

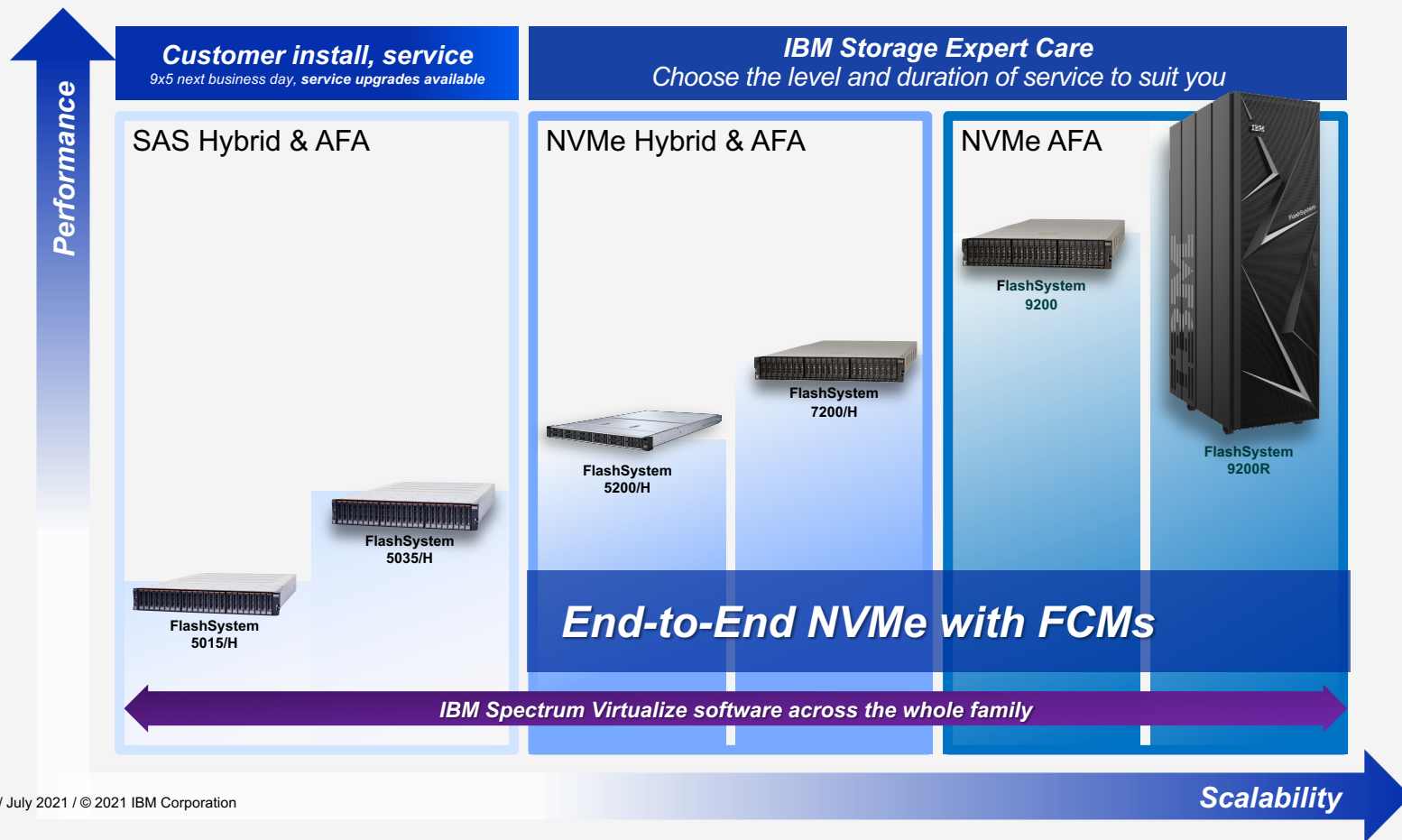
# IBM FlashSystem Family FAQ

Learn how to select the right IBM FlashSystem® product

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# Meet the IBM FlashSystem family



# FlashSystem family capabilities

It's all powered by  
**IBM Spectrum**  
**Virtualize** software



Storage Insights (AI predictive analytics and proactive monitoring)				
				
