Solutions for Real Customer Challenges Managing z/VM and Linux

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June 20<u>23</u>

Alert

Introduction

Agenda

What does "managing" include? What tools or products can you use?

Customer scenarios

Operational monitoring and automation Performance monitoring Backup and recovery

Summary and reference information

Alert for existing customers of Operations Manager

Operations Manager schedules do not work on GA level of z/VM V7.3

APAR PH50733, PTF UI83199 required

Contact Tracy Dean if you need more information



Customers worldwide using z/VM

- Most to host Linux workloads
- Historical z/VM workload and skills centered in North America and Europe
- Continued growth requires worldwide adoption
- Customers need to show value quickly
- Time, resources and skills not available to write management and monitoring tools in-house

Unique value hosting Linux workloads

- Requires integration with existing enterprise solutions
- "Just another platform"
- Must be monitored, automated, and recoverable

What is managing and what tools can I use?

Performance monitoring

Monitor performance based on best practices

- Virtual CPU for each guest
- z/VM processor utilization
- Spin lock wait
- Virtual disk utilization
- Virtual storage utilization with V/R memory ratio
- Formation and size of eligible list
- Page and spool space utilization and I/O rates
- DASD I/O and minidisk cache usage
- Resource constraint analysis

Use historical data to

- Understand capacity
- Size Linux guests for best performance in a hosted (shared) environment

Solutions

- Multiple vendors
- IBM
 - Performance Toolkit for z/VM
 - OMEGAMON XE on z/VM and Linux

Operational monitoring & automation

Collect and store data

- Consoles
- User and system events
- View live and store on disk in real time

React

- Generate alerts or automatically recover
- Abend, termination, or error messages
- Service machine disks approaching full
- Critical user IDs or guests being logged off or entering error state
- Spool and/or page space approaching full

Prevent

- Schedule automated system maintenance procedures
- Spool cleanup based on policies
- Minidisk cleanup (from logs), including archiving
- Orderly startup and shutdown
- Relocation of critical guests to another SSI member
- Backups of z/VM system

Solutions

- Multiple vendors
- IBM
 - Operations Manager for z/VM

Backup and recovery

Short term retention

Long term retention

Image level backup of z/VM

Operating system

File level backup of z/VM data

- Directory information
- Configuration files
- Log files
- Tools REXX EXECs, automation scripts, etc.

Image level backup of Linux guests

- Operating system
- Applications
- Application data (maybe)

File level backup of Linux guests

- Configuration files
- Log files
- Tools

Solutions

- Multiple vendors
- IBM
 - Backup and Restore Manager for z/VM
 - Spectrum Protect

Customer scenarios

Alert if z/VM system not responding



The situation

- z/VM system just works
- No staff monitoring z/VM consoles
- Central alert system used extensively across enterprise
- Want alerting if z/VM system not responding

Initial solution: None

- Wait for application to fail
- Wait for phone to ring

Final solution: Alert via heartbeat check

- Send a "heartbeat" from z/VM to central alert system every n minutes or seconds
 - Using SNMP
 - Central alert system reacts if no heartbeat received as expected
- Can be used for multiple z/VM systems to monitor each other

Coordinate application shutdown with z/OS



The situation

- Database on z/OS
- Application server on Linux on zSystems
- Shutdown of database necessitates shutdown of application server

Initial solution: None

- Manual coordination of shutdown
- Inconvenient for z/VM system programmers and operations during non-business hours

Final solution: Console monitoring

- System Automation on z/OS sends message to z/VM
- Automation on z/VM triggers application server shutdown
- Automation on z/VM sends message to z/OS when servers are shut down
- Reverse process for re-start

Error messages on Linux IPL



The situation

- During boot process, Linux file system is sometimes read-only
- Application needs read/write
 - But sometimes not until hours or days after boot
- Error discovered hours or days later when application fails

Initial solution: Create homegrown tool

- Scan logs on a daily basis
- Search for error messages

Final solution: Console monitoring

- Write a rule looking for error message that occurs during boot process
- Take action immediately
- Long term: use logs to debug and find root cause

Error message on z/VM IPL



The situation

- Error messages on z/VM IPL
- Reason unknown to customer (new to z/VM)
- No obvious impact on applications

Initial solution: None

- Took photo of HMC with mobile phone
- Show IBM and ask for help
- EREP & Accounting disks full
- No knowledge of impact

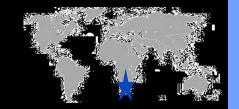
Final solution:

