

Accelerating graph analytics with Rocketgraph xGT on IBM Power10

Combining speed and scale with IBM's AI server technology.



Accelerating Cypher queries with Rocketgraph xGT on IBM Power10

Rocketgraph xGT is a graph analytics platform that enables enterprises and government agencies to discover the hardest-to-find insights by building property graphs that scale to hundreds of billions of edges. Running on IBM® Power10, Rocketgraph xGT enables iterative analysis that runs faster than traditional graph tools¹. Rocketgraph xGT search engine ingests data from Oracle, MongoDB, Databricks, Snowflake, and many other sources like TigerGraph or Neo4j™, so organizations don't have to change their data workflows. It provides GenAI assistance with the organization's LLM of choice to help every analyst work like a graph expert.

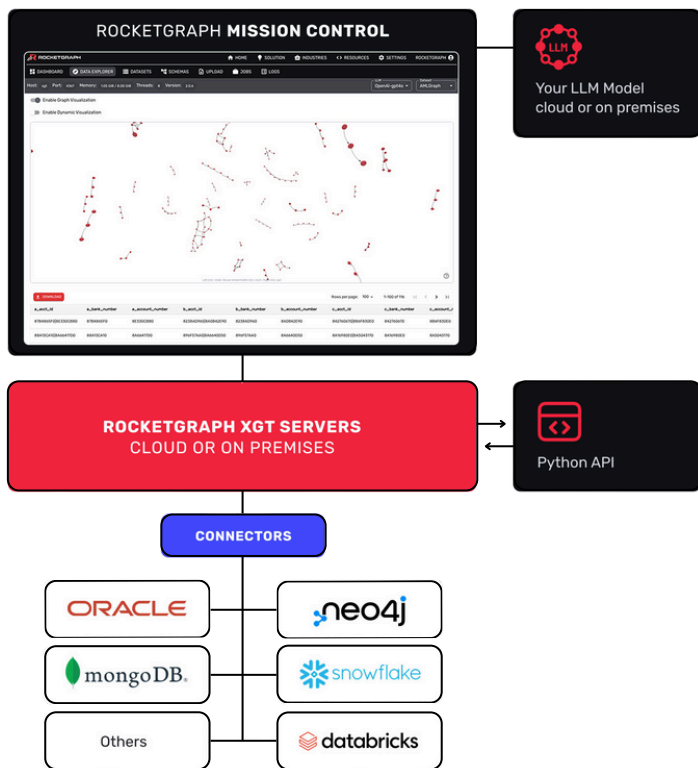


Figure 1. Rocketgraph xGT Architecture

Leveraging Rocketgraph graph analytics for AI applications on IBM Power10

The Rocketgraph xGT graph analytics platform enhances the training of AI models. Clients run analyses and identify significant motifs and patterns from massive datasets that span extended periods. The data findings are then passed to AI models for training, helping them know what to look for. Conversely, if AI is used to identify abnormalities, clients can leverage Rocketgraph xGT graph analytics to determine if such patterns transpired in the past.

Running on IBM Power10

IBM Power10 servers are superscalar, multithreaded, multicore servers with embedded AI acceleration technology. Power10 is the ideal platform for high performance workloads like graph analytics. Running Rocketgraph xGT search engine on Power10 offers many computational performance advantages over x86-based systems,¹ scaling up to 64TB of shared memory.

Power10 vs x86

Quantifying the capabilities of IBM Power®, the Rocketgraph engineering team conducted several performance tests comparing xGT Accelerator on x86 and the Power E1050. The results revealed that Power10 delivered the fastest results, 1.6x faster when traversing a 500 million edge graph, 2x faster when traversing a 1 billion edge graph, and 2.5x faster when traversing a 4 billion edge graph.

Comparing Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on x86 (8 cores) and Power E1050 (8 cores)

Dataset Size	Edge Count	Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on x86 (8 cores)		Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on Power E1050 (8 cores)		Times Faster to Query on Power10
		Ingest (seconds)	Query (seconds)	Ingest (seconds)	Query (seconds)	
Scale 25	~ 500 million	119	77	113	48	1.6x
Scale 26	~ 1 billion	292	123	191	64	2x
Scale 28	~ 4 billion	2611	912	912	358	2.5x

1. Based on Rocketgraph internal testing of Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on AWS x1e.4xlarge with 8 Intel Xeon cores (16 vCPUs) and Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on a Power E1050 LPAR with 8 cores and 2TB of RAM. A 500 million-edge graph, 1 billion-edge graph, and 4 billion-edge graph were used to run the queries. "Times Faster to Query on Power10" quantifies the difference in "Query seconds" rounded to the nearest decimal. Individual results may vary.

