: file is tagged with a different codeset than the "from=" codeset.**

**Explanation:** *file* is tagged with a different codeset than the codeset identified on the "from=" option. Consequently, converting this file using the "from=" codeset will cause the data in the file to be corrupted.

**System action:** The file is converted and processing continues.

**User response:** To prevent this file from being incorrectly converted, do not specify it for extracting or removal, or use the "-o fromfiletag" option to cause pax to use the file's codeset rather than the one specified on the "from=" option.

---

**FSUMF190 The "fromfiletag" and "setfiletag" options are not valid without "-o from=,to="**

**Explanation:** The "-o fromfiletag" and "-o setfiletag" are only valid when used with the "-o from=,to=" option.

**System action:** The application ends abnormally.

**User response:** Either specify the "-o from=,to=" option, or do not use the "-o fromfiletag" or "-o setfiletag" options.

---

**FSUMF191 preserving filetag information**

**Explanation:** This message indicates that a special header record has been created to preserve filetag information associated with this file.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** This is an informational message. Filetag information cannot be stored in the archive using the standard archive format. The use of special header records will be required to preserve the filetag information. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about the pax/tar special header files.

---

**FSUMF192 fcntl() failed and could not set autoconversion for file**

**Explanation:** During the execution of the lex or yacc command, the fcntl() failed. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The lex or yacc command will fail for the file specified in error message.

## FSUMF193 • FSUMF209

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

**FSUMF193** *find: "-option option argument" is invalid*

**Explanation:** The given option and/or the argument are incorrect.

**User response:** Check for the correct options in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and try again.

---

**FSUMF194** *unable to determine codeset for ccsid "ccsid" for file file*

**Explanation:** You specified the -F option and the source's filetag's ccsid does not have a corresponding codeset.

**User response:** Check for the correct options in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and try again.

---

**FSUMF195** *file is tagged with a different codeset than the "-f codeset".*

**Explanation:** You specified the -F and -f option and the source's filetag ccsid does not match the -f codeset given.

**User response:** Check for the correct options in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and try again.

---

**FSUMF196** *file is untagged and -f codeset was not specified*

**Explanation:** You specified -F option without -f codeset however, the source file has no filetag set.

**User response:** Check for the correct options in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* and try again.

---

**FSUMF197** *catalog should be a binary file but is tagged as text*

**Explanation:** Message catalog is always a binary file.

**User response:** Check the catalog specified, untag and try again.

---

**FSUMF198** *Could not reset autoconversion*

**Explanation:** Utility could not turn back the autoconversion for the thread.

**User response:** Try again.

---

**FSUMF208** *command: stdin ("-") can only be used once.*

**Explanation:** During the execution of the *command* utility, stdin was specified for use in more than one place, either as input for files containing ACL entry data, or as pathnames on which setfacl will operate.

**System action:** The *command* will fail with a usage message.

**User response:** Respecify the command using proper syntax. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF209** *command: option text Unable to parse text into an ACL: failing entry*

**Explanation:** During the execution of *command*, a call to `acl_from_text()` failed due to a parsing error at the specified entry, or due to invalid specification of delimiters. The setfacl option that was currently being processed is displayed in *option text*.

**System action:** The *command* will fail with an error.

**User response:** Issue the command again using the correct syntax. If you specified a z/OS UNIX user ID or RACF group ID, make sure an OMVS segment exists for the specific ID. For more information on using z/OS UNIX System Services commands, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference*.

---

---

**FSUMF220** *command: option text* **The given input did not contain any ACL entries.**

**Explanation:** The ACL entry data supplied by the user via stdin or command-line is either empty or contained only white-space or comments. The setfacl option that was currently being processed is displayed in *option text*.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify ACL entry files contain data and verify command-line. If piping getfacl output as input to setfacl, verify ACLs exist on the original file, and that they are getting displayed properly.

---

**FSUMF221** *option text* **ACL text contains more than three base ACL entries: error text**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_from_text()` failed with E2BIG because too many base entries were specified in the ACL entry text. The setfacl option that was currently being processed is displayed in *option text*. The failing entry or a descriptive message is displayed in *error text*.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify the ACL entry data has the proper number of base ACL entries.

---

**FSUMF222** *option text* **acl\_from\_text() failed.**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_from_text()` failed. The errno is displayed. The setfacl option that was currently being processed is displayed in *option text*.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF223** **Internal error.** *descriptive text: return code or value in error*

**Explanation:** Possibly, a call to a run-time function, specified in *descriptive text* failed with *return code*. In this case, the errno is displayed. *descriptive text* may also contain the name of a function which failed.

**System action:** The command will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact system programmer.

---

**FSUMF227** *command:* **Extended ACL entry not unique for id**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_valid()` failed because an extended ACL entry is not unique for the user id or group id (specified by *id*) There may exist only one ACL entry for a given user id or group id.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify that all ACL input data does not contain duplicate entries.

---

**FSUMF228** *command:* **Base ACL entry not unique for tag type: base entries**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_valid()` failed because a base ACL entry was specified more than once. The base entries are displayed by *base entries* The "user", "group" and "other" base ACL entries may each be specified only once.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Verify that all ACL input data does not contain duplicate base ACL entries. If ACL type appears as "unknown", it is an internal error, and contact system programmer.

---

**FSUMF229** *command:* **warning: pathname is not a directory so type of ACL ACL cannot be changed.**

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to change the File Default or Directory Default ACL entries on a pathname which is not a directory. File Default and Directory Default ACL entries are only associated with directories.

**System action:** The *command* will continue to the next file, unless -a (abort) was specified.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify ACL input data is as intended.

---

**FSUMF230** **Unable to delete ACL type ACL from pathname**

**Explanation:** The setfacl command was unable to delete the ACL of type *ACL type* from *pathname*. This may have occurred if user attempted to delete an ACL (with -D option), or if a user attempted to set an ACL (with -s or -S). When performing a "set" operation, the entire ACL for the file is replaced, so any existing ACLs are deleted.

**System action:** The command will continue to the next file, unless -a (abort) was specified.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF231** *command:* **Failure setting ACL type ACL for pathname: three base entries are required.**

**Explanation:** The user is attempting to set (replace) an ACL of type *ACL type*, but the three required base entries were not specified.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Reissue the command with the required base entries.

---

**FSUMF232** **acl\_set\_file() failed on ACL type ACL for "pathname": return value: return value**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_set_file()` failed for *pathname* while trying to modify the ACL of type *ACL type* and returned *return value*.

**System action:** The command will continue to the next file, unless -a (abort) was specified.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify owner of file. Only owner or superuser of a file may change an ACL for that file. Verify (using `getconf`) the number of ACL entries specified is not more than is allowed by the system. Verify (using `getconf`) that the file system containing *pathname* supports ACLs. Verify that the current security product supports ACLs.

---

**FSUMF233** *command:* **Base ACL entry not unique or has invalid type.**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_set_file()` failed because a base ACL entry is not unique for the user id or group id, or the entry contains an invalid type. There may exist only one ACL entry for a given user id or group id.

**System action:** The *command* will continue to the next file, unless -a (abort) was specified.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify that all ACL input data does not contain duplicate entries and that the ACL entries contain valid values for the type of ACL entry. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information on syntax of ACL entries.

---

**FSUMF234** *command:* **Extended ACL entry not unique or has invalid type: string**

**Explanation:** A call to `acl_set_file()` failed because an extended ACL entry is not unique for the user id or group id, or the entry contains an invalid type. There may exist only one ACL entry for a given user id or group id.

**System action:** The *command* will continue to the next file, unless -a (abort) was specified.

---

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify that all ACL input data does not contain duplicate entries and that the ACL entries contain valid values for the type of ACL entry. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information on syntax of ACL entries.

**FSUMF235** *command:* **The entries file: "file" is empty.**

**Explanation:** A file, intended to hold ACL entry data as input to setfacl, contains no entries.

**System action:** The *command* will exit with an error.

**System programmer response:** None.

**User response:** Verify *file* contains ACL entry data.

**FSUMF236** **acl\_init() failed.**

**Explanation:** The C-RTL `acl_init()` function failed.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Check the EDC message for cause of failure.

**FSUMF237** **acl\_to\_text() failed when processing file "filename"**

**Explanation:** The C-RTL `acl_to_text()` function failed.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Check the EDC message for cause of failure.

**FSUMF238** **The -acl\_entry primary allows only a single acl entry**

**Explanation:** The `acl_entry` primary allows only one extended acl entry.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Check that the `acl_text` you specified for `-acl_entry` does not contain any commas or newlines. Look in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for correct syntax.

**FSUMF239** **The specified acl\_text for -acl\_entry primary has unknown tag type**

**Explanation:** The `acl_text` does not contain a valid tag type.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Look in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for valid syntax.

**FSUMF240** **The specified acl\_text for -acl\_entry primary has incorrect permission field**

**Explanation:** The `acl_text` specified has invalid permissions.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Look in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for valid syntax.

**FSUMF241** **Incorrect syntax of acl\_text for -acl\_entry primary.**

**Explanation:** The `acl_text` specified has invalid syntax.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Look in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for valid syntax.

**FSUMF242** *command:* **warning: seclabel "seclabel" already exists for "filename"**

**Explanation:** The current file already has a seclabel assigned. Once a file is assigned a seclabel, chlabel cannot be used to change it.

**System action:** The command continues to the next file.

**User response:** Remove the seclabel from the file and reissue chlabel.

---

**FSUMF243** *command :* **chattr() could not set seclabel for " filename "**

**Explanation:** The chattr() service failed. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The file specified in the error message will not be changed. The command continues.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

**FSUMF244** *command:* **warning: -h or -L not specified. Symbolic link "filename" not changed.**

**Explanation:** The current file is a symbolic link. To change the seclabel for a symbolic link, or for the file to which it points, either -h or -L must be specified.

**System action:** The command continues to the next file.

**User response:** Specify either -h or -L to assign a seclabel for *filename*.

---

**FSUMF246** *command :* **lchattr() could not set seclabel for " filename "**

**Explanation:** The chattr() service failed. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The file specified in the error message will not be changed. The command continues.

**User response:** Refer to the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error and contact your system programmer as required.

---

**FSUMF247** *command :* **seclabel cannot be greater than numchars characters.**

**Explanation:** The system's limit for the size of a seclabel is *numchars*.

**System action:** Command terminates.

**User response:** Reissue the command using a valid seclabel.

---

**FSUMF248** *command:* **warning: -c not specified. "filename" not changed.**

**Explanation:** The current file resides on a separate file system than that of the originating file for which chlabel was called.

**System action:** The command continues to the next file.

**User response:** Specify -c to allow chlabel to cross device boundaries, or reissue chlabel to specifically assign a seclabel for *filename*.

---

**FSUMF249** **Error during directory traversal of *pathname***

**Explanation:** An error occurred while traversing the directory *pathname*. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The directory traversal for this *pathname* terminates and the command continues.

**User response:** Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error.

---



---

**FSUMF250** *command name: Error during directory traversal of pathname.*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while traversing the directory *pathname*.

**System action:** The directory traversal for this *pathname* terminates and the command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** If unable to resolve, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUMF271** **Invalid user/uid for option -e**

**Explanation:** User specified the option -e with an argument that could not be mapped to a username nor uid.

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately.

**User response:** Correct the argument for option -e and try the command again.

---

**FSUMF272** **Could not get username for -e uid (*uid*)**

**Explanation:** User specified the option -e *uid* and that *uid* could not be mapped to a username. This option requires that the *uid* is mapped to a username so that a supplementary group list can be obtained.

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately.

**User response:** Check the *uid* used with -e option and try again.

---

**FSUMF273** **Could not get supplementary group for user *user***

**Explanation:** User specified the option -e *user*. This option requires that a supplementary group list is obtain and it could not be.

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately.

**User response:** Check the EDC message for cause of failure.

---

**FSUMF274** **WARNING: file "*filename*" is not a regular file nor a directory... skipping**

**Explanation:** ACLs can only be set on regular files and directories.

**System action:** The utility continues to the next file.

**User response:** Check the filenames and try again.

---

**FSUMF275** **WARNING: file "*filename*" is not a directory**

**Explanation:** The user specified a -d or -f option which applies only to directories.

**System action:** The utility continues to the next file.

**User response:** Check the option and/or filenames and try again.

---

**FSUMF277** **acl\_to\_text() failed and could not display extended acl entries for file *filename***

**Explanation:** The C-RTL function is used to convert the extended acl entries into a string to be displayed. That function failed.

**System action:** The utility continues.

**User response:** Check the EDC message for cause of failure.

---

**FSUMF278** **Someone is adding ACL entries as we try to get them for file *filename***

**Explanation:** While the utility is trying to get all the ACL entries, the number of extended ACL entries in the file is increasing.

**System action:** The utility continues.

---

## FSUMF279 • FSUMF310

**User response:** Reissue the command.

---

### FSUMF279 Could not get *acl\_type* ACL for file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** There was an error when the command tried to get the ACL information for the file.

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately if out of memory otherwise it continues.

**User response:** Check the additional errors being displayed.

---

### FSUMF280 Could not restore *acl\_type* ACL for file "*filename*"

**Explanation:** There was an error when the command tried to restore ACL information for the target file.

**System action:** The utility continues.

**User response:** Check the additional errors being displayed.

---

### FSUMF300 Unable to allocate output descriptor: *bpxwdyn* return code=*rc*

**Explanation:** The internal routine *bpxwdyn* failed while attempting to create an output descriptor. *rc* is the return code value returned from *bpxwdyn*. This error should not occur under normal circumstances and may be the result of an internal problem with *bpxwdyn* or the utility that invoked it.

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately.

**User response:** Retry the command and if the problem persists, note the return code and follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

### FSUMF301 Unable to allocate output descriptor: reason code=*rsn*, info code=*info*

**Explanation:** The utility was unable to allocate an output descriptor. *rsn* is the dynamic output return code (S99ERROR) and *info* is the information code (S99INFO).

**System action:** The utility terminates immediately.

**User response:** A return code of 0x4 and info code of 0x0401 are most likely caused by the utility running in shared address space. Turn off the shared attribute bit using *extattr* and contact your system programmer to investigate the process used to install the utility. All other codes can be looked up in the dynamic output return codes table found in the *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*. If the problem cannot be resolved, note the return and info codes and contact your system programmer or follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

---

### FSUMF302 *readdir()* failed: reason code *hex\_value*

**Explanation:** The C-RTL function *readdir()* failed.

**System action:** The command terminates.

**User response:** Check the EDC message and the *errno2* reason code given.

---

### FSUMF310 preserving ACL information

**Explanation:** This message indicates that a special header record has been created to preserve extended ACL (Access Control List) information associated with this file.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**User response:** This is an informational message. Extended ACL information cannot be stored in the archive using the standard archive format. The use of special header records will be required to store the ACL information. Refer to the *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about the *pax/tar* special header files.

---

---

**FSUMF311** *cmd*: cannot set ACLs.

**Explanation:** This message is displayed when the *cmd* utility could not set ACLs on one or more files. Additional messages may be displayed with more specific information on the failure. Generally, this error indicates that the user does not have sufficient authority.

**System action:** Processing ends.

**User response:** Review any additional messages for the reason and take appropriate action. Verify that you have sufficient authority.

---

**FSUMF312** unknown error: ioctl(*action*) failed, reason=0*hexnum1*, info=0*hexnum2*

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred when attempting to perform *action* with ioctl(). The reason code and info code are provided.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** This error indicates an unexpected problem retrieving or setting ACLs which is not expected. Retry the command. If it continues to fail, note the reason code and info code and follow local procedures for reporting the problem to IBM.

---

**FSUMF313** Could not restore ACLs. Too many entries.

**Explanation:** The system limit for ACL entries per file is less than the number of ACL entries attempted to be set.

**System action:** The program ends.

**User response:** Determine the ACL entries limit for your system and set no more than this limit. For pax and tar, the -oA or -LA options, respectively, can be used to display the ACLs being set. This information can be captured and used to manually restore ACL entries.

---

**FSUMF314** pathname too long to be saved in tar format-- saved as: *newpath*

**Explanation:** The pathname of the source file is greater than 100 characters and so cannot be stored using the original tar archive format. It has been shortened to a new pathname *newname* that is less than or equal to 100 characters.

**System action:** Program continues.

**User response:** If the new name will not cause a problem, the user does not need to take any action. If the new pathname may cause a problem, the user may choose to specify the -U option which will cause tar to use the USTAR archive format which allows pathnames up to 255 characters, or the user may choose to simply rename the source file.

---

**FSUMF315** Cannot define temporary file

**Explanation:** A temporary file was required to perform the requested operation (such as command substitution). The shell was unable to define a unique filename in a temporary directory. This may be due to a problem with the directory.

**System action:** The operation ends. The shell continues.

**User response:** If the TMPDIR variable specifies a directory name, ensure that it is a writable directory for the user. If TMPDIR is not defined, ensure that /tmp exists as a writable directory.

---

**FSUMF316** Cannot open temporary file *filename*

**Explanation:** A temporary file was required to perform the requested operation (such as command substitution). The shell was unable to create or open the temporary file. A system error indicating the reason is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The operation ends. The shell continues.

**User response:** Fix the error indicated by the system error message.

**FSUMF317 integer overflow**

**Explanation:** You specified an integer value that exceeds the maximum integer value allowed, as limited by the configuration variable LONG\_MAX.

**User response:** Specify an integer within the valid range.

---

**FSUMF318 The file owner uid (*uid*) does not match job owner uid (*uid*)**

**Explanation:** The job owner who originally issued the crontab or at job, is not the owner of the file containing the job. Either the file was modified or created manually or the username's uid was changed.

**User response:** Using the content of the crontab or at job, re-issue the crontab/at command. The crontab/at job files should never be changed nor created manually.

---

**FSUMF319 File tag exists but pax cannot store the tag information using this format/option(s) for file *filename***

**Explanation:** The *filename* has the file tag set but the pax format/option used cannot store that information in the archive. In order to store the file tag, one of the following must be used: \_OS390\_USTAR=Y environment variable, -o saveext, or -x os390.

**User response:** Use the pax format/options which allow storing file tag information. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF320 *command*: symbolic link "*symlink*": this format/option(s) does not permit symbolic links to pathnames longer than *n***

**Explanation:** The format of the tar and USTAR archives does not allow the storing of symbolic links whose target pathname exceeds *n* characters. In order to store the greater than 100 characters symbolic links, one of the following must be used: \_OS390\_USTAR=Y environment variable, -o saveext, or -x os390.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** For z/OS Release 8 or later, pax and tar support an extended USTAR format, which can store symbolic links whose target exceeds *n* characters. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF323 ACLs exist but pax cannot store the ACL information using this format/option(s) for file *filename***

**Explanation:** The *filename* has the ACL set but the pax format/option used cannot store that information in the archive. In order to store the ACL, one of the following must be used: \_OS390\_USTAR=Y environment variable, -o saveext, or -x os390.

**User response:** Use the pax format/options which allow storing the ACLs information. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF324 ACLs exist but tar cannot store the ACL information using this format/option(s) for file *filename***

**Explanation:** The *filename* has the ACL set but the tar format/option used cannot store that information in the archive. In order to store the ACL, one of the following must be used: \_OS390\_USTAR=Y environment variable with -U, -UX, or -S .

**User response:** Use the tar format/options which allow storing the ACLs information. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF325 File tag exists but tar cannot store the tag information using this format/option(s) for file *filename***

**Explanation:** The *filename* has the file tag set but the tar format/option used cannot store that information in the archive. In order to store the file tag, one of the following must be used: \_OS390\_USTAR=Y environment variable and -U, -UX, or -S.

**User response:** Use the tar format/options which allow storing file tag information. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

---

**FSUMF327** `__writedown failed`

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The command ends with an error exit status.

---

**FSUMF328** `Unexpected __writedown query return value number`

**Explanation:** A `__writedown` query operation returned a value that is not recognized by the `writedown` command.

**System action:** The command ends with an error exit status.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUMF329** `Cannot create temporary file "filename"`

**Explanation:** A system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The command continues for the next file.

**User response:** Check the cause of error and after correcting the problem, issue the command again.

---

**FSUMF332** `Arithmetic overflow on limit number`

**Explanation:** You specified a limit value that, when multiplied by the unit size, exceeds the maximum value allowed. The result of this multiplication must fit in an unsigned 64-bit integer.

**User response:** Specify a limit value within the valid range.

---

**FSUMF333** `CMD: command The file owner uid (uid) does not match job owner uid (uid)`

**Explanation:** The job file owner must match the MVS identity of the user who issued the job, unless the job file owner is `uid(0)`. The `crontab/at` jobs must not be created or changed directly without using `crontab/at` commands.

**System action:** The program continues to next item.

**User response:** Check the `crontab/at` job and re-issue under environment where the MVS identity is the same as the real `uid` (or `uid` is 0). See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF334** `chown() on file "uid" failed`

**Explanation:** When real `uid` does not match MVS identity, `crontab -e` command attempts to `chown()` the temporary file it creates, so that it can be edited.

**System action:** The program fails.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message. Re-issue the command. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF335** `setuid() failed: uid= uid`

**Explanation:** The program was not able to change the identity to process the entry.

**System action:** The program fails.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message. Re-issue the command. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

**FSUMF336** `Security error: Mismatch between uid ( uid ) and MVS identity (user= user ,uid= uid ) is not supported`

**Explanation:** The real `uid` must match the MVS identity (except when `uid` is 0).

**System action:** The program fails.

---

## FSUMF337 • FSUMF345

**User response:** See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

---

### FSUMF337 `getpwnam()` failed for user= *user*

**Explanation:** Cannot find MVS identity *user* in the user database.

**System action:** The program fails.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message.

---

### FSUMF338 Component file "*filename*" is too large to archive.

**Explanation:** The size of a component file in a pax or tar archive must be less than 8 gigabytes.

**System action:** This file will be skipped. The command continues.

**User response:** Split the file into smaller files before archiving again.

---

### FSUMF339 Premature end of file reached on archive "*filename*". Extracted file "*filename*" is incomplete.

**Explanation:** Pax or tar has read to the end of the archive file and it is not complete. It is possible the archive is corrupted.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Make sure the archive file is complete before reissuing the command.

---

### FSUMF342 *pid* : Cannot superkill pid -1 (all processes)

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) of -1. Pid -1 indicates that the superkill should be sent to all processes for which you are authorized. This is not supported for superkill.

**System action:** Processing of pid -1 ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -K" command only for positive pid values which have not terminated from a prior "kill -s KILL".

---

### FSUMF343 *pid* : Cannot superkill a process group

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) of 0 or a negative value, indicating that the superkill should be sent to a process group. This is not supported for superkill.

**System action:** Processing of *pid* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -K" command only for positive pid values which have not terminated from a prior "kill -s KILL".

---

### FSUMF344 *pid* : Cannot superkill without prior KILL signal to process

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a process id (pid) that had not been sent a KILL signal at least 3 seconds earlier.

**System action:** Processing of *pid* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -s KILL" command for the pid. Wait 3 seconds. If the process does not terminate, then issue the "kill -K" command for the pid.

---

### FSUMF345 *pid* : \_\_superkill: reason code = *reason\_code*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command invoked the \_\_superkill() service, which failed with the reported reason code.

**System action:** Processing of *pid* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on reason code.

---

---

**FSUMF346** *job : pid* : **Cannot superkill a process group**

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command specified a shell job, which indicates that the superkill should be sent to a process group. This is not supported for superkill.

**System action:** Processing of *job* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Issue the "kill -K" command only for pids which have not terminated from a prior "kill -s KILL".

---

**FSUMF347** *job : pid : \_\_superkill: reason code = reason\_code*

**Explanation:** A "kill -K" command invoked the \_\_superkill() service, which failed with the reported reason code.

**System action:** Processing of *job* ends. If there are more arguments, the command continues.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on reason code.

---

**FSUMF348** **Unexpected wordexp() return value** *number*

**Explanation:** A word expansion operation returned a value that is not recognized by the mailx command.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Verify the user issuing mailx has a default HOME directory defined. If unable to resolve the problem, contact the system programmer.

---

**FSUMF349** *"file\_name":* **block size of target is 0.**

**Explanation:** MVS target has an invalid blocksize.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Make sure the block size of MVS target is valid.

---

**FSUMF350** **I/O buffer is not big enough. buffer size :** *size data or attribute : size*

**Explanation:** System is unable to allocate I/O buffer big enough.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF351** *"file\_name":* **record length of target is invalid.**

**Explanation:** MVS target has an invalid record length.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Make sure the record length of MVS target is valid.

---

**FSUMF352** **Warning: IEWBIND function "function" had return code** *return\_code* **and reason code** *reason\_code*

**Explanation:** During converting load module format, IEWBIND function had return code greater than 0.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Check the return code and reason code in *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* .

---

**FSUMF353** **\_\_chattr() could not set audit\_flag\_type audit flags for filename**

**Explanation:** The \_\_chattr() service failed.

**System action:** The audit flags of the file specified in the error message were not changed. The command continues.

**User response:** Check the system error message displayed with this message. To set auditor audit flags the invoking

## FSUMF354 • FSUMF365

user id must have the AUDITOR attribute set in the system security product.

---

**FSUMF354** *timestamp* **cron: failed to start a scheduled job. See the cron log for details.**

**Explanation:** The cron daemon could not start a scheduled job.

**System action:** The cron daemon continues. Failed at or batch jobs are deleted from the queues. If the error indicated in the log is corrected, a failed crontab job will be started when it is next scheduled to run.

**User response:** Check the cron log for details of the error.

---

**FSUMF355** **tmpnam() returned an empty filename**

**Explanation:** tmpnam() was unable to define a unique file name in a temporary directory. This may be due to a problem with the directory.

**System action:** The cron daemon continues.

**User response:** If the TMPDIR variable specified a directory name when the cron daemon was started, ensure that it is a writable directory for the user who started the cron daemon. If TMPDIR was not defined, ensure that /tmp exists as a writable directory.

---

**FSUMF356** **Preserving pathname information which is too long to store in a USTAR header.**

**Explanation:** This message indicates that a special header record has been created to preserve pathname information that is too long to be stored in the USTAR header block. This can be due to a number of reasons:

1. The pathname is greater than 255 characters long.
2. The pathname cannot be split on a / such that the final component after the split fits in the 100 character name field of the tar header block.
3. The initial component after the split is too long to fit in the 155 character prefix field of the tar header block.

**System action:** Processing continues.

**System action:** This is an informational message. Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information about the pax/tar special header files. Archives with special headers files are not portable.

---

**FSUMF362** **No value specified after -W keyword "*keyword*".**

**Explanation:** -W keyword *keyword* requires *keyword=value* format.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Specify a value after the keyword.

---

**FSUMF363** **Cannot copy symbolic link *symbolic\_link* to an MVS data set.**

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to copy or move a symbolic link to an MVS data set with -P when variable \_UNIX03=YES is set. Symbolic links only exist in UNIX file systems.

**System action:** Processing for the symbolic link ends and the command continues.

**User response:** Make sure the target is not an MVS data set when using -P to process symbolic links.

---

**FSUMF365** **Syntax error on -W argument : *error***

**Explanation:** A syntax error occurred while parsing the -W argument string.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Fix the syntax error and try again.

---



---

**FSUMF366** Error processing **-W** argument : *error*

**Explanation:** An error indicated by *error* occurred while parsing the **-W** argument string.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on the displayed error. If unable to resolve the error, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF368** **chmod()** failed while changing the file permissions for *filename*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to change the file permissions for *filename*. The system error indicating the cause is displayed with this message.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error. If unable to resolve the error, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF369** *command*: a pax specific **-o** keyword was specified for a non-pax format

**Explanation:** A **-o** option keyword which only applies to a pax format archive was specified for a non-pax format archive.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Use pax format for this archive or do not use this **-o** option keyword.

---

**FSUMF370** *command*: **Unknown file format "file format" specified for file "filename"**

**Explanation:** The file being archived has an invalid file format attribute associated with it.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Use the **"-o delete=ZOS.filefmt"** option to bypass file format processing for the archive.

---

**FSUMF371** Value *value* is not valid for keyword *keyword*. Keyword not set.

**Explanation:** An invalid numeric value was specified for a **-o** option keyword. A pax extended record was not created for the specified keyword.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Verify that the value specified is of the correct for the data type for the keyword specified.

---

**FSUMF372** Error processing pax extended header.

**Explanation:** There is a formatting error in a pax extended header in the archive being processed.

**System action:** The command ends.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Verify that the archive file is not corrupted.

---

**FSUMF373 Invalid value "value" for keyword "keyword" for file "filename"**

**Explanation:** pax could not set the attribute corresponding to the specified keyword while extracting or listing the file indicated. The user specified an invalid value for an extended header keyword.

**System action:** The command continues.

**System programmer response:** If the correct syntax is specified and the problem persists, follow local procedures for reporting a problem to IBM.

**User response:** Verify the syntax for the extended header keyword.

---

**FSUMF382 A break or continue statement cannot occur outside of a loop.**

**Explanation:** A break or continue statement can only be inside the do/while/for loop.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Verify that the location of the break or continue statement is correct.

---

**FSUMF383 No remembered replacement string.**

**Explanation:** Before you can use the % character as the replacement string, the s command must have been previously issued. This error only occurs when variable \_UNIX03=YES is set.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** If there was no previous s command, do not use the % character as the replacement string.

---

**FSUMF384 Mark name 'variable' is not currently present in the edit buffer.**

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to access a mark that is not present in the edit buffer. This error only occurs when variable \_UNIX03=YES is set.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Make sure *variable* has been set to mark a line and the line has not been deleted or modified.

---

**FSUMF385 The '!' command cannot be followed by blank characters.**

**Explanation:** The '!' command cannot be followed by blank characters. This error only occurs when variable \_UNIX03=YES is set.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Reissue the command without any blank characters after the '!' command.

---

**FSUMF386 The filename argument "filename" must be preceded by one or more blank characters.**

**Explanation:** When using the s command with the w flag, the filename argument *filename* must be preceded by one or more blank characters. This error only occurs when variable \_UNIX03=YES is set.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Add one or more blank characters before the filename argument in the s command. For example, change 's/a/b/wfile' to 's/a/b/w file'.

---

**FSUMF388 The label is too long and cannot allocate buffer.**

**Explanation:** The label was too long and there was not enough memory when trying to resize the pattern buffer to contain the label.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Reduce label's length.

---

---

**FSUMF389 Input line is too long and cannot allocate buffer.**

**Explanation:** A line in the input file was too long and there was not enough memory when trying to resize the pattern buffer.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Make sure that the input file is a text file and every line is not longer than 10240 bytes.

---

**FSUMF390 Pattern space overflow during G command and cannot allocate buffer.**

**Explanation:** The content of the hold buffer was too long to be appended to the pattern buffer, and there was not enough memory when trying to resize the pattern buffer.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Place a smaller amount of text in the hold buffer.

---

**FSUMF391 Hold space overflow during H command and cannot allocate buffer.**

**Explanation:** The content of the pattern buffer was too long to be appended to the hold buffer, and there was not enough memory when trying to resize the hold buffer.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Place a smaller amount of text in the pattern buffer.

---

**FSUMF397 name: cannot open: string**

**Explanation:** Could not open the file. This message is followed by a system error describing the specific reason for the error.

**System action:** The program continues.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

**FSUMF400 file: internal error**

**Explanation:** There was an internal error when reading the magic files.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

**FSUMF403 Invalid keyword "keyword" in listopt string.**

**Explanation:** pax could not process the listopt string because it contained an invalid keyword in a format specifier.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** The keyword must be one of the field name entries in ustar header block and octet-oriented cpio archive entry or one of the pax extended header keywords.

---

**FSUMF404 Path name is too long(> length)**

**Explanation:** The path name specified on the command line exceeds the displayed number bytes.

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Path name exceeds a limitation of ls command and it is not supported.

---

**FSUMF405 Warning: Non-object file "filename(member\_name)" was partially processed as an object file. Symbol processing for this file is ended. Bad magic 0xhexadecimal was found.**

**Explanation:** For the **ar** command, archive file member *member\_name* had object file format records and external symbols may have been added to the archive symbol table. When **ar** found an invalid record starting with *hexadecimal*, it treated the file as a non-object file. The file is a member of the archive, but additional external symbols

## FSUMF406 • FSUMF415

from the file were not added to the archive symbol table. For the **nm** command, file *filename* or archive file member *member\_name* had object file format records and the external symbols for the file may have been output. When **nm** found an invalid record starting with *hexadecimal*, it stopped displaying external symbols from the file. For the **make** command, archive file member *member\_name* had object file format records and the external symbols may have been recognized. When **make** found an invalid record starting with *hexadecimal*, it stopped searching external symbols of the archive file member.

**System action:** The command continues without setting an exit status.

**User response:** Check the file or archive file member to make sure it is not corrupted. If the file is an object file, it has an invalid format, and needs to be replaced. If the file is not an object file, no action is required.

---

### FSUMF406 **shglob: Internal error (ep=0xhexadecimal)**

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred in the shell during pathname expansion.

**System action:** The shell continues to run.

**User response:** Follow your local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

### FSUMF407 **closedir failed in pathname expansion.**

**Explanation:** The closedir operation failed during shell pathname expansion. This message is followed by a system error describing the specific reason for the failure.

**System action:** The shell continues to run.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action. If the problem continues, follow your local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

---

### FSUMF408 **Warning: A break or continue statement occurred outside of a loop.**

**Explanation:** A break or continue statement should only be inside the do/while/for loop.

**System action:** The awk script exits the current pattern or function and the command continues.

**User response:** Verify that the location of the break or continue statement is correct.

---

### FSUMF410 **Failed to create a link "filename1" to "filename2".**

**Explanation:** In is unable to create a link for *filename1*. This message is followed by a system error message describing the specific reason for the failure.

**System action:** The command continues.

**User response:** Refer to the system error message and take appropriate action.

---

### FSUMF412 *function (line\_number): system\_call failed: error\_message*

**Explanation:** The system call failed. The system error is displayed with the message. The error occurred in *function* at line *line\_number*.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error.

**User response:** See *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

### FSUMF415 *function (line\_number): system\_call failed for file filename: error\_message*

**Explanation:** The system call failed for file *filename*. The system error is displayed with the message. The error occurred in *function* at line *line\_number*.

**System programmer response:** Take appropriate action based on the system error.

**User response:** See *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for an explanation of the system error. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF416 Failed to open a pseudoterminal.**

**Explanation:** Failed to open a pseudoterminal.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** See any previous error messages issued and take appropriate action. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF419 Running in a background process is not supported.**

**Explanation:** The `script` command cannot be run in a background process. The shell `&` command operator is one example of how to run a command in a background process.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Do not run the `script` command in a background process. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF420 File *filename* is an unsupported file type.**

**Explanation:** The typescript generated by the `script` command must be written to a z/OS UNIX file.

**System programmer response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems to IBM.

**User response:** Run the `script` command with a supported file type, and try the request again. If unable to resolve, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF421 Syntax error on `_TEXT_CONV` environment variable value "*string*": *error***

**Explanation:** A syntax error indicated by *error* occurred while parsing the `_TEXT_CONV` environment variable value "*string*".

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and reissue the command.

---

**FSUMF422 Error processing `_TEXT_CONV` environment variable value "*string*": *error***

**Explanation:** An error indicated by *error* occurred while processing the `_TEXT_CONV` environment variable value "*string*".

**System action:** The command ends.

**User response:** Take appropriate action based on the displayed error. If unable to resolve the error, contact your system programmer.

---

**FSUMF424 *name* exceeds the maximum member length**

**Explanation:** The specified member name was too long. It must be 8 characters or less.

**User response:** Make the member name shorter and try again.

---

**FSUMF425 at job "*at\_job*": too long.**

**Explanation:** The specified *at\_job* was too long.

**User response:** Check whether the *at\_job* exists and try again.

---

**FSUMF426 logger: the formatted log message is truncated**

**Explanation:** The formatted log message sent to the MVS write to operator (WTO) was longer than 126 characters.

**User response:** Shorten your log message.

---

---

## pedb and pedbx debugger messages

### FOMOG

---

**FOMOG0002** *string <number>*: **Data Display data is not attached to data window** [*number*][*number*].

**Explanation:** Cannot access information to update the data window.

**System action:** Further data viewing will be limited.

---

**FOMOG0013** **Range index value** *number* **is out of bounds. The index value must be within the range between** *number* **and** *number*.

**Explanation:** You have entered an index that is not within the range of acceptable values for the array selected.

**System action:** Enter an array range index that is within the range of acceptable values specified at the top of the window.

---

**FOMOG0014** **Minimum array element number is greater than maximum element number.**

**Explanation:** You have entered an array range value for minimum index that is greater than maximum index.

**System action:** Re-enter a value for minimum that is within the correct range.

---

**FOMOG0019** **An unrecognized section of the manual has been entered.**

**Explanation:** A string was chosen or typed in to select a section of a manual. The string did not match any of the manual sections listed in the window.

**System action:** Correct the string in the choice field so it matches one of sections listed under manual selections, and then press <Enter> or click on the OK or Apply button. You could also select a section by clicking with the left mouse button on a section listed under manual selections, and then press the OK or Apply button to bring up the section under InfoExplorer.

---

**FOMOG0021** **An unrecognized online help index has been chosen.**

**Explanation:** A string was chosen or typed in to select a section of the online help. The string did not match any of the online help sections listed in the window.

**System action:** Correct the string in the choice field so it matches the entry in the online help sections that you wish to choose, and press <Enter> or click on the OK or Apply button.

---

**FOMOG0030** **Only array ranges with up to** *number* **elements can be specified.**

**Explanation:** You have specified an array range that would select more than the maximum allowable array elements. You may only look at a maximum of 1000 elements at a time even if the array is larger than that.

**System action:** Either enter values for minimum and maximum that define a smaller range of elements, or use a larger value for stride to select fewer array elements within the sub-range.

---

**FOMOG0033** **No source file is available for task:** *number*.

**Explanation:** **pedb** could not locate a source file to correspond with where the program on this task is stopped. Consequently no source file for this task will appear in the source file window.

**System action:** **pedb** processing will continue. You can select a source file using the Get Source File option from the File pull-down or by double clicking on a stack entry which contains a source file name.

---

---

**FOMOG0034 No source file is available to edit.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` could not locate a source file to edit. Pressing the edit button causes an edit window to be displayed containing the file that is currently displayed in the `pedb` source window. Since there is no source file to edit, the edit window will not be displayed.

**System action:** Normal `pedb` processing will continue.

---

**FOMOG0035 No task(s) selected.**

**Explanation:** The context has not been set to a task or a task group.

**System action:** Press a task or group button to set the current context.

---

**FOMOG0036 The STOP function is not available, since pedb is not in PLAY mode.**

**Explanation:** The STOP function is only available when PLAY mode is active. Its purpose is to cancel PLAY mode. The case may be that the stop button was pressed while play mode was in the process of stopping.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG0041 Cannot send a request to the remote debugger when a task is RUNNING or PLAYING. No action has been taken on any task.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` cannot process your request when the task of the current context is RUNNING or PLAYING. You may have tried to create or delete breakpoints, or tried to press the single step or continue buttons. `pedb` can only process requests when the task is in DEBUG READY state.

**System action:** You should resend the request when the task is in a DEBUG READY state.

---

**FOMOG0043 Cannot send a request to the following task(s): *string*. No action has been taken on these tasks.**

**Explanation:** A request has been issued for all tasks in the current context in DEBUG READY state. `pedb` cannot process your request until all tasks in the current context are in DEBUG READY state. Setting or deleting breakpoints, clicking on STEP OVER, STEP INTO or CONTINUE are examples of actions that cause requests to be sent to all tasks in the current context. You may have tried to create or delete breakpoints, or tried to press the single step or continue buttons. `pedb` can only process requests when all tasks in the current context are in DEBUG READY state, otherwise, the request is ignored.

**System action:** You should resend the request when the task(s) are in DEBUG READY state.

---

**FOMOG0044 Shell script *string* could not be located, or can not be executed.**

**Explanation:** The named shell script could not be located in the default directory, `/bin` or the user directory if specified by environment variable `MP_DEBUG_BIN_DIR`.

**System action:** Verify that the script is available and has the appropriate permissions to be executed by your login. If `MP_DEBUG_BIN_DIR` is set, make sure that the named script exists and has the proper permissions or that it does not exist so that the default script supplied with the debugger can be executed.

---

**FOMOG0050 An invalid value: "*string*" was specified for the Play Delay. Please enter a non-negative integer value. If you click on Cancel, the new delay field will be reset to the previous value of *number*.**

**Explanation:** An invalid value for the play delay has been entered. Only non-negative integers are valid.

**System action:** Specify a non-negative integer value for the play delay in tenths of seconds.

---

**FOMOG0051 *string number*: Could not resolve mouse selection to a stack entry.**

**Explanation:** Internal error: You have double-clicked on an entry in a stack window and `pedb` cannot resolve your selection to a call stack index. No action has been taken. `pedb` continues processing.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG0052 Cannot read attach configuration file.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` could not read the attach configuration file, which is created when the original POE job was started, and is removed when the job ends.

**System action:**

1. Make sure the correct POE process id was used when invoking the debugger.
  2. Check the `/tmp` directory for the existence of a configuration file containing the POE process id. (For example, check `/tmp/.ppe.<poe; pid>.attach.cfg`).
- 

**FOMOG0053 No tasks listed in attach configuration file.**

**Explanation:** The attach configuration file created when the original POE job was started contained a zero in the first field indicating that POE is between job steps.

**System action:** Wait for the next job step to start which will take a few seconds. Then you can re-enter `pedb` in attach mode, if you wish.

---

**FOMOG0054 Cannot open attach configuration file.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` was unable to open the attach configuration file.

**System action:**

1. Make sure that the correct POE process id was used when invoking the debugger.
  2. Check the `/tmp` directory for the existence of a configuration file containing the POE process id. For example, check for `/tmp/.ppe.34192.attach.cfg`.
- 

**FOMOG0055 You are not allowed to delete group "Attached".**

**Explanation:** The default group when running in attach mode, "Attached", is not allowed to be deleted.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG0056 Missing or invalid argument to -a flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pedb, type: pedb -h**

**Explanation:** The `-a` flag requires an integer argument specifying the process identifier of the POE process.

**System action:** Specify the POE process id when using the `-a` flag. For example, specify `pedb -a 34192`.

---

**FOMOG0057 Task *number* has been detached.**

**Explanation:** A reply was received from the debug engine (dbe) that indicated the specified task has been detached.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG0058 Attached to task *number*.**

**Explanation:** The specified task has been attached by the debugger.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG0059 Debugger attached and ready.**

**Explanation:** All of the specified tasks have been attached, and you are able to start debugging.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---



---

**FOMOG0060 pedb Attach Window**

**Explanation:** This is the Attach Window help message.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOG0061 Task number: The following situation occurred on the remote debug engine: *string***

**Explanation:** An error condition was detected by the remote debug engine on this task. The information following this message is from the remote debug engine, and contains information regarding the nature of the problem that occurred at that level.

**System action:** If the information provided by the remote debug engine is not sufficient to allow you to rectify the problem, gather all relevant details and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG0062 The following flag(s) are not valid when starting the debugger in attach mode - '*string*'. Please check for valid flags and retry.**

**Explanation:** The user attempted to start **pedb** in attach mode with a command line flag(s) that is not valid. The error message is given and the debugger exits.

**System action:** The user should check for valid command line flags and try again.

---

**FOMOG0063 The following environment variables have been ignored since they are not valid when starting the debugger in attach mode - '*string*'.**

**Explanation:** Some of the environment variables the user has set are not valid when starting **pedb** in attach mode. A message is given indicating what variables have been ignored. The debugger continues.

**System action:** Note any environment variable of interest that have been ignored. This message exists to highlight the fact that some of the environment variables that normally have an effect when the POE job is initially started will not have an affect by having them set when the debugger is invoked for attach.

---

**FOMOG0064 Error creating temporary file '*string*'.**

**Explanation:** When starting **pedb** in attach mode, a temporary host.list file is created, consisting of only the tasks that you selected to attach to. This temporary host.list file is created in /tmp by default, unless you specify a different directory with the TMPDIR environment variable. The naming convention for this file is: *</tmpdir>/pedb.<poe-pid>host.list*; where *</tmpdir>* is either /tmp, or the directory specified by the TMPDIR environment variable, if it has been defined, and where *<poe-pid>* is the process ID of the poe job to be attached to. The message that you received appears when the temporary host.list file cannot be opened, or when errors are detected while writing to the file.

**System action:** Verify that there is enough space available in the /tmp filesystem, or if you have specified a directory with the TMPDIR environment variable, check the filesystem that contains this directory for sufficient space. You may also want to check to be sure that a file of the same name does not already exist.

---

**FOMOG0065 Could not open socket for debugger to communicate with poe.**

**Explanation:** The socket() call failed when the debugger tried to set up communications with POE.

**System action:** Debugging can continue except that the information about synchronized exit will not be passed back to the debugger from the POE job. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOG0066 Could not make socket connection to poe.**

**Explanation:** The connect() call failed when the debugger tried to set up communications with POE. The information about a synchronized exit is not passed back to the debugger from the POE job. The debugger probably cannot re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

**System action:** You can continue debugging with limited function. Please note that the debugger probably cannot re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOG0067 Could not read message from poe.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` was unable to read data from the POE debug socket.

**System action:** Debugging can continue except that the information about synchronized exit may not be passed back to the debugger from the POE job. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOG0068 Could not write to poe debug socket.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` was unable to write to the POE debug socket.

**System action:** The debugger was unable to communicate to POE that the debugger is detaching. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job.

---

**FOMOG0069 An instance of pedb has already been attached to this POE job.**

**Explanation:** Only one instance of the debugger may be attached to a given POE job at a time. The existence of the `/tmp/.pedb.<poe-pid>host.list;` file indicates that a debugger has already attached to this POE job.

**System action:** If `pedb` isn't currently attached to the POE job in question, remove the corresponding `/tmp/.pedb.<poe-pid>.host.list;` file in `/tmp`, and try again.

---

**FOMOG0070 Could not locate poe configuration file - 'string'.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` was unable to locate the POE configuration file.

**System action:** Check to see if the desired POE job is running and if the configuration file was created in `/tmp`. (For example, check for a `/tmp/.ppe.34192.attach.cfg` file, where 34192 would be the process id of the POE job.)

---

**FOMOG0071 The information in the poe configuration file has been modified and therefore the old information is no longer valid. This is most likely due to a POE job step ending.**

**Explanation:** The POE configuration file, `/tmp/.ppe.<poe-pid>.attach.cfg`, was modified.

**System action:** Restart the debugger in attach mode to debug the next POE job step.

---

**FOMOG0072 All tasks have exited. Select OK to detach.**

**Explanation:** All the tasks in the partition have completed program execution. Selecting OK causes `pedb` to detach from the program and exit. An alternative would be to click on Cancel and then select the Quit option from the File pull-down menu. Please note that this method would kill the POE job as well as causing `pedb` to exit.

**System action:** As mentioned above, clicking on this window, and then select the File->Quit option to kill the program and exit the debugger.

---

**FOMOG0073 Missing or invalid argument following the -I flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pedb, type: pedb -h**

**Explanation:** The `-I` flag requires the name of a directory that `pedb` will search for source code files. This argument was missing or invalid.

**System action:** Specify the name of a directory following the `-I` flag. This directory should be available to each task in your partition because the `-I` flag will be passed to each remote `dbx` debugger.

---

**FOMOG0074 Missing or invalid argument following the -d flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pedb, type: pedb -h**

**Explanation:** The `-d` flag requires an integer argument that specifies the nesting depth limit of program blocks.

**System action:** Specify an integer. Note that this overrides the default nesting depth limit of 25 program blocks.

---

---

**FOMOG0100** The Load command is ignored because the task *number* is already loaded.

**Explanation:** This task has already been loaded with a program.

**System action:** If the wrong executable has been loaded for a particular task then **pedb** will have to be restarted.

---

**FOMOG0101** Your program has been loaded.

**Explanation:** This message is issued when your program has been loaded into the tasks in the partition. This message indicates all the functions available in **pedb** are available for you to use.

**System action:** When this message is displayed, you can start debugging on all the tasks in the partition.

---

**FOMOG0104** Cannot find executable '*string*'.

**Explanation:** **pedb** could not find the specified executable file.

**System action:** Check that the name and path of the program to be debugged are entered correctly, and verify that the file has the proper permissions.

---

**FOMOG0105** Cannot execute '*string*'.

**Explanation:** The file to be debugged is not executable by this userid.

**System action:** Check the file permissions, and the results of the **id** command to ensure that you can execute the file. You may have to change your group or the file permissions.

---

**FOMOG0107** Press a task or group button, because there is no current context.

**Explanation:** There is no defined context to execute on.

**System action:** Select a context and re-execute the function.

---

**FOMOG0109** *string*

**Explanation:** This message is formatted dynamically from the string you are searching for, and the direction of the search.

Message format is: Searched to the <limit> of the file and did not find <string>;

For example: User specifies a string of *my\_variable* in this find window. If using the First or Next option, the message text will be: Searched to the end of the file and did not find *my\_variable*. If using Previous or Last, the message text will be: Searched to the top of file and did not find *my\_variable*.

**System action:** Try specifying a different string or use the case sensitive button to ignore case when searching. To search from a different starting point in the text, scroll to that general area, and then left click on the desired starting line.

---

**FOMOG0110** No source file is available for task: *number*, thread: *number*.

**Explanation:** **pedb** could not locate a source file to correspond with where the program on this task and thread is stopped. Consequently no source file for this task and thread will appear in the source file window.

**System action:** **pedb** processing will continue. You can select a source file using the Get Source File option from the File pull-down or by double clicking on a stack entry which contains a source file name.

---

**FOMOG0111** Could not locate source file: *string* for task: *number*, thread: *number*.

**Explanation:** **pedb** could not locate a source file to correspond with the current program state in this task and thread. Consequently no source file for this task and thread will appear in the source file window.

**System action:** Check the source file search path and file permissions. **pedb** processing will continue.

---

**FOMOG0112 Unable to open file "*string*" for task *number*, thread *number*.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` was not able to open the file for reading or determined that the selected file was not a regular file ( such as a directory or device ).

**System action:** This typically occurs when manually selecting a new source file for the source window. In this case, the user should check that the filename is valid and the proper permissions are in effect to allow it to be read. If this message occurs because the debugger stopped in a new source file, one may also want to check the source search path using the Source Path window under File on the menu bar. `pedb` will display no source if it stops in a file it can not read.

---

**FOMOG0113 Source file: *string* on task: *number*, thread *number* is larger than the maximum allowable size, which is 65534 lines.**

**Explanation:** `pedb` could not load the entire source file into the buffer used to process the Source File window. If you started `pedb` in normal mode, both `pedb` and the program will terminate. If you are using `pedb` in attach mode, `pedb` will detach from the program and exit, but the program will not be terminated.

**System action:** If you want the ability to debug all the source code for this program, split the code into multiple files, with each file being less than 65535 lines. After completing this, recompile the program.

---

**FOMOG0114 Array *string* on task *number*, thread *number* has a different number of dimensions. It is excluded from the export.**

**Explanation:** The array with a matching array name on the specified task and thread does not meet the match criteria and is excluded from the export.

**System action:** The user must be aware of the match criteria when trying to allow multiple matching arrays to exported at the same time.

---

**FOMOG0115 Array *string* on task *number*, thread *number* has a different minimum range. It is excluded from the export.**

**Explanation:** The array with a matching array name on the specified task and thread does not meet the match criteria and is excluded from the export.

**System action:** The user must be aware of the match criteria when trying to allow multiple matching arrays to exported at the same time.

---

**FOMOG0116 Array *string* on task *number*, thread *number* has matched. It is included in the export.**

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that this particular array has met the match criteria and will be included in the export.

**System action:** Continue normal `pedb` operations because this message indicates successful processing.

---

**FOMOG0117 No matching array found on task *number*, thread *number*.**

**Explanation:** No arrays that meet any of the matching criteria have been found on this task and thread.

**System action:** The user must be aware of the match criteria when trying to allow multiple matching arrays to exported at the same time.

---

**FOMOG0118 `pedb` does not support message queue debugging for the non-threaded MPI library.**

**Explanation:** Informational message that appears when the user attempts to get message request queue data from an application which is using the non-threaded MPI library.

**System action:** None.

---

---

**FOMOG0119** The version of the MPI library being used is not supported by this version of the debugger.

**Explanation:** An informational message indicating that the version of the debugger being used cannot interpret data from the version of MPI being used.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOG0120** The version of the MPCI library being used is not supported by this version of the debugger.

**Explanation:** An informational message indicating that the version of the debugger being used cannot interpret data from the version of MPCI being used.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOG0121** The MPI application has not been run in debug mode, therefore, there will be no data on blocking calls and no time-stamp information.

**Explanation:** Some MPI debugging data is only collected when MPI is run in DEBUG mode.

**System action:** See the documentation concerning the setting of the MP\_EUIDEVELOP environment variable.

---

**FOMOG0122** Could not create a new request record.

**Explanation:** This is an internal debugger error most likely caused by either a memory allocation failure or the fact that the record already exists.

**System action:** Try canceling the message queue debugging windows and starting over again. If the error persists try to make sure there is sufficient memory available.

---

**FOMOG0123** Could not retrieve the needed request record.

**Explanation:** This is an internal debugger error which indicates that a message queue debugging request record that should exist could not be found.

**System action:** Cancel the message queue debugging windows and start over.

---

**FOMOG0124** Task *number* is not in pedb 'debug' mode.

**Explanation:** Informational message.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0125** Task *number* is not in the current context for view 0.

**Explanation:** Informational message.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0126** MPI has not been initialized for task *number*.

**Explanation:** Informational message.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0127** MPI has been finalized for task *number*.

**Explanation:** Informational message.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0128** Select a new filter (or filters), then press 'Apply' or 'OK'.

**Explanation:** Informational message displayed in the Select Filters window.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0129** Select a message to get message details or group information.

**Explanation:** Informational message displayed in the task message queue window.

**System action:** No response is necessary.

---

**FOMOG0130** Could not get message group information.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to retrieve group information for an MPI message record.

**System action:** If the error persists cancel and restart the message queue debugging feature.

---

**FOMOG0131** Could not get message details for task *number*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to retrieve message detail information for an MPI message record.

**System action:** If the error persists cancel and restart the message queue debugging feature.

---

**FOMOG0132** The minimum range value must be greater than the previous lower ranges minimum value.

**Explanation:** When changing the queue size scale ranges the new minimum value must be greater than the previous ranges minimum value.

**System action:** Open the Scale Range Setting window and try again.

---

**FOMOG0133** Cannot select more than *number* tags.

**Explanation:** The number of tag filters selected is limited.

**System action:** Choose fewer than the maximum numbers of tags allowed, as indicated in the message.

---

**FOMOG2075** "*string* ": <*number*> - Unable to allocate *number* of bytes in "*string*"

**Explanation:** Internal error: A memory allocation routine failed because there is not enough memory available. **pedb** continues processing, but it is likely you will have subsequent problems.

**System action:** Start **pedb** again and try the following:

- Debug your program with a subset of the tasks, or with smaller data segments.
- Start your program, and use **pedb** to attach to a smaller set of tasks that are most interesting to you.
- Contact your System Administrator to increase system resources, if possible.

If you continue to get this error message, gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG2204** Could not find event number for *string* when parsing break/trace information.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred when parsing breakpoint or tracepoint information. **pedb** was unable to find the event number associated with the breakpoint or tracepoint.

**System action:** Retry the previous breakpoint or tracepoint action. If you continue to get this error message, gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG2205** Only *number* breakpoints allowed per view.

**Explanation:** The maximum number of breakpoint per view has been reached.

**System action:** Select another view to define additional breakpoints, or remove some breakpoints that are no longer needed, and then retry setting the breakpoint.

---

---

**FOMOG2208 Task number has exited.**

**Explanation:** The task has exited and can no longer be contacted. No further debugging of the program on this task is allowed in this session.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG2209 Task number has requested exit.**

**Explanation:** The indicated task has attempted to exit. The program terminates when all tasks have requested exit.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG2212 The group was not added because the first character in the group name specified was not an alphabetic character.**

**Explanation:** The new group name specified in the Add Group Window started with a character that was not alphabetic.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOG2213 The group was not added because the group name contained non-alphanumeric characters.**

**Explanation:** The new group name specified in the Add Group Window was made up of some character(s) that were neither alphabetic nor numeric.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOG2214 The group was not added because the new group name is longer than the maximum group name length of *number*.**

**Explanation:** The new group name specified in the Add Group Window is longer than the maximum allowed name length.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOG2215 The group was not added because the group name specified was empty.**

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, the group name was not specified.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOG2216 Group *string* already exists.**

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, the name of an existing group was specified.

**System action:** Provide a unique group name.

---

**FOMOG2217 The maximum number of groups has been reached.**

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, the total number of groups exceeded the maximum allowed.

**System action:** Delete unwanted groups to make room for new ones.

---

**FOMOG2218 There were no free group structures.**

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, there were no free group structures.

**System action:** Delete unwanted groups to make room for new ones.

---

## FOMOG2219 • FOMOG2230

---

**FOMOG2219** No members were chosen.

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, you didn't choose any tasks as its members.

**System action:** Select members for the new group.

---

**FOMOG2220** Too many members were specified.

**Explanation:** When attempting to add a new group, there were too many members chosen.

**System action:** Select fewer members for the new group.

---

**FOMOG2221** Cannot delete group "ALL".

**Explanation:** Removing the group "ALL" is not allowed.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG2222** A group cannot be deleted if it is the current context in any view.

**Explanation:** Removing a group if it is the current context is not allowed.

**System action:** Change the context in all views to something other than the group that is to be deleted.

---

**FOMOG2223** The attempt to delete group: *string* failed because the group was not found.

**Explanation:** When attempting to remove a group, you specified a group name that does not exist.

**System action:** Check for the proper group name and try again.

---

**FOMOG2224** The partition is not yet loaded.

**Explanation:** Informational message indicating that your program has not yet been loaded onto the tasks in the partition.

**System action:** If you specified the program name on the **pedb** command line, wait until all of the tasks have been loaded with your program before starting to debug. If you did not specify the program name on the **pedb** command line, use the Load Executables option from the File pull-down menu to load one or more programs.

---

**FOMOG2226** Task *number* has been unhooked.

**Explanation:** The task has been unhooked, and now the program running on that task is no longer under control of the debugger.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG2227** Source file "*string*" is newer than the object file being debugged.

**Explanation:** **pedb** detected a source file that appears to be newer than the executable file being debugged. If the file was changed since the executable file was built, the code displayed in the source window will not match the object.

**System action:** If one of the source files has been changed, quit the debugger and recompile. This will insure that movement through the program will be correctly depicted in the source area of **pedb**. If the modification time of the source file is due to copying or tar'ing the file there should not be any mismatch between the actual position in the program and the displayed in the source area. In this case, updating the modification time of the executable with the touch command will prevent this message from appearing.

---

**FOMOG2230** No Items were selected.

**Explanation:** The user selected Apply or OK on the Variable Selection window without choosing any variables to be displayed.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---



---

**FOMOG2232** Could not locate source file: *string* for task: *number*.

**Explanation:** `pedb` could not locate a source file to correspond with the current program state in this task. Consequently no source file for this task will appear in the source file window.

**System action:** Check the source file search path and file permissions. `pedb` processing will continue.

---

**FOMOG2234** Unable to open file "*string*" for task *number*.

**Explanation:** `pedb` was not able to open the file for reading or determined that the selected file was not a regular file (such as a directory or device).

**System action:** This typically occurs when manually selecting a new source file for the source window. In this case, the user should check that the filename is valid and the proper permissions are in effect to allow it to be read. If this message occurs because the debugger stopped in a new source file, one may also want to check the source search path using the Source Path window under File on the menu bar. `pedb` will display no source if it stops in a file it can not read.

---

**FOMOG2235** Source file: *string* on task: *number* is larger than the maximum allowable size, which is 65534 lines.

**Explanation:** `pedb` could not load the entire source file into the buffer used to process the Source File window. If you started `pedb` in normal mode, both `pedb` and the program will terminate. If you are using `pedb` in attach mode, `pedb` will detach from the program and exit, but the program will not be terminated.

**System action:** If you want the ability to debug all the source code for this program, split the code into multiple files, with each file being less than 65535 lines. After completing this, recompile the program.

---

**FOMOG2236** Unknown source file suffix: *string*, assuming *c*.

**Explanation:** The source file had a suffix that was not recognized as a character that represented a language. `pedb` assumes the source file was written in C. This is the default. Note that some language constructs that are unique to the C language are used on this file.

**System action:** The source file could be renamed if appropriate.

---

**FOMOG2238** Incorrectly formed member list. No tasks have been added to the group. A member list can contain space or comma separated task numbers, or ranges of task numbers separated by colons or dashes.

**Explanation:** The range of task numbers is incorrectly specified.

**System action:** Consult the manual pages for how to create groups in `pedb` and re-specify the selection.

---

**FOMOG2240** No executable name was entered.

**Explanation:** The "OK" was pressed in the Load Executables window without entering or selecting a program name.

**System action:** Re-open the Load Executables window and enter a program name.

---

**FOMOG2241** Task *number* loaded with "*string string*".

**Explanation:** Describes what executable and arguments were loaded for a particular task.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG2242** Unable to send command to task '*number*'.

**Explanation:** An error occurred in sending an `pedb` command to the indicated task. Probably the remote node is no longer accessible.

**System action:** Verify that the remote node in the partition can be contacted by other means. If problem persists, gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG2243** No more new views are available.

**Explanation:** During an **pedb** session there is a limit to how many views can be created. Also, once a view has been closed it cannot be reopened.

**System action:** You can use the views that are left to continue debugging.

---

**FOMOG2244** ALL tasks have exited. Quit and restart pedb if you wish to continue.

**Explanation:** All the tasks of the partition have exited.

**System action:** "Quit" **pedb**.

---

**FOMOG2245** Internal pedb error at line *number* in file '*string*',*string*

**Explanation:** This is a generic message to mark a situation that should not have occurred.

**System action:** Retry the operation or restart **pedb**. If you continue to get this error message, gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG2246** Cannot perform this function in a context unless all the tasks are in DEBUGGED state.

**Explanation:** This is a generic message to mark a situation in which a function could not be performed because not all tasks in the context were in DEBUGGED state.

**System action:** Switch to a context where all tasks are in DEBUGGED state.

---

**FOMOG2250** Task *number* has been sent halt execution.

**Explanation:** Halt execution for this task has been selected. This task was running and a request to the remote debugger has been made to stop the task.

**System action:** If the remote debugger is able to regain control over the task, the user should be able to continue debugging this task with **pedb**.

---

**FOMOG2257** Tasks: "*string*" in group: "*string*" have been sent halt execution.

**Explanation:** Halt execution for this group has been selected. For each task in the group that was running, a request to the remote debugger has been made to stop the task.

**System action:** You will be able to continue debugging on the tasks that the remote debugger is able to regain control over.

---

**FOMOG2259** Unable to write to the directory *string*.

**Explanation:** **pedb** was not able to write to the directory specified. This is the directory that is used to write the temporary files used in visualization.

**System action:** Check the permissions of the directory. **pedb** uses this directory for temporary files. The default is /tmp. This can be overridden using the MP\_TMPDIR environment variable.

---

**FOMOG2260** Unable to parse the stack trace, placing task: *number* in exited state.

**Explanation:** A message was issued indicating that a trace table was unavailable for the function that contains the current program counter.

**System action:** Further debugging of this task will be limited.

---

**FOMOG2261** Task number is out of range.

**Explanation:** A task specified on a Select by Range window is not within the acceptable range of values between 0 and the highest task number in your partition.

---

**System action:** Retry the range specification using only task numbers between 0 and one less than the value of `-procs` or `MP_PROCS` (since the first task is number 0).

---

**FOMOG2262** One or more tasks have not been attached and therefore could not be selected.

**Explanation:** One or more tasks specified on a Select by Range window have not been attached and therefore could not be selected.

**System action:** Make sure the desired tasks have been selected. Adjust selection criteria as necessary.

---

**FOMOG2272** A non-integer value has been entered for the array range.

**Explanation:** A non-integer value was entered in text field the specifies the minimum/maximum array range.

**System action:** Enter an integer value.

---

**FOMOG2273** The value entered is less than the minimum range. Enter a minimum value greater than or equal to *number*.

**Explanation:** The minimum value range is less than the allowable minimum.

**System action:** Enter a minimum value greater than or equal to the minimum index of the array.

---

**FOMOG2274** Unable to open the file *string* for exporting.

**Explanation:** `pedb` was not able to open the file for writing or determined that the selected file was not a regular file ( such as a directory or device ).

**System action:** Check the permissions or type of the file that was selected. Select a valid filename to allow Exporting.

---

**FOMOG2276** A non-integer value has been entered for the stride.

**Explanation:** A non-integer value was entered in text field the specifies the stride value.

**System action:** Enter an integer value.

---

**FOMOG2277** Zero has been entered for the stride. Enter a non-zero integer value.

**Explanation:** The stride value must be an non-zero integer.

**System action:** Enter an integer value that is non zero.

---

**FOMOG2280** A non-integer value has been entered for the minimum range text field.

**Explanation:** A non-integer value was entered in text field the specifies the minimum array range.

**System action:** Enter an integer value.

---

**FOMOG2281** A non-integer value has been entered for the maximum range text field.

**Explanation:** A non-integer value was entered in text field the specifies the maximum array range.

**System action:** Enter an integer value.

---

**FOMOG2282** The integer value entered for the minimum text field is outside the allowable range of integers.

**Explanation:** The integer value entered is larger or smaller than the allowable range, which is defined by the largest and smallest integer value.

**System action:** Enter an integer within the range of the largest and smallest integer value.

---

---

**FOMOG2283** The integer value entered for the maximum text field is outside the allowable range of integers.

**Explanation:** The integer value entered is larger or smaller than the allowable range, which is defined by the largest and smallest integer value.

**System action:** Enter an integer within the range of the largest and smallest integer value.

---

**FOMOG2284** The integer value entered for the stride text field is outside the allowable range of integers.

**Explanation:** The integer value entered is larger or smaller than the allowable range, which is defined by the largest and smallest integer value.

**System action:** Enter an integer within the range of the largest and smallest integer value.

---

**FOMOG2285** Task *number* is not in DEBUG state. It is excluded from the export.

**Explanation:** A task must be in DEBUG state to be able to participate in an export.

**System action:** If the user does not care that the task was excluded from the multi array export, the message can be ignored. If the user wants the array from the task to be included in the export, the user must put the task in DEBUG state prior to exporting.

---

**FOMOG2290** Could not run the executable for task: *number*.

**Explanation:** The program for the given task encountered a signal when an attempt was made to run it.

**System action:** This depends on the signal that was encountered, which was given by a previous message. If it was signal 9 there is a good chance that the executable was compiled under an old release and needs to be recompiled.

---

**FOMOG2295** You cannot view the Array Subrange at this time because task: *number* is running.

**Explanation:** A task must be in debug state to be able to view an array subrange. You have issued a command that put the task in a running state after the Array Subrange window for the array was opened.

**System action:** To view array subranges using this window you must allow the task to continue until a debug state has been reached. This can be done by waiting for a running task to return, or if it is blocked, by stepping other tasks or pressing the halt button.

---

**FOMOG2296** You cannot view the array subrange at this time because the program stack has changed since you created this window. The chosen array is out of scope.

**Explanation:** The array that was chosen in the Array Subrange window is no longer within scope. The program stack has changed due an execution command, such as step or continue. The array chosen may no longer exist due to scoping rules.

**System action:** If the array chosen by the Array Subrange window can no longer be reached by stepping program execution back into the function or subroutine, the window is no longer useful and should be cancelled. If the function or subroutine can be reentered by controlling program execution, this window can be used when the scope of the variable is consistent with the program stack.

---

**FOMOG3001** Task *number*: Unable to find variable

**Explanation:** The remote debug engine was unable to locate information about the variable.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOG3003** Task *number*: Invalid expression ID

**Explanation:** Internal error. The remote debug engine was unable to map the given expression id.

**System action:** None.

---

---

**FOMOG3005** Task number: **Unsupported request code**

**Explanation:** Internal error. The remote debug engine was unable to recognize the request code.

**System action:** Debugging can most likely continue, but will possibly be limited. Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3006** Task number: **Expression name is not valid**

**Explanation:** The remote debug engine was unable to find the scope in which the expression name resided.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOG3008** Task number: **Unable to find program to be debugged - check path and name on server**

**Explanation:** The remote debug engine was unable to find the program to be debugged.

**System action:** Verify that the executable is available on all nodes in the partition in the pathname specified or in the executable search path on the node.

---

**FOMOG3014** Task number: **ReplyExpression(): Internal error returned from unknown callee.**

**Explanation:** Received an error code from a routine that ReplyExpression() called but there was no additional information to pass on.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3015** Task: *number* encountered signal: *number - string*

**Explanation:** The program encountered a signal of the type specified.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3016** Task: *number* has stopped due to a halt execution request.

**Explanation:** This task has been interrupted via a halt execution request. The current program counter is likely at a location where the code has not been compiled with **-g**, thus portions of the display may be empty. The halt execution function is implemented with signal SIGINT. If the program has a SIGINT signal handler control will return to the SIGINT signal handler when execution is resumed.

**System action:** Selecting entries on the stack may be useful to view local variables in the scopes of the call chain. Execution of this task can be continued via the vcr buttons.

---

**FOMOG3017** Task number: **No current file name was found, so no local variables are available. The executable may not have been compiled with -g.**

**Explanation:** While attempting to display local variables for the current or selected function, the owning source file could not be found. Not enough information is available to build a local variable list. **pedb** continues processing.

**System action:** If this area of the code is of interest, you should recompile the containing object with the **-g** compiler option, then re-invoke **pedb**.

---

**FOMOG3018** Task number: **No current function name was found, so no local variables are available. The executable may have been stripped.**

**Explanation:** While attempting to display local variables for the current function no function name could be found at the current program counter. Not enough information is available to build a local variable list. **pedb** continues processing.

**System action:** If this area of the code is of interest, you should recompile the containing object with the **-g** compiler option.

---

## FOMOG3019 • FOMOG3027

---

**FOMOG3019 Unable to issue the execution request to task:** *number*, because it is not in **DEBUGGED** state.

**Explanation:** A request to execute the program has been issued. This task is not in **DEBUGGED** state so the request will not be honored. **pedb** continues processing. If the task referenced was part of a group and other tasks in the group did not cause this message, those other tasks will have been processed normally.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3020 process\_dbe\_task\_response(): Internal error: Don't recognize reply code:** *string*, for task: *number*.

**Explanation:** An unrecognized message was received from the remote debugger.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3021 Play mode has been stopped.**

**Explanation:** Play mode has been terminated by the halt or stop button.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3022 Play mode has been started.**

**Explanation:** Play mode has been initiated by the play button.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3023 The halt button had no effect on task:** *number*, because it was not running.

**Explanation:** The halt button was selected. No action was taken to stop the execution of this task because it was not running.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3024 The halt button had no effect on tasks:** "*string*" in group: "*string*", because they were not running.

**Explanation:** The halt button was selected. No action was taken to stop the execution of the tasks listed because they were not running.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOG3025 Task *number*: Unable to initialize the remote debug engine.**

**Explanation:** Initialization of the remote debug engine has failed on this task.

**System action:** This message may be followed by a FOMOG-0061 message, which will provides additional information regarding the nature of the problem with the remote debug engine. If this information is not sufficient to rectify the problem, gather all relevant details and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3026 Task *number*: Initial break point line number contains non-numeric data.**

**Explanation:** A line number and filename have been specified for the initial breakpoint via the **MP\_DEBUG\_INITIAL\_STOP** environmental variable. The format is filename:line\_number. In this case the line number had non numeric characters.

**System action:** Re-specify the line number in **MP\_DEBUG\_INITIAL\_STOP** with only numerics.

---

**FOMOG3027 Task *number*: While attempting to set the initial breakpoint, pedb could not find the file which contains the main routine. Check that the file containing the main routine or the program statement has been compiled with the -g option. The initial breakpoint can be set manually using the **MP\_DEBUG\_INITIAL\_STOP** environment variable.**

**Explanation:** The remote debug engine is attempting to set an initial breakpoint in the main routine. A line number

within a source file that correlated with the main routine was not found.

**System action:** Check that the file containing the main routine or the program statement has been compiled with the **-g** option. The initial breakpoint can be set manually via the `MP_DEBUG_INITIAL_STOP` environment variable.

---

**FOMOG3028 Task number: Remote debug engine was unable to set the initial breakpoint.**

**Explanation:** The remote debug engine was unable to set the initial breakpoint.

**System action:** Check that the file containing the main routine or the program statement has been compiled with the **-g** option. Check that the `MP_DEBUG_INITIAL_STOP` environment variable, if used, is set to an executable line of source code.

---

**FOMOG3029 Task number: Function atoi() could not translate line number string to a number.**

**Explanation:** The translation of the string following the colon in the `MP_DEBUG_INITIAL_STOP` environment variable failed.

**System action:** Check that the environment variable `MP_DEBUG_INITIAL_STOP` has format: `filename:line_number` and it is set to an executable line of source code.

---

**FOMOG3030 Task number: Internal error: ProcessValueModify(): Call to GetExpressionList() failed.**

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3031 Task number: Internal error: ProcessValueModify(): Call to FindTreeNode() failed.**

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3032 Task number: Unable to process the change value request, check types and ranges.**

**Explanation:** The Change Value window was used but the remote debug engine was unable to change the value of the programs variable.

**System action:** Check that the new value entered is of a type that can normally be assigned to the variable selected. If a range has been used to define the value to be assigned, check that the range is within bounds.

---

**FOMOG3033 Task number: The tracepoint request failed because the selected source line generates no executable code.**

**Explanation:** A source line in the source code window has been selected, and a tracepoint request has been made for that line. The line selected generated no executable code when compiled. No action has been taken.

**System action:** Select another source line, then request the tracepoint again.

---

**FOMOG3034 Task number: The breakpoint request failed because the selected source line generates no executable code.**

**Explanation:** A source line in the source code window has been selected, and a breakpoint request has been made for that line. The line selected generated no executable code when compiled. No action has been taken.

**System action:** Select another source line then, request the breakpoint again.

---

**FOMOG3035** *Task number:* **The breakpoint request failed. An invalid source line or invalid condition was specified.**

**Explanation:** A source line in the source code window has been selected, and a breakpoint request has been made for that line. The line selected may not have generated any executable code when compiled. If a condition was specified, it may have been invalid. No action has been taken.

**System action:** Select another source line or specify a different condition.

---

**FOMOG3036** *Task number:* **The tracepoint request failed. An invalid source line or invalid condition was specified.**

**Explanation:** A source line in the source code window has been selected, and a tracepoint request has been made for that line. The line selected may not have generated any executable code when compiled. If a condition was specified, it may have been invalid. No action has been taken.

**System action:** Select another source line or specify a different condition.

---

**FOMOG3037** *Task number:* **Internal error: An unsupported breakpoint action has been requested in ReplyBreakpointLocation().**

**Explanation:** Internal error.

**System action:** Gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOG3038** *Task number:* **Maximum array range specified is out of bounds.**

**Explanation:** The user specified a maximum array range that was out of bounds. Alternatively, it is possible that the array was not allocated due to the optimizations by the compiler.

**System action:** Check the permissible ranges and reset the range values.

---

**FOMOG3040** *Task number:* **The executable name chosen for debugging resolved to a full pathname where the length of the path prefix exceeds the PATH\_MAX flag value or a pathname is longer than the NAME\_MAX flag value while the POSIX\_NO\_TRUNC flag is in effect.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger could not find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Check the path for the program on the remote node.

---

**FOMOG3041** *Task number:* **The executable name chosen for debugging was not found.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger attempted to find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Check that the executable file for the program is available on the remote node.

---

**FOMOG3042** *Task number:* **The executable name chosen for debugging was not a regular file.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger attempted to find the program to execute on a task. The program name specified was not a regular file. It may have been a directory, socket, device or some other special file.

**System action:** Check that the executable file for the program is available on the remote node.

---

**FOMOG3043** *Task number:* **The executable chosen for debugging did not have execute permission.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger attempted to find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Update the permissions on the program file on the remote node.

---



---

**FOMOG3044** *Task number:* **The executable chosen for debugging is not an S/390 executable.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger could not find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Check that the program file on the remote node is an S/390® executable.

---

**FOMOG3045** *Task number:* **The executable chosen for debugging did not have read permission.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger could not find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Update the permissions on the program file on the remote node.

---

**FOMOG3046** *Task number:* **The executable chosen for debugging did not have execute or read permission.**

**Explanation:** The remote debugger could not find the program to execute on a task.

**System action:** Update the permissions on the program file on the remote node.

---

**FOMOG3049** **All tasks have exited. Select OK to exit, then restart pedb if you wish to continue debugging.**

**Explanation:** All the tasks in the partition have exited. There is currently no program restart facility in **pedb**.

**System action:** Selecting OK will exit **pedb**. Issue the **pedb** command again to do further debugging.

---

**FOMOG3050** **The remote debug engine for task: *number* has failed with: *string*.**

**Explanation:** There is a remote debug engine started for each of the instances of the POE program. One of the remote debug engines has failed. The entire debug session has been terminated.

**System action:** Restart **pedb**. If the problem persists set the MP\_DEBUG\_LOG environment flag to 3 and have the log (/tmp/debug\_log.**pid.task\_number**) available when reporting the problem.

---

**FOMOG9999** **pedb exiting.**

**Explanation:** **pedb** is terminating due to error as opposed to a deliberate action. Generally this message is preceded by a specific message which gives the reason why **pedb** quit prematurely.

**System action:** Refer to the message that precedes this error message.

---

## FOMOH

---

**FOMOH0101** **Your program has been loaded.**

**Explanation:** This message is issued when your program has been loaded into the tasks in the partition. This message indicates all the functions available in **pdbx** are available for you to use.

**System action:** When this message is displayed, you can start debugging the tasks in the partition.

---

**FOMOH0104** **The remote debugger on task: *number* has exited with the following error: *string***

**Explanation:** The debugger on the remote node has exited prematurely and **pedb** will exit.

**System action:** The error message from the remote debugger is presented. Use the information provided by the remote debugger message to proceed.

---

**FOMOH0105** **Error creating temporary file '*string*'.**

**Explanation:** When starting **pdbx** in attach mode, a temporary file is created, consisting of a list of tasks that are executing under the **poe** job that you specified. The contents of this file are displayed in the menu from which you select the tasks that you wish to attach. This temporary file is created in /tmp by default, unless you specify a different directory with the TMPDIR environment variable. The naming convention for this file is:

</tmpdir>/.**pdbx**.<poe-pid>.menu where </tmpdir> is either /tmp, or the directory specified by the TMPDIR environment variable, if it has been defined, and where <poe-pid> is the process ID of the poe job to be attached to.

## FOMOH1001 • FOMOH1009

The message that you received appears when the temporary attach task menu file cannot be opened, or when errors are detected while writing to the file.

**System action:** Verify that there is enough space available in the /tmp filesystem, or if you have specified a directory with the TMPDIR environment variable, check the filesystem that contains this directory for sufficient space. You may also want to check to be sure that a file of the same name does not already exist.

---

**FOMOH1001 Missing command file name following the -c flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pdbx, type: pdbx -h**

**Explanation:** The -c flag requires the name of a file as an argument. This argument was missing. It is also required that the file have read permissions set for the **pdbx** user.

**System action:** Specify the name of a **pdbx** "command" file following the -c flag. A **pdbx** "command" file is a file containing valid **pdbx** commands.

---

**FOMOH1002 Missing or invalid argument following the -I flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pdbx, type: pdbx -h**

**Explanation:** The -I flag requires the name of a directory that **pdbx** will search for source code files on the remote tasks. This argument was missing or invalid.

**System action:** Specify the name of a directory following the -I flag. This directory should be available to each task in your partition because the -I flag will be passed to each remote **dbx** debugger.

---

**FOMOH1003 Missing or invalid argument following the -d flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking pdbx, type: pdbx -h**

**Explanation:** The -d flag requires an integer argument that specifies the nesting depth limit of program blocks.

**System action:** Specify an integer. Note that this overrides the default nesting depth limit of 25 program blocks.

---

**FOMOH1004 Usage: pdbx [-h] [program [program arguments]] [-c command\_file] [-d nesting\_depth] [-I directory [-I directory]...] [-F] [-x] [poe options]**

**Explanation:** The **pdbx** command line has a syntax error.

**System action:** Make sure that the syntax on the command line is correct. Correct the specific problem identified by the preceding message.

---

**FOMOH1005 Unable to read command file specified by the -c flag.**

**Explanation:** You must specify a command file that you have read access to after the -c flag. The file that you specified after the -c flag did not have read permission so that **pdbx** could open it for reading.

**System action:** Check the name of the file and the permissions to ensure that it is readable.

---

**FOMOH1006 You must use the "attach", the "quit" or the "help" command.**

**Explanation:** When starting the debugger in attach mode, at the initial prompt the only allowable commands are **attach**, **quit**, or **help**.

**System action:** Enter a valid command to continue.

---

**FOMOH1009 Could not create remote pdbx\_startup file: "string".**

**Explanation:** For each task to be initialized, the remote **dbx** requires the creation of a temporary startup file. **pdbx** requested that the partition manager daemon create the file and the partition manager daemon was unable to do so.

**System action:** The temporary **pdbx\_startup** file is to be created in the directory specified by the MP\_TMPDIR environment variable, the **-tmpdir** flag, or **/tmp**. Make sure that this directory is available for writing by you on each node allocated to your partition.

---

**FOMOH1010** Could not read message from poe.

**Explanation:** `pdbx` was unable to read data from the POE debug socket.

**System action:** Debugging can continue except that the information about synchronized exit may not be passed back to the debugger from the POE job. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOH1012** Cannot switch to context "*string*", which has RUNNING task(s), until all tasks in the partition have been loaded with a program.

**Explanation:** Some of the tasks have been loaded with a program and some have not. The tasks that have been loaded are RUNNING and waiting to synchronize with all of the other tasks in the partition. This wait is normal processing that happens at the start of a parallel program to pass IP addresses around in preparation for future message passing calls.

**System action:** Continue to load programs on the remaining tasks in the partition. At this time you can only switch context to groups and tasks that have all task(s) in DEBUG\_READY state.

---

**FOMOH2001** Could not delete the groups events (breakpoints or tracepoints) from task: *number*, because this task is RUNNING.

**Explanation:** Since the task was not in DEBUG\_READY state, `pdbx` could not delete its events (breakpoints or tracepoints). It is possible to continue but there are some events (breakpoints or tracepoints) that `pdbx` no longer has a record of.

**System action:** Issue the `group list` or `tasks` command to view the state of the tasks. The tasks in the group that are in RUNNING state are the ones on which `pdbx` could not delete the events.

---

**FOMOH2002** Could not add the groups events (breakpoints or tracepoints) to task: *number*, because this task is RUNNING.

**Explanation:** Since the task was RUNNING and not available for debug commands, `pdbx` could not add the group events (breakpoints or tracepoints) for this task. It is possible to continue but the group breakpoints will not have been set for this task.

**System action:** Issue the `group list` or `tasks` command to check the state of the tasks. Create a new group after all of the tasks of interest have stopped RUNNING and are under debugger control.

---

**FOMOH2003** Breakpoint or tracepoint: "*string*" could not be set by `pdbx` on task: *number*.

**Explanation:** The remote `dbx` was unable to set a breakpoint or tracepoint.

**System action:** Make sure the requested breakpoint or tracepoint was valid. Use the `status` command to see what `pdbx` events have been set. Issue the `pdbx where` command to find out where the program is on each node.

---

**FOMOH2004** "*string*" is ambiguous on one or more of the tasks in the current context. Also, the response from "`whatis string`" varies from task to task. The following grouping of tasks would give each group the ability to resolve the symbol consistently

**Explanation:** If a symbol, typically a function, is found to be ambiguous, `pdbx` issues a menu to the user that allows him to select the instance(s) to which the command (such as `stop in`, `list`, or `func`) is applied. To simplify the user interface, the parallel debugger requires that all tasks in the partition have a consistent view of the ambiguous symbol, since `pdbx` can display only one selection menu for a context.

**System action:** Issue the `whatis` command to make sure the symbol in question is resolved in the current context. This message is also followed by a table that suggests a set of groups, each of which would resolve the symbol in the same way. Using these or similar groups, you could issue the same command by changing the context as desired.

---

**FOMOH2005** The network connection from **pdbx** or **pedb** to task: *number* failed.

**Explanation:** An error was encountered when **pdbx** or **pedb** attempted to read or write using a socket connection to the task. **pdbx** or **pedb** will no longer have any control over this task.

**System action:** The debugger can continue after a task loses contact with the home node. Under certain circumstances, you might choose to continue debugging using the remaining tasks for some period of time.

---

**FOMOH2013** Debugger attached and ready.

**Explanation:** All of the specified tasks have been attached, and you are able to start debugging.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2014** Internal Error: non-zero status: *number* returned from **pm\_respond()**.

**Explanation:** Internal Error: The main communication control section of the home node portion of **pdbx** has indicated a failure.

**System action:** Restart **pdbx**, verify that your job runs correctly under **poe** and that **poe** is correctly installed and configured for your id. If the problem persists, gather information about it and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOH2015** Could not open socket for debugger to communicate with **poe**.

**Explanation:** The socket() call failed when the debugger tried to set up communications with POE.

**System action:** Debugging can continue except that the information about synchronized exit will not be passed back to the debugger from the POE job. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOH2016** Could not make socket connection to **poe**.

**Explanation:** The connect() call failed when the debugger tried to set up communications with POE. The information about a synchronized exit is not passed back to the debugger from the POE job. The debugger probably cannot re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

**System action:** You can continue debugging with limited function. Please note that the debugger probably cannot re-attach to this POE job after detaching.

---

**FOMOH2017** Missing or invalid argument to **-a** flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking **pdbx**, type: **pdbx -h**

**Explanation:** The **-a** flag requires an integer argument specifying the process identifier of the POE process.

**System action:** Specify the POE process id when using the **-a** flag. For example, specify **pdbx -a 34192**.

---

**FOMOH2018** Program not loaded. Issue 'load' or other context-insensitive command.

**Explanation:** Your program must be loaded on the partition before the **pdbx** command is executed.

**System action:** Load your program into the partition.

---

**FOMOH2019** Cannot specify a context for a context-insensitive command.

**Explanation:** The command that was entered defines a context-insensitive action for a context-sensitive command. Context insensitive commands cannot be issued in conjunction with context-sensitive commands.

**System action:** Re-specify your command string without the context-sensitive prefix.

---

---

**FOMOH2020** Either the alias name which has a 15 character maximum or the alias string which has a 79 character maximum is too long.

**Explanation:** You have defined an alias that is longer than 15 characters or an alias string that is longer than 79 characters.

**System action:** Re-specify your alias definition within the allowable maximum limits.

---

**FOMOH2021** Internal error in "*string*": *number* - **pdbx** was unable to resolve the current context into task numbers.

**Explanation:** The context-sensitive command that you entered has no current context defined.

**System action:** Select a different context, or create a new group then re-enter the command. If the problem persists, gather information about it and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOH2022** Task: *number* has already been loaded with a program.

**Explanation:** The task number that you specified has already been loaded.

**System action:** Specify another task that has not been loaded. Issue the **group list** or **tasks** command to check the state of the tasks. The tasks in NOT LOADED state are the ones that still need to be loaded with a program.

---

**FOMOH2024** You specified a breakpoint or tracepoint event number on the **pdbx delete** command that does not exist within the current context.

**Explanation:** The event that you specified does not exist within the current context.

**System action:** Check the event number within your current context. Find event numbers using the **status** or **status all** command.

---

**FOMOH2025** No events were deleted, because of incorrect syntax. The correct syntax is 'delete' followed by an event list where the event list can contain space or comma-separated event numbers, or range(s) of event numbers separated by colons or dashes. 'delete \*' will delete every event within the context, while 'delete all' will delete every event in every context.

**Explanation:** Invalid syntax for the **pdbx delete** command.

**System action:** Specify the **delete** command followed by a space or comma-separated list of event numbers. Specify ranges of events using a dash or a colon. The command **delete \*** will delete all events within the context, while **delete all** will delete all events in all contexts. Find event numbers using the **status** or **status all** command. Consult the man pages for further information regarding the **pdbx delete** command. Re-issue the command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMOH2026** EOF detected (and ignored) on STDIN. To exit, use 'quit'.

**Explanation:** Unexpected EOF (user pressed ID) from STDIN.

**System action:** **pdbx** does not recognize an EOF generated from the keyboard as a request to exit the debugger because it can be inadvertently typed as <Ctrl>-d. To exit the debugger, use the **quit** command.

---

**FOMOH2027** The task or group cannot execute remote debugger commands.

**Explanation:** The task or group that is the current context has no tasks in DEBUG READY state.

**System action:** Issue the **group list** or **tasks** command to determine the states of the tasks. Use the **halt** command to bring RUNNING tasks under debugger control.

---

**FOMOH2028** Task *number* may not have detached properly.

**Explanation:** The write to the task socket did not succeed.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOH2029** No remote dbx is available to issue the **dhhelp** command.

**Explanation:** All the tasks are RUNNING and cannot handle the **dbx** command. The **dhhelp** command needs at least one task to be under debugger control.

**System action:** Issue the **halt** command to bring the RUNNING task(s) under debugger control or issue **hook** to an unhooked task and re-issue **dhhelp**.

---

**FOMOH2030** The correct syntax is: '**group add group\_name member\_list**'. A member list can contain space or comma-separated task numbers, or ranges of task numbers separated by colons or dashes. Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

**Explanation:** Invalid syntax for the **pdbx group add** command.

**System action:** Consult the man pages for the **pdbx group** command and re-specify the command. Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOH2031** No tasks were added to any group because you specified an incorrectly formed member list. A member list can contain space or comma-separated task numbers, or ranges of task numbers separated by colons or dashes.

**Explanation:** The group member list is incorrectly specified.

**System action:** Consult the man pages for the **pdbx group** command and re-issue the command again.

---

**FOMOH2032** No action was taken because the group name is longer than the maximum group name length of *number*.

**Explanation:** The group name specified is too long to be processed.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOH2033** No action was taken because the first character in the group name specified was not an alphabetic character.

**Explanation:** The group name specified started with some character that was not alphabetic.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOH2034** Cannot create any more groups because the maximum number already exists.

**Explanation:** You issued the **group add** command but there are already as many groups defined as can exist.

**System action:** You need to reduce the current number of groups in order to open up a slot for another group to be created.

---

**FOMOH2035** No action was taken on group "*string*", because it is the group reserved to contain all of the tasks.

**Explanation:** You issued the **group add** command in an attempt to add tasks to the group reserved to contain all of the tasks. No action could be taken because this group already contains all of the tasks.

**System action:** Specify a different group name on the **group add** command.

---

**FOMOH2036** Task: *number* has experienced an error in communicating with **pdbx**. It cannot be added to a group.

**Explanation:** The specified task is not communicating properly with the home node, so it is marked as unavailable for any command that attempts communications.

**System action:** The debugger can continue after a task loses contact with the home node. Under certain circumstances, you might choose to continue debugging using the remaining tasks for some period of time.

---

---

**FOMOH2037** Cannot add task: *number*, because it is already in group "*string*".

**Explanation:** The task specified on the **group add** command is already included in the group specified.

**System action:** Retry the command specifying only task(s) that are not already included within the specified group.

---

**FOMOH2038** No action has been taken because a task number is out of range.

**Explanation:** The task specified on the **group** or **on** command is not an acceptable value.

**System action:** Retry the range specification using only task numbers between 0 and one less than the value of **-procs** or **MP\_PROCS** (since the first task is number 0).

---

**FOMOH2039** One task was added to group "*string*".

**Explanation:** A task was added to the specified group.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2040** *number* tasks were added to group "*string*".

**Explanation:** The list of tasks was added to the specified group.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2041** The correct syntax is: '**group change old\_name new\_name**'.

**Explanation:** The **group change** command was improperly formed.

**System action:** Re-issue the command specifying the existing group name and the new group name.

---

**FOMOH2042** No action was taken because the group name "*string*" was not found.

**Explanation:** The group name you specified to be renamed on the **group change** command could not be found by **pdbx**.

**System action:** Use the **group list** command to see the list of groups currently defined. Make sure that the group you wish to rename already exists.

---

**FOMOH2043** No action was taken because the group name "*string*" is already used.

**Explanation:** The new name, for the group to be renamed, on the **group change** command already exists. The existing group will not be renamed to avoid confusion or ambiguity.

**System action:** Use the **group list** command to see the list of groups currently defined. Make sure that the group name you wish to change the existing group to does not already exist.

---

**FOMOH2044** No action was taken because the new group name is longer than the maximum group name length of *number*.

**Explanation:** The new group name specified on the **group change** command is too long to be handled.

**System action:** Choose a string under 32 characters for the new group name and retry the command.

---

**FOMOH2045** Group "*string*" has been renamed to "*string*".

**Explanation:** You have given a new group name to a previously existing group.

**System action:** Note that the old group name no longer exists.

---

**FOMOH2046** The correct syntax is: 'group delete group\_name [member\_list]'. A member list can contain space or comma-separated task numbers, or ranges of task numbers separated by colons or dashes. Specify the group name as a string of characters.

**Explanation:** The **group delete** command requires an existing group name as an argument.

**System action:** Re-issue the command with an existing group name as an argument. If you wish to delete one or more tasks from a group, specify the list of tasks to be deleted after the group name.

---

**FOMOH2047** Nothing was deleted because the group name "string" was not found.

**Explanation:** The **group delete** command requires an existing group name as an argument. The specified group could not be matched with any of the existing groups.

**System action:** Use the **group list** command to see the list of groups currently defined. Make sure that the group you wish to delete or modify already exists.

---

**FOMOH2048** No action was taken on group "string", because it is the group reserved to contain all of the tasks.

**Explanation:** The debugger requires at least one group which represents all the tasks in your partition. This group cannot be deleted or modified.

**System action:** You can create a group with all tasks except one or two in two steps:

1. Create a group with all tasks using **group add new\_group 0-num\_procs** where num\_procs is the number of tasks in your partition.
  2. Use **group delete new\_group member\_list** to remove one or more tasks from the new group.
- 

**FOMOH2049** Incorrectly formed member list. No tasks were deleted from any group. A member list can contain space or comma-separated task numbers, or ranges of task numbers separated by colons or dashes.

**Explanation:** You specified a member list with the **group delete** command, but the member list was not recognized, so no action was taken.

**System action:** Re-issue the **group delete** command with a valid member list.

---

**FOMOH2050** Task: *number* was successfully deleted from group "string".

**Explanation:** A task has successfully been deleted from a group.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2051** The group "string" was not found.

**Explanation:** The group you specified on the **group list** command is not known to **pdbx**.

**System action:** Re-issue the **group list** command with a valid group name or issue **group list** to list all groups.

---

**FOMOH2052** Internal error in "string ": *number* - No action was taken because the group has no members.

**Explanation:** You issued the **group list** on an empty group.

**System action:** This is an internal error, retry the command. If the problem persists, gather information about it and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOH2053** Valid group actions are: add, change, delete and list.

**Explanation:** You issued a **group** command with invalid syntax.

**System action:** Check syntax and re-issue the **group** command.

---



---

**FOMOH2054** The correct syntax is: 'hook' (with no arguments).

**Explanation:** You issued the **hook** command with one or more arguments. **hook** takes effect on the current command context or the temporary command context when used in combination with the **on** command.

**System action:** Re-issue the **hook** command with no arguments.

---

**FOMOH2055** No action has been taken because the task or group is not unhooked, or has completed and is in exited state.

**Explanation:** There are no unhooked tasks in the command context that you specified. When a task that has been unhooked completes, it changes from unhooked state to exited state. Once an unhooked task completes, it can no longer be hooked.

**System action:** Use the **group list** or **tasks** command to view the state of the tasks.

---

**FOMOH2056** Task: *number* has already exited.

**Explanation:** You attempted to hook this task but the task had already completed processing and exited.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2057** No action was taken on group "*string*", because it is a group name reserved for use by the debugger.

**Explanation:** The **group add** or **group change** command was issued with a group name that the debugger uses.

**System action:** Specify a different group name on the **group add** or **group change** command.

---

**FOMOH2058** The correct syntax is 'on context' or 'on context command', where command is the command you wish to execute on the specified context.

**Explanation:** An **on** command has been issued with incorrect syntax.

**System action:** Check syntax and re-issue the **on** command.

---

**FOMOH2059** Group "*string*" not found. No action performed.

**Explanation:** You issued the **on** command with a group specified, but the group is not known to **pdbx**.

**System action:** Issue **group list** to display group names, then re-issue **on** command.

---

**FOMOH2060** The correct syntax is: 'source filename'.

**Explanation:** The **source** command cannot be issued with zero or greater than one arguments.

**System action:** Re-issue the **source** command with only one argument.

---

**FOMOH2061** Cannot open the command file that was specified on the source command.

**Explanation:** The **source** command has been issued with a filename that either does not exist or has no read permission.

**System action:** Make sure the file exists and has read permission.

---

**FOMOH2062** The correct syntax is either 'status' or 'status all'.

**Explanation:** An argument other than **all** was specified on the **status** command.

**System action:** Re-issue **status** with no arguments or with **all** as the single argument.

---

**FOMOH2063** All events (breakpoints or tracepoints) are in use for this task or group.

**Explanation:** The maximum number of events for this task or group has been exceeded. Each breakpoint or tracepoint that is set causes an event to be recorded.

**System action:** Use the **delete** command on any event(s) in this task or group to reduce the number of events, then re-issue the original command.

---

**FOMOH2064** The task has experienced an error in communicating with pdbx.

**Explanation:** Events cannot be added to this task because there is a communication problem with this task.

**System action:** The debugger can continue after a task loses contact with the home node. Under certain circumstances, you might choose to continue debugging using the remaining tasks for some period of time.

---

**FOMOH2065** You specified an invalid breakpoint or tracepoint. The command failed on task *number - string*.

**Explanation:** The breakpoint or tracepoint that you tried to create using the **pdbx stop** or **trace** command was not accepted by the remote **dbx** debugger.

**System action:** Check the **pdbx stop** or **trace** command syntax.

---

**FOMOH2066** The correct syntax is: 'unhook' (without any arguments).

**Explanation:** You issued the **unhook** command with one or more arguments. The **unhook** does not take any arguments. **unhook** takes effect on the current command context or the temporary command context when used in combination with the **on** command.

**System action:** Re-issue the **unhook** command with no arguments.

---

**FOMOH2067** The correct syntax is: 'unalias alias\_name'.

**Explanation:** You specified zero or greater than one arguments with the **unalias** command.

**System action:** Check the **pdbx** syntax for **unalias** and re-issue the command.

---

**FOMOH2068** "string" is not aliased.

**Explanation:** You attempted to **unalias** an unknown alias.

**System action:** To display the existing aliases, issue the **alias** command with no arguments. Issue the **unalias** command with one of the existing aliases to remove it.

---

**FOMOH2069** Reading command file "string".

**Explanation:** The debugger has started reading the command file specified by the **-c** command line flag, the **source** command or as a result of having a **.pdbxinit** file in the current working directory or your home directory.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2070** command file line *number*: "string"

**Explanation:** The debugger displays each line of the command file as it is read showing the line number and the text.

**System action:** In the event one or more lines in the command file cause errors in the debugger, this message will show the line number and the text that needs to be corrected. Unless a severe error is encountered causing the debugger to terminate, a command file will generally be read in its entirety even if it contains multiple errors.

---

---

**FOMOH2071** No tasks were attached due to a badly formed task list.

**Explanation:** Invalid syntax for the **attach** command.

**System action:** Specify the **attach** command followed by a space or comma-separated list of task numbers. Specify ranges of tasks using a dash or a colon. The command **attach all** may be used to attach to all the tasks of the poe application.

---

**FOMOH2072** Cannot send commands to task: *number* because it is executing.

**Explanation:** It is not possible to send a **dbx** command to a task that is RUNNING.

**System action:** Issue the **group list** or **tasks** command to make sure the tasks are not RUNNING.

---

**FOMOH2073** Error creating temporary file '*string*'.

**Explanation:** When starting **pdbx** in attach mode, a temporary host.list file is created, consisting of only the tasks that you selected to attach to. This temporary host.list file is created in /tmp by default, unless you specify a different directory with the TMPDIR environment variable. The naming convention for this file is: `</tmpdir>/pdbx.<poe-pid>.host.list` where `</tmpdir>` is either /tmp, or the directory specified by the TMPDIR environment variable, if it has been defined, and where `<poe-pid>` is the process ID of the poe job to be attached to. The message that you received appears when the temporary host.list file cannot be opened, or when errors are detected while writing to the file.

**System action:** Verify that there is enough space available in the /tmp filesystem, or if you have specified a directory with the TMPDIR environment variable, check the filesystem that contains this directory for sufficient space. You may also want to check to be sure that a file of the same name does not already exist.

---

**FOMOH2075** "*string*": *number* - Unable to allocate *number* of bytes in "*string*".

**Explanation:** Internal error: A memory allocation routine failed because there is not enough memory available. **pdbx** continues processing, but it is likely you will have subsequent problems.

**System action:** Start **pdbx** again and try the following:

- Debug your program with a subset of the tasks, or with smaller data segments.
- Contact your System Administrator to increase system resources, if possible.

If you continue to get this error message, gather information about the problem and follow local site procedures for reporting hardware and software problems.

---

**FOMOH2076** There are no tasks in DEBUG READY state (active).

**Explanation:** The response to the **active** command is that there are no tasks that are ready to be debugged. This is to say that there are no tasks that are active with respect to the debugger.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2077** Command "*string*" is not valid when using **pdbx**.

**Explanation:** **pdbx** does not allow the use of this command.

**System action:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Parallel Environment: Operation and Use* for a description of commands that are not allowed.

---

**FOMOH2079** **pdbx help screen**

**Explanation:** This is the **pdbx** help screen.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOH2080 Could not set breakpoint or tracepoint event.**

**Explanation:** A stop or trace event could not be added in the current context.

**System action:** Check *z/OS UNIX System Services Parallel Environment: Operations and Use* for information about setting breakpoints and tracepoints.

---

**FOMOH2081 Cannot set breakpoint or tracepoint event in different source files.**

**Explanation:** `pdbx` will not attempt to set a breakpoint at a line number when in a group context if the group members (tasks) have different current source files.

**System action:** Either choose to set events for individual tasks or set the same source file for the whole group.

---

**FOMOH2082 Could not find a task available for debugger commands in the current context.**

**Explanation:** No tasks in DEBUG READY state were found in the current context. This action requires that a `dbx` command be issued to the remote node, and that the node is not RUNNING. If the task is RUNNING, it is not ready for debugger commands.

**System action:** Issue the `group list` or `tasks` to make sure that one or more tasks are ready to be debugged.

---

**FOMOH2083 The correct syntax is: *syntax listed***

**Explanation:** You issued the `stop` command with the incorrect syntax.

**System action:** Re-issue the command using the correct syntax.

---

**FOMOH2084 Missing argument to the `-dbxpromptmod` flag. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking `pdbx`, type: `pdbx -h`**

**Explanation:** The `-dbxpromptmod` flag requires a text string as an argument. This text string was missing.

**System action:** Specify a text string to be used to modify the `dbx` prompt so that it will not collide with your data or program.

---

**FOMOH2085 The `dbx` prompt modifier is too long; the maximum length is *number*. For information on the correct syntax to use when invoking `pdbx`, type: `pdbx -h`**

**Explanation:** The `dbx` prompt modifier string that you specified using the command line `-dbxpromptmod` flag or the `MP_DBXPROMPTMOD` environment variable was too long.

**System action:** Reset the `MP_DBXPROMPTMOD` environment variable or retry the `pdbx` command with a shorter string following the `-dbxpromptmod` flag.

---

**FOMOH2086 Event: "*number*" cannot be deleted because it does not exist in the specified or current context.**

**Explanation:** You issued the `delete` command with an event number that does not exist in the command context.

**System action:** Use the `status` or `status all` command to display the events that are associated with the command context. Re-issue the `delete` command with a valid event.

---

**FOMOH2087 Task *number* was not deleted, because it is not a member of group "*string*".**

**Explanation:** You issued a `group delete group_name member_list` command, but one of the tasks in the `member_list` was not in the group specified.

**System action:** To display members of a group issue `group list group_name`.

---

---

**FOMOH2090** Cannot reestablish events that were generated from a `pdbx "select"` menu.

**Explanation:** You issued a `group add` command to an existing group or a `hook` command and one or more events in the group or task resulted from a `pdbx "select"` menu. These events cannot be recreated automatically by `pdbx`.

**System action:** You can manually recreate the events using the list in the message that follows this one.

---

**FOMOH2091** The correct syntax is either `'halt'` or `'halt all'`.

**Explanation:** You issued the `halt` command with an incorrect argument. `halt` takes effect on the current command context or the temporary command context when used in combination with the `on` command. The `halt` command attempts to get RUNNING or hung programs under debugger control. This is done by sending interrupts to all tasks that are RUNNING in the current context. When `halt all` is specified, interrupts are sent to all RUNNING tasks, regardless of context.

**System action:** Re-issue the `halt` command with no arguments or with `all`.

---

**FOMOH2100** Specify a decimal number from 1 through *number*, or `<Ctrl-c>` to exit menu.

**Explanation:** Syntax that was supplied in response to the select menu is not recognized.

**System action:** A command has been issued where the symbol cannot be resolved. Reply to this menu with the correct syntax to further qualify which symbol is to be selected.

---

**FOMOH2101** Specify a list of space or comma-separated numbers and ranges or an asterisk. A number is a decimal number from 1 through *number*. A range is a dash (`'-'`) separated pair of numbers. An asterisk will select all choices in the menu. A `<Ctrl-c>` will exit the menu.

**Explanation:** The syntax that was supplied in response to the select menu was not recognized.

**System action:** A command has been issued where the symbol cannot be resolved. Reply to this menu with the correct syntax to further qualify which symbol is to be selected.

---

**FOMOH2102** The `sh` command with no arguments is not allowed.

**Explanation:** You issued the `sh` command with no arguments, which is not allowed.

**System action:** Issue the `sh` command with a specific executable name supplied. For example: `sh ls`.

---

**FOMOH2103** The requested command could not be executed on the specified context because at least one task in that context is currently RUNNING.

**Explanation:** You can only issue the `on context command` form of the `on` command when there are no tasks RUNNING in the specified context.

**System action:** Use the command `group list context` or `tasks` to check the tasks' states. To get all of the tasks in another context under debugger control, issue `on context`, then `<Ctrl-c>`, then `halt`.

---

**FOMOH2104** The following command: `"string"` is unrecognized at the `pdbx-subset` prompt.

**Explanation:** You issued a command from the `pdbx-subset` prompt that is not understood.

**System action:** Issue the `help` command at the `pdbx-subset` prompt for short descriptions or use `man pdbx` to find out which commands are available at the `pdbx-subset` prompt.

---

**FOMOH2105** The current context contains at least one RUNNING task. When these RUNNING task(s) reach a breakpoint or complete execution, a `pdbx` prompt is displayed.

**Explanation:** You issued the `back` or `halt` command from the `pdbx-subset` prompt. Some of the tasks in the current context are RUNNING. A `pdbx` prompt will appear when the RUNNING task(s) reach a breakpoint or complete execution.

**System action:** Either wait for the `pdbx` prompt or issue a `<Ctrl-c>` to get a `pdbx-subset` prompt. You can then issue the `tasks` or `group list` command to view the state of the tasks. The `on` command is available at the `pdbx-subset`

## FOMOH2106 • FOMOH2113

prompt if the user wants to then switch to a different context.

---

**FOMOH2106** Switching to context: "*string*", where there is at least one RUNNING task. When these RUNNING task(s) reach a breakpoint or complete execution, a pdbx prompt is displayed.

**Explanation:** You issued the command **on context**. The target context has some task(s) that are RUNNING. This is an informational message to let you know that a **pdbx** prompt will not be displayed immediately.

**System action:** If you want to switch to a context where all tasks are ready to be debugged, press <Ctrl-c> to obtain a **pdbx-subset** prompt. You can list the state of tasks using the **tasks** or **group list** command. The **on** command is available at the **pdbx-subset** prompt if you want to then switch to a different context.

---

**FOMOH2107** Could not attach to task *number*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to attach to the task.

**System action:** Check the poe application and restart the debugger.

---

**FOMOH2108** The following RUNNING task(s): "*string*" have been interrupted.

**Explanation:** The task(s) listed were in RUNNING state. The **halt** command attempted to interrupt them so that a **pdbx** prompt will be issued for the current context.

**System action:** After the **pdbx** prompt is issued, further debugger commands can be issued.

---

**FOMOH2109** No action taken on task(s): "*string*", because they have either been stopped by the debugger, finished executing, or have been unhooked.

**Explanation:** The tasks listed were not RUNNING. These tasks may already be under the control of the debugger because of a breakpoint or step command. They could also have finished execution or be unhooked.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2110** No action has been taken because you specified a task number that was not attached to.

**Explanation:** A task specified on the **group** or **on** command is not an acceptable value.

**System action:** Retry the command using only task numbers that you attached to. Use the **tasks** command to display a list of valid task numbers.

---

**FOMOH2111** Task *number* has requested exit.

**Explanation:** The indicated task has attempted to exit. The program terminates when all tasks have requested exit.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2112** The syntax: "**on context**" is valid at the **pdbx-subset** prompt, but "**on context command**" is not.

**Explanation:** While at the **pdbx-subset** prompt, the **on context command** form of the **on** command was issued. The only valid form of the **on** command at the **pdbx-subset** prompt is **on context**.

**System action:** Retry the **on** command using syntax: **on context**.

---

**FOMOH2113** The following are valid at the **pdbx-subset** prompt: *commands listed*

**Explanation:** **pdbx** help screen for commands available at the **pdbx-subset** prompt.

**System action:** None.

---

---

**FOMOH2114** The correct syntax is: `'string'`.

**Explanation:** You issued incorrect syntax, and the correct syntax is displayed as part of this message.

**System action:** Retype the command using the syntax displayed.

---

**FOMOH2115** Switching to context: `"string"`, where there is at least one RUNNING task. When these RUNNING task(s) reach a breakpoint or complete execution, a `pdbx` prompt is displayed.

**Explanation:** You issued the `on context` command at the `pdbx-subset` prompt. The target context has some tasks that are RUNNING. This is an informational message to let you know that a `pdbx` prompt will not be displayed immediately.

**System action:** Either wait for the `pdbx` prompt or issue a `<Ctrl-c>` to enter get a `pdbx-subset` prompt. You can then use the `tasks` or `group list` command to view the state of the tasks. The `on` command is available at the `pdbx-subset` prompt if you want to then switch to a different context.

---

**FOMOH2116** Group `"string"` has been deleted, because it has no members.

**Explanation:** The `group delete` command has been issued. All of the members in the group were specified to be deleted, so the group itself was also deleted.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2117** Group `"string"` has been deleted.

**Explanation:** You issued the `group delete` command and the group has been successfully deleted.

**System action:** None. This is an informational message.

---

**FOMOH2118** No action was taken because task(s): `"string"` are currently RUNNING, and because the specified group has breakpoints or tracepoints set for it. Only tasks in the DEBUG READY state can be added to a group which has group breakpoints or tracepoints set.

**Explanation:** You issued the `group add` command. This group had some group events (breakpoints or tracepoints) set. When adding a task to this group, the group events will be added for the new task. To add an event, the task must be able to send debugger commands to the remote debugger. In this case, the tasks listed were not in the DEBUG READY state so that remote debugger commands could be issued.

**System action:** Use the `tasks` and `group list` commands to view the state of the tasks. To change the state of tasks, use the `halt` command and `<Ctrl-c>` to bring up a `pdbx-subset` prompt.

---

**FOMOH2119** No action was taken because task(s): `"string"` are currently RUNNING, and because the specified group has breakpoints or tracepoints set for it. Only tasks in the DEBUG READY state can be deleted from a group which has group breakpoints or tracepoints set.

**Explanation:** You issued the `group delete` command. This group had some group events (breakpoints or tracepoints) set. When deleting a task from this group, the group events will be deleted from the deleted task. To delete an event, the task must be able to send debugger commands to the remote debugger. In this case, the tasks listed were not in DEBUG READY state so that remote debugger commands could be issued.

**System action:** Use the `tasks` and `group list` commands to view the state of the tasks. To change the state of tasks, use the `halt` command and `<Ctrl-c>` to bring up a `pdbx-subset` prompt.

---

**FOMOH2120** All attached tasks have exited. Type either `"detach"` or `"quit"` to exit the debugger, and then restart `pdbx` if you wish to continue debugging. Reminder: `"quit"` also causes the `poe` job to be terminated, while `"detach"` does not.

**Explanation:** All the tasks of the partition have exited.

**System action:** Issue the `"quit"` or `"detach"` `pdbx` command.

---

**FOMOH2121** No action has been taken because the partition is already loaded.

**Explanation:** You issued the **load** command after the partition was already loaded.

**System action:** The **load** command is not valid after the partition has been loaded.

---

**FOMOH2122** This event cannot be set because task: *number* is unhooked.

**Explanation:** You issued a **trace** or **stop** command against a task that is unhooked. This **pdbx** command requires that the task be in DEBUG READY state.

**System action:** You can use the **hook** command to regain debugger control of previously unhooked tasks. Issue the **group list** or **tasks** command to see which tasks are unhooked.

---

**FOMOH2123** This event cannot be set because some task(s) in the group are unhooked.

**Explanation:** You issued a **trace** or **stop** command against a group which contains some task(s) that are unhooked.

**System action:** The **hook** command can be used to regain debugger control of previously unhooked tasks. You can create another group which does not contain any tasks that are in the unhooked state.

---

**FOMOH2124** Could not add event to task: *number*, because it is in state: "*string*".

**Explanation:** You issued a **trace** or **stop** command against the task specified in the message. No action was taken on behalf of this task because the task was not in DEBUG READY state.

**System action:** If the task is unhooked, the **hook** command will bring the task to DEBUG READY state. If the task is RUNNING, the **halt** command will interrupt the task and bring it to DEBUG READY state. If the task has exited, events cannot be set.

---

**FOMOH2125** Could not delete event: "*number*" from task: "*number*", because it is in state: "*string*".

**Explanation:** You issued the **delete** command with the task identified in the message as the current context, but the task was not in DEBUG READY state. The task must be in DEBUG READY state so that the remote debugger can record the fact that the event has been deleted. No action has been taken.

**System action:** If the task is unhooked, use the **hook** command to bring it to DEBUG READY state.

---

**FOMOH2126** Could not delete event: "*number*" from task: *number* of this group on the remote node, because it is in state: "*string*".

**Explanation:** You issued the **delete** command against the current context which is a group. The task listed in the message is a member of this group. No events can be deleted from the task because the task is not in debug ready state. The group event has been deleted on the home node. If the task is unhooked, this event will not be reset when the task is again hooked.