Turn off accounting – not used

Automate disk monitoring

- Simple monitor setup
- Automatically monitor percent full
- Email someone if above threshold
- Follow documented procedures to save data
- Follow-up action to automate procedures

Send z/VM and Linux alerts to z/OS



The situation

- Minimal z/VM staff
- Extensive automation for alerts already running on z/OS
 - Automation and operations teams trained there
 - Want all mainframe alerts to be handled this way
- Need z/VM and Linux alerts included

Initial solution: None

- z/VM and Linux alerts sent via email or to central console only
- No alerts sent to enterprise alert system
- Mainframe operations team not managing and automating z/VM and Linux alerts

Final solution: Monitoring and automation

- Trigger alerts for z/VM and Linux events, messages, etc.
- Send via syslog writer to z/OS USS syslog
- Configure USS syslog to send all alerts from z/VM to z/OS syslog
- Enables existing z/OS automation

Long term recovery of z/VM files

The situation

- Backups of z/VM volumes done from z/OS
- Retention is only a few weeks
- New release of z/VM installed by less experienced staff
- Some local customizations/automation not preserved
- Not available via z/OS backups due to short retention

Backup and Restore Manager for z/VM Tape Manager for z/VM (optional)

Initial solution: Considered two options

- Keep volume backups on z/OS for months instead of weeks
 - · Additional unnecessary data retained longer on tape
 - Tedious file level recovery
- Re-do all customizations from memory (or with help from IBM)

Final solution: File level backup and recovery

- Weekly full backups and daily incremental backups of all z/VM log files and customizations
- Retain these backups for months or years without large amounts of tape or DASD
- Can optionally do image level backups from z/VM instead of from z/OS

Consolidating all console data



The situation

- Using Operations Manager to capture console data and store it on disk
- Missing data from users autologged before Operations Manager during z/VM IPL
 - OPERATOR
 - RACF

Initial solution: Separate data in spool and on disk

- Spooled consoles for users logged on before Operations Manager
- Content of monitored consoles on disk
- For same user, data in spool file separate from Operations Manager data on disk

Final solution: Combined data on disk

- · At Operations Manager startup
 - Receive spool data for users already running
 - · Add spool data to console of running user
- Automatically added to Operations Manager log and visible in VIEWCON
- New sample code in PTF UI77841

Sending security messages to analytics



The situation

- Enterprise policy of sending security-related messages to analytics platform
- z/VM logon/logoff and RACF login errors only logged in console log of OPERATOR
- Want z/VM security reporting to be "just like other platforms"

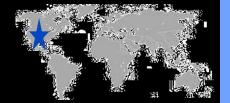
Initial solution: None

- No analytics and alerting of z/VM RACF-related activity
- z/VM looks "different" (and less capable) to management

Final solution: Automation

- Automatically capture RACF logon/logoff messages on OPERATOR console
- Use TCP writer to send messages to analytics platform in syslog format
 - By next day, updated to send in key/value pair format

Restarting shared servers on another member of SSI cluster



The situation

- Servers such as Shared File System can be used across an SSI cluster
- One member of the cluster goes down for maintenance
- VMRELOCATE not available for SFS servers
- Server must be restarted on another member so services are still available to remaining members
 - Need minimal downtime

Operations Manager for z/VM

Initial solution: Manual procedures

- Shut down SFS servers on the LPAR being taken down (LPAR1)
- Restart SFS servers on another LPAR in the cluster (LPAR2)
- Shut down LPAR1

Final solution: Automation

- Detect shut down of SFS server on LPAR1
- Trigger an action on LPAR1 to tell LPAR2 to start the SFS server
- Action on LPAR2 starts the server
- Minimal downtime and no typos or human delays
- Some servers can span beyond SSI cluster
 - Methodology still works
 - SSI not required

Separate backups and tapes for DR test

The situation

- Using Backup and Restore Manager for z/VM and Tape Manager for z/VM in production to perform backups to tape
- Production DASD mirrored to DR site
- TS7700 tape grid separate cluster at DR site
- During DR test, need to
 - Allow reading production tapes
 - Prevent writing and expiring production tapes
 - Use separate range of DR test volsers for write processing

Backup and Restore Manager for z/VM Tape Manager for z/VM TS7700

Initial solution: Treating DR test like real DR

- Using all production tape volsers in DR test as if in production
- Have two tape catalogs that are not synchronized talking to the same tape grid
- Can overwrite production tapes at DR test

