

IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise  
Resource Planning  
Data Protection for SAP HANA  
Version 8.1.4

*Installation and User's Guide*



**Note:**

Before you use this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 59.](#)

This edition applies to version 8, release 1, modification 4 of IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning (product number 5725-X03), available as a licensed program. It also applies to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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## About this publication

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This publication documents how to use IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA. It describes the procedures that are needed to install, configure, and protect your SAP HANA data with Data Protection for SAP HANA.

The Data Protection for SAP HANA product is the interface between SAP HANA and the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

## Who should read this guide

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This guide is intended for system programmers and administrators who are responsible for implementing a backup solution in a SAP HANA environment with the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

It describes the procedures that are needed to install and customize IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA, the interface between SAP HANA and IBM Spectrum Protect.

The reader must be familiar with the documentation for SAP HANA and the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

## Publications

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The IBM Spectrum Protect product family includes IBM Spectrum Protect Snapshot, IBM Spectrum Protect for Space Management, IBM Spectrum Protect for Databases, and several other storage management products from IBM®.

To view IBM product documentation, see [IBM Knowledge Center](#).





# What's new for IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning

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Learn about new features and updates in Version 8.1.4. Click the link in the table to find more information. Review the release notes before you install the product.

New and changed information in this product documentation is indicated by a vertical bar (|) to the left of the change.

Release	New features and updates
V8.1.4	<b>Take advantage of potential performance improvements enabled by parallel processing</b> IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning Version 8.1.4 can process multiple redo log copies in dedicated threads when used with SAP HANA, IBM DB2®, or Oracle RMAN database technology. If the system offers sufficient CPU power and bandwidth, these redo logs are sent to IBM Spectrum Protect servers in parallel, which can improve system performance.  <b>Enable expiration of obsolete backup versions</b> IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA can now automatically delete obsolete backup generations. This feature was previously available for Data Protection for SAP Oracle and Data Protection for SAP DB2 only. For more information, see <a href="#">Retain backups by version</a> .
V8.1.1	The V8.1.1 release resolved defects, but did not introduce major new features.
V8.1.0	<b>New product name</b> IBM Tivoli® Storage Manager for Enterprise Resource Planning is renamed to IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning in V8.1.0.



# Chapter 1. Getting started

Data Protection for SAP HANA operates as a link between SAP HANA and the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

The Data Protection for SAP HANA `hdbbackint` process is used by SAP HANA for backing up the database and redo log files. The configuration of the `hdbbackint` process is stored in the `initSID.utl` profile file. This file contains information that describes how to run backup and restore operations, and can be customized for your SAP HANA environment.

The `hdbbackint` process communicates with the IBM Spectrum Protect server through an API that is shared with other IBM data protection products. It requires that the Data Protection for SAP HANA ProLE process is running. The ProLE process coordinates multiple `hdbbackint` instances in a full database backup. The process ensures that all backup objects that belong to the same full database backup get assigned to the same backup id. The full database backup is handled as a single entity even it consists of numerous single objects.

In a SAP HANA scale-out environment that consists of multiple SAP HANA nodes, Data Protection for SAP HANA is running on each node.

Depending on the number of SAP HANA services that are on a node, multiple instances of `hdbbackint` are started by SAP HANA for data transfer.

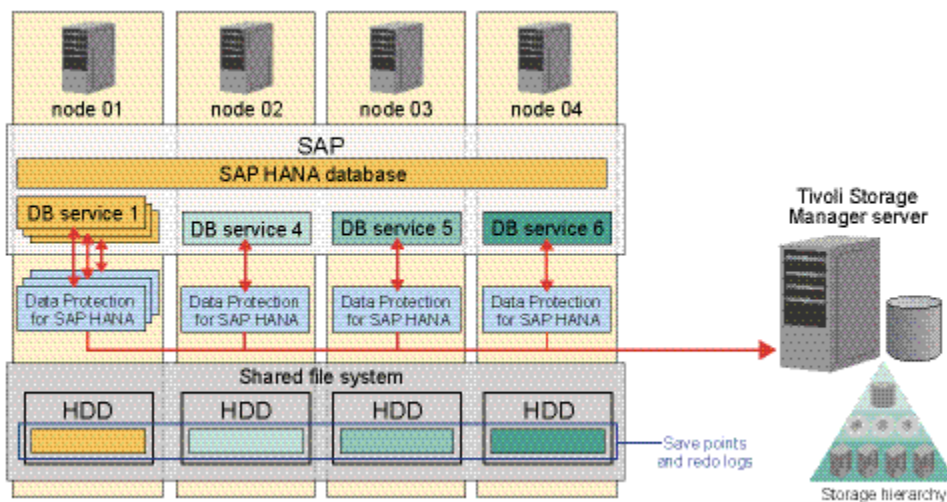


Figure 1. An example of how Data Protection for SAP HANA, IBM Spectrum Protect and SAP HANA are integrated.

## The backint interface

The **backint** interface communicates between SAP HANA, Data Protection for SAP HANA, and IBM Spectrum Protect to run full and incremental backups of SAP HANA databases and redo log files. The **backint** interface communicates directly with SAP.

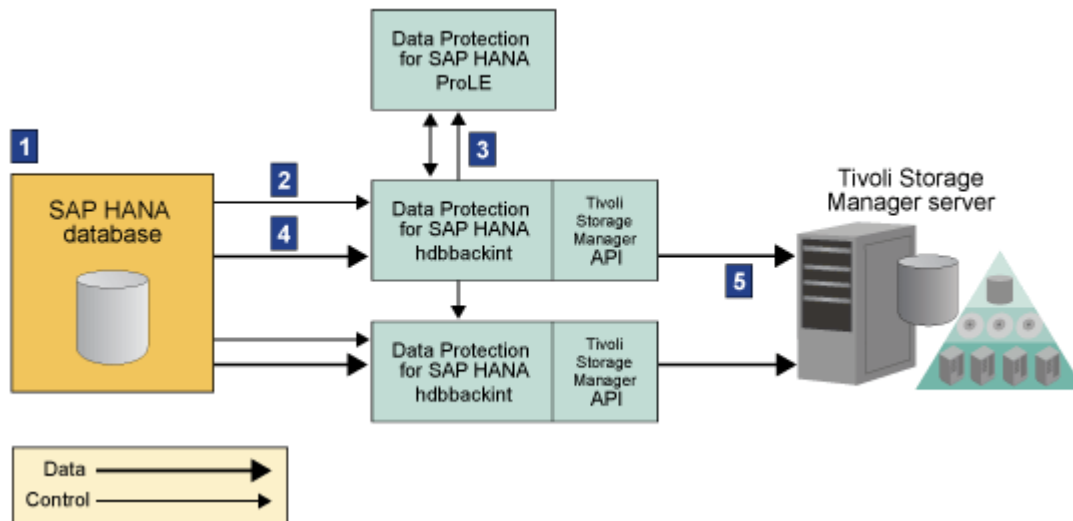


Figure 2. The interactions between SAP HANA and the IBM Spectrum Protect through the Data Protection for SAP HANA **hdbbackint** interface.

A Data Protection for SAP HANA backup operation proceeds in the following order:

1. You start a backup operation using the SAP HANA Studio or through the **hdbssql** command-line interface.
2. A number of SAP HANA **hdbbackint** processes are started.
3. The **hdbbackint** processes connect to the ProLE to get the configuration information.
4. SAP HANA sends data to the **hdbbackint** processes.
5. The data is sent to the IBM Spectrum Protect server through the IBM Spectrum Protect API.

All the database and redo log backup information is stored by SAP HANA. The backup history can be viewed in the SAP HANA Studio in the backup tab or by querying the database view **M\_BACKUP\_CATALOG**. For more information about **hdbbackint**, see the *SAP HANA Administration Guide*.

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## Chapter 2. Planning

Planning information regarding strategies and components is provided.

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### Backup strategy for Data Protection for SAP HANA

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To avoid data loss from SAP HANA databases, you must run full backups and redo log file backups regularly.

#### Full database backup

The full SAP HANA database is backed up to IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning. If needed, the database can be restored without extra redo log files. The frequency of full backups is controlled by the IBM Spectrum Protect recovery time objective (RTO) and recovery point objective (RPO). For more information about full backups, see the *SAP HANA Administration Guide*.

#### Redo log file backups

Back up redo log files so that if data is lost in between two full backups, the data can be restored to a particular point in time. Set the **SAP HANA LOG\_BACKUP\_USING\_BACKINT** parameter to TRUE to enable backing up redo log files. Edit the frequency of the backup operations with the **LOG\_BACKUP\_TIMEOUT\_S**. The default value is for a backup every 15 minutes. For more information about redo log file backups, see the *SAP HANA Administration Guide*.

#### Incremental and Differential backups

The data for incremental and differential backups uses the same processing parameters as the data for the redo log backups. The data is stored in the same management classes that are used for the redo logs. Although the amount of data for incremental or differential backups is much less than the amount for a full database back up, it might be considerably larger than what was calculated for storage of the redo logs.

#### Backing up data with the backup-archive client

Use the IBM Spectrum Protect backup-archive client include/exclude function to back up any files that are not backed up by the full database backup, such as configuration files. A scheduled incremental backup would ensure that the configuration files are backed up periodically to be used if data was lost.

```
*
* Sample include/exclude list for SAP HANA appliances
*
* first exclude everything
exclude /.../*
*
* now include relevant files and directories only
include /usr/sap/C21/SYS/profile/.../*
include /usr/sap/C21/SYS/global/hdb/custom/config/.../*
```

#### Backup strategy for the SAP HANA appliance

If you experience a total loss of the SAP HANA appliance, use the SAP HANA recovery procedure to recover the system. For information about hardware recovery, see the SAP documentation.

## Optimization of Data Protection for SAP HANA performance

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When SAP HANA backs up data, it sends data for all SAP HANA services, such as **nameserver** and **indexserver** in parallel from all nodes. If data is intended to go directly to tape, the number of allowed mount points for the IBM Spectrum Protect node must be adjusted.

When you are planning to store data in a disk storage pool and then migrate it to tape, be aware that SAP HANA data is restored in the order that is determined by HANA. Use either disk storage pools or tapes with enough mount points to optimize the restore by reducing the number of tape-seeks and mounts. If the data to be restored for all nodes is on a single tape drive, it can lead to increased restore times or deadlocks.

## Network performance optimization

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When you are setting up the network, there are some items to consider that can improve network performance.

Consider these items when you set up the network:

### **LAN-free backup**

LAN-free backup can reduce the load on the network and on the IBM Spectrum Protect server, thus improving data transfer rates. When you use LAN-free backup, ensure that Fibre Channel adapter capacity to the SAN can accommodate the data transfer rates of the disk reads and tape writes.

### **Network bandwidth**

In general, the effective throughput capacity is approximately half of the theoretical network bandwidth. For high-speed networks such as Gigabit Ethernet LAN, the network adapters limit the throughput rather than the network itself.

### **Network topology**

A dedicated backbone network that is used only for backup and restore operations can improve the data transfer rate.

### **TCP options**

Use TCP options that are the most beneficial for your environment.

### **Multiple Paths**

Increase the overall throughput rate to the backup server by providing a way to specify multiple network paths.

## Backup server optimization

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When you are setting up the IBM Spectrum Protect server for use with IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning, the following considerations help you to optimize performance.

Consider these items when you set up the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Data Protection for SAP uses the IBM Spectrum Protect archive function for all backup activities.

### **Dedicated backup server**

A dedicated backup server allows sharing of resources and provides an efficient resource usage.

### **CPU power**

For a specific data throughput, the CPU load on the backup server is approximately 60% of the load on the database server. Therefore, backup server CPU power is not as critical as the CPU power of the database server. However, demands on the IBM Spectrum Protect server CPU do increase when several clients access a single IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### **Storage hierarchy**

Not following these requirements can lead to recovery issues and a deadlock situation.

The specific interaction of current SAP HANA versions with IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA implies special requirements for the type of storage media that are used, and the rules for data movement in IBM Spectrum Protect storage. The requirements are different for data files and for log files: you must always use separate management classes and storage pools for **BRBACKUPMGTCLASS** and **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS**.

### Data files

For best restore performance it is important that files that were backed up simultaneously, are held ready for parallel access during restore. By internal data movement to physical or virtual tape in IBM Spectrum Protect storage after the backup, files that are bound to be restored in parallel can end up on the same volume.

The following suggestions help to avoid a situation that would lead to an increase of the restore duration by media wait. Use devclass disk, sequential file, directory-container storage (IBM Spectrum Protect Server 7.1.3), or physical tape, Virtual Tape Library (VTL) as the first storage pool for **BRBACKUPMGTCLASS**.

- Do not move any SAP HANA data files in IBM Spectrum Protect storage from the first **stgpool** to physical tape or VTL storage. This rule is the case for storage pools on random disk, sequential file, directory-container, physical tape, or VTL storage.
- Do not use **nextstgpool** to point to storage other than random disk or sequential file or directory-container to prevent migration to physical tape or VTL.
- When you use physical tape or VTL storage as the first stgpool for HANA data files, do not run space reclamation on this storage pool.
- Do not use **move data** from the first stgpool to physical tape or VTL storage, regardless of the devtype of the first storage pool devclass.

### Log files

Always use devclass disk, sequential file, or directory-container storage as the first storage pool for **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS**. Storage pools that are receiving HANA log files do not require more space allowance beyond the real amount of data to be kept in IBM Spectrum Protect. The estimated size that is assumed by Data Protection for SAP HANA is expected to be sufficiently close to the real log file size.

You can reduce the space consumption in used devclass by using compression. For this specific purpose, the IBM Spectrum Protect API client parameter **COMPRESSION Yes** in dsm.sys is expected to be more efficient than the parameter **RL\_COMPRESSION YES** in initSID.utl.

Do not move any HANA log files in IBM Spectrum Protect storage to physical tape or VTL storage. Further considerations for this rule are as follows.

- Only random disk or sequential files or directory-container are allowed as defined in nextstgpool for migration.
- Run move data actions only to random disk or sequential file or directory-container.
- If HANA log files are stored on physical tape or VTL, you must move the data to sequential file before the recovery operation.

### Parallel sessions

The IBM Spectrum Protect server allows the use of several tape drives in parallel to store data. This setup can increase overall data throughput. To fully use this feature, two conditions must exist. The corresponding IBM Spectrum Protect node must be allowed the appropriate number of mount points and the device class must be allowed the appropriate mount limits.

## Store data on the IBM Spectrum Protect server

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In SAP terminology, *backup* (**BRBACKUP**) refers to the backup of data; *archive* (**BRARCHIVE**) refers to the backing up of log files. Data Protection for SAP uses the IBM Spectrum Protect archive function for backups and archives.

Tape storage is the preferred media for storing database contents as it provides the best data throughput for backup and restore operations. For a large scale-out system, the number of required tape drives might become too large. In this case, use a virtual tape library (VTL). A disk-tape storage hierarchy is used for backing up redo log files. This action provides the best protection against data loss, and eliminates the need to mount a tape for each redo log file.

Data Protection for SAP transfers data to and from the backup server through single or multiple (parallel) sessions to the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Each session must have a storage device that is associated with it. The SAP backup ID is persistently linked with each backup file. This backup ID can be used later to determine all files that are required for a complete restore.

Collocation is an IBM Spectrum Protect function that ensures client data is maintained together on one tape. Deactivate collocation in these situations:

- Deactivate collocation for Data Protection for SAP backups when you enable parallel sessions for use with multiple tape drives in parallel.
- Deactivate collocation when you use the multiple log copy function.

To improve availability (alternate servers) or performance (multiple servers), configure Data Protection for SAP to use multiple IBM Spectrum Protect servers. Consider the location of all backup data before you remove an IBM Spectrum Protect server from the Data Protection for SAP profile.

Because Data Protection for SAP accesses only those servers that are defined in the profile, be cautious when you remove an IBM Spectrum Protect server if it contains valid backup data.

Database backups are retained for a specified period and then become obsolete. Manage backup storage space by deleting obsolete backups and automating archive retention period with IBM Spectrum Protect options. Alternatively the obsolete backups can be deleted manually in the SAP HANA Studio.

Database backups are retained for a specified period and then become obsolete. Set an appropriate archive retention period with IBM Spectrum Protect policy options to manage backup storage space efficiently. For more information on how to set the server policy, see [“Defining a policy” on page 16](#)

## Planning for space required for SAP HANA backups

---

Before Data Protection for SAP HANA sends data to IBM Spectrum Protect, it notifies the IBM Spectrum Protect server of the amount of data that is going to be sent. This enables the IBM Spectrum Protect server to select the appropriate storage pool that accommodates this specific amount of data.

