

IMS
15.6.0

*Messages and Codes, Volume 1:
DFS Messages
(2025-06-26 edition)*



Note

Before you use this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 1411.](#)

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Contents

About this information.....	ix
Prerequisite knowledge.....	ix
How new and changed information is identified.....	ix
Accessibility features for IMS 15.6.....	x
How to send your comments.....	x
 Chapter 1. IMS problem determination.....	 1
 Chapter 2. DFS messages.....	 5
 Chapter 3. DFS messages, DFS000I - DFS050A.....	 9
 Chapter 4. DFS messages, DFS051I - DFS100.....	 31
 Chapter 5. DFS messages, DFS101 - DFS150.....	 51
 Chapter 6. DFS messages, DFS151-DFS200.....	 63
 Chapter 7. DFS messages, DFS201 - DFS250.....	 73
 Chapter 8. DFS messages, DFS251 - DFS0300I.....	 85
 Chapter 9. DFS messages, DFS301A - DFS350A.....	 99
 Chapter 10. DFS messages, DFS351W -DFS400I.....	 115
 Chapter 11. DFS messages, DFS401I - DFS0450I.....	 129
 Chapter 12. DFS messages, DFS0451A - DFS0500I.....	 149
 Chapter 13. DFS messages, DFS0501I - DFS550I.....	 167
 Chapter 14. DFS messages, DFS551I - DFS600I.....	 187
 Chapter 15. DFS messages, DFS601I - DFS650E.....	 203
 Chapter 16. DFS messages, DFS0651W - DFS700I.....	 221
DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION PROCESSING NOT ENABLED - <i>Cause</i>	236
 Chapter 17. DFS messages, DFS701I - DFS0750I.....	 241
 Chapter 18. DFS messages, DFS0751I - DFS0800I.....	 271
 Chapter 19. DFS messages, DFS0801I - DFS0850W.....	 291
 Chapter 20. DFS messages, DFS0851W - DFS0900A.....	 309

Chapter 21. DFS messages, DFS0901A - DFS0950I.....	323
Chapter 22. DFS messages, DFS0951I - DFS1000I.....	337
Chapter 23. DFS messages, DFS1001I - DFS1050I.....	355
Chapter 24. DFS messages, DFS1051I - DFS1100I.....	369
Chapter 25. DFS messages, DFS1101I - DFS1150I.....	381
Chapter 26. DFS messages, DFS1151I - DFS1200I.....	395
Chapter 27. DFS messages, DFS1201I - DFS1250I.....	409
Chapter 28. DFS messages, DFS1251I - DFS1300I.....	417
Chapter 29. DFS messages, DFS1301I - DFS1350I.....	433
Chapter 30. DFS messages, DFS1351I - DFS1400I.....	441
Chapter 31. DFS messages, DFS1401I - DFS1450I.....	449
Chapter 32. DFS messages, DFS1451I - DFS1500I.....	457
Chapter 33. DFS messages, DFS1501I - DFS1550I.....	465
Chapter 34. DFS messages, DFS1551I - DFS1600I.....	477
Chapter 35. DFS messages, DFS1601I - DFS1650I.....	487
Chapter 36. DFS messages, DFS1651I - DFS1700I.....	495
Chapter 37. DFS messages, DFS1701I - DFS1750I.....	503
Chapter 38. DFS messages, DFS1751I - DFS1800I.....	513
Chapter 39. DFS messages, DFS1801I - DFS1850I.....	523
Chapter 40. DFS messages, DFS1851I - DFS1900I.....	533
Chapter 41. DFS messages, DFS1901I - DFS1950.....	547
Chapter 42. DFS messages, DFS1951 - DFS2000I.....	563
Chapter 43. DFS messages, DFS2001I - DFS2050.....	583
Chapter 44. DFS messages, DFS2051I - DFS2100.....	595
Chapter 45. DFS messages, DFS2101I - DFS2150I.....	611
Chapter 46. DFS messages, DFS2151 - DFS2200I.....	627

Chapter 47. DFS messages, DFS2201I - DFS2250I.....	641
Chapter 48. DFS messages, DFS2251W - DFS2300I.....	651
Chapter 49. DFS messages, DFS2301I - DFS2350I.....	663
Chapter 50. DFS messages, DFS2351A - DFS2400I.....	673
Chapter 51. DFS messages, DFS2401I - DFS2450I.....	685
Chapter 52. DFS messages, DFS2451W - DFS2500I.....	699
Chapter 53. DFS messages, DFS2501W - DFS2550I.....	713
Chapter 54. DFS messages, DFS2551I - DFS2600A.....	727
Chapter 55. DFS messages, DFS2601I - DFS2650A.....	739
Chapter 56. DFS messages, DFS2651A - DFS2700A.....	751
Chapter 57. DFS messages, DFS2701W - DFS2750A.....	761
Chapter 58. DFS messages, DFS2751A - DFS2800I.....	771
Chapter 59. DFS messages, DFS2801A - DFS2850E.....	779
Chapter 60. DFS messages, DFS2851I - DFS2900I.....	793
Chapter 61. DFS messages, DFS2901I - DFS2950A.....	801
Chapter 62. DFS messages, DFS2951I - DFS3000I.....	807
Chapter 63. DFS messages, DFS3001W - DFS3050A.....	821
Chapter 64. DFS messages, DFS3051A - DFS3100I.....	831
Chapter 65. DFS messages, DFS3101I - DFS3150.....	841
Chapter 66. DFS messages, DFS3151 - DFS3200.....	857
Chapter 67. DFS messages, DFS3201 - DFS3250.....	881
Chapter 68. DFS messages, DFS3251W - DFS3300I.....	899
Chapter 69. DFS messages, DFS3301W - DFS3350E.....	921
Chapter 70. DFS messages, DFS3351E - DFS3400I.....	937
Chapter 71. DFS messages, DFS3401I - DFS3450.....	953
Chapter 72. DFS messages, DFS3451 - DFS3500W.....	971

Chapter 73. DFS messages, DFS3501W - DFS3550I.....	989
Chapter 74. DFS messages, DFS3551E - DFS3600I.....	999
Chapter 75. DFS messages, DFS3601 - DFS3650I.....	1015
Chapter 76. DFS messages, DFS3651I - DFS3700.....	1041
Chapter 77. DFS messages, DFS3701I - DFS3750A.....	1055
Chapter 78. DFS messages, DFS3751A - DFS3800.....	1077
Chapter 79. DFS messages, DFS3801 - DFS3850A.....	1093
Chapter 80. DFS messages, DFS3851I - DFS3900I.....	1105
Chapter 81. DFS messages, DFS3901W - DFS3950A.....	1117
Chapter 82. DFS messages, DFS3951 - DFS4000I.....	1133
Chapter 83. DFS messages, DFS4001 - DFS4050A.....	1145
Chapter 84. DFS messages, DFS4101A - DFS4150I.....	1149
Chapter 85. DFS messages, DFS4151I - DFS4200I.....	1153
Chapter 86. DFS messages, DFS4201I - DFS4250.....	1167
Chapter 87. DFS messages, DFS4251 - DFS4300.....	1171
Chapter 88. DFS messages, DFS4301E - DFS4350E.....	1183
Chapter 89. DFS messages, DFS4351E - DFS4400E.....	1195
Chapter 90. DFS messages, DFS4401E - DFS4450I.....	1207
Chapter 91. DFS messages, DFS4451I - DFS4500E.....	1225
Chapter 92. DFS messages, DFS4501 - DFS4600I.....	1245
Chapter 93. DFS messages, DFS4601E - DFS4650I.....	1269
Chapter 94. DFS messages, DFS4651E - DFS4700.....	1283
Chapter 95. DFS messages, DFS4701 - DFS4750.....	1293
Chapter 96. DFS messages, DFS4751 - DFS4800.....	1305
Chapter 97. DFS messages, DFS4801 - DFS4900.....	1317
Chapter 98. DFS messages, DFS4901 - DFS5000.....	1335

Chapter 99. DFS messages, DFS5001 - DFS5100.....	1339
Chapter 100. DFS messages, DFS7001 - DFS7500.....	1347
Chapter 101. DFS messages, DFS9001 - DFS9500.....	1357
Chapter 102. DFSD messages (DRD utilities).....	1373
Chapter 103. DFSIX messages (Installation Verification Program dialog).....	1379
Chapter 104. DFSI messages (Syntax Checker).....	1401
Chapter 105. DFSS messages (IMS abend search and notification).....	1407
Notices.....	1411
Programming interface information.....	1412
Trademarks.....	1412
Terms and conditions for product documentation.....	1412
IBM Online Privacy Statement.....	1413
Bibliography.....	1415

About this information

This information provides reference information for the abend codes, messages, status codes, and return codes that are produced by IMS.

This information provides reference information for the abend codes, messages, status codes, and return codes that are produced by IMS.

Volume 1 provides reference information for the IMS messages that have the DFS prefix, along with their associated return codes. It also provides diagnostic information that helps programmers, operators, and system-support personnel diagnose problems in IMS.

Volume 2 provides reference information for non-DFS prefixed IMS messages that are associated with IMS Base Primitive Environment (BPE); IMS Common Queue Server (CQS); IMS Common Service Layer (CSL); Database Recovery Control (DBRC) facility; IMS Connect; IBM® Resource Lock Manager (IRLM), and so on. It provides diagnostic reference information that helps programmers, operators, and system-support personnel diagnose problems in IMS.

Volume 3 provides reference information for all IMS abnormal termination (abend) codes, including analysis, explanation, possible causes, and APAR processing instructions.

Volume 4 provides return, reason, sense, function, and status codes for IMS Base Primitive Environment (BPE); IMS Common Queue Server (CQS); IMS Common Service Layer (CSL); Database Recovery Control (DBRC) facility; IMS Connect; IBM Resource Lock Manager (IRLM), and so on. It also provides diagnostic reference information that helps programmers, operators, and system-support personnel diagnose problems in IMS.

This information is available as part of IBM Documentation.

Prerequisite knowledge

Before using this information, you should have knowledge of either IMS Database Manager (DB) or IMS Transaction Manager (TM). You should also understand basic z/OS® and IMS concepts, the IMS system for your installation, and have general knowledge of the tasks involved in project planning.

Before using this book, you should have knowledge of either IMS Database Manager (DB) or IMS Transaction Manager (TM). You should also understand basic z/OS and IMS concepts, the IMS system for your installation, and have general knowledge of the tasks involved in project planning.

You should be familiar with z/OS, its system generation, and telecommunications, and the access methods used by IMS. Related publications are listed in the Bibliography.

To learn about z/OS, see [z/OS Basic Skills](#). For more resources, see [IBM Z Education and Training](#).

To learn about IMS, see the IBM Press publication *An Introduction to IMS*, the resources listed for [IBM Information Management System](#), and the variety of options available in [IBM Training](#).

How new and changed information is identified

For most IMS library PDF publications, information that is added or changed after the PDF publication is first published is denoted by a character (revision marker) in the left margin. The *Program Directory* and *Licensed Program Specifications* do not include revision markers.

Revision markers follow these general conventions:

- Only technical changes are marked; style and grammatical changes are not marked.
- If part of an element, such as a paragraph, syntax diagram, list item, task step, or figure is changed, the entire element is marked with revision markers, even though only part of the element might have changed.

- If a topic is changed by more than 50%, the entire topic is marked with revision markers (so it might seem to be a new topic, even though it is not).

Revision markers do not necessarily indicate all the changes made to the information because deleted text and graphics cannot be marked with revision markers.

Accessibility features for IMS 15.6

Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use information technology products successfully.

Accessibility features

The following list includes the major accessibility features in z/OS products, including IMS 15.6. These features support:

- Keyboard-only operation.
- Interfaces that are commonly used by screen readers and screen magnifiers.
- Customization of display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size.

Keyboard navigation

You can access IMS 15.6 ISPF panel functions by using a keyboard or keyboard shortcut keys.

For information about navigating the IMS 15.6 ISPF panels using TSO/E or ISPF, refer to the *z/OS TSO/E Primer*, the *z/OS TSO/E User's Guide*, and the *z/OS ISPF User's Guide Volume 1*. These guides describe how to navigate each interface, including the use of keyboard shortcuts or function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys and explains how to modify their functions.

Related accessibility information

Online documentation for IMS 15.6 is available in IBM Documentation.

IBM and accessibility

See the *IBM Human Ability and Accessibility Center* at www.ibm.com/able for more information about the commitment that IBM has to accessibility.

How to send your comments

About this task

Your feedback is important in helping us provide the most accurate and highest quality information. If you have any comments about this or any other IMS information, you can take one of the following actions:

Procedure

- Submit a comment by using the DISQUS commenting feature at the bottom of any [IBM Documentation](#) topic.
- Send an email to imspubs@us.ibm.com. Be sure to include the book title.
- Click the **Contact Us** tab at the bottom of any [IBM Documentation](#) topic.

What to do next

To help us respond quickly and accurately, please include as much information as you can about the content you are commenting on, where we can find it, and what your suggestions for improvement might be.

Chapter 1. IMS problem determination

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Problem determination is accomplished by using procedures for identifying a failing module or program and determining whether the user or IBM is responsible for resolution of a given problem.

Problem determination information is included, as appropriate, for all messages and codes. In most instances, one or more numbers (for example, "4,6") appear after the heading **Problem Determination** for a given message or code. These numbers are cross-references to the numbered items that appear in the following list of standard problem determination actions to be taken by the user.

1. Save the console sheet from the z/OS console.
2. Save the input associated with the job.
3. Save the SYSOUT (system output) associated with the job.
4. Save the storage memory dump at time of failure of the IMS control region, and save the memory dump of all associated message regions. (If SYS1.DUMP is used, print, and save it.)
5. Save the IMS log printout.
6. Save the IMS master terminal printout.
7. Save the local or remote terminal printout.
8. Save the JCL listings.
9. Save the ACB generation output.
10. Save the IMSGEN listing.
11. Save the SYSABEND memory dump. (If SYS1.DUMP is used, print, and save it.)
12. Save the assembly listing of any user-modified IMS modules.
13. Save the bind map.
14. Save the LOG trace.
15. Save the IMS log printout starting with the records that were written just before abnormal termination.
16. Save the output listing from the MFS Language Utility execution.
17. Collect the following problem-related data:
 - a. System memory dump if running batch.
 - b. If running online, print log records type X'67', sub-record type X'FF' (Pseudoabend). Use the File Select and Formatting Print program to print these records. The OPTION PRINT control statement must specify EXITR=DFSERA30.
 - c. Run the DL/I test program (DFSDDLTO) with SNAP statements before and after the failing call.
 - d. Save the PSB and DBD listings or statements, or both, related to the failure.
 - e. Create a memory dump of log records type X'67', sub-record type X'FE' (program isolation trace). Use the File Select and Formatting print program to print the records. Program isolation trace must be enabled when the log is created. The OPTION PRINT control statement must specify EXITR=DFSERA40.
 - f. If online, a snap from the log of the online region.
 - g. A history of the database backout, recovery, and reorganization activity.
18. Save the assembly listing for the associated DBDs.
19. Save the assembly listing for the associated PSBs.
20. Save a listing of the VSAM catalog entries for the associated data sets at the time of failure.
21. Reserved for future use

22. Reserved for future use
 23. Contact IBM for hardware support.
 24. Create a memory dump of the 3270 diagnostic error log records off the IMS log: Record type X'67': sub-record type X'03'.
 25. Submit a copy of the IMS log.
 26. Determine the CCB involved from the SPACCB field of the scratch pad area or from the CTBCCBPT field. Determine the associated (a) source and output CNT, and (b) the line and PTERM (CTB).
Determine from log records 01, 02, 03, 07, 08, 11, 12 and 13 the status of the conversation:
 - a. The message was ready, but the application was not scheduled. A 01 destination is a conversational SMB.
 - b. The application was scheduled and a 08 record was produced.
 - c. The application inserted a segment to a conversational terminal. If the destination of the message is CNT, 03 and 13 records are produced.
 - d. The application inserted a segment to a conversational program. SPA is the first segment of a message in the 03 records.
 - e. The application finished normally or terminated abnormally. The 07 record contains the completion code of a conversational application. The DLRFLAG2 area (the last word of the 07 log record) contains synchronization point information.
 - f. A 12 record indicates that the conversation was terminated.
 - g. Determine if 02 records, produced for the following commands, affected the terminal in conversation: **/EX1**, **/HOLD**, **/REL**, or **/START LINE** (no PTERM).
 - h. Does restarting IMS affect the conversation? For details, see the input to and output logs from restart.
 27. Save the z/OS hardcopy message log output.
 28. Determine the status of z/OS and IRLM operating in the other system with which this system is connected during normal operations.
 29. Save the IRLM address space dump generated at the time of the failure.
 30. Save the memory dump of any IMS online or batch address space that failed near the time of the IRLM failure. Follow IMS problem determination procedures relative to the IMS memory dump. The IMS failure might be related to the IRLM failure.
 31. Save a listing of the IRLM start procedure JCL.
 32. Save a listing of the IMSGEN performed to install the IRLM.
 33. Save listings of the VTAM® definitions performed to install the IRLM.
 34. Save the GTF trace output, if any is available showing activity at the time of the failure.
 35. Refer to the following manuals for further assistance to resolve your problem:
 - *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 1: DFSMessages*
 - *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 2: Non-DFS Messages*
 - *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 3: IMSAbend Codes*
 - *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 4: IMSComponent Codes*
 - *IMS Version 15.5 Diagnosis*
- Check all input for accuracy and analyze any memory dumps.
- If you are still unable to solve your problem, contact IBM Software Support for further assistance.
36. If you are unable to solve the problem, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.
 37. Submit a copy of the type X'02' log records.
 38. Save the CCTL SNAP or SDUMP data set.
 39. Save a listing of the DBRC RECON.

40. Take an SVC memory dump and contact IBM Software Support for further assistance.

Chapter 2. DFS messages

The DFS messages are issued by IMS to indicate when some event or series of events have occurred in the running of the program.

DFS messages have the form **DFSnnnnZ**. The *nnnn* are 3 or 4-digit numbers; the letter *Z* represents a suffix code. The messages are sorted according to the numeric value of *nnnn*.

Keycall messages bound for the system console have the suffix **I** appended to the message.

Some messages have an IMS system ID appended to identify the IMS system receiving the message when multiple IMS systems are being run.

When **TIMESTAMP** is specified in the **COMM** or **IMSGEN** macro, the time is inserted between the message number and the text for each of the following messages. The time is not inserted in a **DBCTL** environment.

- DFS001 through DFS056
- DFS058 through DFS091
- DFS093 through DFS193
- DFS195 through DFS300
- DFS574 through DFS577
- DFS968
- DFS999
- DFS2000 through DFS2010
- DFS2013 through DFS2018
- DFS2020 through DFS2078
- DFS2100 through DFS2144
- DFS2151 through DFS2173
- DFS2231 through DFS2274
- DFS2290
- DFS2418
- DFS2460
- DFS2468
- DFS2476
- DFS2530 through DFS2538
- DFS2577
- DFS2610
- DFS2717
- DFS3101 through DFS3117
- DFS3200 through DFS3250
- DFS3411 through DFS3413
- DFS3420
- DFS3431
- DFS3438
- DFS3440 through DFS3442
- DFS3451 through DFS3454
- DFS3457

- DFS3460
- DFS3461
- DFS3470 through DFS3472
- DFS3656
- DFS3800

The following information is supplied with each message when applicable:

Explanation: States what the message means; why it appears; what caused it; what its variable entry fields are.

System action: States what is happening as a result of the condition causing the message; whether the system is waiting for responses. If this information is not shown, it does not apply.

Operator, System programmer, Programmer, or User response: If a response is necessary, states who performs the action, what the pertinent responses are, and their effect on the system or program. If this information is not shown, it does not apply.

Problem determination: If the problem recurs or persists so that system efficiency suffers, this section states what actions must be performed to obtain adequate data for trained hardware or programming support personnel to diagnose the problem. If this information is not shown, it does not apply.

Problem Determination refers to a list of problem determination actions that are specified in [Chapter 1, “IMS problem determination,” on page 1](#). These common action tables do not teach diagnostic techniques, but instruct the operator or programmer about what to do when problems recur. The problem determination actions aid you in identifying hardware or programming problems and provide essential programming information that qualified support personnel can use to diagnose and correct the difficulty.

Those messages that refer to function "ff" apply to one of the following utilities as denoted by the 2-character codes shown below:

Code	Meaning
PO	Prereorganization
CA	Change Accumulation
IM	Image copy
RV	Database Recovery
SU	HISAM Reorganization Unload
RU	Secondary Index Unload
SR	HISAM Reorganization Reload
RR	Secondary Index Reload
DU	HD Reorganization Unload
DR	HD Reorganization Reload
ZB	Database Zap
ZM	Module Zap
SN	Database Scan
PR	Prefix Resolution
PU	Prefix Update

Severity: The chart below applies to the MFS Language utility program severity codes. The severity code indicates the seriousness of the message.

Messages produced by the preprocessor phase of the MFS Language utility place the severity code to the right of each message number. Messages produced by the other phases do not include the severity code

in the message text. Consult the individual message descriptions for specific severity codes associated with each message.

Severity code	Meaning
----------------------	----------------

0	Message is an information message only.
----------	---

4	Severity code 4 is produced by warnings, minor errors, and assumed defaults that are probably valid. The creation of valid blocks is probable.
----------	--

8	This error is significant and it results in questionable defaults, or ignored specifications. The creation of invalid blocks is possible.
----------	---

12	Required operand is omitted or contradictory specifications have been supplied. Creation of invalid blocks is probable.
-----------	---

16	Language translation continues with limited function. Created blocks are invalid, or creation of blocks is suppressed.
-----------	--

20	Language translation cannot continue and is terminated immediately. Created blocks are invalid.
-----------	---

The highest severity code issued by the MFS Language Utility Program during a job step is returned as the completion code to the operating system.

Chapter 3. DFS messages, DFS000I - DFS050A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS000I *various*

Explanation

This message number is used for the following situations:

- An IMS message number prefixed to user messages sent to the system console through the IMS queues.
- A message ID for **/DISPLAY** responses.
- A message number for messages switched to the system console.
- Continuation lines on messages of more than one segment.
- Name of DBRC region to be included online.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module

DFSCINB0, DFSDNSC0, DFSFDR60

DFS001 **UNDETERMINED ERROR ON 3270.
LINE x PTERM y**

Explanation

An undetermined error was detected in module DFSDN130 (remote 3270), or in DFSDN140 (local 3270).

System action

The line has been stopped. A log record type X'67' sub-record X'01' has been written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas.

Operator response:

(master terminal) You can attempt to restart the line with a **/START LINE x PTERM ALL** command. If the failure occurs consistently, please print the log data set to determine the cause of the error.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 36

Module

DFSDN130, DFSDN140

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS002I **MONITOR WILL NOT BE
AVAILABLE-NOT SL TAPE**

Explanation

The data communication monitor tape must be a scratch tape with a standard label or standard user label.

System action

IMS continues processing without monitor logging.

Operator response:

If data communication monitor logging is required, IMS must be restarted.

Programmer response

If data communication monitor logging is needed, make sure that the IMSMON DD statement specifies a standard label or standard user label.

Module:

DFSXLGIO

DFS003I **xxx MODE COMPLETED.**

or

DUP MODE COMPLETED. nnnnnn ERRORS.

Explanation

Either form of this message can be issued, and both indicate that the Log Recovery utility successfully completed the DUP, REP or CLS function. *nnnnn* specifies the number of error records written on the interim log data set during the DUP processing. *xxx* represents the CLS or REP mode.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates normally.

Programmer response

For CLS mode and REP mode, no response is required.

For DUP mode, if *nnnnn*=0, the output log is error free and can be used as the online log data set (OLDS). If *nnnnn*=1 and you specified *ERRC*=00000, an error occurred on the input log and the output log was truncated at the point of error. Check the input log at the error point to determine if the output log was truncated at the correct point. Otherwise, use the Log Recovery utility in REP mode to produce an error free OLDS.

Module

DFSULG10

DFS0005A	REPLY "Y" IF THIS IS A REMOTE DRRS SITE
-----------------	--

Explanation

During shared virtual storage option (VSO) area open processing, the IMS-managed dual structure support detected the DEALLOCATE PENDING CONNECTIVITY LOST status for the structure. If you are employing a DASD mirroring solution for disaster recovery with CFRM policies identical at both the disaster recovery remote sites (DRRS) and the production site, answering **Y** identifies this system as an IMS at a disaster recovery site. It bypasses the error status. Be sure to include both the production site and disaster recovery site CF in the preference list for the SVSO structures.

System action

If you indicate that this system is a remote disaster recovery site, IMS proceeds with the area open processing by creating and connecting to a new structure.

If you indicate that this system is not a remote disaster recovery site, the area open processing is terminated with message DFS3702I with reason code 41.

System programmer response:

Reply Y or y if this IMS is at the remote disaster recovery site. Any other reply indicates this IMS is not at disaster recovery site.

Module:

DBFVXAS0

DFS0006E	REQUESTED VERSION <i>req_v_nmbr</i> AND CURRENT VERSION
-----------------	--

***cur_v_nmbr* OF DEDB *dedbname* ARE INCOMPATIBLE**

Explanation

An application program attempted to access a version of a Fast Path data entry database (DEDB) other than the current version, but IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to access non-current versions of the database, because the current version of the database contains a change in the database definition (DBD) that is not supported by database versioning.

Application programs cannot access any prior version of the database, unless the application programs are changed or the unsupported change is removed from the database.

In the message text:

cur_v_nmbr

The version number of the current version of the DEDB database that is identified in the message text. The current version is the version of the database that contains the actual physical structure of the database as it is stored on DASD. The current version of the database contains a structural change that is incompatible with the prior version of the database.

req_v_nmbr

The version number of the requested version of the DEDB database that is identified in the message text. An application program attempted to access the requested version; however, IMS cannot return data in the format defined by the requested version of the database, because the current version contains an incompatible structural change.

Possible cause: The incompatible changes are indicated in one or more DFS0123E messages that IMS issues to the console before this message.

System action:

Access to the database fails and the application program receives a status code.

System programmer response

Note the return codes in all DFS0123E messages. Look up the meanings of the return codes in the DFS0123E documentation.

Module:

DBFVER10

Related concepts

[Database modifications supported by database versioning \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related information

“DFS0123E” on page 55

DBD CHANGE UNSUPPORTED BY VERSIONING:
DB=dedbname RSN=rc SEG segmname variable
text

DFS0007I **/STA MADSIO COMMAND
IGNORED. MADSIOT ALREADY
ACTIVE.**

Explanation

The MADSIOT function was already active when the **/START MADSIO** command was issued. Issue the **/START MADSIO** command to resume MADSIOT function if it is stopped.

System action

The **/START MADSIO** command was not processed.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module

DBFCST00

DFS0008I **/STO MADSIO COMMAND
IGNORED. MADSIOT IS NOT
ACTIVE.**

Explanation

The MADSIOT function was not active when the **/STOP MADSIO** command was issued.

System action

The **/STOP MADSIO** command was not processed.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module

DBFCST00

DFS009 **timestamp COMMAND NOT
AUTHORIZED AS ENTERED FROM
OM API**

Explanation

The command that was entered is not authorized from the entering OM API. The command authorization was specified on the CMDSEC= parameter of the CSL

PROCLIB member DFSCGxxx (RACF® or equivalent, DFSCCMDO, or both), but it does not authorize the user ID of the OM API to issue the command.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Reenter the command from an OM API with an authorized USERID, or update the authorization information for the current USERID and reenter the command from the OM API.

Module

DFS0CM30

DFS0011W **AREA=areaname DD=ddname
ALLOCATION FAILED**

Explanation

The named DD could not be allocated by the **/START AREA** command. The named DD is not specified by a DD statement nor is it specified in the ALLOCATE/DEALLOCATE parameter list.

System action

Processing continues without the named DD allocation.

Programmer response

Correct the DD in the ALLOCATE/DEALLOCATE parameter list, and reenter the **/START AREA** command or issue the **UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** command.

Module

DBFARDA0

DFS0012I **SPOOL DATASET UNALLOCATION
ERROR - aaaaaaaa,bbbb,
ccccccc,dddd,eeee,ff,gggg,hhhh,ii.
.ii**

Explanation

An error occurred during deallocation of an IAFP JES SPOOL data set.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

Job name of the IMS-dependent region for which the deallocation failed.

bbbb

Job number corresponding to job **aaaaaaaa**

ccccccc

The ddname of SPOOL data set.

dddd

Dependent region number.

eeee

Return code from SPOOL data set deallocation processing.

ff

Deallocation request type. Possible values are as follows:

80

No special request

40

Remove from hold status

20

Send to remote destination

08

Delete data set

gggg

Dynamic deallocate error code.

hhhh

Dynamic deallocate error information.

ii..ii

data set name for 44 bytes.

This message is returned only if the application program requested "Messages" for the data set in the IAFP= options parameter.

During IMS sync point or Terminate Thread processing, the referenced print data set was not deallocated. The print data set remains allocated to the dependent region until the dependent region terminates. The dependent region must be terminated as soon as practical so MVS can deallocate the data set. The MVS operator might need to control the proper disposition of the print data set. See message DFS0013E for detailed information about the deallocation error. Additional information about the error is also available on the IMS system log, log record type 67D0.

System action

Processing continues uninterrupted.

Programmer response

Review the *ff* section of this message. If *ff*=8, the deallocation failure occurred while attempting to delete the data set. Delete the data set as soon as the dependent region terminates. If *ff* contains any other value, print the data set after the dependent region terminates.

Problem determination

See the *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* (SA22-7608) for error and information codes.

Module:

DFSIAFP0

Related reference

[z/OS: Deallocating resources](#)

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

Related information

"DFS0013E" on page 12

IAFP SPOOL PROC. ERR. LTERM=ccccccc,
REGION=xxxx, OPERATION=xxx, R.C.=xxxx,
REASON CODE=xxxx

DFS0013E

IAFP SPOOL PROC. ERR.
LTERM=ccccccc, REGION=xxxx,
OPERATION=xxx, R.C.=xxxx,
REASON CODE=xxxx

Explanation

An IMS or z/OS system error occurred in the processing of an IAFP JES SPOOL data set. The operation, return code, reason code, and the LTERM name specified by the application as the "Dest Name" is displayed. REGION is the IMS-dependent region number in which the error occurred. The operations are as follows:

DYN

The JES SPOOL data set was not dynamically allocated.

MEM

Memory was obtained for IAFP processing. This is a critical system error. Consult the system programmer for return code meaning.

OPN

The JES SPOOL data set was not opened.

OUT

The OUTPUT descriptor for the JES SPOOL data set dynamically allocated was not created (SVC 109 failure).

UNA

The JES SPOOL data set was not dynamically deallocated.

WRT

The JES SPOOL data set was not written to.

For a BSAM WRT operation, if the value of *LLZZ* is not 4 bytes larger than the value of *llzz*, a write error occurs and this message is issued by the IMS Spool API interface. The status code for the ISRT call is AX.

System action

Processing continues uninterrupted.

Programmer response

IMS has detected an error in either an IMS or z/OS systems service. See the message text for an indication of the IMS or z/OS service being used. Additional information about the error is also available on the IMS system log, log record type 67D0.

Problem determination

See the *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* (SA22-7608) for return and reason codes.

Module:
DFSIAFP0

Related reference

[z/OS: Deallocating resources](#)

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS0014I	JES SPOOL D.S. REQUIRES cccccccc,JOBNAME=cccccccc, JOB#=aaaa,DDNAME=cccccccc, DATASET=aa..aa
-----------------	---

Explanation

An application program requested messages for the data set in the IAFP= options parameter. During IMS restart, the status of an IAFP JES SPOOL data set was in doubt when the previous IMS terminated. To ensure message integrity, the z/OS operator must process this data set as indicated. It is possible that the indicated data set cannot be found.

This message might not represent a problem and is applicable only if the IMS application requested print disposition messages for the data set.

System action

Processing continues uninterrupted.

Operator response

Perform one of the following actions:

DELETION

Delete the indicated JES SPOOL data set.

PRINTING

Deallocate the indicated JES SPOOL data set for processing by the JES SPOOL driver (for example, PSF).

Module:

DFSIAFP0

DFS0015I	mmmm nn FAILED TO GET CONTROL BLOCK cccc
-----------------	---

Explanation

DBFCDRC0 was unable to obtain WORK storage. In the message text:

mmmm

Short name of module.

nn

Position in the module where the message is issued.

cccc

The control block name.

The short name is DRC0. The module name is DBFCDRC0. The function is to process **/DISPLAY RTCODE** command

System action

/DISPLAY RTCODE command aborted.

User response

No action is required.

Module

DBFCDRC0

DFS0017I	An invalid service call has been issued to FP command ITASK.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid call was issued.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module

DBFCST00

DFS0019I	DBRC UNAUTH REQUEST FAILED FOR DBD=dbdname, AREA=areaname RC=xx
-----------------	--

Explanation

DBFARD30, DBFARD40, DBFMLCL0, DBFHDEP0, or DBFSTAP0 issued UNAUTH request to DBRC, but

DBRC returned a nonzero return code less or equal to 16.

System action

The unsuccessful return code is passed to the caller.

User response

For the meaning of the return code, see the "Return codes from Unauthorization call" topic. Contact the IBM Software Support if additional help is needed.

Module:

DBFARD30, DBFARD40, DBFMLCLO, DBFHDEPO, DBFSTAPO

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[Return codes from Unauthorization call \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS0020I DMAC HAS BAD POINTER
 TO DMCB, /DIS STATUS DB
 COMMAND REJECTED**

or

**NO DDIR WAS FOUND, /DIS STATUS DB COMMAND
REJECTED**

or

**NO DMCB WAS FOUND NO FP DB IS
AVAILABLE, /DIS STATUS DB COMMAND REJECTED**

or

**DMCB HAS BAD POINTER TO DDIR, /DIS STATUS DB
COMMAND REJECTED**

Explanation

Inconsistency in control block was found during **/DIS STATUS DB** command processing.

System action

Non-zero return code is set for the caller. **/DIS STATUS DB** command is terminated.

User response

Gather information about the database and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DBFCDARO

**DFS022I DYNAMIC BACKOUT WAS|NOT
 SUCCESSFUL FOR jobname**

Explanation

This batch job's log resides on DASD, and the execution parameter BKO=Y (dynamic backout) was specified. The job pseudoabended, and IMS invoked dynamic backout. This message will indicate whether or not the backout was successful.

System action

The batch job is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

If the dynamic backout was unsuccessful, the Batch Backout utility can be used to attempt the backout.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 36

Module

DFSDLA00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0023I COMMAND REJECTED. MADSIOT
 KEYWORD NOT FOUND IN
 DFSVSMxx.**

Explanation

The **/START MADSIOT** or **/STOP MADSIOT** command was issued, but the MADS I/O Timing function was not enabled in this IMS.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

To enable the MADS I/O Timing function, specify the keyword MADSIOT in the DFSVSMxx PROCLIB member by using the format:

MADSIOT=(StructureName,IOTime)

Where:

- *StructureName* is 16 characters.
- *IOTime* is a 3-digit value (0-255) that specifies the time span in which the Media Manager returns the status of the IO request.

The MADSIOT function will be enabled after IMS recycles.

Module:
DBFCST00

DFS024 INVALID PASSWORD FORMAT

Explanation

The password format of the last input was invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The opening parenthesis or the bypass character is the last character of the input data.
- The password is longer than eight characters.
- There is no closing parenthesis or bypass character.

System action

IMS ignores the entered data.

Operator response:
Reenter the data with the correct password format.

Module:
DFSICIOO

**DFS025 UNABLE TO FIND INPUTTING
 TERMINAL. LINE STOPPED. LINE x
 PTERM y**

Explanation

Input was received on the indicated line, and the originating terminal could not be determined.

System action

The line has been stopped. A log record type X'67', sub-record X'01' was written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance. Determine the cause of the failure (possible hardware malfunction, or terminal not defined to IMS). The line can be restarted with the **/START LINE** command.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the failure.

Problem determination

5, 6, 14, 36

Module

DFSDN030

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS026 UNABLE TO FIND INPUTTING
 TERMINAL. LINE DEACTIVATED.
 LINE x PTERM y**

Explanation

Input was received on the indicated line, and the originating terminal or control unit could not be determined.

System action

The line was deactivated. A log record type X'67', subrecord X'01' was written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer. The line cannot be reactivated until the IMS system has been shut down and restarted.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of failure.

Problem determination

14, 36

Module

DFSFTRM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS027 I/O ROUTINE ERROR

Explanation

The device module has failed to interface correctly with the communications analyzer. This was caused by a device-dependent module logic error.

System action

The line has been shut down. A log record type X'67', subrecord X'01' was written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer. The line cannot be reactivated until the IMS control region has been shut down and reactivated.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of failure.

Problem determination

14, 36

Module

DFSICIOO

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS028	INVALID ATTENTION INPUT DETECTED
---------------	---

Explanation

Input that required action was received, but the DFSCFEPO (MFS Paging Processor) did not recognize it.

System action

Input is ignored, and the terminal is made inoperable.

Programmer response

If the terminal is programmable, check the logic—how is attention sent to the host? If the terminal is not programmable, there is a probable hardware error. If the problem recurs, take a DC trace or a GTF trace.

Module

DFSCFEPO

DFS029	DDM LOGIC ERROR DETECTED
---------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

An invalid request was returned to the MFS output control module (DFSCFE00) from a device-dependent module. The device-dependent module requested the data after the EOM or EOD occurred.

System action

The terminal is made inoperable.

Programmer response

Check for any discrepancy between the actual terminal and its definition in IMS. If the terminal is programmable, also check for logic errors in the output.

