IBM COS FA Portal

SETUP GUIDE FOR KVM/OPENSTACK



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CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1. PLANNING YOUR INSTALLATION	1
Scalability and Load Balancing	1
Data Replication and Failover	1
Security	1
Requirements	2
CHAPTER 2. INSTALLING IBM COS FA PORTAL INSTANCES	5
Creating a IBM COS FA Portal Instance	5
Logging In to the IBM COS FA Portal Server and Configuring it with the Storage	9
Configuring Network Settings 1	.0
CHAPTER 3. CONFIGURING THE IBM COS FA PORTAL MASTER SERVER	0
Performing Initial IBM COS FA Portal Setup 2	20
Installing an SSL Certificate 2	3
Creating DNS Records	0
Configuring a Public NAT Address	1
Installing the License Key 3	3
Setting Up the Time Zone	4
Installing the BigFix Client for IBM License Metric Tool 3	4
CHAPTER 4. INSTALLING ADDITIONAL IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVERS	5
CHAPTER 5. MANAGING IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVERS	9
Backing Up the IBM COS FA Portal	9
Backing Up the Database	9
Enabling FIPS	0
Enabling/Disabling Remote Support 5	0
Extending the IBM COS FA Portal Main Database or Catalog Node Storage Pool	1
Load Balancing IBM COS FA Portal Servers 5	3
CHAPTER 6. UPGRADING IBM COS FA PORTAL 5	6

CHAPTER 1. PLANNING YOUR INSTALLATION

This guide describes how to install the IBM COS FA Portal, how to set it up for initial use, and how to perform a minor upgrade.

If you require assistance in setting up your IBM COS FA Portal, contact IBM support.

An IBM COS FA Portal installation comprises a cluster of one or more VMs (servers). Each server can host any combination of the following services:

- Main database. Only one server can host the main database. The server that hosts the main database is called the master server.
- **Catalog node**. A database service that stores file metadata. It can be hosted together with the main database or on a separate server.
- **Application service**. This service accepts connections and handles requests from Web and CTTP clients.
- **Database replication server**. A passive database service set to replicate an active database server (main database or a catalog node). During server installation, you can turn on the replication service and select the database server from which to replicate.

By default, the first installed server is a master server, hosting the main database, application server, and catalog node. You can install any number of additional servers, for Scalability and Load Balancing and for Data Replication and Failover. The same image is used to install all the server instances.

SCALABILITY AND LOAD BALANCING

IBM COS FA Portal is horizontally scalable. Additional servers can be added:

- As catalog node servers, to increase metadata storage handling capacity and performance.
- As application servers, to increase client handling capacity. Any servers that are enabled as application servers automatically balance the connected clients between them, allowing for maximized capacity and availability.

DATA REPLICATION AND FAILOVER

The main database and catalog node services are stateful and any servers hosting these services contain critical data. You must replicate all such servers to maintain the availability of critical data. The application service is stateless, and therefore, any dedicated application servers do not require replication or backup. Failover between application servers is automatic.

For details about replicating the database, see Backing Up the Database.

Replication can be achieved using other platform dependent replication methods (such as SAN replication).

SECURITY

All internal communications between IBM COS FA Portal servers is authenticated to prevent unauthorized access. Nevertheless, to follow the *defense in-depth* security philosophy, the master and catalog node servers, which store sensitive data, should be placed in their own firewalled, isolated network, and only the application server should be allowed to face the Internet.

REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for the OpenStack platform

IBM COS FA Portal must be installed on a machine that meets the following requirements:

- The IBM COS FA Portal KVM image, obtainable from IBM support. This file is used to install all the IBM COS FA Portal VMs.
- Linux machine with KVM virtualization and Virtual Machine Manager (virt-manager) installed and running. Make sure that memory overcommitting is disabled.
- In a production environment, with a multi-node deployment, the application and database servers each require a 64-bit virtual machine with minimum 16GB RAM, 4 CPU cores and 110GB local hard disk drive. In a small or test environment, with a single server deployment, the requirement is a 64-bit virtual machine with minimum 8GB RAM, 2 CPU cores and 110GB local hard disk drive.
- The size of the database should be around 2% of the target data. IBM recommends seeking guidance from IBM support for a more accurate estimation of the required database size.
- Access from the virtual machine to a Storage Area Network (SAN) or directly attached hard drives.
- The virtual disk attached to the IBM COS FA Portal VMs running the IBM COS FA Portal database, applicable for main database or catalog node, must yield a minimum of 700 TPS (transactions per second). To test the TPS on your installation, contact IBM support.
- **Note:** All resources allocated to a server should be dedicated to that server and not shared with other servers. You must not run non-IBM COS FA Portal applications on any of the IBM COS FA Portal servers.

Requirements for administrator device

- Web browser: The latest two releases of Google Chrome, Apple Safari, Mozilla Firefox, and Microsoft Edge.
- SSH and SCP clients. For example, the freeware PuTTY.

Other Requirements

Prepare the following:

- A DNS name for the IBM COS FA Portal installation.
- An ICAP Server and license if the antivirus feature will be used.
- An SMTP mail server for sending notifications

Port requirements

To allow access to and from the Internet on the firewall on each machine that will operate as an application server or database server, ensure the following network ports are open:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
22	TCP	Inbound and Outbound	SSH. IBM recommends limiting SSH access to specific IP addresses that may require access to the IBM COS FA Portal application servers, for example to perform scheduled maintenance and support related work.
53	UDP	Inbound and Outbound	DNS
80	ТСР	Inbound and Outbound	HTTP
123	UDP	Outbound	NTP
443	ТСР	Inbound and Outbound	HTTPS

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
995	ТСР	Inbound	CTTP. Communications with IBM COS FA Gateways.
xx ^a	ТСР	Outbound	SMTP

a. Use the port number that is used at your site for SMTP. The default port for SMTP is 25.

The following ports must be opened towards storage nodes:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
80	ТСР	Outbound	IBM COS FA Portal local filesystem
80 or 443 (for HTTPS)	ТСР	Outbound	Object Storage
111, 2049	ТСР	Outbound	NFS

If you are running a separated environment that consists of multiple IBM COS FA Portal servers residing on separate firewalled network segments, open the following additional ports between the IBM COS FA Portal servers. These ports do not need to be accessible from the Internet:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
22	ТСР	Inbound and Outbound	SSH management between the servers.
443	ТСР	Inbound and Outbound	Updates between the servers.
5432	ТСР	Inbound	PostgreSQL. Applicable for master server, catalog nodes and database replication servers only.

If IBM COS FA Portal will be connected to Active Directory, open the following ports towards the Active Directory servers

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
53	TCP/UDP	Outbound	DNS
389	TCP/UDP	Outbound	LDAP/LDAP GC (Global Catalog)
3268	TCP		
636, 3269	ТСР	Outbound	LDAP and LDAP GC with SSL ^a

a. IBM recommends using LDAP and LDAP GC with SSL instead of LDAP and LDAP GC.

IBM COS FA Portal requires the following port open for RSync for database replication between the main and secondary databases. This port does not need to be accessible from the Internet:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
873	TCP	Inbound	-

IBM COS FA Portal requires the following port open for antivirus and DLP scanning. This port does not need to be accessible from the Internet:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
1344	ТСР	Outbound	_

IBM COS FA Portal can be integrated with the IBM License Metric Tool to analyze the consumption data and generate reports. IBM License Metric Tool requires the BigFix client to be installed on the IBM COS FA Portal VM. BigFix requires the following port to be opened:

Port	Protocol	Direction	Notes
52311	UDP	Outbound	Contact IBM support for the command required to open this port.

Warning: IBM COS FA Portal operates behind a firewall, and it is important to leave all other ports closed.

CHAPTER 2. INSTALLING IBM COS FA PORTAL INSTANCES

Use the following workflow to install IBM COS FA Portal on each virtual machine.

- 1 Creating a IBM COS FA Portal Instance using a IBM COS FA Portal image obtainable from IBM support.
- 2 Logging In to the IBM COS FA Portal Server and Configuring it with the Storage and changing the password.
- 3 Configuring Network Settings.
- 4 For the first server you install, follow all of the steps in Configuring the IBM COS FA Portal Master Server.
- 5 For any additional servers beside the master server, configure the server as an additional server as described in Installing Additional IBM COS FA Portal Servers.
- 6 Make sure that you replicate the database, as described in Backing Up the Database.
- **Note:** You can use block-storage-level snapshots for backup, but snapshots are periodical in nature, configured to run every few hours. Therefore, you cannot recover the metadata to any point-in-time, and can lose a significant amount of data on failure. Also, many storage systems do not support block-level snapshots and replication, or do not do so efficiently.

CREATING A IBM COS FA PORTAL INSTANCE

You can install the IBM COS FA Portal on KVM via the OpenStack console or another console. The following instructions describe how to install a IBM COS FA Portal using the OpenStack console.

To install an IBM COS FA Portal Server in OpenStack:

- 1 Log in to the OpenStack console and access **Admin > Images**.
- 2 Click Create Image.

Create An Image	×
Name *	
	Description:
	Specify an image to upload to the Image Service.
Description	Currently only images available via an HTTP URL are supported. The image location must be accessible to the Image Service. Compressed image binaries are
Image Source	supported (.zip and .tar.gz.)
Image Location	Please note: The Image Location field MUST be a valid and direct URL to the image binary. URLs that redirect or
Image Location 🛛	serve error pages will result in unusable images.
Format *	
Select format	Ŧ
Architecture	
Minimum Disk (GB) Ø	
Minimum RAM (MB) Q	
Copy Data Ø	
Public	
Protected	
	Cancel Create Image

The **Create An Image** screen is displayed.