FlashSystem 5015/H	FlashSystem 5035/H	FlashSystem 5200/H	FlashSystem 7200/H	FlashSystem 9200/R
VMware & container integration				
Multi-tenancy				
3-site data copies				
Metro/Global Mirror (remote copy)				
FlashCopy® (local and cloud copy snapshots)				
Easy Tier® (automated hot/cold extent movement)				
Data migration (from >500 supported arrays)				
Distributed RAID 1, 5 & 6				
DRP (Software Only)		Data reduction pools (hardware assist compression)		
Clustering (multiple I/O groups)				
HyperSwap® (active / active access)				
Encryption (local and server-based keys)				
		Safeguarded Copy		
		NVMe Flash and NVMeOF host connections		
		FCMs (highest performance NVMe with compression & encryption)		
		External storage virtualization (>500 supported arrays)		
		Storage Class Memory (ultra low latency drives)		



# Choosing a FlashSystem product

## With the new simplified FlashSystem family, how do I select the right product?

How much storage **capacity** do you need?

- Does data reduction change that figure?
- FlashSystem 5000 and 7200 have “H” (for hybrid) models which means you can mix HDDs and SSD. 9200/R is AFA only

What **performance** are you expecting?

- Compare to your existing environment
- Consider future growth
- See example workloads in the [IBM FlashSystem Product Tour](#)

Are you going to use any **advanced function** (DRP, copy services, HyperSwap, etc)?

- Does this change the capacity or performance?

Use the **Storage Modelling Tool** (StorM) to validate your choices.

Select your product and **adjust the configuration**.

## What’s a “typical configuration”?

Each system is designed around a set of components to meet a performance goal:

- The **CPU** is right sized for the expected workloads, but if you’re making use of advanced functions at the same time, you need more CPU
- The internal **bandwidth** is right-sized for each controller, but adding more ports and more storage will not increase that bandwidth
- Likewise, having too many drives and not enough ports to serve them is also bad
- Consider the size of **cache** relative to your working set and total capacity. Some functions, such as DRP, benefit from maximizing the cache too

**A “typical configuration” is a best practice, balanced configuration that’s optimized across components.**

Try and match your configuration to be close to a typical configuration.

# IBM FlashSystem 5015 and 5035



## FlashSystem 5015/H Entry Enterprise

4k read miss | **140k IOPS\***

4k read hit | **400k IOPS\***

Entry enterprise SAS controller

Great for blending HDD with SSDs to  
accelerate workloads with **EasyTier**  
If you load a 5015 with SSDs, you'll NOT get  
maximum drive performance!

A modest CPU will limit the advanced  
function that can be used simultaneously

Optional SAS expansion for more capacity



## FlashSystem 5035/H Entry Enterprise

4k read miss | **400k IOPS\***

4k read hit | **1.2k IOPS\***

Also an entry enterprise SAS controller, but  
suited for a higher mix of SSDs for primary  
workloads and/or EasyTier

A low cost entry point for smaller  
**HyperSwap** configs

Some copy services. **Good for IP  
replication** with higher RPO requirements

### Typical configurations

**Upwards of 10TB raw**  
(less for workloads, more for bulk storage)

**32GB of cache**  
per system

**2 x 16Gb FC HBA**  
per system, or SAS, or 10 or 25Gb HBA

**100TB raw capacity**

**Up to 64GB of cache**

**2 x 16Gb FC HBA**  
per system, or SAS or 10 or 25Gb HBA

# IBM FlashSystem 5200 and 7200



## FlashSystem 5200/H Entry Enterprise

4k read miss | **450k IOPS\***

4k read hit | **1.5M IOPS\***

An entry into **NVMe FCM drives** with performance neutral hardware **compression and encryption**

4 to 8 NVMe drives is the sweet spot for this hardware, which can be adequately serviced by a 16Gb FC HBA. **Add more drives for capacity, not performance.**

**Better CPU and larger cache** make this a more capable box for advanced function



## FlashSystem 7200/H Midrange Enterprise

4k read miss | **700k IOPS\***

4k read hit | **2.5M IOPS\***

A midrange enterprise NVMe box with an 8 to 16 drive sweet spot

Can really start to leverage **multiple advanced functions**, including **DRP**

If using **Remote Copy** or doing **clustering**, allow for 2 extra FC cards to ensure box is not host port constrained

### Typical configurations

**50-100TB raw capacity**  
(100-200TB with FCM compression)

**Upwards of 256GB of cache**  
per system

**2 x 16Gb FC HBA**  
per system with onboard 10Gb iSCSI

**100-200TB raw capacity**  
(200-400TB with FCM compression)

**Upwards of 256GB of cache**  
per system

**4 x 16Gb/32Gb FC HBA**  
per system with onboard 10Gb iSCSI

# IBM FlashSystem 9200



**FlashSystem 9200**  
High-end Enterprise

4k read miss | **1.2M IOPS\***

4k read hit | **4.5M IOPS\***

Target 12 to 24 drives and at least 2 FC cards, with 3 for HA and DR. Best performance with **32Gb FC cards**