Module

DFSCFE00

DFS030I	DBRC VERUOR REQUEST FAILED, RC=yy
----------------	--

or

DBRC REQUEST FAILED, REASON=xx, RC=yy

or

DBRC SIGNOFF REQUEST FAILED xx, RC=yy

or

DBRC SAVUOR REQUEST FAILED, RC=yy

or

DBRC UPDUOR REQUEST FAILED, RC=yy

Explanation

The first form of the message is issued by modules DFSDBAU0, DFSDDUI0, DFSDLOC0, and DBFPIC0. The second form of the message is issued by module DFSPCCC0. The SAVUOR, UPDUOR and VERUOR versions of the message are issued by either DFSRBOI0, DFSDBDR0 or DFSST500.

The particular DBRC request with or without the reason code xx failed with a return code of yy.

To determine the cause of the failure indicated by the return code yy, see the DBRC request return codes information in *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 4: IMSComponent Codes*.

The following reason codes indicate the xx value.

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

01	A synchronization process or emergency restart backout process attempted to notify DBRC of a database backout failure. DBRC indicated that the database was not registered. If the database is not registered, neither process notifies DBRC, and the condition does not occur.
----	---

02	A synchronization process or an emergency restart backout process attempted to notify DBRC of a database backout failure. DBRC indicated that the subsystem was not authorized to use the database. Because no changes to the database could have been made unless it was authorized, this condition should not have occurred.
----	--

03	A database authorization call was made to DBRC. A return code X'0C', which indicated that the subsystem was not signed on to DBRC, was received upon return. This condition should not have occurred unless there was an error in the IMS subsystem initialization or in the DBRC.
----	--

05	A sign-off call was made to DBRC while IMS was terminating. The return code indicated that either there was no subsystem entry found, that an internal error was encountered during the unauthorization process, that the subsystem entry was found but terminated abnormally, or that the recovery processing had been started.
----	--

06	DBRC was called to unauthorize a database during DL/I close processing. The return code set by DBRC indicated that the database was not registered in the RECON data set. Because the unauthorization call is only issued if the database is registered to DBRC, an internal error has occurred.
----	--

07	DBRC was called to unauthorize a database during DL/I close processing. The return code set by DBRC indicated that the subsystem was not registered in the RECON data set. Because the subsystem was registered when authorization for
----	--

the database was obtained, an internal error has occurred.

08	DBRC was called to unauthorize the database during DL/I close processing. The return code from DBRC indicated that the subsystem did not have authorization for the database. Because authorization for the database was obtained before the database was opened, this condition should not occur.
----	--

Abend 3275 is issued if DBRC returns this code and the system is not being emergency restarted. During emergency restart, this condition might exist if the **/DBRECOVERY** command is run for the HALDB master before the **/ERESTART** command is run.

09	DBRC was called to unauthorize a database during DL/I close processing. The return code set by DBRC indicated that an internal DBRC error occurred during or subsequent to the authorization process, or that the unauthorization process was unable to produce a new authorization state for the database. See the message issued by DBRC before the abend for further explanation.
----	--

0A	The database open call to DBRC was issued during DL/I open processing. The return code from DBRC indicated that the database being processed was not registered to DBRC. This situation might not occur, because DBRC is not called during open processing unless authorization for the database was previously obtained from DBRC.
----	---

0B	The return code set by DBRC when the database open call was processed indicated that the subsystem was not registered to DBRC. This situation should not occur, because DBRC is called during DL/I open processing only if the subsystem previously obtained authorization for the database, at which time it must be registered to DBRC.
----	---

0C	The database open call to DBRC was issued during DL/I open processing. The return code from DBRC indicated that the subsystem did not have authorization for the database. This situation should not occur because the open call to DBRC is issued only if authorization was obtained for the database before DL/I open processing was started.
----	---

0D	The database open call to DBRC was issued during DL/I open processing. The return code from DBRC indicated that an internal DBRC error was detected.
----	--

0E

The DBRC call to reverify the data sets failed.

0F

DBRC received an end HSSP Image Copy call during image copy termination. The DBRC return code indicates that the image copy record specified was not found. The begin HSSP Image Copy call should create that image copy record.

10

DBRC received an end HSSP Image Copy call during image copy termination. The DBRC return code indicates that the database/area was not registered in the RECON data set. HSSP Image Copy can only process a registered database/area.

20

DBRC received an end HSSP Image Copy call during image copy termination. The DBRC return code indicates that the end HSSP Image Copy call was already made for this image copy processing. Abend 3275 is issued if DBRC returns this code and the system is not being emergency restarted.

30

DBRC received an end HSSP Image Copy call during Image Copy termination. The DBRC return code indicates that an internal DBRC error occurred.

40

DBRC received an end HSSP Image Copy call during image copy termination. The DBRC return code indicates that an invalid parameter was found.

53

DBRC was called to create a REORG record for the database. The return code from DBRC indicates there was a problem processing the request. For additional information about return codes from the RELOAD Utility, and to determine the cause of the failure, see the DBRC request return codes information in *IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 4: IMSComponent Codes*.

54

DBRC was called to create a REORG record for the database. The return code, X'04', indicated that the database was not registered.

55

DBRC was called to create a REORG record for the database. The return code, X'08', indicated there was an I/O error reading the RECON data set or a DD statement was not included for a data set being reorganized.

56

An invalid partition reorganization number was passed on the notify reorganization call to DBRC.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3275.

Programmer response

Check the return code and take appropriate action.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSDDUI0, DFSDLOC0, DFSPCCC0, DBFPICT0

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS031I

**IRLM QUIT REQUEST FAILED,
RC=xx-yy**

Explanation

During normal termination of IMS, the quit request to the IRLM failed. The return code xx and reason code yy indicate the error condition. To determine the cause of the failure, see IRLM request return and reason code information for the QUIT request codes.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

Programmer response

Check the cause of the problem and, if necessary, restart IMS with **/ERE**.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 36

Module:

DFSPCCC0

Related reference

[IRLM request return and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS032I DUPLICATE ENTRY ON IDENTIFY REQUEST, RESTART ABORTED

Explanation

An identify request was issued to the IRLM and the return code received indicated that an entry existed by that name.

System action

Restart is terminated.

Operator response

If no backout is required, enter **/ERE COLDSYS** to restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRST00

DFS033I DUPLICATE ENTRY ON SIGNON REQUEST, RESTART ABORTED

Explanation

A sign-on request was issued to DBRC and the return code received indicated that an entry already existed in the RECON data set for the IMS system.

System action

Restart is aborted.

Operator response

If an XRF alternate system is being started, enter the **/ERE BACKUP** command; otherwise, enter **/ERE OVERRIDE**.

Module
DFSRST00

DFS034I DATA BASE AUTHORIZATION AND LOCKS RELEASED

Explanation

An emergency COLDSYS start, using **/ERE COLDSYS** command, was specified, and the database and global locks authorized from the previous run of IMS were released.

System action

IMS continues with the execution.

Programmer response

Ensure that offline recovery or batch, or both, backout is performed.

Module:
DFSRST00

DFS035I TYPE INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

Explanation

This message indicates that the initialization process is complete. After the issuance of this message, the process links to the application program.

When BATCH is displayed in the *TYPE* field, the initialization process is complete for a DL/I batch environment. When TMBATCH is displayed in the *TYPE* field, the initialization process is complete for a TM batch environment.

System action

Execution continues.

Module:
DFSPCC30

DFS036A BATCH BACKOUT /NOT REQUIRED/IS REQUIRED/ FOR jobname

Explanation

This message indicates whether a batch backout is required after a batch job was terminated abnormally and updates were committed. If batch backout is not required, the application program made all updates before the last checkpoint or the dynamic backout in batch (BKO=Y) ran successfully. If batch backout is required, the application program made updates after the last checkpoint.

System action

The batch job terminated.

Programmer response

If a batch backout is not required, you must either restart the program from the last checkpoint or from an earlier checkpoint. The option of restarting a job from an earlier checkpoint is not available in a data-sharing environment.

- To restart the program from the last checkpoint, use the XRST call.
- To restart the program from an earlier checkpoint, do one of the following:
 - Run the Batch Backout utility to the first checkpoint that occurred before the program made any updates. Then rerun the program.
 - Run the Batch Backout utility to a checkpoint that occurred after the program made some updates. Then use the XRST call to restart the program at the checkpoint used in the batch backout job.

If a batch backout is required, you must either restart the program from the last checkpoint or from an earlier checkpoint. The option of restarting a job from an earlier checkpoint is not available in a data-sharing environment.

- To restart the program from the last checkpoint, run the Batch Backout utility. Then use the XRST call to restart the program.
- To restart the program from an earlier checkpoint than the last one, do one of the following:
 - Run the Batch Backout utility to the first checkpoint that occurred before the program made any updates. Then rerun the program.
 - Run the Batch Backout utility to a checkpoint that occurred after the program made some updates. Then use the XRST call to restart the program at the checkpoint used in the batch backout job.

Module:
DFSPCCC0, DFSFLST0

DFS036I	BATCH BACKOUT /NOT REQUIRED/IS REQUIRED/ FOR jobname
----------------	---

Explanation

This message indicates whether batch backout is required for a batch job that is terminating abnormally. If batch backout is not required, the application program terminated abnormally for one of the following reasons:

- No database updates were made
- The job has no log
- The dynamic backout in batch ran successfully.

If batch backout is required, the application program makes database updates, but no CHKPT checkpoint call is made. Message DFS681I is not issued.

Batch backout can also be required for a job where there have been no updates but where GET TYPE calls resulted in extended pointer set corrections.

System action

The batch job terminated.

Programmer response

If a batch backout is required, run the Batch Backout utility. Rerunning the backout from the beginning or using XRST is your or your application's option; there are no IMS integrity issues after backout is done successfully.

Module:
DFSPCCC0, DFSFLST0

Related information
[“DFS681I” on page 228](#)
 CHKPT xxx PSB *psbname* JOB *jobname* ID
 userckptid yyy zzzzzz [X'nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn']

DFS037I	IRLM SPECIFIED, DBRC NOT ACTIVE
----------------	--

Explanation

For this execution of IMS, IRLM=Y was specified but DBRC was not specified in the IMSGEN. It might have been overridden in the JCL EXEC statement.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with IRLM abend 0037.

Programmer response

Ensure that DBRC was specified in the IMSGEN or that DBRC=N was not specified in the EXEC job control statement parameter list.

Problem determination:
8, 10

Module:
DFSXLIC0, DFSRST00

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
 IMS messages and codes problem
 determination is accomplished by using
 procedures established by IBM.

DFS038I	PURGE REQUEST FAILURE, UNABLE TO RELEASE LOCKS
----------------	---

Explanation

A purge command to release all locks held by this subsystem from the previous execution failed. Upon completion of an emergency restart or batch backout execution, a purge command is issued to the IRLM to release all locks. The attempt to release the locks

resulted in a bad return code. Register 15 contains the return code. To determine the cause of the failure, see the PURGE request codes in IRLM request return and reason code information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0038.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IRLM is active.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSPCCCO, DFSRST00

Related reference

[IRLM request return and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS039I	IMS WAITING FOR IRLM ARM READY.
----------------	--

or

IRLM IDENTIFY REQUEST FAILED, RC=xx-yy

Explanation:

This message accompanies DFS039A. See the information for that message for a detailed explanation and actions. For the return code xx-yy, see [IRLM return and reason codes](#).

Related information

DFS039A
imsid ACTIVE, REPLY RETRY, CANCEL, OR DUMP.

DFS039A	<i>imsid</i> ACTIVE, REPLY RETRY, CANCEL, OR DUMP.
----------------	---

or

xxxx NOT ACTIVE. REPLY RETRY, CANCEL, OR DUMP.

Explanation

Message DFS039I is followed by this message.

Message DFS039I is first issued when an IDENTIFY request to the IRLM fails. Return code xx and reason code yy indicate an error condition. Return code 00 or 04 are returned if IRLM is holding subsystem information for a DL/I batch job. Use the **F IRLMPROC, STATUS** command to display information. Run batch backout for the DL/I batch job that encountered RC=00 or RC=04.

To determine the cause of the failure for message DFS039I, see the IDENTIFY request explanation in the IRLM request return and reason code information. This message is followed by a second DFS039I or a DFS039A message.

The second version of DFS039I might be issued if IMS and IRLM are enabled for the z/OS automatic restart manager. The message indicates IMS restart is WAITING for IRLM to send READY to the automatic restart manager.

The DFS039A message is a WTOR. The first form of the message is issued if the xx-yy fields indicate the file IRLM named in the xxxx field is not active. The second form of the message is issued if the IMS ID that is identified to IRLM is already active.

System action

If IMS is not registered with the automatic restart manager and the xx-yy fields indicate that IRLM is not active or that this IMS subsystem is already identified to IRLM, the WTOR form of the message is issued. Other error return and reason codes causes IMS to abend with 0039.

If IMS is in the process of being restarted by the automatic restart manager and the xx-yy fields indicate that IRLM is not active or that this IMS subsystem is already identified to IRLM, IMS determines if IRLM was registered to the automatic restart manager in the previous IMS run. In the case when IRLM was previously registered with the automatic restart manager, IMS issues the second form of the DFS039I and WAIT until the automatic restart manager is aware that IRLM is ready for work. Other error return and reason codes cause IMS to end abnormally with abend 0039.

Operator response

Operator action is required for the WTOR form of the message.

If the IRLM named in the xxxx field is not active, ensure the xxxx name is correct. If xxxx is not the correct name, the operator can reply ABEND to the

WTOR and then start IMS again specifying the correct IRLMNM. If xxxx is correct, the operator can wait until the IRLM is active and then reply RETRY to the WTOR.

If the IMS subsystem is already identified to the IRLM, the operator should investigate the status of the subsystem currently identified to IRLM. There are at least two situations where a delay in identifying to IRLM might be needed. First, the submission of two or more IMS Batch jobs with accidentally the same job name could happen. Waiting for the first batch job to finish and then replying RETRY would allow the second job to then proceed. If the same job is accidentally submitted twice, the job will probably only run once and the installation might want the operator to terminate the second job by replying CANCEL.

Second, some failures for which a CICS® XRF alternate takes over can result in the identify return code indicating the subsystem is already active. IRLM corrective action to force IRLM into an in-doubt state and then a failure state can be called before replying RETRY in this case.

The WTOR replies and their meaning follow.

RETRY

This causes IMS to retry the IRLM IDENTIFY. If the situation has not been corrected, the DFS039I and DFS039A messages occur again.

CANCEL

This causes IMS subsystem initialization to terminate with abend 0039 without a memory dump. If the IRLM was not active when the OS operator modified IMS with the **RECONNECT** command, responding **CANCEL** only terminates the IRLM reconnect processing; as a result, the OS operator receives message DFS625I with a 08 code.

DUMP

This problem causes the IMS subsystem to abend 0039 with a memory dump.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSRST00, DFSPCCCO

Related tasks

[IRLM return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS039I” on page 21](#)

[IMS WAITING FOR IRLM ARM READY.](#)

[0039 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS040I

UNABLE TO ACQUIRE COMMAND LOCK, DATA SHARING DISCONTINUED

Explanation

IMS attempted to acquire the command lock after linkage was established with the IRLM. The command lock is used for communication between sharing IMS subsystems and is required when data is shared.

System action

IMS continues without data sharing.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Ensure that communication has been reestablished between sharing IRLMs. If data sharing is required, shut down IMS and restart it.

Module:

DFSRST00, DFSPCCCO

DFS041I

DBRC SIGNON REQUEST RC=cc

Explanation

A sign-on request to DBRC completed with the return code cc specified. For the definition of the return code, see the DBRC request return codes information.

System action

If the return code indicates a severe error, IMS terminates with abend 0041; otherwise, execution continues.

Return codes 16 and 24 might cause IMS to terminate with abend 0041.

Return codes 8, 12, 20, 28, 32, and 41 cause IMS to terminate with abend 0041.

Programmer response

A sign-on failure can occur if the sign-on request specified a subsystem ID existing in the RECON data set. See the DBRC **CHANGE . SUBSYS** or **DELETE . SUBSYS** command for information about updating the subsystem record in RECON.

You can take the following actions depending on the return code cc. All other return codes indicate a possible system error; see DBRC request return codes information for any return codes not listed here.

8,12,16,20

This problem occurs during a cold or warm start of an online system or during initialization of a batch system. The code indicates that there is a conflict between the subcode system ID in this

system and DBRC. The subsystem ID is the IMSID for online systems or the job name for batch systems. Either change the subsystem ID for this system and resubmit the job, or list the subsystem entry already known to DBRC and determine why a duplicate exists.

24

This problem occurs during emergency restart or batch backout, for information only, and indicates that the previous execution failed without informing DBRC of the abnormal termination. No action is required.

28

This problem occurs during batch backout and indicates that DBRC is not aware of the subsystem entry for the log supplied to batch backout. Ensure that the proper log is used. If it is, then batch backout was not needed and no further action is required. This occurs during batch backout and indicates that DBRC is not aware of the subsystem entry. The batch backout probably does not have to be done, and no action is required.

32

This problem occurs during emergency restart or batch backout and indicates that a change has been made in the IRLM name. Rerun the job, specifying the same IRLM name as used in the original execution.

41

This problem occurs during sign-on to DBRC and indicates that a 24 K IMODULE GETMAIN request for subpool 0 storage failed. Register 8 in the abend registers contains the return code from the IMODULE GETMAIN failure. For more information, see the IMODULE return code information.

96

The subsystem attempting to sign on is an earlier release than is allowed. Check the MINIMUM VERSION value in the RECON data set.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSIRST00, DFSPCC00, DFSRCP00

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS042I

**BACKOUT REQUIRED, DBRC
SIGNON FAILED**

Explanation

After processing the input log, it was determined that a backout was required. The sign-on to DBRC indicated that an entry did not exist for this subsystem and that the previous execution of this subsystem indicated that DBRC was active during its execution. The same condition is required to be established when running an emergency restart.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally when a critical error occurs with abend 0042.

Programmer response

Ensure that DBRC is specified for this execution of IMS or that the same RECON data set is used.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSRLP00

Related information

[IMS abend 0042](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS043I

**DBRC SIGNON REQUEST FOR
RECOVERY END FAILED, RC=cc**

Explanation

After the emergency restart or batch backout process completes, a sign-on for "recovery end" is issued to notify DBRC that the recovery process had completed successfully. However, the request was not successful and the return code specifies the error detected by DBRC. For the definition of the return codes, see the DBRC request return codes information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0043.

Programmer response

Check the return code and take proper action.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Module:

DFSPCCC0, DFSRST00

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[0043 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS044I DBRC TURNED OFF FOR THIS EXECUTION

or

DBRC REQUIRED FOR THIS EXECUTION

Explanation

One of the following problems occurs when DBRC REQUIRED FOR or TURNED OFF displays:

- A utility program attempted to run against a HALDB without DBRC.
- *DBRC REQUIRED FOR THIS EXECUTION*
DBRC=FORCE was specified in the installation defaults module DFSIDEF0. DBRC=N was specified as an execution-time parameter for this step.

Database backout was running; DBRC was not active and was not overridden by an execution-time parameter of DBRC=N. The previous execution of IMS had used DBRC, and DBRC was not specified for this execution. The same condition used in the previous execution, namely utilization of DBRC, must be used in this condition for database backout unless DBRC is overridden by DBRC=N. If the IRLM was active during the previous execution, DBRC must always be active during this execution of database backout.
- *DBRC TURNED OFF FOR THIS EXECUTION*
Database backout is running. DBRC=N was specified for this execution, and DBRC was active in the previous execution. Processing continues normally without DBRC.

System action

When DBRC REQUIRED FOR THIS EXECUTION appears, the job terminates abnormally. When DBRC TURNED OFF THIS EXECUTION appears, processing

continues normally. DBRC is not used during this execution.

Programmer response

When DBRC REQUIRED FOR THIS EXECUTION appears, ensure that DBRC is present for this execution. For database backout, an execution-time parameter of DBRC=N can be specified if IRLM was not present in the previous execution.

When DBRC TURNED OFF FOR THIS EXECUTION occurs, processing continues without DBRC. Before reactivating DBRC, record the information about the OLDS data set (IMS log) created by this backout execution while DBRC was inactive in RECON using the DBRC commands **NOTIFY.PRILOG** and **NOTIFY.SECLOG**.

Problem determination:

2, 8

Module:

DBFUMINO, DFSRLP00, DFSBCKIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS045I IRLM REQUIRED FOR THIS EXECUTION

Explanation

A **/ERE** was entered for an emergency restart, or database backout was executing and the IRLM was not active. previous execution of IMS had utilized the IRLM, and for this execution the IRLM was not specified. It is required for an emergency restart and a database backout that the same condition used by the previous execution of IMS exists for this execution.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0045. A database backout terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IRLM is present for this execution or that the proper IRLM was specified. IRLM= or the IRLMNM= parameters should have the same specification.

Problem determination

2, 8

Module

DFSBCKI0, DFSRLP00, DFSRST00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS046A	PROCESSING INTENT <i>ppppppp</i> FOR DATA BASE <i>xxxxxxx</i> NOT COMPATIBLE WITH ACCESS <i>zz</i>. PSB=PSB <i>name</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

One of the DB-PCBs contained in the named PSB referenced the named database *xxxxxxx* which had an incompatible PROCESSING INTENT *ppppppp* with the ACCESS parameter *zz* defined in the database statement for the IMS online subsystem. The PROCESSING INTENT, READ-GO, READ, UPDATE, or EXCL is derived from the PROCOPT specifications in the PSBGEN. The PSB name only appears in the message text if the IMS is an online subsystem.

System action

A batch region (DL/I or DBB region) will terminate with abend 0046. Dependent regions continue processing, but the programs cannot access the database. An attempt to access the database will result in either a 'BA' status code, if the program has issued the INIT call, or in abend 3303, if the program has not issued the INIT call. If the database is a Fast Path DEDB, the PSB is stopped.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer of the message.

Programmer response

One of the following responses should be taken:

- Contact the master terminal operator to change the database ACCESS parameter to the level compatible with your PROCESSING INTENT.
- Change the PROCOPT operand specifications to the level compatible with the ACCESS parameter defined in the database statement for the IMS online subsystem. Rerun ACBGEN, and then the job.

Problem determination

6, 10, 29

Module

DBFDBPV0, DFSDBAU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS047A	UNABLE TO OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION FOR DATA BASE <i>xxxxxxx</i>. REASON CODE = <i>zz</i>. PSB= <i>psbname</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was unable to obtain database authorization for the database identified by *xxxxxxx*. The database appears in one of the DB PCBs contained in *psbname* during PSB scheduling. The PSB name only appears in the message text if the IMS is an online control region.

Code (hex)

Meaning

01

The requested state and the current authorization state (see RECON data set) are incompatible. The database is authorized by another active or abnormally terminated IMS subsystem, and its authorization state is incompatible with the current authorization request.

02

The database is not registered in the RECON data set.

03

The database is marked as prohibiting further authorization for one of the following reasons: a global **/DBRECOVERY**, a global **/STOP**, an **UPDATE DB STOP**, or a **CHANGE.DB(NOAUTH)** command.

04

The database is authorized only if the requested state is "READ" or "READ-GO" because of a global **/DBDUMP** or an **UPDATE DB STOP(UPDATES)** command.

05

The database is marked as needing an image copy.

06

The database is marked as needing recovery.

07

The database is marked as needing backout. In a data sharing environment, you can use a **LIST.DB** command to determine which subsystems require back outs for the named database.

- 08** For sharing within a host, the requesting subsystem is not within the authorized host.
- 09** One or more subsystems for which the database has been previously authorized are supposed to be active, but the subsystems are not known to IRLM. IRLM=N or another IRLM name might have been specified on the subsystem.
- 10** The database has been previously authorized to the subsystem.
- 11** An invalid parameter is found during the database usage compatibility evaluation process. Possibly, the database record in the RECON data set is bad.
- 12** The current authorization state in DBRC is invalid because of a not authorized error.
- 13** An error occurred in DBRC while trying to process an authorization request.
- 14** An error occurred in DBRC while trying to process a change authorization request.
- 15** The database is already authorized to an active IMS subsystem.
- 16** The area is not marked as needing recovery for the DEDB initialization utility.
- 18** The Fast Path area is currently being altered.
- 19** The data set name of the database data set passed to DBRC does not match the data set name in the RECON data set.
- 20** Database authorization failed because the database was not registered with DBRC. In addition, the DBRC RECON data sets were initialized with FORCER, which requires that all databases must be registered.
- This error might be the result of a mismatch of data set names in the RECON data set and in the dynamic allocation blocks (DFSMDA members).
- 22** The database is currently authorized to another subsystem.
- 31** The definition of the HALDB has changed. You must perform a partition structure rebuild before authorization can be granted for the partition.
- Issue a **/START DB** command with the OPEN keyword for the HALDB master to perform the rebuild
- 32** The HALDB needs to be initialized.
- 33** An attempt has been made to authorize the HALDB master. Authorization can only be requested at the partition level.
- 34** Partition Initialization is requesting authorization for a partition that does not need to be initialized.
- 35** The DB partition cannot be authorized until a high key is defined. A key is required because the HALDB master does not use a Partition Selection Routine.
- 36** Image copy not allowed during HALDB OLR processing.
- 37** Loading into an M-through-V DBDS of a partition database is not allowed.
- 38** Offline reorganization is not allowed when HALDB OLR is active and the HALDB OLR is owned by an IMS subsystem.
- 39** A HALDB partition database can be reorganized online. This release of IMS does not support running database utilities for OLRCAP databases.
- 40** Batch jobs are not allowed authorization when the REORG INTENT = ON is set for the database. The database is currently being reorganized. Online image copy also fails authorization.
- 41** The database is quiesced or in the process of being quiesced.
- 42** The database is not quiesce held and image copy attempting authorization.
- 43** The randomizer name that was passed is different from the randomizer name stored in the RECON.
- 45** The database is in the quiesce HOLDALL state. Both read and write activities are not allowed.
- 80** The partition name table DFSPNT is not initialized for the specified HALDB partition.

81

An error occurred attempting to load the master DMB for the specified HALDB partition.

82

An error occurred attempting to load a DMB of the altered version of a HALDB partition that is identified by DATA BASE = xxxxxxxx in the message text. Message DFS3547E, which is issued to the system console before message DFS047A, contains information about why the DMB could not be loaded.

83

IMS could not build the internal blocks that are required to access a HALDB partition that has a status of ALTER IN PROGRESS in the RECON data set, therefore authorization to the HALDB partition failed. The partition is identified by DATA BASE = xxxxxxxx in the message text. Message DFS1849E, which is issued to the system console before message DFS047A, identifies the reason that the internal blocks could not be built.

System action

A batch region (DL/I or DBB region) terminates with abend 0047. The database is stopped. Dependent regions continue processing, but programs cannot access the database. An attempt to access the database will result in either a BA status code, if the program has issued the **INIT** call, or in abend 3303, if the program has not issued the **INIT** call.

For reason codes 41 and 42, the authorization request is denied.

Programmer response

Reason codes 01 through 09 and 15 through 19, indicating a temporary authorization failure, can be corrected by one of the following actions:

- Wait for a currently authorized subsystem to terminate or enter a **/DBRecovery UPDATE DB STOP(ACCESS)** to unauthorize the database from the currently authorized subsystems. Batch backout or an emergency restart might be required for an abnormally terminated subsystem. (RC 01, 08 or 15)
- Verify that the correct log is input to the batch backout utility if DBRC=C is being used. (RC 01)
- Enter a **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)**, a **/DBDUMP** or **UPDATE DB START(UPDATES)**, or a **CHANGE.DB (auth)** command. (RC 03)
- Enter a **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** command. (RC 04)
- Run the appropriate IMS utility. (RC 05, 06 or 07)

- Run this IMS subsystem on the host where the database is currently authorized. (RC 08)
- Wait for the failed subsystems to complete the emergency restart or database backout. (RC 09)
- Use the DBRC command **CHANGE.SUBSYS** to indicate that an IMS subsystem is no longer active. (RC 15)
- Use the DBRC **CHANGE.DBDS** command to mark an area as needing recovery. (RC 16)
- Use the DBRC **INIT.DBDS** command to register a DBDS or DEDB area to DBRC. (RC 18, 19)
- Wait for the DEDB Alter utility to complete or use the DBRC **CHANGE.DB NOALTER** command to indicate the DEDB Alter utility is no longer active (RC 18). If the "QUIESCE" status is set in the RECON, use the **CHANGE.DBDS NODBQUI** command to reset the quiesce status.
- In ACBSHR=N environment, the DEDB Alter utility changed the randomizer while the IMS was down.
- Check the RECON data set to determine the correct authorization state.

Reason codes 10 through 14 indicate that a system error has occurred. If these problems persist, contact IBM for problem determination assistance.

For reason code 33, check the DBDLIB level of the databases to make sure that they match the RECON level.

For reason codes 41, 42, and 45 wait for the quiesce to end and rerun the job which failed authorization. The status of the database can be determined by issuing **/DISPLAY DB QSC**, **/DISPLAY STATUS DB**, or **Query DB**, or **LIST.DB DBD(dbname)**, and examining the output. If the image copy failed, wait for the quiesce to end or until the QUIESCE HELD flag is set on. You can set the QUIESCE HELD flag on by **UPD START(QUIESCE) OPTION(HOLD)** command processing when quiesce has occurred.

For reason code 82, see message DFS3547E, which is issued to the system console before message DFS047A.

For reason code 83, see message DFS1849E, which is issued to the system console before message DFS047A.

The incompatibility between the requested state and the current authorization state may be caused by the use of different Lock Managers (PI vs IRLM) when accessing the same database from different IMS subsystems. For more information, see [Data sharing software requirements \(Release Planning\)](#)Data sharing software requirements.

Problem determination

35

Module:
DFSDBAU0

Related information

“DFS1849E” on page 531
CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED BY ALTER OPTION:
RS=*rsnc* PST=*pstno* DBD=*dbdname* SEGMENT
segmname RSN=RSN | CHANGE NOT
SUPPORTED BY ALTER OPTION RS=*rsnc*
PST=*pstno* SEGMENT *segmname* FIELD
fld_name

“DFS3547E” on page 995
UNABLE TO LOAD ALTERED DEFINITIONS FOR
DATABASE *db_name*, RSN=*rsn*
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0048I	DBRC INITIALIZATION FAILED - RC = <i>nn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The initialization for DBRC failed for one of the following reasons:

Code (Dec)
Meaning

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| 4 | IMODULE GETMAIN for DFSRCWK failed. |
| 8 | IMODULE LOAD failed for one of the IMS/DBRC control modules. |
| 12 | Database Recovery Control initialization first pass (INIT-0) was not successful. |
| 16 | Database Recovery Control initialization second pass (INIT-1) was not successful. |
| 20 | Quick save get failed for one of the IMS DBRC control modules. |
| 24 | ITASK CREATE failed for one of the IMS DBRC control modules. |
| 28 | IMODULE LOAD for DFSRSMD0 failed. |
| 32 | DFSRSMD0 call failed. |

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0048.

Programmer response

See abend 0048.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12

Module

DFSXRIC0, DFSXRID0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS049I	UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE TO BUILD DATA BASE AUTHORIZATION REQUEST LIST. PSB <i>yyyyyyyy</i> STOPPED.
----------------	---

Explanation

A conditional GETMAIN was issued in an attempt to obtain a larger work storage area to build the database authorization request list. However, the GETMAIN failed. The reason for the failure is due either to the PSB *yyyyyyyy*, which contains too many database PCBs, or to the small REGION size specified in the JOB startup JCL.

System action

The named PSB is stopped. For an MPP, the input message is placed back into the message queue. For a BMP, IFP, DBB, or DLI region type, the region terminates abnormally with abend 0047.

While processing a command such as a **/START DB** command, no program specification block (PSB) exists and abend 0047 is not issued. If the failure occurs during a restart with in-doubt units of recovery, abend 0484 is issued.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer of the message.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- For an online subsystem, increase the size of the REGION parameter in the IMS control region startup

JCL. For a batch subsystem, increase the size of the REGION parameter in the JOB startup JCL.

- Change the PSB to contain a lesser number of database PCBs. Rerun ACBGEN and then the job.

Problem determination:

6, 10, 19

Module:

DFSDBAU0

Related information

[0047 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[0484 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS050A	SHARED ACCESS TO VSAM DATASET <i>ddname</i> NOT ALLOWED BY CATALOG
----------------	---

Explanation

DL/I open processing of the database containing the data set *ddname* detected that SHR (3,3) was not specified on the Access Method Services **DEFINE** command and that DISP=SHR was not specified on the DD statement for the data set. SHR(3,3) and DISP=SHR must be specified when these are true:

- SHARELVL=2 or 3 is specified for the database on the **INIT . DB** or **CHANGE . DB** command.
- ACCESS=RD or UP is specified for the database on the system definition DATA BASE macro statement or on the **/START** command.

For an XRF-capable IMS system, databases must be SHR(3,3). Message DFS0730I contains the database name.

This message can also be issued because there is no VSI for the VSAM data set in a data sharing environment.

Analysis

DFS050A is most commonly issued when one of the following statements is not true:

- The VSAM SHAREOPTIONS on the DEFINE CLUSTER is not specified as (3 3).
- The DISP is not SHR in the JCL or the DFSMDA block.

Possible cause: You must define VSAM database datasets with SHAREOPTIONS(3 3) and allocate them with DISP=SHR to use database sharing.

System action

Message DFS0730I reason code I , 33 is issued. See the "System action" section for message DFS0730I.

Programmer response

Correct the SHR options and disposition specified for the data set if shared access to the database is wanted. If not, the **CHANGE . DB** command can be used to change the SHARELVL specification for the database to 0 or 1. If ACCESS=RO or EX is specified for the database for IMS system definition, or on the **/START** command, the error will not occur.

Problem determination:

2, 6, 8, 10, 20

Module:

DFS0LOC0

Related information

[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)

UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z*
DATABASE *dbdname* *programid*

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 4. DFS messages, DFS051I - DFS100

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS051I **hh.mm.ss RESTART IN PROGRESS**
LINE xxxx aa,bbbb,cc,dd,ee,
ff,gg,hh,iii,jjjj

Explanation



Attention: IMS no longer supports BTAM terminals.

An I/O error occurred on a component of the remote 3270 network indicated by the line number. The remote 3270 device-dependent module generates a **/RSTART** command for the appropriate physical terminals in an attempt to restart the physical terminals affected by the I/O error. If the error persists, the device-dependent module attempts the **/RSTART** command a specified number of times and when the limit is reached, marks the appropriate components inoperable. A description of the error information contained in the message is as follows:

aa

This field contains the ECB completion code.

bbbb

The DECTYPE field indicates the type of failing operation.

cc

The DECTPCOD field indicates the data communication operation code from the last CCW executed in the channel program.

dd

The DECFLAGS field contains the flag byte passed to IMS from BTAM. The field might contain information as to the cause of the failure.

ee

The DECSNS0 field contains the sense information from the DECB if the status in the CSW indicates a unit check.

ff

The DECERRST is the error status field from the DECB.

gg

The DECCSWST is the CSW status field from the DECB.

hh

This field contains the device-dependent module code. When the 3270 device-dependent module shuts down a component of the data communication network, a device-dependent module reason code is put in the CLBTEMP1 field

to indicate why the device-dependent module shut the component down.

iiii

This field contains the BSCK return code. The code is passed from the BSC check routine (DFSBSCK0) to the device-dependent module. The BSC check routine analyzes the I/O completion and passes a unique return code to the device-dependent module, depending on the contents of the DECB fields.

The function code and response codes displayed in field **iiii** are described below.

jjjj

This field contains the SENSE/STATUS information from the 3270 device (if applicable). See *IBM 3270 Information Display System* for an explanation of the SENSE/STATUS codes.

The function code replaces the first two characters in field **iiii**. It is returned in register 0 and has one of the following meanings:

Code	Meaning
------	---------

X'00'	Undetermined
X'01'	Selection
X'02'	Polling
X'03'	Read data
X'04'	Write data
X'05'	Reserved
X'06'	Reserved
X'07'	Reserved

The response code replaces the last two characters in the field **iiii**. It is returned in register 15 and has one of the following meanings:

Code	Meaning
------	---------

X'00'	No error detected
--------------	-------------------

X'01'	Wait for acknowledgment (WACK)
X'02'	Contention
X'03'	Negative acknowledgment (NACK)
X'04'	End-of-transmission (EOT)
X'05'	Reverse interrupt (RV1)
X'06'	No entries in polling list
X'07'	Negative response
X'08'	No response
X'09'	Block ended with ENQ (or ENQ only)
X'10'	SOH%S message
X'11'	SOH%R message
X'12'	Reserved
X'13'	Invalid response
X'14'	Start-of-text—enqueue (STX—ENQ) sequence
X'15'	Temporary text delay (TTD)
X'16'	Incorrect alternating acknowledgment
X'17'–X'31'	Reserved
X'32'	Undetermined error
X'33'	270X error
X'34'	Line error
X'35'–X'63'	Reserved

In addition to the error information contained in the message, the device-dependent module logs out, on the IMS log data set, all of the IMS control blocks from the time of failure in an X'6703' record.

Module:
DFSC3270

DFS052	CARD ENTRY INDICATED, NO CARD DATA FOUND
---------------	---

Explanation

A hardware malfunction occurred on a 3270 magnetic card reader. The AID byte indicated that a read operation was requested, but the card data was not received in the TP buffer.

System action

Input is ignored.

Operator response

Carefully reinsert the card. If the problem recurs, perform the terminal troubleshooting procedures.

Module:
DFSCFE00

DFS053	TERMINAL RESTARTED-PLEASE REFORMAT SCREEN
---------------	--

Explanation

As a result of an I/O error, a terminal that was in conversation or exclusive mode, was stopped and has now been restarted.

System action

The system continues normal processing.