3 Specify the details for the image.

Name - A unique name to identify the image.
Description - An optional description of the image.
Image Source - Select Image File.
Image File - Browse to the OpenStack image received from IBM.
Format - Select QCOW2 - QEMU Emulator.
Architecture - Leave blank.
Minimum Disk - The minimum disk requirement is 110GB.
Minimum RAM - The minimum RAM requirement is 8096MB. For production IBM recommends 16192MB.
You can leave both Public and Protected checkboxes with their default values.

- 4 Click **Create Image**. The image is created. This can take a few minutes.
- 5 Access **Project > Compute > Instances**.
- 6 Click Launch Instance.

Details * Access & Secur	rity Networking *	Post-Creation Adva	inced Options
Availability Zone		Specify the details for	launching an instance.
nova	٣	The chart below shows	the resources used by this project
Instance Name *		Flavor Details	uotas.
		Name	m1.tiny
Flavor * 😧		VCPUs	1
m1.tiny	٣	Root Disk	1 GB
Instance Count * 🛛		Ephemeral Disk	0 GB
1		Total Disk	1 GB
Instance Boot Source * 🕢		RAM	512 MB
Select source	•	Project Limits	
		Number of Instances	7 of 1,000 Used
		Number of VCPUs	7 of 40 Used
		Total RAM	6,656 of 251,200 MB Used

The Launch Instance screen is displayed.

7 Specify the details for the image.

Availability Zone – Select the availability zone for the instance.

Instance Name – A unique name for the instance.

Flavor – Select a flavor with at least 8GB RAM and 2 CPUs, such as m2.medium. For production IBM recommends 16GB RAM and 4 CPUs.

Instance Count – Leave the default value, 1.

Instance Boot Source - Select Boot from image.

Image Name - Select the image you created for the IBM COS FA Portal.

8 Click the Network tab and drag the internal network option to Selected networks.

Details *	Access & Security	Networking *	Post-Creation Advanced Options
Selected n	ietworks		Choose network from Available networks to Selected
Available ı	networks		

- 9 Click Launch.
- **10** For the IBM COS FA Portal instance, under **Actions** select **Associate Floating IP** from the drop-down list.

The Manage Floating IP Associations dialog is displayed.

Manage Floating IP Associations	×
IP Address *	Select the ID eddees are with the second state with the
Select an IP address	selected instance or port.
Portal Example: 10.30.40.221	
	Cancel

11 Select an IP address and click **Associate**.

Refreshing the Instances screen displays the IBM COS FA Portal with the selected IP.

- **12** Access **Project > Compute > Volumes**.
- 13 Click Create Volume.

The Create Volume screen is displayed.

Volume Name		Description:	
Description		Volumes are block devices that c instances.	an be attached to
		Volume Type Desc	ription:
	li	If "No volume type" is selected, th created without a volume type.	he volume will be
Volume Source		Volume Limits	
No source, empty volume	•	Total Gigabytes (1,610 GB)	5,000 GB Available
Туре			
No volume type	v	Number of Volumes (43)	
Size (GB) *			
1			
Availability Zone			
nova	¥.		
		Cance	el Create Volume

14 Specify the details for the image.

Volume Name – A unique name to identify the volume. Description – An optional description of the volume. Volume Source – Select No source, empty volume.

Type - Select iscsi.

Size – The minimum disk requirement is 110GB. When deploying a main database server or a catalog node to production, it is recommended to attach a disk sized 2% of the overall cloud storage you intend to allocate for the service. Prior to going to production, contact IBM Support to evaluate whether the attached drive's performance meets IBM COS FA Portal's main database and catalog node performance requirements.

Availability Zone - Select the same availability zone used for the image.

15 Click Create Volume.

The volume is created. This can take a few minutes.

16 For the new volume, under Actions select Manage Attachments from the drop-down list.

The Manage Volume Attachments dialog is displayed.

Manage Volume Atta	chments	×
Instance	Device	Actions
	No items to display.	
Displaying 0 items		
Attach To Instance		
Select an instance		Ŧ
		Cancel Attach Volume

- 17 Select the IBM COS FA Portal instance and click Attach Volume.
- **18** Note the location of the storage.

Vo)	lumes mes Volume Snapshots									
				F	ilter		۹	+ Create Volum	ne 🗮 🛱 Acc	cept Transfer	× Delete Volumes
)	Name	Description	Size	Status	Туре	Attached To	Availability Zone	Bootable	Encrypted	Actions
		ExampleVolume	-	110GB	In-use	iscsi	Attached to Portal Example on /dev/vdb	nova	No	No	Edit Volume 🔻

Access the new IBM COS FA Portal machine, using SSH, with the floating IP.

LOGGING IN TO THE IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVER AND CONFIGURING IT WITH THE STORAGE

To log in to the IBM COS FA Portal server:

 Log in as the **root** user using SSH. The default password is **portal321**. You are prompted to change the password on your first login.

To configure the IBM COS FA Portal storage:

- 1 Create the storage for the IBM COS FA Portal:
 - a Run fdisk -1 to identify the data volume added in step 15.
 - **b** Create the storage by running portal-storage-util.sh create_storage /dev/dm-n where dm-n is the name of the storage.
 - A volume group and logical volume called *DataPool* are created.
- 2 Start the IBM COS FA Portal server by running # portal-manage.sh start

[root@portal ~]# fdisk -1
Disk ∠devvsda: 21.5 GB, 21474836488 bytes, 41943848 sectors hits = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (Inginal/Physical): 512 bytes / 4896 bytes 1/0 size (minimumvoptimal): 4896 bytes / 1848576 bytes Disk label type: dos Disk identifier: 8x888ab924
Device Boot Start End Blocks Id System /dew/sda1 = 2048 1826047 512900 83 Linux /dew/sda2 1826048 33554431 15264192 Be Linux LVH
Disk ∠dew∠sdb: 64.4 GB, 644245099440 bytes, 125829120 sectors hits = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes dector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes ∠ 4096 bytes [∠0 size (minimum∠optimal): 4096 bytes ∠ 1040576 bytes
Disk ∠dev/mapper∠centos-root: 14.9 GB, 14089779200 bytes, 29001600 sectors hits = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (minimum∠optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes L/O size (minimum∠optimal): 4096 bytes / 1040576 bytes
Disk /dev/mapper/centos-swap: 1719 MB, 1719664640 bytes, 3358720 sectors Dnits = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes 1/0 size (minimum∕optimal): 4096 bytes / 1040576 bytes
troot@portal "]# portal-storage-util.sh create_storage /dew/sdb Creating logical volume "" Physical volume "/dew/sdb" successfully created. creating vg with /dew/sdb Volume group "DataPool" successfully created Logical volume "DataPool" created.
Dune Troot&portal "]# portal-manage.sh start Starting Portal no crontab for root inking Mork Directory to Data Dir no crontab for root bure
kaiting for Portal to start Aaiting for Portal to start Aaiting for Portal to start Groot@portal ~]#

CONFIGURING NETWORK SETTINGS

By default, the IBM COS FA Portal server obtains an IP address using DHCP. In a production environment it is recommended to use a static IP address. Also when your infrastructure includes more than one network, you have to configure IBM COS FA Portal for the appropriate network. You configure network settings by using **nmtui**, the built-in network manager.

To use nmtui:

- 1 Log in as root, using SSH or through the console.
- 2 Run the following command: nmtui The NetworkManager TUI screen is displayed.



3 Use your keyboard arrows or the **TAB** key to navigate between options.

Changing the IBM COS FA Portal Server's Hostname

To change the IBM COS FA Portal server's hostname:

- In nmtui, navigate to Set system hostname and press Enter. The Set Hostname screen opens, displaying the current IBM COS FA Portal hostname.
- 2 In the field provided, type the server hostname.



- 3 In the field provided, enter the server hostname.
- 4 Navigate to **OK** and press **Enter**. A confirmation message is displayed.
- 5 Press **Enter**. The new hostname is configured.
- 6 Navigate to **Quit** and press **Enter** to exit nmtui.
- 7 You need to reboot the system for the change to take effect. You can reboot the system by entering the command: reboot

Configuring a Network Interface

Listing Network Interfaces

To list all network interfaces:

• Run the following command: ifconfig

Configuring a Static IP Address for a Network Interface

To configure a static IP address for a network interface:

 In nmtui, navigate to Edit a connection and press Enter. The following window opens, displaying all network adapters attached to the IBM COS FA Portal server.



2 Navigate to the network adapter for which you want to set a static IP address and press **Enter**. The **Edit connection** window is displayed.

	Edit connection	
Profile name Device	System_eth0	
= ETHERNET		<show></show>
= IPv4 CONFIGURATION = IPv6 CONFIGURATION	<automatic> <ignore></ignore></automatic>	<show> <show></show></show>
[X] Automatically con [X] Available to all	mect users	
	<ca< td=""><td>ancel> <ok></ok></td></ca<>	ancel> <ok></ok>

3 Navigate to Automatic next to IPv4 CONFIGURATION, press Enter, and then select Manual.



4 Navigate to **Show** next to **IPv4 CONFIGURATION** and press **Enter**. Additional fields are displayed.



- 5 Navigate to Add next to Addresses and press Enter.
- 6 Type the static IP address.

To specify a subnet mask, use the classless inter-domain routing (CIDR) notation. For example:

- To set a class C subnet mask [255.255.255.0], use: *IP_Address*/24, for example, 192.168.93.204/24
- To set a class B subnet mask [255.255.0.0], use: *IP_Address*/16, for example, 192.168.93.204/16

You can refer to the following link for a full IPv4 CIDR reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Classless_Inter-Domain_Routing#IPv4_CIDR_blocks

- 7 To configure a default gateway for the current network interface, navigate to **Gateway**, and then type the IP address of the default gateway.
- 8 To configure a DNS server, navigate to **Add** next to **DNS servers**, press Enter, and then enter the IP address of the DNS server.