### About this task

Through the backint SAP HANA interface, Data Protection for SAP HANA does not know the amount of data that is due to be sent by SAP HANA. It is assumed that half of the memory size is to be transferred. If the system has 1 TB RAM, then the estimated size for the backup object is assumed to be 512 GB. For the data that is stored by the SAP HANA `indexserver` this number is close to the value for a fully used system. For other SAP HANA services like `nameserver` or `statisticserver`, the value is much smaller. Typically the backups of these services are several MB only, and a backup can result in a storage pool that is intended for large objects being used.

### Procedure

- To avoid backing up small items to the next storage pool in line, the required size of the first storage pool should be at least half the size of the appliance memory multiplied with the number of sessions



(SESSIONS, MAX\_SESSIONS) that are simultaneously sending files. If you use the **maxsize** parameter for the first storage pool, make sure it is at least half the size of the appliance memory.

- Another option is to use Virtual Tape Library for backups.

## Parallel backup paths and backup servers

---

Data Protection for SAP can use several communication links between IBM Spectrum Protect clients to control alternate backup paths and alternate backup servers. This feature can increase throughput by transferring data over multiple paths simultaneously or to and from several servers in parallel. It can improve the availability of the IBM Spectrum Protect client to server communication and enable disaster recovery backup to a remote IBM Spectrum Protect server.

Each path in the `initSID.utl` profile is defined by a server statement and the corresponding definitions in the IBM Spectrum Protect client system option file `dsm.sys`. The `server 1..n` statement denotes IBM Spectrum Protect servers that are defined in the Data Protection for SAP profile. This definition corresponds to the statement `SERVERNAME server 1..n` in the IBM Spectrum Protect client option file or files. These servers are identified by their `TCPSERVERADDRESS` and can be on one system (multiple paths) or several systems (multiple servers). `SESSIONS` denotes the number of parallel sessions that Data Protection for SAP schedules for the path.

If only one path is used, `SESSIONS` must be equal to `MAX_SESSIONS`, which specifies the total number of parallel sessions to be used (equivalent to number of tape drives/management classes). Data Protection for SAP attempts to communicate with the IBM Spectrum Protect server by using the first path in the profile. If this attempt is successful, Data Protection for SAP starts the number of parallel sessions as specified for this path.

If the attempt is unsuccessful, this path is skipped and Data Protection for SAP continues to the next path. This process continues until as many sessions are active as were specified in the total session number (`MAX_SESSIONS`). If this number is never reached (for example, because several paths were inactive), Data Protection for SAP ends the backup job.

### Backup hdbbackint processes

When SAP HANA runs a database backup operation through Data Protection for SAP HANA, a dedicated `hdbbackint` process for each backup object is started. It is possible to use multiple sessions in a single `hdbbackint` process, and each `hdbbackint` process transfers a single object.

You do not need to configure multiple sessions for database backup operations. Multiple `hdbbackint` processes run in parallel, and all objects are backed up in parallel. The number of objects depends on the number of SAP HANA nodes in the environment. All nodes host an index server that holds the payload of the database. The backup objects from the index servers are typically the largest objects. The master node hosts a name server, a statistic server, and other services. Backup objects from these additional services are typically smaller than the index server. If the backups must go directly to tape, then the number of mount points must include the additional services.

### Redo log files

Configure multiple sessions for a single `hdbbackint` process for backing up redo log files. When you are using the redo log copy feature of IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning, each redo log file is saved simultaneously in multiple storage pools on the IBM Spectrum Protect servers. Ensure that you have the same number of sessions opened as redo log copies that are created to be able to duplicate and transfer data.

## Archive inactive data

---

Data Protection for SAP creates a database image that is stored at the bit-level and can be used for routine backup operations.

To restore an outdated backup, you must restore it into the same environment it was originally taken from. This process requires you to maintain older versions of SAP, the operating system, database, and IBM Spectrum Protect data to enable a rebuild of the original environment. SAP provides archiving functions that can display business documents that are designated with long-term retention requirements. These business documents are format-independent and can be used for auditing and other legal purposes. Archived data can then be removed from the operational database to reduce the database size and improve backup and restore processing time.

## Restore versus backup

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Configuration changes and infrastructure problems affect backup and restore operations.

Changes that support a fast backup while you are using resources can be considered applicable to the restore operation. Tune the backup operation and then run a restore to verify that the restore operation works in a satisfactory manner.

If backups are compressed during a restore operation, the data must be decompressed before you can use it.

## Create multiple redo log copies

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Data Protection for SAP can save a number of copies of each redo log by using different IBM Spectrum Protect server management classes. By creating multiple redo-log copies on separate physical media, the administrator can restore and recover a database even if a backup tape becomes corrupted.

The Data Protection for SAP profile file keywords important for creating multiple redo log copies:

- Keyword **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS** denotes the IBM Spectrum Protect server management classes to be used when it saves redo logs. With the use of different management classes, the backup media that is targeted for redo logs is separated from the backup media that is targeted for the database objects. Different redo log copies can also be saved to different backup media.
- Keyword **REDOLOG\_COPIES** allows the administrator to initiate the creation of multiple backup copies of each redo log. By creating multiple copies on separate physical media, the database administrator is able to restore and recover databases in an SAP environment. The restore and recover can occur even if a backup tape becomes corrupted or lost.
- Keyword **MAX\_SESSIONS** specifies the maximum number of sessions that a single Data Protection for SAP instance is allowed to access to the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

These rules describe how Data Protection for SAP satisfies a request to back up redo log files:

- Data Protection for SAP creates as many backup copies of each redo log as are specified by the **REDOLOG\_COPIES** keyword.
- Data Protection for SAP requires as many archive management classes that are defined by **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS** as there are redo-log copies requested. To best protect against the loss of data, it is important that the different management classes are linked to different storage pools within IBM Spectrum Protect storage. This way, various redo log copies are on different backup media.
- When SAP HANA is used, Data Protection for SAP HANA requires that the maximum number of sessions that are defined by **MAX\_SESSIONS** is greater than or equal to the number of redo log copies that are requested. A setup with a smaller number of sessions is not advised with the backint interface.
- Data Protection for SAP cannot control the order in which IBM Spectrum Protect processes the requests. Therefore, an administrator cannot rely on sessions to be processed in the order they were started by Data Protection for SAP.

## Create a user with limited permissions

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The profile parameter **HDB\_KEYSTORE\_ENTRY** specifies the name of a key in the user store. The credentials of the named key are used to connect to the HANA database. IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA uses this key to gather details about the database size, and the status of backup from the SAP HANA database.

The initial configuration of the keystore entry for IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning: Data Protection for SAP HANA is done when you are running **setup.sh**. You can provide the credentials of the **SYSTEM** user or a user with privileges **INIFILE ADMIN**, **CATALOG READ**, and **SERVICE ADMIN** for single instance databases or privileges. For MDC database instances, you can use **INIFILE ADMIN**, **CATALOG READ**, **SERVICE ADMIN**, and **DATABASE ADMIN**. The keystore entry will be created with the credentials of the user provided.

If you want to create a user with limited permissions, you can create a new user with *CATALOG READ* privileges and add the credentials to the user store. The additional privileges that are mentioned earlier are needed to adjust HANA configurations settings. At runtime, the privilege *CATALOG READ* is sufficient. The connection to the SAP HANA database uses the keystore entry that is named in the **HDB\_KEYSTORE\_ENTRY** parameter. Keep in mind that the keystore entry is updated each time **setup.sh** is invoked.

See SAP HANA documentation for further details about the **hdbuserstore** command and how to work with entries in the keystore.



---

## Chapter 3. Installing

Install Data Protection for SAP HANA by using the install wizard, through the console, or in silent mode by using a response file.

### Before you begin

Requirements for Data Protection for SAP HANA are available in the hardware and software requirements technote for each release. For requirements, review the *Hardware and Software Requirements* technote for your version. See the technote at <http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21987210>. From the page, follow the link to the technote for your release or update level.

Before you install Data Protection for SAP HANA, verify that your system meets the following prerequisites:

- SAP HANA SPS 05 revision 45 is installed.
- IBM Spectrum Protect API Version 5.5 or later is installed and configured on all SAP HANA nodes where you are going to install and configure Data Protection for SAP HANA.
- The SAP HANA database is configured on the system where you are going to install and configure Data Protection for SAP HANA.
- The SAP HANA HDB client is installed on the system.
- During the installation and configuration of Data Protection for SAP HANA, root access to the appliance host operating system is required.

### Upgrading

If you are upgrading IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning on a busy SAP system where the software continuously starts log archives, it might be difficult to find a maintenance gap without any active log archiving processes. To alleviate this situation, you can stop the prole daemon. Each operating system has a different method to stop the prole daemon as follows.

- **RHEL 7 and later, SLES 12 and later** As root user, run the following command: `systemctl stop prole_hana`.
- **Older Linux versions** As root user, comment out the line with prole in `/etc/inittab` and run `command init q`.

**Tip:** When you stop the prole daemon, redo log archive operations will not work. Typically, this is not an issue because the next archive run would pick up all the redo logs that previously failed to archive. But, if the system is generating a large amount of redo logs, the file system might run out of space.

### Procedure

1. Log in to the SAP HANA host with the root user ID, and choose where you want to install the package.
2. Mount the DVD and navigate to the Data Protection for SAP HANA installation package.

If you are installing from a file share, to ensure that the installer file has adequate permissions to run, enter the following command:

```
chmod +x 8.1.x-TIV-TSMERP-HANA-Linux.bin
```

3. To start the installation process, enter the following command:

```
./8.1.x-TIV-TSMERP-HANA-Linux.bin
```

If you are logged on to the SAP HANA host with an X Window System or X terminal, follow the instructions to complete the installation.

If you are installing the product from the command line, a console mode installation is started.

4. After you accept the license agreement, click **Next** and read the pre-installation summary that lists details about the installation folder, and the required disk space. Click **Install** to begin the installation, and click **Done** when the process finishes.

## Results

Data Protection for SAP HANA is installed in the following directory: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana`.

## Installing Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode

---

You can install Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode by using a response file. After you create the response file, you can install the product in silent mode without monitoring the process or inputting any details.

### About this task

To install Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode, you must first create a response file.

### Procedure

1. Create a response file for Data Protection for SAP HANA with the following command:

```
./8.1.0TIVTSMERP-HANA-Linux.bin -i console -r responsefile
```

This command runs the installation process in console mode and all user input is recorded in the response file.

2. Run the following command to install Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode:

```
./8.1.0TIVTSMERP-HANALinux.bin -i silent -f responsefile
```

This command runs the installation process automatically without requiring any user input. Values for options are read from the response file.

## Replication environments

---

An environment that has a number of SAP HANA database instances that are synchronized with a primary database instance is a *replication environment*. Replication is possible on the database level, for example with SAP HANA system replication, or on the storage level, for example with GPFS storage replication. The replicated database instances are typically not online.

In a replicated SAP HANA environment the standard installation procedure is not applicable. Installation of Data Protection for SAP HANA is done through one of the following methods:

- Installation as part of takeover testing.

- Manual installation on each SAP HANA node.

### Installing to test in a replication environment

In a replication environment, when the primary system is shut down to verify a failover procedure, Data Protection for SAP HANA can be installed as part of the test.

### About this task

When you are setting up a replication environment and you are running a takeover test, the primary system is shut down. Install Data Protection for SAP HANA when the SAP HANA database instance in the replicated environment is online.

### Procedure

- Install Data Protection for SAP HANA by following the procedure at this link [Chapter 3, “Installing,” on page 11](#).

- Configure Data Protection for SAP HANA by following the procedure at this link [“Configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA”](#) on page 22.

## Installing manually in a replication environment

In a replicated environment, you need to install Data Protection for SAP HANA manually on each SAP HANA node for a particular database instance. When you are installing in large scale-out environments, you can choose to create a response file to install on each node in silent mode.

### Before you begin

For more information about installing Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode, see [“Installing Data Protection for SAP HANA in silent mode”](#) on page 12.

### Procedure

- Install Data Protection for SAP HANA on each SAP HANA node in a database instance.
- Install the IBM Spectrum Protect client API on each of the SAP HANA nodes.
- Copy the Data Protection for SAP HANA profile from the primary database instance, and use this profile in the replicated environment.
- Configure the IBM Spectrum Protect password.
  - If automatic password handling is used, edit **NODENAME** in the server stanza of the `dsm.sys` file so that each SAP HANA node uses a unique IBM Spectrum Protect node name.
  - If manual password handling is used, the IBM Spectrum Protect node password must be stored locally by entering the following command for each SAP HANA node: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/hdbbackint -p full path to profile/initSID.utl -f password`

## Uninstalling Data Protection for SAP HANA

---

Uninstall Data Protection for SAP HANA, and remove all of the associated files from your system.

### Before you begin

If you are using `rpm` to uninstall Data Protection for SAP HANA, the uninstallation program remains on the disk. The `.rpm` packages that were installed during the setup on other SAP HANA nodes remain on these nodes.

### Procedure

1. Change directory to the `uninstall` subdirectory in the `install` folder.
2. Enter the following command:  
**`/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/uninstall/uninstaller.bin`**
3. To remove `.rpm` packages that were installed on other nodes of a scale-out system during the setup, enter the following command:  
**`rpm -e TIVTSMERPHANA`**

### Results

The uninstallation program removes Data Protection for SAP HANA from your system. Services that were installed and used by Data Protection for SAP HANA are stopped and removed.





---

## Chapter 4. Configuring

In addition to configuring Data Protection for SAP, you need to configure other applications, for example, the IBM Spectrum Protect backup-archive client.

### About this task

Data Protection for SAP requires certain configuration tasks to be run for the following applications.

- Data Protection for SAP base product
- IBM Spectrum Protect backup-archive client
- IBM Spectrum Protect server

---

## IBM Spectrum Protect server tasks

Data Protection for SAP HANA requires configuration tasks to be done for the IBM Spectrum Protect server as part of the overall product configuration.

### Configure the IBM Spectrum Protect server

When you are configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA you must set up the IBM Spectrum Protect server, and run general and specific server configurations such as setting up storage devices.

Although the task examples use IBM Spectrum Protect commands, these tasks can also be run using the IBM Spectrum Protect web client GUI.

Consider the following performance-related guidelines before you install the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

#### IBM Spectrum Protect server host system

The IBM Spectrum Protect server must be installed on an exclusive system. The tasks that are presented here avoid concurrent processes and disk I/O access with other applications. A single IBM Spectrum Protect server is sufficient for a single SAP system landscape. If the IBM Spectrum Protect server is used to back up and restore other clients, consider installing the server on a large system or by using several IBM Spectrum Protect servers.

#### Network topology

Network topologies such as Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet work well with the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Use fast network topologies to prevent bottlenecks during backup and restore operations. The IBM Spectrum Protect server supports multiple network adapters. This support increases server throughput by providing multiple connections to the same network or by providing several physically distinct networks for the same server.

These steps are considered complete when the IBM Spectrum Protect server is successfully installed:

- Recovery log volume is allocated and initialized.
- Recovery log mirror volume is allocated and initialized.
- Database volume is allocated and initialized.
- Database mirror volume is allocated and initialized.
- Extra labeled volumes for the backup and archive storage pools are allocated and initialized (disks, tapes, or combinations).
- Licenses are registered.
- The IBM Spectrum Protect server is started.

The latest code fixes for IBM Spectrum Protect can be found at: <ftp://public.dhe.ibm.com/storage/tivoli-storage-management/maintenance>

## Specifying a IBM Spectrum Protect server

To configure Data Protection for SAP HANA, you need to specify a IBM Spectrum Protect in the profile file.

### About this task

Follow these steps to add a IBM Spectrum Protect server:

#### Procedure

1. Add a server statement to the Data Protection for SAP HANA profile.
2. Adapt the IBM Spectrum Protect options files.
3. Set and save the IBM Spectrum Protect password for the new server.

## Specifying a storage device

A storage device needs to be added when you are configuring. A storage device defines a device class, which handles the type of media. The default device class that is defined for disks is DISK and is considered sufficient.

### About this task

Verify that the following items are established within the IBM Spectrum Protect server after installation.