**System action:** When the task is again in DEBUG READY state, issue the **on taskid dbx status** command to manually check the event's status on the remote debugger.

---

**FOMOH2128** The correct syntax is: '**group list** [ **group\_name** ]'.

**Explanation:** You issued the **group list** with incorrect syntax.

**System action:** Re-issue the command specifying either **group list** to see the tasks and states which belong to all groups or **group list** followed by a group name to see the tasks and states that belong to a specific group.

---

**FOMOH2129** No action was taken because the group name contained non-alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** The group name specified was made up of some character(s) that were neither alphabetic nor numeric.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---



---

**FOMOH2130** No action was taken because the group name specified was null.

**Explanation:** You issued one of the **group** commands, but no group name was provided.

**System action:** Provide a group name that is no longer than 32 characters, which starts with an alphabetic character, and is followed by any alphanumeric combination.

---

**FOMOH2131** All tasks have exited. Issue **quit** then restart the debugger if you wish to continue debugging.

**Explanation:** All the tasks of the partition have exited.

**System action:** Issue the **quit** command to exit **pdbx**.

---

**FOMOH2132** The **help** command failed because two or more arguments were specified. Issue **help** for a list of commands and topics that have help. Issue 'help command' or 'help topic' to view the help text.

**Explanation:** You issued the **help** command with more than one argument.

**System action:** Re-issue the **help** command with one argument. Issue **help** alone for a list of valid arguments.

---

**FOMOH2133** The **help** command did not recognize the command or topic specified. Issue **help** for a list of commands and topics that have help. Issue 'help command' or 'help topic' to view the help text.

**Explanation:** You issued the **help** command with an unrecognized argument.

**System action:** Re-issue the **help** command with a valid argument. Issue **help** alone for a list of valid arguments.

---

**FOMOH2134** To begin debugging in attach mode, select a task or tasks to attach.

**Explanation:** Informational message. Part of **pdbx** attach tasks menu.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOH2135** Task IP Addr Node PID Program

**Explanation:** Informational message. Part of **pdbx** attach tasks menu.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOH2136** At the **pdbx** prompt enter the "attach" command followed by a list of tasks or "all". (ex. "attach 2 4 5-7" or "attach all") You may also type "help" for more information or "quit" to exit the debugger without attaching.

**Explanation:** Informational message. Part of **pdbx** attach tasks menu.

**System action:** None.

---

**FOMOH9000** **pdbx** is terminating.

**Explanation:** **pdbx** is terminating normally.

**System action:** Have a nice day.

---

**FOMOH9039** Cannot read attach configuration file.

**Explanation:** **pdbx** could not read the attach configuration file, which is created when the original POE job was started, and is removed when the job ends.

**System action:**

1. Make sure the correct POE process id was used when invoking the debugger.
  2. Check the /tmp directory for the existence of a config file containing the POE process id. (For example, check /tmp/.ppe.<poe pid>.attach.cfg).
-

## FOMOH9040 • FOMOH9047

---

### FOMOH9040 Cannot open attach configuration file.

**Explanation:** `pdbx` was unable to open the attach configuration file.

**System action:**

1. Make sure that the correct POE process id was used when invoking the debugger.
  2. Check the `/tmp` directory for the existence of a configuration file containing the POE process id. (For example, check for `/tmp/.ppe.34192.attach.cfg`).
- 

### FOMOH9041 Cannot locate attach configuration file "*string*".

**Explanation:** `pdbx` was unable to locate the attach configuration file.

**System action:**

1. Make sure that the correct POE process id was used when invoking the debugger.
  2. Check the `/tmp` directory for the existence of a configuration file containing the POE process id. (For example, check for `/tmp/.ppe.34192.attach.cfg`).
- 

### FOMOH9042 No tasks listed in attach configuration file.

**Explanation:** The attach configuration file created when the original POE job was started contained a zero in the first field indicating that POE is between job steps.

**System action:** Wait for the next job step to start which will take a few seconds. Then you can re-enter `pedb` in attach mode, if you wish.

---

### FOMOH9043 The command "*string*" is not valid when debugging in attach mode.

**Explanation:** The command is not valid when debugging in attach mode.

**System action:** Use a different command.

---

### FOMOH9044 Could not write to poe debug socket.

**Explanation:** `pdbx` was unable to write to the POE debug socket.

**System action:** The debugger was unable to communicate to POE that the debugger is detaching. Please note that the debugger will most likely not be able to re-attach to this POE job.

---

### FOMOH9045 The "*detach*" command can only be used when running in attach mode.

**Explanation:** The "*detach*" command is only valid if the debugger has been attached to a set of tasks.

**System action:** Use `quit` to exit the debugger if running in normal mode.

---

### FOMOH9046 The correct syntax is: '*string*'.

**Explanation:** You issued incorrect syntax, and the correct syntax is displayed as part of this message.

**System action:** Retype the command using the syntax displayed.

---

### FOMOH9047 An instance of `pdbx` has already been attached to this POE job.

**Explanation:** Only one instance of the debugger may be attached to a given POE job at a time. The existence of the `/tmp/.pdbx.<poe-pid>.host.list` file indicates that a debugger has already attached to this POE job.

**System action:** If `pdbx` isn't currently attached to the POE job in question, remove the corresponding `/tmp/.pdbx.<poe-pid>.host.list` file in `/tmp`, and try again.

---

---

**FOMOH9048** The following flag(s) are not valid when starting the debugger in attach mode - '*string*'. Please check for valid flags and retry.

**Explanation:** The user attempted to start **pedb** in attach mode with a command line flag(s) that is not valid. The error message is given and the debugger exits.

**System action:** The user should check for valid command line flags and try again.

---

**FOMOH9049** The following environment variables have been ignored since they are not valid when starting the debugger in attach mode - '*string*'.

**Explanation:** Some of the environment variables the user has set are not valid when starting **pdbx** in attach mode. A message is given indicating what variables have been ignored. The debugger continues.

**System action:** Note any environment variable of interest that have been ignored. This message exists to highlight the fact that some of the environment variables that normally have an effect when the POE job is Initially started will not have an affect by having them set when the debugger is invoked for attach.

---

**FOMOH9999** **pdbx is exiting.**

**Explanation:** **pdbx** is terminating due to an error as opposed to a deliberate action. Generally, this message is preceded by a specific message which gives the reason why **pdbx** is quitting prematurely.

**System action:** Refer to the message on the screen that precedes this error message.

---

## z/OS Debugger messages

### FDBX

---

**FDBX0001** incompatible types

**Explanation:** You tried to assign a value to a variable, but the type of the expression is not the same as the type of the variable, so the assignment was not performed.

**User response:** Reenter the **assign** subcommand where the type of the variable matches the type of the expression.

---

**FDBX0003** invalid signal number

**Explanation:** The signal that you specified is not a known signal name or valid signal number. The subcommand is not performed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid signal number or name.

---

**FDBX0004** no valid modules were found in the load map.

**Explanation:** The loadmap appears to be empty.

**User response:** If you are attempting to debug a sticky-bit program, you must place a "set \$sticky\_debug" statement in the .dbxsetup file and restart the dbx debugger.

---

**FDBX0005** *string* is not a block

**Explanation:** You used a symbol that is not a block in a context where only a block is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a "\$bxxx"-type symbol.

---

**FDBX0008** expected a symbol, found *string*

**Explanation:** You used an expression where only a symbol name is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a symbol where it is expected.

---

## FDBX0010 • FDBX0022

---

### FDBX0010 *string* is not a procedure or function

**Explanation:** You used a symbol that is not a subprogram name where only a subprogram name is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a subprogram name where it is expected.

---

### FDBX0011 CEEEVDBG has not been loaded properly. The current dbx operation is cancelled.

**Explanation:** When installed, CEEEVDBG provides additional functionality to the BPX1PTRA syscall that dbx uses to control the process/program begin debugged. dbx has detected that LE did not load CEEEVDBG during user program initialization.

**User response:** Report the problem to the MVS system programmer. 'SYS1.SAMPLIB(CEEEVDBG)' contains sample HASM source for the CEEEVDBG module that dbx requires.

---

### FDBX0012 **execv failure:** *string*

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to execute the desired debug target program.

**User response:** Ensure that you have specified the correct filename of the debug target, and that it has the proper permissions.

---

### FDBX0016 **symbol not defined**

**Explanation:** The symbol is not known to dbx.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with a symbol that is defined in the program where the file has been compiled with -g. Note that symbols in DLLs are not known to dbx until the symbolics for the DLL have been read.

---

### FDBX0017 **unexpected "at " or "in "**

**Explanation:** You used incorrect syntax for a **stop** or **trace** subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the **stop** or **trace** subcommand and use the correct syntax.

---

### FDBX0018 **Storage access failed, target=hex-number, source=hex-number, size=hex-number**

**Explanation:** dbx attempted to access storage that it could not read or write to.

**User response:** Verify the source, target or size fields. Verify the symbol/value specified on the **dbx** subcommand that caused the error. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX0019 **Program start spawn failure, attempting fork/exec; errno=number, errno2=hex-number: string**

**Explanation:** dbx could not start the program using spawn for the given errno, errno2 reason. A fork/exec will now be attempted to start debugging the program.

**User response:** None.

---

### FDBX0020 **cannot trace expressions**

**Explanation:** You specified an expression to be traced. Only variables can be traced.

**User response:** Reenter the **trace** subcommand and specify a variable to be traced.

---

### FDBX0022 **missing variable to watch**

**Explanation:** The **watch** subcommand was specified without a variable to watch.

**User response:** Reenter the **watch** subcommand with the desired variable to watch.

---

---

**FDBX0023** expected variable to watch, found *string*

**Explanation:** The **watch** subcommand was specified with an argument other than a program variable.

**User response:** Reenter the **watch** subcommand with the desired variable to watch.

---

**FDBX0024** bad binary op type: *string*

**Explanation:** dbx encountered a bad binary operation type node while processing a binary operation.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0026** expected variable, found *string*

**Explanation:** The **stop** subcommand expected a variable name but found another type of symbol.

**User response:** Reenter the **stop** subcommand and specify a variable name.

---

**FDBX0027** expected subprogram, found *string*

**Explanation:** You specified an expression for a **stop** subcommand in a position where only a subprogram name is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the **stop** subcommand and specify a subprogram name.

---

**FDBX0028** *string is not a subprogram*

**Explanation:** You used a symbol that is not a subprogram in a context where only a subprogram is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a subprogram name.

---

**FDBX0030** missing line

**Explanation:** You omitted the line number in a **stop** or **trace** subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the **stop** or **trace** subcommand and specify a line number.

---

**FDBX0031** expected source line number, found *string*

**Explanation:** The **stop** or **trace dbx** subcommand was expecting a source file line number.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying a source file line number.

---

**FDBX0032** missing address

**Explanation:** You omitted the address in a subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify an address.

---

**FDBX0033** expected address, found *string*

**Explanation:** You specified the wrong address in a subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify the correct address.

---

**FDBX0034** Found storage damage at *hex-number* with guard before, *size=number*, *index=number*

**Explanation:** dbx was running with internal storage checking on which detected storage damage.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

## FDBX0035 • FDBX0051

---

**FDBX0035** Found storage damage at *hex-number* with guard after, size=*number*, index=*number*

**Explanation:** dbx was running with internal storage checking on which detected storage damage.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0036** tracestorcnt overflow: *number*

**Explanation:** dbx was running with internal storage checking on which ran out of table space while attempting to add a new storage trace entry.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0039** Bad INSPECT subcode passed from LE: *number*

**Explanation:** dbx received a bad INSPECT type sub-operation from the LE debugger exit. dbx ignores the bad sub-operation and continues processing.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0042** fast next detected a loop after *number* retries

**Explanation:** dbx next processing encountered a problem where it appears to be in an endless loop.

**User response:** dbx should be able to step/next/cont from this stopping point. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0043** step detected a loop after *number* retries

**Explanation:** dbx step processing encountered a problem where it appears to be in an endless loop.

**User response:** dbx should be able to step/next/cont from this stopping point. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0044** catchfault called with *number*, pid=*number*

**Explanation:** dbx received an unexpected signal during processing and will perform termination processing.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0045** Unreadable data at *hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to read storage at the given address.

**User response:** Retry the operation. If the failure persists, follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0048** Set an event like "st in main" then use "c" to start debugging.

**Explanation:** dbx suggestion as to how to start debugging your program.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0050** assertion failed at line *number* in file *string*

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0051** context includes more than one block

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** None.

---

---

**FDBX0052** Cannot handle more than one block from whatblock()

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0053** SIGSEGV occurred during command line editing

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0054** eval: bad op *number* for redirectout

**Explanation:** A redirection operation failed with an internal error

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0055** eval: bad op *number* for redirecterr

**Explanation:** A dbx redirection operation experienced an internal error.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0056** assign non-composite to composite

**Explanation:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0057** Node op error at \*string*\:*number*

**Explanation:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0058** reference through null pointer at line *number* in file *string*

**Explanation:** dbx attempted to dereference a null pointer

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0059** Could not find low address of die

**Explanation:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0060** Could not find high address of die

**Explanation:** None.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0062** subscript must be integer-compatible

**Explanation:** An array subscript must be integer-compatible.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying an integer-compatible value for the expression for an array subscript.

---

## FDBX0064 • FDBX0075

---

### FDBX0064 **step detected a recursion after *number* retries**

**Explanation:** dbx step processing encountered a problem where it appears to be in an endless loop.

**User response:** dbx should be able to step/next/cont from this stopping point. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX0065 **step detected a no-source to no-source program loop**

**Explanation:** dbx step processing encountered a problem where it appears to be in an endless loop.

**User response:** dbx should be able to step/next/cont from this stopping point. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX0067 **"string" is not a valid selection**

**Explanation:** The user entered an invalid selection.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying a valid selection.

---

### FDBX0068 **Selection must be between *number-number***

**Explanation:** The user entered an invalid selection.

**User response:** Specify valid selection.

---

### FDBX0069 **Ambiguous file "*filename*"; arbitrarily choosing.**

**Explanation:** dbx encountered two files with the same name in different paths when trying to display a source line. Since it is not possible to determine which is the correct file, the first one located in the dbx "use" path is chosen. This may or may not be correct, depending on the circumstances.

**User response:** Either ignore the error, and note that the source code as displayed may not match what dbx is actually running, or modify your program so that all of its files have unique names.

---

### FDBX0071 **Process finished unexpectedly**

**Explanation:** The process being debugged finished unexpectedly.

**User response:** Restart the process via the "run" or "rerun" subcommands.

---

### FDBX0072 **Cannot change *register* - register is read-only.**

**Explanation:** You tried to change the value of a read-only register.

**User response:** Specify a different register to write to.

---

### FDBX0074 **Unable to query kernel for process info**

**Explanation:** dbx attempted to call the kernel for information about the process being debugged, but the the call failed.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX0075 **dread passed zero length**

**Explanation:** The user process data read routine was called to read a zero length buffer.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---



---

**FDBX0076** could not call instruction decoder routine.

**Explanation:** dbx tried to fetch() the address of the z/OS instruction decoder, and the fetch() failed. This will result in degraded assembler listings and the inability to decode instructions.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0078** cannot find symbol for program counter (\$pc)

**Explanation:** This dbx internal error indicates that the internal symbol corresponding to the program counter of the program could not be located. This will cause some **stop** and **trace** subcommands to have unpredictable behavior.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0082** *string* is not active

**Explanation:** The program is not running, or there is no stack frame containing an instance of a variable in *string*.

**User response:** Stop in a function where the variables in *string* are active, or use the **run** or **rerun** subcommand to restart the program, or exit dbx with the **quit** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0083** cannot evaluate a *string*

**Explanation:** You either specified a *string* that cannot be evaluated because there is no method to evaluate a *string* of this type, or you are attempting to typecast with the parameters specified incorrectly.

**User response:** Reenter the failing subcommand and specify a valid symbol type.

---

**FDBX0086** invalid assignment

**Explanation:** You can only change the value of `exit_status` in thread type variables. Assignment to another other field in thread, mutex or condition variable type variables is not allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a different variable.

---

**FDBX0087** double free detected! *hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx tried to free storage that was already freed.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0088** error: division by 0

**Explanation:** You specified an expression containing a division by zero.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a nonzero divisor.

---

**FDBX0089** dbx for z/OS (with 64-bit support).

**Explanation:** The message tells you if dbx is compiled with support for 64-bit programs.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0090** cannot read *string*

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't read the named source file.

**User response:** Use the **file** subcommand to verify the name of the current source file. Check the permissions for the source file.

---

## FDBX0091 • FDBX0104

---

**FDBX0091** Storage allocated by *func* should not be freed by *func*

**Explanation:** Storage allocated by `safe_malloc31` should be freed by `safe_free31`. Mixing the routines with the default allocation ones can be hazardous.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0092** Zero-byte allocation detected!

**Explanation:** An internal dbx routine attempted to allocate zero-bytes of storage. This is most likely a bug.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0095** Symbols are not folded (mixed).

**Explanation:** dbx is not changing the case of user-typed symbol names.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0096** Symbols are folded to lower case.

**Explanation:** dbx is changing the case of user-typed symbol names to lowercase.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0097** Symbols are folded to upper case.

**Explanation:** dbx is changing the case of user-typed symbol names to uppercase.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0098** Symbols are folded based upon current language.

**Explanation:** dbx is changing the case of user-typed symbol names, depending on the programming language currently associated with your program.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0100** Type 'help' for help.

**Explanation:** This message explains how to get help information.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0101** no executable code at line *lineNumber*

**Explanation:** You tried to place a breakpoint at a source line number with no runnable code associated with it in the program. This *line* is followed by an interpretation of the specified source line.

**User response:** Specify the **stop** or **trace** subcommand with a valid source line number.

---

**FDBX0103** Attempt to resolve "wildcards" in run or rerun failed.

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't interpret the parameters for a **run** or **rerun** subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify valid metacharacters.

---

**FDBX0104** non-positive repetition count

**Explanation:** You specified a non-positive number of machine instructions to display.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with a positive count.

---

---

**FDBX0105**    **too many arguments**

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't pass all of the parameters to the program because there were too many. The limit is 1000 parameters.

**User response:** Specify the **run** or **rerun** subcommand with fewer parameters.

---

**FDBX0107**    **unknown event *number***

**Explanation:** You specified a stop or trace event id that does not match any known stop or trace events.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid event ID.

---

**FDBX0109**    **multiple input redirects**

**Explanation:** You specified more than one file to redirect input to the program. Only one is allowed, and only the first file will be used.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify only one redirect input.

---

**FDBX0110**    **cannot continue execution**

**Explanation:** dbx cannot continue running the program because it is not known to be in a stopped state.

**User response:** Check that your process is still active and that the program did not exit.

---

**FDBX0111**    **source file *string* not found or not compiled with debug information.**

**Explanation:** The source file was not compiled with the option to support symbolic debugging.

**User response:** You can perform only machine-level debug.

---

**FDBX0112**    **bad print format *string***

**Explanation:** The format of the memory display was specified incorrectly.

**User response:** Reenter the **display memory** subcommand with the correct display format.

---

**FDBX0113**    **Program terminated by signal *number* (*signal description*).**

**Explanation:** The program ended because it received a signal *number*.

**User response:** Use the **run** or **rerun** subcommand to restart the program, or exit dbx with the **quit** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0114**    **program exited**

**Explanation:** The program terminated with a return code of zero.

**User response:** Use the **run** or **rerun** subcommand to restart the program, or exit dbx with the **quit** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0115**    **program exited with code *number***

**Explanation:** The process being debugged completed with a nonzero return code.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0116**    ***string*():**nbytes=number** is not valid**

**Explanation:** The process being debugged completed with a nonzero return code.

**User response:** None.

---

## FDBX0117 • FDBX0138

---

**FDBX0117** Stack entryid: *number* is larger than stack count: *number*

**Explanation:** Stack entryid should not be larger than stack count.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0124** Could not alter multi-processing mode.

**Explanation:** dbx encountered a system error while trying to change the multi-process debugging mode.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0125** Could not detach from process. Use quit.

**Explanation:** dbx encountered a system error while trying to detach from the user program.

**User response:** Use the **quit** subcommand to end the debugging session. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0126** eval: bad op *number*

**Explanation:** This is a dbx internal error. The dbx expression tree contains an operation that is unknown to dbx.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0127** source file *file-name* not found or not compiled with debug information; event id = [*id*]

**Explanation:** The file specified in the stop event was not found. A deferred breakpoint has been created instead.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0134** Unknown debug flag

**Explanation:** You used the **debug** subcommand with an incorrect argument.

**User response:** Reenter the **debug** subcommand with a different paramter.

---

**FDBX0135** Unknown node operator

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0136** func: bad op *number*

**Explanation:** This is a dbx internal error. The dbx expression tree contains an operation that is unknown to dbx.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0137** Couldn't set size of *string*

**Explanation:** dbx tried to set the size of a register, but was unsuccessful.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0138** *string* is an unusual operand for examining modification

**Explanation:** You are trying to trace modification to a memory location that is not normally modifiable, such as a subprogram entry point.

**User response:** Reenter the **trace** subcommand and specify a variable.

---

---

**FDBX0141** no source lines for *string*

**Explanation:** You tried to list the source lines to a subprogram that has no associated line number information.

**User response:** Reenter the **list** subcommand after compiling the current subprogram with the **-g** option.

---

**FDBX0142** Setting '\$frame' is not supported.

**Explanation:** The '\$frame' debugger variable cannot be modified.

**User response:** Issue a different subcommand.

---

**FDBX0143** line numbers must be positive

**Explanation:** You specified a nonpositive line number to start listing lines from.

**User response:** Reenter the **list** subcommand with positive line numbers.

---

**FDBX0144** second number must be greater than first

**Explanation:** The specified ending line number was smaller than the beginning line number.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and ensure the ending line number is larger than the beginning line number.

---

**FDBX0145** No file to move within

**Explanation:** You issued the **move** subcommand when there is no current file.

**User response:** First enter the **file** subcommand to set the source file, then reissue the **move** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0146** Line specified is not within range of *string*

**Explanation:** You tried to move the current line number to be listed to a line number that is outside of the range of the current source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **move** subcommand and specify a line number within the bounds of the current source file.

---

**FDBX0147** Could not set stack frame register number.

**Explanation:** dbx tried to set the symbolic name of the register containing the stack pointer, but was unsuccessful.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0148** Note: dbx31 and dbx64 should not be invoked directly. Doing so may cause undefined behavior.

**Explanation:** The dbx debugger was invoked directly, rather than through the dbx front end. Running dbx in this manner is not supported.

**User response:** Start the dbx debugger via the **dbx** shell command.

---

**FDBX0149** No assembly code for that source line number

**Explanation:** You tried to list the machine instructions for a source line number that has no associated machine instructions in your program.

**User response:** Reenter the **listi** subcommand with a valid source line number.

---

## FDBX0150 • FDBX0175

---

**FDBX0150**    **Debug target is *number-bit***

**Explanation:** Informational message displaying the current amode of the process being debugged.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0151**    **first address larger than second**

**Explanation:** You specified an incorrect range of memory to be displayed. The starting address was after the ending address.

**User response:** Reenter the **display memory** subcommand with the correct memory range.

---

**FDBX0153**    ***string* is not active**

**Explanation:** You specified a local variable that is defined within a unused subprogram. Such a variable has no address or value in that situation.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid active variable.

---

**FDBX0155**    **no place to return to**

**Explanation:** The **return** subcommand couldn't complete because dbx couldn't find a return address for the named function.

**User response:** Issue the **where** subcommand to find the current called sequence. Then reissue the **return** subcommand and specify one of the active functions. You can perform only machine-level debug.

---

**FDBX0156**    **Timeout waiting for kernel to service QUERY\_MODE request for pid *number*.**

**Explanation:** dbx stopped waiting for the kernel to service a request for the amode of the process, and cannot continue.

**User response:** Use local error reporting methods.

---

**FDBX0163**    **Entering debugger...**

**Explanation:** After you invoked **dbx** with the **-r** option, the program ended unexpectedly.

**User response:** Use dbx to determine why the program ended.

---

**FDBX0171**    ***string* is not aliased**

**Explanation:** The user tried to interact with an alias that does not exist.

**User response:** Reenter the **alias** command with an existing alias.

---

**FDBX0172**    ***string* is a program symbol -- use assign**

**Explanation:** You used the **set** subcommand to change a program variable.

**User response:** Use the **assign** subcommand instead of the **set** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0175**    **no process to write to**

**Explanation:** You are trying to alter the memory contents of a nonrunning program.

**User response:** The program process is no longer available. Enter the **run** or **rerun** subcommand to restart the program process.

---

---

**FDBX0176** execution completed (exit code *number*)

**Explanation:** The program completed with a nonzero exit code.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0177** execution completed

**Explanation:** The program completed with an exit code of 0.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0180** *string* is not a procedure or function

**Explanation:** You tried to change the current function to a symbol that is not a subprogram.

**User response:** Reenter the **func** subcommand and specify a procedure or function name.

---

**FDBX0181** program is not executable

**Explanation:** You tried to change the program counter of a program that cannot be run.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0182** Goto address is not within current function. (set \$unsafegoto to override)

**Explanation:** You specified that the program counter of your program be changed to an address that is outside of the current function. This is not allowed unless you have set the debugger variable \$unsafegoto.

**User response:** Either set \$unsafegoto and reissue goto, or specify a safe goto address.

---

**FDBX0185** hexints and octints are both set.

**Explanation:** The hexints and octints internal variables are both enabled. This situation should never occur.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0190** return detected a loop after *number* retries.

**Explanation:** The **return** subcommand failed due to a non-terminating loop in the program being debugged.

**User response:** Change the program being debugged so that the loop properly terminates.

---

**FDBX0191** O\_WHICH bad op: *number*

**Explanation:** The evaluator detected a node that it was not designed to process during the evaluation of an O\_WHICH node.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0192** The 31bit DBX cannot debug a 64bit program.

**Explanation:** When DBX run in -m4(amode=31), it cannot debug the 64bit debuggee program. If DBX encounter (run/attach/exec) a 64bit debuggee, it will terminate.

**User response:** None

---

**FDBX0210** *string*: file already exists, use ">!"

**Explanation:** You tried to redirect output of a subcommand to a file that already exists without specifying that the existing file be overwritten.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a different file, or use the append file operator (>>).

---

## FDBX0211 • FDBX0223

---

**FDBX0211** cannot create *string*

**Explanation:** dbx encountered an error while trying to redirect the **output** subcommand to the user-specified output file.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a different file or directory path.

---

**FDBX0212** standard out dup failed

**Explanation:** dbx encountered an error while trying to restore standard output.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0213** *filename*: file already exists, use "2>!"

**Explanation:** You attempted to route error output from a **dbx** subcommand to a file that already exists.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** command specifying "2>!" to the same file, or choose a different file name.

---

**FDBX0214** standard err dup failed

**Explanation:** dbx tried to do a dup() of stderr which failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FDBX0216** application forked, child pid=*number*, process stopped, awaiting input - use 'dbx -A *number*' on another terminal to establish a debug session for the child pid.

**Explanation:** Heading produced for a user program that used a fork() system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode.

**User response:** Enter the specified subcommand on another terminal to start debugging the child of the fork() call.

---

**FDBX0217** application forked, parent process (*pid*) stopped, awaiting input

**Explanation:** Heading produced for a user program that used a fork() system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode. dbx is now attached to the parent process.

**User response:** Continue to debug the parent process.

---

**FDBX0218** application forked, child process (*pid*) stopped, awaiting input

**Explanation:** Heading produced for a user program that used a fork() system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode. dbx is now attached to the child process.

**User response:** Continue to debug the child process.

---

**FDBX0219** Could not open history log "*filename*" for appending.

**Explanation:** The dbx command history could not be written out to the history log file.

**User response:** Ensure that the history file is writable.

---

**FDBX0223** *string* is not set

**Explanation:** You tried to remove a debugger variable, but it was not set.

**User response:** Use the **set** subcommand to display a list of debugger variables.

---



---

**FDBX0242** application *forked*, but child process was killed. Following parent process (*pid*).

**Explanation:** Message produced for a user program that forked or spawned, but the child process was killed when in fork or spawn processing.

**User response:** Use local error reporting methods.

---

**FDBX0243** application spawned, child *pid=number*, process stopped, awaiting input - use '*dbx -A number*' on another terminal to establish a debug session for the child *pid*.

**Explanation:** Message produced for a user program that used a `spawn()` system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode.

**User response:** Enter the specified subcommand on another terminal to start debugging the child of the `spawn()` call.

---

**FDBX0244** Application spawned, following parent process (*pid*).

**Explanation:** Message produced for a user program that used a `spawn()` system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode. `dbx` is now attached to the parent process.

**User response:** Continue to debug the parent process.

---

**FDBX0245** Application spawned, following child process (*pid*).

**Explanation:** Message produced for a user program that used a `spawn()` system call while debugging in multiprocess debug mode. `dbx` is now attached to the child process.

**User response:** Continue to debug the child process.

---

**FDBX0246** subscript out of range

**Explanation:** You specified a subscript to an array that is not compatible with the bounds of the array.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify the correct array bounds.

---

**FDBX0250** Attached *location*

**Explanation:** `dbx` successfully attached to a running process and displayed the name of the function (if any) that it is currently stopped in.

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

**FDBX0251** Could not determine the object file name.

**Explanation:** `dbx` couldn't determine the name of the object file associated with the specified running process.

**User response:** Reenter the object file name when prompted by `dbx`.

---

**FDBX0252** enter object file name (default is '*string*', Control-D to exit):

**Explanation:** `dbx` couldn't access the specified user program. It then prompts you to submit another name for the program or to exit `dbx` by entering Control-D.

**User response:** Enter the object file name or control-D to exit.

---

**FDBX0254** Stack trace follows

**Explanation:** Message displayed before the stacktrace when attaching to a running program

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

**FDBX0255** cannot debug *string*; file not found.

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to read the named source file.

**User response:** Reenter the **file** subcommand and specify a source file name that exists in the current subdirectory or in the use path.

---

**FDBX0256** cannot debug *string*; file is a directory.

**Explanation:** dbx was instructed to debug a directory.

**User response:** Choose a valid executable file to debug, and restart dbx.

---

**FDBX0258** unknown option *character*

**Explanation:** You specified an unknown option.

**User response:** Reenter the **alias** subcommand and specify the correct options.

---

**FDBX0259** Option *character* is deprecated and will be ignored.

**Explanation:** You specified a legacy command line option that this version of dbx ignores. It is accepted for compatibility reasons.

**User response:** Do not specify the option in the future.

---

**FDBX0265** program is not active

**Explanation:** The program has completed or has not begun.

**User response:** Use the **run** or **rerun** subcommands to start the program.

---

**FDBX0267** File *string* does not have execute permissions.

**Explanation:** The file that dbx was instructed to debug does not have the execute permission bit set. This means that you may not be able to debug the program.

**User response:** Set the execute bit on the file and rerun dbx.

---

**FDBX0268** ptrace(PT\_LDINFO) failure

**Explanation:** The ptrace() function call returned a -1 with the errno stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the **dbx** command.

---

**FDBX0269** Could not determine current function

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't determine which function is currently active.

**User response:** Check that the program process is still active. Verify that you are setting \$frame to the correct stack frame.

---

**FDBX0271** no source file

**Explanation:** There is no current source file to print.

---

**FDBX0272** could not read *string*

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't read the named source file.

**User response:** Verify that the source file exists in the current directory in the path specified by the subcommand use, or in the -I **dbx** command line option.

---

---

**FDBX0273** line number must be positive

**Explanation:** The specified line number was a negative number.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with a positive line number.

---

**FDBX0274** alias expansion too large

**Explanation:** The expanded version of the **aliased** subcommand exceeds the length of the **dbx** command buffer (10240 characters).

**User response:** Use the **alias** subcommand to redefine the alias.

---

**FDBX0275** dynamic call of a function is not supported

**Explanation:** Any reference to a function that must dynamically call the function is not supported.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0277** could not attach to pid *number*

**Explanation:** You were not allowed to debug the process running with process ID number.

**User response:** You must have kill authority to attach to the process. Contact your system programmer.

---

**FDBX0278** Waiting to attach to process *number* ...

**Explanation:** dbx is waiting for the system's response to the request to debug the process running with process ID number.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0279** Attaching to process (*pid*) from exec...

**Explanation:** dbx is waiting for the system's response to the request to debug the process that performed an exec() operation while multiprocess debug mode is enabled.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0280** cannot fork

**Explanation:** dbx tried to execute a fork() to prepare to debug your program and it failed.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FDBX0281** Cannot execute *string*

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to run the program.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FDBX0282** Commandline option missing an argument.

**Explanation:** You specified a commandline option to dbx that requires an argument, but the argument was omitted.

**User response:** Reinvoke **dbx** with the missing argument.

---

**FDBX0283** cannot catch signal *signal (signal name)*.

**Explanation:** MVS signal processing does not allow you to catch the specified signal.

**User response:** None.

---

## FDBX0285 • FDBX0301

---

**FDBX0285** error *number* trying to continue process

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't continue the program due to a system error.

**User response:** Contact your system programmer.

---

**FDBX0286** '*string*' does not have a value."

**Explanation:** The dbx keyword is missing a value. This is an internal error.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0287** multiple error redirects

**Explanation:** You specified more than one file to redirect stderr from your program.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify only one redirect for stderr.

---

**FDBX0289** Internal error: could not detach from process.

**Explanation:** The debugged process issued the fork() system call. dbx tried to remove breakpoints in the new debugged process, which were inherited from the parent process. However, dbx could not detach from the child process.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0290** multiple output redirects

**Explanation:** You specified more than one file to redirect output from your program.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify only one redirected output.

---

**FDBX0295** store: could not write data at *hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't write data at address hexnum in the program.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid address for the program's data.

---

**FDBX0296** function not active.

**Explanation:** The function specified as an argument to the **return** subcommand is not currently active.

**User response:** Rerun the subcommand with a different function name, or run the program to a point where the specified function is active.

---

**FDBX0297** signal "*signal name*" unknown.

**Explanation:** You entered an unknown signal name.

**User response:** Reissue the subcommand with a correct signal name.

---

**FDBX0298** not that many levels

**Explanation:** You tried to traverse past the end of the stack.

**User response:** Reissue the **up** or **down** subcommand with a smaller count.

---

**FDBX0301** [internal error] upper 32 bits not zero

**Explanation:** An internal dbx routine detected a parameter error.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

---

**FDBX0309** Cannot determine where to set a breakpoint. You must specify 'Procedure', 'SourceLine' or 'Address'.

**Explanation:** You are trying to execute TRACE without any parameters when the current function is not known.

**User response:** Reenter the **trace** subcommand with valid parameters.

---

**FDBX0310** missing ')' in macro call

**Explanation:** You did not close the parameter list to an **aliased** subcommand with a ).

**User response:** Use the **alias** subcommand to redefine the alias.

---

**FDBX0311** Next line that will be listed is *line*

**Explanation:** The next source line that will be displayed via the **list** subcommand.

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

**FDBX0313** not enough parameters in macro call

**Explanation:** You did not specify enough parameters for an **aliased** subcommand.

**User response:** Enter the **alias** subcommand for the alias to view the current definition. Reenter the subcommand with the correct number of parameters.

---

**FDBX0315** Keyword is not an address

**Explanation:** The keyword specified was not an address.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with an address.

---

**FDBX0317** too many parameters in macro call

**Explanation:** You specified too many parameters for an **aliased** subcommand.

**User response:** Enter the **alias** subcommand for the alias to view the current definition. Reenter the subcommand with the correct number of parameters.

---

**FDBX0318** missing actuals for macro

**Explanation:** You did not specify parameters for an **aliased** subcommand that requires parameters.

**User response:** Enter the **alias** subcommand for the alias to view the current definition. Reenter the subcommand with the correct number of parameters.

---

**FDBX0327** *string* has only 1 line

**Explanation:** The specified line number was greater than the number of lines in the file.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a line number within the bounds of the source file.

---

**FDBX0328** *string* has only *number* lines

**Explanation:** The specified line number was greater than the number of lines in the file.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a line number within the bounds of the source file.

---

**FDBX0329** ^ unrecognized command

**Explanation:** You specified a command that is not a subcommand or user alias. The ^ must be at the beginning of the message.

**User response:** Use the **help** subcommand to list the valid subcommands.

---

## FDBX0330 • FDBX0339

---

**FDBX0330** initially (at line *line* in *file*):

**Explanation:** Diagnostic message indicating where a traced variable was first found

**User response:** None

---

**FDBX0331** at line *line* in *file*:

**Explanation:** Diagnostic message indicating that a traced variable has changed values.

**User response:** None

---

**FDBX0332** Multi-procss debugging is *status*

**Explanation:** The message indicates the current value of the dbx multi-process setting.

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

**FDBX0333** Multproc cannot be set when program is inactive.

**Explanation:** The multproc subcommand cannot alter the multproc setting if the debuggee is not currently active.

**User response:** Respecify the subcommand when the debuggee is active.

---

**FDBX0334** , ^ syntax error

**Explanation:** You used the wrong syntax for a subcommand or user alias. The diacritic (^) must be at the beginning of the message.

**User response:** Use the **help** subcommand to display the correct syntax for a subcommand.

---

**FDBX0335** non-terminated string

**Explanation:** You did not close a character string with a quote character.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and close all strings with a single quote character or a double quote character.

---

**FDBX0336** Bad target Amode

**Explanation:** dbx encountered a bad amode internally.

**User response:** Use local error reporting methods.

---

**FDBX0337** cannot open *string*

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't read a file that is supposed to contain subcommands.

**User response:** Check that the file exists and that you have the correct permissions to read from it.

---

**FDBX0338** goto/gotoi cannot be used when program is inactive.

**Explanation:** The **goto/gotoi** subcommands cannot be used when the debuggee is not currently active.

**User response:** Respecify the subcommand when the debuggee is active.

---

**FDBX0339** unreasonable input nesting on *string*

**Explanation:** The nesting of subcommand files exceeded the dbx limit of ten.

**User response:** Change the subcommand files to have less subcommand source nesting.

---

---

**FDBX0340** second number must be greater than first

**Explanation:** You specified a larger beginning than ending line number to be listed.

**User response:** Reenter the **list** subcommand with the ending line number larger than the starting line number.

---

**FDBX0348** dbx wait() was interrupted by a signal.

**Explanation:** dbx made a system call to wait() to obtain the status of the debuggee, and was interrupted by a signal. overwrite this file.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX0349** cannot write over running object file.

**Explanation:** The specified file name on the **dbx** subcommand that is to be used for output is the currently running object file. dbx will not overwrite this file.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying a different file.

---

**FDBX0351** cannot write *filename*

**Explanation:** The specified file name on the **dbx** subcommand cannot be written by dbx.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying a file that you have write access to.

---

**FDBX0352** cannot read *filename*

**Explanation:** The specified file name on the **dbx** subcommand cannot be read by dbx.

**User response:** Reenter the **dbx** subcommand specifying a file that you have read access to.

---

**FDBX0353** no source for *filename*

**Explanation:** The specified source file was not compiled to support symbolic debugging.

**User response:** Reenter the **edit** subcommand on a file that was compiled with the **-g** option.

---

**FDBX0356** no source file

**Explanation:** You tried to search through a nonexistent file for a pattern.

**User response:** Use the **file** subcommand to verify the name of the current source file.

---

**FDBX0357** An error occurred while getting the sourceline

**Explanation:** The a function used to get a sourceline out of the debug side file returned an error.

**User response:** Internal error. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0358** invalid regular expression

**Explanation:** You specified a pattern that could not be compiled into a regular expression.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and use a valid regular expression.

---

**FDBX0359** no match

**Explanation:** You specified a pattern that did not match anything in the current source file.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and use a different pattern.

---

**FDBX0380** *varname is not a pointer*

**Explanation:** You tried to use the de-reference variable on a variable that is not a pointer.

**User response:** Use the **whatis** subcommand to determine the type of the variable. The \* prefix or ^ postfix operators can only be used on pointers. Reenter the subcommand with a pointer variable.

---

**FDBX0381** *expected variable, found string*

**Explanation:** You specified an incorrect expression to a **stop** subcommand in a position where only a variable is allowed.

**User response:** Reenter the **stop** subcommand and specify a variable name.

---

**FDBX0383** *cannot typecast var/type\_name to type\_name*

**Explanation:** You attempted an illegal typecast operation

**User response:** Use the **whatis** subcommand to determine the types of the operands. Typecasts are allowed only between base or pointer types. Reenter the subcommand with the correct typecast operation.

---

**FDBX0384** *unknown member class: hex-number*

**Explanation:** The evaluator has received an unexpected tag.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX0385** *operation not defined on string*

**Explanation:** You tried an arithmetic or logical operation on a expression for which the operation is undefined.

**User response:** Arithmetic or logical operations can only be performed on expressions that result in a numeric value. Reenter the subcommand and specify a numeric expression.

---

**FDBX0390** *A kernel call took too long to complete.*

**Explanation:** A system call to the USS kernel took too long to complete, and dbx's internal watchdog timer expired.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX0391** *Unable to set multiprocess mode via ptrace.*

**Explanation:** dbx tried to set the multiprocess mode for the current process via a ptrace kernel call, but the call never succeeded. Multiprocess functionality may not work as expected.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX0396** *symname is not an array*

**Explanation:** You specified dimensions for a symbol that is not an array or pointer.

**User response:** Use the **whatis** subcommand to determine the definition for the symbol.

---

**FDBX0399** *Compiled: date at time*

**Explanation:** Informational message.

**User response:** None.

---



---

**FDBX0400 OS level**

**Explanation:** Information message reporting the result of `uname -a`.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0402 Removing no longer valid event [id]**

**Explanation:** A stop/trace event was removed because it is no longer valid.

**User response:** Resubmit the stop/trace event at a point where it is valid.

---

**FDBX0403 A stop/trace attempted to set a breakpoint at *hex-number* which is not currently a R/W storage address in your program. Your stop/trace event may not operate properly.**

**Explanation:** A stop/trace event tried to set a breakpoint in storage that is read-only.

**User response:** Reenter the stop/trace event so that it points to read-write storage, and ensure that the program being debugged is loaded in read-write storage.

---

**FDBX0405 cannot step through protected code at *hexnum***

**Explanation:** You tried to single-step your program into a privileged address space.

**User response:** This may have occurred because the program took a wild branch. Verify the load point and size of the program using the **map** subcommand. Also verify the program counter using the **registers** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0407 cannot step through breakpoint at *hexnum***

**Explanation:** You tried to run your program in single-step mode through an instruction, which is the same as a breakpoint.

**User response:** You are probably trying to step into a data area of the program that contains the breakpoint instruction (SVC 144). This may have occurred because the program took a wild branch. Verify the load point and size of the program using the **map** subcommand. Also verify the program counter using the **registers** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0408 A stop/trace event is attempting to set a breakpoint at read-only storage address *address*. The event may not operate properly. Do you want to continue? (Y/N):**

**Explanation:** You tried to set a breakpoint into read-only storage.

**User response:** Enter Y or N. If you enter Y, the breakpoint will be created. If you select N, the breakpoint will not be created.

---

**FDBX0409 Error *number* trying to step process**

**Explanation:** A `ptrace (PT_CONT)` service call resulted in an error. The user program could not continue executing.

**User response:** Record the error number and follow local reporting procedures.

---

**FDBX0414 Program exited with a return code of *number*.**

**Explanation:** The program terminated with the indicated return code.

**User response:** Use the **run** or **rerun** subcommand to restart the program, or exit `dbx` with the **quit** subcommand.

---

**FDBX0425 Cannot display evaluation tree for unknown operation *number***

**Explanation:** The operation to be evaluated is not a valid `dbx` operation.

**User response:** Record the unknown operation. Follow local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX0437** No place on condition in `condbp()`.

**Explanation:** A dbx breakpoint is malformed. This is an internal error.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0438** nsize found bad op: *num*

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Record the error number and follow local reporting procedures.

---

**FDBX0439** swhatis found bad op: *num*

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Record the error number and follow local reporting procedures.

---

**FDBX0446** Internal buffer overflow detected

**Explanation:** dbx wrote off the end of an internal buffer. There is a possibility of heap damage.

**User response:** dbx may behave erratically, depending on what data was overwritten. Restart dbx and see if the error happens again. Use local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX0447** too many arguments to type rename

**Explanation:** Too many operands were given for a type rename operation.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify the correct number of operands for the casting operation.

---

**FDBX0479** (internal error: bad instruction size in printop)

**Explanation:** dbx encountered an internal error while determining the size of the current instruction.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX0480** (internal error: bad tables in extmnem)

**Explanation:** dbx encountered an error while decoding an extended mnemonic.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX0485** libGeneralOutput size=*number*, maximum size=*number*

**Explanation:** dbx encountered a fatal error while generating user output which caused an internal buffer to overflow.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX0542** no breakpoints found at *line*

**Explanation:** You tried to remove all of the breakpoints at a source line where no breakpoints could be found. This message is followed by an interpretation of the specified source line.

**User response:** Reenter the `clear` subcommand and specify the correct source line.

---

**FDBX0543** no breakpoints found at *address*

**Explanation:** You tried to remove all of the breakpoints at an address where no breakpoints could be found. This message is followed by an interpretation of the specified address.

**User response:** Reenter the `cleari` subcommand and specify the correct address.

---

---

**FDBX0544** Directory containing *string* could not be determined. Apply use command to initialize source path.

**Explanation:** dbx couldn't determine the directory where the object file associated with a running process exists.

**User response:** Issue the `use` subcommand and specify the directory where the source files can be found.

---

**FDBX0551** Invalid floating point data size

**Explanation:** You tried to print out the floating point registers, but dbx received an invalid floating point data size. This may be due to an internal error in dbx. The floating point registers will not be printed.

**User response:** The floating point registers will not be printed for the current registers command. The user can ignore the error, or restart dbx.

---

**FDBX0552** unset \$noflregs to view floating point registers

**Explanation:** Unset the \$noflregs dbx variable to enable display of the floating point registers.

**User response:** Type 'unset \$noflregs' to enable display of the floating point registers. Ignore the message to continue suppressing their display.

---

**FDBX0553** unset \$noflbregs to view IEEE floating point registers

**Explanation:** Unset the \$noflbregs dbx variable to enable display of the IEEE floating point registers.

**User response:** Type 'unset \$noflbregs' to enable display of the IEEE floating point registers. Ignore the message to continue suppressing their display.

---

**FDBX0554** Usage: case { default | mixed | lower | upper }

**Explanation:** The argument passed to the getcase function was incorrect.

**User response:** Pass a valid case type to the getcase function

---

**FDBX0555** Invalid register lookup request: *number*

**Explanation:** dbx tried to obtain the value of a nonexistent register.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX0556** Invalid general purpose register size.

**Explanation:** The precision of the general purpose registers (GPRs) is invalid. The currently supported precisions are 32 and 64 bits.

**User response:** None required.

---

**FDBX0558** unset \$noflbregs to view decimal floating point registers

**Explanation:** Unset the \$noflbregs dbx variable to enable display of the decimal floating point registers.

**User response:** Type 'unset \$noflbregs' to enable display of the decimal floating point registers. Ignore the message to continue suppressing their display.

---

**FDBX0557** unset \$novregs to view vector registers

**Explanation:** Unset the \$novregs dbx variable to enable display of the vector registers.

**User response:** Type unset \$novregs to enable display of the vector registers. Ignore the message to continue suppressing their display.

---

FDBX0600 **ptrace(request=request, pid=process-id, addr=address, data=address, buff=request-text**

**Explanation:** Informational message showing a ptrace() request call by dbx.

**User response:** None.

---

FDBX0601 **ptrace(): addr=address, buff=address, r\_val=value, errno=error-number, errno-jr=error-number**

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the results of a ptrace() request call by dbx.

**User response:** None.

---

FDBX0602 **symbol-name is not defined; event id = [id]**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message. Since the symbol specified on the onload **dbx** subcommand is not currently known to dbx, it was added to the event list to be searched for after the symbolics are processed for a new DLL.

**User response:** None.

---

FDBX0610 **object filename: "program"**

**Explanation:** This displays the filename of the object being debugged.

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

FDBX0614 **string is not defined**

**Explanation:** The specified symbol has not been defined in the program and is not a set variable.

**User response:** Reenter the command specifying a defined symbol.

---

FDBX0619 **An input value is out of range - results may be incorrect.**

**Explanation:** You specified a value that is out of range of what dbx can represent internally.

**User response:** Reenter the command with a smaller input value.

---

FDBX0620 **string is not defined in**

**Explanation:** You specified a symbol that does not exist in the specified block.

**User response:** Use the **dump** subcommand to determine which symbols are active in the current scope of the program.

---

FDBX0625 **string is not a pointer to a member.**

**Explanation:** The type of the symbol is not a member pointer.

**User response:** Reenter the command specifying a member pointer symbol.

---

FDBX0626 **string does not point to a member of class string**

**Explanation:** The specified symbol is not a pointer to the class.

**User response:** Reenter the command specifying a pointer to class.

---

FDBX0627 **string is not a field in**

**Explanation:** The symbol is not a field in the struct/union/class.

**User response:** Use the **whatis dbx** subcommand to see the members of the struct/union/class.

---

---

**FDBX0646** Type `help <command>` or `help <topic>` for help on specific items.

**Explanation:** The user typed help with no arguments.

**User response:** Retype 'help' and specify a command or topic.

---

**FDBX0650** Kernel function returned `pid=pid`, `Amode=amode`, `Rmode=rmode`, `AmodeCap=amodecap`, `returnValue=returnValue`, `returnCode=returnCode`, `reasonCode=reasonCode`

**User response:** Informational message showing the result of a kernel call by dbx.

---

**FDBX0651** Kernel function returned `result=result`, `returnValue=returnValue`, `returnCode=returnCode`, `reasonCode=reasonCode`

**User response:** Informational message showing the result of a kernel call by dbx.

---

**FDBX0654** *string is not a known help topic or command*

**User response:** Reenter the `help` command with a valid topic or command.

---

**FDBX0665** *variable*

**Explanation:** dbx has stopped execution of your program since a signal arrived that it was instructed to catch.

**User response:** Issue the `cont` subcommand to deliver the signal to the debuggee.

---

**FDBX0710** `run` and `rerun` may be used only on originating process.

**Explanation:** You tried to restart a process that dbx cannot restart.

**User response:** Enter the subcommand only on the initial process.

---

**FDBX0721** Operation not valid in dump processing mode.

**Explanation:** The `dbx` subcommand entered can only be used when a live program is running.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0722** **BPXGMPTR ASID SET error:** *string*, `retc=number`, `retsn=hex-number`

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to set an ASID which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0723** **BPXGMPTR ASID LIST error:** *string*, `retc=number`, `retsn=hex-number`

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get a list of ASIDs in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0724** **BPXGMPTR PID SET error:** *string*, `retc=number`, `retsn=hex-number`

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to set a PID which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

---

**FDBX0725** **BPXGMPTR PID LIST error:** *string, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get a list of PIDs in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0726** **BPXGMPTR LDRINFO error:** *string, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get the load map in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0727** **BPXGMPTR CAPTURE error:***number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number, addr=hex-number, nbytes=number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to capture storage in the dump which then failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0729** **BPXGMPTR READ\_D error:***number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number, addr=hex-number, nbytes=number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to read storage in the dump which failed

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0730** **Illegal use of subarrays.**

**Explanation:** The index operator `".."` cannot be used in this expression.

**User response:** Reenter the command specifying a correct array name.

---

**FDBX0731** **BPXGMPTR CONDINFO error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get error information from the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0732** **interrupt code=hex-number, abend code=hex-number, abend reason code=hex-number, instruction length=hex-number**

**Explanation:** Informational message that lists some of the error information that dbx obtained from the dump.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0733** **BPXGMPTR THREAD\_LIST error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get the thread list from the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to

generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0734**    **BPXGMPTR THREAD\_CURRENT\_SET error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*  
*retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to set the current thread from the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0735**    **BPXGMPTR THREAD\_CURRENT\_SET error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*  
*retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to set the current thread in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0736**    **BPXGMPTR GPR\_LIST error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get the general registers in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0737**    **BPXGMPTR PSW error:** *number, retc=number, retsn=hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get the PSW in the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0738**    **BPXGMCDE close failure:** *number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMCDE or BPXGMCD4 to close the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0739**    **BPXGMCDE return buffer:**

**Explanation:** The following error messages came from the BPXGMCDE or BPXGMCD4 dump service up to the next FDBXxxxx message.

**User response:** Record the error messages for problem determination.

---

**FDBX0740**    **BPXGMCDE open error:** *ret1=2*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMCDE or BPXGMCD4 to open the dump which failed.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

## FDBX0741 • FDBX0753

---

**FDBX0741** BPXGMCDE open failure: rc=*number*, ret1=*hex-number*, ret2=*hex-number*, ret3=*hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMCDE or BPXGMCD4 to open the dump which failed.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0742** Interrupt during dump open. Do you want to continue? (Y/N):

**Explanation:** The user pressed control-C while dbx was waiting for the BPXGMCDE (or BPXGMCD4) OPEN request to complete.

**User response:** Enter Y to continue waiting for the OPEN to complete, or enter N to terminate dbx and return to the shell.

---

**FDBX0743** Cleaning up and exiting by user request

**Explanation:** The user pressed control-c, then answered Y to the FDBX0742 message, so dbx is closing the dump service and will exit.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0744** Thread information is not complete in this dump

**Explanation:** The kernel service returned incomplete thread information from the dump. The display of thread information from the dump may have some incorrect values.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0748** could not load BPXGMCDE

**Explanation:** dbx could not load the dump services initialization module.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0749** could not load BPXGMPTR

**Explanation:** dbx could not load the dump services processing module.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0750** Initializing dump dump-name. This may take a while...

**Explanation:** dbx is calling the dump services routine to initialize the dump.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0751** BPXGMCDE token=*hex-number*, release=*number*, level=*number*

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the version information of the dump processing service.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0752** BPXGMCDE Starting the TSO environment

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0753** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS started

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---



---

**FDBX0754** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS allocating CLIST data set

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0755** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS allocating dump directory via BLSCDDIR

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0756** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS allocating the dump data set

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0757** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS invoking IPCS

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0758** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPC2 invoking VERBX

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0759** BPXGMCDE Dump analysis started

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0760** BPXGMCDE Dump analysis processing ASIDs: number of *number*

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0761** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS exiting

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the dump initialization progress.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0762** Using ASID=*hex-number*

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the ASID where dump services found the program error.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0763** Using PID=*number*

**Explanation:** Informational message showing the PID where dump services found the program error.

**User response:** None.

---

## FDBX0765 • FDBX0810

---

**FDBX0765** BPXGMPTR FPR\_LIST error: *number*, **retc**=*number*, **retsn**=*hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx called the dump processing service BPXGMPTR or BPXGMPT4 to get the floating point registers from the dump which failed.

**User response:** Set the `_DBX_GCORELOGDSN` environment variable to point to an MVS data set and rerun dbx to generate a log of the error that contains the kernel service information. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0766** Abend ASID=*hexnum* not equal home ASID=*hexnum*

**Explanation:** The abend in the core file occurred in a different address space. We have to switch to the abend address space for continued processing.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0767** operation only valid in dump processing mode

**Explanation:** This operation is only valid when processing a core file.

**User response:** Specify a different operation, or restart dbx in core processing mode.

---

**FDBX0768** fopen for IPCS print data set *string* failed

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to open the specified dataset

**User response:** Specify the correct dataset.

---

**FDBX0769** popen for system pager "*string*" failed

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to open the system pager for output processing.

**User response:** Ensure that the `PAGER` environment variable is set correctly.

---

**FDBX0770** The execution registers are in ASID=*hex-number* and are not available

**Explanation:** No execution registers are available in the dump. dbx will only be able to display dump storage information.

**User response:** Proceed with dump analysis in this reduced mode, or replace the dump with one that contains the execution registers.

---

**FDBX0771** BPXGMCDE BPXTIPCS is recalling a migrated MVS dataset. This may take a while

**Explanation:** A dataset needed by IPCS was migrated. The dataset must be recalled

**User response:** Wait until IPCS finishes the recall operation.

---

**FDBX0806** Usage: **command** { **on** | **off** | **parent** | **child** }

**Explanation:** You tried to use an option other than on, off, parent, or child for the subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid option.

---

**FDBX0810** open failure on recording file

**Explanation:** dbx could not open the file specified on the **record** subcommand.

**User response:** Reenter the **record** subcommand with a different file name. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

---

**FDBX0811** write failure on recording file

**Explanation:** dbx could not write to the file specified on the **record** subcommand.

**User response:** Verify permissions to the record file. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0813** recording already active

**Explanation:** dbx cannot process a new record filename until the current record is closed.

**User response:** Enter record to close the current record session, then reenter record with a filename to open the new record session.

---

**FDBX0815** Argument count=*number*

**Explanation:** The argument count that will be passed to the user's program.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0816** Arguments

**Explanation:** The list of arguments follows that will be passed to the user's program.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0817** cannot unset "*debugger\_variable*"

**Explanation:** The debugger variable listed in the message cannot be undefined.

**User response:** Specify a different subcommand.

---

**FDBX0818** "*debugger\_variable*" must be an integer.

**Explanation:** The debugger variable listed may only be assigned an integer value.

**User response:** Rerun the subcommand with an integer value.

---

**FDBX0820** \$fl\_precision must be 4, 8, or 16

**Explanation:** The user tried to set the \$fl\_precision debugger variable to an invalid value.

**User response:** Retry the operation specifying a valid value.

---

**FDBX0821** \$r\_precision must be 4 or 8

**Explanation:** The user tried to set the \$r\_precision debugger variable to an invalid value.

**User response:** Retry the operation specifying a valid value.

---

**FDBX0822** When \$fl\_precision is 16, floating point registers may only be referenced via an even based pair of fregs (i.e. \$fr0, \$frb2)

**Explanation:** The user tried to assign or print a value to an odd floating point register when \$fl\_precision was 16. The register pair must start with an even floating point register in this case.

**User response:** Respecify the command with an even floating point register

---

**FDBX0823** *number* is out of range 0..*number*

**Explanation:** The vector register index is out of range.

**User response:** Reenter the **print** subcommand with a valid index.

---

**FDBX0824 Invalid vector register type**

**Explanation:** An invalid type was specified when an attempt was made to access vector registers.

**User response:** Use a valid register type such as integers, characters, and shorts.

---

**FDBX0826 Attempt to read or write vector registers but the Vector Extension Facility is not available**

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to read or write to the vector registers but the Vector Extension Facility was not available.

**User response:** Retry the operation on a system that has the Vector Extension Facility installed.

---

**FDBX0840 Usage: mutex [wait | nowait | lock | unlock | number]**

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **mutex** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0841 Usage: condition [wait | nowait | number]**

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **condition** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0843 Usage: thread [hold | unhold | info | current | activ | async | dead | pcan ] [thread#]**

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **thread** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0846 *number* is not an existing thread.**

**Explanation:** The user has attempted to switch to or run\_next a nonexisting thread.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with an existing thread. Use the **thread** subcommand to display all threads.

---

**FDBX0847 no thread available**

**Explanation:** The user has attempted to operate on thread when thread library is not loaded.

---

**FDBX0848 ptrace(PT\_THREAD\_READ\_FOCUS) error, errno=*number***

**Explanation:** The ptrace() function call returned a -1 with the errno stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

**FDBX0849 ptrace(PT\_THREAD\_SIGNAL) error, errno=*number***

**Explanation:** The ptrace() function call returned a -1 with the errno stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

**FDBX0850 ptrace(PT\_THREAD\_WRITE\_FOCUS) error, errno=*number***

**Explanation:** The ptrace() function call returned a -1 with the errno stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

---

**FDBX0851** `ptrace(PT_THREAD_HOLD)` error, `errno=number`

**Explanation:** The `ptrace()` function call returned a -1 with the `errno` stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

**FDBX0852** **Get information failure**

**Explanation:** Could not allocate storage to hold the thread information control block.

**User response:** Verify amount and reenter the `dbx` command.

---

**FDBX0853** **Thread must have state 'activ'**

**Explanation:** The subcommand you specified must have the thread in state 'activ'.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand specifying a thread that is in state 'activ'.

---

**FDBX0854** `ptrace(PT_THREAD_MODIFY)` error, `errno=number`

**Explanation:** The `ptrace()` function call returned a -1 with the `errno` stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

**FDBX0855** `ptrace(PT_EXPLAIN)` error, `errno=number`

**Explanation:** The `ptrace()` function call returned a -1 with the `errno` stating the error.

**User response:** Retry the subcommand or operation.

---

**FDBX0856** **Stopped due to program load**

**Explanation:** `dbx` processing has stopped due to the debuggee loading a DLL, and the `$dll_loadstop` debugger variable being set.

**User response:** Continue the debugging session normally. Unset the `$dll_loadstop` debugger variable to suspend this notification message.

---

**FDBX0857** **Stopped due to program unload**

**Explanation:** `dbx` processing has stopped due to the debuggee unloading a DLL, and the `$dll_loadstop` debugger variable being set.

**User response:** Continue the debugging session normally. Unset the `$dll_loadstop` debugger variable to suspend this notification message.

---

**FDBX0858** **Stopped due to exec with multiprocessing enabled.**

**Explanation:** `dbx` processing has stopped due to the debuggee exec'ing and `multproc` being enabled.

**User response:** Continue the debugging session normally. Disable the `multproc` setting to suspend this notification message.

---

**FDBX0860** *number* is not an existing condition variable.

**Explanation:** The user has attempted to display a nonexistent condition variable.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with an existing condition variable. Use the `condition` subcommand to display all condition variables.

---

**FDBX0861** *number is not an existing mutex.*

**Explanation:** The user has attempted to display a nonexisting mutex.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with an existing mutex. Use the **mutex** subcommand to display all mutexes.

---

**FDBX0862** *event id removed because object no longer exists*

**Explanation:** A conditional breakpoint was set for a specific object that no longer exists. This event was removed from the event processing queue. The **status** subcommand will show the event is removed.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0863** *changed from string to string on event number*

**Explanation:** A conditional breakpoint was set for a specific object that has been changed. The **status** subcommand will show the event has been changed.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0864** *Usage: "thread current" takes zero or one id*

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **thread** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0865** *Usage: "mutex { wait | nowait | lock | unlock }" takes no id*

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **mutex** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0866** *Usage: "condition { wait | nowait }" takes no id*

**Explanation:** Usage info for the **condition** subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0868** *could not allocate storage, size was number*

**Explanation:** dbx could not obtain storage.

**User response:** Increase the size of your address space.

---

**FDBX0938** *IPT create, thid=thread-id, stack=number*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0939** *IPT exit, thid=thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0940** *tv create, thid=thread-id, created thid=thread-id stack=number*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

---

**FDBX0941** **tv created, thid=thread-id, stack=number**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0942** **tv exit, thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0943** **tv wait, thid=thread-id, joining thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0944** **tv unwait, thid=thread-id, joined thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$tv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0945** **mv initialize, object=object-address**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0946** **mv destroy, object=object-address**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0947** **mv lock, object=object-address, thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0948** **mv wait, object=object-address, this=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0949** **mv unlock, object=object-address, thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0950** **mv unwait, object=object-address, thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

## FDBX0951 • FDBX1002

---

**FDBX0951** **mv relock**, **object=object-address**, **thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0952** **mv unrelock**, **object=object-address**, **thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$mv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0953** **cv initialize**, **object=object-address**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$cv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0954** **cv destroy**, **object=object-address**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$cv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0955** **cv wait**, **object=address**, **mutex=address**, **thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$cv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0956** **cv wait**, **object=address**, **mutex=address**, **thid=thread-id**

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$cv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX0957** **Duplicate module-name found at hex-number and hex-number, ignoring version at hex-number**

**Explanation:** dbx detected a more than one load module in the loadmap with the same name. For symbolic purposes, dbx uses the loadmodule with the lower address and ignores the others of the same name.

**User response:** Relink the DLL/load module specifying the reentrant attribute. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX0960** **Creating actual event from onload event [id]**

**Explanation:** A line number or function specified as part of an onload event is now active due to a DLL load. dbx has created real stop/trace events from the onload event.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1001** **Target \$charset specification must be IBM-1047**

**Explanation:** dbx currently only supports IBM-1047 for the target charset.

**User response:** Reenter the **set \$charset** command specifying the target charset as IBM-1047.

---

**FDBX1002** **Invalid source \$charset specification**

**Explanation:** The `__toCcsid()` returned an error with the source \$charset codeset specification.

**User response:** Reenter the **set \$charset** command specifying a correct source codeset specification.

---



---

**FDBX1003** \$charset returned to default "IBM-1047,IBM-1047"

**Explanation:** dbx set the \$charset encoding back to the default.

**User response:** None

---

**FDBX1018** Storage access failed, target=*hex-number*, target alet=*hex-number*, source=*hex-number*, source alet=*hex-number*, size=*hex-number*

**Explanation:** dbx attempted to access storage that it could not read or write to.

**User response:** Verify the source, target or size fields. Verify the symbol/value specified on the **dbx** subcommand that caused the error. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX1055** rwl lock, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1056** rwl wait, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1057** rwl unlock, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1058** rwl unwait, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1059** rwl relock, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1060** rwl unrelock, object=*object-address*, thid=*thread-id*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1063** rwl initialize, object=*object-address*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1064** rwl destroy, object=*object-address*

**Explanation:** dbx informational message that results from \$lv\_events trace events.

**User response:** None.

---

## FDBX1065 • FDBX1106

---

**FDBX1065** Usage: "readwritelock { wait | nowait | lock | unlock | share }" takes no id

**Explanation:** Usage information for the `readwritelock` subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1066** Usage: `readwritelock [wait | nowait | lock | unlock | share | <readwritelock#>]`

**Explanation:** Usage information for the `readwritelock` subcommand.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1067** *number* is not an existing readwritelock.

**Explanation:** The user has attempted to display a nonexisting readwritelock.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand with an existing readwritelock. Use the `readwritelock display` all readwritelocks.

---

**FDBX1100** plugin *name* loaded.

**Explanation:** dbx has loaded the user's plugin

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1101** Plugin *name* missing export *name* is not loaded.

**Explanation:** dbx could not find the required exported function from the plugin.

**User response:** Check the build of the plugin to verify that the specified function is exported from the plugin DLL.

---

**FDBX1102** `dbx_plugin_version()` call in *filename* returned *number* when *number* or lower is required and is not loaded.

**Explanation:** dbx called `dbx_plugin_version()` in the plugin which returned a higher version than this dbx supports.

**User response:** Check the `dbx_plugin_version()` function to be sure it returns a plugin version that is supported by this dbx.

---

**FDBX1103** `dbx_plugin_session_init()` call in *filename* returned *number* and is not loaded.

**Explanation:** dbx called `dbx_plugin_session_init()` in the plugin which returned a non-zero value.

**User response:** Check the build of the plugin to verify that the specified function is exported from the plugin DLL.

---

**FDBX1104** plugin *name* unloaded.

**Explanation:** dbx has unloaded the user's plugin

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX1105** No plugin with name *name* is currently loaded.

**Explanation:** The plugin name specified on the `pluginunload` command is not currently active.

**User response:** Reenter the `pluginunload` command specifying a plugin that has been previously loaded.

---

**FDBX1106** No plugin with name *name* could be found.

**Explanation:** No plugin of the specified name could be found in the plugin path or the path of the main module.

**User response:** Verify that there is a plugin with a name that can be found with name matching the regular expression `^libdbx_+\.dll$` in the main module's path or in the path list specified by `_DBX_PLUGIN_PATH`.

---

---

**FDBX1107** Plugin *name* callback operation received signal *signal-number* and was terminated.

**Explanation:** dbx called a callback routine in a plugin which caused a signal. This is probably a programming error in the callback routine in the plugin.

**User response:** Compile the plugin DLL with '-Wc,debug' and run a dbx that does not load the plugin on a dbx that does load the plugin. The first dbx will be able to do source level debug of the plugin that is running in the second dbx.

---

**FDBX1108** Plugin with name *name* is not currently loaded.

**Explanation:** The plugin name specified has not been loaded.

**User response:** Reissue the **plugin** subcommand with a plugin that has been loaded.

---

**FDBX1109** Plugin with name *name* is has already been loaded.

**Explanation:** A plugin with the specified name has already been loaded.

**User response:** Specify the **pluginload** subcommand with the name of a plugin that has not been loaded yet. Verify multiple plugins with the same name do not exist in the plugin load path.

---

**FDBX1110** Plugin load of *plugin* failed: amode is *number* but dbx expects amodenumber.

**Explanation:** dbx tried to load a plugin that has a different amode than it expected. If using dbx64, the plugin must be compiled amode64; dbx31 requires amode31 plugins.

**User response:** Recompile plugin so its amode matches dbx.

---

**FDBX5000** Offset *ofs* exceeds buffer size *buffer\_size*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx read buffer error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5001** Attempted to read *datalen* bytes but the buffer only contains *datalen* bytes.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx read buffer error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5002** Internal Error: RC=*return code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5003** Internal Error: send(*socket*, \*, *length*, 0) failed.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx communications error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5004** Unable to create socket stream.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx communications error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5005** The connection was refused.

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to connect to the remote debugger.

**User response:** Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

---

**FDBX5006** Interrupt during remote debugger processing. Cleaning up and exiting dbx.

**Explanation:** dbx received a SIGINT, so it will clean up and exit.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX5010** Fatal error in remote debugger processing: *rc=return code*.

**Explanation:** A fatal error occurred in remote debugger processing.

**User response:** Check command line parameters and network connections. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

---

**FDBX5011** Could not resolve network address '*address*'

**Explanation:** The -p commandline option was specified, but a valid hostname or IP address to connect to was not supplied, or a valid hostname was supplied and the DNS server was unable to resolve it to an IP address.

**User response:** Reenter the dbx command with a valid hostname or IP address as part of the -p option.

---

**FDBX5012** No executable program specified.

**Explanation:** The -p commandline option was specified but the name of the program to be debugged was not supplied.

**User response:** Reenter the dbx command including the name of an executable file.

---

**FDBX5013** Communications Error: *function-name-or-description; errno=number: error-description*

**Explanation:** An error occurred during communications processing.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5014** Received packet with indicated size of *size* - max size is *max size*."

**Explanation:** dbx received a request packet with a potentially invalid size.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5015** Tried to write to offset *num*, which is larger than max offset *num*.

**Explanation:** dbx tried to create a very large reply packet, and the internal size limiter was triggered.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5016** Could not execute specified program.

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to execute the program in order to begin debugging it.

**User response:** Ensure that the program name is valid, and is actually an executable program. Try running the program outside dbx to see if it can run without problems. If you still encounter problems, contact your system administrator.

---

---

**FDBX5017 Unable to read data from specified socket.**

**Explanation:** dbx is unable to communicate with the remote debugger.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified hostname or IP address is correct for the intended remote debugger machine. If this is not the case, please start the remote debugger. Otherwise, report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

---

**FDBX5019 Function or entry point name not found.**

**Explanation:** The name specified by a find function or entry point request was not found.

**User response:** Specify a valid function or entry point name.

---

**FDBX5021 Internal Error: Invalid EntryID *entryID* in request code *request code*.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5022 Internal Error: Invalid DU *DU* in request code *request code*.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx stack error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5023 Internal Error: Invalid StackEntryNum *stackEntryNum* in request code *request code*.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx stack error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5024 Internal Error: Cannot continue execution.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx execution error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5025 Internal Error: Unable to use *partName* in request code *request code*.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5026 *expression* is not defined**

**Explanation:** The user specified an invalid expression. This expression cannot be monitored by dbx.

**User response:** Specify a valid expression.

---

**FDBX5027 Internal Error: Breakpoint event *number* could not be removed.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5030 Internal Error: Breakpoint request code *request code* is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

## FDBX5035 • FDBX5044

---

**FDBX5035 Internal Error: Breakpoint type *type* in request code *request code* is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5036 Internal Error: Breakpoint type *type* in request code *request code* is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5037 Internal Error: Disabled breakpoints are not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5038 Internal Error: Breakpoint skipping is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5039 Internal Error: Breakpoint conditional expressions are not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5040 Internal Error: Breakpoint thread filtering is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5041 Internal Error: Breakpoint replacement is not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5042 Internal Error: Statement number breakpoints are not supported.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5043 Internal Error: Entry breakpoints must be case sensitive.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5044 Internal Error: Breakpoint for entry point *entry point* could not be created.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

---

**FDBX5045 Internal Error: Missing entry information in request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5047 Internal Error: Invalid breakpoint request type.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5048 Internal Error: Breakpoint for line** *line number* **could not be created.**

**Explanation:** An internal dbx breakpoint error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5049 Internal Error: Invalid expression ID** *expression ID* **in request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5050 Unable to modify expression value.**

**Explanation:** The expression could not be set to the value entered.

**User response:** Check the value entered and ensure that the value is appropriate for the type of the expression, and that character and string values are properly delimited with quotes or double quotes, respectively.

---

**FDBX5051 Internal Error: Invalid data type for request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5052 Internal Error: Unable to display all elements for request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5053 No global variables found.**

**Explanation:** There are no global variables defined.

**User response:** None.

---

**FDBX5054 Internal Error: RC=return code for request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5055 Internal Error: Invalid part ID** *part ID* **in request code** *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

| **FDBX5056** The breakpoint for entry point *entry point* could not be created.

| **Explanation:** The debugger could not set the breakpoint on the specified entry point. It might have been removed, for example, for program optimization.

| **User response:** Try choosing an entry point that is not likely to be optimized, or recompile the program without optimization.

---

**FDBX5400** Cannot evaluate *string*.

**Explanation:** You either specified a *string* that cannot be evaluated because there is no method to evaluate a *string* of this type, or you are attempting to typecast with the parameters specified incorrectly.

**User response:** Reenter the failing expression.

---

**FDBX5401** The value of *string* cannot be changed.

**Explanation:** You tried to change the value of *string* which is not user modifiable.

**User response:** Specify a different parameter to change.

---

**FDBX5402** Internal Error: Invalid parameters for request code *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5403** Internal Error: dpi\_command execution failure: "*command*".

**Explanation:** An error occurred during dpi\_command processing.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5404** Internal Error: Source file can not be found due to bad part ID.

**Explanation:** dbx received a bad part ID that does not match up with any known source files.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5405** Internal Error: Could not open source file "*filename*".

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to open the source file for processing.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5406** String not found.

**Explanation:** The search string specified could not be found in the source part.

**User response:** Enter a different search string.

---

**FDBX5410** Internal Error: Command is null or too long.

**Explanation:** The command string specified is either null or exceeds the maximum command length (1024 characters).

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5411** Unable to process requested command: "*command string*".

**Explanation:** You specified a command that is not a subcommand or user alias.

**User response:** Use the **help** subcommand to list the valid subcommands.

---



---

**FDBX5412** Internal Error: Invalid action *action* in request code *request code*.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5413** Internal Error: Could not attach to process *process\_id*

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5414** Expression not specific.

**Explanation:** The module name for a load breakpoint or the watch expression for a change address breakpoint is null.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5415** Internal Error: Breakpoint for address `\"%s\"` could not be created.

**Explanation:** Address breakpoint contains an invalid address.

**User response:** Specify a valid breakpoint address.

---

**FDBX5416** Internal Error: Could not change the source file text for disassembly view.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5417** Internal Error: Unknown program stop condition with LastExecutionValue [%d].

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error occurred.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX5418** The length of value string is %d, which exceeds the limit(%d).

**Explanation:** The register value entered is longer than the maximum value length (900 characters).

**User response:** Enter a value string with less than 900 characters.

---

**FDBX5419** Subcommand %s is not supported in socket mode and subsequent commands, if any, will not be executed.

**Explanation:** The subcommand entered is not supported for the debug console (command log) in socket mode.

**User response:** Enter a supported subcommand.

---

**FDBX5500** dbx received a request code of *request code* which is not supported.

**Explanation:** The remote debugger sent dbx a request type that dbx does not support.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX6400** Ddpi error: *function-name-or-description: error-description*

**Explanation:** An error occurred during Ddpi processing

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

## FDBX6401 • FDBX6411

---

### FDBX6401 Ddpi objects not initialized

**Explanation:** Internal Ddpi data structures are not in a state usable for processing

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX6402 Ddpi machinestate not valid

**Explanation:** An error occurred during Ddpi MachineState processing

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX6403 ASCII to EBCDIC conversion error: *error-description*

**Explanation:** An error occurred during iconv() conversion of ASCII text to EBCDIC

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX6404 Dwarf error: *function-name-or-description: error-description*

**Explanation:** An error occurred during Dwarf processing

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX6405 Unable to open dwarf debug data file *file-name: error-description*

**Explanation:** The specified file-name could not be opened

**User response:** Specify the correct debug data file

---

### FDBX6406 Format overflows output buffer in function *function-name*

**Explanation:** An error occurred during internal file output processing

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

### FDBX6407 Error - libelfdwarf DLL version mismatch! dbx requires libelfdwarf version *number* The loaded DLL is version *number*

**Explanation:** The libelf DLL is backlevel and does not support the ELF API required by dbx.

**User response:** Install the current version of the libelf DLL.

---

### FDBX6408 Unable to locate debug data

**Explanation:** No source of debug data was specified to dbx, or the source did not contain valid debug data.

**User response:** Specify a valid source of debug data

---

### FDBX6409 Unable to find debug data file *debug-data-filename*

**Explanation:** The debug data file generated by the compiler could not be found in any of the source directories

**User response:** Regenerate the debug data file, or specify the source directory that contains it

---

### FDBX6411 No debug data files match module *module*

**Explanation:** the debug data does not match the module, probably the module source code has changed, or been recompiled with a different compiler or compiler options since the .dbg file was generated.

**User response:** Regenerate the .dbg file(s) using the current .o file(s)

---

---

**FDBX6412** File *debug-data-pathname* does not contain debug data.

**Explanation:** The contents of the file *debug-data-pathname* are not recognized by dbx as debug data.

**User response:** Regenerate the *debug-data-pathname* file.

---

**FDBX6413** No debug data is available for *pathname/filename*

**Explanation:** No file containing debug data was found. Debugging continues but in a degraded mode with no symbol or source code information.

**User response:** If complete debugging information is required, generate a file containing debug information and make it available to dbx.

---

**FDBX6414** Attempt to convert ISD debug data for file *sourcefile* unsuccessful

**Explanation:** Dwarf debug data is not available for the load module, and either no ISD debug data was found, or the ISD data could not be converted to Dwarf format.

**User response:** Recompile the source with the `-g` compiler option; optionally convert the ISD data in the `.o` files to `.dbg` side files. If the problem persists, follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX6415** Converting ISD data to Dwarf format for *sourcefilename*

**Explanation:** Dwarf debug data was not available for *sourcefilename*, and ISD data was available; the ISD data was converted to Dwarf. Debugging continues with the converted data.

**User response:** None, information only.

---

**FDBX6416** Cannot assign new value to bitfield

**Explanation:** An attempt to assign a new value to a bitfield object in the debugged process failed.

**User response:** If the failing expression is valid, follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX6417** Node is not symbol when symbol is required

**Explanation:** this is an internal dbx error

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX6418** Cannot dereference pointer to *value-type* value

**Explanation:** An attempt to retrieve that value of an object from the debugged process failed.

**User response:** If the failing expression is valid, follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX6419** Subarray low index *number* is greater than high index *number*

**Explanation:** A subarray expression in a `print` subcommand specifies indices that are invalid (for example, `p array[1..0]`).

**User response:** Reenter the `print` subcommand with a valid range of subarray indices.

---

**FDBX6420** O\_WHATIS, bad op: *number*

**Explanation:** An O\_WHATIS node contained a bad operation.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

## FDBX6421 • FDBX6431

---

**FDBX6421** Loaded debug data from *debug-data-pathname*

**Explanation:** dbx had loaded debug data from the file *debug-data-pathname*

**User response:** None, information only

---

**FDBX6422** Alet obtain failed, using ptrace I/O backup

**Explanation:** dbx attempted to get the Alet of the debuggee via the ptrace kernel service which failed. See the previous FDBX0601 for information on why the kernel service failed. To allow debugging to continue, dbx will use ptrace for storage requests from/to the debuggee. This will degrade debugging performance.

**User response:** Use local procedures for reporting errors.

---

**FDBX6423** Could not resolve name of debug file for filename

**Explanation:** dbx could not discover the name of the debug side file.

**User response:** Ensure that the dbg side file is not corrupt.

---

**FDBX6424** Attempt to convert ISD debug data failed

**Explanation:** The conversion attempt for the ISD debug data failed.

---

**FDBX6426** Loaded debug data from an unknown file

**Explanation:** dbx had loaded debug data from a file that it does not know the name of

**User response:** None, information only

---

**FDBX6427** Error - libddpi DLL version mismatch! dbx requires libddpi version *hex-number* The loaded DLL is version *hex-number*

**Explanation:** The libddpi DLL is backlevel and does not support the DDPI API required by dbx.

**User response:** Install the current version of the libddpi DLL.

---

**FDBX6428** *string* List count in Context has gone negative.

**Explanation:** An internal dbx error has occurred.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX6429** Debug file *filename* does not match the debug target.

**Explanation:** The debug file mentioned could not be loaded since it does not match the debug target. This is due to the internal checksum of the debug file differing from the one stored in the debug target.

**User response:** Regenerate the debug file from the program source, or supply the correct file somewhere in the dbx "use" path.

---

**FDBX6430** The current context has no blocks.

**Explanation:** The current context being processed has no blocks. This is a dbx internal error.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX6431** Invalid debug data format.

**Explanation:** The debug format of a compile unit is invalid and cannot be loaded.

**User response:** Ensure that your object files contain debug data in either the ISD or CDA debug formats.

---

---

**FDBX6432** Processing load module *pathname/filename*

**Explanation:** dbx is loading the debug data for the specified program object.

**User response:** None - informational message only.

---

**FDBX6433** Evaluation error: *error text*

**Explanation:** dbx encountered an error while performing an evaluation operation. The error text describes the problem.

**User response:** Retry the evaluation operation with different parameters to avoid the error.

---

**FDBX6434** fopen failed - dbx has too many files open.

**Explanation:** dbx tried to fopen a file, and failed since the system rejected its request for a file descriptor.

**User response:** Increase the number of file descriptors available via the OMVS MAXFILEPROC parameter. Example: From the MVS console, type the following command: setomvs MAXFILEPROC=2000

---

**FDBX6435** Cannot determine Amode for process *number*

**Explanation:** dbx queried the kernel for the amode of a given process, but the kernel returned an error code. This was probably due to the process failing to execute.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX6436** Attempt to determine amode for an invalid process ID *number*.

**Explanation:** dbx queried the kernel for the amode of a given process, but the process ID was bad.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX6440** Could not find required library *name*

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to load a required library.

**User response:** Verify that dbx is installed correctly.

---

**FDBX6441** Version API for library *name* not found.

**Explanation:** dbx was unable to load a required library.

**User response:** Verify that dbx is installed correctly.

---

**FDBX6490** expression requires integral operands

**Explanation:** You tried a shift or bit operation on a nonintegral operand. The operands must be integral.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify integral values for the operands.

---

**FDBX6491** incompatible pointer types

**Explanation:** You tried a pointer arithmetic expression with incompatible pointer types.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify compatible types (perhaps by adding type casts) for the operands.

---

**FDBX6492** pointer arithmetic expression error

**Explanation:** You tried a pointer arithmetic expression that cannot be calculated.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid expression.

---

**FDBX6493** member selection operand *left-operand* is not class, struct, or union

**Explanation:** You tried a member selection operation (. or ->) in which the first operand is not a class, struct, or union type.

**User response:** Reenter the subcommand and specify a valid expression.

---

**FDBX6499** CDA levels: ELF=*elf\_build\_version*, DWARF=*dwarf\_build\_version*, DDPI=*ddpi\_build\_version*

**Explanation:** At startup dbx displays the versions of the three debug data libraries

**User response:** None, information only

---

**FDBX7001** internal error: *function()*: node contains data of type *type2* instead of type *type1*.

**Explanation:** *function()* was invoked to retrieve data of type *type1* from the specified node, however, the basetype of the node is set to *type2*.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX7002** internal error: basetype of Node is not defined.

**Explanation:** The basetype field of the specified node is not defined. This indicates that the *nstackValue* field for the node does not contain data.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX7004** internal error: DW\_ATE basetype *hex-number* is not defined in *function()*.

**Explanation:** basetype *value* is not defined in function *function()*.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX7005** internal error: DW\_ATE\_IBM\_user\_type is not valid for *function()*.

**Explanation:** basetype *value* is not valid for function *function()*.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX7006** internal error: dwarf basetype *basetype* not supported by *function()*.

**Explanation:** The basetype *basetype* is not supported by the function *function()*.

**User response:** This is an internal error. Report this problem to IBM via the appropriate service channel.

---

**FDBX8001** Cannot exec '*string*', *errno=number*, *errno2=hex-number*

**Explanation:** The dbx loader was not able to execute the dbx debugger engine.

**User response:** Check the error code to find out the reason the execution failed. Ensure that the dbx files are in their correct locations. Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX8002** Cannot run in 64-bit mode, as specified by '-m8' option.

**Explanation:** dbx is unable to run in 64-bit mode on this machine, as requested by the -m8 flag.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX8003** Option '*mnumber*' is not valid, specify '-m4', or '-m8'.

**Explanation:** The user specified an invalid dbx startup mode flag.

**User response:** Re-issue the **dbx** command with a valid startup flag.

---

---

**FDBX8005**    **Warning: setlocale failed.**

**Explanation:** An attempt to set the locale failed.

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX8006**    **More than one "-a" or "-A" options specified; exiting.**

**Explanation:** The user specified more than one process ID for dbx to attach to.

**User response:** Reissue the **dbx** command with only one process ID specified.

---

**FDBX8007**    **Could not set environment variable.**

**Explanation:** dbx tried to set an environment variable, and the system reported that there was insufficient space in the environment

**User response:** Follow local procedures for reporting problems.

---

**FDBX8008**    **This is the dbx debugger.**

**Explanation:** dbx displayed its help message since the user specified the -h switch on the command line.

**User response:** Read the help message, and rerun dbx without the -h switch. For more information, type "help" from within dbx or consult the *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming Tools* book for more information.

---

**FDBX8009**    **Using dbx binary located at *path***

**Explanation:** The user specified a dbx executable at an alternate path.

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

**FDBX9001**    **Not a terminal**

**Explanation:** The user enabled the \$commandedit feature and redirected the standard input stream. This prevents \$commandedit from functioning properly.

**User response:** Rerun dbx with either \$commandedit disabled or do not redirect the standard input stream.

---

**FDBX9002**    **Unable to open *file***

**Explanation:** The fopen system call for the terminal device failed.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX9003**    **tcgetattr error *number***

**Explanation:** The tcgetattr system call returned an error code.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX9004**    **tcsetattr error *number***

**Explanation:** The tcsetattr system call returned an error code.

**User response:** Use local procedures for error reporting.

---

**FDBX9997**    **The loaded module does not contain module map which may lead to bad performance. Suggest to use dbgld to create module map to the executable before debugging.**

**Explanation:** Suggest user to use dbgld to generate module map to executable before debugging

**User response:** None - informational only.

---

## FDBX9998

---

**FDBX9998** whereis local mode will only search symbol *symbol* in current CU and global lists. To list all symbol *symbol*, please use whereis -exhaustive *symbol*, but that will cause all debug data files to be load and performance will be degraded.

**Explanation:** Inform user whereis local mode will only search current CU.

**User response:** None - informational only.



---

## Chapter 2. Return codes (errno)

Return codes, also known as *errno*, are generated by the system in response to either an action or lack of action that has been detected. This section provides a summary of the various z/OS UNIX return codes a user might receive. However, this summary is not all inclusive because of the unique return codes are internal to z/OS and subject to change.

| Decimal Value | Hex Value | Return Code  | Description   |
|---------------|-----------|--------------|---|
| 1             | 0001      | EDOM         | Error in the domain.  |
| 2             | 0002      | ERANGE       | Result is too large.  |
| 111           | 006F      | EACCES       | Permission is denied.   |
| 112           | 0070      | EAGAIN       | The resource is temporarily unavailable.  |
| 113           | 0071      | EBADF        | The file descriptor is incorrect.   |
| 114           | 0072      | EBUSY        | The resource is busy.   |
| 115           | 0073      | ECHILD       | No child process exists.  |
| 116           | 0074      | EDEADLK      | A resource deadlock is avoided.   |
| 117           | 0075      | EEXIST       | The file exists.  |
| 118           | 0076      | EFAULT       | The address is incorrect.   |
| 119           | 0077      | EFBIG        | The file is too large.  |
| 120           | 0078      | EINTR        | A function call is interrupted.   |
| 121           | 0079      | EINVAL       | The parameter is incorrect.   |
| 122           | 007A      | EIO          | An I/O error occurred.  |
| 123           | 007B      | EISDIR       | The file specified is a directory.  |
| 124           | 007C      | EMFILE       | Too many files are open for this process.   |
| 125           | 007D      | EMLINK       | Too many links occurred.  |
| 126           | 007E      | ENAMETOOLONG | The filename is too long.   |
| 127           | 007F      | ENFILE       | Too many files are open in the system.  |
| 128           | 0080      | ENODEV       | No such device exists.  |
| 129           | 0081      | ENOENT       | No such file, directory, or IPC member exists.  |
| 130           | 0082      | ENOEXEC      | The exec call contained a format error. The target module on an exec call was not a valid executable module. The additional reason codes provided are useful for internal debugging by IBM service representatives. |
| 131           | 0083      | ENOLCK       | No locks are available.   |
| 132           | 0084      | ENOMEM       | Not enough space is available.  |
| 133           | 0085      | ENOSPC       | No space is left on the device, or no space is available to create the IPC member ID.   |
| 134           | 0086      | ENOSYS       | The function is not implemented.  |
| 135           | 0087      | ENOTDIR      | Not a directory.  |
| 136           | 0088      | ENOTEMPTY    | The directory is not empty.   |
| 137           | 0089      | ENOTTY       | The I/O control operator is inappropriate.  |
| 138           | 008A      | ENXIO        | No such device or address exists.   |
| 139           | 008B      | EPERM        | The operation is not permitted.   |
| 140           | 008C      | EPIPE        | The pipe is broken.   |
| 141           | 008D      | EROFS        | The specified file system is read only.   |
| 142           | 008E      | ESPIPE       | The seek is incorrect.  |
| 143           | 008F      | ESRCH        | No such process or thread exists.   |
| 144           | 0090      | EXDEV        | A link to a file on another file system was attempted.  |
| 145           | 0091      | E2BIG        | The parameter list is too long, or the message to receive was too large for the buffer.   |
| 146           | 0092      | ELOOP        | A loop is encountered in symbolic links.  |

## Return codes

| Decimal Value | Hex Value | Return Code          | Description   |
|---------------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| 147           | 0093      | EILSEQ               | The byte sequence is illegal.   |
| 149           | 0095      | E_OVERFLOW           | A value is too large to be stored in the data type.   |
| 150           | 0096      | EMVSNOTUP            | OpenMVS kernel is not active.   |
| 151           | 0097      | EMVSDYNALC           | Dynamic allocation error.   |
| 152           | 0098      | EMVSCVAF             | Common VTOC access facility (CVAF) error.   |
| 153           | 0099      | EMVSCATLG            | Catalog obtain error.   |
| 156           | 009C      | EMVSINITIAL          | Process Initialization error.   |
| 157           | 009D      | EMVSERR              | A MVS environmental or internal error has occurred.   |
| 158           | 009E      | EMVSPARM             | Bad parameters were passed to the service.  |
| 159           | 009F      | EMVSPFSPERF          | HFS encountered a permanent file error.   |
| 162           | 00A2      | EMVSPFSPERM          | HFS encountered a system error.   |
| 163           | 00A3      | EMVSSAFEXTRERR       | SAF/RACF extract error.   |
| 164           | 00A4      | EMVSSAF2ERR          | SAF/RACF error.   |
| 167           | 00A7      | EMVSNORTL            | Access to the OpenMVS version of the C RTL is denied.   |
| 168           | 00A8      | EMVSEXPIRE           | The password for the specified resource has expired.  |
| 169           | 00A9      | EMVSPASSWORD         | The new password specified is not valid.  |
| 170           | 00AA      | EMVSWLMERROR         | A WLM service ended in error.   |
| 171           | 00AB      | EMVSCPLERROR         | A Coupling Facility service ended in error.   |
| 172           | 00AC      | EMVSARMERROR         | An ARM service ended in error.  |
| 247           | 00F7      | ENOTSUP              | Operation Not Supported in this situation   |
| 1002          | 03EA      | EIBMSOCKOUTOFRANGE   | Socket number assigned by client interface code (for socket() and accept()) is out of range.  |
| 1003          | 03EB      | EIBMSOCKINUSE        | Socket number assigned by client interface code is already in use.                            |
| 1005          | 03ED      | E_OFFLOADBOX_ERROR   | Offload box error.  |
| 1006          | 03EE      | E_OFFLOADBOX_RESTART | Offload box restarted.  |
| 1007          | 03EF      | E_OFFLOADBOX_DOWN    | Offload box down.   |
| 1008          | 03F0      | EIBMCONFLICT         | Already a conflicting call outstanding on socket.   |
| 1009          | 03F1      | EIBMCANCELLED        | Request cancelled via SOCKcallCANCEL request.   |
| 1011          | 03F3      | EIBMADTCPNAME        | SetlbnOpt specified a name of a PFS that either was not configured or was not a Sockets PFS.  |
| 1100          | 044C      | ENOTBLK              | Block device required.  |
| 1101          | 044D      | ETXTBSY              | Text file busy.   |
| 1102          | 044E      | EWOULDBLOCK          | The descriptor is marked nonblocking, and the requested function cannot complete immediately. |
| 1103          | 044F      | EINPROGRESS          | Operation now in progress.  |
| 1104          | 0450      | EALREADY             | Operation already in progress.  |
| 1105          | 0451      | ENOTSOCK             | Socket operation on a non-socket.   |
| 1106          | 0452      | EDESTADDRREQ         | Destination address required.   |
| 1107          | 0453      | EMSGSIZE             | The message is too large to be sent all at once, as required.                                 |
| 1108          | 0454      | EPROTOTYPE           | The socket type is incorrect.   |
| 1109          | 0455      | ENOPROTOPT           | Protocol or socket option not available.  |
| 1110          | 0456      | EPROTONOSUPPORT      | Protocol not supported.   |
| 1111          | 0457      | ESOCKTNOSUPPORT      | Socket type not supported.  |
| 1112          | 0458      | EOPNOTSUPP           | The referenced socket is not a type that supports the requested function.                     |
| 1113          | 0459      | EPFNOSUPPORT         | Protocol family not supported.  |
| 1114          | 045A      | EAFNOSUPPORT         | The address family is not supported.  |
| 1115          | 045B      | EADDRINUSE           | The address is already in use.  |
| 1116          | 045C      | EADDRNOTAVAIL        | Cannot assign requested address.  |
| 1117          | 045D      | ENETDOWN             | Network is down.  |
| 1118          | 045E      | ENETUNREACH          | Network is unreachable.   |
| 1119          | 045F      | ENETRESET            | Network dropped connection on reset.  |
| 1120          | 0460      | ECONNABORTED         | Software caused connection abort.   |

| Decimal Value | Hex Value | Return Code    | Description   |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|---|
| 1121          | 0461      | ECONNRESET     | Connection reset by peer.   |
| 1122          | 0462      | ENOBUFS        | Insufficient buffer space available.  |
| 1123          | 0463      | EISCONN        | The socket is already connected.  |
| 1124          | 0464      | ENOTCONN       | The socket is not connected.  |
| 1125          | 0465      | ESHUTDOWN      | Cannot send after socket shutdown.  |
| 1126          | 0466      | ETOOMANYREFS   | Too many references: cannot splice.   |
| 1127          | 0467      | ETIMEDOUT      | Connection timed out.   |
| 1128          | 0468      | ECONNREFUSED   | The attempt to connect was rejected.  |
| 1129          | 0469      | EHOSTDOWN      | Host is down.   |
| 1130          | 046A      | EHOSTUNREACH   | No route to host.   |
| 1131          | 046B      | EPROCLIM       | Too many processes.   |
| 1132          | 046C      | EUSERS         | Too many users.   |
| 1133          | 046D      | EDQUOT         | Disc quota exceeded.  |
| 1134          | 046E      | ESTALE         | Stale file handle.  |
| 1135          | 046F      | EREMOTE        | Too many levels of remote in path.  |
| 1136          | 0470      | ENOSTR         | Device is not a stream.   |
| 1137          | 0471      | ETIME          | Timer expired.  |
| 1138          | 0472      | ENOSR          | Out of streams resources.   |
| 1139          | 0473      | ENOMSG         | No message of the desired type.   |
| 1140          | 0474      | EBADMSG        | Trying to read unreadable message.  |
| 1141          | 0475      | EIDRM          | Identifier removed.   |
| 1142          | 0476      | ENONET         | Machine is not on the network.  |
| 1143          | 0477      | ERREMOTE       | Object is remote.   |
| 1144          | 0478      | ENOLINK        | The link has been severed.  |
| 1145          | 0479      | EADV           | Advertise error.  |
| 1146          | 047A      | ESRMNT         | srmount error.  |
| 1147          | 047B      | ECOMM          | Communication error on send.  |
| 1148          | 047C      | EPROTO         | Protocol error.   |
| 1149          | 047D      | EMULTIHOP      | Protocol error.   |
| 1150          | 047E      | EDOTDOT        | Cross mount point.  |
| 1151          | 047F      | EREMCHG        | Remote address change.  |
| 1152          | 0480      | ECANCELED      | The asynchronous I/O request has been canceled.   |
| 1153          | 0481      | ETcpOutOfState | Socket send/receive gotten out of order.  |
| 1154          | 0482      | ETcpUnattach   | Unattached streams error.   |
| 1155          | 0483      | ETcpBadObj     | Streams push object error.  |
| 1156          | 0484      | ETcpClosed     | Streams closed error.   |
| 1157          | 0485      | ETcpLinked     | Streams link error.   |
| 1158          | 0486      | ETcpErr        | Tcp error.  |
| 1159          | 0487      | EINTRNODATA    | Accept_and_receive is interrupted after the connection arrived but before the first data arrived. |
| 1160          | 0488      | ENOREUSE       | Socket descriptor reuse is not supported.   |
| 1161          | 0489      | ENOMOVE        | FileSystem can not be moved.  |
| 3448          | 0D78      | EUNATCH        | The protocol required to support the specified address family is not available.                   |

## Return codes

---

## Chapter 3. Reason codes (errnojrs)

Reason codes are generated by the system in response to either an action or lack of action that has been detected. This section provides descriptions of the various z/OS UNIX reason codes that a user might receive.

---

### Description and location information

This section describes reason codes, listing them by hexadecimal value and describing actions to correct the error. Reason codes are sometimes referred to as errnojrs or as errno2 values.

The reason code is made up of 4 bytes in the following format:

cccc                      rrr

- cccc is a halfword reason code qualifier. Generally this is used to identify the issuing module and represents a module ID.
- rrrr is the halfword reason code that is described in this documentation. Only this part of the reason code is intended as an interface for programmers.

If the contents of the two high-order bytes are within the range of X'0000' – X'20FF' the error represented by the reason code is provided in this documentation. The two high-order bytes of the reason codes returned contain a value that is used to qualify the contents of the two low-order bytes.

If the contents of the two high-order bytes are outside the range, the error represented by the reason code is not a z/OS UNIX reason code. Use Table 2 to determine where additional information on the reason code can be found.

For z/OS UNIX, zFS, TCP/IP and Language Environment reason codes, users can use either the BPXMTEXT TSO/E command or the **bpxmtext** shell command to display a reason code's meaning and recommended action. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for more information.

Table 2. Location of return information

| Return code    | Reason code qualifier          | Reason code returned by  |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 82             | Not predictable                | Failure in extract load module function. This is an internal code from the IEWLXLM macro, explaining the details of the error. This can be due to either the format of the file not being recognized as an executable or the program object being flagged as non-executable.   |
| 97(EMVSDYNALC) | Dynamic allocation reason code | Dynamic allocation. The reason code is generally associated with a failure to mount an HFS file system. See <i>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide</i> for an explanation of the error reason code from DYNALLOC.  |
| 98(EMVSCVAF)   | CVAF reason code               | The reason code for the return code EMVSCVAF is the reason code from CVAF. See <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</i> for an explanation of the code.  |
| 99(EMVSCATLG)  | CATALOG reason code            | Translate the third byte of the reason code to decimal, which is the return code from Catalog. Translate the last byte of the reason code to decimal, which is the reason code from Catalog. See message IDC3009I in <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> for an explanation of the Catalog return code/reason code. |

## Reason codes

Table 2. Location of return information (continued)

| Return code         | Reason code qualifier | Reason code returned by  |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 9F, A2              | Not predictable       | The physical file system that owns the file system in error. This is an internal code explaining the details of the error. If the physical file system is managed by DFSMS and the reason code is X'000A' or X'000D', this may indicate a storage shortage that may be relieved by increasing your extended common service area (ECSA). For more information, see the CSA parameter of the IEASYSnn file in z/OS <i>MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference</i> . If any other return code is found, call your IBM service representative. |
| A3, A4              | 0000–20FF             | System Access Facility; for example, RACF. See the specific z/OS UNIX service for the meaning of the reason codes.   |
| All (except A3, A4) | 0000–20FF             | Reserved for z/OS UNIX. See “z/OS UNIX reason codes” on page 535 for descriptions of these reason codes.   |
|                     | 5B00–5BFF             | DFSMS HFS File System. (See “Hierarchical File System (HFS) reason codes” on page 725 for descriptions of the reason codes.) In reason codes of the form 5BC8xxxx, the xxxx is the reason code from the security product.  |
|                     | 6C00–6CFF             | Distributed File Systems Client (DFSC). See z/OS <i>Distributed File Service Messages and Codes</i> .  |
|                     | 6D00–6DFF             | z/OS NFS Client File System. See z/OS <i>Network File System Guide and Reference</i> for an explanation of the code.   |
|                     | 6E00–6EFF             | z/OS NFS Client File System. See z/OS <i>Network File System Guide and Reference</i> for an explanation of the code.   |
|                     | 6F00–6FFF             | z/OS NFS Client File System. See z/OS <i>Network File System Guide and Reference</i> for an explanation of the code.   |
|                     | 7100–71FF             | Reason codes in this range apply to Anynet Sockets. However, starting in V1R8, Anynet Sockets is no longer supported. For reason codes starting with the 7101 reason code qualifier, the reason code is the original errno value returned by VTAM.   |
|                     | 7300–787F             | z/OS Communications Server TCP/IP Stack. See “z/OS UNIX reason codes” on page 535.   |
|                     | 7880 - 78FF           | z/OS Communications Server resolver. See z/OS V2R2.0 <i>Communications Server: IP and SNA Codes</i> .  |
|                     | C000 - CFFF           | Language Environment errno2 values. See z/OS <i>Language Environment Runtime Messages</i> .  |
|                     | DF00–DFFF             | Distributed File Service File Exporter Exit Routine (IOEGLUE) and DFSKERN. See z/OS <i>Distributed File Service Messages and Codes</i> .   |
|                     | EF00–EFFF             | z/OS File System (zFS). See z/OS <i>Distributed File Service Messages and Codes</i> .  |
| AA(EMVSWLMERR)      | WLM reason code       | A WLM service failed. See z/OS <i>MVS Programming: Workload Management Services</i> for an explanation of the reason code. The WLM reason code is in the form <i>yyyx</i> xxxx, where <i>xxxx</i> is the only significant value.   |

## Setting slips to obtain new diagnostic data

If a z/OS UNIX reason code is obtained and additional diagnostics are required, the IBM Support Center personnel might ask that you set a slip to collect a dump or trace on a recreate of the problem. Included are the general instructions on how to gather this documentation.

Reason codes issued by physical file systems such as zFS, HFS, TCPIP or NFS Client can also be trapped with this slip.

## Obtaining dumps on specific reason codes

The following slip produces a dump when a specific reason code is issued:

```
SLIP SET,IF,A=SYNCSVCD,RANGE=(10?+8C?+F0?+1F4?),
DATA=(13R!?!+1b0,EQ,xxxxxxx),joblist=(OMVS),
DSPNAME=('OMVS'.*),SDATA=(ALLNUC,PSA,CSA,LPA,TRT,SQA,RGN,SUM),
j=jobname,END
```

where *xxxxxxx* = the 8-digit (4-byte) reason code that is to be trapped. *j*=jobname is the optional job name that is expected to issue the error (for example, *j*=IBMUSER).

**Note:** In rare instances the preceding slip will not capture the requested reason code. Your IBM software support provider can check the specific reason code and determine if this is the reason the slip did not match.

## Obtaining GTF trace data sets containing all issued return codes

In some instances your software support provider might say that it is more beneficial to capture a GTF trace that will contain all the reason codes issued by a particular job or at the time of a failure. This is more likely if the reason code is not surfaced externally. If you choose to look at such a GTF trace, be aware that many reason codes are issued validly and do not represent actual errors (that is, reason codes that indicate file not found are usually valid). Before setting the following slip, you must start GTF with options TRACE=SLIP. The slip that would be set is:

```
SLIP SET,IF,A=TRACE,RANGE=(10?+8C?+F0?+1f4?),TRDATA=(13R??+1B0,+B3),END
```

After recreating the problem, stop GTF and format the output using IPCS command GTFTRACE.