Note: You can add multiple DNS servers if desired, by repeating this step. In the following example, the network interface named eth0 has the static IP address 192.168.98.204, the default gateway address 192.168.90.1, and the two DNS servers 192.168.88.20 and 192.168.88.21.



- 9 Navigate to OK and press Enter.
- 10 Navigate to Quit and press Enter to exit nmtui.
- 11 Restart the network service by typing the command: service network restart

Your changes take effect.

Enabling DHCP for a Network Interface

If you want to use DHCP, for example, for a demo, and you are configured to use a static IP, you can change to DHCP using nmtui.

To enable DHCP for a network interface:

1 In nmtui, navigate to **Edit a connection** and press Enter.



The following screen opens, displaying all network adapters attached to the IBM COS FA Portal server.



2 Navigate to the network adapter for which you want to enable DHCP, and then press Enter. The **Edit connection** screen is displayed.



- 3 Navigate to Manual next to IPv4 CONFIGURATION, press Enter, and then select Automatic.
- 4 Navigate to **OK** and press **Enter**.
- 5 Navigate to **Quit** and press **Enter** to exit nmtui.
- 6 Restart the network service, by entering the command: service network restart

Your changes take effect.

Deactivating a Network Interface

To deactivate a network interface:

1 In nmtui, navigate to Activate a connection and press Enter.

The following screen opens, displaying all network adapters attached to the IBM COS FA Portal server.



The asterisk (*) to the left of a network adapter's name indicates that the network adapter is activated.

- 2 Navigate to the activated network adapter you want to deactivate, a network adapter with an asterisk, and press Enter.
- 3 Navigate to **Quit** and press **Enter** to exit nmtui.

The network adapter is deactivated.

Activating a Network Interface

To activate a network interface

1 In nmtui, navigate to Activate a connection and press Enter. The following screen opens, displaying all network adapters attached to the IBM COS FA Portal server:



- 2 Navigate to the deactivated network adapter you want to activate, a network adapter without an asterisk, and press Enter.
- 3 Navigate to **Quit** and press **Enter** to exit nmtui.

The network adapter is deactivated.

The asterisk (*) to the left of a network adapter's name indicates that the network adapter is activated.

Configuring Static Routes

To configure a static route for a network interface:

1 In nmtui, navigate to **Edit a connection** and press Enter.

The following screen opens, displaying all network adapters attached to the IBM COS FA Portal server.



2 Navigate to the network interface for which you want to set a static route and press Enter. The **Edit connection** screen is displayed.



3 Navigate to **Show** next to **IPv4 CONFIGURATION** and press Enter. Additional fields are displayed.



4 Navigate to **Edit** next to **Routing** and press **Enter**. The following screen is displayed.

Destination/Prefix Next Hop No custom routes are defined.	Metric
	<cancel> <ok></ok></cancel>

- 5 Navigate to **Add** and press **Enter**.
- 6 In the fields provided, type the network destination/prefix, the next hop, and the route metric.



Note: To add another static route, navigate to **Add** and press **Enter**, and then specify the route details.

To remove an existing route, navigate to **Remove** next to the static route you want to remove and press **Enter**.

- 7 When done configuring static routes, navigate to **OK** and press **Enter**.
- 8 Navigate to **OK** and press **Enter**.
- 9 Navigate to **Quit** and press **Enter** to exit nmtui.
- 10 Restart the network service, by running the following command: service network restart Your changes take effect.
- 11 To view the list of static routes, run the following command: netstat -rn

[root@portal ~]	# netstat -rn					
Kernel IP routi	ng table					
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS Window	irtt	t Iface
0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	UG	00	0	0 eth0
192.168.12.0	0.0.0	255.255.255.0		00	0	0 eth0
255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	00	0	0 eth0
[noot@nontal ~1						

Configuring a Default Gateway

To set a default gateway for the IBM COS FA Portal server:

- 1 Run the following command: echo "GATEWAY=default_gateway_ip_address" > /etc/sysconfig/network Where default_gateway_ip_address is your default gateway IP address. For example: echo "GATEWAY=192.168.90.1" > /etc/sysconfig/network
- 2 Restart the network service, by running the following command: service network restart Your changes take effect.

CHAPTER 3. CONFIGURING THE IBM COS FA PORTAL MASTER SERVER

Configuring the master server is a one-time operation, the first time you access the IBM COS FA Portal. If you are installing an additional server, proceed directly with Installing Additional IBM COS FA Portal Servers.

PERFORMING INITIAL IBM COS FA PORTAL SETUP

This procedure is performed only once, on the master server.

To perform initial IBM COS FA Portal setup of the master server:

1 Using a Web browser, browse to the IBM COS FA Portal, via the IP address or DNS. The **Setup** wizard opens, displaying the **Select Server operation mode** window.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Ac ★ +		_	^
← → C ▲ Not secure 192.168.27.236/admin/setup.html	☆	J	:
 C A Notsecure 192:168.272.36/admin/setup.html 	Ŷ	•	

2 Choose **This is the Master Server**.

3 Click Next.

The database is initialized and then the Welcome to IBM COS FA Portal dialog box is displayed.

This wizard will guide portal. First, enter the details	you through the process of initializing the of the portal administrator.	Ų
Username:		
First Name:		
Last Name:		
Email Address:		
Password:		
Retype Password:		

4 Complete the fields as follows:

Username – The name for your IBM COS FA Portal administrator account. **First Name** – The first name of the administrator. **Last Name** – The last name of the administrator. **Email Address** – The email address of the administrator for notifications.

Password – The password administrator will use to access the IBM COS FA Portal. **Retype Password** – The password.

5 Click Next.

The **Email Settings** window is displayed.

Email Settings Specify the settings to us	e when sending an email message.	\$
SMTP Server:		
SMTP Port:	25	
Sender:	Customer Service <support@mydom< td=""><td></td></support@mydom<>	
Enable TLS		
Server Requires Authent	tication	
Username:		
Password:		
« PREVIOUS		NEXT>

6 Complete the fields as follows:

SMTP Server – The outgoing mail server address for sending email messages from IBM COS FA Portal to users.

SMTP Port – The port number for sending email messages from IBM COS FA Portal to users. This port is usually TCP 25.

Sender – The email address that should appear in the From field of notifications. For example: *IBM Customer Service <support@IBM.com>*.

Enable TLS - Select this option to use Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for sending email

messages from IBM COS FA Portal to users.

Server requires authentication – Select this option if the SMTP server requires authentication. User Name – Type the user name that IBM COS FA Portal should use when authenticating to the SMTP server.

Password – Type the password that IBM COS FA Portal should use when authenticating to the SMTP server.

Warning: The username and password you specified for the IBM COS FA Portal administrator are sent to the email address using the information specified here. If the address is incorrect, the email will not arrive and if you have not recorded the administrator username and password details and they are forgotten, you will not be able to access the IBM COS FA Portal.

7 Click Next.

The **DNS Domain** window is displayed.

DNS Suffix:		
	L	

- 8 In the **DNS Suffix** field, type the DNS suffix to append to each virtual IBM COS FA Portal's name, in order to create the virtual IBM COS FA Portal's DNS name. For example, if a virtual IBM COS FA Portal's name is *myportal*, and the DNS suffix is *example.com*, then the virtual IBM COS FA Portal's DNS name is *myportal.example.com*.
- 9 Click Next. The Wizard Completed window is displayed.
- 10 Click Finish.

The data is saved and a success message is displayed.

11 Click OK.

IBM COS FA Portal opens, displaying the Administrator Login page.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		
	Administrator Login Username Password SIGN IN	

- **12** Enter the user name and password you specified in the Setup Wizard.
- 13 Click SIGN IN.

The IBM COS FA Portal opens, displaying the **Main > Dashboard** page. By default, IBM COS FA Portal creates a team portal called *portal*.

Warning: The initial setup includes initializing the PostgreSQL database used by the IBM COS FA Portal. The database must be backed up. Backing up the database is described in Backing Up the Database.

INSTALLING AN SSL CERTIFICATE

Perform the following steps to install a certificate on IBM COS FA Portal:

- 1 Note your IBM COS FA Portal's DNS Suffix
- 2 Obtain an SSL Certificate
- 3 Generate a Certificate Signing Request
- 4 Sign the Certificate Request
- 5 Validate and Prepare Certificates for Upload
- 6 Install the Signed Certificate on IBM COS FA Portal

Note your IBM COS FA Portal's DNS Suffix

Note your IBM COS FA Portal's DNS suffix so that you have it for later steps.

To view your IBM COS FA Portal's DNS suffix:

- 1 In the global administration view, select **Settings** in the navigation pane.
- 2 Select **Global Settings** under **SETTINGS** in the **Control Panel** page. The **Global Settings** window is displayed.

	Global Settings				× AA
🛧 Main					A
🙎 Users	DNS Suffix:	c.me			
Provisi	Timezone:	(GMT) Greenwich Mean	Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, List 👻 *Requires Restart		
🗘 Setting	Retain deleted portals for:	30	days		Nodes, Local S
Control	Database Replication				
License	Alert when lag is more than:	60	seconds		
Skins	Administration Console				
Empil Tr	Redirect from HTTP to HTTPS:				
citian re	HTTPS Port:	443	*Requires Restart		
Seeding	End User Portal				
Antiviru	Redirect from HTTP to HTTPS:	2			
Data Lo	Web Session Control				
🖨 Logs &		[]			-
6.1.1170.8				SAVE CANCEL	ibal administr 🚽

3 The **DNS Suffix** field displays the IBM COS FA Portal's DNS suffix.

Obtain an SSL Certificate

It is necessary to obtain a valid certificate for production services signed either by a well-known certificate authority or by your own internal certificate authority.