- Query the defined library:

```
q library
```

- Query the defined drives:

```
q drive
```

- Query the defined device class:

```
q devclass
```

## Defining a storage pool

A storage pool needs to be added when during the configuration. A storage pool is a named collection of storage volumes that are associated with one device class. Each storage pool represents a collection of volumes that are the same media type. The storage pool setup defines the storage hierarchy for the appropriate environment.

#### Procedure

1. Define a storage pool for the SAP system data: `define stgpool sap_incr device_class_name maxscr=5`
2. Define a storage pool for the : `define stgpool sap_db device_class_name maxscr=20`
3. Define a storage pool for the : `define stgpool sap_log1 device_class_name maxscr=3`

### Results

When a library tape device is associated, the maximum *scratch volumes* (labeled volumes that are empty or contain no valid data) that this storage pool is allowed to use (parameter **maxscr**) must be defined. The maximum number of scratch tapes depends on the size of the database, the capacity of the tapes, the number of scratch volumes available, and how many versions of the backup must be retained. Replace these values with appropriate estimates.

## Defining a policy

A server policy needs to be specified when you are configuring IBM Spectrum Protect policies. Specify how files are backed up, archived, moved from client node storage, and how they are managed in server

storage. A policy definition includes the definition of a *policy domain*, a *policy set*, *management classes*, and *copy groups*.

### About this task

After you set definitions, a default policy set must be assigned, validated, and activated. For the policy definition, log on as an IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator by using the *Admin Command Line* or the *Web Admin* and run the following commands.

### Procedure

1. Define a policy domain and policy set:

```
define domain sap_c21
define policyset sap_c21 p_c21
```

2. Define a management class for file system backups, data files, offline redo log files and copies of offline redo logs:

```
define mgmtclass sap_c21 p_c21 mdefault
define mgmtclass sap_c21 p_c21 mdb
define mgmtclass sap_c21 p_c21 mlog1
define mgmtclass sap_c21 p_c21 mlog2
```

If you are planning to use this IBM Spectrum Protect server with multiple SAP systems, use a set of different management classes for each system.

3. Define a copy group:

```
define copygroup sap_c21 p_c21 mdefault type=backup destination=sap_incr
define copygroup sap_c21 p_c21 mdefault type=archive destination=archivepool
define copygroup sap_c21 p_c21 mdb type=archive destination=sap_db retver=90
define copygroup sap_c21 p_c21 mlog1 type=archive destination=sap_log1 retver=90
define copygroup sap_c21 p_c21 mlog2 type=archive destination=sap_log2 retver=90
```

Data Protection for SAP HANA stores data in the archive copy group of the management classes. This data expires after a defined number of days. In the example, a **retver** value of 90 days is used. When no backup is being done within this time frame, all backup data expires and is no longer available for restore. As an alternative the copy group parameter **retver**, which specifies the number of days a file is to be kept, can be set to unlimited (9999 or *nolimit*). Obsolete backups can be deleted manually using the SAP HANA Studio.

4. Assign the default management class:

```
assign defmgmtclass sap_c21 p_c21 mdefault
```

5. Validate and activate the policy set:

```
validate policyset sap_c21 p_c21
activate policyset sap_c21 p_c21
```

### Registering a node

The node must be registered when you are configuring The IBM Spectrum Protect server views its registered clients, application clients, host servers, and source servers as nodes.

### About this task

To register a node, log on as the IBM Spectrum Protect administrator by using the *Admin Command Line* or the *Web Admin*, run the following command

**register node C21 passwd domain=sap\_c21 maxnummp=8**

When you use two or more tape drives, the **maxnummp** parameter settings can affect the nodes. It defines the maximum number of mount points that one node can use. The default value is 1. If one node must use more than one mount point, the parameter must be set to the wanted number of mount points. This parameter is not to be set higher than the total number of drives available on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### Setting the IdleTimeOut parameter

For simulations of network transfer and media rates, the IBM Spectrum Protect server must be configured so that sessions do not time out during simulation.

### About this task

To avoid sessions timing out, set the parameter **IdleTimeOut** to a value higher than the time required for sending the largest table space file to the IBM Spectrum Protect. For example:

```
setopt IdleTimeOut 60
```

### Determining the IBM Spectrum Protect password method

Specify how Data Protection for SAP manages the IBM Spectrum Protect password. There are three options.

### About this task

There are three methods of password handling:

#### No password is required

No authentication is completed on the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Each user that is connected to the backup server can access IBM Spectrum Protect data without a password. This method is advised only if adequate security measures are established.

For example, no password might be acceptable when the IBM Spectrum Protect is only used for SAP, and authentication and authorization is done at the operating system level. This scenario is valid when no other clients are registered to the IBM Spectrum Protect.

#### Manual handling of password

A password is required for each connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server. In this method, Data Protection for SAP stores the encrypted password in its configuration files.

While the password does not expire and is not changed on the IBM Spectrum Protect server, Data Protection for SAP automatically uses the stored password when it connects to IBM Spectrum Protect. This method provides password security and can be set up easily. Whenever the password expires or is changed, the new password must be set with this command:

If you are setting the password to be automated (such as in a script), enter this command: where *passwordA* is the password for IBM Spectrum Protect node *nodeA* on IBM Spectrum Protect server *serverA*.

#### Note:

1. The interactive password prompt is omitted only if the passwords for all server stanzas in the .utl file are specified.
2. There is a potential security risk when you record IBM Spectrum Protect passwords in a script.

#### Automatic handling of password

A password is required for each connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server. After the first connection, the password is managed by IBM Spectrum Protect. The IBM Spectrum Protect client stores the current password locally. When the password expires, the password is changed and stored automatically.

### Setting the IBM Spectrum Protect password

Data Protection for SAP is to be installed after the IBM Spectrum Protect installation is completed. IBM Spectrum Protect provides different password methods to protect data.

#### About this task

Data Protection for SAP must use the same method as specified in IBM Spectrum Protect. The default password method during Data Protection for SAP installation is PASSWORDACCESS prompt.

Provide Data Protection for SAP with the password for the IBM Spectrum Protect node by entering this command:

```
backom -c password
```

The default parameters for Data Protection for SAP are set according to this default value. If a different password method is set in IBM Spectrum Protect, adjust the Data Protection for SAP parameters.

#### Password configuration matrix

After you select the suitable password-handling method, follow this configuration matrix to set the password keywords and parameters.

Proceed as indicated by the step number.

Table 1. Password handling for UNIX or Linux					
Step	Profile/Action	Parameter	Password		
			No	Manual	Set by IBM Spectrum Protect
1	IBM Spectrum Protect admin	AUTHENTICATION EXPIRATION PERIOD (see note 1)	OFF	ON <i>n days</i> (see note 2)	ON <i>n days</i>
2	dsm.sys	PASSWORDACCESS PASSWORDDIR (see note 5) NODENAME	Unavailable	PROMPT Unavailable Unavailable .	GENERATE <i>path</i> <i>nodename</i>
3	IBM Spectrum Protect admin	UPDATE NODE (see notes 1, 6)	Unavailable	<i>password</i>	<i>password</i>
4	Data Protection for SAP profile ( <i>initSID.utl</i> )	For each SERVER statement, specify: PASSWORDREQUIRED ADSMNODE	NO <i>nodename</i>	YES <i>nodename</i>	NO (see note 4)
6	Command line	backom -c password	Unavailable	<i>password</i> (See notes 3, 7)	<i>password</i> (See notes 3, 7)

#### Note:

1. See appropriate IBM Spectrum Protect documentation.
2. If you are using manual password generation during testing, make sure that the expiration period is set to an appropriate time.
3. This password must be the one that is effective on the IBM Spectrum Protect server for the node.
4. **ADSMNODE** must not be set when **PASSWORDACCESS** generate is set.
5. The users *SIDadm* and must have read and write permission for the *path* specified.
6. This step is only necessary if the password is expired (manual-handling only) or must be changed on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

7. A password must be entered for each server statement in the Data Protection for SAP profile.

### Verifying the server name

You must verify that the server name and the parameters are correct in the `initSID.utl` file.

### Procedure

- Review the IBM Spectrum Protect client options files to make sure that the server name matches the name that is specified in the server statement of the `initSID.utl` file.
- Review that other parameters are set correctly. These settings depend on the password method selected.
- (UNIX or Linux) Define the IBM Spectrum Protect server in the IBM Spectrum Protect client system options file (`dsm.sys`). The server stanza that is specified in `dsm.sys` must match the entry in `initSID.utl`.

### Deleting backups with the RETVER parameter

Use the **RETVER** profile parameter to automatically delete obsolete backups.

### About this task

Control Data Protection for SAP HANA backup file expiration with the **RETVER** parameter. **RETVER** is the parameter of the archive copy group that is used to store the backup data on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

For example, to keep 30 daily backups, set **RETVER** to 30.

**Tip:** Backups are expired even if no backups are run on that day.

## IBM Spectrum Protect client tasks

---

Data Protection for SAP requires that configuration tasks be run for the IBM Spectrum Protect client as part of the overall product configuration.

### Configure the IBM Spectrum Protect client options

The IBM Spectrum Protect clients must be configured after the IBM Spectrum Protect server is configured. These clients include the backup-archive client for the file system backups, and the application programming interface (API) client for interface programs. The API client is used to enhance existing applications with backup, archive, restore, and retrieve services. An installed and confirmed API client is a prerequisite for Data Protection for SAP.

The clients must be installed on all nodes that interface with the IBM Spectrum Protect server. In a SAP® system landscape, the backup-archive client must be installed on every system that is scheduled for a file system backup. Examples of these systems are SAP application servers and the SAP database server. The IBM Spectrum Protect API client must be installed only on the SAP database server system to enable backup and restore operations of the SAP database by using Data Protection for SAP.

### Setting IBM Spectrum Protect client options on UNIX or Linux

IBM Spectrum Protect clients on UNIX or Linux are configured by setting options in the `dsm.opt` and `dsm.sys` files. The `include/exclude` file is used to define which files are included or excluded during backup, archive, or hierarchical storage processing.

### About this task

Configure the IBM Spectrum Protect backup-archive client to operate in an SAP environment with the following procedure.

## Procedure

1. Install the IBM Spectrum Protect client software on the SAP database server system.
2. Edit the client system options file `dsm.sys` and set these values as appropriate for your installation:

```
Servername      server_a
TCPPort         1500
TCPServeraddress xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx or servername
InclExcl        /usr/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/inclexcl.list
Compression     OFF
```

3. Specify `TCPServeraddress 127.0.0.1`. If the server and client are on the same system, select loopback. This selection improves TCP/IP communication speed.
4. Specify `InclExcl` if you want IBM Spectrum Protect to include or exclude the files that are listed in `inclexcl.list`.
5. Throughput improves when tape drives attached to the IBM Spectrum Protect server provide hardware compression. However, combining hardware compression and IBM Spectrum Protect client software compression (`Compression ON`) is not advised.
6. Edit the client user options file `dsm.opt` and set these values as appropriate for your installation:

```
LANGUAGE        AMENG    (this is the default value)
NUMBERFormat    1        (this is the default value)
TAPEPROMPT      NO
TIMEFORMAT      1        (this is the default value)
```

## Results

When the IBM Spectrum Protect API client is installed on a UNIX or Linux system, ensure that a link exists that points to the IBM Spectrum Protect API installation directory, `/usr/tivoli/tsm/client/api/bin64`.

```
/usr/lib/libApiDS.so
```

The IBM Spectrum Protect provides two features for specifying the location of the IBM Spectrum Protect API Client error log: the environment variable **DSMI\_LOG** and the IBM Spectrum Protect system client option `ERRORLOGName` in `dsm.sys`. For **DSMI\_LOG**, a directory is specified to which a file named `dsierror.log` is written. For `ERRORLOGName` a path and user-defined file name are defined.

To achieve conclusive logical linking of the environment, configuration and log files in your SAP backup-archive system, you must use the IBM Spectrum Protect system client option `ERRORLOGName` rather than the environment variable **DSMI\_LOG**.

When you use `ERRORLOGName`, you can include the SID in the file name. This information can speed up problem determination by simplifying identification of the correct error log file. You can match log file names to the active user client options file name, which must also contain the SID and be stored in environment variable **DSMI\_CONFIG**. This information is especially useful on systems with several SIDs.

With this setup, you obtain the following logical interlinking:

- Environment variable **DSMI\_CONFIG** is exported from the login shell
- Environment variable **DSMI\_CONFIG** points to client user options file `/usr/tivoli/tsm/client/api/bin64/dsm_SID.opt`
- Client user option "SERVER *servername*" in `dsm_SID.opt` points to the "SERVER *servername*" stanza in `/usr/tivoli/tsm/client/api/bin64/dsm.sys`
- The "SERVER *servername*" stanza contains the option "ERRORLOGName */writeable\_path/dsierror\_SID.log*"

If the variable **DSMI\_LOG** exists in your environment from an earlier setup, it is overridden by `dsm.sys` option **ERRORLOGName**. However, to avoid confusion, make sure the **DSMI\_LOG** path is identical to the path in **ERRORLOGName**. Alternatively, you can remove **DSMI\_LOG** completely from your environment.

## Configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA

---

Configure Data Protection for SAP HANA with the `setup.sh` script. The `setup.sh` is stored in the installation directory during the installation process.

### Configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA with the setup script

Data Protection for SAP HANA must be configured using the setup script before it can work with the IBM Spectrum Protect. The setup script `setup.sh` is stored in the Data Protection for SAP HANA installation directory `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana`.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that the IBM Spectrum Protect node name is specified in the server stanza of the `dsm.sys` file.

#### About this task

The Data Protection for SAP HANA configuration files are stored in the configuration directory, `/usr/sap/SystemID/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig`.

#### Procedure

1. Log in to Data Protection for SAP HANA using the root user ID, and change to the installation directory, `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana`.
2. Run the Data Protection for SAP HANA `setup.sh` script, by entering the following command:  
`./setup.sh`
3. When prompted, enter the SAP HANA system ID, or accept the proposed value.
4. Enter the instance number or accept the default value of `00`.
5. Enter the password for the `SYSTEM` user.
6. Choose to configure the IBM Spectrum Protect server, or defer the server configuration.  
For information about manually configuring the IBM Spectrum Protect server, see [“Manually configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA”](#) on page 23.
7. Choose one of the following IBM Spectrum Protect server password handling methods:
  - Automatic password handing: to store the IBM Spectrum Protect node password in the IBM Spectrum Protect API. When the password expires on the server, the IBM Spectrum Protect client and server generates a new password. The API updates the password on the client.
  - Manual password handling: to store the node password in the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP configuration file. When the password expires, you must update it by using the **`hdbbackint -f password`** command.
8. Enter the IBM Spectrum Protect server name as defined in the `dsm.sys` file. The following parameters must be entered to enable backup and restore of databases and redo log files to the IBM Spectrum Protect
  - a) Enter the IBM Spectrum Protect node name for the **`ADSMNODE`** parameter.
  - b) Enter the IBM Spectrum Protect management class for the **`BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS`** parameter.
  - c) Enter the IBM Spectrum Protect management class for the **`BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS`** parameter.
9. Enter a password for the IBM Spectrum Protect node. After you enter the password, it is verified. For a scale-out system with automatic password handling, this step is repeated for each SAP HANA node that belongs to the scale-out system.



## Protecting multiple SAP HANA databases

Multiple SAP HANA database instances that are installed on a single SAP HANA host can be protected with Data Protection for SAP HANA.

### About this task

Run the setup script on each database to ensure that each is protected, and has a dedicated `initSID.utl` file.

### Procedure

- Log in with the root user ID. For each SAP HANA database instance, run the `setup.sh`. For more information about the setup process, see [“Configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA with the setup script”](#) on page 22.

### Results

Running the setup script on each database creates a dedicated profile `initSID.utl` file for each instance. Parameters are adapted to each database.

When you are deleting a database, all corresponding backup data that includes stored objects for the IBM Spectrum Protect node, is deleted.

## Manually configuring Data Protection for SAP HANA

If **setup.sh** cannot be run for automated configuration, you can configure Data Protection for SAP HANA manually.

### About this task

The following configuring tasks are required after you have installed the product.