Quantifying the capabilities of Power10 even further, the Rocketgraph engineering team conducted additional performance tests. Doubling the number of x86 cores, Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator ran on 16 cores of x86 and compared to Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator running on 8 cores of Power E1050. The results revealed that running on 8 cores of Power E1050 was comparable to 16 cores of x86 when traversing a 500 million edge and a 1 billion edge graph.



Comparing Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on x86 (16 cores) and Power E1050 (8 cores)

Dataset Size	Edge Count	Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on x86 (16 cores)		Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on Power E1050 (8 cores)	
		Ingest (seconds)	Query (seconds)	Ingest (seconds)	Query (seconds)
Scale 25	~ 500 million	90	45	113	48
Scale 26	~ 1 billion	196	68	191	64

1. Based on Rocketgraph internal testing of Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on AWS x1e.4xlarge with 16 Intel Xeon cores (32 vCPUs) and Rocketgraph xGT Accelerator on a Power E1050 LPAR with 8 cores and 2TB of RAM. A 500 million-edge graph, 1 billion-edge graph, and 4 billion-edge graph were used to run the queries. Individual results may vary.

With Rocketgraph xGT running on IBM Power10, clients can conduct iterative analysis with the largest, most complicated datasets supported by infrastructure designed to manage high-performance workloads.

Cross-industry benefits

GenAI Assistance with Pluggable LLMs

xGT supports the Cypher™ query language, commonly used across industries and major commercial enterprises. In addition, analysts can talk to their data through GenAI: write a question in natural language, and Rocketgraph Mission Control will turn that question into a Cypher query. Rocketgraph can even create AI-generated graph schemas and explain the Cypher queries it generates. Rocketgraph Mission Control provides pluggable integrations to OpenAI ChatGPT, Anthropic Claude, Meta Llama AI, and AWS Bedrock. If you run your private LLM on premises, you can also plug that in.

Support for Hybrid Environments

Power10 can scale to run multiple databases on the same on-premises server and access servers in the cloud. Organizations can run Cypher workloads faster and more efficiently by co-locating the Rocketgraph search engine with existing databases. Extensive datasets can be searched locally for speed and efficiency, while the cloud can be leveraged for less time-sensitive searches.

Cross-industry use cases complementing AI with Rocketgraph

Cybersecurity

Network traffic is analyzed to identify potential security threats, modeling the relationships between various entities, such as devices, users, and applications, to detect anomalies and unusual patterns in network behavior.

Healthcare Fraud Detection

Connections and relationships are analyzed within healthcare

networks to detect fraudulent activities, such as billing fraud or identity theft, and to identify anomalies in healthcare data that may indicate fraudulent claims or abuse of the system.

Infrastructure and Facility Management

Model relationships between different components of critical infrastructure (such as power grids, transportation systems, and communication networks) to optimize maintenance, identify vulnerabilities, and plan for resilience.

Customer Relationship Management (CRM)

Build customer graphs to model customer relationships, purchase history, preferences, and interactions. CRM helps create targeted marketing campaigns and personalized recommendations and improves customer satisfaction.

Supply Chain Optimization

Analyze suppliers, distributors, and logistics relationships to optimize the supply chain. Graph analytics can help identify bottlenecks, streamline inventory management, and improve efficiency.

Fraud Detection and Prevention

Create graphs representing relationships between transactions, customers, and payment methods. Graph analytics can help identify unusual patterns indicative of fraud and enhance security measures.

Customer Journey Analysis

Map the customer journey by analyzing interactions across different touch points, such as online and offline channels, and helping retailers understand the complete customer experience and improve accordingly.

Price Optimization

Analyze relationships between pricing strategies, competitor prices, and customer behavior to optimize pricing and promotions. Graph analytics can aid in identifying optimal price points for products.

Quality Control and Defect Analysis

Model relationships between manufacturing processes, components, and quality inspection data to identify patterns related to defects. Graph analytics can help in quality control and proactive defect prevention.

Supply Chain Visibility

Analyze relationships within the supply chain to enhance visibility and traceability of products and components. This is particularly important for compliance, quality assurance, and responsiveness to disruptions.

For more information

To learn more, contact your IBM representative or IBM Business Partner, or visit www.rocketgraph.ai



1. Based on Rocketgraph internal testing comparing query speeds. Individual results may vary.

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