Note: You can connect with a device to the IBM COS FA Portal using a dummy certificate. Using a dummy certificate is recommended for testing purposes only and user confirmation is required upon every attempt to connect to the IBM COS FA Portal in order to proceed with the connection.

If you intend to generate a signed certificate using your own internal certificate authority, contact IBM Support beforehand.

The SSL certificate can be either of the following:

• A wildcard certificate

A wildcard SSL certificate secures your website's URL and an unlimited number of its subdomains. For example, a single wildcard certificate for *.example.com can secure both

 $\verb|company01.example.com| and \verb|company02.example.com|.$

A wildcard certificate is mandatory if you plan for your service to consist of more than one virtual IBM COS FA Portal.

• A domain certificate

A domain certificate secures a single domain or subdomain only. For example: company01.example.com.

This option is relevant if you are planning to provision a single virtual IBM COS FA Portal only.

Note: IBM COS FA Portal also supports certificates with Subject Alternative Names (SAN certificates). This option enables you to secure multiple domain names with a single certificate.

Generate a Certificate Signing Request

The next step is to generate a certificate signing request (CSR) for your domain using IBM COS FA Portal. This requires a IBM COS FA Portal Administrator account.

Warning: IBM COS FA Portal generates a built-in certificate that is not suitable for production. This certificate is valid for testing purposes only, as it is not signed by a well-known certificate authority.

To generate a certificate signing request for your domain:

- 1 In the global administration view, select **Settings** in the navigation pane.
- 2 Select **SSL Certificate** under **SETTINGS** in the **Control Panel** page. The **SSL Certificate** window is displayed.

SSL Ce	ertificate		
	The currently installe	ed certificate is valid.	
	Issued to:	*.c.me	
	Issued by:	[Self Signed]	
	SHA1 Fingerprint:	cf:30:f2:61:d9:e0:d3:f2:ee:1f:56:e2:7a:43:22:0c:f0:66:25:71	
	Expires on:	Sep 24, 2022	
		IMPORT EXPORT	
Certifi	cate Request		
	There is no pending	certificate request.	
-		REQUEST CERTIFICATE	
			CLOSE

3 Click **REQUEST CERTIFICATE**. The **Create a Certificate Request** window is displayed.

Domain Name:	* c me	A	0
Organizational Unit:			(Optional)
Organization:			(Optional)
mail:			(Optional)
lity:			(Optional)
itate:			(Optional)
Country:	Select	-	(Optional)

4 Specify the following mandatory field:

Domain Name – The domain name for which you would like to request a certificate. The value entered must match the type of certificate you chose to use. For example, if you chose a wildcard certificate, the domain name might be *.ibm.com. If multiple virtual IBM COS FA Portals are configured, each virtual IBM COS FA Portal has its own DNS name and the SSL certificate should be a wildcard certificate.

If you have only one IBM COS FA Portal, and do not intended to configure multiple virtual IBM COS FA Portals, then it is sufficient to purchase a regular SSL certificate and not a wildcard certificate.

To request a certificate that specifies multiple alternative names, type the multiple names in this field, separated by semicolons. The certificate will include the subjectAltName certificate extension.

5 You can also specify the following optional fields:
Organizational Unit – The name of your organizational unit.
Organization – The name of your organization.
City – Your city.
State – Your state.
Country – Your country.

6 Click GENERATE.

A key pair is generated and stored on the IBM COS FA Portal and the **Download a certificate request** screen is displayed.



7 Click DOWNLOAD.

The certificate request file *certificate.req* is downloaded to your computer.

8 Click CLOSE.

The **SSL Certificate** window **Certificate Request** area indicates that the certificate request is pending.

	The currently installe	ed certificate is valid.
	Issued to:	*.c.me
	Issued by:	[Self Signed]
	SHA1 Fingerprint:	cf:30:f2:61:d9:e0:d3:f2:ee:1f:56:e2:7a:43:22:0c:f0:66:25:71
	Expires on:	Sep 24, 2022
		IMPORT EXPORT
fi	cate Request A certificate request	is pending for *.c.me
	Pending since: Sep 2	25, 2020
	6 I.S. 1.	Description Description

Warning: When you generated the CSR, a private.key file was registered in the IBM COS FA Portal. If you now generate a new CSR, it will override the existing private.key file, and signing the old CSR will result in an error message indicating that the CSR does not match the private.key file. Therefore, do not generate a new CSR before installing the signed certificate.

Sign the Certificate Request

To sign the certificate request:

1 Send the certificate.req file you generated to your certificate authority for signing. If the request is successful, the certificate authority will send back an identity certificate that is digitally signed with the certificate authority's private key.

Note: The certificate authority should return a base-64 encoded identity certificate.

2 Open the identity certificate and verify that the **Issued to** field includes the DNS suffix you provided upon creating the certificate request.

eneral	Details Certification Path
19	Certificate Information
This	s certificate is intended for the following purpose(s):
	Ensures the identity of a remote computer Proves your identity to a remote computer
	Issued to:
	Issued by:
	Valid from
I	Issuer Statement
	OK

3 Build a certification chain from your identity certificate to your trusted root certificate. In order to do this, you will need to obtain all of the intermediate certificates, as well as your root certificate authority's self-signed certificate. If you are using a well-known certificate authority, the intermediate certificates and the root

certificate authority's self-signed certificate can be downloaded from your certificate authority website. If you are using your own internal certificate authority, contact the necessary entity to provide you with the required intermediate and self-signed certificate.

Validate and Prepare Certificates for Upload

To validate and prepare certificates for upload:

1 Verify that none of the certificates in the certificate chain are corrupted or using invalid encoding. To do so, open each certificate in a program such as Notepad or Word, and verify that it contains the following:

```
----- BEGIN CERTIFICATE ------
<CERTIFICATE CONTENT>
------ END CERTIFICATE ------
```

- 2 Rename the identity certificate issued to *.*ibm.com* to certificate.crt.
- 3 Change the file extension of the other certificates in the certificate chain to *crt*. For example, certificate-name.crt.
- 4 Archive all of the certificates the identity certificate, the intermediary certificates, and the root self-signed certificate in a ZIP file called certificate.zip.

Install the Signed Certificate on IBM COS FA Portal

If you have a valid signed certificate, install it and replace the built-in certificate.

- 1 In the global administration view, select **Settings** in the navigation pane.
- 2 Select SSL Certificate under SETTINGS in the Control Panel page.

SSL Certificate The currently installed certificate is valid. Issued to: *.c.me Issued by: [Self Signed] SHA1 Fingerprint: cf:30:f2:61:d9:e0:d3:f2:ee:1f:56:e2:7a:43:22:0c:f0:66:25:71 Expires on: Sep 24, 2022 IMPORT EXPORT Certificate Request A certificate request is pending for *.c.me Pending since: Sep 25, 2020 Cancel Pending Request Download INSTALL SIGNED CERTIFICATE CLOSE

The **SSL Certificate** window is displayed. The **Certificate Request** area indicates that the certificate request is pending.

3 Click **INSTALL SIGNED CERTIFICATE**. The **Upload Certificate** window is displayed.

Upload Certificate	×
Upload Certifica Select a ZIP archive conta	te ining certificate-related files to upload.
Select a file to upload:	Upload
	CANCEL

- 4 Click **Upload** and browse to the file you created. All the certificates in the certificate chain must be present in the ZIP file in Base-64 encoded X.509 format, and each file must have a .crt extension.
- 5 Click **FINISH**.

The certificate is installed on IBM COS FA Portal.

- 6 Restart all the IBM COS FA Portal servers. See Restart Servers.
- 7 Browse to your IBM COS FA Portal and verify that the certificate updated successfully. You should not receive any security exception messages.

Restart Servers

IBM COS FA Portal servers can be restarted from the IBM COS FA Portal web page.

To restart a server:

 In the global administration view, select Main > Servers in the navigation pane. The SERVERS page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		🌣 Administration 🗸		admin	РА
🛧 Main	-				
Dashboard		SERVERS ALL THE SERVERS ARE UP TO DATE Install new version	و م	Search	~
Portals		SERVER SOUT BY SERVER NAM	15 Ju 1	STATUS	
Servers		SERVER SURI DI SERVER NAI	AE ♥ 1	STATUS	
Devices		Server Application Server, Main DB		Connected	
Reports		server1 Application Server, Replication of server		Connected	
Storage Nodes					
Notifications					
🙁 Users	+				
Provisioning	+				
Settings	+	4			*
🛱 Logs & Alerts	+	, K < 1 →	t	Displaying Servers	- 2
6.1.1170.14					

- 2 Select the server to restart and click **Restart**. A confirmation window is displayed.
- 3 Click **RESTART** to confirm.

The server is restarted.

CREATING DNS RECORDS

The IBM COS FA Portal includes a built-in DNS server. This server automatically resolves the domain names of all the defined virtual IBM COS FA Portals, as well as names of devices using the remote access service. In order for this DNS server to work, you must register it using an NS (Name Server) record on your DNS server.

The procedure used for configuring the DNS for remote access depends on the whether you have purchased a dedicated domain (the DNS suffix includes only records for the IBM COS FA Portal) or not (the DNS suffix includes records that are unrelated to the IBM COS FA Portal).

If you have a dedicated domain:

If you have a dedicated domain for the IBM COS FA Portal – no servers other than the IBM COS FA Portal – then the NS record can be created just once, in that zone.
 For example, for a DNS suffix called *storage.example.com* and two IBM COS FA Portal servers with IPs 123.168.0.3 (master) and 123.168.0.4 (secondary), you would register:

A	<pre>srv1.example.com</pre>	123.168.0.3
A	<pre>srv2.example.com</pre>	123.168.0.4

Next, you would create an NS record for each server to the zone storage.example.com:NSstorage.example.comNSstorage.example.comstorage.example.comsrv2.example.com

CONFIGURING A PUBLIC NAT ADDRESS

Immediately after deploying a IBM COS FA Portal instance, the IBM COS FA Portal server will respond to DNS requests with its private internal IP address. In order to make the IBM COS FA Portal available via the Internet, and to enable the IBM COS FA Portal to respond to DNS queries with the public IP address, you must configure the IBM COS FA Portal's public NAT address.