---

## z/OS UNIX reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0000  | JROK<br><br>The return code value describes the error.<br><br>Action: Refer to the return code for information on the error.  |
| 0011  | JRNotKey8<br><br>The task is not in PSW key 8.<br><br>Action: This function requires that the caller be in PSW key 8. The TCBPKF field must also have a value of 8. The request cannot be processed, because these conditions have not been met. Correct the problem and rerun the job. |
| 0012  | JRMaxChild<br><br>The maximum number of processes for this user ID has been exceeded.<br><br>Action: Ask the system programmer or system administrator to increase the MAXPROCUSER parameter of the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0013  | <p>JRMaxUIDs</p> <p>The maximum number of OpenMVS user IDs is exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system programmer or system administrator to increase the MAXUIDS parameter of the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</p>   |
| 0014  | <p>JRAppcErrAlloc</p> <p>An APPC/MVS Allocate Conversation error occurred.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Allocate Conversation call. The conversation was not allocated. The error may be caused by one or more of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• APPC is not operating.</li><li>• The APPC scheduler is not operating.</li><li>• The APPC scheduler is malfunctioning.</li><li>• APPC configuration work was not done correctly when OpenMVS was installed.</li></ul> <p>Ask the operator to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Verify that APPC/MVS is operating by entering a DISPLAY APPC command.</li><li>• Verify that the APPC scheduler is operating by entering a DISPLAY ASCH command.</li><li>• If the scheduler is operating, verify that it has been started correctly with the proper member name.</li></ul> <p>If the problem cannot be resolved by the operator, contact the system programmer.</p> |
| 0015  | <p>JRAppcErrSend</p> <p>An APPC/MVS Send_Data error occurred.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Send_Data call. The data was not sent. The error may be caused by one or more of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• APPC is not operating.</li><li>• The APPC scheduler is not operating.</li><li>• APPC configuration work was not done correctly when OpenMVS was installed.</li></ul> <p>Ask the operator to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Verify that APPC/MVS is operating by entering a DISPLAY APPC command.</li><li>• Verify that the APPC scheduler is operating by entering a DISPLAY ASCH command.</li><li>• If the scheduler is operating, verify that it has been started correctly with the proper member name.</li></ul> <p>If the problem cannot be resolved by the operator, contact the system programmer.</p>   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0016  | <p>JRAppcErrRecv</p> <p>An APPC/MVS Receive_and_Wait error occurred.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Receive_and_Wait call. The data was not received. The error may be caused by one or more of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• APPC is not operating.</li> <li>• The APPC scheduler is not operating.</li> <li>• APPC configuration work was not done correctly when OpenMVS was installed.</li> <li>• The user security profile may not be correctly set up.</li> </ul> <p>Ask the operator to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that APPC/MVS is operating by entering a DISPLAY APPC command.</li> <li>• Verify that the APPC scheduler is operating by entering a DISPLAY ASCH command.</li> <li>• If the scheduler is operating, verify that it has been started correctly with the proper member name.</li> </ul> <p>If the problem cannot be resolved by the operator, contact the system programmer.</p> |
| 0017  | <p>JRAppcErrAccept</p> <p>An APPC/MVS Accept_Conversation error occurred.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Accept_Conversation call. The conversation was not created. The error may be caused by one or more of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• APPC is not operating.</li> <li>• The APPC scheduler is not operating.</li> <li>• APPC configuration work was not done correctly when OpenMVS was installed.</li> </ul> <p>Ask the operator to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that APPC/MVS is operating by entering a DISPLAY APPC command.</li> <li>• Verify that the APPC scheduler is operating by entering a DISPLAY ASCH command.</li> <li>• If the scheduler is operating, verify that it has been started correctly with the proper member name.</li> </ul> <p>If the problem cannot be resolved by the operator, contact the system programmer.</p>  |
| 0019  | <p>JRAleservErr</p> <p>The ALESERV macro failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 001A  | <p>JRStgInUse</p> <p>The requested storage area has already been allocated (explicit STORAGE request).</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 001B  | <p>JRInitPgmErr</p> <p>The initialization (INIT) program failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 001C  | <p>JRSyseventErr</p> <p>A SYSEVENT DONTSWAP/OKSWAP failure occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 001D  | JREstaeErr<br><br>The ESTAE macro failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 001E  | JRForkExitRcParentNoRoom<br><br>Not enough work space exists for a parent fork exit.<br><br>Action: There is insufficient internal work space in the parent process for the fork service. The fork service is not performed. Fork uses internal work space to hold fork parent data, which includes the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ESTAE information</li><li>• Vector control information (if applicable)</li><li>• Ranges of user storage arranged by task, subpool, and key</li><li>• Content directory elements (CDEs), link list elements (LLEs), and so on</li></ul> Reduce the storage requirement of the program before rerunning the job. Consider the following possibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reduce the number of tasks in the same address space.</li><li>• Release all unneeded load modules, and so on.</li></ul> If the problem persists, contact the system programmer to increase the work space limit by presenting the requirement to IBM. |
| 001F  | JRForkExitRcChildNoStorage<br><br>The system cannot obtain the storage needed for the child process.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0020  | JRForkExitRcParentBadEnv<br><br>Forking is not supported under the current parent environment. An EAGAIN failure with this reason may be due to a temporary condition that can be resolved by reissuing the fork request.<br><br>Action: The fork service supports only programs running with a PSW security key of 8. The following are conditions in the parent process that may cause this error to be reported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If any (E)SPIE for the current RB is not key 8</li><li>• When any SCB for the current RB is not key 8</li></ul> This EAGAIN failure may also just be due to a temporary condition that can be resolved by re-issuing the fork request.<br><br>Correct any error conditions and resubmit the job.  |
| 0021  | JRForkExitRcMiscProblem<br><br>A fork exit failure occurred due to miscellaneous problems.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0022  | JRForkVsmListError<br><br>The VSMLIST macro failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0023  | <p>JRForkVsmListTooLarge</p> <p>The storage is insufficient to hold VSMLIST output.</p> <p>Action: There is insufficient internal work space in the parent process for the fork service. The fork service is not performed. .sp</p> <p>Fork uses internal work storage to hold the VSMLIST output of all the tasks in the fork parent address space. There is insufficient work space for this fork request. .sp</p> <p>Reduce the storage requirement of the program before rerunning the job. For example, reduce the number of tasks in the same address space as the fork parent. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer to raise the work space limit by presenting the requirement to IBM.</p> |
| 0024  | <p>JRForkRsmCopyError</p> <p>The fork real storage manager (RSM) copy service failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0025  | <p>JRUnexpectedErr</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0026  | <p>JRKernelReady</p> <p>The system is not in a ready state.</p> <p>Action: Retry after OMVS has been allowed to complete initialization.</p>   |
| 0028  | <p>JRMaxProc</p> <p>The maximum number of processes was exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Retry after some processes have ended, or change the maximum number of processes allowed.</p>   |
| 0029  | <p>JRPidBad</p> <p>The process ID (PID) indicates an internal error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 002A  | <p>JRPidNotFound</p> <p>A find, delete, or move did not happen.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 002B  | <p>JRNoSecurityProduct</p> <p>A security product is not installed.</p> <p>Action: A security product (for example, RACF) is required.</p>  |
| 002C  | <p>JRBldlErr</p> <p>The BLDL macro failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 002D  | JRCsvQueryErr<br>The CSVQUERY macro failed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 002E  | JRFilesysNotThere<br>The file system named does not exist.<br>Action: The file system specified on the service could not be found.  |
| 002F  | JRFilesysWasReset<br>The file system named was reset by another user.<br>Action: The unmount request that specified drain was reset by another user. Try the unmount request again.       |
| 0030  | JRNegativeValueInvalid<br>A negative value cannot be supplied for one of the parameters.<br>Action: Enter the call again after changing the invalid parameter to a valid value.           |
| 0032  | JrUnlMountRO<br>The unlink call was on a read-only file system.<br>Action: For the file to be unlinked, the file system must be mounted in read/write mode.                               |
| 0033  | JRRFileWrOnly<br>A call tried to read a file opened as write-only.<br>Action: Reopen the file for read or read/write access.  |
| 0034  | JRWFileRdOnly<br>A call tried to write to a file opened as read-only.<br>Action: Reopen the file for write or read/write access.  |
| 0036  | JRNegFileDes<br>A negative file descriptor was requested.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a nonnegative file descriptor.  |
| 0037  | JRFileDesNotInUse<br>The requested file descriptor is not in use.<br>Action: Reissue the request with an open file descriptor.  |
| 0038  | JRMkdirExist<br>The requested file directory already exists.<br>Action: A directory by this name exists. The MKDIR request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation. |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0039  | <p>JRPathTooLong</p> <p>The pathname is too long.</p> <p>Action: The pathname was found to be larger than PATH_MAX (1023). Either the name specified was too long, or the name generated as a result of using symbolic links was too long. Correct the name and retry the operation.</p> |
| 003A  | <p>JRNullInPath</p> <p>The pathname or file name contains a null.</p> <p>Action: Check the pathname specified to find and remove the embedded null. If the request was for a symbolic link, there must be no nulls within the contents of the symbolic link.</p>                         |
| 003B  | <p>JRNotSysRoot</p> <p>A relative pathname is allowed only for processes.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 003C  | <p>JRCompNotDir</p> <p>A node in the pathname is not a directory.</p> <p>Action: One of the components of the pathname was found to not be a directory. All but the final component of the name must be directories. Correct the pathname and retry the operation.</p>                   |
| 003D  | <p>JRDirNotFound</p> <p>A directory in the pathname was not found.</p> <p>Action: One of the directories specified was not found. Verify that the name specified is spelled correctly.</p>   |
| 003E  | <p>JRCompNameTooLong</p> <p>A component in the pathname was too long.</p> <p>Action: One of the components of the pathname was found to be larger than NAME_MAX (255). Correct the pathname and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 003F  | <p>JRInvOpenFlags</p> <p>The open call detected incorrect open flags.</p> <p>Action: The OPEN request cannot be processed. Correct the open flags and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0041  | <p>JRTrNotRegFile</p> <p>Truncate is valid only on a regular file.</p> <p>Action: In order to truncate a file, you must specify the File_descriptor or pathname for a file, not for a directory, a FIFO, or a socket.</p>  |
| 0042  | <p>JRCINeedClose</p> <p>The closedir call was for a file that was opened with the open call.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request, using CLOSE.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0043  | JRPfsDead<br><br>The file system owning the file is no longer active.<br><br>Action: Retry the request with a file from another file system. If that is not possible, then re-ipl or use SETOMVS RESET= to reactivate the file system. |
| 0044  | JRMkdir<br><br>The mkdir service is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0045  | JRClose<br><br>The vnode operation CLOSE is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0046  | JRRdwr<br><br>Vnode operation RDWR is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0047  | JRLookup<br><br>Lookup is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0048  | JRForkChildErr<br><br>The fork child process returned an error code.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0049  | JRVnodGet<br><br>A cell pool get for a vnode failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 004A  | <p>JRAppcCheckState</p> <p>An APPC/MVS receive error occurred while the APPC/MVS status was being checked.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Receive_and_Wait call, which was issued after all the data had been received but before permission to send had been granted by APPC. The error may be caused by one or more of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• APPC is not operating.</li> <li>• The APPC scheduler is not operating.</li> <li>• APPC configuration work was not done correctly when OpenMVS was installed.</li> </ul> <p>Ask the operator to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that APPC/MVS is operating by entering a DISPLAY APPC command.</li> <li>• Verify that the APPC scheduler is operating by entering a DISPLAY ASCH command.</li> <li>• If the scheduler is operating, verify that it has been started correctly with the proper member name.</li> </ul> <p>If the problem cannot be resolved by the operator, contact the system programmer.</p> |
| 004B  | <p>JROpen</p> <p>The open service is not supported because the file system is not locally mounted.</p> <p>Action: Correct the owning system of the file system.</p>   |
| 004C  | <p>JRCreat</p> <p>The create service is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 004D  | <p>JRNoPath</p> <p>The path length is not greater than 0.</p> <p>Action: There must be a positive length passed for the pathname length.</p>  |
| 004E  | <p>JRNotActive</p> <p>The OpenMVS kernel is not active.</p> <p>Action: Correct the problem that caused OpenMVS to not start and re-ipl the system to get it started.</p>  |
| 004F  | <p>JRChdNotDir</p> <p>The chdir, fchdir, or chroot service is valid only for directory files.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the service specifying a directory file.</p>   |
| 0050  | <p>JRChdNoEnt</p> <p>The chdir or chroot service was invoked with the name of a nonexistent file.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the service, specifying the name of an existing directory file.</p>  |
| 0051  | <p>JRInvalidName</p> <p>File system name characters must be greater than 40 (hex) and less than FF (hex).</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request specifying a file system name that is made up of printable characters.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0055  | JRMkDirROnly<br><br>The directory cannot be created in a read-only file system.<br><br>Action: The file system was mounted read-only. The mkdir service request cannot be processed.   |
| 0056  | JRLnkDir<br><br>Hard links cannot be made to directory files.<br><br>Action: Use the symlink service to create a symbolic link to the desired directory.   |
| 0057  | JRLskOnPipe<br><br>The lseek service cannot be performed on a pipe or socket.<br><br>Action: The lseek service must be performed on either a regular file or a directory.  |
| 0058  | JRLskOffsetIsInvalid<br><br>The offset given for lseek service is incorrect.<br><br>Action: The final cursor value on an lseek call cannot be a negative number. The offset must be nonnegative if the Reference_point specified " Set ". If it specified " Current® ", then the sum of the input offset and the current cursor value must be nonnegative. If it specified " End ", then the sum of the input offset and the cursor value of the end of the file must be nonnegative.  |
| 0059  | JRLskWhenceIsInvalid<br><br>The whence given for the lseek service is incorrect.<br><br>Action: The lseek operation can specify a Reference_point of either " Set ", " Current ", or " End " .   |
| 005A  | JRFSNotStart<br><br>The file system specified was not started.<br><br>Action: The File_system_type specified must match one of the FILESYSTYPE statements in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.  |
| 005B  | JRIsMounted<br><br>The file system is already mounted.<br><br>Action: Issue D OMVS,F to review the locally mounted file system. If the file system is not found and this is a shared file system configuration, issue F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY,ALL to determine if the file system is mounted in the shared hierarchy. If the file system must be mounted on the specified mountpoint, first unmount it, and then reissue the request.   |
| 005C  | JRMountPt<br><br>A problem was found with the mount point specified.<br><br>Action: The problem found depends on the return code received with this reason code. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the return code is ENOENT, the pathname specified could not be found.</li><li>• If the return code is ENOTDIR, the pathname did not specify a directory.</li><li>• If the return code is EINVAL, either the pathname specified refers to the root of an already mounted file system. Or, in the case of a sysplex, the file system may be already mounted on another system in the sysplex or there may be conflicting BPXPRMxx statements for the root.</li></ul> |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 005D  | <p>JRUnlNoEnt</p> <p>The file to be unlinked does not exist.</p> <p>Action: The file has either already been unlinked, or it never existed. Verify that the pathname was correct.</p>  |
| 005E  | <p>JRUnlDir</p> <p>The unlink service was requested on a directory file.</p> <p>Action: To remove a directory use the rmdir service.</p>   |
| 005F  | <p>JROutOfOfteCells</p> <p>The system was unable to obtain a cell from the OFTE cell pool.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0060  | <p>JRReadOnlyFileSetWriteReq</p> <p>An open request for write was entered for a file system that was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Mount the file system for read/write access and reissue the open request.</p> |
| 0061  | <p>JRReadOnlyFileSetCreatReq</p> <p>A file cannot be created in a read-only file system.</p> <p>Action: The file system was mounted read-only. The open create service request cannot be processed.</p>  |
| 0062  | <p>JRNoFileNoCreatFlag</p> <p>A service tried to open a nonexistent file without O_CREAT.</p> <p>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Correct the name or the open flags and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0063  | <p>JRFileExistsExclFlagSet</p> <p>The file exists, but O_EXCL is specified on the open call.</p> <p>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Correct the name or the open flags and retry the operation.</p>  |
| 0064  | <p>JRDirWriteRequest</p> <p>The service tried to open a directory for write access.</p> <p>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Correct the name or the open flags and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0065  | <p>JROpenFlagConflict</p> <p>The call tried to open a file with O_RDONLY and O_TRUNC specified.</p> <p>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Correct the open flags and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0067  | <p>JRParmTooLong</p> <p>On the mount, a parameter field longer than 1024 was specified.</p> <p>Action: Specify a parameter length less than 500 bytes.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0068  | JRRemove<br><br>Vn_Remove is not supported by the physical file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.          |
| 0069  | JRBothMode<br><br>On the mount service, both read and read/write were specified.<br><br>Action: The Mount_mode on a mount service cannot specify both read/write and read-only.                |
| 006A  | JRNeitherMode<br><br>On the mount service, neither read nor read/write were specified.<br><br>Action: The Mount_mode on a mount service must specify either read/write or read-only.           |
| 006B  | JRBufTooSmall<br><br>The buffer for return information is too small.<br><br>Action: The length of the buffer specified on the service was not large enough to contain the data to be returned. |
| 006C  | JRFileNotThere<br><br>The requested file does not exist.<br><br>Action: The service cannot be performed unless the named file exists.  |
| 006D  | JRReadDir<br><br>The readdir service vnode operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.           |
| 006E  | JRGetAttr<br><br>GetAttr is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.                   |
| 006F  | JROutOfVFSCells<br><br>The system is unable to obtain a cell from the VFS cell pool.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0070  | JRRddFileNotDir<br><br>The readdir service request was on a file that was not opened as a directory.<br><br>Action: Use the opendir service to open the directory.                             |
| 0071  | JRTargetNotDir<br><br>The opendir service did not specify a directory.<br><br>Action: The opendir service request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation.               |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0072  | <p>JROpenDirNotFound</p> <p>The directory specified on the opendir service did not exist.</p> <p>Action: The opendir service request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation.</p>                                     |
| 0073  | <p>JRNotPRB</p> <p>The current request block is not a program request block.</p> <p>Action: Issue the service from a program request block (PRB).</p>   |
| 0075  | <p>JRSpFileExists</p> <p>The file specified on the mknod service already existed.</p> <p>Action: A file by this name exists. The mknod service request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation.</p>                   |
| 0076  | <p>JRReadOnlyFileSetMknodReq</p> <p>A special file cannot be created on a read-only file system.</p> <p>Action: Specify another file system or unmount and then remount the current file system.</p>  |
| 0077  | <p>JRRmdir</p> <p>The rmdir service vnode operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 0078  | <p>JRPathNotDir</p> <p>The pathname does not specify a directory.</p> <p>Action: The service requested requires a directory, but the pathname passed is not for a directory.</p>  |
| 0079  | <p>JRReadOnlyFS</p> <p>This operation does not work on a read-only file system.</p> <p>Action: The service was requested for a file system that was mounted read-only. The service requires that the file system be mounted read/write.</p> |
| 007A  | <p>JRDirInUse</p> <p>The requested directory is in use.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 007B  | <p>JRDiffFileSets</p> <p>The rename service is not supported across file systems.</p> <p>Action: The rename service cannot be performed across file systems. Rename the file, specifying a new name within the same file system.</p>        |
| 007C  | <p>JRNewNotDir</p> <p>The new name specified on the rename service is not a directory.</p> <p>Action: If a directory is to be renamed to an existing filename, that filename must refer to a directory file.</p>                            |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 007D  | JRNewIsDir<br><br>The new name specified on the rename service is a directory.<br><br>Action: If a nondirectory is to be renamed to an existing filename, that filename must not refer to a directory file.       |
| 007E  | JROldNoExist<br><br>The old name specified on the rename service does not exist.<br><br>Action: The file to be renamed does not exist. Reissue the request with an existing filename.                             |
| 007F  | JRIsFSRoot<br><br>The name specified is in use as a file system root.<br><br>Action: The function cannot be performed on the root of the file system. Unmount drain is not permitted for root.                    |
| 0080  | JRRename<br><br>The rename service vnode operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.                                |
| 0081  | JRTermReq<br><br>The termination request does not point to PPRP or PPRT.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0082  | JRDotOrDotDot<br><br>The requested function cannot be performed against dot (.) or dot-dot (..).<br><br>Action: Neither dot (.) nor dot-dot (..) can be specified for this operation.                             |
| 0083  | JRKernelDown<br><br>The kernel has ended during this service.<br><br>Action: OpenMVS ended during this service. Ask the operator to enter the command to start OpenMVS. Then reissue the failing service.         |
| 0084  | JRInternalError<br><br>An internal error was detected.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0086  | JRBadEntryCode<br><br>An incorrect entry code was specified on this request.<br><br>Action: A command code or entry code specified on the request is not correct. Reissue the command using a valid command code. |
| 0088  | JRFdAllocErr<br><br>An error occurred while trying to allocate a file descriptor page.<br><br>Action: Close any file descriptors that are no longer needed.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 008A  | <p>JRBytes2RWZero</p> <p>The number of bytes requested to read or write is negative.</p> <p>Action: Specify a positive number for the number of bytes to be read or written.</p>   |
| 008B  | <p>JRRwdFileNotDir</p> <p>The rewinddir service was on a file that is not a directory.</p> <p>Action: The rewinddir service requires that the file descriptor passed on input refer to a directory.</p>  |
| 008C  | <p>JRRootNode</p> <p>The requested operation cannot be done on a root.</p> <p>Action: The function was requested for a file system root, but it cannot be done on a root.</p>  |
| 008D  | <p>JRInvalidSignal</p> <p>A signal number specified is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid signal number.</p>   |
| 008E  | <p>JRInvalidSigAct</p> <p>The action is incorrect for the specified signal.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid signal action.</p>   |
| 008F  | <p>JRInvalidSigHow</p> <p>The how operand specified is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid how operand.</p>   |
| 0090  | <p>JRNotForDir</p> <p>The system cannot perform the requested function on a directory.</p> <p>Action: The problem could be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The file descriptor specified refers to a directory opened with opendir() service, and the request is not valid for such a file descriptor. Reissue the request specifying a nondirectory file descriptor.</li> <li>• The file specified is a directory, and the request is not valid for such a file. Reissue the request specifying a nondirectory file.</li> </ul> |
| 0091  | <p>JROldPartOfNew</p> <p>The old name specified on the rename service is part of the new name.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the rename request, specifying a new name that does not contain the old name.</p>  |
| 0092  | <p>JRParmBadSyntax</p> <p>A parmlib parameter has a syntax error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0093  | <p>JRParmLibIOError</p> <p>An I/O error occurred in reading parmlib.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0094  | JRParmLibOpenFailure<br>A parmlib data set cannot be opened.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0095  | JRParmLibNotFound<br>A parmlib member could not be found.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0096  | JRParmLibBadData<br>A parmlib member contains incorrect data.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0097  | JRParmLibNoAccess<br>A parmlib data set cannot be accessed at this time.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0098  | JRParmBufNoStorage<br>Storage could not be obtained for the parameter buffer.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 009A  | JRPgserError<br>The page service (PGSER) failed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 009C  | JRTrOpenedRO<br>The ftruncate service was for a file opened in read-only mode.<br>Action: In order to be able to truncate a file, open it for write.   |
| 009D  | JRTrMountedRO<br>The ftruncate service was for a file on a file system mounted in read-only mode.<br>Action: In order to truncate a file, it must not be on a file system that has been mounted in read-only mode. |
| 009F  | JRTrNegOffset<br>A negative offset was given to a file truncate service.<br>Action: To truncate a file, specify a nonnegative File_length.   |
| 00A0  | JROutOfLocks<br>The file system has run out of locks.<br>Action: When a file system lock was requested, there were no more left in the system. Try again later.  |
| 00A1  | JRMount<br>The mount service VFS operation is not supported.<br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00A2  | <p>JRUMount</p> <p>The unmount service VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 00A3  | <p>JRSync</p> <p>The Sync VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 00A4  | <p>JRRoot</p> <p>The Root VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 00A5  | <p>JRStatFS</p> <p>The StatFS VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 00A6  | <p>JRFID</p> <p>The Get Fid VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 00A7  | <p>JRVget</p> <p>The VGet VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 00A8  | <p>JRInvalidVnode</p> <p>The vnode returned is not valid.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 00A9  | <p>JRInvalidParms</p> <p>An incorrect combination of parameters was specified.</p> <p>Action: The actual problem depends on the service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For a w_getmntent service, the entire header area must be zeroed before the first call, and the contents of the header area should not be modified by the caller between calls to this callable service.</li> <li>• For a mount service, Mount_mode must not specify any values unrelated to a mount service.</li> <li>• For an unmount service, Flags must not specify any values unrelated to an unmount service, and must not specify mutually exclusive requests.</li> <li>• For an unquiesce service, Unquiesce_parms must not specify any values unrelated to an unquiesce service.</li> <li>• For a quiesce service, File_System_Name must belong to a file system that is either mounted, or could be mounted.</li> <li>• For tcsetcp, either a reserved flag bit is set or one of the code page names is not null-terminated.</li> </ul> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00AA  | JRFsParentFs<br><br>The file system has file systems mounted on it.<br><br>Action: An unmount request can be honored only if there are no file systems mounted anywhere on the requested file system. Use the F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY,ALL command for a shared file system configuration or the D OMVS,FILE command for a non-shared file system configuration to determine which file systems are mounted on the requested file system. Unmount them before retrying this request. Also check the system log for message BPXF271I, which will identify the first mounted file system found. |
| 00AB  | JRFsUnmountInProgress<br><br>An unmount service is already in progress.<br><br>Action: The file system named is being unmounted.  |
| 00AC  | JRFsMustReset<br><br>An unmount service must specify reset when already unmounting.<br><br>Action: In order to unmount immediately, the previous unmount with drain must be reset.  |
| 00AD  | JRFsForceUmount<br><br>Reset fails when the file system is forced to unmount.<br><br>Action: A reset unmount request will reset only a file system that was unmounting with the drain option.   |
| 00AE  | JRAudit<br><br>The audit vnode operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |
| 00AF  | JRLockErr<br><br>The file system had a lock error.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 00B0  | JRUserNotPrivileged<br><br>The requester of the service is not privileged.<br><br>Action: The service requested required a privileged user. Check the documentation for the service to understand what privilege is required.   |
| 00B1  | JRUnexpectedError<br><br>An unexpected return value was received.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 00B2  | JRMustUmountImmed<br><br>An immediate unmount must precede a forced unmount.<br><br>Action: Try an immediate unmount before forcing an unmount. A forced unmount can cause data to be lost.   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 00B3  | <p>JRNotQuiesced</p> <p>A quiesce service must precede an unquiesce.</p> <p>Action: An unquiesce request was received for a file system that was not previously quiesced.</p>  |
| 00B4  | <p>JRQuiesced</p> <p>There was a previous quiesce request.</p> <p>Action: The file system required for the current function has been quiesced. After the file system has been unquiesced, retry this service.</p>  |
| 00B5  | <p>JRInvalidRequester</p> <p>The requester of the function cannot make the request.</p> <p>Action: The same process that issued the quiesce must also issue the unquiesce, unless force is specified in the Unquiesce_Parms.</p>   |
| 00B6  | <p>JRPfsSuspend</p> <p>The PFS is waiting to restart.</p> <p>Action: If there is a WTOR prompt on the operator console the PFS will be restarted when the reply is issued. Otherwise, the PFS will be restarted by its own procedures. Close and reopen the socket or file descriptor and retry the request again after the PFS is active. This value may also be returned if there is a configuration problem and the address space is not connected to the proper PFS.</p>   |
| 00B7  | <p>JRPfsAbend</p> <p>The physical file system abended.</p> <p>Action: The file system owning the file abended on the last request. Report this to support personnel. Try the request again, or try it with a file on another system.</p>   |
| 00B8  | <p>JRNoStorage</p> <p>Insufficient storage to copy user parameters.</p> <p>Action: Storage cannot be obtained to make a copy of the passed user parameters. This can be caused by one of the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The user region is filled up and the ?STORAGE request cannot be satisfied.</li> <li>• There is an error in one of the passed user parameters, causing a ?STORAGE request for a huge amount of storage that cannot be satisfied.</li> </ul> <p>Check for incorrect input parameters passed to the service. If the parameters are correct, consider increasing the user REGION size.</p> |
| 00B9  | <p>JRActiveProcess</p> <p>Multiple processes in the address space prevent the termination of the job step process.</p> <p>Action: The BPX1MPC service was called from the job step thread while other processes were active in the address space. The request could not be satisfied. The caller should end or clean up all other processes in this address space prior to calling BPX1MPC from the job step thread.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00BA  | JRPfsctl<br><br>The Pfsctl operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |
| 00BB  | JRPfsInitFailed<br><br>The file system did not initialize.<br><br>Action: Determine why the PFS was unable to initialize and then restart it.   |
| 00BC  | JRSpawnNoCommonStg<br><br>Spawn cannot be completed because not enough common storage is available to complete the request.<br><br>Action: The system is probably experiencing a common storage shortage and the request cannot be satisfied until the shortage is corrected.   |
| 00BD  | JRSpawnArgsTooBig<br><br>Spawn cannot be completed because the total length of arguments specified by the caller exceeds the system imposed limit of 1&finespace;000&finespace;000 bytes.<br><br>Action: The spawn service detected that the length of the argument lists specified by the caller is larger than the system-imposed maximum of 1&finespace;000&finespace;000 bytes. Correct the argument length and resubmit the job. |
| 00BE  | JRFuncUndefined<br><br>The oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be completed because the Function_code specified is undefined.<br><br>Action: Reissue the service with a defined Function_code.   |
| 00BF  | JRBadArgCount<br><br>The oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be completed because the number of input or output arguments are incorrect for the Function_code specified.<br><br>Action: Reissue the service with the correct number of input and output arguments appropriate for the Function_code.   |
| 00C0  | JRBadInputValue<br><br>The oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be completed because an input argument contained an undefined value.<br><br>Action: Reissue the service with input value(s) defined for the specified Function_code.  |
| 00C1  | JRNoUserExit<br><br>A pthread_quiesce (BPX1PTQ) service FREEZE_EXIT request cannot complete because no user exit has been registered with the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service.<br><br>Action: Use the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service, function code of Freeze_Exit to register a user exit, before using the pthread_quiesce service with a quiesce type of FREEZE_EXIT.   |
| 00C2  | JRProcessNotFrozen<br><br>A pthread_quiesce (BPX1PTQ) service FREEZE_EXIT request cannot complete because the process is not frozen.<br><br>Action: Use the pthread_quiesce service with a quiesce type of Freeze before using the pthread_quiesce service with a quiesce type of FREEZE_EXIT.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00C3  | <p>JRFreezeExitTooSlow</p> <p>A pthread_quiesce (BPX1PTQ) service FREEZE_EXIT request cannot complete because user exits did not return in the expected time.</p> <p>Action: Examine the user exits to determine why they might hang. The user exits should not be issuing any syscalls or waits.</p>   |
| 00C4  | <p>JRResrPortSpecified</p> <p>During a Socket Bind request, a Reserved Port was incorrectly specified.</p> <p>Action: Change the port requested in the Socket Bind request to a non-reserved port. The reserved ports are found in the NETWORK parmlib statement in the BPXPRMxx member.</p>  |
| 00C5  | <p>JRResrPortNotAvail</p> <p>All port zero, INADDR_ANY, reserved ports are in use.</p> <p>Action: The system programmer must increase the number of ports that are available by specifying a larger number on the INADDRANYCOUNT parameter of the NETWORK parmlib statement in the BPXPRMxx member, and the appropriate parameter for each Transport Provider. An ipl will be required.</p>   |
| 00C6  | <p>JRResrPortUsed</p> <p>A sockets port assignment conflict exists between OMVS and a Transport Provider.</p> <p>Action: The system programmer must make sure the same port numbers specified with the INADDRANYPORT and INADDRANYCOUNT parameters on the NETWORK parmlib statement in the BPXPRMxx member match the port numbers specified on the Transport Providers connected to OMVS. An IPL is required if any changes are made.</p> |
| 00C7  | <p>JRTLSRequestInvalid</p> <p>An invalid request has been passed for task level security.</p> <p>Action: The value passed must be either TLS_CREATE_THREAD_SEC# or TLS_DELETE_THREAD_SEC# as defined in BPXYCONS.</p>   |
| 00C8  | <p>JRNoReservedPorts</p> <p>A bind() syscall that specified port number zero and IP address INADDR_ANY, failed because no ports were reserved.</p> <p>Action: Use the INADDRANYPORT and INADDRANYCOUNT parameters on the NETWORK parmlib statement to reserve these ports. An ipl is required if any changes were made.</p>   |
| 00C9  | <p>JRTLSIDTypeInvalid</p> <p>An invalid ID type has been passed for task level security.</p> <p>Action: The value passed must indicate a valid ID type as defined in BPXYCONS.</p>  |
| 00CA  | <p>JRTLSIDLengthInvalid</p> <p>An invalid ID length has been passed for task level security.</p> <p>Action: The value passed must be in a range appropriate for the field type.</p>   |
| 00CB  | <p>JRTLSAddressLengthInvalid</p> <p>An invalid address length has been passed for task level security.</p> <p>Action: The value passed must be in a range appropriate for the field type.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00CC  | JRTLSCallerIsIPT<br><br>The calling task is IPT.<br><br>Action: The task level security request is ignored.   |
| 00CD  | JRTLSTaskLevelSecurityNotDoneByOE<br><br>Task level security already exists, but it was not created by a previous call to pthread_security_np.<br><br>Action: The task level security request is ignored.       |
| 00CE  | JRNoPtraceTaskSec<br><br>Ptrace is active in the caller's address space, task level security not allowed concurrently with Ptrace.<br><br>Action: The caller requested to create or delete task level security. |
| 00CF  | JRSAFResourceUndefined<br><br>The resource specified by the caller is not defined to RACF.<br><br>Action: Define the specified resource to RACF or correct the resource name and retry.                         |
| 00D0  | JRSAFParmListErr<br><br>A SAF service was unsuccessful because an error was detected by SAF in the parameter list.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 00D1  | JRSAFNoUUIDtoUser<br><br>No mapping to a RACF userid exists for the DCE UUID specified.<br><br>Action: Define the DCE UUID to RACF and retry the service.   |
| 00D2  | JRSAFNoUserToUUID<br><br>No mapping to a DCE UUID exists for the RACF Userid specified.<br><br>Action: Define a DCE UUID for the RACF Userid and retry the service.   |
| 00D3  | JRSAFNoDCEClass<br><br>The RACF DCEUUIDS class is not active.<br><br>Action: Activate the DCEUUIDS class via the RACF SETROPTS command.   |
| 00D4  | JRSAFNoCellUUID<br><br>The local cell UUID could not be determined for this RACF userid to DCE UUID conversion request.<br><br>Action: Define a local cell UUID for the specified RACF userid.                  |
| 00D5  | JRClassLenErr<br><br>The length of the RACF class name is outside of the allowable range of 1 to 8.<br><br>Action: Correct the class name length and retry.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 00D6  | <p>JREntityLenErr</p> <p>The length of the RACF entity name is outside of the allowable range of 1 to 246.</p> <p>Action: Correct the entity name length and retry.</p>  |
| 00D7  | <p>JRAccessUndefined</p> <p>The access type specified is undefined.</p> <p>Action: Correct the access type and retry.</p>  |
| 00D8  | <p>JRNotServerAuthorized</p> <p>The calling address space is not permitted to the BPX.SERVER Facility class or the BPX.SERVER Facility class is undefined and caller not a superuser (UID=0).</p> <p>Action: Permit the caller's process to the BPX.SERVER Facility class or make the caller a superuser (UID=0).</p>  |
| 00D9  | <p>JRNoResourceAccess</p> <p>The user specified by the caller does not have the access specified to the resource.</p> <p>Action: If the user requires access to the resource, have an authorized user grant the user access permission.</p>  |
| 00DA  | <p>JRSurrogateUndefined</p> <p>The RACF SURROGAT class has not been activated or no SURROGAT class profile has been defined for the client.</p> <p>Action: Activate the RACF SURROGAT class and perform the necessary RACF definitions for non-password clients. See</p>   |
| 00DB  | <p>JRNoSurrogatePerm</p> <p>The server is not permitted to the SURROGAT class profile defined for the client.</p> <p>Action: Permit the server to the SURROGAT class profile defined for the client. See <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Planning</i> for details.</p>  |
| 00DC  | <p>JRSAFNotAuthorized</p> <p>The calling address space is not authorized to use this service.</p> <p>Action: Read the documentation for this service and note its authorization requirements. The action depends on which of the following services was invoked:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RACF callable services: Permit the user associated with the address space level identity to the IRR.RDCERUID Facility class profile with READ access.</li> <li>• z/OS Communications Server Network Management Interface: Permit the user associated with the address space level identity to the profile for the service. See the <i>z/OS Communications Server: IP Programmer's Guide and Reference</i> for the name of the profile supported by the service.</li> </ul> |
| 00DD  | <p>JRNoBufStorage</p> <p>Storage could not be obtained for I/O buffers.</p> <p>Action: Allocate more storage to the operation</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 00F6  | JRNoVsmList<br><br>Fork cannot be completed because the parent process ended prematurely.<br><br>Action: Correct the condition that caused the parent process to terminate and retry the fork.  |
| 00F7  | JRForkNoResource<br><br>Fork cannot be processed for lack of resource.<br><br>Action: The fork service was unable to create the child process due to a lack of system resources. The most likely cause is the lack of auxiliary, pageable, or virtual storage. The syslog can be searched for messages reflecting these specific conditions, including messages IRA100E IRA200E IRA400E or IEA602I. |
| 00F8  | JRSWAREQ<br><br>The SWAREQ macro failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 00F9  | JRSAFNoUser<br><br>The user ID is not defined to the security product.<br><br>Action: Define the user ID to the security product.   |
| 00FA  | JRSAFGroupNoOMVS<br><br>The current group does not have a GID defined in the OMVS segment.<br><br>Action: Create an OMVS segment with a GID.  |
| 00FB  | JRSAFUserNoOMVS<br><br>The user ID is not authorized to use OMVS.<br><br>Action: Create an OMVS segment with a UID.   |
| 00FC  | JRSAFNoUID<br><br>The user ID has no UID.<br><br>Action: Create an OMVS segment with a UID.   |
| 00FD  | JRSAFNoGID<br><br>The user ID is in a group that has no GID.<br><br>Action: Create an OMVS segment and assign a GID to the group.   |
| 00FE  | JRSAFInternal<br><br>An internal error occurred in the security product.<br><br>Action: Follow local procedures for reporting internal errors in the security product.  |
| 00FF  | JRStatusPosted<br><br>A request was received to dub a thread for a process that is stopped or has ended.<br><br>Action: Return to the operating system and allow the process to be cleaned up.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0100  | <p>JRTrunc</p> <p>Vnode operation trunc is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0101  | <p>JRFsync</p> <p>Vnode operation fsync is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0102  | <p>JRSetAttr</p> <p>Vnode operation setattr is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0103  | <p>JRSymFileAlreadyExists</p> <p>The file requested for creation as a symbolic link already exists.</p> <p>Action: The link name specified on a symlink service request is an existing filename. Reissue the request specifying a link name that does not already exist.</p>   |
| 0104  | <p>JRSymlink</p> <p>The symbolic link vnode operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0105  | <p>JRFileNotSymLink</p> <p>The file requested for readlink service is not a symbolic link.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the readlink service request specifying a symbolic link.</p>   |
| 0106  | <p>JRReadlink</p> <p>The readlink vnode operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0107  | <p>JRMknodInvalidType</p> <p>The mknod service invoked with incorrect file type parameter.</p> <p>Action: The type specified in the mknod service is not supported. The service cannot be processed. The mknod service accepts only FT_CHARSPEC and FT_FIFO. See BPXYFTYP. Correct the type parameter and retry the operation.</p> |
| 0108  | <p>JREndingSlashMknod</p> <p>The pathname ended with a slash on the mknod service.</p> <p>Action: The pathname specified for a mknod service request ended with a slash. The service request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0109  | JREndingSlashOCreat<br><br>The pathname in the open service, with the O_CREAT option, ended with slash.<br><br>Action: The open service request cannot be processed. Correct the name and retry the operation.   |
| 010A  | JRLnkNoEnt<br><br>The service tried to link to nonexistent file.<br><br>Action: Use the open service to create the file, or reissue the request specifying an existing filename.   |
| 010B  | JRLnkNewPathExists<br><br>The service tried to add a link whose name already exists.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a new pathname that does not already exist.  |
| 010C  | JRLnkAcrossFilesets<br><br>The service tried to link across file systems.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a new pathname that is within the same file system as the existing pathname.  |
| 010D  | JRLnkROFileset<br><br>The service tried to add a directory entry on a read-only file system.<br><br>Action: To create a link to the existing pathname, the file system must be mounted in read/write mode.   |
| 010E  | JRLink<br><br>Vn_Link is not supported by this physical file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 010F  | JRExecNmLenZero<br><br>The length of the executable name passed was zero.<br><br>Action: The parameter specifying the length of the program name to be run contained zero. Correct the program name length and resubmit the job.   |
| 0111  | JRParmlibSuffixTooLong<br><br>The parmlib member name suffix is more than two characters.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0112  | JRFsFailStorage<br><br>Dub or fork failed due to unavailable file system storage.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0113  | JRFsFailQuiesce<br><br>Dub or fork cannot complete, because the working directory is unmounted.<br><br>Action: The initial working directory exists in a file system that is being quiesced in preparation for being unmounted. Select another initial working directory, or reissue the request after the file system has been mounted again. |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0114  | <p>JRNotPermitted</p> <p>You are not permitted to signal to the specified process ID (PID).</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request specifying a PID that you are authorized to send a signal to, or reissue the request from a superuser ID.</p>  |
| 0115  | <p>JRBufLenInvalid</p> <p>The length of the buffer is less than or equal to zero or less than a minimum length.</p> <p>Action: The buffer length specified for this request was a negative number, zero, or less than a minimum length. Retry the request specifying a valid buffer length parameter.</p> |
| 0117  | <p>JRNotRegistered</p> <p>The call is not registered for signals.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request after registering the task for signals with the BPX1MSS service.</p>   |
| 0119  | <p>JRNotSupportedForFileType</p> <p>The requested service is not supported for this file type.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a file of the correct type for the request.</p>   |
| 011A  | <p>JRInvalidSymLinkLen</p> <p>The contents specified for the symbolic link has an incorrect length.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the symlink request specifying a path length greater than zero, but less than or equal to 1023.</p>  |
| 011B  | <p>JRInvalidSymLinkComp</p> <p>The contents specified for symbolic link has an incorrect component.</p> <p>Action: The contents of a symbolic link must consist of components whose length cannot exceed 255 characters.</p>  |
| 011C  | <p>JRFileNotOpen</p> <p>The file is not opened.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request specifying an open file descriptor.</p>  |
| 011D  | <p>JRTooManySymlinks</p> <p>Too many symbolic links were encountered in the pathname.</p> <p>Action: While attempting to resolve the input pathname, more than 100 symbolic links were found.</p>   |
| 011E  | <p>JRMVSAArgTooBig</p> <p>The execMVS argument string was too long.</p> <p>Action: The execMVS service detected that the length of the argument list specified by the caller is larger than the system-imposed maximum of 4096 bytes. Correct the argument length and resubmit the job.</p>               |
| 011F  | <p>JRExecNotRegFile</p> <p>The filename specified on the exec is not a regular file.</p> <p>Action: The exec service detected that the filename specified by the pathname argument is not a regular type file. Correct the pathname argument and resubmit the job.</p>                                    |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0120  | <p>JRAppcErrRecvIncomp</p> <p>An APPC/MVS Receive_and_Wait error occurred. The data is incomplete.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred in fork during the APPC Receive_and_Wait call. Incomplete data was received. If the problem recurs, contact the system programmer.</p>   |
| 0121  | <p>JRForkNoAccess</p> <p>The call tried an unauthorized access to a fork child transaction program.</p> <p>Action: The fork child process determined that the fork child transaction program has been invoked improperly, perhaps due to unauthorized access to the program. The transaction program name for fork child is 30F0F7F8 .</p> |
| 0122  | <p>JRInactive</p> <p>The vnode operation inactive is not supported by the file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 0123  | <p>JRInvalidMajorNumber</p> <p>Character special file system detected an incorrect device major number.</p> <p>Action: This character special file is not supported by any device drivers installed on this system. The request cannot be processed. Correct the pathname and retry the request.</p>                                       |
| 0124  | <p>JROutofPnodeCells</p> <p>No pnode/pnwt cells are available.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0125  | <p>JRRdandWRTforPipe</p> <p>The open call on a pipe was for read/write.</p> <p>Action: The request cannot be processed. Correct the open flags and retry the request.</p>  |
| 0126  | <p>JRQueueManPutFailed</p> <p>The queue manager returned an incorrect return code.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0127  | <p>JRQueueManGetFailed</p> <p>The queue manager returned an incorrect return code.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0128  | <p>JROpenforWriteNoReaders</p> <p>Open for write was done before any open for read.</p> <p>Action: Open for write was requested while file flags indicated O_NONBLOCK and before any open for read. The request cannot be processed. An open for read request must precede an open for write request.</p>                                  |
| 0129  | <p>JRNoReaders</p> <p>The service tried to write before any open for reads.</p> <p>Action: An open for read must be performed.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 012A  | <p>JRInvParmLength</p> <p>The parameter length is incorrect or negative.</p> <p>Action: Check for incorrect input parameters passed to the service. One of the following conditions may have occurred:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The specified length of a variable-length parameter is negative. (This error is applicable only to programs issuing callable services through the assembler interface.) The length of a variable-length parameter cannot be negative. Services with variable-length parameters normally specify them in pairs. The first of the pair specifies the length of the variable-length parameter that comes next.</li> <li>• The length of a fixed-length parameter exceeds the allowable value. The maximum length of any fixed-length parameter cannot exceed 5000 bytes.</li> <li>• The size of an input buffer to be used for holding an output variable length parameter is specified as more than 5000 bytes. The actual maximum size of the parameter is much less. This error is reported for performance reasons, to avoid inefficient usage of system resources, including storage and processing time. Specify a smaller size for the input buffer.</li> <li>• If this error is returned by one of the z/OS Communications Server Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI requests, then one of the following errors occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– The specified length of the input buffer is shorter than the size of the input RCCHeader structure.</li> <li>– For the RCCOpen request, the specified length of the input buffer is shorter than the size of the input RCCHeader and RCCOpenInfo structures.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 012B  | <p>JRForkAbend</p> <p>The program abended in the fork module.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 012C  | <p>JRForkExitAbend</p> <p>An abend occurred in a fork exit.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 012D  | <p>JRSyscallAbend</p> <p>An abend occurred in a system call.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 012E  | <p>JRBadAddress</p> <p>An incorrect address was encountered when the system tried to access data.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred while the system was accessing the user data. Check for incorrect input parameters passed to the system call.</p>   |
| 012F  | <p>JRL16Jump</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred in load 16 and jump.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0130  | <p>JRSigDuringWait</p> <p>A signal occurred during a wait.</p> <p>Action: While the service was waiting, a signal was received to interrupt it.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0131  | JRQueueManOpenFailed<br><br>The queue manager was unable to create a queue.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0132  | JRQueueManCloseFailed<br><br>The queue manager returned a nonzero return code on a close service.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0133  | JRRdnorWRTforPipe<br><br>The open service on a pipe was for neither read nor write.<br><br>Action: The request cannot be processed. Correct the open flags and retry the service.   |
| 0134  | JROutOfVnodeCells<br><br>No vnode cells are available.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0135  | JRNoData<br><br>There is no data in this pipe.<br><br>Action: Try this service again later.   |
| 0136  | JRUserNotAuthorized<br><br>The user is not authorized for the requested file descriptor.<br><br>Action: When the specified file descriptor was opened, the user was executing in an authorized state. However, the user is now no longer authorized to use this file descriptor. Reissue the request, specifying a file descriptor to which the user has authority. |
| 0138  | JRFileIsBlocked<br><br>The file is blocked.<br><br>Action: The request cannot be processed. Try again later.  |
| 0139  | JRIoctl<br><br>The ioctl service is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |
| 013A  | JRInvalidPid<br><br>The process ID (PID) was not found, so the signal was not sent.<br><br>Action: The target PID was either ended, or it never existed. Retry the function with an existing PID.   |
| 013B  | JRVfsIoctl<br><br>The Vfsioctl service is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 013C  | <p>JRInvRbState</p> <p>Callable services cannot be nested.</p> <p>Action: The system detected a nested callable service. That is, a request block (RB) issued a callable service and was interrupted by an interrupt request block (IRB) in an STIMER exit. Any additional callable services that the RB tries to issue are detected and flagged as errors. Correct the problem and resubmit the job.</p> |
| 013D  | <p>JRWrongInstance</p> <p>The process is not known to current kernel instance.</p> <p>Action: The kernel was refreshed&amp;mdash;that is, OpenMVS has been stopped and restarted. Either issue a call to BPX1MPC (the MVS process cleanup) to clean up the process before issuing another service request, or end the job.</p>  |
| 013E  | <p>JRVfsInact</p> <p>The InAct VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 013F  | <p>JRInvTermStat</p> <p>An incorrect process termination status was passed to BPX1MPC.</p> <p>Action: Structure BPXYWAST describes the valid terminating status.</p>  |
| 0140  | <p>JRActiveThreads</p> <p>The process could not be terminated because there are multiple threads still running in the process.</p> <p>Action: The BPX1MPC service was called from the initial thread while other threads were active in the process. The request could not be satisfied. The caller should end or clean up all other threads before calling BPX1MPC from the initial thread.</p>          |
| 0141  | <p>JRBadExitStatusAddr</p> <p>An incorrect exit status address was passed to the wait call.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the call to the wait service (BPX1WAT) with an exit status return area address that is accessible to the caller.</p>   |
| 0142  | <p>JRWaitError</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred in the wait service.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0143  | <p>JRProcessEnding</p> <p>The current process is ending.</p> <p>Action: New services cannot be issued until this termination is complete.</p>   |
| 0144  | <p>JRSignalsNotBlocked</p> <p>The service did not complete because signals are not blocked.</p> <p>Action: This service can be run only if all signals are blocked.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0145  | JRFdTooBig<br><br>The requested file descriptor exceeds the Open_max limit.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a file descriptor that does not exceed the Open_max limit.   |
| 0146  | JROpenMax<br><br>The maximum number of open files for this process was reached.<br><br>Action: Close any file descriptors that are no longer needed.  |
| 0147  | JRBadUidtSlot<br><br>The slot passed to BPXPRCHK is not a valid index for the UIDT table.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0148  | JRResMgr<br><br>The RESMGR macro returned a negative status.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0149  | JRIOBufLengthInvalid<br><br>The input argument buffer length was incorrect.<br><br>Action: The argument length specified for this request was either a negative number, or was greater than 51200. Reissue the request and specify a valid argument length parameter. |
| 014A  | JRInvalidAmode<br><br>An incorrect access mode was specified on the access service.<br><br>Action: The access mode specified on the access service has unsupported bits turned on. Reissue the request and specify a valid access mode.                               |
| 014B  | JRAccess<br><br>The access vnode operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |
| 014C  | JRUIDchanged<br><br>The slot passed to BPXPRCHK is not valid for the UID specified.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 014D  | JRFsFailChdir<br><br>The dub failed, due to an error with the initial home directory.<br><br>Action: There is a problem with the initial home directory. Verify that the initial home directory exists and that the user has authorization to it.                     |
| 014E  | JRFsFailLock<br><br>The dub failed, due to an error getting necessary file system locks.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 014F  | <p>JRUpdateUidFailure</p> <p>The update to UIDT in BPXPRCHK failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0150  | <p>JRBadAuditOption</p> <p>An incorrect option code was specified for the chaudit service.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify a valid audit option code.</p>   |
| 0151  | <p>JRExecFileTooBig</p> <p>The size of the specified file exceeds the private region of the caller.</p> <p>Action: The exec service detected that the size of the executable to be run exceeds the size of the caller's private region.</p>  |
| 0152  | <p>JRInvalidCursor</p> <p>The cursor value passed to the w_getmntent call is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Before the first call to w_getmntent, the header area of the buffer must be zero, and the contents of the header area should not be modified by the caller between calls to this callable service.</p>  |
| 0153  | <p>JRPtySlaveOpened</p> <p>The open of the master pseudo-TTY failed, because the associated slave pseudo-TTY is still open.</p> <p>Action: This may be a common system condition. One or more processes from a previous pseudo-TTY connection are processing and using the slave pseudo-TTY file. When all the processes close, the master-slave pseudo-TTY pair is again available for use. Choose another pair of pseudo-TTY files. Alternatively, kill all the processes that are using the slave pseudo-TTY file and reattempt the open service.</p> |
| 0154  | <p>JRPtyMinorInvalid</p> <p>The device minor number is larger than the MAXPTYs parameter in the BPXPRMxx member.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system programmer or system administrator to either redefine the master and slave pseudo-TTY file pair to have a device minor number less than or equal to the MAXPTYs parameter of the BPXPRMxx parmlib member, or increase the value for MAXPTYs.</p>  |
| 0155  | <p>JRPtyAlreadyActive</p> <p>The device minor number is already active.</p> <p>Action: This may be a common system condition. This error generally indicates that the master pseudo-TTY file specified is in use by another process. Choose another master pseudo-TTY file.</p>  |
| 0156  | <p>JRSignalReceived</p> <p>The call was interrupted by a signal.</p> <p>Action: A signal was received while this callable service was blocked. Retry the service if appropriate.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0157  | <p>JRPtyDifferentUID</p> <p>The process UID is different from the UID of the process that opened the master pseudo-TTY.</p> <p>Action: The UID of the first process that opens the slave pseudo-TTY file must be the same as the effective UID of the process that opened the corresponding master pseudo-TTY file. Recode the application so the open of the slave pseudo-TTY file occurs from a process having the same effective UID as the process that opens the corresponding master pseudo-TTY file.</p>  |
| 0158  | <p>JRPtyMasterClosed</p> <p>There is no corresponding master pseudo-TTY file open.</p> <p>Action: The application should be coded so the master pseudo-TTY is opened prior to the corresponding slave pseudo-TTY file. .sp</p> <p>This may also be a result of a temporary system condition: A pseudo-TTY connection was established, and a slave pseudo-TTY open occurred after the pseudo-TTY connection was severed (due to the master pseudo-TTY file being closed). In this case, all file descriptors associated with the slave pseudo-TTY must be closed before the master-slave pseudo-TTY files for this device minor number can be reused.</p> |
| 0159  | <p>JRPtyDifferentFile</p> <p>A slave pseudo-TTY file for this minor number with a different filename is already open.</p> <p>Action: Only one slave pseudo-TTY file should be defined for this device minor number. Contact the system administrator or system programmer to correct the definition of this file.</p>  |
| 015B  | <p>JRPtySlaveNotInit</p> <p>The slave pseudo-TTY support did not complete successfully.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system administrator or system programmer to determine why the slave pseudo-TTY support did not initialize correctly.</p>   |
| 015C  | <p>JRPtyInputStopped</p> <p>The nonblocked write failed, because input is stopped.</p> <p>Action: Input has been stopped by a tcflow service. Issue a tcflow to start input back up and reissue the read.</p>  |
| 015E  | <p>JREOFAlreadySent</p> <p>The write to the master pseudo-TTY failed, because all slaves are closed and HUPCL was set.</p> <p>Action: An attempt was made to send some data on the master after all slave file descriptors were closed and HUPCL set.</p>  |
| 0160  | <p>JRPtyOrphanedWrite</p> <p>The write service is processing in a background, orphaned process group.</p> <p>Action: This condition most likely occurs when a process that is forked from the session leader (generally the shell) attempts to write to the pseudo-TTY device after the session leader process has ended. The process cannot read from or write to the terminal once the session leader process ends. This pseudo-TTY session is no longer usable. Restart the application from another session.</p>   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0161  | <p>JRPtyOutputStopped</p> <p>Write cannot be processed, because output has stopped.</p> <p>Action: Output was stopped by a tcfow service or entry of the STOP character. Issue a tcfow or enter a START character to start output back up and reenter the read.</p>  |
| 0163  | <p>JRPtyNoData</p> <p>Data or room is not available on the queue.</p> <p>Action: For input, no data is available on the queue. For output, no room is available on the queue. For writes to a master pseudo-TTY, this includes the case of a full output queue when echoing is active. Reissue the request again later.</p>  |
| 0164  | <p>JRPtyOrphanedRead</p> <p>The read service is processing in a background, orphaned process group.</p> <p>Action: This condition most likely occurs when a process that is forked from the session leader (generally the shell) attempts to read from the pseudo-TTY device after the session leader process has ended. The process cannot read from or write to the terminal once the session leader process ends. Reissue this command or restart the application from another session.</p> |
| 0165  | <p>JRPtySIGTTINBlocked</p> <p>The process is in a background process group and SIGTTIN is blocked or ignored.</p> <p>Action: If the SIGTTIN signal is either blocked or ignored, the read service can be issued only from a process that is running in a foreground process group.</p>   |
| 0166  | <p>JRPtyNoBufStorage</p> <p>Storage is not available for pseudo-TTY buffers.</p> <p>Action: Retry the open request. If this condition persists, contact the system programmer.</p>   |
| 0167  | <p>JRFuncNotSupported</p> <p>The function is not supported by device driver.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0168  | <p>JRConv2TicksFailed</p> <p>The time value is too large to convert to ticks.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0169  | <p>JRPtAttemptedCRStore</p> <p>Ptrace attempted to store into a control register.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to store into a control register using ptrace. The debugger program can read but not write to the control registers.</p>   |
| 016A  | <p>JRPtAttemptedPSW0Store</p> <p>Ptrace attempted to store into the left half of PSW.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to store into word 0 (left half) of the PSW using ptrace. Only word 1 (right half) of the PSW can be changed by debugger programs.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 016B  | JRPtCellNotAvail<br><br>There is not enough storage for ptrace.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 016C  | JRPtDbdEqualsDbr<br><br>The ptrace debugger process ID (PID) is the same as the debugged PID.<br><br>Action: A debugger program tried to start a debugging session with its own process ID (PID) as the target. Debugger programs cannot debug themselves.  |
| 016D  | JRPtDbdParentTerm<br><br>The ptrace debugged parent (debugger) ended.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to start a debugging session using ptrace in a process to be debugged. There are two distinct cases:<br><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A PT_TRACE_ME ptrace request was issued in the child process of a debugger program.</li><li>2. A process being debugged created a child using fork, and the child process tried to start a debugging session because ptrace multiprocess debugging is activated.</li></ol><br>In either case, the parent of the process trying to start the debugging session has ended. This means either the debugger program has ended, or the parent of the newly forked child process has ended. Restart the debugger program and reestablish the debugging session. |
| 016E  | JRPtDbdPidNotFound<br><br>The ptrace target debugged process ID (PID) is incorrect.<br><br>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but the target process ID (PID) is not valid. If the ptrace request was to start a debugging session, ensure that the target PID is valid. If the debugging session was already established, the target process may have ended unexpectedly. Reestablish a debugging session with the target process.  |
| 016F  | JRPtDbrPidNotFound<br><br>The ptrace debugger ended.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to use ptrace to start a debugging session, but the debugger program has ended and its process ID (PID) is no longer valid. Restart the debugger program and reestablish the debugging session.   |
| 0170  | JRPtDbrZombie<br><br>Ptrace debugger is ending.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to use ptrace to start a debugging session, but the debugger program is ending. Restart the debugger program and reestablish the debugging session.  |
| 0171  | JRPtInvCallingMode<br><br>The ptrace caller mode is incorrect.<br><br>Action: A ptrace request has been issued by a caller running with a PSW key other than 8, but ptrace supports only key 8 callers.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0172  | <p>JRPtInvDbdAddress</p> <p>An incorrect address was supplied for the debugged process.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has tried to read or write storage in a debugged process, but the supplied storage address is not valid. Ensure that a valid storage address or address range is supplied on the ptrace request.</p>   |
| 0173  | <p>JRPtInvDbrAddress</p> <p>An incorrect address was supplied for the debugger process.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has supplied a buffer in which debugged process information should be read into, or which is the source for information to be written to the debugged process. The buffer address is not valid. Ensure that a valid buffer address or address range is supplied on the ptrace request.</p> |
| 0174  | <p>JRPtInvFPRNumber</p> <p>The ptrace call has an incorrect floating point register number.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has tried to read or write a floating point register, but supplied an invalid floating point register number. Ensure that a valid floating point register number is supplied on the ptrace request. The register numbers are defined in the BPXYPTRC macro.</p>                        |
| 0175  | <p>JRPtInvGPRNumber</p> <p>The ptrace call has an incorrect general register number.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to read or write a general or machine control register, but supplied an incorrect register number. Ensure that a valid register number is supplied on the ptrace request. The register numbers are defined in the BPXYPTRC macro.</p>   |
| 0176  | <p>JRPtInvLength</p> <p>The ptrace length is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program supplied a buffer in which debugged process information should be read into, or which is the source for information to be written to the debugged process. The length associated with the buffer is too large. The maximum allowable length is defined in the BPXYPTRC macro.</p>  |
| 0177  | <p>JRPtInvNumberThreads</p> <p>The ptrace target process has no threads.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to start a debugging session with a process that contains no threads. Only debugged processes can be debugged.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0178  | <p>JRPtInvPtraceState</p> <p>The ptrace mode of target process is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An attempt was made to use ptrace to start a debugging session with a target process. The ptrace mode (active or inactive) of the target process is inconsistent with the type of ptrace initiation request. The following are possible causes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A PT_TRACE_ME or PT_ATTACH ptrace request was issued to start a new debugging session, but the target process is already being debugged.</li><li>2. A PT_REATTACH ptrace request was issued to restart an existing debugging session, or a process being debugged while in multiprocess debugging mode has created a new child with fork, and the child attempted to start a debugging session, but the target process or new child was not already in ptrace mode.</li><li>3. During initiation of a debugging session, resources that would indicate the process is already being debugged were detected. This could indicate incomplete cleanup of a previous debugging session.</li></ol> <p>If you were trying to attach or reattach to a process for debugging purposes, verify that you specified the correct process ID (PID). Otherwise, contact the system programmer to determine the problem with the target process.</p> |
| 0179  | <p>JRPtInvRequest</p> <p>The ptrace request was not valid.</p> <p>Action: A ptrace request was issued with a request type that is not valid. Reissue the ptrace request with a valid request type.</p>   |
| 017A  | <p>JRPtInvSignalNumber</p> <p>The ptrace service does not have a valid signal number.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to continue or detach from a debugged process but has supplied an incorrect signal number. Ensure that a valid signal number is supplied on the ptrace request. The signal numbers are defined in the BPXYSIGH macro.</p>  |
| 017B  | <p>JRPtInvUareaOffset</p> <p>The ptrace service does not have a valid offset into the user area.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to read the user area of a debugged process, but has supplied an incorrect user area offset. Ensure that a valid user area offset is supplied on the ptrace request. The user area offsets are defined in the BPXYPTRC macro.</p>   |
| 017C  | <p>JRPtOldDbrPidNotFound</p> <p>The ptrace original debugger ended.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has tried to reattach to a debugged process to reestablish a debugging session. The previous (original) debugger program associated with the debugged process has ended. This could indicate that the new debugger program was attempting to reattach at the same time the original debugger program was ending. Restart the debugger programs to reestablish the desired debugging sessions.</p>  |
| 017D  | <p>JRPtStateError</p> <p>The ptrace service has detected an internal state error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 017E  | <p>JRPtProcessNotPtraced</p> <p>The ptrace target process is not in ptrace mode.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but the target process is not being debugged. Reissue the ptrace request with the correct process ID (PID).</p>  |
| 017F  | <p>JRPtProcessNotStopped</p> <p>The ptrace target process was not stopped for ptrace.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but the target process is not currently in a stopped state. The ptrace service request can be issued only when the target process is in a stopped state.</p>  |
| 0180  | <p>JRPtProcessTerm</p> <p>The ptrace target process ended.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but the target process has ended unexpectedly. Restart the debugger program and reestablish the debugging session.</p>   |
| 0181  | <p>JRPtRecoveryEntered</p> <p>Ptrace error recovery was entered.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0182  | <p>JRPtRestrictedProcess</p> <p>The ptrace target process is restricted from debugging.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to initiate a debugging session with a process that is restricted from being debugged. The following types of processes are restricted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MVS system address spaces</li> <li>• The initial process, with a process ID (PID) of 1</li> </ul> |
| 0183  | <p>JRPtSigInterrupt</p> <p>The ptrace request was interrupted by a signal for the debugger.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but a signal that either is being caught by or would end the debugger program has interrupted the ptrace request.</p>   |
| 0184  | <p>JRTIMUnexpectedErr</p> <p>An error occurred in the times call.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0185  | <p>JRExecUnexpectedErr</p> <p>An error occurred in exec and execmvs services.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0186  | <p>JRExecParmErr</p> <p>An error occurred when copying parameters passed to the exec service.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred while copying parameters specified by the caller of the exec service. The probable causes are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• An incorrect address in the argument or environment length lists</li><li>• An incorrect address in the argument or environment data lists</li><li>• An incorrect argument or environment data length</li></ul> <p>Correct any error conditions in the parameter data specified by the caller, and resubmit the job.</p> |
| 0187  | <p>JRChowntoPipe</p> <p>The fchown service was issued against a pipe.</p> <p>Action: This request cannot be performed against a pipe. Select a file descriptor that refers to a nonpipe file and reissue the request.</p>   |
| 0188  | <p>JRChaudtoPipe</p> <p>The fchaudit service was issued against a pipe.</p> <p>Action: This request cannot be performed against a pipe. Select a file descriptor that refers to a nonpipe file and reissue the request.</p>   |
| 0189  | <p>JRExecKernErr</p> <p>An error occurred in the exec call.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 018A  | <p>JRBadRBState</p> <p>The caller's request block state was incorrect.</p> <p>Action: A function was requested that requires the user to be running under the same request block that its thread was created under or from which it issued the signal setup service (BPX1MSS). The condition is probably the result of issuing a request block-sensitive service after a link was done.</p>   |
| 018B  | <p>JRSignalError</p> <p>A signal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 018C  | <p>JRInvalidSigProc</p> <p>The mask address was incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The address of the signal mask passed to this function was not valid. Retry the function with a valid address pointing to the signal mask.</p>  |
| 018D  | <p>JRBadAlet</p> <p>An incorrect ALET was given as input.</p> <p>Action: Do not specify an ALET of 1. Do not specify an ALET of 0 unless the secondary and home address spaces are the same.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 018E  | <p>JRRMGUnexpectedErr</p> <p>An error occurred in the resource call.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 018F  | <p>JRQuiescing</p> <p>The call did not complete. The file system is not in an active state. This may be a temporary condition. One of the following conditions apply: (1) The file system is in the process of being unmounted or is unmounted. (2) An attempt to unmount the file system occurred, but failed. The file system is in the IMMEDIATE UNMOUNT ATTEMPTED state. (3) The file system is in the process of remounting. (4) The file system ownership is in the process of moving to another system. (5) The file system is NOT ACTIVE or UNOWNED.</p> <p>Action: Use the D OMVS,FILE,NAME= system command to determine the status of the file system. Perform the following actions, depending on the file system state:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the file system is ACTIVE then retry the operation. If the problem persists then the application should be recycled or otherwise close() and open() the file.</li> <li>• If the file system state is IMMEDIATE UNMOUNT ATTEMPTED then the file system must be unmounted using the FORCE option.</li> <li>• If the file system state is UNOWNED then follow local procedures to recover the file system. If the file system is mounted with the NOAUTOMOVE option then the file system will be recovered once the original owner system reinitializes.</li> <li>• If the file system state is NOT ACTIVE then unmount the file system with the FORCE option. If this is not successful and this is a shared file system configuration then use the F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=UNMOUNT command to unmount the file system.</li> </ul> |
| 0190  | <p>JRPtyInvalidAction</p> <p>The action code is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An incorrect action code was specified. Correct the program and rerun.</p>  |
| 0191  | <p>JRPtyInvalidCcflag</p> <p>The c_cflag bits are incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An undefined bit was set in the c_cflag field of the termios. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr request, and only defined bits in the c_cflag field should be altered. Correct the program and rerun.</p>   |
| 0192  | <p>JRPtyInvalidCiflag</p> <p>The c_lflag bits are incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An undefined bit was set in the c_lflag field of the termios. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr request, and only defined bits in the c_lflag field should be altered. Correct the program and rerun.</p>   |
| 0193  | <p>JRPtyInvalidCiflag</p> <p>The c_iflag bits are incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An undefined bit was set in the c_iflag field of the termios. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr request, and only defined bits in the c_iflag field should be altered. Correct the program and rerun.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0194  | JRPtyInvalidCoflag<br><br>The c_oflag bits are incorrect.<br><br>Action: An undefined bit was set in the c_oflag field of the termios. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr request, and only defined bits in the c_oflag field should be altered. Correct the program and rerun.       |
| 0195  | JRPtyInvalidOutBaud<br><br>The output baud rate is incorrect.<br><br>Action: An incorrect output baud rate was set. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr request, and the output baud rate should only be set using the cfsetospeed function. Correct the program and rerun.            |
| 0196  | JRPtyInvalidInBaud<br><br>The input baud rate is incorrect.<br><br>Action: An incorrect input baud rate was set. The termios structure used in a tcsetattr service request should be derived from an earlier tcgetattr service request, and the input baud rate should be set using only the cfsetispeed service. Correct the program and rerun. |
| 0197  | JRPtyBgCall<br><br>This is a background process.<br><br>Action: The service requested is not allowed from the background. Rerun the program in the foreground.   |
| 0198  | JRInvIoctlCmd<br><br>The input command value is incorrect.<br><br>Action: The command is not supported. Correct the program and rerun.   |
| 0199  | JRPtyNoCntlTerm<br><br>The caller has no controlling terminal.<br><br>Action: The caller has no controlling terminal. Correct the program or rerun it in an environment where the terminal is the controlling terminal.  |
| 019A  | JRPtyDiffSession<br><br>This is not the caller's controlling terminal.<br><br>Action: The specified file descriptor is not for the caller's controlling terminal. Correct the program or rerun it in an environment where the file is for the controlling terminal.  |
| 019B  | JRecoveryInvoked<br><br>Recovery code was invoked.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 019C  | JRPtKillFailed<br><br>The ptrace kill signal failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 019E  | JRPtPtrbNotAvail<br><br>The ptrace service cannot complete the request due to synchronization error.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 019F  | JRPtBadEnvironment<br><br>The ptrace request handler environment is not valid.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 01A0  | JRPtEdIsAuthorized<br><br>The ptrace debugged process is running in supervisor state.<br><br>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request, but the target process is currently running in supervisor PSW state. Do not issue ptrace requests while a debugged process is running in supervisor state.  |
| 01A1  | JRPtCsvinfoFailed<br><br>Ptrace received an error from CSVINFO.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01A2  | JRPtLDBufferTooSmall<br><br>The ptrace loader information request buffer is too small.<br><br>Action: A debugger program tried to read loader information from a debugged process into a supplied buffer, but the buffer was too small to hold all the loader information. Reissue the ptrace request with a larger buffer. The maximum length of the buffer is defined in the BPXYPTRC macro. |
| 01A4  | JRPtDbrParentEqualsDbd<br><br>The ptrace debugger parent PID is the same as debugged PID.<br><br>Action: A debugger program tried to start a debugging session with its parent process as the target. Debugger programs cannot debug their parent.   |
| 01A5  | JRPtyNotPGLeader<br><br>The process is not a process group leader.<br><br>Action: The process group ID specified does not represent a process group leader. Correct the program or rerun it in an environment where the process is a process group leader.   |
| 01A6  | JRPtyNotSlave<br><br>Unsupported function against master TTY.<br><br>Action: The requested function is not allowed against a master pseudo-TTY. Correct the program and rerun.   |
| 01A7  | JRPtyBadQueSel<br><br>The queue selector is not valid.<br><br>Action: The queue selector is not valid. Correct the program and rerun.  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 01A8  | JRPtyNoSessLeader<br><br>The system is unable to locate the session leader.<br><br>Action: In order to perform the requested function, the session leader needed to be located, but the system could not find the session leader. If this problem recurs, contact your system programmer.  |
| 01A9  | JRNoCTTY<br><br>There is no controlling terminal for this process.<br><br>Action: The open request cannot be processed.  |
| 01AA  | JRPtyHupclClose<br><br>The slave pseudo-TTY file was previously closed with the termios HUPCL flag set.<br><br>Action: The slave pseudo-TTY file for this device minor number had been previously opened and closed. During the final close of the slave pseudo-TTY file, the termios HUPCL flag was on. This causes any subsequent slave pseudo-TTY file open for this device minor number to be rejected until the pseudo-TTY connection is completely ended (that is, the master pseudo-TTY file is also closed). If you want to open the slave pseudo-TTY file at this point, the application should clear the HUPCL flag using the tcsetattr service before the last slave pseudo-TTY file close. |
| 01AB  | JRFsInUse<br><br>The requested file system is still in use.<br><br>Action: A normal unmount was requested for the file system. There is at least one process still using the file system, so the request to unmount cannot be honored.   |
| 01AC  | JRPtyInvalidPgid<br><br>The requested process group ID is not valid.<br><br>Action: The process group ID specified is not a valid OpenMVS process group ID. Correct the program and rerun.   |
| 01AD  | JRPtyNotInSession<br><br>The process group ID (PGID) does not exist in the caller's session.<br><br>Action: The caller's session does not have a process group with the specified process group ID. The process group may have completed without the caller's knowledge. Correct the program and rerun.  |
| 01AE  | JRBrImNotActive<br><br>The byte-range lock manager is not active.<br><br>Action: The byte-range lock manager is trying to recycle. Reissue the request after the recycle has completed.  |
| 01AF  | JRBrImFileLockRecycling<br><br>File lock is being recycled. Do not use until the file is closed by all users.<br><br>Action: The requested file can no longer be used for byte-range locking. The file cannot be locked until it has been recycled. To recycle the file, close all file descriptors open for this file. After all users have closed this file, it will be recycled. It may be some time before all open file descriptors for this file have been closed.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 01B0  | <p>JRBrImBadFileType</p> <p>Byte-range locking can be performed only on regular files.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify the file descriptor for a regular file.</p>  |
| 01B1  | <p>JRBrImNoReadAccess</p> <p>Shared byte-range locks are only for files open for read.</p> <p>Action: To set a read lock on a file, it must be opened with read access. Reissue the request and specify a file descriptor that has read access to the file.</p>  |
| 01B2  | <p>JRBrImNoWriteAccess</p> <p>Exclusive byte-range locks are only for files open for write.</p> <p>Action: To set a write lock on a file, it must be opened with write access. Reissue the request and specify a file descriptor that has write access to the file.</p>  |
| 01B3  | <p>JRBrImBadL_Type</p> <p>A byte-range lock request specified an <code>l_type</code> that is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The value specified for <code>l_type</code> must be one of the following, found in BPXYBRLK:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• F_RDLCK to set a read lock</li> <li>• F_WRLCK to set a write lock</li> <li>• F_UNLCK to unlock a range</li> </ul>                     |
| 01B4  | <p>JRBrImInvalidRange</p> <p>A byte-range lock extends to before the start of the file.</p> <p>Action: The range specified by the <code>l_start</code>, <code>l_whence</code>, and <code>l_len</code> must not extend beyond the beginning of the file. Reissue the request and specify a valid range.</p>   |
| 01B5  | <p>JRBrImBadL_Whence</p> <p>A byte-range lock request specified an <code>l_whence</code> that is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The value specified for <code>l_whence</code> must be one of the following, found in BPXYSEEK:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SEEK_SET</li> <li>• SEEK_CUR</li> <li>• SEEK_END</li> </ul> <p>For <code>v_lockctl</code> requests, only SEEK_SET is valid.</p> |
| 01B6  | <p>JRSecurityInternalError</p> <p>Internal error in security product.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 01B7  | <p>JRBrImRangeNotAvailable</p> <p>All or part of requested range is held by another user.</p> <p>Action: Issue a set lock with wait request to obtain the requested lock when all current users and waiters have freed it.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 01B8  | JRBrImDeadLockDetected<br><br>Waiting on the specified range causes a deadlock.<br><br>Action: To avoid deadlock, release the locks being held before requesting a new range. All users should obtain locks in the same order to maintain a lock hierarchy and to avoid deadlocks.   |
| 01B9  | JRBrImSignalPosted<br><br>While the process was waiting for a byte-range lock, a signal was posted.<br><br>Action: Try obtaining the lock again. To prevent signals from interrupting the process, you can set up a signal handler.  |
| 01BB  | JRPtSigactionFailed<br><br>Ptrace sigaction failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01BC  | JRPtSigprocmaskFailed<br><br>Ptrace sigprocmask failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01BD  | JRBrImBadL_Len<br><br>A byte-range lock request specified an incorrect l_len.<br><br>Action: The l_len value cannot be less than zero. Reissue the request and specify an l_len that is greater than or equal to zero.   |
| 01BF  | JRReadUserStorageFailed<br><br>A read error occurred on the user data area passed to the service.<br><br>Action: The user data area passed was not addressable. Verify that the address passed was valid and reissue the request.  |
| 01C0  | JRWriteUserStorageFailed<br><br>A write error occurred on the user data area passed to the service.<br><br>Action: The user data area passed was not addressable. Verify that the address passed was valid and reissue the request.  |
| 01C2  | JRBrImAlreadyWaiting<br><br>Request includes a range already being waited on.<br><br>Action: The process is already waiting for a byte-range lock that intersects with the requested range. Wait until the first request is honored before issuing another.  |
| 01C3  | JRBrImPromotePending<br><br>Another user is waiting to promote the requested range.<br><br>Action: Another user has already requested promotion of the requested range. That promotion will not be granted until all other users unlock their shared locks on that range. Unlock the range in conflict and issue a set-lock-wait request for the exclusive lock desired. |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 01C4  | <p>JRPtyNoPtyrStorage</p> <p>There is not enough storage in the kernel address space.</p> <p>Action: This should be a transient condition. Reissue the service. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer or system administrator to diagnose the storage usage in the kernel address space.</p> |
| 01C5  | <p>JRBrImProcessBroken</p> <p>This process has been marked broken for byte locking.</p> <p>Action: The process cannot issue byte-range locking requests any more.</p>   |
| 01C6  | <p>JRPtyConnectionInop</p> <p>The pseudo-TTY connection is inoperative.</p> <p>Action: An internal error occurred, causing this pseudo-TTY connection to be marked as inoperative. To clear this error condition, all file descriptors associated with this device minor number must be closed.</p>           |
| 01C8  | <p>JRDtuErr</p> <p>An error occurred during process signal initialization.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 01C9  | <p>JRBrImUnlockWhileWait</p> <p>The unlock service is not valid while the process is waiting for an intersecting lock.</p> <p>Action: The process is presently waiting for a lock. No unlock requests will be accepted for a range that intersects with the range being waited for.</p>                       |
| 01CA  | <p>JRBrImObjAndProcBroken</p> <p>The object and process are marked broken for byte locking.</p> <p>Action: The process can no longer issue byte-range locking requests.</p>   |
| 01CB  | <p>JROutOfCells</p> <p>Out of nonexpandable cell pool cells.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 01CC  | <p>JRBadTree</p> <p>The session or group tree is broken.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 01CD  | <p>JRFd2TooSmall</p> <p>The second file descriptor cannot be smaller than the first.</p> <p>Action: The specified request requires that the second file descriptor be greater than or equal to the first file descriptor.</p>   |
| 01CE  | <p>JRPtCreateError</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred in the BPX1PTC service.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 01CF  | JRNotAuthorized<br><br>Unauthorized caller of BPX1PTC in an authorized environment.<br><br>Action: The invoker of BPX1PTC is a problem state, key 8, non-job step authorized caller. The current environment requires the caller to be either supervisor state, key 0&ndash;7, or job-step authorized. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the correct authorization.                   |
| 01D0  | JRPtExitError<br><br>An unexpected error occurred in the BPXPTEXT service.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01D1  | JRPtCancelError<br><br>An unexpected error occurred in the BPX1PTB service.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 01D2  | JRPtDetachError<br><br>An unexpected error occurred in the BPX1PTD service.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 01D3  | JRPtatEye<br><br>The pthread attribute area contains an incorrect eyecatcher.<br><br>Action: The eyecatcher value must be BPXYPTAT. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected eyecatcher value.   |
| 01D4  | JRPtatAddrError<br><br>The pthread attribute area address is incorrect.<br><br>Action: Reissue the call to the BPX1PTC service with a pthread attribute area address that is accessible to the caller of BPX1PTC.   |
| 01D5  | JRPTCNotSupp<br><br>BPX1PTC is not supported from the calling task.<br><br>Action: The BPX1PTC callable service can be issued only from the task that first invoked BPX1PTC within the process or from any of its daughter tasks. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service from a task that can support the invocation.   |
| 01D6  | JRAIAllFilesNotClosed<br><br>All requested files were not closed.<br><br>Action: Some of the file descriptors within the specified range remain open. Use closedir to close any directory file descriptors. Any other file descriptors that remain open may have been opened while the process was executing in an authorized state, and the process may no longer be authorized to use them. |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 01D7  | <p>JRExitRtnError</p> <p>An error occurred in the user exit called by the exec.</p> <p>Action: An error occurred after the BPX1EXC or BPX1EXM callable service passed control to the exit routine location specified by the caller. There are two probable causes for this error:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The location specified for the user exit routine was incorrect</li> <li>• A program check occurred while the user exit routine was in control</li> </ul> <p>Verify the location of the user exit routine and that the routine does not cause a program check to occur.</p> |
| 01D8  | <p>JRThreadTerm</p> <p>The service was rejected because the requesting thread is terminating.</p> <p>Action: The BPX1PTX callable service should be issued to complete the termination of the thread and to obtain a new thread to process. Other OpenMVS callable services are not supported while a thread is in this state.</p>  |
| 01DA  | <p>JRLightWeightThid</p> <p>The thread specified is a lightweight thread.</p> <p>Action: The thread specified by the caller is for a lightweight thread. Lightweight threads are not managed by OpenMVS.</p>  |
| 01DB  | <p>JRAlreadyDetached</p> <p>The thread specified is already detached.</p> <p>Action: The thread specified by the caller is already detached. The requested service cannot be performed on a detached thread.</p>  |
| 01DC  | <p>JRThreadNotFound</p> <p>The thread specified was not found.</p> <p>Action: The thread specified by the caller is not a thread in the current process.</p>  |
| 01DE  | <p>JRHeavyWeight</p> <p>The new thread was not started and the existing thread is a heavyweight thread.</p> <p>Action: The existing task is a heavyweight thread and cannot be reused via the PTGetNewThread option.</p>  |
| 01DF  | <p>JRGetFirst</p> <p>The first call did not specify PTGetNewThread.</p> <p>Action: The first call to this service from a newly created thread must specify the PTGetNewThread option.</p>   |
| 01E0  | <p>JRAlreadyJoined</p> <p>The thread specified was already joined by another thread.</p> <p>Action: The thread specified by the caller of the pthread_join service is currently joined by another thread. The target thread of a pthread_join can be joined by only one thread at a time.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 01E1  | JRPTJoinError<br><br>An error occurred in the BPX1PTJ service.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01E2  | JRJoinExitStatPtr<br><br>The address of the exit status parameter is not correct.<br><br>Action: An error occurred while the thread exit status was being copied to the location specified by the caller of the pthread_join service. Check the exit status location specified by the caller of the pthread_join service for an incorrect location. |
| 01E3  | JRJoinToSelf<br><br>The thread attempted to join to itself.<br><br>Action: The thread specified by the caller and the thread calling the pthread_join service are the same. A thread is not allowed to join to itself.  |
| 01E4  | JRJoinLoop<br><br>The connection would result in thread waiting for itself.<br><br>Action: The thread specified by the caller of the pthread_join service would create a loop of joined threads. A thread is not allowed to join any thread or chain of joined threads that would result in a loop back to itself.                                  |
| 01E5  | JRJoinIPTEXited<br><br>The thread attempted to connect to IPT after IPT had already exited.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 01E6  | JRJoinAsyncNoFreeTasks<br><br>The connection ended with an asynchronous thread and no tasks available.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 01E7  | JRAlreadyPtexited<br><br>The calling thread has already been exited through a call to the BPX1PTX service.<br><br>Action: The calling thread is now in a terminated state; the calling program should return to the operating system to allow the task to be terminated.  |
| 01E8  | JRAlreadyTerminated<br><br>The thread specified has already ended.<br><br>Action: The thread specified by the caller of the pthread_cancel service has already been canceled or exited and is in the process of being ended.  |
| 01E9  | JRCallRtmErr<br><br>The CALLRTM macro returned a return code with an error.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 01EA  | JRBrokenBrImRecycling<br><br>The byte-range-lock manager is broken and is currently recycling.<br><br>Action: The byte-range-lock manager is trying to recycle. Reissue the request when the recycle has completed.   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 01EB  | <p>JRPtatSysOff</p> <p>The system offset value in the pthread attribute area is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The system offset value must be set to the value provided with the BPXYPTAT mapping, PTATSYSOFFVAL. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected system offset value.</p>   |
| 01EC  | <p>JRPtatSysLen</p> <p>The system length value in the pthread attribute area is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The system length value must be set to the value provided with the BPXYPTAT mapping, PTATSYSLLENVAL. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected system length value.</p>  |
| 01ED  | <p>JRPtatLen</p> <p>The total length value in the pthread attribute area is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The total length value must be set to the sum of PTAT#LENGTH and PTATUSERLENGTH. Use the BPXYPTAT mapping to correct this error. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected total length value.</p>   |
| 01EE  | <p>JRRMGWrongDataLen</p> <p>Resource data area length is not correct for this release.</p> <p>Action: The Data_Area_Length field passed to the resource callable service does not match the length of the storage area to be returned. To avoid misinterpretation of returned data, the service fails. The Data_Area_Length field could be incorrect because of a coding error. Or, the length value required may have changed when your installation migrated to a new release. Correct the value and recompile your program.</p>   |
| 01EF  | <p>JRInvOption</p> <p>Incorrect option specified on call to BPX1PTX.</p> <p>Action: The option specified is either not a supported option or is a supported option that was specified in an unsupported environment. Examples of the latter error are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The PTGETNEWTHREAD option is specified from a thread that was not created through the BPX1PTC callable service. The PTEXITTHREAD option is supported only from this type of thread.</li> <li>• The PTEXITTHREAD option is specified on the first invocation of BPX1PTX from the thread initialization routine. The first invocation of BPX1PTX must specify the PTGETNEWTHREAD option to obtain the first thread to process.</li> </ul> <p>Reissue the BPX1PTX callable service with the corrected option value.</p> |
| 01F0  | <p>JRInitRtn</p> <p>The initialization routine is not valid for the current environment.</p> <p>Action: The initialization routine address specified on the BPX1PTC invocation does not match the initialization routine address supported in the current environment. The initial call to BPX1PTC within the current process image specified a different address. Only one initialization routine is supported for a given process image. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the initialization routine address that is supported in the current process image.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 01F1  | JRPtatWeight<br><br>The pthread attribute area contains an incorrect weight value.<br><br>Action: The pthread weight attribute value must be set to PTATHEAVY or PTATMEDIUM. Use the BPXYPTAT mapping for the definition of this value. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected pthread weight attribute value.                                 |
| 01F2  | JRPtatSyncType<br><br>The pthread attribute area contains an incorrect Sync Type value.<br><br>Action: The pthread sync type attribute value must be set to PTATSYNCHRONOUS. Use the BPXYPTAT mapping for the definition of this value. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected pthread sync type attribute value.                              |
| 01F3  | JRPtatDetachState<br><br>The pthread attribute area contains an incorrect detach state value.<br><br>Action: The pthread detach state attribute value must be set to PTATUNDETACHED or PTATDETACHED. Use the BPXYPTAT mapping for the definition of these values. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the corrected pthread detach state attribute value. |
| 01F4  | JRNoSuchPid<br><br>The process ID is incorrect.<br><br>Action: Choose a process ID that is valid.   |
| 01F5  | JRPidEQSessLeader<br><br>The process ID is a session leader.<br><br>Action: Choose a process ID that is not a session group leader.   |
| 01F6  | JRTooMany<br><br>The event list specified contained more than one event.<br><br>Action: The event list specified for the BPX1CPO callable service contained more than one event. Reissue the BPX1CPO callable service with an event list that contains only one event.  |
| 01F7  | JRPidDifferentSession<br><br>The process ID is in a session different from the caller.<br><br>Action: Choose a process ID that is in the same session as the caller.  |
| 01F8  | JRExecAfterFork<br><br>The process ID was called by the exec service after the fork service.<br><br>Action: Choose a process ID that does not belong to a process that has been started with exec after a fork.   |
| 01F9  | JRTimeOutNotAuth<br><br>The caller to BPX1CPO service specified the CW_TIMEOUT event but is not authorized.<br><br>Action: The caller of the BPX1CPO service specified the CW_TIMEOUT event but is not authorized. To specify the CW_TIMEOUT event, the caller must be authorized. Reissue the BPX1CPO service call with another valid event.                   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 01FA  | <p>JRNotDescendant</p> <p>The process ID is not an immediate descendant of the caller.</p> <p>Action: Choose a process ID that is an immediate descendant of the caller (that is, a child, but not the child of a child).</p>  |
| 01FB  | <p>JRPgidDifferentSession</p> <p>Process group ID is in a session different from the caller.</p> <p>Action: Choose a process ID that is in the same session as the caller.</p>   |
| 01FC  | <p>JRCallerIsPgLeader</p> <p>The caller is already a process group leader.</p> <p>Action: Choose a process ID that is not already a process group leader.</p>  |
| 01FD  | <p>JRNullMask</p> <p>The caller specified a null signal mask.</p> <p>Action: At least one valid signal must be specified in the signal mask.</p>   |
| 01FE  | <p>JRRdlBuffLenInvalid</p> <p>The length of the buffer is less than zero.</p> <p>Action: The readlink service requires that the specified buffer length be greater than or equal to zero.</p>  |
| 0200  | <p>JRPswKeyNotValid</p> <p>The PSW key of the caller is not a valid key.</p> <p>Action: A service was requested that requires the invoker to be in the same key that the process was dubbed under.</p>   |
| 0201  | <p>JRAreadySigSetUp</p> <p>BPX1MSS found the process already set up for signals.</p> <p>Action: Only one task can be set up for signals at any one time. Issue the signal unset (BPX1MSD) service on the task that did the last setup and then reissue this service.</p> |
| 0202  | <p>JRNotSigSetUp</p> <p>The service found the current task was not set up for signals.</p> <p>Action: Issue the signal setup service BPX1MSS and then reissue this service.</p>  |
| 0203  | <p>JREndingSlashSymlink</p> <p>The pathname ended with slash on the symlink service.</p> <p>Action: The linkname specified on a symlink request contained a trailing slash. Reissue the request and omit the trailing slash.</p>   |
| 0204  | <p>JRUndefEvents</p> <p>The specified event list contains undefined events.</p> <p>Action: Only specify events defined in BPXYCW for the BPX1CSE, BPX1CWA, or BPX1CTW callable services. For the BPX1CPO service, the only event allowed is CW_CONDVAR.</p>              |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0205  | <p>JRNoEvents</p> <p>The specified event list is zero.</p> <p>Action: Specify one or more events defined in BPXYCW for the BPX1CSE, BPX1CWA, or BPX1CTW callable services. For the BPX1CPO service, specify the CW_CONDVVAR event.</p>                         |
| 0206  | <p>JRIPTCannotLeave</p> <p>The caller has daughter tasks. Termination is denied.</p> <p>Action: Terminate with BPX1EXI. Calls to BPX1MPC will be denied.</p>   |
| 0207  | <p>JRNotSetup</p> <p>The thread is not set up for cond_wait or cond_timed_wait.</p> <p>Action: Specify one or more events defined in BPXYCW for the BPX1CWA or BPX1CTW callable services, or use the BPX1CSE callable service prior to BPX1CWA or BPX1CTW.</p> |
| 0208  | <p>JRAlreadySetup</p> <p>The thread is already set up for cond_setup, cond_wait, or cond_timed_wait.</p> <p>Action: Use the BPX1CCA callable service to cancel a condition wait before setting up for a new condition wait.</p>                                |
| 0209  | <p>JROutOfRange</p> <p>The value specified for a parameter is outside the allowable range.</p> <p>Action: Compare the argument values you specified to the documented limits to find which ones are unacceptable.</p>  |
| 0210  | <p>JRNanoSecondsTooBig</p> <p>The value specified for nanoseconds is outside the allowable range.</p> <p>Action: Change the value specified for nanoseconds to be less than 1&amp;finespace;000 &amp;finespace;000&amp;finespace;000 (1000 million).</p>       |
| 0211  | <p>JRTimeOut</p> <p>The time for the service to wait has expired.</p> <p>Action: While the process was waiting for signals or a condition to occur, the wait time specified expired.</p>   |
| 0212  | <p>JRDup2Error</p> <p>A problem occurred with the requested file descriptor.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again.</p>   |
| 0213  | <p>JRAccept</p> <p>Vnode operation accept is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |
| 0214  | <p>JRBind</p> <p>Vnode operation bind is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0215  | <p>JRConnect</p> <p>Vnode operation connect is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>       |
| 0216  | <p>JRGetHost</p> <p>Vnode operation gethost is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>       |
| 0217  | <p>JRGetName</p> <p>Vnode operation getname is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>       |
| 0218  | <p>JRSockOpt</p> <p>Vnode operation sockopt is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>       |
| 0219  | <p>JRListen</p> <p>Vnode operation listen is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>         |
| 021A  | <p>JRReadWriteV</p> <p>Vnode operation readwritev is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p> |
| 021B  | <p>JRSndRcv</p> <p>Vnode operation sndrcv is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>         |
| 021C  | <p>JRSndToRcvFm</p> <p>Vnode operation sndtorcvfm is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p> |
| 021D  | <p>JRSrMsg</p> <p>Vnode operation srmsg is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>           |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 021E  | JRSelect<br><br>Vnode operation select is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.     |
| 021F  | JRSetPeer<br><br>Vnode operation setpeer is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0220  | JRShutdown<br><br>Vnode operation shutdown is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation. |
| 0221  | JRSocket<br><br>VFS operation socket is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.       |
| 0222  | JRNoSocket<br><br>The requested operation cannot be performed on a socket file descriptor.<br><br>Action: Specify a file descriptor that does not refer to a socket                            |
| 0223  | JRMustBeSocket<br><br>The requested operation is only valid on a socket file descriptor.<br><br>Action: Specify a file descriptor that refers to a socket.                                     |
| 0224  | JRTargetEnding<br><br>The target process is ending.<br><br>Action: setpgid is not permitted because the target process is a zombie (terminating).  |
| 0225  | JRQuiesceTypeInvalid<br><br>The quiescetype specified by the caller is invalid.<br><br>Action: Reissue the quiesce_threads service with the corrected quiescetype.                             |
| 0226  | JRQuiesceInProgress<br><br>Another thread in the process has already requested quiescing of all threads.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.                                   |
| 0227  | JRLastThread<br><br>The last pthread is exiting when the PTFAILIFLASTTHREAD option is specified.<br><br>Action: Reissue the BPX1PTX call without this option to cause the thread to be exited. |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0228  | <p>JRDomainNotSupported</p> <p>The requested domain is not supported.</p> <p>Action: The domain specified does not exist. Specify an existing domain.</p>   |
| 0229  | <p>JRNetwork</p> <p>Vfs operation network is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p> |
| 022A  | <p>JROutofVdeCells</p> <p>All Vde cells have been allocated.</p> <p>Action: Try again after releasing any unused vnode tokens.</p>  |
| 022B  | <p>JRTokenMax</p> <p>The maximum number of Vnode tokens have been allocated for this process.</p> <p>Action: Specify a larger maximum number of vnode tokens on the next server registration.</p> |
| 022C  | <p>JRVTokenFreed</p> <p>The Vnode token has already been released.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the correct Vnode token is supplied.</p>  |
| 022D  | <p>JRWrongPID</p> <p>The process does not own this Vde.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the correct Vnode token is supplied.</p>   |
| 022E  | <p>JRStaleVnodeTok</p> <p>The Vnode token is stale.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the correct Vnode token is supplied.</p>   |
| 022F  | <p>JRInvalidVnodeTok</p> <p>The Vnode token does not point to a Vde.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the correct Vnode token is supplied.</p>  |
| 0230  | <p>JRNotRegisteredServer</p> <p>The process is not a registered server.</p> <p>Action: Issue a v_reg request to register as a server and issue the request again.</p>                             |
| 0231  | <p>JRInvalidRegType</p> <p>The server type supplied in NRegSType is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the value provided in NRegSType is correct.</p>   |
| 0232  | <p>JRNameTooLong</p> <p>The name supplied is longer than the allowed maximum.</p> <p>Action: Correct the length value supplied and reissue the request.</p>                                       |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0233  | <p>JRAlreadyRegistered</p> <p>The process is already registered as a server.</p> <p>Action: There is no need to issue the v_reg service. The Vnode interface services are already available to this process.</p>  |
| 0234  | <p>JRInvalidNReg</p> <p>An incorrect NReg parameter list was passed.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the values provided in NRegID and NRegLen are correct.</p>  |
| 0235  | <p>JRNoLeadingSlash</p> <p>The pathname does not begin with /.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the pathname parameter supplied on the request is an absolute pathname.</p>   |
| 0236  | <p>JRStaleVfsTok</p> <p>The VFS token is stale.</p> <p>Action: Obtain a new VFS token via v_rpn.</p>  |
| 0237  | <p>JRSmallAttr</p> <p>The Attr length parameter was too small.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the Attr parameter points to a structure of length Attr#Len and the AttrLen parameter supplies this length.</p>   |
| 0238  | <p>JRSmallMnte</p> <p>The Mnte length parameter was too small.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the Mnte parameter points to a structure large enough to contain an MnteH and one Mnte. Also ensure that the MnteLength parameter supplies this length.</p>   |
| 0239  | <p>JRRwNotRegFile</p> <p>The rdwr call is valid only on a regular file.</p> <p>Action: In order to be able to read or write a file, you must specify the Vnode Token for a file, not for a directory or a FIFO.</p>   |
| 0240  | <p>JRDubSetting</p> <p>The dub setting value specified on the BPX1SDD service call is not correct.</p> <p>Action: The dub setting value must be set to DUBTHREAD or DUBPROCESS. Use the BPXYCONS macro for the definition of these values. Reissue the BPX1SDD callable service with the corrected dub setting value.</p> |
| 0241  | <p>JRInvalidAtt</p> <p>The Attribute structure passed to BPX1CHR or BPX1FCR was not valid.</p> <p>Action: The length passed must be equal to the current version, and the ATTID and ATTVERSION must be initialized to the constants defined in BPXYATT.</p>   |
| 0242  | <p>JRInvalidOSS</p> <p>The OSS is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Correct the OSS and call the service again.</p>   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0243  | <p>JRSmallFSAttr</p> <p>The FSAttr length parameter was too small.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the FSAttr parameter points to a structure of length SSTF#Len and the FSAttrLen parameter supplies this length.</p>  |
| 0244  | <p>JRAPFAuthChange</p> <p>A local process exec or a local spawn, running in an authorized state attempted to load and execute an unauthorized program.</p> <p>Action: An Attach_exec or local spawn was attempted which would allow an unauthorized program to be executed from an APF authorized address space. This is not permitted since it would allow an unauthorized program to run in an authorized state.</p> |
| 0245  | <p>JRIDChange</p> <p>A local process exec tried to change the UID / GID.</p> <p>Action: An Attach_exec was attempted which would change the UID / GID authorization of the address space. This is not permitted.</p>   |
| 0246  | <p>JROtherProcesses</p> <p>An exec was attempted that would terminate the other processes in the address space.</p> <p>Action: An exec is not permitted in an address space that contains multiple processes.</p>  |
| 0247  | <p>JRPtRequestDenied</p> <p>The ptrace request is not allowed for the current debugged program environment.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request that is not allowed at the present time, due to the current environment in which the debugged program is running.</p>  |
| 0248  | <p>JRInvalidFUio</p> <p>An incorrect FUio area was passed.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the values provided in FUioID and FUioLen are correct and that valid options are specified.</p>  |
| 0249  | <p>JRTokDir</p> <p>The VNODE token specifies a directory.</p> <p>Action: The service requested is not applicable to a directory; the VNODE token passed was for a directory.</p>   |
| 024A  | <p>JRTokNotDir</p> <p>The VNODE token does not specify a directory.</p> <p>Action: The service requested requires a directory, but the VNODE token passed is not for a directory.</p>  |
| 024B  | <p>JRInvalidAttr</p> <p>The supplied Attribute structure was not valid.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the values provided in AttrID and AttrLen are correct.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 024C  | <p>JRMaxTasks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The number of tasks in the process is greater than the maximum allowable limit.</li><li>• For a pthread_exit_and_get (BPX1PTX) call, the pthread is ended because there are already 10 medium-weight pthreads waiting for work.</li></ul> <p>Action:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Retry after some threads have ended, or change the maximum allowable limit using the BPX1STL service.</li><li>• For a pthread_exit_and_get call, if the pthread must remain active, see <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference</i> for information about managing pthreads.</li></ul> |
| 024D  | <p>JRMaxSockets</p> <p>The number of active sockets is equal to the value specified on the MAXSOCKETS parmlib statement.</p> <p>Action: Retry after some sockets have closed. For AF_INET or AF_INET6 domain sockets, you can change the MAXSOCKETS value dynamically using the SETOMVS RESET= or SET OMVS= system command. For AF_UNIX domain sockets change the MAXSOCKETS value in parmlib and re-ipl.</p>   |
| 024E  | <p>JROutOfLatches</p> <p>All latches in the socket latch set pool are assigned to Snodes.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 024F  | <p>JROutOfSocketCells</p> <p>The system was unable to obtain a cell from the sockets cell pool.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0250  | <p>JRNotDir</p> <p>The name does not specify a directory.</p> <p>Action: The service requested requires a directory, but the name specified is not for a directory.</p>   |
| 0251  | <p>JROutOfSocketsNodeCells</p> <p>The system was unable to obtain a cell from the sockets node cell pool.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0252  | <p>JRExternalLink</p> <p>An external symbolic link was found but is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Do not specify the name of an external symbolic link.</p>   |
| 0253  | <p>JRSocketNotFound</p> <p>The requested socket was not found, or is not active.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0254  | <p>JRSocketNamed</p> <p>A Bind request was received for a socket that was previously named.</p> <p>Action: Do not specify Bind for a named socket.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0255  | <p>JRInvalidCallingState</p> <p>The caller is not supervisor state and key 0.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0256  | <p>JRPidIsCaller</p> <p>Pid specifies the PID for the calling process.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0257  | <p>JRPidNoLatch</p> <p>Unable to obtain latch for PID.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0258  | <p>JROutOfSocketDataCells</p> <p>The system was unable to obtain a cell from the sockets data buffer cell pool.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0259  | <p>JRSocaNwkBitOn</p> <p>Duplicate NETWORK parmlib statements exist.</p> <p>Action: Remove the duplicate NETWORK statements from the parmlib member and re-ipl.</p>  |
| 025A  | <p>JRISGLCRTFailed</p> <p>Latch set service ISGLCRT failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 025B  | <p>JRListenNotAccepted</p> <p>A listen syscall was issued for a socket that has not been bound, for a socket that is already a server, or for a socket that is already connected.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the application program issues the listen at the proper time.</p> |
| 025C  | <p>JRSocketClosed</p> <p>An attempt was made to read, write or connect to a socket that is closed.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again to a UNIX domain socket that is not closed.</p>  |
| 025D  | <p>JRTooManyThds</p> <p>An attempt was made to create another thread but the process limit for pthreads has already been reached.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again after some threads have been exited and detached or increase the process thread limit.</p>              |
| 025E  | <p>JRSocketCallParmError</p> <p>A socket syscall contains incorrect parameters.</p> <p>Action: Check the parameters and ensure the request is valid for the specified socket.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 025F  | JRRecovery<br><br>The recovery VFS operation is not supported.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.  |
| 0260  | JRInvalidRoutine<br><br>An incorrect routine address was passed.<br><br>Action: Reissue the BPXIIP service and specify a nonzero routine address.   |
| 0261  | JRRoutineError<br><br>An error occurred while the user-provided routine was in control.<br><br>Action: Refer to provided diagnostic information (user SYSxDUMP) to resolve the problem.   |
| 0262  | JRNoLists<br><br>A Select request was issued without a read, write or exception list.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request and specify at least one list of file descriptors to be checked.   |
| 0263  | JRListTooLong<br><br>The read, write or exception list is too long.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request and specify a read, write, or exception list that is 8192 bytes or less.   |
| 0264  | JRListTooShort<br><br>The read, write or exception list is too short to contain the specified number of file descriptors and message queue identifiers.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request and specify a read, write, or exception list that is large enough to contain the specified number of file descriptors and message queue identifiers. |
| 0265  | JRMSOutOfRange<br><br>The value specified for microseconds is outside the allowable range.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request and specify a value for microseconds in the range 0 to 1&finespace;000&finespace;000 (1 second) inclusive.  |
| 0266  | JRSecOutOfRange<br><br>The value specified for seconds is outside the allowable range.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request specifying a value for seconds in the range 0 to 2&finespace;678&finespace;400 (31 days) inclusive.   |
| 0267  | JRNoFds<br><br>The read, write or exception list did not contain any file descriptors, or the Number_FDs parameter was not greater than 0.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request specifying at least one file descriptor in the read, write or exception list, and make sure the Number_FDs parameter contains the highest specified FD.           |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0268  | <p>JRPtQuiesceFailed</p> <p>Ptrace quiesce failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0269  | <p>JRIncorrectSocketType</p> <p>The socket type is incorrect for the request.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify a socket descriptor that refers to a socket of the correct type.</p>   |
| 026A  | <p>JRWouldBlock</p> <p>The O_NONBLOCK flag is set and this request would block.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request later.</p>   |
| 026B  | <p>JRExceedsBackLogCount</p> <p>This connect request exceeds the connect backlog count that was specified on the Listen request.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request later.</p>  |
| 026C  | <p>JRLevelNotSupp</p> <p>The value specified for Level is not supported by the physical file system.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify a value for Level that corresponds to manipulation at the Socket Level.</p>   |
| 026D  | <p>JRSetNotSupp</p> <p>The UNIX Domain Socket File System does not support the setting of socket options.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 026E  | <p>JRInvOpOpt</p> <p>The Option name specified is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify a valid socket option.</p>  |
| 026F  | <p>JRBufF</p> <p>The buffer for return information is too small.</p> <p>Action: The length of the buffer specified on the service was not large enough to contain the data to be returned.</p>  |
| 0270  | <p>JROptNotSupp</p> <p>The Option name specified is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Correct the error depending on the request:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reissue the request and specify a supported socket option.</li> <li>• Reissue the request and specify a supported mmap or mprotect option.</li> <li>• Reissue the request and specify a supported osenv option.</li> </ul> |
| 0271  | <p>JRPtAsyncThread</p> <p>The ptrace request is not allowed because the target thread is asynchronous.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request for a target thread that is in an asynchronous state.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0272  | JRSocketNotCon<br><br>The requested socket is not connected.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request after a successful connect request has completed. This value is also returned if an asynchronous connect is in progress.   |
| 0273  | JRPtyNoPtysStorage<br><br>There is insufficient storage in the kernel address space.<br><br>Action: This should be a transient condition. Reissue the service. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer or system administrator to diagnose the storage usage in the kernel address space. |
| 0274  | JRUnknownKPRC<br><br>Kernpost returned an invalid return code.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0275  | JRSockRdwrSignal<br><br>Signal interrupt during socket read or write processing.<br><br>Action: Close the socket. The other end of the socket has been closed and is no longer being read or written.  |
| 0276  | JRSockBufMax<br><br>There is insufficient storage for the socket message.<br><br>Action: Break the message into two or more smaller parts.   |
| 0277  | JRInvalidMsgH<br><br>The socket message header is not correct.<br><br>Action: Correct the message header.  |
| 0278  | JRSockNoName<br><br>The request requires a socket name structure.<br><br>Action: Specify a socket name.  |
| 0279  | JRInvalidServerNameLen<br><br>The server name length supplied in NRegSNameLen is too long or negative.<br><br>Action: Correct the value supplied in NRegSNameLen and issue the request again.  |
| 027A  | JRNoOOBDataAvail<br><br>The MSG_OOB flag is set but no OOB data is available or OOB data is inline.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with the MSG_OOB flag not set.  |
| 027B  | JRIncorrectTypeForFlag<br><br>MSG_OOB flag is set but socket is not a stream socket.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with the MSG_OOB flag not set.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 027C  | <p>JRSockShutDown</p> <p>Socket has been shutdown.</p> <p>Action: Request cannot complete on this socket.</p>  |
| 027D  | <p>JRMSGHInvalid</p> <p>msg_controllen or a cmsg_len has an incorrect length.</p> <p>Action: Supply valid msg_controllen and cmsg_len values.</p>  |
| 027E  | <p>JRNoAddrSpace</p> <p>The caller's address space name cannot be determined.</p> <p>Action: The request cannot complete.</p>  |
| 0280  | <p>JRNoName</p> <p>The name length is zero.</p> <p>Action: Supply a positive value for the name length.</p>  |
| 0281  | <p>JRListLenBad</p> <p>The length of one or all of the input bit lists is not a multiple of four or is not more than 256 bytes.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request specifying list lengths that are a multiple of four. If the request specified both file descriptors and message queues, make sure list lengths are also more than 256 bytes long.</p> |
| 0282  | <p>JrInvUserOp</p> <p>The value specified for the User Option was not 0 or 1.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify 0 or 1.</p>   |
| 0283  | <p>JRSocketProtocolInvalid</p> <p>The protocol argument on the socket or socketpair syscall was not 0. The physical file system only supports a value of 0 for the protocol.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request and specify 0 for the protocol argument.</p>   |
| 0284  | <p>JRSteplibAllocateBad</p> <p>Dynamic allocation failed for a data set while attempting to build the STEPLIB concatenation.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0285  | <p>JRSteplibConcatBad</p> <p>Dynamic concatenation failed while attempting to build the STEPLIB concatenation.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0286  | <p>JRSteplibOpenBad</p> <p>Open of the steplib dd failed while attempting to build the STEPLIB concatenation.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0287  | JRSteplibDcbObtainBad<br><br>Storage could not be obtained for the STEPLIB dcb while attempting to build the STEPLIB concatenation.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative. |
| 0288  | JRNameExists<br><br>The name specified in the request is already in use.<br><br>Action: Check the name; if correct, then unlink the name and retry.                                     |
| 0289  | JRListenNotDone<br><br>The socket is not ready to accept connections.<br><br>Action: Issue a listen request and then reissue the accept request.  |
| 028A  | JRSteplibDSORGBad<br><br>A nonpartitioned data set was specified in the STEPLIB concatenation.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.                                      |
| 028B  | JRSteplibTooBig<br><br>More than 255 data sets were specified in the STEPLIB concatenation.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 028C  | JRListenNotStream<br><br>A listen syscall was issued for a socket that is not a stream socket. Listen is only valid for stream sockets.<br><br>Action: Correct the application program. |
| 028D  | JRListenAlreadyDone<br><br>A listen request has already been completed.<br><br>Action: Issue an accept request to begin accepting connections.  |
| 028E  | JRSTLActionInvalid<br><br>The value specified for the action parameter is not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a valid action and retry.   |
| 028F  | JRSTLTasksInvalid<br><br>The value specified for the task limit is not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a task limit within the allowable ranges and retry the operation.                  |
| 0290  | JRSTLThreadsInvalid<br><br>The value specified for the thread limit is not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a thread limit with the allowable ranges and retry the operation.              |
| 0291  | JrTcpError<br><br>Tcp returned an error identified by the return code.<br><br>Action: Correct the error reported by the return code.  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0292  | <p>JRNoSpace</p> <p>Pthread_create failed, due to unavailable user address space storage.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the amount of user address space storage consumed and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0293  | <p>JRMaxTcpPathIds</p> <p>The maximum number of Tcp/Ip path IDs has been exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0294  | <p>JRPtNotXtdEvent</p> <p>The ptrace request is not allowed because the target process is not stopped for an extended event.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace request that requires the target process to be stopped for an extended event, but the process is not stopped.</p>   |
| 0295  | <p>JRPtTooManyEvents</p> <p>The ptrace PT_EVENTS request attempted to add more events than the specified maximum.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program issued a ptrace PT_EVENTS request to add a new extended event ID. Adding the event would exceed the maximum number of events specified on the request.</p>   |
| 0296  | <p>JrTcpNotActive</p> <p>No AF_INET socket provider is active.</p> <p>Action: Start the AF_INET socket provider you specified in parmlib and retry this socket request.</p>  |
| 0297  | <p>JRMaxInetSockets</p> <p>The number of active INET sockets is equal to the value specified on the MAXSOCKETS parmlib statement.</p> <p>Action: Retry after some sockets have closed, or change the MAXSOCKETS value in parmlib, and re-ipl.</p>  |
| 0298  | <p>JRECBerror</p> <p>The last ECB pointer in the list of ECB pointers does not have the high order bit (&amp;apos;80000000&amp;apos;x) set on to indicate that it is the last ECB pointer in the list.</p> <p>Action: Probable user programming error. Ensure that the service was called with the correct number of ECB pointers and that the last ECB pointer has the high order bit set on.</p> |
| 0299  | <p>JRECBListBad</p> <p>An error occurred accessing the list of pointers to ECBs on a call to the MVSpauseInit service.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the ECB list is accessible in the caller's key and storage has been obtained for the ECB list.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 029A  | <p>JRECBstateBad</p> <p>An error occurred accessing one or more of the input ECBs on a call to the MVSpauseInit or MVSpause service.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the ECBs are accessible in the caller's key and storage has been obtained for the ECBs.</p>   |
| 029B  | <p>JRECBListNotSetup</p> <p>The MVSpause service was called but the MVSpauseInit service was never called to prepare for an MVSpause.</p> <p>Action: Invoke the MVSpauseInit service to prepare for an MVSpause operation. Once MVSpauseInit completes successfully, the MVSpause service can be invoked.</p>   |
| 029C  | <p>JRSocketTypeNotSupported</p> <p>The requested socket type is not supported.</p> <p>Action: The error could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The address family specified on the sendmsg or sendto request was different from that specified when the socket was created.</li><li>• For AF_UNIX sockets, only stream or datagram sockets are supported - some other type was requested on the socket request.</li><li>• For AF_INET sockets, only stream, datagram and raw sockets are supported - some other type was requested on the socket request.</li></ul>   |
| 029D  | <p>JREcbWaitBitOn</p> <p>The wait bit (the high order bit) was on in the specified event control block (ECB).</p> <p>Action: Initialize the ECB to zero, then reissue the request.</p>  |
| 029E  | <p>JRInvalidVlok</p> <p>The supplied VLock structure was not valid.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the values provided in the VLock structure are correct. One of the following problems was detected: (1) The Vlock structure is too short. (2) The Vlock length field does not equal its length parameter. (3) The Vlock Id field does not equal 'VLOK'. (4) For Purge with purge masks specified, the purge mask length field was too short. (5) For UnLoadLocks from an unauthorized caller, the subpool specified was not between 1 and 127. (6) An output blocking lock is requested but the corresponding blocking lock length field value is too small. (7) A Vnode token was passed but it does not match the object specified in the Vlok. @HWC</p> |
| 029F  | <p>JRInvalidServerPID</p> <p>The supplied VLockServerPID value was not valid.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the value provided in the VlockServerPID field is a valid process ID.</p>  |
| 02A0  | <p>JRNoLockerToken</p> <p>No Locker token was specified in the Vlock structure.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the value provided in the VlockLockerTok field is the value returned when the Locker was registered.</p>   |
| 02A1  | <p>JRBrImObjectMissing</p> <p>No Object was specified in the Vlock structure.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that a value is provided in the VlockObject field on v_lockctl requests.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 02A2  | <p>JRBrImWrongLevel</p> <p>The byte-range lock manager does not support the request.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the installed byte-range lock manager supports v_lockctl requests.</p>  |
| 02A3  | <p>JRBrImLockerNotRegistered</p> <p>The Locker token specified in the Vlock structure is not registered.</p> <p>Action: Register the Locker ServerPID and ClientPID with v_lockctl RegLocker and use the returned LockerTok on subsequent v_lockctl requests.</p>           |
| 02A4  | <p>JRMultiProc</p> <p>The specified function is not supported in an address space running multiple processes.</p> <p>Action: Do not call the specified function from address spaces running multiple processes.</p>   |
| 02A5  | <p>JRTaskAcee</p> <p>The specified function is not supported when a task level ACEE is active for the calling task.</p> <p>Action: Do not call the specified function from a task that has a task level ACEE active.</p>  |
| 02A6  | <p>JRUserNameLenError</p> <p>The user name length value was incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the user name length is between 1 and 8.</p>  |
| 02A7  | <p>JRPasswordLenError</p> <p>The pass length value was incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the pass length is between 1 and 8 for passwords and passtickets and between 9 and 100 for password phrases.</p>   |
| 02A8  | <p>JRNewPasswordLenError</p> <p>The new pass length value was incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the new pass length is between 1 and 8 for passwords and between 9 and 100 for password phrases.</p>  |
| 02A9  | <p>JRMixedSecurityEnv</p> <p>The specified function is not supported after a seteuid has changed the security environment of the caller.</p> <p>Action: Do not call the specified function from a process that has issued a seteuid to change the security environment.</p> |
| 02AA  | <p>JRQuiesceTerm</p> <p>A pthread_quiesce(term) is already in progress on another thread in the caller's process.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 02AB  | <p>JRQuiesceForce</p> <p>A pthread_quiesce(force) is already in progress on another thread in the caller's process.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 02AC  | JRQuiesceFreeze<br><br>A pthread_quiesce(freeze) is already in progress on another thread in the caller's process.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 02AD  | JRQuiesceFreezeForce<br><br>A pthread_quiesce(freeze_force) is already in progress on another thread in the caller's process.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 02AE  | JRTso<br><br>The specified function is not supported in a TSO space running multiple processes.<br><br>Action: Do not call the function in question from address spaces running multiple processes.   |
| 02AF  | JREnvDirty<br><br>The specified function is not supported in an address space where a load was done that is not program controlled.<br><br>Action: Make sure that programs being loaded into this address space are defined as program controlled.  |
| 0302  | JRIpcBadID<br><br>The ID is not valid or has been removed from the system.<br><br>Action: A bad IPC member ID specified on the request is not correct. Reissue the command using an existing IPC member ID.   |
| 0303  | JRIpcDenied<br><br>Access was denied because the caller does not have the correct permission.<br><br>Action: The caller lacked ownership, read or alter permission.   |
| 0304  | JRIpcExists<br><br>The caller issued CREATE, EXCL and the key was already defined to InterProcess Communications.<br><br>Action: Ensure the key specified on shmget, semget, and msgget has not been assigned an IPC member ID or do not specify IPC_EXCL.  |
| 0305  | JRIpcMaxIDs<br><br>The number of IDs exceeds the system limit and the create fails.<br><br>Action: Remove unused IDs from the system using the shell command ipcrm or change the system limit. This system limit is set by parameters IPCMSGNIDS, IPCSHMNIDS, and IPCSEMNIDS in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view these values using the ipcs -x shell command. |
| 0306  | JRIpcNoExist<br><br>The caller tried to locate a member for the key specified but it does not exist.<br><br>Action: Specify Ipc_CREAT on the IPC get.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0307  | JRIpcRetry<br><p>NOWAIT was specified but the operation could not be performed immediately.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request later.</p>  |
| 0308  | JRIpcSignaled<br><p>An IPC wait was interrupted by a signal.</p> <p>Action: Process the signal.</p>  |
| 0309  | JRIpcBadFlags<br><p>Extraneous bits were set in the flags word parameter or in the mode flag bit field.</p> <p>Action: Correct the syscall invocation.</p>   |
| 030A  | JRMsqBadType<br><p>Message type must be greater than zero.</p> <p>Action: Correct the syscall invocation.</p>  |
| 030B  | JRMsqBadSize<br><p>The message length exceeds the system limit or is less than zero.</p> <p>Action: Correct the syscall invocation.</p>  |
| 030C  | JRMsqNoMsg<br><p>No message of the type requested was found.</p> <p>Action: Invoke the syscall when a message of the type requested is on the message queue, or do not specify IPC_NOWAIT.</p>   |
| 030D  | JRMsq2Big<br><p>The message to receive was too large for the buffer and MSG_NOERROR was not specified.</p> <p>Action: Increase the buffer size, or specify MSG_NOERROR.</p>  |
| 030E  | JRSema4BadAdj<br><p>The value specified would exceed the system limit for semadj.</p> <p>Action: Do not use the UNDO flag in the semaphore operations; use semctl to reset the UNDO values and to look for user errors in the method of use.</p>   |
| 030F  | JRSema4BadNOps<br><p>Number of semaphore operation exceeds the system limit.</p> <p>Action: Either specify a smaller number of semaphore operations or ask your system administrator to change this system limit. This system limit is set by the IPCSEMNOPS parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the <code>ipcs -x</code> shell command.</p> |
| 0310  | JRSema4BadNSems<br><p>Semaphore ID already exists for the KEY, but the number of semaphores is less than requested.</p> <p>Action: Either change the number of semaphores requested, or specify a different ID on the request.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0311  | JRTypeNotPID<br><br>A msgrcv or msgsnd did not have its process ID as type.<br><br>Action: Msgget flags require process ID with TYPE operands.  |
| 0312  | JRSema4BadSemN<br><br>The semaphore number is invalid.<br><br>Action: Choose a semaphore number from 0 to the number of semaphores - 1.   |
| 0313  | JRSema4BadValue<br><br>The value specified would exceed the system limit.<br><br>Action: Specify a value less than or equal to 32767.   |
| 0314  | JRSema4BigNSems<br><br>The number of semaphores exceeds the system maximum.<br><br>Action: Either specify a smaller number of semaphores or ask your system administrator to change this system limit. This system limit is set by the IPCSEMNSEMS parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the ipcs -x shell command.   |
| 0315  | JRSema4ZeroNSems<br><br>The number of semaphores specified was zero and the semaphore does not exist.<br><br>Action: If the number of semaphores is zero, Ipc_CREAT should not be specified.  |
| 0316  | JRShmBadSize<br><br>The shared memory segment size is incorrect or outside the system defined range of valid segment sizes.<br><br>Action: Specify a segment size less than the system defined maximum. When a shared memory identifier already exists for this key, specify a segment size that is less than the segment size specified on the shmget that created this segment. When a shared memory identifier does not exist for this key, specify a shared memory size greater than zero. You can also have your system administrator change the parmlib values to increase the maximum shared memory segment size. This system limit is set by the IpcShmNSegs parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the ipcs -x shell command. |
| 0317  | JRShmMaxAttach<br><br>The number of shared memory attaches for the current process exceeds the system defined maximum.<br><br>Action: Detach shared memory segments not being used by the process and retry the operation. If the problem persists, request that your system administrator change this system limit. This system limit is set by the IPCSHMNSEGS parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the ipcs -x shell command.   |
| 0318  | JRIpcRemoved<br><br>During a wait, the IPC member ID was removed from the system.<br><br>Action: Stop using the IPC memory ID, which has been removed.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0319  | <p>JRMsqQBytes</p> <p>Not permitted to increase message qbytes or attempt by superuser to set message qbytes exceeds system limit.</p> <p>Action: If you are not a superuser, do not try to increase the message queue bytes. If you are, do not try to increase message queue bytes past the system limit or to change the system-imposed maximum. This system maximum is set with the IPCMSGQBYTES parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the ipcs -x shell command.</p> |
| 031A  | <p>JRBadPerfGroup</p> <p>The specified priority or nice value represents a performance group that could not be used.</p> <p>Action: Contact your system administrator.</p>  |
| 031B  | <p>JRBadServClass</p> <p>The specified priority or nice value represents a service class that could not be used.</p> <p>Action: Contact your system administrator.</p>  |
| 031C  | <p>JRMsqQueueFullMessages</p> <p>IPC_NOWAIT was specified but the operation was not done because there was no room in the message queue due to the number of messages in the message queue.</p> <p>Action: Increase the system limit for the number of messages per message queue, retry the operation when there is room in the message queue, or do not specify IPC_NOWAIT.</p>   |
| 031D  | <p>JRMsqQueueFullBytes</p> <p>IPC_NOWAIT was specified and the operation was not done because there was no room in the message queue due to the number of bytes in the message queue.</p> <p>Action: Increase the system limit for the number of bytes per message queue, retry the operation when there is room in the message queue, or do not specify IPC_NOWAIT.</p>  |
| 031E  | <p>JRRFileNoRead</p> <p>A call tried to read a file opened without read access.</p> <p>Action: Reopen the file for read or read/write access.</p>   |
| 031F  | <p>JRSemStorageLimit</p> <p>The semget or semop failed because the semaphore storage limit was reached.</p> <p>Action: Too many semaphore sets and/or too many UNDO structures.</p>   |
| 0320  | <p>JRInheEye</p> <p>The inheritance area contains an incorrect eyecatcher value.</p> <p>Action: The eyecatcher value must be INHE. Reissue the BPX1SPN callable service with the correct eyecatcher value.</p>  |
| 0321  | <p>JRInheLength</p> <p>The length specified for the inheritance area contains an incorrect value.</p> <p>Action: The length value must equal the constant value Inhe#len. Reissue the BPX1SPN callable service with the correct length value.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0322  | JRInheVersion<br><br>The inheritance area contains an incorrect version number.<br><br>Action: The version number value must be equal to the constant Inhe#Ver. Reissue the BPX1SPN callable service with the correct version number value.  |
| 0323  | JRSpawnTooManyFds<br><br>The count of file descriptors specified is greater than the maximum supported by the system.<br><br>Action: The file descriptor count must be less than constant value OPENMAX. Reissue the BPX1SPN callable service with the correct file descriptor count.  |
| 0324  | JRSmNoStorage<br><br>There is no storage available to allocate.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0325  | JRSmDspservErr<br><br>The DSPSERV macro failed.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0326  | JRSmInvalidDsID<br><br>The data space group ID is not valid.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0327  | JRSmInvalidDsSToken<br><br>The data space SToken is not valid.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0328  | JRSmOutOfMasterCells<br><br>A Master Cell Pool is out of extent storage cells.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0329  | JRShmMaxSpages<br><br>The operation was not done because the system wide limit for shared memory segment pages was exceeded.<br><br>Action: Try again later. If the problem persists, ask your system administrator to change this system limit. This system limit is set by the IPCSHMSPAGES parameter in a BPXPRMxx parmlib member. You can view this value using the ipcs -x shell command. |
| 032A  | JRNoAccess<br><br>Caller does not have access to function.<br><br>Action: This is an internal system call. You are not authorized to access this function.   |
| 032B  | JRSmInvalidLength<br><br>The length the requested storage exceeds maximum.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 032C  | <p>JRFdListTooBig</p> <p>The size of the file descriptor list is larger than can be currently supported.</p> <p>Action: The file descriptor list must not exceed the available storage space in the caller's private area. Reissue the callable service with a smaller file descriptor list.</p>                   |
| 032D  | <p>JRBadFdList</p> <p>The file descriptor list supplied on the call to BPX1SPN is not accessible by the caller.</p> <p>Action: The file descriptor list must be in storage accessible by the caller of BPX1SPN. Check the storage the specified file descriptor list resides in.</p>                               |
| 032E  | <p>JRNotMapped</p> <p>One or more specified pages are not mapped.</p> <p>Action: An error was detected during the mprotect, msync, or munmap callable service. One or more storage pages in the specified address range are not part of an existing memory mapping. You can only operate on existing mappings.</p> |
| 032F  | <p>JRCInyASCREFailed</p> <p>The ASCRE macro issued to start a colony address space returned a failing return code.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the Address space name specified on the FILESYSTYPE parmlib statement in the BPXPRMxx member is correct or refer to the documentation of the ASCRE service.</p>      |
| 0330  | <p>JRCInyStartFailed</p> <p>A colony address space failed to initialize.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the ASName operand on the FILESYSTYPE parmlib statement in the BPXPRMxx member specifies a valid procedure name.</p>   |
| 0331  | <p>JRCInyNotStopped</p> <p>The colony address space could not be stopped.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that there are no PFSes running in the colony address space and retry the request.</p>   |
| 0332  | <p>JRCInyNoCommonStorage</p> <p>The system was unable to obtain storage in common for a control block to represent a colony address space.</p> <p>Action: The system is probably experiencing a common storage shortage and the request cannot be satisfied until the shortage is corrected.</p>                   |
| 0333  | <p>JRPfsNotDubbed</p> <p>The PFS task calling an OSI service is not dubbed.</p> <p>Action: The PFS address space must be dubbed before an independent task in that address space can make most OSI service requests. To be dubbed, the PFS can invoke getpid or almost any z/OS UNIX service.</p>                  |
| 0334  | <p>JRCInyNotStarted</p> <p>An attempt was made to start a PFS within a colony address space. The colony was either not completely initialized or it was being terminated.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the colony is completely initialized and retry the request.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0335  | JRPtyChgFromSlave<br><br>An attempt was made to change a termios flag from the slave pty, which is only allowed from the master.<br><br>Action: To make the change, issue the tcsetattr against the master pty.  |
| 0336  | JRClnyPfsNotStarted<br><br>An attempt was made to stop or clean up a colony PFS that was not previously started.<br><br>Action: Issue the Stop request for a colony PFS that has previously been started.  |
| 0337  | JRClnyPfsNotDone<br><br>An attempt was made to clean up a colony PFS that was not completely terminated.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the colony PFS is completely terminated and retry the request.   |
| 0338  | JRCpbNotFound<br><br>No Cpb was found on the Cpb chain representing this colony PFS.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0339  | JRDevConfigTypeError<br><br>An attempt was made to configure a device driver that was not defined.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the device type is spelled correctly and retry the request.  |
| 033A  | JRPtyNeedPKT3270<br><br>An attempt was made to set 3270 Passthru mode without 3270 Packet mode.<br><br>Action: Use 3270 Passthru mode only on pty connections that operate in 3270 Packet mode. 3270 Packet mode can be set only from the master pty.  |
| 033B  | JRMmapOverEOF<br><br>The extended file cannot be mapped over its EOF point.<br><br>Action: The memory mapped file was extended and subsequently mapped beyond the original EOF point, while an existing memory map containing the original EOF point was outstanding. It is recommended that once a file is extended, perhaps via the write callable service, any memory map of the same file should be unmapped and remapped if the memory map contains the original EOF point. |
| 033C  | JrRaiseHardLimit<br><br>An attempt was made to raise a hard limit without superuser authority.<br><br>Action: Do not attempt to raise a hard limit without superuser authority.  |
| 033D  | JrInvalidResource<br><br>The input resource value is not valid.<br><br>Action: Retry the request with a valid resource value.  |
| 033E  | JrSoftExceedsHard<br><br>An attempt was made to raise a soft limit above its hard limit.<br><br>Action: Do not attempt to raise a soft limit above its hard limit.   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 033F  | <p>JrSoftBelowUsage</p> <p>An attempt was made to lower a soft limit below the current usage for the resource.</p> <p>Action: Do not attempt to lower a soft limit below the current usage for the resource.</p>  |
| 0340  | <p>JrInvalidWho</p> <p>The input who value is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request with a valid who value.</p>   |
| 0341  | <p>JrCPUTimeObtainFailed</p> <p>Failure obtaining CPU time usage.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0342  | <p>JrVsmListError</p> <p>The VSMLIST macro failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0343  | <p>JRPtyMutuallyExclusive</p> <p>An attempt was made to set mutually exclusive bits.</p> <p>Action: Select only one of the mutually exclusive bits in the termios.</p>  |
| 0344  | <p>JRMmapStgExceeded</p> <p>The system-wide limit on the amount of memory consumed by memory mapped areas is exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Try again later. If the problem persists, either reduce the size of the memory mapping request, or request the system administrator to increase the MAXMMAPAREA parameter of the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</p> |
| 0345  | <p>JRPathconf</p> <p>The Vnode operation pathconf is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 0346  | <p>JRNotPage</p> <p>A location specified or generated is not on a page boundary.</p> <p>Action: Specify the address and/or length in page multiples.</p>  |
| 0347  | <p>JRMmapBadType</p> <p>The value of the map_type is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The map_type specified for mmap is not valid.</p>  |
| 0348  | <p>JRHardware</p> <p>A request was made for a hardware that is not available.</p> <p>Action: A function was requested that required hardware that is not available on this processor.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0349  | JRAddressNotAvailable<br><br>A request was made for a storage address, but it could not be satisfied.<br><br>Action: Either an address parameter was not valid or an address generated by one or more parameters is not valid.                 |
| 034A  | JRProcMaxMmap<br><br>The process has exceeded the maximum number of mmaps.<br><br>Action: Reduce the number of mmaps used by the process.  |
| 034B  | JRMmapFileAddress<br><br>File_offset + map_length exceeds file size.<br><br>Action: Use fstat to determine the file size prior to mmap.  |
| 034C  | JRIarvServ<br><br>An invocation of IARVSERV service failed.<br><br>Action: Retry the operation at a later time.  |
| 034D  | JRPtyPendingControlInfo<br><br>An attempt was made to write to a master pty in 3270 packet mode when control information was pending.<br><br>Action: Issue a read to the master pty to obtain the control information. Then reissue the write. |
| 034E  | JRZeroOrNegative<br><br>An input parameter must be greater than zero.<br><br>Action: Correct that parameter.   |
| 034F  | JRNoUserStorage<br><br>The service could not obtain enough storage in user address space subpool 129.<br><br>Action: Free storage in user address space subpool 129 and retry the service.   |
| 0350  | JRAsynchMount<br><br>The request to mount a file system will complete asynchronously. The system rejects all vnode (file) operations against the file system.<br><br>Action: Use w_getmntent to determine when the mount completes.            |
| 0351  | JRPfsOpNotSupported<br><br>The pfscctl command is not supported by this PFS.<br><br>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.   |
| 0352  | JRPfsOpNotPermitted<br><br>Not authorized to perform this pfscctl operation.<br><br>Action: The request must be made by an authorized user.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0353  | JRPfsArgLenBad<br>The argument length is not valid for this pfsctl operation.<br>Action: Specify a valid length for this argument.                       |
| 0354  | JRDdBadConfigOpt<br>The CONFIGURE operation is not supported by this device driver.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.                      |
| 0355  | JRDdConfigInbuf2Big<br>The CONFIGURE input buffer too large.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0356  | JRDdConfigOutbuf2Big<br>The CONFIGURE output buffer too large.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0357  | JRDdBadDdType<br>The device driver TYPE is not known to the system.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.                                      |
| 0358  | JRDdNoDdConfigure<br>The device driver TYPE does not support a dd_configure routine.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.                     |
| 0359  | JRDdwtTaskTerm<br>The operation could not be completed because the device driver work thread terminated.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative. |
| 035A  | JRDdConfigAbend<br>An abend occurred during dd_config processing.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 035B  | JRCaptureFailure<br>A memory capture (IARVSERV) failed.<br>Action: A CTrace record was written with the return codes.                                    |
| 035C  | JRHotCCreateFailure<br>An attempt to create a Hot C environment for a physical file system failed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.       |
| 035D  | JRVdacError<br>The Vdac macro failed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 035E  | JRBadSiginfoAddr<br><br>An incorrect siginfo_t address was passed to the waitid call.<br><br>Action: Reissue the call to the wait service (BPX1WTE) with an siginfo_t return area address that is accessible to the caller.       |
| 035F  | JRBadRUsageAddr<br><br>An incorrect rusage address was passed to the wait3 call.<br><br>Action: Reissue the call to the wait service (BPX1WTE) with an rusage return area address that is accessible to the caller.               |
| 0360  | JRPtyNoTRTStorage<br><br>Storage is not available for pseudo-TTY scan tables.<br><br>Action: Retry the request. If this condition persists, contact the system programmer.  |
| 0361  | JRBadStDev<br><br>The device number specified to osi_mountstatus does not refer to a mounted file system.<br><br>Action: Use w_getmntent to determine the correct device number (MNTENTFSDEV).                                    |
| 0362  | JRDdNoDdwt<br><br>The device driver task is not active.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0363  | JRBadInputBufAddr<br><br>Bad input buffer address.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0364  | JrOpenFileLimitMax<br><br>The Open file limit cannot exceed 524287.<br><br>Action: Select a hard limit that is smaller than the physical system maximum.  |
| 0365  | JrFdOpenAboveLimit<br><br>A file descriptor is open above requested limit.<br><br>Action: Select a limit which is greater than the highest open file descriptor.  |
| 0366  | JrWriteBeyondLimit<br><br>Cannot write beyond the file size limit.<br><br>Action: Increase the file size limit for the process, or write less data to the file.   |
| 0367  | JrSyscallFailAll<br><br>An attempt to process a syscall for a socket failed on all of the transport providers supporting the socket.<br><br>Action: Close the socket. See the return code for more information about the failure. |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0368  | <p>JrSyscallFailOne</p> <p>An attempt to process a syscall for a socket failed on one of the transport providers supporting the socket.</p> <p>Action: Close the socket. See the return code for more information about the failure.</p>   |
| 0369  | <p>JrSyscallFailSome</p> <p>An attempt to process a syscall for a socket failed on some of the transport providers supporting the socket.</p> <p>Action: Close the socket. See the return code for more information about the failure.</p>   |
| 036A  | <p>JrSetSockOptFailAll</p> <p>An attempt to set socket options failed on all of the transport providers supporting the socket.</p> <p>Action: If the socket option is not supported, reissue the syscall with the correct option. See the return code for more information about the failure.</p>  |
| 036B  | <p>JrSetSockOptFailOne</p> <p>An attempt to set socket options failed on one of the transport providers supporting the socket.</p> <p>Action: Different socket options are now in effect for each of the transport providers. If a specific option is required, you have to bind to a specific IP address that supports the specified option. To synchronize all the transport providers with the same socket options, close the socket, then reopen it with the socket syscall. See the return code for more information about the failure.</p>   |
| 036C  | <p>JrSetSockOptFailSome</p> <p>An attempt to set socket options failed on some of the transport providers supporting the socket.</p> <p>Action: Different socket options are now in effect for each of the transport providers. If a specific option is required, you have to bind to a specific IP address that supports the specified option. To synchronize all the transport providers with the same socket options, close the socket, then reopen it with the socket syscall. See the return code for more information about the failure.</p> |
| 036D  | <p>JrRlimitCantCreate</p> <p>You cannot create files when RLIMIT_FSIZE is 0.</p> <p>Action: Increase the process file size limit and issue the create again.</p>   |
| 036E  | <p>JRBadOutputBufAddr</p> <p>Bad output buffer address.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 036F  | <p>JRNotStdFile</p> <p>Only standard files can be mmap.</p> <p>Action: Use the file descriptor of a standard file.</p>   |
| 0370  | <p>JRBadIDType</p> <p>An invalid ID type was passed.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the call with a valid ID type.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0371  | JRBadOptions<br>Incorrect options were passed on the options parameter.<br>Action: Reissue the call with valid options.  |
| 0372  | JRCdstAlreadyAdded<br>Character special service routine detected an ADD request for a previously completed CDST entry.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative. |
| 0373  | JrDdConfigNoResource<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0374  | JrDdNotConfigured<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0375  | JrDdConfigBadOpt<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0376  | JrTbmStorageFailure<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0377  | JrTbmAttachFailure<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0378  | JrTbmLatchSetFailure<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0379  | JrOcsNotConfigured<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 037A  | JrOcsDevNotConfigured<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 037B  | JrDevUnfigPnd<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 037C  | JrRtyDevConfigChange<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 037D  | JRPtyNotCntlTerm<br>The device is not associated with a controlling terminal.<br>Action: The device specified is not associated with a controlling terminal. Correct the program or rerun it in an environment where the device is a controlling terminal. |
| 037E  | JrOcsAdminBufferExceeded<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 037F  | JrRtyBadMultiByteCodePageName<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0380  | JrOcsRtyOutBufferExceeded<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0381  | JRPrevSockError<br>A previous error caused this socket to become unusable.<br>Action: Close the socket.  |
| 0382  | JrOcsNotConnected<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 0383  | JrRtyDifferentFile<br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0384  | JRBadOsi<br>The Osi structure passed is not valid.<br>Action: Ensure that the Osi structure passed to the OSI routine is the Osi structure received from the LFS on this operation.  |
| 0385  | JRBadPfsId<br>The value of the OsiPfsId field is not valid.<br>Action: Ensure that the Osi structure passed to the OSI routine is the Osi structure received from the LFS on this operation.   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0386  | JRFRRActive<br><br>An FRR is established.<br><br>Action: Do not establish a functional recovery routine (FRR) before calling a service that may be interrupted by a signal.   |
| 0387  | JRPtyQueueChange<br><br>A termios option change requires all output be read or flushed before further writes.<br><br>Action: Retry the slave pty write after all output has been read from the master pty.  |
| 0388  | JRIntervalTypeInvalid<br><br>The IntervalType is not valid.<br><br>Action: See the ITIMER_... constants in BPXYITIM or See <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference</i> for details.   |
| 0389  | JrRtyNoResource<br><br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 038A  | JrRtyTermSyscall<br><br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 038B  | JrRtyNoReply<br><br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 038C  | JrOcsErrno<br><br>OBSOLETE - DO NOT USE.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 038D  | JRPtyOrphaned<br><br>The syscall is processing in an orphaned process group.<br><br>Action: This condition most likely occurs when a process that is forked from the session leader (generally the shell) issues a syscall to the pseudo-TTY device after the session leader process has ended. The process cannot access the terminal once the session leader process ends. This pseudo-TTY session is no longer usable. Restart the application from another session. |
| 038E  | JRTransportDriverNotAccessible<br><br>The transport driver specified is not being used by the socket specified.<br><br>Action: Verify the address specified is proper for this socket.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 038F  | <p>JRInvSignalForProcess</p> <p>The specified signal number is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The specified signal number is thread-scoped and is only supported under <code>pthread_kill</code>. It cannot be used in a process-scoped command like <code>raise</code>, <code>kill</code>, <code>killpg</code>, or <code>sigqueue</code>. Reissue the request with a correct signal number, or reissue the signal using <code>pthread_kill</code>.</p>            |
| 0390  | <p>JRUserNameBad</p> <p>The user name is not a valid MVS user name.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the user name contains all legal characters for a MVS user name.</p>   |
| 039E  | <p>JRTooManyFds</p> <p>Too many Fds were specified.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the number of Fds that were specified to a number that is supported by the syscall.</p>   |
| 039F  | <p>JRMicroSecondsTooBig</p> <p>The value specified for microseconds is outside the allowable range.</p> <p>Action: Change the value specified for microseconds to be less than 1&amp;finespace;000 &amp;finespace;000 (1 million).</p>  |
| 03A0  | <p>JrSockPrerouterErr</p> <p>The Common Inet Sockets Prerouter returned an error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03A1  | <p>JROsiAbend</p> <p>An abend occurred in an Operating System Interface routine.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 03A2  | <p>JRSTIMERMMax</p> <p>A 32E system abend has been intercepted by the syscall. See the appropriate MVS System Codes manual.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the number of STIMERMs that are active.</p>   |
| 03A3  | <p>JRNoClnyThreadSppt</p> <p>Colony thread support has not been built.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that colony thread support was requested by the PFS at initialization time.</p>  |
| 03A4  | <p>JRSHSPMASK</p> <p>The shared subpool mask is not valid for the current environment.</p> <p>Action: The shared subpool mask specified on the BPX1PTC invocation does not match the mask specified on the initial call to BPX1PTC within the current process image. Only one shared subpool mask is supported for a given process image. Reissue the BPX1PTC callable service with the shared subpool mask that was specified on the first BPX1PTC call.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 03A5  | <p>JrOWaitSetupErr</p> <p>An error occurred attempting OsiWait setup.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 03A6  | <p>JrBadOptnFlags</p> <p>Extraneous bits were set in the option flags parameter.</p> <p>Action: Correct the input parameter.</p>   |
| 03A7  | <p>JrNegFileSizeLimit</p> <p>One of the file size limits specified is negative.</p> <p>Action: Specify a file size limit that is greater than or equal to zero.</p>  |
| 03A8  | <p>JrNoSAFsupport</p> <p>The installed Security product does not support this function.</p> <p>Action: Install a security product that does support this function.</p>   |
| 03A9  | <p>JRPtNoStorage</p> <p>Not enough storage is available for ptrace.</p> <p>Action: A Pt_Capture request is unable to obtain enough buffer storage.</p>   |
| 03AA  | <p>JRPtBufNotFound</p> <p>A Pt_Uncapture ptrace request was issued for a specific buffer but the buffer was not previously captured with a Pt_Capture request.</p> <p>Action: Use the Pt_Capture request before using Pt_Uncapture for a specific buffer.</p>                                  |
| 03AB  | <p>JRPtIso</p> <p>The specified ptrace function is not supported in a TSO address space.</p> <p>Action: Do not try to use the ptrace request in question on a program in a TSO address space.</p>  |
| 03AC  | <p>JRAuthCaller</p> <p>The caller of this service is authorized. Authorized callers are not permitted to load or call unauthorized programs.</p> <p>Action: System key, supervisor state, or APF authorized callers cannot load or call unauthorized programs.</p>                             |
| 03AD  | <p>JrSingleTDReqd</p> <p>The Common Inet Sockets ioctl command requires that a single transport driver be connected to the socket.</p> <p>Action: Use the ioctl IocC#TcCN command or the bind service, to connect with a single transport driver before issuing the failing ioctl command.</p> |
| 03AE  | <p>JRBatSel</p> <p>The batch-select VFS operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 03AF  | <p>JRRealPageNotSupported</p> <p>A Fuio area containing a real page address was passed.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the Fuio provided contains only virtual page addresses and that the FuioRealPage flag indicator is off.</p>   |
| 03B0  | <p>JRBadMVSPgmName</p> <p>A call to the exec or loadHFS service specified a file that resolves to an MVS program name that is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the external link for the specified file is a valid MVS program name.</p>  |
| 03B1  | <p>JRMVSLoadFailure</p> <p>A call to the loadHFS service resulted in a failure in the MVS Load service.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the specified HFS file points to a MVS program that is loadable by the caller.</p>  |
| 03B2  | <p>JRMVSPgmNotFound</p> <p>A call to the exec or loadHFS service specified a file that resolves to an MVS program that cannot be found.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the specified HFS file points to a MVS program that exists in the caller's MVS program search order.</p>            |
| 03B3  | <p>JRNoConsoleBuffers</p> <p>The write to /dev/console cannot complete.</p> <p>Action: Attempt the request at another time.</p>  |
| 03B4  | <p>JRPtMaxCapture</p> <p>The ptrace capture request would exceed maximum allowed.</p> <p>Action: A Pt_Capture request would exceed the maximum amount of captured storage allowed.</p>   |
| 03B5  | <p>JRCPCNnotEnabled</p> <p>Code Page Change Notification is not enabled.</p> <p>Action: A tcsetcp or tcsettables must be done to enable the CPCN (Code Page Change Notification) function.</p>   |
| 03B6  | <p>JRExitAbend</p> <p>An abend occurred in a File Exporter Exit.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03B7  | <p>JRShrStgShortage</p> <p>Request for shared storage exceeds amount available.</p> <p>Action: A mmap or shmget call resulted in a request for shared system storage that exceeds the amount available as specified by the MAXSHAREPAGES statement in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 03B8  | JRPtyNeedPKTXTND<br><br>An attempt was made to set 3270 Passthru mode without 3270 Packet mode.<br><br>Action: Use 3270 Packet mode only on pty connections which operate in Extended Packet mode. Extended Packet mode can be set only from the master pty.  |
| 03B9  | JRWaitForever<br><br>The timeout value specified wait forever, but there were no events to wait for.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request specifying at least one event in the pollfd structures, or change the timeout value to something other than -1.   |
| 03BA  | JRInvalidNfds<br><br>The NFDS parameter is larger than the OPEN_MAX (MAXFILEPROC) value.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request specifying a value for the NFDS parameter that is less than OPEN_MAX or ask the system programmer or system administrator to increase the MAXFILEPROC value in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member. |
| 03BB  | JRClnyPfsNotAllowed<br><br>The requested operation is not allowed for a PFS that is running in a Colony Address Space.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 03BC  | JRPtyNotMaster<br><br>Unsupported function against slave TTY.<br><br>Action: The requested function is not allowed against a slave pseudo-TTY. Correct the program and rerun.   |
| 03BD  | JrFsUnAuthClnt<br><br>An unauthenticated client is denied access.<br><br>Action: A server working on behalf of an unauthenticated client is not allowed to access files on a remote system. Log on to the server with a password to become authenticated and try again.   |
| 03BE  | JRBadBufLen<br><br>The length of the buffer is not valid.<br><br>Action: The total buffer length specified for this request must be less than or equal to 62&finespace;464. Retry the request specifying a valid buffer length parameter.   |
| 03BF  | JRBadStgKey<br><br>The message data could not be fetched using the specified storage key.<br><br>Action: The buffer was allocated in a storage key that did not match the specified key for the MSGSTGKEY parameter. Retry the request specifying a valid storage key.  |
| 03C0  | JRIxcMsgo<br><br>An unexpected error occurred in the IXCMMSGO macro.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 03C1  | <p>JrNoFdsTooManyQIds</p> <p>The number of Fds specified is negative or too many Msg Q Ids specified on select or poll service.</p> <p>Action: Specify a non-negative number of Fds or reduce the number of Msg Q Ids to be processed for select or poll below the maximum number of Msg Queues supported by the system.</p> |
| 03C2  | <p>JRInvHdr</p> <p>Invalid parameter list header.</p> <p>Action: The structure containing the service parameters contained an incorrect eye-catcher or length. Correct the program and rerun.</p>  |
| 03C3  | <p>JRIxcMsgi</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred in the IXCMMSGI macro.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 03C4  | <p>JRIXXCDSIfail</p> <p>An unexpected error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03C5  | <p>JRIXXCDSIenv</p> <p>An environmental error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03C6  | <p>JRIXXCDSInoCDS</p> <p>An environmental error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro, OMVS CDS not available.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03C7  | <p>JRIXXCDSIinvparm</p> <p>An invparm error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 03C8  | <p>JRIXXCDSIaccess</p> <p>An invparm error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro, not able to access dataarea or token.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 03C9  | <p>JRIXXCDSIvalidate</p> <p>An invparm error occurred in the IXXCDSI macro, validate failed for dataarea or token.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 03CA  | JROutOfMountEntries<br><br>The system is unable to obtain an entry in the file system mount table in the OMVS couple data set.<br><br>Action: Either free an entry by unmounting a file system, or request your system programmer to create a new OMVS couple data set which supports a larger number of mounts. The system programmer will need to run the XCF couple data set format utility for TYPE(BPXMCDs) to increase the number of MOUNTS supported then issue the SETXCF COUPLE operator command to add the new OMVS couple data set as the alternate and then PSWITCH to make the alternate couple data set the primary couple data set for OMVS. |
| 03CB  | JRPtyUnsupportedAttr<br><br>Attempt to change attribute to unsupported value.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to change one or more attributes in the termios to unsupported values, and no supported attributes were changed.   |
| 03CC  | JRTgtMemberInactive<br><br>The XCF member represented by the input member token is not active. For a Shared File System configuration, this can occur when a system is attempting to send a message to another system and that target system is no longer active in the configuration.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the correct target member token was specified. If the target member is not active, any action taken depends on your application. For a Shared File system configuration, retry the operation as it is usually a recoverable error.  |
| 03CD  | JRnoSavedToken<br><br>The saved IXXCDSI token is zero for a request that expects a valid token.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 03CE  | JRStaleVfs<br><br>The Vfs passed to complete asynchronous mount does not represent an outstanding asynchronous mount.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the correct Vfs is supplied.   |
| 03CF  | JRNoArea<br><br>The State Area has not been established.<br><br>Action: A Write must be the first operation.  |
| 03D0  | JRBadSubField<br><br>A subfield of the Argument is not valid.<br><br>Action: Examine each arg subfield for correctness.   |
| 03D1  | JRNoChangeIdentity<br><br>The invoker is not authorized to change MVS userids.<br><br>Action: Daemon authorization is required for this function.   |
| 03D2  | JRBadId<br><br>An incorrect ID value was passed to the BPX1WTE service.<br><br>Action: Respecify a valid ID value on the BPX1WTE service call.  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 03D3  | <p>JRNoWorkUnit</p> <p>Attempt to transfer work via BPX1SPW call failed.</p> <p>Action: A get work call via BPX1SPW must be made to obtain a work unit before a transfer can be done.</p>  |