Final solution: Separate library categories and tape pools for DR test

- Define once in production (mirrored to DR test)
 - Separate scratch category in TS7700 for DR test
 - Separate range of volsers for DR test
 - Separate Tape Manager tape pool for DR test
- At DR test
 - Put all volsers in production tape pool(s) on hold
 - Prevents writing or expiring from DR test system
 - Update Backup Manager to use DR test tape pool
- Real DR not an issue
 - It is production running at a different site

Unidentified change in performance



The situation

- System performed at "normal" level for period of time
 - CPU utilization
- Over several days, steady increase until "new normal"
- No new applications or virtual servers
- Unknown cause

Initial solution: Two options

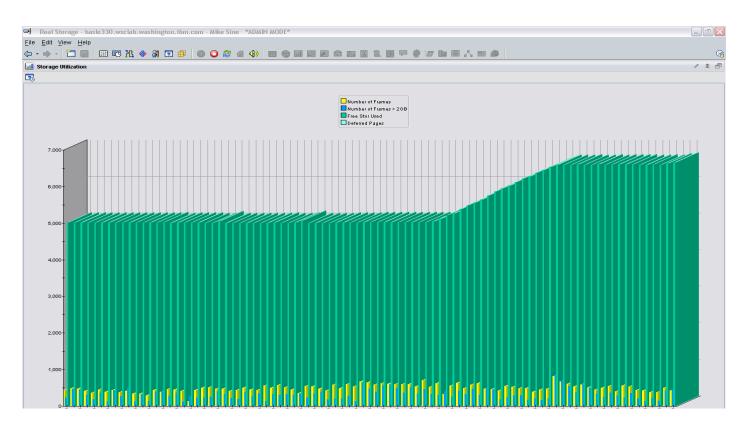
- Accept the new normal
- Dig through performance log data
 - MONITOR records
 - Performance Toolkit for z/VM

Final solution: Change control and collection of historical performance data

- Lock in on the period of time of the increase
- Find specific servers contributing to increase
- Review change control records

OMEGAMON XE on z/VM and Linux

On-demand: Persistent historical views



Shared monitoring and automation across LPARs



The situation

- Multiple z/VM LPARs not in same SSI cluster
- Similar monitoring and automation configuration on all LPARs
- Want to share monitoring and automation configuration across LPARS
 - Avoid maintaining duplicate definitions

Initial solution: Manual processing

- Common configuration information maintained on one system
- Shared within SSI cluster
- Manually copied and reloaded on LPARs or SSI clusters

Final solution: Automated real-time sharing of configuration information

- Shared read/only disk across non-SSI members
- Update configuration from single LPAR
 - Temporary write access from one user ID
- Automatically trigger reload on all SSI and non-SSI systems via IP communications

Including performance data with z/OS processes



The situation

- Collecting performance data on z/VM (Performance Toolkit)
- All mainframe performance data processed on z/OS
- Want to include z/VM and Linux data
- z/VM can not do FTP PUT to z/OS
 - z/OS must retrieve or GET

Initial solution: Manual processing each morning

- Login and run commands to
 - Summarize PerfKit data
 - FTP GET file to z/OS
 - Erase file from z/VM

Final solution: Automated processing each night

- Schedule commands to summarize data on z/VM
- When complete, send message to z/OS
- z/OS: FTP GET file from z/VM
- z/OS: FTP PUT message to z/VM indicating successful file retrieval
- z/VM: erase the file

Capturing Linux log data



The situation

- z/VM console data captured and saved
- No Linux console data captured or saved
- Linux log data stored locally on each guest
- Linux server crashes and corrupts file system
- No console or log data to debug or analyze the problem

Initial solution: None

- No log data
- Concerned about too much data being captured on z/VM for Linux guests

Final solution: Capture and save Linux console and log data

- Use z/VM monitoring tool to capture console data, store on disk, and forward to analytics platform
- Configure Linux to send syslog data directly to analytics platform

Central operations console



The situation

- Already have one or more z/OS consoles in operations center
 - Alerts, important messages
 - Operations staff watching consoles and taking actions
- Want to include console(s) for all z/VM LPARs and Linux guests

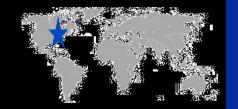
Initial solution: OPERATOR console on each LPAR

- Multiple consoles to monitor
 - Inhibits z/VM and Linux growth
- Does not include all alerts or important messages