To configure a Public NAT address:

 In the global administration view, select Main > Servers in the navigation pane. The SERVERS page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		🌣 Administration 🗸			admin	РА
🛧 Main	-	CEDVEDS ALL THE SERVERS ARE UP TO DATE				
Dashboard		Install new version		ρs	earch	~
Portals		CEDVED		1	STATUS	
Servers		SERVER	SORT DI SERVERIVAME		STATUS	
Devices		Server Application Server, Main DB			Connected	
Reports		server1 Application Server, Replication of Server			Connected	
Storage Nodes		•				
Notifications						
😫 Users	+					
Provisioning	+					
Settings	+	4				* •
🖨 Logs & Alerts	+ 🗸			Ð	Displaying Servers 1 -	2
6.1.1170.14						

2 Click the server to edit.

server	ර CONNECTED			•
-	Name:	server		
General	Application server			
Settings	Antivirus Background	d Scanner		
+	Replication of:	-		
Address Mappings	Network			
_	Default Address:	192.168.27.221		
Clients	Public NAT Address:			
	Advanced			
	Read Cache Size Limit:	256	MB	
B Replication				
_M	*			
DELETE				

The server window is displayed with the server name as the window title.

- 3 Check Public NAT Address and enter public IP address.4 Click SAVE.

INSTALLING THE LICENSE KEY

Your IBM COS FA Portal includes a default license for 30 days. If you have a permanent license, install it using the following procedure.

To install a new license key:

1 In the global administration view, select **Settings > License** in the navigation pane. The **MANAGE LICENSES** page is displayed.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access	Administration	~			admi	n 🗛
↑ Main 2 Users	+ MANAGE LICENSES + + Add License Key 🖽 E	xport To Excel		۶۵ چ	arch	~
Provisioning Settings	+ KEY	LICENSES			STATUS	¢
Control Panel	UP4E360DE40	Antivirus	✓ 10 Portal Clou	1 more	Expires in	a
License Antivirus	4					~ F
🖹 Logs & Alerts	+ SUMMARY					
	50.00 TB storage	ANTIVIRUS	10 cloud drive	✓ PORTAL	2 EV16	
6.1.1170.14						

2 Click Add license key.

The Add License Keys dialog box opens.

Add License Keys Type or paste one or more license keys in text area below.	
Type the license keys to add:	
Comment (Ontional):	
	SAVE CANCEL

3 Copy the license key you received from IBM, and paste it into the text box. The system verifies and activates the license key by contacting the IBM Activation service. When the license key is activated, it is associated with this installation of IBM COS FA Portal.

- 4 Optionally add a comment In the **Comment** field. The comment is displayed in the **License** page. You can use this comment to document the purchase order number associated with the license, and the like.
- 5 Click Save.

SETTING UP THE TIME ZONE

To configure the IBM COS FA Portal server's time zone:

- 1 In the global administration view, select **Settings** in the navigation pane.
- 2 Select **Global Settings** under **SETTINGS** in the **Control Panel** page. The **Global Settings** window is displayed.

B Db File	Global Settings				× AA
🕈 Main				-	<u>^</u>
🙎 Users	DNS Suffix:	c.me 🗄			
Provisi	Timezone:	(GMT) Greenwich Mean	Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, List 👻 *Requires Restart		
🌣 Setting	Retain deleted portals for:	30	days		Nodes, Local S
Control	Database Replication				
License	Alert when lag is more than:	60	seconds		
Skins	Administration Console				
Email Te	Redirect from HTTP to HTTPS:	<			
	HTTPS Port:	443	*Requires Restart		
Seeding	End User Portal				
Antiviru	Redirect from HTTP to HTTPS:	✓			
Data Lo	Web Session Control				
🖨 Logs &					abal administr –
6.1.1170.8				SAVE	

- 3 Select the correct time zone for the IBM COS FA Portal from the list.
- 4 Click SAVE.

INSTALLING THE BIGFIX CLIENT FOR IBM LICENSE METRIC TOOL

IBM COS FA Portal can be integrated with the IBM License Metric Tool to analyze the VM consumption data and generate reports. IBM License Metric Tool requires the BigFix client to be installed on the IBM COS FA Portal VM.

Note: For details about IBM License Metric Tool, refer to https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SS8JFY_9.2.0/com.ibm.lmt.doc/welcome /LMT_welcome.html or contact IBM Support.

You install the BigFix client on the IBM COS FA Portal master server. For details, contact IBM Support.

IBM License Metric Tool requires port 52311 to be opened. The port is opened using CLI. For details, contact IBM Support.

CHAPTER 4. INSTALLING ADDITIONAL IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVERS

When installing an additional server, follow this procedure after performing the steps in Configuring the IBM COS FA Portal Master Server. All servers except the master server are additional servers.

By default, the server will be an application server running no other service. After initial setup, the application service and catalog node service can each be enabled or disabled through the IBM COS FA Portal user interface. See the *IBM COS FA Portal Global Administrator Guide* for details.

To configure an additional server:

- **Note:** If the HTTPS administration port was changed on the master server, you must enable the relevant port on all servers.
- Using a Web browser, browse to the new server, via the IP address or DNS.
 The Setup wizard opens, displaying the Select Server operation mode window.

ribm Cloud Object Storage File Ac 🗙 🕂		-		×
← → C ▲ Not secure 192.168.27.2	36/admin/setup.html	\$	J	:
← → C ▲ Not secure 192.168.27.2	B6/admin/setup.html Select Server operation mode If this is your first IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access server select "This is the Master Server". Otherwise, enter the address of • This is the Master Server • Master Server Address	*	0	1
	NEXT >			

- 2 Choose Master Server Address and enter the address of the master server.
- 3 Click Next.

Enter the details of y Access server.	our Master IBM Cloud Object St	orage File
Root Password:		

4 Enter the root password for the master server and click **Next**. The server is started and the **Replication** window is displayed.

Replication You can optionaly replicate the Object Storage File Access serve	contents of another IBM 0 r.	loud	\$
Replicate the following server:	server	Ŧ	
			NEXT >

- 5 To configure this server as a replica of the main database or a catalog node, select the **Replicate the following server** check box, and then select the server you want to replicate in the drop-down list.
- 6 Click Next.
 - The wizard completes and a success message is displayed.
- 7 Click OK.IBM COS FA Portal opens, displaying the Administrator Login page.

8 Enter the user name and password you specified in the Setup Wizard.

9 Click SIGN IN.

The IBM COS FA Portal opens, displaying the **Main > Dashboard** page. By default, IBM COS FA Portal creates a team portal called *portal*. For information about how to rename, view and edit this portal, see the *IBM COS FA Portal Global Administrator Guide*.

10 In the global administration view, select Main > Servers in the navigation pane. The SERVERS page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		🌣 Administration 🗸 🗸			admin P/	A
🛧 Main	-					
Dashboard		SERVERS ALL THE SERVERS ARE UP TO DATE Install new version		₽ s	earch 🗸	
Portals		SERVER	SORT BY SERVER NAME	Ť	STATUS	
Servers						*
Devices		Server Application Server, Main DB			Connected	
Reports		server1 Application Server, Replication of Server			Connected	
Storage Nodes						
Notifications						
🗶 Users	+					
Provisioning	+					
Settings	+	4			Þ	*
🖨 Logs & Alerts	+ .			Q	Displaying Servers 1 - 2	
6.1.1170.14						

11 Click the server to edit.

server	ဖ် CONNECTED	,
n	Name: server	
General	Application server	
Settings	Antivirus Background Scanner	
+	Replication of:	
Address Mappings	Network	
	Default Address: 192.168.27.221	
Clients	Public NAT Address:	
	Advanced	
	Read Cache Size Limit: 256 MB	
DB Replication		
-M-	*	
DELETE		SAVE CANCEL

The server window is displayed with the server name as the window title.

- **12** Check the boxes of the services to be provided by this server. The server can act as an application server or catalog node.
- 13 Click SAVE.

CHAPTER 5. MANAGING IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVERS

In this chapter

- Backing Up the IBM COS FA Portal
- Backing Up the Database
- Enabling FIPS
- Enabling/Disabling Remote Support
- Extending the IBM COS FA Portal Main Database or Catalog Node Storage Pool
- Load Balancing IBM COS FA Portal Servers

BACKING UP THE IBM COS FA PORTAL

To back up the IBM COS FA Portal servers and storage, such as NetApp NFS mount, you need to use third-party recovery tools.

For database backup, see Backing Up the Database.

Using third-party tools can result in a recovery after a disaster not being consistent with the database with the recovery being either older or newer than the database recovery.

If the IBM COS FA Portal recovery is older than the database, it will be missing some recent data. In this situation, you should rollback the database to an earlier point-in-time that matches the latest IBM COS FA Portal recovery.

If the IBM COS FA Portal recovery is newer than the database, since deleted data is kept for a minimum of 7 days and this data is never modified, as long as the database is no more than 7 days older, there will be no data loss.

Note: Running FSCK is usually recommended following a disaster recovery.

BACKING UP THE DATABASE

IBM COS FA Portal uses PostgreSQL to store metadata. This database **must** be backed up to ensure continued use of IBM COS FA Portal in order to ensure data and metadata persistence and consistency on the IBM COS FA Portal platform, and to keep Recovery Time Objective (RTO) and Recovery Point Objective (RPO) values to a minimum.