| 03D4  | <p>JrNoWLMConn</p> <p>Attempt to refresh work via BPX1SPW call failed.</p> <p>Action: A successful call to BPX1SIN must be made to connect to WLM before a refresh can be done.</p>  |
| 03D5  | <p>JRMgcreErr</p> <p>MGCRE macro invocation failed on BPX1SPW call.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 03D6  | <p>JrNoMulti</p> <p>Attempt to issue multiple BPX1CCS calls.</p> <p>Action: There can only be one Console Modify listening thread actively engaged at one time per address space.</p>  |
| 03D7  | <p>JrMsgLengthErr</p> <p>Message length to the console was exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Check syscall documentation for maximum length.</p>  |
| 03D8  | <p>JRInvalidClassify</p> <p>The classification area is not accessible to the current caller.</p> <p>Action: The address or length of the classification data passed was not valid. Retry the request with a valid address and length for the classification data area.</p> |
| 03D9  | <p>JrNoEnclave</p> <p>No enclave is associated with the calling thread or process.</p> <p>Action: A get work call to BPX1SPW must be done to obtain a work unit prior to performing a transfer work unit.</p>  |
| 03DA  | <p>JrSubSysNotFnd</p> <p>No process was found with the associated subsystem type and subsystem name.</p> <p>Action: A work manager must be established with BPX1SIN prior to transferring work.</p>  |
| 03DB  | <p>JRAppIDataLenErr</p> <p>The application data area is too large to be processed.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the amount of application data being passed via BPX1SPW.</p>  |
| 03DC  | <p>JrBadOptCode</p> <p>Bad entry code to process work unit.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 03DD  | JRInvalidApplData<br><br>The application data area passed was not accessible.<br><br>Action: The address or length of the application data passed to BPX1SPW was not valid. Retry the request with a valid address and length for the application data area.                             |
| 03DE  | JRInvalidApplData2<br><br>The application data area is not accessible to the current caller.<br><br>Action: The caller's key is different than the area previously obtained for the application data. Retry the BPX1SPW request with the same key as previously used.                    |
| 03DF  | JRInvalidSFDL<br><br>The file descriptor list passed was not accessible.<br><br>Action: The address of the file descriptor list or the count field within the list was not valid. The area may be in an incorrect storage key. Retry the BPX1SPW request with a valid address and count. |
| 03E0  | JRNewLocationErr<br><br>The new tag data area passed was not accessible.<br><br>Action: The address or length of the new tag data passed was not valid. Retry the request with a valid address and length.   |
| 03E1  | JROldLocationErr<br><br>The old tag data area passed was not accessible.<br><br>Action: The address or length of the old tag data area was not valid. Retry the request with a valid address that points to a 66 byte area.  |
| 03E2  | JRNewLenBad<br><br>The new tag data length was not valid.<br><br>Action: The length of the new tag data area is outside of the allowable range. Retry the request with a valid new tag data length.  |
| 03E3  | JrMsgAttrErr<br><br>Message attribute error detected.<br><br>Action: The length passed must be equal to the current version, and the CCAID and CCAVERSION must be initialized to the constants defined in BPXYCCA.   |
| 03E4  | JRNoAck<br><br>No acknowledgement signal from remote system.<br><br>Action: The transmitted data may be lost. User should transmit the data again.   |
| 03E5  | JRIPAddrNotAllowed<br><br>The input IP address is not valid.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 03E6  | JRPrevBound<br><br>The requested port number is in use.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 03E7  | <p>JRInaccessible</p> <p>The user storage is inaccessible.</p> <p>Action: Make sure user storage is accessible and key 8.</p>   |
| 03E8  | <p>JRIefddsrvFailed</p> <p>The macro IEFDDSRV failed.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the specified gateway address or IP address is correct.</p>  |
| 03E9  | <p>JRSvc99Failed</p> <p>SVC 99 (Allocate) failed.</p> <p>Action: The specified device cannot be allocated. It may have already been allocated. Make sure that the gateway address is specified correctly.</p>   |
| 03EA  | <p>JRDevNotOnline</p> <p>Specified device is not online.</p> <p>Action: The specified device is not online. Verify that the gateway address is specified correctly. If correct, then verify that it is online.</p>  |
| 03EB  | <p>JRDevNotFound</p> <p>Specified device is not found.</p> <p>Action: The specified device cannot be found. Make sure that the gateway address is specified correctly.</p>  |
| 03EC  | <p>JRAreadyInProgress</p> <p>Another config request is in progress.</p> <p>Action: Wait until the other config completes.</p>   |
| 03ED  | <p>JRInvalidVersion</p> <p>Config request has invalid version number.</p> <p>Action: Use correct version number.</p>  |
| 03EE  | <p>JRNotAuthWLM</p> <p>Server_init service call failed permission check for BPX.WLMSEVER facility class profile.</p> <p>Action: Caller must be given read permission to BPX.WLMSEVER facility class profile in order to use the server_init service successfully.</p> |
| 03EF  | <p>JRTargetIPNotFound</p> <p>Target IP address cannot be found.</p> <p>Action: Caller must define target ip address using config.</p>   |
| 03F0  | <p>JRESCONNotConfigured</p> <p>The ESCON connection is not configured.</p> <p>Action: Use the configstk command to configure the desired ESCON connection and then retry this operation.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 03F1  | JRPtySlaveLocked<br><br>A grantpt() was issued against the master pty but an unlockpt() has not yet been issued.<br><br>Action: Either issue an unlockpt() or do not use grantpt(). Without grantpt() slave permissions are set at the first slave open.  |
| 03F2  | JRPtySlaveNotLocked<br><br>The slave pty is not locked either because grantpt was not done or because grantpt has already been issued.<br><br>Action: Either issue a grantpt() before the unlockpt() or do not use unlockpt(). Without grantpt/unlockpt, permissions are set at the first slave open.   |
| 03F3  | JRPtyGrantptDone<br><br>grantpt() has already been issued. This grantpt is redundant.<br><br>Action: Remove one of the grantpt() calls.   |
| 03F4  | JRSRBSNotAllowed<br><br>Issuing syscalls from an SRB is not allowed.<br><br>Action: The calling process is either in termination or has reached its limit on concurrent SRBs issuing z/OS UNIX callable services. If the process is not in termination, reissue the callable service. When returned with ENOSYS this means the program on an SRB has made a call for a Physical File System that does not support SRB mode callers. |
| 03F5  | JRNotSRBSyscall<br><br>The syscall requested is not supported in SRB mode.<br><br>Action: Either issue the callable service from task mode or use another callable service to perform the function required.  |
| 03F6  | JRRTSSConnErr<br><br>Fork child processing failed due to a RTSS connection error.<br><br>Action: Contact the system programmer to determine if the RTSS subsystem is up and operational.  |
| 03F7  | JRRTSEnvErr<br><br>Fork parent processing failed due to a RTSS environment error.<br><br>Action: Contact the system programmer to determine if the RTSS subsystem is up and operational.  |
| 03F8  | JRAsyncAuthErr<br><br>User is not authorized for asynchronous i/o.<br><br>Action: Issue the requested function synchronously.   |
| 03F9  | JRAsyncRWLenZero<br><br>Zero length asynchronous read or write not permitted.<br><br>Action: Issue the requested function synchronously.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 03FA  | <p>JRAsyncBadMsgHdrLen</p> <p>AioBuffSize is not set to correct message header length.</p> <p>Action: Set AioBuffSize to the correct value and reissue the request.</p>   |
| 03FB  | <p>JRAsyncBadCmd</p> <p>AioCmd is not set to a supported value.</p> <p>Action: Set AioCmd to a supported value and reissue the request.</p>   |
| 03FC  | <p>JRAsyncBadNotifyType</p> <p>AioNotifyType is not set to a supported value.</p> <p>Action: Set AioNotifyType to a supported value and reissue the request.</p>  |
| 03FD  | <p>JRAsyncBadOffset</p> <p>AioOffset is a negative value.</p> <p>Action: Set AioOffset to a non-negative value and reissue the request.</p>   |
| 03FE  | <p>JRAsyncBadAiocbLen</p> <p>The input length for the AioCb is not a supported length.</p> <p>Action: Set the length parameter to the supported length for an AioCb.</p>  |
| 03FF  | <p>JRAsyncBadSockAddr</p> <p>The AioSockAddrPtr, AioSockAddrLen, AioLocSockAddrPtr or AioLocSockAddrLen contains a bad value.</p> <p>Action: Set AioSockAddrLen (or AioLocSockAddrLen) to a zero value or set AioSockAddrPtr (or AioLocSockAddrPtr) to the address of an area to receive a sockaddr structure and set AioSockAddrLen (or AioLocSockAddrLen) to the length of that area.</p> |
| 0400  | <p>JRSchedSrbErr</p> <p>The Srb was not scheduled.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0401  | <p>JRBadArq</p> <p>An invalid Arq was encountered.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0402  | <p>JRCancel</p> <p>Vnode operation CANCEL is not supported by this file system.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>   |
| 0403  | <p>JRDuplicateCancel</p> <p>A cancel operation is already in progress for the target asyncio request.</p> <p>Action: Wait for the previous cancel request to complete.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0404  | JRAsyncNotSingleTd<br><br>The AsyncIO operation can not be performed because this socket does not have a chosen transport stack.<br><br>Action: Issue pfsctl(BPX1PCT) with the SetAsyncIO or SetIbmOpt option to choose an asynchronous I/O capable transport.  |
| 0405  | JRSMFNotAuthorized<br><br>The __smf_record function can not be performed because the caller is not permitted to the BPX.SMF facility class and is not APF authorized. The caller must either be permitted to the facility class or APF authorized.<br><br>Action: If the user is to be permitted to use the __smf_record function, the user must be permitted to the BPX.SMF facility class or be APF authorized. |
| 0406  | JRSMFNotAccepting<br><br>SMF is not recording SMF records of the type and subtype requested.<br><br>Action: Do not build SMF records for this type and subtype, they are not being recorded.  |
| 0407  | JRSMFNotActive<br><br>SMF is not active.<br><br>Action: Do not build SMF records for this type and subtype, they are not being recorded.  |
| 0408  | JRSMFError<br><br>An error occurred in the SMFEWTM SMF macro.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0409  | JRSMFBadRecordLength<br><br>The length of the SMF record passed to __smf_record is either too large or too small.<br><br>Action: Correct the SMF record size passed to the __smf_record function.   |
| 040A  | JREnclavesExist<br><br>The calling work manager has enclaves that it created that have yet to be serviced.<br><br>Action: Reissue the SRV_DISCONNECT_COND function on server_pwu later to allow all created enclaves to be serviced.  |
| 040B  | JRBindNotDone<br><br>Bind() must be issued before issuing read/write.<br><br>Action: Issue Bind() and try request again   |
| 040C  | JRQhitRecovery<br><br>BPXXQHIT macro reportedly entered recovery.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 040D  | JRPingSelf<br><br>Ping to self is not supported.<br><br>Action: Do not ping to self   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 040E  | <p>JRDuplicateReq</p> <p>Requested connection already exists.</p> <p>Action: The oeifconfig request to add a connection failed because the connection already exists. You must issue the oeifconfig command to delete the existing connection before you can add it again.</p>  |
| 040F  | <p>JRTrleNotFound</p> <p>Target TRLE name cannot be found.</p> <p>Action: Requested TRLE name cannot be found. Caller must define target MPC TRLE resource before using oeifconfig to retrieve it.</p>  |
| 0410  | <p>JRBpxxuiwrErr</p> <p>The BPXXUIWR macro failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0411  | <p>JRFastPathRange</p> <p>A new socket descriptor is too large for Fastpath.</p> <p>Action: The call to setrlimit() for RLIMIT_NOFILE must be moved to before the first call to socket() when a program is using the _BPXK_INET_FASTPATH environment variable.</p>  |
| 0412  | <p>JrRosAlreadyReg</p> <p>An error occurred during process signal initialization.</p> <p>Action: Kernel handling of async I/O can not be done if another Signal Interrupt Routine has already been registered.</p>  |
| 0413  | <p>JRAsyncSigKey0Err</p> <p>A caller in key 0 cannot request signals for async i/o.</p> <p>Action: Request another method of notification for async i/o completion.</p>   |
| 0414  | <p>JRAsyncExitModeTcb</p> <p>A request for ExitMode of TCB was requested for a user who is either not running on a TCB or running in key 0.</p> <p>Action: Request ExitMode of SRB or change the user key.</p>  |
| 0415  | <p>JRAsyncOpNotSupp</p> <p>The AsyncIO operation can not be performed because the socket transport does not support asynchronous I/O or asynchronous select included a physical file system that could not support this operation.</p> <p>Action: Issue pfsctl(BPX1PCT) with the SetAsyncIO or SetIbmOpt option to choose an asynchronous I/O capable transport. In the case of asynchronous select, part of the operation runs on a system SRB so descriptors for PFSEs that don't support SRB mode callers can not be included.</p> |
| 0416  | <p>JRAsyncBadSigNo</p> <p>The AsyncIO operation specified a signal number that does not fall within the valid range of values.</p> <p>Action: Specify a signal number which falls within the valid range of values.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0417  | JRPrivilegedFile<br><br>The operation is not allowed on a privileged file.<br><br>Action: Reset privileged attributes on file and retry the operation.  |
| 0418  | JRRouteExists<br><br>The oifconfig contained a duplicate destination IP address.<br><br>Action: Verify the address being added. Delete and re-add.  |
| 0419  | JRHomeExists<br><br>The oifconfig contained a duplicate home IP address.<br><br>Action: Verify the address being added. Delete and re-add.  |
| 041A  | JRAPFNNotAllowed<br><br>The chatr function can not be performed to change the APF attribute because the caller is not permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.APF facility class.<br><br>Action: If the user is allowed to use chatr to change the APF attribute, the user must be permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.APF facility class.                                |
| 041B  | JRPGMNotAllowed<br><br>The chatr function can not be performed to change the program control attribute because the caller is not permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.PROGCTL facility class.<br><br>Action: If the user is allowed to use chatr to change the program control attribute, the user must be permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.PROGCTL facility class. |
| 041C  | JRProgCntl<br><br>A request to load an HFS executable that is not program controlled was made into an environment that must be kept clean.<br><br>Action: If the program is to be loaded into this environment it must have the program controlled attribute.   |
| 041D  | JRFileSzExcdLimit<br><br>A request to load a file into the LFS Cache was made for a file that exceeds the size limit of the cache.<br><br>Action: If a file is to be loaded into the LFS Cache, it must obey file size limitations.   |
| 041E  | JRFileIsEmpty<br><br>A request to load a file into the LFS Cache was made for a file that is empty.<br><br>Action: If a file is to be loaded into the LFS Cache, it must have contents.   |
| 041F  | JRCacheNotRegFile<br><br>Requests to load a file into the LFS Cache are valid for only regular files.<br><br>Action: If a file is to be loaded into the LFS Cache, it must be a regular file.   |
| 0420  | JRNotMVSLocalFile<br><br>Requests to load a file into the LFS Cache are valid for only local files.<br><br>Action: If a file is to be loaded into the LFS Cache, it must be a local file.   |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0421  | <p>JRFileInUse</p> <p>The file cannot be loaded into the LFS Cache because the file is currently in use or the cleanup daemon has not completed.</p> <p>Action: After the file is no longer in use, wait 10 minutes and then reissue the command.</p>   |
| 0422  | <p>JRNoFreeEntry</p> <p>No free entries in the interface control array.</p> <p>Action: All entries in the interface control array are currently in use. The oeifconfig request cannot be processed. Please try again later.</p>   |
| 0423  | <p>JRInheUserId</p> <p>User Id specified in Inheritance structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with a valid User Id in the Inheritance Structure.</p>  |
| 0424  | <p>JRInheRegion</p> <p>Region size specified in Inheritance structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with a valid Region Size in the Inheritance Structure.</p>  |
| 0425  | <p>JRInheCPUTime</p> <p>CPU Time specified in Inheritance structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with a valid CPU Time in the Inheritance Structure.</p>   |
| 0426  | <p>JRInheAcctDataPtr</p> <p>The account data pointer in the Inheritance structure points to a location not addressable by the caller.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with InheAcctDataPtr containing the address of a location the caller has access to.</p>   |
| 0427  | <p>JRInheCWD</p> <p>CWD specified in Inheritance structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with a valid CWD in the Inheritance Structure.</p>   |
| 0428  | <p>JRTooManyIntf</p> <p>Too many configured interfaces already exist.</p> <p>Action: The maximum number of interfaces (VTAM resources) have been configured. New interfaces cannot be configured unless some existing interfaces are unconfigured (detached). Retry the oeifconfig after removing some unneeded interfaces.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0429  | <p>JRBadIpAddr</p> <p>An IP address in the configured interface is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An error was detected during the VTAM channel initialization process. One of the following occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The partner IP address in the input USERDATA area does not match our local IP address.</li><li>• The Local IP address in the input USERDATA area does not match our remote partner IP address.</li></ul> <p>Ensure that the IP address specified in the oeifconfig command is correct for the intended remote partner. Retry the oeifconfig command after correcting the error.</p>  |
| 042A  | <p>JRDataNotAvail</p> <p>There are no elements to read on ESCON receive queue.</p> <p>Action: Try later</p>   |
| 042B  | <p>JRReqDenied</p> <p>The oeifconfig request is not accepted.</p> <p>Action: The loop back interface (interface name of LO0) cannot be detached. It can only be deactivated.</p>  |
| 042C  | <p>JRBadMtuSize</p> <p>The specified MTU size for the interface is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: An error was detected during the VTAM channel initialization process. One of the following errors occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The communications partner specified a non-zero MTU size that does not match MVS' local MTU size. By default, MVS uses an MTU size of 32768.</li><li>• The partner specified a non-zero MTU size that is greater than the "maximum send size" or the "maximum receive size".</li></ul> <p>No MTU error checking is done if the specified MTU value is zero. Issue the oenetstat -i command on MVS and its equivalent command on the remote partner to display the MTU size being used. Retry the oeifconfig command after correcting the error.</p> |
| 042D  | <p>JRNotOsa</p> <p>Current interface is not an OSA adapter.</p> <p>Action: An error was detected during the VTAM channel initialization process. the oeifconfig command specified the (remote partner) interface as an OSA adapter. However, the user data from the remote partner says otherwise. Correct the error and reissue the oeifconfig command.</p>  |
| 042E  | <p>JRBadOsaPort</p> <p>Incorrect OSA port number specified.</p> <p>Action: The oeifconfig command specified an invalid OSA port number. Only port number 0 is currently supported. Correct the error and reissue the oeifconfig command.</p>  |
| 042F  | <p>JRJsrCIErr</p> <p>A request to convert JCL to SWA control blocks failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0430  | <p>JRJsRsErr</p> <p>A request to create a JSAB for a Forked space failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0431  | <p>JRJsRacXtr</p> <p>A call to RACROUTE failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0432  | <p>JRJsRUavXit</p> <p>The IEFUAV exit rejected account data.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0433  | <p>JRJsRltjt</p> <p>The IEFITJT routine had an internal error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0434  | <p>JRJsRint</p> <p>Internal error from BPXPRJSR.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0435  | <p>JRJsRsetUp</p> <p>Error setting up running environment.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0436  | <p>JRWlmWonErr</p> <p>An IWMUWON request to create a child address space failed.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0437  | <p>JRForkExitRcOverlayPgmNotValid</p> <p>Contents Supervisor Fork Exit cannot fork overlay programs.</p> <p>Action: The contents supervision fork exit detected that an overlay program is present in the caller's environment. Overlay programs cannot be propagated on fork. Either use an alternative to fork, such as spawn, or eliminate the usage of overlay programs when using the fork function.</p> |
| 0438  | <p>JrMsgMaxLines</p> <p>Maximum number of lines was exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Check syscall documentation for maximum number of lines that can be written to console at one time.</p>  |
| 0439  | <p>JRRddPlusNoCursorSupp</p> <p>FuioRddPlus is only supported with the index protocol, not the cursor protocol.</p> <p>Action: Specify FuioRdIndex to be greater than 0.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 043A  | <p>JRBadMaxSendRcvSize</p> <p>Incorrect Maximum send/receive size value specified.</p> <p>Action: An error was detected during the VTAM channel initialization process. One of the following errors occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The maximum send size parameter value is less than 32768. The maximum send size parameter value must be at least 32K (32768). The maximum send size may be specified under the MAXBFRU keyword of the Transport Resource List Element (TRLE). That value should be set to at least 9 (size in number of 4K pages).</li><li>• The partner specified a non-zero MTU size that is greater than its "maximum receive size".</li></ul> <p>Retry the oeifconfig command after correcting the error.</p> |
| 043B  | <p>JRPtLDTTooManyExtents</p> <p>The ptrace loader information request failed because a load module had more than 16 extents.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program tried to read loader information for a load module with more than 16 extents.</p>   |
| 043C  | <p>JRBadHandle</p> <p>The lock handle on the lock parameter is not 0.</p> <p>Action: Set the lock handle to 0 and reissue the lock request.</p>  |
| 043D  | <p>JRNoDefault</p> <p>Common Inet is running, but there are no transport providers active to run as a Default.</p> <p>Action: Local Inet cannot run as part of Common Inet without at least one other AF_INET provider also active. Initialize the provider already defined in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</p>  |
| 043E  | <p>JRBlocksInFlux</p> <p>Unable to access internal blocks without lock.</p> <p>Action: Determine the status of the process in question and retry the __getthent request for this process or request a different process.</p>   |
| 043F  | <p>JRLinetFail</p> <p>Local inet not correctly set up.</p> <p>Action: Either the local INET was started without bringing up the Converged Sockets file system, or the Converged Sockets file system was started with only local INET. Converged Sockets must be brought up with at least one other file system in order for local INET to be started.</p>  |
| 0440  | <p>JRNoEphemeralPorts</p> <p>The supply of ephemeral port numbers is exhausted.</p> <p>Action: Verify that socket applications using this stack really need the port numbers. The ephemeral port range can only be increased by reducing the CINET INADDR_ANY range.</p>   |
| 0441  | <p>JRSocketSynReceived</p> <p>A SYN was received on the socket connection.</p> <p>Action: The socket connection was dropped. Re-establish the socket connection.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0442  | <p>JRSocketRstReceived</p> <p>A RST was received on the socket connection.</p> <p>Action: The socket connection was dropped. Verify the status of the remote partner. Then re-attempt the socket connection.</p>   |
| 0443  | <p>JRSelfConnect</p> <p>Connect to self is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: Use a different ip address.</p>   |
| 0444  | <p>JRAlreadyConn</p> <p>The socket is already connected.</p> <p>Action: The socket is already connected to the partner socket. If the connection is not usable then close() the socket and establish a new socket connection.</p>  |
| 0445  | <p>JRNotStream</p> <p>The socket operation is only valid for a stream socket.</p> <p>Action: The syscall did not complete successfully. Only use the socket service for a socket of type stream.</p>   |
| 0446  | <p>JRSocketConDropped</p> <p>The socket connection was severed.</p> <p>Action: The socket connection was dropped. Re-establish the socket connection.</p>  |
| 0447  | <p>JRMpMuProcess</p> <p>Operation not permitted in a Multiproc/Multiuser process.</p> <p>Action: The caller's process is in a multiprocess address space and has its own process level security environment. The operation is not permitted in this environment. Retry the operation again from a non-multiproc/multiuser environment.</p> |
| 0448  | <p>JRTLSCertIDLenInvalid</p> <p>The certificate structure has an incorrect length associated with it.</p> <p>Action: Verify the parameter containing the length of the certificate structure.</p>  |
| 0449  | <p>JRTLSCertTypeInvalid</p> <p>The type of certificate used is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Verify the parameter containing the type of certificate and ensure it is a known type.</p>  |
| 044A  | <p>JRTLSCertLengthInvalid</p> <p>The length of the certificate is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Check the parameter associated with the length of the actual certificate and ensure it is correct.</p>   |
| 044B  | <p>JRNoINITACEE</p> <p>There is no SAF service available to manage a certificate authorization.</p> <p>Action: Install a security product that supports authorization via certificate.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 044C  | JRNoCertforUser<br><br>There is no userid defined for this certificate.<br><br>Action: Ensure the userid is known to the SAF service.   |
| 044D  | JRCertInvalid<br><br>The certificate is not valid to the security service.<br><br>Action: Ensure this is a valid and correct certificate.   |
| 044E  | JRKeepaliveTO<br><br>The socket connection was severed.<br><br>Action: The KEEPALIVE timer expired and the connection was dropped. Reestablish the socket connection.   |
| 044F  | JRIInetRecycled<br><br>One of the Transport Providers was activated after the socket was opened.<br><br>Action: This socket should be closed and restarted.   |
| 0450  | JRSwapMismatch<br><br>An attempt was made to make the address space swappable when no previous attempt to make the address space non-swappable was made.<br><br>Action: Call service to make address space non-swappable before making it swappable.  |
| 0451  | JRNoBacklogQ<br><br>An accept() request was issued for a server socket that does not have a backlog queue.<br><br>Action: A listen() was issued with a backlog queue size of less than or equal to zero. Issue a listen() with a backlog queue size greater than zero for the server socket in order to accept() connections. |
| 0452  | JRFunctionCode<br><br>The function code for syscall is not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a supported function code  |
| 0453  | JRIIdentityType<br><br>The identity type for the syscall is not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a supported identity type   |
| 0454  | JRCertificate<br><br>The security certificate was either not specified or the length was not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a valid certificate for __login  |
| 0455  | JRCwdPLusFileName<br><br>The combined length of the CWD specified in the INHE and the filename parameter exceeded 1023 bytes.<br><br>Action: Verify the length of the CWD specified in the INHE and length of the filename parameter when combined does not exceed 1023 characters.   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0456  | <p>JRFileChangedDuringLoad</p> <p>The file or its attributes changed while the file was in the process of being loaded.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation after any changes have been made to the file and its attributes.</p>   |
| 0457  | <p>JRSecurityEnv</p> <p>The syscall is prohibited with the caller's current security environment.</p> <p>Action: The current task level security environment for the caller was not created via <code>__login</code>. So, <code>__login</code> can not be used to change the current security environment.</p>  |
| 0458  | <p>JRStorNotAvail</p> <p>An address was specified which is not available.</p> <p>Action: The system tried to obtain storage on behalf of the request but the storage was not available. All or part of the storage was already allocated or the system would not permit it to be allocated.</p>   |
| 0459  | <p>JRNotSegment</p> <p>A location specified or generated is not on a segment boundary.</p> <p>Action: Specify the address, length or offset in segment multiples.</p>   |
| 045A  | <p>JRMmapTypeMismatch</p> <p>A request specified the <code>MAP_MEGA</code> option but was already mapped without the option or did not specify the <code>MAP_MEGA</code> option but was already mapped with that option.</p> <p>Action: Ensure all requests to map the same file specify compatible <code>map_type</code> options.</p>                                    |
| 045B  | <p>JRWFileMapROnly</p> <p>A request tried to write to a file that is mapped as read-only.</p> <p>Action: Remap the file for write or read/write access.</p>   |
| 045C  | <p>JRPtTypeNotTried</p> <p>The entry in a <code>ptrace PT_BlockReq</code> request containing this value in the status field was not processed because of an unexpected error.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation after ensuring that the request is valid. For example, ensure that a <code>Write_Block</code> request is not trying to write into protected storage.</p> |
| 045D  | <p>JRPtBadBlkReqStruc</p> <p>The <code>PtBRInfo</code> block or related structure passed as input for a <code>ptrace Pt_BlockReq</code> request is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Fix the <code>PtBRInfo</code> control block or related structure and retry the operation.</p>  |
| 045E  | <p>JRPtSomeBlkedFailed</p> <p>One or more entries in a <code>Pt_BlockReq</code> request was not processed.</p> <p>Action: Check the status field of each entry in the <code>PtBRInfo</code> block to obtain the status of each request. At least one did not complete</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 045F  | JRPtTypeNotBlockable<br><br>The entry in a ptrace PT_BlockReq request containing this value in the status field was not processed because the type specified is not allowed in a blocked request.<br><br>Action: Change the PtBRInfo block to not include unsupported request types. |
| 0460  | JRTargetPid<br><br>A target pid specified is incorrect.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid target pid.  |
| 0461  | JRSignalPid<br><br>A signal pid specified is incorrect.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid signal pid.  |
| 0462  | JRNoCallerPid<br><br>The Signal_Pid or Target_Pid did not contain the pid of the caller.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with the Signal_Pid or Target_Pid equal to the caller's pid  |
| 0463  | JRAnr<br><br>Vnode operation ACCEPT_AND_RECEIVE is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Issue separate accept and receive operations with this socket.  |
| 0464  | JRSrx<br><br>Vnode operation SR_CSM is not supported by this file system.<br><br>Action: Use regular send/receive type operations with this socket.  |
| 0465  | JrWrongKey<br><br>An error occurred during process signal initialization.<br><br>Action: Kernel handling of async I/O can not be done if all callers do not run under the same key.  |
| 0466  | JRPtBadBlkOffset<br><br>A PtBRInfo entry has an offset that either points to within the PtBRInfo block or past the end of the area provided by the user.<br><br>Action: Fix the PtBRInfo control block or related structure and retry the operation.                                 |
| 0467  | JRSsetTooSmall<br><br>The OldCount value supplied was too small to accomodate the number of built entries.<br><br>Action: OldCount now contains the number of array elements needed. Reissue the call with the new OldCount value  |
| 0468  | JRInvalidRange<br><br>The NewCount or OldCount was greater than the maximum number of signals allowed.<br><br>Action: Check NewCount and OldCount values making sure they are less than the maximum number of signals allowed and reissue the call.                                  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0469  | <p>JRInvalidOption</p> <p>The option specified is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a supported option.</p>   |
| 046A  | <p>JRInvalidBinSemUndo</p> <p>The requested operation violates binary semaphore rules by specifying UNDO option.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the semaphore request without UNDO parameter for a binary semaphore.</p>   |
| 046B  | <p>JRInvalidBinSemNumSemOps</p> <p>The requested operation violates binary semaphore rules by specifying more than one operation per semop.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the semaphore request with one operation per semop call.</p>  |
| 046C  | <p>JRInvalidBinSemNotBinOp</p> <p>The requested operation violates binary semaphore rules by specifying too large a semop or semctl value for the semval.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the semaphore request with a valid semop or semctl SETVAL or SETALL value for a binary semaphore.</p> |
| 046D  | <p>JRInvalidBinSemFlag</p> <p>A semgt request matched an existing key or ID but the __IPC_BINSEM flag operand does not match.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the semaphore request either with or without the __IPC_BINSEM flag to match the existing semaphore set.</p>                       |
| 046E  | <p>JRInvalidBinSemSetAll</p> <p>A requested semctl SETALL is being done after a semop for a __IPC_BINSEM semaphore set.</p> <p>Action: Do the semctl SETALL for a __IPC_BINSEM semaphore set before doing any semop requests to the semaphore set.</p>                                 |
| 046F  | <p>JRNegativeLength</p> <p>A negative length was specified for either the header length or trailer length on the SEND_FILE Syscall.</p> <p>Action: Correct the length and reissue the syscall.</p>   |
| 0470  | <p>JRInvalidOffset</p> <p>The offset parameter specified on the SEND_FILE syscall is not correct. It is either a negative number or it specifies an offset past the end of the file.</p> <p>Action: Correct the offset and reissue the syscall.</p>                                    |
| 0471  | <p>JRTooManyBytes</p> <p>The FILE_BYTES parameter specified on the SEND_FILE syscall is larger than the file size.</p> <p>Action: Correct FILE_BYTES and reissue the syscall.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0472  | <p>JRSocketNonBlock</p> <p>The socket descriptor specified on the SEND_FILE syscall is a non-blocking socket. SEND_FILE requires a blocking socket.</p> <p>Action: Change the state of the socket from non-blocking to blocking, then reissue the SEND_FILE syscall.</p>   |
| 0473  | <p>JRLocalSpawnNotAllowed</p> <p>A request to spawn a local child process could not be completed because of conflicting inheritance attributes. A local spawn request with options that affect the attributes of the address space is not allowed because this would affect the attributes of the current address space where the new process would be created. The spawn request specified an inheritance structure or environment variable settings that would have changed one or more of the following attributes of the address space: the region size, the memory limit, the time limit, accounting information, the user ID.</p> <p>Action: A local child process is required to be created when either the InheMustBeLocal flag in the inheritance structure is set on or when the value of the _BPX_SHAREAS environment variable is MUST. For spawns that must be local be sure the request does not specify any of the following attributes in the inheritance structure: InheSetRegionSz, InheSetMemLimit, InheSetTimeLimit, InheSetAcctData, InheSetJobname. In addition, be sure that the list of environment variables passed on the spawn request does not include a _BPX_USERID specification.</p> |
| 0474  | <p>JRInvalidSFPLLen</p> <p>The SFPL_LENGTH parameter specified on the SEND_FILE syscall is not correct.</p> <p>Action: Correct SFPL_LENGTH and reissue the syscall.</p>  |
| 0475  | <p>JRPtInvFPCWrite</p> <p>The value specified for writing into the Floating Point Control Register is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the PT_WRITE_FPR request with a valid value for the Floating Point Control Register.</p>   |
| 0476  | <p>JRMaxAiocbEcb</p> <p>The maximum number of AIOCBs with user defined ECBs was exceeded on the requested function.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the number of AIOCBs with user defined ECBs.</p>   |
| 0477  | <p>JRCertAlreadyDefined</p> <p>The certificate being registered/deregistered is already defined for another user.</p> <p>Action: See initACEE documentation.</p>   |
| 0478  | <p>JrCertDoesNotMeetReq</p> <p>The certificate being registered/deregistered does not meet RACF requirements.</p> <p>Action: See initACEE documentation.</p>   |
| 0479  | <p>JRLockFcnCode</p> <p>The value specified for the LockFcnCode parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with a valid value for the LockFcnCode parameter.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 047A  | <p>JRLockReqType</p> <p>The value specified for the LockReqType parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with a valid value for the LockReqType parameter.</p>  |
| 047B  | <p>JRLockType</p> <p>The value specified for the LockType parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with a valid value for the LockType parameter.</p>   |
| 047C  | <p>JRLockAddr</p> <p>The address specified for the LockAddr parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not a valid shared memory address.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with a valid shared memory address for the LockAddr parameter.</p>       |
| 047D  | <p>JRLockToken</p> <p>The value specified for the LockToken parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with a valid value for the LockToken parameter.</p>  |
| 047E  | <p>JRLockedAlready</p> <p>The lock represented by the specified lock token is already in a held state.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call at a later instance when the lock is no longer held.</p>  |
| 047F  | <p>JRLockInUse</p> <p>The lock represented by the specified lock token is in use for a condition wait.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call at a later instance when the lock is no longer in use.</p>  |
| 0480  | <p>JRLockShmAcc</p> <p>The caller does not have read/write access to the shared memory in which the specified lock resides.</p> <p>Action: Change the access on the shared memory segment in which the lock resides to read/write access.</p>                |
| 0481  | <p>JRLockNotOwner</p> <p>The calling thread does not own the lock represented by the specified lock token.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that only the lock owning thread attempts to release the lock.</p>                                     |
| 0482  | <p>JRLockMaxCntSys</p> <p>The maximum number of shared memory locks for the system have been initialized.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call at a later instance when the number of shared memory locks is no longer at the system maximum.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0483  | <p>JRLockMaxCntThd</p> <p>The maximum number of shared memory locks for the calling thread have been obtained.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call at a later instance when the number of obtained shared memory locks is no longer at the per thread maximum.</p>   |
| 0484  | <p>JRLockMaxCntRecurse</p> <p>The maximum number of recursive lock obtains for a given lock has been reached.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call at a later instance when the number of recursive shared memory lock obtains is not at the maximum.</p>   |
| 0485  | <p>JRLockShmRemoved</p> <p>The specified lock cannot be obtained because it is in shared memory that has been removed.</p> <p>Action: A shared memory remove was done for the shared memory segment in which the lock resides. Further obtain requests cannot be honored.</p>  |
| 0486  | <p>JRBadAioEcb</p> <p>An Ecb represented by AioEcbPtr in one of the input Aiocbs was found to be bad.</p> <p>Action: Find the offending Aiocb and correct the AioEcbPtr field to either contain zero or point to a valid ecb.</p>  |
| 0487  | <p>JRNoPtSecEnv</p> <p>Only a thread level identity created with pthread_security_np (BPX1TLS) can be propagated over a socket.</p> <p>Action: Insure calling thread has a task level identity created with pthread_security_np() (BPX1TLS) and retry the connect() operation.</p>   |
| 0488  | <p>JRMultiThreaded</p> <p>The requested service cannot be performed in an address space with multiple user threads.</p> <p>Action: The thread calling the service was not the JST (Job Step Task) or the JST has subtasks. Reissue the request from an address space with only a JST task.</p>   |
| 0489  | <p>JrActAcceptUserid</p> <p>The active identity for the caller /process was propagated over a socket via accept(). The propagated identity must be cleaned up before another identity can be propagated.</p> <p>Action: Clean up the propagated identity by closing (BPX1CLO) the socket descriptor that was return by the accept() that caused the identity to be propagated. See setsockopt() (BPX1OPT) for details.</p> |
| 048A  | <p>JRLockTokenAddr</p> <p>The address specified in the LockTokenAddr parameter for the BPX1SLK service is not accessible.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SLK service call with an address of a lock token area that is accessible to the calling program.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 048B  | <p>JREnclaveErr</p> <p>While changing to an identity propagated by a socket an error occurred while attempting to join/leave the propagated enclave.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 048C  | <p>JRNotInWLMEnclave</p> <p>The unit of work is not in a WLM enclave. BPX1WLM did not return an enclave token .</p> <p>Action: The parameter area is unchanged as the current unit of work is not in a WLM enclave.</p>   |
| 048D  | <p>JRCSMfailure</p> <p>The get_buffer request to get a CSM buffer failed.</p> <p>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 048E  | <p>JrMaxQueuedSigs</p> <p>Maximum number of queued signal exceeded by the invoking process.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system programmer or system administrator to increase the MAXQUEUEDSIGS parameter of the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</p>  |
| 048F  | <p>JrSigInfoLen</p> <p>The value specified for the SigInfo_Len parameter on a BPX1STW (sigtimedwait) syscall was not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1STW (sigtimedwait) syscall with the correct length specified for the siginfo_t (BPXYSINF) area.</p>  |
| 0490  | <p>JRLevelTooHigh</p> <p>The load module format of the target executable file is at a level higher than the current system supports.</p> <p>Action: Rebuild the target executable file so that it is compatible for the running system level.</p>   |
| 0491  | <p>JRBpxoinitStarted</p> <p>The OMVS initial process must be started by the system. Do not use the START operator command to start the OMVS initial process.</p> <p>Action: Do not use the START operator command to start the OMVS initial process. It is started by the system.</p>   |
| 0492  | <p>JRBpxoinitNotUid0</p> <p>The userid associated with system procedure, BPXOINIT, must have uid=0 in the OMVS segment in the security database.</p> <p>Action: Change the userid or the uid of the userid associated with system proc BPXOINIT to have uid=0 and then have the operator re-IPL to recover OMVS services.</p> |
| 0493  | <p>JRStickyBit</p> <p>A program with the sticky bit was found but it is not supported on this call.</p> <p>Action: When issued for a BPX1LOD, either do not specify a sticky program, or reset the option on the BPX1LOD call to allow sticky programs.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0494  | <p>JrMaxAsyncIO</p> <p>The maximum number of outstanding async I/O requests has been exceeded by the invoking process.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system programmer to increase the MAXQUEUEDSIGS or MAXFILEPROC parameters for the process. The Async I/O maximum is two times the sum of MAXQUEUEDSIGS, from the BPXPRMxx parmlib member, and the process's file limit, which comes from: the BPXPRMxx MAXFILEPROC value, or the user's RACF profile's OMVS segment FILEPROCMAX value, or a program specified RLIMIT_NOFILE value.</p> |
| 0495  | <p>JRNotPtCreated</p> <p>Invoking task is not pthread created.</p> <p>Action: The function must be run as a pthread-created thread. Reissue the function after correcting the error.</p>   |
| 0496  | <p>JRNotPtSecurity</p> <p>The current task security environment is not set up via pthread_security_np.</p> <p>Action: The current task security environment must be set up via pthread_security_np. Reissue the function after correcting the error.</p>   |
| 0497  | <p>JRAlreadyActive</p> <p>Requested function is already active.</p> <p>Action: The osenv_get/osenv_set request cannot be processed. A previous osenv_get/osenv_set is active. An osenv_unset must be issued before a new osenv_get/osenv_set can be issued again.</p>  |
| 0498  | <p>JRSecActive</p> <p>Task level security environment already active.</p> <p>Action: One of the following error conditions occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The osenv_set request cannot be processed. The osenv_set request specified security environment and the current task already has task level security active.</li><li>• The pthread_security_np request cannot be processed. An osenv environment is already active with task level security specified.</li></ul>                                       |
| 0499  | <p>JRInvOsenvTok</p> <p>Input osenv token is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: The input osenv token is invalid. Specify the same osenv token as returned on a osenv_get call. You may need to issue osenv_persist to ensure the osenv token stays valid.</p>  |
| 049A  | <p>JRNoPersist</p> <p>Unpersist requested but persist count is 0.</p> <p>Action: The osenv_unpersist request cannot be processed. Either no osenv_persist was issued or all prior osenv_persist requests have been matched by a corresponding osenv_unpersist.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 049B  | <p>JROsenvWlmMismatch</p> <p>osenv WLM Enclave membership does not match the current pthread WLM Enclave membership.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_set function cannot be processed. One of the following conditions occur:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The osenv_WLM attribute is requested, but the task already has a WLM Enclave membership established which is different than the osenv WLM Enclave membership.</li> <li>2. The osenv_WLM attribute is not requested, but the task already has a WLM Enclave membership established.</li> </ol> |
| 049C  | <p>JROsenvWrongEnclave</p> <p>Current task is not associated with the osenv WLM enclave.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_unset function cannot be processed. The task has changed WLM Enclave membership since the time osenv_set joined the WLM Enclave associated with the osenv.</p>   |
| 049D  | <p>JROsenvBeginEnvOutstanding</p> <p>Current task is operating under an outstanding WLM Begin environment. Enclave leave is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_unset function cannot be processed. The current task is operating under an outstanding Begin environment. Osenv_unset must be issued before issuing IWMSTBGN.</p>  |
| 049E  | <p>JROsenvNotEjoinedTcb</p> <p>Current task did not issue WLM Enclave Join, but only inherited Enclave attribute from mother task.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_unset function cannot be processed. The current task cannot issue osenv_set/osenv_unset in this environemnt.</p>   |
| 049F  | <p>JROsenvEnclaveSubTaskExists</p> <p>Current task has residual subtasks propagated to the enclave which are still associated with the Enclave.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_unset function cannot be processed. Ensure the subtasks are ended before issuing the osenv_unset function.</p>  |
| 04A0  | <p>JROsenvSecurityMismatch</p> <p>Current security environment does not match the value specified in the osenv token.</p> <p>Action: The Osenv_unset function cannot be processed. The security environment cannot be changed between osenv_set and osenv_unset. Ensure that the osenv token used was the one returned on the osenv_get.</p>   |
| 04A1  | <p>JROsenvNotActive</p> <p>Osenv environment is not active.</p> <p>Action: The osenv_unset, osenv_persist, or osenv_unpersist functions cannot be processed. Osenv_get or osenv_set must be issued before the osenv_unset, osenv_persist or osenv_unpersist functions. Osenv_unpersist can be issued together with osenv_set. If issued alone, it must be issued before osenv_unset.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04A2  | JROsenvPersistCntBad<br><br>There are no outstanding persist requests.<br><br>Action: The Osenv_unpersist function cannot be processed. The current persist count is 0. Osenv_persist must be issued before the osenv_unpersist function.   |
| 04A3  | JRWlmJoinError<br><br>Bad return code from IWMEJOIN macro.<br><br>Action: The IWMEJOIN macro failed. Check for WLM reported errors. Retry the osenv system call.  |
| 04A4  | JRIwmeleavError<br><br>Bad return code from IWMELEAV macro.<br><br>Action: The IWMELEAV macro failed. Check for WLM reported errors. Retry the osenv system call.   |
| 04A5  | JrNotSupInSysplex<br><br>In sysplex, for remount to be supported, all systems must be at a release that provides remount support. In sysplex, unmount drain is tried as unmount normal, but if it cannot complete, an error is returned.<br><br>Action: Remount can be replaced with unmount followed by mount. Unmount drain can be replaced by looping on unmount normal until it successfully completes. |
| 04A6  | JrSysplexRecoveryInProgress<br><br>An unmount or some file system command was attempted while sysplex system recovery was in progress.<br><br>Action: Try again later.  |
| 04A7  | JrMustBeImmed<br><br>An unmount was attempted in a sysplex for a filesystem that is unowned, and Immed was not specified.<br><br>Action: Do an unmount immed.   |
| 04A8  | JrResetAlreadyInProgress<br><br>Unmount reset is already in progress.<br><br>Action: None   |
| 04A9  | JrInvalidSize<br><br>Buffer received by mount was too small.<br><br>Action: Reissue the command with a correct size buffer.   |
| 04AA  | JrUnknownBlock<br><br>Control block received is unrecognized.<br><br>Action: The data structure in the buffer did not have an eye catcher identifier. Place this into the structure and try the command again.  |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04AB  | <p>JrBadCombo</p> <p>Conflicting values have been received.</p> <p>Action: Values for the chmount request conflict. Adjust the data structure to remove the conflicts. Reissue the request.</p>   |
| 04AC  | <p>JrNoWildFromSys</p> <p>Conflicting values have been received.</p> <p>Action: The FROMSYS specification in the MNTE cannot be an asterisk. Reissue the request for a specific FROMSYS.</p>  |
| 04AD  | <p>JrNoValues</p> <p>No values for the chmount request have been given.</p> <p>Action: Insufficient data was available in the MNTE to construct a chmount request.</p>  |
| 04AE  | <p>JrMustBeSysplex</p> <p>This request only possible in a sysplex environment.</p> <p>Action: This request can only be accepted in a sysplex environment. The issuing environment was not sysplex. There is no further action.</p>                |
| 04AF  | <p>JrAttemptsExhausted</p> <p>Every attempt to move the filesystem has failed.</p> <p>Action: Every attempt to move this file system has ended in failure. All possible locations to move the file system has been tried. It cannot be moved.</p> |
| 04B0  | <p>JrLostState</p> <p>The filesystem can no longer be moved by this process.</p> <p>Action: The filesystem can no longer be moved because the CDS no longer indicates that this process can move it.</p>  |
| 04B1  | <p>JrNoFROMSYS</p> <p>The system specified as the FROMSYS can not be found.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the command with a new FROMSYS specified.</p>  |
| 04B2  | <p>JrNoFSFound</p> <p>The filesystem requested to be moved can not be found.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the command with a filesystem that can be found.</p>  |
| 04B3  | <p>JrInRecovery</p> <p>A required file system is being recovered.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation later.</p>   |
| 04B4  | <p>JrNoMountPointFound</p> <p>The mountpoint requested to be moved can not be found.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the command with a mountpoint that can be found.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 04B5  | <p>JrBlackHole</p> <p>Filesystem is unowned.</p> <p>Action: A filesystem that is unowned can not be moved.</p>   |
| 04B6  | <p>JrNoPlace</p> <p>This filesystem can not be placed.</p> <p>Action: A filesystem was requested to be moved to and it is not possible to do so. The reason can be that the filesystem was requested to be moved to the system it was already on. This is considered an error. Alternatively, the reason can be that the filesystem was requested to be moved to any other system in the sysplex and no eligible system was found to accept this filesystem.</p> |
| 04B7  | <p>JrNoSystemFound</p> <p>There is no system with that name.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the command with a system name that can be found.</p>  |
| 04B8  | <p>JrSysplexDataSyncLost</p> <p>The I/O request is rejected because the file integrity was lost due to the failure of the file system server.</p> <p>Action: Close the file and re-open it.</p>  |
| 04B9  | <p>JrTdGone</p> <p>The socket Transport Driver has terminated and restarted.</p> <p>Action: Close the socket and re-open it, or restart the application program.</p>   |
| 04BA  | <p>JrNoDeviceFound</p> <p>There is no longer any device with that device number.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the command.</p>   |
| 04BC  | <p>JrNotMoveable</p> <p>This filesystem can not be moved.</p> <p>Action: Some filesystems can not be moved from one system to another. Check that the filesystem you intended to move is the one that was requested.</p>   |
| 04BD  | <p>JrNoLongerServer</p> <p>The server detected it is no longer the server.</p> <p>Action: The server has determined that it is no longer the server for the filesystem to be moved. Reissue the command.</p>   |
| 04BE  | <p>JRLockCtl</p> <p>The lockctl service vnode operation is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the operation was performed on a physical file system that supports the operation.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04BF  | JRCPLNotAuth<br><br>__cpl service call failed permission check for BPX.CF facility class profile.<br><br>Action: Caller must be given read permission to BPX.CF facility class profile in order to use the __cpl service successfully.  |
| 04C0  | JRCPLInvFcnCode<br><br>__cpl service call failed because the supplied function code is not valid.<br><br>Action: Reissue the __cpl service call with a valid value for the Function Code parameter.   |
| 04C1  | JRCPLInvBuffLen<br><br>__cpl service call failed because the supplied buffer length is not valid.<br><br>Action: Reissue the __cpl service call with a valid value for the buffer length parameter.   |
| 04C2  | JRCPLBuffTooSmall<br><br>__cpl service call failed because the supplied buffer was too small for the data to be returned.<br><br>Action: Reissue the __cpl service call with a buffer large enough to hold the data returned from IXCQUERY or IXCSP.  |
| 04C3  | JrSysplexBlackHoleIO<br><br>The I/O request is rejected because access to the owning file system was lost. This is a temporary condition.<br><br>Action: Close the file and re-open it.   |
| 04C4  | JrSysplexRecoveryTO<br><br>Filesystem recovery timeout. One or multiple file systems may not have been recovered, and are thus black holes.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 04C5  | JRCPLInvStrucType<br><br>__cpl service call failed because one of the supplied structure entries is defined with an incorrect type.<br><br>Action: Reissue the __cpl service call with a valid type for all supplied structure entries.   |
| 04C6  | JRCPLCFNotFound<br><br>__cpl service call failed because a Coupling Facility at the appropriate level (level 8 or greater) could not be found in the sysplex where this __cpl callable service routine is running.<br><br>Action: Reissue the __cpl service call in a sysplex that has a Coupling Facility at the appropriate level.                              |
| 04C7  | JRShrLibNotAuthorized<br><br>The chattr function can not be performed to change the shared library attribute because the caller is not permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.SHARELIB facility class.<br><br>Action: If the user is allowed to use chattr to change the shared library attribute, the user must be permitted to the BPX.FILEATTR.SHARELIB facility class. |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04C8  | JROutOfAutomountEntries<br><br>The system is unable to obtain an entry in the file system automount table in the OMVS couple data set.<br><br>Action: Either reduce the number of automount rules, or create a new OMVS couple data set which supports a larger number of rules. The system programmer will need to run the XCF couple data set format utility for TYPE(BPXMCDs) to increase the number of AMTRULES supported then issue the SETXCF COUPLE operator command to add the new OMVS couple data set as the alternate and then PSWITCH to make the alternate couple data set the primary couple data set for OMVS. |
| 04C9  | JRNeedAbsPath<br><br>An absolute path name must be used when performing a mount command from a userid that has changed roots.<br><br>Action: Reissue the command from an environment where the user has not changed root or specify a full path name on the invocation of the syscall.  |
| 04CA  | JrMapBadFunction<br><br>The __Map function or sub-function code was not valid.<br><br>Action: Specify a valid function code.  |
| 04CB  | JRNotAuthMAP<br><br>__map_init call failed permission check for BPX.MAP facility class profile.<br><br>Action: Caller must be given read permission to BPX.MAP facility class profile in order to use the __map service successfully.   |
| 04CC  | JRBadBlkAddr<br><br>__map service was passed a bad block address. The block address specified was not within the map area, or was not on a block boundary.<br><br>Action: Ensure that block address are valid.  |
| 04CD  | JRMapAlreadyActive<br><br>__map_init requested for a process that already had an __map environment active.<br><br>Action: Determine why the application attempted to initialize an __map environment when one was already active and correct it.  |
| 04CE  | JRMapOutOfBlocks<br><br>__map service, processing for a new block or connect request, was asked to select a map block that was not currently in use, but none was available as all blocks were currently in use.<br><br>Action: Increase the number of blocks in the map area or disconnect from at least one map block.  |
| 04CF  | JRMapNotActive<br><br>__map service was requested but either no map environment is active or the current map environment is being shut down.<br><br>Action: You must either start a map environment or wait for the current map environment to complete shut down and then start a new map environment prior to issuing more requests.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 04D0  | <p>JRMapTokenNotFound</p> <p>__map service data block token not defined.</p> <p>Action: That token is not defined because either it is not valid or it was valid at one time but has been previously freed.</p>  |
| 04D1  | <p>JRMapBlockNotInUse</p> <p>__map service disconnect is issued for a map block that is not currently in use.</p> <p>Action: This may be caused by an application disconnecting from a block that is not currently connected, or disconnecting from the same block more than once.</p>   |
| 04D2  | <p>JRMapBlockInUse</p> <p>__map service new block or connect specified a map block that is currently in use.</p> <p>Action: Ensure a map block is disconnected before the map block is re-used.</p>  |
| 04D3  | <p>JRMapBlockFreePending</p> <p>__map service connect request specified a data block that is currently being freed.</p> <p>Action: Do not free a block before all users have finished with it.</p>   |
| 04D4  | <p>JRMapBadStorage</p> <p>The parameter list either could not be accessed or was in read only storage and could not be updated.</p> <p>Action: The application provided a parameter list that is not useable do to storage key problems. The application should ensure that a valid storage address and valid storage are provided to the __map service.</p> |
| 04D5  | <p>JRMapUnexpectedErr</p> <p>An error occurred in an __map service.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 04D6  | <p>JRReservedValueInvalid</p> <p>A reserved field contained a value other than zero.</p> <p>Action: Clear the parameter list prior to filling it in to call the service or insure you are not setting fields incorrectly.</p>  |
| 04D7  | <p>JRMapArrayCountErr</p> <p>The array count was outside the valid values.</p> <p>Action: Reduce the number of array entries in the parameter list to the __map_service function.</p>  |
| 04D8  | <p>JrNotClient</p> <p>This system is not a client of the requested filesystem.</p> <p>Action: This osi_xmsg request must come from a client.</p>   |
| 04D9  | <p>JrJointMsgSent</p> <p>The joint LFS/PFS message requested for osi_xmsg to send has already been sent.</p> <p>Action: A joint message can only be sent once.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 04DA  | JRNoWildAutoMove<br><br>The automove setting can not be changed while moving a collection of filesystems.<br><br>Action: Reissue the move of the collection of filesystems without the automove specification.   |
| 04DB  | JRInvalidFSP<br><br>The file does not have a valid FSP.<br><br>Action: Until a valid FSP is reestablished, actions requiring authorization cannot be performed on this system.   |
| 04DC  | JrNoRoot<br><br>The user home directory did not exist or there is no system root mounted.<br><br>Action: If there is no system root the DISPLAY OMVS,MF console command can be used to show mount failures that have occurred. Correct any problems and mount a file system on /. Otherwise, insure that the HOME() directory specified in the OMVS segment of the user profile exists. Note: z/OS UNIX can be used without a HOME directory but all file system references must be made with absolute path names until a successful change directory, cd command or chdir() function, is performed. |
| 04DD  | JRMoveInProgress<br><br>The filesystem is in the process of being moved to a different server.<br><br>Action: Try again later.   |
| 04DE  | JRBadBodyLength<br><br>The MNTE2 does not have a correct body length coded into the body length field in the MNTE header.<br><br>Action: Recode the BodyLength field to have the length of the MNTE body control block structure that is being used.   |
| 04DF  | JRXcfNoStorage<br><br>I/O buffer shortage for writing data through XCF.<br><br>Action: The maximum number of I/O buffers for writing message data through XCF has been exceeded. Ask the system programmer or system administrator to sufficiently increase the MAXMSG parameter of the COUPLExx parmlib member. If the error persists, contact your IBM service representative.   |
| 04E0  | JrPFSFailed<br><br>A PFS returned a RetVal of -1 with an errno and errnojr of zero.<br><br>Action: The operation has failed. If this was an unmount, do an unmount force.  |
| 04E1  | JRPtInvGPRHNumber<br><br>The ptrace call has an incorrect general register number.<br><br>Action: A debugger program tried to read or write a general purpose high register, but supplied an incorrect register number. Ensure that a valid register number is supplied on the ptrace request. The register numbers are defined in the BPXYPTRC macro.   |
| 04E2  | JRFiletooLarge<br><br>File size exceeded the value that can be held in object of type off_t.<br><br>Action: Rework the program to use a larger data type.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 04E3  | <p>JRCantExpClient</p> <p>V_export of a sysplex client file system is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: Export the file system from the sysplex system that owns it.</p>   |
| 04E4  | <p>JRIsExported</p> <p>Moving a file system that is exported is not allowed. Remounting an exported filesystem to a mode where it would then be exported on a served client is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: Unexport the file system first and then move or remount it.</p> |
| 04E5  | <p>JrFsQuiescedMt</p> <p>A file system operation was rejected because the owning file system is quiesced and the operation cannot be delayed.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation after the file system is unquiesced.</p>  |
| 04E6  | <p>JrMptFsQuiesced</p> <p>A mount request was rejected because a file system in the mount path is quiesced.</p> <p>Action: Retry the mount operation after all file systems in the mount path are unquiesced.</p>  |
| 04E7  | <p>JrMmapSuspended</p> <p>A memory map request was rejected because the memory map function is suspended.</p> <p>Action: An unrecoverable error caused the memory map function to be suspended until the next IPL. Retry the memory map request after the IPL.</p>         |
| 04E8  | <p>JrSfsDiagAct</p> <p>A Shared-FS diagnostic operation is already in progress.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation after the current Shared-FS diagnostic function completes.</p>  |
| 04E9  | <p>JRInvalidFileTag</p> <p>The file tag supplied is invalid.</p> <p>Action: When the file text flag is on, the Coded Character Set Id should not be 0 or hex FFFF.</p>   |
| 04EA  | <p>JrDOMParms</p> <p>The CCADOMToken and CCAMsgIdList are mutually exclusive, both were specified.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with either CCADOMToken or CCAMsgIdList, not both.</p>   |
| 04EB  | <p>JrTooManyMsgIDs</p> <p>The maximum number of messages that can be deleted in one operation is 60, more than 60 were specified.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with with 60 or less messages specified in the list pointed to by CCAMsgIdList.</p>                   |
| 04EC  | <p>JrAuthRoutingCode</p> <p>An unauthorized caller (not UID=0) specified a message routing code reserved for authorized caller.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with routing codes 1-28.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04ED  | <p>JrRoutCode</p> <p>An invalid message routing code was specified.</p> <p>Action: Correct the problem and retry the operation. Valid message routing codes are 1-28 for unauthorized and 1-128 for authorized caller's.</p>  |
| 04EE  | <p>JrDescCode</p> <p>An invalid message descriptor code was specified.</p> <p>Action: Correct the problem and retry the operation. Valid message descriptor codes are 1-13.</p>   |
| 04EF  | <p>JrRoutingList</p> <p>All or part of the list of routing codes pointed to by CCARoutCdeList is not addressable by the caller.</p> <p>Action: Correct the addressability problem with the list of message routing codes and retry the operation.</p>                 |
| 04F0  | <p>JrDescList</p> <p>All or part of the list of descriptor codes pointed to by CCADescList is not addressable by the caller.</p> <p>Action: Correct the addressability problem with the list of message descriptor codes and retry the operation.</p>                 |
| 04F1  | <p>JrMsgIdList</p> <p>All or part of the list of message ids to be deleted pointed to by CCAMsgIdList is not addressable by the caller.</p> <p>Action: Correct the addressability problem with the list of message ids and retry the operation.</p>                   |
| 04F2  | <p>JrTooManyRoutCodes</p> <p>The maximum number of routing codes that can be specified is 128 but was exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with 128 or less routing codes specified in the list pointed to by CCARoutCdeList.</p>                             |
| 04F3  | <p>JrTooManyDescCodes</p> <p>The maximum number of descriptor codes that can be specified is 6 but was exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with 6 or less descriptor codes specified in the list pointed to by CCADescList.</p>                              |
| 04F4  | <p>JrMsgId</p> <p>All or part of the location specified by the caller for the returned message id (CCAMsgIDPtr) is not addressable by the caller.</p> <p>Action: Correct the addressability problem with the location for the message id and retry the operation.</p> |
| 04F5  | <p>JrSysplexEnq</p> <p>The ENQ for file system sysplex serialization is already held by another local task or by another system in the sysplex.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04F6  | <p>JrLfsProtocolLev</p> <p>The function could not be performed because the minimum required LFS protocol level was not met by all systems in the sysplex group.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 04F7  | <p>JrMemberListBad</p> <p>An inconsistency between the XCF representation of the BPXGRP member group and the local representation exists.</p> <p>Action: This system should be restarted. Contact your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 04F8  | <p>JRRcvBufTooSmall</p> <p>A message will not fit in the receive buffer. The size of the receive buffer for the receiving socket, which was set by the setsockopt syscall with the so_rcvbuf option, is too small to contain the data being sent to it. Truncation would occur.</p> <p>Action: The sending application must reduce the size of the message being sent to the receiving socket or the receiving application must use the setsockopt syscall with the so_rcvbuf option to increase the size of the receive buffer for the receiving socket.</p> |
| 04F9  | <p>JRMutualExclInProgress</p> <p>Mutually-exclusive operations are currently in progress in the sysplex. The request cannot proceed.</p> <p>Action: MODIFY BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY can be used to display status of systems in the sysplex.</p>  |
| 04FA  | <p>JRUnmountAllInProgress</p> <p>MODIFY FILESYS=UNMOUNTALL is in progress. MOUNT cannot proceed.</p> <p>Action: Retry the MOUNT later.</p>  |
| 04FB  | <p>JrQuiesceInProgress</p> <p>A pthread quiesce operation is already in progress.</p> <p>Action: The pthread_quiesce_and_get_np function cannot be performed at this time due to conflicts with other quiesce operations currently in progress. Retry the operation after the current operation completes.</p>  |
| 04FC  | <p>JrRequestTypeErr</p> <p>The request type contains an incorrect value.</p> <p>Action: The request type contains an unsupported value. Correct the error and retry the operation</p>   |
| 04FD  | <p>JrNoFreezeExit</p> <p>The pthread_quiesce_and_get_np service (BPX1PQG) cannot be performed because the Quick_freeze_exit has not been registered.</p> <p>Action: Use the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service, function code of QUICK_FREEZE_EXIT_REG to register a user exit, before issuing the pthread_quiesce_and_get_np service.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 04FE  | <p>JrNotExitKey</p> <p>The PSW key of the caller is not same as key registered under Quick_freeze_exit.</p> <p>Action: The caller must run in same PSW key as registered under the QUICK_FREEZE_EXIT_REG function of the BPX1ENV service. Verify that the Quick_Freeze_Exit was registered with the proper PSW key.</p>   |
| 04FF  | <p>JRInvThdq</p> <p>Incorrect quick pthread quiesce data structure.</p> <p>Action: The input data structure (mapped by BPXYTHDQ) specified on the pthread_quiesce_and_get_np service contained one or more errors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• address of the BPXYTHDQ data structure is incorrect</li><li>• incorrect eye-catcher</li><li>• number of threads specified = 0</li><li>• size of data structure is smaller than the number of specified threads</li><li>• data structure not on word boundary</li></ul> <p>Correct the program and rerun.</p> |
| 0500  | <p>JRNotFrozen</p> <p>A pthread_quiesce_and_get_np (BPX1PQG) unfreeze_all request cannot complete because the process is not frozen.</p> <p>Action: Use the pthread_quiesce_and_get_np service to freeze the threads before using the pthread_quiesce_and_get_np service with a request type of THDQ_UNFREEZE_ALL.</p>  |
| 0501  | <p>JRQFrzExitError</p> <p>A pthread_quiesce_and_get_np (BPX1PQG) service call failed because the language environment quick freeze exit abnormally ended.</p> <p>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0502  | <p>JRExitAlreadyReg</p> <p>The quick freeze exit has already been registered.</p> <p>Action: The QUICK_FREEZE_EXIT_REG function of the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be performed because an exit different than the requested has already been registered.</p>  |
| 0503  | <p>JRCannotDeregister</p> <p>The quick freeze exit cannot be deregistered.</p> <p>Action: The request to deregister the quick freeze exit for pthread_quiesce_and_get_np using the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be performed. The exit cannot be deregistered (by specifying a zero exit address).</p>  |
| 0504  | <p>JRRequestorThread</p> <p>The requestor thread cannot be frozen.</p> <p>Action: A pthread_quiesce_and_get_np (BPX1PQG) service call failed because the requesting thread is on the list of threads to be frozen. The requesting thread cannot be frozen.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0505  | <p>JRThdsNotSafe</p> <p>Specified threads cannot be frozen in a safe state.</p> <p>Action: A pthread_quiesce_and_get_np (BPX1PQG) service call failed because one or more of the listed threads cannot be frozen in a safe state. Try the request again.</p>   |
| 0506  | <p>JRDupThreads</p> <p>Duplicate threads specified in data structure.</p> <p>Action: A pthread_quiesce_and_get_np (BPX1PQG) service call failed because one or more of the listed threads have duplicate entries in the input data structure. Correct the program and rerun.</p>   |
| 0507  | <p>JrSysEntryBad</p> <p>An inconsistency between the XCF representation and the file system representation of a member in the BPXGRP group exists.</p> <p>Action: The analysis and repair of the file system hierarchy ends prematurely. Partition cleanup is initiated for the named system. Issue the MODIFY BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY,GLOBAL system command to determine if partition cleanup processing is complete. Partition cleanup is complete when there are no systems performing LOCAL FILE SYSTEM RECOVERY or FILE SYSTEM TAKEOVER RECOVERY. When partition cleanup has completed, re-issue the MODIFY BPXOINIT,FILESYS=FIX command to resume and complete file system diagnostic and repair processing. If the inconsistency persists for the named system, a sysplex restart may be required.</p> |
| 0508  | <p>JRFileNotEmpty</p> <p>The file is not empty.</p> <p>Action: The file must be empty for this particular combination of syscall parmeters. For example, opening an existing file and specifying deferred file tagging is not allowed.</p>   |
| 0509  | <p>JRNoDelRequested</p> <p>The directory does not allow unlinks.</p> <p>Action: The directory on which the file resides has had a chattr request specifying that files within the directory are not to be deleted issued against it.</p>   |
| 050A  | <p>JrConversionErr</p> <p>Unicode/390 conversion error.</p> <p>Action: The read or write operation failed when converting between different CCSIDs.</p>  |
| 050B  | <p>JrUnconvertibleChar</p> <p>Character is not convertible.</p> <p>Action: A read or write operation failed while converting between CCSIDs. Either an invalid character was encountered, or the character was incomplete for the given CCSID.</p>   |
| 050C  | <p>JrInvalidCcsid</p> <p>CCSID not supported.</p> <p>Action: A CCSID specified is not supported. If a read or write operation was active, then the Unicode/390 environment was not set up to allow conversion between the program's CCSID and the file's CCSID.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 050D  | <p>JrConversionEnv</p> <p>Unicode/390 environmental error.</p> <p>Action: Unicode/390 services were required for the operation, and either the service failed or was not set up. Determine if Unicode/390 initialized properly, and check for a Unicode/390 error message or dump.</p>                                 |
| 050E  | <p>JrUnknownConversion</p> <p>Unicode/390 environmental error.</p> <p>Action: Unicode/390 services were required for the operation, and a previous lseek operation changed the position from which to read a multi-byte character file. This read operation is invalid because the character state is now unknown.</p> |
| 050F  | <p>JrNoTaskACEE</p> <p>Invoker must have task level ACEE.</p> <p>Action: Invoke pthread_security_np(TLS_TASK_ACEE#) only when invoker has a task level ACEE</p>  |
| 0510  | <p>JrNotWLMACEE</p> <p>ACEE must be WLM created.</p> <p>Action: Invoke pthread_security_np(TLS_TASK_ACEE#) only when the ACEE is WLM created</p>   |
| 0511  | <p>JrTlsDoneOnIPT</p> <p>IPT already invoked TLS_TASK_ACEE#.</p> <p>Action: Invoke pthread_security_np(TLS_TASK_ACEE#) only when IPT has not invoked TLS_TASK_ACEE#</p>  |
| 0512  | <p>JRInvEcbPtr</p> <p>The ECB pointer is not a 31-bit address.</p> <p>Action: The ECB must reside below the 2G bar. If a 64-bit pointer is passed, the upper word must be zeroes. Retry the request specifying a valid ECB pointer.</p>  |
| 0513  | <p>JRAmode64</p> <p>Invalid addressing mode.</p> <p>Action: This release does not support AMODE(64).</p>   |
| 0514  | <p>JRExecExitAboveBar</p> <p>Exec user exit is above the bar.</p> <p>Action: The EXEC user exits can not reside above the BAR. Retry the request with the user exit loaded below the BAR.</p>  |
| 0515  | <p>JRInvalidMedWtAmode</p> <p>Medium weight process can not change AMODE.</p> <p>Action: Since LE can not handle dynamic AMODE changes, requests for an AMODE change on a medium weight process will not be allowed.</p>   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0516  | <p>JrNeedMountLatch</p> <p>BPXXCDSS service invoker must hold mount latch.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0517  | <p>JrBadLfsVersion</p> <p>LFS Version incompatibility exists.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 0518  | <p>JRAlreadyInShutDown</p> <p>The block or permanent process cannot be registered.</p> <p>Action: The request to register a blocking process or job, or a request to register a permanent process or job, using the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be performed. A shutdown is currently in progress.</p>   |
| 0519  | <p>JRBlockPermAlreadyRegistered</p> <p>The process or job is already registered.</p> <p>Action: The request to register a blocking process or job, or a request to register a permanent process or job, using the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be performed. The job or the current process is already registered.</p>  |
| 051A  | <p>JRBlockPermNotRegistered</p> <p>The process or job is not registered.</p> <p>Action: The request to deregister a blocking process or job, or a request to deregister a permanent process or job, using the oe_env_np (BPX1ENV) service cannot be performed. The job or the current process is not registered.</p>  |
| 051B  | <p>JRJobNameNotValid</p> <p>The Job Name was not found.</p> <p>Action: This reason code is returned for one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The request to register a blocking process or job, or a request to register a permanent process or job, cannot be performed because the JOB name does not exist.</li> <li>• A z/OS Communications Server Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI request could not find the TCP/IP stack specified by or associated with a trace instance. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– For an RCCOpen request, verify that the TCP/IP stack name specified in input field RCOPStack is correct.</li> <li>– For all other requests, verify that the token in field RCHRToken in the input RCCHeader is correct.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 051C  | <p>JRJSTMustBeRegistered</p> <p>The Job Step Process must be registered.</p> <p>Action: The callable service is rejected, because the job step process must be registered prior to registering a lower process or the job step process can not be re-registered while a lower process is still registered.</p>  |
| 051D  | <p>JRNotAuthShutdown</p> <p>SHUTDOWN_REG call failed permission check for BPX.SHUTDOWN facility class profile.</p> <p>Action: Caller must be given read permission to BPX.SHUTDOWN facility class profile in order to use the new registration function service successfully.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 051E  | <p>JRUnsupportedEnv</p> <p>Caller attempted to call a USS Service in an unsupported environment.</p> <p>Action: Caller cannot call USS services in this environment. An example of an unsupported environment is a PFS Task running inside the OMVS address space. The function must be performed from an environment that is supported.</p> |
| 051F  | <p>JrPidInvalid</p> <p>Pid specified for _BPXK_PIDXFER is invalid.</p> <p>Action: The PID specified with the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment variable was determined to be invalid. A PID is considered invalid if it contains a non-decimal EBCDIC character (0-9) or is longer than the maximum allowable PID (&gt;10 characters).</p>           |
| 0520  | <p>JrPidOutOfRange</p> <p>Pid specified for _BPXK_PIDXFER is out of range.</p> <p>Action: The PID specified with the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment variable is out of the allowable range. A PID for a PIDXFER type exec must be between 2 and 4294967294 (inclusive).</p>   |
| 0521  | <p>JRXferPidNotFound</p> <p>Pid specified for _BPXK_PIDXFER could not be found.</p> <p>Action: The PID specified with the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment could not be found. Ensure the target PID for a PIDXFER type exec is still active.</p>   |
| 0522  | <p>JRNoPidXfer</p> <p>The caller is not authorized to debug the target process specified by the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment variable.</p> <p>Action: Determine the authorization required to debug a process and retry the request. For details on the authorization required refer to the IRRSPT00 SAF callable service.</p>                  |
| 0523  | <p>JRPidXferNoExtLink</p> <p>External Links are not allowed with PidXfer.</p> <p>Action: The program specified in the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment is not supported because it is an external link.</p>   |
| 0524  | <p>JRPidXferSameAS</p> <p>Pid specified for _BPXK_PIDXFER is available.</p> <p>Action: The PID specified with the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment is active in the current address space.</p>  |
| 0525  | <p>JRPidXferAsyncFail</p> <p>An asynchronous request for this Pid failed.</p> <p>Action: The PID specified with the _BPXK_PIDXFER environment is terminating.</p>  |
| 0526  | <p>JRNoPidXferDefUids</p> <p>Cannot PIDXFER when both PIDs have default userid.</p> <p>Action: The PID calling BPX1EXC and the target PID specified by _BPXK_PIDXFER are using the default user identity, PIDXFER is not permitted in that environment</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0527  | <p>JrRestartedFd</p> <p>The file descriptor is left over after OMVS Restart.</p> <p>Action: The callable service is rejected because the descriptor was opened in a prior instance of OMVS. Close the descriptor and reopen the file or socket.</p>  |
| 0529  | <p>JRInvBuffSize</p> <p>The length of the buffer is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The total buffer length specified for this request is too big. Retry the request specifying a valid buffer length. If this is a socket receive request, and MSG_PEEK and MSG_WAITALL are specified, the buffer size cannot exceed 65535.</p>   |
| 052A  | <p>JRInvSendBuffSize</p> <p>The send buffer size is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The total buffer length specified for the send request exceeds the limit for a datagram socket. Retry the request specifying a valid buffer length.</p>  |
| 0528  | <p>JRPXNoMpMu</p> <p>Cannot PIDXFER to multi-process/multi-user address space.</p> <p>Action: The target PID for a PIDXFER resides in an address space that has multiple processes and multiple user identities, PIDXFER is not permitted in that environment</p>  |
| 052B  | <p>JROnePXOnly</p> <p>Only one PIDXFER process allowed per address space.</p> <p>Action: The target PID for a PIDXFER resides in an address space that was already the target of a PIDXFER, only one PIDXFER process is permitted in an address space.</p>   |
| 052C  | <p>JRPXExecFileTooBig</p> <p>The size of the specified file exceeds the private region of the PidXfer target address space.</p> <p>Action: The exec service detected that the size of the executable to be run exceeds the size of the PIDXFER target's address space private region.</p>  |
| 052D  | <p>JRPXNoSpace</p> <p>Not enough virtual storage available in the target PIDXFER address space.</p> <p>Action: During exec PIDXFER processing it was determined that the target address space did not contain enough private virtual storage to support another process. PIDXFER requires at least 512K of private storage available below the line and 64M of private storage available above the line.</p> |
| 052E  | <p>JRInheMemLimit</p> <p>MemLimit size specified in Inheritance structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue Spawn with a valid MemLimit Size in the Inheritance Structure.</p>   |
| 052F  | <p>JR64BitNotSupp</p> <p>Transport does not support 64-bit addresses.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0531  | JRCinetNotAttached<br><br>The Cinet is configured and this name does match a stack but that stack is not attached to this socket.<br><br>Action: Check the permitted values specified for the stack. Display OMVS,PFS in the console to list all the stacks currently configured.   |
| 0532  | JRNoCinet<br><br>Name does not match, but Common Inet is not configured, or this is not a socket, so this error may not matter to the application.<br><br>Action: The Ioctl could be sent directly to the only stack.   |
| 0533  | JRCinetBadName<br><br>The Cinet is configured and this name does not match any stack.<br><br>Action: Check the permitted values specified for the stack. Display OMVS,PFS in the console to list all the stacks currently configured.   |
| 0534  | JRFilesLocked<br><br>Command not allowed because one or more applications have byte range locks on files in the filesystem.<br><br>Action: The filesystem command (such as SETOMVS FILESYS) will be prevented until all locking applications have closed those files in the filesystem for which they issued byte range lock commands.  |
| 0535  | JRNoIPv6Stacks<br><br>There are no TCPIP stacks currently supporting IPv6.<br><br>Action: For the socket() function there must be at least one IPv6 Stack active on the system. For other functions there must be at least one IPv6 stack attached to the socket. Check the permitted values specified for the stack. Display OMVS,PFS in the console to list all the stacks currently configured. If IPv6 has recently been configured via SETOMVS you may need to recycle the TCPIP stack(s). |
| 0536  | JRMedProcTerm<br><br>Call to BPX1MPC for this medium weight process failed because the process is already in termination.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.   |
| 0537  | JrNoListAuthPgmPath<br><br>There is no authorized program path list entry.<br><br>Action: The authorized program path used in this call was not listed in the sanction list referred to by AUTHPGMLIST. Update the sanction list.   |
| 0538  | JrNoListPgmCntlPath<br><br>There is no program control path list entry.<br><br>Action: The program control path used in this call was not listed in the sanction list referred to by AUTHPGMLIST. Update the sanction list.   |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0539  | <p>JrNoAPFPgmName</p> <p>There is no APF Program name entry.</p> <p>Action: The APF program name used in this call was not listed in the sanction list referred to by AUTHPGMLIST. Update the sanction list.</p>  |
| 053A  | <p>JrAfNotRightForSocket</p> <p>The address family specified in the sockaddr does not match the address family of the socket.</p> <p>Action: Correct the program to build a sockaddr structure that is appropriate for the address family of the socket being used.</p>   |
| 053B  | <p>JrTdOptGone</p> <p>The stack chosen by the IPv6 option or by the IPv4 option is not active on this socket.</p> <p>Action: The function choose a stack with the IPV6_PKTINFO ancillary data item, IP_PKTINFO ancillary data item, sockaddr scope id, or socket options of IPV6_PKTINFO or IPV6_MULTICAST_IF and that stack is not attached to this socket. The stack may have been recycled since setsockopt() was called or the interface index used may be wrong.</p> |
| 053C  | <p>JrV6OnlyOnOnly</p> <p>The IPV6_V6ONLY socket option may only be turned ON.</p> <p>Action: Once setsockopt(IPV6_V6ONLY) is turned on it may not be reversed in this implementation.</p>   |
| 053D  | <p>JrBadArgValue</p> <p>The argument value passed to the function is not within the range allowed.</p> <p>Action: Check the allowed values and correct the call.</p>  |
| 053E  | <p>JrPreProcInitExitReject</p> <p>A Pre-Process Initiation exit rejected the process initiation.</p> <p>Action: Check all Pre-Process Initiation exits why this process was rejected.</p>   |
| 053F  | <p>JrPreProcInitExitAbend</p> <p>A Pre-Process Initiation exit Abended.</p> <p>Action: Check all Pre-Process Initiation exits to find out why the exit Abended.</p>   |
| 0540  | <p>JrPosProcInitExitAbend</p> <p>A Pos-Process Initiation exit Abended. was in error.</p> <p>Action: Check all Pos-Process Initiation exits to find out why the exit Abended.</p>   |
| 0541  | <p>JrPreProcInitExitERROR</p> <p>A Pre-Process Initiation exit CSVDYNEX call was in error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0542  | <p>JrPosProcInitExitERROR</p> <p>A Pos-Process Initiation exit CSVDYNEX call was in error.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0543  | <p>JrInvalidSyslist</p> <p>The system list is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the number of items in the syslist is correct according to the length provided. The minimum number of entries is 1 and the maximum is 32 system names. If a wildcard was entered, it must be the last item in an include system list.</p>  |
| 0544  | <p>JrMountRedirected</p> <p>The mount request has been redirected to another system.</p> <p>Action: The file system is not accessible from this system at this time, however the mount was redirected to another system and should be mounted on this system shortly. Wait for a short duration and then check to determine if the file system is locally mounted.</p> |
| 0545  | <p>JRInvIoctlArg</p> <p>The argument value used in the ioctl is not valid for the command.</p> <p>Action: Check the permitted values for the ioctl command.</p>  |
| 0546  | <p>JRInvIoctlArgLen</p> <p>The length of the argument used with the ioctl command is not valid for the command.</p> <p>Action: Check the permitted values for the ioctl command.</p>   |
| 0547  | <p>JrDefUidNotAllowed</p> <p>The function is failed because it is not allowed from a user using the default OMVS segment.</p> <p>Action: Do not use the service.</p>   |
| 0548  | <p>JrZeroScopeTdx</p> <p>The Scope_Id has a zero Cinet Transport Driver Index.</p> <p>Action: With IPv6 sockets in a Common Inet configuration whenever a non-zero Scope_Id is specified in a sockaddr the Cinet Td Index, in the Scope_Id's upper half word, must also be specified. Correct the program.</p>   |
| 0549  | <p>JrZeroIfTdx</p> <p>An Interface Index has a zero Cinet Transport Index.</p> <p>Action: With IPv6 sockets or IPv4 sockets in a Common Inet configuration whenever a non-zero Interface Index is specified on a socket option or sendmsg ancillary data item the Cinet Td Index, in the Interface's upper half word, must also be specified. Correct the program.</p> |
| 054A  | <p>JrTdxMisMatch</p> <p>Scope_Id and Interface Index do not agree.</p> <p>Action: On an IPv6 socket in a Common Inet configuration sendmsg() was issued with both a Scope_Id and an Interface Index specified but they each specify a different Cinet Transport Driver in their upper half words. Correct the program to use one or the other.</p>                     |
| 054B  | <p>JrShutDownInProgress</p> <p>Kernel Shutdown is in progress on this system.</p> <p>Action: File systems can not be moved to a system that is being shutdown. Select a different system in the sysplex where the file system can be moved to and re-issue the move command.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 054C  | <p>JrCDSFailure</p> <p>A failure was encountered while trying to access the CDS.</p> <p>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 054D  | <p>JrCanNotBeOwner</p> <p>This system can not be a file system owner thru a move, newroot or recovery operation.</p> <p>Action: Unix System Services must be recycled to enable this system as a filesystem move target except if this message was issued from a newroot request. Reissue the newroot command after the move filesystem request has completed.</p>   |
| 054E  | <p>JrInCompleteMove</p> <p>A file system was in the process of changing file owner when the target system (new owner) exited the sysplex during the move operation. The file system is being recovered.</p> <p>Action: Wait for partition cleanup to complete, then review the status of this file system ('F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY,FILESYSTEM=file system name'). If file owner needs to be changed, use the SETOMVS command to move ownership of the file system.</p> |
| 054F  | <p>JROutOfGvskCells</p> <p>The system is unable to obtain a cell from the GVSK cell pool.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 0567  | <p>JrSymbFailed</p> <p>A symlink failed symbol resolution.</p> <p>Action: Internal service to resolve symbols failed.</p>  |
| 0568  | <p>JROperUndefined</p> <p>The operation argument specified with the WRITE_DOWN function for BPX1ENV is undefined.</p> <p>Action: Specify a defined operation value for the WRITE_DOWN function of BPX1ENV and retry. See BPXYCONS for defined operation values.</p>  |
| 0569  | <p>JRScopeUndefined</p> <p>The scope argument specified with the WRITE_DOWN function for BPX1ENV is undefined.</p> <p>Action: Specify a defined scope value for the WRITE_DOWN function of BPX1ENV and retry. See BPXYCONS for defined scope values.</p>   |
| 056A  | <p>JRNeedTaskAcee</p> <p>WD_SCOPE_THD scope was specified with the WRITE_DOWN function for BPX1ENV but the calling task does not have a task level ACEE.</p> <p>Action: Specify WD_SCOPE_AS for the scope argument or create a task level ACEE and retry.</p>  |
| 056B  | <p>JRPoeLenErr</p> <p>The length specified for the POE mapping is invalid.</p> <p>Action: Correct the POE length (see BPXYPOE mapping for defined length) and retry.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 056C  | JRPoeScopeErr<br><br>The scope option specified in the POE mapping is incorrect either none or both scope options were specified.<br><br>Action: Correct the POE scope option (see BPXYPOE mapping for defined scopes) so that one, and only one, is specified and retry.   |
| 056D  | JRPoeEntryTypeErr<br><br>The entry type specified in the POE mapping is invalid.<br><br>Action: Correct the POE entry type (see BPXYPOE mapping for defined entry types) and retry.   |
| 056E  | JRPoeEntryLenErr<br><br>The entry type length specified in the POE mapping is invalid.<br><br>Action: Correct the POE entry type length (see BPXYPOE mapping for defined entry type lengths) and retry.   |
| 056F  | JRNotPoeAuthorized<br><br>The __poe function can not be performed because the caller is not permitted to the BPX.POE FACILITY class profile or is not a superuser.<br><br>Action: Permit the caller process to the BPX.POE FACILITY class profile or make the caller a superuser (UID=0).                                   |
| 0570  | JrSecurityConflict<br><br>A mount request was rejected because the NOSECURITY option was specified when (1) the SECLABEL class was active, or (2) when a nonprivileged user requested the mount operation. The operation is not allowed.<br><br>Action: Retry the mount operation without specifying the NOSECURITY option. |
| 0571  | JrNoSecLabel<br><br>The operation was rejected because the object does not have a security label in an environment for which security labels are required.<br><br>Action: Assign a security label to the object and retry the operation.  |
| 0572  | JrTooManyHomelfs<br><br>A stack did not initialize because the Common Inet Sockets PreRouter could not obtain a buffer large enough to hold all of the home interface addresses.<br><br>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.  |
| 0573  | JrTooManyRoutes<br><br>A stack did not initialize because the Common Inet Sockets PreRouter could not obtain a buffer large enough to hold all of the network routes.<br><br>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.   |
| 0574  | JrUmountFail<br><br>A vfs_umount immediate failed on one or more clients in the sysplex during a remount attempt. The remount cannot proceed.<br><br>Action: This may be due to an I/O error while attempting to save data.   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0575  | <p>JrFIFOInFileSys</p> <p>Remount is not allowed when there are FIFOs in the filesystem. FIFOs must be closed prior to remount.</p> <p>Action: Close FIFOs and retry the remount.</p>  |
| 0576  | <p>JrAggregateErr</p> <p>Remount is not allowed for a filesystem in an HFS-compatible aggregate if the clone is also mounted.</p> <p>Action: Unmount the clone and retry the remount.</p>  |
| 0577  | <p>JrFileDesJustClosed</p> <p>A descriptor passed on this operation has just been closed by another thread.</p> <p>Action: This may be a serialization problem within the application. If this was a multi-descriptor operation it should be retried without that descriptor.</p>  |
| 0578  | <p>JrSeclabelClassInactive</p> <p>A seclabel can only be set on a file when the SECLABEL class is active.</p> <p>Action: Activate the SECLABEL class according to the RACF specifications, and try the function again.</p>   |
| 0579  | <p>JRNotSupportedForRemoteFile</p> <p>The requested service is not supported for a remote file such as a NFS mounted file.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a non-remote file for the request.</p>   |
| 05C0  | <p>JRIarv64Serv</p> <p>An invocation of IARV64 service failed.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation at a later time.</p>   |
| 05C1  | <p>JRIarv64FCerr</p> <p>An invocation of IARV64FC service failed.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation at a later time.</p>  |
| 05C2  | <p>JRIsMountedRealName</p> <p>A mounted file system has a real or alias name that conflicts with this mount request.</p> <p>Action: This duplicate name situation occurs when either an HFS file system was previously mounted using an alias data set name and the corresponding real data set name conflicts with the file system name specified by this mount request, or the file system name specified on this HFS mount request is an alias data set name that has a real data set name that conflicts with the name of a previously mounted file system. Resolve the duplicate file system names and reissue the mount request.</p> |
| 05C3  | <p>JrSMCFcnCode</p> <p>The specified function code is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a correct function code value.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 05C4  | <p>JrSMCFcnFlags</p> <p>The specified function flags are not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a correct function flags value.</p>   |
| 05C5  | <p>JrSMCWrongMutex</p> <p>The specified mutex is not associated with the specified condition variable.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a mutex that is properly associated with the specified condition variable.</p>                         |
| 05C6  | <p>JrSMCNotMutex</p> <p>The specified shared memory object is not a mutex object (SMMX).</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that represents a mutex object (SMMX).</p>  |
| 05C7  | <p>JrSMCNotCondvar</p> <p>The specified shared memory object is not a condition variable object (SMCV).</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that represents a condition variable (SMCV).</p>                               |
| 05C8  | <p>JRSMCMutexLocked</p> <p>A destroy of a shared memory mutex cannot be done because the mutex is currently locked by another thread.</p> <p>Action: Destroy the mutex after insuring that the mutex is no longer in use.</p>                                 |
| 05C9  | <p>JRSMCWaiters</p> <p>A destroy of a shared memory mutex or condition variable cannot be done because at least one other thread is waiting for the object.</p> <p>Action: Destroy the mutex or condition variable after insuring that it has no waiters.</p> |
| 05CA  | <p>JRSMCShrObjAddr</p> <p>The specified shared object area is not accessible to the caller.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that is accessible to the caller.</p>  |
| 05CB  | <p>JRSMCEcbAddr</p> <p>The specified ecb is not accessible to the caller.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a ECB that is accessible to the caller.</p>   |
| 05CC  | <p>JRSMCOutsideWait</p> <p>A wait function was attempted with the SMC_OutsideWait flag specified which is not an allowed combination.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service for the wait function without the SMC_OutsideWait flag specified.</p>        |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 05CD  | <p>JRSmcAlreadySetup</p> <p>A setup to wait function call was attempted from a thread that is already setup to wait.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service for the wait function after canceling the setup to wait from the prior BPX1SMC operation.</p>  |
| 05CE  | <p>JRSmcShmAcc</p> <p>The caller does not have read/write access to the shared memory segment where the specified shared memory object resides.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that resides in a shared memory segment that the caller has read/write access to.</p> |
| 05CF  | <p>JRSmcNotShared</p> <p>The specified shared memory object is not in memory shareable by multiple address spaces.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that resides in a shared memory segment that the caller has read/write access to.</p>                              |
| 05D0  | <p>JRSMCNotOwner</p> <p>The calling thread does not own the mutex represented by the specified SMMX data area.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that only the mutex owning thread attempts to unlock the mutex.</p>  |
| 05D1  | <p>JRSMCMaxCntSys</p> <p>The maximum number of shared memory mutexes and/or condition variables are in use on the system.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service after insuring that another shared mutex or condition variable has been destroyed.</p>  |
| 05D2  | <p>JRSMCUnusable</p> <p>The object is no longer usable do to an unexpected failure during an operation against the object.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that only the mutex owning thread attempts to unlock the mutex.</p>  |
| 05D3  | <p>JRSMCMutexSetup</p> <p>A setup to wait was done for a mutex with incorrect flag options specified.</p> <p>Action: A setup to wait for a mutex must only specify that an outside wait is requested. Any other request is not valid.</p>  |
| 05D4  | <p>JRSMCNotSetup</p> <p>A cancel setup to wait was done but the caller is not currently setup to wait.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that cancel setup to wait is done only after a setup to wait function.</p>   |
| 05D5  | <p>JRSMCMemoryMap</p> <p>The specified Shared memory object is in memory mapped storage which is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service with a shared memory object that resides in a shared memory segment that the caller has read/write access to.</p>                                 |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 05D6  | JRSMCMaxCntSeg<br><br>The maximum number of shared memory mutexes and/or condition variables are in use for a single shared memory segment.<br><br>Action: Reissue the BPX1SMC service after insuring that another shared mutex or condition variable has been destroyed from within the same shared memory segment. |
| 05D7  | JRSMCCondWaiters<br><br>A destroy of a shared memory mutex cannot be done because at least one other thread is waiting for the associated condition variable.<br><br>Action: Destroy the mutex after insuring there are no longer any waiters for the associated condition variable.                                 |
| 05D8  | JRSigkillNotSent<br><br>A SIGKILL signal must first be sent at least 3 seconds prior to the target process before attempting a superkill.<br><br>Action: Send a SIGKILL to the target process.   |
| 05D9  | JrNoGroups<br><br>Can not target a group with a superkill.<br><br>Action: Send the superkill to a specific PID.  |
| 05DA  | JrUntargetable<br><br>Can not target the address space with a superkill.<br><br>Action: The process is no longer associated with a viable address space, no action is required.  |
| 05DB  | JrNoDDorFileSystem<br><br>Neither DDNAME nor FILESYSTEM was specified on a MOUNT statement in the processed parmlib member.<br><br>Action: Edit the processed parmlib member in SYS1.PARMLIB and specify either a DDNAME or FILESYSTEM for each MOUNT statement.   |
| 05DC  | JrNoOMVSseg<br><br>User profile has no OMVS segment.<br><br>Action: Provide an OMVS segment for the user's profile.  |
| 05DD  | JrNoUserID<br><br>No userid found.<br><br>Action: No userID defined.   |
| 05DE  | JrUserIDUnDeftoRACF<br><br>UserID is not defined to RACF.<br><br>Action: Define a userid for the user to RACF.   |
| 05DF  | JrUserIDUnDeftoRACFIA<br><br>User ID is not defined to RACF.<br><br>Action: Define a userid for the user to RACF.  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 05E0  | <p>JrMoveBrlmFailure</p> <p>Active byte range locks failed to move during a file system move.</p> <p>Action: USS was unable move BRLM locks due to an internal error. It might be possible to move the file system to another system. A system dump may have been created.</p>   |
| 05E1  | <p>JrAutoMoveable</p> <p>A filesystem mounted in a mode for which it is capable of being directly mounted to the PFS on all systems is considered automoveable.</p> <p>Action: An attempt to set the AUTOMOVE setting to NO or INCLUDE or EXCLUDE is rejected.</p>   |
| 05E2  | <p>JrInvPFS</p> <p>The requested operation is not allowed for this PFS.</p> <p>Action: If this is a quiesce request and the PFS is ZFS, use ZFSADM QUIESCE.</p>  |
| 05E3  | <p>JrTargetPidZombie</p> <p>The target pid specified is a zombie, AMODE information is not available for this process.</p> <p>Action: Specify a target pid that has not already exited.</p>  |
| 05E4  | <p>JRSMCDisabled</p> <p>Use of a shared memory mutex has been disabled due to a cleanup problem with the application.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that usage of all mutexes is complete prior to the cleanup of the shared memory they reside in or the ending of the application</p>                     |
| 05E5  | <p>JRSMCAreadyInit</p> <p>Initialization of a shared condition variable or Mutex failed because storage already contains a shared condition variable or mutex.</p> <p>Action: Change the application such that it does not attempt to reinitialize the same storage with another shared condition variable or mutex.</p> |
| 05E6  | <p>JRShrConflict</p> <p>This open or remove type operation conflicts with a share reservation that has denied the access intended.</p> <p>Action: Wait awhile and try again or end the program that has the file open with a reservation.</p>  |
| 05E7  | <p>JRAccessConflict</p> <p>The file is already open in a way that this open is trying to deny.</p> <p>Action: Wait awhile and try again or end the program that has the file open.</p>   |
| 05E8  | <p>JRBlockingDeny</p> <p>A file may not be opened with Deny flags if O_NONBLOCK is off.</p> <p>Action: Change the program to set O_NONBLOCK on and to handle the open being rejected with EBUSY.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 05E9  | JROpenTokMax<br><br>The maximum number of v_open tokens have been allocated for this process.<br><br>Action: Close some of the open tokens with v_close.  |
| 05EA  | JrNoShrsAtOwner<br><br>Share reservations were requested on the open of a file but the file is owned by another sysplex member that is at a level which does not support share reservations so they cannot be enforced.<br><br>Action: Move the file system to a sysplex member that is at a release level that is at least z/OS V1R7.  |
| 05EB  | JrCantMoveShares<br><br>A file system may not be moved to a sysplex member that does not support share reservations while there are active reservations on any file within that file system.<br><br>Action: Move the file system to a sysplex member that is at a release level that is at least z/OS V1R7. Alternatively, stop the applications at the NFS clients who have put reservations on the files, or wait for them to be finished.  |
| 05EC  | JrShrsLost<br><br>The sysplex member that owned a file terminated and file system ownership has been taken over by a system that does not support the share reservations that had been established on this file so they can no longer be enforced.<br><br>Action: Move the file system to a sysplex member that is at a release level that is at least z/OS V1R7 and then the file can be reopened as it was before. Note: The AUTOMOVE parameter of the MOUNT command can be used to restrict these takeovers to the systems that do support Share Reservations. |
| 05ED  | JrFileClosed<br><br>The file has been closed.<br><br>Action: Reopen the file or restart the program involved.   |
| 05EE  | JRInvOpenTok<br><br>The Open Token is not valid.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the correct Open Token is supplied.   |
| 05EF  | JRStaleOpenTok<br><br>The Open Token has been closed.<br><br>Action: Ensure that the correct Open Token is supplied.  |
| 05F0  | JRInvAccess<br><br>Access specified on a v_open must be read or write or both.<br><br>Action: Specify a combination of ACC_READ and ACC_WRITE.  |
| 05F1  | JRBadOpenType<br><br>The VopnOpenType field on a v_open request has a value that is not supported.<br><br>Action: Refer to BPXYVOPN for valid Open type values and reissue the request with a supported value.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 05F2  | <p>JRCreatParmLen</p> <p>The length specified on a v_open request for a create parameter is not valid for the type of request.</p> <p>Action: Verify that a create parameter should be specified for the type of request being issued. If so, ensure it is of appropriate length for the parameter to be passed.</p>   |
| 05F3  | <p>JRTokNotReg</p> <p>The VNODE token does not specify a regular file.</p> <p>Action: The service requested requires a regular file, but the VNODE token passed is not for a regular file. Correct the token and reissue the request.</p>  |
| 05F4  | <p>JRUpgradeSet</p> <p>A v_open request for upgrading share options was specified with an access mode or deny mode which is less restrictive than the current setting.</p> <p>Action: A request to upgrade an existing open must specify an access mode or deny mode which has a greater value than the current settings. Correct the values in the VopnShrAccess and the VopnShrDeny fields and reissue the request.</p>      |
| 05F5  | <p>JRDowngradeSet</p> <p>A v_open request for downgrading share options was specified with an access mode or deny mode which is more restrictive than the current setting.</p> <p>Action: A request to downgrade an existing open must specify an access mode or deny mode which has a lesser value than the current settings. Correct the values in the VopnShrAccess and the VopnShrDeny fields and reissue the request.</p> |
| 05F6  | <p>JRInvDeny</p> <p>A share deny specified on a v_open has a value that is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Refer to BPXYVOPN for valid Deny values and reissue the request with a supported value.</p>   |
| 05F7  | <p>JRNotRegFile</p> <p>The operation requested can only be performed on a regular file.</p> <p>Action: Correct the pathname of the operation to that of a regular file and reissue the request.</p>  |
| 05F8  | <p>JRWrtOverride</p> <p>An attempt was made to write to a file with the override of share reservations requested.</p> <p>Action: Overriding share reservations may only be done for reading from a file, not for writing.</p>  |
| 05F9  | <p>JRBadTruncSize</p> <p>An attempt was made to open an existing file with v_open and truncate the file to a non-zero offset.</p> <p>Action: An existing file can only be truncated to zero when opening with v_open.</p>  |
| 05FA  | <p>JRAtrrNotSettable</p> <p>An attempt was made to open create a file with v_open but the requested attributes for the new file could not be set.</p> <p>Action: Ensure the appropriate privileges for the attributes specified.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 05FB  | JRICSFModNotFound<br><br>ICSF random number generate module not found It is needed to open /dev/random and /dev/urandom.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator to add the ICSF callable services library to the LINKLSTxx parmlib member and to check for availability of ICSF. Review the system log for message BPXF269L.' |
| 05FC  | JRICSFnotActive<br><br>ICSF must be running to open/read from /dev/random or /dev/urandom.<br><br>Action: Check the availability of ICSF with your system administrator.  |
| 05FD  | JRICSFRACTFail<br><br>RACF failed your request to use the CSNBRNG service of ICSF Permission is needed to open/read from /dev/random and /dev/urandom.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator to get RACF permission to the CSFRNG profile in the CSFSERV security class.   |
| 05FE  | JRICSFCardFail<br><br>While attempting to open/read from /dev/random or /dev/urandom the PCI Cryptographic Coprocessor or PCI X Cryptographic Coprocessor failed.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator.   |
| 05FF  | JRICSFCardUnavailable<br><br>Could not open/read from /dev/random or /dev/urandom because the specific PCI Cryptographic Coprocessor or PCI X Cryptographic Coprocessor requested for service is temporarily unavailable.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator.   |
| 0600  | JRICSFCardnotActive<br><br>Could not open/read from /dev/random or /dev/urandom because the required PCI Cryptographic Coprocessor or PCI X Cryptographic Coprocessor was not active.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator.   |
| 0601  | JRICSFUnknownErr<br><br>An unknown ICSF error occurred while trying to open/read from /dev/random or /dev/urandom.<br><br>Action: Contact your system administrator. An OMVS CTrace has been taken with the return codes.   |
| 0602  | JrLockPurged<br><br>A Byte Range Lock request has been canceled while it was waiting.<br><br>Action: A waiting synchronous or a pending asynchronous lock request has been purged or canceled by a thread in the process, or the file has been closed. The lock request may be reissued if the file is still open.                      |
| 0603  | JrBRLMAbend<br><br>An abend occurred in the Byte Range Lock Manager.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0604  | <p>JrTokMismatch</p> <p>The OpenToken passed does not belong to the VnodToken that was passed.</p> <p>Action: An OpenToken may only be used with the same VnodToken that was specified on the call to v_open that originally created the OpenToken. Insure that this rule is followed.</p>  |
| 0605  | <p>JrNoVnTok</p> <p>An OpenToken was passed but not a VnodToken.</p> <p>Action: On v_lockctl both the OpenToken and the VnodToken are optional, but if an OpenToken is passed then the cooresponding VnodToken must also be passed.</p>   |
| 0606  | <p>JrAsyncBadAioToken</p> <p>The async I/O token passed on a cancel request is not valid.</p> <p>Action: When an asynchronous byte range lock request is scheduled a token is returned in the aiocb that must be used on any subsequent call to cancel the lock request. The original aiocb should not be modified until the asynchronous request completes or is canceled.</p>   |
| 0607  | <p>JrOwnerMoved</p> <p>The filesystem is now owned by a different system.</p> <p>Action: The owner of the filesystem changed while this operation was in progress.</p>  |
| 0608  | <p>JrOwnerNoSup</p> <p>No support for this operation by fileys owner.</p> <p>Action: The owner of the filesystem is not at the release level that supports this operation.</p>  |
| 0609  | <p>JrClientNoSup</p> <p>The client is not at the release level that supports blocking when share reservations are enforced within the sysplex.</p> <p>Action: The file is opened by another program with share reservations. Wait until the program closes the file and retry the failed operation.</p>   |
| 060A  | <p>JrBrlmOutOfStorage</p> <p>The Byte Range Lock Manager component has reported an out of storage condition.</p> <p>Action: There should be console messages or other indications of the storage shortage problems and when these are resolved the operation can be retried.</p>  |
| 060B  | <p>JrNoMatchingFStype</p> <p>This error condition only applies to sysplex configurations This system could not mount a file system that was mounted by another system in the sysplex because there is no active Physical File System that matches the Physical File System TYPE that was specified on the original MOUNT request There are inconsistent FILESYSTYPE statements in the BPXPRMxx parmlib members All systems in the sysplex must specify the same FILESYSTYPE statements.</p> <p>Action: Verify that each system in the sysplex is configured with the Physical File Systems required by the mount hierarchy. The D OMVS,P system command can be issued on each system in the sysplex to identify the active Physical File Systems on each system. The D OMVS,F system command can also be issued on each system in the sysplex to identify the file systems mounted on each system. The output from these commands can then be compared across all systems in the sysplex to determine if any differences exist.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 060C  | <p>JrShutdownFileOwner</p> <p>Automounted filesystems are not permitted after shutdown=fileowner has been issued on a system.</p> <p>Action: This filesystem can be mounted on a system that isn't in the shutdown=fileowner state.</p>   |
| 060D  | <p>JrShrsInFileSys</p> <p>Remount is not allowed when there are NFS V4 share reservations on any file in the File System. Move is not allowed when a client system has NFS V4 share reservations on any file.</p> <p>Action: After the files are closed from the NFS clients the remount or move can be tried again.</p>  |
| 060E  | <p>JRUnSupportedKey</p> <p>The caller of the service is running with a PSW Key that is not supported by the service.</p> <p>Action: Check the documentation for the service that is returning this error reason code to determine the supported Caller PSW Keys for the service.</p>  |
| 060F  | <p>JRKeyMismatch</p> <p>The caller of the service is running with a PSW Key that does not match the key of the TCB that it is running on OR the PSW Key of the caller does not match the storage key of a storage area that it is trying to operate against.</p> <p>Action: For a BPX1MGT service call insure that both the PSW Key and TCB Key are the same. For a BPX1MAT service call insure that the PSW Key and the storage key of the specified shared memory segment are the same.</p> |
| 0610  | <p>JRProcessIsReSpawn</p> <p>The request to register as a permanent or blocking process cannot be performed because the current process is respawnable.</p> <p>Action: Determine if the process should be respawnable or permanent or blocking. If perm or blocking is desired, use the _BPXK_INITAB_RESPAWN variable to set off the respawn attribute and issue the request again.</p>   |
| 0612  | <p>JrShrsNotSupported</p> <p>The physical file system does not support share reservations.</p> <p>Action: Do not use share reservations (deny read or deny write) when accessing this file system.</p>  |
| 0613  | <p>JRRecallFailure</p> <p>An attempt to retrieve an archived filesystem has failed.</p> <p>Action: Ensure that the DFHSM Facility is active.</p>  |
| 0614  | <p>JRAutomountTerm</p> <p>The automount facility is terminating.</p> <p>Action: Restart the automount facility.</p>   |
| 0615  | <p>JRNoOperlogActive</p> <p>The write to /dev/operlog cannot complete because Operlog is inactive.</p> <p>Action: Activate Operlog so that subsequent messages can be logged</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0616  | <p>JROperlogRtFailed</p> <p>The write to /dev/operlog cannot complete because Operlog Routine has failed to queue messages to operlog.</p> <p>Action: Attempt the request at another time.</p>   |
| 0617  | <p>JRNoDaemon</p> <p>The function could not complete. BPX.DAEMON facility class profile not defined.</p> <p>Action: To use define the BPX.DAEMON facility class for your system.</p>   |
| 0618  | <p>JRIpcRemovedAsy</p> <p>Between the start of an asynchronous I/O and the I/O completion the IPC message queue was removed and recreated.</p> <p>Action: Cancel all asynchronous I/O before removing the message queue that is being used.</p>  |
| 0619  | <p>JrSecEnvrNotSet</p> <p>The SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the SET argument was not issued by this server.</p> <p>Action: To use the SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the GET argument, the server must first issue the SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the SET argument.</p>   |
| 061A  | <p>JrDuplicateGet</p> <p>The SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the GET argument was already issued by this server.</p> <p>Action: There is no security object associated with this client. It was already retrieved by a previous SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the GET argument.</p>  |
| 061B  | <p>JrSECEnrDeletedByRd</p> <p>The security object associated with this client has been deleted by a read syscall because the SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the GET argument was not issued in a timely fashion.</p> <p>Action: There is no security object associated with this client. It was deleted by the system because a read syscall was issued before the SIOCSECENVR IOCTL with the GET argument. To avoid this from happening, the SIOCSECENVR GET should be issued immediately after the accept() syscall.</p> |
| 061C  | <p>JrSECENVRerror</p> <p>An error occurred while processing the security environment for this client so the security environment was deleted.</p> <p>Action: If the client's security environment is needed, close the client's socket and have the client reconnect to the server.</p>  |
| 061D  | <p>JrNoSECENVRbuffer</p> <p>An error occurred while trying to obtain a buffer to hold the security environment.</p> <p>Action: There was insufficient storage available for the buffer in the user's address space. Report this problem to the system programmer so the cause of the problem can be determined and corrected</p>   |
| 061E  | <p>JRFormatValueInvalid</p> <p>First Character of the input message must contain 0x80 for local messages or 0x00 for remote messages.</p> <p>Action: Enter the call again after changing the invalid parameter to a valid value.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 061F  | JRAutomountLkUp<br><br>An error was encountered during pathname lookup because an automount managed file system could not be mounted.<br><br>Action: Issue the MVS System Command, 'D OMVS,MF' on the system where the mount failure occurred. From the resulting display, locate the mount failure record for this mount request. Use the return code and reason code from this failure record to determine the exact cause for the mount failure. |
| 0620  | JRMountPtInProg<br><br>Another file system is in the process of being mounted on the mount point specified.<br><br>Action: Choose another mount point for the file system or unmount the mount in progress after it has finished  |
| 0621  | JrOptionFlagsErr<br><br>Caller specified a value in the option flags parameter of extended loadhfs that is not a supported value.<br><br>Action: Undefined option flags must be zero, make sure to set unused option flags to zero  |
| 0622  | JrLodDirectedSubpoolError<br><br>Caller specified a subpool that is not supported on extended loadhfs call with Lod_Directed option flag.<br><br>Action: Request a supported subpool on an extended loadhfs call with Lod_Directed option flag  |
| 0623  | JrLodDirectedAuthErr<br><br>Caller specified the Lod_Directed flag but is not authorized to do so.<br><br>Action: Caller must be PSW Key 0-7 or supervisor state or APF authorized  |
| 0624  | JrLodDirectedNoStorage<br><br>Storage obtain request for the directed load failed.<br><br>Action: There is insufficient storage available to load requested module into the requested subpool. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer to determine why there is a shortage of storage.  |
| 0625  | JRPFSIsRecycling<br><br>The Physical File System is recycling either on this system, or on the system that is the file system owner.<br><br>Action: D OMVS,PFS command done from each system will display if the PFS is recycling. Wait for the recycle to complete and retry.  |
| 0626  | JrActivityFound<br><br>Activity found on the sysplex root file system.<br><br>Action: During dynamic sysplex root file system migration, activities were found on the sysplex root file system. Look for message BPXF245I on each system.   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0627  | <p>JrSecLabelMismatch</p> <p>During F OMVS,NEWROOT processing, the Seclabel of the current and old roots do not match.</p> <p>Action: F OMVS,NEWROOT processing stops. The Seclabels should match before the command is issued again.</p>  |
| 0628  | <p>JrNewRoot</p> <p>The sysplex root file system has been changed.</p> <p>Action: Re-drive your suspended operations and new operations again.</p>   |
| 0629  | <p>JrAlreadyDubbed</p> <p>The task is already dubbed.</p> <p>Action: No action is required</p>   |
| 062A  | <p>JrAlreadyUnDubbed</p> <p>The task is already undubbed.</p> <p>Action: No action is required</p>   |
| 062B  | <p>JrRemntMode</p> <p>The file system is already in the mode specified by remount.</p> <p>Action: Change the remount mode if needed.</p>   |
| 062C  | <p>JrBadSameMode</p> <p>The file system is not in the mode specified by remount samemode.</p> <p>Action: Change the mode as necessary.</p>   |
| 062D  | <p>JrAsyncANR</p> <p>The socket state is not valid to process an accept_and_recv operation.</p> <p>Action: Asyncio Accept_And_Recv operations cannot be processed on a socket that has processed an accept() operation.</p>  |
| 062E  | <p>JrMountedUnowned</p> <p>The file system is mounted but unowned.</p> <p>Action: The file system has been mounted but not available because it is currently unowned. Issue D OMVS,F,N=filesystem_name and and F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY,FILESYSTEM= system commands to display the file system status.</p> <p>An unowned file system should be recovered automatically by the last owner system (specified by the RECOVERY OWNER in the F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=DISPLAY output) or possibly by other systems. Use the D OMVS,MF command on the RECOVERY OWNER system and other systems to determine why the file system could not be recovered automatically. Correct the failure if possible.</p> <p>To unmount the file system, use the F BPXOINIT,FILESYS=UNMOUNT,FILESYSTEM=filesystem_name system command from any system.</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 062F  | <p>JrNoRemote</p> <p>The path specified requires crossing into a remote file system and that is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: Only specify files and directories that reside in file systems that are local to the server.</p>  |
| 0631  | <p>JrRemoteRFI</p> <p>The file specified with Iocc#RegFileInt is in a file system that can be changed without notice.</p> <p>Action: Files that reside in a R/W sysplex aware zFS file system or that reside in an NFS Client file system can be changed on a remote system without this system knowing. For the zFS case, the file could be moved into an HFS file system or into a Read-Only zFS file system.</p>   |
| 0632  | <p>JrFSTypeChanged</p> <p>The File System Type was changed due to generic type support for HFS and ZFS.</p> <p>Action: This mount could not be completed. The file system type was changed due to one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The file system type specified was HFS and the file system was identified to be a ZFS.</li><li>• The file system type specified was HFS and the file system type can not be identified so the file system type was changed to ZFS.</li><li>• The file system type specified was HFS and the file system is DFHSM migrated so the file system type was changed to ZFS.</li><li>• The file system type specified was ZFS and the file system was identified to be a HFS.</li></ul> <p>When using 'D OMVS,MF' to view mount failures, entries of JRFsNotStart and JRFsTypeChanged for the same file system may be displayed when the file system is automount managed.</p> |
| 0633  | <p>JrPOEActionErr</p> <p>The __poe() action options were specified incorrectly. POE#ReadPOE, POE#WritePOE and POE#SetGetPOE are mutually exclusive, more than one was specified.</p> <p>Action: Correct the __poe() action options and retry the operation.</p>   |
| 0634  | <p>JrPOESocketScopeErr</p> <p>The __poe() options were specified incorrectly. When POE#ScopeSocket is specified only POE#ReadPOE is allowed, POE#WritePOE, POE#SetGetPOE or no action option was specified.</p> <p>Action: Correct the __poe() action options and retry the operation.</p>  |
| 0635  | <p>JrPOENotAvailable</p> <p>The __poe() POE#ReadPOE action option was specified with scope options POE#ScopeProcess or POE#ScopeThread but the specified POE data was not initialized.</p> <p>Action: Correct the __poe() options or initialize the specified POE data an retry the operation.</p>  |
| 0636  | <p>JrCannotDecrease</p> <p>The value specified is less than the current value.</p> <p>Action: SET OMVS or SETOMVS RESET cannot be used to decrease the current value of INADDRANYCOUNT for CINET. Specify a value greater than the current value.</p>   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0637  | <p>JrNoINETNwk</p> <p>A NETWORK statement for AF_INET6 cannot be processed unless there is also an AF_INET NETWORK statement with the same TYPE specified or already active.</p> <p>Action: Add an AF_INET NETWORK statement to parmlib or to the member specified on the SET OMVS or SETOMVS RESET command. AF_INET6 uses the INADDRANYPORT and INADDRANYCOUNT from the AF_INET NETWORK statement.</p> |
| 0638  | <p>JrInAddrAnyNotAllowed</p> <p>It is not permitted to pass an IP address of all zeros, InAddr_Any or In6Addr_Any, to this service.</p> <p>Action: Correct the sockaddr to pass a non-zero IP address.</p>  |
| 0639  | <p>JrAmtNoFsName</p> <p>The automount file system name was blank because the directory did not match an existing specific entry and the generic entry did not specify a file system name.</p> <p>Action: Create a specific entry for the directory or add a file system name to the generic entry</p>   |
| 063A  | <p>JrDubDuringExec</p> <p>An attempt was made to dub a subtask while an exec or spawn for the new job step was in progress.</p> <p>Action: Do not attempt to invoke z/OS UNIX System Services from another task while an exec or spawn is in progress for the job step task.</p>  |
| 063B  | <p>JrNoSetUID</p> <p>NOSETUID was not specified on the nonprivileged user mount interface.</p> <p>Action: Specify the NOSETUID option instead</p>   |
| 063C  | <p>JrNonEmptyMntPtDir</p> <p>The mount point directory is not empty.</p> <p>Action: Retry the mount on an empty mount point directory.</p>  |
| 063D  | <p>JrExceedMaxUsrMntSys</p> <p>The maximum number of nonprivileged user mounts for the system or sysplex has been exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system administrator to use the SET OMVS or SETOMVS command to dynamically increase the maximum number of nonprivileged user mounts. Then retry the nonprivileged user mount.</p>  |
| 063E  | <p>JrExceedMaxUsrMntUsr</p> <p>The maximum number of nonprivileged user mounts for the user has been exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Retry the nonprivileged user mount after unmounting one of your mounted file systems.</p>   |
| 063F  | <p>JrNotMntPtOwner</p> <p>The user does not own the mount point directory when the sticky bit is set.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system administrator to change the ownership of the mount point directory to you.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0640  | <p>JrNotRootOwner</p> <p>The user does not own the file system root when the sticky bit is set.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system administrator to change the ownership of the file system root to you.</p>   |
| 0641  | <p>JrFileSystemMigrated</p> <p>The file system name specified on the nonprivileged user mount is HSM-migrated and automount facility is not running.</p> <p>Action: Recall the HSM-migrated file system or start automount facility then reissue the mount request.</p>   |
| 0642  | <p>JrSysNameNotAllowed</p> <p>The system name specification is not supported on the nonprivileged user mount operation.</p> <p>Action: Retry the nonprivileged user mount without the sysname option.</p>   |
| 0643  | <p>JrRemountNotAllowed</p> <p>Remount operation is not allowed for nonprivileged users.</p> <p>Action: Unmount the file system and then issue a mount request.</p>  |
| 0644  | <p>JrUserUnMountNotAllowed</p> <p>The Nonprivileged user is not allowed to unmount a file system that was mounted by another user.</p> <p>Action: To unmount this file system, reissue the unmount request from a superuser or from the user who mounted this file system.</p>                                  |
| 0645  | <p>JrPFSNotSupported</p> <p>The specified mount point is not in a supported file system for this mount request.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request, specifying a mount point that is in a supported file system.</p>  |
| 0646  | <p>JrNoRootAccess</p> <p>The nonprivileged user does not have read, write, and search permission to the specified file system root directory.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system administrator to give you read, write and search permissions for the file system root and reissue the mount or unmount request.</p> |
| 0647  | <p>JrNoMntPtAccess</p> <p>The nonprivileged user does not have read, write and search permission to the specified mount point directory.</p> <p>Action: Ask the system administrator to give you read, write and search permissions for the mount point directory. Then reissue the mount request.</p>          |
| 0648  | <p>JrTooManyInProgress</p> <p>Too many nonprivileged user mounts are in progress at a given time.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the system administrator.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0649  | <p>JrMaxPipesUser</p> <p>The maximum number of pipes has been exceeded for this user.</p> <p>Action: The maximum number of pipes and FIFOs that the user can use is specified by the MAXPIPEUSER BPXPRMXX statement. Review the pipe and FIFO usage using the <b>z1sof</b> command.</p>  |
| 064A  | <p>JrMaxPipes</p> <p>The system limit of 15,360 pipes and FIFOs has been reached.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system administrator to use the D OMVS,LIMITS system command to review the pipe and FIFO usage for the system, and D OMVS,PIPES to view the pipe and FIFO usage on a user basis.</p>  |
| 064B  | <p>JrBadPET</p> <p>PET specified in ThliPET was invalid at the time BPX1STE/BPX4STE was invoked. Value must either be zero or a valid unautherized PET.</p> <p>Action: Retry the operation with a valid value in ThliPET owned by the invoking thread.</p>   |
| 064C  | <p>JrReleasedPET</p> <p>PET specified in ThliPET has already been released. No timer interrupt has been set for the invoking thread.</p> <p>Action: The invoking thread should either PAUSE on the PET specified in ThliPET or query the PET for release code.</p>   |
| 064D  | <p>JrUniLseek</p> <p>This read/write operations fails because an lseek was issued on this file with a prior read or write that caused conversion via Unicode Services with a CCSID that is not a single byte character set.</p> <p>Action: Once conversion has started, an lseek that changes the file's cursor will cause a subsequent read or write to fail. An exception to this is an lseek that sets the cursor to the beginning of the file (for all reads and for writes that do not cause partial characters to be saved). Any saved partial character is lost. When writing a partial character, a subsequent write must be issued to complete the character so that it can be converted and written to disk.</p> |
| 064E  | <p>JrUniPartialWrt</p> <p>A file being converted using Unicode Services on a write request, caused the file system to become full or reached the file size limit without writing all converted characters to the file. Writes of partial characters is not supported.</p> <p>Action: Free up space or increase the size of the file system</p>   |
| 064F  | <p>JrUniOutOfStorage</p> <p>Unable to obtain storage for internal buffers used for converting files via Unicode Services.</p> <p>Action: Close files that are opened and being translated via Unicode Service to free up space.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0650  | <p>JrUniPartialChars</p> <p>A prior write operation on a file being converted using Unicode Services resulted in a partial character being saved but the following operation was a read.</p> <p>Action: The partial character is lost and never written to disk. When writing a partial character, a subsequent write must be issued to complete the character so that it can be converted and written to disk.</p> |
| 0651  | <p>JrUniCharSpec</p> <p>Character special files are not supported when files are being converted with Unicode Services.</p> <p>Action: Untag the file or do not open it when the program's CCSID is set.</p>  |
| 0652  | <p>JrUniOpTooBig</p> <p>The read or write request trying to convert using Unicode Services specified a length that is too large.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the operation with a smaller length.</p>  |
| 0653  | <p>JrUniPartialCharsShr</p> <p>The read or write request that was converting using Unicode Services, produced a partial character on a shared open at the same time that another thread was doing a read or write.</p> <p>Action: Threads that share opens and require Unicode Services conversion must coordinate their reads and writes to guarantee data integrity.</p>  |
| 0654  | <p>JrUniMaxLenTooLong</p> <p>The maximum character length for one of the CCSIDs being used for conversion is too long.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM support.</p>  |
| 0655  | <p>JrUniMaxIoBufUser</p> <p>The Unicode I/O buffer storage allowed for this UID has exceeded the system specified amount.</p> <p>Action: Retry after some threads have ended, or change the maximum allowable limit via the MAXIOBUFUSER system parameter.</p>  |
| 0656  | <p>JRCanceled</p> <p>The operation has been canceled.</p> <p>Action: BPX1AIO(Aio#Cancel) has been called to cancel an operation.</p>  |
| 0657  | <p>JrUniCCSIDNotSupported</p> <p>The read or write request trying to convert using Unicode Services failed due to an unsupported CCSID.</p> <p>Action: Look in the z/OS Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference for a list of supported CCSIDs.</p>   |
| 0658  | <p>JrCPLFcnReq</p> <p>The __cpl function code is inconsistent with the request type.</p> <p>Action: Correct the __cpl function code to one that supports the specified request.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0659  | <p>JrCPLParmVer</p> <p>The input or output parameter version in the structure buffer passed to <code>__cpl</code> is inconsistent with the request type.</p> <p>Action: Correct the input or output version and ensure that the necessary input parameters associated with the required input version are present.</p>   |
| 065A  | <p>JrUniPreadPwriteNotSupp</p> <p><code>pread/pwrite</code> is not supported for files being converted using Unicode System Services for CCSIDs with a maximum character length greater than one.</p> <p>Action: Only issue a <code>pread</code> or <code>pwrite</code> if conversion is single byte to single byte.</p>   |
| 065B  | <p>JrUniO_Append</p> <p>When converting a file using Unicode System Services, the <code>O_APPEND</code> flag can only be used if the file was empty at the time it was opened.</p> <p>Action: Do not use <code>O_APPEND</code> with multi-byte character set conversion.</p>   |
| 065C  | <p>JrPtInvVRNumber</p> <p>The <code>ptrace</code> call has an incorrect vector register number.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has tried to read or write a vector register, but supplied an invalid vector register number. Ensure that a valid vector register number is supplied on the <code>ptrace</code> request. The register numbers are defined in the <code>BPXYPTRC</code> macro.</p>                                      |
| 065D  | <p>JrPtVRNotEnabled</p> <p>The <code>ptrace</code> call requested reading or writing a vector register, but the target thread is not using vector registers.</p> <p>Action: A debugger program has tried to read or write a vector register, but the target thread was not status saving vector registers. <code>Ptrace</code> only allows reading and writing vector registers for threads that are already using vector registers.</p> |
| 065E  | <p>JrRfiMax</p> <p>The process exceeded the maximum number of file interest registrations allowed per process.</p> <p>Action: Remove some of the registrations.</p>  |
| 7100  | <p>JrSipcSEND</p> <p>SNACKETS IPC Send error occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 7101  | <p>JrSipcOPEN</p> <p>SNACKETS IPC Open error occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |
| 7102  | <p>JrSipcCONNECT</p> <p>SNACKETS IPC Connect error occurred.</p> <p>Action: See your IBM service representative.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7103  | JrSipcCLOSE<br>SNockets IPC Close error occurred.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative.  |
| 7200  | JRAckLenFailure<br>The size of the TPI data is not large enough to support the Prim_type field.<br>Action: Unrecoverable error. Contact the systems programmer.                |
| 7201  | JRUnexpectedAck<br>The Prim_type received from the TPI request does not match the request.<br>Action: Unrecoverable error. Contact the systems programmer.                     |
| 7202  | JRAlreadyBound<br>The Socket has already been bound by a previous request.<br>Action: This protocol does not support multiple binds to the same socket.                        |
| 7203  | JRNotBound<br>Read not allowed on unbound socket unless it is RAW.<br>Action: Bind the socket and retry the request.   |
| 7204  | JRWrongBand<br>Message received on wrong band.<br>Action: Unrecoverable error. Contact the systems programmer.   |
| 7205  | JRTLlerror<br>ERRNO returned by the transport layer interface.<br>Action: See ERRNO.   |
| 7206  | JRConnFail<br>Previous connection request on this socket failed.<br>Action: Check previous connection request to determine why it failed.                                      |
| 7207  | JRCFGMREQLenErr<br>The size of the returned buffer is not large enough to support a CFGMREQ structure.<br>Action: Unrecoverable error. Contact the systems programmer.         |
| 7208  | JRBulkModeErr<br>The type of socket request specified is not valid for a Bulkmode socket.<br>Action: Specify a valid socket request for the bulkmode socket.                   |
| 7209  | JrIOCTLAccessAuthorization<br>The user does not have access authority for the requested ioctl.<br>Action: APF, OE Superuser or RACF authorization is required for SET ioctl's. |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 720A  | <p>JRIOCTLSizeIncorrect</p> <p>The size of the structure used in the ioctl is not correct.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the structure passed to the ioctl is correct.</p>                                      |
| 720B  | <p>JRIOCTLAFNotSupported</p> <p>The address family is not supported for the specified ioctl.</p> <p>Action: Verify the socket address passed on the ioctl is correct.</p>                                    |
| 720C  | <p>JRIOCTLRTTableSize</p> <p>The TCP/IP Route table does not fit in the buffer provided.</p> <p>Action: Iocn_RtMsgHdrType.Iocn_RtMsgHdrNumEnt specifies the number of entries in the route table.</p>        |
| 720D  | <p>JRIOCTLPrimNotSet</p> <p>No primary interface is defined to TCP/IP.</p> <p>Action: Use the Home statement to define an interface to TCP/IP.</p>   |
| 720E  | <p>JRIOCTLLinkName</p> <p>The ifr_name specified was not found to be a valid, defined link name.</p> <p>Action: Verify the ifr_name specified. Ensure that a LINK statement defined this name to TCP/IP.</p> |
| 720F  | <p>JRDevNumInvalid</p> <p>The device number specified is not valid for the operation.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.</p>   |
| 7210  | <p>JRIPAddrInvalid</p> <p>The IP address specified is not valid for the operation.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the IP address specified is correct.</p>   |
| 7211  | <p>JRLinkNameInvalid</p> <p>The link name specified is not valid for the operation.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the link name specified is correct.</p>   |
| 7212  | <p>JRInterfaceInvalid</p> <p>The interface specified is not valid for the operation.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the interface specified is correct.</p>  |
| 7213  | <p>JRDeviceCTCInvalid</p> <p>The device conflicts with a CTC device.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.</p>  |
| 7214  | <p>JRDeviceCLAWInvalid</p> <p>The device conflicts with a CLAW device.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7215  | JRDeviceLCSInvalid<br><br>The device conflicts with a LCS device.<br><br>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.  |
| 7216  | JRLinksMaxExceeded<br><br>The number of link names has been exceeded.<br><br>Action: Verify that the link is correct.   |
| 7217  | JRInterfaceAlreadyStopped<br><br>The Interface is already stopped.<br><br>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.   |
| 7218  | JRInterfaceAlreadyStarted<br><br>The interface is already started.<br><br>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.   |
| 7219  | JRDeviceNotDefined<br><br>The device number specified is not defined.<br><br>Action: Verify that the device number specified is correct.  |
| 721A  | JRDeviceAlreadyDefined<br><br>The device is already defined.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to create duplicate devices.  |
| 721B  | JRDeviceUnsupported<br><br>The device type is unsupported.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to create an unsupported device type.   |
| 721C  | JRDeviceActive<br><br>The device type is active.<br><br>Action: An attempt was made to delete an active device.   |
| 721D  | JRConfigErr<br><br>Config statement is in error.<br><br>Action: One of the following errors was encountered when processing a config statement: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The config statement is outside of its Beg/End statements.</li><li>• An attempt was made to delete an interface via the INTERFACE statement but the interface is in use as a SOURCEVIPAINTERFACE.</li><li>• An attempt was made to define an interface via the DEVICE and LINK statements but inconsistent types were specified.</li><li>• An INTERFACE statement was specified to define an interface with multiple-VLAN support but the statement parameters violated the multiple-VLAN rules.</li></ul> Correct the config statement and restart the function. |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 721E  | JRAFNotSupported<br>Address Family is not supported.<br>Action: Verify that the address family was properly specified in the SockAddr structure. |
| 721F  | JRTCPNotUp<br>TCP/IP is not initialized.<br>Action: Start TCP/IP Initialization.   |
| 7220  | JRUDPNotUp<br>TCP/IP is not initialized.<br>Action: Start TCP/IP Initialization.   |
| 7221  | JRGetConnErr<br>The connection was not in the proper state for retrieving.<br>Action: Try the request later.                                     |
| 7222  | JRPATFNDErr<br>Search for a restricted port failed.<br>Action: Verify the restricted port table.   |
| 7223  | JRPATFNXErr<br>Search for restricted ports failed.<br>Action: Verify the restricted port table.  |
| 7224  | JRPATADDErr<br>Add new restricted port failed.<br>Action: Verify the restricted port table.  |
| 7225  | JRPATDELErr<br>Delete a restricted port failed.<br>Action: Verify the restricted port table.   |
| 7226  | JRPATEXistErr<br>Restricted port entry already existed.<br>Action: Verify the key of the added entry.  |
| 7227  | JRPATNotFound<br>Restricted port entry is not found.<br>Action: Verify the key of the deleted entry.   |
| 7228  | JRInvaliddAddr<br>Specified address is not valid.<br>Action: Verify the destination address in the SockAddr structure.                           |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7229  | JRPortRErr<br><br>The input specified in the port range statement is not valid.<br><br>Action: Verify that the port range was properly specified in the Add Port Range statement.      |
| 722A  | JRInterfaceDefinedByHome<br><br>The interface has been used within a Home statement.<br><br>Action: Remove the Interface from the Home list.   |
| 722B  | JRDeviceDefinedByLink<br><br>The device is defined by a Link statement.<br><br>Action: Remove the Link statement that uses the device.   |
| 722C  | JRDeviceTypeInvalid<br><br>The device type is not valid for the operation requested.<br><br>Action: Verify that the device type of the device is correct.                              |
| 722D  | JRBSDRoutingParmsNeverUsed<br><br>BSDRoutingParms were never configured for TCP/IP.<br><br>Action: Add BsdRoutingParms to TCP/IP Configuration.  |
| 722E  | JRBINDOutState<br><br>The current TPL state is not unbound when doing a bind request.<br><br>Action: Validate the specified port number and IP address in the bind request.            |
| 722F  | JRBINDBadSockAddr<br><br>Bad Socket Address data present in the source IP address.<br><br>Action: Validate the IP address in the bind request.   |
| 7230  | JRBINDAddrNActive<br><br>Local address was not active when processing the bind request.<br><br>Action: Validate the specified IP address in the bind request.                          |
| 7231  | JRBINDNoPort<br><br>No port is available. Port entries have reached the maximum number.<br><br>Action: TCP/IP is running out of connection IDs. Wait and retry the bind request later. |
| 7232  | JRBINDAddrInUsed<br><br>The INADDR_ANY is being used by other users. The bind request fails.<br><br>Action: Try the bind request later.  |
| 7233  | JRUNBINDNotIDLE<br><br>The requested connection was not in the proper state for the request.<br><br>Action: Try the unbind request later.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7234  | JROPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                    |
| 7235  | JRSendLimit<br>The send buffer size is not valid. It is too big.<br>Action: Validate the option management send buffer request.        |
| 7236  | JRRcvdLimit<br>The received buffer size is not valid. It is too big.<br>Action: Validate the option management receive buffer request. |
| 7237  | JRBSTOpt<br>The value specified for option_value is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                      |
| 7238  | JRBRTOpt<br>The value specified for option_value is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                      |
| 7239  | JRIPOpt<br>The value specified for option_value is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                       |
| 723A  | JRTOSOpt<br>The value specified for type of service is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                   |
| 723B  | JRTTLOpt<br>The value specified for time to live is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                      |
| 723C  | JRIPOPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                  |
| 723D  | JRTOSOPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                 |
| 723E  | JRTTLOPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                 |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 723F  | JRConnNotIdle<br>Connect request not in idle state.<br>Action: Connect should only be issued after bind request.  |
| 7240  | JRBroadcastDest<br>Cannot connect to a broadcast address.<br>Action: Specify a valid address.   |
| 7241  | JRConnectToSelf<br>Connect address is the same as the source address.<br>Action: Specify a valid address.   |
| 7242  | JRConnTCBNotFound<br>A TCB was not found for the specified socket.<br>Action: Use a valid socket descriptor.  |
| 7243  | JRBadTCBEye<br>The TCB has been freed or overlaid.<br>Action: Refer to provided diagnostic information to resolve the problem. Contact service for assistance.                |
| 7244  | JRNoAcceptTCB<br>There is no valid TCB on the accept queue.<br>Action: Refer to provided diagnostic information to resolve the problem. Contact service for assistance.       |
| 7245  | JRDisconTCBNotFound<br>The TCB could not be found for disconnect.<br>Action: Refer to provided diagnostic information to resolve the problem. Contact service for assistance. |
| 7246  | JRPortAccessAuth<br>User does not have authority to access this port.<br>Action: Specify a valid port.  |
| 7247  | JRPortBusy<br>Specified port is in use.<br>Action: Specify a port not in use or try again later.  |
| 7248  | JRSENOPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.  |
| 7249  | JRRECVOPTLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 724A  | JRBSTOPLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                       |
| 724B  | JRBRTOPLERR<br>The value specified for option_length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.                       |
| 724C  | JRRtInvalidTOS<br>Specified route type of service is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid route type of service.                           |
| 724D  | JRRtInvalidGateWayAddr<br>Specified route gateway address is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid route gateway address.                   |
| 724E  | JRRtInvalidProtocol<br>Specified route protocol is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid route protocol address.                            |
| 724F  | JRRtInvalidType<br>Specified route type is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid route type address.  |
| 7250  | JRRtInvalidDest<br>Specified route destination is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid route type address.                                 |
| 7251  | JRRtInvalidMask<br>Specified route subnet mask is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid subnet mask.  |
| 7252  | JRRtInvalidHostAddr<br>Specified route host ip address is not valid.<br>Action: Specify a valid host ip address.                            |
| 7253  | JRHardwareTypeNotSupported<br>Specified hardware type is not supported.<br>Action: Specify a supported hardware type.                       |
| 7254  | JRLinkTypeInvalid<br>The link type is not valid for the operation requested.<br>Action: Verify that the link type of the device is correct. |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7255  | JRNoHomeStatement<br><br>The link name does not have an associated home statement.<br><br>Action: Verify that the link name specified has a home statement.   |
| 7256  | JRIOCTLNotSupported<br><br>The specified ioctl is not supported in this version of TCP/IP.<br><br>Action: Unrecoverable error. The ioctl type does not exist. |
| 7257  | JRLVLSOCNOSUP<br><br>The option_name that was specified is not supported.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid option_name.                        |
| 7258  | JRLVLTCPNOSUP<br><br>The level that was specified is not supported.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid level.                                    |
| 7259  | JRLVLIPNOSUP<br><br>The option_name that was specified is not supported.<br><br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid option_name.                         |
| 725A  | JRInvOptLen<br><br>The option length is not valid.<br><br>Action: Validate the option length.   |
| 725B  | JRInvOptVal<br><br>The option value is not valid.<br><br>Action: Validate the option value.   |
| 725C  | JRConnAlreadyExists<br><br>The address is already in use.<br><br>Action: Specify an address that is not in use.   |
| 725D  | JRStartNonDeviceInvalid<br><br>An attempt was made to start an interface which is not a device.<br><br>Action: Specify a device on the START command.         |
| 725E  | JRBadIOCTLtoIF<br><br>An internal error occurred between the ioctl and Interface layer.<br><br>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.               |
| 725F  | JRLinkNotDefined<br><br>The link name specified is not defined.<br><br>Action: Verify that the link name specified is correct.                                |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7260  | <p>JRMaxStartsExceeded</p> <p>An internal limit of START DEVICES has been exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Contact your IBM service representative.</p>  |
| 7261  | <p>JRDeviceHasLinks</p> <p>An attempt was made to DELETE a device, but the device has at least one LINK defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Delete the link(s) and then delete the device.</p> |
| 7262  | <p>JRDeviceHasNOLinks</p> <p>An attempt was made to START a device, but the device has no LINKS defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Define a link to the device.</p>                           |
| 7263  | <p>JRInterfaceNotDefined</p> <p>The interface specified is not defined.</p> <p>Action: Define the interface.</p>   |
| 7264  | <p>JRRtAlreadyExists</p> <p>The route already exists.</p> <p>Action: Delete the route and retry.</p>   |
| 7265  | <p>JRRtNotDefined</p> <p>The route is not defined.</p> <p>Action: Route to be deleted is not defined.</p>  |
| 7266  | <p>JRRtRemoveDirectError</p> <p>The route to be removed is a direct route.</p> <p>Action: Correct the route type information.</p>  |
| 7267  | <p>JRGateWayUnreachable</p> <p>The gateway is unreachable by any routes.</p> <p>Action: Add a route to the gateway and retry.</p>  |
| 7268  | <p>JRRtRemoveIndirectError</p> <p>The route to be removed is an indirect route.</p> <p>Action: Correct the route type information.</p>   |
| 7269  | <p>JRArpsvMult</p> <p>Multiple ATMARP servers are defined for the same link.</p> <p>Action: Correct the ATMARPSV statement to specify only one ATMARP server for the link.</p>           |
| 726A  | <p>JRDeviceMPCPTPInvalid</p> <p>A MPCPTP link was defined for an incorrect device type.</p> <p>Action: Correct the link statement to point to a MPCPTP device.</p>                       |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 726B  | JRDeviceHCHInvalid<br>An HCH link was defined for an incorrect device type.<br>Action: Correct the link statement to point to an HCH device.   |
| 726C  | JRDeviceCDLCInvalid<br>A CDLC link was defined for an incorrect device type.<br>Action: Correct the link statement to point to a CDLC device.  |
| 726D  | JRDeviceX25Invalid<br>An X.25 link was defined for an incorrect device type.<br>Action: Correct the link statement to point to an X.25 device. |
| 726E  | JRDeviceATMInvalid<br>An ATM link was defined for an incorrect device type.<br>Action: Correct the link statement to point to an ATM device.   |
| 726F  | JRLinkAlreadyDefined<br>The link is already defined.<br>Action: Correct the profile to remove the duplicate link definition.                   |
| 7270  | JRPvcAlreadyDefined<br>The PVC is already defined.<br>Action: Correct the profile to remove the duplicate PVC definition.                      |
| 7271  | JRPvcNotDefined<br>The PVC name specified is not defined.<br>Action: Verify that the PVC name specified is correct.                            |
| 7272  | JRLisNotDefined<br>The LIS name specified is not defined.<br>Action: Verify that the LIS name specified is correct.                            |
| 7273  | JRARpsvNotDefined<br>The ATMARPSV name specified is not defined.<br>Action: Verify that the ATMARPSV name specified is correct.                |
| 7274  | JRLisInUseForDevice<br>Another LINK for this device already specifies this LIS.<br>Action: Correct the LIS name on the LINK statement.         |
| 7275  | JRPvcLinkNotATM<br>An ATMPVC was defined for an incorrect link type.<br>Action: Correct the ATMPVC statement to point to an ATM link.          |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7276  | <p>JRLisInconsistent</p> <p>The LIS name is already defined with a different subnet value/mask.</p> <p>Action: Correct the ATMLIS statement to define the same subnet value and subnet mask.</p>                           |
| 7277  | <p>JRLisOptionsUpdated</p> <p>An ATMLIS redefinition caused the LIS options to be updated.</p> <p>Action: None required if this was the intended result.</p>   |
| 7278  | <p>JRPvcInUseAsArpsv</p> <p>An attempt was made to delete an ATMPVC which is in use as an ATMARP server.</p> <p>Action: Stop the ATM device which is using this PVC as an ATMARP server.</p>                               |
| 7279  | <p>JRLinkHasPvcs</p> <p>An attempt was made to DELETE a LINK, but the LINK has at least one ATMPVC defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Delete the link(s) and then delete the ATMLIS.</p>  |
| 727A  | <p>JRLisHasLinks</p> <p>An attempt was made to DELETE an ATMLIS, but the ATMLIS has at least one LINK defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Delete the link(s) and then delete the ATMLIS.</p>                                     |
| 727B  | <p>JRLisHasArpsvs</p> <p>An attempt was made to DELETE an ATMLIS, but the ATMLIS has at least one ATMARPSV defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Delete the ATMARPSV(s) and then delete the ATMLIS.</p>                            |
| 727C  | <p>JRArpsvInUse</p> <p>An attempt was made to DELETE an ATMARPSV, but at least one ATM device is using the ATMARPSV.</p> <p>Action: Stop the device(s) currently using the ATMARP server and then delete the ATMARPSV.</p> |
| 727D  | <p>JRNotInLis</p> <p>The IP address of a defined ATMARPSV is not in the specified LIS.</p> <p>Action: Correct the ATMARPSV statement to specify a consistent LIS name and IP address.</p>                                  |
| 727E  | <p>JRTELSTATERR</p> <p>Attempt to update the telnet attributes when the connection is not yet established.</p> <p>Action: Verify the socket address of the telnet entry or try it later.</p>                               |
| 727F  | <p>JRTELNFDERR</p> <p>Telnet session is not found.</p> <p>Action: Verify the socket address of the requested telnet entry.</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7280  | <p>JRARpsvAlreadyDefined</p> <p>The ATMARPSV is already defined.</p> <p>Action: Correct the profile to remove the duplicate ATMARPSV definition.</p>   |
| 7281  | <p>JRLisMismatch</p> <p>The LIS name on the ATMARPSV PVC statement does not match the LIS defined on the link to which the specified PVC is defined.</p> <p>Action: Correct the profile to specify the correct LIS name.</p>                               |
| 7282  | <p>JRDeviceSNAInvalid</p> <p>A SNA link was defined for an incorrect device type.</p> <p>Action: Correct the link statement to point to a SNA device.</p>  |
| 7283  | <p>JRLinkHasNoPvcOrLis</p> <p>An ATM link was defined but did not specify a LIS and has no PVCs defined to it.</p> <p>Action: Correct the link statement to specify a LIS or define an ATMPVC for the link.</p>  |
| 7284  | <p>JRRtInvalidMaskHost</p> <p>A host route with a non-zero mask was received.</p> <p>Action: Update the subnet mask to be zero or the route flag to be non-zero and rerun the command.</p>   |
| 7285  | <p>JRRtInvalidMaskDefault</p> <p>A non-default route was received with a destination of 0.</p> <p>Action: Update the destination address or the default route flag and rerun the command.</p>  |
| 7286  | <p>JRRtNoBsdRoutingParmsSet</p> <p>A route was added for a link without BSDRoutingParms.</p> <p>Action: Use VARY TCPIP, OBEYFILE to set BSDRoutingParms for the link used by the route.</p>  |
| 7287  | <p>JrRtInvalidMaskCidr</p> <p>The mask does not conform to CIDR requirement.</p> <p>Action: The mask field must have contiguous one bits until the first zero bit. No ones are allowed after the first zero.</p>   |
| 7288  | <p>JrMsgInvalidFlag</p> <p>The socket does not support the function that was specified with the flags parameter.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid function.</p>   |
| 7289  | <p>JrVariableSubnettingNotAllowed</p> <p>IPCONFIG did not specify RIPV2 or length of rtenry is wrong.</p> <p>Action: Correct IPCONFIG statement with VARSubnetting or the length of the rtenry. There is a new length for Variable Subnetting (RIPV2).</p> |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 728A  | <p>JRsplexAddrNotFound</p> <p>The sysplex loopback address 127.0.0.128 could not be resolved to the sysplex domain name by the gethostbyaddr() syscall.</p> <p>Action: Verify the DNS configuration. Ensure that the TCP/IP stack points to an active DNS in the same sysplex and that the DNS has the PTR record for the 128 host defined in the 0.0.127.in-addr.arpa. zone.</p>                   |
| 728B  | <p>JRresNotFoundInDNS</p> <p>The specified group or server+group name could not be found within the sysplex domain.</p> <p>Action: Determine whether the requested resource exists within the cluster domain in the sysplex DNS. If the resource does not exist within the DNS data base, then start or re-register the specified resource.</p>   |
| 728C  | <p>JRgroupNameRequired</p> <p>A server name was specified in the sysplexFqDnData structure without a group name.</p> <p>Action: Specify a group name in the sysplexFQDnData structure.</p>  |
| 728D  | <p>JRinvalidBufTokn</p> <p>An incorrect CSM buffer token was provided.</p> <p>Action: The communication storage manager detected that the CSM buffer token being used on the socket call has previously been freed. The application could optionally take a FFST™ dump to record key application-specific data areas. The application can reissue the socket call using a different CSM buffer.</p> |
| 728E  | <p>JRMCTTLOpt</p> <p>The value specified for multicast time to live is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>  |
| 728F  | <p>JRMCTTLOptLErr</p> <p>The value specified for option length is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>   |
| 7290  | <p>JRMCLoopOpt</p> <p>The value specified for multicast loopback is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>   |
| 7291  | <p>JRMCLoopOptLErr</p> <p>The value specified for option length is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>  |
| 7292  | <p>JRMCIFOpt</p> <p>The value specified for multicast interface is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>  |
| 7293  | <p>JRMCIFOptLErr</p> <p>The value specified for option length is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7294  | JRMCAAddMemOpt<br>The value specified for multicast add membership is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.      |
| 7295  | JRMCAAddMemOptLErr<br>The value specified for option length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.             |
| 7296  | JRMCDropMemOpt<br>The value specified for multicast drop membership is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.     |
| 7297  | JRMCDropMemOptLErr<br>The value specified for option length is not valid.<br>Action: Reissue the request with a valid value.             |
| 7298  | JRMCMMaxMem<br>The maximum number of groups per socket has been exceeded.<br>Action: Change the program to not join more than 20 groups. |
| 7299  | JRIESizeMismatchAdd<br>Request area was not large enough on add/remove.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                   |
| 729A  | JRIESizeMismatchGet<br>Request area was not large enough on get.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                          |
| 729B  | JRIESizeMismatchGetTable<br>Request area was not large enough on Get Table.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative               |
| 729C  | JRIESizeMismatchSetTable<br>Request area was not large enough on Set Table.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative               |
| 729D  | JRIEOutCntInvalid<br>cOutCnt is zero or less than the cInCnt.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                             |
| 729E  | JRIEInCntInvalid<br>cInCnt is zero.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 729F  | JRIEGetTableFlags<br>Flags set on a GetTable.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                              |
| 72A0  | JRIEGetFlags<br>Flags set on a Get.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative  |
| 72A1  | JRIESetTableFlags<br>Flags set on a SetTable.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                              |
| 72A2  | JRIESetFlags<br>Flags set on a Set.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative  |
| 72A3  | JRIEGetTableUnexpected<br>Unexpected error on GetTable.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                    |
| 72A4  | JRIEGetUnexpected<br>Unexpected error on Get.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                              |
| 72A5  | JRIESetTableUnexpected<br>Unexpected error on SetTable.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                    |
| 72A6  | JRIESetUnexpected<br>Unexpected error on Set.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                              |
| 72A7  | JRIERecoveryError<br>Unexpected error on Recovery.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                         |
| 72A8  | JRIEProfileError<br>Unexpected error during profile processing.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative            |
| 72A9  | JRIEAddifcioclttype<br>Attempt to add an ifcioclt with ifhtype not iflifc.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 72AA  | JRIEUnknownifciocType<br>Unknown ifciocType attempted.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                |
| 72AB  | JRTcpTcpiError<br>Refer to TSRB return and reason codes.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative              |
| 72AC  | JRTcpInvalidTcpiName<br>Invalid TsrB_Tcpi_Name.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                       |
| 72AD  | JRTcpInvalidRequestCode<br>Invalid TsrB_Request_Code.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                 |
| 72AE  | JRTcpNotInstalledOrUp<br>TCPIP not installed or active.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative               |
| 72AF  | JRTcpInvDelete<br>The delete requestor did not create the connection.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72B0  | JRTcpInvUserData<br>Request contained invalid user data.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative              |
| 72B1  | JRSKCIBInvalidMessage<br>Invalid IOCTL message type.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                  |
| 72B2  | JRSKCIBAlreadySleeping1<br>Recursive context sleep.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                   |
| 72B3  | JRSKDKINotReadQueue<br>Invalid queue for find open/close.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative             |
| 72B4  | JRSKDKINotWriteQueue<br>Invalid queue for find poll/iocport.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 72B5  | JRSKDKIBadFindType<br>Invalid type for find.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                     |
| 72B6  | JRSKDKINotFound<br>No such device/module for find.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative               |
| 72B7  | JRSKDKIBadQGetType<br>Invalid type for queue get info.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative           |
| 72B8  | JRSKDKIBadQSetType<br>Invalid type for queue set info.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative           |
| 72B9  | JRSKHEDBadOpen<br>Open of stream head driver not allowed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative        |
| 72BA  | JRSKMNTBadMessage<br>Invalid message type.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                       |
| 72BB  | JRSKMNTSnooperAlreadyActive<br>Snooper module previously pushed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72BC  | JRSKMNTSnooperNotActive<br>Snooper module not previously pushed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72BD  | JRSKSTOBadIndex<br>Invalid starting index for STREAMOP.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |
| 72BE  | JRSKSTOBadStream<br>Invalid stream address for STREAMOP.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative         |
| 72BF  | JRSKSTOBadMessageType<br>Invalid message type for read.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 72C0  | JRSKSTONoEmptyMessages<br>Zero message length invalid for write.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |
| 72C1  | JRSKSTOMessageTooShort<br>Message length too short for write.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative             |
| 72C2  | JRSKSTONoControlPart1<br>No control part for putpmsg.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                     |
| 72C3  | JRSKSTOBadMessageLength1<br>Invalid message length for putpmsg.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative           |
| 72C4  | JRSKSTOBadMessageLength2<br>Invalid message length for lputpmsg.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |
| 72C5  | JRSKSTOBadControlInformation<br>Invalid control information for fdinsert.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72C6  | JRSKSTONoMessages<br>No queued messages for getband.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                      |
| 72C7  | JRSKSTOResourceShortage2<br>Unable to get triple for M_READ message.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative      |
| 72C8  | JRSKSTOResourceShortage3<br>Unable to get triple for M_IOCTL message.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative     |
| 72C9  | JRSKVRBBadOption1<br>Invalid option for open.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                             |
| 72CA  | JRSKVRBNotUp<br>System not initialized.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                                   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 72CB  | JRSKVRBBadName<br>Invalid name for push.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                         |
| 72CC  | JRSKVRBNoResources1<br>Unable to allocate queues for push.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative       |
| 72CD  | JRSKVRBNothingPushed1<br>No pushed module exists for pop.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative        |
| 72CE  | JRSKVRBNotMultiplexed<br>Driver not multiplexed for link.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative        |
| 72CF  | JRSKVRBNotLinked<br>No linked driver/module for unlink.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |
| 72D0  | JRSKVRBBadType<br>Invalid type for flush.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                        |
| 72D1  | JRSKVRBNoResources2<br>Unable to get triple for M_FLUSH message.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72D2  | JRSKVRBBadMask<br>Invalid signal mask for setsig.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                |
| 72D3  | JRSKVRBBadAction<br>Invalid action for setsig.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                   |
| 72D4  | JRSKVRBBadID<br>Invalid identifier for spgrp.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                    |
| 72D5  | JRSKVRBBadFlag<br>Invalid flag for spgrp.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                        |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 72D6  | JRSKVRBNoErrno<br>No error number for spgrp.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                     |
| 72D7  | JRSKVRBBadOption2<br>Invalid behavior option for srdopt.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative         |
| 72D8  | JRSKVRBBadOption3<br>Invalid message option for srdopt.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative          |
| 72D9  | JRSKVRBBadOption4<br>Invalid length option for swropt.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative           |
| 72DA  | JRSKVRBBadClass1<br>Invalid IOCTL class for str.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                 |
| 72DB  | JRSKVRBBadClass2<br>Invalid IOCTL class for transprnt.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative           |
| 72DC  | JRSKVRBNoResources3<br>Unable to get triple for M_IOCTL message.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative |
| 72DD  | JRSKVRBNothingPushed2<br>No module pushed for look.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative              |
| 72DE  | JRSKASMBadType<br>Invalid type for ?SKASM(*RANGE).<br>Action: See your IBM service representative               |
| 72DF  | JRSKSACNoStream<br>Invalid stream @ for ?SKSAC(*ACCESS).<br>Action: See your IBM service representative         |
| 72E0  | JRSKSACLinkedStream<br>Invalid stream for ?SKSAC(*ACCESS).<br>Action: See your IBM service representative       |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 72E1  | JRMultipleRead<br>A request to receive data is already outstanding.<br>Action: Reissue the socket call after the outstanding call has completed.                                 |
| 72E2  | JRDeviceMPCHLCSInvalid<br>A MPC HPDT/LCS link was defined for an incorrect device type.<br>Action: Correct the link statement to point to a MPC HPDT/LCS device.                 |
| 72E3  | JRCmConfigured<br>Cache Manager has been configured for this server socket.<br>Action: Verify the specified socket descriptor and reissue the socket call                        |
| 72E4  | JRCmNoLog<br>Cache Manager Configuration parameter does not include the size of the log file.<br>Action: Verify the log size value in the Cache Manager Configured request       |
| 72E5  | JRCmNoCache<br>Cache Manager Configuration parameter does not include the size of the cache file.<br>Action: Verify the cache size value in the Cache Manager Configured request |
| 72E6  | JRCmServerNotFound<br>Cache Manager has not been configured for this server socket.<br>Action: Run Cache Manager configuration IOCTL and reissue this IOCTL.                     |
| 72E7  | JRCmCantLoad<br>Invalid Dynamic Exit load module name specified in the Config IOCTL parameters.<br>Action: Verify the load module name and reissue the socket call.              |
| 72E8  | JRCmNoStorage<br>Cache Manager encountered storage shortage.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative  |
| 72E9  | JRCmNoCSm<br>Cache Manager encountered a CSM storage shortage.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative  |
| 72EA  | JRCmNotConfigured<br>Cache Manager has not been configured for this server socket.<br>Action: Verify the specified socket descriptor and reissue the socket call                 |
| 72EB  | JRNotCmAuthorized<br>User is not allowed to use Cache Manager function.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 72EC  | JRCmParmNotValid<br>Invalid parameters used in Cache Manager IOCTL call.<br>Action: Verify the specified parameters and reissue the socket call                       |
| 72ED  | JRCmLoadModBad<br>Invalid Dynamic Exit load module name specified in the Config IOCTL parameters.<br>Action: Verify the load module name and reissue the socket call. |
| 72EE  | JRUWCONotFound<br>Cache Manager has not been configured for this server socket.<br>Action: Verify the specified socket descriptor and reissue the socket call         |
| 72EF  | JRUWCOStorageFailed<br>Cache Manager encountered storage shortage.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |
| 72F0  | JRUWCTStorageFailed<br>Cache Manager encountered storage shortage.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |
| 72F1  | JRUWHTStorageFailed<br>Cache Manager encountered storage shortage.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |
| 72F2  | JRUWCTFull<br>Cache Manager table has been filled.<br>Action: Reconfigure the Cache Manager for this server socket or reissue the socket call later                   |
| 72F3  | JRCmNoObjects<br>Maximum number of objects has been reached.<br>Action: Reconfigure the Cache Manager for this server socket or reissue the socket call later         |
| 72F4  | JRCmDisable<br>Cache Manager is not allowed for this TCP/IP stack.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |
| 72F5  | JRCmLSocKBadState<br>Cache Manager Server is not in the LISTEN state.<br>Action: Try the request later.   |
| 72F6  | JRCmDestroyFailure<br>Cache Manager Storage cannot be removed.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 72F7  | JRCmBadConfigData<br>Cache Manager cannot call the DGW exits.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                                |
| 72F8  | JRCmCacheObjLimit<br>Cache Manager maximum number of objects has been reached.<br>Action: Delete unused objects and retry the request later |
| 72F9  | JRCmCacheSpaceLimit<br>Cache Manager Buffer is filled.<br>Action: Delete unused objects and retry the request later                         |
| 72FA  | JRCmCacheObjNotFound<br>Cache Manager Object is not found.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                                   |
| 72FB  | JRDynAddCxFailure<br>Cannot add new connection to Dynamic exits.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                             |
| 72FC  | JRDynDelCxFailure<br>Cannot delete a connection from Dynamic exits.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                          |
| 72FD  | JRDynTimerFailure<br>Cannot start the timer from Dynamic exits.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                              |
| 72FE  | JRDynRecoveryFailure<br>Cannot start the recovery from Dynamic exits.<br>Action: See your IBM service representative                        |
| 72FF  | JrCmIOVPNotValid<br>Invalid IOV buffer passed in the load request.<br>Action: Validate the IOV buffer and retry the request                 |
| 7300  | JrCmLogFull<br>LogBuffer is Full.<br>Action: Increase Maximum Log Buffer Size and retry the request   |
| 7301  | JRCmsgDataInvalid<br>cmsghdr data has an incorrect value.<br>Action: Supply valid cmsghdr data.   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7302  | <p>JrDVIPAAAlreadyActive</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA activated via IOCTL was already active.</p> <p>Action: Ensure the correct IP address was selected. No action is required if the IP address was correct.</p>   |
| 7303  | <p>JrDVIPANotInVIPARange</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA was not in any defined VIPARange.</p> <p>Action: Ensure the correct IP address was selected, or configure the receiving TCP/IP with an appropriate VIPARange containing the desired Dynamic VIPA</p>  |
| 7304  | <p>JrDVIPAConflictDVIPA</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA selected is already defined via VIPADEFine or VIPABackup.</p> <p>Action: Select another IP address and try again.</p>  |
| 7305  | <p>JrDVIPAConflictIPAddr</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA selected is already active as a standard IP address.</p> <p>Action: Select another IP address and try again.</p>  |
| 7306  | <p>JrTooManyDVIPAs</p> <p>The maximum allowed number of DVIPAs is already defined.</p> <p>Action: Delete one or more DVIPAs from the stack and try again.</p>  |
| 7307  | <p>JrDVIPANotDefined</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA selected for deletion was not defined here.</p> <p>Action: Ensure the correct IP address was selected. No action is required if the IP address was correct.</p>   |
| 7308  | <p>JrNoDuAvailable</p> <p>TCP/IP cannot create a dispatchable unit to process the request. Either TCP/IP is not active or there is insufficient common storage available.</p> <p>Action: Check if TCP/IP is active. If it is inactive, start the TCP/IP procedure. If TCP/IP is already active, the system is probably experiencing a common storage shortage. Retry the request. If the failure persists, contact the system programmer to diagnosis a common storage shortage.</p> |
| 7309  | <p>JRPortUnavailable</p> <p>The requested port is marked reserved and is not available to any application.</p> <p>Action: The requested port has been marked RESERVED with the PORT or PORTRANGE TCP/IP Configuration statement. If access is required, the configuration must be changed to remove RESERVED.</p>  |
| 730A  | <p>JRAFOpNotSupported</p> <p>The operation is not supported for a socket in this address family.</p> <p>Action: Change the application to not perform this operation on a socket in this address family</p>  |



| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 730B  | <p>JRCannotMapSockAddr</p> <p>The socket address provided by the application on this call cannot be mapped to an IPv4 socket address.</p> <p>Action: Provide different user input or change the application so that the socket address specified by the application can be mapped to an IPv4 socket address.</p>                          |
| 730C  | <p>JRNetAccessDenied</p> <p>The user is not permitted to communicate with the specified network.</p> <p>Action: If access to the specified network is required, the user must be permitted to the appropriate SAF resource</p>  |
| 730D  | <p>JRNotAuthStack</p> <p>Userid is not authorized to access the TCP/IP Stack.</p> <p>Action: Userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.STACKACCESS.sysname.tcpipname to access the stack successfully. sysname is the MVS system image name and tcpname is the TCP/IP jobname</p>  |
| 730E  | <p>JRNotAuthPort</p> <p>Userid is not authorized to access the reserved TCP/IP Port.</p> <p>Action: Userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.STACKACCESS.sysname.tcpipname.safname. safname is defined on the TCP/IP PORT or PORTRANGE statement. sysname is the MVS system image name and tcpname is the TCP/IP jobname.</p> |
| 730F  | <p>JRFRCAReset</p> <p>FRCA connection timer expired. Connection is being dropped.</p> <p>Action: If the persistent timeout value is being set too low. The System Administrator can change the setting in the HTTPD.CONF file.</p>  |
| 7310  | <p>JrNoCsaStorage</p> <p>TCP/IP cannot process the request because there is insufficient common storage available.</p> <p>Action: The system is probably experiencing a common storage shortage. Retry the request. If the failure persists, contact the system programmer to diagnosis a common storage shortage.</p>                    |
| 7311  | <p>JRZeroPortDVIPA</p> <p>A port of zero was specified on a bind when the IP address was a distributed DVIPA and the local stack is a target stack.</p> <p>Action: Specify a non-zero port on the bind().</p>   |
| 7312  | <p>JRTCPIPAreadyInitialized</p> <p>TCPIP has already initialized.</p> <p>Action: The vfs_network call for AF_INET6 was rejected because TCPIP has already initialized. TCPIP will have to be recycled to process the AF_INET6 network statement.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7313  | <p>JrIPv6NotEnabled</p> <p>TCP/IP cannot process the IPv6 request because the TCP/IP stack is not currently IPv6 enabled.</p> <p>Action: If IPv6 support is desired then the TCP/IP stack must be defined to UNIX System Services as being enabled for IPv6 support before the stack is started. See the IP Configuration Guide for information on how to define the stack as IPv6 enabled.</p>   |
| 7314  | <p>JRInvalidValue</p> <p>The value specified is not a valid value.</p> <p>Action: An invalid value was detected by one of the following functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• setsockopt() or sendmsg() function calls</li></ul> <p>The option value specified on setsockopt() or the value specified in the cmsg_data field of the ancillary data on sendmsg() is not valid. Ensure the value is within the allowable range of values. Re-issue the socket call with a valid value.</p> <p>An input value is incorrect. Correct the value and invoke the request again.</p>   |
| 7315  | <p>JRInvalidOptLength</p> <p>The option length specified is not valid.</p> <p>Action: The value specified for the option length is not valid. Re-issue the socket call with a valid option length.</p>  |
| 7316  | <p>JRDefaultExceeded</p> <p>The value specified exceeds the system default.</p> <p>Action: One of the following has occurred for a setsockopt() or sendmsg() issued by a non-authorized application : - The IPV6_UNICAST_HOPS socket option was specified with an option value that exceeds the system defined default for hop limit. - The value specified on the IPv6_HOPLIMIT ancillary data object, for a unicast packet, exceeds the system defined default for hop limit. The application should issue a getsockopt() to determine the system default. The application can then re-issue the socket call with a value that is less than the system defined default.</p> |
| 7317  | <p>JROptNotSupported</p> <p>The option specified is not supported on this type of socket.</p> <p>Action: Check the type of socket that was created and ensure that the option specified is valid for the socket.</p>  |
| 7318  | <p>JROPTNAllow</p> <p>The option name specified is not allowed on getsockopt().</p> <p>Action: Check the option name provided. Re-issue the socket call with a option name that is valid for getsockopt().</p>  |
| 7319  | <p>JRSockIPv6CommOnly</p> <p>The user is attempting to either bind or send to an IPv4 mapped IPv6 address on an AF_INET6 socket that only supports IPv6 communications.</p> <p>Action: If communication using IPv4 mapped IPv6 addresses is desired, the user should not set the IPV6_V6ONLY socket option.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 731A  | <p>JRSocketIPv6IPv4CommError</p> <p>The user is attempting to either send to an IPv4 mapped address when using an IPv6 native source address on an AF_INET6 socket or send to an IPv6 native address when using an IPv4 mapped source address on an AF_INET6 socket.</p> <p>Action: The user needs to decide on using either IPv4 mapped addresses or IPv6 native addresses for both source and destination.</p>   |
| 731B  | <p>JRCmsgNotAllowed</p> <p>The ancillary data object provided on sendmsg() is not allowed on this type of socket.</p> <p>Action: Remove the ancillary data object and re-issue the sendmsg().</p>  |
| 731C  | <p>JRCmsgHdrInvalid</p> <p>The information in the ancillary data object header, CMSGHDR, is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Correct the information in the header and re-issue sendmsg().</p>  |
| 731D  | <p>JRPktInfo</p> <p>An error was found with the information in the in6_pktinfo structure or in the in_pktinfo structure provided on setsockopt() or sendmsg().</p> <p>Action: One of the following errors occurred: - The interface specified by ipi6_ifindex or ipi_ifindex does not exist. - ipi6_ifindex or ipi_ifindex specifies an interface but the address specified in field ipi6_addr or in field ipi_addr is not available for use on that interface. - No route to the destination exists over the interface specified by ipi6_ifindex or ipi_ifindex. Correct the information and re-issue the socket call.</p>  |
| 731E  | <p>JRInvalidAddr</p> <p>The address specified is not a valid IPv6 Multicast address.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue the socket call with a valid IPv6 Multicast address.</p>  |
| 731F  | <p>JRConnectBadSockAddr</p> <p>An invalid socket address structure was specified on connect().</p> <p>Action: Verify that all fields of the socket address structure are properly initialized.</p>   |
| 7320  | <p>JRSocketIPv6InvalidScopeId</p> <p>A non-zero scope value was determined to be incorrect.</p> <p>Action: A non-zero scope value was determined to be incorrect for one of the following reasons: - It was specified with an IP address which was not an IPv6 link-local address. - The IPv6 link-local address is not active on the interface identified by the scope. - An IPv6 interface was not found for the specified scope value. - The scope value specified with a source IP address does not match the scope of the destination IP address for a connected socket. - The Cinet Transport Index portion of the Scope_Id, the upper half word, does not match the target stack chosen by Stack Affinity or by the Transport Name supplied on BPX1PCT(PC#IsSrcAddr). Verify that the scope value has been specified with the correct IPv6 link-local address, and that the IPv6 interface associated with the scope value is still active.</p> |
| 7321  | <p>JRSocketAddrLenInvalid</p> <p>The length provided for the AF_INET6 socket address structure is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue the socket call with a valid length for the AF_INET6 socket address structure.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 7322  | JRNOSYSPLXPORT<br><br>A sysplex wide port is not available for this source DRVIPA.<br><br>Action: Wait a period of time and attempt the function call again  |
| 7323  | JRINUSESYSPLXPORT<br><br>The port specified is already in use.<br><br>Action: Either select another port or wait a period of time and attempt the function call again.   |
| 7324  | JRNotAuthFRCA<br><br>Userid is not authorized to access the TCP/IP FRCA service.<br><br>Action: Userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.FRCAACCESS.sysname.tcpipname to access the stack successfully. sysname is the MVS system image name and tcpname is the TCP/IP jobname   |
| 7325  | JrSocketNoPeer<br><br>Socket is not connected and a datagram has not been successfully received (UDP/RAW).<br><br>Action: Either establish a connection with the peer or if socket call was issued on a UDP or RAW socket, issue a a recvfrom() or recvmsg() to receive a datagram /*  |
| 7326  | JRV6CKSUMOFFSET<br><br>The user is attempting set the socket option IPPROTO_IPV6 IPV6_CHECKSUM with an odd value for the checksum offset.<br><br>Action: Checksum values must be stored on an even boundary. The RAW user application must be changed specify an even offset when issuing this socket option. The protocol header must be changed to have the checksum field at an even offset from the start of the header.   |
| 7327  | JRIPV6HOPLIMEXCEEDED<br><br>TCP/IP has been configured with a maximum IPv6 Hop Limit of zero, which disallows any IPv6 packets from leaving the node.<br><br>Action: The system administrator has set the IPv6 Hop Limit to zero (on the TCP/IP IPCONFIG6 statement). This disallows IPv6 communication with remote nodes, allowing IPv6 communication only among IPv6 applications running locally, on the same Z/OS node. Authorized applications can use one of the Hop Limit-related SetSockOpts to override the configured Hop Limit value. |
| 7328  | JRSOCKADDRPROVIDED<br><br>The sockaddr provided for a send operation on a connectionless socket is different from the sockaddr provided on the connect.<br><br>Action: Re-issue the socket call without a sockaddr.  |
| 7329  | JRSPCFError<br><br>Unable to associate the sysplexports distributed DVIPA with the EZBEPORT structure.<br><br>Action: Display the contents of the EZBEPORT structure to determine if there are any available lists.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 732A  | <p>JRIPV6ProtocolNotAllowed</p> <p>An IPV6 next header ID for an extension header cannot be specified as a socket protocol for an AF_INET6 socket.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue the socket call with a valid protocol.</p>  |
| 732B  | <p>JRProtocolInvalid</p> <p>The protocol provided for a Raw socket is outside the allowable range.</p> <p>Action: Re-issue the socket call with a valid protocol.</p>  |
| 732C  | <p>JRIOFailure</p> <p>Error status reported by the device driver as a result of an attempt to perform I/O.</p> <p>Action: Retry may be possible unless the device has been inactivated or taken offline, in which case re-establish connectivity with the device.</p>  |
| 732D  | <p>JRSDQuiesce</p> <p>An attempt was made to bind to a distributed SYSPLEXPORTS DVIPA in Quiescing state.</p> <p>Action: Bind to a different address or configure the local stack to be a target again.</p>  |
| 732E  | <p>JRIPSecNotAvail</p> <p>IP Security is not enabled on this stack.</p> <p>Action: Restart TCPIP specifying IPSECURITY on the IPCONFIG statement.</p>  |
| 732F  | <p>JRNotAuthIPsec</p> <p>Userid is not authorized to issue the ipsec command.</p> <p>Action: Userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.IPSECCMD.sysname.tcpipname.DISPLAY or EZB.IPSECCMD.sysname.tcpipname.CONTROL. sysname is the MVS system image name and tcpname is the TCP/IP jobname.</p>  |
| 7330  | <p>JRSockOptAccessDenied</p> <p>Userid is not authorized to the socket option.</p> <p>Action: Userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.SOCKOPT.sysname.tcpipname.optionname to use it successfully. sysname is the MVS system image name, tcpipname is the TCP/IP jobname and optionname is the option passed (eg: SO_BROADCAST)</p>                           |
| 7331  | <p>JrDVIPAInterfaceAlreadyDefined</p> <p>The Dynamic VIPA interface has already been defined via VIPADefine or VIPABackup.</p> <p>Action: Correct the VIPARANGE statement.</p>   |
| 7332  | <p>JRNotSpDrVipa</p> <p>An attempt was made to listen on a socket that is bound to a sysplex distributed DVIPA that is not using SYSPLEXPORTS, and a non-sysplex distributed port that was not user-specified.</p> <p>Action: Bind the socket to this DVIPA and a sysplex distributed or user-specified port, or reconfigure the distributed DVIPA to use SYSPLEXPORTS</p> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7333  | JRRtDestOnLocalHost<br><br>Specified route destination is a local address of a non-DVIPA interface.<br><br>Action: Specify a valid route destination.   |
| 7334  | JRInvalidSRCIPAddr<br><br>The source IP address that was defined by SRCIP is invalid.<br><br>Action: Correct the SRCIP configuration statement.   |
| 7335  | JrSRCIPIntNotDefined<br><br>The interface name specified on a SRCIP configuration statement does not match any interface name defined on the local system.<br><br>Action: Correct the SRCIP configuration statement to specify a valid interface name.                          |
| 7336  | JrSRCIPIntNoRoute<br><br>The interface specified on a SRCIP configuration statement cannot be used as no route to the destination address exists.<br><br>Action: Correct the SRCIP configuration statement to specify an interface that has a route to the destination address. |
| 7337  | JrConnDeniedPolicy<br><br>A TCP connection request was denied due to policy.<br><br>Action: Compare the connection request information against the policy to determine why the request was denied.  |
| 7338  | JrNextHop<br><br>The IPV6_NEXTHOP address is not valid.<br><br>Action: Check the next hop address to see if it is valid. A direct route must exist to the address and it cannot be a multicast address.   |
| 7339  | JrRoutingHeader<br><br>An error occurred while processing the routing header on an IPV6_RTHDR socket option.<br><br>Action: Ensure that none of the addresses are multicast addresses.  |
| 733A  | JrRtHdrTooLong<br><br>More than eight routing headers were specified.<br><br>Action: Limit the number of routing headers on the socket option to eight or less.   |
| 733B  | JrTtlsDecryptionFailed<br><br>AT-TLS was unable to decrypt data received on a TCP connection.<br><br>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.  |
| 733C  | JrTtlsEncryptionFailed<br><br>AT-TLS was unable to encrypt data to be sent on a TCP connection.<br><br>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 733D  | <p>JrTtlsHandshakeFailed</p> <p>AT-TLS was unable to successfully negotiate a secure TCP connection with the remote end.</p> <p>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.</p>                                    |
| 733E  | <p>JrTtlsControlDataFailed</p> <p>AT-TLS was unable to process secure control data received over a TCP connection from the remote partner.</p> <p>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.</p>                  |
| 733F  | <p>JrTtlsResetSessionFailed</p> <p>AT-TLS received an error resetting the session ID for the secure connection.</p> <p>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.</p>   |
| 7340  | <p>JrTtlsResetCipherFailed</p> <p>AT-TLS received an error attempting to generate new session keys for a secure connection.</p> <p>Action: Review message EZD1286I for more information about the error.</p>                                 |
| 7341  | <p>JrTtlsAbendRecovery</p> <p>An abend occurred in AT-TLS causing the secure connection to be reset.</p> <p>Action: Review the system log for more information about the abend.</p>  |
| 7342  | <p>JrTtlsGroupDeleted</p> <p>AT-TLS reset a TCP connection because the group the connection was mapped to has been deleted.</p> <p>Action: A connection was received while the TTLSTGroupAction was being deleted. Retry the connection.</p> |
| 7343  | <p>JrTtlsClearTxtReceived</p> <p>AT-TLS received clear text data when secure data was expected.</p> <p>Action: Enable the remote application for secure connections. Retry the connection.</p>   |
| 7344  | <p>JrPortNonZero</p> <p>The port value is required to be zero.</p> <p>Action: Check the value specified for port. The port value is required to be zero for this operation.</p>  |
| 7345  | <p>JrPortZero</p> <p>The port value is required to be nonzero.</p> <p>Action: Check the value specified for port. The port value cannot be zero for this operation.</p>  |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7346  | <p>JRSockIPv6OnlyOption</p> <p>The user is attempting to use an IPv4 mapped IPv6 address with an IPv6 only socket option.</p> <p>Action: If communication using IPv4 mapped IPv6 addresses is desired, the user should not set the IPV6_V6ONLY socket option. If an IPv6 socket option that does not support IPv4 mapped IPv6 addresses is being used, a IPv4 mapped IPv6 address cannot be used.</p> |
| 7347  | <p>JRSRCIPDistDVIPA</p> <p>The source IP address defined by a DESTINATION entry in a SRCIP configuration statement cannot be a distributed DVIPA.</p> <p>Action: Correct the SRCIP configuration statement.</p>   |
| 7348  | <p>JRDuplicateSmoAttach</p> <p>The shared memory object is already attached.</p> <p>Action: Correct the application to issue SIOCSMOCTL Attach requests on only one socket and only from one process thread.</p>  |
| 7349  | <p>JRSmoNotAttached</p> <p>The shared memory object is not attached.</p> <p>Action: Correct the application to issue SIOCSMOCTL Detach requests only for share memory objects that have been successfully attached.</p>   |
| 734A  | <p>JRIARV64Error</p> <p>IARV64 encountered an error.</p> <p>Action: Use the return and reason code values returned by the following functions to determine the cause of the error:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The SIOCSMOCTL ioctl function call.</li><li>• The z/OS Communications Server Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI request.</li></ul>                      |
| 734B  | <p>JrNoRouteTable</p> <p>Specified route table does not exist on the TCP/IP stack.</p> <p>Action: Specify a valid route table.</p>  |
| 734C  | <p>JrExpBndPortRangeConflict</p> <p>An explicit bind to a port within the active EXPLICITBINDPORTRANGE is not allowed.</p> <p>Action: Specify a port that is not within the active EXPLICITBINDPORTRANGE or ask the system programmer or system administrator to change the range specified by GLOBALCONFIG EXPLICITBINDPORTRANGE.</p>  |
| 734D  | <p>JRMCPairNotFound</p> <p>The specified multicast group and interface pair ARE NOT FOUND.</p> <p>Action: Specify correct multicast group or interface.</p>   |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 734E  | <p>JRMCMixedOpt</p> <p>The specified multicast option is mixed of any-source, source-specific or full-state APIs.</p> <p>Action: Sockets do not allow mix IPv4 protocol with protocol independent group membership APIs and within each API type may not mix delta based with full state options. Correct the usage of API type.</p> |
| 734F  | <p>JRMCMaxSrcFlt</p> <p>The maximum number of source addresses per group and interface pair has been exceeded.</p> <p>Action: Remove source addresses that are no longer needed.</p>   |
| 7350  | <p>JRMCDupSrcFlt</p> <p>The same source address is already in the group and interface.</p> <p>Action: Verify the address being used. Correct it and re-issue API command.</p>  |
| 7351  | <p>JRMCEmptySrcIncMode</p> <p>The empty source list can not be specified for mode INCLUDE when the multicast group is not yet defined.</p> <p>Action: VERIFY THAT THE FILTER MODE IS CORRECT OR add source addresses with this API command.</p>  |
| 7352  | <p>JRMCModeInvalid</p> <p>The filter mode specified for multicast source fuction when the multicast group is not yet defined.</p> <p>Action: Correct the filter mode. Only MCAST_INCLUDE and MCAST_EXCLUDE ARE ALLOWED.</p>  |
| 7353  | <p>JRMCGetSrcInvalid</p> <p>THE MULTICAST GROUP AND INTERFACE ARE NOT YET DEFINED for get source filter function.</p> <p>Action: Specify correct multicast group or interface.</p>   |
| 7354  | <p>JRMCSrcAddrInvalid</p> <p>The specified source address is not valid.</p> <p>Action: Specify correct source address.</p>   |
| 7355  | <p>JRCmMultipleCaches</p> <p>Cache Manager cannot be configured for both a shared and an exclusive cache.</p> <p>Action: Reconfigure the Cache Manager for this server socket or reissue the socket call later</p>   |
| 7356  | <p>JRCmChangeCacheType</p> <p>Cache Manager cannot be reconfigured for a different type of cache.</p> <p>Action: Reconfigure the Cache Manager for this server socket or reissue the socket call later</p>   |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7357  | JRUWSXStorageFailed<br><br>Cache Manager encountered storage shortage.<br><br>Action: See your IBM service representative   |
| 7358  | JRCmBadCacheType<br><br>Cache type specified on request does not match the configured cache type.<br><br>Action: Reconfigure the Cache Manager for this server socket or reissue the socket call later  |
| 7359  | JRDVQuiesce<br><br>An attempt was made to bind to a distributed DVIPA in Quiescing state.<br><br>Action: Bind to a different ip address or configure the local stack to be a target again.  |
| 735A  | JrUnRsvdPortDenied<br><br>Application does not have PORT statement UNRSV authority to access a port that is not reserved by a PORT or PORTRANGE profile statement.<br><br>Action: Job must be given permission by a PORT statement in the TCP/IP profile. Either create a port reservation allowing the application access to the requested port, or create a PORT UNRSV definition allowing the job to access unreserved ports.  |
| 735B  | JrNotAuthUnRsvdPort<br><br>Userid was refused SAF authorization to access a port that is not reserved by a PORT or PORTRANGE profile statement.<br><br>Action: Either define a PORT reservation statement allowing the application to access the specified port, or the userid must be given read permission to resource EZB.PORTACCESS.sysname.tcpipname.safname. safname is defined on the TCP/IP PORT UNRSV statement. sysname is the MVS system image name and tcpipname is the TCP/IP jobname. |
| 735C  | JrUnRsvdTCPPortConflict<br><br>WHENBIND and WHENLISTEN cannot be specified concurrently by PORT UNRSV TCP profile statements.<br><br>Action: Verify the access control (WHENBIND or WHENLISTEN) to be used for TCP. To change the access control, delete and reconfigure all existing PORT UNRSV TCP profile statements.  |
| 735D  | JrNoCritSocks<br><br>No critical sockets are available to satisfy the request.<br><br>Action: Application is trying to use an unsupported function, please contact IBM Service.   |
| 735E  | JrNoPartnerInfo<br><br>No partner information is returned for the request.<br><br>Action: Verify if the correct socket descriptor has been used for the request, or that both end points of the connection does not reside in the same image or in the same sysplex.  |
| 735F  | JrInValidTCPIPStack<br><br>The application tried to use a function which is not supported by this TCPIP stack.<br><br>Action: Make sure that the correct level of TCPIP stack is used.  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7360  | <p>JrNotSameSecDomain</p> <p>Both end points of the connection does not reside in the same security domain.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that both end points of the connection reside in the same security domain. May need to invoke the SERVAUTH to define the security domain.</p>  |
| 7361  | <p>JrNoSecDomain</p> <p>The socket call fails because the security domain name for the profile in the SERVAUTH class is not defined.</p> <p>Action: Make sure to define the security domain name for the profile in the SERVAUTH class.</p>   |
| 7362  | <p>JrNoSuspend</p> <p>The socket call fails because the socket call is issued in no-suspend mode and there is no information available to be returned.</p> <p>Action: The application may want to issue the socket call with a timeout value to suspend the socket call to retrieve the information.</p>  |
| 7363  | <p>JRSockIPv6InvalidScopeIdZero</p> <p>A zero scope id is not valid for use with the scope of this address.</p> <p>Action: The socket function requires a non-zero scope id in the sockaddr structure. The if_nameindex function can be used to obtain interface indices for use as scope ids for link-local IPv6 addresses.</p>  |
| 7364  | <p>JROSMAccessDenied</p> <p>The user is not permitted to communicate over OSM interfaces.</p> <p>Action: If access to the intranode management network over OSM interfaces is required, the user must be permitted to the appropriate SAF resource.</p>   |
| 7365  | <p>JRDisabled</p> <p>The function is currently disabled.</p> <p>Action: Determine why the function is disabled and then retry the request.</p>  |
| 7366  | <p>JRCallerMismatch</p> <p>The authorization of the current caller of the request does not match that of the caller that initialized the function.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request from a caller with the correct authorization. This error may be returned for the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• z/OS CS Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– For all requests except RCCGetRecords, the task, address space (ASID), or user ID of the caller of the request does not match that of the caller of the RCCOpen request.</li> <li>– For the RCCGetRecords request, the address space (ASID) or user ID of the caller of the request does not match that of the caller of the RCCOpen request.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## Reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 7367  | <p>JRTooManyInstances</p> <p>The maximum number of function instances is already open.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request later. This error may be returned for the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• z/OS CS Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– An RCCOpen request was received, but the maximum number of trace instances is already open.</li></ul></li></ul>  |
| 7368  | <p>JROutOfSequence</p> <p>The current request does not follow the correct request sequence for the function.</p> <p>Action: Retry the requests in the correct sequence. This error may be returned for the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• z/OS CS Real-time application-controlled TCP/IP trace NMI:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– An RCCSetFilters request was received but the trace instance is still active. Invoke the RCCStop request to stop the trace before invoking the RCCSetFilters request.</li><li>– An RCCStart request was received but either no filters have been specified for the trace instance, or the trace instance is already active.</li><li>– An RCCStop request was received for a trace instance where a trace is not currently active.</li></ul></li></ul> |
| 7369  | <p>JRTcpGlobalStall</p> <p>The TCP connection has been reset due to a global stall.</p> <p>Action: Determine why the global stall occurred and then restart the connection.</p>   |
| 736A  | <p>JRTcpQueueSize</p> <p>The TCP connection has been reset due to a queue size problem.</p> <p>Action: Determine why the queue size problem occurred and then restart the connection.</p>   |
| 736B  | <p>JRSrcIPInvalidForExternalDest</p> <p>The TCP connect source IP address is not valid because the non-z/OS external target for the GRE or ENCAP Distributed VIPA does not have a route back to this address. It will not be able to return the syn ack to the client.</p> <p>Action: The client application should use a source IP address that is routable by the non-z/OS external target of the GRE or ENCAP Distributed DVIPA. If the client application bind is to inaddr_any or it uses an implicit bind, you can use the SRCIP statement to select an appropriate source IP address for the application.</p>  |
| 736C  | <p>JRTLSStopReadDataPending</p> <p>The AT-TLS SIOCTLSCTL TTLSi_Stop_Connection ioctl request can not complete because all of the decrypted data was not read from the socket. All application data received over the secure connection must be read prior to the security stopping on the connection.</p> <p>Action: The application should read any outstanding data on the connection. Then the SIOCTLSCTL TTLSi_Stop_Connection ioctl can be used to stop the security on the connection.</p>  |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 736D  | <p>JRTLSStopWriteDataPending</p> <p>The AT-TLS SIOCTTLCTL TTLSi_Stop_Connection ioctl request can not complete because application write data is pending to be encrypted on the connection. All application write requests must be completed prior to the security stopping on the connection.</p> <p>Action: The application should wait for any outstanding write requests to complete on the connection. Then the SIOCTTLCTL TTLSi_Stop_Connection ioctl can be used to stop the security on the connection.</p> |
| 736E  | <p>JRInvalidFilter</p> <p>The filter identifier is wrong or the filter specified is not valid for obtaining FTP daemon configuration. The filter only supports the address space id (ASID) item.</p> <p>Action: Retry the GetFTPDaemonConfig request, providing one filter that specifies only the ASID that identifies the specific FTP daemon.</p>  |

## Hierarchical File System (HFS) reason codes

All HFS reason codes are one word (4 bytes) in length.

- The first byte is the subcomponent ID. For the HFS, this is X'5B'. For reason codes that do not contain the HFS Component ID X'5B' in the first byte, but do have one of the following patterns: 0Exxxxxx, 18xxxxxx, 1Exxxxxx, 22xxxxxx, 25xxxxxx, refer to “SSF global reason codes” on page 749.
- The second byte is the module ID.
- The third and fourth bytes are the module-defined reason.

To interpret a reason code that begins with X'5B', look at the reason (third and fourth bytes):

- For reason codes in the range of 0100 - 09FF:
  1. The second byte of the reason code is the module ID. Use that hex ID to determine the name of the module in “Module IDs.”
  2. Next to the module name, you see the topic where the module reason codes are presented. (Some modules do not issue reason codes.)
  3. Go to that topic. Locate the reason (third and fourth bytes) in the list of errors defined for that module.
- For reason codes outside of the range of 0100 - 09FF:
  1. Find the reason code in “Global reason codes” on page 729, ignoring the module ID value (the second byte).
  2. Then use the module ID to identify the topic where the module's local reason codes are presented. (Some modules do not issue reason codes.)
  3. Go to the topic for the module, to determine whether there are any additional details about the global reason code in the module-specific description. (In some cases there are, in others there are not.)

## Module IDs

The second byte of all HFS reason codes is the module ID that identifies the HFS module which generated the error code. This is also usually the module which issued the abend if a dump was created.

The HFS module IDs are listed in numerical order of module IDs for easy reference.

## Reason codes

### For HFS internal modules:

| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X' 01'    | GFUAINIT | "GFUAINIT: HFS Initialization" on page 763                        |
| X' 02'    | GFUATERM | "GFUATERM: HFS Global Termination and Cleanup" on page 773        |
| X' 03'    | GFUAUMNT | "GFUAUMNT: Internal Unmount Routine" on page 774                  |
| X' 04'    | GFUAGLRR |   |
| X' 05'    | GFUAGLR2 |   |
| X' 06'    | GFUAGETR | "GFUAGETR: Get RNODE" on page 761                                 |
| X' 07'    | GFUAFRER | "GFUAFRER: Free RNODE" on page 757                                |
| X' 08'    | GFUARQUE | "GFUARQUE: Internal Request Queue" on page 771                    |
| X' 09'    | GFUASCAN |   |
| X' 0A'    | GFUALLOC | "GFUALLOC: HFS Page Space Allocation" on page 769                 |
| X' 0B'    | GFUAFADS | "GFUAFADS: Free AD Storage" on page 756                           |
| X' 0C'    | GFUAGADS | "GFUAGADS: Get AD Storage" on page 759                            |
| X' 0D'    | GFUPLAD  | "GFUPLAD – Internal Locate AD Index Page Procedure" on page 926   |
| X' 0E'    | GFUPFAP  | "GFUPFAP – Internal Page Allocation Procedures" on page 912       |
| X' 0F'    | GFUPFPM  | "GFUPFPM – Internal File Page Manager Procedures" on page 914     |
| X' 10'    | GFUPRUP  | "GFUPRUP – Internal Free FPM Pages Procedure" on page 927         |
| X'11'     | GFUPVDF  | "GFUPVDF –Internal VDF Management Procedures" on page 928         |
| X' 12'    | GFUPFULL |   |
| X' 13'    | GFUPFSCK | "GFUPFSCK – Internal File System Check Procedures" on page 916    |
| X' 14'    | GFUPDMET |   |
| X' 15'    | GFUPFDM  | "GFUPFDM: Internal File Data Manager (FDM) Functions" on page 913 |
| X' 16'    | GFUPPCTL |   |
| X' 18'    | GFUPACL  | "GFUPACL – Internal ACL Routine Handler" on page 908              |
| X' 19'    | GFUPFSYN | "GFUPFSYN: Internal Client File Sync" on page 918                 |
| X' F7'    | GFUADMPH | "GFUADMPH: Dump Help Routine" on page 755                         |

### For HFS internal modules that run under HFS or z/OS UNIX tasks:

| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X'20'     | GFUBCNFS | "GFUBCNFS: Connect File System" on page 775       |
| X' 21'    | GFUBDCFS | "GFUBDCFS: Disconnect File System" on page 781    |
| X'22'     | GFUBMONT | "GFUBMONT: Internal Mount Routine" on page 787    |
| X' 23'    | GFUBTASK | "GFUBTASK: HFS Worker Task" on page 799           |
| X' 24'    | GFUBTERM |   |
| X' 25'    | GFUBUMNT | "GFUBUMNT: Internal Unmount Function" on page 800 |

| Module ID | Module   | Topic                                      |
|-----------|----------|--|
| X' 26'    | GFUBSYNC | "GFUBSYNC: Sync File System" on page 791   |
| X' 27'    | GFUBEXTD | "GFUBEXTD: Extend File System" on page 783 |
| X' 28'    | GFUBSCEX |  |
| X' 29'    | GFUBCEXT |  |

## For HFS vfs ops modules:

| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X'30'     | GFUDEOMR | "GFUDEOMR: User End of Memory Recovery Driver" on page 801      |
| X' 31'    | GFUDMONT | "GFUDMONT: vfs_mount() — Mount File System" on page 805         |
| X'32'     | GFUDSTAT |   |
| X' 33'    | GFUDSYNC |   |
| X' 34'    | GFUDUMNT | "GFUDUMNT vfs_unmount() — Unmount File System" on page 812      |
| X' 35'    | GFUDVGET | "GFUDVGET: vfs_vget() — Get VNODE for FID" on page 814          |
| X' 36'    | GFUDPCTL | "GFUDPCTL: vfs_pfsctl() — pfsctl Command Processor" on page 808 |
| X' 37'    | GFUDIACT | "GFUDIACT: vfs_inact" on page 802                               |
| X' 38'    | GFUDIOCT | "GFUDIOCT: vfs_ioctl" on page 803                               |

## For HFS Vnode ops modules:

## For HFS IMF modules:

| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X'40'     | GFUGACES | "GFUGACES: vn_access() — Invoke SAF Access Check" on page 816 |
| X'41'     | GFUGAGET |   |
| X'42'     | GFUGASET | "GFUGASET: vn_setattr() — Set File Attributes" on page 818    |
| X'43'     | GFUGAUDT | "GFUGAUDT: vn_audit() — Audit Specified Function" on page 821 |
| X'44'     | GFUGCLOS | "GFUGCLOS: vn_close() — Close File" on page 822               |
| X'45'     | GFUGCREA | "GFUGCREA: vn_create() — Create File" on page 823             |
| X'46'     | GFUGDUMP | "GFUGDUMP: Issue ABEND for Non-SSF Module" on page 827        |
| X'47'     | GFUGFSYN |   |
| X'48'     | GFUGFTRU | "GFUGFTRU: vn_ftrunc() — Truncate File" on page 830           |
| X'49'     | GFUGIACT | "GFUGIACT: vn_inact()" on page 831                            |
| X'4A'     | GFUGLINK | "GFUGLINK: vn_link() — Create a File Hard Link" on page 836   |
| X'4B'     | GFUGLOOK | "GFUGLOOK: vn_look() — Resolve Name" on page 839              |

## Reason codes

| Module ID | Module   | Topic  |
|-----------|----------|--|
| X'4C'     | GFUGOPEN | "GFUGOPEN: vn_open() — Open File" on page 842  |
| X'4D'     | GFUGRDDR | "GFUGRDDR: vn_readdir — Read Directory Entries" on page 844                                    |
| X'4E'     | GFUGRDLK | "GFUGRDLK: vn_readlink() — Read Symbolic Link" on page 846                                     |
| X'4F'     | GFUGRDWR | "GFUGRDWR: Read/Write File in SSF Environment" on page 847                                     |
| X'50'     | GFUGRECV | "GFUGRECV: vn_recovery() — Recovery for Non-SSF Environment" on page 850                       |
| X'51'     | GFUGREMV | "GFUGREMV: vn_remove() — Remove File or Link" on page 851                                      |
| X'52'     | GFUGRENM | "GFUGRENM: vn_rename() — Rename Object" on page 853  |
| X'54'     | GFUGRWNE | "GFUGRWNE: vn_rdwr() and VN_readwritev() — Read/Write File in Non-SSF Environment" on page 860 |
| X'55'     | GFUGSYML | "GFUGSYML: vn_symlink( ) – Create Symbolic Link" on page 862                                   |
| X'56'     | GFUGTRUN | "GFUGTRUN: Truncate File to Specified Offset" on page 864                                      |
| X'57'     | GFUGIOCT | "GFUGIOCT: vn_ioctl()" on page 832   |
| X'58'     | GFUGREVK | "GFUGREVK: vn_revoke()" on page 856  |
| Module ID | Module   | Topic  |
| X'80'     | GFUICPEX | "GFUICPEX – Extract a Compressed Format Record" on page 870                                    |
| X'81'     | GFUICPIN | "GFUICPIN – Insert a Compressed Format Record" on page 871                                     |
| X'82'     | GFUICPDL | "GFUICPDL – Delete a Compressed Format Record" on page 869                                     |
| X'83'     | GFUICPSC | "GFUICPSC – Scan a Compressed Format Page" on page 874   |
| X'84'     | GFUICPSG | "GFUICPSG – Resegment a Compressed Format Index Page" on page 876                              |
| X'85'     | GFUICPSP | "GFUICPSP – Split a Compressed Format Page" on page 878  |
| X'88'     | GFUIGSIB | "GFUIGSIB – Find Sibling Page or Index Record" on page 880                                     |
| X'89'     | GFUIIDEL | "GFUIIDEL – Delete Index Record" on page 882   |
| X'8A'     | GFUIIUW  | "GFUIIUW – Insert or Update an Index Record" on page 887                                       |
| X'8B'     | GFUINEWT | "GFUINEWT – Create a New Top Level for Index" on page 891                                      |
| X'8C'     | GFUIREAD | "GFUIREAD – Read an Index Record" on page 892  |
| X'8D'     | GFUIRCH  | "GFUIRCH – Search for an Index Record" on page 894   |
| X'8E'     | GFUISYNC | "GFUISYNC – Create Index Page BDE Chain for Hardening" on page 898                             |
| X'98'     | GFUICPJN | "GFUICPJN – Join Index Pages" on page 872  |



| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X'9A'     | GFUICPUP | "GFUICPUP – Update a Compressed Format Record" on page 879            |
| X'9B'     | GFUPIFRD | "GFUPIFRD – Internal Index Fast Read Procedure" on page 921           |
| X'9C'     | GFUPICON | "GFUPICON – Internal Connect Index Procedure" on page 920             |
| X'9D'     | GFUPISRV | "GFUPISRV – Internal IMF Interface Procedure" on page 923             |
| X'9E'     | GFUIARP  | "GFUIARP – Assign Real RPNs to Attribute Directory Pages" on page 866 |

## For HFS DBM modules:

| Module ID | Module   | Topic   |
|-----------|----------|---|
| X'B0'     | GFUNINIT | "GFUNINIT: Data Space Buffer Manager Initialization" on page 906    |
| X'B1'     | GFUNCNDS | "GFUNCNDS: vn_cnds()– Create New I/O Buffer Data Space" on page 903 |
| X'B2'     | GFUPBFR  | "GFUPBFR – Internal Data Space Buffer Procedures" on page 909       |
| X'B3'     | GFUPBLIM | "GFUPBLIM – Set AMIB Buffer Limits Procedure" on page 911           |
| X'B4'     | GFUNEN55 | "GFUNEN55: Event Code 55 Exit – SRM Storage Shortage" on page 905   |

## For HFS IOM modules:

| Module ID | Module        | Topic  |
|-----------|---------------|--|
| X'C0'     | GFUZINIT      | "GFUZINIT: I/O Manager Global Initialization" on page 929  |
| X'C1'     | GFUZMONT      | "GFUZMONT: I/O Manager Mount Exit" on page 932             |
| X'C2'     | GFUZRDWR      | "GFUZRDWR: Internal Media Manager Read/Write" on page 934  |
| X'C3'     | GFUZRSME      | "GFUZRSME – I/O Manager SRB Routine" on page 938           |
| X'C4'     | GFUZIOTE      | "GFUZIOTE: I/O Manager Termination Exit" on page 931       |
| X'C5'     | GFUZIOER      | "GFUZIOER: I/O Manager Error_Exit Entry Point" on page 930 |
| X'C6'     | GFUZUMNT      | "GFUZUMNT – I/O Manager UnMount Exit" on page 939          |
| X'C8'     | SAF Interface |  |
| X'F7'     | GFUADMPH      | "GFUADMPH: Dump Help Routine" on page 755                  |

## Global reason codes

Some HFS errors can potentially occur in many of the HFS modules. For these errors, global reason codes were defined; the same code is used by all modules. These reason codes are grouped as follows:

- "HFS global reason codes" on page 731

## Reason codes

- “Storage and DADSM global reason codes” on page 742
- “Index Manager global reason codes” on page 744
- “SSF global reason codes” on page 749

## HFS global reason codes

The following reason codes are defined and only used by the hierarchical file system (HFS). These reason codes are in the range X'0001' - X'00FF' (1 - 255).

**Note:** These reason codes are not valid for module ID halfword X'5BC8' which is the HFS SAF interface module. The HFS SAF interface module returns the reason code received from the SAF call, which should not be confused with similar HFS global reason code values.