Final solution: Single operations console for multiple z/VM LPARs

- Create one user ID as operations console
- Monitor consoles of all service machines and Linux guests on each LPAR
- Create rules for important messages
- Take action to send alert or message to single operations console
 - Within the LPAR: via MSG or MSGNOH
 - Across LPARs: via TCP/IP, SSI not required
- Operations team sees only important messages
 - When needed, can view full console of any service machine or guest
 - Easily expand to include more LPARs

Painful recovery of critical z/VM files



The situation

- Backups of z/VM volumes done from z/OS
- Operational issue (aka user error) corrupts a configuration file
- Recovery is tedious and error-prone process
 - Restoring whole volume
 - Mapping a new minidisk to the right location on the volume
- Recovery very difficult if corrupted file is USER DIRECT

Initial solution: Train people

 Train people to make backup copies before updating a file

Final solution: File level backup and recovery

- Weekly full backups of all z/VM customizable or customer created files
- Daily incremental backups of the same z/VM files

Backup and Restore Manager for z/VM

Graceful z/VM shutdown from GDPS

The situation

- Shutdown of z/VM LPAR included in GDPS processing
- Shutdown of Linux guests handled by GDPS
- Need graceful shutdown of z/VM without triggering monitoring and automation
 - Avoid false alerts
 - · Keep monitoring and automation running

Initial solution: None

- GDPS handled shutdown of guests
- Shutdown of z/VM interfered with monitoring and automation

Final solution: Automated graceful shutdown

- GDPS signal triggers automation
- "Runtime" monitors and automation suspended/deactivated
- "Shutdown" monitors and automation resumed/activated

Spool and page space full



The situation

- z/VM "just works"
- Little monitoring in place
- System grows
- Spool and page space fill up
- System abends
- Unplanned outage

Operations Manager for z/VM or OMEGAMON XE on z/VM and Linux

Initial solution: Homegrown tool

- Create a service machine running WAKEUP
- Check spool and page space percent full on regular intervals
- Maintain service machine and code for this specific function

Final solution: Consolidated monitoring

- Simple monitor setup
- Watch for percent full to be within (multiple) specified threshold ranges
- · Watch for sudden growth
- Take action
- Easily add or change threshold or frequency
- Included in general monitoring/automation

Why <u>was</u> an application running slow?



The situation

- Application owner asks z/VM system programmer why application was running slow yesterday afternoon
- Application owner does not have the data needed to research the problem

Initial solution: Look at performance data for z/VM and Linux guest

- Performance data pointed to specific Linux guest
- No performance data at the application level

Final solution: One performance monitoring tool for all layers

- Hypervisor
- Linux operating system
- Application
- Drill down to each layer within locked-in specified period of time

OMEGAMON XE on z/VM and Linux

Stopping and restarting TCP/IP



The situation

- Want to "bounce" TCPIP server on z/VM on development or test system
- No access to HMC or system console
- If issue shutdown or FORCE for TCPIP then lose TN3270 access to system

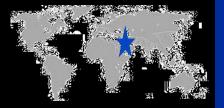
Initial solution: Manual coordination

 Find and coordinate with on-site operations staff who have access to system console or HMC

Final solution: Automated process

- Monitor for CP event indicating TCPIP has logged off
- Automatically XAUTOLOG it (after 3-5 seconds)
- Easily bounce TCPIP as needed without relying on operations staff

Perform system health checks regularly



The situation

- Need to monitor system for various thresholds
 - Spool space filling up
 - Paging space filling up
 - Disk full for several z/VM service machines or guests

Initial solution: Login weekly and perform checks manually

- Simple checklist
 - Check disk space
 - Check page space
 - Check spool space

Final solution: Automate regular monitoring and alerts

- Perform checks more often
- Notify team if any are out of bounds

System abend with no console data

The situation

- Legacy best practice of spooling consoles
- System abends
- IPL with warm start unsuccessful or not possible
 - Spool data lost
 - No console data to review what happened leading up to abend
- · Dump data only

Initial solution: Two options

- IPL cold start and hope for the best
- IPL cold start and dig through dump data (if you have it)

Final solution: Console monitoring

- Harden consolidated console data to disk in real-time
- One log file per day
- If have an issue, easily review console data written in the log file

Summary

Real situations need to be addressed

Learn from others

Solutions exist

Demos available

Production (and dev/test) systems need

- Monitoring: operational and performance
- Automation
- Backup and recovery

Contact:

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Website:

www.ibm.com/products/infrastructure-suite-zvm-and-linux

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