Calculating the Minimum Space Required for the Database Backup

The database storage used for backup does not have SSD storage. You require double the storage for the backup. For example, if the master database uses 1TB storage and a slave database uses another 1TB, then each of these databases require 2TB for backup. The storage pool must be at least 6TB: 1TB for the master database, 1TB for the slave database and 4TB for the master and slave backup (2TB for each backup).

Note: You **must** define a database archive pool, whether using PostgreSQL continuous archiving or PostgreSQL Streaming Replication. Both Using PostgreSQL Continuous Archiving and Using PostgreSQL Streaming Replication procedures describe how to create an archive pool.

Using PostgreSQL Continuous Archiving

IBM COS FA Portal uses PostgreSQL's built-in continuous archiving mechanism, known as Point-In-Time Recovery (PITR).

After backing up the database for the first time, the *base backup*, Incremental backups of the database are performed using Write Ahead Log (WAL) files, which include all the database transactions and changes. Running a base backup and incremental backups is non-disruptive: the database continues running, without losing any data.

The following diagram illustrates continuous archiving and point-in-time recovery:



Using WAL logs has the following major benefits:

- Ensures data integrity
- Significantly reduces the number of disk writes

Note: The IBM COS FA Portal database WAL files are located in \$pgdatadir/pg_wal, which is commonly called the WAL directory. The WAL file size is 16MB. Once a WAL file reaches 16MB, a new WAL file is created. The maximum number of WAL files stored in the WAL directory is 128. This means that the WAL directory size can reach 16 (MB) * 128 (files) = 2GB. When the 128-file threshold is reached, WAL files are recycled.

The database base backup and WAL logs are compressed upon backup:

- The base backup is typically 20%-30% of the size of the original database size. By default, there are always two base backups in the archive storage pool so the archived base backups typically consume around 40%-60% of the original database size.
- An archived WAL file size is typically 20% the size of the original WAL file.

Configuring PostgreSQL Continuous Archiving

To configure PostgreSQL continuous archiving:

- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal primary database server.
- 2 In the command line, enter the following command to create the database archive pool: portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool *device* Where *device* is the name of the disk on which the database archive pool is created.

For example: portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool sdd

Note: This command creates both a logical volume and an LVM volume group using the specified device. Multiple devices can be specified. For example:

portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool sdd sde sdf The logical volume size can be extended at a later time, as described in Extending the Database Archive Pool.

Note: When using NFS storage, use the following command to create the database archive pool: portal=storage=util.sh create_db_archive_pool =nfs <NFS_IP>:/export/db_archive_dir where NFS_IP is the IP address of the NFS mount point.

3 In the command line, enter the following command to configure the maximum number of days to keep the backups: portal.sh configure-db-recovery *backup-history-days* Where *backup-history-days* is the number of days you want to retain a base backup archive before a new one is created. For example, to retain an archive for seven days, run: portal.sh configure-db-recovery 7

An initial base backup of the database is created and the next backup is scheduled based on the *backup-history-days* parameter. Starting from the second base backup, the first scheduled base backup, there is always two base backups in the archive storage pool. WAL files are created after the first base backup. When a scheduled base backup is performed, the new base backup replaces both the old base backup that exceeded the *backup-history-days*, as well as the WAL files created in the period of time between the old base backup and the new base backup.

Warning: The minimum retention period recommended by IBM is 7 days. If you set the retention period to less than 7 days, you must also have a secondary backup method in order to protect the IBM COS FA Portal from disasters.

When the command finishes successfully a message is displayed, similar to the following: NOTICE: pg_stop_backup complete, all required WAL segments have been archived

Done

You can roll back to any older version of the database up until the previous base backup.

Rolling Back PostgreSQL Continuous Archiving to a Previous Point-in-Time

After continuous archiving has been set up, you can roll back to an older version of the IBM COS FA Portal database.

To roll back PostgreSQL continuous archiving to a previous point in time:

- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal primary database server.
- 2 In the command line, enter the following command to view the oldest time possible to roll back to: portal.sh db-rollback -p
- 3 Enter the following command to roll back to a point in time within the available backup range: portal.sh db-rollback -r "point-in-time" Where point-in-time is the desired point in time, in the format YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss.
- When rolling back a Primary DB Server, Master DB or Catalog Node, from which a replication server is streaming, described in Using PostgreSQL Streaming Replication, restart the IBM COS FA Portal on the secondary DB server, the replicating server, by running: portal-manage.sh restart

Using PostgreSQL Streaming Replication

Streaming replication enables the continuous streaming and replication of WAL segments from the WAL directory and archived WAL segments from a primary server (either the IBM COS FA Portal master database server, or a catalog node) to a secondary database server.

The following diagram illustrates streaming replication with continuous archiving and point-in-time recovery:



Note: Syncing archived WAL segments is done only on the first setup of the replica.

This process is complementary to configuring continuous archiving, described in Using PostgreSQL Continuous Archiving. It protects against failures occurring on the primary database server, by streaming the WAL directory and synchronizing the database's archived WAL logs to a secondary database server.

You can also configure the replication so that the archive storage pool is on the passive, slave, database and not the active database server with point-in-time recovery on the slave.



Configuring PostgreSQL Streaming Replication

The secondary server continuously streams the master server's WAL segments, and synchronizes the master's archived WAL segments every 10 minutes. Streaming replication traffic runs on TCP port 5432, which means you must open these ports for communication between the master and secondary database servers. The secondary IBM COS FA Portal database server acts as a standby/passive server and cannot be used for load balancing purposes.

Before setting up streaming replication, the following conditions must be met:

- The IBM COS FA Portal Storage Pool has to be created.
- Add dedicated disks to the host for the PostgreSQL database archive in order to create a separate storage pool that contains the database backup archive.
- The allocated disk space for the PostgreSQL archive storage pool should be at least twice the size of the storage space allocated for the IBM COS FA Portal storage pool, as described in Calculating the Minimum Space Required for the Database Backup.
- **Note:** The locations of the streaming and archived WAL segments are <code>\$pgdatadir/pg_wal</code> and <code>\$DBarchive</code> respectively.

To configure streaming replication:

- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal primary database server.
- 2 In the command line, enter the following command to create the database archive pool: portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool device Where device is the name of the disk on which the database archive pool should be created. For example: portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool sdd
 - **Note:** This command creates both a logical volume and an LVM volume group using the specified device. Multiple devices can be specified. For example: portal-storage-util.sh create db archive pool sdd sde sdf

The logical volume size can be extended at a later time, if needed. See Extending the Database Archive Pool.

- Note: When using NFS storage, use the following command to create the database archive pool: portal-storage-util.sh create_db_archive_pool -nfs </NFS_IP>:/export/db_archive_dir where NFS IP is the IP address of the NFS mount point.
- 3 Do one of the following:
 - If the secondary server has not been initialized, browse to the server's IP address or DNS.
 - If the secondary server has been initialized but without replication, and you want to set it up as a replication server, open an SSH session to the IBM COS FA Portal database server, by running the following command: portal-manage.sh resetdb
 - The **Setup** wizard opens, displaying the **Select Server operation mode** window.
- 4 Set the server as a replication of the desired database server. You can choose to replicate either the main IBM COS FA Portal database server or a IBM COS FA Portal catalog node.
- **Note:** After completing the setup wizard on an already initialized server, a new server entry is created representing the newly configured server. This makes the old server entry obsolete. You can remove the obsolete server entry by doing the following:
 - i Log in to the IBM COS FA Portal as a global administrator.
 - ii In Main > Servers locate the obsolete server entry, displayed as Not Connected.
 - iii Select the server and click **Delete**.

Failing Over PostgreSQL Streaming Replication to the Secondary Database Server

The secondary database acts as a passive database, meaning it can only process read requests. In the event that the primary database fails, you have to fail over to the secondary database server, making it active, in order to assure proper continuity of the platform.

Note: You can also switch between the primary and secondary database servers, making the secondary database server the master and the primary database server a slave, when the primary database server is still up.

To switch between the master and the slave:

- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to IBM COS FA Portal secondary database server.
- 2 In the command line, enter the following command: portal-failover.sh become_master

The primary database server becomes the slave, and the secondary database server becomes the master.

To failback to the master database server, when the primary database server becomes online:

- 1 Once the former primary database is running again, using SSH, log in as root to the original secondary database server.
- 2 In the command line, enter the following command: portal-failover.sh become replica

Log in to the IBM COS FA Portal as a global administrator and In the global administration view, select **Main > Servers** in the navigation pane and click the replication server name. Click **DB Replication** in the server window that is displayed and under **Database Replication** verify that the **Status** value is set to **OK**.

- **Note:** If there is a mismatch between the requested WAL files and their location on the server the **Status** value can be set to **Failed** until the mismatch is resolved when the WAL file position reaches the location, which can take a few hours. IBM recommends the following manual procedure to resolve this issue:
 - i Log in to the IBM COS FA Portal as a global administrator and In the global administration

view, select **Main > Servers** in the navigation pane.

- The **SERVERS** page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.
- ii Click the replication server name and in the server window that is displayed, under **General Settings**, uncheck **Replication of**.
- iii Click SAVE.
- iv Click the replication server name again and in the server window that is displayed, under General Settings, recheck Replication of.
- v Click SAVE.

The replication process will reinitialize which can be monitored by clicking **DB Replication** in the server window and under **Database Replication** verify that the **Status** value is set to **Reinitializing**. After the replication has reinitialized, which can take some time, depending on the IBM COS FA Portal size and the amount of data to be replicated, and the **Status** value is set to **OK**.

Extending the Database Archive Pool

In both PostgreSQL continuous archiving and streaming replication, the database archive storage pool is created using LVM. This means that if at any point the pool requires additional disk space, it is possible to increase the pool's size by adding additional disks (or partitions) to the LVM volume group, thereby extending the logical volume in which the database archive resides.