**Note:** The string `<SID>` in the following instructions must be replaced by the actual system identifier (SID).

### Procedure

1. For a scale-out system with multiple nodes, copy the **.rpm** package from `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/` to all nodes and install the package.  
For example, on host 'nodeA' where the product was installed:

```
scp /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/8.1.x-TIV-TSMERP-HANA-Linuxx86_64.rpm nodeB:/tmp
```

On host 'nodeB', as root user:

```
rpm -ivh /tmp/8.1.x-TIV-TSMERP-HANA-Linuxx86_64.rpm
```

2. In the case of a scale-out system with multiple nodes, perform the next actions on each node.

As user `<SID>adm`, create an entry in the HDB keystore that enables you to connect to the database as a user that owns the SAP HANA privileges `INIFILE ADMIN`, `CATALOG READ`, `SERVICE ADMIN`, and `DATABASE ADMIN`: `hdbuserstore set <keyname> <hostname>:<portnumber> <user> <password>` where

- `<keyname>` is an arbitrary name that you assign for this entry.
- `<hostname>` is the name of the host where the `hdbindexserver` is running (typically this is the local host, but in the case of a standby node, a remote host can be specified).
- `<portnumber>` is the port number that `hdbindexserver` is listening on (the port number starts with 3, followed by the SAP HANA instance number (two digits) and then two more digits that differ for stand-alone and multi tenant database containers (MDC). For stand-alone databases, this number is 13. For MDC, this number is 15.

For example, an MDC instance with ID 00, the port is 30015, while for stand-alone with instance 07, the port is 30713.

3. Perform each of the following actions once for each database instance as user <SID>adm.
  - a) Create a link from /usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbbackint to /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp\_hana/hdbbackint
  - b) Copy profile /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp\_hana/initSID.utl to /usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl
  - c) Copy config file /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp\_hana/initSID.bki to /usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.bki
4. Edit profile /usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl to adjust at least the following parameters:
  - MAX\_SESSIONS: maximum number of parallel sessions (even in case multiple servers are used)
  - HDB\_KEYSTORE\_ENTRY: name of the entry in the HDB keystore that you created with the command hdbuserstore previously.
  - CONFIG\_FILE: /usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.bki

To use multiple IBM Spectrum Protect servers in parallel, the next stanza can be specified multiple times.

- SERVER: name of the IBM Spectrum Protect server stanza in dsm.sys
- SESSIONS: number of parallel sessions to use for this server

When using option passwordaccess prompt - otherwise remove this parameter.

- ADSMNODE: name of the IBM Spectrum Protect node that is used to both authenticate and store the backup data

When using option passwordaccess generate - otherwise remove this parameter.

- ASNODE: name of the IBM Spectrum Protect node that will store the backup data

The name of the IBM Spectrum Protect node that is used to authenticate must be specified in the corresponding stanza in dsm.sys. This node must have proxy grant to node ASNODE. This is typically used in scale-out environments where multiple nodes back up data from a single SAP HANA instance.

- BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS: managementclass to use for database backups.

For instructions on how to use the same managementclass for full and incremental/differential database backups, see <https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/incremental-and-differential-backups-sap-hana-ibm-spectrum-protect%E2%84%A2-enterprise-resource-planning>

5. Run the following command to set the password for the IBM Spectrum Protect node. hdbbackint -p <profile> -f password. The program will prompt for the password for the IBM Spectrum Protect node for each server stanza that is specified in the profile.
6. Finally, adjust the SAP HANA configuration to use Data Protection for SAP HANA. Run the following commands:
  - a) `hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'log_backup_parameter_file') = '/usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl'"`
  - b) `hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'log_backup_using_backint') = 'true'"`
  - c) `hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'catalog_backup_parameter_file') = '/usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl'"`
  - d) `hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'catalog_backup_using_backint') = 'true'"`

```
e) hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION
('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'data_backup_parameter_file') =
'/usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl'"

f) hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION
('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET
('backup', 'parallel_data_backup_backint_channels') = '<max_sessions>'"
```

The next command makes the changes that are listed previously become effective: `hdbsql -U <hdb_keystore_entry> -j "ALTER SYSTEM RECONFIGURE SERVICE ('', '', 0)"`

**Note:** `<hdb_keystore_entry>` is the name of the entry in the HDB keystore created at the beginning of this procedure. Instructions will alter settings for the system database. They are valid for all tenant databases too as long as no special settings for a tenant have been specified. To specify settings dedicated for a tenant database the `hdbsql` command has to be executed with the database name and credentials for the tenant database as follows: `hdbsql -d <database_name> -u <user> -p <password> -j "ALTER SYSTEM ALTER CONFIGURATION ('global.ini', 'SYSTEM') SET ('backup', 'log_backup_parameter_file') = '/usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl'"`

Actions that are performed by using `hdbsql` commands can also be accomplished by using the configuration editor of the SAP HANA Studio.

## Data Protection for SAP HANA profile file

The Data Protection for SAP HANA profile file, `initSID.utl` is automatically created when the setup script is run during the configuration process. The file is used for backup and restore operations.

The Data Protection for SAP HANA profile file is named `initSID.utl`, where the system identifier for the SAP HANA database instance is stored. During the configuration of Data Protection for SAP HANA, the profile file is created in the following directory, `/usr/sap/SID/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig`. The SAP HANA configuration is adjusted to use the profile file for backup and recovery operations.

### Configuring profile tasks

To configure the Data Protection for SAP profile file, you must set the server statement and in the IBM Spectrum Protect client options file.

#### Set the **SERVER** statement in the Data Protection for SAP profile

The **SERVER** statement is specified in the Data Protection for SAP profile, and in the IBM Spectrum Protect client option file.

There are corresponding keywords in the IBM Spectrum Protect client option file. Depending on the choice of password handling, some parameters are ignored. The corresponding sections in the Data Protection for SAP profile and the IBM Spectrum Protect client option file are established by using the logical server name. This logical server name is defined by the keywords **SERVER** or **SERVERNAME**.

Table 2. <i>SERVER</i> statement and appropriate profile and option file settings.		
Configuration possibilities	Data Protection for SAP profile <code>initSID.utl</code>	IBM Spectrum Protect client option file <code>dsm.sys</code> or <code>server.opt</code> <sup>[2]</sup>
single path; no password or manual password	SERVER <i>server</i> ADSMNODE <i>node</i> <sup>[1]</sup>	SERVERNAME <i>server</i> TCPSEVERADDRESS <i>address</i> NODENAME        do not specify
single path; automatic password by IBM Spectrum Protect	SERVER <i>server</i> ADSMNODE    do not specify	SERVERNAME <i>server</i> NODENAME <i>node</i> TCPSEVERADDRESS <i>address</i>

Table 2. SERVER statement and appropriate profile and option file settings. (continued)		
Configuration possibilities	Data Protection for SAP profile <b>initSID.utl</b>	IBM Spectrum Protect client option file <b>dsm.sys</b> or <b>server.opt</b> [2]
several paths/servers; no password or manual password	<div>SERVER                      <i>server 1</i> ADSMNODE                  <i>node 1</i></div> <div>SERVER                      <i>server 1</i> ADSMNODE                  <i>node n</i></div>	<div>SERVERNAME                <i>server 1</i> NODENAME                  do not specify</div> <div>TCPSERVERADDRESS        <i>address 1</i></div> <div>SERVERNAME                <i>server n</i> NODENAME                  do not specify</div> <div>TCPSERVERADDRESS        <i>address n</i></div>
several paths/servers; automatic password by IBM Spectrum Protect <sup>[3]</sup>	<div>SERVER                      <i>server 1</i> ADSMNODE                  do not specify</div> <div>SERVER                      <i>server n</i> ADSMNODE                  do not specify</div>	<div>SERVERNAME                <i>server 1</i> NODENAME                  do not specify</div> <div>TCPSERVERADDRESS        <i>address 1</i></div> <div>SERVERNAME                <i>server n</i> NODENAME                  do not specify</div> <div>TCPSERVERADDRESS        <i>address n</i></div>
several paths/servers; automatic password by IBM Spectrum Protect <sup>[4]</sup>	<div>SERVER                      <i>server</i> ADSMNODE                  do not specify TCP_ADDRESS                <i>address 1</i></div> <div>SERVER                      <i>server n</i> ADSMNODE                  do not specify TCP_ADDRESS                <i>address n</i></div>	<div>SERVERNAME                <i>server</i> NODENAME                  <i>node</i> TCPSERVERADDRESS        <i>address</i></div>

Notes:

[1]

If **ADSMNODE** is not specified, the host name is used.

[2]

On UNIX or Linux, **dsm.sys** is the single client option file for all IBM Spectrum Protect servers.

[3]

If two different physical systems have the same IBM Spectrum Protect node name or if multiple paths are defined on one node by using several server stanzas, **passwordaccess generate** might work only for the first stanza that is used after password expiration. During the first client/server contact, the user is prompted for the same password for each server stanza separately. A copy of the password is stored for each stanza. When the password expires, a new password is generated for the stanza that connects the first client/server contact. All subsequent attempts to connect through other server stanzas fail because there is no logical link between their copies of the old password and the updated copy. The updated copy is generated by the first stanza that is used after password expiration. To avoid this situation, update the passwords before they expire. When the passwords are expired, run these tasks to update the password:

1. Run **dsmadmc** and update the password on the server.
2. Run **dsmc -servername=stanza1** and use the new password to generate a valid entry.
3. Run **dsmc -servername=stanza2** and use the new password to generate a valid entry.

[4]

You must use IBM Spectrum Protect API 5.5 (or later), you can use the **TCP\_ADDRESS** parameter in the Data Protection for SAP profile. This parameter eliminates the requirement to set multiple stanzas in the IBM Spectrum Protect client option file for multiple paths. The parameter also eliminates the problem when it updates the password (see [3]).

### **Example of *SERVER* statement with alternate servers**

Data Protection for SAP profile is used in certain disaster recovery configurations.

This example assumes the following configuration for two servers a and b:

- Two IBM Spectrum Protect servers:
  - *server\_a* uses TCP/IP address xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx and uses four tape drives (**MAX\_SESSIONS** 4)
  - *server\_b* uses TCP/IP address yyy.yyy.yyy.yyy and uses four tape drives (**MAX\_SESSIONS** 4)
- An SAP database server that is connected to this FDDI network.
- Normal backups are processed with server a, which is local to the SAP database server.
- A disaster recovery backup is stored on remote server b every Friday.

The following is an example of the Data Protection for SAP profile that is used in this disaster recovery configuration:

```
MAX_SESSIONS      4          # 4 tape drives
.
SERVER      server_a      # via network path 1
  ADMSNODE      C21
  SESSIONS      4
  PASSWORDREQUIRED  YES
  BRBACKUPMGTCLASS  MDB
  BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS MLOG1 MLOG2 MLOG3 MLOG4
  USE_AT        1 2 3 4

SERVER      server_b      # via network path 2
  ADMSNODE      C21
  SESSIONS      4
  PASSWORDREQUIRED  YES
  BRBACKUPMGTCLASS  MDB
  BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS MLOG1 MLOG2 MLOG3 MLOG4
  USE_AT        5          # for Disaster Recovery
```

### **Example of *SERVER* statement with alternate paths**

This example assumes that the IBM Spectrum Protect server is configured with two tape drives and two LAN connections.

A backup is typically processed through network path 1 (**SERVER** statement 1). If network path 1 is unavailable, the backup is processed by using network path 2 (**SERVER** statement 2). If path 1 is active, Data Protection for SAP begins the two sessions as defined in the **SERVER** statement for path 1. Since **MAX\_SESSIONS** also specifies 2, no more sessions are started. If path 1 is inactive, Data Protection for SAP starts two sessions on path 2. Since **MAX\_SESSIONS** specifies 2, the backup is processed by using path 2.

The Data Protection for SAP profile that is used in this alternate path configuration is shown in the following example:

```

MAX_SESSIONS      2          # 2 tape drives
.
SERVER            server_a    # via network path 1
  ADSMNODE         C21
  SESSIONS         2
  PASSWORDREQUIRED YES
  BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS mdb
  BRARCHIVEMGTCCLASS mlog1 mlog2
# USE_AT           0 1 2 3 4 5 6

SERVER            server_b    # via network path 2
  ADSMNODE         C21
  SESSIONS         2
  PASSWORDREQUIRED YES
  BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS mdb
  BRARCHIVEMGTCCLASS mlog1 mlog2
# USE_AT           0 1 2 3 4 5 6

```

## Protection of a scale-out solution

When Data Protection for SAP HANA is used to protect a scale-out solution, backup and restore operations run simultaneously on all SAP HANA nodes. SAP requires that each SAP HANA node has access to all backups that are run by any SAP HANA node within the cluster.

All data must be stored on a single IBM Spectrum Protect server.

For manual password handling, all SAP HANA nodes must have identical IBM Spectrum Protect configurations. Ensure that the stanzas in the `dsm.sys` file that are referenced by the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP profile are identical. When you are manually handling passwords, the parameter **nodename** in the `dsm.sys` file is commented out.

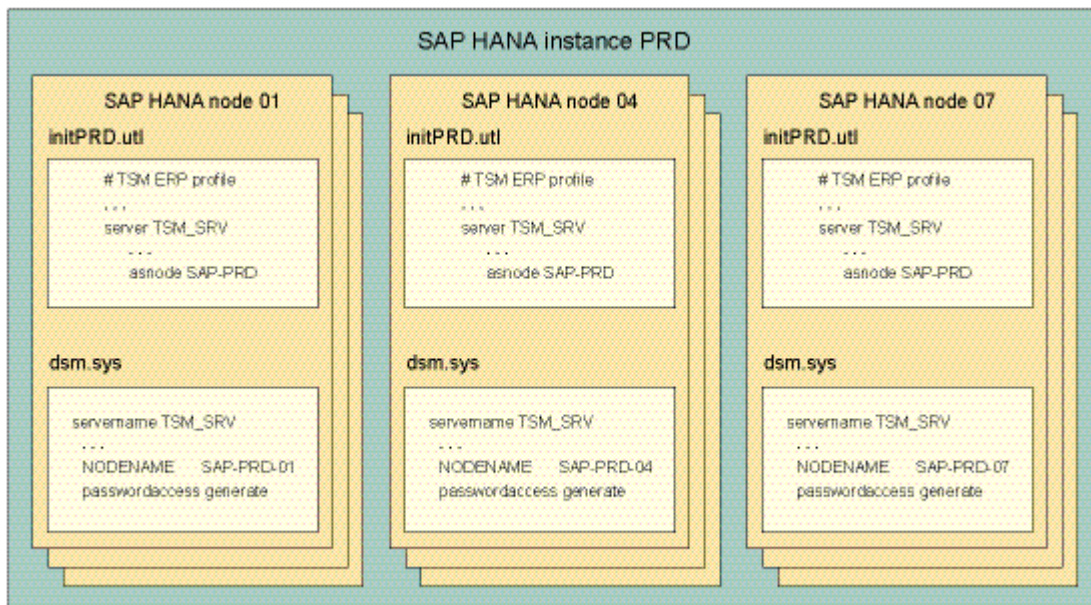


Figure 3. An example of a Data Protection for SAP HANA scale-out solution with automatic password handling selected.

If automatic password handling is used, the stanzas in the `dsm.sys` file that are referenced by the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP profile must have unique IBM Spectrum Protect node names for each SAP HANA node. Otherwise, the stanzas must be identical.

The nodes are used for authentication purposes. By using the IBM Spectrum Protect proxy node feature, the nodes gain access to a single IBM Spectrum Protect node that holds the data for the entire SAP HANA instance.

In the following example, the IBM Spectrum Protect node SAPPRD is used to store the backup of the entire SAP HANA database.

The IBM Spectrum Protect nodes SAPPRD01, SAPPRD04, and SAPPRD07 are used by SAP HANA nodes 01, 04, and 07 to authenticate with the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

These IBM Spectrum Protect nodes must have proxy authority to the IBM Spectrum Protect node SAPPRD. Similar configurations must be applied to all other nodes within the SAP HANA scale-out system.