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0002  | <p>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p>   |
| 0003  | <p>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>A security product (for example, RACF) is not installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority can not be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |
| 0004  | <p>HFS_RSN_Invalid_Trunc_Offset</p> <p>The truncation offset requested is either a negative file size (file_length) or larger than the maximum supported file size. Only a positive file size value less than, or equal to, the maximum supported file size (for example, X'7FFFFFFF000') can be specified.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user requested an truncation to an invalid file size.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the offset specified is valid. Double check the binary format of the offset (number of bits, signed, and so forth).</p> |
| 0005  | <p>HFS_RSN_Negative_Time_Error</p> <p>An HFS operation received a negative time value for atime, ctime, mtime, or reftime.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user supplied a negative time.</p> <p>Action: Correct the time value and retry the request.</p>   |
| 0006  | <p>HFS_RSN_Invalid_File_Type</p> <p>An incorrect type of file was specified for the operation. For example, a Directory was specified for a Data file operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user specified an incorrect type of file for the operation.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the correct type of file is specified for the requested operation.</p>  |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0008  | <p>HFS_Percolated_Error</p> <p>Local recovery routine was invoked without an appropriate (nonzero) return code, and was percolated to.</p> <p>Probable cause: Probable programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |
| 0009  | <p>HFS_Invalid_User_Buffer_Addr</p> <p>HFS executed an MVCK (move character with key ) instruction to move data from an HFS buffer to a user buffer or from a user buffer to an HFS buffer. The data movement failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly, the UIO control block buffer address field, <code>uio.u_buffaddr</code>, contains an address that is not in addressable storage.</p> <p>Action: Correct the <code>uio.u_buffaddr</code> field and retry the request. If the problem persists, contact your IBM Support Center.</p> |
| 000A  | <p>HFS_RSN_Invalid_Byte_Xfer_Amt</p> <p>The number of bytes requested for this operation is invalid (for example, a negative value, too large, and so forth).</p> <p>Probable cause: The user specified a number of bytes for this operation which is invalid.</p> <p>Action: Make sure a valid number of bytes is requested for the given operation.</p>  |
| 000B  | <p>HFS_Sync_Internal_Error</p> <p>There was an abend during the previous sync. The HFS cannot be accessed.</p> <p>Probable cause: It is caused by an abend during the previous sync.</p> <p>Action: Check the LOGREC entry for 0F4 dump and verify that the dump is not suppressed by DAE. To recreate or reuse the HFS, unmount the HFS and mount it again.</p>   |
| 000C  | <p>HFS_Sync_IO_Error</p> <p>There was an abend during the previous sync. The HFS can not be accessed.</p> <p>Probable cause: It is caused by an abend during the previous sync. The abend is related to I/O during the sync.</p> <p>Action: Check the LOGREC entry for 0F4 dump and verify that the dump is not suppressed by DAE. To recreate or reuse the HFS, unmount the HFS and mount it again.</p>   |
| 000D  | <p>HFS_RSN_Sync_Write_Protect_Error</p> <p>The Write_Protect field in the first VDF page on disk doesn't match the field that was filled in the HFS file system control block at the mount time.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is caused by mounting the HFS as R/W on another system that is not in the same GRS ring.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system administrator to verify that the HFS is not mounted as R/W on another system.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 000E  | <p>HFS_RSN_VMAX_Below_Minimum</p> <p>The value specified for the maximum virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata buffers was less than 32 megabytes, but the minimum value that can be specified is 32 megabytes. The maximum virtual storage limit was set to a default value of 32 megabytes.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error or system installation error. One of the following was set to contain a value less than 32:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The PARM parameter, VIRTUAL(max) in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</li> <li>2. The <b>confighfs</b> shell command <b>confighfs -v n</b>.</li> <li>3. The Pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, <b>changebufferlimits</b> command, PCTL.PCTL_BL_VMAX_VAL field.</li> </ol> <p>Action: If this default value is not satisfactory, it can be changed dynamically by issuing the <b>confighfs</b> shell command. If this reason code is a result of item 1 above, you may contact your system programmer. For further information, refer to <i>z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference</i>, for the topic Statements and Parameters for BPXPRMxx or <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference</i>, for the <b>confighfs</b> command, or <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services</i> for the topic BPX1PCT for HFS.</p>  |
| 000F  | <p>HFS_RSN_FMIN_Exceeded_VMAX</p> <p>The value specified for the fixed virtual storage for HFS data and metadata buffers exceeds the value of the maximum virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata buffers. The fixed virtual storage limit was set to a default value of 50% of real storage available.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error or system installation error. One of the following was set to contain a value that exceeds the value of the maximum virtual storage limit value for HFS data and metadata buffers:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The PARM parameter, FIXED(min) in BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</li> <li>2. The <b>confighfs</b> shell command <b>confighfs -f n</b>.</li> <li>3. The Pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, <b>changebufferlimits</b> command, PCTL.PCTL_BL_FMIN_VAL field.</li> </ol> <p>The FIXED(min) value must be less than or equal to VIRTUAL(max).</p> <p>Action: If this default value is not satisfactory, it can be changed dynamically by issuing the <b>confighfs</b> shell command. If this reason code is a result of item 1 above, you may contact your system programmer. For further information, refer to <i>z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference</i>, for the topic Statements and Parameters for BPXPRMxx or <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference</i>, for the <b>confighfs</b> command, or <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services</i> for the topic BPX1PCT for HFS.</p> |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0010  | <p>HFS_RSN_FMIN_ATMAX_Available</p> <p>The value that is specified for the fixed virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata buffers exceeds 50% of real storage available. The fixed virtual storage limit was set to a default value of 50% of real storage available.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error or system installation error. One of the following was set to contain a value that exceeds 50% of real storage available:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The PARM parameter, FIXED(min) in BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</li><li>2. The confighfs shell command <b>confighfs -f n</b>.</li><li>3. The Pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, changebufferlimits command, PCTL.PCTL_BL_FMIN_VAL field.</li></ol> <p>Action: If this value is not satisfactory, it can be changed dynamically by issuing the confighfs shell command. If this reason code is a result of item 1 above, you may contact your system programmer. For further information, refer to <i>z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference</i>, for the topic Statements and Parameters for BPXPRMxx or <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference</i>, for the confighfs command, or <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services</i> for the topic BPX1PCT for HFS.</p>   |
| 0011  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_Keyword_In_User_Parm</p> <p>The user parameter is an invalid keyword.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unknown keyword was specified in BPXPRMxx.</p> <p>Action: Check that the user parameter is a valid keyword.</p>   |
| 0012  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_Arg_In_User_Parm</p> <p>The argument of a parameter is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid value was specified in BPXPRMxx</p> <p>Action: Check if the argument of the parameter is valid.</p>   |
| 0014  | <p>HFS_RSN_VMAX_Below_FMIN</p> <p>The value that is specified for the maximum virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata buffers was less than the value of the fixed virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata. The maximum virtual storage limit was set to a default value equal to the fixed virtual storage limit.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error or system installation error. One of the following was set to a value less than the value of the fixed virtual storage limit for HFS data and metadata buffers:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The PARM parameter, FIXED(min) in BPXPRMxx parmlib member.</li><li>2. The confighfs shell command <b>confighfs -f n</b>.</li><li>3. The Pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, changebufferlimits command, PCTL.PCTL_BL_VMAX_VAL field.</li></ol> <p>Action: If this default value is not satisfactory, it can be changed dynamically by issuing the confighfs shell command. If this reason code is a result of item 1 above, you may contact your system programmer. For further information, refer to <i>z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference</i>, for the topic Statements and Parameters for BPXPRMxx or <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference</i>, for the confighfs command, or <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services</i> for the topic BPX1PCT for HFS.</p> |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0015  | <p>HFS_Add_RNODE_To_Sync_Error</p> <p>Putting RNODE to sync chain failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The RNODE has been removed or destroyed already.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |
| 0016  | <p>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>A request to get more memory in the OMVS address space failed because the address space is completely used up.</p> <p>Probable cause: There are two possible causes for this problem:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The system is being overstressed with too many concurrent UNIX System Services requests, and especially HFS access requests, running concurrently.</li> <li>2. An internal logic error that prevents storage from being freed properly.</li> </ol> <p>Action: Ask your system programmer to analyze the load on the system. If the system is overloaded, take the appropriate action to reduce the system load. If the load on the system does not appear to be excessive, create a console dump of this situation and forward the dump to IBM Support. The only known temporary workaround is to re-IPL the system.</p> |
| 0017  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_CPL</p> <p>An invalid CPL (Client Parameter List) was passed to an HFS Client operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal LFS programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0018  | <p>HFS_RSN_Invalid_P FAR</p> <p>An invalid PFAR was detected by an HFS Client operation that requires a valid one. An invalid PFAR is a sign that the token has been revoked (or otherwise given up by HFS).</p> <p>Probable cause: LFS is requesting an operation that requires a token, without having one. Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0019  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_CJAR</p> <p>An invalid CJAR (Cookie Jar) was passed to an HFS operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal LFS programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 001A  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_OSI</p> <p>An invalid OSI was passed to an HFS operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 001B  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_RNODE</p> <p>An invalid RNODE was passed to an HFS operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 001C  | <p>HFS_RSN_Find_RFS_Error</p> <p>An invalid HFS file system control block (RFS) was passed to an HFS operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 001E  | <p>HFS_RSN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 001F  | <p>HFS_RSN_Invalid_RNODE</p> <p>An invalid RNODE was passed to an HFS operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0020  | <p>HFS_RSN_Internal_Error</p> <p>Error recovery was invoked, but no return code was specified.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0021  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>File or directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the file or directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the file or directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0022  | <p>HFS_RSN_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the file or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the file or directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the file or directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the file/directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| 0023  | <p>HFS_RSN_SYNC_Failed</p> <p>An unknown return code was returned from an HFS file system control block (RFS) Sync operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0024  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Array_Invalid</p> <p>Either no XMSG array pointer was passed or the data within the passed array was invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0025  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_OutOfSequence</p> <p>An XP_Add_XMSG or XP_DeleteLast_XMSG was attempted after the message was completed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0026  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Array_Full</p> <p>An attempt to add an array element was made after the array was full. Internal warning message only.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is an expected case during XMSG array processing. No abend will be generated.</p> <p>Action: None</p>   |
| 0027  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Buffer_Full</p> <p>There is no more space in the UNIX System Services Message Buffer for more messages. Internal warning message only.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is an expected case during XMSG array processing. No abend will be generated.</p> <p>Action: None</p>                                 |
| 0028  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Work_Full</p> <p>There is no more space in the OSI Work Buffer for more messages. Internal warning message only.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is an expected case during XMSG array processing. No abend will be generated.</p> <p>Action: None</p>   |
| 0029  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Invalid_Parameter</p> <p>An invalid parameter was passed to the XP_Add_XMSG routine in the COPY field. Valid values are COPY_YES, COPY_MAYBE and COPY_NO.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 002A  | <p>HFS_RSN_XMSG_Nonzero_ALET</p> <p>A nonzero ALET was passed to XP_Add_XMSG for message data. The XMSG routines currently do not allow message data to reside in data spaces due to a UNIX System Services limitation.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| 002B  | <p>HFS_RSN_OSI_XMSG_Failed</p> <p>A call to osi_xmsg to send a cross system message was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 002C  | <p>HFS_RSN_Missing_Hdr_Blob</p> <p>An XMSG Message blob was not a header blob when it was supposed to be.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 002D  | <p>HFS_RSN_Bad_Hdr_Blob</p> <p>An XMSG Message blob was not a header blob when it was supposed to be.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 002E  | <p>HFS_RSN_Hdr_Blob_Length</p> <p>The length of a received header message blob was less than expected.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is probably caused by a mismatch in system levels where a downlevel system in a sysplex is sending a message to an uplevel system.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| 002F  | <p>HFS_RSN_PFAR_Missing</p> <p>During the extraction of a PFAR, a PFAR type was not returned from the XMSG.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0030  | <p>HFS_RSN_PFAR_Length</p> <p>The length of a received PFAR was not as expected.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0031  | <p>HFS_RSN_File_Length_Err</p> <p>The file size from the RNODE does not match the file size from the PFAR.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0032  | <p>HFS_RSN_Ctime_Check_Failed</p> <p>A failure for the ctime check has been returned.</p> <p>Probable cause: A check for ctime was called and the saved ctime on the client is newer than the server's.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0033  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Aloc_Arg</p> <p>The call to XP_Decode_Metadata from GFURALOC is missing the XMSG_ALLOC_VARS parameter.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0034  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_New_PFAR_Conflict</p> <p>An update to a PFAR that has unwritten data or an update to an invalid PFAR is trying to be performed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0035  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Rcvy_Updt_Off</p> <p>The update bit is off during recovery.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| 0036  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Flags_Conflict</p> <p>A PFAR with unwritten data is encountered.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0037  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Get_RNODE_Error</p> <p>The getblock for an RNODE was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0038  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Alloc_Arg_Missing</p> <p>The XMSG has alloc information but the caller didn't pass in a parameter to receive it.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0039  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Bad_Vol_Cnt</p> <p>The volume count from the server is less than the volume count on the client.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 003A  | <p>HFS_RSN_PDMet_Extend_Failed</p> <p>The call to extend the file system failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There are no more volumes to extend.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| 003B  | <p>HFS_RSN_Establish_ESTAE_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from FRR to ESTAE environment failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error. The recovery was already set to ESTAE when the request was received or a system error occurred during the switch to ESTAE-type recovery.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 003C  | <p>HFS_RSN_Establish_FRR_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from ESTAE to FRR environment failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error. The recovery was already set to FRR when the request was received or a system error occurred during the switch to FRR-type recovery.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| 003D  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_FPM_Error</p> <p>The file metadata state is incorrect.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>   |
| 003E  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_Dir_Error</p> <p>The file metadata state for this directory is incorrect.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>  |
| 003F  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_Write_P FAR_Error</p> <p>The file metadata state is incorrect.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>   |
| 0040  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_File_Type_Error</p> <p>The file metadata state is incorrect.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>   |
| 0041  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_Unspecified_Error</p> <p>The file has an internal error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>   |
| 0042  | <p>HFS_RSN_Missing_FPMs</p> <p>According to the metadata, the file should have file space maps (FPMs) but they are missing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Messaging or internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file, which should take a few minutes.</p>    |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| 0043  | <p>HFS_RSN_ACL_SToken</p> <p>The storage token that is generated by a GETMAIN for access control list (ACL) storage does not match the standard ACL storage token.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| 0044  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_ACL_Error</p> <p>An I/O error was encountered while reading or writing an access control list (ACL).</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error or hardware problem.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request. If the problem persists, contact your IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| 0045  | <p>HFS_RSN_Lookup_Error</p> <p>The call to look up the name in the parent directory has returned an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request. If the problem persists, check LOGREC for software symptom records from GFU modules and contact your IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| 0046  | <p>HFS_RSN_Find_RNODE_Error</p> <p>The call to look up the RNODE in the hashing facility has returned an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Retry the request. If the problem persists, contact your IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| 0047  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_Read_IO_Error</p> <p>A module has received an I/O error when reading file data buffers from disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: Hardware problem.</p> <p>Action: Close the file. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file which should take a few minutes.</p>  |
| 0048  | <p>HFS_RSN_RNODE_Write_IO_Error</p> <p>A module has received an I/O error when hardening file data buffers to disk. In a sysplex environment, the I/O error can be on a file residing on the server.</p> <p>Probable cause: Hardware problem.</p> <p>Action: Close the file locally and/or on the server. Before performing further operations against the file, the system must be allowed to recycle the cache for this file which should take a few minutes.</p> |
| 0049  | <p>HFS_RSN_FS_Read_Only</p> <p>An update operation was attempted, but the file system was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error.</p> <p>Action: Remount the file system read-write and try again.</p>  |

## HFS global reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| 0E37  | <p>HFS_Out_of_Disk_Space</p> <p>There is not enough disk space left for HFS to use.</p> <p>Probable cause:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The volume that the HFS resides on runs out of space.</li><li>2. The HFS has extended 255 times.</li><li>3. The HFS does not have secondary allocation and has used all the primary allocation.</li></ol> <p>Action: Get more space for the HFS.</p> |

### Storage and DADSM global reason codes

The following reason codes are defined by SSF for Storage and DADSM errors. When the HFS receives one of these error codes from SSF, the HFS will return this reason code.

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| C001  | <p><b>RSNS_Out_Of_Data_Space_Stg</b></p> <p>An attempt to obtain storage in an HFS Data Space failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> There was no data space storage available of sufficient quantity to satisfy the caller's requested size.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Review the overall HFS workload. It may be necessary to decrease some of the HFS workload activity.</p>  |
| C002  | <p><b>RSNS_Out_Of_ECDSA_Stg</b></p> <p>An attempt to obtain storage in the Extended Common Storage Area (ECDSA) failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> There was no space in Extended Common Storage Area of sufficient quantity to satisfy the caller's requested size.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to perform one of the following actions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Increase the amount of virtual storage that is allocated to ECDSA.</li><li>2. Review the overall HFS workload. If ECDSA storage can't be increased, then decrease some of the HFS workload activity.</li></ol> |
| C003  | <p><b>RSNS_Out_Of_User_Private_Stg</b></p> <p>An attempt to obtain storage in the Extended User Private Storage failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> There was no space in Extended Private Storage of sufficient quantity to satisfy the caller's requested size.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Review the overall HFS workload, it may be necessary to decrease some of the HFS workload activity.</p>   |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| C004  | <p><b>RSNS_Out_Of_DREFD_Autodata</b></p> <p>An attempt to obtain DREFD storage in the Extended Common System Queue Area (ESQA) failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> There was no space in Extended Common System Queue Area of sufficient quantity to satisfy the callers's requested size.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to perform one of the following actions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Increase the amount of virtual storage that is allocated to ESQA.</li> <li>2. Review the overall HFS workload. If ESQA storage can't be increased, then decrease some of the HFS workload activity.</li> </ol>  |
| C005  | <p><b>RSNS_DADSM_No_Space_Avail</b></p> <p>The HFS was full and could not be extended because no more space was available.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> There was no more space on the last volume of this dataset to take another secondary extent, and there were no more candidate volumes with the required space (if this is a multivolume HFS).</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to perform one of the following actions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove some other data sets from the volume so that the HFS can be extended.</li> <li>2. Use IDCAMS ALTER ADDVOLUME to add another volume to the HFS volume candidate list. The HFS will have to be unmounted and then mounted again in order for the volume to be available.</li> <li>3. Remove some files from the HFS to free space within the HFS.</li> </ol> |
| C006  | <p><b>RSNS_DADSM_DOSVTOC_Error</b></p> <p>DADSM was unable to convert VTOC to standard format, or a volume with the alternate tracks on cylinder 0 was encountered (VSE allocation).</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Volume configuration error or a corrupted VTOC.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to analyze the Volume VTOC error.</p>  |
| C007  | <p><b>RSNS_DADSM_UserXit_Error</b></p> <p>When DADSM attempted to extend an HFS an error occurred in the DADSM User Exit.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Program error in the DADSM User Exit.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to analyze the User Exit error.</p>   |
| C00A  | <p><b>RSNS_DADSM_IO_Error_VTOC</b></p> <p>DADSM encountered a permanent I/O error or an unexpected CVAF error return code.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Volume configuration error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to analyze the Volume I/O error.</p>   |

## Storage and DADSM global reason codes

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| C015  | <p><b>RSNS_DADSM_No2ndy_Alloc</b></p> <p>The HFS was full and could not be extended because the dataset was allocated with no secondary extents specified.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The HFS was allocated with only a primary space allocation, and no secondary allocation, specified.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Contact your System Programmer to perform one of the following actions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Allocate a new HFS specifying both primary and secondary space and copy the contents of the current HFS to the new one. Then replace the old HFS with this new one.</li><li>2. Manually extend the HFS with the confighfs shell command. Superuser authority is required to perform this action.</li></ol> |

### Index Manager global reason codes

The following reason codes are defined by the Index Manager.

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| A02B  | <p><b>IMF_IRF_Logical_Error</b></p> <p>Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A02E  | <p><b>IMF_Need_More_Fdbk_Space</b></p> <p>Feedback area does not have enough space for IMF to return the found index records.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The callers to the Index Manager did not supply an adequately sized feedback area during a read of the HFS directory's index.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A030  | <p><b>IMF_Duplicate</b></p> <p>Duplicate index record found. Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The calling program is attempting to insert a keyed-record into an HFS directory, but a record with that same key already resides in the directory. The record insert failed.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| A033  | <p><b>IMF_Index_Page_Damaged</b></p> <p>During the search operation of a HFS index, an inconsistent index structure was detected.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |



| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| A03B  | <p><b>IMF_Page_Not_Found</b></p> <p>During the search operation of a HFS index, an index page could not be found.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page could be damaged from a prior index update operation.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                           |
| A049  | <p><b>IMF_Zero_Key_Addr</b></p> <p>The address of the index key was found to be zero.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide an index key. This is required on all index read and delete operations.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A04A  | <p><b>IMF_Zero_SIR_Addr</b></p> <p>The address of the SIR was found to be zero.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a SIR. This is required on all index insert, write, and update operations.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>     |
| A04B  | <p><b>IMF_Zero_Cursor_Addr</b></p> <p>The address of the index cursor was found to be zero.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a cursor. This is required on all index generic- read operations.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A04C  | <p><b>IMF_Zero_Feedback_Addr</b></p> <p>The address of the feedback area was found to be zero.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a feedback area. This is required on all index read operations.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| A04D  | <p><b>IMF_Invalid_Cursor</b></p> <p>The cursor does not have a valid eyecatcher.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a valid cursor. This is required on all index generic-read operations.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>        |

## Index Manager global reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| A04E  | <p><b>IMF_Invalid_Search_Mode</b></p> <p>Invalid search mode has been specified.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a search mode that is consistent with the type of index operation requested.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                               |
| A054  | <p><b>IMF_Inv_Gen_Search_Mode</b></p> <p>Invalid search mode has been with GENERIC keyword.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a search mode that is consistent with the type of index operation requested.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                    |
| A074  | <p><b>IMF_Unx_Record_Type</b></p> <p>Unexpected record type detected while reading the contents of an index page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A076  | <p><b>IMF_Root_Is_Damaged</b></p> <p>The root page was found to be invalid when that root page of an index was read from disk.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A411  | <p><b>IMF_Found_Equal</b></p> <p>An index search has resulted in an exact match.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error, unless the caller did not expect to find the record.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| A412  | <p><b>IMF_Found_Less_Than</b></p> <p>An index search has resulted in a record less than the key.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                                      |

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| A413  | <p><b>IMF_Found_Greater_Than</b></p> <p>An index search has resulted in a record greater than the key.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A414  | <p><b>IMF_Not_Found</b></p> <p>An index search has failed to find a record.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did expect to find the record.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A415  | <p><b>IMF_Empty_Page</b></p> <p>A delete operation has emptied an index page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during a record delete operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record delete routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A416  | <p><b>IMF_Partial_Gen_Del</b></p> <p>The end of the page was reached while performing a generic deletion. The operation may need to be continued in the next page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during a record delete operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record delete routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A417  | <p><b>IMF_Update_Page_Full</b></p> <p>The requested update operation resulted in a record that was longer than the original and the new record would not fit in the page. A split must be done before the update can be performed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during a record update operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record update routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| A418  | <p><b>IMF_Feedback_Full</b></p> <p>There is not enough room in the provided feedback area to perform the requested function.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The caller of IMF requested that the Index Manager read a record into the caller supplied feedback area. However, the feedback area is not large enough to hold the requested record.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## Index Manager global reason codes

| Value | Description   |
|-------|---|
| A419  | <p><b>IMF_At_End_Of_Page</b></p> <p>The position information now locates the end of a page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during an index page record scan operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record scan routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A41A  | <p><b>IMF_Insert_Page_Full</b></p> <p>An attempt was made to insert a record into a page where it would not fit. A split must be done to continue the operation.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during an index page record insert operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record insert routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A41B  | <p><b>IMF_Try_Previous</b></p> <p>An index page scan should be attempted on the page that precedes the current one on the same level.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page search routine to its caller. This is not considered an error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| A41C  | <p><b>IMF_Try_Next</b></p> <p>An index page scan should be attempted on the page that follows the current one on the same level.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page search routine to its caller. This is not considered an error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A41D  | <p><b>IMF_Insrt_End_of_Page</b></p> <p>An insert into a full page has been attempted. The insert tried to put a record at the end of the page. If the page has already been split as part of a related request, then the insert can be attempted in next page on the same level and this page does not need to be changed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during an index page record insert operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record insert routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

| Value | Description  |
|-------|--|
| A41E  | <p><b>IMF_Split_On_Reseg</b></p> <p>An resegment operation has has been attempted. It was not able to be performed because the resulting resegmented page would not fit in the existing page. A split must be done on the page.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page was too full before the resegment operation was attempted. This is an error in the Index Manager program because each index page should have a sufficient amount of reserved space to accommodate the index page resegment operation.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A41F  | <p><b>IMF_Delete_Page_Full</b></p> <p>An attempt was made to delete a record from a compressed format page. The following record was front compressed relative to the to-be-deleted-record. The expanded key of the next record requires more space than is available in the page. A split must be performed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> The index page was too full before the recompress operation was attempted. This is an error in the Index Manager program because each index page should have a sufficient amount of reserved space to accommodate the index page recompress operation.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| A420  | <p><b>IMF_Insert_Key_Out_Of_Order</b></p> <p>Attempt to insert record with key smaller than previous record.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a programming logic error by the Index Manager. If the index was constructed correctly, then the index search and scan operation should create the positioning information to allow a record insert in the correct record sequence.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| A7F7  | <p><b>IMF_Split_End_Of_Page</b></p> <p>A split occurred at the end of the full page. The full page is unchanged and does not need to be written. The new page has been initialized and contains no records.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> This is a normal condition that occurs during an index page record split operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record split routine to its caller.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any logrec data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

### SSF global reason codes

System Service Facilities (SSF) uses reason codes for various errors. When the HFS receives one of these error codes from SSF, the HFS will return this reason code to the caller.

**Note:** These reason codes do not follow the typical HFS reason code naming convention in that they do not have X'5B' as their subcomponent ID.

## Index Manager global reason codes

### Dump devices (reason codes 0Exxxxxx):

| Value    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| 0E020001 | <b>DMCD_SETLOCKO</b><br><br>An error occurred on SETLOCK obtain.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.                  |
| 0E020002 | <b>DMCD_SETLOCKR</b><br><br>An error occurred on SETLOCK release.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.                 |
| 0E0A0003 | <b>DMCD_DDDS_GETMAIN_Failed</b><br><br>GETMAIN of private storage for DSL failed.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem. |

### Recording services (reason codes 18xxxxxx):

| Value    | Description  |
|----------|--|
| 18010000 | <b>RCRS_SR_Get_ADSR_Stor_Failed</b><br><br>Private storage not available for ADSR.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.   |
| 18FF0000 | <b>RCRS_GP_Get_RCGB_Stor_Failed</b><br><br>Common Storage is not available for RCGB.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem. |

### Subcomponent access control services (reason codes 1Exxxxxx):

| Value    | Description  |
|----------|--|
| 1Exx0011 | <b>SAC_Insufficient_Storage</b><br><br>Insufficient ECSA storage to build the CAT.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem. |

| Value    | Description  |
|----------|--|
| 1Exx001D | <p><b>SAC_LM_Not_Found</b></p> <p>Load module not found.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p> |

**Trace services (reason codes 22xxxxxx):**

| Value    | Description  |
|----------|--|
| 22030001 | <p><b>TTRS_ER_TRST</b></p> <p>Trace not enabled.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>                   |
| 22070007 | <p><b>TTRS_FF_NOOP</b></p> <p>Trace parse options failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>          |
| 220E0000 | <p><b>TRSP_TSTNS</b></p> <p>No private storage for TRST available.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p> |
| 22F30001 | <p><b>TTRS_NS_NOOP</b></p> <p>No active trace options.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>             |
| 22FB0000 | <p><b>TTRS_AI_TASNS</b></p> <p>No ECSA storage for TRAS available.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p> |

## Index Manager global reason codes

| Value    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| 22FB0003 | <b>TRRS_AI_TTBNS</b><br><br>No private storage for trace table.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem. |

### Virtual storage manager services (reason codes 25xxxxxx):

| Value    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| 25xx0015 | <b>GETLOCK_Failed</b><br><br>Nonzero return code from SETLOCK obtain.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.                |
| 25xx0016 | <b>FREELOCK_Failed</b><br><br>Nonzero return code from SETLOCK release.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.             |
| 25xx0017 | <b>LOCASB_Failed</b><br><br>Unable to obtain ASCB address from MVS LOCASCB service.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem. |
| 25xx0018 | <b>GETMAIN_Failed</b><br><br>Nonzero return code from GETMAIN.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.                      |
| 25xx0019 | <b>FREEMAIN_Failed</b><br><br>Nonzero return code from FREEMAIN.<br><br><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.<br><br><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.                    |



| Value    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| 25xx001A | <p><b>DSPSERV_DREFON_Failed</b></p> <p>Nonzero return code from DSPSERV DREFON.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>   |
| 25xx001B | <p><b>DSPSERV_FIXED_Failed</b></p> <p>Nonzero return code from DSPSERV FIX.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>       |
| 25xx001C | <p><b>DSPSERV_DREFOFF_Failed</b></p> <p>Nonzero return code from DSPSERV DREFOFF.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p> |
| 25xx001D | <p><b>DSPSERV_FREE_Failed</b></p> <p>Nonzero return code from DSPSERV FREE.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>       |
| 25xx0030 | <p><b>Page_Fix_Failed</b></p> <p>Page fix for the requested storage failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>       |
| 25xx0031 | <p><b>Page_Free_Failed</b></p> <p>Page free for the requested storage failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>     |
| 25xx0032 | <p><b>ChangeKey_Failed</b></p> <p>A change key for the requested storage failed.</p> <p><i>Probable cause:</i> Internal logic error.</p> <p><i>Action:</i> Send the problem to IBM Support. If possible, determine why the HFS was attempting to create a dump and correct that problem.</p>  |

### Local reason codes for modules

Most HFS errors are local to specific modules. For these errors, local reason codes were defined within the individual modules. The values for these codes are above 256 (X'0100'). Because these values are reused by all modules, it is essential to select the value definitions based on the Module ID in the second byte of the 4-byte reason code. See "Module IDs" on page 725 for the module ID mappings.

**GFUADMPH: Dump Help Routine**

The component identifier is RSN\_ADMPH. The module ID halfword is X'5BF7'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ADMPH + X'101' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Invalid_Exit_Type</p> <p>Invalid exit type was requested. Not type 1 or type 2.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid exit type was passed in as a parameter. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ADMPH + X'102' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Invalid_AGF</p> <p>Invalid AGF data structure.</p> <p>Probable cause: Bad Dump_Exit token or bad AGF itself. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ADMPH + X'104' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Unknown_ADLFunc</p> <p>Unknown ADL Dump Function.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unknown ADL Dump function was extracted from the dumplist. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                    |

## GFUAFADS

### GFUAFADS: Free AD Storage

The component identifier is RSN\_FADS. The module ID halfword is X'5B0B'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ADMPH + X'101' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Invalid_Exit_Type</p> <p>Invalid exit type was requested. Not type 1 or type 2.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid exit type was passed in as a parameter. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ADMPH + X'102' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Invalid_AGF</p> <p>Invalid AGF data structure.</p> <p>Probable cause: Bad Dump_Exit token or bad AGF itself. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ADMPH + X'104' | <p>RSN_ADMPH_Unknown_ADLFunc</p> <p>Unknown ADL Dump Function.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unknown ADL Dump function was extracted from the dumplist. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                    |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_FADS + X'101' | <p>RSN_FADS_RPN_Zero_Passed</p> <p>A Zero RPN was passed in as part of the List_Ptr argument.</p> <p>Probable cause: HFS corruption or internal error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is not corrupted or contact IBM Support.</p>                               |
| RSN_FADS + X'102' | <p>RSN_FADS_Already_Returned</p> <p>IMF is trying to return an RPN that had already been freed or has never been allocated.</p> <p>Probable cause: HFS corruption or internal error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is not corrupted or contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUAFRER: Free RNODE**

The component identifier is RSN\_FRER. The module ID halfword is X'5B07'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_FRER +X'101'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Delete_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to remove an RNODE from the RNODE hash table failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                      |
| RSN_FRER +X'102'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_VNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free the VNODE associated with the RNODE for a file or directory failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p> |
| RSN_FRER +X'103'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free the RNODE block for a file or directory failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                     |
| RSN_FRER +X' 104' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_PLIR_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free a PLIR block that is associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                |
| RSN_FRER +X'105'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_RPR_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free RPRs associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                                 |

## GFUAFRER

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_FRER +X'106' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_IMF_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free IMF resources for a directory RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>    |
| RSN_FRER +X'107' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_Bfr_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free data buffers associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>  |
| RSN_FRER +X'108' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_FPM_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free FPMs associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>          |
| RSN_FRER +X'109' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_DOPL_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free a DOPL block associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p> |

**GFUAGADS: Get AD Storage**

The component identifier is RSN\_GADS. The module ID halfword is X'5B0C'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_FRER +X'101'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Delete_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to remove an RNODE from the RNODE hash table failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                              |
| RSN_FRER +X'102'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_VNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free the VNODE that is associated with the RNODE for a file or directory failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p> |
| RSN_FRER +X'103'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free the RNODE block for a file or directory failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                             |
| RSN_FRER +X' 104' | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_PLIR_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free a PLIR block that is associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                        |
| RSN_FRER +X'105'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_RPR_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free RPRs associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>   |

## GFUAGADS

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_FRER +X'106'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_IMF_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free IMF resources for a directory RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>            |
| RSN_FRER +X'107'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_Bfr_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free data buffers that are associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p> |
| RSN_FRER +X'108'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_FPM_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free FPMs associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p>                  |
| RSN_FRER +X'109'  | <p>RSN_FRER_Free_DOPL_Error</p> <p>An attempt to free a DOPL block that is associated with an RNODE failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily not try to remove this file or directory.</p> |
| Value             | Description  |
| RSN_GADS + X'101' | <p>RSN_GADS_Out_Of_Space_FAPCALL1</p> <p>The number of requested AD pages is greater than the number of available pages in the file system.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS file system is full.</p> <p>Action: Extend the HFS.</p>   |
| RSN_GADS + X'102' | <p>RSN_GADS_Out_Of_Space_FAPCALL2</p> <p>There are no more available pages in the file system for a new VDF that is needed to accommodate the new AD pages that are being added.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS file system is full and the available VDFs --to hold the new AD pages-- are all full, so a new one is needed.</p> <p>Action: Extend the HFS.</p>         |



**GFUAGETR: Get RNODE**

The component identifier is RSN\_AGETR. The module ID halfword is X'5B06'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_AGETR +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | <p>RSN_AGETR_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for a DOPL block for a new directory failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an "out of memory" failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or a function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_AGETR + X'101' | <p>RSN_AGETR_Find_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to add the RNODE to the RNODE hash table failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer work around for this problem other than to temporarily not try to create this file or directory.</p>   |
| RSN_AGETR + X'102' | <p>RSN_AGETR_Get_RNODE_Error</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for an RNODE block failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS address space. If this was the first instance of an "out of memory" failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUAGETR

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_AGETR + X'103' | <p>RSN_AGETR_Get_LINK_Error</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for a PLIR block for a symbolic link failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an "out of memory" failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or a function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_AGETR + X'104' | <p>RSN_AGETR_Find_LINK_Error</p> <p>An attempt to read the PLIR block for a symbolic link from the Index AD (Attribute Directory) failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either internal programming error or the HFS Index is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is not corrupted. If it is corrupted, restore HFS from a good backup copy. Otherwise, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

**GFUAINIT: HFS Initialization**

The component identifier is RSN\_INIT. The module ID halfword is X'5B01'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_INIT +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | <p>RSN_INIT_ACL_GETMAIN_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for an access control list (ACL) failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an out of memory failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see if that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value            | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| RSN_INIT +X'101' | <p>RSN_INIT_AMIB_GETMAIN_Fail</p> <p>Attempt to GETMAIN private storage failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Environmental or system error. Private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'102' | <p>RSN_INIT_ALESERV_Fail</p> <p>The ALESERV ADD Macro failed to add an entry to the Access List for the HFS Data Space.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program, system or environmental error.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'103' | <p>RSN_INIT_Build-Token_Fail</p> <p>Building a VSM attribute token for the VSM Create Pool failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal build VSM attribute token macro.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |

## GFUAINIT

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_INIT +X'104' | <p>RSN_INIT_RFS_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the RFS internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p>     |
| RSN_INIT +X'105' | <p>RSN_INIT_RTWQ_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the RTWQ internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'106' | <p>RSN_INIT_RNODE_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the RNODE internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'107' | <p>RSN_INIT_API_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the API internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p>     |

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_INIT +X'108' | <p>RSN_INIT_LSSI_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the LSSI internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| RSN_INIT +X'109' | <p>RSN_INIT_FPMB_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the FPMB internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'110' | <p>RSN_INIT_VDB_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the VDB internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'111' | <p>RSN_INIT_PLIR_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the PLIR internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'114' | <p>RSN_INIT_RFS_Hash_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a hash table for the RFS internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create hash table macro.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |

## GFUAINIT

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_INIT +X'115' | <p>RSN_INIT_Set_To_ESTAE_Fail</p> <p>Attempt to switch from FRR to ESTAE environment failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error. The recovery was already set to ESTAE when the request was received or a system error occurred during the switch to ESTAE-type recovery.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'116' | <p>RSN_INIT_Load_Fail</p> <p>Attempt to load HFS module into storage failed</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or Environmental Error. Either a parameter was invalid or storage was not available to build the internal control blocks for the load.</p> <p>Action: Try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'117' | <p>RSN_INIT_VFS_INIT_Fail</p> <p>Initialization of the HFS VFS vector table failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error. Possibly an invalid parameter was passed to the routine that builds the VFS Vector Table.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'118' | <p>RSN_INIT_VNODE_INIT_Fail</p> <p>Initialization of the HFS VNODE vector table failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error. Possibly an invalid parameter was passed to the routine that builds the HFS VNODE vector table.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'119' | <p>RSN_INIT_ATTACH_Fail</p> <p>ATTACHX macro failed to create an HFS resource subtask.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error. Possibly an invalid parameter was passed to the ATTACHX macro.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'11A' | <p>RSN_INIT_SQM_Create_MTSK_Fail</p> <p>The function being executed attempted to initialize the MTask Service Queue so that HFS can invoke an HFS Worker Task to perform a required portion of the function, but the request to initialize the Service Queue failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The user can try restarting OMVS to see if that clears up the problem.</p> |

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_INIT +X'11B' | <p>RSN_INIT_SQM_Create_BTsk_Fail</p> <p>The function being executed attempted to initialize the BTask Service Queue so that HFS can invoke an HFS Worker Task to perform a required portion of the function, but the request to initialize the Service Queue failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The user can try restarting OMVS to see if that clears up the problem.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'11C' | <p>RSN_INIT_SQM_Destroy_MTSK_Fail</p> <p>The function being executed attempted to free the resources held on the MTask Service Queue, but the request to clear the resources failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_INIT +X'11D' | <p>RSN_INIT_SQM_Destroy_BTsk_Fail</p> <p>The function being executed attempted to free the resources held on the BTask Service Queue, but the request to clear the resources failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_INIT +X'123' | <p>RSN_INIT_DETACH_Fail</p> <p>DETACH macro failed to remove an HFS resource subtask.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error. Possibly an invalid parameter was passed to the DETACH macro.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_INIT +X'124' | <p>RSN_INIT_Already_Active</p> <p>The HFS PFS_Init Module has been called more than once to perform global HFS initialization.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| RSN_INIT +X'125' | <p>RSN_INIT_IBLK_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the IBlock internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |

## GFUAINIT

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_INIT +X'126' | <p>RSN_INIT_RPRB_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the RPRB internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'127' | <p>RSN_INIT_BDEL_Pool_CRE8_Fail</p> <p>Creating a cell pool storage for the BDEL internal control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Invalid parameter passed to an internal create cell pool macro, or private storage was not obtained because insufficient storage is available due to an internal system limit or an installation-defined limit.</p> <p>Action: If the problem persists, check with the operator to see if another user in the installation is causing the problem, or to see if the entire installation is experiencing storage constraint problems. The failure might be an indication of a larger problem requiring you to consult your system programmer, or possibly contact the IBM Support Center.</p> |
| RSN_INIT +X'128' | <p>RSN_INIT_PFSI_XMSG_Buff_Zero</p> <p>The Logical File System has indicated to the Physical File System that the Xmsg Buffer length is zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The user can try restarting OMVS to see if that clears up the problem.</p>  |
| RSN_INIT +X'130' | <p>RSN_INIT_IOM_Init_Fail</p> <p>The HFS I/O Manager failed to initialize.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The user can try restarting OMVS to see if that clears up the problem.</p>   |



**GFUALLOC: HFS Page Space Allocation**

The component identifier is RSN\_ALLOC. The module ID halfword is X'5B0A'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ALLOC + X'101' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>The recovery environment could not be stacked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Too many levels of recovery in the stack.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'102' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Latch_Obtain_Fail</p> <p>The File System latch could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error (for example, deadlock), since we should have waited for the latch if it was not available.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'103' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Internal_Error</p> <p>An error was found and cleanup was executed, but no explicit reason code was set.</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred that did not set a reason code.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'105' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Latch_Release_Fail</p> <p>The File System latch could not be released.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is an internal error (for example, latch was not actually obtained, token was incorrect, and so forth).</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'106' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_FAP_Failed</p> <p>The call to XP_FIND_AVAIL_PAGES (GFUPFAP) failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: See the reason codes in "GFUPFAP – Internal Page Allocation Procedures" on page 912 for a list of probable causes.</p> <p>Action: Review the list of reason codes in "GFUPFAP – Internal Page Allocation Procedures" on page 912 for possible actions, or contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'107' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Add_FPM_Failed</p> <p>The call to XP_ADD_FPM_PAGES (GFUPFPM) failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUALLOC

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ALLOC + X'108' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Sync_Failed</p> <p>The File System sync process failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: See "GFUARQUE: Internal Request Queue" on page 771 or "GFUBSYNC: Sync File System" on page 791 for a list of probable causes.</p> <p>Action: See "GFUARQUE: Internal Request Queue" on page 771 or "GFUBSYNC: Sync File System" on page 791 for a list of possible actions.</p>      |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'109' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_Extend_Failed</p> <p>An error occurred while an extent was being requested.</p> <p>Probable cause: See "GFUARQUE: Internal Request Queue" on page 771 for a list of probable causes. This reason code means that something failed abnormally. This reason code would not be returned for a normal out-of-extents condition.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'110' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_No_Extend_RsnCode</p> <p>Enough extents could not be taken, and the Alloc request could not be satisfied.</p> <p>Probable cause: Not enough extents are available to the HFS file system.</p> <p>Action: Make sure enough extents are available to the HFS file system.</p>   |
| RSN_ALLOC + X'115' | <p>RSN_ALLOC_BAD_API</p> <p>The API chain is corrupted.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUARQUE: Internal Request Queue**

The component identifier is RSN\_ARQUE. The module ID halfword is X'5B08'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_ARQUE +X'101' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_Invalid_Parm_Addr</p> <p>Parameter validity check failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either a null CJAR or a null OSI was passed in as a parameter for any request type other than shutdown and unmount. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'102' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_Invalid_Request_Type</p> <p>Invalid task type was requested.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid request type was passed in as a parameter. Programming error is the probable cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'103' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'104' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_OSI_Setup_Error osi_wait setup failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'105' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_OSI_Wait_Error</p> <p>osi_wait setup failed to drop locks for sync and extend requests.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'106' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_Get_RTWQ_Fail</p> <p>Getting an uninitialized RTWQ from VSM failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly a low-in-free-storage problem or a programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'108' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_Internal_Error</p> <p>Internal error during Retry processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUARQUE

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_ARQUE +X'109' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_File_Sys_Unmounted</p> <p>File system was unmounted during the osi_wait.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than to never issue an unmount request.</p>   |
| RSN_ARQUE +X'10A' | <p>RSN_ARQUE_SQM_Submit_Fail</p> <p>The function being executed attempted to invoke an HFS worker task to perform a required portion of the function, but the request to invoke that worker task failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The user can try unmounting and remounting the file system to see if that clears up the problem.</p> |

**GFUATERM: HFS Global Termination and Cleanup**

The component identifier is RSN\_ATERM. The module ID halfword is X'5B02'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| <b>Value</b>       | <b>Description</b>   |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ATERM + X'101' | RSN_ATERM_Cleanup_Failure<br><br>An attempt to free memory failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.                    |
| RSN_ATERM + X'102' | RSN_ATERM_ALET_Delete<br><br>An attempt to delete the ALET for the data space failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

**GFUAUMNT: Internal Unmount Routine**

The component identifier is RSN\_AUMN. The module ID halfword is X'5B03'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_AUMN + X'101' | <p>RSN_AUMN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                   |
| RSN_AUMN + X'102' | <p>RSN_AUMN_Delete_RFS_Error</p> <p>Removal of RFS entry from the RFS hash table failed. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_AUMN + X'103' | <p>RSN_AUMN_Free_RFS_Error</p> <p>Freeing the storage for the RFS element failed. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_AUMN + X'104' | <p>RSN_AUMN_Internal_Error</p> <p>Internal error during Retry processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

**GFUBCNFS: Connect File System**

The component identifier is RSN\_BCNFS. The module ID halfword is X'5B20'.

For global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_BCNFS +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for a DOPL block for a new directory failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an out of memory failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see if that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'101' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'102' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_GBLK_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to getblock a buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The buffer pool might have run out of storage. Either the system resources are being over utilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements, and see if that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'103' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Read_VDF_Fail</p> <p>Reading all the VDF pages from disk failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'104' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Invalid_VDF</p> <p>The VDF is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The VDF was freed or not initialized properly.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUBCNFS

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'106' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_IMF_Conn_Fail</p> <p>Connecting to the AD failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Initiating IXB latch failed or getting an IBlock for the root page failed.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'107' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Get_Attr_Error</p> <p>Building a VSM attribute token for the RNODE hash table in the Adapter data space failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'108' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Get_Hash_Error</p> <p>The SSF Common Hashing Facility failed to create a hash table for RNODEs.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'109' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_IMF_Read_Fail</p> <p>Reading index record with GFUISERV failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index record might be corrupted or there is an internal programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'110' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_CLM_Fail</p> <p>The CNDS latch in the AMIB (AMIB_CNDS_LATCH) could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another HFS has already obtained this latch.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that there is only one HFS started in the system.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'111' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_No_LSSM_Record</p> <p>No LSSM record was found in the index record.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index record is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'112' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Get_RNODE_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for an RNODE block failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS address space. If this was the first instance of an out of memory failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, contact IBM Support.</p> |



| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'114' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_IMF_Delete_Fail</p> <p>Deleting processed records failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index record is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'115' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Sync_Failed</p> <p>The call to sync all the changes to AD failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'116' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_RUP_Failed</p> <p>Returning used pages (RUP) from FPMs back to APMs failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The number of used pages might be negative or the VPT might be too high.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'117' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_FreeRNODE_Failed</p> <p>An attempt to free the RNODE block for a file or directory failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than to temporarily stop trying to remove this file or directory.</p> |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'118' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_ZRead_IO_Error</p> <p>IOM read IOER occurred.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'119' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_ZRead_Error</p> <p>IOM read failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'120' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Zwrit_IO_Error</p> <p>IOM write IOER occurred.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'121' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Zwrit_Error</p> <p>IOM write failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUBCNFS

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'122' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Internal_Error</p> <p>Internal Error during retry processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'123' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Bad_Cleanup_Record</p> <p>Unrecognized record was returned by IMF.</p> <p>Probable cause: The record might be corrupted due to storage overlay or a programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'124' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Invalid_VPTVFN</p> <p>Invalid VPT.VFN was returned when converting from RPN to VPT.VFN.</p> <p>Probable cause: The VPT.VFN for the RPN could not be located because of an invalid VDF or some unknown cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'125' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Bad_Read</p> <p>There was an IOER for read.</p> <p>Probable cause: Malfunctioning I/O device or IOM.</p> <p>Action: Check the I/O device and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'126' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Broken_HFS</p> <p>The HFS is broken.</p> <p>Probable cause: The page is not a seq set page: there should be at least 1 segment and 1 record, but there is not. A corrupted data structure might be the cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'127' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Bad_Write</p> <p>There was an IOER for write.</p> <p>Probable cause: Malfunctioning I/O device or IOM.</p> <p>Action: Check the I/O device and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'129' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Bad_Page</p> <p>The page is not the greatest page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'130' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_No_Segment</p> <p>There is no segment on the page.</p> <p>Probable cause: A possible programming error or corrupted page.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'131' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Invalid_Segment</p> <p>The segment length is zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: A corrupted page, or possibly a programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>               |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'132' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Move_Beyond_Page_End</p> <p>The segment pointer is pointing beyond the end of page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly a programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'133' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Invalid_Rec_Len</p> <p>The record length is zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: A corrupted record.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'134' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Move_Beyond_Seg_End</p> <p>The segment pointer is pointing beyond the end of segment.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly a programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'135' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Invalid_Seg_Len</p> <p>The segment length is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: A corrupted segment.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'136' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Invalid_Num_Of_Recs</p> <p>The number of records is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: A corrupted record.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                    |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'137' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Bad_Seg</p> <p>The segment pointer is pointing outside the segment.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                           |

## GFUBCNFS

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BCNFS + X'138' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Bad_Rec_Num</p> <p>The number of records in the page is bad.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'139' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Ck_Bad_Seg_Num</p> <p>The number of segments in the page is bad.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BCNFS + X'13B' | <p>RSN_BCNFS_Sync_Interrupted</p> <p>The last time that this file system was mounted, the update of the data on disk was interrupted in the middle of being written. The integrity of the file system's index structure is consequently questionable.</p> <p>Probable cause: The system was not brought down softly the last time that this file system was mounted. It either crashed or was IPLed in the middle of the operation.</p> <p>Action: Re-create the file system from a known good backup, or mount this file system in read only mode and copy whatever possible from the current file system to the new one. Validate the integrity of any data that was copied from the old file system.</p> |

**GFUBDCFS: Disconnect File System**

The component identifier is RSN\_BDCFS. The module halfword identifier is X'5B21'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BDCFS + X'101' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>     |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'102' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Sync_Failed</p> <p>Call to sync to process RNODEs on sync chain failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'103' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Scan_Block_Failure</p> <p>Exit routine for the Unmount RNODE scan function failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Problem might have occurred while freeing RNODEs.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>     |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'104' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Scan_RNODE_Error</p> <p>Error in SSF occurred during the unmount RNODE scan.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                       |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'105' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Delete_RNODE_Hash_Error</p> <p>Error occurred while deleting the RNODE hash table.</p> <p>Probable cause: SSF Common Hashing Facility failed.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                   |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'106' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_CLM_Failed</p> <p>Nullifying the allocation latch in the RFS failed. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'107' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Disconn_IMF_Failed</p> <p>Disconnecting from AD failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUBDCFS

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BDCFS + X'108' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_IOM_Unmnt_Failed</p> <p>Disconnecting from the I/O Manager mount failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'109' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Disc_VDF_Failed</p> <p>Freeing VDF storage failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'110' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Free_Buffer_Failed.</p> <p>FreeBuffer returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: FreeBuffer function encounters some errors.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'111' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_Internal_Error</p> <p>Recovery cleanup has been called even though there was no error condition.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                             |
| RSN_BDCFS + X'112' | <p>RSN_BDCFS_INVALID_RFS</p> <p>Disconnect File System was called to disconnect an invalid file system.</p> <p>Probable cause: An Internal Logic Error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                             |

**GFUBEXTD: Extend File System**

The component identifier is RSN\_EXTD. The module ID halfword is X'5B27'.

For global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_EXTD +<br>RSNS_DADSM_DOSVTOC_Error (X'C006')  | RSN_EXTD_CNVT_DOS_VTOC_Error<br>Extend was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: DOS VTOC convert error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.                         |
| RSN_EXTD +<br>RSNS_DADSM_IO_Error_VTOC (X'C00A')  | RSN_EXTD_IO_Error<br>Extend was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: VTOC I/O error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.  |
| RSN_EXTD +<br>RSNS_DADSM_No_Space_Avail (X'C005') | RSN_EXTD_Space_Unavailable<br>Extend was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: Space unavailable. There could be several causes.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |
| RSN_EXTD +<br>RSNS_DADSM_UserXit_Error (X'C007')  | RSN_EXTD_Installation_Exit_Fail<br>Extend was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: Installation exit failure.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.                   |

The local reason codes: See the following table:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_EXTD + X'101' | RSN_EXTD_Establish_Rcvy_Failed<br>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF recovery stack was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |
| RSN_EXTD + X'102' | RSN_EXTD_Establish_ESTAE_Failed<br>Change to ESTAE recovery environment was unsuccessful.<br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.                           |

## GFUBEXTD

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_EXTD + X'103' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Re_Establish_FRR_Failed</p> <p>Return to FRR recovery environment was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_EXTD + X'104' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Read_JFCB_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to Invoke SWA Manager (IEFQB550) to read the JFCB into the EOVS work area was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_EXTD + X'105' | <p>RSN_EXTD_DADSM_Extend_Failed</p> <p>DADSM Extend was unsuccessful for an unknown reason.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_EXTD + X'106' | <p>RSN_EXTD_MMINIT_Extend_Failed Media Manager MMINIT function with the extend option was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_EXTD + X'107' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Severe_Error_In_MM_CNVT_RBN</p> <p>Converting the RBN to CCHHR (to determine if sufficient DASD space has been obtained) was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_EXTD + X'108' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Obtain_F1DSCB_Failed</p> <p>Issue OBTAIN (to read in Format 1 DSCB of first volume) was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                      |
| RSN_EXTD + X'109' | <p>RSN_EXTD_EOVAREA_GETMAIN_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to obtain storage for the EOVS work area and dummy DEB below the 16M line was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>          |
| RSN_EXTD + X'110' | <p>RSN_EXTD_LKFS_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to obtain the VFS lock exclusive was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |



| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_EXTD + X'111' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Severe_Error_In_MM_CNVT_CCHHR</p> <p>After an extend failure, invocation of Media Manager to convert the ending CCHHR of the last extent to RBN was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'112' | <p>RSN_EXTD_CVAFFILT_Failed</p> <p>CVAFFILT, to read the DSCBs for this volume, was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'113' | <p>RSN_EXTD_CVAFDIR_Failed</p> <p>CVAFDIR, to Initialize the CVAF Buffer List header and 1 entry, was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'114' | <p>RSN_EXTD_DADSM_Extend_New_Failed</p> <p>DADSM extend, to extend on a new volume, was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'115' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Internal_Error</p> <p>Internal error during Retry processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'116' | <p>RSN_EXTD_HFS_Quiescing</p> <p>The file system is being unmounted.</p> <p>Probable cause: This call is a result of an extend request via GFUARQUE which issued an osi_waitx with the drop locks option. A race condition between the task issuing this extend and another task issuing an unmount occurred, and the unmount task won. Since the file system has been unmounted at this point, this extend fails.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_EXTD + X'117' | <p>RSN_EXTD_CVAFFILT_Failed1</p> <p>CVAFFILT, to read the DSCBs for this volume, was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUBEXTD

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_EXTD + X'118' | <p>RSN_EXTD_CVAFDIR_Failed1</p> <p>CVAFDIR, to initialize the CVAF buffer list header and 1 entry, was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'119' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Catalog_Call_Failed</p> <p>Catalog call was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_EXTD + X'11A' | <p>RSN_EXTD_Zero_Extend_Amount</p> <p>An explicit extend was requested, but the amount specified was zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error.</p> <p>Action: Correct the error and try again.</p>   |
| RSN_EXTD + X'11B' | <p>RSN_EXTD_HFS_Greater_Than_251_Ext</p> <p>Attempt to extend a HFS data set was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Attempt was made to extend an HFS data set beyond 251 extents.</p> <p>Action: Check the current allocated extents. If the current number of extents is less, reduce the size in the confighfs command. Check the current allocated extents. If the current number of extents is less, reduce the size in the confighfs command. If the HFS has already reached 251 extents, then this is the maximum number of extents possible. You may not be able to extend it anymore. If the HFS has already reached 251 extents, then this is the maximum number of extents possible. You may not be able to extend it anymore.</p> |

**GFUBMONT: Internal Mount Routine**

The component identifier is RSN\_BMONT. The module ID halfword is X'5B22'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BMONT + X'101' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Add_Recovery_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'102' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Invalid_DSN</p> <p>Data set name is all blanks.</p> <p>Probable cause: LFS passed in an empty data set name.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'103' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Invalid_DDN</p> <p>The DD Name in RFS is blank. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: The RFS was not initialized with DD Name.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'104' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DS_Not_On_DASD</p> <p>The data set is not being mounted on a direct access device.</p> <p>Probable cause: The media is not a direct access device.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the data set is being mounted on a direct access device. Send the problem to IBM Support if the problem persists.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'105' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DS_Not_SMS</p> <p>The data set is non-SMS managed.</p> <p>Probable cause: User tried to mount a non-SMS managed data set.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the data set is being mounted as SMS managed. Send the problem to IBM Support if the problem persists.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'106' | <p>RSN_BMONT_HFS_Already_Mounted</p> <p>The data set has been already mounted.</p> <p>Probable cause: User tried to mount an already existing data set.</p> <p>Action: Check if the data set has been already mounted. If the data set has not been mounted, then send the problem to IBM Support. If the data set is already mounted, this is an expected result.</p> |

## GFUBMONT

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BMONT + X'107' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Access_Denied</p> <p>The SAF check denied the user mount authority.</p> <p>Probable cause: User is not authorized to mount.</p> <p>Action: Obtain appropriate mount authority and try again. If the problem persists, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BMONT + X'108' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'109' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Access_Error</p> <p>Error occurred while doing SAF check.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'110' | <p>RSN_BMONT_CVAFDIR_Failed</p> <p>CVAF failed while updating the access time to Format 1 DSCB.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'111' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DSAB_Not_Found</p> <p>DSAB with TIOT entry matching the DD Name was not found.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'112' | <p>RSN_BMONT_JFCB_Read_Failed</p> <p>Reading the JFCB failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'113' | <p>RSN_BMONT_JFCB_Write_Failed</p> <p>Writing to the JFCB failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'114' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Find_RFS_Error</p> <p>The RFS was not found in the hash table. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BMONT + X'115' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DSCB_GETMAIN_Fail</p> <p>There was an error while obtaining the DSCB buffer.</p> <p>Probable cause: The system might have run out of space.</p> <p>Action: Try to free up some resources. If the problem persists, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BMONT + X'116' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DSCB_FREEMAIN_Fail</p> <p>Freemaining the DSCB buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'117' | <p>RSN_BMONT_HFS_Enq_Fail</p> <p>Enqueueing on the data set failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'118' | <p>RSN_BMONT_IOM_Mount_Failed</p> <p>Internal IOM mount failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'119' | <p>RSN_BMONT_Connect_Failed</p> <p>The internal connect to the HFS FS failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'120' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DEB_GETMAIN_Fail</p> <p>Obtaining DEB buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The system might have run out of space.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BMONT + X'121' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DEB_FREEMAIN_Fail</p> <p>Freemaining the DEB buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The system might have run out of space.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'122' | <p>RSN_BMONT_DS_Not_HFS</p> <p>The data set is not an HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUBMONT

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BMONT + X'123' | <p>RSN_BMONT_CASF_Call_Failed</p> <p>An error was returned from CASF (Caching Attribute Selection Facility).</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'125' | <p>RSN_BMONT_HFS_No_Ext</p> <p>There is no extent.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'126' | <p>RSN_BMONT_API_Not_Built</p> <p>The API was not built in internal connect.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'127' | <p>RSN_BMONT_SMS_Not_Strted</p> <p>SMS has not started for the SMS-managed data set.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BMONT + X'128' | <p>RSN_BMONT_HFS_GREATER_THAN_255_EXT</p> <p>The HFS is greater than 255 extents</p> <p>Probable cause: The multivolume HFS data set exceeded the Media Manager Limitation of 255 extents.</p> <p>Action: Use any utility like ADRDSSU to make a copy of the HFS data set into larger HFS data set with lesser number of extents and mount the new HFS data set.</p> |

**GFUBSYNC: Sync File System**

The component identifier is RSN\_BSYNC. The module ID halfword is X' 5B26'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_BSYNC +<br>HFS_Out_Of_Disk_Space (X'0E37') | <p>RSN_BSYNC_HFS_Out_Of_Space</p> <p>HFS ran out of the disk space.</p> <p>Probable cause:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The HFS is single volume and does not have secondary allocation.</li> <li>2. The HFS is single volume and has secondary allocation, but the volume where the HFS resides does not have enough space for the HFS to extend.</li> <li>3. The HFS has used the maximum number of extents, which is 255.</li> </ol> <p>Action: Extend the file system.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'101' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'102' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Internal_Error</p> <p>When the return code at the end of BSYNC is nonzero, this flag is set.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an abend during the sync process.</p> <p>Action: Check the logrec and collect the dump information. You may not be able to do anything against this HFS except unmount and mount the HFS to clear out the error flag in the HFS file system control block (RFS).</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'103' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_LKFS_Failure</p> <p>BSYNC issued osi_lkfs to obtain the VFS exclusive and osi_lkfs returns error.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is a lock conflict in the kernel.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'104' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IO_Error</p> <p>I/O function returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: There might be a hardware error or the MM component error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUBSYNC

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'106' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FREE_Buffer_Error</p> <p>FreeBuffer returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: FreeBuffer function encounters some errors.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'107' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_DeIPDIR_Error</p> <p>Could not delete a pending delete record.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'108' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_DeIRPR_Error</p> <p>Error while deleting RPR records.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>          |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'109' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_InsertPDIR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'110' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_InsertPLIR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'111' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_InsertRPR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>         |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'112' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteDAIR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>         |



| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'113' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteDSIR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                     |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'114' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WritePFIR_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error during inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                     |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'115' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FreeRNODE_Error</p> <p>FreeRNODE function returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: RNODE might be bad or there is a logic error in freeRNODE function.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'116' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Free_API_Error</p> <p>Freeblock fails.</p> <p>Probable cause: API could not be freed.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'117' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_DeAPI_Error</p> <p>IMF delete returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                           |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'118' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteAPI_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                       |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'119' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_GFUZWRTIT_Error</p> <p>ZWRITE returns with errors.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is a logic error in ZWRITE.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUBSYNC

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'120' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FreeRPRB_Error</p> <p>FreeBlock fails.</p> <p>Probable cause: The RPRB might be bad.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'121' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_GFUIARPN_Error</p> <p>GFUIARPN returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'122' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_RUP_Error</p> <p>Return used pages returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                           |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'123' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_GFUISYNC_Error</p> <p>GFUISYNC returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'124' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteLSSI_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'125' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FreeFPMB_Error</p> <p>Free FPM returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                               |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'126' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_DeIRPRS_Error</p> <p>IMF delete returns with error</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>         |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'127' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_DelADRecs_Error</p> <p>IMF generic delete returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'128' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_DelFPM_Error</p> <p>IMF delete returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>            |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'129' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteFPM_Error</p> <p>IMF insert returns with error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>         |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'130' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_ReadFPM2_Error</p> <p>Read FPM returns with an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while reading records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>              |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'131' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Trunc_Buffer_Error</p> <p>Truncate buffer fails.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'132' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Bad_Inact_Chain</p> <p>RNODE next points to itself.</p> <p>Probable cause: An RNODE was added to Inact chain twice.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                        |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'133' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_ReadFPM1_Error</p> <p>Read FPM returns with an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while reading records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>              |

## GFUBSYNC

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'134' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_WriteDOPL_Error</p> <p>IMF returns error while writing DOPL record to AD.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while writing records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'135' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_IMF_Delete_DOPL_Error</p> <p>Deleting DOPL fails.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while deleting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'136' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Dup_Destroy</p> <p>RNODE is destroyed twice.</p> <p>Probable cause: An RNODE was added to Sync chain twice. This might be caused by a recovery cleanup logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'137' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_HFS_Quiescing</p> <p>HFS is quiesced.</p> <p>Probable cause: BSYNC cannot obtain the VFS EX lock because the HFS was quiesced.</p> <p>Action: Check the file system status to see whether there is any file system level maintenance going, or if the HFS is quiesced by the operator or another system.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'138' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_GFUZWRT_Error1</p> <p>ZWRITE returns with an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'139' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FPM_Not_Found</p> <p>FPM was not found after insertion.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'140' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_P FAR_Not_Found</p> <p>P FAR was not found after insertion.</p> <p>Probable cause: IMF encounters some error while inserting records.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'141' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FPM_Item_Mismatch_RPN</p> <p>The FPM record key item number does not match the expected value based on the first RPN of the FPMB for the file.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'142' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_FPMB_RPN_Mismatch_Prev_HiRPN</p> <p>The first RPN of an FPMB does not match the expected value based on the High RPN of the previous FPMB.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information and send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'143' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Sync_Tasks_Contention</p> <p>A sync process, which forces all modified data to be saved to disk, found that another sync process was in progress for the same file system.</p> <p>Probable cause: z/OS UNIX synchronization problem, Global Resource Serialization latch problem, HFS internal logic error or an I/O error. If a sync process is in progress, then a subsequent sync process will not begin until the current sync process is complete. If the first sync process is not in progress but was interrupted by an abnormal condition, the HFS could have been damaged due to the sync process interruption.</p> <p>Action: If the first sync process completed successfully, then there was no damage done to the HFS. If the first sync did not complete successfully, attempt to locate the abnormal condition that caused the sync process interruption, and if possible, correct the situation. An unmount and remount of the HFS may correct the symptom.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'144' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Write_ACL_Error</p> <p>An access control list (ACL) could not be written to disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O Error or internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the I/O subsystem is working properly or contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'145' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Delete_ACL_Error</p> <p>An ACL could not be deleted from disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O Error or internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the I/O subsystem is working properly or contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUBSYNC

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BSYNC + X'146' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Excessive_RNODE_Errors</p> <p>During Sync processing, this file system encountered numerous RNODE errors. Due to the number of errors encountered, the integrity of the file system is in question and the RNODE error condition was upgraded to a file system level error.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O Error or internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. If the cause of the errors was fixed, unmounting and remounting the HFS in question will clear the file system level error.</p> |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'147' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Lock_Release_Failure</p> <p>The local lock could not be released.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic or MVS Error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BSYNC + X'148' | <p>RSN_BSYNC_Invalid_Write_BDE</p> <p>During write processing, a BDE was encountered with an invalid write_map of zeros.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

**GFUBTASK: HFS Worker Task**

The component identifier is RSN\_BTISK. The module ID halfword is X'5B23'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_BTISK + X'102' | <p>RSN_BTISK_Invalid_RTWQ_Request</p> <p>Invalid request type was found while processing the queue.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                       |
| RSN_BTISK + X'103' | <p>RSN_BTISK_RT_TERM1</p> <p>An error happened during the BTASK mainline process.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_BTISK + X'106' | <p>RSN_BTISK_Add_Recovery_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_BTISK + X'107' | <p>RSN_BTISK_OSI_Post_Error</p> <p>Posting GFUARQUE failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUBUMNT: Internal Unmount Function**

The component identifier is RSN\_BUMNT. The module ID halfword is X'5B25'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_BUMNT +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002') | RSN_Access_Denied<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_BUMNT + X'101' | RSN_BUMNT_Add_Recovery_Failed<br><br>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |
| RSN_BUMNT + X'102' | RSN_BUMNT_DynUnalloc_Failed<br><br>SVC99 call for a dynamic unallocation failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.                                       |
| RSN_BUMNT + X'103' | RSN_BUMNT_Access_Error<br><br>The RACCHECK on the dataset failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.  |
| RSN_BUMNT + X'104' | RSN_BUMNT_CVAFDIR_Failed<br><br>Catalog Volume Access Facility error.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.  |
| RSN_BUMNT + X'105' | RSN_BUMNT_INVALID_RFS<br><br>Unmount File System was called to unmount an invalid file system.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.                               |



**GFUDEOMR: User End of Memory Recovery Driver**

The component identifier is RSN\_DEOM. The module ID halfword is X'5B30'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_DEOM + X'101' | <p>RSN_DEOM_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_DEOM + X'102' | <p>RSN_DEOM_CJAR_Invalid</p> <p>Invalid CJAR structure passed from LFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Probable programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_DEOM + X'103' | <p>RSN_DEOM_Internal_Error</p> <p>Internal Error during retry processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Probable programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUDIACT

### GFUDIACT: vfs\_inact

The component identifier is RSN\_DIACT. The module ID halfword is X'5B37'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_DIACT + X'101' | <p>RSN_DIACT_File_Destroyed</p> <p>The file is flagged as still having data in memory which needs to be written to disk when it is being inactivated, even though the file has already been deleted.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. Assuming that the file was actually deleted, normal processing can continue with this file system.</p> |

**GFUDIOCT: vfs\_ioctl**

The component identifier is RSN\_DIOCT. The module ID halfword is X'5B38'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Bad_CJAR (X'0019')         | RSN_DIOCT_CJAR_Invalid<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.     |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Bad_CJAR (X'0019')         | RSN_DIOCT_OSI_Invalid  |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Add_Rcvy_Failed (X'001E')  | RSN_DIOCT_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Missing_Hdr_Blob (X'002C') | RSN_DIOCT_Missing_Hdr_Blob<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Hdr_Blob_Length (X'002E')  | RSN_DIOCT_Hdr_Blob_Length<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Missing_Hdr_Blob (X'002C') | RSN_DIOCT_Bad_Hdr_Blob<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.     |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_RNODE (X'001F')    | RSN_DIOCT_Invalid_RNODE<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.    |
| RSN_DIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_PFAR (X'0018')     | RSN_DIOCT_Bad_PFAR<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.         |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_DIOCT + X'101' | RSN_DIOCT_Invalid_Request<br>An invalid request type was passed in.<br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.   |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'102' | RSN_DIOCT_Excl_Latch_Not_Held<br>The vfs exclusive latch is not held.<br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'103' | RSN_DIOCT_Missing_Metadata<br>The message buffer is missing metadata.<br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |

## GFUDIOCT

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_DIOCT + X'104' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Bad_PHdr_Blob</p> <p>The PFAR header blob is bad.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'105' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Missing_PHdr_Blob</p> <p>The PFAR header blob is missing.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'106' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_Ptr</p> <p>The RNODE pointer token in the message header is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                        |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'107' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_RFS</p> <p>The RNode RFS is not equal to the CJAR RFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                      |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'108' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_FSN</p> <p>The RNODE File Serial Number (FSN) does not match the FSN sent with the message.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'109' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Missing_P FAR</p> <p>The PFAR is missing from the message.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'10A' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_Bad_Ctime_Or_Mtime</p> <p>The ctime or mtime is bad.</p> <p>Probable cause: Data regression might have occurred due to the system failing before sync.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>       |
| RSN_DIOCT + X'10B' | <p>RSN_DIOCT_No_Metadata_Updates</p> <p>The request for storing metadata was neither for atime only nor Write PFAR.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>    |

**GFUDMONT: vfs\_mount() — Mount File System**

The component identifier is RSN\_DMNT. The module ID halfword is X'5B31'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_DMNT +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')       | <p>RSN_DMNT_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>A security product (for example, RACF) is not installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority can not be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly a system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p> |
| RSN_DMNT +<br>HFS_RSN_Bad_Keyword_In_User_Parm (X'0011') | <p>RSN_DMNT_Bad_Keyword_In_User_Parm</p> <p>An invalid keyword was passed in through the user parameter.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user entered an invalid keyword.</p> <p>Action: Check the keyword and refer to the manual.</p>  |
| RSN_DMNT +<br>HFS_RSN_Bad_Arg_In_User_Parm (X'0012')     | <p>RSN_DMNT_Bad_Arg_In_User_Parm</p> <p>An invalid argument was passed in through the user parameter.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user entered an invalid argument.</p> <p>Action: Check the keyword and refer to the manual.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_DMNT + X'101' | <p><b>RSN_DMNT_Mtab_Invalid</b></p> <p>An Mtab with an invalid Mtab ID was passed in.</p> <p>Probable cause: The Mtab may not have been initialized correctly or not at all. Another possibility is data corruption.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than reconstructing a valid Mtab.</p> |
| RSN_DMNT + X'102' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: No known cause.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than reconstructing a valid Mtab.</p>  |

## GFUDMONT

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_DMNT + X'103' | <p>RSN_DMNT_AMIB_Invalid</p> <p>An AMIB with an invalid AMIB ID was passed in.</p> <p>Probable cause: The AMIB may not have been initialized correctly or not at all. Another possibility is data corruption.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than reconstructing a valid AMIB.</p> |
| RSN_DMNT + X'104' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Access_Denied</p> <p>The user doesn't have a superuser authority.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user doesn't have a superuser authority to mount.</p> <p>Action: Get superuser authority. If the problem persists even when the user has a superuser authority, then contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_DMNT + X'105' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Access_Error</p> <p>The SAF check for superuser authority failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_DMNT + X'108' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Get_RFS_Error</p> <p>Getting an RFS from VSM managed pool failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_DMNT + X'112' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Add_RFS_Error</p> <p>Adding RFS to the hash table failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was a duplicate RFS in the hash table.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_DMNT + X'113' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Delete_RFS_Error</p> <p>Deleting RFS from the hash table failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_DMNT + X'114' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Not_Supported</p> <p>Unsupported return or reason codes were returned from the SAF check.</p> <p>Probable cause: Incorrect SAF release.</p> <p>Action: Check the release number. If the problem persists, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_DMNT + X'115' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Query_Error</p> <p>Unsupported return or reason codes were returned from the SAF check.</p> <p>Probable cause: Incorrect SAF release.</p> <p>Action: Check the release number. If the problem persists, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_DMNT + X'116' | <p>RSN_DMNT_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                |
| RSN_DMNT + X'117' | <p>RSN_DMNT_HFS_Enq_Fail</p> <p>The ENQ on dataset in sysplex failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUDPCTL: vfs\_pfsctl() — pfsctl Command Processor**

The module identifier is RSN\_PCTL. The module ID halfword is X'5B36'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_PCTL +<br>HFS_RSN_Find_RFS_Error (X'001C') | RSN_PCTL_Find_RFS_Error<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |
| RSN_PCTL +<br>HFS_RSN_Internal_Error (X'0020') | RSN_PCTL_Internal_Error<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PCTL + X'101' | RSN_PCTL_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br><br>An error occurred during the add local recovery routine function.<br><br>Probable cause: The recovery stack has exceeded the limit.<br><br>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.   |
| RSN_PCTL + X'102' | RSN_PCTL_Unsupported_Command<br><br>The HFS pfsctl callable service was called with an unsupported command code.<br><br>Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly the pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, was coded with an unsupported command code or the logical file system has called the HFS pfsctl module with an unsupported command code.<br><br>Action: If possible, correct the command code and try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. Refer to <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> for a description of the BPX1PCT callable service for HFS.  |
| RSN_PCTL + X'103' | RSN_PCTL_Zero_Buffer_Address<br><br>The data area address provided for the HFS pfsctl command is zero.<br><br>Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly the pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, was coded with a data area length of zero or the logical file system has called HFS pfsctl module with a data area length of zero.<br><br>Action: If possible, correct the data area length and retry the request. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. For the minimum size of the data area, refer to the chapter in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System. |



| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PCTL + X'104' | <p data-bbox="654 212 974 247">RSN_PCTL_Buffer_Too_Short</p> <p data-bbox="654 268 1448 327">The data area length provided for the HFS pfsctl command was less than the minimum size required to complete the request.</p> <p data-bbox="654 348 1448 470">Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly the pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, was coded with a data area length less than the minimum size required or the logical file system has called HFS pfsctl module with a data area length less than the minimum size required.</p> <p data-bbox="654 491 1448 611">Action: If possible, correct the data area length and retry the request. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. For the minimum size of the data area, refer to the topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System.</p> |
| RSN_PCTL + X'105' | <p data-bbox="654 617 1076 653">RSN_PCTL_File_System_Not_Mounted</p> <p data-bbox="654 674 1289 709">An HFS pfsctl service was called with an unmounted HFS.</p> <p data-bbox="654 730 1398 814">Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly the HFS was unmounted prior to the HFS pfsctl service call or the HFS was unmounted during the execution of the HFS pfsctl service.</p> <p data-bbox="654 835 1425 957">Action: Check that the HFS is mounted. Once mounted, try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. Refer to the topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System.</p>  |
| RSN_PCTL + X'106' | <p data-bbox="654 963 1076 999">RSN_PCTL_Unsupported_Extend_Unit</p> <p data-bbox="654 1020 1390 1079">The ExtendFS function for the HFS pfsctl service was called with an invalid PCTL_EXT_UNIT parameter.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1100 1448 1222">Probable cause: Program error or system error. Possibly the pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, was coded with an invalid PCTL_EXT_UNIT value or the logical file system has called the HFS pfsctl module with an invalid PCTL_EXT_UNIT value.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1243 1448 1362">Action: If possible, correct the PCTL_EXT_UNIT value and try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. For valid values, refer to the topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System.</p>  |
| RSN_PCTL + X'107' | <p data-bbox="654 1369 1011 1404">RSN_PCTL_Unauthorized_Caller</p> <p data-bbox="654 1425 1403 1484">The HFS pfsctl service ChangeBufferLimits or ExtendFS function was called by an unauthorized caller.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1505 1448 1564">Probable cause: Program error. The caller is not authorized to use the HFS pfsctl ChangeBufferLimits or ExtendFS commands.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1585 1448 1675">Action: The caller of the ChangeBuffer and ExtendFS functions must be an authorized caller. Refer to the topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System.</p>   |

## GFUDPCTL

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PCTL + X'108' | <p>RSN_PCTL_Zero_Extend_Amount</p> <p>The HFS pfsctl ExtendFS function was called with an extend value of zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error. Possibly the pfsctl callable service, BPX1PCT, was coded an invalid PCTL_EXT_AMT of zero or the logical file system has called HFS pfsctl service extend function with an invalid PCTL_EXT_AMT of zero.</p> <p>Action: If possible, correct the PCTL_EXT_AMT value and try the request again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center. Refer to the topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</i> that describes using BPX1PCT callable service for Hierarchical File System.</p>   |
| RSN_PCTL + X'109' | <p>RSN_PCTL_FS_Sync_Failed</p> <p>The HFS pfsctl service ExtendFS function experienced an out of disk space condition during HFS file system sync processing.</p> <p>Probable cause:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• There is not enough space in the primary allocation and no secondary allocation exists.</li><li>• An extend was attempted but the maximum number of extents, 255, has been reached.</li><li>• There was no free space on the volume; subsequently the HFS was unable to be extended.</li><li>• The HFS is single volume; HFS has a multivolume limit of 59.</li><li>• The HFS is single volume and has secondary allocation, but the volume where the HFS resides does not contain enough free space for the HFS to extend.</li><li>• The HFS is multivolume and has secondary allocation, but there are no candidate volumes that contain enough free space for the HFS to extend.</li></ul> <p>Action: If the allocation needs to be larger, take the appropriate action. Possibly scratch unneeded data sets from the volume, or run an access method ALTER command to add more candidate volumes to the Catalog entry for the data set.</p> |
| RSN_PCTL + X'10B' | <p>RSN_PCTL_XMSG_Missing_Hdrblob</p> <p>An XMSG Message blob was not a header blob when it was supposed to be.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PCTL + X'10C' | <p>RSN_PCTL_XMSG_Missing_RFS</p> <p>The XMSG Message header blob indicates that the XMSG does not contain the RFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PCTL + X'10E' | <p data-bbox="654 212 987 243">RSN_PCTL_File_System_Move</p> <p data-bbox="654 268 1445 327">The OSI_XMSG call to transmit message to server to process DisplayFSStats or ExtendFS returned EAGAIN before attempting a latch.</p> <p data-bbox="654 352 1036 384">Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p data-bbox="654 409 1112 434">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUDUMNT vfs\_unmount() — Unmount File System

The component identifier is RSN\_DUMN. The module ID halfword is X'5B34'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_DUMN +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_DUMN_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly a system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p> |
| RSN_DUMN +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_DUMN_Access_Denied</p> <p>The user does not have superuser authority.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user does not have superuser authority to mount.</p> <p>Action: Get superuser authority. If the problem persists when the user has superuser authority, contact IBM support.</p>                                    |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_DUMN + X'101' | <p>RSN_DUMN_CJAR_Invalid</p> <p>A CJAR with an invalid CJAR ID was passed in.</p> <p>Probable cause: The CJAR may not have been initialized correctly or not at all. Another possibility is data corruption.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than reconstructing a valid CJAR.</p>   |
| RSN_DUMN + X'102' | <p>RSN_DUMN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support.</p>  |
| RSN_DUMN + X'103' | <p>RSN_DUMN_RFS_Invalid</p> <p>An RFS with an invalid RFS ID was passed in. The RFS is the HFS file system control block.</p> <p>Probable cause: The RFS may not have been initialized correctly or not at all. Another possibility is data corruption.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than reconstructing a valid RFS.</p> |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_DUMN + X'104' | <p>RSN_DUMN_Internal_Error</p> <p>An unknown internal program error occurred.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support.</p>    |
| RSN_DUMN + X'105' | <p>RSN_DUMN_Access_Error</p> <p>The SAF check for superuser authority failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support.</p>          |
| RSN_DUMN + X'106' | <p>RSN_DUMN_Internal_Unmnt_Fail</p> <p>Call to GFUBUMNT, the internal unmount, failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM support.</p> |

## GFUDVGET

### GFUDVGET: `vfs_vget()` — Get VNODE for FID

The component identifier is RSN\_VGET. The module ID halfword is X'5B35'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_VGET + X'101' | <p>RSN_VGET_File_Not_Found</p> <p>The requested FID does not exist in this HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possibly an incorrect FID value was specified.</p> <p>Action: Verify the FID value for the request and correct it if necessary.</p>  |
| RSN_VGET + X'102' | <p>RSN_VGET_CHF_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to locate the file RNODE in the RNODE hash table failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than to temporarily not try to resolve this FID via this function.</p>  |
| RSN_VGET + X'103' | <p>RSN_VGET_IMF_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to read the attribute data for the requested file failed. A dump should have been created.</p> <p>Probable cause: Corrupted HFS or internal programming error.</p> <p>Action: If the HFS is corrupted, restore it from a good backup. If the HFS is not found to be corrupted, send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem, other than to temporarily not attempt to access this file or directory in the HFS.</p> |
| RSN_VGET + X'104' | <p>RSN_VGET_File_Removed</p> <p>The requested file no longer exists. It was removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another user removed the file.</p> <p>Action: Determine who removed the file and verify whether that is acceptable. If not, restore the file from backup.</p>   |
| RSN_VGET + X'105' | <p>RSN_VGET_Invalid_FID</p> <p>The FID is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The invalid FID was passed in from LFS.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |
| RSN_VGET + X'106' | <p>RSN_VGET_Free_FPM_Error</p> <p>Freeing FPM failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_VGET + X'107' | <p>RSN_VGET_Free_Bfr_Error</p> <p>Freeing file buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>                   |
| RSN_VGET + X'108' | <p>RSN_VGET_Cannot_Keep_Tokn</p> <p>The ctime check failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The ctime of the old client RNODE is bad.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p> |

## GFUGACES

### GFUGACES: vn\_access() — Invoke SAF Access Check

The component identifier is RSN\_GACE. The module ID halfword is X'5B40'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_GACE +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GACE_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file or directory.</p> <p>Cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_GACE +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GACE_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Cause: System installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |

The local reason codes: None.



**GFUGAGET: vn\_getattr() — Get File Attributes**

The component identifier is RSN\_GAGET. The module ID halfword is X'5B41'.

The global reason codes:

| <b>Value</b>                                   | <b>Description</b>  |
|--|---|
| RSN_GAGET +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_P FAR (X'0018') | RSN_Invalid_P FAR<br>See “HFS global reason codes” on page 731. |

The local reason codes: None

## GFUGASET

### GFUGASET: vn\_setattr() — Set File Attributes

The module identifier is RSN\_GASE. The module ID halfword is X'5B42'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_GASE +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')        | RSN_GASE_Access_Denied<br><br>The caller HFS VN_SETATTR operation does not have SAF authority to set the atime, ctime, mtime, reftime or the caller does not have write permission to truncate the file.<br><br>Cause: The user was not a superuser, the file owner, or did not have write access to the file.<br><br>Action: If possible, obtain the appropriate authorization to the file and try the request again.  |
| RSN_GASE +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')   | RSN_GASE_RACF_Not_Installed<br><br>The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete because a security product (for example, RACF) is not installed or active on the system.<br><br>Cause: System installation error.<br><br>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.   |
| RSN_GASE +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_File_Type (X'0006')    | RSN_GASE_Invalid_File_Type<br><br>The HFS VN_SETATTR truncate request did not complete because the file type is not data.<br><br>Cause: The specified file is a type other than data.<br><br>Action: Check the type file specified.   |
| RSN_GASE +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_Trunc_Offset (X'0004') | RSN_GASE_Invalid_Trunc_Offset<br><br>The HFS VN_SETATTR truncation request specified either a negative file size (file_length) or larger than the maximum supported file size. Only a positive file size value less than, or equal to, the maximum supported file size (for example, X'7FFFFFFF000') can be passed by the caller.<br><br>Cause: The user supplied an invalid file size (file_length).<br><br>Action: Check the specified file size (file_length). |
| RSN_GASE +<br>HFS_RSN_Negative_Time_Error (X'0005')  | RSN_GASE_Negative_Time_Error<br><br>The HFS VN_SETATTR operation received a negative time value for atime, ctime, mtime, or reftime.<br><br>Cause: The user supplied a negative time.<br><br>Action: Correct the time value and try the request again.  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GASE + X'101' | <p>RSN_GASE_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>An error occurred during the add local recovery routine function for the HFS VN_SETATTR operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: The recovery stack exceeded the limit.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |
| RSN_GASE + X'102' | <p>RSN_GASE_Read_Only_File</p> <p>The file is mounted read-only. The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file is mounted read-only.</p> <p>Action: The file must be mounted read/write to perform the HFS VN_SETATTR operation.</p>   |
| RSN_GASE + X'103' | <p>RSN_GASE_Chown_Error</p> <p>The change owner and group SAF authorization check returned an error during an HFS VN_SETATTR operation. The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error.</p> <p>Action: Verify SAF authorization for change owner and group. If the problem persists, contact the security administrator or the IBM Support Center.</p>           |
| RSN_GASE + X'104' | <p>RSN_GASE_Choud_Error</p> <p>The change audit flags SAF authorization check returned an error during an HFS VN_SETATTR operation. The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error.</p> <p>Action: Verify SAF authorization for change audit flags. If the problem persists, contact the security administrator or the IBM Support Center.</p>                   |
| RSN_GASE + X'105' | <p>RSN_GASE_Ckown_Error</p> <p>The check file owner SAF authorization check returned an error during an HFS VN_SETATTR operation. The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error.</p> <p>Action: Verify SAF authorization for check file owner. If the problem persists, contact the security administrator or the IBM Support Center.</p>                       |
| RSN_GASE + X'106' | <p>RSN_GASE_Access_Error</p> <p>The check access SAF authorization check returned an error during an HFS VN_SETATTR operation. The HFS VN_SETATTR operation did not complete.</p> <p>Probable cause: Program or system error.</p> <p>Action: Check your authorization status to perform HFS VN_SETATTR for the file. If the problem persists, contact the security administrator or the IBM Support Center.</p> |

## GFUGASET

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GASE + X'107' | <p>RSN_GASE_Internal_Error</p> <p>An error was found and the HFS VN_SETATTR cleanup routine was executed, but there was no explicit reason code set.</p> <p>Probable cause: An HFS internal error occurred that did not set the reason code.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_GASE + X'108' | <p>RSN_GASE_Trunc_File_Error</p> <p>An error occurred on truncate of the file during an HFS VN_SETATTR operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: System error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |
| RSN_GASE + X'109' | <p>RSN_GASE_Removed_File</p> <p>The link to the file was removed prior to the HFS VN_SETATTR operation. The file no longer exists.</p> <p>Probable cause: A user removed the file.</p> <p>Action: Determine whether removed file status is acceptable. If not, restore the file from backup.</p>  |
| RSN_GASE + X'10A' | <p>RSN_GASE_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>The specified file in the HFS VN_SETATTR operation is not available. When attempting to access the file, an EBUSY returned from internal function.</p> <p>Probable cause: The specified file is being used by another process and the wait has timed out.</p> <p>Action: If possible, locate the process that is accessing the file. Retry the request.</p> |
| RSN_GASE + X'10B' | <p>RSN_GASE_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>Call to XP_WAIT_FOR_RNODE is returning a non-successful return code.</p> <p>Probable cause: System error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |

**GFUGAUDT: vn\_audit() — Audit Specified Function**

The component identifier is RSN\_GAUD. The module ID halfword is X'5B43'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_GAUD +</li> <li>• HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')</li> </ul>      | <p data-bbox="818 369 1127 394">RSN_GAUD_Access_Denied</p> <p data-bbox="818 415 1365 478">The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p data-bbox="818 499 1463 562">Cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p data-bbox="818 583 1425 667">Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_GAUD +</li> <li>• HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')</li> </ul> | <p data-bbox="818 688 1187 714">RSN_GAUD_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p data-bbox="818 735 1430 819">No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p data-bbox="818 840 1284 871">Cause: Probably a system installation error.</p> <p data-bbox="818 892 1455 955">Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |

The local reason codes: None

## GFUGCLOS

### GFUGCLOS: vn\_close() — Close File

The component identifier is RSN\_GCLO. The module ID halfword is X'5B44'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_GCLO +X'101' | <p>RSN_GCLO_File_Has_Not_Opened</p> <p>GFUGCLOS is called with an RNODE which has an open count of 0.</p> <p>Probable cause: LFS closes a file more times than it is opened.</p> <p>Action: This should not cause any data loss, but determination of problem is necessary because it points to a logic problem.</p> |

**GFUGCREA: vn\_create() — Create File**

The component identifier is RSN\_GCRE. The module ID halfword is X'5B45'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_GCRE +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GCRE_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GCRE_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Cause: Possibly a system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |
| RSN_GCRE +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016')      | <p>RSN_GCRE_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for a DOPL block for a new directory failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an out of memory failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GCRE +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016')      | <p>RSN_GCRE_ACL_GETMAIN_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to get memory for an access control list (ACL) failed. The system is out of memory in the OMVS primary address space. If this was the first instance of an "out of memory" failure, a dump should have been created.</p> <p>Cause: Either the system resources are being overutilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.</p> <p>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth, to reduce the system resource requirements and see whether that alleviates the problem. If not, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUGCREA

| Value                                      | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_GCRE +<br>HFS_RSN_ACL_SToken (X'0043') | RSN_GCRE_ACL_SToken<br><br>The storage token generated by a GETMAIN for ACL storage does not match the standard ACL storage token.<br><br>Cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GCRE + X'101' | RSN_GCRE_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br><br>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'102' | RSN_GCRE_Internal_Error<br><br>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'103' | RSN_GCRE_Invalid_File_Type<br><br>A file type that is not supported was passed in. Supported file types are data, directory, FIFO, and special character.<br><br>Probable cause: An unsupported file type may have been specified.<br><br>Action: Specify a supported type or, if a supported type was specified, send the problem to IBM Support. |
| RSN_GCRE + X'104' | RSN_GCRE_Make_FSP_Error<br><br>An error occurred while creating a File Security Packet.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'105' | RSN_GCRE_Parent_Not_Dir<br><br>The parent RNODE is not a directory.<br><br>Probable cause: An invalid parent RNODE was passed in during the call.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.  |
| RSN_GCRE + X'107' | RSN_GCRE_Create_ReadOnly<br><br>The file system is read-only, yet a create operation is being called.<br><br>Probable cause: A create operation is performed on a read-only HFS.<br><br>Action: Mount the HFS with read-write permission.  |



| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GCRE + X'108' | <p>RSN_GCRE_Dir_Removed</p> <p>The parent directory has been removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.</p> <p>Action: If file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'109' | <p>RSN_GCRE_File_Already_Exists</p> <p>The file to be created already exists in the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The name of the file to be created matches one already in the directory.</p> <p>Action: Specify another name.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'110' | <p>RSN_GCRE_Reserved_Space_Low</p> <p>There are not enough free pages to carry out this call.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS is almost full.</p> <p>Action: Extend the HFS. Send the problem to IBM Support if the HFS is not almost full.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'111' | <p>RSN_GCRE_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'112' | <p>RSN_GCRE_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The create call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GCRE + X'113' | <p>RSN_GCRE_Extend_Failed</p> <p>The call to extend the file system to increase free pages failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GCRE + X'114' | <p>RSN_GCRE_FS_Sync_Failed</p> <p>The call to sync the file system to increase free pages failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUGCREA

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GCRE + X'115' | <p>RSN_GCRE_FastRead_Err</p> <p>An error occurred while reading the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support with the error information including the dump, error return code, and reason code.</p>   |
| RSN_GCRE + X'116' | <p>RSN_GCRE_Free_VNODE_Error</p> <p>In the recovery path, the logical file system's handle to the file could not be returned.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support with the error information including the dump, error return code, and reason code.</p> |

**GFUGDUMP: Issue ABEND for Non-SSF Module**

The module identifier is RSN\_GDUMP. The module ID halfword is X'5B46'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GDUMP + X'101' | <p data-bbox="656 432 1008 457">RSN_GDUMP_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p data-bbox="656 485 1401 541">Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p data-bbox="656 569 1133 594">Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 621 1110 646">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GDUMP + X'102' | <p data-bbox="656 663 971 688">RSN_GDUMP_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="656 716 802 741">Internal error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 768 1419 825">Probable cause: retry or recovery was invoked, but no return code was set. Probably a program error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 852 1110 875">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>             |

**GFUGFSYN: vn\_fsync() — Harden File to Disk**

The module identifier is RSN\_FSYN. The module ID halfword is X'5B47'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_FSYN + X'101' | <p>RSN_FSYN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>A recovery environment could not be established.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_FSYN + X'102' | <p>RSN_FSYN_File_Has_Been_Removed</p> <p>The file is marked removed. No sync is needed</p> <p>Probable cause: Before Fsync got control, a remove request was issued.</p> <p>Action: Check the application program and the file permission to make sure nobody else removes the file.</p>  |
| RSN_FSYN + X'103' | <p>RSN_FSYN_Invalid_File_Type</p> <p>The file is not a regular file or a directory file.</p> <p>Probable cause: The RNODE passed in is the wrong file type.</p> <p>Action: Check the application program and make sure fsync() is issued against a regular or a directory file. If the file type is correct in the user application program and the symptom is repeatable, turn on the SMS and OMVS CTRACE, re-create the problem and take a console dump. Then contact IBM Support with the information.</p> |
| RSN_FSYN + X'104' | <p>RSN_FSYN_Dir_ReadOnly</p> <p>The fsync() is issued on a file in a file system that is mounted as READ_ONLY.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS is mounted as read-only.</p> <p>Action: Check the HFS file system mount parameter and attributes. If it is read only, unmount the HFS and remount it as read/write.</p>   |
| RSN_FSYN + X'105' | <p>RSN_FSYN_Add_RNODE_Failed</p> <p>Fsync function tried to add the file to the sync chain to perform sync and it failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The subroutine XP_ADD_RNODE_TO_SYNC_CHAIN failed.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_FSYN + X'106' | <p data-bbox="818 212 1122 249">RSN_FSYN_FS_Sync_Failed</p> <p data-bbox="818 268 1076 306">HFS worker task failed.</p> <p data-bbox="818 325 1458 384">Probable cause: This could be caused by the error in HFS worker task or the error returned from dynamic sync.</p> <p data-bbox="818 403 1141 436">Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_FSYN + X'107' | <p data-bbox="818 443 1105 480">RSN_FSYN_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="818 499 1458 558">An error caused fsync to enter the recovery and return code was set as success.</p> <p data-bbox="818 577 1458 674">Probable cause: This could be caused by a logic error in fsync, or a cancel in the middle of fsync is issued to the user address space.</p> <p data-bbox="818 693 1141 724">Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

### GFUGFTRU: vn\_ft trunc() — Truncate File

The component identifier is RSN\_GFTR. The module ID halfword is X'5B48'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_GFTR +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_File_Type (X'0006')    | <p><b>RSN_GFTR_Invalid_File_Type</b></p> <p>A file that is not a data file was passed for truncation.</p> <p>Cause: The user requested to truncate a file that is not a data file (that is, it is probably a directory).</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the specified is a data file.</p>   |
| RSN_GFTR +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_Trunc_Offset (X'0004') | <p><b>RSN_GFTR_Invalid_Trunc_Offset</b></p> <p>The truncation offset requested is either a negative file size (file_length) or larger than the maximum supported file size. Only a positive file size value less than, or equal to, the maximum supported file size X'7FFFFFFF000' can be specified.</p> <p>Cause: The user requested a truncation to an invalid file size.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the offset specified is valid. Check the binary format of the offset (number of bits, signed, and so forth).</p> |
| RSN_GFTR +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_P FAR (X'0018')        | <p><b>RSN_GFTR_Invalid_P FAR</b></p> <p>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GFTR + X'101' | <p><b>RSN_GFTR_Readonly_File</b></p> <p>A truncate was requested for a file that resides in an HFS that was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user requested a truncate for a file that resides in an HFS that was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the HFS is not mounted read-only; or otherwise, do not truncate the files in it.</p> |
| RSN_GFTR + X'102' | <p><b>RSN_GFTR_File_Has_Been_Removed</b></p> <p>A truncate was requested for a file that was removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user requested a truncate for a file that was removed (possibly by another process).</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the file still exists when the truncate request is issued.</p>  |

**GFUGIACT: vn\_inact()**

The component identifier is RSN\_GIACT. The module ID halfword is X'5B49'.

| <b>Value</b>       | <b>Description</b>  |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_GIACT + X'101' | <p>RSN_GIACT_File_Destroyed</p> <p>The file is flagged as still having data in memory which needs to be written to disk when it is being inactivated, even though the file has already been deleted.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. Assuming the file was actually deleted, normal processing can continue with this file system.</p> |

## GFUGIOCT

### GFUGIOCT: vn\_ioctl()

The component identifier is RSN\_GIOCT. The module ID halfword is X'5B57'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Add_Rcvy_Failed (X'001E')  | RSN_GIOCT_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_RNODE (X'001F')    | RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_RNODE<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.    |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Internal_Error (X'0020')   | RSN_GIOCT_Internal_Error<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.   |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_RNODE_In_Use (X'0021')     | RSN_GIOCT_RNODE_In_Use<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.     |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_P FAR (X'0018')    | RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_P FAR<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.    |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_WAITX_Fail (X'0022')       | RSN_GIOCT_WAITX_Fail<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.       |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Missing_Hdr_Blob (X'002C') | RSN_GIOCT_Missing_Hdr_Blob<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_OSI_XMSG_Failed (X'002B')  | RSN_GIOCT_OSI_XMSG_Failed<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Hdr_Blob_Length (X'002E')  | RSN_GIOCT_Hdr_Blob_Length<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')    | RSN_GIOCT_Access_Denied<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.    |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016')    | RSN_GIOCT_ACL_GETMAIN_Fail<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_ACL_SToken (X'0043')       | RSN_GIOCT_ACL_SToken<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.       |
| RSN_GIOCT +<br>HFS_RSN_FS_Read_Only (X'0049')     | RSN_GIOCT_FS_Read_Only<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.     |

The local reason codes:



| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GIOCT + X'101' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_Ptr</p> <p>The RNODE pointer token in the message header is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. Assuming the file was actually deleted, normal processing can continue with this file system.</p> |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'102' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_FSN</p> <p>The RNODE File Serial Number (FSN) does not match with the FSN sent with the message.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'103' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_Request</p> <p>An invalid request type was passed in.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'104' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Not_Data_File</p> <p>The RNODE is a directory when it should be a data file.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'105' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Unstable_RNODE</p> <p>The RNODE either has unwritten data in buffers, is in Removed state, Destroy_File has been called by BSYNC, or it is In_Use.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'106' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_File_Size_Error</p> <p>The RNODE_FILE_SIZE does not match the PFAR_ST_SIZE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'107' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Req_FPMB_Not_Found</p> <p>While trying to send FPMB(s) to a client from the server, the requested FPMB was not found in the chain.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'108' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_RNODE_VNODE</p> <p>The RNODE_VNODE_TOKEN was zeros.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUGIOCT

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_GIOCT + X'109' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Atime_Error</p> <p>The Server's RNODE atime is greater than the atime sent in the message from a client.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10A' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Ctime_Check_Failed</p> <p>The Server's RNODE ctime is less (older) than the ctime sent in the message from a client.</p> <p>Probable cause: Some data was not hardened to disk.</p> <p>Action: This file is broken and no further operations may be performed against it until it is closed and reopened.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10B' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_LostClRcvy_Missing_Arg</p> <p>No Argument Buffer, with indication of whether the client had an exclusive token for the file, was passed on a call for Lost Client Recovery.</p> <p>Probable cause: Programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10C' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_ACL_Invalid_Request</p> <p>An access control list request was made for an HFS file type that is not supported for that action.</p> <p>Probable cause: Two possibilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A getfacl or editfacl request was made against an HFS file type that was not data nor directory</li><li>• The requested ACLType was either FileMod or DirMod, but the HFS data structure the action is to be performed against is not a directory.</li></ul> <p>Action: Check to be sure the requested action is supported.</p> |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10D' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_ACL_Buffer_Size</p> <p>During a setfacl operation, the temporary buffer was not large enough to hold the existing ACL.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10E' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>A setfacl operation was attempted, but there is no security product installed to handle the operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: The appropriate security product to handle the requestor actions is not installed on the system.</p> <p>Action: Either install an appropriate security product, or do not attempt setfacl operations.</p>  |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_GIOCT + X'10F' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_ACLS_Not_Supported</p> <p>A setfacl request was received, but the system does not support access control lists.</p> <p>Probable cause: The requestor attempted an ACL operation on a system that does not support ACLs.</p> <p>Action: Do not attempt to perform ACL functions on a system that does not support them.</p>   |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'110' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_ACL_Max_Entry_Exceeded</p> <p>The maximum of 1024 access control list entries would be exceeded by this request.</p> <p>Probable cause: The requestor attempted to add or modify an ACL that would result in greater than 1024 entries.</p> <p>Action: Modify the request so that 1024 or less entries result.</p>   |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'111' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_ACL_Invalid_Req_not_Dir</p> <p>An access control list request was made for an HFS file type that is not supported for that action.</p> <p>Probable cause: The requested ACLType was either FileMod or DirMod, but the HFS data structure the action is to be performed against is not a directory.</p> <p>Action: Check the input ACLtype and requested object to ensure that the requested action is supported.</p> |
| RSN_GIOCT + X'112' | <p>RSN_GIOCT_Invalid_ACLtype_request</p> <p>An access control list request was made for an HFS file type that is not valid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The requested ACLType was neither a FileMod or DirMod.</p> <p>Action: Check the input ACLtype.</p>   |

**GFUGLINK: vn\_link() — Create a File Hard Link**

The component identifier is RSN\_GLNK. The module ID halfword is X'5B4A'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_GLNK +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GLNK_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file or directory, and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_GLNK +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GLNK_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority can not be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GLNK + X'101' | <p>RSN_GLNK_Diff_FileSys</p> <p>The link and the target file parent directories are in different file systems.</p> <p>Probable cause: The files specified reside on different file systems.</p> <p>Action: Specify files only on the same file system.</p> |
| RSN_GLNK + X'102' | <p>RSN_GLNK_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                |
| RSN_GLNK + X'103' | <p>RSN_GLNK_Parent_Not_Dir</p> <p>Parent directory of link to be created is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid parameter was passed into the call.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                     |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GLNK + X'104' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_Dir_Removed</b></p> <p>The parent directory has been removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.</p> <p>Action: If file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>  |
| RSN_GLNK + X'105' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_Target_Not_Data</b></p> <p>The target file is not a data file.</p> <p>Probable cause: The target file specified is not a data file.</p> <p>Action: Specify a data file as the target.</p>   |
| RSN_GLNK + X'106' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_Internal_Error</b></p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GLNK + X'108' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_Link_ReadOnly</b></p> <p>The HFS is marked read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: A create 'hard link' operation is performed on a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Action: Mount the HFS with read/write permission.</p>   |
| RSN_GLNK + X'110' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_Target_Exists_Not</b></p> <p>The target file is not found.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.</p> <p>Action: If file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>   |
| RSN_GLNK + X'111' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_File_Already_Exists</b></p> <p>The name of the new link to be made already exists in the directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The name of an existing file was specified.</p> <p>Action: Specify a name that is not already used.</p>  |
| RSN_GLNK + X'112' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_RNODE_In_Use</b></p> <p>Parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUGLINK

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GLNK + X'113' | <p><b>RSN_GLNK_WAITX_Fail</b></p> <p>The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the parent directory</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUGLOOK: vn\_look() — Resolve Name**

The component identifier is RSN\_GLOK. The module ID halfword is X'5B4B'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_GLOK +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | RSN_GLOK_Access_Denied<br><br>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.<br><br>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.<br><br>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file, or directory, and request that the access authority be changed. |
| RSN_GLOK +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | RSN_GLOK_RACF_Not_Installed<br><br>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.<br><br>Probable cause: A system installation error.<br><br>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.  |
| RSN_GLOK +<br>HFS_RSN_GLOK_Lookup_Error (X'0045')  | RSN_GLOK_Lookup_Error<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_GLOK +<br>HFS_RSN_Find_Rnode_Error (X'0046')   | RSN_Find_Rnode_Error<br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.   |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GLOK + X'101' | RSN_GLOK_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br><br>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.   |
| RSN_GLOK + X'102' | RSN_GLOK_Internal_Error<br><br>An error caused fsync to enter the recovery and return code was set as success.<br><br>Probable cause: This could be caused by a logic error in GFUGLOOK or a cancel in the middle of GFUGLOOK is issued to the user address space.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

## GFUGLOOK

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GLOK + X'103' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Parent_Not_Dir</p> <p>Parent RNODE for the file to be looked up is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: LFS passed in an invalid RNODE.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GLOK + X'104' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Dir_Removed</p> <p>Parent RNODE has been removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Parent directory has been deleted.</p> <p>Action: No action. Possible normal path.</p>   |
| RSN_GLOK + X'105' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Lookup_Error</p> <p>IMF returns this error when it encounters a problem.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GLOK + X'106' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Find_RNODE_Error</p> <p>Call to GFUGAGETR is not returning successfully. The RNODE could not be retrieved.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                     |
| RSN_GLOK + X'107' | <p>RSN_GLOK_File_Not_Found</p> <p>The requested file is not in parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: It was removed prior to lookup.</p> <p>Action: This could be a normal path. If file was not removed by the operator, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GLOK + X'108' | <p>RSN_GLOK_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Call to XP_WAIT_FOR_RNODE is returning a return code of EBUSY.</p> <p>Probable cause: The rnode_in_use flag is not reset.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GLOK + X'109' | <p>RSN_GLOK_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>Call to XP_WAIT_FOR_RNODE is returning a non-successful return code.</p> <p>Probable cause: The rnode_in_use flag is not reset.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GLOK + X'10A' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Free_FPM_Error</p> <p>The call to free the file space maps (FPM) failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |



| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GLOK + X'10B' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Free_Bfr_Error</p> <p>The call to free the file buffers failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                         |
| RSN_GLOK + X'10C' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Free_PLIR_Error</p> <p>The call to free the link record failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                         |
| RSN_GLOK + X'10D' | <p>RSN_GLOK_Free_DOPL_Error</p> <p>The call to free the Directory Overflow Page List (DOPL) failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUGOPEN: vn\_open() — Open File

The component identifier is RSN\_GOPE. The module ID halfword is X'5B4C'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_GOPE +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GOPE_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file, or directory, and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_GOPE +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GOPE_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GOPE + X'101' | <p>RSN_GOPE_Open_ReadOnly</p> <p>O_Flags indicate a WRITE operation and the HFS is marked read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: An open with a trunc is performed on a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Action: Mount the HFS with read-write permission.</p>                          |
| RSN_GOPE + X'102' | <p>RSN_GOPE_Invalid_Open</p> <p>Trying to open a file other than a data file or a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: An open on a file other than a data file or a directory.</p> <p>Action: An open on a file other than a data file or a directory is not allowed.</p> |
| RSN_GOPE + X'103' | <p>RSN_GOPE_Removed_File</p> <p>Trying to open a file that has been deleted.</p> <p>Probable cause: A delete has occurred in between lookup and open.</p> <p>Action: No action required.</p>  |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GOPE + X'104' | <p data-bbox="633 210 1440 241">RSN_GOPE_Overflow_32Bits</p> <p data-bbox="633 262 1440 294">Trying to open a file which has a file size greater than 32 bits.</p> <p data-bbox="633 315 1440 378">Probable cause: An open on a file with file size greater than 32 bits, but large file sizes are not supported.</p> <p data-bbox="633 399 1440 462">Action: Ensure that the logical file system does support file sizes greater than 32 bits.</p> |

**GFUGRDDR: vn\_readdir — Read Directory Entries**

The component identifier is RSN\_RDDR. The module ID halfword is X'5B4D'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_RDDR +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')        | RSN_RDDR_Access_Denied<br><br>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.<br><br>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.<br><br>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file, or directory, and request that the access authority be changed. |
| RSN_RDDR +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')   | RSN_RDDR_RACF_Not_Installed<br><br>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.<br><br>Probable cause: A system installation error.<br><br>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.  |
| RSN_RDDR +<br>HFS_Invalid_User_Buffer_Addr (X'0009') | RSN_RDDR_Invalid_User_Buffer_Addr<br><br>There is a problem trying to copy data into a user buffer.<br><br>Probable cause: An invalid user buffer was passed in.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. Improper parameter passed in.   |
| RSN_RDDR +<br>HFS_RSN_Lookup_Error (X'0045')         | RSN_RDDR_Lookup_Error<br><br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| RSN_RDDR +<br>HFS_RSN_Find_Rnode_Error (X'0046')     | RSN_Find_Rnode_Error<br><br>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.   |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_RDDR + X'101' | RSN_RDDR_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br><br>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_RDDR + X'102' | <p>RSN_RDDR_Buffer_Too_Small</p> <p>No more name directories can be placed into user's buffer.</p> <p>Probable cause: User buffer size not large enough.</p> <p>Action: This reason code would be returned to the z/OS UNIX layer, which would handle it. User should not see this error.</p> |
| RSN_RDDR + X'103' | <p>RSN_RDDR_IMF_Fail</p> <p>Call to IMF to read a Name Directory has returned an unexpected error. Abend will be taken.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDDR + X'104' | <p>RSN_RDDR_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the error is not due to user invalid buffer.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDDR + X'105' | <p>RSN_RDDR_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Call to XP_WAIT_FOR_RNODE is returning a return code of EBUSY.</p> <p>Probable cause: The rnode_in_use flag is not reset.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDDR + X'106' | <p>RSN_RDDR_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>Call to XP_WAIT_FOR_RNODE is returning a non-successful return code.</p> <p>Probable cause: The rnode_in_use flag is not reset.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDDR + X'107' | <p>RSN_RDDR_ND_DIRECTORY_ERROR</p> <p>A call to IMF to read a Name Directory has returned an unexpected error. Abend will be taken.</p> <p>Probable cause: Directory corruption.</p> <p>Action: The HFS is corrupt and must be rebuilt.</p>   |

## GFUGRDLK

### GFUGRDLK: vn\_readlink() — Read Symbolic Link

The component identifier is RSN\_GRDL. The module ID halfword is X'5B4E'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_GRDL +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_File_Type (X'0006') | RSN_GRDL_Invalid_ReadLink<br><br>The specified link is not a symbolic link or a hard link.<br><br>Probable cause: A link was not specified.<br><br>Action: Check that the file is a link. Send the problem to IBM Support if it is a link. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GRDL + X'101' | RSN_GRDL_File_Removed<br><br>The link file was removed.<br><br>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.<br><br>Action: If the file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise, it is a normal path. |

**GFUGRDWR: Read/Write File in SSF Environment**

The component identifier is RSN\_GRDWR. The module ID halfword is X'5B4F'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GRDWR + X'101' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>The recovery environment could not be stacked.</p> <p>Probable cause: The recovery stack is full.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'102' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Invalid_User_Buff_Addr</p> <p>Moving data to or from the specified user buffer resulted in a program check.</p> <p>Probable cause: The specified user buffer address is incorrect.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the user buffer address specified is valid (for example, accessible to the user).</p> |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'103' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_BDEL_GETBLOCK_Failed</p> <p>A block for a new BDEL could not be obtained from the cell pool.</p> <p>Probable cause: The BDEL cell pool is full and it cannot be further extended.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that HFS can extend its BDEL cell pool.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'104' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Internal_Error</p> <p>A program check occurred, but its cause is unknown.</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'105' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Read_FPM_Failed</p> <p>The internal function to read FPMs from disk failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O or IMF error.</p> <p>Action: Check the I/O status or contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'106' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Alloc_Pages_Failed</p> <p>An internal request to allocate more pages to a file failed; this reason code is not returned for an out-of-space condition.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'107' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Add_RNODE_Failed</p> <p>The file could not be added to the list of modified or accessed files.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUGRDWR

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GRDWR + X'108' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Fsync_Failed</p> <p>The file system sync process failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an error in GFUARQUE or GFUBSYNC.</p> <p>Action: See the possible errors in GFUARQUE and GFUBSYNC. Otherwise, contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'109' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Fsync_Failed2</p> <p>The file system sync process failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an error in GFUARQUE or GFUBSYNC.</p> <p>Action: See the possible errors in GFUARQUE and GFUBSYNC. Otherwise, contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10A' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Fsync_Failed3</p> <p>The file system sync process failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an error in GFUARQUE or GFUBSYNC.</p> <p>Action: See the possible errors in GFUARQUE and GFUBSYNC. Otherwise, contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10B' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_ZRead_IO_Error</p> <p>There was an I/O error when reading from the specified file.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an I/O problem in the system.</p> <p>Action: Solve the I/O problem.</p>                                       |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10C' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_ZWrite_IO_Error</p> <p>There was an I/O error when writing into the specified file.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an I/O problem in the system.</p> <p>Action: Solve the I/O problem.</p>                                      |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10D' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_ZRead_Error</p> <p>There was a non-I/O error when trying to perform I/O to read from the specified file.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                              |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10E' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_ZWrite_Error</p> <p>There was a non-I/O error when trying to perform I/O to write into the specified file.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                            |



| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GRDWR + X'10F' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_BDEL_FREEBLOCK_Failed</p> <p>A BDEL block could not be returned to the pool (that is, freed).</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'110' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>The specified file is busy.</p> <p>Probable cause: The specified file is being used by another process and is not available for a long period of time.</p> <p>Action: Make sure there are no other processes monopolizing the file.</p> |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'111' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The specified file is busy and waiting for it caused a failure.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GRDWR + X'112' | <p>RSN_GRDWR_Free_File_Bfrs_Error</p> <p>The buffers for this file could not be freed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUGRECV

### GFUGRECV: vn\_recovery() — Recovery for Non-SSF Environment

The component identifier is RSN\_RECV. The module ID halfword is X'5B50'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_RECV +<br>HFS_Invalid_User_Buffer_Addr (X'0009') | RSN_RECV_Invalid_User_Buff_Addr<br>Invalid buffer address.<br><br>Probable cause: The caller passed an invalid buffer address to READ/WRITE or READV/WRITEV. Probable program error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. |

The local reason codes: None

**GFUGREMV: vn\_remove() — Remove File or Link**

The component identifier is RSN\_GREM. The module ID halfword is X'5B51'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_GREM +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GREM_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file, or directory, and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_GREM +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GREM_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM +<br>HFS_RSN_Lookup_Error (X'0045')       | <p>RSN_GREM_Lookup_Error</p> <p>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM +<br>HFS_RSN_Find_Rnode_Error (X'0046')   | <p>RSN_GLOK_Find_Rnode_Error</p> <p>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GREM + X'101' | <p>RSN_GREM_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GREM + X'102' | <p>RSN_GREM_Parent_Not_Dir</p> <p>Parent directory of file to be removed is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid parameter was passed into the call.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>      |

## GFUGREMV

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GREM + X'103' | <p>RSN_GREM_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM + X'104' | <p>RSN_GREM_Remove_ReadOnly</p> <p>The HFS is marked for read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: A remove operation is performed on a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Action: Mount the HFS with read/write permission.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM + X'107' | <p>RSN_GREM_File_Not_Found</p> <p>The file to be removed is not in the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.</p> <p>Action: If file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM + X'109' | <p>RSN_GREM_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GREM + X'110' | <p>RSN_GREM_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The call has timed out, trying to acquire the lock for the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GREM + X'111' | <p>RSN_GREM_Missing_Obj_Ptr</p> <p>The pointer for the file to be removed is zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid parameter was passed into the call.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUGRENM: vn\_rename() — Rename Object**

The component identifier is RSN\_GREN. The module ID halfword is X'5B52'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_GREN +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_GREN_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the owner of the file, or directory, and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_GREN +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_GREN_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |
| RSN_GREN +<br>HFS_RSN_FS_Read_Only (X'0049')       | <p>RSN_GREN_FS_Read_Only</p> <p>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GREN + X'101' | <p>RSN_GREN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GREN + X'102' | <p>RSN_GREN_Dir_Removed</p> <p>Either the source or target directory has been removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another process has removed either one.</p> <p>Action: If another process did not remove the files, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p> |
| RSN_GREN + X'103' | <p>RSN_GREN_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUGRENM

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GREN + X'104' | <p>RSN_GREN_Replace_Dir_Not_Empty</p> <p>The new directory that the existing directory will be renamed to is not empty.</p> <p>Probable cause: The directory named with the new name is not empty.</p> <p>Action: Delete entries from the directory with the new directory name.</p>   |
| RSN_GREN + X'105' | <p>RSN_GREN_File_Not_Found</p> <p>The old file name was not found in the source directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The old file was specified incorrectly or has been removed possibly by another process.</p> <p>Action: Ensure the old file specified is correct and has not been removed.</p>  |
| RSN_GREN + X'106' | <p>RSN_GREN_New_Subdir_Old_Other</p> <p>The new name given is a directory but the old name is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The new name specified is a directory while the old name is not a directory.</p> <p>Action: Specify a new name that is not a directory.</p>  |
| RSN_GREN + X'107' | <p>RSN_GREN_Old_Subdir_New_Other</p> <p>The new name given is not a directory but the old name is a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The new name specified was not a directory while the old name is a directory.</p> <p>Action: Specify a new name that is a directory.</p>   |
| RSN_GREN + X'108' | <p>RSN_GREN_Source_In_Use</p> <p>Source parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the source parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the source parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the source parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GREN + X'109' | <p>RSN_GREN_Target_In_Use</p> <p>Target parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the target parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the target parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the target parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GREN + X'110' | <p>RSN_GREN_WAITXSRC_Fail</p> <p>The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the source parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the source parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the source parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the source parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GREN + X'111' | <p data-bbox="654 212 971 243">RSN_GREN_WAITXTGT_Fail</p> <p data-bbox="654 268 1401 327">The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the target parent directory.</p> <p data-bbox="654 352 1425 384">Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the target parent directory.</p> <p data-bbox="654 409 1417 489">Action: Processes using the target parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the target parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GREN + X'112' | <p data-bbox="654 506 930 537">RSN_GREN_New_In_Use</p> <p data-bbox="654 562 1027 594">The new file or directory is locked.</p> <p data-bbox="654 619 1409 651">Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the new file or directory.</p> <p data-bbox="654 676 1401 756">Action: Processes using the new file or directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the new file or directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_GREN + X'113' | <p data-bbox="654 764 922 795">RSN_GREN_Old_In_Use</p> <p data-bbox="654 821 1369 879">The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the old file or directory.</p> <p data-bbox="654 905 1401 936">Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the old file or directory.</p> <p data-bbox="654 961 1385 1041">Action: Processes using the old file or directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the old file or directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>           |

## GFUGRENM

### GFUGREVK: vn\_revoke()

The component identifier is RSN\_GREVK. The module ID halfword is X'5B58'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| • RSN_GREVK +<br>• HFS_RSN_Add_Rcvy_Failed (X'001E') | RSN_GREVK_Add_Rcvy_Failed<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |
| • RSN_GREVK +<br>• HFS_RSN_Internal_Error (X'0020')  | RSN_GREVK_Internal_Error<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.  |
| • RSN_GREVK +<br>• HFS_RSN_Bad_CJAR (X'0019')        | RSN_GREVK_Bad_CJAR<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.        |
| • RSN_GREVK +<br>• HFS_RSN_Bad_OSI (X'001A')         | RSN_GREVK_Bad_OSI<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.         |
| • RSN_GREVK +<br>• HFS_RSN_RNODE_In_Use (X'0021')    | RSN_GREVK_RNODE_In_Use<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.    |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GRVK + X'101' | RSN_GREVK_FlshBfrs_Failed<br><br>The call to flush file buffers failed.<br><br>Probable cause: An I/O error has occurred.<br><br>Action: The file will be marked with an I/O error. The file must be closed and the logical file system must inactivate its local cached handle to this file before the file can be opened again. |
| RSN_GRVK + X'102' | RSN_GREVK_FreeBfrs_Failed<br><br>The call to free file buffers failed.<br><br>Probable cause: MVS free block was not successful.<br><br>Action: No customer action required.  |



**GFUGRMDR: vn\_rmdir()**

The component identifier is RSN\_GRMD. The module ID halfword is X'5B53'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_GRMD +</li> <li>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')</li> </ul>      | <p>RSN_GRMD_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_GRMD +</li> <li>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')</li> </ul> | <p>RSN_GRMD_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: A system installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_GRMD +</li> <li>HFS_RSN_Lookup_Error (X'0045')</li> </ul>       | <p>RSN_GRMD_Lookup_Error</p> <p>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_GRMD +</li> <li>HFS_RSN_Find_Rnode_Error (X'0046')</li> </ul>   | <p>RSN_GRMD_Find_Rnode_Error</p> <p>See "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>   |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GRMD + X'101' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_GRMD + X'102' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Parent_Not_Dir</p> <p>The parent RNODE is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid parent RNODE was passed in during the call.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                    |

## GFUGRMDR

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_GRMD + X'103' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GRMD + X'104' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Remove_ReadOnly</p> <p>The file system is read-only, yet a remove directory operation is being called.</p> <p>Probable cause: A remove directory operation is performed on a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Action: Mount the HFS with read/write permission.</p>  |
| RSN_GRMD + X'107' | <p>RSN_GRMD_File_Not_Found</p> <p>The file to be removed is not in the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file was removed by another process.</p> <p>Action: If file was not removed by another process, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>   |
| RSN_GRMD + X'109' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Cant_Destroy_Root</p> <p>The directory specified was the root directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The root directory was specified to be removed.</p> <p>Action: Do not specify root directory to be removed. This is not allowed. Send the problem to IBM Support if root was not specified.</p>   |
| RSN_GRMD + X'110' | <p>RSN_GRMD_Dir_Not_Empty</p> <p>The directory to be removed is not empty.</p> <p>Probable cause: A directory that is not empty is specified to be removed.</p> <p>Action: Remove entries in the directory before removing the directory.</p>   |
| RSN_GRMD + X'111' | <p>RSN_GRMD_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Parent or object directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent or object directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent or object directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent or object directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GRMD + X'112' | <p>RSN_GRMD_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the parent or object directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent or object directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent or object directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent or object directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_GRMD + X'113' | <p data-bbox="633 210 1453 241">RSN_GRMD_Missing_Obj_Ptr</p> <p data-bbox="633 262 1453 294">The pointer for the directory to be removed is 0.</p> <p data-bbox="633 315 1453 346">Probable cause: An invalid parameter was passed into the call.</p> <p data-bbox="633 367 1453 399">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUGRWNE: vn\_rdwr() and VN\_readwritev() — Read/Write File in Non-SSF Environment**

The component identifier is RSN\_RWNE. The module ID halfword is X'5B54'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_RWNE +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')         | <p>RSN_RWNE_Access_Denied</p> <p>The security package denied access to the file for the requested operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user that requested the read, write, or execute of the file does not have sufficient permissions to perform such action.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the user has the necessary permissions.</p>                     |
| RSN_RWNE +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003')    | <p>RSN_RWNE_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>A security package (for example, RACF) could not be found to validate user access to the file.</p> <p>Probable cause: A security package is not installed or is not functioning correctly.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>  |
| RSN_RWNE +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_File_Type (X'0006')     | <p>RSN_RWNE_Invalid_File_Type</p> <p>The specified file is not a data file nor a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The user specified the wrong file, or attempted to perform a read or a write against a file that is neither a data file nor a directory.</p> <p>Action: Make sure the specified file is either a data file or a directory.</p>              |
| RSN_RWNE +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_Byte_Xfer_Amt (X'000A') | <p>RSN_RWNE_Invalid_Byte_Xfer_Amt</p> <p>The number of bytes requested for this operation (read or write) is a negative value.</p> <p>Probable cause: A negative number of bytes were requested to be read or written. This could be caused by the LFS.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that a non-negative number of bytes is requested; or contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_RWNE +<br>HFS_RSN_Invalid_PFAR (X'0018')          | <p>RSN_RWNE_Invalid_PFAR</p> <p>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_RWNE + X'101' | <p>RSN_RWNE_File_Has_Been_Removed</p> <p>The specified file was deleted.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another task deleted the file.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the access to the file is being properly serialized.</p>   |
| RSN_RWNE + X'103' | <p>RSN_RWNE_Read_Only_File</p> <p>A write was requested for a file in a file system that was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Probable cause: A write was requested for a file in a file system that was mounted read-only.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the file system is not mounted read/only; or otherwise do not try to write into its files.</p> |
| RSN_RWNE + X'104' | <p>RSN_RWNE_Write_To_Dir</p> <p>A write was requested against a directory</p> <p>Probable cause: A data write was requested against a directory. Only data files can be written into.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that write requests are not issued against directories.</p>  |
| RSN_RWNE + X'105' | <p>RSN_RWNE_Access_Error</p> <p>The Set User/Group ID permission flags (S-bits) could not be cleared for a write.</p> <p>Probable cause: There was an error in the security package.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the security package is working correctly.</p>   |

## GFUGSYML: vn\_symlink( ) – Create Symbolic Link

The component identifier is RSN\_SYML. The module ID halfword is X'5B55'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_SYML +<br>HFS_RSN_Access_Denied (X'0002')      | <p>RSN_SYML_Access_Denied</p> <p>The current (requesting) process does not have the requested access authority to the file, or directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: A higher access authority is being requested for this file, or directory, than is defined for this user.</p> <p>Action: Verify that the correct access authority is being requested. If so, contact the file, or directory, owner and request that the access authority be changed.</p> |
| RSN_SYML +<br>HFS_RSN_RACF_Not_Installed (X'0003') | <p>RSN_SYML_RACF_Not_Installed</p> <p>No security product (for example, RACF) is installed on this system. Therefore, the user's file access authority cannot be validated.</p> <p>Probable cause: System installation error.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system support programmer to correct the situation.</p>   |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_SYML + X'101' | <p>RSN_SYML_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_SYML + X'102' | <p>RSN_SYML_Internal_Error</p> <p>The module is in recovery and the reason code was not set prior to entry into cleanup.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_SYML + X'104' | <p>RSN_SYML_Make_FSP_Error</p> <p>An error occurred while creating a File Security Packet.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                 |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_SYML + X'105' | <p>RSN_SYML_Parent_Not_Dir</p> <p>The parent is not a directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: An invalid parent was passed in during the call.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_SYML + X'107' | <p>RSN_SYML_Create_ReadOnly</p> <p>The file system is read-only, yet a symbolic link operation is being called.</p> <p>Probable cause: A symbolic link operation is performed on a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Action: Mount the HFS with read-write permission.</p>  |
| RSN_SYML + X'108' | <p>RSN_SYML_Dir_Removed</p> <p>The parent directory has been removed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another process has removed the directory.</p> <p>Action: If another process did not remove the file, send the problem to IBM Support. Otherwise it is a normal path.</p>  |
| RSN_SYML + X'109' | <p>RSN_SYML_File_Already_Exists</p> <p>The file to be created already exists in the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The name of the file to be created matches one already in the directory.</p> <p>Action: Specify a different name.</p>  |
| RSN_SYML + X'110' | <p>RSN_SYML_Reserved_Space_Low</p> <p>There are not enough free pages to carry out this call.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS is almost full.</p> <p>Action: Extend the HFS. Send the problem to IBM Support if the HFS is not near full.</p>  |
| RSN_SYML + X'111' | <p>RSN_SYML_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>Parent directory is locked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_SYML + X'112' | <p>RSN_SYML_WAITX_Fail</p> <p>The call has timed out trying to acquire the lock for the parent directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: Other processes are utilizing the parent directory.</p> <p>Action: Processes using the parent directory should release this resource. If no processes are using the parent directory, send the problem to IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUGTRUN

### GFUGTRUN: Truncate File to Specified Offset

The component identifier is RSN\_GTRUN. The module ID halfword is X'5B56'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_GTRUN + X'101' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: The recovery stack is full.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                          |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'102' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_Internal_Error</p> <p>An unidentified internal error occurred.</p> <p>Probable cause: A program check occurred but no specific reason code was specified.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                            |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'103' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_RdWr_Fail</p> <p>An internal call to clear a page failed with an internal error (that is, a non-UNIX return code).</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'104' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_Trunc_Buffer_Error</p> <p>The internal call to eliminate the buffers for a truncated part of a file failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                       |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'105' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_Sync_Fail</p> <p>Scheduling a file system sync failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: GFUARQUE or GFUBSYNC failed.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'106' | <p>RSN_GTRUN_RNODE_In_Use</p> <p>The file is in use by another task that has not released it for a long time.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another task is monopolizing the file.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that no one task monopolizes any given file.</p> |



| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_GTRUN + X'107' | <p data-bbox="656 212 948 243">RSN_GTRUN_WAITX_Fail</p> <p data-bbox="656 264 1365 296">An internal error occurred while waiting for a file to be available.</p> <p data-bbox="656 317 1430 380">Probable cause: An internal error occurred while waiting for a file to be available.</p> <p data-bbox="656 401 1110 432">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                                 |
| RSN_GTRUN + X'108' | <p data-bbox="656 443 1008 474">RSN_GTRUN_Read_FPM_Failed</p> <p data-bbox="656 495 1344 527">The internal function to read FPMs for this file from disk failed.</p> <p data-bbox="656 548 1084 579">Probable cause: There was an I/O error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 600 1430 663">Action: Make sure I/O to the HFS is working correctly and that it is not corrupt. Otherwise, contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUIARPN – Assign Real RPNs to Attribute Directory Pages

The component identifier is RSN\_IARPN. The module ID halfword is X'5B9E'.