With more **powerful CPUs**, the 9200 family can run **multiple advanced functions simultaneously**

**Large cache** options for more workloads and larger working set



**FlashSystem 9200 with SCM**  
High-end Enterprise

4k read miss | **1.2M IOPS with lower latency\***

4k read hit | **4.5M IOPS\***

Trade some FCM capacity for up to 12 **Storage Class Memory** drives to boost performance and/or lower latency further

**Clustering** pushes the performance and capacity envelopes beyond a single box

***Enterprise Class Service** makes all 3 year warranty 9200 controllers best for enterprise customers*

## Typical configurations

**200-400TB raw capacity**  
400-800TB with FCM compression

**At least 768GB of cache**  
per system

**4 x 16Gb/32Gb FC HBAs**  
per system with onboard 10Gb iSCSI

**Upwards of 300 TB raw**  
>600TB with FCM compression

**Towards 1.5TB of cache**  
per system

**6 x 32Gb FC HBA**  
per system, with onboard 10Gb iSCSI

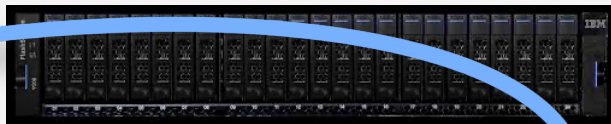
# Scale up (expansions) Scale out (clustering)

**Single** point of control, with **single** GUI and CLI.  
Manage all storage from a **single** pane of glass.

SCALE UP

## Expansions

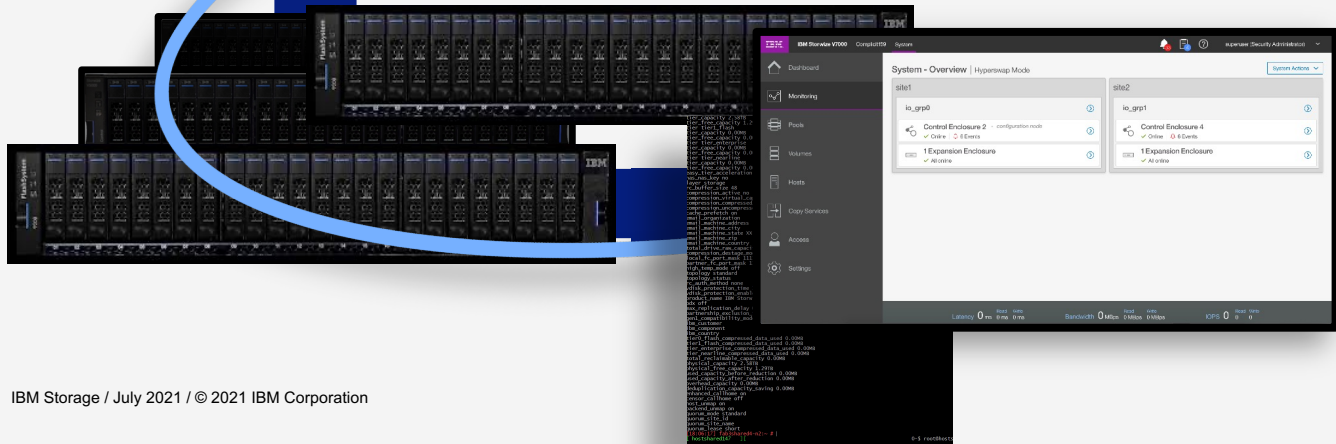
Adds **SAS** capacity,  
it doesn't increase IOPS



## Clustering

Adds **NVMe** capacity,  
**scales performance** linearly  
4k read miss | up to **4.8M IOPS**

SCALE OUT



# Clustering across the family

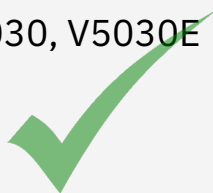


FlashSystem 5015



FlashSystem 5035

**2 WAY**, Also with  
5030, V5030E



FlashSystem 5200

**4 WAY**



FlashSystem 7200

**4 WAY**, also with  
**V7000, 9100 & 9200**



FlashSystem 9200

**4 WAY**, also with  
**V7000, 7200, 9100**



Clustering is supported across the FlashSystem family  
as a way of linearly scaling performance, connectivity and capacity.