The following example is provided for reference. In this sample scenario, there is a SAP HANA instance called PRD which is distributed over two HANA nodes *hana01* and *hana02*. There is a IBM Spectrum Protect server called *tsmsrv*. The `/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/api/bin64/dsm.sys` file on node *hana01* has an entry like the following sample:

```
SERVERNAME tsmsrv
COMMETHOD TCPIP
TCPPOPT 1500
TCPSEVERADDRESS tsmsrv.domain.local
nodename hana01
passwordaccess generate
```

While the `/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/api/bin64/dsm.sys` on node *hana02* file would have an entry like the following sample:

```
SERVERNAME tsmsrv
COMMETHOD TCPIP
TCPPOPT 1500
TCPSEVERADDRESS tsmsrv.domain.local
nodename hana02
passwordaccess generate
```

The Data Protection for SAP HANA profile `/usr/sap/PRD/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/initPRD.utl` (which is located in the shared file system) would have the following server stanza (among other parameters):

```
SERVER          tsmsrv      # Servername, as defined in dsm.sys
SESSIONS        2           # Maximum number of sessions to this server
PASSWORDREQUIRED NO        # Use a password
ASNODE          hana_tpr    # IBM Spectrum
Protect Nodename
BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS mdbdisk1  # Mgmt-Classes for database backup
BRARCHIVMGTCCLASS mdbdisk1  # Mgmt-Classes for redo log backup
```

This example requires three IBM Spectrum Protect nodes. Nodes *hana01* and *hana02* are used for authentication only. There is no data stored on these nodes. Node *hana\_tpr* is the node that is used to store all the data from the entire SAP HANA instance TPR.





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## Chapter 5. Protecting data

Information that is needed to back up, restore, and clone your SAP data is provided.

### About this task

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## Backing up SAP data

Plan a daily backup strategy with scheduled and automated backups for the system.

### About this task

Follow the tasks to put the backup strategy in place. Use the samples to help you for your operating system.

## Backing up log and data files

During the setup procedure, the SAP HANA configuration is adjusted to use the **BACKINT for SAP HANA** window to back up the redo logs. SAP HANA regularly backs up the redo logs to the IBM Spectrum Protect.

### About this task

The frequency of backups can be adjusted with the SAP HANA configuration parameter **log\_backup\_timeout\_s** that is stored in the persistence section of the `global.ini` file. For more information about how to adjust this parameter, see the SAP HANA documentation.

### Procedure

1. In the SAP HANA Studio, select the database instance to be backed up.
2. Right-click the database, and select **Back Up**.  
Alternatively, in the **Specify Backup Settings** window, select **Backint** for the destination type.
3. Optional: On the command line, use the SAP HANA SQL client `hdbsql`.  
For example, the following sample connects to the instance with number 53, on host `vhana06`, as user `system` with password manager and runs a complete database backup:

```
hdbsql -i 53 -n vhana06 -u system -p manager "backup data using backint (DAILY)"
```

## Schedule automated backup tasks

Scheduling and automating backup and archive operations helps to ensure that data is backed up regularly at a specified time. Products that are used to schedule backup operations can be used to automate these operations.

### SAP scheduler

The SAP Computer Center Management System (CCMS) provides a scheduler for database administration and backup planning on a single database server. The scheduler can be started from the SAP GUI command line (transaction code `db13`) or with the SAP GUI menu function **Tools > CCMS > DB administration > DBA scheduling**.

### Crontab (Linux)

Automating backups at the database server level is available by using the `crontab` command.

### IBM Spectrum Protect scheduler

IBM Spectrum Protect also provides a scheduler function for all of its clients. As a result, automation can be set for multiple database servers. The IBM Spectrum Protect administrative client GUI provides an easy-to-use wizard for defining schedules. Information about how to define IBM Spectrum Protect schedules can be found in the *IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator's Reference*.

## Sample IBM Spectrum Protect schedule

This sample procedure is flexible because you can define a command file with any set of commands you choose. This allows you to use the same command file to define schedules on other IBM Spectrum Protect servers.

1. Enter the following command on the server console or from an administrative client to define the schedule. The administrative client does not have to be running on the same system as the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

```
def sched PolicyDB daily_db_bkup desc="Daily Online DB Backup"
  action=command objects="/home/admin/sched/schedbkdb.scr"
  starttime=21:00 duration=15 duru=minutes period=1 perunits=day
  dayofweek=any
```

IBM Spectrum Protect displays this message:

```
ANR2500I Schedule daily_db_bkup defined in policy domain PolicyDB.
```

2. To associate Data Protection for SAP to this backup schedule, issue the following command:

```
define association PolicyDB daily_db_bkup NodeA1
```

IBM Spectrum Protect displays this message:

```
ANR2510I Node NodeA1 associated with schedule
daily_db_bkup in policy domain PolicyDB.
```

A backup event (schedule) is now defined on the IBM Spectrum Protect server. The schedule runs a command file called schedbkdb.scr located in the /home/admin/sched directory. The backup starts around 9:00 PM., runs once a day, and can start on any day of the week. Use the IBM Spectrum Protect administrative commands query schedule or query association to confirm that you set the schedule and association correctly.

## IBM Workload Scheduler

The IBM Workload Scheduler provides event-driven automation, monitoring, and job control for both local and remote systems.

## Sample backup strategy for daily backup processing

This figure illustrates the sequence of backup operations to consider for a daily backup schedule.

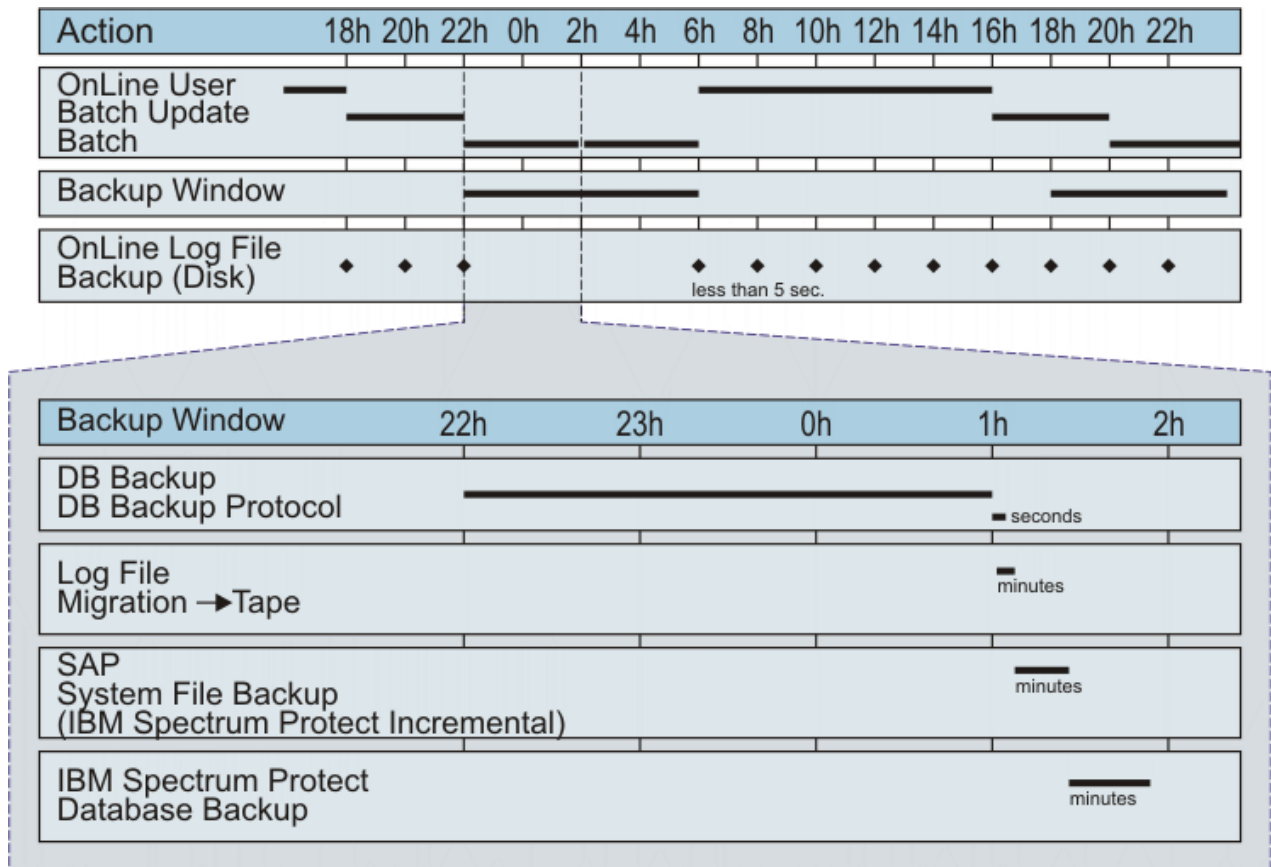


Figure 4. Production Backup Example

The automated backup example shown in the graphic displays these common tasks:

- A full database backup (offline or without application load) runs each night.
- The IBM Spectrum Protect server moves archived log files from disk to tape after the full database backup.
- SAP system files are backed up incrementally with the IBM Spectrum Protect backup-archive client.
- The last backup in the daily cycle is the backup of the IBM Spectrum Protect database. This backup must always be done.

Backups can be moved to disk storage and to tape media. The IBM Spectrum Protect server manages the data regardless of the storage media. However, backing up the SAP database directly to tape is the preferred media.

## Protecting with the Data Protection for SAP file manager

The Data Protection for SAP file manager is a tool that simplifies the Data Protection for SAP inquire, restore, and delete operations.

### Before you begin

Before using the file manager review the following details:

- The file manager completes all operations by using the standard functions that are provided by Data Protection for SAP.
- The interface consists of a split window that is character-based. In the left-hand window, all backup IDs found on all IBM Spectrum Protect servers that match the backup ID prefix that is configured in the Data Protection for SAP profile are displayed. In the right-hand window, all the files that belong to the selected backup ID are displayed. Individual backup IDs or multiple files can be selected.

## Procedure

1. Start the file manager with the path and name of the Data Protection for SAP profile. The user must be a member of the dba group:

(UNIX or Linux):

```
backfm -p /hana/SID/dbs/initSID.utl [-o log file directory]
```

(Windows):

```
backfm -p drive:\orant\database\initSID.utl [-o log file directory]
```

If the -o parameter is specified at startup, the default directory for log files is changed.

2. The file manager calls the **backint** executable file to connect to the IBM Spectrum Protect server configured in the Data Protection for SAP profile. If this call fails, the file manager shows an error message but does not analyze the cause of the error. Use the **backint** inquire function to analyze the error.
3. An automatic inquire operation for all backup IDs is done by the file manager. If you mark the backup ID you are interested in and then press the **Tab** key to move the cursor to the right panel, all file names belonging to the marked backup ID is displayed.

## Results

The following function keys are defined for restore and delete operations:

### Up, Down, Left, Right - Move cursor

Move the highlighted cursor in the direction indicated on the key.

### Tab - Switch window side

Move the cursor between the left and right sides of the window.

### F2 - Restore

Restore all marked files. Before the restore begins, you can specify a common destination path and you are prompted to confirm the restore process. If you specify a destination path, all marked files are restored to that directory. Otherwise, the files are restored to the directory from which they were backed up.

For restore operations, the wanted files first must be marked. This action can be done either with the **F3** function key to mark all the files that were found or with the **ENTER** key to mark only one wanted file. Marked files can be identified by the symbol "\*" in front of the file name. Only the marked files are restored. For every restore operation, a log file is created in the following location,

- (UNIX or Linux): \$SAPDATA\_HOME/sapbackup/backfm\_timestamp.log
- (Windows): timestamp>.log

### F3 - Mark all

All files that belong to the current backup ID is marked.

### F4 - Unmark all

Unmark all files that belong to the current backup ID.

### F5 - Refresh

Refresh the list of backup IDs and file names.

### F6 - Fileinfo

Opens a separate window to display file information.

For backup IDs, the sequence number is displayed (backup version count). For SAP HANA this is always zero. For files, the IBM Spectrum Protect expiration date and time are displayed.

### F7 - not available

**F8 - Delete**

Delete the selected backup ID and all corresponding files. The file manager can delete backup IDs with all included files. It is not possible to delete single files within a backup ID. To delete a backup ID, it must be highlighted. After you press **F8**, you must confirm the deletion operation. The backup ID and all included files are deleted from the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

**F10 - Exit**

Exit from Data Protection for SAP file manager

**ENTER - Mark/unmark file**

Mark or unmark the file below the cursor.

**Creating multiple log file copies**

Backing up multiple copies of a log file in a single archive operation helps protect against this data in the event of a storage hardware failure or disaster recovery situation. These copies can be on different physical IBM Spectrum Protect volumes or on different IBM Spectrum Protect servers.

When a log file copy is unavailable at restore time, the software switches to another copy, and continues to restore the log file from that copy. To create multiple backup copies of a log file, complete the following steps:

1. Open the Data Protection for SAP profile.

The default directory and profile name is `/usr/sap/<SID>/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/init<SID>.utl`

2. Enter the keyword `REDOLOGS_COPIES`, and specify the number of backup copies that are required for the redo logs.
3. (Optional) Adjust the number in the `MAX_SESSIONS` keyword. This keyword specifies the maximum number of sessions that a single Data Protection for SAP instance has on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.
4. In the server stanza, search for the `BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS` keyword, and ensure that there are as many archive management classes specified as there are redo log copies that are requested.

If you distribute the redo log copies to more than one IBM Spectrum Protect server, the management classes for all server stanzas must be greater than or equal to the number of redo log copies. Data Protection for SAP requires that the maximum number of sessions, which are defined by `MAX_SESSIONS`, is greater than or equal to the number of redo log copies that are requested. A setup with a smaller number of sessions is not advised with the backint interface.

## Restoring SAP data

---

Use the Data Protection for SAP file manager for managing restore operations.

**Preparing to restore SAP HANA data**

The actions that you take to restore SAP HANA data depend on the state of the SAP HANA application.

**Before you begin**

Determine the health of the SAP HANA application before you proceed to restoring your SAP HANA data. If you have an SAP HANA hardware failure that cannot be recovered with hardware components, you must restore SAP HANA with the application recovery DVD. Ensure that the SAP HANA operating system and software are running before you restore any SAP HANA databases.

When a logical error arises, SAP HANA data can be restored with Data Protection for SAP HANA.

**Procedure**

- Recover the SAP HANA configuration files from the IBM Spectrum Protect if they are backed up with the backup-archive client.

- Create the `dsm.sys` and `dsm.opt` configuration files from the backed up copies that are obtained from the IBM Spectrum Protect.

## Restoring and recovering data

To restore or recover data with Data Protection for SAP HANA, start the SAP HANA Studio.

### Procedure

1. In the SAP HANA Studio Navigator tab, right-click to select the instance. Select **Recovery**.  
If the database instance is still running, a message might be displayed. The message states that the system must be shut down. When you confirm the message, SAP HANA Studio automatically shuts down the instance.
2. In the **Specify Recovery Type** window, choose the type of recovery that you want to run.
3. In the **Locate Log Backups** panel the default location can be used.
4. Choose the backup to restore in the **Select Data Backups** panel. The list of backups is generated from the SAP HANA recovery catalog. This catalog contains every backup that is created. By selecting a specific backup and pressing **Check Availability** it can be verified that the backup exists on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.
5. Advance through the panels, and select the options that you require.

### What to do next

For more information about restoring and recovering data, see the SAP HANA documentation.

## Restoring a Data Protection for SAP HANA backup on an alternative system

You can use the **backint** interface for system copies to an alternative server from SPS09 and later releases of SAP HANA. During restore/recovery, you can specify the source system from which you want to restore.

### Before you begin

To restore data on an alternative system with Data Protection for SAP HANA, the profiles for both the source and target SID (system identifier) must exist on the alternative system. SAP HANA restores the data by using the source SID profile and on completion of the restore, starts log backups by using the new SID profile. You must adjust the SAP HANA configuration to use the correct profile. The SAP HANA® Administrator's Guide describes the requirements and advises the use of the `$(SAPSYSTEMNAME)` within the SAP HANA configuration.

**Important:** In the `dsm.sys` configuration file, use **Passwordaccess prompt** rather than **passwordaccess generate**. **Passwordaccess prompt** ensures that the restore runs with root authority and accesses the backup data, regardless of the user that is performing the restore.

For example, in the following screen capture `$(SAPSYSTEMNAME)` replaces the SID with the location of the IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning profile, which allows the processing to dynamically pick up the correct `.ut1` file. The integrity of the backups is ensured.

## Backup IFA (SYSTEM)

Overview Configuration Backup Catalog

### ▼ Backint Settings

Configure the connection to a third-party backup tool by specifying a parameter file for the Backint agent.

Backint Agent: /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp\_hana/hdbbackint

### Data Backup

Backint Parameter File:

☒ Use the same parameter file for data backup and log backup.