Operator response

If the terminal was in conversational mode, enter a **/** **HOLD** followed by a **/RELEASE** command to reformat the screen with the last format sent before this message.

Module:
DFSDN130

DFS054	INPUT NOT ALLOWED TILL PRINTER IS AVAILABLE
---------------	--

Explanation

Input from a 3277 is not permitted while a 3284/3286 printer is busy processing a copy operation.

System action

The input is ignored.

Operator response:
(terminal operator) Wait until the printer becomes available.

Module:
DFSCFEP0

**DFS055 INCORRECT RESPONSE
REQUESTED**

Explanation

The response requested by a logical unit did not agree with the INQUIRY= parameters specified for this transaction at system definition.

System action

The input is rejected.

Operator response:
Reinitiate the session.

Problem determination

This problem is a probable user error in the system definition or the Intelligent Remote program in the logical unit. Update transactions, recoverable inquiry transactions, and message switches must request a positive response. Unrecoverable transactions can optionally request a positive response.

Module:
DFSICIOO

**DFS056 COMMAND NOT VALID WITH MFS
OPTION 3**

Explanation

You entered a command, and the Message Input Description (MID) has the parameter OPT=3 coded.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response:
(remote terminal) Because this message was formatted using the default blocks, which do not use option 3, the command can be reentered at this time.

Module:
DFSICL30

**DFS057I REQUESTED BLOCK NOT
AVAILABLE: *blockname* RC =
*reason***

Explanation

MFS cannot fetch the control blocks required to process an output message or to process the **/FORMAT** request. *blockname* in the message identifies the block that could not be fetched and is either the MOD

or the DOF name. If it is the DOF name, the first two bytes of the name are the device type and features printed in hexadecimal. For an interpretation of these two bytes, see [Format library member selection \(Application Programming APIs\)](#).

The reason code *reason* indicates the type of failure that occurred:

Code (hex) Meaning

04

The indicated block name was not found in the active format data set library. The following conditions can cause this reason code to be produced:

- There is a misspelled message output descriptor (MOD) name or the MOD does not exist in the active format data set library.
- A device output format (DOF) for the specified MOD with the device type and feature indicated does not exist in the active format data set library.

08

There is a permanent I/O error in the active format data set library.

0C

The main storage space required for the MOD or DOF, or both, is greater than the maximum space currently available in the message format buffer pool. Alternatively, no fetch request elements (FREs) were available. This return code is issued only by prefetch routines, not by immediate fetch routines.

14

A MOD block was to be fetched. The fetched block was not a MOD.

18

The MOD block fetched was compiled before Release 1.1.1 of IMS.

1C

The MOD and DOF fetched were incompatible (not compiled at the same time). The use of z/OS utilities to alter the active format data set library can cause this problem.

20

The MOD or DOF contains an invalid field. This problem can be caused by modification of, or damage to, the format or test format library.

24

The requested MOD or DOF is too large for the message format buffer pool (MFBP). The MFBP must be increased. Notify the system programmer.

28

The DOF and CIB screen sizes are incompatible. This problem occurs only for 3270-AN device types. The screen size defined for system definition was different from the size in the device characteristics table, DFSUDTOX. The system programmer should ensure that the correct device characteristics table is used.

38

The MOD is not available because use of the MOD causes the HIOP storage pool to be overwritten.

78

The DOF is not available because use of the DOF causes the HIOP storage pool to be overwritten.

System action

Since the requested blocks were not available, IMS formatted and sent the message using the 'default block error message format (DFSMO3)', and then dequeued the message.

If TRACE is set on for this NODE/PTERM, an X'67' record is created on the IMS log with the ID of "FERR".

Operator response

(master terminal) Take the following action to correct the errors:

For reason code **20**:

Stop using the transactions using the MOD or the DOF, or both, for a time sufficient to allow the blocks to be replaced by others in the Message Format. Try the failing transaction again. If the error persists, the block was destroyed in the FORMAT or TFORMAT library, an error was compiled into the block, or there is an error in one of the MFS online modules. If the error does not recur, data was overlaid in the message format buffer pool. In both cases, the X'67' log record contains helpful information.

For reason codes **38** and **78**:

Stop using the transactions using the MOD, the DOF, or both until the blocks can be replaced. The MOD or DOF and its format set must be recompiled and then replaced using the online change process. The invalid block might have been destroyed in the FORMAT library, an error might have been compiled into the block, or an error exists in one of the MFS online modules.

Two X'67' log records are written to the IMS log. The first record has an ID of MTRP and has information useful for diagnosing the reason for potential overwrite. The second record has an ID of FERR and records the unavailability of the MOD or DOF.

Programmer response

Take the following action to correct the errors.

For reason code **04**:

- Ensure that the MOD name provided from the application program, by the previous Message Input Description (MID) NXT= parameter, or in a **/FORMAT** command is spelled correctly and that the MOD exists in the active format data set library.
- Ensure that the DOF exists in the active format data set library with the device type and features of the terminal receiving the error message. If the MOD specifies the IGNORE option, the DOF must have the IGNORE feature specified.

For reason code **0C**:

Use the MFS utility to determine the combined size of the MOD and DOF. Increase the space available for format blocks in the message format buffer pool using the "HHH" parameter on the IMS control region EXEC statement.

For reason codes **14** and **1C**:

Reprocess the message source definition using the MFS Language utility.

For reason code **18**:

The MFS libraries from previous versions cannot be used. All message and format source definitions must be recompiled using the MFS Language utility.

Problem determination:

5, 14, 16

Module:

DFSCFE00

Related reference

[Format library member selection \(Application Programming APIs\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS058I

**CCC COMMAND COMPLETED
EXCEPT KKK P01, P02, P03, P04,
P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.**

or

CCC COMMAND IN PROGRESS

or

CCC COMMAND COMPLETED

Explanation

In the message text:

CCC

Command name of three or more characters.

KKK

Keyword name of three or more variables.

P0n

The parameter name, where n=1-10. Assume that it is at least three characters, since most installations have resource names of three or more characters.

ETC

The terminal entering the command received the exception parameters on one line, followed by ETC if there were more exceptions.

The EXCEPT phrase indicates which parameters were not processed. See the information about the command to understand possible errors when the EXCEPT phrase is used.

When an exception is found while processing a generic parameter, up to 10 of the specific resource names in error that match the generic parameter are moved to the end of the condensed command buffer. They are then marked in error. Thus, if 20 resources matching the generic parameter could not be processed by the command, only ten of them are moved into the condensed command buffer and are marked in error. The number 10 is selected to guarantee that ETC appears at the end of the DFS058 message. It is assumed that the display line of the message is a maximum of 79 bytes.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Verify that the present command is correct.

Module:

DFSCLM00

DFS059I **TERMINAL status**

Explanation

Information at a local or remote terminal informs the operator of terminal status.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Take the action required depending on the status information.

Module:

DFSCLM00

DFS060 **nnn IS AN INVALID MESSAGE KEY**

Explanation

The number (*nnn*) was passed to the message generator module by some other module in the system. However, this message number was not found in the message table.

Another possibility is that a message in the User Message table is longer than 128 characters.

System programmer response:

Ensure that no message in the User Message table is longer than 128 characters.

Problem determination:

1 or 6 or 7 and 36

Module:

DFSCLMR0

Related reference

User Message table (DFSCMTU0) ([Exit Routines](#))

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0061I **INVALID CALL TO MESSAGE GENERATOR: reason**

Explanation

Possible values of *reason* are:

- 'CONSOLE CNT(WTOR) NOT FOUND.'
- 'ERROR HAPPENED ON REROUTE.'
- 'MSG NOT LOCKED INCORE FOR ICIO.'
- 'INCORRECT CALLER.'
- 'REMOTE DESTINATION IS NOT A CNT.'
- 'QUEUES ARE NOT AVAILABLE.'
- 'NEGATIVE MSG LENGTH.'
- 'INNER SEG LENGTH > TOTAL LENGTH.'
- 'INVALID MSG TYPE.'
- 'NONZERO RETURN CODE FROM ROUTER.'
- 'CQS ENQUEUE FAILS.'

A module within IMS called the message generator and failed to provide a proper call interface.

System action

IMS logs the error information using a type X'6701' log record.

Problem determination

1, 6, or 7

Module

DFSCLMR0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0062W	LOAD FAILED FOR DRU EXIT xxxxxxxx TMEMBER=yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OTMA Destination Resolution (DRU) exit, that was specified on the client-bid or a partner create request, failed to load.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The name of the DRU exit

yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy

The transaction member (tmember) name

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

This message only appears on the IMS master terminal.

System action:

Client-bid or partner-create continues without the DRU exit.

Programmer response:

Verify that the DRU exit specified is needed. If not, you can ignore this message. If the DRU exit is needed, disconnect the client and correct the problem by ensuring that the DRU name is correct and that the module resides in the IMS STEPLIB. Then reconnect the client.

DFS063I	RESTART COMMAND REQUIRED
----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

No input is allowed before a restart command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Enter either an **/ERESTART** or an **/NRESTART** command.

Module:

DFSICIO0, DFSICL30

DFS064I	DESTINATION CAN NOT BE FOUND OR CREATED, DEST=destination [I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2]
----------------	---

Explanation

The first eight characters of the input could not be recognized as a valid transaction, logical terminal name, or command.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

This information appears only when the error is detected in a remote system (sss2).

destination

The name of the destination that could not be found or created.

This message can occur if all the following conditions are true:

- A terminal is not in a conversational or preset mode.
- The Global Physical Terminal Input edit routine did not exist for the terminal.
- The MFS bypass with MODname DFS.EDTN is used.

When all three of these conditions are true, the Attention Identification (AID) byte is the first item in the data area. It is rejected as an invalid transaction code.

This message can also be issued if either of the following conditions are true:

- The Message Control/Error Exit routine (DFSCMUX0) is customized in the receiving system to specify an incorrect exit flag.
- The exit flag is correct, but an error was found while IMS was performing the requested action and IMS performed the associated default action instead.

For CPIC/APPC transactions failing with DFS064 as a consequence of the TP profile (TPN) being deleted, the message contains only the first eight characters of the

TPName that was not found. Use this information to identify the resource that was not found.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the data correctly. If the MFS bypass was not used, establish preset mode by using the **/SET TRANSACTION** command. If it still fails, notify the System Programmer.

(master terminal) Inform the system programmer.

If the optional part of this message is printed, notify the system programmer that the blocks are not synchronized.

Problem determination:
14

Module:
DFSICIOO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS065	TRAN/LTERM STOPPED, T/L=name [I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2]
---------------	--

Explanation

A **/STOP** command has stopped queuing on the destination queue.

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

This information appears only when the error is detected in a remote system (sss2).

name
The name of the transaction or LTERM that was stopped.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response

(local/remote terminal) Inform the system programmer. Start the transaction or logical terminal, and reenter the data.

If the optional part of this message is printed, start the transaction or logical terminal. Then notify the destination system master terminal operator and its system programmer.

Problem determination:
14

Module:
DFSICIOO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0066I	NOTIFY RESPONSE HAS COME BACK FROM <i>ims_id</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS Fast Path has a sysplex communication protocol, which utilizes the IRLM notify process to communicate with all sharing IMS subsystems in the sysplex. IMS waits until all IMS subsystems respond to the sysplex communication protocol, or until the initiating IMS times out the notify, terminating the requested function. This IMS sent a sysplex communication message to the other sysplex members, and a response came back from *ims_id*.

In the message text:

ims_id
The IMS ID of the sysplex member that successfully returned a response to the NOTIFY message.

System programmer response:
No action is required for this particular *ims_id*. However, if this message has not been returned for another sysplex member, check whether that IMS on the sysplex is waiting for some interruption or is having a problem.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0067W	SLDS READ DATASPACE STORAGE RELEASED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either a **/STOP SLDSREAD** command was entered or z/OS notified IMS that a shortage of auxiliary storage was encountered. IMS has terminated system log data set (SLDS) read activity and released its daspace storage.

System action

The internal IMS functions that require SLDS data fail. One or more of the following functions can fail:

- Dynamic backout
- Batch message processing (BMP) extended restart (XRST)
- Unit of work table entry (UOWE) resynchronization

Other IMS processing continues.

Operator response

Storage shortages are often the result of more than one internal work unit needing SLDS data simultaneously. BMPs using XRST are especially vulnerable if the records needed are widely separated on the log. Trying the failed functions again serially often resolves the problem.

For UOWE resynchronization, repeated attempts to retry the function can result in incremental improvements until success is achieved.

If the auxiliary storage shortage involved competition with other jobs or z/OS components and the failed function was dynamic backout, try restart the affected databases when more storage becomes available. If not, batch backout is required.

DFS068 BACKSPACE BEYOND MSG START

Explanation

The input editor module stepped backward beyond the beginning of the message attempting to eliminate backspaces.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
Correct the data and rerun the command.

Module:
DFSCFEIO, DFSICIO0

DFS069 TERMINAL INACTIVE

Explanation

The source physical or logical terminal is not active because:

- It is LOCKED.
- A **/STOP** or **/PSTOP** was entered.
- Input was stopped by a **/PURGE** command.
- There is no LTERM assigned for the input PTERM.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
Correct the condition through the **UNLOCK**, **START**, or **/ASSIGN** command, and reenter the data.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS070 UNABLE TO ROUTE MESSAGE
RSN=xyxy (I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/
name2)

Explanation

One of the following situations occurred and an error was encountered while routing the message:

- IMS attempted to enqueue a message.
- A **/FORMAT** command was entered.
- One of these entry points in the TM and MSC Message Routing and Control user exit (DFSMSCE0) attempted to reroute a message:
 - Link Receive Routing
 - Program Routing
 - Terminal Routing

In the message text:

xx
The IMS module that detected the error:

Code	Meaning
00	Unknown module or DFSMSCEC requestor
01	DC Communication Manager (DFSICIO0)
02	LU 6.2 Receive LU Manager (DFSRLM10)
03	OTMA Receive LU Manager (DFSYTIB0)
04	DC Call Handler (DFSDLA30)

05
MSC Analyzer (DFSCMS00)

06
/FORMAT command processor (DFSICLK0)

08
IMS Termination (DFSTRM00)

10
IMS Initialization (DFSIIINB0)

yy

The reason for the error:

Code

Meaning

02
The exit requested two user prefixes.

03
The exit requested two internal prefixes.
Internal prefixes are reserved for IMS internal tools.

04
The prefix buffer length was too large.

05
A DFSPPOOL error occurred on the get prefix buffer.

06
The exit return code was negative.

07
The exit return code was too high.

08
A DFSBCB error occurred while getting a BCB control block.

09
A bad SYSID was detected.

10
A Message Queue Manager error occurred while inserting a prefix.

11
A nonzero return code was received from DFSICLR1.

12
The message destination is an invalid type for the AVM/ISC link.

13
Change destination error. User exit requested to change the destination name to a different transaction by setting MSLR2CHG, MSPR2CHG, or MSTR2CHG. The new destination name at MSLRDEST, MSPRDEST, or MSTRDEST is not a transaction destination.

14
Change destination error. User exit requested to change the destination name to a different

LTERM by setting MSLR2CHG, MSPR2CHG, or MSTR2CHG. The new destination name at MSLRDEST, MSPRDEST, or MSTRDEST is not an LTERM destination.

15
The DFSMSCEC exit routing flag is in error.

16
A DFSUSRX interface error occurred.

17
Change destination error. User exit requested to change the destination name by setting MSTR2CHG or MSLR2CHG or MSPR2CHG. The new destination name at MSTRDEST, MSLRDEST, OR MSPRDEST was not be found.

18
The exit changed the destination name of the I/O PCB message.

19
The exit requested rerouting for the I/O PCB message.

20
The exit changed the destination name to a command (for example, /CMDVERB).

21
The user exit override of MSNAME was invalid.

22
Local share queue registration failed for rerouting the transaction to the local shared queues.

23
The exit routed the transaction to an invalid, remote destination.

24
The exit rerouted the message to an invalid MSC system identification (for example, SYSID).

25
The exit routed the message to an invalid MSNAME.

26
The exit routed an intermediate message to this local IMS, but the source SYSID is unknown to this local IMS.

27
The exit indicated routing to a remote IMS but did not set the destination SYSID or MSNAME.

28
The exit requested rerouting to the source system but MSC was not system defined or the source SYSID was not valid.

29
The exit requested that direct route override but override was unsuccessful.

- 30** The exit requested invalid rerouting for a front-end switch message to a remote IMS.
- 31** The exit requested rerouting for a response message.
- 33** DFSMSCEO initialization failed because DFSMSCSV is not supported.
- 34** DFSMSCEO initialization failed because the DFSMSCSV length is invalid.
- 35** DFSMSCEO initialization failed because the character string VECTOR is not present.
- 36** The user prefix segment (MSCEUPR) was invalid when the exit returned to IMS.
- 37** The internal prefix segment (MSCEIPR) was invalid when the exit returned to IMS. Internal prefixes are reserved for IMS internal tools.
- 38** The exit overlaid the 512-byte user work area buffer.
- 39** The exit overlaid the MSEB BCB block name.
- 40** The exit overlaid the parameter list.

Codes 41 through 52 apply to the **/FORMAT** command.

- 41** The CNT for the terminal to be formatted was not found.
- 42** The specified terminal is a remote LTERM.
- 43** The specified terminal is a dynamic MSNAME (LNB).
- 44** The destined terminal (which is different from the input terminal) is not MFS-formatted.
- 45** The destined terminal is in line response mode.
- 46** The destined terminal is in TERMINAL response mode.
- 47** Conversation is active on the destined terminal (when LTERM was specified in the command).

- 48** The terminal is in input only mode.
- 49** The terminal is in the exclusive mode (when LTERM was specified in the command).
- 50** The call to Queue Manager failed for a put locate call.
- 51** The inset prefix call to Queue Manager failed.
- 52** The call to enqueue the message failed.
- sss1/name1**
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.
- sss2/name2**
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

The **/Format** command or message routing request is canceled.

If one of the exits attempted to reroute a message or IMS attempted to enqueue a message, a log record type X'67', subcode X'01' (ID=AER1, ID=MSCE, or both) is written to the log. More than one record might be written to record the error. These records contain the IMS control blocks and save areas used by IMS or the user exit when the error was encountered.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

One of the following situations might have caused the error:

- Operator error. For example, an incorrect transaction code or LTERM name might have been entered.
- A user routing exit error occurred.
- An IMS internal error occurred.

If the error is caused by the DFSMSCEO user exit, see [TM and MSC Message Routing and Control User exit routine \(DFSMSCEO\) \(Exit Routines\)](#) and the prologue of the sample DFSMSCEO exit for an explanation of the routing option.

For all other situations, see [Data communication service aids \(Diagnosis\)](#) for diagnostic information about message DFS070. Check the RSN, and follow the instructions for determining the cause. Print the 6701 log records for additional information.

Module:

DFSCMS00, DFSDLA30, DFSICLK0, DFSICIO0,
DFSIIINB0, DFSRLM10, DFSTRM00, DFSYTIB0

DFS071 SYSTEM DISCONNECT

Explanation

Five attempts to sign on were invalid.

System action

This message notifies the switched terminal operator that IMS is disconnecting this line.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Establish the correct sign-on command before trying to sign on again.

Module:

DFSICA10, DFSICIO0

**DFS072I UNABLE TO OUTPUT LINE x
PTERM y**

Explanation

A permanent I/O error was detected attempting to write a message to the indicated IMS line and physical terminal.

System action

The terminal has been PSTOPPED.

Operator response:

(master terminal) After the malfunction has been corrected, a **/START LINE x PTERM y** or a **/RSTART LINE x PTERM y** command can be used to resume operations on the terminal.

**DFS074 QUEUE ERROR-MESSAGE
CANCELED RSN=xyyy**

Explanation

An attempt was made to acquire a queue buffer. An **ISRT locate**, **ISRT move**, or reposition call was issued, but an error was detected with the call or the call could not be processed.

In a shared-queues environment, this message can indicate a failure in the CQSPUT process during insert processing or a problem due to a CQS structure failure or CQS unavailability.

The reason code RSN=xyyy is optional and is not always included. If the reason code is present, it can be one of the following values:

xx

IMS module that detected the error:

01

/DIS CPLOG (DFSDCPLO)

02

Communications analyzer (DFSICIO0)

03

/DIS controller (DFSICLD0)

04

/NRE, /ERE (DFSICL20)

05

/CQQUERY STATISTICS (DFSICQ20)

06

OTMA SYNC processor (DFSYTIB0)

yy

Reason for the error:

01

The requested size is less than 1 byte; for example, LLZZ + 1 byte or larger.

02

A QMGR or CQS ISRT error occurred.

03

A queue buffer reposition error occurred.

04

User exit DFSQSPC0 or IQCQMRI0 error occurred. If IBM IMS Queue Control Facility for z/OS is being used, the requested message was canceled because the node and client are using too many queue buffers.

System action

The queue buffer is canceled. Type 6701-AER1 and 67D0 records are logged for some errors.

For OTMA, message DFS1269E RC4011 is also issued and a X'67D0' trace entry is written to the log.

System programmer response

This error might occur for one of the following reasons:

- An IMS or CQS internal error occurred.
- The message queue is filling up.
- A problem with the shared queue was encountered.
- A user queue space notification user exit (DFSQSPC0) or a tool using the exit, such as the IMS Queue Control Facility exit tool (IQCQMRI0), has rejected the queue buffer request.

The response depends on the reason code yy, as follows:

01

Size requested is less than 1 byte.

Response: This problem is an IMS internal error. Print the 6701 and 67D0 records if available.

02

QMGR ISRT or CQS error

Response: QMGR returned a nonzero return code. If IMS is not using shared queues, This situation could be a problem with the local queues. If you are using shared queues, this could be a CQS or a problem with the shared queues. Print the 6701 and 67D0 records if available.

03

Queue buffer reposition error

Response: This problem is an IMS internal error. Print the 6701 and 67D0 records if available.

04

User exit DFSQSPC0 or IMS Queue Control Facility exit IQCQMRI0 requested that the message be canceled because the node and client are using too many queue buffers.

Response: The user exit DFSQSPC0 or IMS Queue Control Facility exit IQCQMRI0 set QSPCFLG2 = QSPCF2NO in the exit DFSPARM area, because it determined that the caller was using too many queue buffers. The QMGR then set the QMGRO3NO flag in the DFSQMGR parameter area of the caller and canceled the ISRT, releasing the queue buffers. To determine the pool usage, print the 6701 records if available. Then refer to the DFSQSPC0 exit, or IQCQMRI0 exit if you are using the IMS Queue Control Facility, and the queue usage from the **/DIS POOL QBUF** command for more information.

Module:

DFSICIO0, DFSICLD0, DFSICL20, DFSYTIB0, DFSDGS96

DFS075I REQUESTED BLOCK NOT AVAILABLE: MID name

Explanation

The Message Format Service (MFS) cannot fetch the control blocks required to process an input message. The message identifies the MID name for the MID and DIF pair requested. The MID or DIF contains an invalid field, which is probably caused by modification or damage to the Format or Test Format libraries.

System action

MFS ignores the input message.

Programmer response

Stop using the transaction requiring this MID or DIF, or both, block long enough to allow the blocks to be replaced by others from the Message Format Library.

Then retry the failing transaction. If the error persists, the blocks were damaged in the Format or Test Format library, an error was compiled into the blocks, or an error exists in an MFS online module.

Module:

DFSCFEI0

DFS076 MULTI-SEGMENT INPUT INVALID [I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2]

Explanation

A buffered terminal device attempted to send multiple segments of an input transaction which was defined as a single segment transaction.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system

This information appears only when the error is detected in a remote system (sss2).

System action

The message was canceled. If the input was processed by the MFS Utility, the input message was defined with multiple segments.

Operator response

Reenter the message properly.

If the optional part of the message is printed, notify the system programmer that the blocks are not synchronized.

Problem determination:

14

Module:

DFSCON00, DFSICIO0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS077 COMMAND INPUT EXCEEDS MAXIMUM LENGTH

Explanation

The maximum length of a command is defined as that which fits in a queue message buffer.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reduce the length of the command and reenter. If commands of this length are required, the system can be redefined with increased message buffer size.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS078	COMMAND INVALID AS SECOND SEGMENT
---------------	--

Explanation

A multi-segment input message was in process when this command was entered.

System action

Both the message and the command are canceled.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the message and command separately.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS079	INPUT IGNORED-SYSTEM IN SHUTDOWN
---------------	---

Explanation

A shutdown checkpoint is in process, and all input from terminals is suspended.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the data after the system has been restarted.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS080	MESSAGE CANCELED BY INPUT EDIT ROUTINE
---------------	---

Explanation

A user-supplied edit routine has rejected and canceled the last input message.

System action

The entered message is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the message in a format acceptable to the edit specifications.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS081	TRACE EXIT COMMAND UNSUCCESSFUL RSN=xyyy
---------------	---

Explanation

The **/TRACE EXIT** command was entered incorrectly, the command is not supported on this IMS system, or this problem is an IMS internal error. In the message text:

xx
The IMS module that detected the error:

01
Trace Command Processor (DFSICLN5)

yy
The reason for the error:

01
An invalid keyword was specified for the trace exit.

02
An invalid parameter type was specified for the trace exit command.

03
No parameter type was specified for the trace exit command.

04
Multiple parameter types were specified for the trace exit command.

05
The DFSMSCD control block is missing for the trace exit (DFSMSCE0) command.

06
An Invalid parameter subtype was specified for the trace exit command.

07
The trace exit is not supported for this environment.

08
The required exit was not loaded for the start trace command.

09
Required exit not loaded for start trace command.

10
A system command failure occurred.

11
The parameter length was invalid.

System action

The entire command was ignored, or one or more parameters were ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Check the syntax of the command to ensure that it is correct. Reissue the command with the proper keyword and parameters. Issue the / **DISPLAY TRACE EXIT** command to determine which parts of the command ran successfully and if the exit is installed. If the exit is not installed, the status of all the exit entry points is N/A on the display output. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

One of the following situations might have caused the error:

- An operator error. For example, incorrect syntax might have been entered.
- A user routing exit (DFSMSCE0) initialization error.
- An IMS internal error.

See "DC–Data Communication Service Aids" in *IMS Version 15.5 Diagnosis* for diagnostic information about message DFS081. See the RSN and follow the instructions for determining the cause. You might need to print the 6701 log records for additional information.

Module:
DFSICLN5

DFS082 ERROR READING QUEUE, QUEUE SHUTDOWN [I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2] [name RC = nn]

Explanation

An unrecoverable I/O error occurred attempting to read a record from a logical terminal queue.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system

This information appears only when the error is detected in a remote system (sss2):

nn

The decimal value of the queue manager return code. Possible queue manager return codes are:

04

No segment returned for destination name.

08

No more messages on the queue for destination name.

12

Destination name is in use.

36

MSC prefix does not exist. The message has been dequeued.

40

ISC prefix does not exist. The message has been dequeued.

System action

That queue was stopped. A log record type X'6701', ID=MER1, was written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If the optional part of the message is printed, coordinate restarting the resource with the destination system master terminal operator and its system programmer.

System programmer response

If the message has been dequeued, examine the MER1 record to determine which message was dequeued.

Module:
DFSCM7A0, DFSCM7B0, DFSICIO0

DFS084 CONVERSATION IN PROCESS

Explanation

A conversational program has not yet responded to the last input message. Conversation is a two-way exchange. If this message is paged, it must be completely viewed and deleted by the operator before the response is complete.

System action

IMS discards the entered data. The application program responds to the last accepted input, unless the terminal is page protected.

Operator response

Await reply from the program, and reenter data; or delete last page, and reenter data; or /**EXIT** to terminate the conversation, and reenter the data; or, if paging has been specified, you might have to press the PA2 key to delete the message.

Programmer response

Screen protection has been specified as either a terminal option or an MFS option. Determine whether this is necessary for this transaction.

Module:
DFSCON00, DFSICLH0

DFS085I	CONVERSATION CANNOT BE CONTINUED: {NO PREVIOUS OUTPUT MESSAGE STORAGE ERROR SPA NOT FOUND IN OUTPUT MESSAGE CQS ERROR OR CQS NOT AVAILABLE SPA HAD BAD DATA OR FORMAT}
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS attempted to retrieve the SPA for the input message from the previous output message, but an error occurred. The conversational transaction cannot be continued at this time due to the error indicated:

- NO PREVIOUS OUTPUT MESSAGE
The previous conversational output message could not be located.
- STORAGE ERROR
An error occurred trying to acquire temporary storage.
- SPA NOT FOUND IN OUTPUT MESSAGE
The SPA could not be found in the previous conversational output message.
- CQS ERROR OR CQS NOT AVAILABLE
Either the Common Queue Server (CQS) was unavailable or a CQS error occurred.
- SPA HAD BAD DATA OR FORMAT
IMS attempted to convert the SPA from an internal packed format to an unpacked format, but was unsuccessful.

System action

The input data is ignored.

Operator response

Take the appropriate action:

- NO PREVIOUS OUTPUT MESSAGE
IMS will probably never be able to continue this conversation. Terminate the conversation with an **/EXIT** command. For OTMA users, the conversation will be terminated by IMS.
- STORAGE ERROR

Reenter the input data after waiting a for some time for the storage shortage to be eliminated.

- SPA NOT FOUND IN OUTPUT MESSAGE

IMS will probably never be able to continue this conversation. Terminate the conversation with an **/EXIT** command. For OTMA users, the conversation will be terminated by IMS.

- CQS ERROR OR CQS NOT AVAILABLE

Reenter the input data after waiting a some time for CQS to become available. If the problem is caused by a CQS error, you might have to terminate the conversation with an **/EXIT** command. For OTMA users, the conversation will be terminated by IMS.

- SPA HAD BAD DATA OR FORMAT

IMS will not be able to continue this conversation. Terminate the conversation with an **/EXIT** command.

Module:
DFSCON00, DFSYTIB0

DFS086	CONVERSATION RESOURCES UNAVAILABLE
---------------	---

Explanation

The maximum number of concurrent conversations allowed (65,535) was exceeded.

System action

The conversation is not started.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Wait for someone to finish and try again. If this response occurs frequently, notify the systems operation personnel.

Problem determination:
7

Module:
DFSCON00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS087	USER PTERM INPUT EDIT ERROR- INPUT IGNORED
---------------	---

Explanation

The user physical terminal input edit exit routine attempted to insert a transaction code or password and:

- MFS bypass was not active.
- The total size of the attempted insert was less than 6 or greater than 22.

System action

A log record type X'67', subrecord X'01', has been written using the IMS TRACE facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas. The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
 Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the user physical terminal input edit exit routine.

Module:
 DFSICIOO

DFS0088I	LSO INITIALIZATION FAILED - <i>identifier</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Initialization for the Local Storage Option failed for the reason indicated by *identifier*. The module or control block identified in message DFS0088I was being processed when the error occurred.

Identifier

Reason

- 1. DFSKLSM**
 IMODULE GETMAIN failed.
- 2. DFSKLSM0 or DFSKLSD0**
 IMODULE LOAD failed for one of these modules.
- 3. DFSXMCTL**
 Not initialized for LSO.
- 4. SAP**
 Insufficient SAPs were assigned for LSO.

System action

This message is followed by abend 0088.

System programmer response

Reason
Action

- 1.**
 Increase the IMS control region size.
- 2.**
 Correct the JOB/STEPLIB DD statement or bind the LSO modules into the correct library.

- 3.**
 Determine the DFSXMCTL problem by referencing module DFSGMINIO. Contact IBM for assistance.
- 4.**
 Determine the SAP problem by referencing module DFSXLIC0. Contact IBM for assistance.

Problem determination:
 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12

Module:
 DFSKLSIO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
 IMS messages and codes problem
 determination is accomplished by using
 procedures established by IBM.

DFS0089	OUTPUT EXCEEDS BUFFER SIZE LTERM xxxxxxxx LINE yyy PTERM zzz OUTPUT EXCEEDS BUFFER SIZE LTERM xxxxxxxx NODE yyyyyyyy
----------------	---

Explanation

An application program using the MFS bypass attempted to send an output message that is longer than the length specified in the OUTBUF parameter of the TERMINAL macro during system definition. In addition, the access method in use is either VTAM non-SNA or another IMS-supported terminal with OPTIONS=NOXPAR. The OUTBUF value should be set equal to the maximum RU size acceptable to the terminal (and VTAM and its NCP) because IMS does not send an output message inserted by an application that exceeds this value.

System action

A log record type X'67' subrecord X'01' has been written using the IMS trace facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas. If the last message segment moved into the line buffer (=OUTBUF) by DD6 fitted exactly, the contents of this line buffer was already sent to the terminal. The terminal is made inoperable, and message DFS998I is sent to the master terminal operator.

Operator response:
(master terminal): Upon receipt of message DFS998I, the LTERM should be reassigned or the message dequeued. The terminal can then be restarted. Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- Increase OUTBUF value in TERMINAL macro for system definition.
- Restrict the application program not to send messages greater in length than OUTBUF value.

Module:
DFSCD600, DFSCD610, DFSCD620

Related information
[“DFS998I” on page 353](#)
 LINE xxx PTERM yyy IS INOPERABLE

**DFS0090 USE OF MODNAME DFS.EDTN
REQUIRES TERMINAL INPUT EDIT
ROUTINE**

Explanation

When MFS BYPASS option is selected and the MODNAME DFS.EDTN is used, the user must provide a Physical Terminal Input edit routine.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Include a user Physical Terminal Input edit routine in system definition. See the topic on "Physical Terminal (Input) edit routine" in *IMS Version 15.5 Exit Routines*.

Module

DFSIC100

Related reference
[Physical Terminal \(Input\) edit routine \(DFSPIXT0\)](#) (Exit Routines)

**DFS091I UNABLE TO LOCATE X'42' LOG
RECORD**

Explanation

Batch backout was being initialized but no X'42' log record was found on the input log volume.

System action

Batch backout is terminated.

Programmer response

This error can occur if only one input volume was supplied to database backout and the X'42' log record had not yet been written on that volume. Rerun the

database backout specifying the last two volumes as input. If more than one volume was already supplied or if only one volume was created, then a system error has occurred.

Problem determination:
1, 4, 5

Module:
DFSBACKIO

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS092I IMS LOG TERMINATED

Explanation

This informational message indicates that the IMS system log has been terminated.

System action

IMS has terminated.

Module:
DFSFDLS0

**DFS093 COMMAND NOT AUTHORIZED AS
ENTERED WITH CRC FROM MCS
OR E-MCS CONSOLE**

Explanation

The command is not allowed from the MCS console. The command authorization, which was specified on the CMDMCS execution parameter (RACF (or equivalent), DFSCCMD0, or both) did not authorize the user ID of the console to issue the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Reenter the command from an authorized console, or update authorization information to allow the command from the console.

Module:
DFSICLP0

**DFS094I THE COMMAND WAS UNABLE TO
ACQUIRE A LATCH**

Explanation

The command tried to get a latch and failed. For example, the command tried to get the DRSC latch in

order to update or access MSC resources, but it failed. This is probably due to an internal error.

System action

The command is rejected.

User response

Capture an IMS dump and contact IBM software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSCML70, DFSICLG0, DFSICLN0, DFSICL60, DFSIC460

Related concepts
[Collecting IMS diagnostic information \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS0095I **VSO1THLD n | VSO2THLD n | VSO3THLD n**

Explanation

During IMS initialization, this message is issued where n is used to display the value of the VSO1THLD, VSO2THLD, or VSO3THLD parameter as specified in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set under the <SECTION=FASTPATH> section.

VSO1THLD=
Specifies the castout threshold time in seconds for a VSO area with less than or equal to 800 control intervals (CIs). The valid range is 1 - 300. The default value is 300.

VSO2THLD=
Specifies the castout threshold time in seconds for a VSO area with 801 - 3500 CIs. The valid range is 1 - 300. The default value is 240.

VSO3THLD=
Specifies the castout threshold time in seconds for a VSO area with greater than 3500 CIs. The valid range is 1 - 300. The default value is 180.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DBFFATC1

DFS0096W **DATA BASE BUFFERS PURGED, UPDATE INTENT, NOLOG SELECTED.**

Explanation

A batch IMS job ran without an IMS log data set and abended while using a PSB with UPDATE INTENT. The database buffers were purged, but the database might still be bad.

System action

IMS (E)STAE continues processing an abend.

Programmer response

Determine if the database still has its integrity by interrogating the type of abend and the abending program.

Module

DFSFLST0

DFS097 **LTERM/S LOCKED/STOPPED**

Explanation

The LTERM specified was locked or stopped.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Either start or unlock the LTERM, or sign on for another terminal.

Module:
DFSICA10

DFS098 **PTERM LOCKED/STOPPED**

Explanation

The physical terminal was locked, stopped, or inoperable.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Have the master terminal operator start or unlock the PTERM.

Module:
DFSICA10

DFS099 **MULTIPLE LINE PARAMETERS ARE INVALID**

Explanation

A command that refers to one or more physical terminals can only specify one line. For example:

- **PTERM ALL** can only be specified for a single line.
- **PTERM ALL** cannot be specified when displaying lines by attribute.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSICL10, DFSICL30, DFSIC440

DFS100

LINE KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

If PTERM keyword is present, the LINE keyword is also required.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL10

Chapter 5. DFS messages, DFS101 - DFS150

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS101 MULTIPLE RESTART COMMANDS ARE INVALID

Explanation

After the system is started through an **/NRESTART** or **/ERESTART** command, this command cannot be entered again.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) If you want to restart differently, shut down the system, and bring it up again.