To extend the database archive storage pool:

- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal primary database server.
- 2 Run the following command: portal-storage-util.sh extend_db_archive_pool device

Where *device* is the disk you would like to add to the LVM volume group. For example: portal-storage-util.sh extend_db_archive_pool_sde

Monitoring the Database Backup and Streaming Replication

You can monitor every database backup and replication component running on the server, including:

- Streaming replication
- Base backup
- WAL archive (continuous archive)

Monitoring Database Backup and Replication from the Notifications Pane

To monitor database backup and replication from the NOTIFICATIONS page:

• In the global administration view, select **Main > Notifications** in the navigation pane. The **NOTIFICATIONS** page is displayed.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		Administration	~		adm	in 🗛
🛧 Main	-	NOTIFICATIONS				
Dashboard		Show T All Entities ~ Minin	mum Severity 🚺 Info 🗸	View 🛛 Active 🗸	₽ Search	~
Portals		THITITY	ALEDT	7145	MORENEO	ACTIC
Servers	- 1	ENTIT	ALERI	TIME	MORE INFO	ACTIC
Devices		System	Trial license is i	Yesterday, 2:36 PM		De
Reports						
Storage Nodes						
Notifications						
🙎 Users	+					
Provisioning	+					
Settings	+	4				* •
🖹 Logs & Alerts	+ .	IK K 1			Displaying Notificatio	ns 1 - 1
6.1.1170.8						

Any alerts related to database backup or streaming replication are displayed.

Monitoring Database Backup and Replication from the Server Task Manager

If streaming replication is set up, you can monitor it from the Server Task Manager. The IBM COS FA Portal runs a task every few minutes to verify that replication is working as expected. If any issues are detected, the task fails, and the IBM COS FA Portal displays an appropriate notification in the **NOTIFICATIONS** page, and also sends an email alert to the IBM COS FA Portal administrators.

Note: The task runs the portal.sh replication_status command and analyzes the output. For more information see Monitoring Database Backup and Replication from the Server Console.

To monitor database backup and replication from the Server Task Manager:

• In the global administration view, select **Main > Servers** in the navigation pane. The **SERVERS** page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		🌣 Administration 🗸 🗸			admin	РА
🛧 Main	-					
Dashboard		Install new version		ρs	earch	~
Portals		SERVER	SODT RY SERVER NAME	¢	STATUS	
Servers					SIAIOS	
Devices		Application Server, Main DB			Connected	
Reports		server1 Application Server, Replication of server			Connected	
Storage Nodes		-				
Notifications						
😫 Users	+					
Provisioning	+					
Settings	+	4				* •
🖹 Logs & Alerts	+ .			Ð	Displaying Servers 1 -	2
6.1.1170.14						

Click the replicating secondary server name.The server window is displayed with the server name as the window title.

server	o connected		×
Ω.	Name:	server	
General	Application server		
Settings	Antivirus Background	Scanner	
†	□ Replication of:		
Address Mappings	Network		
_	Default Address:	192.168.27.221	
Clients	Public NAT Address:		
	Advanced		_
	Read Cache Size Limit:	256 MB	
DB Replication			
Å.			
DELETE			SAVE CANCEL

4 Click the **DB Replication** option. The IBM COS FA Portal reports the status of its scheduled base backups and transaction log archiving process, as well as additional metrics to help detect when database replication falls behind due to lags in the process. In the event that replication falls behind, IBM COS FA Portal administrators are notified via email. The relevant email templates are *Replication setup failed* and *Replication has errors*.

server	ዕ CONNECTED		×
~	Database back	qt	
General	Base Backup:	Ok Last Success: 8 hours, 37 minutes ago	
Settings	Log Archiving:	Ok Last Success: 46 minutes, 10 seconds ago	
	Database replic	ation	
Ŧ	Mode:	Asynchronous replication to server2	
Address Mappings	Status:	Ok	
11 0	Replication Lag	(KB) 1208	
Clients	1350 1200 1050 900		
DB Replication	750 600 450 150 0 12:24 12:48 13	12 13:36 14:00 14:24 14:48 15:12	
Activity	•		SAVE CANCEL

Monitoring Database Backup and Replication from the Server Console

You can view the status of each database backup and replication component.

To monitor database backup and replication from the server console:

- **Note:** This procedure can be performed on both the master server and on secondary servers.
- 1 Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal master database server or secondary database server.
- 2 Run the following command: portal-storage-util.sh extend_db_archive_pool *device*
- 3 Run the following command: portal.sh replication_status | json_reformat The output is displayed in JSON format. For example:

```
"streaming_replication": {
   "status": "ok",
   "lastSuccess": "256KB"
},
"base_backup": {
   "status": "ok",
   "lastSuccess": "none"
},
"wal_archive": {
   "status": "failed",
   "lastSuccess": "3 hours"
```

{

}

. Both the master and secondary servers have the same output structure. However, the fields have slightly different meanings:

Field	Master Server	Secondary Server				
streaming_r	eplication					
status	Indicates whether a secondary server is streaming from the master server: ok – Streaming replication is running. failed – Streaming replication failed. not configured – Streaming replication is not configured on this server.	Indicates whether this server is streaming from the master server: ok – Streaming replication is running. failed – Streaming replication failed.				
lastSuccess	The difference in size (in KB) between the last sent WAL segment and the secondary server's last checkpoint, a point in the WAL logs at which all data files have been written to the disk. In other words, the amount of data the master database sent to the secondary database, which has not been processed by the secondary database.	The difference in size (in KB) between the last received WAL segment and the secondary server's last checkpoint, a point in the WAL logs at which all data files have been written to the disk. In other words, the amount of data the master database sent to the secondary database, but which has not been processed by the secondary database. If the value is none, then the secondary				
base backut	2	database is up to date.				
status	Indicates whether the last base backup was completed successfully: ok – Last base backup ended successfully. failed – Last base backup failed. not configured – Base backup is not configured for this server. Continuous archiving was not configured on the server.	Indicates whether the last base backup was completed successfully: ok – Last base backup completed successfully. failed – Last base backup failed.				
lastSuccess	The last time a successful backup was run (in days). If the value is none, the status field is ok, and the last base backup was completed successfully.					
wal_archive	· · · ·					

Field	Master Server	Secondary Server
status	Indicates whether a WAL was successfully	Indicates whether a WAL was
	archived in the past hour:	successfully synchronized in the past
	ok – WAL directory was archived	hour:
	successfully in the past hour.	ok – WAL directory was synchronized
	failed – WAL directory was not archived in	successfully in the past hour.
	the past hour. This does not indicate a	failed – WAL directory was not
	problem. You can change the status to ok,	synchronized in the past hour.
	by running a manual command that forces	
	archiving. For more information, contact	
	support.	
	not configured – WAL archiving, that is	
	continuous archiving, is not configured on	
	this server.	
	Archiving occurs after 16MB of data has	
	been written or during a system restart.	
lastSuccess	The last time a WAL log was archived succ	essfully (in hours).
	If the status field's value is ok, then none	e is output.

4 Run the following command on the slave server to view the slave archive synchronization log: portal-log.sh replication [-f] Include the -f flag to display the log in the command window. Otherwise, the log is displayed in vim.

ENABLING FIPS

The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 140-2, (FIPS PUB 140-2), is a U.S. government computer security standard used to approve cryptographic modules. Setting the IBM COS FA Portal to be FIPS compliant requires a IBM COS FA Portal restart and impacts performance.

To change the IBM COS FA Portal to be FIPS compliant, contact IBM support.

ENABLING/DISABLING REMOTE SUPPORT

You can enable remote assistance by the IBM support team, by using the portal-support.sh script. This script adds a user called "support", which the IBM Support Team can uses to remotely access and log in to your IBM COS FA Portal.

To enable remote support:

- 1 Open an SSH session to the IBM COS FA Portal master server.
- 2 Log in as **root** user.
- 3 In the command line, enter the following command: portal-support.sh enable

The **support** user is created.

To disable remote support:

- 1 Open an SSH session to the IBM COS FA Portal master server.
- 2 Log in as **root** user.
- 3 In the command line, enter the following command: portal-support.sh disable

The **support** user is deleted.

EXTENDING THE IBM COS FA PORTAL MAIN DATABASE OR CATALOG NODE STORAGE POOL

Note: IBM recommends changing the storage with the help of IBM Support.

To extend the IBM COS FA Portal main database or catalog node storage pool:

- 1 For each IBM COS FA Portal instance you have installed, stop IBM COS FA Portal services, by doing the following:
 - **a** Log in to the OpenStack console and access **Project > Compute > Instances**.
 - **b** For the IBM COS FA Portal instance, under **Actions** select **Shut Off Instance**.
 - c Confirm shutting off the instance.
- 2 Access **Project > Compute > Volumes**.

3 Click Create Volume.

The **Create Volume** screen is displayed.

Create Volume			×
Volume Name		Description:	
Description		Volumes are block devices that ca instances.	an be attached to
		Volume Type Descr	ription:
	le	If "No volume type" is selected, th created without a volume type.	ne volume will be
Volume Source		Volume Limits	
No source, empty volume	•	Total Gigabytes (1,610 GB)	5,000 GB Available
Туре			1 000 0 7 11
No volume type	T	Number of Volumes (43)	
Size (GB) *			
1			
Availability Zone			
nova	Ŧ		
		Cance	Create Volume

4 Specify the details for the image.

Volume Name - A unique name to identify the volume.
Description - An optional description of the volume.
Volume Source - Select No source, empty volume.
Type - Select iscsi.
Size - The additional disk size.
Availability Zone - Select the same availability zone used for the image.