The global reason codes:

| Value                                     | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_IARPN + IMF_Root_Is_Damaged (X'A076') | <p>RSN_IARPN_Root_Is_Damaged</p> <p>A relative page number (RPN) validity check is made when an RPN is acquired from the root page's free space list of available pages. In this case, the RPN that represents an available index page is found to be have an invalid value.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a free space management logic error, or a storage overlay.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IARPN + X'100' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error. More likely than not the error occurred since the last HFS file system Sync operation.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IARPN + X'101' | <p>RSN_IARPN_No_Pages_To_ARPN</p> <p>This is an informational message, not an error. It indicates the GFUIARPN was called to perform work on any changed index pages in the Attributes Directory, but there was not real work to perform.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller, GFUBSYNC, made an unnecessary call to GFUIARPN. This is not an error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IARPN + X'103' | <p>RSN_IARPN_ND_ARPN_Call</p> <p>A validity check is made when GFUIARPN is called to process the changed index pages of the HFS Attribute Directory. This error indicates that the caller of GFUIARPN has passed a Name Directory (ND) to the GFUIARPN instead of an Attributes Directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in HFS File System sync processing. GFUIARPN should never be called to process Name Directories.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IARPN + X'104' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Index_Is_Damaged</p> <p>Several index page validity checks are made while GFUIARPN processes changed index pages within the HFS's Attribute Directory. If one of the many validity checks determines an index page inconsistency, then GFUIARPN causes an abend 0F4 with this reason code.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page was probably damaged since the last HFS file system sync operation.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IARPN + X'105' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Sort_Exception</p> <p>GFUIARPN will call sort to sort the root page's free space list in ascending order. If the sort was not successful, then GFUIARPN will cause an abend with this reason code.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a programming logic error in GFUIARPN.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IARPN + X'106' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Delete_Great_Or_Least</p> <p>When an HFS index page becomes empty, it will be deleted during HFS file system sync processing, with the exception of a couple of the directories' index pages that must be kept to maintain the index structure. This error indicates that GFUIARPN incorrectly attempted to delete one of the index great or least pages. These pages should never be deleted.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIARPN.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IARPN + X'107' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Target_Calc_Error</p> <p>As part of Attribute Directory processing, GFUIARPN repopulates the Attribute Directory root index page's free space list with a reserved, and unused, number of index pages. The number of free index pages is calculated, and then the calculation is validity checked to ensure a valid calculated value.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a programming logic error in GFUIARPN.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IARPN + X'108' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Dup_RPNs_On_FSL</p> <p>As part of the Attribute Directory processing, GFUIARPN makes a validity check of the root index page's free space list (FSL). In this case duplicate RPNs were found to be in the free space list. This is an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error within the GFUIARPN. It should not free a page twice.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUIARPN

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IARPN + X'109' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Dup_RPNs_On_FADS</p> <p>As part of the Attribute Directory processing, GFUIARPN will call GFUAFADS to free any index pages that are no longer required. Before passing the list of freed pages to GFUADS, GFUIARPN makes a validity check of the list of RPNs in the parameter list. In this case, duplicate RPNs were found in the parameter list. This is an error.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error within the GFUIARPN. It should not free a page twice.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                           |
| RSN_IARPN + X'10A' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Dup_RPN_Assigned</p> <p>As part of the Attribute Directory processing, GFUIARPN will assign a new index page, represented by a RPN, to any changed or new page within the Attributes Directory. GFUIARPN will check the hash table to ensure that a newly assigned RPN is not already assigned to the directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error within the GFUIARPN. Index pages cannot have duplicate assignments.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IARPN + X'10C' | <p>RSN_IARPN_Sync_And_Read_IBLK</p> <p>As part of Attribute Directory processing, GFUIARPN will check the validity of the sync flags. An IBlock had both a read flag and a sync flag turned on. This is an error condition and should not occur.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page's IBlock will be updated during normal file change processing. Any IBlock that is marked as a read page should not be sync'd to disk. Therefore, if a read IBlock is marked sync processing, a logic error has occurred.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUICPDL – Delete a Compressed Format Record**

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPDL. The module ID halfword is X'5B82'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_ICPDL +<br>IMF_Delete_Page_Full (X'A41F') | RSN_ICPDL_Page_Full<br>The page was full.<br>Probable cause: The key right after the key that is to be deleted was front compressed and the expansion of the key requires more space than the space to be deleted. So a split is needed to perform delete.<br>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. |
| RSN_ICPDL +<br>IMF_Empty_Page (X'A415')       | RSN_ICPDL_Empty_Page<br>The page is empty.<br>Probable cause: The page was already empty.<br>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned.  |

The local reason codes: None

## GFUICPEX

### GFUICPEX – Extract a Compressed Format Record

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPEX. The module ID halfword is X'5B80'.

The global reason codes:

| Value                                       | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_ICPEX +<br>IMF_At_End_Of_Page (X'A419') | RSN_ICPEX_Page_End<br>This is the end of the page.<br><br>Probable cause: Last extract request has extracted the last record in the page.<br><br>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that was returned. |
| RSN_ICPEX +<br>IMF_FeedBack_Full (X'A418')  | RSN_ICPEX_Fdbk_Full The feedback area that was passed from caller is full.<br><br>Probable cause: The feedback is filled up by extract.<br><br>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned.    |

The local reason codes: None

## GFUICPIN – Insert a Compressed Format Record

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPIN. The module ID halfword is X'5B81'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_ICPIN +<br>IMF_Insert_Key_Out_Of_Order (X'A420') | <p>RSN_ICPIN_Invalid_Insertion</p> <p>The insert key is greater than the low threshold key (LTK).</p> <p>Probable cause: The LTK of the page is corrupted or the insert is bad.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ICPIN +<br>IMF_Insrt_End_Of_Page (X'A41D')       | <p>RSN_ICPIN_End_Of_Pg</p> <p>Insertion is at the end of the page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is not an error. The caller needs to know this reason code.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>                      |
| RSN_ICPIN +<br>IMF_Insert_Page_Full (X'A41A')        | <p>RSN_ICPIN_Page_Full</p> <p>The index page does not have space to insert.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is not an error. The caller needs to know this reason code.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support</p>              |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ICPIN + X'101' | <p>RSN_ICPIN_Segment_Full</p> <p>The total number of records exceeds 255.</p> <p>Probable cause: This abend is to avoid corrupting the index page.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>      |
| RSN_ICPIN + X'102' | <p>RSN_ICPIN_Invalid_New_Space</p> <p>The free space should always greater than or equal to 9.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>      |
| RSN_ICPIN + X'103' | <p>RSN_ICPIN_Invalid_Compression</p> <p>The record length should always greater than or equal to 9.</p> <p>Probable cause: The new record is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUICPJJ – Join Index Pages**

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPJJ. The module ID halfword is X'5B98'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPJJ +</li> <li>IMF_Index_Page_Damaged (X'A033')</li> </ul> | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Index_Page_Damaged</p> <p>The key in the high page which is the greatest page is less than the low key.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ICPJJ + X'100' | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>The key in the high page which is the greatest page is less than the low key.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ICPJJ + X'101' | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Empty_High_Page</p> <p>High page is empty.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller does not have to know two pages are empty or not. This is a normal.</p> <p>Action: Caller will get a RC_INFO.</p>  |
| RSN_ICPJJ + X'102' | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Insufficient_Space</p> <p>The low page does not have space left.</p> <p>Probable cause: The records in the high page exceed the free space in the low page.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ICPJJ + X'103' | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Invalid_Join_Call</p> <p>The page is the greatest page.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller passed in the wrong page or a middle page has greatest flag on.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ICPJJ + X'104' | <p>RSN_ICPJJ_Invalid_IBLK_Ptr</p> <p>The IBlock pointer (IBLK) is nonzero.</p> <p>Probable cause: This check is at the beginning of the page. IBlock pointers should be zero. If not, there may be a serialization problem.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |



| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ICPJN + X'105' | <p>RSN_ICPJN_Buffer_Swap_Error</p> <p>The BDE in the IBlock is wrong.</p> <p>Probable cause: The new BDE is not swapped into the low IBlock.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ICPJN + X'106' | <p>RSN_ICPJN_Record_Count_Error</p> <p>The record count in the low page is wrong.</p> <p>Probable cause: Move did not perform correctly.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ICPJN + X'107' | <p>RSN_ICPJN_Invalid_Target</p> <p>The control structure describing the target page is in an invalid state. The target page is a read copy.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ICPJN + X'108' | <p>RSN_ICPJN_Invalid_Parent</p> <p>The control structure describing the parent page is in an invalid state. The parent page is a read copy.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ICPJN + X'109' | <p>RSN_ICPJN_Index_Damage</p> <p>The parent page is expected to be the root, but flags indicate otherwise.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>                                  |

## GFUICPSC – Scan a Compressed Format Page

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPSC. The module ID halfword is X'5B83'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>• IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413')</li> </ul> | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Found_Greater</p> <p>IMF found the key that is greater than the input key.</p> <p>Probable cause: Most of the time, this is not an error case. If there is an abend, then IMF did not find what the caller expects.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>               |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>• IMF_Found_Equal (X'A411')</li> </ul>        | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Found_Equal</p> <p>The key is found in the index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>• IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')</li> </ul>          | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Not_Found</p> <p>IMF did not find the key.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>• IMF_Try_Previous (X'A41B')</li> </ul>       | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Try_Prev</p> <p>IMF did not find the key in the current page. The key might be found in the previous page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>• IMF_Try_Next (X'A41C')</li> </ul>           | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Try_Next</p> <p>IMF did not find the key in the current page. The key might be found in the next page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>     |

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>IMF_Found_Less_Than (X'A412')</li> </ul>    | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Found_LT</p> <p>IMF found a key that is less than the input key.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>    |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413')</li> </ul> | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Found_GT</p> <p>IMF found a key that is greater than the input key.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>IMF_Unx_Record_Type (X'A074')</li> </ul>    | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Unexpected_Record_Type</p> <p>The record format is wrong.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page might be corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>IMF_At_End_Of_Page (X'A419')</li> </ul>     | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Page_End</p> <p>IMF search hit the end of the index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>           |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RSN_ICPSC +</li> <li>IMF_FeedBack_Full (X'A418')</li> </ul>      | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Fdbk_Full</p> <p>The feedback area that was passed in is full.</p> <p>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>      |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ICPSC + X'100' | <p>RSN_ICPSC_Unexpected_Record_Length</p> <p>The record length is 0, which should never happen.</p> <p>Probable cause: The record is a corrupted record or the index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUICPSG – Resegment a Compressed Format Index Page

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPSG. The module ID halfword is X'5B84'.

The global reason codes:

| Value                                       | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_ICPSG +<br>IMF_Split_On_Reseg (X'A41E') | RSN_ICPSG_Need_to_Split<br><br>An index split is needed.<br><br>Probable cause: Caller needs to know this reason code to determine what to do. This might not be an error case.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ICPSG + X'100' | RSN_ICPSG_Unexpected_Record_Type<br><br>The key length is wrong.<br><br>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'101' | RSN_ICPSG_Illegally_Reseged_Record_Type<br><br>The compressed key length is wrong<br><br>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.  |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'102' | RSN_ICPSG_No_Segment<br><br>There is no segment in this index page, which should never happen.<br><br>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'103' | RSN_ICPSG_Invalid_Segment<br><br>Segment length is wrong.<br><br>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.  |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'104' | RSN_ICPSG_Move_Beyond_Page_End<br><br>The total length of all the records in the page is wrong.<br><br>Probable cause: The Index Page Control Information (ICTL) in the index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support. |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ICPSG + X'105' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Invalid_Rec_Len</p> <p>The Index Internal Compressed Record Format (ICPR) length is 0, which should never happen.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>                         |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'106' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Move_Beyond_Seg_End</p> <p>The total length of the records in the segment does not match the length in the segment header.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'107' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Invalid_Seg_Len</p> <p>The segment length is wrong.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'108' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Invalid_Num_Of_Recs</p> <p>The total number of records in the page does not match the count in the Index Page Control Information (ICTL).</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'109' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Bad_Seg</p> <p>The segment cursor moves beyond the end of boundary.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'110' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Bad_Rec_Num</p> <p>The total number of records does not match the checking records.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ICPSG + X'111' | <p>RSN_ICPSG_Bad_Seg_Num</p> <p>The total number of segments does not match the Index Page Control Information (ICTL) count.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.</p>                           |

**GFUICPSP – Split a Compressed Format Page**

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPSP. The module ID halfword is X'5B85'.

The global reason codes:

| <b>Value</b>                                   | <b>Description</b>   |
|--|--|
| RSN_ICPSP +<br>IMF_Split_End_Of_Page (X'A7F7') | RSN_ICPSP_End_Of_Page<br>Split at the end of the page.<br><br>Probable cause: This is not an error case. The caller needs to know this information.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes:

| <b>Value</b>       | <b>Description</b>   |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ICPSP + X'100' | RSN_ICPSP_Unexpected_Record_Length<br>Segment length is 0, which should never happen.<br><br>Probable cause: The index page is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_ICPSP + X'101' | RSN_ICPSP_Low_Threshold_Key_Error<br><br>The key is not in the correct format, which should contain Affinity Number (AFN) or File Serial Number (FSN) information.<br><br>Probable cause: The low threshold key (LTK) is corrupted.<br><br>Action: Collect the dump information and contact IBM Support. |

**GFUICPUP – Update a Compressed Format Record**

The component identifier is RSN\_ICPUP. The module ID halfword is X'5B9A'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_ICPUP +<br>IMF_Update_Page_Full (X'A417') | <p data-bbox="818 373 1068 401">RSN_ICPUP_Page_Full</p> <p data-bbox="818 422 1458 485">The index page does not have enough room to hold the new record.</p> <p data-bbox="818 506 1458 569">Probable cause: The update to the record requires more room than is available in this page.</p> <p data-bbox="818 590 1458 640">Action: The caller will call split after it detects this reason code.</p> |

The local reason codes: None

**GFUIGSIB – Find Sibling Page or Index Record**

The component identifier is RSN\_IGSIB. The module ID halfword is X'5B88'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_IGSIB +<br>IMF_Page_Not_Found (X'A03B')     | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Page_Not_Found</p> <p>The IMF Get Sibling Page routine, GFUIGSIB, attempted to read the next page from its current position and found that the current position was the greatest page on the index level.</p> <p>Probable cause: The current index page is the highest page for that level. This is not an error.</p> <p>Action: The caller of GFUIGSIB called for a page higher than the greatest page in the index. This is not an error. GFUIGSIB returns this information in the reason code field. The caller then will know that the record that it is searching for cannot be found.</p> |
| RSN_IGSIB +<br>IMF_Index_Page_Damaged (X'A033') | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Index_Page_Damaged</p> <p>The IMF Get Sibling Page routine, (X'A033') GFUIGSIB, attempted to read the next page from its current position and found that the current page address is the same as its sibling page address.</p> <p>Probable cause: Duplicate RPN assignment due to a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

The local reason codes::

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IGSIB + X'100' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_IMF_Invalid_Root</p> <p>The root page was found to be invalid when that root page of an index was read from disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IGSIB + X'101' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Parent_Not_Found</p> <p>There is no parent for the page requested.</p> <p>Probable cause: A parent is requested for the root page.</p> <p>Action: This reason code is for IBM use only. No customer action.</p>  |



| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IGSIB + X'102' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Page_Level_Mismatch</p> <p>A page in the HFS index is found to be inconsistent with the index.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IGSIB + X'103' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Invalid_VPTVFN</p> <p>A relative page of the file could not be translated to a page on disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IGSIB + X'104' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_IO_Error</p> <p>An I/O error occurred while trying to read in a page.</p> <p>Probable cause: An I/O problem exists in the system.</p> <p>Action: Resolve the I/O issue.</p>  |
| RSN_IGSIB + X'105' | <p>RSN_IGSIB_Media_Error</p> <p>An I/O error occurred while trying to read in a page.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is a problem with the physical media.</p> <p>Action: Resolve the issue of the physical media.</p>                    |

**GFUIDEL – Delete Index Record**

The component identifier is RSN\_IIDEL. The module ID halfword is X'5B89'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_IIDEL +<br>IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413') | <p data-bbox="789 369 1084 394">RSN_IIDEL_Found_Greater</p> <p data-bbox="789 422 1406 478">An index search has resulted in a record greater than the key.</p> <p data-bbox="789 506 1433 583">Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p data-bbox="789 617 1406 699">Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. This reason code is normally associated with a Generic_Delete search.</p>   |
| RSN_IIDEL +<br>IMF_Found_Equal (X'A411')        | <p data-bbox="789 716 1065 741">RSN_IIDEL_Found_Equal</p> <p data-bbox="789 768 1305 793">An index search has resulted in an exact match.</p> <p data-bbox="789 821 1433 898">Probable cause: The index was searched using a key that is supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did not expect to find the record.</p> <p data-bbox="789 932 1406 1073">Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is a read or update request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a insert or write request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p> |
| RSN_IIDEL +<br>IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')          | <p data-bbox="789 1089 1094 1115">RSN_IIDEL_SIR_Not_Found</p> <p data-bbox="789 1142 1256 1167">An index search has failed to find a record.</p> <p data-bbox="789 1201 1433 1278">Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did expect to find the record.</p> <p data-bbox="789 1312 1433 1451">Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is a insert or write request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a read or update request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p>       |
| RSN_IIDEL +<br>IMF_Root_Is_Damaged (X'A076')    | <p data-bbox="789 1467 1117 1493">RSN_IIDEL_Root_Is_Damaged</p> <p data-bbox="789 1520 1373 1577">The root page was found to be invalid when that root page of an index was read from disk.</p> <p data-bbox="789 1610 1417 1667">Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p data-bbox="789 1694 1385 1766">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_IIDEL +<br>IMF_Partial_Gen_Del (X'A416') | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Partial_GD</p> <p>The end of the page was reached while performing a generic deletion. The operation may need to be continued in the next page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a normal condition that occurs during a record delete operation. This is an internal reason code that is passed from the index page record delete routine to its caller.</p> <p>Action: The caller would be another IMF routine like GFUIDEL. GFUIDEL would then be required to acquire the next sibling page, and continue the generic delete operation.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IIDEL + X'100' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL found an unusual programming logic condition.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'102' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_ND_Generic_Delete</p> <p>While processing a generic delete request, GFUIDEL found the index structure was a Name Directory.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of IMF generic delete is passing an incorrect IXB address to GFUIDEL.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'103' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Rcvy_Array_Exceeded</p> <p>GFUIDEL builds a recovery array for the purpose of recovery cleanup if an abend were to occur. The recovery array is a fixed size that should be sufficient to hold the structures for a four level index.</p> <p>Probable cause: While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL found that the recovery array was of insufficient size to make a change.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUIDEL

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IIDEL + X'104' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_FSL_In_Auto</p> <p>GFUIDEL builds a copy of the index root page's Free Space List in autodata for a temporary period of time during delete processing. GFUIDEL has the responsibility of insuring the integrity of the Free Space List. To this end GFUIDEL must be aware when the Free Space List is copied into the autodata area.</p> <p>Probable cause: During GFUIDEL processing, it was found that the updated Free Space List was still in the autodata area when it should have been copied into the index root page.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'105' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Invalid_AD_New_IBLK</p> <p>While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Get_IBlock found an Attribute Directory IBlock to be wrong.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'106' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Invalid_Index_Level</p> <p>While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Get_IBlock found that an index had a level greater than four.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS Index Manager only supports an index whose size is up to and including four levels. If the index level is greater than four, then this is an error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'107' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_XM_Generic_Delete</p> <p>While processing a generic delete request, GFUIDEL found the caller was in cross memory mode.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of IMF generic delete must be in primary mode; this is an error. An incorrect IXB address is being passed to GFUIDEL.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'108' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_DOPL_Is_Damaged</p> <p>While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Get_IBlock found that a Name Directory Index's Directory Overflow Page, DOPL, had an invalid RPN.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS Index Manager does a validity check of the relative page number (RPN) within the DOPL to ensure the integrity of the HFS index structure. If an invalid RPN value is found, then this error will occur.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IIDEL + X'109' | <p data-bbox="654 212 971 243">RSN_IIDEL_DUP_FSL_RPN1</p> <p data-bbox="654 268 1438 352">While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Get_IBlock found that a Name Directory Index's Directory Overflow Page, DOPL, had an invalid RPN.</p> <p data-bbox="654 378 1446 493">Probable cause: The HFS Index Manager does a validity check of the relative page number (RPN) within the DOPL to ensure the integrity of the HFS index structure. If an invalid RPN value is found, then this error will occur.</p> <p data-bbox="654 518 1398 583">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10A' | <p data-bbox="654 590 971 621">RSN_IIDEL_DUP_FSL_RPN2</p> <p data-bbox="654 646 1438 730">While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Get_IBlock found that a Name Directory Index's Directory Overflow Page, DOPL, had an invalid RPN.</p> <p data-bbox="654 756 1446 871">Probable cause: The HFS Index Manager does a validity check of the relative page number (RPN) within the DOPL to ensure the integrity of the HFS index structure. If an invalid RPN value is found, then this error will occur.</p> <p data-bbox="654 896 1398 961">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10B' | <p data-bbox="654 968 943 999">RSN_IIDEL_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="654 1024 1341 1079">While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL found an unusual programming logic condition.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1104 1419 1159">Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1184 1398 1247">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10C' | <p data-bbox="654 1253 1057 1285">RSN_IIDEL_Invalid_Segment_Count1</p> <p data-bbox="654 1310 1398 1365">While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Update Routing Nodes found an Index page's segment structure to be incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1390 1451 1444">Probable cause: GFUIDEL detected an invalid index structure. This could be caused by index corruption.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1470 1398 1533">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10D' | <p data-bbox="654 1539 1057 1570">RSN_IIDEL_Invalid_Segment_Count2</p> <p data-bbox="654 1596 1398 1650">While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Update Routing Nodes found an Index page's segment structure to be incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1675 1451 1730">Probable cause: GFUIDEL detected an invalid index structure. This could be caused by index corruption.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1755 1398 1818">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUIDEL

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10E' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Invalid_Segment_Count3</p> <p>While processing a delete request, GFUIDEL Update Routing Nodes found an Index page's segment structure to be incorrect.</p> <p>Probable cause: GFUIDEL detected an invalid index structure. This could be caused by index corruption.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'10F' | <p>RSN_IIDE _RPN_Error</p> <p>While processing a delete record request, GFUIDEL has a check to ensure that a deleted index page, represented by a relative page number(RPN), does not exist in a parent index page as a routing node. If a deleted RPN is found during this index integrity check, GFUIDEL will set this reason code and cause an abend 0F4. The index structure is corrupted.</p> <p>Probable cause: GFUIDEL detected an invalid index structure during an index record delete operation.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIDEL + X'110' | <p>RSN_IIDEL_Index_Is_Damaged</p> <p>The index page was found to be invalid when attempting to delete the index page from disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>   |

## GFUIIUW – Insert or Update an Index Record

The component identifier is RSN\_IIIUW. The module ID halfword is X'5B8A'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_IIIUW +<br>IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413') | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Found_Greater</p> <p>An index search has resulted in a record greater than the key.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. This reason code is normally associated with Generic_Read or Generic_Delete searches.</p>   |
| RSN_IIIUW +<br>IMF_Duplicate (X'A030')          | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Duplicate</p> <p>An index search has resulted in an exact match.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did not expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is an update request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a insert or write request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW +<br>IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')          | <p>RSN_IIIUW_SIR_Not_Found</p> <p>An index search has failed to find a record.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is an insert or write request, this is to be expected. If this is a read or delete request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p>   |
| RSN_IIIUW +<br>IMF_Root_Is_Damaged (X'A076')    | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Root_Is_Damaged</p> <p>The root page was found to be invalid when the root page of an index was read from disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |

The local reason codes:

## GFUIIIUW

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IIIUW + X'100' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                              |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'101' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_In_Auto</p> <p>There was an internal error in GFUIIIUW code that was updating the index page's Free Space List. An indicator flag stated that the Free Space list was in autodata when it should have been in the index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'102' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_4_Level_Index_NewT</p> <p>An index set page insert was attempted and the index was found to be full. GFUIIIUW determined that a New_Top operation was required. Next, GFUIIIUW checked the index for the maximum level size (4) allowed for an HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS grew to its maximum supported size.</p> <p>Action: The HFS should be divided into multiple smaller HFS data sets.</p>                               |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'103' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_DOPL_Is_Damaged1</p> <p>For a Name Directory only , extra RPNs are stored in the Directory Overflow Page List record (DOPL). GFUIIIUW does a check to ensure that RPNs in the FSL are not also in the DOPL.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                       |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'104' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_DOPL_Is_Damaged2</p> <p>For a Name Directory only, extra RPNs are stored in the Directory Overflow Page List record (DOPL). GFUIIIUW does a check to ensure that RPNs in the FSL are not also in the DOPL.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                        |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'106' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Internal_Error</p> <p>An error caused fsync to enter the recovery and return code was set as success.</p> <p>Probable cause: This could be caused by a logic error in GFUIIIUW or a cancel in the middle of GFUIIIUW is issued to the user address space.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |



| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_IIIUW + X'107' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged1</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes checks to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'108' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged2</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'109' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged3</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10A' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged4</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10B' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged5</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10C' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged6</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUIIUW

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10D' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_FSL_Is_Damaged7</p> <p>During an index update operation, GFUIIUW makes various check to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10E' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_DUP_FSL_RPN1</p> <p>For a Name Directory only , extra relative page numbers (RPNs) are stored in the Root Page's Free Space List (FSL). GFUIIUW does a check to ensure that the same RPNs are not stored in the FSL twice.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'10F' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_DUP_FSL_RPN2</p> <p>For a Name Directory only , extra relative page numbers (RPNs) are stored in the Root Page's Free Space List (FSL). GFUIIUW does a check to ensure that the same RPNs are not stored in the FSL twice.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'110' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_DUP_DOPL_RPN</p> <p>For a Name Directory only , extra relative page numbers (RPNs) are stored in the Directory Overflow Page List record (DOPL). GFUIIUW does a check to ensure that duplicate RPNs do not exist within the DOPL.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIIUW.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IIIUW + X'111' | <p>RSN_IIIUW_Index_Is_Damaged</p> <p>The index page was found to be invalid when attempting to update the index page in the disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact the IBM Support Center.</p>  |

## GFUINEWT – Create a New Top Level for Index

The component identifier is RSN\_INEWT. The module ID halfword is X'5B8B'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_INEWT +<br>IMF_Insert_Key_Out_Of_Order (X'A420') | <p>RSN_INEWT_Invalid_Insertion</p> <p>Attempt to insert record with key smaller than previous record.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a programming logic error by the Index Manager. If the index was constructed correctly, then the index search and scan operation should create the positioning information to allow a record insert in the correct record sequence.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_INEWT + X'100' | <p>RSN_INEWT_Internal_Error</p> <p>A program check occurred while processing a new top request in GFUINEWT.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                                  |
| RSN_INEWT + X'102' | <p>RSN_INEWT_Bad_Greatest_Page</p> <p>A validity check failed at the end of the Index Manager new top processing.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a programming logic error by the Index Manager. The new index structure was constructed incorrectly.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUIREAD – Read an Index Record

The component identifier is RSN\_IREAD. The module ID halfword is X'5B8C'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_IREAD +<br>IMF_Need_More_Fdbk_Space (X'A02E') | <p>RSN_IREAD_Need_Fdbk_Space</p> <p>The caller of the HFS Index Manager did a read, and is required to provide a feedback area of sufficient size to hold the found records key plus data.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller's feedback area is too small. The Index Manager cannot move the record into the feedback area.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. Create a larger index feedback area for the record type.</p>                                   |
| RSN_IREAD +<br>IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413')   | <p>RSN_IREAD_Found_Greater</p> <p>An index search has resulted in a record greater than the key.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. This reason code is normally associated with a Generic_Read search.</p>  |
| RSN_IREAD +<br>IMF_Found_Equal (X'A411')          | <p>RSN_IREAD_Found_Equal</p> <p>An index search has resulted in an exact match.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error, unless the caller didn't expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is a read or update request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a insert or write request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p> |
| RSN_IREAD +<br>IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')            | <p>RSN_IREAD_SIR_Not_Found</p> <p>An index search has failed to find a record.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is a insert or write request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a read or delete request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p>      |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_IREAD + X'107' | <p data-bbox="633 210 1425 241">RSN_IREAD_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="633 262 1425 325">While processing a read request, GFUIREAD found an unusual programming logic condition.</p> <p data-bbox="633 346 1425 409">Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p data-bbox="633 430 1425 493">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUISRCH – Search for an Index Record

The component identifier is RSN\_ISRCH. The module ID halfword is X'5B8D'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Found_Greater_Than (X'A413') | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Found_Greater</p> <p>An index search has resulted in a record greater than the key.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. This reason code is normally associated with Generic_Read or Generic_Delete searches.</p>   |
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Found_Equal (X'A411')        | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Found_Equal</p> <p>An index search has resulted in an exact match.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error, unless the caller didn't expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is a read or update request, this reason is to be expected. If this is an insert or write request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p> |
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')          | <p>RSN_ISRCH_SIR_Not_Found</p> <p>An index search has failed to find a record.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index was searched using a key supplied by the caller. This is not necessarily considered an error unless the caller did expect to find the record.</p> <p>Action: The caller of the Index Manager should be aware of the reason code that is returned. If this is an insert or write request, this reason is to be expected. If this is a read or delete request, this reason could be a cause for concern.</p>      |
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Invalid_Cursor (X'A04D')     | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Invalid_Cursor</p> <p>While processing an index search request, GFUISRCH, found the cursor that was passed in from the caller was not valid.</p> <p>Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the calling program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Unx_Record_Type (X'A074')    | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Unexpected_Record_Type</p> <p>While searching an index, GFUISRCH will check the index page structure for validity. The index page was found to be invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>            |
| RSN_ISRCH +<br>IMF_Index_Page_Damaged (X'A033') | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Index_Page_Damaged</p> <p>The index page was found to be invalid. The index page's low threshold key is not consistent with the key in the parent page's down pointer</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ISRCH + X'100' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'101' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Serialize_Error</p> <p>GFUISRCH found an IBlock for an index page that is marked for update when it should be marked as read. Another thread is updating an index while this thread is attempting to search the index.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager should ensure proper serialization before a call to the Index Manager.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUISRCH

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ISRCH + X'102' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_IO_Error</p> <p>GFUISRCH found an inconsistent index structure. An additional call to check for a write protect error indicates that there was an I/O error during write protect.</p> <p>Probable cause: The use of HFS should ensure that an HFS did not violate an HFS data set sharing rule.</p> <p>Action: Check to see if the HFS was mounted on two systems at the same time.</p>   |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'103' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Lvl_GT_Parent</p> <p>The index page was found to be invalid. The index page's low threshold key is not consistent with the key in the parent page's down pointer.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'104' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Routing_Key_Error</p> <p>An HFS directory's index page was found to be invalid. The index page's low threshold key is not consistent with the key in the parent page's down pointer. Either the in-storage data representing the index is invalid, or the data as it resides on disk is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: In some cases, an unmount and remount will clear the problem if it hasn't hardened on disk; otherwise, the HFS will have to be restored from a good backup, or recreated. Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'105' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Invalid_VPTVFN</p> <p>While processing the Attribute Directory IBlocks for file system, a call is made to Locate_AD_Page to obtain the VPT_VFN for the assigned RPN. Locate_AD_Page returned a VPT_VFN value of zero. This means that the RPN is not a valid value.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in HFS AD page allocation.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'106' | <p>RSN_ISRCH_Negative_RPN_On_Disk</p> <p>While processing the Attribute Directory IBlocks for the file system, an index page's routing node was found to have a relative page number (RPN) with a negative value. This is a temporary RPN that should be resolved during the file system sync operation.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIARP where all temporary RPNs are assigned a real RPN value before writing the index page to disk.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |



| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ISRCH + X'107' | <p data-bbox="654 212 1024 243">RSN_ISRCH_Deleted_Page_Found</p> <p data-bbox="654 268 1456 384">While processing the Attribute Directory IBlocks for the file system, a call is made to Locate_AD_Page to obtain the VPT_VFN for the assigned RPN. Locate_AD_Page returned a VPT_VFN value of zero. This means that the RPN is not a valid value.</p> <p data-bbox="654 409 1456 464">Probable cause: This is a logic error in HFS Attribute Directory (AD) page allocation.</p> <p data-bbox="654 489 1456 554">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'108' | <p data-bbox="654 560 951 592">RSN_ISRCH_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="654 617 1456 672">While processing an index search request, GFUISRCH found an unusual programming logic condition.</p> <p data-bbox="654 697 1456 751">Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p data-bbox="654 777 1456 842">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'109' | <p data-bbox="654 848 989 879">RSN_ISRCH_DSB_Chain_Error</p> <p data-bbox="654 905 1456 989">While processing an index search request, GFUISRCH attempted to free a data space buffer. The data space buffer was found to have an invalid DSB chain value.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1014 1456 1068">Probable cause: An unusual error occurred in the program's logic. This condition must be corrected.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1094 1456 1157">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'10A' | <p data-bbox="654 1163 995 1194">RSN_ISRCH_Root_Is_Damaged</p> <p data-bbox="654 1220 1456 1274">The root page was found to be invalid when that root page of an index was read from disk.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1299 1456 1331">Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1356 1456 1419">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ISRCH + X'10B' | <p data-bbox="654 1425 935 1457">RSN_ISRCH_Media_Error</p> <p data-bbox="654 1482 1456 1566">GFUISRCH found an inconsistent index structure. An additional call to check for a write protect error indicates that there was a MEDIA error during write protect.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1591 1456 1646">Probable cause: The use of the HFS should ensure that an HFS did not violate an HFS data set sharing rule.</p> <p data-bbox="654 1671 1456 1728">Action: Check to see if the HFS was mounted on two systems at the same time.</p>   |

## GFUISYNC – Create Index Page BDE Chain for Hardening

The component identifier is RSN\_ISYNC. The module ID halfword is X'5B8E'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_ISYNC +<br>IMF_Root_Is_Damaged (X'A076') | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Root_Is_Damaged</p> <p>While processing the directory IBlocks for file system sync, a check is made to ensure that the index page is structurally sound. It is better to abend here than to write the index page to disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in somewhere in the HFS.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ISYNC + X'100' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Internal_Logic_Error</p> <p>Internal error in Index Read Management Functions (IRF) code. A logical error was detected while processing records within a directory's index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: The index page could be damaged from a previous error.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                                |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'101' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_No_Pages_To_Sync</p> <p>GFUISYNC was called to sync an index, but there is nothing to sync.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a not a logic error; there is nothing to do.</p> <p>Action: No action.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'102' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_AD_RPN</p> <p>While processing the Attributes Directory IBlocks for file system sync, an RPN was found to have a negative value. A negative value is a temporary that should have been resolved by a prior call to GFUIARP.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ISYNC + X'103' | <p data-bbox="651 212 1047 243">RSN_ISYNC_Delete_Great_Or_Least</p> <p data-bbox="651 268 1458 415">When an HFS index page becomes empty, it is deleted during HFS file system sync processing, except for a couple of the directories' index pages that must be kept to maintain the index structure. This error indicates that GFUISYNC incorrectly attempted to delete one of the index great or least pages. These pages should never be deleted.</p> <p data-bbox="651 436 1203 468">Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p data-bbox="651 489 1398 548">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'104' | <p data-bbox="651 560 1003 592">RSN_ISYNC_Index_Is_Damaged</p> <p data-bbox="651 617 1450 701">While processing the directory IBlocks for file system sync, a check is made to ensure that the index page is structurally sound. It is better to abend here than to write the index page to disk.</p> <p data-bbox="651 722 1255 753">Probable cause: This is a logic error somewhere in HFS.</p> <p data-bbox="651 774 1398 833">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'105' | <p data-bbox="651 848 959 879">RSN_ISYNC_Sort_Exception</p> <p data-bbox="651 905 1458 989">GFUISYNC will call sort to sort the root page's free space list in ascending order. If the sort was not successful, then GFUISYNC will cause an abend with this reason code.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1010 1203 1041">Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1062 1398 1121">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'106' | <p data-bbox="651 1136 976 1167">RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Hi_RPN</p> <p data-bbox="651 1192 1450 1308">While processing the Name Directory RPNs for file system sync, a check is made to ensure that the highest RPN within the directory is not higher than the highest RPN within the directory's Fragment Parcel MAP. This is another integrity check before the HFS is updated on disk.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1329 1360 1360">Probable cause: This is a logic error in somewhere in GFUISYNC.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1381 1398 1440">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'107' | <p data-bbox="651 1453 1057 1484">RSN_ISYNC_Locate_AD_Page_Failed</p> <p data-bbox="651 1509 1442 1625">While processing the Attribute Directory IBlocks for file system sync, a call is made to Locate_AD_Page to obtain the VPT_VFN for the assigned RPN. Locate_AD_Page returned a VPT_VFN value of zero. This means that the RPN is not a valid value.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1646 1338 1677">Probable cause: This is a logic error in HFS AD page allocation.</p> <p data-bbox="651 1698 1398 1757">Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUISYNC

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ISYNC + X'108' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Collapse_ND_Call</p> <p>For a Name Directory only, if the directory is empty, then GFUISYNC will collapse the directory and free all of the excess directory pages. For some reason, a call to collapse the Name Directory occurred when the directory was not empty.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'109' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_DOPL_Is_Damaged</p> <p>For a Name Directory only, extra RPNs are stored in the Directory Overflow Page List record (DOPL). GFUISYNC does a check to ensure that RPNs in the FSL are not also in the DOPL.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10A' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_FSL_Error</p> <p>During an index sync operation, GFUISYNC makes various checks to ensure the validity of any changes to the Free Space List.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10B' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Free_AD_RPN_Error</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC attempted to free an RPN for an Attribute Directory. GFUISYNC should only free RPNs for name directories.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIARP processing. All Attribute Directory deleted IBlocks should be processed by GFUIARP before GFUISYNC is called.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10C' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Free_ND_RPN_Error</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC attempted to free an RPN for an Attribute Directory. GFUISYNC should only free RPNs for name directories.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUIARP processing. All Attribute Directory deleted IBlocks should be processed by GFUIARP before GFUISYNC is called.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10D' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Free_Root_Page_RPN_Error</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC attempted to free an RPN that belonged to the root of the directory. These RPNs are not returned for reuse.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10E' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Segment_Count1</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC encountered a problem while stepping through all of the records and segments in an index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'10F' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Segment_Count2</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC encountered a problem while stepping through all of the records and segments in an index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'110' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Segment_Count3</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC encountered a problem while stepping through all of the records and segments in an index page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>                |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'111' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Check_RPN_Logic_Error</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC detected a logic error in the RPN integrity checking routine.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUISYNC

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_ISYNC + X'112' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Dup_RPN_Assigned</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC detected that the RPN to be freed was assigned, and in use by another IBlock.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'113' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Down_Delete1</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC detected that the parent of the deleted page had an index level of one. This would indicate that the parent page was a sequence set page.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_ISYNC + X'114' | <p>RSN_ISYNC_Invalid_Parent_IBLK</p> <p>This is a check in Free RPN processing. If the IBlock is marked for deletion, then GFUISYNC will free the RPN for reuse. This abend occurred because GFUISYNC detected that the parent of the deleted page did not need to be sync'd. This is an error because when a low-level page needs to be sync'd, then the parent should be updated and marked as needing sync also.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is a logic error in GFUISYNC.</p> <p>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUNCNDS: vn\_cnnds()– Create New I/O Buffer Data Space**

The component identifier is RSN\_CNDS. The module ID halfword is X'5BB1'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_CNDS + X'102' | <p>RSN_CNDS_ALESERV_Failed</p> <p>The Access Authorization to the data space could not be established (via ALESERV).</p> <p>Probable cause: General operating system malfunction.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that all necessary components are functional, or contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_CNDS + X'104' | <p>RSN_CNDS_DSB_GETMAIN_Failed</p> <p>A GETMAIN failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS is out of memory.</p> <p>Action: Provide more memory for the HFS.</p>   |
| RSN_CNDS + X'105' | <p>RSN_CNDS_Unable_To_Obtain_NewDS</p> <p>A new data space could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: The HFS has reached the maximum number of data spaces it can handle; or the HFS has reached the maximum amount of virtual memory specified using the shell command <b>confighfs -v n</b> (where v is Virtual Max, VMAX).</p> <p>Action: Use <b>confighfs -v n</b> to change the VMAX setting.</p> |
| RSN_CNDS + X'106' | <p>RSN_CNDS_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p>The recovery routine could not be stacked.</p> <p>Probable cause: Out of stack space, or the maximum number of routines has been stacked.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that there is enough stack space for HFS to stack its recoveries.</p>  |
| RSN_CNDS + X'108' | <p>RSN_CNDS_Get_AMIB_Latch_Failed</p> <p>The AMIB latch (one per HFS system) could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: Since the request is unconditional, only an internal error in HFS or SSF should cause this.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_CNDS + X'109' | <p>RSN_CNDS_Data_Space_Create_Failed</p> <p>The new data space could not be created (via DSPSERV CREATE).</p> <p>Probable cause: No more data spaces are available for the HFS to create.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS can create enough data spaces.</p>   |

## GFUNCNDS

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_CNDS + X'10A' | <p>RSN_CNDS_Internal_Error</p> <p>An abnormal termination (abend) occurred, but no bad return codes were set.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |



**GFUNEN55: Event Code 55 Exit – SRM Storage Shortage**

The component identifier is RSN\_EN55. The module ID halfword is X'5BB4'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_EN55 + X'101' | <p data-bbox="656 432 976 457">RSN_EN55_Add_Rcvy_Failed</p> <p data-bbox="656 485 1451 541">This function was unsuccessful at adding its local recovery routine to the SSF Recovery stack.</p> <p data-bbox="656 569 1036 594">Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 621 976 646">Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_EN55 + X'102' | <p data-bbox="656 663 938 688">RSN_EN55_Internal_Error</p> <p data-bbox="656 716 1003 741">An Internal logic error occurred.</p> <p data-bbox="656 768 1076 793">Probable cause: Internal program error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 821 976 846">Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUNINIT: Data Space Buffer Manager Initialization**

The component identifier is RSN\_NINI. The module ID halfword is X'5BB0'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_NINI + X'101' | <p>RSN_NINI_ALESERV_Failed</p> <p>Could not establish access authorization to a data space</p> <p>Probable cause: General operating system failure.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that operating system is set up correctly. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_NINI + X'102' | <p>RSN_NINI_Page_Fix_Error</p> <p>Pages could not be fixed (not pageable nor releasable) in a data space</p> <p>Probable cause: General operating system failure.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the operating system is set up correctly. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_NINI + X'103' | <p>RSN_NINI_DSB_GETMAIN_Failed</p> <p>A GETMAIN request for buffer control blocks failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is not enough memory to allocate the buffer control blocks.</p> <p>Action: There is no external way of controlling how many buffers that HFS allocates. Try to determine what happened to the storage in the system.</p> |
| RSN_NINI + X'104' | <p>RSN_NINI_Data_Space_Create_Failed</p> <p>The HFS could not create a private data space for the buffers.</p> <p>Probable cause: Not enough data spaces are available to the HFS.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that there are enough data spaces available for the HFS to work with. Find out what happened to the data spaces.</p>                |
| RSN_NINI + X'105' | <p>RSN_NINI_CLM_Fail</p> <p>The CNDS latch in the AMIB (AMIB_CNDS_LATCH) could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: Another HFS has already obtained this latch.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that there is only one HFS started in the system.</p>  |
| RSN_NINI + X'106' | <p>RSN_NINI_TCBToken_TOToken_Failed</p> <p>The TCB could not be written into the AMIB.</p> <p>Probable cause: The AMIB is not writeable in data-management key (that is, 5).</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is not loaded in page-protected library.</p>   |

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_NINI + X'107' | <p>RSN_NINI_SETLOCK_Obtain_Failed</p> <p>The lock to set the TCB in the AMIB could not be obtained.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is another HFS being initialized and trying to obtain the same lock.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is initialized (started up) only once in the system.</p> |
| RSN_NINI + X'108' | <p>RSN_NINI_Set_FRR_Failed</p> <p>This initialization routine was unable to return to FRR mode.</p> <p>Probable cause: General operating system failure.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the operating system is set up correctly. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

## GFUPACL

### GFUPACL – Internal ACL Routine Handler

The component identifier is RSN\_PACL. The module ID halfword is X'5B18'.

The global reason codes:

| Value                                      | Description  |
|--|--|
| RSN_PACL +<br>HFS_RSN_ACL_SToken (X'0043') | RSN_PACL_SToken<br><br>The storage token that was generated by a GETMAIN for ACL storage does not match the standard ACL storage token.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_PACL + X'101' | RSN_PACL_Invalid_Type<br><br>An invalid ACL type was specified.<br><br>Probable cause: An internal interface conflict occurred.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.                         |
| RSN_PACL + X'102' | RSN_PACL_Truncated<br><br>An ACL to be retrieved is shorter than it should be.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.                             |
| RSN_PACL + X'103' | RSN_PACL_Bad_Length<br><br>A retrieved ACL does not have the right length: it is either shorter or longer.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |
| RSN_PACL + X'104' | RSN_PACL_Extra_Records<br><br>Unexpected trailing records after a full ACL was retrieved.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.                  |

## GFUPBFR – Internal Data Space Buffer Procedures

The component identifier is RSN\_PBFR. The module ID halfword is X'5BB2'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PBFR + X'101' | <p>RSN_PBFR_No_Available_Bfrs</p> <p>No virtual space left or there are already 64 DSBs.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>              |
| RSN_PBFR + X'102' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Page_Release_Error</p> <p>The buffer could not be released (using 'DSPSERV RELEASE).</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>      |
| RSN_PBFR + X'103' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Invalid_Bfr</p> <p>The address, ALET or index of the buffer to be freed is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>       |
| RSN_PBFR + X'104' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Page_Free_Error</p> <p>Unpinning or unfixing of the buffer failed (using DSPSERV DEFINE).</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_PBFR + X'105' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Page_Fix_Error</p> <p>Pinning or fixing of the buffer failed (using DSPSERV DEFINE).</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>      |
| RSN_PBFR + X'106' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Bad_BCA_Entry</p> <p>An available buffer was found but it is invalid.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                     |
| RSN_PBFR + X'107' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Bfr_Not_In_Use</p> <p>Attempting to free a buffer that was not in use.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                    |

## GFUPBFR

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PBFR + X'108' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Page_Free_Error1</p> <p>Unpinning or unfixing of the buffer failed (using 'DSPSERV DEFINE').</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PBFR + X'109' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Page_Free_Error2</p> <p>Unpinning or unfixing of the buffer failed (using 'DSPSERV DEFINE').</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PBFR + X'10A' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Concurrent_Access</p> <p>Concurrent manipulation of a buffer control block was detected and is not supported.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                                     |
| RSN_PBFR + X'10B' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Buffer_Loss</p> <p>A buffer control block that already has a buffer assigned to it is requesting a buffer.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PBFR + X'10C' | <p>RSN_PBFR_Doubly_Assigned</p> <p>A buffer is being assigned to more than one buffer control block at a time or an already free buffer is being freed again.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUPBLIM – Set AMIB Buffer Limits Procedure**

The component identifier is RSN\_BLM. The module ID halfword is X'5BB3'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| <b>Value</b>     | <b>Description</b>   |
|------------------|--|
| RSN_BLM + X'101' | <p>RSN_BLM_Page_Free_Error</p> <p>When FMIN (set storage minimum) for HFS buffers was processed, the DSPSERV macro encountered an error in attempting to remove buffers from the fixed chain.</p> <p>Probable cause: System error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUPFAP

### GFUPFAP – Internal Page Allocation Procedures

The component identifier is RSN\_PFAP. The module ID halfword is X'5B0E'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_PFAP +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | RSN_PFAP_Out_Of_Memory<br>A GETBLOCK for an API or LSSI failed.<br><br>Probable cause: There is no more space in the API or LSSI pools and they cannot be extended.<br><br>Action: Make sure that there is enough memory for HFS to extend its cell pools. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_PFAP + X'101' | RSN_PFAP_Pages_Alloc_Beyond_EOF<br>Pages are being allocated higher than the nominal highest allocated (this is not the EOF: it is a misnomer).<br><br>Probable cause: Memory override or Internal error.<br><br>Action: Send all the available information to IBM Support for diagnosis. |
| RSN_PFAP + X'103' | RSN_PFAP_API_Chain_Error<br>The API chain is corrupted.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.  |



**GFUPFDM: Internal File Data Manager (FDM) Functions**

The component identifier is RSN\_PFDM. The module ID halfword is X' 5B15'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PFDM + X'101' | <p>RSN_PFDM_HFRFN_Latch_Held</p> <p>The latch to serialize the High Formatted page of the HFS is still held at a point where it should have been released.</p> <p>Probable cause: An internal error occurred.</p> <p>Action: Unmounting and remounting the HFS should release the latch.</p>   |
| RSN_PFDM + X'102' | <p>RSN_PFDM_ZWrite_IO_Error</p> <p>The HFS I/O routine reported an I/O error while trying to flush file data buffers to disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: The client does not have access to an extent reported by the server.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that all the volumes used by this HFS are online and accessible to this client.</p> |
| RSN_PFDM + X'103' | <p>RSN_PFDM_ZWrite_Error</p> <p>The HFS I/O routine reported an error while trying to flush file data buffers to disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O error or internal error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that all the volumes used by this HFS are online and accessible.</p>   |

## GFUPFPM – Internal File Page Manager Procedures

The component identifier is RSN\_PFPFM. The module ID halfword is X'5B0F'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSN_PFPFM +</li> <li>• HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016')</li> </ul> | <p>RSN_PFPFM_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>A GETBLOCK from the FPMB pool failed during XP_Read_FPM or XP_Add_FPM_Pages.</p> <p>Probable cause: The FPMB pool is full and cannot be extended.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that there is enough memory for HFS cell pools to be extended.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PFPFM + X'101' | <p>RSN_PFPFM_Realloc_Same_RPN_Error</p> <p>The same RPN is being reallocated (not a sparse entry).</p> <p>Probable cause: HFS corruption or internal error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that the HFS is not corrupted or contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PFPFM + X'102' | <p>RSN_PFPFM_RPR_Ptr</p> <p>A nonzero RPR pointer was found in the RNODE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Memory override: the RPR pointer in the RNODE should always be zero.</p> <p>Action: Determine what is overriding the memory that is used by the HFS to store its RNODEs. Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PFPFM + X'103' | <p>RSN_PFPFM_Not_All_FPMs_Read</p> <p>File page count calculated from pages pointed to by FPMs does not match PFAR block count.</p> <p>Probable cause: Due to an internal logic error, not all of the FPMs were read from disk.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_PFPFM + X'104' | <p>RSN_PFPFM_Sparse_File_Read</p> <p>Debug trap: a sparse file with a file size beyond the last allocated page was detected.</p> <p>Probable cause: The file system was mounted with the NOSPARSE Mount parameter specified, and the metadata for a file was read from disk whose file size is beyond the last allocated page for the file.</p> <p>Action: This is a debug trap. If it was enabled on purpose, verify that this file system really should not contain any sparse files. If it should not contain any sparse files, send the information that is trapped to IBM Support. Otherwise, unmount and remount the file system without specifying the NOSPARSE Mount parameter.</p> |

| Value               | Description  |
|---------------------|--|
| RSN_PFPFPM + X'105' | <p data-bbox="656 212 1052 243">RSN_PFPFPM_Make_File_Sparse_Error</p> <p data-bbox="656 264 1425 327">Debug trap: a file is about to be made sparse by writing data to a page beyond the current end of the file.</p> <p data-bbox="656 348 1458 432">Probable cause: The file system was mounted with the NOSPARSE Mount parameter specified, and an application has requested to write data to an offset beyond the current end of the file.</p> <p data-bbox="656 453 1458 548">Action: This is a debug trap. If it was enabled on purpose, verify that the application did not attempt to write data beyond the current end of the file. If it did not, send the information that is trapped to IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_PFPFPM + X'106' | <p data-bbox="656 558 987 590">RSN_PFPFPM_FPM_Count_Error</p> <p data-bbox="656 611 1312 642">The file's FPM List Count exceeds the maximum valid value.</p> <p data-bbox="656 663 1036 695">Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p data-bbox="656 716 1409 781">Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p>  |

## GFUPFSCK – Internal File System Check Procedures

The component identifier is RSN\_PFSCK. The module ID halfword is X'5B13'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PFSCK + X'101' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Duplicate_VDF_VPTVFN</p> <p>The same index page is being pointed to by multiple VDF entries. This HFS is corrupted.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error. An index page was doubly allocated.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p>   |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'102' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_FPM_Item_Mismatch_Prev_HiRPN</p> <p>The FPM record key item number does not match the expected value based on the last relative page number (RPN) of the previous FPM for the file.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal error. It is probably an indication of a residual FPM that was not properly deleted.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p> |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'103' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_FPMB_NextRPN_Mismatch_PrevRPN</p> <p>The relative page number (RPN) of an FPMB entry does not match the expected value based on the RPN of the previous entry.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p>  |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'104' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Contiguous_Sparse_Entries</p> <p>Multiple contiguous sparse page entries were detected in the File's FPMB (space maps).</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p>   |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'105' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_HIRPN_Mismatch_RPN</p> <p>The file's high relative page number (RPN) does not match the expected value based on the last RPN in the FPMBs.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p>  |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PFSCK + X'106' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_FPM_Count_Error</p> <p>The file's FPM List Count exceeds the maximum valid value.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support. The only known customer workaround to this problem is to rebuild the HFS.</p> |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'107' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Invalid_FPMB</p> <p>The File Serial Number (FSN) in the FPMB does not match the FSN in the rnode.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error. The FPMB was attached to the wrong rnode.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                 |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'108' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Blocks_Mismatch</p> <p>The number of pages that are allocated to a file does not match its nominal cross-reference value.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                                   |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'109' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Unbacked_BDE</p> <p>An HFS buffer was found without a corresponding page in the data set at a time when this is not allowed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                                |
| RSN_PFSCK + X'10A' | <p>RSN_PFSCK_Invalid_Buffer</p> <p>An HFS buffer was found without a corresponding pagemap (FPM) for its file.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUPFSYN

### GFUPFSYN: Internal Client File Sync

The component identifier is RSN\_PFSYN. The module ID halfword is X'5B19'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_PFSYN +<br>HFS_RSN_Missing_FPMs (X'0042') | RSN_PFSYN_Missing_FPMs<br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |

The local reason codes: None

**GFUPIBLK – HFS IMF Get IBLK Routines**

The component identifier is RSN\_PIBLK. The module ID halfword is X'5B1A'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_PIBLK + X'101' | <p>RSN_PIBLK_Parent_Not_Found</p> <p>There is no parent for the page requested.</p> <p>Probable cause: The page that is requested is the parent of the root.</p> <p>Action: This reason code is for internal use only. No customer action.</p> |
| RSN_PIBLK + X'102' | <p>RSN_PIBLK_Page_Level_Mismatch</p> <p>A page in the HFS index is found to be inconsistent with the index.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information. Contact IBM Support.</p>        |
| RSN_PIBLK + X'103' | <p>RSN_PIBLK_Invalid_VPTVFN</p> <p>A relative page of the file could not be translated to a page on disk.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Collect the dump or error information. Contact IBM Support.</p>          |
| RSN_PIBLK + X'104' | <p>RSN_PIBLK_IO_Error</p> <p>An I/O error occurred while trying to read in a page.</p> <p>Probable cause: An I/O problem exists in the system.</p> <p>Action: Resolve the I/O issue.</p>   |
| RSN_PIBLK + X'105' | <p>RSN_PIBLK_Media_Error</p> <p>An I/O error occurred while trying to read in a page.</p> <p>Probable cause: There is a problem with the physical media.</p> <p>Action: Resolve the issue of physical media.</p>                               |

## GFUPICON

### GFUPICON – Internal Connect Index Procedure

The component identifier is RSN\_PICON. The module ID halfword is X'5B9C'.

The global reason codes:

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_PICON +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | RSN_PICON_Out_Of_Memory<br>Getting IBlock and initializing it failed.<br><br>Probable cause: The system ran out of the real memory,<br>possibly because of too many files open.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes: None



**GFUPIFRD – Internal Index Fast Read Procedure**

The component identifier is RSN\_PIFRD. The module ID halfword is X'5B9B'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_PIFRD +<br>IMF_Zero_Key_Addr (X'0049')      | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Zero_Key_Addr<br>Pointer to key is not valid.<br><br>Probable cause: The pointer to key passed in is invalid.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_PIFRD +<br>IMF_Zero_Feedback_Addr (X'A04C') | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Zero_Feedback_Addr<br>Pointer to feedback area is not valid.<br><br>Probable cause: The pointer to feedback area passed in is invalid.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.  |
| RSN_PIFRD +<br>IMF_Unx_Record_Type (X'A074')    | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Unexpected_Record_Type<br>An unexpected record type was returned from call to GFUICPSC.<br><br>Probable cause: Page is damaged.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_PIFRD +<br>IMF_Not_Found (X'A414')          | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_SIR_Not_Found<br>The key was not found in the sequence set page.<br><br>Probable cause: While reading a directory, the HFS index manager did not find the requested record.<br><br>Action: There was a missing attribute record for a file. The HFS is most probably corrupt. The HFS data set name can be found in a Logrec record that is created along with an ABEND0F4 svcdump. |
| RSN_PIFRD +<br>IMF_Found_Equal (X'A411')        | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Found_Equal<br>The key was found in the sequence set page.<br><br>Probable cause: There is a match for this key.<br><br>Action: None. The caller of this module needs to handle the case where the key is found.  |

Local reason codes:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PIFRD + X'100' | RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Internal_Logic_Error<br><br>The pointer to the root IBlock index page is invalid.<br><br>Probable cause: The Connect AD processing that sets this pointer has failed.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |

## GFUPIFRD

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PIFRD + X'101' | <p>RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Bad_IXB</p> <p>Pointer to IXB is not valid</p> <p>Probable cause: The pointer to IXB that was passed in is invalid.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PIFRD + X'102' | <p>RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Bad_IXRE</p> <p>Pointer to IXRE is not valid.</p> <p>Probable cause: The pointer to IXRE that was passed in is invalid.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_PIFRD + X'103' | <p>RSN_PIFRD_IMF_Invalid_Root</p> <p>The Index Page Control Information (ICTL) length field in the root page does not equate to the actual length of the ICTL.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUPISRV – Internal IMF Interface Procedure**

The component identifier is RSN\_PISRV. The module ID halfword is X'5B9D'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Zero_Key_Addr (X'A049')    | RSN_PISRV_IMF_Zero_Key_Addr<br>The address of the index key was found to be zero.<br><br>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide an index key. This is required on all index read and delete operations<br><br>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the key address is supplied on all IMF read and delete operations.           |
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Zero_SIR_Addr (X'A04A')    | RSN_PISRV_IMF_Zero_SIR_Addr<br>The address of the SIR was found to be zero.<br><br>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a SIR. This is required on all index insert, write, and update operations.<br><br>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the SIR address is supplied on all IMF insert, update, and write operations.   |
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Zero_Cursor_Addr (X'A04B') | RSN_PISRV_IMF_Zero_Cursor_Addr<br>The address of the index cursor was found to be zero.<br><br>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a cursor. This is required on all index generic-read operations.<br><br>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the cursor address is supplied on all IMF generic-read operations.           |
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Invalid_Cursor (X'A04D')   | RSN_PISRV_IMF_Invalid_Cursor<br>The cursor does not have a valid eyecatcher.<br><br>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a valid cursor. This is required on all index generic-read operations.<br><br>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the cursor that was supplied is initialized correctly on all IMF read operations. |

## GFUPISRV

| Value  | Description   |
|--|---|
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Invalid_Search_Mode (X'A04E') | <p>RSN_PISRV_IMF_Invalid_Search_Mode</p> <p>Invalid search mode has been specified.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a search mode that is consistent with the type of index operation requested.</p> <p>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. If the caller supplied index search mode values, ensure that they are compatible with the type of index request.</p>                      |
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Inv_Gen_Search_Mode (X'A054') | <p>RSN_PISRV_IMF_Inv_Gen_Search_Mode</p> <p>Invalid search mode has been specified with GENERIC keyword.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a search mode that is consistent with the type of index operation requested.</p> <p>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. If the caller supplied index search mode values, ensure that they are compatible with the type of index request.</p> |
| RSN_PISRV +<br>IMF_Zero_Feedback_Addr (X'A04C')  | <p>RSN_PISRV_IMF_Zero_Feedback_Addr</p> <p>The address of the feedback area was found to be zero.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a feedback area. This is required on all index read operations.</p> <p>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the feedback area address is supplied on all IMF read operations.</p>  |

The local reason codes: See the following table:

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PISRV + X'100' | <p>RSN_PISRV_IMF_Bad_IXB</p> <p>The IXB supplied by the caller does not have a valid eyecatcher.</p> <p>Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager failed to provide a valid IXB control block. The IXB is required on all calls to the Index Manager.</p> <p>Action: Check input parameters used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager. Ensure that the IXB that was supplied is initialized correctly.</p> |

| Value              | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| RSN_PISRV + X'101' | <p data-bbox="651 212 1057 243">RSN_PISRV_IMF_Bad_IUW_SIR_Len</p> <p data-bbox="651 268 1419 327">On an insert, update, or write call the length value within the SIR was invalid.</p> <p data-bbox="651 352 1435 411">Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager must set the SIR length within the SIR record.</p> <p data-bbox="651 436 1442 495">Action: Check input parameters that were used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager.</p>                                    |
| RSN_PISRV + X'103' | <p data-bbox="651 506 1057 537">RSN_PISRV_Bad_GEN_Del_Key_Len</p> <p data-bbox="651 562 1398 594">On a Generic Read call, the generic key length was an invalid value.</p> <p data-bbox="651 619 1425 678">Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager must supply a generic key length that is less than or equal to the directories' key length.</p> <p data-bbox="651 703 1442 762">Action: Check input parameters that were used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager.</p>   |
| RSN_PISRV + X'104' | <p data-bbox="651 764 1073 795">RSN_PISRV_Bad_GEN_Read_Key_Len</p> <p data-bbox="651 821 1398 852">On a Generic Read call, the generic key length was an invalid value.</p> <p data-bbox="651 877 1425 936">Probable cause: The caller of the Index Manager must supply a generic key length that is less than or equal to the directories' key length.</p> <p data-bbox="651 961 1442 1020">Action: Check input parameters that were used on the GFUISERV macro call to the HFS Index Manager.</p> |

## GFUPPLAD

### GFUPLAD – Internal Locate AD Index Page Procedure

The component identifier is RSN\_PLAD. The module ID halfword is X'5B0D'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_PLAD + X'101' | RSN_PLAD_Ran_Off_VDB_Chain<br><br>Locate_AD_page came to the end of the VDF chain, while searching the VDF chain for the target VDF page.<br><br>Probable cause: This is a structure error in the chain of VDF pages. The HFS data set is damaged.<br><br>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support. |
| RSN_PLAD + X'102' | RSN_PLAD_Bad_VDF_ID<br><br>While searching the VDF page chain, Locate_AD_page found that a VDF page was not valid.<br><br>Probable cause: This is a structure error in the chain of VDF pages. The HFS data set is damaged.<br><br>Action: Save the output from the failing job, the SVC dump, and any LOGREC data set records for the error. Contact IBM Support.                        |

### GFUPPCTL – Process vfs\_pfsctl file system functions on the server in behalf of a client

The component identifier is RSN\_PPCTL. The module ID halfword is X'5B16'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description  |
|---|--|
| RSN_PPCTL +<br>HFS_RSN_Missing_Hdr_Blob (X'002C') | RSN_GRMD_Lookup_Error<br><br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731.   |
| RSN_PPCTL +<br>HFS_RSN_Hdr_Blob_Length (X'002E')  | HFS_RSN_Hdr_Blob_Length<br><br>Refer to "HFS global reason codes" on page 731. |

The local reason codes:

| Value              | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| RSN_PPCTL + X'103' | <p>RSN_PPCTL_FS_Sync_Failed</p> <p>The HFS pfsctl service ExtendFS function in the client to extend a file system on the server experienced an out of disk space condition during HFS file system sync processing.</p> <p>Probable cause:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is not enough space in the primary allocation and no secondary allocation exists.</li> <li>• An extend was attempted but the maximum number of extents, 255, has been reached.</li> <li>• There was no free space on the volume; subsequently the HFS was unable to be extended.</li> <li>• The HFS is single volume; HFS has a multivolume limit of 59.</li> <li>• The HFS is single volume and secondary allocation, but the volume where the HFS resides does not contain enough free space for the HFS to extend.</li> <li>• The HFS is multivolume and has secondary allocation, but there are no candidate volumes that contain enough free space for the HFS to extend.</li> </ul> <p>Action: If the allocation needs to be larger, take the appropriate action. Possibly scratch unneeded data sets from the volume, or run an access method ALTER command to add more candidate volumes to the Catalog entry for the data set.</p> |

### GFUPRUP – Internal Free FPM Pages Procedure

The component identifier is RSN\_PRUP. The module ID halfword is X'5B10'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_PRUP +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | <p>RSN_PRUP_Out_Of_Memory</p> <p>A new API could not be get-blocked from the HFS cell pool.</p> <p>Probable cause: The API cell pool could not be grown.</p> <p>Action: Make sure HFS has enough memory to grow its cell pools.</p> |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_PRUP + X'101' | <p>RSN_PRUP_Used_Page_Cnt_Negative</p> <p>The number of used pages in the File System is negative.</p> <p>Probable cause: This is an internal error.</p> <p>Action: Unmount and remount the file system or contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUPURP

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_PRUP + X'102' | RSN_PRUP_VPT_Beyond_Alloc_Pages<br><br>The VPT being returned is beyond the highest VPT in the API.<br><br>Probable cause: This is an internal error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |
| RSN_PRUP + X'103' | RSN_PRUP_API_Chain_Error1<br><br>The API chain is corrupted.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_PRUP + X'104' | RSN_PRUP_API_Chain_Error2<br><br>The API chain is corrupted.<br><br>Probable cause: Internal logic error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.   |

## GFUPVDF –Internal VDF Management Procedures

The component identifier is RSN\_PVDF. The module ID halfword is X'5B11'.

The global reason codes:

| Value   | Description   |
|---|---|
| RSN_PVDF +<br>HFS_RSN_Out_Of_Memory (X'0016') | RSN_PVDF_Out_Of_Memory<br><br>Out of memory was encountered when getblocking a new VDB.<br><br>Probable cause: Either the system resources are being over utilized, or some function is not releasing storage when no longer required.<br><br>Action: Turn off functions, users, and so forth to reduce the system resource requirements and see if that alleviates the problem. If not, contact IBM Support. |

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_PVDF + X'101' | RSN_PVDF_Invalid_VDF_Page<br><br>The VDF is invalid.<br><br>Probable cause: The VDF was freed or not initialized properly.<br><br>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support. There is no known customer workaround for this problem other than reconstructing a valid VDF. |



**GFUZINIT: I/O Manager Global Initialization**

The component identifier is RSN\_ZINI. The module ID halfword is X'5BC0'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_ZINI+ X'101'  | RSN_ZINI_1MMRE_Pool_CRE8_Failed<br><br>Attempt to create a cell pool via IGWVSTR failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.    |
| RSN_ZINI + X'102' | RSN_ZINI_64MMRE_Pool_CRE8_Failed<br><br>Attempt to create a cell pool via IGWVSTR failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.   |
| RSN_ZINI + X'103' | RSN_ZINI_NullBfr_GETMAIN_Failed<br><br>Attempt to GETMAIN storage via IGWVSTR failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.       |
| RSN_ZINI + X'104' | RSN_ZINI_Load_DADSM_Ext_Routine_Failed<br><br>Attempt to load DADSM module IGG0553I failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support. |
| RSN_ZINI + X'105' | RSN_ZINI_Load_IORESUME_Routine_Failed<br><br>Attempt to load IOM module GFUZRSM failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.     |
| RSN_ZINI + X'106' | RSN_ZINI_Load_IOCAMP_Routine_Failed<br><br>Attempt to load IOM module GFUZIOTE failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.      |
| RSN_ZINI + X'107' | RSN_ZINI_Load_IOERR_Routine_Failed<br><br>Attempt to load IOM module GFUZIOER failed.<br><br>Probable cause: Possible programming error.<br><br>Action: Contact IBM Support.       |

### GFUZOER: I/O Manager Error\_Exit Entry Point

The component identifier is RSN\_IOER. The module ID halfword is X'5BC5'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_IOER + X'101' | <p>RSN_IOER_Add_Recvry_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IOER + X'102' | <p>RSN_IOER_Media_Error</p> <p>I/O request failed due to data check (reflected in sense bytes).</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible hardware error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IOER + X'103' | <p>RSN_IOER_IO_Error</p> <p>I/O request failed due to something other than data check.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible hardware or software error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_IOER + X'104' | <p>RSN_IOER_Data_Set_Logical_Error</p> <p>I/O request failed due to some type of logical error, such as no record found, extent error, channel program check or command reject.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible software problem.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IOER + X'105' | <p>RSN_IOER_No_Assoc_BDE</p> <p>An MMRE (Media Manager control block) does not point to a valid BDE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_IOER + X'106' | <p>RSN_IOER_No_First_BDE</p> <p>The MMRE (Media Manager control block) does points to a valid BDE, but the BDE does not point to a valid first BDE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>                      |

**GFUZIOTE: I/O Manager Termination Exit**

The component identifier is RSN\_IOTE. The module ID halfword is X'5BC4'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_IOTE + X'101' | <p>RSN_IOTE_Add_Recvry_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                  |
| RSN_IOTE + X'102' | <p>RSN_IOTE_Proc_Abend</p> <p>During I/O completion processing, recovery was entered.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error may have resulted in program check in module.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>      |
| RSN_IOTE + X'103' | <p>RSN_IOTE_WRPG_IO_Failure</p> <p>An error return code from Media Manager was received on completion of a write I/O request.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>           |
| RSN_IOTE + X'104' | <p>RSN_IOTE_RDPG_IO_Failure</p> <p>An error return code from Media Manager was received on completion of a read I/O request.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>            |
| RSN_IOTE + X'105' | <p>RSN_IOTE_User_Not_Posted</p> <p>During I/O completion processing, recovery was entered.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error may have resulted in program check in module.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_IOTE + X'106' | <p>RSN_IOTE_Unpin_Fail</p> <p>An attempt to unpin a data space buffer failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

**GFUZMONT: I/O Manager Mount Exit**

The component identifier is RSN\_MONT. The module ID halfword is X'5BC1'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| RSN_MONT + X'101' | <p>RSN_MONT_Add_Recovery_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_MONT + X'102' | <p>RSN_MONT_Space_Unavailable</p> <p>During MOUNT, it was detected that no space was allocated to the HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: User error.</p> <p>Action: Correctly allocate HFS with space.</p>  |
| RSN_MONT + X'103' | <p>RSN_MONT_TRKCALC_Error</p> <p>Error returned from the TRKCALC function when called to determine blocks per track.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_MONT + X'104' | <p>RSN_MONT_Invalid_DSCB_Extents</p> <p>A problem was detected when processing extents in the chain of Format 1 and Format 3 DSCBs passed to this module.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible caller error when building the DSCB chain.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_MONT + X'105' | <p>RSN_MONT_Establish_ESTAE_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from FRR to ESTAE via IGWFECHEG failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_MONT + X'106' | <p>RSN_MONT_MMINIT_Failed</p> <p>An error return code was returned from the Media Manager MMINIT function.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_MONT + X'107' | <p>RSN_MONT_Establish_FRR_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from ESTAE to FRR via IGWFECHEG failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_MONT + X'108' | <p>RSN_MONT_Get_MMIB_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to GETMAIN storage for the MMIB via IGWVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_MONT + X'109' | <p>RSN_MONT_Get_HFRFN_Latch_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to establish the DMIB_HFRFN latch via IGWLSIXL failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_MONT + X'10A' | <p>RSN_MONT_Get_MMIPLST_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to GETMAIN storage for the MMINT parameter list via IGWVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_MONT + X'10B' | <p>RSN_MONT_Bad_DSCB_Chain</p> <p>A problem was detected in the chain of Format 1 and Format 3 DSCBs passed to this module. An invalid DSCB (that is, one other than a Format 1 or Format 3) was encountered in the chain.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible caller error when building the DSCB chain.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>               |
| RSN_MONT + X'10C' | <p>RSN_MONT_Bad_DSCB_Chain1</p> <p>A problem was detected in the chain of Format 1 and Format 3 DSCBs passed to this module. The number of Format 1 DSCBs in the list does not coincide with the number of volumes expected for the HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible caller error when building the DSCB chain.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

## GFUZRDR

### GFUZRDR: Internal Media Manager Read/Write

The component identifier is RSN\_RDWR. The module ID halfword is X'5BC2'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value           | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| RSN_RDWR+X'101' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Add_Recvry_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'102' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Caller_Not_In_Task_Mode</p> <p>This module was entered in SRB mode but it only Supports callers in task (TCB) mode.</p> <p>Probable cause: The issuer of GFUZRWRIT or GFUZRREAD is not in the correct mode when invoking the GFUZRWRIT or GFUZRREAD function.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_RDWR+X'103' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Invalid_XM_Req</p> <p>The caller's ASID is different than the ASID which issued the MOUNT.</p> <p>Probable cause: HFS request issued under wrong ASID.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'104' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Get_BSRB_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to get a block from a cell pool via IGWFVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'105' | <p>RSN_RDWR_TCBtoken_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to obtain the TCB token via TCBTOKNP failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'106' | <p>RSN_RDWR_MMRE_GETBLOCK_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to get a block from a cell pool via IGWFVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'107' | <p>RSN_RDWR_64MMRE_GETBLOCK_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to get a block from a cell pool via IGWFVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |

| Value           | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| RSN_RDWR+X'108' | <p>RSN_RDWR_MMICALL_RDWRT_Failure</p> <p>An MMICALL was issued to read or write pages but it returned with an error return code.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'109' | <p>RSN_RDWR_PINBFR_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to pagefix a data space buffer via XP_PINBFR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'110' | <p>RSN_RDWR_LRA_Failure</p> <p>The LRA instruction was issued to obtain the real address of a page from a data space buffer. However, the instruction failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The data space page might not have been pagefixed successfully, or the virtual address may be invalid.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_RDWR+X'111' | <p>RSN_RDWR_VPTVFN_Write_Cnvt_Zero</p> <p>A write request was sent to GFUZWRT. However, an attempt to convert the RPN of a page into the VPTVFN within the HFS resulted in an invalid zero value.</p> <p>Probable cause: The page had not been previously allocated.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                        |
| RSN_RDWR+X'112' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Get_HFRFN_Latch_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to obtain the DMIB_HFRFN_LATCH (required before writing beyond the current high formatted RFN in the HFS) via IGWLSOXL failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'113' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Invalid_BDE</p> <p>A BDE was encountered with a zero VPTVFN but the RNODE was not specified. The RNODE is required in this case.</p> <p>Probable cause: The owner of the BDE did not properly construct it.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'114' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Read_Past_HFRFN</p> <p>On a read request, an invalid attempt is made to read a page which is beyond the high formatted RFN of the HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: The issuer of GFUZREAD is attempting to read an invalid page.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |

## GFUZRDR

| Value           | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| RSN_RDWR+X'115' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Internal_Error</p> <p>Error processing was entered due to an unexpected error.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible program check within module.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'116' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Zero_BDE_Chain</p> <p>No BDEs were passed on call to GFUZWRT or GFUZREAD.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'117' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Invalid_Write_BDE</p> <p>During write processing, a BDE was encountered with an invalid write_map of zeros.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'118' | <p>RSN_RDWR_MMRE_Free_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to return a block back to a cell pool via IGWFVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'119' | <p>RSN_RDWR_XXMMRE_GETBLOCK_Failure</p> <p>Attempt to return a block back to a cell pool via IGWFVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'120' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Read_Only_HFS</p> <p>Attempt to write was issued against a read-only HFS.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'121' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Page_Free_Failure</p> <p>During error processing, an explicit attempt to pagefree a data space buffer via DSPSERVE DEFINE IOOFF failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'122' | <p>RSN_RDWR_No_BDE_In_REQ1</p> <p>Prior to passing a chain of MMREs to Media Manager, it is determined that none of the MMREs in the chain contain a reference to a BDE. This is invalid since I/O completion routine, GFUZIOTE, requires a BDE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Module internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |



| Value           | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| RSN_RDWR+X'123' | <p>RSN_RDWR_No_BDE_In_REQ2</p> <p>Prior to passing a chain of MMREs to Media Manager, it is determined that none of the MMREs in the chain contain a reference to a BDE. This is invalid since I/O completion routine, GFUZIOTE, requires a BDE.</p> <p>Probable cause: Module internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_RDWR+X'124' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Req_Not_Completed1</p> <p>After all calls to Media Manager have been completed, it was determined that the remainder of the MMRE chain was never passed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Module internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'125' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Req_Not_Completed2</p> <p>After all calls to Media Manager have been completed, it was determined that the remainder of the MMRE chain was never passed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Module internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>   |
| RSN_RDWR+X'126' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Invalid_HFRFN</p> <p>An attempt was made to invalidly update DMIB_HFRFN with an RFN which is less than the value currently found in the DMIB.</p> <p>Probable cause: Module internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'127' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Fmt_Wrt_On_Client</p> <p>A format write was requested in a client system; only the server can perform format writes.</p> <p>Probable cause: Internal logic error.</p> <p>Action: Send the problem to IBM Support.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'128' | <p>RSN_RDWR_CExtend_Failed</p> <p>This client tried to refresh the extent list, but the operation failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: I/O error.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that all the volumes used by this HFS are accessible to this client.</p>  |
| RSN_RDWR+X'129' | <p>RSN_RDWR_Unavailable_Extents</p> <p>This client tried to refresh the extent list, but the operation failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: The client does not have access to an extent reported by the server.</p> <p>Action: Make sure that all the volumes used by this HFS are online and accessible to this client.</p>                      |

## GFUZRSM

### GFUZRSM – I/O Manager SRB Routine

The component identifier is RSN\_RSME. The module ID halfword is X'5BC3'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_RSME + X'101' | <p>RSN_RSME_Add_Recovery_Fail</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>       |
| RSN_RSME + X'102' | <p>RSN_RSME_Invalid_TCB</p> <p>An error return code was returned from the TCBTKNP service that was used to validate the TCB.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |

**GFUZUMNT – I/O Manager UnMount Exit**

The component identifier is RSN\_UMNT. The module ID halfword is X'5BC6'.

The global reason codes: None

The local reason codes:

| Value             | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| RSN_UMNT + X'101' | <p>RSN_UMNT_Add_Recovery_Failed</p> <p>Stacking a local recovery environment to the SSF Recovery stack was unsuccessful.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p> |
| RSN_UMNT + X'102' | <p>RSN_UMNT_Establish_ESTAE_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from FRR to ESTAE via IGWFECHG failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                       |
| RSN_UMNT + X'103' | <p>RSN_UMNT_Establish_FRR_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to switch from ESTAE to FRR via IGWFECHG failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                         |
| RSN_UMNT + X'104' | <p>RSN_UMNT_Free_MMIB_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to freemain storage for the MMIB via IGWVSTR failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                         |
| RSN_UMNT + X'105' | <p>RSN_UMNT_Nullify_Latch_Failed</p> <p>Attempt to nullify the DMIB_HFRFN latch via IGWLSNXL failed.</p> <p>Probable cause: Possible programming error.</p> <p>Action: Contact IBM Support.</p>                     |

## **zFS reason codes**

Reason codes beginning with EF (as in EFxxxxr) are documented in *z/OS Distributed File Service Messages and Codes*.

## TFS reason codes

The structure of a TFS reason code is *xyynn*, where:

- xx* Is E3
- yy* Indicates the error source and *mmm* is the qualifier.
  - 00** TFS
  - E2** SAF. *mmm* is the second halfword of the IARV64 reason code. IARV64 reason codes are documented in *z/OS MVS System Codes* in the ABEND code DC2 section.

The TFS reason code qualifiers are listed as follows:

- 1** Mount by DD name is not allowed.
- 2** The PFSCCTL buffer is too large.
- 3** No information available.
- 4** No information available.
- 5** No information available.
- 6** No information available.
- 7** No information available.
- 8** The PFSCCTL command is not valid.
- 9** FID not found on vget.
- A** TFS does not support remount.
- B** Invalid object for access call.
- C** Create only allowed in directories.
- D** Create not allowed in removed directories.
- E** Invalid file type for create.
- F** Create failed: no more space.
- 10** Create failed: file already exists.
- 11** Trunc only allowed on regular files
- 12** Trunc will cause the file size to exceed maximum supported size.
- 13** ioctl failed because the file node was not found.
- 14** setfacl failed: ACLs are not enabled on this system.
- 15** The ACL entry was not found.
- 16** getfacl failed: ACLs are not enabled on this system.
- 17** The ACL is too large.
- 18** The ACL entry was not found.
- 19** The ACL was not valid.
- 1A** link failed: name already exists.
- 1B** link failed: out of space creating new name.
- 1C** The file was not found.
- 1D** mkdir failed: parent directory was removed.
- 1E** mkdir failed: the file already exists.
- 1F** mkdir failed: out of space creating directory.
- 20** mkdir failed: out of space adding new name.
- 21** open failed: invalid file identifier.
- 22** open failed: invalid file identifier.
- 23** open failed: invalid open mode.
- 24** open is not allowed on TFS directories - use opendir instead.
- 25** readdir failed.
- 26** write failed: only allowed on regular files.
- 27** write failed: no file extends when new files not be created.
- 28** write failed: no more space.
- 29** write failed: file too large.
- 2A** write failed: the file size exceeded process limits.
- 2B** read failed: read past file size limit.

## GFUZUMT

- 2C readlink failed: the read length was invalid.
- 2D remove failed: the errno describes the failure.
- 2E rename failed: the errno describes the delete failure on the old name.
- 2F rename failed: the file does not exist.
- 30 rename failed: directory not empty.
- 31 rename failed: no more space.
- 32 rmdir failed: the errno describes the failure.
- 33 setattr failed: trunc is only allowed on regular files.
- 34 setattr failed: the file exceeded maximum file size
- 35 symlink failed: the directory has been removed.
- 36 symlink failed: the name already exists.
- 37 symlink failed: no more space.
- 38 symlink failed: length error.
- 39 Insufficient authorization for the pfsctl function.

---

## Chapter 4. Exit status codes for /usr/sbin/init

The ETCINIT job, /usr/sbin/init, provides exit status codes. For a discussion of the program itself, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

If /usr/sbin/init does not detect an error and the shell returns normally after executing the initialization script, /usr/sbin/init exits with status code 00.

If /usr/sbin/init detects an error or if the shell abnormally terminates, /usr/sbin/init exits with a two-digit, nonzero, hexadecimal status code, z/OS UNIX displays the nonzero /usr/sbin/init exit status on the operator console with the following message:

```
BPXI027I THE ETCINIT JOB ENDED IN ERROR, EXIT STATUS 0000ss00
```

**Note:** If the exit status shown is not of the form 0000ss00, but is of the form 000000xx, then the exit status was not set by the /usr/sbin/init process. In the form 000000xx, xx is the signal number of the signal that ended the /usr/sbin/init process. See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for a list of the signal numbers. If the status is 00000009, for example, the /usr/sbin/init process was ended by a SIGKILL signal. The SIGKILL signal may be the result of an abend.

Even if /usr/sbin/init exits with status 00, the shell might not have successfully executed the initialization script. To find out if it did, look at the /etc/log file, which contains standard output and error messages written by /usr/sbin/init, the shell, and initialization script commands.

**Note:** Even if /usr/sbin/init exits before invoking the shell or if the shell does not successfully execute the initialization script, z/OS UNIX makes the system available to all batch and interactive users when /usr/sbin/init exits.

Table 3 lists the exit status codes, ss, set by /usr/sbin/init when it exits due to an error.

Table 3. Exit status codes for /usr/sbin/init (in hexadecimal)

| Exit status | Explanation      | Action to take   |
|-------------|------------------|--|
| 01          | Wrong process ID | The process ID of /usr/sbin/init indicates that it was not invoked by z/OS UNIX during START OMVS command processing. To run /usr/sbin/init, z/OS UNIX must be stopped and restarted. The system continues.                    |
| 02          | Wrong group ID   | The <b>setsid()</b> request that is issued by /usr/sbin/init failed to return the expected group ID. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 03          | No storage       | A <b>malloc()</b> request that is issued by /usr/sbin/init failed to allocate requested storage. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 04          | No shell         | The shell with the path name specified in the /etc.init options file is not accessible. Contact your system programmer to correct the path name specified in the /etc.init options file. The system continues.                 |
| 05          | No script        | The initialization script with the path name specified in the /etc.init options file is not accessible. Contact your system programmer to correct the path name specified in the /etc.init options file. The system continues. |

Table 3. Exit status codes for /usr/sbin/init (in hexadecimal) (continued)

| Exit status | Explanation      | Action to take   |
|-------------|------------------|--|
| 06          | Bad block        | The <b>sigprocmask()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to block signals failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |
| 07          | No alarm         | The <b>sigaction()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to install the SIGALRM signal catcher failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 08          | No stdin         | /usr/sbin/init could not open /dev/null for standard input. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |
| 09          | No stdout        | /usr/sbin/init could not open /etc/log for standard output. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.<br><b>Note:</b> /usr/sbin/init attempts to erase and re-create /etc/log each time that it is run.  |
| 0A          | No stderr        | /usr/sbin/init could not open /etc/log for standard error. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 0B          |                  | Reserved.  |
| 0C          |                  | Reserved.  |
| 0D          | Write error      | /usr/sbin/init could not write to /etc/log after opening it. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 0E          | Fork failed      | The <b>fork()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to create a process for the shell failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |
| 0F          | Wait failed      | The <b>waitpid()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to wait for the shell process failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 10          | Timeout          | /usr/sbin/init timed out waiting for the shell to finish executing the initialization script. /usr/sbin/init attempts to terminate the shell process group with SIGKILL signal before exiting if the terminate option was specified in the /etc.init options file. The system continues. |
| 11          | Shell terminated | The shell was abnormally terminated by a terminating event such as an asynchronous signal. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 12          | Shell stopped    | The shell was stopped by an unexpected SIGSTOP signal. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 13          | Notify failed    | /usr/sbin/init could not send a SIGSTOP signal to tell z/OS UNIX that the shell finished executing the initialization script. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |
| 14          | ARG_MAX          | /usr/sbin/init determined that the number of parameter bytes required for the <b>execve()</b> request to invoke the shell exceeded the ARG_MAX value which /usr/sbin/init obtained with a <b>sysconf(SC_ARG_MAX)</b> request. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.      |
| 15          | ENV_MAX          | /usr/sbin/init found that more than 25 environment variables were specified in the /etc.init options file. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.   |
| 16          | Bad Unblock      | The <b>sigprocmask()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to unblock signals for the shell process failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |
| 17          | Bad Execve       | The <b>execve()</b> request by /usr/sbin/init to invoke the shell failed. Contact your system programmer. The system continues.  |



---

## Appendix. Accessibility

Accessible publications for this product are offered through IBM Knowledge Center (<http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW/welcome>).

If you experience difficulty with the accessibility of any z/OS information, send a detailed message to the "Contact us" web page for z/OS (<http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/webqs.html>) or use the following mailing address.

IBM Corporation  
Attention: MHVRCFS Reader Comments  
Department H6MA, Building 707  
2455 South Road  
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400  
United States

---

### Accessibility features

Accessibility features help users who have physical disabilities such as restricted mobility or limited vision use software products successfully. The accessibility features in z/OS can help users do the following tasks:

- Run assistive technology such as screen readers and screen magnifier software.
- Operate specific or equivalent features by using the keyboard.
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size.

---

### Consult assistive technologies

Assistive technology products such as screen readers function with the user interfaces found in z/OS. Consult the product information for the specific assistive technology product that is used to access z/OS interfaces.

---

### Keyboard navigation of the user interface

You can access z/OS user interfaces with TSO/E or ISPF. The following information describes how to use TSO/E and ISPF, including the use of keyboard shortcuts and function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys.

- *z/OS TSO/E Primer*
- *z/OS TSO/E User's Guide*
- *z/OS V2R2 ISPF User's Guide Vol I*

---

### Dotted decimal syntax diagrams

Syntax diagrams are provided in dotted decimal format for users who access IBM Knowledge Center with a screen reader. In dotted decimal format, each syntax element is written on a separate line. If two or more syntax elements are always present together (or always absent together), they can appear on the same line because they are considered a single compound syntax element.

Each line starts with a dotted decimal number; for example, 3 or 3.1 or 3.1.1. To hear these numbers correctly, make sure that the screen reader is set to read out

punctuation. All the syntax elements that have the same dotted decimal number (for example, all the syntax elements that have the number 3.1) are mutually exclusive alternatives. If you hear the lines 3.1 USERID and 3.1 SYSTEMID, your syntax can include either USERID or SYSTEMID, but not both.

The dotted decimal numbering level denotes the level of nesting. For example, if a syntax element with dotted decimal number 3 is followed by a series of syntax elements with dotted decimal number 3.1, all the syntax elements numbered 3.1 are subordinate to the syntax element numbered 3.

Certain words and symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers to add information about the syntax elements. Occasionally, these words and symbols might occur at the beginning of the element itself. For ease of identification, if the word or symbol is a part of the syntax element, it is preceded by the backslash (\) character. The \* symbol is placed next to a dotted decimal number to indicate that the syntax element repeats. For example, syntax element \*FILE with dotted decimal number 3 is given the format 3 \\* FILE. Format 3\* FILE indicates that syntax element FILE repeats. Format 3\* \\* FILE indicates that syntax element \* FILE repeats.

Characters such as commas, which are used to separate a string of syntax elements, are shown in the syntax just before the items they separate. These characters can appear on the same line as each item, or on a separate line with the same dotted decimal number as the relevant items. The line can also show another symbol to provide information about the syntax elements. For example, the lines 5.1\*, 5.1 LASTRUN, and 5.1 DELETE mean that if you use more than one of the LASTRUN and DELETE syntax elements, the elements must be separated by a comma. If no separator is given, assume that you use a blank to separate each syntax element.

If a syntax element is preceded by the % symbol, it indicates a reference that is defined elsewhere. The string that follows the % symbol is the name of a syntax fragment rather than a literal. For example, the line 2.1 %OP1 means that you must refer to separate syntax fragment OP1.

The following symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers.

**? indicates an optional syntax element**

The question mark (?) symbol indicates an optional syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the question mark symbol (?) indicates that all the syntax elements with a corresponding dotted decimal number, and any subordinate syntax elements, are optional. If there is only one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on the same line as the syntax element, (for example 5? NOTIFY). If there is more than one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on a line by itself, followed by the syntax elements that are optional. For example, if you hear the lines 5 ?, 5 NOTIFY, and 5 UPDATE, you know that the syntax elements NOTIFY and UPDATE are optional. That is, you can choose one or none of them. The ? symbol is equivalent to a bypass line in a railroad diagram.

**! indicates a default syntax element**

The exclamation mark (!) symbol indicates a default syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the ! symbol and a syntax element indicate that the syntax element is the default option for all syntax elements that share the same dotted decimal number. Only one of the syntax elements that share the dotted decimal number can specify the ! symbol. For example, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1! (KEEP), and 2.1 (DELETE), you know that (KEEP) is the

default option for the FILE keyword. In the example, if you include the FILE keyword, but do not specify an option, the default option KEEP is applied. A default option also applies to the next higher dotted decimal number. In this example, if the FILE keyword is omitted, the default FILE(KEEP) is used. However, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1, 2.1.1! (KEEP), and 2.1.1 (DELETE), the default option KEEP applies only to the next higher dotted decimal number, 2.1 (which does not have an associated keyword), and does not apply to 2? FILE. Nothing is used if the keyword FILE is omitted.

**\* indicates an optional syntax element that is repeatable**

The asterisk or glyph (\*) symbol indicates a syntax element that can be repeated zero or more times. A dotted decimal number followed by the \* symbol indicates that this syntax element can be used zero or more times; that is, it is optional and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 5.1\* data area, you know that you can include one data area, more than one data area, or no data area. If you hear the lines 3\* , 3 HOST, 3 STATE, you know that you can include HOST, STATE, both together, or nothing.

**Notes:**

1. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk (\*) next to it and there is only one item with that dotted decimal number, you can repeat that same item more than once.
2. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk next to it and several items have that dotted decimal number, you can use more than one item from the list, but you cannot use the items more than once each. In the previous example, you can write HOST STATE, but you cannot write HOST HOST.
3. The \* symbol is equivalent to a loopback line in a railroad syntax diagram.

**+ indicates a syntax element that must be included**

The plus (+) symbol indicates a syntax element that must be included at least once. A dotted decimal number followed by the + symbol indicates that the syntax element must be included one or more times. That is, it must be included at least once and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 6.1+ data area, you must include at least one data area. If you hear the lines 2+, 2 HOST, and 2 STATE, you know that you must include HOST, STATE, or both. Similar to the \* symbol, the + symbol can repeat a particular item if it is the only item with that dotted decimal number. The + symbol, like the \* symbol, is equivalent to a loopback line in a railroad syntax diagram.



---

## Notices

This information was developed for products and services offered in the U.S.A. or elsewhere.

IBM may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this document in other countries. Consult your local IBM representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area. Any reference to an IBM product, program, or service is not intended to state or imply that only that IBM product, program, or service may be used. Any functionally equivalent product, program, or service that does not infringe any IBM intellectual property right may be used instead. However, it is the user's responsibility to evaluate and verify the operation of any non-IBM product, program, or service.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter described in this document. The furnishing of this document does not give you any license to these patents. You can send license inquiries, in writing, to:

IBM Director of Licensing  
IBM Corporation  
North Castle Drive  
Armonk, NY 10504-1785  
U.S.A

For license inquiries regarding double-byte character set (DBCS) information, contact the IBM Intellectual Property Department in your country or send inquiries, in writing, to:

Intellectual Property Licensing  
Legal and Intellectual Property Law  
IBM Japan, Ltd.  
19-21, Nihonbashi-Hakozakicho, Chuo-ku  
Tokyo 103-8510, Japan

The following paragraph does not apply to the United Kingdom or any other country where such provisions are inconsistent with local law: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION PROVIDES THIS PUBLICATION "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some states do not allow disclaimer of express or implied warranties in certain transactions, therefore, this statement may not apply to you.

This information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein; these changes will be incorporated in new editions of the publication. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described in this publication at any time without notice.

Any references in this information to non-IBM Web sites are provided for convenience only and do not in any manner serve as an endorsement of those Web sites. The materials at those Web sites are not part of the materials for this IBM product and use of those Web sites is at your own risk.

IBM may use or distribute any of the information you supply in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

Licensees of this program who wish to have information about it for the purpose of enabling: (i) the exchange of information between independently created programs and other programs (including this one) and (ii) the mutual use of the information which has been exchanged, should contact:

Site Counsel  
IBM Corporation  
2455 South Road  
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400  
USA

Such information may be available, subject to appropriate terms and conditions, including in some cases, payment of a fee.

The licensed program described in this information and all licensed material available for it are provided by IBM under terms of the IBM Customer Agreement, IBM International Program License Agreement, or any equivalent agreement between us.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction or intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

If you are viewing this information softcopy, the photographs and color illustrations may not appear.

#### COPYRIGHT LICENSE:

This information might contain sample application programs in source language, which illustrate programming techniques on various operating platforms. You may copy, modify, and distribute these sample programs in any form without payment to IBM, for the purposes of developing, using, marketing or distributing application programs conforming to the application programming interface for the operating platform for which the sample programs are written. These examples have not been thoroughly tested under all conditions. IBM, therefore, cannot guarantee or imply reliability, serviceability, or function of these programs. The sample programs are provided "AS IS", without warranty of any kind. IBM shall not be liable for any damages arising out of your use of the sample programs.

---

## Policy for unsupported hardware

Various z/OS elements, such as DFSMS, HCD, JES2, JES3, and MVS, contain code that supports specific hardware servers or devices. In some cases, this device-related element support remains in the product even after the hardware devices pass their announced End of Service date. z/OS may continue to service element code; however, it will not provide service related to unsupported hardware devices. Software problems related to these devices will not be accepted

for service, and current service activity will cease if a problem is determined to be associated with out-of-support devices. In such cases, fixes will not be issued.

---

## Minimum supported hardware

The minimum supported hardware for z/OS releases identified in z/OS announcements can subsequently change when service for particular servers or devices is withdrawn. Likewise, the levels of other software products supported on a particular release of z/OS are subject to the service support lifecycle of those products. Therefore, z/OS and its product publications (for example, panels, samples, messages, and product documentation) can include references to hardware and software that is no longer supported.

- For information about software support lifecycle, see: IBM Lifecycle Support for z/OS (<http://www.ibm.com/software/support/systemsz/lifecycle/>)
- For information about currently-supported IBM hardware, contact your IBM representative.

---

## Trademarks

IBM, the IBM logo, and [ibm.com](http://www.ibm.com)<sup>®</sup> are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both. If these and other IBM trademarked terms are marked on their first occurrence in this information with a trademark symbol (<sup>®</sup> or <sup>™</sup>), these symbols indicate U.S. registered or common law trademarks owned by IBM at the time this information was published. Such trademarks may also be registered or common law trademarks in other countries. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at [www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml](http://www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml) (<http://www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml>).

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

---

## Acknowledgments

InterOpen/POSIX Shell and Utilities is a source code product providing POSIX.2 (Shell and Utilities) functions to z/OS UNIX System Services. InterOpen/POSIX Shell and Utilities is developed and licensed by Mortice Kern Systems (MKS) Inc. of Waterloo, Ontario, Canada.