Module

DFSICL30

DFS102 PTERM KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The keyword PTERM must be used with the keyword LINE.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSICL10, DFSICL80

DFS103 DATABASE/AREA KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

DBDUMP requires the keyword DATABASE followed by the requested database names. **/DBRECOVERY** requires the keyword DATABASE followed by the requested database names or the keyword AREA followed by the requested area names.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL20

DFS104 NO TEXT SUPPLIED, CANNOT BROADCAST

Explanation

On **/BROADCAST** command, you must enter the data to be broadcast as the second segment of the message. None was supplied.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSICL30

DFS105I COMMAND VERB xxxxxxxxxxxx IS INCORRECT

Explanation

The command verb xxxxxxxxxxxx is incorrect. The first three characters of the command verb are correct, but the command is incorrect thereafter. Up to 11 characters of the incorrect command verb are included in the error message.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Reenter with just the first three characters or the correct full spelling of the command verb.

Module:
DFSICL30

DFS106 TRAN KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

TRAN is the only keyword allowed with the TERMINAL keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSICL80

DFS107 REQUIRED KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

None of the acceptable keywords for this command were present.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Make sure that the keyword is valid for the system you are running (IMS DB/DC, DBCTL, or DCCTL). Select a valid keyword; then reenter the command.

Module

DFSCML70, DFSICA10, DFSICLE0, DFSICLG0, DFSICLH0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICLQ0, DFSICLU0, DFSICL10, DFSICL20, DFSICL40, DFSICL60, DFSICL70, DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSICM00, DFSIDPK0, DFSIDP00

DFS108 COMMAND SYNTAX INVALID

Explanation

The command entered did not conform to established syntax rules.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Check for syntax errors, including spelling and incorrect delimiters, then reenter the command correctly.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSICLN2, DFSICLN3, DFSICLN4

**DFS110I COMMAND KEYWORD
yyyyyyyyyyyyyy INVALID FOR
imstype**

Explanation

Keyword yyyyyyyyyyyy is not supported with commands for this *imstype* of IMS. Up to 12 characters of the invalid keyword are included in the error message. The *imstype* is one of the following:

ACTIVE
DBCTL
DCCTL
XRF ALTERNATE
NON-DBCTL
NON-DCCTL

Keywords that are not supported on an active subsystem include BACKUP, which is only supported on an XRF alternate.

Keywords that are not supported in DBCTL relate to DC.

Keywords that are not supported in DCCTL relate to DB.

Keywords that are not supported on an XRF alternate system include most keywords, except those required with commands that operate the XRF alternate.

Keywords that are not supported in NON-DBCTL relate to DBCTL.

Keywords that are not supported in NON-DCCTL relate to DCCTL.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Check the keywords and run the command again.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSDGSA1, DFSDGSB0, DFSDGSD0, DFSDGSL0, DFSDGSL1, DFSDGSL2, DFSDGSN0, DFSDGSR0, DFSDGST0, DFSDGSU0

DFS111 TIMEOUT-RESEND MESSAGE

Explanation

Between characters of a message, 28 seconds is allowed before the hardware times out and cancels the message.

System action

The message is canceled.

Operator response:

(Local/remote terminal) Reenter the message without excessive delay.

Module

DFSDN020, DFSDS010, DFSDS020, DFSDS040, DFSICL30

DFS112 BLDQ KEYWORD NOT PRESENT

Explanation

BLDQ keyword must be present for the **/ERESTART** command with checkpoint 0 or if the FORMAT keyword is supplied with the **/ERESTART** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Master terminal operator response: Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL20

DFS113 LINE KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The LINE keyword was present, but was not followed by any parameters.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter with proper specifications.

Module

DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICL10, DFSICL50, DFSICL80, DFSIC440, DFSIDP60, DFSIDP70, DFSIDP80

DFS114 LTERM KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The LTERM keyword was not followed by any parameters.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Check the syntax of the command and reenter it.

Module

DFSICA10, DFSICLJ0, DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSICV10, DFSIC440, DFSIDP40, DFSIDP70

DFS115 PTERM KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The PTERM keyword was not followed by any parameter.

System action

The command is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response:

Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICL10, DFSICL50, DFSICL80, DFSIC440, DFSIDP60, DFSIDP70, DFSIDP80

DFS116 DATABASE|AREA KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The database or area keyword was not followed by a parameter.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the correct command.

Module

DBFCDAR0, DFSICL20, DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSIC430, DFSIDPJ0, DFSIDP50

DFS117 PROGRAM KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT

Explanation

The PROGRAM keyword was not followed by a parameter specifying which program.

System action

The command is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response: Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSIC430, DFSIDP50

DFS118	COMMAND IS INVALID FOR NONSWITCHED TERMINAL
---------------	--

Explanation

The **/IAM** command is invalid.

System action

The command was ignored.

Module:
DFSICLA0

DFS119	LTERM IN USE, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

An LTERM is either having a message dequeued and sent or is marked for use by another task. The LTERM cannot be reassigned until either the message is dequeued and sent, or the other task has finished using it.

If TCO is active, this message might see the TCO logical terminal DFSTCFI.

If STM is active (STM=Y), this message can indicate that the LTERM is being updated in the RM resource structure by another task. You cannot reassign the terminal until IMS is able to obtain the LTERM information from the RM resource structure. In this case a DFS4447 message is also issued.

System action

The command is rejected. If the command was **/ASSIGN LTERM PRIMARY**, the primary master terminal assignment might have succeeded.

Operator response:
Reenter the command. If the command continues to be rejected with this error message, notify system programmer immediately.

System programmer response

Enter the **/CLS NODE XXX** command for the node of the LTERM being assigned; then enter the **/ASSIGN** command again.

Verify that the command completes successfully; if it still fails, create an SVC memory dump and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS120	MESSAGE CANCELED, TEXT SEGMENT DID NOT END IN EOB
---------------	--

Explanation

The presence of an end of block (EOB) enables IMS error checking for the data entered. IMS does not accept a message without EOB. All data must end with an EOB.

System action

The message is canceled.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Enter EOB by itself to end multi-segment transaction.

DFS121I	PARAMETER TOO LONG
----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

Parameters are restricted to 8 bytes or less.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Reenter the command with a valid length parameter.

Module:
DBFICL20, DFSICA10, DFSICL30, DFSICL60, DFSICLN3, DFSICLN4

DFS122	SPECIFIC PARAMETER MIXED WITH ALL PARAMETER
---------------	--

Explanation

If the ALL parameter is specified, no other parameter can be included for the same keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Remove any parameters you specified with the ALL parameter. If you specified the ALL parameter correctly, check for one of the following:

- A misspelled or an invalid keyword
- A keyword that is not valid for the system you are running (IMS DB/DC or DBCTL).

Correct the keyword and reenter the command.

Module

DFSICL30, DFSICV10

DFS0123E DBD CHANGE UNSUPPORTED BY VERSIONING: DB=dedbname RSN=rc SEG segmname variable text

or

DBD CHANGE UNSUPPORTED BY VERSIONING: DB=dedbname RSN=rc SEG segmname FLD fld_name variable_text

Explanation

An application program attempted to access a version of a Fast Path data entry database (DEDB) other than the current version, but IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to access non-current versions of the database, because the current version of the database contains a change in the database definition (DBD) that is not supported by database versioning.

Application programs cannot access any prior version of the database, unless the application programs are changed or the unsupported change is removed from the database.

In the message text:

dedbname

The name of the DEDB that contains the changes that are unsupported by database versioning.

fld_name

The name of the field that is associated with the unsupported change.

rc

The reason code that identifies the DBD change that is not supported by database versioning. Look up the return code in the following table for additional information about the unsupported change.

segmname

The name of the segment that is associated with the unsupported change.

variable_text

A short description of the change that is not supported by database versioning. Look up the return code in the following table for additional information about the unsupported change.

Table 1. Return code and variable text meanings for DFS0123E	
R Variable text C	Meaning
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> EXPECTED, 1 FOUND SEG <i>segmname</i> INSTEAD	<p>The order of the segments in the current version of the database did not match the order in the requested version of the database.</p> <p>A segment order mismatch can happen if any of the following changes were made to the current version of the database:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The expected segment was deleted• A segment was inserted before the expected segment• The order of the segments was changed <p>IMS might also issue this message if the expected segment was skipped due to a previous error in the validation process.</p> <p>IMS issues this message for each segment it finds that is not the expected segment.</p>
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> NEW 2	<p>After validating all of the segments in the requested version of the database, the current version of the database contains an additional segment.</p>
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> NOT 3 FOUND	<p>A segment in the requested version of the database was not found in the current version. A segment might not be found for any of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The segment was renamed• A segment was deleted• A segment was skipped while searching for another segment
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> 4 INSERTION RULE CHANGED	<p>The rule that specifies how data is inserted in this segment was changed.</p>
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> 5 COMPRESSION EXIT CHANGED	<p>The compression exit routine for a segment was changed.</p>
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> TYPE 6 CHANGED	<p>The type of the segment (Direct Dependent or Sequential Dependent) was changed.</p>
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> SUBSET 7 POINTER(S) CHANGED	<p>The subset pointers were changed.</p>

Table 1. Return code and variable text meanings for DFS0123E (continued)	
R Variable text C	Meaning
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> MINIMUM 8 LENGTH CHANGED	The minimum length of the segment was increased or decreased. This message is also issued when a segment is changed from variable length to fixed length or vice versa.
0 SEG <i>segmname</i> MAXIMUM 9 LENGTH DECREASED	The length of segment was decreased.
1 SEG <i>segmname</i> DATA 0 CAPTURE EXIT CHANGED	One or more of the data capture exit routines was changed.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> NOT FOUND 1	A field in the old segment was not found in the current version of the segment. Either the field was deleted or a previous error caused it to be skipped.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> EXPECTED, 2 FOUND FLD <i>fld_name</i> INSTEAD	While looking for a match to a field in the old segment version, a different field was encountered instead. This message is issued for each field that is encountered that is not the expected field. If the expected field was skipped due to a previous error, a message is issued for each of the remaining fields in the segment.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> OFFSET 3 CHANGED	The offset of a field in the requested database was changed in the current version of the database.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> LENGTH 4 CHANGED	The length of a field in the requested database was changed in the current version of the database.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> TYPE 5 CHANGED	The type of padding was changed in the field.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> 6 SEQUENCING CHANGED	The field was changed from sequenced to unsequenced or vice versa.
1 FLD <i>fld_name</i> OVERLAPS 7 FLD <i>fld_name</i>	The field definitions in the current version of the database are incompatible with the field definitions of the requested database, because the offsets and lengths of two or more new fields in the current version of the database overlap each other.
1 SEG <i>segmname</i> MAX 8 LENGTH OF VAR LENGTH SEG INCREASED	A variable length segment has increased in length.
1 SEG <i>segmname</i> 9 SECONDARY INDEX RELATIONSHIP CHANGED	A segment changed from being involved in a secondary index to no longer being involved in a secondary index.
2 SEG <i>segmname</i> 0 REFERENCED BY SECONDARY INDEX, CHANGED	A segments involved in a secondary index has increased in length or added new fields.

Table 1. Return code and variable text meanings for DFS0123E (continued)	
R Variable text C	Meaning
2 SEG <i>segmname</i> SDEP 1 CHANGED	An SDEP has increased in length or added new fields.

System action

IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to provide access to prior versions of the database. Only the most recent version of the database can be accessed.

IMS continues checking for other unsupported changes.

Programmer response

Determine whether you need to keep the changes in the database or remove them.

If you keep the changes in the database, existing application programs cannot access the database until they are modified to use the new database structure. The prior versions of the database cannot be accessed anymore.

If you need to remove the unsupported changes from the database, you need to recover the database to the prior version. Any updates to the database that were made by application programs that used the current version of the database will be lost.

The version numbers for the current version of the database and the version of the database that the application program was attempting to access are identified in message DFS0006E. Message DFS0006E is issued to the console after the last or only DFS0123E message.

Module:

DBFVER10

Related concepts

[Database versioning \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0006E” on page 10](#)

REQUESTED VERSION *req_v_nmbr* AND
CURRENT VERSION *cur_v_nmbr* OF DEDB
dedbname ARE INCOMPATIBLE

DFS124 CANNOT ENQUEUE LTERM ON LINE

Explanation

The queue module was not able to enqueue the logical terminal on the new line.

Operator response:

(master terminal) This denotes a system error, and the system should be shut down and dumped at the earliest possible time for analysis of the problem. Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS0126I	IMS CONNECTION WITH APPC/MVS HAS BEEN STOPPED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A **/STOP APPC** command was entered. The IMS APPC connection to MVS stops successfully. The system issues this message after the connection between APPC/MVS and IMS was stopped successfully. IMS stops scheduling transactions from LU 6.2 devices.

System action

IMS continues processing without the APPC/MVS LU 6.2 services. These services are unavailable until you enter a **/STA APPC** command.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS6ECT0

DFS127	TOO MANY KEYWORDS
---------------	--------------------------

Explanation

Too many keywords were supplied.

System action

The command is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response: Recheck the format of the command, and delete the unnecessary keywords.

Module

DFSCML70, DFSICA10, DFSICLE0, DFSICLG0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLQ0, DFSICLU0, DFSICL10, DFSICL20, DFSICL60, DFSICL70, DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSICM00, DFSIC430, DFSIDP00, DFSIDP30

DFS128	TOO FEW KEYWORDS
---------------	-------------------------

Explanation

Too few keywords were supplied for this command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response: Check the command format, and reenter it correctly.

Module

DFSICLJ0, DFSICLQ0, DFSICL80

DFS129	INPUT ERROR, ONLY KEYBOARD BEING READ
---------------	--

Explanation

An input error was detected while reading from a component. The keyboard is the only device from which input will be accepted until the component is restarted by entering a **/RDR** statement from the keyboard.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Correct the problem, and enter the **/RDR** statement.

Module

DFSDN020

DFS130	INVALID KEYWORD COMBINATION
---------------	--

Explanation

One or more of the keywords entered were incompatible with another specified.

System action:
The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Check the keyword combination, and reenter the command.

Module:
DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICL20, DFSICL30, DFSICL40, DFSICL60, DFSICL80, DFSIC430, DFSIC470, DFSIDP00, DFSICLN1, DFSICLN2, DFSICLN3, DFSICLN4

DFS131	PTerm IN/OUT NOT THE SAME
---------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

The master terminal logical terminal must have its output physical terminal also assigned as its input physical terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reassign the terminal properly.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS132	ALL DATABASE AREA PARAMETERS ARE INVALID
---------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued for one of the following reasons:

- The database or area names entered are invalid.
- A parameter is valid, but has failed processing (for example, an allocation error has occurred on the database).
- A valid parameter was specified, but the particular type of IMS you are running does not support that parameter.
- If you receive this message during a `/START DB partname`, where *partname* is a HALDB partition that was added, and a partition structure rebuild has not been performed, then issue a `/START DB haldbmst OPEN`, where *haldbmst* is the master of the partition. Then issue a `/START DB partname` or a call for a key in the key range of the new or redefined partition. This response performs a partition structure rebuild and enables the partition for use.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the correct database or area names that have been defined to IMS. If the parameter is valid, correct or investigate other error messages and reenter the command. Make sure any command keywords or parameters are valid for the flavor of IMS you are running.

Module:

DBFCDAR0, DFSDBDR0, DFSICL20, DFSIC430, DFSIDPJ0, DFSIDP50

DFS133	BLDQ MUST NOT BE PRESENT
---------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

The BLDQ keyword is not permitted with a cold start.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL20

DFS134	SHUTDOWN CHECKPOINT NOT IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	--

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- A `/DISPLAY SHUTDOWN` status command was entered before a checkpoint command was issued.
- An `/IDLE` command (without the NOSHUT keyword) was entered before a checkpoint command was issued.
- An `/IDLE NODE` command was entered before a `/STOP DC` or a `/CHE` command was issued.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) For `/IDLE NODE`, reenter the command after you issue the `/STOP DC` or `/CHE` command. For other commands, reenter the command after the checkpoint is in progress.

Module:

DFSICLG0, DFSIDP90

DFS135	INVALID COMMAND ATTRIBUTE COMBINATION
---------------	--

Explanation

One or more command attributes specified were invalid when used with another specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with the proper attribute combination.

Module:
DFSIDP50

DFS136I **COMMAND xxxxxxxxxx INVALID
FOR imstype**

Explanation

The command xxxxxxxxxx is not supported for this type of IMS, *imstype*. Up to 10 characters of the command verb are included in the error message. The *imstype* is one of the following:

- DBCTL - Commands that are not supported in DBCTL relate to DC
- DCCTL - Commands that are not supported in DCCTL relate to DB
- XRF ALTERNATE - Commands that are not supported on an XRF alternate system are those not required to operate the XRF alternate

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Verify the commands that are valid for the flavor of IMS you are running and run the command again.

Module:
DFSICL30

DFS137 **CANNOT PROCESS UPDATE
TRANSACTION FROM INQUIRY
TERMINAL**

Explanation

Switched terminals signed on for inquiry. Logical terminal names cannot enter a transaction code that was defined as updating a database.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) For this transaction, sign on for a subpool or subpool CNT again.

Module:
DFSICIO0

DFS138 **LINE NOT STARTED, CANNOT
PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

To assign the master terminal to a new line or node, that line must be in a started and operable state.

Operator response:
Start the line, or node, and reenter the command.

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS139 **PTERM OR COMPONENT IS NOT
OPERABLE**

Explanation

In order to assign the Master Terminal to a physical terminal or node, the physical terminal must be started and operable, or the node must be in session.

Operator response

(master terminal) Ensure that the physical terminal and lines are started and operational. If not, issue a /RSTART LINE x or /RSTART LINE x or /RSTART LINE x PTERM y command. If the terminal or its components are inoperable, reenter the command when they become operable. If the line and terminal are operational, ensure that the logical terminal being reassigned is assigned to a component which is attached and operable. When reassigning from a terminal with components to a terminal without components, use either the ICOMPT or COMPT keyword with value=1.

VTAM: Ensure that the node referenced is in session. Then reenter the assign command.

Module

DFSICL70

DFS140I **CHECKPOINT IN PROGRESS,
CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

You entered a command. However, a checkpoint from a previously entered command or an automatic system checkpoint was in progress.

System action:
The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Wait for checkpoint ID to be displayed and reenter the command.

Module:
DBFARDA0, DFSICL20, DFSICL40, DFSICLQ0

DFS141 **ERESTART IN PROGRESS,
CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

An **/ERESTART** command is currently being processed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Wait for this command to run completely before attempting to run other commands.

Module:

DFSICL20, DFSICL30

DFS142	NRESTART IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

You entered a command, but an **/NRESTART** command was being processed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Wait for this command to complete before attempting to enter anything into the system.

Module:

DFSDNSC0, DFSICL20, DFSICL30

DFS143	PTERM/LTERM IN USE, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

The named terminal is being used by another terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Sign on for another terminal, or try again later.

Module:

DFSICA10, DFSICL50

DFS145I	DATABASE IS EMPTY AFTER RELOAD COMPLETED
----------------	---

Explanation

HD Reload utility encountered a logical end of file while reading the DFSUINPT data set. However, no records were found to insert into the database being reloaded.

System action

Processing terminates with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Verify that the appropriate data set was supplied to the HD Reload utility. The data set was produced by a previous execution of the HD Unload utility for the specified database.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35

Module

DFSURGL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS146	TRAN KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT
---------------	---

Explanation

The transaction keyword has no parameter specifying which transaction.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module

DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSIC430, DFSIDP40

DFS147	REQUIRED KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT PRESENT
---------------	---

Explanation

One or more keywords specified in this command were without parameters.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSCML70, DFSICLG0, DFSICLN0, DFSICLQ0,
DFSICL10, DFSICL70, DFSICM00, DFSICV10,
DFSIC460, DFSIDPC0, DFSIDPD0, DFSIDP30,
DFSIDP40

**DFS148 FORMAT KEYWORD PARAMETER
 NOT PRESENT**

Explanation

The FORMAT keyword was entered, but the parameter specifying which data set to format was omitted.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSICL20

**DFS150 LINE KEYWORD PARAMETER IS
 INVALID**

Explanation

The line number specified was found to be invalid. It was either non-numeric, less than 1, or greater than the maximum specified at system definition.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICL30, DFSICL50,
DFSICL70, DFSICL80, DFSIC440, DFSIDP60,
DFSIDP70, DFSIDP80

Chapter 6. DFS messages, DFS151-DFS200

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS151 LTERM KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID

Explanation

The logical terminal name specified was not defined to the system.

If this IMS system is part of a sysplex using the IMS Resource Manager, the logical terminal (LTERM) name might be actively on or owned by another IMS system. As a result, the LTERM name would not be found on this IMS, even if it was statically defined to the system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Correct the LTERM parameter and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICA10, DFSICLE0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICL70, DFSICV10

DFS152 PTERM KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID

Explanation

The physical terminal specified is not numeric, or the line has no terminal specified by that relative number.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Check the system as defined and reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSICLJ0, DFSICL30, DFSICL50, DFSICL70, DFSIDP80

DFS153 DATABASE KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID

Explanation

The database specified was not able to be found as a defined database for this system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Correct the parameter and reenter the command.

**DFS154I COMMAND xxxxxxxxxx INVALID;
REQUIRES COMPONENT
component**

Explanation

The command xxxxxxxxxx was invalid without the component *component*. Up to 10 characters of the command verb are included in the error message. *component* can be one of the following components:

CQS
FAST PATH
MSC
VTAM

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Start IMS with the specified component and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSDGSA1, DFSDGSR0

**DFS155 CHECKPOINT KEYWORD
PARAMETER IS INVALID**

Explanation

A nonzero checkpoint ID was specified for the CHECKPOINT parameter in the restart command. Since IMS determines the correct checkpoint to use for restart, the only CHECKPOINT parameter accepted as an override is zero.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

If you are starting IMS for the first time (no previous shutdown), or if you want to restart using the checkpoint taken during IMS cold start, take one of the following actions:

- Reissue the restart command specifying CHECKPOINT 0.
- Omit the CHECKPOINT keyword and reissue the restart command.

Module:
DFSICL20

DFS156	TRAN KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID
---------------	--

Explanation

The TRAN keyword parameter was invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The name specified for the transaction keyword was not a valid transaction code.
- The command does not permit a parameter after the transaction keyword, but a parameter was entered.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSICL00, DFSIC430, DFSIDP30

DFS157	PRIORITY KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID
---------------	--

Explanation

The priority of a transaction must be 0 through 14; all other parameters are invalid. For BMP transactions, the normal and limit priorities cannot be changed using the **/ASSIGN** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Correct the command and reenter it.

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS158	PARAMETER ALL IS NOT SUPPORTED IN THIS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

This message was generated for one of the following reasons:

- Line ALL cannot be specified if the PTERM parameter is specified.
- Parameter ALL is not supported in this form of the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Enter the command again with a specific parameter. To broadcast to all lines with a specification of LINE ALL, enter the command without the PTERM keyword. Check for the other **/LOCK** and **/UNLOCK** command formats.

Module:
DFSIDPD0, DFSIDP60, DFSICL10, DFSICL80, DFSICL90, DFSICLN2

DFS159	FORMAT KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID
---------------	--

Explanation

The parameter specified for the FORMAT keyword was not recognizable by the system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Check the command syntax and reenter the command.

Module:
DFSICL20

DFS160	MSDB PARAMETER INVALID WITH GLOBAL KEYWORD
---------------	---

Explanation

Reserved parameter **MSDB** is not supported with the GLOBAL keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command without keyword GLOBAL.

Module:
DFSICM40

**DFS161 LIMIT/PROCESS COUNT
KEYWORD PARAMETER IS
INVALID**

Explanation

The limit or process count must be greater than zero and less than 65536.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS163 KEYWORD IS INVALID

Explanation

One or more keywords specified were invalid for the command being entered. Alternatively, a keyword used was for an optional feature (such as VTAM or FAST PATH) not in your system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Check the command format and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSCML70, DFSICA10, DFSICLD0, DFSICLE0,
DFSICLG0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICLQ0,
DFSICLU0, DFSICL10, DFSICL20, DFSICL40,
DFSICL60, DFSICL70, DFSICL90, DFSICM00,
DFSICVA0, DFSIC460, DFSIDPK0, DFSIDP00,
DFSIDP80, DFSICLN1

DFS164 FIRST KEYWORD IS INVALID

Explanation

The first keyword of the command is invalid for the / **ASSIGN** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Check the format, and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSCML70, DFSICL70

DFS165 COMMAND VERB IS INVALID

Explanation

The command verb could not be recognized as valid.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Correct the command and run it again.

Module:

DFSICIO0, DFSICLP0

**DFS166I CHECKPOINT ID NOT ON LOG RE-
ENTER RESTART COMMAND**

Explanation

IMS issues this message for the following reasons:

- The OLDS/SLDS did not contain the specified checkpoint or the checkpoint was invalid.
- IMS is searching for the restart checkpoint. If the OLDS data sets are not being used, the PRIOLDS and SECOLDS records need to be removed from the RECON. Archive and error status flags do not exclude logs from restart processing.

System action

IMS waits for another restart command.

Operator response

Reissue the restart /**NRE** or /**ERE** command.

Module:

DFSRBCP0

**DFS167 INVALID RESTART FROM CHKPT
SPECIFIED. RE-ENTER RESTART
COMMAND**

Explanation

This message is generated when the operator requests one of the following invalid combinations:

- Normal warm start from a simple checkpoint
- BLDQ type restart from a FREEZE or SIMPLE checkpoint
- Non-BLDQ type restart from a PURGE or DUMPQ checkpoint
- /**ERE** command specifying CHKPT 0, but the checkpoint returned by the logger is not a cold start checkpoint.

System action

IMS waits for another **RESTART** command to be entered.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Enter the correct command or enter a cold start. If a cold start is to be done, IMS must be reloaded because the prior restart command might have modified the control blocks. A cold start assumes that the control blocks have not been previously used.

Problem determination:

4, 5

Module:

DFSRBCP0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS168I	CHECKPOINTED BLOCKS DO NOT MATCH LOADED BLOCKS. REASON CODE xxxx.
----------------	--

Explanation:

See the description of message DFS0168I.

Related information

[“DFS0168I” on page 66](#)
CHECKPOINTED BLOCKS DO NOT MATCH LOADED BLOCKS. REASON CODE xxxx.

DFS0168I	CHECKPOINTED BLOCKS DO NOT MATCH LOADED BLOCKS. REASON CODE xxxx.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is generated if you changed either the IMS checkpoint or loaded blocks since the specified checkpoint was taken. For an explanation of the reason code, see abend 0168.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0168.

Operator response

(master terminal) Either cold start the system, or re-IPL IMS with the nucleus that was used when the checkpoint was taken and attempt the warm start again.

Programmer response

See the description of abend 0168.

Problem determination

4, 5

Module

DBFEROC0, DBFNRSSTO, DFSRLP00, DFSFDR10

Related information

[0168 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS169I	INITIALIZATION IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	---

Explanation

The log routing function of the tracking subsystem is initializing and cannot respond to the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command at a later time.

Module:

DFSIDP00

DFS172	MULTIPLE PHYSICAL PAGE INPUT MUST BE FROM SAME PARTITION
---------------	---

Explanation

During multiple physical page input processing, input data was entered from a partition that was not the previously inputting partition. An input message was not created.

System action

If an output message was in progress, it is returned to the message queue. Input data is ignored.

Operator response:

If an output message was in progress, request the next message to obtain it.

Problem determination:

16

Module:

DFSCFEIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS173I A NORMALLY COMPLETED JOB
MAY NOT BE BACKED OUT IF THE
IRLM WAS ACTIVE**

Explanation

Database Backout is running. DBRC=C was specified for this execution, but IRLM was active in the previous execution.

System action

The backout job terminates with a nonzero return code.

Module:
DFSBCKIO

**DFS174 AREA|DATABASE|DATAGROUP
KEYWORD NOT PRESENT**

Explanation

Keyword AREA, DATABASE, or DATAGROUP was not presented on a **/DBDUMP** or **/DBRECOVERY** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Correct the command and reenter it.

Module:
DFSICM40

**DFS175 DATABASE|DATAGROUP
KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT
PRESENT.**

Explanation

The DATABASE or DATAGROUP keyword was not followed by a parameter.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Correct the command, and reenter it.

Module:
DFSICM40, DFSIC4C0

**DFS177 DATA FOLLOWED EOB OR EOM.
REENTER MESSAGE**

Explanation

No data is allowed to follow an end-of-block (EOB) or end-of-message (EOM) in an IBM 2740 Model 2 buffer. The operator must enter the entire message again correctly.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Route the message back to the inputting terminal.

Module:
DFSDN040

**DFS178I INTERNAL ERROR, CANNOT
PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

DBRC detected an internal error when it was called to return a list of database or area names for one of the following commands:

- **DBRECOVERY DATAGROUP**
- **START DATAGROUP**
- **STOP DATAGROUP**

This message is also issued for internal errors that result from an online change command, such as:

- **/MODIFY ABORT**
- **TERMINATE OLC**
- **/MODIFY COMMIT**
- **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)**
- **/MODIFY PREPARE**
- **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)**

System action

The command is rejected.

Module:
DFSIC4C0, DFSICM30, DFSICM40, DFSICV30,
DFSICV80, DFSOLC10

**DFS179 TERMINATION IN PROGRESS,
CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND.**

Explanation

IMS is terminating.

System action

The command is ignored.

Module:

DFSIDPO0, DFSIC4A0, DFSIC4B0

DFS180	NO ACTIVE CONVERSATION IN PROCESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	--

Explanation

A conversational command was entered for a terminal or user that had no active conversation.

System action

The command was ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If the user specified non-auto delete for paging and has not dequeued the conversational reply, this message can occur as a result of the **/EXIT** command being entered. If so, to allow the system to continue, enter a question mark character (?) to dequeue the last paged message.

Module:

DFSICLH0

DFS181	INVALID OR MISSING KEYWORD
---------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

One or more required keywords were not specified, or invalid keywords were specified for the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Problem determination:

Check the format, and reenter the command properly.

Module:

DFSIC430, DFSIC460, DFSICLG0, DFSICLH0, DFSICLQ0, DFSICLW0, DFSICLY0, DFSICL40, DFSICL50, DFSICL60, DFSICM00, DFSICV10, DFSIDPB0

DFS182I	INVALID OR MISSING PARAMETER
----------------	---

Explanation

Either a parameter was missing for one or more of the specified keywords or it was invalidly specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

If you received this message while running a command for a data group, or after entering a command for a data group, verify that you used the DBRC command **INIT.DBDSGRP GRPNAME(name) DBGRP(dbname)** to create the group.

Operator response:

Reenter the correct format of the command.

Module:

DFSCML70, DFSICLE0, DFSICLG0, DFSICLH0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLK0, DFSICLM0, DFSICLN0, DFSICLQ0, DFSICLW0, DFSICLU0, DFSICLY0, DFSICL10, DFSICL20, DFSICL50, DFSICL60, DFSICL70, DFSICL90, DFSICM00, DFSICM40, DFSICVA0, DFSIC410, DFSIC420, DFSIC430, DFSIC450, DFSIC460, DFSIC470, DFSIC480, DFSIDPLO, DFSIDP00, DFSIDP60, DFSIDP70, DFSIDP80, DFSIDPB0, DFSIDPH0, DFSIDPIO, DFSICLN1, DFSICLN2, DFSICLN3, DFSICLN4

DFS183I	CONVERSATION ID INACTIVE ON PTerm OR USER, COMMAND UNPROCESSED
----------------	---

Explanation

The conversation specified by the ID of this command was not assigned to the terminal or user specified. Therefore, no action was taken.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Correct the ID of the terminal or user specification and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICLH0

DFS184	CONVERSATION IN USE. CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	--

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- The conversation message is presently in the queue waiting to be processed by a message processing program.
- The last output message is temporarily unavailable because of incomplete restart resynchronization.
- The Use Manager LOCK request failed because the Conversation Control Block (CCB) is currently in use by some other process.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response:

Wait for the response from the program before reentering the **/HOLD** or **/EXIT** command. If the conversation is in use because of incomplete restart resynchronization or if the CCB is in use by some other process, this condition should exist for only a short amount of time.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS185	CONVERSATION NOT SCHEDULED, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

The conversation is still in the process of beginning.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response:

Wait for the first message to be completed before reentering the command.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS186	CONVERSATION ID IS INVALID
---------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The parameter entered as an ID for the conversation was not four characters long, was an invalid conversation number for this system, or was for an inactive conversation.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command properly.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS187	NO HELD CONVERSATION ON THIS PTERM, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	---

Explanation

There are no conversations held for the current terminal. If any were held they have been terminated or released already through the **/RELEASE** or **/EXIT** command.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS188	CONVERSATION IN PROCESS, CANNOT ACTIVATE ANOTHER
---------------	---

Explanation

Only one conversation can be active on a terminal at a time.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response:

If you want to activate a new conversation, either exit the current one or hold it before reentering the **/RELEASE** command.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS189	TERMINAL OR USER NOT STOPPED AND IDLE, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
---------------	--

Explanation

The terminal or user must be stopped or idle, or both, before the command can be processed.

For **/DEQUEUE LINE**, LTERM, MSNAME, or NODE command, the line, MSC link, or node must be stopped and idle if the PURGE/PURGE1 keyword is specified.

For **/DEQUEUE LTERM** with the PURGE/PURGE1 keyword specified, if the command is issued for a dynamic LTERM in a shared-queue environment with the STM=YES option specified, the user must be stopped and idle.

For **/DEQUEUE LUNAME**, the LU 6.2 destination must be stopped.

For **/DEQUEUE USER**, the user must be stopped if the PURGE/PURGE1 keyword is specified.

For **/EXIT** command, the line or node must be stopped and idle to protect the conversational user from having the conversation terminated while entering a segment for it.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response

(local/remote terminal) For **/DEQUEUE LINE**, **/DEQUEUE LTERM**, **/DEQUEUE MSNAME**, and **/DEQUEUE NODE**, stop and idle the line/node/link. For **/DEQUEUE LUNAME**, stop the LU 6.2 destination. For **/DEQUEUE USER**, stop the user.

For **/DEQUEUE LTERM** with the **PURGE/PURGE1** keyword specified, complete the following steps:

1. Issue a **/STOP USER** command to set the user in the stopped status.
2. Issue the **/DEQUEUE LTERM** command with the **PURGE/PURGE1** keyword again.
3. If the command fails again with a DFS189 message because an IMS checkpoint is triggered after the **/STOP USER** command but before the **/DEQUEUE LTERM (PURGE/PURGE1)** command is issued again, restart the user, and repeat Steps 1-2.

Module:

DFSICLH0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICL50

DFS190 CANNOT OUTPUT PRINTER 1

Explanation

The specified terminal component caused an I/O error.

System action

The terminal component is shut down.

Operator response:

Correct the problem, and enter the proper component restart command to continue output.

Module:

DFSDN020, DFSDS020

DFS191 CANNOT OUTPUT PRINTER 2

Explanation

The specified terminal component caused an I/O error.

System action

The terminal component is shut down.

Operator response:

Correct the problem, and enter the proper component restart command to continue output.

Module:

DFSDN020, DFSDS020

DFS192 CANNOT OUTPUT PUNCH 1

Explanation

The specified terminal component caused an I/O error.

System action

The terminal component is shut down.

Operator response:

Correct the problem, and enter the correct component restart command to continue the output.

Module:

DFSDN020, DFSDS020

DFS193 CANNOT OUTPUT PUNCH 2

Explanation

The specified terminal component caused an I/O error.

System action

The terminal component is shut down.

Operator response:

Correct the problem, and enter the correct component restart command to continue output.

Module:

DFSDN020, DFSDS020

**DFS194W DATA BASE xxxxxxxx REFERENCED
BY PSB yyyyyyyy IS NOT
REGISTERED WITH DBRC.**

Explanation

The named database referenced by the named PSB was not registered with DBRC. IMS treats the database as though exclusive use was specified for the subsystem by the user.

System action

The PSB scheduling continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer of the message.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- If data base integrity protection is wanted in the data sharing environment, register the database to DBRC.
- If the registration is not desirable, make sure that no application program currently updates the database across subsystems.

Module:

DFSDBAU0

**DFS195 UNABLE TO ACQUIRE BUFFER FOR
LOOP TEST**

Explanation

No buffer was available to start a loop test operation.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response:

If this situation persists, contact systems operation personnel.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS196	INPUT ONLY DEVICE, TEST/ LOOPTEST INVALID
---------------	--

Explanation

/TEST and **/LOOPTEST** commands cannot be entered from an input-only terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS197	CONVERSATION NOT ALLOWED ON SHARED LOGICAL TERMINAL
---------------	--

Explanation

More than one physical terminal was using the logical terminal assigned to your terminal, or it was assigned to another terminal for output. Conversational transactions cannot be entered from this type of communication network.

System action

The requested conversation is not started.

Operator response:

If the transaction is required, request the master terminal operator to assign an unshared logical terminal to this PTERM.

Module:
DFSCON00

DFS198	SHUTDOWN IN PROCESS
---------------	----------------------------

Explanation

Shutdown was already in progress when the **/DISPLAY SHUTDOWN STATUS** command was entered. Status request is ignored when shut down is at a point where no messages are in progress, and no communication lines or physical terminals are active.

System action

Shutdown continues.

Module:
DFSIDP90

DFS200	IMS DISCONNECTED LINE XXX
---------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

On a 1050 switched communication line, an error occurred while attempting to send to PRINTER 1 or read from the keyboard. On a 3275 switched line, an uncorrectable I/O error occurred.

System action

IMS disconnected the terminal. The line was restarted. You can attempt to reconnect if you want.

Operator response

(Local/remote terminal) On a 1050, check the switch setting at the remote terminal. On a 3275, no action is required.

Module

DFSDS020, DFSDS040, DFSDS050, DFSDS060

Chapter 7. DFS messages, DFS201 - DFS250

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS201	INVALID LTERM CHAIN FOR FORMAT SPECIFIED
---------------	---

Explanation

The LTERM specified in a **/ASSIGN** command is the input LTERM for multiple physical terminals (LTERMs).