### Procedure

1. Start the SAP HANA Studio.
2. In the SAP HANA Studio Navigator tab, right-click to select the instance. Select **Recovery**.  
If the database instance is still running, a message might be displayed. The message states that the system must be shut down. When you confirm the message, SAP HANA Studio automatically shuts down the instance.
3. In the **Specify Recovery Type** window, choose the type of recovery that you want to run.
4. In the **Locate Log Backups** pane, the default location can be used.
5. Choose **Specify backup without catalog** in the **Specify Backup Location** pane. If the backup prefix is not specified, a list of backups is generated from the SAP HANA recovery catalog, otherwise the backup prefix that is specified is that backup that is restored.

### Important:

You must specify the SID of the source database in the **Source System** field. For more information, see the SAP HANA Administrator's Guide.



**Recovery of System IFA**

**Specify Backup Location**

Choose whether you want to select a backup from a backup catalog or enter the name and the path of a backup in the next step.

☐ Select backup from the backup catalog

☐ Search for the catalog in the file system in addition to the default locations

Specify one or more locations for the backup catalog. The backup catalog is stored in the same location as the log backups. If multiple backup catalogs are found, the most recent backup catalog is used.

Locations:

☐ Search for the catalog in Backint only

☒ Specify backup without catalog

Backint System Copy

☒ Backint System Copy

Source System:

6. Advance through the panes, and select the options that you require.

#### What to do next

For more information about restoring and recovering data, see the SAP HANA documentation.



## Chapter 6. Tuning performance

Information needed to tune Data Protection for SAP performance is provided. A system is considered balanced when the threads on the disk and the network sides are similarly busy throughout the backup, and when resource usage is good. To improve overall throughput, consider adding more resources to create a balanced system.

### About this task

In an optimum setup, a slight network bottleneck is preferred. Under certain conditions, the degree of imbalance cannot be determined from the graphical presentation. Depending on your system characteristics that include system buffering and buffer sizes, usage might reduce to almost zero in the graphical presentation although the system is balanced. In this case, slight modifications can yield a change of bottleneck without significant throughput changes. However, whether the system is disk or network, tape constraints are always shown correctly. A balanced system, however, does not necessarily mean that the data throughput cannot be improved further. Adding new resources can improve the throughput rate.

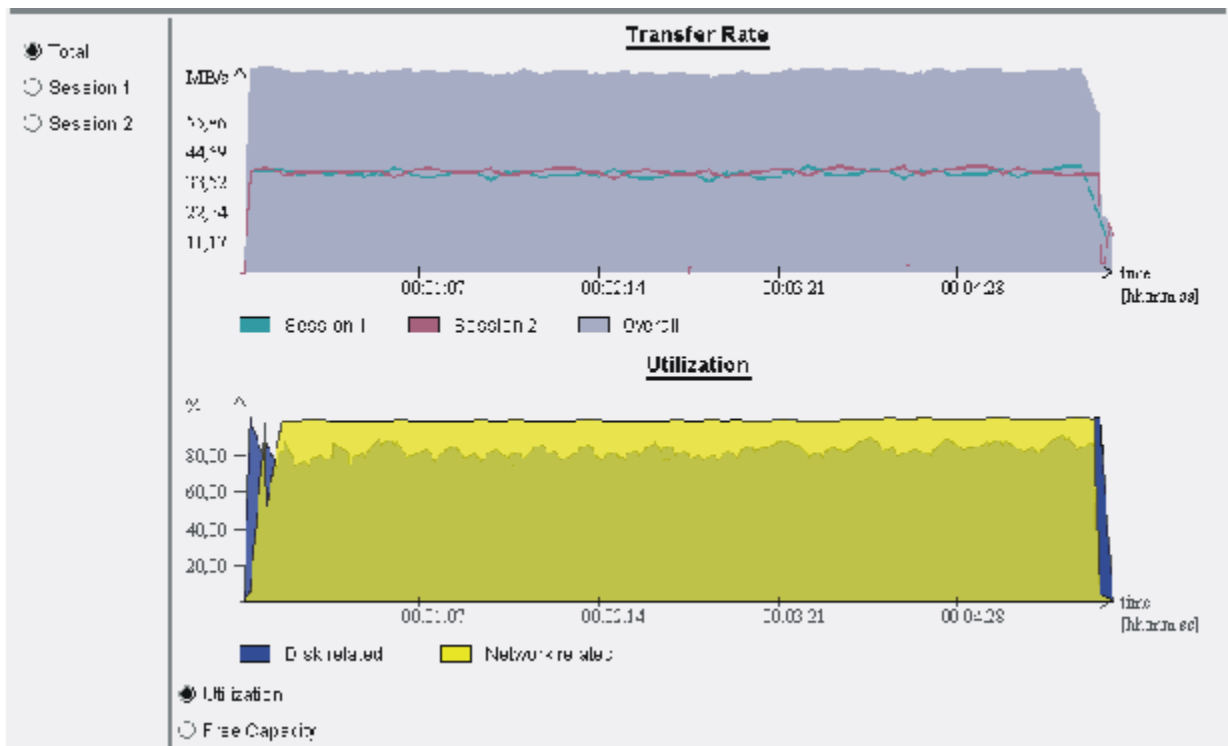


Figure 5. A balanced configuration

### Procedure

- Maintain an optimum setup by ensuring tapes are maintained in streaming mode.
- Ensure that there is no network idle time, and that the network is at least as fast as the tape.
- Consider adding new resources to improve the throughput rate.

## Options

---

Use Data Protection for SAP options to tune performance.

Performance tuning for Data Protection for SAP can be addressed by reviewing buffer size and copies, compression of backup data, and automation of backup options.

### Buffer copies

You can change the Data Protection for SAP options to prevent copying data buffers, the original data buffers are sent between IBM Spectrum Protect components. This change can improve performance.

Data Protection for SAP uses internal buffers to store and exchange data with the IBM Spectrum Protect server. When data is sent from one component to another, data buffers are copied by default. Data Protection for SAP can prevent copying data buffers by sending the original data buffers. This process reduces the CPU load of the database server.

If client compression or client encryption are specified in the IBM Spectrum Protect options file (`dsm.sys` or `dsm.opt`), the original data buffers are sent.

### Buffer size

Adjust buffer size disk I/O to improve transfer rates.

The internal data buffer size can be adjusted for Data Protection for SAP. These buffers are used for reading the disk and sending data to the IBM Spectrum Protect client API. The default values typically produce acceptable performance.

Optimize the buffer size for disk I/O to improve transfer rates. For disk subsystems, the best transfer rates are achieved when the buffer size is set equal to the stripe size. Before you increase the size of internal buffers, however, ensure that sufficient storage is available for the number of buffers that are specified by Data Protection for SAP. This number correlates to the number of sessions requested. The number of buffers doubles when compression is specified.

### Automation options

Administrative productivity can be improved by using the Data Protection for SAP automation options.

#### Selectable management classes

Specify different IBM Spectrum Protect management classes for backup data and archive data. Configure Data Protection for SAP to back up directly to a tape storage pool and to archive log files to a disk storage pool.

Multiple management classes can be specified to use with multiple redo log files. For more information about specifying management classes, see the *Profile parameter descriptions* topic.

#### Retain backups by version

Retaining backups by version limits the number of full backups that are retained on the IBM Spectrum Protect server. When the number of full backups on the IBM Spectrum Protect server exceeds the value of the **MAX\_VERSIONS** parameter, the oldest versions are deleted. Retaining backups provides a trace of all redo log files, database control files, and partial and incremental backups that are associated with a full backup. All these objects are removed together with the full backup.

**Important:** If a backup is created while IBM Spectrum Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning profile parameter **MAX\_VERSIONS** is set to zero, this particular backup is excluded from the backup versions processing. It is not considered when counting the number of backup generations, and it is not deleted when it becomes older than the backups that are retained.

### Multiple redo log copies

Backing up multiple copies of a log file in a single archive operation helps protect against this data in the event of tape defects or disaster recovery situation. These copies can be on different physical IBM Spectrum Protect volumes or on different IBM Spectrum Protect servers. When a log file copy is unavailable at restore time, Data Protection for SAP automatically switches to another copy. It continues restoring the log file from that copy. The description of the profile keyword REDOLOG\_COPIES, in the *Profile parameter descriptions* topic, provides detailed information about creating and by using multiple redo log copies.

### Alternate network paths and servers

The availability of backed up data can be improved by configuring Data Protection for SAP to use multiple IBM Spectrum Protect servers or multiple network connections to a single IBM Spectrum Protect server. In this configuration, Data Protection for SAP checks all servers and network connections for availability and then does the backup even if some resources are unavailable. Policies can also be set that use different IBM Spectrum Protect servers for different days of the week.

### Messaging

Policies can be created that enable Data Protection for SAP to send different classes of log messages to the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### Frontend and backend processing

Frontend and backend processing calls programs at specified times during backup processing. See the description of the profile keywords BACKEND and FRONTEND in the *Profile parameter descriptions* topic.

## Data transfer

---

When you use Data Protection for SAP, data is passed from disk through to the network and finally to tape. A balanced configuration can help to prevent bottlenecks and to ensure optimized performance.

### Data throughput rate

Throughput rates differ for different environments because of different disk, network bandwidth, server systems, number of tapes, and configuration settings. When you are moving data, certain elements that are used in the movement of data can be tuned to improve data throughput.

Throughput rates differ widely among various environments because of different disk, network bandwidth, server systems, number of tapes, and configuration settings. The information that is provided here concentrates on selected elements that are involved in the movement of data. This information determines how to use existing resources to their maximum efficiency and provide insight as to how throughput can be improved.

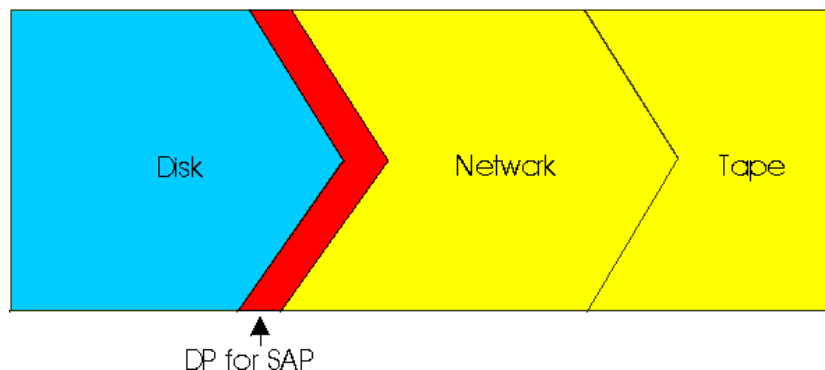


Figure 6. High-level view of the data flow during backup

From a high-level view, the data packages must send these elements when it does a backup with Data Protection for SAP: Data is read from disk that is processed by Data Protection for SAP, and sent through the network to tape or disk storage media. If the system is not balanced, the disk I/O, network bandwidth, and storage media rates might create a bottleneck. This situation can cause other resources to remain idle. Overall data throughput is typically measured per file or per entire backup operation. The results are documented as an average throughput rate in the logfile `backint.log` as the average transmission rate. However, identifying bottlenecks that are derived from log file messages is difficult. For this analysis effort, Data Protection for SAP provides performance sensors that indicate a bottleneck. These bottlenecks are located either in the elements that are represented in blue (for disk) or in yellow (for network and tape respectively) in the graphic.

## Performance tuning for data transfer

During data transfer, a continuous stream of data is generated between the SAP database server, the network, and the IBM Spectrum Protect server. The weakest component in this stream decreases the overall data transfer rate.

There are three main components that are involved during a Data Protection for SAP data transfer:

- The SAP database server.
- The network.
- The IBM Spectrum Protect server, which is also referred to as a backup server.

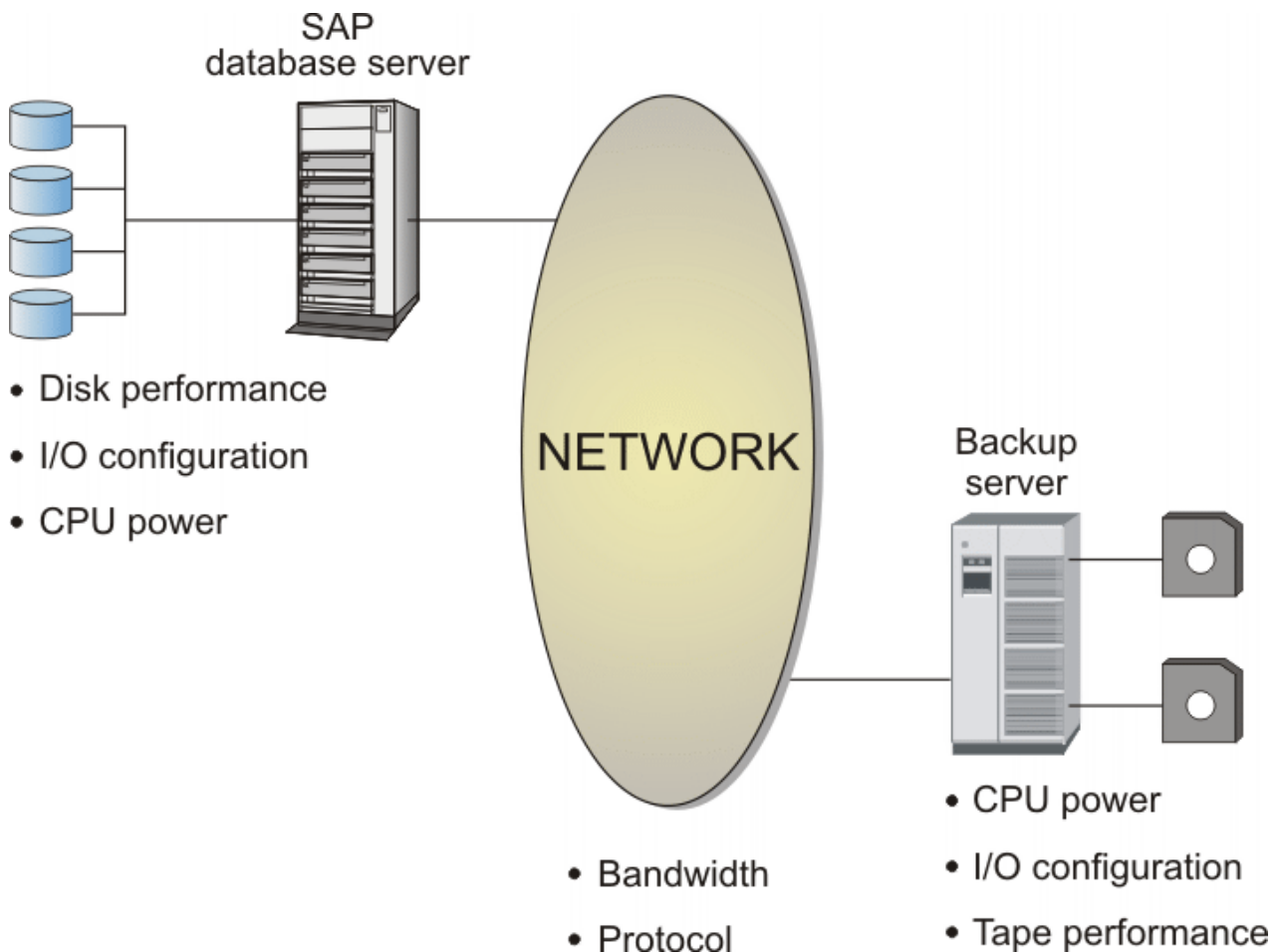


Figure 7. Data Protection for SAP data transfer

---

## Chapter 7. Troubleshooting

To assist with troubleshooting and problem determination, diagnostic files and system information are displayed in a centralized location. Investigating the details in log files helps to troubleshoot problems.

### About this task

Look for one of these patterns when a problem occurs:

- The problem always occurs at the same time. If this condition is true, view the appropriate log files to determine if scheduled processes are occurring simultaneously. Examples of such processes are virus checker, automatic updates, or batch jobs.
- The problem always occurs after another operation is done or the same operation is done.
- The problem occurs when another application or process is processed in parallel.

Investigate the log files for the SAP HANA application, the IBM Spectrum Protect server activity log, and the `backint` log files to find out the differences between successful and unsuccessful operations. Look for one of these patterns when the problem occurs:

- The problem always occurs at the same time. If this condition is true, view the appropriate log files to determine whether any scheduled processes are occurring simultaneously. Examples of such processes are virus checker, automatic updates, or batch jobs.
- The problem always occurs after another operation is done or the same operation is done.
- The problem occurs when another application or process is processed in parallel.

---

## Reproducing problems

Use the checklist to check what caused the problem, and then attempt to reproduce the problem.