# IBM FlashSystem 9200R

**The FlashSystem 9200R is a bundle of products that will be assembled, delivered and configured for the customer.**

**2, 3 or 4 9848-AG8 FlashSystem 9200s**, clustered together with a single point of control and packaged in a 7965-S42 rack and sold as a 9202R, 9203R and 9204R respectively

- *2, 3 or 4 times the performance of a single FlashSystem 9200*

## Optional expansions

- 2U 24 drive and 5U 92 drive options

## Dedicated fibre channel backbone

- Isolated from host traffic
- Broadcom 8960-F24 switches

Can be expanded with additional controllers or expansion enclosures in the future



4k read miss | **4.8M IOPS** with 9204R, lower latency when combined with SCM drives\*

4k read hit | **18M IOPS with 9204R\***

# Have I selected the right system?

## Deviating from a “typical configuration” is expected!

Flexibility is good, we all have different needs ...

*... use the StorM tooling to validate the workload requirements*

## Compare your configuration with the “typical configurations.”

Consider “**Model Up**” or even “**Model Down**” if you’ve deviated significantly otherwise you have something that’s likely unbalanced!

**Clustering** might also be an option for you to increase connectivity or performance

## Generally, avoid unbalanced configurations.

You’re either over spending or ...

... you’re setting yourself up for disappointment  
(or you’ve a specific use case)





# Product selection FAQ

## **What's the difference between each of the products?**

All platforms run the same IBM Spectrum Virtualize software, but each product's hardware is targeted at a different price-performance point.

## **Will anything bad happen if I create an unbalanced configuration?**

No! The idea of this advice is to help you balance cost with capability and understand any trade-offs. There maybe use cases (such as “deep-and-cheap storage”) where a lack of balance between the processing and connectivity capabilities and the overall storage capacity is not an issue.

## **Why do you offer unbalanced configurations?**

Flexibility is good! We don't want to prevent you using the product to meet your unique needs. We want you to be informed about the decisions you make.

## **If I use clustering, what should I use as guidance for a typical configuration?**

Clustering allows you to scale linearly. Use the guidance for the product that you're clustering for each of the controllers in the cluster.

## **When should I cluster rather than model up?**

Clustering controllers together scales performance, capacity and connectivity linearly. If you're looking to just increase performance, then compare the performance of the next model up with the performance of a clustered system and consider cost and future expansion.

## **When should I not cluster?**

Clustering reduces your management overhead and creates flexibility, but also creates larger failure domains. If you want to isolate different workloads (e.g. core customer function from internal business functions), then managing the controllers individually may be more appropriate.

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## **What machine type model (MTM) is the FlashSystem 9200R?**

It doesn't have it's own MTM, it's a bundle of products that's pulled together through econfig and then assembled, delivered and configured for the customer.

## **I want a FlashSystem 9200R, what should I use as guidance for a typical configuration?**

The FlashSystem rack products are based on clustered FlashSystem 9200s. Use the FlashSystem 9200 as guidance, and scale linearly.

## **I want a different configuration to the FlashSystem 9200R configurations offered.**

Right now only a limited set of configurations are offered. You can still expand the 9200R by ordering extra components, or by ordering everything separately and using Lab Services to assemble it for you. You must stay within the configuration limits of the FlashSystem 9200.

## **What's the difference between hybrid and AFA (all-flash array) products, e.g. FlashSystem 5200 and FlashSystem 5200H?**

The hardware is the same for hybrid (i.e., models ending in “H”) and AFA (i.e., “non-H” models). AFA models are limited to containing just flash drives, preventing HDDs from being ordered, installed or used.

## **Why do you offer both hybrid and AFA variants?**

To ensure we can meet a range of different customer requirements.

## **I don't get the IOPS performance stated on the chart!**

This is a maximum IOPS number using 4k random reads. Many workloads are not like this and your experience will be different. The numbers have been provided as a high level comparison across products. You should use the StorM tool to validate your use case and workloads.

# Other resources

## [IBM Spectrum Virtualize FAQ](#)

*Details on the IBM Spectrum Virtualize products, covering IBM FlashSystem family and SAN Volume Controller*

## [IBM FlashWatch FAQ](#)

*Guidance on the IBM FlashWatch programs*

## [IBM Redbooks](#)

*Detailed information on both IBM FlashSystem products and IBM Spectrum Virtualize function*

## [FlashSystem Product Tour](#)

*Interactive product tour showing GUI usage and performance*

# Thank you

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IBM FlashSystem Product Manager

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