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command, using proper format to cause the desired results.

Module

DFSICL70

DFS202	2770/2265 PROCEDURAL ERROR.
---------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON** or **/TRACE SET OFF** command was entered with no monitor parameters specified.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response:

(entering terminal) Reset the terminal, and try the operation again.

Module:

DFSDN070

DFS203	LOOPTEST NOT VALID FOR THIS LINE
---------------	---

Explanation

A **/LOOPTEST** command has been entered for a switched line, or a remote processor line, that is, a System/3 or System/7. A **/LOOPTEST** command is not valid for these types of lines.

System action

The command is ignored.

Module

DFSICL50

DFS204	INVALID LTERM ASSIGNMENT FOR 2770.
---------------	---

Explanation

An invalid LTERM assignment has been made for a 2770 terminal. The terminal has a component LTERM assigned to an input-only component slot. The terminal was stopped.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) As a temporary circumvention, reassign the LTERM in error.

Programmer response

Ensure that system definition for the terminal was correctly specified.

Module:

DFSDN090

DFS205	STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR BUILDING PARTITION CIBS
---------------	--

Explanation

MFS received a message to build partition CIBS (communication interface block storage), but was unable to acquire storage to build partition CIBS.

System action

The LTERM was marked inoperable, and the message causing the problem was returned to the message queue.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance. If use of the LTERM is to continue, a **/START LTERM xxx** command must be issued. The message can be removed from the message queue with the **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE1** command.

Programmer response

Send the output message when system activity has decreased and more storage is available, or increase the main storage available to IMS.

Module:
DFSCFE00

DFS206	QBLK D/S LIMIT REACHED. MUST REBUILD.
---------------	--

Explanation

A record was allocated within the shutdown area on the IMS.QBLKS system data set.

System action

An internal **/CHE DUMPQ** command was initiated and in most cases, the system shuts down. In an XRF environment, a **/CHE SNAPQ** will be initiated if there are VSO areas that have I/O tolerated data, and the system will not shut down.

Operator response

If the system shuts down, increase the space allocation for the IMS.QBLKS system data set and restart from the DUMPQ checkpoint which follows the message. The secondary allocation is not normally applicable to IMS queue data sets. Note also that the FORMAT parameter must be used to format this data set during restart.

If a SNAPQ has been issued, the system continues to run, but it approaches the threshold value on the queue data set. If the system abends, increase the queue data set allocation and restart the system from the SNAPQ checkpoint using the **/ERE BUILDQ** command.

Module:
DFSQMGR0

DFS207I	SMSG D/S LIMIT REACHED. MUST REBUILD.
----------------	--

Explanation

A record has been allocated within the shutdown area on the IMS.SHMSG system data set.

System action

An internal **/CHE DUMPQ** command has been initiated and in most cases, the system shuts down. In an XRF environment a **/CHE SNAPQ** is initiated if there are VSO areas that have I/O tolerated data, and the system does not shut down.

Operator response

(z/OS system) If the system shuts down, increase the space allocation for the IMS.SHMSG system data set and restart from the DUMPQ checkpoint which follows the message. The secondary allocation is not normally applicable to IMS queue data sets. The FORMAT parameter must be used to reformat this data set during restart.

If a SNAPQ has been issued, the system continues to run, but it approaches the threshold value on the queue data set. If the system abends, increase the queue data set allocation and restart the system from the SNAPQ checkpoint using the **/ERE BUILDQ** command.

Module:
DFSQMGR0

Related concepts

[Message queue data set failures \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

Related reference

[/NRESTART command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS208I	LMSG D/S LIMIT REACHED. MUST REBUILD.
----------------	--

Explanation

A record has been allocated within the shutdown area on the IMS.LGMSG system data set.

System action

An internal **/CHE DUMPQ** command has been initiated and in most cases, the system shuts down. In an XRF environment, a **/CHE SNAPQ** is initiated if there are VSO areas that have I/O tolerated data, and the system does not shut down.

Operator response

(z/OS system operator) If the system shuts down, increase the space allocation for the IMS.LGMSG system data set and restart from the DUMPQ checkpoint which follows the message. The secondary allocation is not normally applicable to IMS queue data sets. The FORMAT parameter must be used to reformat this data set during restart.

If a SNAPQ has been issued, the system continues to run, but it approaches the threshold value on the queue data set. If the system abends, increase the queue data set allocation and restart the system from the SNAPQ checkpoint using the **/ERE BUILDQ** command.

Module:
DFSQC010

Related concepts

Message queue data set failures ([Operations and Automation](#))

DFS209	STOP FOR DEPENDENT REGION IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND.
---------------	---

Explanation

A **/STOP** or **/PSTOP** command is currently in process.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command. If the message is received after several attempts, terminate the IMS system by using an MVS modify F command, and contact your IMS system programmer.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 6, 7, 25

Module:

DFSIC470

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS210	LTERM MAY NOT BE REASSIGNED
---------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The system console LTERM and inquiry LTERM cannot be reassigned. If a given physical terminal has only one LTERM assigned to it, that LTERM cannot be reassigned unless the physical terminal is inoperable. An LTERM cannot be reassigned to its own position.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command with a different LTERM name.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS211	INVALID REASSIGNMENT FOR NAMED LTERM
---------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to:

- Assign the master terminal to an ineligible device
- Make an improper assignment for VTAM nodes that would split the logical terminal
- Make an improper assignment for a node or user that was created to retain status data.
- Assign the output to an input only device.

The master terminal cannot be assigned to any of the following:

- A user
- A switched line
- An input-only terminal
- An output-only terminal
- An NTO terminal
- An unattended SLUTYPE1 terminal
- An LUTYPE6 node.

An assignment that splits the logical terminal for VTAM nodes is not allowed. The format of the command is:

```
/ASSIGN INPUT LTERM lterm1 TO NODE  
node1  
/ASSIGN OUTPUT LTERM lterm1 TO NODE  
node1  
/ASSIGN LTERM lterm1 TO LTERM lterm2  
(where lterm1 or lterm2 is associated with a  
VTAM node).
```

Nodes or users that were only created to retain status data and have not been logged on or signed on are not allowed in an **/ASSIGN** command. For example, a **/TRACE SET ON NODE** command that creates a node with a status of trace, in anticipation of the terminal logging on, is not allowed as a node parameter in the **/ASSIGN** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Enter a valid form of the **/ASSIGN** command.

Module

DFSICL70

DFS211I	INVALID REASSIGNMENT FOR NAMED LTERM
----------------	---

Explanation

See message DFS211

Related information

[“DFS211” on page 75](#)

DFS212 PTERM IN USE, CANNOT PROCESS**Explanation**

The physical terminal is in conversational mode, in preset mode, in response mode, or is a signed-on subpool.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Wait for the terminal to be free or use another terminal.

Module

DFSICLE0, DFSICL70

DFS213 COMMAND FORMAT IS INVALID FOR LTERM**Explanation**

The **/ASSIGN** command format is invalid or the LTERM structure is invalid for the particular command operands.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Verify the command syntax and reenter the command.

Module

DFSICL70

DFS214 ASSIGNMENT TO SWITCHED LINES NOT ALLOWED**Explanation**

LTERMs cannot be assigned to switched lines.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Assign the LTERM to a valid line.

Module

DFSICL70

DFS215I**COMMAND INVALID ON THIS IMS SYSTEM****Explanation**

This command can be issued only on the IMS system designated as the command master. All commands entered from a local IMS (the MTO, a local user terminal, or AOI) are treated as the command master. For a command entered from the Operations Manager (OM) TSO Single Point of Control (SPOC), only one IMS among those chosen by OM to process the command is treated as the command master.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

If you enter the **/OPNDST** command from OM TSO SPOC and you want to log the node onto a particular IMS, specify *ROUTE(imsid)*. If your command doesn't specify *ROUTE(imsid)*, the **/OPNDST** command is routed to all the IMS systems and IMS will only process the command on the IMS that is designated as the command master. The other IMS systems will issue this message.

Module:

DFSICLQ0

DFS216**SYSTEM COMMAND FAILURE, NOTIFY SYSTEM PROGRAMMER****Explanation**

The command processor detected either an error that was unrecoverable or an invalid interface with a command action module.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Determine which command caused the message, and notify the system programmer.

Problem determination:

6, 36

Module

DFSDBDR0, DFSDGS98, DFSICLC0, DFSICLG0, DFSICLH0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLNO, DFSICLP0, DFSICLZ0, DFSICL40, DFSICL60, DFSIC410, DFSIC420, DFSIC430, DFSIC440, DFSIC450,

DFSIC460, DFSIC470, DFSIDP60, DFSIDPB0,
DFSIDPH0, DFSIDPK0, DFSICLN1, DFSICLN2

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS217	7770-3 USER INPUT EDIT ERROR, LINE STOPPED. LINE xxx PTERM nnn
---------------	---

Explanation

User module DFSI7770 has passed incorrect
information to the 7770 device module.

System action

The line stops and processing continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the system programmer. Do
not restart the line.

Module

DFSDS030

DFS218	7770-3 USER OUTPUT EDIT ERROR, LINE STOPPED. LINE xxx PTERM yyy
---------------	--

Explanation

User module DFS07770 has passed incorrect
information to the 7770 device module.

System action

The line is stopped, and IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

Notify the system programmer. Do not restart the line.

Module:

DFSDS030

DFS219	7770-3 USER SIGN ON EDIT ERROR, LINE STOPPED. LINE xxx PTERM nnn
---------------	---

Explanation

User module DFSS7770 passed incorrect information
to the 7770 device module.

System action

The line is stopped and IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the system programmer. Do
not restart the line.

Module:

DFSDS030

DFS220	NO MESSAGE IS AVAILABLE FOR REPEAT.
---------------	--

Explanation

A 7770 terminal requested that a message be
repeated. Either no message has been sent previously
to the caller, or a READ/WRITE queue error occurred
while retrieving the last output message.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Continue normal processing, and
do not use repeat until you have received an output
message.

Module:

DFSDS030, DFSICIO0

DFS221	7770-3 CONTROL UNIT HAS MAKE BUSY SWITCH SET FOR LINE xxx PTERM nnn
---------------	--

Explanation

The 7770 control unit for LINE xxx has the make-busy
switch on.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

If the switch action is intentional, continue normal
processing. If it is not intentional, make sure that the
switch is turned off and then START the LINE and
PTERM to continue.

Module:

DFSDS030

DFS222	INVALID PAGE REQUEST
---------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The format of the request-for-new-page entry is
improper or incorrect.

System action

The request is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response: See message DFS223.

Module

DFSCFEP0, DFSPAGE0

Related information
“DFS223” on page 78
PAGE REQUESTED NOT CONTAINED IN
CURRENT MESSAGE

DFS223	PAGE REQUESTED NOT CONTAINED IN CURRENT MESSAGE
---------------	--

Explanation

You requested a page before the first page or after the last page of this message.

System action

The request is ignored.

**Operator response
(local/remote terminal)**

- If the device is a 2260 or a 2265,
 - Reenter the request for a page within this message, or
 - Enter a question mark (?).
- If the device is a 3270 display, a 3600 display, or a remote program using the MFS DPM formatting function,
 - The original message is still on the queue for this LTERM.
 - If only one LTERM is assigned to this physical terminal, a NEXTMSG request (or pressing the PA2 key on a 3270 or SLU2 device) will get the first physical page of the original message.
 - If multiple LTERMS are assigned to this physical terminal, a NEXTMSG request (or pressing the PA2 key on a 3270 or SLU2 device) will get the first physical page of a message destined to the next LTERM assigned to this physical terminal.
 - Pressing any key other than the PA2 key (on a 3270 or SLU2 device) will cause a new message to be displayed while the original is still on the queue.
- If the terminal is programmable,
 - Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

If the terminal is programmable, check the logic to determine how paging requests are sent to IMS.

Module

DFSCFE00, DFSCFEP0, DFSPAGE0

DFS224	MULTI-PAGE MESSAGE NOT IN PROCESS, REQUEST IGNORED
---------------	---

Explanation

A paging request was made while a message was being viewed which was not formatted as a multiple-page message. Therefore, the request cannot be honored.

System action:
The request is ignored.

Operator response:
Resubmit the request.

Module:
DFSCFEP0, DFSPAGE0

DFS225A	CTL REGION WAITING FOR DBRC REGION (name) INIT
----------------	---

Explanation

Before issuing the IMS ready message, the control region waits, if necessary, for the DBRC region to initialize.

In the message text:

name
The name of the member in SYS1.PROCLIB which contains the DBRC region JCL

System action

The control region waits for the DBRC region to initialize.

Operator response

Use the z/OS command D A,L to determine if the DBRC job exists. If so, no action is required. DBRC eventually finishes its initialization and the IMS Ready message is issued. If the DBRC JCL had an error, it is not necessary to cancel the control region if the corrected procedure is manually started from the z/OS console.

Programmer response

In the case of a JCL error, correct the DBRC region JCL.

Module:

DFS0226A	CTL REGION WAITING FOR CQS (name) RESPONSE TO CONNECT REQUEST - <i>imsid</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message indicates that the IMS control region has issued the CQS CONNECT request and is waiting for a response from CQS.

The message is issued before message DFS810 for systems:

- That are not XRF capable
- During IMS restart for XRF active systems
- During XRF takeover for XRF alternate systems.

If the CQS region is stopped after IMS connects to CQS, IMS must reconnect to CQS after the CQS region becomes available again. This message is also issued during reconnect processing.

In the message text:

name
The name specified by the CQS= parameter. This can be either the name of the SYS1.PROCLIB member containing the CQS region JCL, or the name of the member containing the z/OS START command used to start the CQS procedure.

imsid
The IMS identifier.

System action

The control region waits for the CQS region to respond to the CONNECT request. The CQS region cannot complete the CONNECT request until CQS completes initialization and issues the CQS READY message, CQS0020.

Operator response

If CQS is initializing, no action is required. CQS will complete CONNECT processing. If CQS issued a WTOR as part of CQS initialization, respond to the WTOR to allow CQS initialization to complete. If the CQS address space fails before it responds to the CONNECT request, the IMS control region is notified and no action is necessary.

Module

DFSSQ020

DFS227A	CTL REGION WAITING FOR DLS REGION (name) INIT
----------------	--

Explanation

Before issuing the IMS Ready message, the control region waits, if necessary, for the DL/I subordinate address space to initialize. *name* is the name of the member in SYS1.PROCLIB which contains the DL/I subordinate address space JCL.

System action

The control region waits for the DL/I subordinate address space to initialize.

Operator response

Use the z/OS command **D A,L** to determine if the DL/I subordinate address space job exists. If so, no action is required. DL/I subordinate address space eventually finishes its initialization, and the IMS Ready message is issued. If the DL/I subordinate address space JCL had an error, it is not necessary to cancel the control region if the corrected DL/I subordinate address space procedure is manually started from the z/OS console.

If the DLISAS region appears to be started, it is possible that DLISAS is actually waiting for the DBRC region to initialize. Also check the DBRC region JCL for errors.

Programmer response

In the case of a JCL error, correct the DL/I subordinate address space region JCL.

Module:
DFSXCIC0

DFS228I	DLS RECALL TCB INITIALIZATION COMPLETE
----------------	---

or

DLS REGION DYNAMIC ALLOCATION INITIALIZED

or

DLS REGION STORAGE COMPRESSION INITIALIZED

or

DLS REGION INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

Explanation

Initialization for the indicated function in the DL/I subordinate address space has successfully completed.

Module

DFSXBC60, DFSXDL10, DFSXDYAO

**DFS0229W CSA PSB POOL SIZE GT OR EQ TO
 DLS PSB POOL SIZE**

Explanation

The DL/I subordinate address space option was selected. IMS initialization determined that the size of the CSA PSB pool was equal to or larger than the size of the PSB pool in DL/I subordinate address space local storage.

System action

IMS initialization continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer of the receipt of this message.

Programmer response

The sizes of the two PSB pools are specified with the CSAPSB= and DLIPSB= parameters on the control region JCL. Normally, the DL/I subordinate address space PSB pool should be much larger than the CSA PSB pool.

Module

DFSIIINSO

**DFS230 TRAN SPECIFIED WITH ABDUMP
 OR TRAN KEYWORD IS NOT VALID**

Explanation

The transaction name specified with the ABDUMP or TRAN keyword was not a valid transaction name or was missing.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with a valid transaction name.

Module:

DFSIC470

**DFS231 ONLY ONE REGION MAY BE
 SPECIFIED WITH ABDUMP, TRAN,
 CANCEL, AOITOKEN, OR SYNC**

Explanation

You have specified more than one region ID in a **/STOP REGION** or **/PSTOP REGION** command that has the ABDUMP, TRAN, CANCEL, AOITOKEN, or SYNC keyword specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with only one region ID specified.

Module:

DFSIC470

**DFS232 CLASS PARAMETER IS MISSING
 OR INVALID**

Explanation

A command was issued with the CLASS keyword. The parameter following the class keyword is either:

- An invalid class number
- Not specified

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command with the correct CLASS parameter.

Module:

DFSICL70, DFSIC430

**DFS233 UNABLE TO PERFORM TEST, NO
 LOGICAL TERMINAL ASSIGNED.**

Explanation

Text was entered from a terminal in TEST mode. No LTERM is assigned to the terminal, so the test cannot be performed.

System action

The data entered is ignored.

Local/remote terminal operator response: /ASSIGN

an LTERM to the terminal or enter **/END**, removing the terminal from test mode.

Module

DFSICIO0, DFSCFEO0, DFSCFEP0, DFSPAGE0

DFS234 INVALID RETURN FROM PAGING

Explanation

While processing an input message, the Paging Processor returned to an invalid location in the calling module.

System action

The input is ignored.

Programmer response

This problem is an IMS logic error. Call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSCFEIO

DFS235 SYSIN DATA STREAM CLOSED

Explanation

A SYSIN data stream was read.

Module:
DFSDN150

DFS236 TERMINAL IS NOT RECEIVING A MESSAGE.

Explanation

A **/DEQUEUE** command was received for a terminal that was not receiving a message. If LTERM was specified, the PTERM might be receiving, but the LTERM was not.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Verify that the appropriate PTERM or LTERM, or both parameters were specified and that the terminal was receiving a message. The PURGE keyword can be used to dequeue all messages if the LINE is stopped and idle.

Module:
DFSICLJ0

DFS237 DUPLICATE KEYWORDS ARE INVALID.

Explanation

You can use only one of each keyword in the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Reenter the correct command.

Module

DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0, DFSICVA

DFS238 LTERM NOT ASSIGNED TO LINE/PTERM

Explanation

The LTERM specified in the command was not assigned to the LINE and PTERM specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Identify the appropriate LINE/PTERM/LTERM combination, and reenter the command.

Module:
DFSICLJ0

DFS239 NO PARAMETER ALLOWED WITH PURGE OR PURGE1.

Explanation

PURGE requests that all messages for the specified terminal be dequeued and PURGE1 requests that the top message for the specified logical terminal be dequeued. No parameter is allowed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command in the proper format.

Module

DFSICLJ0

DFS240 UNABLE TO COMPLETE DEQUEUE PURGE/PURGE1

Explanation

The command was rejected because of one of the following reasons:

- OTMA has sent the output message to the client. OTMA cannot perform dequeue processing until it receives an acknowledgment, ACK or NAK, from the client.
- An IMS conversation exists between the specified terminal and an application program.
- An error was detected in the process of dequeuing messages. DFSQMGR0 has returned a code other than 0 or 8.
- For the LU 6.2 device, an LU 6.2 conversation is in progress.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

If an IMS conversation exists, use the **/EXIT** command to terminate the IMS conversation and dequeue the messages. For the LU 6.2 device, stop the device and end the LU 6.2 conversation using the VTAM **V NET,INACT** command.

If an IMS conversation does not exist, or if LU 6.2 support or OTMA support is not used, notify the IMS system programmer.

Ensure that the OTMA client sends an ACK or NAK message to IMS before the TPIPE is stopped for dequeue processing. If the ACK or NACK cannot be sent by the OTMA client, issue a **/STOP OTMA** command and dequeue the message.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 7, 36

Module:

DFSICLJ0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS241 EXCLUSIVE CMD INVALID FOR INPUT TERMINAL

Explanation

The **/EXCLUSIVE** command with the LINE/PTERM parameter is only applicable when the PTERM describes a terminal which has no input capability.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Ensure that appropriate terminal type and parameters are used, and reissue the command.

Module:

DFSICL50

DFS242 AUDITOR'S KEY REQUIRED

Explanation

An output message exists for a 2980 Model 4 terminal, requiring the auditor key to be inserted in order to receive the message.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Insert the auditor key and enter a question mark (?). IMS then attempts transmission of the message.

Module:

DFSDN110

DFS243 TRANSACTION BUSY-REENTER COMMAND

Explanation

An **/ASSIGN** command was issued with operands specifying a transaction currently being scheduled.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command after a short time has elapsed.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS244 COMMAND INVALID FROM INPUTTING TERMINAL

Explanation

A **/FORMAT** command has been entered from a terminal which is not supported by the MFS.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

(master terminal)

No action is required.

The **/FORMAT** command should not be entered from a terminal which is not supported by the MFS.

Module

DFSICLK0

DFS245	UNABLE TO FETCH ERROR DEFAULT BLOCK-TEST MODE RESET
---------------	--

Explanation

While in MFS TEST mode, an error occurred attempting to fetch MFS blocks for an output message. An error also occurred attempting to fetch the IMS error default blocks, DFSM03 and DFSDF2.

System action

MFS TEST mode has been reset for this terminal.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) A request for the next message results in an IMS attempt to fetch MFS blocks from the production library.

Programmer response

For an explanation of the failure, see message DFS271. If format blocks are currently being added to the test library, I/O errors might result; try again when additions are complete.

Problem determination

Log record type X'67', subrecord X'01', ID'FERR', which contains diagnostic information, is produced if **/TRACE** is set on for PTERM at the time of failure.

Module:

DFSCFE00

Related information

“DFS271” on page 90
UNABLE TO LOAD ERROR MESSAGE OUTPUT
DESCRIPTION

DFS246	SPACE EXCEEDED-TEST MODE RESET
---------------	---

Explanation

While in MFS TEST mode, the space required for test format blocks was exceeded. MFS TEST format blocks are loaded in the CIOP pool below the 16M line. This message is issued if the CIOP pool does not have sufficient storage below the line.

System action

MFS TEST mode has been reset for this terminal.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) If a terminal on another line is also in MFS TEST mode, a retry might be successful when that terminal is not active or is out of MFS TEST mode. If no other terminals are in MFS TEST mode, the blocks exceed the maximum space defined and are not available in MFS TEST mode. In addition, you can reduce the use of storage below the 16M in the CIOP pool.

Problem determination

Log record type X'67', subrecord X'01', ID'FERR', which contains diagnostic information, is produced if **/TRACE** is set on for PTERM at the time of failure.

Module

DFSCFE00, DFSCFE10

DFS247	FIELD LENGTH ERROR-INPUT IGNORED
---------------	---

Explanation

More data was received for a field than is valid for the format displayed. Probable cause is that the terminal operator depressed the CLEAR key when the terminal was not protected from receiving output.

System action

The input data was ignored.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) If the last operator action before receiving the previous output was not a clear or power-off power on sequence, notify your system programmer of a possible hardware or software problem.

Module:

DFSCFE00

DFS248	MID AND DIF ARE INCOMPATIBLE-INPUT IGNORED
---------------	---

Explanation

The MID and DIF in the active format data set were not processed by the MFS Language utility at the same time. They are not usable for online editing.

System action

The input is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Recompile the input MSG and FMT. Ensure that the FMT includes a DEV statement for the appropriate device type and features. Ensure also that the phase 4 output is inserted into the online format data set.

Module:
DFSCFEIO

DFS249 NO INPUT MESSAGE CREATED

Explanation

This message is issued when:

- Editing of input data resulted in a message with no data, which is ignored by the system, or
- A single segment message from a non-3270 device is canceled with '*' at the end of a message segment.
- A send error occurs on an APPC (LU 6.2 conversation) for one of the following reasons:
 - The IMS partner sent a data segment without any data (a null segment).
 - User edit exit issued a return code of 8 (delete all) while processing incoming message segments.
 - User edit exit issued a return code of 4 (delete current) for all segments while processing incoming message segments.
 - The IMS partner issued receive without sending any data on an iteration of an IMS conversational transaction.

System action

The input data was ignored and the system continues processing.

Operator response:

Enter all required input data for this format. If all required input data was entered, contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response:

If the message was issued when a send error occurred for an APPC, determine the type of error. If it was an unacceptable response, correct the error.

Module:
DFSCFEIO, DFSICIO0

**DFS250 INTERVENTION REQUIRED, LINE x
PTERM y**

Explanation

An intervention-required situation was detected on a device attached to a remote teleprocessing control unit.

System action

The system waits for a READY indication.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Making the device ready will cause operation to resume. Any output messages in progress will be restarted. Any input in progress must be reentered.

Module:
DFSDN130

Chapter 8. DFS messages, DFS251 - DFS0300I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS251	REMOTE CONTROL UNIT INOPERABLE [LINE x PTERM y]
---------------	--

Explanation:

For information and responses, see DFS251I.

Related information

DFS251I

hh.mm.ss CONTROL UNIT INOPERABLE LINE *x*
PTERM *y-z aa,bbbb,cc,dd,ee,ff,gg,hh, iii,jjj*

DFS251I	<i>hh.mm.ss</i> CONTROL UNIT INOPERABLE LINE <i>x</i> PTERM <i>y-z</i> <i>aa,bbbb,cc,dd,ee,ff,gg,hh, iii,jjj</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A remote control unit for one or more devices has become inoperable. All terminals associated with the failing control unit have been stopped. See information about the z/OS system error message IEA000I for line and TCU errors or IMS error message DFS973I for 3270 device errors.



Attention: IMS no longer supports BTAM terminals.

The following description applies to remote 3270 devices:

Code

Meaning

y-z

This field gives the range of PTERMs that are connected to the control unit.

aa

This field contains the ECB completion code.

bbbb

The DECTYPE field indicates the type of failing operation.

cc

The DECTPCOD field indicates the data communication operation code from the last CCW run in the channel program.

dd

The DECFLAGS field contains the flag byte passed to IMS from BTAM. The field might contain information as to the cause of the failure.

ee

The DECSENS0 field contains the sense information from the DECB if the status in the CSW indicates a unit check.

ff

The DECERRST is the error status field from the DECB.

gg

The DECCSWST is the CSW status field from the DECB.

hh

This field contains the device-dependent module code. When the 3270 device-dependent modules shut down a component of the data communication network, a device-dependent module reason code indicates why the device-dependent module shut down the component. The device-dependent module codes are described below.

iii

This field contains the BSCK return code. The code is passed from the BSC check routine (DFSBSCK0) to the device-dependent module. The BSC check routine analyzes the I/O completion and passes a unique return code to the device-dependent module, depending on the contents of the DECB fields.

Note: A BSCK return code of X'0108' is set for a selection timeout from the remote control unit. If a port does not exist, a **/START** command must be issued which does not include the unavailable PTERMS.

jjj

This field contains the SENSE/STATUS information from the 3270 device (if applicable). See *IBM 3270 Information Display System* for an explanation of the SENSE/STATUS codes.

The device-dependent module codes (field *hh*) have the following meanings:

Code (Dec)

Meaning

01

Data received did not start with start-of-text/start-of-header (STX/SOH) or did not end with end-of-transmission block (ETB) or end-of text (ETX).

02

An invalid attention-identification (AID) character was received from the 3270.

03

One of the following occurred:

- Start/stop (S/S) READ was performed, but data other than an S/S message was received.
- Fewer than 9 bytes were read on an S/S READ.
- S/S message did not have STX character in correct place.
- Device address in S/S message does not match device address in communication terminal block (CTB).

- 04** Invalid return code passed back in CLBTEMP5 from DFSBSCK0.
- 05** Invalid S/S combination received.
- 06** S/S related to a copy operation was received. However, no copy operation was in progress, or an error occurred on copy operation and device-dependent module found invalid DECTYPE or data stream.
- 07** Interrupt request invalidly received from the 3275 video display.
- 08** Device end S/S message received, but device-dependent module is not in READ setup or READ interrupt logic.
- 09** Fewer than 5 bytes were read.
- 10** Device address in data stream was invalid for a device on this control unit or line.
- 11** Retries exhausted on temporary error.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Correct the malfunction, and restart all terminals associated with the remote control unit for LINE x PTERM y. Any operations in progress must be restarted.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 23, 24

Module:

DFSC3270 (DFS251I), DFSDN030, DFSDN130 (DFS251)

Related reference

z/OS: IEA000I

Related information

[“DFS973I” on page 344](#)

LINE xxx, PTERM yyy, aaa, {G|S}, tttt, ssss, conditions

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS252

ATTEMPT TO OUTPUT DETECTED BUSY CONDITION

Explanation

A busy condition has been detected on a device attached to a remote 3271/3275 or 3275 dial control unit. A busy condition is not considered normal at the time it was detected and is normally the result of an operation being attempted on a terminal when the screen is unprotected.

Operator response:

(local/remote terminal) Any output messages in progress are sent after this error message. Refrain from performing terminal operations on an unprotected screen.

Module:

DFSDN130, DFSDS060

DFS253

TCU INOPERABLE LINE x PTERM y

Explanation

See message DFS253I for an explanation and actions.

Related information

[DFS253I](#)

hh.mm.ss TCU INOPERABLE LINE x PTERM y-z aa,bbbb,cc,dd, ee,ff,gg,hh,iii,jjjj

DFS253I

hh.mm.ss TCU INOPERABLE LINE x PTERM y-z aa,bbbb,cc,dd, ee,ff,gg,hh,iii,jjjj

Explanation

The 270X for LINE x PTERM y is inoperable. All PTERMs on the line have been marked inoperable, and the line has been placed in an idle state. See the information about the z/OS system error message IEA000I for line and TCU errors or to IMS error message DFS973I for 3270 device errors.



Attention: The DFS253I form of the message is issued only for remote 3270 lines.



Attention: IMS no longer supports BTAM terminals.

The following description applies to remote 3270 lines:

Code

Meaning

y-z

This field gives the range of PTERMs that are connected to the line.

aa

This field contains the ECB completion code.

bbbb

The DECTYPE field indicates the type of failing operation.

cc

The DECTPCOD field indicates the data communication operation code from the last CCW run in the channel program.

dd

The DECFLAGS field contains the flag byte passed to IMS from BTAM. The field might contain information as to the cause of the failure.

ee

The DECSSEN0 field contains the sense information from the DECB if the status in the CSW indicates a unit check.

ff

The DECERRST is the error status field from the DECB.

gg

The DECCSWST is the CSW status field from the DECB.

hh

This field contains the device-dependent module code. When the 3270 device-dependent module shuts down a component of the data communication network, a device-dependent module reason code is put in the CLBTEMP1 field to indicate why the device-dependent module shut down the component.

iiii

This field contains the BSCK return code. The code is passed from the BSC check routine (DFSBSC0) to the device-dependent module. The BSC check routine analyzes the I/O completion and passes a unique return code to the device-dependent module, depending on the contents of the DECB fields.

jjjj

This field contains the SENSE/STATUS information from the 3270 device (if applicable).

Operator response:

(master terminal) Correct the malfunction, and issue a **/START** or **/RSTART LINE x PTERM ALL** command.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 23, 24

Module:

DFSC3270 (DFS253I), DFSDN130 (DFS253)

Related reference

[z/OS: IEA000I](#)

[z/OS: Exception conditions and sense information](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS254

BUFFER SIZE INCREASED

Explanation

The buffer size for a 3270 local line group was not adequate to contain an input message. The buffer size has been increased by 300 bytes for all ensuing messages.

Operator response

No action is required.

If this message is repeated, increase the BUFSIZE parameter specified during IMS system definition for the 3270 local lines, or decrease the amount of data being input at the terminal.

Module:

DFSDN140

DFS255

COPY NOT ALLOWED

Explanation

A request has been made for a video display to be copied to a printer. However, the buffer on the display was locked by program action.

Operator response:

If the display is intended to be locked, it is not possible to copy the current display. If it is required to copy the current display, contact the person responsible for development of the 3270 terminal message formats in your installation.

Module:

DFSDN130

DFS256

PRINTER FOR COPY NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

Explanation

A copy operation was requested on a 3270 terminal, but a printer was not currently available. Alternatively, an intervention-required was returned by the printer component of a 3275.

Operator response

Have the master terminal operator start the PTERMs which represent printers that can be candidates for a copy operation from the specified terminal. If an intervention-required situation exists on the printer component of a 3275 device, make the printers ready.

Problem determination

Do a **/DISPLAY LINE x PTERM ALL** for the line containing the terminal.

Problem determination:

4, 36

Module:

DFSDN130, DFSDS060

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS257	ERROR OCCURRED DURING LAST TRANSMISSION.
---------------	---

Explanation

An input or output error occurred during the last input or output transmission to a 3270 terminal.

Operator response:

Reenter the last input message, or press the appropriate key to have the last message resent.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 23

Module:

DFSDN130, DFSDS060

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS258	UNABLE TO LOCATE MESSAGE DESCRIPTION-INPUT IGNORED
---------------	---

Explanation

Either an I/O error occurred while attempting to fetch the message input descriptor block or the device input format block, or the blocks were not in the active format data set, or the block fetched was not a message input descriptor block.

System action

The input data was ignored.

Operator response:

Clear the screen, and enter a **/FORMAT** command. Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:

DFSCFEIO

DFS259	NO MATCHING STATION CTB.
---------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

IMS remote station support encountered a problem. No station communication terminal block (CTB) matching the address in the polling list was found. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCRSS0

DFS260	PERMANENT TRANSMISSION ERROR LINK x
---------------	--

or

PERMANENT TRANSMISSION ERROR LINE x PTERM y

Explanation

A permanent transmission error occurred while communicating with the remote station identified by the message, or with another IMS system on the identified link.

Note: The LINK x portions of this message pertain to Multiple Systems Coupling.

System action

IMS stops the data traffic on the link.

Operator response:

(master terminal) When you have corrected the problem, restart communication using the **/START LINE x PTERM y** or **/RSTART LINK x** command.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the I/O error.

Module:

DFSCRST0, DFSCS7T0

**DFS261 INVALID DATA FLAGS LINE x
 PTERM y**

Explanation

IMS remote station support encountered an error. The flags in a data block were inconsistent, that is, first segment was indicated while a message was in progress. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCRSV0

**DFS262 MESSAGE STARTED DURING
 SHUTDOWN. LINE x PTERM y**

Explanation

IMS remote station support. IMS sent an immediate-shutdown request or received either a shutdown request or a shutdown complete. It then received the first segment of a message. Communication was terminated.

Operator response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCRSV0

**DFS263 INVALID TERMINAL IDENTIFIER
 IN DATA BLOCK LINE x PTERM y**

Explanation

For IMS remote station support, a terminal identifier not defined in the IMS system definition was received in a data block. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module

DFSCRSV

**DFS264 INVALID TERMINAL ID IN STATUS
 CHANGE SEGMENT LINE x PTERM
 y**

Explanation

IMS remote station support. A terminal identifier not defined to IMS system definition was received in a status change segment. Communication was terminated.

Operator response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCRSX0

**DFS265 INVALID TERMINAL ID IN I/O
 SYNCH SEGMENT LINE x PTERM y**

Explanation

For IMS remote station support, a terminal identifier not defined to IMS system definition was received in an I/O synchronization segment. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCR2Y0

**DFS266 OUTPUT NOT IN PROGRESS LINE x
 PTERM y**

Explanation

For IMS remote station support, an error message was received specifying a terminal which had no output message in progress or which had a system message (Q3 output) in progress. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCR2Z0

**DFS267 INVALID TERMINAL IDENTIFIER
 IN ERROR MESSAGE LINE x
 PTERM y**

Explanation

For IMS remote station support, a terminal identifier not defined to IMS system definition was received in an error message. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer.

System programmer response:

Correct the terminal identifier.

Module:

DFSCR2Z0

**DFS268 INVALID BLOCK FORMAT LINE x
 PTERM y**

Explanation

IMS remote station support. One of the following problems occurred:

- The first 2 characters in a block were neither DA nor SY.
- The input block conversion routine was unable to convert a received block from transmission code to EBCDIC.
- The length exceeded the end of the input block.

Communication with the remote station is terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCRSU0, DFSCRSV0, DFSCS7U0

DFS269	SHOULD NOT OCCUR TYPE ERROR ON LINK x
---------------	--

or

SHOULD NOT OCCUR TYPE ERROR ON LINE x

Explanation

IMS remote station support encountered an error. This error can be caused by one of the following problems:

- A hardware malfunction
- An invalid specification to z/OS system definition
- A programming logic error in the program that resides in the intelligent remote station

Note: The LINK x portions of this message pertain to a Multiple Systems Coupling feature system.

System action

IMS stops the line or link.

Operator response

(master terminal) When you have corrected the problem, restart communications, using the **/START LINE x** or **/RSTART LINK x** command.

Module:

DFSCMS70

DFS270	PARTITIONED FORMAT SENT TO: [NODE <i>nodename</i> LINE x PTERM y]
---------------	---

Explanation

MFS was instructed to format a message with a device output format (DOF) that specified a partition descriptor block (PDB). However, the message was not directed to a SLU2 terminal.

System action

The LTERM was marked inoperable, and the message causing the problem was returned to the message queue.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Your IMS system programmer should direct the message to a SLU2 terminal and use the right device output format (DOF). If the use of the LTERM is to continue, a **/START LTERM xxx** command must be issued. This message can be removed from the message queue with the **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE1** command.

Programmer response

Direct the message to a SLU2 terminal.

Problem determination

Log record X'67' (subrecord X'01', ID'FERR'), which contains diagnostic information, is produced automatically.