### About this task

When you encounter a problem that occurs during an operation that previously ran successfully, review this list to determine the root cause of the problem.

- The setup has changed.
- A component changed such as the SAP HANA, IBM Spectrum Protect, operating system, network, or hardware components.
- Patches or updates to one or more of the components were applied.
- Changes occurred that originated from the system:
  - Check whether the disks are running full with the Linux `df` command.
  - If network performance decreases, check whether there are new hosts, or new applications. Check whether defects in software or hardware have occurred.
  - If IBM Spectrum Protect server processing decreases, check whether more clients or more operations were added. Information is also available in the IBM Spectrum Protect server activity log.

If none of these changes caused the problem, view the last modified time stamp of the following configuration files:

- `backint.log`
- `backup.log`
- `dsm.sys`
- `dsm.opt`

Run the following command to list all files in the /etc directory, that have been modified in the previous five days:

```
find /etc -type f -ctime 5 -print
```

If you can identify changes that are made to the system, roll them back one at a time and try to reproduce the problem. This method frequently reveals which change or set of changes caused the problem.

## Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) support

---

Data Protection for SAP supports both IPv4 and IPv6 for internal communication.

Data Protection for SAP runs in IPv4, IPv6, and mixed environments on Linux. In a mixed environment, the communication depends on the adapter network settings. There is no option to enforce the use of a specific protocol other than by network configuration. Specifically, the ProLE service listens for both IPv4 and IPv6 connection requests if the system is configured accordingly. Connection requests to ProLE are made for the addresses that are returned by the system for the respective port on the local host. Connection requests are made for the addresses that are specified by the user. IPv6 addresses are supported when TCP/IP addresses are specified in a command line or in a profile parameter such as **TCP\_ADDRESS**. However, when the IP address and port are specified in the *IPv4 address:service or port* format, then the format must be changed to *service or port@IP address* if the IP address is specified in the IPv6 notation. If a dotted decimal IPv4 address, the traditional format can still be used.

The specification of IPv6 addresses assumes that Data Protection for SAP is used in an environment in which IPv6 is supported by all hardware and software components.

## Log files that contain information and messages

---

Data Protection for SAP processes are recorded in log files. Information about backup operations can be used to determine which backup should be used to restore your data.

Data Protection for SAP records data in two log files that can be used during troubleshooting:

```
backup.log  
backint.log
```

Both log files can be opened through the SAP HANA Studio menu options **Open Perspectives > Administration Console**.

The backup.log log file records the start and finish of backup and restore operations. The success or failure of the operations is also recorded. All SAP HANA node details in a scale-out environment are stored in a single backup.log log file.

The backint.log log file contains the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP data for all database and redo log file backup and restore operations that complete successfully or fail.

## Setup requirements

---

When you are troubleshooting issues while using Data Protection for SAP software there are items that you can check to ensure that the setup completed correctly.

Ensure that the Data Protection for SAP installation setup is correct by reviewing the following list:

- Make sure an entry similar to this example is defined in the /etc/inittab file:

```
tdph:2345:respawn:/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/prole -p tdphana
```

The purpose of this entry is to start a daemon process for ProLE, and to verify that the process is running. This process listens to activity on the Data Protection for SAP port. The name of the port must match the name in the `/etc/services` file as shown in this example:

```
tdphana 57321/tcp      #TDP for SAP HANA
```

The lines are added to the `/etc/services` file during the installation process. If there are conflicts with existing entries, the port number must be changed to any unused number.

- Make sure that all the files are installed by running this command:

```
rpm -V TIV-TSMERP-HANA
```

If the command returns no output, all files are found. Otherwise, a list of missing files is returned in the output.

- On one host, make sure that the Data Protection for SAP profile `initSID.utl` and configuration file `initSID.bki` are in the `/usr/sap/SID/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbconfig/` directory.
- Make sure that `/usr/sap/SID/SYS/global/hdb/opt/hdbbackint` link exists and points to `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdp_hana/hdbbackint`.

The names of the IBM Spectrum Protect servers that are specified in `initSID.utl` must match the names in the `dsm.sys` file. If the IBM Spectrum Protect API or IBM Spectrum Protect backup archive client are installed into their default locations, then it is not necessary to set the `DSMI_*` variables. If the variables are set, however, make sure that they specify the correct directories and files. The user ID that runs the backups must have the correct permissions to access all of files and directories that are specified by these variables. Also, verify that write permissions exist for the `initSID.bki` file as this file is the only one to which Data Protection for SAP HANA writes persistent information.

## Information to collect for support

---

When you contact support, you must be able to provide the following information.

- The Data Protection for SAP version level.
- The operating system level and patches that were applied.
- The SAP HANA version level.
- The IBM Spectrum Protect server version.
- The IBM Spectrum Protect server operating system level.
- Data Protection for SAP configuration file `initSID.utl` including IBM Spectrum Protect client configuration files (`dsm.sys`, `dsm.opt`)
- Data Protection for SAP profile (`initSID.utl`)
- The change history of the system components (if the process worked previously).

More information might also be requested from the service representative.





---

## Chapter 8. Reference information

Reference information, such as versioning and profile information, is provided.

### Version numbers

---

The number of IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP backup versions for SAP HANA stores expire after the defined number of days that is set in the relevant server policy.

For more information on how to set the server policy, see [“Defining a policy” on page 16](#)

### Manage IBM Spectrum Protect sessions

---

When redo logs are saved directly to a tape pool, the number of IBM Spectrum Protect sessions must not exceed the number of available tape drives.

BRARCHIVE might process redo logs while a database backup is still processing or several BRARCHIVE processes might run simultaneously. These combined sessions might exceed the number of available tape drives. To avoid this situation, save redo logs to disk storage pools and then move them to tape storage.

### Crontab file sample

---

The following sample output, shows the root crontab jobs.

```
# crontab.sample:
# Sample crontab file to be included in the root crontab jobs.
# -----
# Task:
# Submits backup commands at regularly scheduled intervals
# using the SAP HANA command line interface hdbsql.
# -----
#          *****      NOTE          *****      NOTE          *****      NOTE          *****
#
#          This file is intended only as a model and should be
#          carefully tailored to the needs of the specific site.
#
#          *****      NOTE          *****      NOTE          *****      NOTE          *****
# -----
#
# Remarks on the crontab file format:
#
# Each crontab file entry consists of a line with six fields, separated
# by spaces and tabs, that contain, respectively:
#   o The minute (0 through 59)
#   o The hour (0 through 23)
#   o The day of the month (1 through 31)
#   o The month of the year (1 through 12)
#   o The day of the week (0 through 6 for Sunday through Saturday)
#   o The shell command
# Each of these fields can contain the following:
#   o A number in the specified range
#   o Two numbers separated by a dash to indicate an inclusive range
#   o A list of numbers separated by commas
#   o An * (asterisk); meaning all allowed values
# -----
#
# For the following examples, the system id of the SAP HANA database
# is assumed to be 'GT3', the instance number 0 and the username
# of the database instance owner 'gt3adm'.
# -----
# Full database backup, scheduled every weekday at 8:00 p.m. providing the
# database user name (system) and password (manager) on command line
```

```
#
0 20 * * 1-5
/bin/su - gt3adm -c "hdbsql -i 0 -u system -p manager
\"backup data using backint
('/usr/sap/GT3/SYS/global/hdb/backint/full_weekday_$(date +%m%d'))\"
#
#
# Full database backup, scheduled at weekends at 9:00 a.m. using a key
# store entry named TSM_BACKUP to connect to the database (please refer
# to the SAP HANA administration guide for details how to create a key
# store entry)
#
0 9 * * 0,6
/bin/su - gt3adm -c "hdbsql -i 0 -U TSM_BACKUP
\"backup data using backint
('/usr/sap/GT3/SYS/global/hdb/backint/full_weekend_$(date +%m%d'))\"
#
```

## Data Protection for SAP profile

The Data Protection for SAP profile provides keyword parameters that customize how Data Protection for SAP operates. A sample profile `initSID.utl` is provided on the product media.

These rules apply to the keyword syntax:

- Each line is analyzed separately.
- Keywords can start in any column of the line.
- Keywords must not be preceded by any string, except blanks.
- If a keyword is encountered several times, the last one is used.
- File processing ends when the END keyword is encountered or the end of file is reached.
- The comment symbol is the number sign (#). Scanning of the current line stops when the comment symbol is encountered. No comment is allowed between the keyword and the value or values. For example:

#BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS	MLOG1	<--	correct
BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS	MLOG1 #	<--	correct
BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS	# MLOG1	<--	incorrect

- Although some keywords are required, most are optional. Each of the optional keywords has a preset default value.

## Profile parameter descriptions

The default value is underlined in these descriptions and applies if the parameter is not specified.

### ADSMNODE

Specifies a node name that is registered to the IBM Spectrum Protect server as an IBM Spectrum Protect node. This parameter must be defined with the respective SERVER statement, as shown in the sample profile. You can assign a different node name to your database system with this option. It is used if you have several SAP database systems in your network with the same name, for example, *SID*, and they all use the same IBM Spectrum Protect server. This keyword must not be set when automated password handling is selected. It is to be set for manual password-handling.

### ASNODE

Specifies a node name that is registered to the IBM Spectrum Protect server as an IBM Spectrum Protect node. This parameter must be defined with the respective SERVER statement, as shown in the sample profile. When automated password handling is selected and the node is accessed from multiple different SAP systems, for example, HANA scale-out or IBM Spectrum Protect Snapshot offload operations, this parameter avoids storing the encrypted password on multiple hosts (which would cause the password update to fail on all but the first host). For details in the HANA environment see: [“Protection of a scale-out solution” on page 28](#). This parameter must not be set when manual password handling is selected.

**BACKUPIDPREFIX 6-character string / SAP\_\_\_\_\_**

Specifies a six-character prefix that is used to create a backup identifier for each archived object. If not specified, the default value is SAP\_\_\_\_\_.

**BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS *management\_class [management\_class...]***

Specifies the IBM Spectrum Protect management classes that IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP uses when called from BRARCHIVE. Each parameter string can consist of up to 30 characters. Specify a separate **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS** for each log file copy requested. As a result, make sure the number of different BRARCHIVE management classes that are specified must be greater than or equal to the number of redo log copies. This parameter must be defined with the respective SERVER statement, as shown in the sample profile.

To use different IBM Spectrum Protect servers for backup and archive data, the value ":SKIP:" can be used to define a server stanza with no archive management classes. This value is allowed for the parameter **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS** only.

**BRBACKUPMGTCLASS *management\_class [management\_class...]***

Specifies the IBM Spectrum Protect management classes that IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP uses. The parameter string can consist of up to 30 characters. This parameter must be defined with the respective SERVER statement, as shown in the sample profile.

**BUFFCOPY SIMPLE|PREVENT|AUTO**

This optional parameter controls how IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP uses the internal buffers for transferring data during a backup. If set to SIMPLE, data buffers are copied when they are sent between IBM Spectrum Protect components. This option is the default. If set to PREVENT, the original data buffers are sent between IBM Spectrum Protect components.

For this mode, **BUFFSIZE** is restricted to a maximum of 896 KB. Furthermore, it cannot be selected when the IBM Spectrum Protect client encryption or client compression features are activated. If set to AUTO, IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP runs in PREVENT mode whenever the configuration supports it. Otherwise, SIMPLE mode is automatically selected. This parameter has no effect on restore operations.

**BUFFSIZE *n* | 131072**

The size of the buffers that are sent to the IBM Spectrum Protect API is the value of **BUFFSIZE** increased by approximately 20 bytes. The valid range is 4096 (4 KB) - 32 MB. Inappropriate values are adjusted automatically. If **BUFFCOPY** is set to PREVENT, the value of **BUFFSIZE** must not exceed 896 KB.

**CONFIG\_FILE *path/initSID.bki***

Specifies the configuration file `initSID.bki` for IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP to store all variable parameters such as passwords and the date of the last password change. This parameter is required.

**END**

Specifies the end of the parameter definitions. IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP stops searching the file for keywords when **END** is encountered.

**FRONTEND *pgmname [parameterlist]***

Specifies a program *pgmname* that is called by IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP in a backup run before the connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server is established. If *pgmname* is not a fully qualified path, the default search path is used to find the program. If not specified, front-end processing is not done.

Example for UNIX or Linux:

```
FRONTEND write operator@remotesite Backup of SAP database
object is starting.
```

This process sends a message to a remote user before backup begins.

**HDB\_KEYSTORE\_ENTRY *string***

The parameter **HDB\_KEYSTORE\_ENTRY** specifies the name of a key in the user store. The credentials of the named key are used to connect to the HANA database.

**LOG\_SERVER *servername* [*verbosity*]**

The *servername* value specifies the name of the IBM Spectrum Protect server to which log messages are sent. The *servername* must match one of the servers that are listed in a **SERVER** statement in order for IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP messages to be logged in the IBM Spectrum Protect server activity log. The *verbosity* value can be one of these specifications: **ERROR**, **WARNING**, or **DETAIL**. This value determines which messages are sent. The default value is **WARNING**, which means that error and warning messages are sent. **ERROR** sends only error messages. **DETAIL** sends all message types (errors, warnings, and informational messages). If there is no **LOG\_SERVER** statement in the profile, log messages are not sent to any of the IBM Spectrum Protect servers.

**MAX\_SESSIONS *n* | 1**

Specifies the maximum number of parallel IBM Spectrum Protect client sessions that IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP establishes for backup, archive redo logs and restore. For a direct backup or restore on tape drives, the number of sessions must be less than or equal to the number of tape drives available for the backup. Make sure that the **MOUNTLIMIT** (**mount1**) parameter in the device class is set to the number of available tape drives. Make sure that the **MAXNUMMP** parameter of the node is set to the number of available tape drives. The value of keyword **MAX\_SESSIONS** must be less than or equal to the sum of the **SESSIONS** values specified in the **SERVER** statements of the currently available servers.

**MAX\_VERSIONS *n* | 0**

The *n* value defines the maximum number of full database backup versions to be kept in backup storage. The default setting for this value is 0, meaning that backup version control is disabled. If the number of versions that are found in backup storage is larger than the specified maximum number of backup versions (as specified by the parameter **MAX\_VERSIONS**), the oldest versions are deleted (together with the corresponding table space and redo log files) until only the specified maximum number of most recent versions remain. Also, consider these characteristics:

- When IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP deletes an old full backup, all partial backups older than this full backup are also deleted.
- If the backups are distributed over multiple IBM Spectrum Protect servers and one of the servers is temporarily unavailable at the time of a new full backup, it is not possible to find all the backup versions. This situation might result in retaining a backup that would otherwise be deleted.

IBM Spectrum Protect uses the value of the **RETV** parameter (specified when a copy group is defined) to give files an expiration date. Use only one of these methods to control how long you keep backups:

- If you use IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP backup version control, you must bypass this expiration function. Set the IBM Spectrum Protect parameter **RETV=9999** so that the files are not considered expired and are not deleted by IBM Spectrum Protect.
- If you use the IBM Spectrum Protect expiration function, turn off IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP backup version control. Deactivate IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP backup version control by setting **MAX\_VERSIONS=0**.

**PASSWORDREQUIRED NO | YES**

Specifies whether IBM Spectrum Protect requires a password to be supplied by the IBM Spectrum Protect client. This situation depends on the IBM Spectrum Protect installation. If not specified, the default is **PASSWORDREQUIRED YES**, which implements manual password handling. This parameter must be defined with the respective **SERVER** statement, as shown in the sample profile.

**REDOLOG\_COPIES *n* | 1**

Specifies the number of copies IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP stores for each processed redo log file. The valid range is 1 - 9. If not specified, IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP stores one copy of the redo logs. The number of different management classes for archived logs (keyword **BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS** specified must be greater than or equal to the number of log file copies specified. The number of different management classes that are specified must be greater than or equal to the number of log file copies specified.

**RL\_COMPRESSION NO | YES**

If set to **YES**, IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP runs a null block compression of the data before they are sent over the network. Although **RL** compression introduces more CPU load, throughput can be

improved when the network is the bottleneck. It is not advised to use RL compression together with the IBM Spectrum Protect API compression. If not specified, the default value is NO meaning null block compression is not done. **RL\_COMPRESSION** is only run if a full database backup was started. The offline log files are not compressed.