---

# Index

## Special characters

/usr/sbin/init  
exit status codes 943

## A

accessibility 945  
  contact IBM 945  
  features 945  
Anynet Sockets  
  reason codes 534  
assistive technologies 945

## B

BPXTR001 1  
BPXTR002 2  
BPXTR003 2  
BPXTR004 2  
BPXTR005 2  
BPXTR006 2  
BPXTR007 2  
BPXTR008 2  
BPXTR009 2  
BPXWE001 3  
BPXWE002 3  
BPXWE004 3  
BPXWE005 3  
BPXWE006 3  
BPXWE009 3  
BPXWE100 3  
BPXWE101 3  
BPXWE102 3  
BPXWE103 4  
BPXWE104 4  
BPXWE105 4  
BPXWE106 4  
BPXWE107 4  
BPXWE108 4  
BPXWE109 4  
BPXWE110 4  
BPXWE112 4

## C

CDA0002 5  
CDA0003 5  
CDA0004 5  
CDA0005 5  
CDA0006 5  
CDA0007 5  
CDA0008 6  
CDA0009 6  
CDA0010 6  
CDA0011 6  
CDA0012 6  
CDA0013 7  
CDA0014 7  
CDA0015 7

CDA0016 7  
CDA0017 7  
CDA0018 7  
CDA0019 8  
CDA0020 8  
CDA0021 8  
Communications Server TCP/IP Stack  
  reason codes 534  
contact  
  z/OS 945

## D

DFS file exporter  
  reason codes 534  
DFSC file system  
  reason codes 534  
DFSKERN 534  
DFSMS HFS file system  
  reason codes 534  
Distributed File Service File Exported  
  Routine  
    reason codes 534  
Distributed File Systems Client (DFSC)  
  reason codes 534  
dump devices (reason codes  
  0Exxxxxx) 750  
dump services  
  reason codes 750  
dumps  
  obtaining, on specific reason  
    codes 535

## E

errno2 codes  
  Language Environment 534  
ernnos codes  
  listed by value 529  
ETCINIT  
  exit status codes 943

## F

FDBX0001 475  
FDBX0003 475  
FDBX0004 475  
FDBX0005 475  
FDBX0008 475  
FDBX0010 476  
FDBX0011 476  
FDBX0012 476  
FDBX0016 476  
FDBX0017 476  
FDBX0018 476  
FDBX0019 476  
FDBX0020 476  
FDBX0022 476  
FDBX0023 477  
FDBX0024 477

FDBX0026 477  
FDBX0027 477  
FDBX0028 477  
FDBX0030 477  
FDBX0031 477  
FDBX0032 477  
FDBX0033 477  
FDBX0034 477  
FDBX0035 478  
FDBX0036 478  
FDBX0039 478  
FDBX0042 478  
FDBX0043 478  
FDBX0044 478  
FDBX0045 478  
FDBX0048 478  
FDBX0050 478  
FDBX0051 478  
FDBX0052 479  
FDBX0053 479  
FDBX0054 479  
FDBX0055 479  
FDBX0056 479  
FDBX0057 479  
FDBX0058 479  
FDBX0059 479  
FDBX0060 479  
FDBX0062 479  
FDBX0064 480  
FDBX0065 480  
FDBX0067 480  
FDBX0068 480  
FDBX0069 480  
FDBX0071 480  
FDBX0072 480  
FDBX0074 480  
FDBX0075 480  
FDBX0076 481  
FDBX0078 481  
FDBX0082 481  
FDBX0083 481  
FDBX0086 481  
FDBX0087 481  
FDBX0088 481  
FDBX0089 481  
FDBX0090 481  
FDBX0091 482  
FDBX0092 482  
FDBX0095 482  
FDBX0096 482  
FDBX0097 482  
FDBX0098 482  
FDBX0100 482  
FDBX0101 482  
FDBX0103 482  
FDBX0104 482  
FDBX0105 483  
FDBX0107 483  
FDBX0109 483  
FDBX0110 483  
FDBX0111 483

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FDBX0112 | 483 | FDBX0268 | 490 | FDBX0407 | 497 |
| FDBX0113 | 483 | FDBX0269 | 490 | FDBX0408 | 497 |
| FDBX0114 | 483 | FDBX0271 | 490 | FDBX0409 | 497 |
| FDBX0115 | 483 | FDBX0272 | 490 | FDBX0414 | 497 |
| FDBX0116 | 483 | FDBX0273 | 491 | FDBX0425 | 497 |
| FDBX0117 | 484 | FDBX0274 | 491 | FDBX0437 | 498 |
| FDBX0124 | 484 | FDBX0275 | 491 | FDBX0438 | 498 |
| FDBX0125 | 484 | FDBX0277 | 491 | FDBX0439 | 498 |
| FDBX0126 | 484 | FDBX0278 | 491 | FDBX0446 | 498 |
| FDBX0127 | 484 | FDBX0279 | 491 | FDBX0447 | 498 |
| FDBX0134 | 484 | FDBX0280 | 491 | FDBX0479 | 498 |
| FDBX0135 | 484 | FDBX0281 | 491 | FDBX0480 | 498 |
| FDBX0136 | 484 | FDBX0282 | 491 | FDBX0485 | 498 |
| FDBX0137 | 484 | FDBX0283 | 491 | FDBX0542 | 498 |
| FDBX0138 | 484 | FDBX0285 | 492 | FDBX0543 | 498 |
| FDBX0141 | 485 | FDBX0286 | 492 | FDBX0544 | 499 |
| FDBX0142 | 485 | FDBX0287 | 492 | FDBX0551 | 499 |
| FDBX0143 | 485 | FDBX0289 | 492 | FDBX0552 | 499 |
| FDBX0144 | 485 | FDBX0290 | 492 | FDBX0553 | 499 |
| FDBX0145 | 485 | FDBX0295 | 492 | FDBX0554 | 499 |
| FDBX0146 | 485 | FDBX0296 | 492 | FDBX0555 | 499 |
| FDBX0147 | 485 | FDBX0297 | 492 | FDBX0556 | 499 |
| FDBX0148 | 485 | FDBX0298 | 492 | FDBX0557 | 499 |
| FDBX0149 | 485 | FDBX0301 | 492 | FDBX0558 | 499 |
| FDBX0150 | 486 | FDBX0309 | 493 | FDBX0600 | 500 |
| FDBX0151 | 486 | FDBX0310 | 493 | FDBX0601 | 500 |
| FDBX0153 | 486 | FDBX0311 | 493 | FDBX0602 | 500 |
| FDBX0155 | 486 | FDBX0313 | 493 | FDBX0610 | 500 |
| FDBX0156 | 486 | FDBX0315 | 493 | FDBX0614 | 500 |
| FDBX0163 | 486 | FDBX0317 | 493 | FDBX0619 | 500 |
| FDBX0171 | 486 | FDBX0318 | 493 | FDBX0620 | 500 |
| FDBX0172 | 486 | FDBX0327 | 493 | FDBX0625 | 500 |
| FDBX0175 | 486 | FDBX0328 | 493 | FDBX0626 | 500 |
| FDBX0176 | 487 | FDBX0329 | 493 | FDBX0627 | 500 |
| FDBX0177 | 487 | FDBX0330 | 494 | FDBX0646 | 501 |
| FDBX0180 | 487 | FDBX0331 | 494 | FDBX0650 | 501 |
| FDBX0181 | 487 | FDBX0332 | 494 | FDBX0651 | 501 |
| FDBX0182 | 487 | FDBX0333 | 494 | FDBX0654 | 501 |
| FDBX0185 | 487 | FDBX0334 | 494 | FDBX0665 | 501 |
| FDBX0190 | 487 | FDBX0335 | 494 | FDBX0710 | 501 |
| FDBX0191 | 487 | FDBX0336 | 494 | FDBX0721 | 501 |
| FDBX0192 | 487 | FDBX0337 | 494 | FDBX0722 | 501 |
| FDBX0210 | 487 | FDBX0338 | 494 | FDBX0723 | 501 |
| FDBX0211 | 488 | FDBX0339 | 494 | FDBX0724 | 501 |
| FDBX0212 | 488 | FDBX0340 | 495 | FDBX0725 | 502 |
| FDBX0213 | 488 | FDBX0348 | 495 | FDBX0726 | 502 |
| FDBX0214 | 488 | FDBX0349 | 495 | FDBX0727 | 502 |
| FDBX0216 | 488 | FDBX0351 | 495 | FDBX0729 | 502 |
| FDBX0217 | 488 | FDBX0352 | 495 | FDBX0730 | 502 |
| FDBX0218 | 488 | FDBX0353 | 495 | FDBX0731 | 502 |
| FDBX0219 | 488 | FDBX0356 | 495 | FDBX0732 | 502 |
| FDBX0223 | 488 | FDBX0357 | 495 | FDBX0733 | 502 |
| FDBX0242 | 489 | FDBX0358 | 495 | FDBX0734 | 503 |
| FDBX0243 | 489 | FDBX0359 | 495 | FDBX0735 | 503 |
| FDBX0244 | 489 | FDBX0380 | 496 | FDBX0736 | 503 |
| FDBX0245 | 489 | FDBX0381 | 496 | FDBX0737 | 503 |
| FDBX0246 | 489 | FDBX0383 | 496 | FDBX0738 | 503 |
| FDBX0250 | 489 | FDBX0384 | 496 | FDBX0739 | 503 |
| FDBX0251 | 489 | FDBX0385 | 496 | FDBX0740 | 503 |
| FDBX0252 | 489 | FDBX0390 | 496 | FDBX0741 | 504 |
| FDBX0254 | 489 | FDBX0391 | 496 | FDBX0742 | 504 |
| FDBX0255 | 490 | FDBX0396 | 496 | FDBX0743 | 504 |
| FDBX0256 | 490 | FDBX0399 | 496 | FDBX0744 | 504 |
| FDBX0258 | 490 | FDBX0400 | 497 | FDBX0748 | 504 |
| FDBX0259 | 490 | FDBX0402 | 497 | FDBX0749 | 504 |
| FDBX0265 | 490 | FDBX0403 | 497 | FDBX0750 | 504 |
| FDBX0267 | 490 | FDBX0405 | 497 | FDBX0751 | 504 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FDBX0752 | 504 | FDBX0948 | 511 | FDBX5041 | 518 |
| FDBX0753 | 504 | FDBX0949 | 511 | FDBX5042 | 518 |
| FDBX0754 | 505 | FDBX0950 | 511 | FDBX5043 | 518 |
| FDBX0755 | 505 | FDBX0951 | 512 | FDBX5044 | 518 |
| FDBX0756 | 505 | FDBX0952 | 512 | FDBX5045 | 519 |
| FDBX0757 | 505 | FDBX0953 | 512 | FDBX5047 | 519 |
| FDBX0758 | 505 | FDBX0954 | 512 | FDBX5048 | 519 |
| FDBX0759 | 505 | FDBX0955 | 512 | FDBX5049 | 519 |
| FDBX0760 | 505 | FDBX0956 | 512 | FDBX5050 | 519 |
| FDBX0761 | 505 | FDBX0957 | 512 | FDBX5051 | 519 |
| FDBX0762 | 505 | FDBX0960 | 512 | FDBX5052 | 519 |
| FDBX0763 | 505 | FDBX1001 | 512 | FDBX5053 | 519 |
| FDBX0765 | 506 | FDBX1002 | 512 | FDBX5054 | 519 |
| FDBX0766 | 506 | FDBX1003 | 513 | FDBX5055 | 519 |
| FDBX0767 | 506 | FDBX1018 | 513 | FDBX5056 | 520 |
| FDBX0768 | 506 | FDBX1055 | 513 | FDBX5400 | 520 |
| FDBX0769 | 506 | FDBX1056 | 513 | FDBX5401 | 520 |
| FDBX0770 | 506 | FDBX1057 | 513 | FDBX5402 | 520 |
| FDBX0771 | 506 | FDBX1058 | 513 | FDBX5403 | 520 |
| FDBX0806 | 506 | FDBX1059 | 513 | FDBX5404 | 520 |
| FDBX0810 | 506 | FDBX1060 | 513 | FDBX5405 | 520 |
| FDBX0811 | 507 | FDBX1063 | 513 | FDBX5406 | 520 |
| FDBX0813 | 507 | FDBX1064 | 513 | FDBX5410 | 520 |
| FDBX0815 | 507 | FDBX1065 | 514 | FDBX5411 | 520 |
| FDBX0816 | 507 | FDBX1066 | 514 | FDBX5412 | 521 |
| FDBX0817 | 507 | FDBX1067 | 514 | FDBX5413 | 521 |
| FDBX0818 | 507 | FDBX1100 | 514 | FDBX5414 | 521 |
| FDBX0820 | 507 | FDBX1101 | 514 | FDBX5415 | 521 |
| FDBX0821 | 507 | FDBX1102 | 514 | FDBX5416 | 521 |
| FDBX0822 | 507 | FDBX1103 | 514 | FDBX5417 | 521 |
| FDBX0823 | 507 | FDBX1104 | 514 | FDBX5418 | 521 |
| FDBX0824 | 508 | FDBX1105 | 514 | FDBX5419 | 521 |
| FDBX0826 | 508 | FDBX1106 | 514 | FDBX5500 | 521 |
| FDBX0840 | 508 | FDBX1107 | 515 | FDBX6400 | 521 |
| FDBX0841 | 508 | FDBX1108 | 515 | FDBX6401 | 522 |
| FDBX0843 | 508 | FDBX1109 | 515 | FDBX6402 | 522 |
| FDBX0846 | 508 | FDBX1110 | 515 | FDBX6403 | 522 |
| FDBX0847 | 508 | FDBX5000 | 515 | FDBX6404 | 522 |
| FDBX0848 | 508 | FDBX5001 | 515 | FDBX6405 | 522 |
| FDBX0849 | 508 | FDBX5002 | 515 | FDBX6406 | 522 |
| FDBX0850 | 508 | FDBX5003 | 515 | FDBX6407 | 522 |
| FDBX0851 | 509 | FDBX5004 | 515 | FDBX6408 | 522 |
| FDBX0852 | 509 | FDBX5005 | 516 | FDBX6409 | 522 |
| FDBX0853 | 509 | FDBX5006 | 516 | FDBX6411 | 522 |
| FDBX0854 | 509 | FDBX5010 | 516 | FDBX6412 | 523 |
| FDBX0855 | 509 | FDBX5011 | 516 | FDBX6413 | 523 |
| FDBX0856 | 509 | FDBX5012 | 516 | FDBX6414 | 523 |
| FDBX0857 | 509 | FDBX5013 | 516 | FDBX6415 | 523 |
| FDBX0858 | 509 | FDBX5014 | 516 | FDBX6416 | 523 |
| FDBX0860 | 509 | FDBX5015 | 516 | FDBX6417 | 523 |
| FDBX0861 | 510 | FDBX5016 | 516 | FDBX6418 | 523 |
| FDBX0862 | 510 | FDBX5017 | 517 | FDBX6419 | 523 |
| FDBX0863 | 510 | FDBX5019 | 517 | FDBX6420 | 523 |
| FDBX0864 | 510 | FDBX5021 | 517 | FDBX6421 | 524 |
| FDBX0865 | 510 | FDBX5022 | 517 | FDBX6422 | 524 |
| FDBX0866 | 510 | FDBX5023 | 517 | FDBX6423 | 524 |
| FDBX0868 | 510 | FDBX5024 | 517 | FDBX6424 | 524 |
| FDBX0938 | 510 | FDBX5025 | 517 | FDBX6426 | 524 |
| FDBX0939 | 510 | FDBX5026 | 517 | FDBX6427 | 524 |
| FDBX0940 | 510 | FDBX5027 | 517 | FDBX6428 | 524 |
| FDBX0941 | 511 | FDBX5030 | 517 | FDBX6429 | 524 |
| FDBX0942 | 511 | FDBX5035 | 518 | FDBX6430 | 524 |
| FDBX0943 | 511 | FDBX5036 | 518 | FDBX6431 | 524 |
| FDBX0944 | 511 | FDBX5037 | 518 | FDBX6432 | 525 |
| FDBX0945 | 511 | FDBX5038 | 518 | FDBX6433 | 525 |
| FDBX0946 | 511 | FDBX5039 | 518 | FDBX6434 | 525 |
| FDBX0947 | 511 | FDBX5040 | 518 | FDBX6435 | 525 |

|           |     |           |    |           |    |
|-----------|-----|-----------|----|-----------|----|
| FDBX6436  | 525 | FOMF0112I | 18 | FOMF0334I | 26 |
| FDBX6440  | 525 | FOMF0113I | 18 | FOMF0401I | 26 |
| FDBX6441  | 525 | FOMF0114I | 18 | FOMF0402I | 26 |
| FDBX6490  | 525 | FOMF0115I | 18 | FOMF0501I | 26 |
| FDBX6491  | 525 | FOMF0116I | 18 | FOMF0502I | 26 |
| FDBX6492  | 525 | FOMF0117I | 18 | FOMF0503I | 26 |
| FDBX6493  | 526 | FOMF0118I | 19 | FOMF0504I | 27 |
| FDBX6499  | 526 | FOMF0119I | 19 | FOMF0505I | 27 |
| FDBX7001  | 526 | FOMF0120I | 19 | FOMF0506I | 27 |
| FDBX7002  | 526 | FOMF0121I | 19 | FOMF0507I | 27 |
| FDBX7004  | 526 | FOMF0122I | 19 | FOMF0508I | 27 |
| FDBX7005  | 526 | FOMF0123I | 19 | FOMF0509I | 27 |
| FDBX7006  | 526 | FOMF0124I | 19 | FOMF0510I | 27 |
| FDBX8001  | 526 | FOMF0125I | 19 | FOMF0521I | 27 |
| FDBX8002  | 526 | FOMF0126I | 20 | FOMF0531I | 27 |
| FDBX8003  | 526 | FOMF0127I | 20 | FOMI1076I | 27 |
| FDBX8005  | 527 | FOMF0128I | 20 | FOMN0001  | 28 |
| FDBX8006  | 527 | FOMF0129I | 20 | FOMN0003  | 28 |
| FDBX8007  | 527 | FOMF0130I | 20 | FOMN0004  | 28 |
| FDBX8008  | 527 | FOMF0131I | 20 | FOMN0005  | 28 |
| FDBX8009  | 527 | FOMF0132I | 20 | FOMN0006  | 29 |
| FDBX9001  | 527 | FOMF0133I | 20 | FOMN0007  | 29 |
| FDBX9002  | 527 | FOMF0134I | 21 | FOMN0008  | 29 |
| FDBX9003  | 527 | FOMF0135I | 21 | FOMN0009  | 29 |
| FDBX9004  | 527 | FOMF0136I | 21 | FOMN0010  | 30 |
| FDBX9997  | 527 | FOMF0137I | 21 | FOMN0011  | 30 |
| FDBX9998  | 528 | FOMF0138I | 21 | FOMN0012  | 30 |
| FOMC2800  | 8   | FOMF0139I | 21 | FOMN0014  | 30 |
| FOMC2801  | 8   | FOMF0140I | 21 | FOMN0015  | 31 |
| FOMC2802  | 8   | FOMF0141I | 21 | FOMN0017  | 31 |
| FOMC2803  | 9   | FOMF0142I | 22 | FOMN0019  | 31 |
| FOMC2804  | 9   | FOMF0143I | 22 | FOMN0020  | 31 |
| FOMC2805  | 9   | FOMF0144I | 22 | FOMN0021  | 32 |
| FOMC2806  | 9   | FOMF0145I | 22 | FOMN0023  | 32 |
| FOMC2807  | 9   | FOMF0161I | 22 | FOMN0024  | 32 |
| FOMC2808  | 9   | FOMF0164I | 22 | FOMN0026  | 32 |
| FOMC2809  | 10  | FOMF0165I | 22 | FOMN0027  | 33 |
| FOMC2810  | 10  | FOMF0166I | 22 | FOMN0028  | 33 |
| FOMC2811  | 10  | FOMF0201I | 23 | FOMN0029  | 33 |
| FOMC2812  | 10  | FOMF0202I | 23 | FOMN0030  | 34 |
| FOMC2813  | 10  | FOMF0203I | 23 | FOMN0037  | 34 |
| FOMC2814  | 10  | FOMF0204I | 23 | FOMN0041  | 34 |
| FOMC2815  | 11  | FOMF0205I | 23 | FOMN0042  | 34 |
| FOMC2821  | 11  | FOMF0206I | 23 | FOMN0043  | 35 |
| FOMC2822  | 11  | FOMF0207I | 23 | FOMN0044  | 35 |
| FOMC2823  | 12  | FOMF0208I | 23 | FOMN0048  | 35 |
| FOMC2824  | 12  | FOMF0209I | 24 | FOMN0049  | 35 |
| FOMC2825  | 12  | FOMF0211I | 24 | FOMN0051  | 35 |
| FOMC2826  | 13  | FOMF0212I | 24 | FOMN0061  | 36 |
| FOMC2827  | 13  | FOMF0213I | 24 | FOMN0062  | 36 |
| FOMC2831  | 13  | FOMF0214  | 24 | FOMN0063  | 36 |
| FOMC2832  | 14  | FOMF0215I | 24 | FOMN0064  | 37 |
| FOMC2833  | 14  | FOMF0216I | 24 | FOMN0065  | 37 |
| FOMC2834  | 15  | FOMF0217I | 24 | FOMN0066  | 37 |
| FOMC2835  | 16  | FOMF0218I | 25 | FOMN0067  | 37 |
| FOMF0100I | 16  | FOMF0219I | 25 | FOMN0068  | 38 |
| FOMF0101I | 17  | FOMF0220I | 25 | FOMN0069  | 38 |
| FOMF0102I | 17  | FOMF0221I | 25 | FOMN0070  | 38 |
| FOMF0103I | 17  | FOMF0301I | 25 | FOMN0071  | 38 |
| FOMF0104I | 17  | FOMF0302I | 25 | FOMN0072  | 39 |
| FOMF0105I | 17  | FOMF0303I | 25 | FOMN0073  | 39 |
| FOMF0106I | 17  | FOMF0307I | 25 | FOMN0074  | 39 |
| FOMF0107I | 17  | FOMF0308I | 25 | FOMN0076  | 39 |
| FOMF0108I | 17  | FOMF0310I | 26 | FOMN0077  | 40 |
| FOMF0109I | 17  | FOMF0331I | 26 | FOMN0078  | 40 |
| FOMF0110I | 18  | FOMF0332I | 26 | FOMN0079  | 41 |
| FOMF0111I | 18  | FOMF0333I | 26 | FOMN0080  | 41 |

|           |     |           |     |           |     |
|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|
| FOMN0081  | 41  | FOMOG0122 | 445 | FOMOG3005 | 453 |
| FOMN0082  | 42  | FOMOG0123 | 445 | FOMOG3006 | 453 |
| FOMN0083  | 42  | FOMOG0124 | 445 | FOMOG3008 | 453 |
| FOMN0084  | 42  | FOMOG0125 | 445 | FOMOG3014 | 453 |
| FOMN0085  | 43  | FOMOG0126 | 445 | FOMOG3015 | 453 |
| FOMN0086  | 43  | FOMOG0127 | 445 | FOMOG3016 | 453 |
| FOMN0087  | 44  | FOMOG0128 | 446 | FOMOG3017 | 453 |
| FOMN0088  | 44  | FOMOG0129 | 446 | FOMOG3018 | 453 |
| FOMN0089  | 44  | FOMOG0130 | 446 | FOMOG3019 | 454 |
| FOMN0090  | 45  | FOMOG0131 | 446 | FOMOG3020 | 454 |
| FOMN0091  | 45  | FOMOG0132 | 446 | FOMOG3021 | 454 |
| FOMOG0002 | 438 | FOMOG0133 | 446 | FOMOG3022 | 454 |
| FOMOG0013 | 438 | FOMOG2075 | 446 | FOMOG3023 | 454 |
| FOMOG0014 | 438 | FOMOG2204 | 446 | FOMOG3024 | 454 |
| FOMOG0019 | 438 | FOMOG2205 | 446 | FOMOG3025 | 454 |
| FOMOG0021 | 438 | FOMOG2208 | 447 | FOMOG3026 | 454 |
| FOMOG0030 | 438 | FOMOG2209 | 447 | FOMOG3027 | 454 |
| FOMOG0033 | 438 | FOMOG2212 | 447 | FOMOG3028 | 455 |
| FOMOG0034 | 439 | FOMOG2213 | 447 | FOMOG3029 | 455 |
| FOMOG0035 | 439 | FOMOG2214 | 447 | FOMOG3030 | 455 |
| FOMOG0036 | 439 | FOMOG2215 | 447 | FOMOG3031 | 455 |
| FOMOG0041 | 439 | FOMOG2216 | 447 | FOMOG3032 | 455 |
| FOMOG0043 | 439 | FOMOG2217 | 447 | FOMOG3033 | 455 |
| FOMOG0044 | 439 | FOMOG2218 | 447 | FOMOG3034 | 455 |
| FOMOG0050 | 439 | FOMOG2219 | 448 | FOMOG3035 | 456 |
| FOMOG0051 | 439 | FOMOG2220 | 448 | FOMOG3036 | 456 |
| FOMOG0052 | 440 | FOMOG2221 | 448 | FOMOG3037 | 456 |
| FOMOG0053 | 440 | FOMOG2222 | 448 | FOMOG3038 | 456 |
| FOMOG0054 | 440 | FOMOG2223 | 448 | FOMOG3040 | 456 |
| FOMOG0055 | 440 | FOMOG2224 | 448 | FOMOG3041 | 456 |
| FOMOG0056 | 440 | FOMOG2226 | 448 | FOMOG3042 | 456 |
| FOMOG0057 | 440 | FOMOG2227 | 448 | FOMOG3043 | 456 |
| FOMOG0058 | 440 | FOMOG2230 | 448 | FOMOG3044 | 457 |
| FOMOG0059 | 440 | FOMOG2232 | 449 | FOMOG3045 | 457 |
| FOMOG0060 | 441 | FOMOG2234 | 449 | FOMOG3046 | 457 |
| FOMOG0061 | 441 | FOMOG2235 | 449 | FOMOG3049 | 457 |
| FOMOG0062 | 441 | FOMOG2236 | 449 | FOMOG3050 | 457 |
| FOMOG0063 | 441 | FOMOG2238 | 449 | FOMOG9999 | 457 |
| FOMOG0064 | 441 | FOMOG2240 | 449 | FOMOH0101 | 457 |
| FOMOG0065 | 441 | FOMOG2241 | 449 | FOMOH0104 | 457 |
| FOMOG0066 | 441 | FOMOG2242 | 449 | FOMOH0105 | 457 |
| FOMOG0067 | 442 | FOMOG2243 | 450 | FOMOH1001 | 458 |
| FOMOG0068 | 442 | FOMOG2244 | 450 | FOMOH1002 | 458 |
| FOMOG0069 | 442 | FOMOG2245 | 450 | FOMOH1003 | 458 |
| FOMOG0070 | 442 | FOMOG2246 | 450 | FOMOH1004 | 458 |
| FOMOG0071 | 442 | FOMOG2250 | 450 | FOMOH1005 | 458 |
| FOMOG0072 | 442 | FOMOG2257 | 450 | FOMOH1006 | 458 |
| FOMOG0073 | 442 | FOMOG2259 | 450 | FOMOH1009 | 458 |
| FOMOG0074 | 442 | FOMOG2260 | 450 | FOMOH1010 | 459 |
| FOMOG0100 | 443 | FOMOG2261 | 450 | FOMOH1012 | 459 |
| FOMOG0101 | 443 | FOMOG2262 | 451 | FOMOH2001 | 459 |
| FOMOG0104 | 443 | FOMOG2272 | 451 | FOMOH2002 | 459 |
| FOMOG0105 | 443 | FOMOG2273 | 451 | FOMOH2003 | 459 |
| FOMOG0107 | 443 | FOMOG2274 | 451 | FOMOH2004 | 459 |
| FOMOG0109 | 443 | FOMOG2276 | 451 | FOMOH2005 | 460 |
| FOMOG0110 | 443 | FOMOG2277 | 451 | FOMOH2013 | 460 |
| FOMOG0111 | 443 | FOMOG2280 | 451 | FOMOH2014 | 460 |
| FOMOG0112 | 444 | FOMOG2281 | 451 | FOMOH2015 | 460 |
| FOMOG0113 | 444 | FOMOG2282 | 451 | FOMOH2016 | 460 |
| FOMOG0114 | 444 | FOMOG2283 | 452 | FOMOH2017 | 460 |
| FOMOG0115 | 444 | FOMOG2284 | 452 | FOMOH2018 | 460 |
| FOMOG0116 | 444 | FOMOG2285 | 452 | FOMOH2019 | 460 |
| FOMOG0117 | 444 | FOMOG2290 | 452 | FOMOH2020 | 461 |
| FOMOG0118 | 444 | FOMOG2295 | 452 | FOMOH2021 | 461 |
| FOMOG0119 | 445 | FOMOG2296 | 452 | FOMOH2022 | 461 |
| FOMOG0120 | 445 | FOMOG3001 | 452 | FOMOH2024 | 461 |
| FOMOG0121 | 445 | FOMOG3003 | 452 | FOMOH2025 | 461 |

|           |     |           |     |          |    |
|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|----------|----|
| FOMOH2026 | 461 | FOMOH2105 | 469 | FOMR0226 | 49 |
| FOMOH2027 | 461 | FOMOH2106 | 470 | FOMR0227 | 49 |
| FOMOH2028 | 461 | FOMOH2107 | 470 | FOMR0228 | 50 |
| FOMOH2029 | 462 | FOMOH2108 | 470 | FOMR0229 | 50 |
| FOMOH2030 | 462 | FOMOH2109 | 470 | FOMR0230 | 50 |
| FOMOH2031 | 462 | FOMOH2110 | 470 | FOMR0231 | 50 |
| FOMOH2032 | 462 | FOMOH2111 | 470 | FOMR0232 | 50 |
| FOMOH2033 | 462 | FOMOH2112 | 470 | FOMR0233 | 50 |
| FOMOH2034 | 462 | FOMOH2113 | 470 | FOMR0234 | 50 |
| FOMOH2035 | 462 | FOMOH2114 | 471 | FOMR0235 | 50 |
| FOMOH2036 | 462 | FOMOH2115 | 471 | FOMR0236 | 51 |
| FOMOH2037 | 463 | FOMOH2116 | 471 | FOMR0237 | 51 |
| FOMOH2038 | 463 | FOMOH2117 | 471 | FOMR0238 | 51 |
| FOMOH2039 | 463 | FOMOH2118 | 471 | FOMR0239 | 56 |
| FOMOH2040 | 463 | FOMOH2119 | 471 | FOMR0240 | 56 |
| FOMOH2041 | 463 | FOMOH2120 | 471 | FOMR0241 | 57 |
| FOMOH2042 | 463 | FOMOH2121 | 472 | FOMR0242 | 57 |
| FOMOH2043 | 463 | FOMOH2122 | 472 | FOMR0302 | 51 |
| FOMOH2044 | 463 | FOMOH2123 | 472 | FOMR0303 | 51 |
| FOMOH2045 | 463 | FOMOH2124 | 472 | FOMR0304 | 52 |
| FOMOH2046 | 464 | FOMOH2125 | 472 | FOMR0307 | 52 |
| FOMOH2047 | 464 | FOMOH2126 | 472 | FOMR0309 | 52 |
| FOMOH2048 | 464 | FOMOH2128 | 472 | FOMR0310 | 52 |
| FOMOH2049 | 464 | FOMOH2129 | 472 | FOMR0311 | 52 |
| FOMOH2050 | 464 | FOMOH2130 | 473 | FOMR0312 | 52 |
| FOMOH2051 | 464 | FOMOH2131 | 473 | FOMR0313 | 52 |
| FOMOH2052 | 464 | FOMOH2132 | 473 | FOMR0314 | 53 |
| FOMOH2053 | 464 | FOMOH2133 | 473 | FOMR0315 | 53 |
| FOMOH2054 | 465 | FOMOH2134 | 473 | FOMR0316 | 53 |
| FOMOH2055 | 465 | FOMOH2135 | 473 | FOMR0317 | 53 |
| FOMOH2056 | 465 | FOMOH2136 | 473 | FOMR0318 | 53 |
| FOMOH2057 | 465 | FOMOH9000 | 473 | FOMR0319 | 53 |
| FOMOH2058 | 465 | FOMOH9039 | 473 | FOMR0320 | 54 |
| FOMOH2059 | 465 | FOMOH9040 | 474 | FOMR0321 | 54 |
| FOMOH2060 | 465 | FOMOH9041 | 474 | FOMR0322 | 54 |
| FOMOH2061 | 465 | FOMOH9042 | 474 | FOMR0323 | 54 |
| FOMOH2062 | 465 | FOMOH9043 | 474 | FOMR0324 | 54 |
| FOMOH2063 | 466 | FOMOH9044 | 474 | FOMR0325 | 54 |
| FOMOH2064 | 466 | FOMOH9045 | 474 | FOMR0326 | 55 |
| FOMOH2065 | 466 | FOMOH9046 | 474 | FOMR0327 | 55 |
| FOMOH2066 | 466 | FOMOH9047 | 474 | FOMR0328 | 55 |
| FOMOH2067 | 466 | FOMOH9048 | 475 | FOMR0329 | 55 |
| FOMOH2068 | 466 | FOMOH9049 | 475 | FOMR0330 | 55 |
| FOMOH2069 | 466 | FOMOH9999 | 475 | FOMR0331 | 56 |
| FOMOH2070 | 466 | FOMR0201  | 46  | FOMR0332 | 56 |
| FOMOH2071 | 467 | FOMR0202  | 46  | FOMR0333 | 56 |
| FOMOH2072 | 467 | FOMR0203  | 46  | FOMR0334 | 56 |
| FOMOH2073 | 467 | FOMR0204  | 46  | FSUC0501 | 57 |
| FOMOH2075 | 467 | FOMR0206  | 46  | FSUC0606 | 57 |
| FOMOH2076 | 467 | FOMR0207  | 46  | FSUC0607 | 57 |
| FOMOH2077 | 467 | FOMR0209  | 47  | FSUC0721 | 57 |
| FOMOH2079 | 467 | FOMR0210  | 47  | FSUC0722 | 57 |
| FOMOH2080 | 468 | FOMR0211  | 47  | FSUC0801 | 58 |
| FOMOH2081 | 468 | FOMR0212  | 47  | FSUC0802 | 58 |
| FOMOH2082 | 468 | FOMR0213  | 47  | FSUC0901 | 58 |
| FOMOH2083 | 468 | FOMR0214  | 47  | FSUC0902 | 58 |
| FOMOH2084 | 468 | FOMR0215  | 48  | FSUC0903 | 58 |
| FOMOH2085 | 468 | FOMR0216  | 48  | FSUC0904 | 58 |
| FOMOH2086 | 468 | FOMR0217  | 48  | FSUC0905 | 58 |
| FOMOH2087 | 468 | FOMR0218  | 48  | FSUC0907 | 58 |
| FOMOH2090 | 469 | FOMR0219  | 48  | FSUC0908 | 58 |
| FOMOH2091 | 469 | FOMR0220  | 49  | FSUC0909 | 59 |
| FOMOH2100 | 469 | FOMR0221  | 49  | FSUC1101 | 59 |
| FOMOH2101 | 469 | FOMR0222  | 49  | FSUC1102 | 59 |
| FOMOH2102 | 469 | FOMR0223  | 49  | FSUC1305 | 59 |
| FOMOH2103 | 469 | FOMR0224  | 49  | FSUC1306 | 59 |
| FOMOH2104 | 469 | FOMR0225  | 49  | FSUC1307 | 59 |

|          |    |          |    |          |    |
|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|
| FSUC1308 | 59 | FSUC5025 | 66 | FSUC5098 | 75 |
| FSUC1309 | 59 | FSUC5026 | 66 | FSUC5099 | 75 |
| FSUC1501 | 59 | FSUC5027 | 67 | FSUC5100 | 75 |
| FSUC1607 | 59 | FSUC5028 | 67 | FSUC5101 | 75 |
| FSUC1701 | 60 | FSUC5029 | 67 | FSUC5102 | 75 |
| FSUC1703 | 60 | FSUC5030 | 67 | FSUC5103 | 75 |
| FSUC1708 | 60 | FSUC5031 | 67 | FSUC5104 | 76 |
| FSUC1709 | 60 | FSUC5032 | 67 | FSUC5105 | 76 |
| FSUC1712 | 60 | FSUC5033 | 67 | FSUC5106 | 76 |
| FSUC1714 | 60 | FSUC5034 | 67 | FSUC5107 | 76 |
| FSUC1715 | 60 | FSUC5035 | 68 | FSUC5108 | 76 |
| FSUC1716 | 60 | FSUC5036 | 68 | FSUC5109 | 76 |
| FSUC1717 | 60 | FSUC5037 | 68 | FSUC5111 | 76 |
| FSUC1801 | 61 | FSUC5038 | 68 | FSUC5112 | 76 |
| FSUC1802 | 61 | FSUC5039 | 68 | FSUC5113 | 77 |
| FSUC1803 | 61 | FSUC5040 | 68 | FSUC5114 | 77 |
| FSUC1804 | 61 | FSUC5041 | 68 | FSUC5117 | 77 |
| FSUC1805 | 61 | FSUC5042 | 68 | FSUC5118 | 77 |
| FSUC2001 | 61 | FSUC5043 | 69 | FSUC5119 | 77 |
| FSUC2002 | 61 | FSUC5044 | 69 | FSUC5120 | 77 |
| FSUC2003 | 61 | FSUC5045 | 69 | FSUC5122 | 77 |
| FSUC2004 | 61 | FSUC5046 | 69 | FSUC5123 | 77 |
| FSUC2005 | 61 | FSUC5047 | 69 | FSUC5124 | 78 |
| FSUC2203 | 61 | FSUC5048 | 69 | FSUC5125 | 78 |
| FSUC2204 | 61 | FSUC5049 | 69 | FSUC5129 | 78 |
| FSUC2205 | 61 | FSUC5050 | 70 | FSUC5130 | 78 |
| FSUC2206 | 62 | FSUC5051 | 70 | FSUC5131 | 78 |
| FSUC2323 | 62 | FSUC5052 | 70 | FSUC5132 | 78 |
| FSUC2324 | 62 | FSUC5053 | 70 | FSUC5133 | 78 |
| FSUC2325 | 62 | FSUC5054 | 70 | FSUC5135 | 78 |
| FSUC2326 | 62 | FSUC5055 | 70 | FSUC5136 | 79 |
| FSUC2327 | 62 | FSUC5058 | 70 | FSUC5137 | 79 |
| FSUC2333 | 62 | FSUC5059 | 70 | FSUC5138 | 79 |
| FSUC2502 | 62 | FSUC5060 | 71 | FSUC5140 | 79 |
| FSUC2503 | 62 | FSUC5061 | 71 | FSUC5141 | 79 |
| FSUC2601 | 62 | FSUC5062 | 71 | FSUC5142 | 79 |
| FSUC2602 | 62 | FSUC5063 | 71 | FSUM1001 | 79 |
| FSUC2607 | 63 | FSUC5065 | 71 | FSUM1002 | 80 |
| FSUC3004 | 63 | FSUC5067 | 71 | FSUM1003 | 80 |
| FSUC3009 | 63 | FSUC5068 | 71 | FSUM1004 | 80 |
| FSUC3110 | 63 | FSUC5069 | 71 | FSUM1005 | 80 |
| FSUC3111 | 63 | FSUC5071 | 72 | FSUM1006 | 80 |
| FSUC3112 | 63 | FSUC5072 | 72 | FSUM1007 | 80 |
| FSUC5001 | 63 | FSUC5073 | 72 | FSUM1008 | 80 |
| FSUC5002 | 63 | FSUC5074 | 72 | FSUM1009 | 81 |
| FSUC5003 | 64 | FSUC5075 | 72 | FSUM1010 | 81 |
| FSUC5004 | 64 | FSUC5076 | 72 | FSUM1011 | 81 |
| FSUC5005 | 64 | FSUC5077 | 72 | FSUM1012 | 81 |
| FSUC5006 | 64 | FSUC5078 | 72 | FSUM1013 | 81 |
| FSUC5007 | 64 | FSUC5080 | 73 | FSUM1014 | 81 |
| FSUC5008 | 64 | FSUC5081 | 73 | FSUM1015 | 81 |
| FSUC5009 | 64 | FSUC5082 | 73 | FSUM1016 | 81 |
| FSUC5010 | 64 | FSUC5083 | 73 | FSUM1017 | 82 |
| FSUC5011 | 65 | FSUC5084 | 73 | FSUM1018 | 82 |
| FSUC5012 | 65 | FSUC5085 | 73 | FSUM1019 | 82 |
| FSUC5013 | 65 | FSUC5086 | 73 | FSUM1101 | 83 |
| FSUC5014 | 65 | FSUC5087 | 73 | FSUM1102 | 83 |
| FSUC5015 | 65 | FSUC5088 | 74 | FSUM1103 | 83 |
| FSUC5016 | 65 | FSUC5089 | 74 | FSUM1104 | 83 |
| FSUC5017 | 65 | FSUC5090 | 74 | FSUM1105 | 83 |
| FSUC5018 | 65 | FSUC5091 | 74 | FSUM1106 | 84 |
| FSUC5019 | 66 | FSUC5092 | 74 | FSUM1107 | 84 |
| FSUC5020 | 66 | FSUC5093 | 74 | FSUM1108 | 84 |
| FSUC5021 | 66 | FSUC5094 | 74 | FSUM1109 | 84 |
| FSUC5022 | 66 | FSUC5095 | 74 | FSUM1110 | 84 |
| FSUC5023 | 66 | FSUC5096 | 75 | FSUM1111 | 84 |
| FSUC5024 | 66 | FSUC5097 | 75 | FSUM1112 | 84 |

|          |    |           |     |           |     |
|----------|----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|
| FSUM1113 | 85 | FSUM1243  | 98  | FSUM2036I | 126 |
| FSUM1114 | 85 | FSUM1244  | 98  | FSUM2037I | 126 |
| FSUM1115 | 85 | FSUM1245  | 98  | FSUM2038I | 127 |
| FSUM1116 | 85 | FSUM1246  | 99  | FSUM2039I | 127 |
| FSUM1117 | 85 | FSUM1247  | 99  | FSUM2040I | 127 |
| FSUM1118 | 85 | FSUM1248  | 100 | FSUM2041I | 128 |
| FSUM1119 | 85 | FSUM1249  | 100 | FSUM2042I | 128 |
| FSUM1120 | 86 | FSUM1250  | 101 | FSUM2043I | 128 |
| FSUM1121 | 86 | FSUM1251  | 101 | FSUM2044I | 129 |
| FSUM1122 | 86 | FSUM1252  | 101 | FSUM2045I | 129 |
| FSUM1123 | 86 | FSUM1253  | 102 | FSUM2046I | 129 |
| FSUM1124 | 86 | FSUM1254  | 103 | FSUM2047I | 129 |
| FSUM1125 | 86 | FSUM1255  | 103 | FSUM2048I | 130 |
| FSUM1126 | 86 | FSUM1256  | 104 | FSUM2049I | 130 |
| FSUM1127 | 87 | FSUM1257  | 104 | FSUM2050I | 130 |
| FSUM1128 | 87 | FSUM1258  | 105 | FSUM2051I | 131 |
| FSUM1129 | 87 | FSUM1259  | 105 | FSUM2052I | 131 |
| FSUM1130 | 87 | FSUM1260  | 106 | FSUM2053I | 131 |
| FSUM1131 | 87 | FSUM1261  | 106 | FSUM2054I | 132 |
| FSUM1132 | 87 | FSUM1262  | 107 | FSUM2055I | 132 |
| FSUM1133 | 87 | FSUM1263  | 107 | FSUM2056I | 133 |
| FSUM1134 | 88 | FSUM1264  | 108 | FSUM2057I | 133 |
| FSUM1135 | 88 | FSUM1265  | 109 | FSUM2058I | 133 |
| FSUM1136 | 88 | FSUM1266  | 109 | FSUM2059I | 134 |
| FSUM1137 | 88 | FSUM1267  | 110 | FSUM2060I | 134 |
| FSUM1201 | 88 | FSUM1268  | 110 | FSUM2061I | 134 |
| FSUM1202 | 88 | FSUM1269  | 111 | FSUM2062I | 135 |
| FSUM1203 | 89 | FSUM1270  | 111 | FSUM2063I | 135 |
| FSUM1204 | 89 | FSUM1271  | 112 | FSUM2064I | 135 |
| FSUM1205 | 89 | FSUM1272  | 112 | FSUM2065I | 135 |
| FSUM1206 | 89 | FSUM1273  | 113 | FSUM2066I | 135 |
| FSUM1207 | 89 | FSUM1274  | 113 | FSUM2067I | 135 |
| FSUM1208 | 89 | FSUM1275  | 114 | FSUM2068I | 136 |
| FSUM1209 | 90 | FSUM2001I | 114 | FSUM2069I | 136 |
| FSUM1210 | 90 | FSUM2002I | 115 | FSUM2070I | 136 |
| FSUM1211 | 90 | FSUM2003I | 115 | FSUM2071I | 136 |
| FSUM1212 | 90 | FSUM2004I | 115 | FSUM2072I | 137 |
| FSUM1213 | 90 | FSUM2005I | 116 | FSUM2073I | 137 |
| FSUM1214 | 90 | FSUM2006I | 116 | FSUM2074I | 138 |
| FSUM1215 | 91 | FSUM2007I | 116 | FSUM2075I | 138 |
| FSUM1216 | 91 | FSUM2008I | 116 | FSUM2076I | 138 |
| FSUM1217 | 91 | FSUM2009I | 116 | FSUM2077I | 139 |
| FSUM1218 | 91 | FSUM2010I | 117 | FSUM2078I | 139 |
| FSUM1219 | 91 | FSUM2011I | 117 | FSUM2079I | 139 |
| FSUM1220 | 91 | FSUM2012I | 117 | FSUM2080I | 140 |
| FSUM1221 | 92 | FSUM2013I | 117 | FSUM2081I | 140 |
| FSUM1222 | 92 | FSUM2014I | 118 | FSUM2082I | 142 |
| FSUM1223 | 92 | FSUM2016I | 118 | FSUM2083I | 142 |
| FSUM1224 | 92 | FSUM2017I | 119 | FSUM2084I | 143 |
| FSUM1225 | 92 | FSUM2018I | 119 | FSUM2085I | 143 |
| FSUM1226 | 93 | FSUM2019I | 119 | FSUM2086I | 143 |
| FSUM1227 | 93 | FSUM2020I | 120 | FSUM2087I | 144 |
| FSUM1228 | 93 | FSUM2021I | 120 | FSUM2088I | 144 |
| FSUM1229 | 93 | FSUM2022I | 120 | FSUM2089I | 144 |
| FSUM1230 | 93 | FSUM2023I | 121 | FSUM2091I | 145 |
| FSUM1231 | 94 | FSUM2024I | 121 | FSUM2092I | 148 |
| FSUM1232 | 94 | FSUM2025I | 121 | FSUM2093I | 148 |
| FSUM1233 | 94 | FSUM2026I | 122 | FSUM2094I | 148 |
| FSUM1234 | 94 | FSUM2027I | 122 | FSUM2095I | 148 |
| FSUM1235 | 95 | FSUM2028I | 123 | FSUM2096I | 148 |
| FSUM1236 | 95 | FSUM2029I | 123 | FSUM2097I | 149 |
| FSUM1237 | 95 | FSUM2030I | 123 | FSUM2098I | 149 |
| FSUM1238 | 96 | FSUM2031I | 124 | FSUM2099I | 149 |
| FSUM1239 | 96 | FSUM2032I | 124 | FSUM2100I | 149 |
| FSUM1240 | 96 | FSUM2033I | 125 | FSUM2101I | 149 |
| FSUM1241 | 97 | FSUM2034I | 126 | FSUM2102I | 150 |
| FSUM1242 | 97 | FSUM2035I | 126 | FSUM2103I | 150 |



|           |     |           |     |          |     |
|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM2107I | 150 | FSUM2174I | 181 | FSUM2351 | 207 |
| FSUM2108I | 152 | FSUM2175I | 182 | FSUM2352 | 207 |
| FSUM2109I | 153 | FSUM2176I | 182 | FSUM2353 | 208 |
| FSUM2110I | 153 | FSUM2177I | 183 | FSUM2354 | 208 |
| FSUM2111I | 153 | FSUM2178I | 183 | FSUM2355 | 209 |
| FSUM2112I | 154 | FSUM2179I | 183 | FSUM2356 | 209 |
| FSUM2113I | 154 | FSUM2180I | 184 | FSUM2357 | 209 |
| FSUM2114I | 154 | FSUM2181I | 184 | FSUM2358 | 210 |
| FSUM2115I | 154 | FSUM2182I | 185 | FSUM2359 | 211 |
| FSUM2116I | 155 | FSUM2183I | 185 | FSUM2360 | 211 |
| FSUM2117I | 155 | FSUM2184I | 185 | FSUM2361 | 212 |
| FSUM2118I | 155 | FSUM2185I | 186 | FSUM2362 | 212 |
| FSUM2119I | 156 | FSUM2186I | 186 | FSUM2363 | 212 |
| FSUM2120I | 156 | FSUM2187I | 186 | FSUM2364 | 213 |
| FSUM2121I | 156 | FSUM2188I | 187 | FSUM2365 | 213 |
| FSUM2122I | 156 | FSUM2189I | 187 | FSUM2366 | 213 |
| FSUM2123I | 157 | FSUM2190I | 187 | FSUM2367 | 213 |
| FSUM2124I | 157 | FSUM2191I | 188 | FSUM2368 | 213 |
| FSUM2125I | 157 | FSUM2192I | 188 | FSUM2370 | 214 |
| FSUM2126I | 157 | FSUM2193I | 189 | FSUM2371 | 214 |
| FSUM2127I | 158 | FSUM2194I | 189 | FSUM2372 | 214 |
| FSUM2128I | 158 | FSUM2195I | 190 | FSUM2377 | 215 |
| FSUM2129I | 158 | FSUM2196I | 190 | FSUM2378 | 215 |
| FSUM2130I | 159 | FSUM2197I | 190 | FSUM2379 | 216 |
| FSUM2131I | 159 | FSUM2198I | 191 | FSUM2380 | 216 |
| FSUM2132I | 159 | FSUM2199I | 191 | FSUM2381 | 217 |
| FSUM2133I | 160 | FSUM2301  | 191 | FSUM2382 | 217 |
| FSUM2134I | 160 | FSUM2302  | 193 | FSUM2383 | 218 |
| FSUM2135I | 160 | FSUM2303  | 194 | FSUM2384 | 218 |
| FSUM2136I | 161 | FSUM2304  | 194 | FSUM2385 | 219 |
| FSUM2137I | 161 | FSUM2311  | 195 | FSUM2386 | 219 |
| FSUM2138I | 161 | FSUM2312  | 195 | FSUM2387 | 219 |
| FSUM2139I | 162 | FSUM2313  | 196 | FSUM2388 | 220 |
| FSUM2140I | 162 | FSUM2314  | 196 | FSUM2389 | 220 |
| FSUM2141I | 163 | FSUM2315  | 197 | FSUM2390 | 221 |
| FSUM2142I | 166 | FSUM2316  | 197 | FSUM2391 | 221 |
| FSUM2143I | 166 | FSUM2317  | 197 | FSUM2392 | 222 |
| FSUM2144I | 166 | FSUM2318  | 198 | FSUM2393 | 223 |
| FSUM2145I | 166 | FSUM2319  | 198 | FSUM2394 | 224 |
| FSUM2146I | 167 | FSUM2320  | 199 | FSUM2395 | 224 |
| FSUM2147I | 167 | FSUM2321  | 199 | FSUM2396 | 225 |
| FSUM2148I | 167 | FSUM2322  | 200 | FSUM2397 | 226 |
| FSUM2149I | 168 | FSUM2323  | 200 | FSUM2398 | 227 |
| FSUM2150I | 169 | FSUM2324  | 201 | FSUM2399 | 228 |
| FSUM2151I | 169 | FSUM2325  | 201 | FSUM3002 | 228 |
| FSUM2152I | 170 | FSUM2326  | 202 | FSUM3005 | 229 |
| FSUM2153I | 170 | FSUM2327  | 202 | FSUM3007 | 229 |
| FSUM2154I | 170 | FSUM2328  | 203 | FSUM3008 | 229 |
| FSUM2155I | 171 | FSUM2329  | 203 | FSUM3009 | 229 |
| FSUM2156I | 172 | FSUM2331  | 204 | FSUM3010 | 230 |
| FSUM2157I | 172 | FSUM2332  | 204 | FSUM3012 | 230 |
| FSUM2158I | 173 | FSUM2333  | 204 | FSUM3015 | 230 |
| FSUM2159I | 173 | FSUM2334  | 204 | FSUM3017 | 231 |
| FSUM2160I | 174 | FSUM2335  | 204 | FSUM3018 | 231 |
| FSUM2161I | 174 | FSUM2336  | 204 | FSUM3024 | 231 |
| FSUM2162I | 174 | FSUM2337  | 205 | FSUM3028 | 231 |
| FSUM2163I | 174 | FSUM2338  | 205 | FSUM3032 | 231 |
| FSUM2164I | 175 | FSUM2339  | 205 | FSUM3033 | 231 |
| FSUM2165I | 175 | FSUM2340  | 205 | FSUM3039 | 232 |
| FSUM2166I | 176 | FSUM2341  | 205 | FSUM3040 | 232 |
| FSUM2167I | 176 | FSUM2342  | 205 | FSUM3041 | 232 |
| FSUM2168I | 177 | FSUM2343  | 205 | FSUM3042 | 232 |
| FSUM2169I | 177 | FSUM2344  | 206 | FSUM3043 | 233 |
| FSUM2170I | 178 | FSUM2347  | 206 | FSUM3046 | 233 |
| FSUM2171I | 180 | FSUM2348  | 206 | FSUM3047 | 233 |
| FSUM2172I | 180 | FSUM2349  | 206 | FSUM3048 | 234 |
| FSUM2173I | 181 | FSUM2350  | 206 | FSUM3049 | 234 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM3050 | 234 | FSUM3233 | 250 | FSUM4010 | 260 |
| FSUM3051 | 234 | FSUM3238 | 250 | FSUM4011 | 261 |
| FSUM3052 | 235 | FSUM3243 | 250 | FSUM4012 | 261 |
| FSUM3053 | 235 | FSUM3244 | 250 | FSUM4013 | 261 |
| FSUM3054 | 235 | FSUM3247 | 250 | FSUM4014 | 261 |
| FSUM3055 | 236 | FSUM3248 | 250 | FSUM4015 | 262 |
| FSUM3056 | 236 | FSUM3257 | 251 | FSUM4016 | 262 |
| FSUM3057 | 236 | FSUM3265 | 251 | FSUM4017 | 262 |
| FSUM3058 | 236 | FSUM3271 | 251 | FSUM4018 | 262 |
| FSUM3059 | 237 | FSUM3272 | 251 | FSUM4019 | 262 |
| FSUM3060 | 237 | FSUM3273 | 251 | FSUM4020 | 263 |
| FSUM3061 | 237 | FSUM3274 | 251 | FSUM4021 | 263 |
| FSUM3064 | 237 | FSUM3275 | 252 | FSUM4022 | 263 |
| FSUM3065 | 238 | FSUM3401 | 252 | FSUM4023 | 263 |
| FSUM3066 | 239 | FSUM3402 | 252 | FSUM4024 | 263 |
| FSUM3067 | 239 | FSUM3403 | 252 | FSUM4025 | 264 |
| FSUM3068 | 239 | FSUM3404 | 252 | FSUM4026 | 264 |
| FSUM3069 | 240 | FSUM3405 | 252 | FSUM4027 | 264 |
| FSUM3070 | 240 | FSUM3406 | 252 | FSUM4028 | 264 |
| FSUM3071 | 240 | FSUM3407 | 253 | FSUM4029 | 264 |
| FSUM3072 | 240 | FSUM3408 | 253 | FSUM4030 | 264 |
| FSUM3073 | 241 | FSUM3409 | 253 | FSUM4031 | 265 |
| FSUM3080 | 241 | FSUM3410 | 253 | FSUM4032 | 265 |
| FSUM3081 | 241 | FSUM3411 | 253 | FSUM4033 | 265 |
| FSUM3088 | 241 | FSUM3412 | 253 | FSUM4034 | 265 |
| FSUM3090 | 242 | FSUM3416 | 254 | FSUM4035 | 265 |
| FSUM3091 | 242 | FSUM3417 | 254 | FSUM4036 | 265 |
| FSUM3102 | 242 | FSUM3418 | 254 | FSUM4037 | 266 |
| FSUM3103 | 242 | FSUM3419 | 254 | FSUM4038 | 266 |
| FSUM3104 | 242 | FSUM3420 | 254 | FSUM4039 | 266 |
| FSUM3110 | 243 | FSUM3421 | 254 | FSUM4040 | 266 |
| FSUM3111 | 243 | FSUM3422 | 255 | FSUM5001 | 266 |
| FSUM3112 | 243 | FSUM3423 | 255 | FSUM5002 | 266 |
| FSUM3120 | 243 | FSUM3424 | 255 | FSUM5003 | 266 |
| FSUM3121 | 244 | FSUM3425 | 255 | FSUM5004 | 267 |
| FSUM3122 | 244 | FSUM3426 | 255 | FSUM5005 | 267 |
| FSUM3123 | 245 | FSUM3427 | 255 | FSUM5006 | 267 |
| FSUM3124 | 245 | FSUM3428 | 256 | FSUM5007 | 267 |
| FSUM3130 | 245 | FSUM3429 | 256 | FSUM5008 | 267 |
| FSUM3131 | 245 | FSUM3430 | 256 | FSUM5009 | 267 |
| FSUM3132 | 245 | FSUM3431 | 256 | FSUM5010 | 267 |
| FSUM3201 | 245 | FSUM3432 | 256 | FSUM5011 | 267 |
| FSUM3202 | 246 | FSUM3433 | 256 | FSUM5012 | 267 |
| FSUM3203 | 246 | FSUM3434 | 257 | FSUM5014 | 268 |
| FSUM3204 | 246 | FSUM3437 | 257 | FSUM5015 | 268 |
| FSUM3205 | 246 | FSUM3438 | 257 | FSUM5016 | 268 |
| FSUM3206 | 246 | FSUM3439 | 257 | FSUM5017 | 268 |
| FSUM3207 | 246 | FSUM3440 | 257 | FSUM5018 | 268 |
| FSUM3208 | 247 | FSUM3441 | 257 | FSUM5019 | 268 |
| FSUM3209 | 247 | FSUM3442 | 258 | FSUM5020 | 268 |
| FSUM3210 | 247 | FSUM3443 | 258 | FSUM5021 | 268 |
| FSUM3211 | 247 | FSUM3444 | 258 | FSUM5022 | 269 |
| FSUM3212 | 247 | FSUM3491 | 258 | FSUM5023 | 269 |
| FSUM3215 | 247 | FSUM3495 | 258 | FSUM5024 | 269 |
| FSUM3216 | 248 | FSUM3496 | 258 | FSUM5025 | 269 |
| FSUM3217 | 248 | FSUM3497 | 258 | FSUM5026 | 269 |
| FSUM3218 | 248 | FSUM3498 | 259 | FSUM5027 | 269 |
| FSUM3219 | 248 | FSUM3499 | 259 | FSUM5028 | 269 |
| FSUM3220 | 248 | FSUM4001 | 259 | FSUM5029 | 270 |
| FSUM3221 | 248 | FSUM4002 | 259 | FSUM5030 | 270 |
| FSUM3223 | 249 | FSUM4003 | 259 | FSUM5031 | 270 |
| FSUM3224 | 249 | FSUM4004 | 259 | FSUM5032 | 270 |
| FSUM3226 | 249 | FSUM4005 | 260 | FSUM5033 | 270 |
| FSUM3228 | 249 | FSUM4006 | 260 | FSUM5101 | 270 |
| FSUM3229 | 249 | FSUM4007 | 260 | FSUM5102 | 270 |
| FSUM3230 | 249 | FSUM4008 | 260 | FSUM5103 | 270 |
| FSUM3231 | 249 | FSUM4009 | 260 | FSUM5104 | 271 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM5105 | 271 | FSUM6059 | 278 | FSUM6213 | 284 |
| FSUM5106 | 271 | FSUM6060 | 278 | FSUM6214 | 284 |
| FSUM5107 | 271 | FSUM6063 | 278 | FSUM6216 | 285 |
| FSUM5108 | 271 | FSUM6069 | 278 | FSUM6217 | 285 |
| FSUM5109 | 271 | FSUM6070 | 278 | FSUM6219 | 285 |
| FSUM5110 | 271 | FSUM6074 | 278 | FSUM6220 | 285 |
| FSUM5111 | 271 | FSUM6075 | 278 | FSUM6221 | 285 |
| FSUM5112 | 271 | FSUM6076 | 278 | FSUM6229 | 285 |
| FSUM5113 | 272 | FSUM6077 | 279 | FSUM6232 | 285 |
| FSUM5115 | 272 | FSUM6078 | 279 | FSUM6233 | 285 |
| FSUM5116 | 272 | FSUM6079 | 279 | FSUM6234 | 285 |
| FSUM5119 | 272 | FSUM6080 | 279 | FSUM6235 | 285 |
| FSUM5131 | 272 | FSUM6081 | 279 | FSUM6237 | 285 |
| FSUM5132 | 272 | FSUM6082 | 279 | FSUM6238 | 286 |
| FSUM5133 | 272 | FSUM6083 | 279 | FSUM6239 | 286 |
| FSUM5134 | 272 | FSUM6084 | 279 | FSUM6241 | 286 |
| FSUM5135 | 272 | FSUM6085 | 279 | FSUM6242 | 286 |
| FSUM5136 | 273 | FSUM6086 | 279 | FSUM6243 | 286 |
| FSUM5137 | 273 | FSUM6089 | 280 | FSUM6244 | 286 |
| FSUM5138 | 273 | FSUM6090 | 280 | FSUM6245 | 286 |
| FSUM5139 | 273 | FSUM6091 | 280 | FSUM6246 | 286 |
| FSUM5140 | 273 | FSUM6092 | 280 | FSUM6247 | 286 |
| FSUM5141 | 273 | FSUM6095 | 280 | FSUM6248 | 286 |
| FSUM5142 | 273 | FSUM6099 | 280 | FSUM6249 | 286 |
| FSUM5151 | 273 | FSUM6101 | 280 | FSUM6250 | 286 |
| FSUM5152 | 273 | FSUM6102 | 280 | FSUM6251 | 287 |
| FSUM5153 | 274 | FSUM6103 | 280 | FSUM6254 | 287 |
| FSUM5154 | 274 | FSUM6104 | 280 | FSUM6255 | 287 |
| FSUM5161 | 274 | FSUM6105 | 281 | FSUM6256 | 287 |
| FSUM5162 | 274 | FSUM6107 | 281 | FSUM6257 | 287 |
| FSUM5164 | 274 | FSUM6108 | 281 | FSUM6258 | 287 |
| FSUM5165 | 274 | FSUM6112 | 281 | FSUM6259 | 287 |
| FSUM5171 | 274 | FSUM6113 | 281 | FSUM6260 | 287 |
| FSUM5172 | 274 | FSUM6114 | 281 | FSUM6261 | 287 |
| FSUM5211 | 274 | FSUM6115 | 281 | FSUM6263 | 287 |
| FSUM5212 | 275 | FSUM6116 | 281 | FSUM6310 | 287 |
| FSUM5213 | 275 | FSUM6117 | 281 | FSUM6311 | 287 |
| FSUM5214 | 275 | FSUM6118 | 281 | FSUM6312 | 287 |
| FSUM5215 | 275 | FSUM6119 | 282 | FSUM6313 | 288 |
| FSUM5231 | 275 | FSUM6120 | 282 | FSUM6314 | 288 |
| FSUM5240 | 275 | FSUM6121 | 282 | FSUM6316 | 288 |
| FSUM5241 | 275 | FSUM6122 | 282 | FSUM6317 | 288 |
| FSUM5242 | 275 | FSUM6123 | 282 | FSUM6318 | 288 |
| FSUM5243 | 275 | FSUM6124 | 282 | FSUM6319 | 288 |
| FSUM5272 | 275 | FSUM6125 | 282 | FSUM6322 | 288 |
| FSUM6001 | 276 | FSUM6126 | 282 | FSUM6323 | 288 |
| FSUM6003 | 276 | FSUM6129 | 282 | FSUM6324 | 288 |
| FSUM6004 | 276 | FSUM6130 | 283 | FSUM6325 | 288 |
| FSUM6007 | 276 | FSUM6131 | 283 | FSUM6342 | 288 |
| FSUM6008 | 276 | FSUM6132 | 283 | FSUM6349 | 288 |
| FSUM6013 | 276 | FSUM6133 | 283 | FSUM6352 | 289 |
| FSUM6014 | 276 | FSUM6134 | 283 | FSUM6353 | 289 |
| FSUM6017 | 276 | FSUM6155 | 283 | FSUM6354 | 289 |
| FSUM6018 | 276 | FSUM6178 | 283 | FSUM6355 | 289 |
| FSUM6019 | 276 | FSUM6180 | 283 | FSUM6357 | 289 |
| FSUM6020 | 276 | FSUM6181 | 283 | FSUM6358 | 289 |
| FSUM6022 | 277 | FSUM6184 | 283 | FSUM6359 | 289 |
| FSUM6023 | 277 | FSUM6185 | 284 | FSUM6361 | 289 |
| FSUM6039 | 277 | FSUM6187 | 284 | FSUM6362 | 289 |
| FSUM6047 | 277 | FSUM6188 | 284 | FSUM6363 | 289 |
| FSUM6048 | 277 | FSUM6189 | 284 | FSUM6364 | 289 |
| FSUM6049 | 277 | FSUM6191 | 284 | FSUM6365 | 290 |
| FSUM6052 | 277 | FSUM6196 | 284 | FSUM6371 | 290 |
| FSUM6053 | 277 | FSUM6199 | 284 | FSUM6372 | 290 |
| FSUM6054 | 277 | FSUM6202 | 284 | FSUM6374 | 290 |
| FSUM6055 | 278 | FSUM6203 | 284 | FSUM6378 | 290 |
| FSUM6058 | 278 | FSUM6210 | 284 | FSUM6380 | 290 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM6381 | 290 | FSUM6501 | 297 | FSUM6650 | 304 |
| FSUM6382 | 290 | FSUM6503 | 297 | FSUM6652 | 304 |
| FSUM6383 | 290 | FSUM6504 | 297 | FSUM6653 | 304 |
| FSUM6384 | 290 | FSUM6505 | 297 | FSUM6654 | 304 |
| FSUM6385 | 291 | FSUM6506 | 297 | FSUM6655 | 304 |
| FSUM6388 | 291 | FSUM6507 | 297 | FSUM6656 | 304 |
| FSUM6389 | 291 | FSUM6508 | 297 | FSUM6658 | 304 |
| FSUM6390 | 291 | FSUM6510 | 297 | FSUM6659 | 304 |
| FSUM6391 | 291 | FSUM6511 | 298 | FSUM6660 | 304 |
| FSUM6392 | 291 | FSUM6512 | 298 | FSUM6661 | 305 |
| FSUM6393 | 291 | FSUM6513 | 298 | FSUM6662 | 305 |
| FSUM6398 | 291 | FSUM6515 | 298 | FSUM6700 | 305 |
| FSUM6404 | 291 | FSUM6517 | 298 | FSUM6701 | 305 |
| FSUM6405 | 291 | FSUM6518 | 298 | FSUM6708 | 305 |
| FSUM6406 | 292 | FSUM6519 | 298 | FSUM6710 | 305 |
| FSUM6407 | 292 | FSUM6527 | 298 | FSUM6715 | 305 |
| FSUM6408 | 292 | FSUM6529 | 298 | FSUM6721 | 305 |
| FSUM6409 | 292 | FSUM6535 | 298 | FSUM6729 | 305 |
| FSUM6411 | 292 | FSUM6537 | 299 | FSUM6731 | 305 |
| FSUM6412 | 292 | FSUM6541 | 299 | FSUM6733 | 306 |
| FSUM6417 | 292 | FSUM6544 | 299 | FSUM6734 | 306 |
| FSUM6418 | 292 | FSUM6545 | 299 | FSUM6736 | 306 |
| FSUM6420 | 292 | FSUM6546 | 299 | FSUM6737 | 306 |
| FSUM6422 | 292 | FSUM6547 | 299 | FSUM6738 | 306 |
| FSUM6423 | 292 | FSUM6548 | 299 | FSUM6739 | 306 |
| FSUM6424 | 293 | FSUM6549 | 299 | FSUM6741 | 306 |
| FSUM6425 | 293 | FSUM6550 | 299 | FSUM6743 | 306 |
| FSUM6426 | 293 | FSUM6551 | 299 | FSUM6745 | 306 |
| FSUM6427 | 293 | FSUM6553 | 300 | FSUM6747 | 306 |
| FSUM6428 | 293 | FSUM6563 | 300 | FSUM6748 | 307 |
| FSUM6432 | 293 | FSUM6564 | 300 | FSUM6749 | 307 |
| FSUM6433 | 293 | FSUM6565 | 300 | FSUM6751 | 307 |
| FSUM6434 | 293 | FSUM6569 | 300 | FSUM6752 | 307 |
| FSUM6437 | 293 | FSUM6570 | 300 | FSUM6753 | 307 |
| FSUM6439 | 293 | FSUM6571 | 300 | FSUM6754 | 307 |
| FSUM6440 | 293 | FSUM6572 | 300 | FSUM6755 | 307 |
| FSUM6441 | 294 | FSUM6573 | 300 | FSUM6762 | 307 |
| FSUM6442 | 294 | FSUM6574 | 300 | FSUM6763 | 307 |
| FSUM6446 | 294 | FSUM6579 | 301 | FSUM6764 | 307 |
| FSUM6447 | 294 | FSUM6582 | 301 | FSUM6768 | 307 |
| FSUM6448 | 294 | FSUM6600 | 301 | FSUM6769 | 307 |
| FSUM6450 | 294 | FSUM6601 | 301 | FSUM6770 | 308 |
| FSUM6451 | 294 | FSUM6602 | 301 | FSUM6771 | 308 |
| FSUM6452 | 294 | FSUM6603 | 301 | FSUM6773 | 308 |
| FSUM6453 | 294 | FSUM6604 | 301 | FSUM6776 | 308 |
| FSUM6454 | 294 | FSUM6605 | 301 | FSUM6777 | 308 |
| FSUM6455 | 295 | FSUM6606 | 301 | FSUM6780 | 308 |
| FSUM6456 | 295 | FSUM6614 | 302 | FSUM6781 | 308 |
| FSUM6457 | 295 | FSUM6630 | 302 | FSUM6784 | 308 |
| FSUM6458 | 295 | FSUM6631 | 302 | FSUM6785 | 308 |
| FSUM6459 | 295 | FSUM6632 | 302 | FSUM6786 | 308 |
| FSUM6460 | 295 | FSUM6633 | 302 | FSUM6789 | 308 |
| FSUM6461 | 295 | FSUM6634 | 302 | FSUM6793 | 308 |
| FSUM6462 | 295 | FSUM6635 | 302 | FSUM6795 | 309 |
| FSUM6463 | 295 | FSUM6636 | 302 | FSUM6796 | 309 |
| FSUM6464 | 295 | FSUM6637 | 302 | FSUM6802 | 309 |
| FSUM6465 | 296 | FSUM6638 | 303 | FSUM6803 | 309 |
| FSUM6466 | 296 | FSUM6639 | 303 | FSUM6807 | 309 |
| FSUM6469 | 296 | FSUM6640 | 303 | FSUM6808 | 309 |
| FSUM6470 | 296 | FSUM6641 | 303 | FSUM6809 | 309 |
| FSUM6473 | 296 | FSUM6642 | 303 | FSUM6810 | 309 |
| FSUM6477 | 296 | FSUM6643 | 303 | FSUM6811 | 309 |
| FSUM6478 | 296 | FSUM6644 | 303 | FSUM6813 | 309 |
| FSUM6484 | 296 | FSUM6645 | 303 | FSUM6815 | 310 |
| FSUM6498 | 296 | FSUM6647 | 303 | FSUM6816 | 310 |
| FSUM6499 | 296 | FSUM6648 | 303 | FSUM6817 | 310 |
| FSUM6500 | 297 | FSUM6649 | 304 | FSUM6818 | 310 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM6819 | 310 | FSUM7019 | 316 | FSUM7169 | 322 |
| FSUM6820 | 310 | FSUM7024 | 316 | FSUM7170 | 323 |
| FSUM6821 | 310 | FSUM7027 | 316 | FSUM7171 | 323 |
| FSUM6822 | 310 | FSUM7028 | 316 | FSUM7172 | 323 |
| FSUM6823 | 310 | FSUM7029 | 317 | FSUM7173 | 323 |
| FSUM6826 | 310 | FSUM7030 | 317 | FSUM7174 | 323 |
| FSUM6827 | 310 | FSUM7031 | 317 | FSUM7175 | 323 |
| FSUM6828 | 311 | FSUM7033 | 317 | FSUM7176 | 323 |
| FSUM6829 | 311 | FSUM7034 | 317 | FSUM7177 | 323 |
| FSUM6830 | 311 | FSUM7035 | 317 | FSUM7178 | 323 |
| FSUM6831 | 311 | FSUM7036 | 317 | FSUM7179 | 323 |
| FSUM6832 | 311 | FSUM7037 | 317 | FSUM7180 | 324 |
| FSUM6833 | 311 | FSUM7038 | 317 | FSUM7181 | 324 |
| FSUM6834 | 311 | FSUM7054 | 317 | FSUM7182 | 324 |
| FSUM6835 | 311 | FSUM7057 | 317 | FSUM7183 | 324 |
| FSUM6860 | 311 | FSUM7058 | 318 | FSUM7184 | 324 |
| FSUM6861 | 311 | FSUM7059 | 318 | FSUM7185 | 324 |
| FSUM6864 | 311 | FSUM7060 | 318 | FSUM7194 | 324 |
| FSUM6865 | 312 | FSUM7061 | 318 | FSUM7195 | 324 |
| FSUM6866 | 312 | FSUM7062 | 318 | FSUM7196 | 324 |
| FSUM6869 | 312 | FSUM7063 | 318 | FSUM7197 | 324 |
| FSUM6879 | 312 | FSUM7065 | 318 | FSUM7199 | 325 |
| FSUM6880 | 312 | FSUM7066 | 318 | FSUM7200 | 325 |
| FSUM6881 | 312 | FSUM7067 | 318 | FSUM7203 | 325 |
| FSUM6882 | 312 | FSUM7068 | 318 | FSUM7204 | 325 |
| FSUM6883 | 312 | FSUM7070 | 319 | FSUM7205 | 325 |
| FSUM6884 | 312 | FSUM7078 | 319 | FSUM7206 | 325 |
| FSUM6894 | 312 | FSUM7079 | 319 | FSUM7207 | 325 |
| FSUM6900 | 312 | FSUM7080 | 319 | FSUM7209 | 325 |
| FSUM6901 | 313 | FSUM7081 | 319 | FSUM7210 | 325 |
| FSUM6902 | 313 | FSUM7082 | 319 | FSUM7211 | 326 |
| FSUM6903 | 313 | FSUM7083 | 319 | FSUM7218 | 326 |
| FSUM6904 | 313 | FSUM7084 | 319 | FSUM7219 | 326 |
| FSUM6905 | 313 | FSUM7085 | 319 | FSUM7220 | 326 |
| FSUM6906 | 313 | FSUM7086 | 319 | FSUM7221 | 326 |
| FSUM6907 | 313 | FSUM7087 | 319 | FSUM7222 | 326 |
| FSUM6908 | 313 | FSUM7089 | 319 | FSUM7223 | 326 |
| FSUM6909 | 313 | FSUM7106 | 320 | FSUM7224 | 326 |
| FSUM6911 | 313 | FSUM7107 | 320 | FSUM7226 | 327 |
| FSUM6912 | 314 | FSUM7108 | 320 | FSUM7229 | 327 |
| FSUM6934 | 314 | FSUM7119 | 320 | FSUM7230 | 327 |
| FSUM6935 | 314 | FSUM7120 | 320 | FSUM7231 | 327 |
| FSUM6939 | 314 | FSUM7131 | 320 | FSUM7252 | 327 |
| FSUM6940 | 314 | FSUM7139 | 320 | FSUM7253 | 327 |
| FSUM6954 | 314 | FSUM7140 | 320 | FSUM7257 | 327 |
| FSUM6955 | 314 | FSUM7141 | 320 | FSUM7259 | 327 |
| FSUM6956 | 314 | FSUM7142 | 320 | FSUM7260 | 327 |
| FSUM6960 | 314 | FSUM7143 | 321 | FSUM7261 | 327 |
| FSUM6961 | 314 | FSUM7144 | 321 | FSUM7263 | 328 |
| FSUM6962 | 314 | FSUM7145 | 321 | FSUM7266 | 328 |
| FSUM6963 | 315 | FSUM7146 | 321 | FSUM7267 | 328 |
| FSUM6967 | 315 | FSUM7147 | 321 | FSUM7280 | 328 |
| FSUM6968 | 315 | FSUM7148 | 321 | FSUM7282 | 328 |
| FSUM6969 | 315 | FSUM7151 | 321 | FSUM7283 | 328 |
| FSUM6975 | 315 | FSUM7152 | 321 | FSUM7286 | 328 |
| FSUM6977 | 315 | FSUM7153 | 321 | FSUM7287 | 328 |
| FSUM6978 | 315 | FSUM7154 | 321 | FSUM7290 | 328 |
| FSUM6979 | 315 | FSUM7155 | 321 | FSUM7291 | 328 |
| FSUM7007 | 315 | FSUM7158 | 322 | FSUM7293 | 328 |
| FSUM7008 | 315 | FSUM7159 | 322 | FSUM7294 | 329 |
| FSUM7009 | 315 | FSUM7160 | 322 | FSUM7295 | 329 |
| FSUM7012 | 316 | FSUM7161 | 322 | FSUM7296 | 329 |
| FSUM7013 | 316 | FSUM7162 | 322 | FSUM7297 | 329 |
| FSUM7014 | 316 | FSUM7163 | 322 | FSUM7299 | 329 |
| FSUM7015 | 316 | FSUM7164 | 322 | FSUM7300 | 329 |
| FSUM7016 | 316 | FSUM7165 | 322 | FSUM7301 | 329 |
| FSUM7017 | 316 | FSUM7167 | 322 | FSUM7302 | 329 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM7303 | 329 | FSUM7441 | 336 | FSUM7728 | 343 |
| FSUM7305 | 329 | FSUM7442 | 336 | FSUM7729 | 343 |
| FSUM7306 | 330 | FSUM7443 | 336 | FSUM7730 | 343 |
| FSUM7308 | 330 | FSUM7449 | 337 | FSUM7731 | 343 |
| FSUM7309 | 330 | FSUM7452 | 337 | FSUM7732 | 343 |
| FSUM7310 | 330 | FSUM7453 | 337 | FSUM7733 | 343 |
| FSUM7311 | 330 | FSUM7455 | 337 | FSUM7734 | 343 |
| FSUM7315 | 330 | FSUM7456 | 337 | FSUM7739 | 344 |
| FSUM7316 | 330 | FSUM7457 | 337 | FSUM7766 | 344 |
| FSUM7317 | 330 | FSUM7458 | 337 | FSUM7767 | 344 |
| FSUM7318 | 330 | FSUM7459 | 337 | FSUM7768 | 344 |
| FSUM7320 | 330 | FSUM7460 | 338 | FSUM7769 | 344 |
| FSUM7321 | 331 | FSUM7461 | 338 | FSUM7770 | 344 |
| FSUM7325 | 331 | FSUM7462 | 338 | FSUM7771 | 344 |
| FSUM7326 | 331 | FSUM7473 | 338 | FSUM7778 | 344 |
| FSUM7327 | 331 | FSUM7475 | 338 | FSUM7780 | 344 |
| FSUM7328 | 331 | FSUM7476 | 338 | FSUM7828 | 344 |
| FSUM7329 | 331 | FSUM7477 | 338 | FSUM7829 | 345 |
| FSUM7330 | 331 | FSUM7478 | 338 | FSUM7830 | 345 |
| FSUM7331 | 331 | FSUM7483 | 338 | FSUM7831 | 345 |
| FSUM7332 | 331 | FSUM7488 | 339 | FSUM7832 | 345 |
| FSUM7333 | 331 | FSUM7490 | 339 | FSUM7833 | 345 |
| FSUM7334 | 332 | FSUM7495 | 339 | FSUM7835 | 345 |
| FSUM7337 | 332 | FSUM7496 | 339 | FSUM7836 | 345 |
| FSUM7338 | 332 | FSUM7497 | 339 | FSUM7842 | 345 |
| FSUM7339 | 332 | FSUM7499 | 339 | FSUM7843 | 345 |
| FSUM7340 | 332 | FSUM7501 | 339 | FSUM7846 | 345 |
| FSUM7341 | 332 | FSUM7502 | 339 | FSUM7853 | 345 |
| FSUM7342 | 332 | FSUM7506 | 339 | FSUM7854 | 346 |
| FSUM7343 | 332 | FSUM7507 | 340 | FSUM7856 | 346 |
| FSUM7345 | 332 | FSUM7509 | 340 | FSUM7859 | 346 |
| FSUM7346 | 333 | FSUM7513 | 340 | FSUM7860 | 346 |
| FSUM7347 | 333 | FSUM7514 | 340 | FSUM7861 | 346 |
| FSUM7349 | 333 | FSUM7517 | 340 | FSUM7864 | 346 |
| FSUM7350 | 333 | FSUM7520 | 340 | FSUM7870 | 346 |
| FSUM7351 | 333 | FSUM7522 | 340 | FSUM7876 | 346 |
| FSUM7352 | 333 | FSUM7524 | 340 | FSUM7877 | 346 |
| FSUM7354 | 333 | FSUM7530 | 340 | FSUM7878 | 346 |
| FSUM7355 | 333 | FSUM7531 | 340 | FSUM7880 | 346 |
| FSUM7356 | 333 | FSUM7532 | 341 | FSUM7881 | 347 |
| FSUM7357 | 333 | FSUM7533 | 341 | FSUM7882 | 347 |
| FSUM7358 | 334 | FSUM7534 | 341 | FSUM7883 | 347 |
| FSUM7359 | 334 | FSUM7535 | 341 | FSUM7884 | 347 |
| FSUM7360 | 334 | FSUM7536 | 341 | FSUM7885 | 347 |
| FSUM7362 | 334 | FSUM7538 | 341 | FSUM7888 | 347 |
| FSUM7363 | 334 | FSUM7539 | 341 | FSUM7889 | 347 |
| FSUM7364 | 334 | FSUM7540 | 341 | FSUM7890 | 347 |
| FSUM7366 | 334 | FSUM7542 | 341 | FSUM7894 | 347 |
| FSUM7367 | 334 | FSUM7543 | 341 | FSUM7895 | 348 |
| FSUM7369 | 334 | FSUM7544 | 341 | FSUM7897 | 348 |
| FSUM7411 | 334 | FSUM7545 | 341 | FSUM7898 | 348 |
| FSUM7412 | 335 | FSUM7546 | 342 | FSUM7899 | 348 |
| FSUM7421 | 335 | FSUM7547 | 342 | FSUM7901 | 348 |
| FSUM7422 | 335 | FSUM7548 | 342 | FSUM7903 | 348 |
| FSUM7423 | 335 | FSUM7552 | 342 | FSUM7904 | 348 |
| FSUM7424 | 335 | FSUM7553 | 342 | FSUM7905 | 348 |
| FSUM7425 | 335 | FSUM7554 | 342 | FSUM7906 | 349 |
| FSUM7426 | 335 | FSUM7558 | 342 | FSUM7907 | 349 |
| FSUM7427 | 335 | FSUM7559 | 342 | FSUM7908 | 349 |
| FSUM7428 | 335 | FSUM7560 | 342 | FSUM7909 | 349 |
| FSUM7429 | 336 | FSUM7561 | 342 | FSUM7910 | 349 |
| FSUM7430 | 336 | FSUM7562 | 342 | FSUM7911 | 349 |
| FSUM7431 | 336 | FSUM7679 | 342 | FSUM7913 | 349 |
| FSUM7433 | 336 | FSUM7723 | 342 | FSUM7915 | 349 |
| FSUM7438 | 336 | FSUM7725 | 343 | FSUM7918 | 349 |
| FSUM7439 | 336 | FSUM7726 | 343 | FSUM7921 | 350 |
| FSUM7440 | 336 | FSUM7727 | 343 | FSUM7922 | 350 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM7927 | 350 | FSUM8145 | 357 | FSUM8749 | 364 |
| FSUM7929 | 350 | FSUM8149 | 357 | FSUM8750 | 364 |
| FSUM7930 | 350 | FSUM8155 | 357 | FSUM8754 | 364 |
| FSUM7931 | 350 | FSUM8181 | 357 | FSUM8755 | 364 |
| FSUM7932 | 350 | FSUM8183 | 358 | FSUM8756 | 364 |
| FSUM7933 | 350 | FSUM8193 | 358 | FSUM8764 | 365 |
| FSUM7934 | 351 | FSUM8194 | 358 | FSUM8765 | 365 |
| FSUM7935 | 351 | FSUM8196 | 358 | FSUM8766 | 365 |
| FSUM7936 | 351 | FSUM8210 | 358 | FSUM8770 | 365 |
| FSUM7937 | 351 | FSUM8211 | 358 | FSUM8772 | 365 |
| FSUM7938 | 351 | FSUM8213 | 358 | FSUM8774 | 365 |
| FSUM7939 | 351 | FSUM8214 | 358 | FSUM8785 | 365 |
| FSUM7940 | 351 | FSUM8219 | 358 | FSUM8786 | 365 |
| FSUM7941 | 351 | FSUM8223 | 358 | FSUM8787 | 365 |
| FSUM7942 | 351 | FSUM8226 | 359 | FSUM8788 | 365 |
| FSUM7943 | 352 | FSUM8229 | 359 | FSUM8789 | 365 |
| FSUM7944 | 352 | FSUM8230 | 359 | FSUM8810 | 366 |
| FSUM7945 | 352 | FSUM8231 | 359 | FSUM8811 | 366 |
| FSUM7946 | 352 | FSUM8232 | 359 | FSUM8813 | 366 |
| FSUM7949 | 352 | FSUM8233 | 359 | FSUM8819 | 366 |
| FSUM7950 | 352 | FSUM8236 | 359 | FSUM8820 | 366 |
| FSUM7952 | 352 | FSUM8241 | 359 | FSUM8821 | 366 |
| FSUM7953 | 352 | FSUM8242 | 360 | FSUM8822 | 366 |
| FSUM7954 | 352 | FSUM8244 | 360 | FSUM8824 | 366 |
| FSUM7955 | 353 | FSUM8245 | 360 | FSUM8842 | 366 |
| FSUM7957 | 353 | FSUM8247 | 360 | FSUM8843 | 366 |
| FSUM7960 | 353 | FSUM8249 | 360 | FSUM8913 | 366 |
| FSUM7963 | 353 | FSUM8253 | 360 | FSUM8955 | 367 |
| FSUM7964 | 353 | FSUM8257 | 360 | FSUM8957 | 367 |
| FSUM7969 | 353 | FSUM8260 | 360 | FSUM8958 | 367 |
| FSUM7971 | 353 | FSUM8263 | 360 | FSUM8960 | 367 |
| FSUM7972 | 353 | FSUM8267 | 361 | FSUM8961 | 367 |
| FSUM7976 | 354 | FSUM8565 | 361 | FSUM8976 | 367 |
| FSUM7988 | 354 | FSUM8566 | 361 | FSUM8977 | 367 |
| FSUM7992 | 354 | FSUM8703 | 361 | FSUM8979 | 367 |
| FSUM7994 | 354 | FSUM8704 | 361 | FSUM8980 | 367 |
| FSUM7995 | 354 | FSUM8705 | 361 | FSUM8981 | 367 |
| FSUM7998 | 354 | FSUM8707 | 361 | FSUM8982 | 367 |
| FSUM8000 | 354 | FSUM8708 | 361 | FSUM8983 | 368 |
| FSUM8001 | 354 | FSUM8710 | 361 | FSUM8984 | 368 |
| FSUM8002 | 354 | FSUM8714 | 361 | FSUM8985 | 368 |
| FSUM8004 | 355 | FSUM8716 | 361 | FSUM8986 | 368 |
| FSUM8008 | 355 | FSUM8717 | 362 | FSUM8987 | 368 |
| FSUM8009 | 355 | FSUM8718 | 362 | FSUM8988 | 368 |
| FSUM8010 | 355 | FSUM8721 | 362 | FSUM8989 | 368 |
| FSUM8011 | 355 | FSUM8723 | 362 | FSUM8990 | 368 |
| FSUM8020 | 355 | FSUM8724 | 362 | FSUM8991 | 368 |
| FSUM8023 | 355 | FSUM8725 | 362 | FSUM8992 | 368 |
| FSUM8024 | 355 | FSUM8726 | 362 | FSUM8993 | 369 |
| FSUM8025 | 355 | FSUM8728 | 362 | FSUM8994 | 369 |
| FSUM8030 | 355 | FSUM8730 | 362 | FSUM8995 | 369 |
| FSUM8054 | 356 | FSUM8731 | 362 | FSUM8996 | 369 |
| FSUM8055 | 356 | FSUM8732 | 363 | FSUM8997 | 369 |
| FSUM8058 | 356 | FSUM8733 | 363 | FSUM8998 | 369 |
| FSUM8059 | 356 | FSUM8734 | 363 | FSUM8999 | 369 |
| FSUM8061 | 356 | FSUM8735 | 363 | FSUM9000 | 369 |
| FSUM8062 | 356 | FSUM8736 | 363 | FSUM9001 | 369 |
| FSUM8063 | 356 | FSUM8737 | 363 | FSUM9002 | 369 |
| FSUM8069 | 356 | FSUM8738 | 363 | FSUM9003 | 370 |
| FSUM8070 | 356 | FSUM8739 | 363 | FSUM9004 | 370 |
| FSUM8071 | 356 | FSUM8740 | 363 | FSUM9005 | 370 |
| FSUM8072 | 357 | FSUM8741 | 363 | FSUM9007 | 370 |
| FSUM8073 | 357 | FSUM8742 | 363 | FSUM9008 | 370 |
| FSUM8074 | 357 | FSUM8743 | 364 | FSUM9010 | 370 |
| FSUM8076 | 357 | FSUM8745 | 364 | FSUM9086 | 370 |
| FSUM8103 | 357 | FSUM8746 | 364 | FSUM9087 | 370 |
| FSUM8105 | 357 | FSUM8747 | 364 | FSUM9088 | 370 |

|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUM9090 | 370 | FSUM9312 | 377 | FSUM9588 | 384 |
| FSUM9091 | 371 | FSUM9353 | 377 | FSUM9593 | 384 |
| FSUM9092 | 371 | FSUM9356 | 377 | FSUM9594 | 384 |
| FSUM9094 | 371 | FSUM9357 | 377 | FSUM9595 | 384 |
| FSUM9104 | 371 | FSUM9358 | 377 | FSUM9602 | 384 |
| FSUM9105 | 371 | FSUM9364 | 377 | FSUM9603 | 384 |
| FSUM9106 | 371 | FSUM9366 | 378 | FSUM9604 | 384 |
| FSUM9110 | 371 | FSUM9368 | 378 | FSUM9620 | 385 |
| FSUM9118 | 371 | FSUM9369 | 378 | FSUM9630 | 385 |
| FSUM9139 | 371 | FSUM9370 | 378 | FSUM9631 | 385 |
| FSUM9140 | 371 | FSUM9374 | 378 | FSUM9632 | 385 |
| FSUM9153 | 372 | FSUM9378 | 378 | FSUM9636 | 385 |
| FSUM9154 | 372 | FSUM9379 | 378 | FSUM9637 | 385 |
| FSUM9156 | 372 | FSUM9380 | 378 | FSUM9638 | 385 |
| FSUM9164 | 372 | FSUM9381 | 378 | FSUM9639 | 385 |
| FSUM9165 | 372 | FSUM9383 | 378 | FSUM9661 | 386 |
| FSUM9169 | 372 | FSUM9384 | 379 | FSUM9666 | 386 |
| FSUM9170 | 372 | FSUM9385 | 379 | FSUM9667 | 386 |
| FSUM9174 | 372 | FSUM9387 | 379 | FSUM9668 | 386 |
| FSUM9179 | 372 | FSUM9392 | 379 | FSUM9669 | 386 |
| FSUM9181 | 373 | FSUM9393 | 379 | FSUM9673 | 386 |
| FSUM9182 | 373 | FSUM9394 | 379 | FSUM9674 | 386 |
| FSUM9183 | 373 | FSUM9401 | 379 | FSUM9679 | 386 |
| FSUM9184 | 373 | FSUM9415 | 379 | FSUM9681 | 387 |
| FSUM9185 | 373 | FSUM9419 | 379 | FSUM9682 | 387 |
| FSUM9186 | 373 | FSUM9424 | 379 | FSUM9684 | 387 |
| FSUM9188 | 373 | FSUM9428 | 380 | FSUM9696 | 387 |
| FSUM9190 | 373 | FSUM9429 | 380 | FSUM9697 | 387 |
| FSUM9191 | 373 | FSUM9430 | 380 | FSUM9698 | 387 |
| FSUM9192 | 373 | FSUM9431 | 380 | FSUM9700 | 387 |
| FSUM9195 | 374 | FSUM9432 | 380 | FSUM9701 | 388 |
| FSUM9196 | 374 | FSUM9433 | 380 | FSUM9702 | 388 |
| FSUM9199 | 374 | FSUM9434 | 380 | FSUM9704 | 388 |
| FSUM9200 | 374 | FSUM9435 | 380 | FSUM9705 | 388 |
| FSUM9201 | 374 | FSUM9436 | 380 | FSUM9707 | 388 |
| FSUM9203 | 374 | FSUM9437 | 381 | FSUM9708 | 388 |
| FSUM9204 | 374 | FSUM9439 | 381 | FSUM9710 | 388 |
| FSUM9205 | 374 | FSUM9441 | 381 | FSUM9712 | 388 |
| FSUM9206 | 374 | FSUM9453 | 381 | FSUM9771 | 389 |
| FSUM9208 | 374 | FSUM9454 | 381 | FSUM9835 | 389 |
| FSUM9209 | 374 | FSUM9456 | 381 | FSUM9922 | 389 |
| FSUM9210 | 374 | FSUM9464 | 381 | FSUM9926 | 389 |
| FSUM9221 | 375 | FSUM9465 | 381 | FSUM9927 | 389 |
| FSUM9222 | 375 | FSUM9466 | 381 | FSUM9928 | 389 |
| FSUM9224 | 375 | FSUM9467 | 381 | FSUM9942 | 389 |
| FSUM9225 | 375 | FSUM9503 | 382 | FSUM9943 | 390 |
| FSUM9230 | 375 | FSUM9505 | 382 | FSUM9948 | 390 |
| FSUM9247 | 375 | FSUM9514 | 382 | FSUM9949 | 390 |
| FSUM9249 | 375 | FSUM9526 | 382 | FSUM9950 | 390 |
| FSUM9259 | 375 | FSUM9527 | 382 | FSUM9952 | 390 |
| FSUM9261 | 375 | FSUM9528 | 382 | FSUM9954 | 390 |
| FSUM9268 | 375 | FSUM9529 | 382 | FSUM9955 | 390 |
| FSUM9270 | 376 | FSUM9532 | 382 | FSUM9956 | 391 |
| FSUM9271 | 376 | FSUM9533 | 382 | FSUM9988 | 391 |
| FSUM9272 | 376 | FSUM9564 | 382 | FSUM9989 | 391 |
| FSUM9273 | 376 | FSUM9566 | 383 | FSUM9991 | 391 |
| FSUM9276 | 376 | FSUM9567 | 383 | FSUM9992 | 391 |
| FSUM9277 | 376 | FSUM9569 | 383 | FSUM9993 | 391 |
| FSUM9278 | 376 | FSUM9570 | 383 | FSUM9994 | 391 |
| FSUM9279 | 376 | FSUM9571 | 383 | FSUM9995 | 391 |
| FSUM9280 | 376 | FSUM9572 | 383 | FSUM9996 | 392 |
| FSUM9281 | 376 | FSUM9573 | 383 | FSUM9997 | 392 |
| FSUM9283 | 377 | FSUM9575 | 383 | FSUM9998 | 392 |
| FSUM9285 | 377 | FSUM9581 | 383 | FSUMA003 | 392 |
| FSUM9309 | 377 | FSUM9585 | 383 | FSUMA004 | 392 |
| FSUM9310 | 377 | FSUM9586 | 384 | FSUMA005 | 392 |
| FSUM9311 | 377 | FSUM9587 | 384 | FSUMA007 | 392 |



|          |     |          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUMA008 | 392 | FSUMA912 | 401 | FSUMF013 | 409 |
| FSUMA009 | 393 | FSUMA917 | 401 | FSUMF014 | 409 |
| FSUMA051 | 393 | FSUMA921 | 401 | FSUMF015 | 409 |
| FSUMA081 | 393 | FSUMA922 | 401 | FSUMF016 | 409 |
| FSUMA083 | 393 | FSUMA923 | 401 | FSUMF017 | 409 |
| FSUMA084 | 393 | FSUMA924 | 401 | FSUMF018 | 409 |
| FSUMA093 | 393 | FSUMA925 | 401 | FSUMF019 | 409 |
| FSUMA094 | 393 | FSUMA930 | 401 | FSUMF020 | 410 |
| FSUMA096 | 393 | FSUMA932 | 401 | FSUMF021 | 410 |
| FSUMA099 | 394 | FSUMA934 | 401 | FSUMF022 | 410 |
| FSUMA104 | 394 | FSUMA935 | 402 | FSUMF047 | 410 |
| FSUMA107 | 394 | FSUMA957 | 402 | FSUMF060 | 410 |
| FSUMA108 | 394 | FSUMA958 | 402 | FSUMF061 | 410 |
| FSUMA110 | 394 | FSUMA959 | 402 | FSUMF062 | 410 |
| FSUMA111 | 394 | FSUMA960 | 402 | FSUMF063 | 410 |
| FSUMA112 | 394 | FSUMA961 | 402 | FSUMF068 | 411 |
| FSUMA116 | 394 | FSUMA962 | 402 | FSUMF070 | 411 |
| FSUMA130 | 395 | FSUMA963 | 403 | FSUMF072 | 411 |
| FSUMA131 | 395 | FSUMA964 | 403 | FSUMF073 | 411 |
| FSUMA132 | 395 | FSUMA965 | 403 | FSUMF074 | 411 |
| FSUMA133 | 395 | FSUMA966 | 403 | FSUMF075 | 411 |
| FSUMA134 | 395 | FSUMB031 | 403 | FSUMF076 | 411 |
| FSUMA135 | 395 | FSUMB039 | 403 | FSUMF077 | 411 |
| FSUMA136 | 395 | FSUMB040 | 403 | FSUMF078 | 412 |
| FSUMA137 | 395 | FSUMB041 | 403 | FSUMF079 | 412 |
| FSUMA139 | 396 | FSUMB042 | 404 | FSUMF080 | 412 |
| FSUMA140 | 396 | FSUMB043 | 404 | FSUMF081 | 412 |
| FSUMA144 | 396 | FSUMB045 | 404 | FSUMF082 | 412 |
| FSUMA145 | 396 | FSUMB046 | 404 | FSUMF083 | 412 |
| FSUMA157 | 396 | FSUMB047 | 404 | FSUMF084 | 413 |
| FSUMA162 | 396 | FSUMB048 | 404 | FSUMF115 | 413 |
| FSUMA163 | 396 | FSUMB049 | 404 | FSUMF125 | 413 |
| FSUMA164 | 396 | FSUMB077 | 404 | FSUMF127 | 413 |
| FSUMA176 | 397 | FSUMB082 | 404 | FSUMF128 | 413 |
| FSUMA186 | 397 | FSUMB083 | 405 | FSUMF129 | 413 |
| FSUMA187 | 397 | FSUMB084 | 405 | FSUMF130 | 413 |
| FSUMA194 | 397 | FSUMB085 | 405 | FSUMF131 | 413 |
| FSUMA196 | 397 | FSUMB091 | 405 | FSUMF132 | 413 |
| FSUMA197 | 397 | FSUMB261 | 405 | FSUMF133 | 414 |
| FSUMA860 | 397 | FSUMB262 | 405 | FSUMF134 | 414 |
| FSUMA872 | 398 | FSUMB263 | 405 | FSUMF135 | 414 |
| FSUMA873 | 398 | FSUMB264 | 405 | FSUMF136 | 414 |
| FSUMA874 | 398 | FSUMB265 | 405 | FSUMF137 | 414 |
| FSUMA875 | 398 | FSUMB291 | 405 | FSUMF138 | 414 |
| FSUMA876 | 398 | FSUMB293 | 406 | FSUMF139 | 414 |
| FSUMA877 | 398 | FSUMB294 | 406 | FSUMF140 | 414 |
| FSUMA878 | 398 | FSUMB322 | 406 | FSUMF141 | 414 |
| FSUMA879 | 398 | FSUMB407 | 406 | FSUMF142 | 414 |
| FSUMA882 | 399 | FSUMB408 | 406 | FSUMF143 | 414 |
| FSUMA883 | 399 | FSUMB409 | 406 | FSUMF144 | 415 |
| FSUMA884 | 399 | FSUMB410 | 406 | FSUMF145 | 415 |
| FSUMA885 | 399 | FSUMB411 | 406 | FSUMF146 | 415 |
| FSUMA888 | 399 | FSUMB451 | 407 | FSUMF147 | 415 |
| FSUMA891 | 399 | FSUMB452 | 407 | FSUMF148 | 415 |
| FSUMA893 | 399 | FSUMB453 | 407 | FSUMF149 | 415 |
| FSUMA894 | 399 | FSUMB454 | 407 | FSUMF154 | 415 |
| FSUMA895 | 399 | FSUMB455 | 407 | FSUMF155 | 415 |
| FSUMA897 | 400 | FSUMB456 | 408 | FSUMF156 | 415 |
| FSUMA902 | 400 | FSUMF004 | 408 | FSUMF157 | 415 |
| FSUMA903 | 400 | FSUMF005 | 408 | FSUMF158 | 416 |
| FSUMA904 | 400 | FSUMF006 | 408 | FSUMF159 | 416 |
| FSUMA905 | 400 | FSUMF007 | 408 | FSUMF160 | 416 |
| FSUMA906 | 400 | FSUMF008 | 408 | FSUMF161 | 416 |
| FSUMA907 | 400 | FSUMF009 | 408 | FSUMF162 | 416 |
| FSUMA909 | 400 | FSUMF010 | 409 | FSUMF165 | 416 |
| FSUMA910 | 400 | FSUMF011 | 409 | FSUMF166 | 416 |
| FSUMA911 | 400 | FSUMF012 | 409 | FSUMF167 | 416 |

|          |     |          |     |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| FSUMF168 | 417 | FSUMF302 | 426 |
| FSUMF170 | 417 | FSUMF310 | 426 |
| FSUMF171 | 417 | FSUMF311 | 427 |
| FSUMF172 | 417 | FSUMF312 | 427 |
| FSUMF173 | 417 | FSUMF313 | 427 |
| FSUMF174 | 417 | FSUMF314 | 427 |
| FSUMF175 | 417 | FSUMF315 | 427 |
| FSUMF177 | 417 | FSUMF316 | 427 |
| FSUMF178 | 418 | FSUMF317 | 428 |
| FSUMF179 | 418 | FSUMF318 | 428 |
| FSUMF180 | 418 | FSUMF319 | 428 |
| FSUMF181 | 418 | FSUMF320 | 428 |
| FSUMF182 | 418 | FSUMF323 | 428 |
| FSUMF183 | 418 | FSUMF324 | 428 |
| FSUMF186 | 419 | FSUMF325 | 428 |
| FSUMF187 | 419 | FSUMF327 | 429 |
| FSUMF188 | 419 | FSUMF328 | 429 |
| FSUMF189 | 419 | FSUMF329 | 429 |
| FSUMF190 | 419 | FSUMF332 | 429 |
| FSUMF191 | 419 | FSUMF333 | 429 |
| FSUMF192 | 419 | FSUMF334 | 429 |
| FSUMF193 | 420 | FSUMF335 | 429 |
| FSUMF194 | 420 | FSUMF336 | 429 |
| FSUMF195 | 420 | FSUMF337 | 430 |
| FSUMF196 | 420 | FSUMF338 | 430 |
| FSUMF197 | 420 | FSUMF339 | 430 |
| FSUMF198 | 420 | FSUMF342 | 430 |
| FSUMF208 | 420 | FSUMF343 | 430 |
| FSUMF209 | 420 | FSUMF344 | 430 |
| FSUMF220 | 421 | FSUMF345 | 430 |
| FSUMF221 | 421 | FSUMF346 | 431 |
| FSUMF222 | 421 | FSUMF347 | 431 |
| FSUMF223 | 421 | FSUMF348 | 431 |
| FSUMF227 | 421 | FSUMF349 | 431 |
| FSUMF228 | 421 | FSUMF350 | 431 |
| FSUMF229 | 422 | FSUMF351 | 431 |
| FSUMF230 | 422 | FSUMF352 | 431 |
| FSUMF231 | 422 | FSUMF353 | 431 |
| FSUMF232 | 422 | FSUMF354 | 432 |
| FSUMF233 | 422 | FSUMF355 | 432 |
| FSUMF234 | 422 | FSUMF356 | 432 |
| FSUMF235 | 423 | FSUMF362 | 432 |
| FSUMF236 | 423 | FSUMF363 | 432 |
| FSUMF237 | 423 | FSUMF365 | 432 |
| FSUMF238 | 423 | FSUMF366 | 433 |
| FSUMF239 | 423 | FSUMF368 | 433 |
| FSUMF240 | 423 | FSUMF369 | 433 |
| FSUMF241 | 423 | FSUMF370 | 433 |
| FSUMF242 | 424 | FSUMF371 | 433 |
| FSUMF243 | 424 | FSUMF372 | 433 |
| FSUMF244 | 424 | FSUMF373 | 434 |
| FSUMF246 | 424 | FSUMF382 | 434 |
| FSUMF247 | 424 | FSUMF383 | 434 |
| FSUMF248 | 424 | FSUMF384 | 434 |
| FSUMF249 | 424 | FSUMF385 | 434 |
| FSUMF250 | 425 | FSUMF386 | 434 |
| FSUMF271 | 425 | FSUMF388 | 434 |
| FSUMF272 | 425 | FSUMF389 | 435 |
| FSUMF273 | 425 | FSUMF390 | 435 |
| FSUMF274 | 425 | FSUMF391 | 435 |
| FSUMF275 | 425 | FSUMF397 | 435 |
| FSUMF277 | 425 | FSUMF400 | 435 |
| FSUMF278 | 425 | FSUMF403 | 435 |
| FSUMF279 | 426 | FSUMF404 | 435 |
| FSUMF280 | 426 | FSUMF405 | 435 |
| FSUMF300 | 426 | FSUMF406 | 436 |
| FSUMF301 | 426 | FSUMF407 | 436 |

|          |     |
|----------|-----|
| FSUMF408 | 436 |
| FSUMF410 | 436 |
| FSUMF412 | 436 |
| FSUMF415 | 436 |
| FSUMF416 | 437 |
| FSUMF419 | 437 |
| FSUMF420 | 437 |
| FSUMF421 | 437 |
| FSUMF422 | 437 |
| FSUMF424 | 437 |
| FSUMF425 | 437 |
| FSUMF426 | 437 |

## G

|                            |          |
|----------------------------|----------|
| GFUADMPH local reason code | 755      |
| GFUAFADS local reason code | 756      |
| GFUAFRER local reason code | 757      |
| GFUAGADS local reason code | 759      |
| GFUAGETR local reason code | 761      |
| GFUAINIT local reason code | 763      |
| GFUALLOC local reason code | 769      |
| GFUARQUE local reason code | 771      |
| GFUATERM local reason code | 773      |
| GFUAUMNT local reason code | 774      |
| GFUBCNFS local reason code | 775      |
| GFUBDCFS local reason code | 781      |
| GFUBEXTD local reason code | 783      |
| GFUBMONT local reason code | 787      |
| GFUBSYNC local reason code | 791      |
| GFUBTASK local reason code | 799      |
| GFUBUMNT local reason code | 800      |
| GFUDEOMR local reason code | 801      |
| GFUDIACT local reason code | 802      |
| GFUDIOCT local reason code | 803      |
| GFUDMONT local reason code | 805      |
| GFUDPCTL local reason code | 808      |
| GFUDUMNT local reason code | 812      |
| GFUDVGET local reason code | 814      |
| GFUGACES local reason code | 816      |
| GFUGAGET local reason code | 817      |
| GFUGASET local reason code | 818      |
| GFUGAUDT local reason code |          |
| local reason code          |          |
| GFUGAUDT                   | 821      |
| GFUGCLOS local reason code | 822      |
| GFUGCREA local reason code | 823      |
| GFUGDUMP local reason code | 827      |
| GFUGFSYN local reason code | 828      |
| GFUGFTRU local reason code | 830      |
| GFUGIACT local reason code | 831      |
| GFUGIOCT local reason code | 832      |
| GFUGLINK local reason code | 836      |
| GFUGLOOK local reason code | 839      |
| GFUGOPEN local reason code | 842      |
| GFUGRDDR local reason code | 844      |
| GFUGRDLK local reason code | 846      |
| GFUGRDWR local reason code | 847      |
| GFUGRECV local reason code | 850      |
| GFUGREMV local reason code | 851      |
| GFUGRENM local reason code | 853, 856 |
| GFUGRMDR local reason code | 857      |
| GFUGRWNE local reason code | 860      |
| GFUGSYML local reason code | 862      |
| GFUGTRUN local reason code | 864      |
| GFUIARPN local reason code | 866      |
| GFUICPDL local reason code | 869      |

GFUICPEX local reason code 870  
 GFUICPIN local reason code 871  
 GFUICPJN local reason code 872  
 GFUICPSC local reason code 874  
 GFUICPSG local reason code 876  
 GFUICPSP local reason code 878  
 GFUICPUP local reason code 879  
 GFUIGSIB local reason code 880  
 GFUIIDEL local reason code 882  
 GFUIIUW local reason code 887  
 GFUINEWT local reason code 891  
 GFUIREAD local reason code 892  
 GFUISRCH local reason code 894  
 GFUISYNC local reason code  
   GFUISYNC 898  
 GFUNCNDS logical reason code 903  
 GFUNEN55 local reason code 905  
 GFUNINIT local reason code 906  
 GFUPACL local reason code  
   local reason code  
     GFUPACL 908  
 GFUPBFR local reason code 909  
 GFUPBLIM local reason code 911  
 GFUPFAP local reason code  
   local reason code  
     GFUPFAP 912  
 GFUPFDM local reason code 913  
 GFUPPFM local reason code 914  
 GFUPFSCK local reason code 916  
 GFUPFSYN local reason code 918  
 GFUPIBLK local reason code 919  
 GFUPICON local reason code 920  
 GFUPIFRD local reason code 921  
 GFUPISRV local reason code 923  
 GFUPLAD local reason code 926  
 GFUPPCT local reason code  
   local reason code  
     GFUPPCT 926  
 GFUPRUP local reason code 927  
 GFUPVDF local reason code 928  
 GFUZINIT local reason code 929  
 GFUZIOER local reason code 930  
 GFUZIOTE local reason code 931  
 GFUZMONT local reason code 932  
 GFUZRDWR local reason code 934  
 GFUZRSME local reason code 938  
 GFUZUMNT local reason code 939  
 global reason code  
   HFS 731  
 global reason codes 729  
 GTF trace data sets  
   obtaining 535

## H

HFS global reason codes 731  
 HFS reason codes 725

## I

IOEGLUE 534

## K

keyboard  
   navigation 945

keyboard (*continued*)  
   PF keys 945  
   shortcut keys 945

## L

Language Environment  
   errno2 codes 534  
   reason codes 534  
 local reason code  
   GFUADMPH 755  
   GFUAFADS 756  
   GFUAFRER 757  
   GFUAGADS 759  
   GFUAGETR 761  
   GFUAINIT 763  
   GFUALLOC 769  
   GFUARQUE 771  
   GFUATERM 773  
   GFUAUMNT 774  
   GFUBCNFS 775  
   GFUBDCFS 781  
   GFUBEXTD 783  
   GFUBMONT 787  
   GFUBSYNC 791  
   GFUBTASK 799  
   GFUBUMNT 800  
   GFUDEOMR 801  
   GFUDIACT 802  
   GFUDIOCT 803  
   GFUDMONT 805  
   GFUDPCTL 808  
   GFUDUMNT 812  
   GFUDVGET 814  
   GFUGACES 816  
   GFUGAGET 817  
   GFUGASET 818  
   GFUGCLOS 822  
   GFUGCREA 823  
   GFUGDUMP 827  
   GFUGFSYN 828  
   GFUGFTRU 1 830  
   GFUGIACT 831  
   GFUGIOCT 832  
   GFUGLINK 836  
   GFUGLOOK 1 839  
   GFUGOPEN 842  
   GFUGRDDR 844  
   GFUGRDLK 846  
   GFUGRDWR 847  
   GFUGRECV 850  
   GFUGREMV 851  
   GFUGRENM 853, 856  
   GFUGRMDR 857  
   GFUGRWNE 860  
   GFUGSYML 862  
   GFUGTRUN 864  
   GFUIARPN 866  
   GFUICPDL 869  
   GFUICPEX 870  
   GFUICPIN 871  
   GFUICPJN 872  
   GFUICPSC 874  
   GFUICPSG 876  
   GFUICPSP 878  
   GFUICPUP 879  
   GFUIGSIB 880

local reason code (*continued*)

GFUIIDEL 882  
 GFUIIUW 887  
 GFUINEWT 891  
 GFUIREAD 892  
 GFUISRCH 894  
 GFUNEN55 905  
 GFUNINIT 906  
 GFUPBFR 909  
 GFUPBLIM 911  
 GFUPFDM 913  
 GFUPPFM 914  
 GFUPFSCK 916  
 GFUPFSYN 918  
 GFUPIBLK 919  
 GFUPICON 920  
 GFUPIFRD 921  
 GFUPISRV 923  
 GFUPLAD 926  
 GFUPRUP 927  
 GFUPVDF 928  
 GFUZINIT 929  
 GFUZIOER 930  
 GFUZIOTE 931  
 GFUZMONT 932  
 GFUZRDWR 934  
 GFUZRSME 938  
 GFUZUMNT 939  
 logical reason code  
   GFUNCNDS 903

## M

message modules 1  
 messages  
   z/OS UNIX ix

## N

navigation  
   keyboard 945  
 Notices 949

## R

reason codes  
   Anynet sockets 534  
   Communications Server TCP/IP  
     Stack 534  
   DFS file exporter 534  
   DFSMS Client file system 534  
   DFSMS HFS file system 534  
   dump services 750  
   HFS 725  
   Language Environment 534  
   listed by value 533  
   subcomponent access control  
     services 750  
   System Services Facilities (SSF) 749  
   TFS 941  
   trace services 751  
   virtual storage manager services 752  
   z/OS File System 534  
   z/OS NFS Client File System 534  
   z/OS UNIX ix, 535  
 reason codes, changed ix

reason codes, new ix  
return codes  
    listed by value 529

## S

sending comments to IBM vii  
shortcut keys 945  
slip  
    updated for V2R2 xiv  
slips  
    setting 534  
subcomponent access control services  
    reason codes 750  
summary of changes xiv  
Summary of changes xv  
System Service Facilities (SSF)  
    reason codes 749

## T

TFS reason codes 941  
trace services  
    reason codes 751

## U

user interface  
    ISPF 945  
    TSO/E 945

## V

virtual storage manager services  
    reason codes 752

## Z

z/OS File System  
    reason codes 534  
z/OS NFS Client File System  
    reason codes 534  
z/OS UNIX  
    Chinese messages ix  
    messages ix  
    messages, changed ix  
    messages, new ix  
    messages, no longer issued ix  
    reason codes ix  
    reason codes, changed ix  
    reason codes, new ix  
    return codes, changed ix  
    updated translation ix





Product Number: 5650-ZOS

Printed in USA

SA23-2284-02