Module:

DFSCFE00

Severity:

None.

DFS271	UNABLE TO LOAD ERROR MESSAGE OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
---------------	--

Explanation

The system was unable to load the error message output description.

System action

Block fetch has failed for the IMS default message output description or the associated device output format. Fetch also failed for a requested message output description or a device output format. The LTERM was marked inoperable with a QERROR status, and the message causing the problem was returned to the message queue. This message is sent to the z/OS system console if the LTERM involved is the master terminal.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer. The MTO should ensure that the IMS

default message output description and device output formats are in the format library and that I/O errors are not occurring. If use of the LTERM is to continue, a **/START LTERM xxx** command must be issued. The message can be removed from the message queue with the **/DEQUEUE** command.

Programmer response

See the description of message DFS057I for possible causes of block fetch errors.

Problem determination

Log record type X'67', subrecord X'01', ID'FERR' which contains diagnostic information, is produced automatically.

Module:
DFSCFE00

Related information
“DFS057I” on page 33
REQUESTED BLOCK NOT AVAILABLE:
blockname RC = reason

DFS272	FORMAT BLOCK LEVEL ERROR- INPUT IGNORED
---------------	--

Explanation

The DIF block that was fetched to process the input was not at the same level as the MID block used to format the message or the DOF block used to format the device. In MFS TEST mode, new format blocks have been added to the test library since the last output to the terminal. If not in MFS TEST mode, format blocks have been changed by switching the format data sets with the **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** commands since the last output to the terminal.

System action

The input data was ignored.

Operator response

Format the screen and reenter the input. If the last output was logically paged by the operator, it is still available; request the next message. If the last output message was not completely transmitted (all pages), it is still available; request the next message.

Module:
DFSCFEIO

DFS273	QUEUE ERROR ON MESSAGE DELETION
---------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to delete the message in progress. Either an I/O error has occurred on the message queue data set, or an internal logic error has occurred.

System action

The input data was ignored.

Operator response:
Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSCFE00

DFS274	LOAD MODULE DATASET NOT OPEN LINE x PTERM y
---------------	--

Explanation

A System/7 issued a request for a load module, but the load module data set could not be opened. Communication was terminated.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSCS7B0

DFS275	BUFFER TOO SMALL FOR IPL REQUEST LINE x PTERM y
---------------	--

Explanation

A System/7 requested the IPL sequence from IMS, and the input buffer specified for the line is not large enough.

System action

Communication is terminated.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSCS7B0

DFS276	TRANS ERROR DURING LOAD MODULE TRANSMISSION LINE x PTERM y
---------------	---

Explanation

A permanent transmission error occurred while transmitting a load module to a System/7.

System action

Communication is terminated.

Operator response:

Perform an IPL of the system if required. Start communication using the **/START line x pterm y** command from the IMS master terminal. Have the System/7 reissue the load request.

Module:

DFSCS7B0

DFS277	I/O ERROR ON THE SYSTEM/7 LOAD MODULE DATASET LINE x PTERM y
---------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error occurred on the load module data set while processing a System/7 load request.

System action

Communication is terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:

DFSCS7B0

DFS278	MODULE REQUESTED BY SYSTEM/7 DOES NOT EXIST LINE x PTERM y
---------------	---

Explanation

A System/7 requested a module to be loaded that could not be found in the load module data set.

System action

Communication is terminated.

Operator response:

Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:

DFSCS7B0

DFS279	LEVEL KEYWORD IS MISSING OR HAS INVALID PARAMETER
---------------	--

Explanation

The LEVEL keyword in the command is required and has not been entered, has more than one parameter, or does not have a numeric value of 1 through 4.

Operator response

Correct the format, and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICLN0

DFS280	SET KEYWORD IS MISSING OR HAS INVALID PARAMETER
---------------	--

Explanation

The command entered requires the SET keyword, but it was not supplied. The keyword has more than one parameter, or the parameter was not ON or OFF.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Correct the error, and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICLN0, DFSICLN4

DFS281	MODULE KEYWORD IS MISSING OR HAS INVALID PARAMETER
---------------	---

Explanation

The command which was entered requires the module keyword and it was not supplied, has a parameter other than DDM, MFS, or ALL specified.

Operator response

Correct the error, and reenter the command.

Module:

DFSICLN0

DFS282	TEST MFS NOT OPERATIVE
---------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

Either the MFS TEST facility was not included at system definition or the test format data set could not be opened during IMS initialization.

System action

The command is ignored.

Problem determination:

16, 36

Module:

DFSICL50

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS283 TEST MFS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THIS TERMINAL

Explanation

TEST MFS was specified for a non-MFS terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Correct the command, and reenter it properly.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS284 CANNOT START TEST MFS MODE WITH MESSAGE IN PROGRESS

Explanation

Status cannot be changed while the message is being processed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
Reissue the command when the terminal is not active or is stopped.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS285 CANNOT STOP TEST MFS MODE WITH MESSAGE IN PROGRESS

Explanation

Status cannot be changed while the message is being processed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reissue the command when the terminal is not active or is stopped.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS286 SECURITY VIOLATION LINE x PTERM y

or

SECURITY VIOLATION NODE *nodename*[USER *username*]

or

SECURITY VIOLATION USERID *userid* PROGRAM *programname*

Explanation:

This message is related to DFS286I. See that message for a detailed explanation and actions.

Related information

DFS286I
SECURITY VIOLATION USERID *userid*
PROGRAM *programname*

DFS286I SECURITY VIOLATION USERID *userid* PROGRAM *programname*

or

SECURITY VIOLATION LINE x PTERM y

or

SECURITY VIOLATION USERID *userid*

Explanation

The user requested notification at the master terminal when a threshold count of security errors was reached. This threshold was reached on one of the following:

- LINE x PTERM y
- NODE *nodename* (USER *username*)
- USERID *userid* PROGRAM *programname*

IMS issues USER *username* with NODE *nodename* if the terminal is signed on with the **/SIGN** command. IMS issues USERID *userid* PROGRAM *programname* if an application program issues an ICMD call that causes a security error. USERID *userid* is the user ID of the user that invoked the program that issued the ICMD call. The user ID is based on the type of region in which the program was executing and whether a Get Unique (GU) call was done:

Region Type	GU Done	Userid
BMP	N/A	BMP JCL USER

Region Type	GU Done	Userid
DBT	N/A	Security token passed in the PAPL
IFP	NO	Program name
IFP	YES	User ID (if terminal signed on) or LTERM name where a transaction was issued
MPP	NO	Program name
MPP	YES	User ID (if terminal signed on) or LTERM name where a transaction was issued
BMP	NO	BMP JCL USER
BMP	YES	User ID (if terminal signed on) or LTERM name where a transaction was issued

For resources defined to IMS using system definition, the security threshold is defined with the SECCNT keyword on the COMM, MSGEN, or SECURITY macros. For dynamic resources, if the SECCNT parameter is not zero, a threshold value of one is always used. The threshold can also be reached because of unauthorized transactions attempting to issue a DL/I CMD call; in this case, the transaction code involved is identified.

System action

The action is determined by the master terminal operator.

Make sure the user ID is authorized for the resources that you are trying to schedule.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Handle as directed by your security procedures.

Module:

DFSCMD30, DFSICLZ0, DFSICIO0

Related information

DFS286

SECURITY VIOLATION LINE x PTERM y

DFS0287A THERE IS NO SECONDARY INDEX TO PROCESS. DO NOT USE MIGRATX.

Explanation

MIGRATX=YES was specified, but the database you are trying to migrate has no secondary index.

System action

The HD Reorganization Unload utility job terminated with a return code 16.

User response:

Do not specify MIGRATX=YES in the SYSIN control card if you are trying to migrate a database without secondary index.

Module:

DFSURGU0

DFS0288E USE OF DFSURUL0/DFSURRLO TO UNLOAD/RELOAD A FPSI DATABASE, xxxxxxxx, IS NOT VALID

Explanation

Specifying a Fast Path secondary index database (FPSI DB) as input to either the HISAM Reorganization unload or reload utilities (DFSURUL0 or DFSURRLO) is not supported. In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The name of the Fast Path secondary index database.

System action

The batch job abnormally terminates with IMSabend 0288.

Programmer response

Use an appropriate utility to reorganize or recover Fast Path secondary index databases. To reorganize an FPSI DB, an IDCAMS REPRO is sufficient. To recover an FPSI DB, use either the IMS Recovery Utility (DFSURDB0) or an index builder tool of any IMS vendor product.

Module:

DFSDLB00

Related information

[0288 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS289 INVALID VALUE FOR SEGNO/ SEGSIZE SPECIFIED

Explanation

The command previously entered has a SEGNO or SEGSIZE keyword was entered with an invalid parameter specified. The parameter immediately follows the keyword. Valid values for the SEGNO and SEGSIZE are 0 through 65,535, inclusive.

System action

The command is not processed. Another command, a message switch, or a transaction can be entered.

Operator response:
(entering terminal) Determine the correct value to be specified for the SEGNO or SEGSIZE parameter, and reenter the command.

Problem determination

Have a copy of the entered command and response available, and contact your IMS system programmer.

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS290	NO MESSAGES AVAILABLE FOR OUTPUT
---------------	---

Explanation

An IMS MFS Message Advance Protect or a VTAM ready-to-receive indicator was received by IMS, and either no messages were available or the terminal is in a special status where no output is possible.

System action

For MFS, the terminal is placed in a page-protected status if it is a video device. For a VTAM ready-to-receive indicator where output is not quiesced, any video component is left in an unprotected status.

Operator response:
If a message is expected, either wait briefly, reenter the request, then enter the next message request and wait, or enter an appropriate command to release any special status conditions that might exist.

Programmer response

Use the **/DISPLAY NODE** command to determine if messages are queued, and whether the terminal is in a special status such as CONVERSATION or EXCLUSIVE.

Problem determination:
1, 5, 6, 7, 14

Module:
DFSCFEP0, DFSCVFC0, DFSCVFZ0

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS291	INPUT MUST BEGIN FROM FIRST PHYSICAL PAGE
---------------	--

Explanation

Input data was entered from other than the first physical page of a DPAGE with multiple physical page input specified. An input message was not being created.

System action

If an output message is in progress, it is placed back into the message queue. Input data is ignored.

Operator response:
If an output message was in progress, request the next message to obtain it. See the information about multiple physical page input procedures.

Problem determination:
16

Module:
DFSCFEIO

Related concepts
[Multiple physical page input \(Operations and Automation\)](#)
Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS292I	INVALID RANGE SPECIFICATION
----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The following are possible causes of this message:

- Range parameters were specified with a keyword that does not support range parameters.
- The second member of the range specification was not larger than the first.
- One of the nodes specified is not in the system.
- Both of the nodes specified are dynamic.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command correctly.

Range specifications apply only to the keywords LINE, LINK, NODE, and PTERM. Range specifications for the NODE keyword apply only to static nodes. Both members of the range specification must exist and must be defined through system definition.

For dynamic terminals or users, generic parameter support replaces range specifications. A generic

parameter contains one or more special characters, *, or '. The asterisk indicates that at least one character might replace it, creating a valid resource name. For example, **/DISPLAY NODE *SLU6*** displays nodes which contain the character string SLU6.

Module:
DFSICL30

DFS0293 INVALID ID CARD READER INPUT

Explanation

Input from an operator identification card reader was invalid. No "EOR" or "EOI" character was found to terminate the input data, or the LRC check failed.

System action

Any input message in progress is discarded.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Retry the operation. If the error persists, notify your systems programmer.

Programmer response

1. Ensure that entry is made into a field large enough to contain all card data.
2. Ensure that the card being used and the 3270 hardware function correctly.

Problem determination

Use **/TRACE** and DFSERA10 to obtain a printout of the terminal input data received by IMS. See *IBM 3270 Information Display System* for data formats.

Module

DFSCFE10, DFSCFE00

**DFS294 ID CARD READER USE ALLOWED
 ONLY ONCE PER MESSAGE**

Explanation

When creating a multiple physical page input message, the 3270 operator ID card reader can be used only once.

System action

Any input message in progress is discarded.

Operator response:
Reenter the message using the ID card reader only once.

Problem determination:

16

Module:
DFSCFE00, DFSCFE10

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS295 IMMEDIATE PEN DETECT LITERAL
 ALLOWED ONLY ONCE PER
 MESSAGE**

Explanation

3270 immediate pen detect can be used in mixed mode, or to create an input literal only once per message.

System action

Any input message in progress is discarded.

Operator response:
Reenter the message, using the immediate pen detect facility only once.

Problem determination:
MFS

Module:
DFSCFE00

**DFS296 PROGRAM FUNCTION KEY
 LITERAL ALLOWED ONLY ONCE
 PER MESSAGE**

Explanation

When creating a multiple physical page input message, the program function key can be used to create a literal value only once. Keys defined for operator control can be used more than once.

System action

Any input message in progress is discarded.

Operator response:
Reenter the input message, using the correct program function keys.

Problem determination:
16

Module:
DFSCFE00

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS297	MULTIPLE PHYSICAL PAGE INPUT IS NOT IN PROGRESS
---------------	--

Explanation

When no multiple physical page input message was being created, the operator has entered a request to terminate multiple physical page input (ENDMPPI).

System action

Input data is discarded.

Operator response:

Reenter the input, using the appropriate procedure.

Problem determination:

16

Module:

DFSCFEIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS298	INPUT MESSAGE CANCELED BY SEGMENT EDIT EXIT
---------------	--

Explanation

A user-supplied MFS segment edit exit routine requested that the input message be canceled or echoed by DPM-B.

Either the reason for the cancellation is dependent upon an application, with invalid input, or the distribution presentation management B (DPM-B) requests that the input message be echoed. The echoed message is not supported for DPM-B.

System action

The input message in progress is deleted.

Operator response:

Enter the message in the manner required by the exit routine.

Programmer response

Verify correct operation of the user-supplied exit routine. Terminal input data can be examined by use of the /TRACE facility.

Module:

DFSCFEIO

DFS299	SEGMENT EDIT EXIT FAILURE- NOTIFY SYSTEMS PROGRAMMER
---------------	---

Explanation

A user-supplied MFS segment edit exit routine has either increased segment size beyond the maximum allowed, or returned an invalid return code. System integrity can be harmed due to the edit routine failure.

System action

The input message in progress is deleted.

Operator response:

Record what was entered before this message was displayed, then contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the segment edit exit routine, and replace it in the IMS nucleus. Verify correct operation of the user-supplied exit routine. Terminal input data can be examined by use of the /TRACE facility.

Module:

DFSCFEIO

DFS0300I	OUTPUT DATA SET SPECIFIED BY DDNAME <i>ddname</i> WAS NOT SUCCESSFULLY CLOSED
-----------------	--

Explanation

During Database Image Copy 2 (DFSUDMT0) utility processing, data set close was unsuccessful or was not attempted (by DFSMSdss) for the output data set indicated by *ddname*. The data set is therefore not usable as an image copy.

System action

Image copy processing continues for the input DBDs if there is another output copy (primary or secondary) that has not encountered an error. Otherwise processing fails for the DBDs and message DFS3144A is issued.

Operator response

Submit another Image Copy 2 job to copy any DBDs for which image copy processing failed.

Module:

DFSUDUI1

Chapter 9. DFS messages, DFS301A - DFS350A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS301A	UNABLE TO OPEN DDNAME- <i>ddname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing utility program was unable to open a DCB with the *ddname* specified in the message.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that all necessary DD statements required for execution are supplied. Correct any missing JCL statements, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 18, 20, 35. Also, if this message was produced while running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=301 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. You must supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement in this step.

Module

DFSPIRPO, DFSUCMNO, DFSUCP40, DFSUC150, DFSUC350, DFSUDMPO, DFSURDBO, DFSURGLO, DFSURGUO, DFSURRLO, DFSURULO, DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS302A	INVALID OR MISSING FUNCTION <i>ff</i> SPECIFIED ON REQUEST <i>nnnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility control statement with an invalid or missing control function code was detected. The *ff* is either omitted or, if present, was not a valid 2-character codes. For the valid codes, see information about the Utility Control Facility. The *nnnn* is the control request number.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, depending on the utility program being executed, and resubmit the job. See abend code 302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=302 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. You must supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement in this step. PSB pool should be much larger than the CSA PSB pool.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related reference

[Control statements for the DFSUCF00 utility \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS0303I	xxxx <DYNAMIC BLOCK>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

or

**THE FOLLOWING BLOCKS WILL BE <DYNAMICALLY
FIXED | ALLOCATED IN DREF STORAGE>:**

Explanation

As storage for the block is obtained, the dynamic BLOCKS specified in the DFSFIXnn member of the data set described by DDNAME=PROCLIB is page fixed. The blocks specified in the DFSDRFnn member of the data set described by DDNAME=PROCLIB are allocated in a DREF storage subpool. xxxx is the IMS name of the block to be page fixed or allocated in DREF storage.

System action

IMS initialization continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSXFIX0

DFS304A	DBD NAME NOT SPECIFIED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i> ON REQUEST <i>nnnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program encountered a control statement with the DBD name field blank. *nnnn* is the control request number.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement to include the DBD name, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=304 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. You must supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement in this step.

Module:
DFSUCP40

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS305A

Explanation

A utility program was unable to find a DBD/PSB with the name specified in the utility control statement.

In the message text:

location

The DBD/PSB library or catalog directory.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct either the utility control statement or the DD statement specifying the DBD/PSB library and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 18, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=305 control statement in

the DFSYSIN data set. You must supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement in this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0, DFSURUL0

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS306A

**DBD *dbdname* DOES NOT
CONTAIN DDNAME FOR
FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A utility program attempted to locate the ddname specified in the control statement in the DBD *dbdname* specified. The attempt was unsuccessful.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement in error, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=306 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCCT0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0, DFSUDMP0,
DFSURDB0

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS307A

**NO DDNAME SPECIFIED FOR DATA
BASE *dbdname* FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A utility program found a control statement which required a ddname, but did not contain one.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.
See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=307 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSPRSDI, DFSUCP40

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

DFS308A	NO OUTPUT DDNAME SPECIFIED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i> ON REQUEST <i>nnnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program found a control request that required an output data set DDNAME in the control statement, but it was not supplied. *nnnn* is the control request number.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control request, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=308 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS309A	CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR- INVALID/MISSING KEYWORD <i>keyword</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A control program either detected a missing keyword that was required or was not able to identify a keyword.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=309 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS310A	INPUT RECORD IMAGE FOR <i>dddddddddddddd</i> IS IN ERROR AND FOLLOWS THIS MESSAGE
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program issues this message after detecting an error in a control statement. The message text identifies the statement in error. *dddddddddddddd* identifies the unique data by the utility currently running to produce a customized message. This message can be issued for the following situations:

- The database did not have to be scanned when running DFSURGSO.
- When running OLIC, the DBD name specified on the input control statement was not found in a DB PCB in the OLIC PSB, or the PSB specified LANG=PL/I. OLIC requires LANG=ASSEM.
- The track recovery option was specified for an index KSDS.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct any errors, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=310 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement for this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0, DFSUDMP0, DFSUICP0, DFSURDB0, DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURG10, DFSURRL0, DFSURUL0, DSPLRC10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS311A	RESTART WAS NOT SPECIFIED AND NO DFSYSIN DATASET EXISTS
----------------	--

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility could not locate any control statements to determine its processing. It is necessary to either have a DFSYSIN data set or a "start" parameter.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, run the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=311 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS312A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> DOES NOT CONTAIN A VALID IMAGE OR REORGANIZED COPY FOR FUNCTION RV
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility was supplied an input data set defined by the DDNAME *ddname* whose header record was not of the correct format. An error of this type can occur when the format of the image copy header record does not match that of a currently supported release of IMS.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input was correct, or correct it, and resubmit the job. See abend code 302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=312 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSURDB0

Related information

0302 (Messages and Codes)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS313A	HD UNLOAD CANNOT BE USED TO UNLOAD INDEX DATABASE - <i>dbdname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The Hierarchic Direct (HD) Reorganization utilities cannot be used to unload or reload an index database.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

The Hierarchic Sequential (HS) Unload/Reload utilities should be used to reorganize an index database.

Module

DFSUFGU0

DFS314I	TRAP KEYWORD HAS INVALID PARAMETER
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON TRAP** command was issued, but the TRAP keyword parameter was missing or invalid.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Check the command format and reenter the corrected command.

Module

DFSICLNO

DFS315A	DEVTYPE MACRO FAILED ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program issued an SVC 24 (DEVTYPE) to obtain information about an input or output device. The return code indicated that the attempt to do this was unsuccessful.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Report this to system operation personnel. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a **FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=315** control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURGU0, DFSURG10, DFSURUL0

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS316A	DBD <i>dbdname</i> CONTAINS AN UNKNOWN ORGANIZATION CODE <i>cc</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The specified DBD *dbdname* did not contain a valid database organization code. The value *cc* is the code in question.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DBD supplied was an IMS DBD. Correct any discrepancies, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a **FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=316** control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0, DFSURDB0, DFSURGU0

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS317W	HEADER RECORD FOR DDNAME <i>ddname</i> NOT FOUND ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The utility *ff* program was supplied an input data set that was for the proper DBD, but not for the proper data set required.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=317 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDBO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS318A	RECORDS FROM DDNAME <i>ddname</i> ARE LARGER THAN DDNAME <i>ddname</i> SUPPORTS.
----------------	---

Explanation

The utility program was provided an output device whose maximum record length was smaller than the input record length.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Change the specified DD statement device type to a device capable of handling the input record length, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=318 control statement in

the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS319A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> HAD A PERMANENT I/O ERROR FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program encountered an unrecoverable I/O error on the named data set.

System action

If the error occurred on an output volume and multiple output copies were specified, the program terminates in error. For the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0), message DFS3144A with reason code 0E is also issued to identify the database data sets for which image copy processing has failed. The utility terminates if there are no other database data sets for which image copy processing has not completed.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17g, 36

Module:

DFSBACKIO, DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0, DFSUDMT0, DFSURGU0, DFSURULO

Related information

[“DFS3144A” on page 851](#)
IMAGE COPY PROCESSING FAILED FOR DB/ AREA *dbname* DDN *ddname*, REASON = *nn*
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS320I	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> IS STOPPED BUT DDNAME <i>ddname</i> CONTINUES
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program encountered an I/O error on an output volume. Two copies were specified. The program continued with the good alternate copy.

System action

Processing continues with only one output copy.

Programmer response

One copy of the dumped data set is created. If you want two copies, ensure that the output units and volumes are in good working order, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0, DFSURGU0, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS321W FUNCTION *ff* EXPERIENCED AN ERROR AND MUST BE RESTARTED

Explanation

A utility program encountered errors prohibiting the successful completion of the requested operation.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct any errors noted before this message and rerun the failing requests. If running under the Utility Control Facility, correct the errors and change the PARM= on the JCL to indicate RESTART is needed or add a control statement to the DFSYSIN data set with a FUNCTION=OP,REQUEST=RESTART. Some utilities cannot be restarted within their execution.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=321 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUDMP0

Related reference

[Utility Control Facility \(DFSUCF00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS322W FUNCTION *ff* WAS NOT SUPPLIED AN IMAGE COPY INPUT

Explanation

The utility *ff* found the image copy input data set specified as DD DUMMY.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If no input was required, no action is necessary. Otherwise, correct the input, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36

Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=322 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS323W FUNCTION *ff* WAS NOT SUPPLIED A CHANGE ACCUMULATION INPUT

Explanation

A utility program found the accumulated change input data set specified as DD DUMMY.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If no input was required, no action is necessary. Otherwise correct the input, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=323 control statement in

the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS324W	FUNCTION <i>ff</i> WAS NOT SUPPLIED AN INPUT LOG FILE
----------------	--

Explanation

The utility program found the log input data was
specified as DD DUMMY.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If no input was required, no action is necessary.
Otherwise correct the input, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the
Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a
FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=324 control statement in
the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD
statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS325A	PURGE DATE ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> IS LATER THAN DATE ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility found that the purge date specified when the
accumulated change input data set was created was
later than the date the image copy input data set was
created.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If any change records were created between the
subject dates and are required for database integrity,
the accumulated change input must be recreated and
the recovery job submitted again.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the
Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a
FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=325 control statement in
the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD
statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS326A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> INPUT IGNORED DUE TO PURGE DATE ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility program found the
creation date of the accumulated change input data
set to be earlier than the creation date of the image
dump data set. Because all records are already on the
dump, the accumulated change input data set is not
being used.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the
Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a
FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=326 control statement in
the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD
statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0, DFSURDB0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS327W	NO RECORDS ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR RECOVERED DATASET
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program scanned the input data set *ddname* for records applicable to the data set being recovered, but none were found.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input data set was correct. If not, correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=327 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS328A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> REQUIRED BUT WAS NOT SUPPLIED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program found that a required data set *ddname* was not supplied.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Supply the required DD statements, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=328 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS329A	HEADER RECORD ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> IS NOT CONSISTENT WITH <i>ddname/dbp</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program encountered an input data set header record whose data set description does not match the DBD description, or the header record of the other input data set indicated.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that all inputs are correct, and resubmit the job. See abend code 302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=329 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS330A **DDNAME *ddname* IS OUT OF SEQUENCE FOR FUNCTION *ff* REASON=*r***

Explanation

A utility program encountered an OSAM/ESDS record in the data set *ddname* whose relative block number was lower than the last record update. The reason codes and their meanings are:

Codes

Explanation

- 1** An ESDS or an OSAM RBN key-sequence error occurred.
- 2** A KSDS key-sequence error occurred.
- 3** The log dates are out of sequence (not in ascending sequence).
- 4** The date-time in a change accumulation record is later than the date-time in a log record which is to be merged.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

The input file is in error; re-create it, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=330 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURDB0

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS331A

DDNAME *ddname* IS AN EMPTY DATASET BUT SHOULD NOT BE

Explanation

A utility program attempted to read a data set, but got an immediate end-of-file condition.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the appropriate data set was supplied. Correct any error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=331 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS332A

OSAM RECORD FROM DDNAME *ddname* HAS RBN *nnnnnnnn* AND IS BEYOND THE CURRENT END OF THE DATASET

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility encountered an OSAM record in the accumulated change or log input data set (*ddname*) that contained an RBN value that was greater than the RBN value of the next block after the end of the data set. This condition should never exist under normal operation, because inserts always use the next sequential RBN value after the end of the data set. The most probable cause for this is that an applicable log data set was not included in either this run or an accumulation run. Another possibility is that a HISAM reorganization unload was run, the corresponding reload was not performed, and the unload tape was used as an input to the recovery program.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that all supplied inputs are correct, and resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 12, 14, 17g, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=332 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS333A	KEY ID ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> DOES NOT EXIST IN DDNAME <i>ddname</i> DATASET
----------------	--

Explanation

The recovery program encountered a change accumulation or a system log record for a KSDS data set with a key that does not exist in the recovered data set. This indicates the input supplied was not correct. Normal operation requires that if a record on the change accumulation or the system log is not an entire and complete record, then it must already exist in the database data set or the image copy. There are two basic reasons this message would be issued. These database errors are commonly caused by using the wrong image copy, or because a log data set was missed during change accumulation.

- The change accumulation or system log record is for a partial update (indicated by an offset greater than zero). This record cannot be processed because the database record does not exist.
- The change accumulation record contains changes for two separate areas in a database record. This record cannot be processed because the database record does not exist.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that all input data sets are correct, and resubmit the job. See abend code 302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=333 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURDB0

Related information

[0302 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS334I	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> DATASET MAY BE SCRATCHED
----------------	--

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has determined that the named data set *ddname* is not required for RESTART and can be released for other uses.

Programmer response

Verify that this determination is correct, then dispose of data set with normal procedures.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=334 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCPA0, DFSUCP60

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS335A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> DATASET MUST BE KEPT IF RESTART IS TO BE USED
----------------	---

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has determined that the named data set with the identified *ddname* is required to complete the functions requested in the DFSYSIN data set.

System action:

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Keep the named data sets for subsequent RESTART.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=335` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS336I

**WTOR REPLY REQUESTS
TERMINATION, RESTART
MESSAGE WILL BE WRITTEN**

Explanation

The operator replied to the Utility Control Facility WTOR and specified that the program should terminate.

System action

Appropriate messages are written to allow RESTART to be run.

Programmer response

Change the JCL to allow for the RESTART, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=336` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCPA0, DFSUCP60

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS337A

**BUFFER POOL TOO SMALL FOR
FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A utility program requested buffer pool space, but none was available.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Increase the buffer pool specification, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=337` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUDMP0, DFSURDB0, DFSURGL0, DFSURGU0,
DFSURRL0, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS338A

**DATASET DDNAME *ddname* IS TOO
SMALL FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A utility program attempted to add a record to the data set *ddname*, but all available extents were used and unavailable.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If the data set is HISAM organization, increase the space allocation. If the data set is HD organization, ensure that input data was correct, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a

FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=338 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUDMPO, DFSURDBO, DFSURGLO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS339I	FUNCTION <i>ff</i> HAS COMPLETED {NORMALLY ABNORMALLY}{<i>rc=nn</i> <i>x</i> NO. OF UPDATES=<i>nnnnnnnn</i>}
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program completed processing. The return code might not be printed, depending on the utility processing. The letter x indicates the sort phase and is present depending on the utility processing. The return codes for the individual utility programs are documented with the information on the utility.

For FUNCTION PU, the NO. OF UPDATES=*nnnnnnnn* phrase is included, where *nnnnnnnn* is the count of records on the input DFSURWF3 data set generated by the Prefix Resolution utility. This count might differ between identical utility runs under UCF versus non-UCF for some combinations of data and database configurations.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 18, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=339 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement in this step.

Module

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0, DFSUDMPO, DFSURDBO, DFSURGLO, DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURG10, DFSURPRO, DFSURRLO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS340I	DATABASE <i>dbdname</i> HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY {UNLOADED LOADED RECOVERED} BY FUNCTION <i>ff</i> [DATASET <i>ddname</i>]
----------------	---

Explanation

The described function has been completed. The printing of DATASET *ddname* is dependent on the utility being run.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=340 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGLO, DFSURGS0, DFSURGU0, DFSURRLO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS341A	CATASTROPHIC ERROR OCCURRED IN DL/I DURING FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program requested DL/I to perform an operation on the data set being processed. The PST return code (PSTRTCDE) indicates why the task cannot be performed.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS system and all control statements are valid, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=341 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUDMPO, DFSURDBO, DFSURGLO, DFSURGU0, DFSURRLO, DFSURULO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS342I	RESTART NOT REQUESTED, NORMAL PROCESSING BEGINS
----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates a normal startup for the Utility Control Facility.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

DFS343W	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> WAS SPECIFIED AS DD DUMMY OR WAS OMITTED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The *ddname* described was flagged as a possible error. *ff* indicates the name of the function.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Verify that the JCL is correct. If not, correct, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36

Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=343 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS344W	DDNAME FOR <i>output</i> COPY WAS WAS NOT SUPPLIED, <i>n</i> COPY REQUESTED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program was directed by a control statement to create *n* copies of the output data set but a *ddname* was/was not supplied.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If one copy was requested, remove the *ddname* for the second copy from the control statement. If two copies are requested, add the second *ddname* to the control statement. If one copy was requested, but no *ddname* was supplied, supply it, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=344 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0, DFSURULO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS345I	RESTART REQUESTED, RESTART PROCESSING BEGINS
----------------	---

Explanation

This message identifies a startup for the Utility Control Facility when the PARM= or a FUNCTION=OP,REQUEST=RESTART control statement in the DFSYSIN data set has requested a RESTART.

Module:
DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

DFS346A	NO ALTERNATE UNIT AVAILABLE FOR DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program encountered a permanent I/O error on an output data set, and no alternate output unit was available.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If two copies were requested, one copy had already terminated because of an I/O error. There is no valid output for this execution; therefore, ensure that output units and volumes are in good working order, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 23, 36

Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=346 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS347I	CONTROL DATASET BUILT ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has constructed the Control Dataset and written it to the data set *ddname*. This data set is required if a RESTART is needed.

Programmer response

At the normal termination of the Utility Control Facility processing, this data set can be scratched. If a condition that can be restarted is encountered, this data set must be supplied as the DFSOCDS DD data set.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

DFS348A	UNEXPECTED RETURN STATUS <i>ss</i> ON CALL FROM FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program encountered an unexpected return status after a DL/I call. The *ss* is replaced by the actual status received.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=348 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGL0, DFSURGU0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS349I	ALL FUNCTION TYPE <i>ff</i> REQUESTS COMPLETED
----------------	---

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility completed processing all requests of the stated type. This message provides an additional cross-check to this processing. It is issued even though you did not request any of this type of processing, so you can verify that all functions were attempted.

Programmer response

If all messages are satisfied, no further action is required. If all functions were not completed, change the DFSYSIN data set control statements to request those functions that were not completed, and resubmit the job. Do not specify RESTART.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

DFS350A	DATABASE <i>dbname</i> CONTAINS NO DATASETS
----------------	--

Explanation

A utility program encountered a DBD that did not contain any data set groups.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Check the DBD defining this database. A primary data set name is required. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP, MSGNUM=350 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this data set.

Module

DFSUCCT0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 10. DFS messages, DFS351W -DFS400I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS351W DFSYSIN DATA SCANNED FOR
 OPTION REQUESTS ONLY**

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility was restarted. Since the old control data set defines the functions to be used, the new DFSYSIN data set is processed for FUNCTION=OP types of control requests.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Verify that the processing was indeed to be restarted. If it was, no further action is needed. If it was not, correct the JCL to remove the request for RESTART, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=351 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS352I DFSYSIN DATA OPTIONS HAVE
 BEEN SUPPLEMENTED WITH
 DEFAULTS**

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has augmented the DFSYSIN data set requests with defaults.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

**DFS353A CONTROL DATASET IS INVALID
 OR CONTAINS CONFLICTING
 REQUESTS**

Explanation

An error has been detected by the Utility Control Facility that made the control data set unacceptable for use. Prior messages define the reason for this condition.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct any errors, and resubmit the job. Do not indicate RESTART.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=353 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS354I NO ERRORS DETECTED. DATA
 BASE RELOAD SUCCESSFUL.**

Explanation

The HD Reorganization Reload Utility has successfully reloaded the database.

Module:

DFSURGL0

**DFS355I ERRORS DETECTED. DATA BASE
 RELOAD UNSUCCESSFUL.**

Explanation

Errors described in preceding messages have precluded the successful reloading of the database.

Programmer response

Correct the errors, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSURGL0

DFS356A	HEADER RECORD NOT FOUND ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program found the input data set *ddname* was not a valid data set for this function. The header record on the input file was invalid or of the wrong format for the requested processing.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input was correct. If it was, this input file is incorrect and must be recreated. After the file is corrected, resubmit the job. See abend code 0302.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=356 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSUC350, DFSURDB0

Related information

0302 (Messages and Codes)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS357A	RESTART FAILURE-DFSOCDS IS NOT READABLE
----------------	--

Explanation

When the Utility Control Facility was attempting to perform a RESTART, an error occurred that prevented successful reading of the old control data set.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct data set was supplied. Move data set to another device (in the case of I/O errors), and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=357 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS358A	INVALID SEGMENT CODE <i>ss</i> FOUND IN DATABASE <i>dbdname</i> DDNAME <i>ddname</i> ON FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A utility program encountered a segment with a physical segment code of zero or higher than the highest segment code in the associated DBD *dbdname* data set *ddname*. The segment code replaces the *ss*.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DBD supplied accurately describes the database. If the data integrity of the database is questionable, run the Database Recovery utility program against the database in question, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=358 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS359A RESTART FAILURE-FUNCTION *ff*
NOT FOUND IN DFSOCDS**

Explanation

When the Utility Control Facility was attempting to perform a RESTART of a function, function *ff* was not indicated as required in the control data set. This problem does not happen under normal processing.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper control data set has been specified on the DFSOCDS DD statement. Ensure that the proper journal data set has been specified on the DFSOJRNL DD statement. Ensure that a RESTART is wanted, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=359 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS360I ERROR-ID CARD ERROR
ENCOUNTERED**

Explanation

The Change Accumulation utility encountered a control statement with a control code of ID that was invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSUCCT0

DFS361A

**DFSNCDS IS NOT READABLE,
RESTART NOT POSSIBLE, RE-RUN
JOB FROM BEGINNING**

Explanation

While the Utility Control Facility was attempting to write or read the new control data set from the DFSNCDS file, an error was detected. This error might be either physical device oriented or logical in nature.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If the processing being done is a RESTART, verify that the DFSNCDS data set was properly allocated. If the processing was not RESTART, the error was probably caused by user-supplied control statement information and a prior message will reflect this error. Correct any errors, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=361 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS362I *function* HAS TERMINATED WITH
RETURN CODE *nn***

Explanation

The currently running utility has terminated and is passing return code *nn*.

Programmer response

If the return code is zero, no further action is required. If the return code is nonzero, correct any errors, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a

FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=362 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCMNO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS363A {*ALL|*OTHER} SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE FOR FUNCTION CA

Explanation

The stated parameter was stated more than once. If a DB0 statement is used, you cannot also use a DB1*ALL statement. Only one DB statement can specify the *OTHER parameter.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct the control statements, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=363 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCCT0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS364W DDNAME *ddname* SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE

Explanation

A control statement has specified a dbdname/ddname combination on more than one control statement.

System action

Processing continues; the duplicate control statement is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=364 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS365A {DDNAME|DBNAME} TABLE HAS OVERFLOWED

Explanation

A utility program encountered more ddnames and dbnames than were specified, and the anticipated size of the memory table was exceeded.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If an ID control statement was supplied, increase the maximum ddname and dbname specification. If not, supply one with the correct change, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=365 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS366A REQUEST *nnnn* IS A DUPLICATE FUNCTION REQUEST OF REQUEST *nnnn* AND IS AN ERROR

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility detected duplicate requests. The two input control request numbers replace the *nnnn* values.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Remove one of the requests, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=366 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS367I	UTILITY CONTROL FACILITY RUNNING, ENTER REQUESTS AS NEEDED
----------------	---

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has finished initialization and is preparing to run the requested functions. This message is also the WTOR message, and is displayed on the operator console to allow communications with the running program.