- 5 Click **Create Volume**. The volume is created. This can take a few minutes.
- 6 For the new volume, under Actions select Manage Attachments.

penstack		= a	admin 👻									🛔 qa 🔻
Project	~	Vo	lumes									
Compute	_	Volumes Volume Snapshots										
Overvie	w				Fi	lter		Q	+ Create Volun	ne 🔁 Acc	cept Transfer	× Delete Volumes
Instance	es		Name	Description	Size	Status	Type	Attached	Availability	Bootable	Encrypted	Actions
Volume	es							lo	Zone			
Image	es		ExampleExtendedStoragePool	-	160GB	Available	iscsi		nova	No	No	Edit Volume 🔻
Access & Securi	ty	L.	12e5fb25-0d7f-4d87-a578-	~~~~	J ¹⁴ 0GB	Available			nova	Yes	Non	Volume

The Manage Volume Attachments dialog is displayed.

Manage Volume Atta	chments	×
Instance	Device	Actions
	No items to display.	
Displaying 0 items		
Attach To Instance		
Select an instance		Ŧ
		Cancel Attach Volume

- 7 Select the IBM COS FA Portal instance and click Attach Volume.
- 8 Access **Project > Compute > Instances**.
- 9 For the IBM COS FA Portal instance, under Actions select Start Instance.
- **10** Extend the IBM COS FA Portal storage pool, by doing the following:
 - a Log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal server over SSH.
 - **b** Run the following command to identify the name of the device you attached: fdisk -1 Locate the device name according to its size and usage information.
 - c Run the following command to stop the IBM COS FA Portal services: portal-manage.sh stop
 - d Run the following command to extend the IBM COS FA Portal storage pool: portal-storage-util.sh extend_storage *deviceName* Where *deviceName* is the device name located in the previous step.
 - The main database or catalog node storage pool is extended.
- 11 To view the storage pool size, run the following command: df -h /usr/local/lib/ibm
- 12 For each IBM COS FA Portal instance you installed, starting from the IBM COS FA Portal main database and catalog node and proceeding to the application servers, start IBM COS FA Portal services by doing the following:
 - a Log in as root user to each IBM COS FA Portal server over SSH.
 - b Run the following command to start the IBM COS FA Portal services: portal-manage.sh start

LOAD BALANCING IBM COS FA PORTAL SERVERS

General Load Balancing Best Practices

- Probing to test tomcat reachability: Most load balancers have a health check/probing mechanism that checks for ports and services availability. The best scenario is to only use port tests that check if the port is available (checking ports 995 and 443). If a more accurate probing is required, use port 995 probe. With HTTPS use: *portalurl*/admin/startup.
- It is not recommended to use source NAT on the load balancer as this makes it hard to monitor and troubleshoot networking issues, since all the connections come to the tomcat servers from the same IP. This will also open the possibility that the IBM COS FA Portal will be locked due to too many retries if any user gets his password wrong 3 times and it will affect all users since this mechanism is based on IP.

Using F5 Load Balancer

The following describes setting up load balancing using a version of F5 software that is not the latest version. If your version is different, contact IBM support for help with your configuration.

Using F5 load balancing to perform SSL offloading requires the following configuration:

- Create an F5 iRule to add Secure and HttpOnly flags to the JSESSIONID cookie.
- Create an F5 iRule to add **HSTS** flags.
- Disable old insecure encryption algorithms like RC4.

F5 Best Practices

The following best practices are recommended by IBM:

- Configure the **tcp** TCP protocol profile.
 - If **Idle Timeout** is configured, make sure the value is at least 5 minutes, 300 seconds, as IBM COS FA Portal handles its own TCP sessions with keep alives.
 - If **Keep Alive Interval** is configured, make sure the value is greater than the value specified for **Send CTTP keepalive messages every** in the virtual IBM COS FA Portal settings. IBM recommends setting **Send CTTP keepalive messages every** less than half the value specified for **Keep Alive Interval**.

irtual Portal Settings				×
Remote Access Settings				*
Remote Access Redirection:	Private IP Redirect	•		
Use HTTPS for remote access Advanced				
Send CTTP keepalive messages every		seconds		
			SAVE	EL

• If Zero window Timeout is configured, make sure it is as high as possible. For example, 30000.

Hostname: f5.ctera.me Date: Aug 21 IP Address: 127.0.0.1 Time: 12:22 F	, 2017 User: admin M (IDT) Role: Administrator	Partition: Common T Log out
ONLINE (ACTIVE) Standalone		
Main Help About	Local Traffic » Profiles : F	Protocol : TCP » tcp
Statistics	🔅 👻 Properties	
iApps	General Properties	
😚 dns	Name	tcp
Constanting	Partition / Path	Common
	Timer Management	
Network Map	Close Wait	Specify V 5 seconds
Virtual Servers	Fin Wait	Specify v 5 seconds
Profiles	Idle Timeout	Specify ▼ 180 seconds
iRules	Keep Alive Interval	Specify ▼ 1800 seconds
Pools	Minimum RTO	0 milliseconds
Nodes	Reset On Timeout	✓ Enabled
Monitors 📀	Time Wait	Specify 2000 milliseconds
Traffic Class 🕞	Time Wait Recycle	Fnabled
Address Translation	Zero Window Timeout	Specify V 30000 milliseconds
Acceleration	Memory Management	Table Transformer
Device Management Proxy Buffer High		49152 bytes
Natwork	Proxy Buffer Low	32768 bytes

The following shows recommended F5 settings for the **tcp** TCP protocol profile.

• Configure the **source_addr** Persistence profile. The following shows recommended F5 settings for **source_addr** Persistence profile.

Hostname: f5.ctera.me IP Address: 127.0.0.1	Date: Aug 21, 2017 Time: 12:33 PM (IDT)	User: admin Role: Administrator		Partition: Common v	Log out
ONLINE (AC Standalone	TIVE)				
Main Help	About Lo	cal Traffic » Profiles : P	ersistence » source_addr		
Main Statistics	*	 Properties 			
iApps	Ger	neral Properties			
S DNS	Na	ame	source_addr		
	Pa	artition / Path	Common		
Local Traffic	Pe	ersistence Type	Source Address Affinity		
Network Map	Cor	nfiguration			
Virtual Servers	Ma	atch Across Services			
Policies	Ma	atch Across Virtual Servers			
Profiles	Ma	atch Across Pools			
iRules	На	ash Algorithm	Default V		
Pools	Tir	meout	Specify 180 seconds		
Nodes	Ma	ask	None		
Monitors	÷	an Provies			
Traffic Class	÷ 0	verride Connection Limit			
Address Translatio	n +				
Acceleration	Up	idate			
Device Management					
Network					•

Hostname: f5.c IP Address: 127	Hostname: 15 clera me Date: Aug 21, 2017 User: admin IP Address: 127.0.0.1 Time: 12.39 PM (IDT) Role: Administrator Partition: Common 🔻 Log out								
ONLINE (ACTIVE) Standalone									
Main	Main Help About Local Traffic » Virtual Servers : Virtual Server List » vs_ctera								
Statistics		🔅 🗸 Properties Reso	urces Statistics 🗩						
iApps		Load Balancing							
S DNS		Default Pool	pl_ctera v						
Contrat	ffic	Default Persistence Profile	source_addr v						
	4.14	Fallback Persistence Profile	None						
Virtual	Servers	Update							
Polici	ies b								
Profile	les >	iRules	Manage						
iRule	is 🕨	No records to display							
Pools	5 <i>></i>		Managa						
Node	s ⊧	Policies	manaye						
Monitor	rs 🕞	No records to display.							
Traffic (Class 🕞								
Addres	s Translation								
Accelerat									
Device Ma	anagement								
Network			· · · · · ·						

• After setting the profiles, set up the load balancing for the IBM COS FA Portal virtual servers.

CHAPTER 6. UPGRADING IBM COS FA PORTAL

IBM recommends installing a new image and software with the help of IBM Support.

To upgrade the IBM COS FA Portal software via the IBM COS FA Portal user interface:

 In the global administration view, select Main > Servers in the navigation pane. The SERVERS page is displayed, listing all the servers for the IBM COS FA Portal.

IBM Cloud Object Storage File Access		Administration		admin P	A
🔒 Main	-				
Dashboard		SERVERS ALL THE SERVERS ARE UP TO DATE Install new version	ب s	iearch 🗸	
Portals		CEDIVED CODT BY CEDIVED MAME	1	STATUS	
Servers			1	514105	4
Devices		Server Application Server, Main DB		Connected	
Reports		server1 Application Server, Replication of server		Connected	
Storage Nodes		•			
Notifications					
🙎 Users	+				
Provisioning	+				
Settings	+	4		Þ	Ŧ
🖨 Logs & Alerts	+		Ð	Displaying Servers 1 - 2	
6.1.1170.14					

2 Click Install new version.

The **Update Software** window is displayed.

Update Software	^d o
Install from file	Upload
WARNING! YOU CANNOT UNDO THIS OPE Before upgrading a production system, an backup.	RATION. ways ensure you have an up-to-date
	CANCEL

3 Upload the IBM COS FA Portal version provided by IBM. All servers in your IBM COS FA Portal installation are upgraded.

To upgrade the IBM COS FA Portal software via the command line:

1 Stop the IBM COS FA Portal servers.

First stop all application servers. Next stop the main database server and finally stop the replication database server, if available.

a Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal server.

b Run the following command: portal-manage.sh stop

Once services are stopped, the Done message is displayed on the screen.

- 2 When all servers are in a stop state, upgrade the IBM COS FA Portal software.
 - a Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal server.
 - **b** Upgrade the IBM COS FA Portal software: portal-manage.sh upgrade *upgrade_file* where *upgrade_file* is the software file provided by IBM.

3 Restart the servers.

First start the main database server. Next start the replication database server, if available. Finally start the application servers.

- a Using SSH, log in as root to your IBM COS FA Portal server.
- **b** Start the IBM COS FA Portal: portal-manage.sh start