### **SERVER *servername***

This keyword specifies the name of the IBM Spectrum Protect server to which IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP backups are to be stored. This statement begins a server section in the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP profile. At least one server section is required. Server sections are at the end of the profile. A server section ends before a following **SERVER** keyword, before the **END** keyword, or at the end of the profile. These dependent keywords are applicable in a server section:

- ADMSNODE
- BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS
- BRBACKUPMGTCLASS
- PASSWORDREQUIRED
- SESSIONS
- TCP\_ADDRESS
- USE\_AT

The server name must be defined in the IBM Spectrum Protect profile `dsm.sys`. To set up alternate or parallel paths, each path is denoted by its own logical server name and corresponding server section, although these logical names refer to the same server. In this case, the profiles specify the same TCP/IP address for these server names. To set up alternate or parallel servers, each server is represented by one or more server statements and the corresponding server sections (depending on the number of paths to the server). In this case, the profiles specify different TCP/IP addresses for the different servers.

### **SESSIONS *n* | 1**

The *n* value specifies the number of parallel sessions IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP uses for the server. This keyword is required in every server section. This parameter must be defined with the respective **SERVER** statement, as shown in the sample profile.

**TRACE [FILEIO\_MIN | FILEIO\_MAX | COMPR\_MIN | COMPR\_MAX | MUX\_MIN | MUX\_MAX | TSM\_MIN | TSM\_MAX | ASYNC\_MIN | ASYNC\_MAX | APPLICATION\_MIN | APPLICATION\_MAX | SYSCALL\_MIN | SYSCALL\_MAX | COMM\_MIN | COMM\_MAX | DEADLOCK\_MIN | DEADLOCK\_MAX | PROLE\_MIN | PROLE\_MAX | BLAPI\_MIN | BLAPI\_MAX | SOCKET\_DATA | ALL | OFF]**

This parameter writes trace information to the file specified with the **TRACEFILE** parameter. Arguments to TRACE can be any combination of the possible components and levels that are separated by spaces. A trace is written only if both **TRACE** and **TRACEFILE** are specified. Do not use this parameter unless instructed to use it by IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP support. Using it can significantly deteriorate the performance of IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP.

### **TRACEFILE *path***

Specifies the name and location of the trace file for IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP to store all trace information. When **TRACE** is used, *path* specifies the full path and the name of file. If the value of **TRACEFILE** contains the string %BID, this string is replaced by the backup ID to get the path and name of the trace file used. For example, specifying `/tmp/%BID.trace` yields a trace file `/tmp/myBackup.trace` for backup ID `myBackup`. A trace is written only if both **TRACE** and **TRACEFILE** are specified.

### **TRACEMAX *n***

Specifies the maximum size of the trace file in KB. The valid range is 4096 (4 MB) - unlimited. If not specified, the trace file size is unlimited.

### **USE\_AT *days***

Specifies the days that the IBM Spectrum Protect server (specified with the corresponding **SERVER** keyword) is used. The *days* value can be numbers in the range 0 (Sunday) - 6 (Saturday). Multiple numbers can be used when separated by spaces. If not specified, the default is to use the IBM Spectrum Protect server on all days.

## Sample profile file for UNIX or Linux

A sample profile file (initSID.utl) is included in the IBM Spectrum Protect for ERP installation package.

```
#-----
#
# IBM Spectrum
# Protect for Enterprise Resource Planning
#
# Data Protection for SAP HANA (R)
#
# Sample profile for Data Protection for SAP HANA (R)
#
#-----
#
# See the 'Data Protection for SAP HANA (R) Installation &
# User's Guide' for a full description.
#
# For a comment symbol the character '#' can be used.
# Everything following this character will be interpreted as comment.
#
# Data Protection for SAP HANA (R) accesses its profile
# in "read only" mode. All variable parameters will be written into the file
# specified with the CONFIG_FILE parameter. The passwords will be encrypted.

#-----
# Prefix of the 'Backup ID' which will be stored in the description field
# of the IBM Spectrum
# Protect archive function.
# If this parameter is not specified then the SID of the SAP HANA (R)
# instance will be used to prefix the backup ID by default. The value of
# this parameter does overrule the default behaviour.
# Must be exactly 6 characters.
# Default: none.
#-----
#BACKUPIDPREFIX      SID___

#-----
# Number of parallel sessions to be established.
# Note: This number must not exceed the number of tape drives simultaneously
# available to the node on the IBM Spectrum
# Protect servers to be accessed.
# The valid range of MAX_SESSIONS is from 1 and 32.
# Default: none.
#-----
MAX_SESSIONS      1 # IBM Spectrum
Protect client sessions

#-----
# Number of parallel sessions to be established for the database backup.
# Note: This number must not exceed the number of tape drives simultaneously
# available to the node for a database backup on the IBM Spectrum
# Protect
# servers to be accessed.
# The valid range of MAX_BACK_SESSIONS is from 1 to 32.
# Default: MAX_SESSIONS.
#-----
#MAX_BACK_SESSIONS  1 # IBM Spectrum
Protect client sessions for backup

#-----
# Number of parallel sessions to be established for the redo log backup.
# Note: This number must not exceed the number of tape drives simultaneously
# available to the node for a redo log backup on the IBM Spectrum
# Protect
# servers to be accessed.
# The valid range of MAX_ARCH_SESSIONS is from 1 to 32.
# Default: MAX_SESSIONS.
#-----
#MAX_ARCH_SESSIONS  1 # IBM Spectrum
Protect client sessions for archive

#-----
# Number of parallel sessions to be established for the restore of files.
```

```

# Note: This number must not exceed the number of tape drives simultaneously
# available to the node for restore processing backup on the IBM Spectrum
Protect
# servers to be accessed.
# The valid range of MAX_RESTORE_SESSIONS is from 1 to 32.
# Default: MAX_SESSIONS.
#-----
#MAX_RESTORE_SESSIONS    1 # IBM Spectrum
Protect client sessions for restore

#-----
# Number of backup copies of redo logs.
# The valid range of REDOLOG_COPIES is from 1 to 9.
# Default: 1.
#-----
#REDOLOG_COPIES          2

#-----
# Specifies whether a null block compression of the data is to be performed
# before transmission to IBM Spectrum
Protect.
# Although RL compression introduces additional CPU load, throughput can be
# improved when the network is the bottleneck. RL compression in Data
# Protection for SAP HANA (R) should not be used together with
# IBM Spectrum
Protect API compression.
# Default: NO
#-----
#RL_COMPRESSION          YES

#-----
# Specifies how many files are read simultaneously and are multiplexed into
# one data stream to an IBM Spectrum
Protect server. Multiplexing is usefull
# when the data rate to an IBM Spectrum
Protect server is higher (fast
# tapes, fast network) than the I/O rate of a single disk.
# The valid range of MULTIPLEXING is from 1 to 8.
# Default: 1 (meaning no multiplexing)
#-----
#MULTIPLEXING            2

#-----
# Specifies the block size for disk I/O (in bytes).
# The default values have been chosen from our performance experiments in
# standard hardware environments.
# The valid range of BUFFSIZE is from 4KB to 32MB.
# Default: 131072 (128 KB)
#-----
#BUFFSIZE                131072          # block size in bytes

#-----
# This optional parameter controls how Data Protection for SAP (R) HANA uses
# the internal buffers for transferring data during a backup.
# Valid values: SIMPLE | PREVENT | AUTO
# Default: SIMPLE
#-----
#BUFFCOPY                AUTO

#-----
# Name of a program to be called before the backup task is started.
# Default: none.
#-----
#FRONTEND                 pgmname parameterlist

#-----
# Name of a program to be called after the backup task is completed.
# Default: none.
#-----
#BACKEND                  pgmname parameterlist

#-----
# Control of information for reporting purposes, e.g. messages, statistics.
# Default: NO (no additional data will be reported).

```

```

#-----
#REPORT          NO          # no additional messages
#REPORT          YES         # all additional messages
#REPORT          2           # all additional messages + summary

#-----
# Controls generation of a trace file.
# Note: we recommend using the trace function only in cooperation with
# Data Protection for SAP (R) HANA support.
# Default: OFF.
#-----
#TRACE           OFF

#-----
# The full path of the trace file.
# Note: for an actual trace the string '%BID' will be replaced by
# the current backupid. Furthermore the current hostname, a time stamp and
# the process name will be appended. (.../backup_%BID.trace changes to
# .../backup_SAP___9809182300.trace.mizar.20130731134735.4226.backint).
# Default: none.
#-----
#TRACEFILE       /usr/sap/SID/home/backup.trace
#TRACEFILE       /usr/sap/SID/home/backup_%BID.trace

#-----
# Denotes the maximum size of the trace file in KB.
# If not specified, the trace file size is unlimited.
#-----
#TRACEMAX        max size    # trace file size in KB

#-----
# Specify the full path of the configuration file.
# Default: none.
#-----
CONFIG_FILE      CONFIGDIR/initSID.bki

#-----
# Denotes if Data Protection for SAP (R) HANA shall send error/status
# information to an IBM Spectrum
Protect server.
# The servername must match one of the servers listed in a SERVER statement.
# Valid values for verbosity are ERROR | WARNING | DETAIL.
# Default: none.
#-----
#LOG_SERVER      servername  [verbosity]
#LOG_SERVER      server_a    ERROR

#-----

#*****
# Statement for servers and paths.
# Multiple servers may be defined.
#*****

SERVER           SED_SERVER      # Servername, as defined in dsm.sys
SESSIONS         2               # Maximum number of sessions to this server
PASSWORDREQUIRED YES            # Use a password
ADSMNODE         SED_NODE        # IBM Spectrum
Protect NodeName
ASNODE           SED_ASNODE      # IBM Spectrum
Protect NodeName
BRBACKUPMGTCCLASS SED_MDB        # Mgmt-Classes for database backup
BRARCHIVEMGTCCLASS SED_MLOG      # Mgmt-Classes for redo log backup
# TCP_ADDRESS    192.168.1.1     # IP address of network interface
#                                     # on server_a
#                                     # Overrides IP address of dsm.sys
# USE_AT         0 1 2 3 4 5 6   # Days when server_a is used for
#                                     # backup
#*****
# USE_AT : 0=Su 1=Mo 2=Tu 3=We 4=Th 5=Fr 6=Sa
# The valid range of USE_AT is from 0 to 6.
# Default: all days
#*****
#SERVER          server_b        # Servername, as defined in dsm.sys

```



```

# SESSIONS                2                # Maximum number of sessions
# PASSWORDREQUIRED        YES              # to server_b
# ADMSNODE                 NODE            # Use a password
# Protect Nodename        # IBM Spectrum
# BRBACKUPMGTCLASS        MDB              # Mgmt-Classes for database backup
# BRARCHIVEMGTCLASS        MLOG1 MLOG2     # Mgmt-Classes for redo log backup
# TCP_ADDRESS              192.168.1.1     # IP address of network interface
#                          # on server_b
# USE_AT                   0 1 2 3 4 5 6   # Overrides IP address of dsm.sys
#                          # Days when server_b is used for
#                          # backup
#*****
# USE_AT : 0=Su 1=Mo 2=Tu 3=We 4=Th 5=Fr 6=Sa
# Default: all days
#*****

#-----
# End of profile

END

```

## Locating sample files

Use the file samples to assist you with Data Protection for SAP operations.

### Procedure

- Review the out put samples for `dsm.opt`, the include/exclude statement, and `dsm.sys`.
- Use the planning sheet to help you plan the installation parameters for Data Protection for SAP.

### Client system options file sample (`dsm.sys`)

The system options file lists information that includes the **buffersize** and compression status. The following sample shows the typical output.

```

*****
* IBM Spectrum
Protect                *
*
* Sample Client System Options file for Unix platforms
*
*****

SErvername server_a
COMMmethod             TCPip
TCPPort                1500
TCPServeraddress       192.168.1.1
TCPBuffsize            32
TCPWindowsize          24
Compression            Yes
InclExcl               /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/hana_incl excl.list

SErvername server_b
COMMmethod             TCPip
TCPPort                1500
TCPServeraddress       192.168.1.2
TCPBuffsize            32
TCPWindowsize          24
Compression            Yes
InclExcl               /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/hana_incl excl.list

```

### Include and exclude list sample (UNIX, Linux)

The include and exclude list shows the files and directories that are included or excluded for backup operations.

```

*
* Sample include/exclude list for SAP HANA appliances
*

```

```

* first exclude everything
exclude /.../*
*
* now include relevant files and directories only
include /usr/sap/C21/SYS/profile/.../*
include /usr/sap/C21/SYS/global/hdb/custom/config/.../*

```

## Client user options file sample (UNIX, Linux)

```

*****
* IBM Spectrum
Protect
*
* Sample Client User Options file for Unix platforms
*****

SErvername      server_a

```

## Planning sheet for the base product

Use the planning sheet to assist you when you are installing and configuring Data Protection for SAP.

Collect the information in this planning sheet before you install Data Protection for SAP.

Table 3. Installation parameters for Data Protection for SAP	
Linux	Installation parameter
X	Database SID.
X	Database instance number.
X	Password of database user SYSTEM.
X	IBM Spectrum Protect server name or IP address.
X	IBM Spectrum Protect node name: IBM Spectrum Protect node that is configured on the IBM Spectrum Protect server that is named for the backup of the SID previously listed. In a scale-out environment, there can be multiple IBM Spectrum Protect node names required.
X	IBM Spectrum Protect management classes for database and redo log backups. Management classes that are configured for the database backup and for the backup of redo logs.
X	Path where the IBM Spectrum Protect API are in (contents of environment variable <b>DSMI_DIR</b> ): Default: C:\Program Files\Common Files\tivoli\TSM\api64
X	Path to client option file of IBM Spectrum Protect (contents of environment variable <b>DSMI_CONFIG</b> ).
X	Path to IBM Spectrum Protect log files (contents of environment variable <b>DSMI_LOG</b> ): The IBM Spectrum Protect API creates the file <code>dsierror.log</code> in this path. Default: C:\temp

---

# Appendix A. Accessibility features for the IBM Spectrum Protect product family

Accessibility features assist users who have a disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use information technology content successfully.

## Overview

The IBM Spectrum Protect family of products includes the following major accessibility features:

- Keyboard-only operation
- Operations that use a screen reader

The IBM Spectrum Protect family of products uses the latest W3C Standard, [WAI-ARIA 1.0](http://www.w3.org/TR/wai-aria/) ([www.w3.org/TR/wai-aria/](http://www.w3.org/TR/wai-aria/)), to ensure compliance with [US Section 508](http://www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/communications-and-it/about-the-section-508-standards/section-508-standards) ([www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/communications-and-it/about-the-section-508-standards/section-508-standards](http://www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/communications-and-it/about-the-section-508-standards/section-508-standards)) and [Web Content Accessibility Guidelines \(WCAG\) 2.0](http://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG20/) ([www.w3.org/TR/WCAG20/](http://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG20/)). To take advantage of accessibility features, use the latest release of your screen reader and the latest web browser that is supported by the product.

The product documentation in IBM Knowledge Center is enabled for accessibility. The accessibility features of IBM Knowledge Center are described in the [Accessibility](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/about/releasenotes.html?view=kc#accessibility) section of the IBM Knowledge Center help ([www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/about/releasenotes.html?view=kc#accessibility](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/about/releasenotes.html?view=kc#accessibility)).

## Keyboard navigation

This product uses standard navigation keys.

## Interface information

User interfaces do not have content that flashes 2 - 55 times per second.

Web user interfaces rely on cascading style sheets to render content properly and to provide a usable experience. The application provides an equivalent way for low-vision users to use system display settings, including high-contrast mode. You can control font size by using the device or web browser settings.

Web user interfaces include WAI-ARIA navigational landmarks that you can use to quickly navigate to functional areas in the application.

## Vendor software

The IBM Spectrum Protect product family includes certain vendor software that is not covered under the IBM license agreement. IBM makes no representation about the accessibility features of these products. Contact the vendor for accessibility information about its products.

## Related accessibility information

In addition to standard IBM help desk and support websites, IBM has a TTY telephone service for use by deaf or hard of hearing customers to access sales and support services:

TTY service  
800-IBM-3383 (800-426-3383)  
(within North America)

For more information about the commitment that IBM has to accessibility, see [IBM Accessibility](http://www.ibm.com/able) ([www.ibm.com/able](http://www.ibm.com/able)).



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## Glossary

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A glossary is available with terms and definitions for the IBM Spectrum Protect family of products.

See the [IBM Spectrum Protect glossary](#).

To view glossaries for other IBM products, see [IBM Terminology](#).



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