Programmer response

No action is required unless special termination or status information is required.

Module:
DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0

DFS368I	ERLG RECORD ENCOUNTERED FOR DATABASE <i>dbdname</i> DATASET <i>ddname</i> ON VOLUME <i>vol. ser.</i> FOR FUNCTION CA
----------------	---

Explanation

The Change Accumulation utility has encountered an Error Log Record (ERLG) in the input files. You can consider track recovery.

Operator response

The console operator should report this problem to the submitter of the job.

Programmer response

Notify Database Management personnel so they can determine which type of database recovery to use with this change accumulation data.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=368 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS369I	{FUNCTION IS <i>ff</i> [FOR DATABASE <i>dbdname</i>] [DATASET <i>ddname</i>]} INVALID REPLY}
----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued in response to the reply to the WTOR of the Utility Control Facility. If an invalid reply was made, the second message is issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSUCUM0

DFS370W	REQUEST <i>nnnn</i> IS NOT REQUIRED AND IS IGNORED
----------------	---

Explanation

A DB Scan, Prefix Resolution, or Prefix Update control request was supplied when it was not required; processing continues.

System action

Processing continues.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=370` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS371A	A RECORD KEY LENGTH <i>nnn</i> IS LONGER THAN SPECIFIED FOR FUNCTION CA
----------------	--

Explanation

An input record has been encountered with a key length *nnn*, which is longer than was specified on an ID control statement, or if no ID statement was supplied, a key longer than 10 bytes was encountered.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Supply an ID control statement with a correct key length specification, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=371` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCCT0, DFSUCUM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS372A	DBD <i>dbdname</i> CONTAINS A BLANK DDNAME
----------------	---

Explanation

The DBD *dbdname* specified in the text has a prime ddname that is blank.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

This error indicates that the DBD specified is a logical DBD. Correct the control statement specification, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=372` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS373A	DDNAME DFSUCUM0 IS NOT A VALID OLD CHANGE ACCUMULATION DATASET
----------------	---

Explanation

An old accumulated data set was supplied which did not have a header record of the correct format.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct inputs, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=373` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUC350

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS374W WARNING-NO CHANGE RECORDS
FOUND ON LOG(S)**

Explanation

Either the log input supplied did not contain any records with a log record code of X'50', or all records were before the purge date.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that all inputs are correct. If not, correct inputs and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also:

- If you are running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=374 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.
- If you are running change accumulation because you received message DSP0281I, update the RECON to show that the change accumulation was performed.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUCUM0

Related information

[DSP0281I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS375A DFSOJRNL IS NOT CONSISTENT,
RESTART NOT POSSIBLE**

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility determined that the input old journal data set is not correct, or is not proper for the associated DFSOCDS data set.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper input files are supplied, and that a RESTART is to be done, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=375 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS376A AN APPARENT SORT SEQUENCE
ERROR HAS BEEN DETECTED**

Explanation

A record has been received at SORT EXIT 35, which is of a lower sequence than the last record received. This is an internal system error.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=376 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS377A CHECKPOINT INPUT INVALID ON
DDNAME *ddname* FOR FUNCTION
*ff***

Explanation

A utility program was supplied a restart data set that was not of proper format.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If a RESTART was not required, remove the DD statement DFSURSRT. If a RESTART was required, ensure that the DD statement is correct, and resubmit the job. If the DD statement was correct, the checkpoint data set has been destroyed and cannot be used. RESTART the job from the beginning.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=377 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGUO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS378I	CHECKPOINT RESTART SUCCESSFULLY POSITIONED FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has successfully positioned input, output, and database files.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=378 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGUO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS379I	ERRORS DETECTED-CHECKPOINT RESTART UNSUCCESSFUL
----------------	--

Explanation

The checkpoint restart attempt was unsuccessful because of conditions described by preceding messages.

Programmer response

If the error encountered can be corrected, correct the error and resubmit the job. Otherwise, restart the job from the beginning.

Module:

DFSURGUO

DFS380A	UNABLE TO POSITION DATABASE <i>dbdname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

While attempting to position database *dbdname*, a utility program could not locate the checkpointed segment.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that all DD statements are correct and the database has not been changed between the original unload and the RESTART attempt. If corrections can be made, resubmit the job. Otherwise, restart the job from the beginning.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=380 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGUO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS381I	CHKPNTnnnn, {***** <i>vol1</i>}, {***** <i>vol2</i>}, <i>segname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The system writes this message to the console every time a checkpoint is taken by the HD Reorganization Unload utility program.

In the message text:

nnnn

A decimal value 1 - 9999, incremented by 1 for every checkpoint taken

vol1

The current primary output volume serial number or asterisks indicating that the primary output volume is not in use

vol2

The current secondary output volume serial or asterisks indicating that the secondary output volume is not in use

segname

The segment name of the segment being retrieved when the checkpoint was taken

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSURGU0

DFS382A DBD *dbdname* IS NOT A VALID DBD FOR THIS FUNCTION *ff*

Explanation

The DBD *dbdname* supplied on a control statement was used to load a DBD. Upon examination of the DBD, it was discovered that the DBD was not a valid IMS DBD, or it was a HALDB and the utility does not support HALDBs

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Either correct the control statement, or if the control statement is correct, replace the DBD with a valid IMS DBD.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=382 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS383A INPUT RECORDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE FROM DDNAME *ddname* FOR FUNCTION *ff*

Explanation

A root segment has been encountered with a sequence field (key) equal to or lower than the previous root segment processed.

System action

Execution is terminated.

Programmer response

If the abend option was specified and a SYSUDUMP or SYSABEND DD statement was provided, abend 0359 is issued, and a storage dump was produced. Register 11 at entry to abend is the address of the current key, and register 9 is the address of the previous key.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=383 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[0359 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS384A PROCESSING OF LAST UCF REQUEST COMPLETED-RESTART NOT ALLOWED

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has completed all requests successfully. Since normal completion has been achieved, RESTART is not allowed.

System action

Processing continues.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=384 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS385A

WORK AREA EXCEEDED IN FIELD *name* FOR REQUEST *nnnn*

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility was processing a request from the DFSYSIN data set when the field *name* in the DFSUCP70 work area overflowed.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Too many parameters were specified on the control request *nnnn*. Make multiple control requests to do the same function as the one in error. This action shortens the overall length of the table requirements and still perform the required function. Resubmit the job; do not perform a RESTART.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=385 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS386A

A PREMATURE EOF WAS ENCOUNTERED ON DDNAME *ddname*

Explanation

The utility program was reading an input file when it reached the End of File. This condition was not expected at that precise time, and is therefore an error.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the data set is complete, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=386 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURUL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS387I

ERROR-NO VALID RECORDS ON INPUT DATASET

Explanation

The input data set to the HD Reorganization Reload program contained no valid unloaded database records. The return code is 16.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input, and resubmit the job. Ensure that the HD unload was successful and that the unloaded data set is valid. It might be necessary to rerun the unload program to re-create the input for the reload before resubmitting the job.

Module:

DFSURGL0

DFS388A

DDNAME *ddname* DID NOT HAVE A STATISTICS RECORD FOR FUNCTION *ff*

Explanation

A utility program was processing an input file *ddname*, and expected to find a statistics record.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If "NSTAT" was specified on HISAM unload, specify `OPTIONS=(NSTAT)` in the SYSIN data set for HISAM reload. Correct any errors, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=388` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCP40, DFSURGU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS389W	PROCESSING FOR THE {FOLLOWING PRECEDING} REQUEST HAS TERMINATED {ABNORMALLY NORMALLY}
----------------	--

Explanation

This informational message is issued to tell the user how a request completed.

System action

Processing terminates normally or abnormally as indicated in this message.

Programmer response

If an abnormal termination has occurred, correct the errors printed prior to this message, and resubmit the job. If a normal termination has occurred, no further action is necessary.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=389` control statement in

the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module

DFSUCP40, DFSURGL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS390A	DDNAME <i>ddname</i> HAS AN INVALID LOGICAL RECORD FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program encountered one of the following errors:

- The input record is not a valid type. The valid types are 00 (logical parent), 10 (logical child), 60 (dummy), and 80 (checkpoint).
- While processing a type 00 or type 10, an invalid logical description exists in the DBD.
- During input processing of work file data sets, a work file record was found that contains a segment not found in the segment descriptor blocks (SDB).

In the first two cases, the work file record is printed for each occurrence of the invalid condition. In the third case, the work file record is printed once and the job terminates. This work file record is from the specified data set on the DFSURWF3 DD statement. The record is printed in hexadecimal with EBCDIC translation.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that the complete log data set file is supplied as input, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a `FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=390` control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS391I *This message is variable*

Explanation

Anytime a utility must print a general message, it uses this message. No warning or error message uses this number.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=391 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUARC0, DFSUARPO, DFSUCCT0, DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0, DFSUICP0, DFSURDB0, DFSURRLO, DFSULG20, DFSUPNT0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS392A **DUPLICATE NAMES *name*
SPECIFIED ON CONTROL
REQUEST FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

The control statement contains duplicate data definition names (ddnames). This condition would have caused a system abend 0013.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

The control request in error is flagged on the output printer. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=392 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCMN0, DFSUCP40, DFSUDMP0

Related information

[0013 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS393A **BLDL FAILED FOR MODULE
cccccccc**

Explanation

The module listed, cccccccc, was not found when the BLDL macro searched the PDS directories for STEPLIB, JOBLIB, SYS1.LINKLIB.

System action

Processing stops for the utility.

Programmer response

Verify that the JCL specifies the correct libraries and that the module is in one of the program libraries. Rerun the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=393 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCF00, DFSURDB0

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS394A **AN RBA SEQUENCE ERROR
OCCURRED FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A utility program was reading an ESDS, and the returned relative byte address (RBA) of the record was not higher than the prior one.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

The database is in error. Recovery of the data set is required. Use the Database Recovery utility to accomplish this recovery.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=394 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUDMPO, DFSURDBO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS395I	BACKOUT COMPLETE FOR PSB <i>psbname</i> [TO CHKPT <i>chkptid</i>] [FOR REGION <i>regid</i>]
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Backout utility successfully completed the requested database backout. If the CHKPT option was specified in the SYSIN data file, TO CHKPT *chkptid* identifies the checkpoint to which the backout was completed, and FOR REGION *regid* identifies the region in which the PSB was running. (default=01)

Operator response:

Record the checkpoint number and the volume serial number in case a restart action must be requested.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0, DFSRDBC0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS396I	SYSTEM ERROR DURING BACKOUT OF DATA BASE <i>dbname</i> PROGRAM <i>psbname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Backout utility was unable to locate a data management block directory entry for the database specified.

Programmer response

This problem indicates that the PSB used for backout has changed since the original run. Check the PSB requested in the EXEC statement to ensure that the name and the PSB are correct. Correct any errors, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0, DFSRDBC0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS397I	BACKOUT UNABLE TO OPEN DATA BASE <i>dbname</i> PROGRAM <i>psbname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Backout utility was unable to open the specified database.

Programmer response

Check the DD statements to ensure that they are present and identify the data sets properly. Correct any errors, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0, DFSRDBC0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS398I	I/O ERROR DURING BACKOUT IN DATA BASE <i>dbname</i> PROGRAM <i>name</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Backout utility encountered an I/O error while attempting backout on the specified database.

Programmer response

Run the Database Recovery utility against the database in error. Use all log data sets, including the output of this backout attempt. Then rerun the backout job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0, DFSRDBC0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS399I

**BUFFER POOL TOO SMALL FOR
BACKOUT OF DATA BASE *dbname*
PROGRAM *psbname***

Explanation

The database buffer pool was too small to accommodate the database specified while attempting to run the Database Backout utility.

Programmer response

Increase the database buffer pool size in the EXEC statement, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0, DFSRDBC0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS400I

**BATCH BACKOUT UNABLE TO
OPEN THE INPUT LOG *ddname***

Explanation

The Batch Backout utility (Database utility) was unable to open the log data set specified by *ddname* IMSLOGR or IMSLOGRx.

System action

The Batch Backout utility, DFSBBO00, terminates with a return code of X'14'.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement, correct any errors, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module

DFSBACK0, DFSBCKIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 11. DFS messages, DFS401I - DFS0450I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS401I **DBRC CALL FAILURE - RETURN
CODE = xx - CALL = yyyyyy**

Explanation

The Batch Backout utility received an unexpected return code from DBRC. yyyyyy is the call made to DBRC, and xx is the return code from DBRC.

System action

If the call identified in the message is SAVUOR, LOGSET, or VERUOR, the batch backout job terminated. If the call is UPDUOR, INIT, or EOJ, the required changes have been successfully backed out of the databases associated with the PSB for which the Batch Backout utility was being run.

Programmer response

If the call identified in the message is SAVUOR, LOGSET, VERUOR, or UPDUOR, contact IBM for problem determination assistance.

If the call is INIT or EOJ, see one of the following return codes:

Code (hex)
Explanation

08
The IMS subsystem for which backout was being performed was not authorized to use one or more of the databases that had changes backed out.

A previous error might have caused the loss of the database authorization. Determine the cause of any previous errors. Otherwise, the DBRC EOJ call has failed and the RECON data set might need updating.

2C
An internal DBRC error occurred. DBRC was not able to access the RECON data set. Ensure that the appropriate DD statement for the RECON data set is available.

30
The parameters passed to DBRC were invalid. The RECON data set must be updated manually. Contact IBM for problem determination assistance.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 20, 25

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0401I **DBRC CALL FAILURE - RETURN
CODE = xx - CALL = yyyyyy**

Explanation:

See DFS401I

Related information

“DFS401I” on page 129
DBRC CALL FAILURE - RETURN CODE = xx -
CALL = yyyyyy

DFS0402 **DATABASE dbname NOT STARTED
DUE TO RECOVERY NEEDED.**

Explanation

While processing a **/START DB** command, the system found that a deferred backout was required for the database, *dbname*. A verification of this backout using DBRC (to ensure that the backout was not done by batch backout utility) found that the database first requires forward recovery. This condition occurs during the first active start after a remote takeover. The shadowed database was not authorized to the tracking system at the time of the takeover while the copy of the active was updated before takeover.

System action

The database is not started and the backout is not done.

User response

Forward recover the database; then reissue the start command.

Module:
DFSDBDR0

DFS0403W **IMS xxxxxxxxxx CALL TO MVS
ARM FAILED - RETURN CODE=
nn,REASON CODE=nnnn.**

Explanation

A call to the z/OS Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) failed. The message text contains the type of call, represented by xxxxxxxx, and the return and reason codes. Values for xxxxxxxx are:

REGISTER

Register with the z/OS ARM.

READY

Notify the z/OS ARM that IMS is ready to accept work.

ASSOCIATE

Notify the z/OS ARM that this is an XRF alternate or a Fast DB Recovery region.

UNKNOWN

An unknown request value was passed to DFSARM00.

System action

IMS ignores the return code and continues running.

Programmer response

To determine the reason for the failure, check the IXCARM return and reason codes. Then, correct the problem.

Module:

DFSARM00

Related reference

[z/OS: IXCARM return and reason codes](#)

DFS0404W	INCONSISTENT ACBLIB SPECIFICATION - IMSACBx - CODE=yyy-zzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DL/I subordinate address space option was selected. The ACBLIB specification in the IMS procedure did not match the corresponding specification in the DL/I subordinate address space procedure. The message indicates the DDNAME in error, either IMSACBA or IMSACBB. yyy is defined as follows:

Codes

Explanation

001

The number of data sets specified for the DDNAME was not the same. zzz does not apply.

002

The number of data sets was the same. However, the data set names and volume serial number did not match. zzz identifies the data set specification in error. For example, if zzz is 002, the second data

set specified for IMSACBx is not the same in both procedures.

003

IMSACBx represents the inactive ACBLIB. This DDNAME was defined in one procedure, but not in the other. To use the online change function, the inactive ACBLIB must be defined in both procedures. zzz identifies the procedure missing the specification: 001 for the IMS procedure and 002 for the DL/I subordinate address space procedure.

004

The DD statement for the IMSACBA or IMSACBB is missing. zzz can be:

001 - DD statement missing from the IMS procedure

002 - DD statement missing from the DL/I SAS procedure

System action

If yyy is 1 or 2, the DL/I subordinate address space abends with 0023, causing the control address space to abend with 0150. If yyy is 3, initialization continues.

If yyy is 004, IMS terminates abnormally with abend code 0023.

Programmer response

If yyy is 1 or 2, correct the specification for the indicated DDNAME. The data sets specified and their concatenation order must be identical in both the IMS and DL/I address space procedures. If yyy is 3, and you intend to use the Online Change function, cancel the control region and supply the missing specification for the inactive ACBLIB.

If yyy is 004, correct the specification for the indicated DDNAME.

Module:

DFSSDLC0

DFS0406A	AN ERROR OCCURRED DURING AUTHORIZATION PROCESSING FOR DATABASE xxxxxxxx. RETURN CODE = yy. PSB=zzzzzzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to obtain database authorization for the named database, which appears in one of the DB PCBs contained in the named PSB. The PSB name only appears in the message text if the failure occurred for a call from an online application.

The return code (hex)yy can have the following values and meanings.

Code (Dec)
Meaning

01

During the authorization of a HALDB partition, the partition was found to be allocated and not authorized. The partition must be deallocated before authorization can be done but deallocation failed. Look for deallocation failed messages, DFS2503W, for the reason why and make any necessary changes. Then run the job again.

System action

The application terminates with either a BA status code, if the program has issued an INIT STATUS GROUPE call. It terminates with or an abend 3303, if the program has not issued the INIT call.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action for the return code.

Problem determination:

35

Module:
DFSDBAU0

Related information

[DFS2503W](#)
DYNAMIC *action_type* FAILED
FOR DATA SET NAME
XXXXXXXXX.XXXXXXXXXX.XXXXXXXXXX
DATABASE NAME *dbdname* REASON CODE
YYYYY
[3303 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0407I REGION TOO SMALL

Explanation

Module DFSILTA0 was unable to get enough storage to build queue entries.

System action

DFSILTA0 terminates abnormally with abend 0407.

Programmer response

Rerun the job in a larger region or code the ST= parameter on the EXEC statement to process a shorter time.

Module:

DFSILTA0
Related information
[0407 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS0408I INVALID 'ST' PARAMETER.

Explanation

The EXEC statement had an invalid ST parameter.

System action

The Log Transaction Analysis program, DFSILTA0, terminates abnormally with abend 0415.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter on the EXEC statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

Check the format of the EXEC statement parameters for the Log Transaction Analysis utility.

Module:
DFSILTA0

Related information
[IMS abend 0415](#)

DFS0409I INVALID 'OUT' PARAMETER.

Explanation

The EXEC statement had an invalid OUT parameter.

System action

The Log Transaction Analysis program, DFSILTA0, terminates abnormally with abend 0415.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter in the EXEC statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

Check the format of the EXEC statement parameters for the Log Transaction Analysis utility.

Module:
DFSILTA0

Related information
[IMS abend 0415](#)

DFS0410I END OF FILE ON LOG DATASET

Explanation

The end-of-file has been reached on the input log data set.

System action

The Log Transaction Analysis program, DFSILTA0, terminates normally.

Module:
DFSILTA0

DFS0411I DDNAME OPEN FAILED.

Explanation

OPEN failed for the data set defined by the ddname in the message. Register 11 points to the DCB of the data set.

System action

DFSILTA0 terminates abnormally with abend 0411.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

Check the DCB and DD statement.

Module:
DFSILTA0

Related information
[IMS abend 0411](#)

DFS0412I MISSING 08 RECORD

Explanation

The Log Transaction Analysis program, DFSILTA0, was unable to connect a termination record (X'07') with a prior schedule record (X'08').

System action

DFSILTA0 continues processing. Any transactions associated with the X'08' record application program schedule is ignored.

Problem determination:

This problem is a probable IMS error. 1, 2, 3, 8, 25, 36

Module:
DFSILTA0

Related information
["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0413I INCORRECT LOG DATASET
xxxxxxx - DISCARDED RC=zz

Explanation

The DD statement xxxxxxxx for the log data set was incorrectly specified. The error was caused by one of the following:

- A DD DUMMY or DSN=NULLFILE was specified.
- The specified secondary log data set is not used, because the log recording mode is single.
- The required primary or secondary partner for OLDS ddname was not specified. The log recording mode is dual, and the online log data sets (OLDS) must be specified in pairs (primary and secondary).
- For a batch program, the DD statement was incorrectly specified.
- For an online program, DUAL log recording mode was requested. The allocation for the primary OLDS was successful, but the allocation for the secondary OLDS failed.
- The attributes were incorrectly specified when the DD name specifies a write-ahead data set (WADS).

The reason code zz can have the following values and meanings:

Code (Dec)
Meaning

04
Allocation failed for DDNAME=xxxxxxx for one of these reasons:

- No DFSMDA member was found, and the DD statement was not found in the JCL stream.
- If message DFS2503W is also received, see DFS2503W for the reason for the allocation failure.

08
OLDS/WADS device was not DASD.

12
DEVTYPE failed for DDNAME=xxxxxxx.

16
DDNAME=xxxxxxx was specified as DD DUMMY or DSN=NULLFILE.

20
RDJFCB failed for DDNAME=xxxxxxx.

28
OBTAIN failed for the data set defined by DDNAME=xxxxxxx.

- 32** OLDS block size was not a multiple of 2K.
- 36** Dual OLDS was specified, and the secondary OLDS block size (DFSOLSnn) was different from the primary OLDS block size (DFSOLPnn).
- 40** The OLDS block size was less than the largest OLDS block size (DFSOLPnn,DFSOLSnn) successfully allocated.
- 44** The WADS device type was inconsistent (distinct).
- 48** The OLDS block size was greater than the track capacity.
- 52** BUFSTOR=64 was specified on the OLDSDEF statement, but this OLDS was not an extended format data set.
- 56** The WADS is smaller than 5 tracks.
- 60** The IMS Logger received a nonzero return code from the DFSMS Media Manager when the logger connected to a WADS by using a **CONNECT (OPEN)** command. The most common reason for this error is that the WADS is not a VSAM linear data set.
- 64** The WADS CI size was not 4 KB
- 68** The DFSMS Media Manager is connected to an invalid write-ahead (WADS) data set. The WADS must be defined as a VSAM linear dataset.

System action

The DD error statement is discarded and system initialization continues. If DUAL is requested and an error exists in an OLDS pair, the OLDS pair is discarded. System initialization continues.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement and correct any errors so that the data set will be available the next time the system is initialized.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 8, 11, 36

Module:

DFSFDLS0, DFSXLGIO

Related information

[“DFS2503W” on page 713](#)

DYNAMIC *action_type* FAILED
FOR DATA SET NAME
XXXXXXXXX.XXXXXXXXXX.XXXXXXXXXX
DATABASE NAME *dbdname* REASON CODE
YYYYY
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0414I CONTINUING WITH ALTERNATE LOG

Explanation

or

PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON *ddname* - DURING LOG ZZZZ XX

Explanation

Either form of this message can be issued. The first message indicates that a permanent I/O error occurred in the log data set specified by the *ddname*. The log data set is either an online log data set (OLDS), a write-ahead data set (WADS), or a batch system log data set (SLDS). The value of *zzzz* is WRITE or READ.

The second message indicates that the system continues with an alternate log data set.

For WRITE errors, *xx* is an invalid DECB post code, which is contained in the first byte of the ECB (ECBCC). No *xx* value with a WRITE error indicates that a log data set CLOSE error occurred during EOV processing.

For READ errors, *xx* is an OSAM error return code.

The values and meanings of *xx* are as follows:

Code (hex)

Code (hex)	Explanation
01	DD statement missing.
02	Concatenated data set.
03	Fewer units than volumes specified for a DASD data set.
04	JCL specified a DSORG type not permitted by OSAM.
05	DSCB for data set not found.

06

First volume DSCB specified a DSORG type not permitted by OSAM.

07

DCB block size not equal to DSCB block size after JFCB/DCB merge.

08

DCB LRECL size not equal to DSCB LRECL size after JFCB/DCB merge.

09

Neither the LRECL nor block size was specified in the DSCB, DCB, or JCL.

0A

The specified block size is less than LRECL.

0B

The specified block size exceeds track size for the specified device.

0C

A previous OPEN or EOVS failed.

0D

VIO not supported by OSAM. The data set is allocated to a VIO unit.

0E

Tape devices are not supported. The data set is allocated to a tape device.

0F

Some internal error occurred in the OSAM DEB subroutine. DCBWRK1 indicates the error code.

10

Block size greater than track size.

If an error is detected by IOS, the message text might also contain I/O completion codes. For more information, see the IOSCOD field in [z/OS: IOSB mapping](#).

If hardware errors occur, see the z/OS IOS000I message issued before this message.

System action

IMS continues execution with a spare WADS (DFS_{WADS}_{*n*}, *n*=0,1,...9), if one is available. If no such WADS exists, IMS continues logging in a degraded mode by truncating log buffers to ensure the preservation of Log-Write Ahead Protocols (LWA).

One of the following occurs for the other WRITE error cases:

OLDS

IMS continues execution if 2 or more OLDS remain. If only one OLDS remains, an internal CHECKPOINT FREEZE is performed. If no OLDS remains, IMS abends with abend 0616.

SLDS

IMS continues execution if dual logging is in effect and an alternate SLDS exists. If an alternate SLDS is unavailable, IMS abends with abend 0616.

Operator response

If the error occurs on an OLDS and dual logging was not being used, or if errors occur on both copies of a dual OLDS log, then run the Log Recovery utility to close the OLDS in error.

For an invalid DECB post code with no associated hardware error, set a SLIP to capture a memory dump at the next message occurrence and contact IBM Software Support.

If an error IOS002A occurred indicating no paths were available to the allocating device and CLOSE processing also involving an I/O request is started, the CLOSE might still appear hung. Issue **V OFFLINE** to the UCB.

Module:

DFSFDLS0

Related reference

[z/OS: IOS000I](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0616](#)

DFS0415W	PARTITIONED DATABASE INIT / TERM / START / DEQUE EXCEPTION CONDITION - FUNC= ffffffff, DBNAME= dddddddd, PARTNAME= pppppppp, REASON= rr
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred during the INIT, TERM, START, or DEQUE processing of a HALDB structure.

In the message text:

fffffff

The keyword specifying the INIT, TERM, START, or DEQUE function that encountered the error. **fffffff** is one of the following:

SYS DDIR

System initialization of HALDB DDIR structures

SYS DMB

System initialization of HALDB DMB structures

SEL DMB

System initialization of a selected HALDB DMB structure

PART DB

Initialization of a HALDB (DDIR and DMB structures)

RBLD PDB

Reinitialization of a HALDB name table

PART DB

Termination of a HALDB structure

PART DDIR

Command initialization of a partitioned DB
DDIR structure

PART DMB

Command initialization of a partitioned DB
DMB structure

dddddddd

Identifies the database that encountered the error.

pppppppp

Identifies the partition in *dddddddd* that encountered the error. If the error pertains to the database in general, the partition name is specified as N/A.

rr

The reason code identifies the cause of the error:

Reason code**Meaning****01**

Invalid function code

02

Unable to allocate XPARTW storage

03

Database DDIR not found

04

Database not defined as partitioned

05

HALDB not initialized. Master HALDB is offline. The database might not have been initialized or it might have been taken offline with a **/DBRECOVERY** command. Use **/DIS DB** or **QRY DB NAME() SHOW(ALL)** to view the database status.

06

Unable to allocate storage stack area

07

Invalid database organization

08

Inconsistent database organization

09

Invalid STR modification state

10

Unable to allocate part list storage

11

Unable to allocate DFSPNT storage

12

Unable to allocate part DDIR

13

Unable to allocate part DMB

14

Unable to allocate part DCB

15

Unable to allocate ILE ACB

16

Unable to allocate DBRC name list

17

Unable to allocate part unique storage

18

Unable to allocate PHIDAM index ACB

19

Failed to obtain storage for the database directory extension block

20

Unable to load selection exit

21

Selection exit not linked reentrant

22

Unable to locate selection exit

30

Unable to allocate DFSPTX storage

31

Unable to allocate DFSPTK storage

32

Unable to allocate DFSPDA storage

40

Partitioned database DDIR not inactive

41

Partition DDIR not inactive

43

Partitioned database DMB not initialized

44

Duplicate database name DDIR encountered

45

Unable to load dfsdt150

46

Exceeded the maximum of 32,767 data management blocks (DMB)

50

No HALDBs found

51

Partitioned structure not required

60

Partitioned database DDIR list not found

61

Unable to deallocate part data set

70

Unable to allocate DXPXDLIL storage

- 71** DBRC query error
- 72** No partition data returned by DBRC
- 73** Target partition data not found by DBRC
- 74** DBRC not active
- 75** The specified non-registered HALDB is not a catalog database. The HALDB structure is not built and the HALDB is not usable.
- 76** The DFSHDBSC data set does not contain information for the structure of the specified HALDB.
- 77** An error occurred while building the non-registered database structure.
- 83** An error occurred during a Resource Manger (RM) query. Global status for the newly added partition was not applied.
- 90** Warning, partition precluded from rebuild.
- 91** The partition DDIR block cannot be dequeued from the DDIR chain because working storage cannot be obtained.
- 92** The partition DDIR block is no longer being used and is removed from the DDIR chain.
- 93** The partition is deleted because the HALDB master was deleted by online change.
- 99** Error encountered for one or more databases.

System action

Partition structure processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the failure as indicated by the reason code *rr* returned in the message text. Take appropriate measures to correct the problem based on the reason code explanation.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 6, 11, 36, 40

Module:

DFSPSM10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

[0880 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS0416I INITIALIZATION FAILED-(E)STAE ERROR

Explanation

IMS initialization was unable to establish the IMS (E)STAE environment.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0071.

Module:

DFSXCIC0, DFSXLGI0

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS417I PAGE FREE FAILED.

Explanation

During STAE exit processing, module DFSFCST0 attempted to free the page contained in the page fix list and was unsuccessful. The page free list address is located at label SCDFIX in the SCD.

System action

After issuing the message, STAE exit processing continues.

Problem determination

1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 36

Module

DFSFCST0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS418A PSB IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR ON-LINE IMAGE COPY

Explanation

This message occurs if the PSB specified by the user was generated without the OLIC=YES option on the PSBGEN macro.

System action

The utility ends with a return code of 16.

Programmer response

Either correct the PSB or use a PSB with the option properly specified.

Module:
DFSUICPO

**DFS0420A DBD *dbdname* STOPPED ---
PREVIOUS WRITE ERROR
DETECTED.**

Explanation

Restart processing found a database that previously incurred a write error. If you recovered the database, issue a **/DBR DB *dbdname*, UPDATE DB NAME(*name*) STOP(ACCESS)¹, /START DB**, or an **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** command. If you did not recover the database, it must be recovered before the database is restarted or the data integrity can be lost.

¹ These commands do not automatically issue checkpoints unless OPTION(FEOV) is specified.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the system programmer. If the database has been recovered before restart, start the database with the **/DBR** and **/START DB** commands or **UPDATE DB NAME(*dbdname*) STOP(ACCESS)** and **UPDATE DB NAME(*dbdname*) START(ACCESS)**. If recovery has not been done, wait until recovery is performed before starting the database.

Programmer response

Perform a database recovery before IMS restart. Ensure that the database has been recovered before restarting it.

Problem determination:
1, 6, 25

Module:
DFSRST00, DFSSDL40

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS421I UNABLE TO OPEN SYSPRINT
DATASET, JOB TERMINATED.**

Explanation

A DD statement for the SYSPRINT data set was not supplied to the SYSOUT print utility (DFSUPRT0). This message is printed using the z/OS Write-To-Programmer facility (return code = 8).

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSUPRT0

**DFS422I I/O ERROR WRITING SYSPRINT
DATASET, JOB TERMINATED.**

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred while the SYSOUT print utility was writing to the SYSPRINT data set. This message is printed using the z/OS Write-To-Programmer facility (return code = 0C).

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSUPRT0

**DFS423I *jobname, stepname, dev addr, DA,
ddname, GET, status, disk addr,
QSAM***

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while processing a spool SYSOUT data set in the print utility DFSUPRT0. The data set was CLOSED and processing continued with the next.

The information in this message is obtained from the SYNADAF z/OS macro. In a batch environment running DFSUPRT0, the fields in the message and their meanings are the following:

jobname
Label on the JOB JCL statement

stepname
Label on the EXEC JCL statement

dev addr
Hardware address of the device where the data set resides

DA
Direct Access

ddname
Label on the DD JCL statement for the data set

GET
QSAM operation that encountered the error

status
Error description

disk addr
Actual track address and block number. The format is BBCCHHR in hexadecimal format (2 byte binary number, 2 byte cylinder number, 2 byte head or track number, 1 byte record number on the track).

QSAM
Queued Sequential Access Method used by the utility.

Programmer response

Reallocate the failing data set or assign an alternate track if required before further use.

Module:
DFSUPRT0

Related reference
[z/OS: SYNADAF - Perform SYNAD analysis function \(BDAM, BISAM, BPAM, BSAM, EXCP, QISAM, and QSAM\)](#)

DFS424I NO SPOOL DATASETS TO BE PRINTED.

Explanation

The spool SYSOUT print utility was run with no ddnames of the form SPOOLnnn. The job was terminated with return code 4.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSUPRT0

DFS425I INVALID SPOOL DATASET FORMAT.

Explanation

Either a noninitialized spool data set, a nonspool data set with the SPOOLnnn ddname format, or an online system failure while writing a status record caused the

print utility program to reject printing of a spool data set.

Programmer response

Reinitialization of the IMS online control system using this data set should be accomplished prior to submitting the print program for further execution.

Module

DFSUPRT0

**DFS0426I PHYSICAL I/O ERROR IN STEP
stepname prcstpnm**

Explanation

A physical input or output error occurred on a database used by step *stepname* procedure with stepname *prcstpnm*. Message DFS0451I (or DFS0451A) was issued indicating the nature of the error. In addition, the step is abnormally terminating. The IOEROPN parameter of the PSB for this step requested issuing an abend 0451, but the step terminated abnormally for some other reason. An abend 0451 was not be issued.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action to correct the conditions that caused the I/O error and the abend condition.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 4, 35

Module:
DFSDVBH0

Related information
[“DFS0451I” on page 149](#)
modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0427I LOGICAL ERROR ON ddname,
ERROR CODE Vxx or Iyy.**

Explanation

A logical error occurred while processing a VSAM database.

In the message text:

ddname
The DD name of the data set on which the logical error occurred.

xx

The logical hexadecimal error return code placed in the RPL feedback field by VSAM on the request that was in error. For an explanation of VSAM logical error return codes, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*.

yy

An IMS buffer handler logical error.

Vxx

An unexpected logical error was returned by VSAM.

System Action: The application program terminates abnormally with pseudoabend 0427, and IMS continues processing. However, if DUMP=YES was specified on the DL/I buffer options statement, the application terminates with IMS standard abend 0427, and the control region terminates abnormally.

Iyy

An unexpected condition occurred in DFSDVSM0.

04

An invalid local vector index was detected while testing for buffer validity using coupling facility services.

08

An unexpected return code was returned from VSAM while testing for buffer validity using coupling facility services.

System Action: The buffer handler causes the application program to be terminated with abend 0427.

If you have a program specification block (PSB) where one PCB has PROCOPT=L and another PCB has PROCOPT=I (or GIRD or A), the results are unpredictable. This message can be issued.

Also, see the 0427 abend code information.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 35

Module:

DFSDVSM0

Related information

[IMS abend 0427](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0428I

**PSB SPECIFIED IN EXECUTE
PARMS DOES NOT MATCH PSB ON
LOG DATASET.**

Explanation

The PSB specified in the EXEC parameters of the Batch Backout job did not match the PSB on the update (type X'50') records in the log data set supplied to Batch Backout.

This error occurs during backout of a batch job in which IRLM is being used for data sharing. If the wrong PSB was specified on the EXEC parameters, this check prevents a data integrity exposure if batch backout releases all IRLM locks for a failed batch job, but does not complete any backout.

System action

Batch Backout terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure the PSB specified on the EXEC parameters matches the PSB specified in the batch job being backed out.

Module:

DFSBACKIO

DFS0429I

**VSAM {GENCB|MODCB} ERROR,
RETURN CODE X'yy'.**

Explanation

DL/I VSAM pool initialization issued a VSAM GENCB or MODCB macro, and encountered an error condition returned from VSAM X'yy' is the hexadecimal return code in register 15 returned by VSAM.

System action

Abend 0430 is issued, and the step is terminated.

Programmer response

For an explanation of return codes from VSAM GENCB and MODCB, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 35

Module:

DFSDBVIO

Related reference

[z/OS: VSAM macro return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0430I UNABLE TO INITIALIZE DL/I
BUFFERING SERVICES, REASON
CODE xx**

Explanation

The DL/I buffering services function cannot be initialized. The variable xx is the reason for the failure and can have the following values:

Reason code: 01

In a DL/I or DBB region, the PSB contained one or more PCBs for VSAM databases. However, the DL/I buffer pool parameter data set (DFSVSAMP) was not provided.

Programmer response: Provide a DL/I buffer pool parameter data set to describe the VSAM buffer subpools for the job step.

Reason code: 02

DL/I was unable to OPEN the buffer pool control statement data set. For batch regions, this data set is defined by DDNAME DFSVSAMP. For online regions, this data set is defined by DDNAME PROCLIB.

Programmer response: Ensure that the DD statement is correct for the region type. In addition, for online regions, ensure that the value specified by the parameter VSPEC is a valid suffix to complete the member name of DFSVSMxx and the member name which exists in PROCLIB. Member name, DFSVSM00, is used if VSPEC is not specified.

Reason code: 03

In a DLI or DBB region, the PSB contained one or more PCBs for VSAM databases, but no valid subpool definition statements were found. Message DFS0434I or DFS0435I, or both, was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0434I or DFS0435I.

Reason code: 04

In a DLI or DBB region, the PSB contained one or more PCBs for VSAM databases, but no subpool definition statements were found.

Programmer response: Check the control statements and correct if necessary.

Reason code: 05

An I/O error was encountered while reading the DL/I buffer pool parameter data set.

Programmer response: See message DFS0436I.

Reason code: 06

An error was encountered while attempting to build the VSAM shared resource pools. Message DFS0432I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0432I.

Reason code: 07

An error was encountered while attempting to load a DL/I module. Message DFS0438I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0438I.

Reason code: 08

An error was encountered while issuing a VSAM SHOWCB macro. Message DFS0429I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0429I.

Reason code: 09

An error was encountered while attempting to obtain main storage for the DL/I buffer handler pool. Message DFS0431I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0431I.

Reason code: 10

An error was encountered while issuing a VSAM GENCB macro. Message DFS0429I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0429I.

Reason code: 11

A GETMAIN failure occurred while processing DBD statements for the specific subpool or shared-pool ID table or while processing the POOLID statements for the specific shared-pool ID table.

Programmer response: Rerun IMS with a larger region size parameter.

Reason code: 12

An error was encountered while attempting to obtain main storage for the ddname open table. Message DFS0441I was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS0441I.

Reason code: 13

An incompatible combination of control statements was found in the DFSVSAMP data set. The IOBF= statement requested that the OSAM buffer pools be defined and allocated, but the OSAMOP IOSCB=NO statement requested that no OSAM resources be used in the batch environment.

Programmer response: Determine if an OSAM database is to be accessed by the application. Use the appropriate control statement.

Reason code: 14

Hiperspace buffering is either specified on a subpool with a size of less than 4 KB, or is unavailable because of insufficient expanded storage for the specified subpool size.

Programmer response: Remove any Hiperspace buffering specifications on buffer sizes less than 4 KB. See the *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Guide* (SA22-7591) for expanded storage problems.

Reason code: 15

A VSRBF keyword for VSAM subpool definition was encountered before the first POOLID statement. When using the POOLID statement to define one or more VSAM local shared resource pools, the VSRBF subpool definition statement for each VSAM local shared resource pool must follow the POOLID statement to which it pertains.

Programmer response: Review the information about the member DFSVSMxx. Correct the control cards and resubmit the job.

Reason code: 16

Duplicate coupling facility structure names were specified on the CFNAMES control statement. Message DFS3385I is also issued to further define the error.

Programmer response: Review the information about the member DFSVSMxx. Correct the CFNAMES control statement, and resubmit the job.

Reason code: 17

All keywords (CFIRLM, CFOSAM, and CFVSAM) must be specified on the CFNAMES control statement. Message DFS3388I is also issued to further define the error.

Programmer response: Review the information about the member DFSVSMxx. Correct the CFNAMES control statement, and resubmit the job.

Reason code: 18

An error was found on the CFNAMES control statement. Message DFS0437I is also issued to further define the error.

Programmer response: Review the information about the member DFSVSMxx. Correct the CFNAMES control statement, and resubmit the job.

Reason code: 19

Explanation: In a batch environment, IRLM is being used, but DBRC is not.

Programmer response: Make sure that DBRC was specified in the IMS system definition or that DBRC=N was not specified on the EXEC statement of the execution JCL.

Reason code: 21

An error was encountered while attempting to obtain main storage for the Block Serialization Latch table. Message DFS3287E was issued.

Programmer response: See message DFS3287E.

System action

IMS is terminated with abend 0430.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 35

Module:

DFSDVBI0, DFSXBAT0, DFSTRA00

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

[“DFS3287E” on page 912](#)

STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR BLOCK
SERIALIZATION TABLE, RETURN CODE X'xx'

[“DFS0429I” on page 139](#)

VSAM {GENCB|MODCB} ERROR, RETURN CODE
X'yy'.

[“DFS0431I” on page 141](#)

STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR VSAM BUFFER
POOL, RETURN CODE nn

[“DFS0432I” on page 142](#)

VSAM SHARED RESOURCE POOL CANNOT BE
BUILT, RETURN CODE X'yy', POOL ID xxxx, zzzzz

[“DFS0433I” on page 142](#)

NUMBER OF BUFFERS FOR SUBPOOL SIZE
nnnnn CHANGED TO mmm

[“DFS0434I” on page 142](#)

BUFFER SIZE OR KEYWORD INVALID ON CARD
nnn

[“DFS0435I” on page 143](#)

NUMBER OF BUFFERS INVALID ON CARD n

[“DFS0436I” on page 143](#)

I/O ERROR ON CONTROL CARD DATASET

[“DFS0437I” on page 143](#)

CARD nnn, ERROR IN PARAMETER mmm

[“DFS0438I” on page 144](#)

UNABLE TO LOAD MODULE m, return code X'nn'

[“DFS0441I” on page 145](#)

STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR OPEN TABLE,
RETURN CODE X'yy'

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0431I

**STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
VSAM BUFFER POOL, RETURN
CODE nn**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to
GETMAIN storage for the DL/I VSAM buffer pool.
nn is the return code from the IMODULE GETMAIN

macro. For a description of these return codes, see the IMODULE return codes information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0430.

Programmer response

If insufficient storage is available, increase the main storage available to IMS. If LSO (local storage option) is selected for the DL/I SAS region, then subpool 251 (low private storage) for the DL/I region is not large enough for the DL/I buffer pool. Increase the region parameter in DL/I startup JCL. If LSO=N (no separate DL/I address space) is selected, then there is not enough subpool 231 available. Increase the region parameter in the control region JCL.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 18, 35

Module:

DFSDVBIO

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0432I	VSAM SHARED RESOURCE POOL CANNOT BE BUILT, RETURN CODE X'yy', POOL ID xxxx, zzzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS issued a VSAM BLDVRP macro to build the VSAM shared resource pool. VSAM detected an error condition and did not build the pool. The variable yy is the hexadecimal error code returned by VSAM. If multiple shared resource pools were requested, POOL ID xxxx indicates the particular shared resource pool in error. zzzzz is the shared resource pool type, that is either INDEX or DATA.

System action

If the shared resource pool in error is the only or the default shared pool requested, IMS terminates abnormally. It issues an abend 0430. Otherwise, IMS reassigns the data sets to the default shared resource pool.

Programmer response

For further explanation of the return codes from the VSAM BLDVRP macro, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*.

Module:

DFSDVBIO

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDVRP return codes](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

DFS0433I	NUMBER OF BUFFERS FOR SUBPOOL SIZE nnnnn CHANGED TO mmm
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of buffers specified for the VSAM or OSAM subpool size nnnnn was less than the required minimum or greater than the allowed maximum.

System action

The system built mmm buffers in the subpool.

Programmer response

For an explanation of the number of buffers, see [Specifying VSAM and OSAM subpools \(System Definition\)](#).

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Module:

DFSDVBIO

Related concepts

[Specifying VSAM and OSAM subpools \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0434I	BUFFER SIZE OR KEYWORD INVALID ON CARD nnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The nth statement in the buffer pool parameter data set specified an invalid buffer size or an invalid keyword. A buffer size must be 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, or a multiple of 4096 up to and including 32768.

System action

The statement is bypassed.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Module:

DFS0435I

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0435I NUMBER OF BUFFERS INVALID ON
CARD *n***

Explanation

The *n*th statement in the buffer pool parameter data set specified an invalid number of buffers, or the value specified was not numeric.

System action

If VSAM is used (and the value is not numeric), the statement is bypassed. For OSAM, defaults are taken for all remaining parameters. If the parameter is numeric, see message DFS0433I.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement; then resubmit the job, if necessary.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Module:

DFS0436I

Related information

[“DFS0433I” on page 142](#)
NUMBER OF BUFFERS FOR SUBPOOL SIZE
nnnnn CHANGED TO *mmm*
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0436I I/O ERROR ON CONTROL CARD
DATASET**

Explanation

Module DFSCVBIO attempted to read the buffer pool parameter data set (DFSVSAMP) and encountered an I/O error.

System action

In region type DBB or DLI, if a database using VSAM was specified in the PSB, abend 0430 was issued. In all other cases, processing continues without a DL/I VSAM buffer pool.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement for DFSVSAMP is correct, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 18, 19

Module:

DFS0437I

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0437I CARD *nnn*, ERROR IN PARAMETER
*mmm***

Explanation

The *n*th statement in the buffer pool parameter data set has an error in the *m*th parameter. For an online system, this error occurs if system definition does not include the DBD. For a batch job, this error occurs if the DBD is not generated within the PSB being used. This error can also occur if invalid parameters are on the following statements:

CFNAMES
IOBF
DBD
OPTIONS
VSRBF or VSAM buffer pool definition
RESVPOOL
LOCKTIME
FFROLR

System action

The parameter is ignored, and processing continues.

In the buffer pool parameter data set, if the database parameter is specified with a data set number of A to J, L or X for HALDB but the database is a NON HALDB,

the system issues this message; the allocation does not occur. If the database is later converted to HALDB, then the allocations for this entry become live as soon as the database is started (without recycling IMS). The same occurs if you have a data set number 1 and are converting from HALDB to NON HALDB.

Programmer response

The parameter has been ignored. Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job. See the IMS system definition information for parameter formats.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 18, 19

Module:

DFSDVBI0, DFSTRA00, DFSRDB30

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0438I **UNABLE TO LOAD MODULE *m*,
return code X'*nn*'**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to load the module with module name *m*. X'*nn*' is the hexadecimal return code from the IMODULE LOAD macro. For a description of these codes, see the IMODULE return codes information.

System action

IMS is terminated abnormally with abend 0430.

Programmer response

Provide the module in a library where it can be accessed without error.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 35

Module:

DFSDVBI0

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0439I **WARNING, VSAM SUBPOOLS
WITH EQUAL LENGTH BUFFERS
HAVE BEEN DEFINED, POOL ID
XXXX**

Explanation

Two or more VSAM subpool definition statements specify the same buffer size. If multiple shared resource pools were requested, POOL ID xxxx indicates the particular shared resource pool in error.

System action

A subpool is built with the sum of the number of buffers specified.

Programmer response

If the intent was to build separate subpools, then correct the subpool definition statements to specify different buffer sizes.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 18, 19

Module:

DFSDVBI0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0440A **GSR POOL ALREADY EXISTS,
REPLY 'LOCAL' 'DELETE' OR
'ABEND'**

Explanation

IMS issued a VSAM BLDVRP macro to build the VSAM global shared resource pool. When a return code of 4 is returned, indicating that a GSR pool exists, the system operator must reply.

System action

IMS waits for operator's response.

Operator response

Use one of the following responses:

LOCAL

Another IMS system is running with a GSR and you want initialization to continue. This option results in the use of the local shared resource (LSR) pool for this run of IMS.

DELETE

No other IMS system is running currently and you want to have the global shared resource (GSR) pool. This option results in the current GSR pool being deleted and a new GSR pool being built for this run.

Note: Choosing this option when a current IMS system running with a GSR pool, the pool is deleted. Results are unpredictable.

ABEND

Another IMS system is running with GSR, and you do not want to run this system with LSR, or you do not know whether another system is running with GSR and you want to terminate the initialization. This option results in message DFS0432I followed by abend 0430.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 35

Module:

DFSDVBI0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0441I STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
OPEN TABLE, RETURN CODE X'yy'**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to GETMAIN storage for an open table. 'yy' is the return code from the IMODULE GETMAIN. For a description of these codes, see the IMODULE return codes information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0430.

Programmer response

If insufficient storage is available, increase the main storage available to IMS.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 18, 22

Module:

DFSDVBI0

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0442A VSAM RDF/CIDF BAD
DBD=dbdname DD=ddname**

Explanation

Before writing a VSAM control interval, the record definition field (RDF) and the control interval definition field (CIDF) were checked and found to be invalid or inconsistent with the record format required by IMS.

System action

The application program terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Use the database recovery procedure to reconstruct the database in error.

Problem determination:

4, 5, 9, 11, 18, 20

Module:

DFSDVSM0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0443I dbname IS REGISTERED AS NON-
RECOVERABLE**

Explanation:

For information and actions, see message DFS0443W.

Related information

[DFS0443W](#)

dbname IS INCONSISTENT WITH OTHER DBS
IN THE DBNET

**DFS0443W dbname IS INCONSISTENT WITH
OTHER DBS IN THE DBNET**

Explanation

Scheduling issues the first form of the message when the identified database is registered with DBRC as nonrecoverable.

Scheduling issues the second form when the identified database is registered as nonrecoverable and related databases are registered as recoverable. It is suggested that all related databases be either recoverable or nonrecoverable.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

This is an informational message.

Module:

DFSDBLN0

DFS0444	MESSAGE LENGTH EXCEEDS FAST PATH BUFFER LENGTH - INPUT IGNORED
----------------	---

Explanation

The terminal operator entered a Fast Path message segment that was too long for the expedited message handling buffer (EMHB). The EMHB is defined in the FPBUFLN keyword on the TERMINAL macro.

System action

The transaction message is discarded.

Operator response

Correct the format of the transaction message; then reenter the command.

Module:

DBFSUIX0

DFS0445I	WARNING - INVALID VSAM SHARED RESOURCE POOL DEFINITION, POOLID xxxx, REASON CODE yy
-----------------	--

Explanation

The definition for the VSAM shared resource pool is invalid. xxxx identifies the pool ID, and yy identifies one of the following reason codes:

Reason code: 01

An error was detected in an attempt to define an index subpool without any data subpool within the same VSAM shared resource pool. IMS cannot build the particular shared resource pool.

Programmer response: Correct the control statements before the next job execution.

Reason code: 02

The maximum number of VSAM shared resource pools has been exceeded. Any POOLID statements (with the corresponding VSRBF statements) found after the limit is reached are ignored. The warning

message is issued only for the first valid POOLID statement that exceeds the limit.

Programmer response: Combine or eliminate the VSAM POOLID subpool definition statements that exceed the limit.

Reason code: 03

While processing POOLID subpool definition statements, an invalid pool ID was found. IMS ignores the POOLID statement and all VSRBF statements defining subpools within that shared resource pool. Only the first four characters of the invalid pool ID appear in the warning message. See [Defining VSAM buffer pools \(System Definition\)](#) for an explanation of the POOLID statement.

Reason code: 04

While processing POOLID subpool definition statements, a POOLID statement was coded with a duplicate pool ID. IMS ignores the POOLID statement with the duplicate pool ID. IMS also ignores all VSRBF statements that define subpools in that shared resource pool.

Programmer response: Correct the control statements before the next job execution.

Reason code: 05

While processing POOLID subpool definition statements, an invalid parameter was found. IMS ignores the remainder of the particular POOLID statement and uses the default values of the remaining parameters. See [Defining VSAM buffer pools \(System Definition\)](#) for an explanation of the POOLID statement.

Reason code: 06

An error was detected while processing POOLID subpool definition statements. The VSAM shared resource pool ID on the POOLID subpool definition statement (for a shared resource pool other than the default pool) was not referenced by any valid buffer pool DBD statement. The VSAM shared resource pool is built but not used. See [Defining VSAM buffer pools \(System Definition\)](#) for an explanation of the POOLID statement.

Reason code: 07

An error was detected in the attempt to define a VSAM shared resource pool which did not contain a subpool. A POOLID subpool definition statement is followed by another POOLID statement rather than by VSRBF subpool definition statements. A VSAM shared resource pool without any defined subpool is ignored. See [Defining VSAM buffer pools \(System Definition\)](#) for an explanation of the POOLID statement.

Reason code: 08

The maximum number of VSAM shared resource pools has been exceeded when the number

of shared pools reserved with the RESVPOOL statement is considered. Normally, the maximum number of shared pools allowed is:

15
in a batch or utility environment

16
in a DC or DBCTL environment

Any POOLID statements (with the corresponding VSRBF statements) found after the limit is reached are ignored. The warning message is only issued for the first valid POOLID statement exceeding the limit.

IMS buffer pool initialization continues.

Programmer response: Combine or eliminate the VSAM POOLID subpool definition statements that exceed the limit.

Reason code: 20

A terminal in Fast Path response mode attempted to logon to an IMS system that is not Fast Path capable.

Module:
DBFSUIX0, DFSRDB30

DFS0446I	WARNING - VSAM SHARED RESOURCE POOLID xxxx ON DBD STATEMENT IN ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected while processing DBD statements. The VSAM shared resource pool ID on the DBD statement did not match the ID on any valid POOLID subpool definition statement.

System action

IMS reassigns the data set to the default shared resource pool.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement before the next job execution.

Module:
DFSRDB30

DFS0447I	NUMBER OF BUFFERS FOR VSAM SUBPOOL SIZE nnnnn CHANGED TO mmm, POOL ID xxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of buffers specified for the VSAM subpool size nnnnn was either less than the required minimum or was greater than 32767. If multiple shared resource

pools were requested, POOL ID xxxx indicates the shared resource pool in error.

System action

mmm buffers were built in the subpool.

Programmer response

For an explanation of buffer pool specifications, see the IMS system definition information.

Module:
DFS0448I

DFS0448I	VSAM HIPERSPACE BUFFERING INVALID UNAVAIL FAILED FOR SUBPOOL SIZE nnnnn, POOL ID xxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

VSAM Hipspace buffering is invalid when specified on a subpool size less than 4 K bytes. VSAM Hipspace buffering is unavailable for the indicated subpool size because of insufficient expanded storage, and the Hipspace buffers were defaulted or specified as optional.

VSAM Hipspace buffering failed for the indicated subpool size because of insufficient expanded storage, and the Hipspace buffers were specified as required.

If multiple shared resource pools were requested, POOL ID xxxx indicates the shared resource pool in error.

System action

For INVALID or FAILED, IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0430.

For UNAVAIL, initialization of IMS continues without Hipspace buffering for the identified VSAM subpool.

Programmer response

Remove any Hipspace buffering specifications on buffer sizes less than 4 K.

If sufficient expanded storage exists and this message indicates that storage is unavailable, try increasing the z/OS SRM values in the IPS statement for PWSS=(min,max). See *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Guide* (SA22-7591).

Module:
DFS0448W

DFS0448W	VSAM HIPERSPACE SIZE SPECIFIED EXCEEDS THE 2GB LIMIT, POOL ID xxxx.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The size of a Hiperspace pool size exceeded the 2 GB limit.

In the message text:

xxxx
The local shared resource (LSR) VSAM buffer pool ID

System action

The Hiperspace pool size defaults to the 2 GB limit.

Programmer response

Check the specification of the buffer.

Module:
DFSDVBI0

DFS449A VOLUME..... IS INCORRECT FOR
RESTART-MOUNT VOLUME.....

Explanation

During restart processing, the utility detected an incorrect volume mounted for the continuation of the image data set.

System action

The utility closes the data set, forcing the incorrect volume to be demounted, and then opens the data set. The utility continues to do this until the correct volume is mounted.

Operator response

If the volume serial numbers are not specifically mentioned in the JCL or catalog, mount the volume

specified in the second half of the message. If the volume is described, continue mounting volumes that z/OS will accept until the volume the utility requires is eventually mounted.

Module:
DFSUICP0

DFS0450I DFSDDLE0 dbdname
STOPPED-LOGICAL ERROR
DDNAME=ddname VSAM ERROR
CODE=nn

Explanation

The module detected a read or write error on the database definition name on the DDNAME data set. This message indicates VSAM returned (in register 15) a return code of 8 to a VSAM PUT from module DFSDDLE0. A logical error code from the RPL is also printed to further define the logical error.

System action

Processing continues.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:
DFSDDLE0

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 12. DFS messages, DFS0451A - DFS0500I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0451A *modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field*

Explanation

This message is related to DFS0451I. See that message for a detailed explanation and actions.

Related information

DFS0451I
modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field

DFS0451I *modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field*

or

hhmmss, variable text

Explanation

Any of the forms of this message can be issued. A READ or a WRITE error has occurred during an I/O operation.

Module *modname* detected an error during an I/O operation or while processing the write error queue elements (WEQE) for the identified *ddname* in database *dbdname*. The variable *i/o error* indicates whether it is a READ error or whether a WEQE is found, and the status code is returned to the application program. No status code is returned for the WRITE error.

If the access method is VSAM, this message is preceded by a display of bytes 26-125 of the VSAM physical error message, prefixed by DFS0451I *hhmmss*. For the format and contents of this message, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*.

If the access method is OSAM, *decb field* is the field DECBSTAT from the DECB used for the I/O operation, followed by a description of the error. See message DFS0762I for the DECB status code (DECBSTAT) definitions.

If the access method is OSAM and the data set is defined as a VSAM linear data set, *decb field* will be "21-MM" followed by a return code from Media Manager. See the [Media Manager Diagnostic Aids](#) for a description of the return code.

If the IOEROPN=(n,WTOR) parameter is specified when the PSB is generated and if the system is batch (DLI or DBB), the operator can specifyabend or continue. This option is only specified in batch for an action-required message.

The values are defined as follows:

modname

One of the following modules issued the message:

DFSDVSM0
DFSDBH00
DFSDBHM0
DFSDDLE0

dbdname

Database name

ddname

DD name

i/o error

Indicates that a READ or WRITE error has occurred during an I/O operation or that the WEQE (write error queue element) was detected. Whenever a WRITE error has occurred and the subsystem does not have a copy of the data, a WEQE is created for the block.

If an application requests data in a block with a WEQE, this message is generated and a status code is passed back to the application program. After the database recovery has been performed, all WEQEs for the database will be freed. The WEQE in the subsystem incurring the WRITE error (data sharing or non-data sharing environment) is flagged to allow error free READ operations for that block in that subsystem. In a data sharing environment, if an application running in a subsystem other than the one incurring the WRITE error requests a segment in the given database block, this message is generated and a status code is passed back to the application program. A READ operation is not issued for the block since it was incorrect. After the database recovery has been performed, all WEQEs for the database will be freed. In a nondata sharing environment, if the database is closed and then reused without recovering it (for example /DBD instead of /DBR), this flag is removed and subsequent READ requests for that block result in this message being issued.

decb field

A DECB field is indicated by the DECBSTAT or DECBEXC

For the hmmmss, variable text version:

A READ or a WRITE error has occurred during an I/O operation. This form of the message is issued for VSAM errors. *hmmmss* is a time stamp, and *variable text* is from VSAM.

The VSAM error IEQE indicates the existence of a key-sequenced data set (KSDS) IO toleration extended error queue element (EEQE) to prevent any access to the record pointed by the EEQE.

System action

For the action-required message, DL/I waits for the operator to respond before continuing. If the operator responds with ABEND, the application program terminates with pseudoabend 0451, and IMS continues processing. However, if DUMP=YES was specified on the DL/I buffer options statement, the application terminates with standard abend 0451. An operator response of CONT causes IMS to continue processing.

For the information message, processing continues.

If IOEROPN=(451,WTOR), IMS terminates with abend 0451, even if the operator responds CONT to the DFS0451A message.

Operator response

(system): For the action-required message, reply ABEND to cause abend 0451, or CONT to cause IMS to continue processing. No action is required for the information message.

(master terminal) : Contact the appropriate support personnel responsible for the recovery of the database.

System programmer response

For both messages, if it is a permanent READ error or WRITE error, recover the database. However, if only WRITE errors occur, the database might continue to be used by the online system, and recovery can be delayed until a convenient time. If application performance is affected or READ errors occur, the database must be recovered.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 35

Module:

DFSDBH40, DFSDDLE0, DFSDVSM0

Related reference

z/OS: RPLERRCD reason codes

Related information

"DFS0762I" on page 274

OSAM (TAPE | DASD) (READ | WRITE) ERROR - FUNC=aa STATUS=bb, cc, dddd, eeee, ffff

"IMS problem determination" on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0452I	DUP-CLOSE NO LONGER SUPPORTED -- USE DUP AND REP THEN RERUN CLS MODE
-----------------	---

or

CONTROL CARD INPUT NOT PRESENT

or

ERROR IN CONTROL CARD FORMAT

Explanation

Either control statement input was missing or a control statement was in error. The erroneous control statement is printed on the SYSPRINT data set.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job with a control statement or a corrected control statement.

Module:

DFSULG10

DFS0453I	UNABLE TO OPEN xxx
-----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

The data set (xxx) was not able to be opened successfully. xxx consists of a descriptive name of the data set plus the ddname.

The values for xxx are:

- CARD INPUT ddname
- PRINT OUTPUT ddname
- INPUT OLDS ddname
- INPUT SLDS ddname
- OUTPUT LOG ddname
- NEXT OLDS ddname

System action

If the error occurs on a dual WADS or dual Next, OLDS processing continues using the alternate data

set. Otherwise, the Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

If the Log Recovery utility fails, ensure that a DD statement is present and specified correctly. If a hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job specifying an alternate unit.

Module:
DFSULG10, DFSULG20

**DFS0454I UNSUCCESSFUL ALTERNATE LOG
 DATASET POSITION---REASON x**

Explanation

Dual input logs were specified for the Log Recovery utility. An error was detected while reading one of the input logs.

The value of the reason code x is 2 or 3.

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 02** Dual SLDS input was provided. The two SLDSs did not start with the same block of data. DFSULG20 processing has terminated for both input logs, but the block of data common to both logs was not successfully read.
- 03** Dual input logs were provided. DFSULG10 tried to read the first block from each log to determine if the input was valid. For OLDS, the first pair of blocks must be readable and identical. For SLDS, the first pair of blocks must be readable. If the SLDS blocks are not identical, the higher log sequence number (for the first log record) is saved. Processing of that input log (and its corresponding output log) is suspended until the higher log sequence number is found on the other remaining input log.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates processing with a memory dump.

Programmer response

For reason code 02, examine the error block listing and the input logs. Try to determine why the matching block was not read. (The matching block is either an error block or is missing on the input log.) If the block is in error, correct the block using z/OS system utilities. If the block is missing, provide all SLDS volumes as input. Then rerun the utility.

For reason code 03, use z/OS system utilities to examine the input logs. Correct the error and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSULG10, DFSULG20

**DFS0455I I/O ERROR ON xxx DURING mmm
 OPERATION**

Explanation

The Log Recovery utility, DFSULTR0, encountered an I/O error on data set xxx while processing in mode mmm. The value of mmm is CLS, DUP, or REP. xxx consists of a descriptive name of the data set plus the ddname.

The values for xxx are:

- INPUT OLDS ddname
- INPUT SLDS ddname
- OUTPUT LOG ddname
- NEXT OLDS ddname

System action

If the I/O error occurs on a dual data set, processing continues using the alternate data set. Otherwise, the Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

- If the Log Recovery utility fails (that is, return code = 8), do one of the following:
- If the error occurred on the interim log data set either during REP mode, input OLDS, or next OLDS, run DUP mode to close or recover the data sets.
 - If the error occurs on the interim log data set during DUP mode or during an output log, rerun the job and specify another drive or volume.

Module:
DFSULG10, DFSULG20

**DFS0456I ERROR ID'S ON STATEMENT AND
 INTERIM LOG DO NOT MATCH**

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- The input control statements to a REP mode operation were out of sequence.
- The sequence number is wrong.
- The control statements are missing.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Do the following:

1. Verify that the control statements agree with the printed output produced in the DUP mode run.
2. Correct and resubmit the job.
3. Ensure that the appropriate interim log data set was used.

Module:
DFSULG10

DFS0457I	CONTROL CARD SPECIFIED 'B' RECORD---NO 'B' RECORD ON INTERIM LOG
-----------------	---

Explanation

SYSIN input specified that the data be replaced in the B record of the given sequence number. An A record was encountered but no corresponding B record was present.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Take the following actions:

- Check the printed output from the previous DUP run to ensure that the B records were produced.
- Ensure that the appropriate interim log data set was used.

Module:
DFSULG10

DFS0458I	CONTROL CARD OUT OF SEQUENCE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The control cards are out of sequence.

Programmer response

Put the control cards in the appropriate sequence, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSULG10

DFS0459I	EOF ON INTERIM LOG WITH CONTROL CARD YET TO PROCESS
-----------------	--

Explanation

Control statements were submitted for records not on the interim log data set. The remaining unprocessed control statements are printed on the SYSPRINT data set.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Determine if the extra control statements are valid. If they are not, a volume of the interim log data set was probably omitted from the job.

Module:
DFSULG10

DFS0460I	REPLACEMENT DATA WILL NOT FIT IN RECORD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The offset plus the length of the data specified by the REP statement falls outside of the indicated block.

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Examine the printed output from the previous DUP run to determine the proper offset and length. Correct the control statement, and rerun the job.

Module

DFSULG10

DFS0461I	USER HAS SPECIFIED 'REP' IN BOTH A AND B RECORDS
-----------------	---

Explanation

For a given sequence number, data can be replaced in either the A record or the B record. It cannot be replaced in both records.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job, specifying "REP" in either the A record or the B record.

Module

DFSULG10

DFS0462 NOBUILDQ KEYWORD MUST NOT BE PRESENT

Explanation

You can use the NOBUILDQ keyword *only* when warm starting IMS using the **/NRE** command with the FORMAT keyword included. (Even though the BUILDQ keyword is valid with the **/ERE** command, NOBUILDQ is not valid.) For a description of the syntax of the **/NRE** and **/ERE** commands, see *IMS Version 15.5 Commands, Volume 1: IMS Commands A-M*.

Module

DFSICL20

Related reference

[/NRESTART command \(Commands\)](#)

[/ERESTART command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS0463I BUILDQ OR NOBUILDQ KEYWORD REQUIRED

Explanation

You entered the **/NRE FORMAT** command to warm start IMS, but omitted the BUILDQ or NOBUILDQ keyword. You must specify either BUILDQ to build the queues after formatting the data sets indicated by the FORMAT keyword, or NOBUILDQ to format the data sets without rebuilding the queues.

For the commands **/NRE FORMAT SP** and **/NRE FORMAT ALL**, NOBUILDQ is invalid and you must specify BUILDQ.

System action

The command is ignored.

Module

DFSICL20

DFS0464A THE SECONDARY INDEX INDICATOR IS NOT ON IN THE DBD FOR MEMBER (dbdname)

Explanation

The control statement image printed before this message indicates that the *dbdname* specified is a secondary index, but the secondary index flag is not on in the DBD member.

System action

If the utility is not executing under the Utility Control Facility (UCF) and the OPTIONS=ABEND is not selected, execution continues to the next control statement image. The step terminates with a return code of 8. If the OPTIONS=ABEND card is specified, the utility terminates with a user abend.

If the utility is executing under the UCF, processing ceases and execution terminates with a return code of 8.

Programmer response

Verify that the control statement image is specified correctly and check the source DBD for the database name printed in the message. Rerun the job after making the appropriate corrections.

Module

DFSURUL0

DFS0465I PSB *psbname* IS INCORRECT FOR DBD *dbdname*, PSB STOPPED.

Explanation

The named PSB has a DL/I PCB statement that references a Fast Path (MSDB or DEDB) DMB.

System action

The PSB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB in error, rerun ACBGEN, and rerun the program.

Module

DFSDBLP0, DFSXRBL0

DFS0466I NO xxxxxxxx DD CARD SPECIFIED

Explanation

The utility program found a control statement that requires the ddnamexxxxxxxx which was not supplied.

System action

The Log Recovery Utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement or JCL and resubmit the job.

DFS467I **xxxxxxx DDDUMMY CARD
SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The utility program found a control statement that required the ddname xxxxxxxx which is DD DUMMY.

System action

The Log Recovery Utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement or JCL and resubmit the job.

DFS468 **INCORRECT VTAM LEVEL - RNR
DISABLED**

Explanation

Rapid Network Reconnect (RNR) must be running with VTAM 4.4 or above. If VTAM is not at the correct level, RNR is disabled.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS469 **ALL SESSION RECONNECTS HAVE
BEEN INITIATED**

Explanation

All session reconnections for the IMS Rapid Network Reconnect option have been scheduled. The session reconnection function runs asynchronously with normal IMS processing and the MTO is notified of any reconnect failures.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS470 **RAPID NETWORK RECONNECT
STARTING**

Explanation

IMS starts the Rapid Network Reconnect process.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSVTP00

DFS0471I **IMS CANNOT LOCATE NODE
xxxxxxx DURING RAPID
NETWORK PROCESS**

Explanation

During the session reconnect process, VTAM notifies IMS that all sessions are pending recovery. To restore each individual session, IMS has to locate its corresponding control block. However, the control block for the node xxxxxxxx was not found.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response:

The session can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedures.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Module:
DFSIDC00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0472I **RNR FUNCTION DISABLED FOR
IMS/ESA EXECUTION WITH XRF**

Explanation

The RNR option was specified as an IMS execution parameter for an IMS system generated with XRF.

System action

IMS execution continues with the RNR function disabled.

Operator response

(master terminal) Continue with the execution and RNR disabled. Use of RNR requires a new IMS system definition without XRF included (HSB=NO on the IMSCTRL macro statement).

Problem determination:

2, 6, 1

Module:

DFSIIDCO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS473 PROTECTED DATA FIELD ALTERED
- INPUT IGNORED**

Explanation

The Message Format Service (MFS) detects changed content in a protected field from the input of a 3270 or SLU2 device. The content of the protected field that was transmitted to the device differs from the content received.

System action

The system ignores the input and creates an X'6701' log record with the ID of MFSP.

Output destination

A 3270 or SLU2 device.

Operator response

Contact the IMS system programmer for assistance.

Programmer response

Verify if the device is secure and operating properly.

Problem determination:

3, 5, 16, 23, 24, 36

Module:

DFSCFE00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0474W RAPID NETWORK RECONNECT
FAILED INQUIRE/RESTORE
RC=nn, FDB2=mm**

Explanation

VTAM **INQUIRE** or **RESTORE** commands were issued during Rapid Network Reconnect, and VTAM returned a bad code.

In the message text:

nn

The return code received from VTAM.

mm

The FDB2 returned by VTAM.

For information returned by VTAM and possible actions, see *z/OS Communications Server SNA Messages* (SC31-8790) and *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming* (SC31-8829).

System action

IMS terminates the Rapid Network Reconnect.

Operator response:

The session can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedures.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Module:

DFSIDC00

Related reference

[z/OS: RPL return code \(RTNCD,FDB2\)
combinations](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0475I POSITION FAILURE DURING
REPOSITIONING ON FILENAME,
EXPECTED xxxxxxxx, FOUND
yyyyyyyy**

or

**GETMAIN FAILURE DURING REPOSITIONING ON
FILENAME, RETURN CODE RETCODE**

or

**BSP FAILURE DURING REPOSITIONING ON
FILENAME, RETURN CODE RETCODE, REASON CODE
REACODE**

or

**READ FAILURE DURING REPOSITIONING ON
FILENAME, POST CODE POSTCODE**

or

**WRITE FAILURE DURING REPOSITIONING ON
FILENAME, POST CODE POSTCODE**

Explanation

This message follows message DFS0414I. After an I/O error on one OLDS using dual logging, IMS attempts to back out the data that was written to the other OLDS in the pair. To do this, IMS attempts to reestablish position in the file. Various errors can occur during the repositioning process. Each form of the message indicates a specific repositioning error. IMS issues the first form of the message when an IMODULE GETMAIN call to obtain a temporary Read/Write buffer fails. The return codes from the call indicate the following conditions:

Codes

Explanation

- 4** Storage not allocated
- 8** Parameter error
- 38** Caller in SRB or XM mode

IMS issues the second form of the message when a BSP (BACKSPACE) request fails. For a description of the return codes and reason codes, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. IMS issues the third and fourth forms of the message when a BSAM read or write request fails. For a description of the post codes, see *MVS/DFP V3R3 Customization* (SC26-4560), which refers to them as status indicators in the ECB. IMS issues the fifth form of the message when it has repositioned itself in the OLDS but finds that the block at that point does not have the expected sequence number. The expected sequence number is xxxxxxxx. The found sequence number is yyyyyyyy.

System action

IMS continues processing and switches OLDS.

Programmer response

Since some of the blocks of data can be duplicated in the old and new pair of OLDS, run the log recovery utility to remove the extra blocks and close the OLDS. (DBRC does not archive the OLDS unless this is done.) Run the utility in CLS mode using DFSOLP, DFSOLS, DFSNOLP, and DFSNOLS DD statements. So not use DFSWADS_n DD statements. The DFSOLP and DFSOLS DD statements must reference the OLDS pair on which

the I/O error occurred. The DFSNOLP and DFSNOLS DD statements must reference the OLDS pair to which IMS switched following the I/O error.

Module:

DFSFDLB0, DFSFDLS0

Related reference

[z/OS: BSP completion codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS0414I” on page 133](#)
CONTINUING WITH ALTERNATE LOG

**DFS0476A SPOOL DATASET ABEND --
DDNAME = xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing and an IMS DCB abnormal termination exit received control. In the message text, xxxxxxxx is the ddname being processed at the time of the abend. z/OS also issues a message to describe the abend; the z/OS console log contains this message related to this ddname.

System action

IMS ignores the abend and switches to the next available spool data set.

Programmer response

Ensure that there is a spool data set available. If there is no spool data set available, schedule the spool print utility to unload the spool data sets. Additionally, in an XRF environment, consider issuing a takeover and allocating new spool data sets. As long as there is no spool data set available, IMS queues all messages destined to the spool LTERM to the message queue. This problem can lead to an abend 0758.

Module:

DFSDN155

Related information

[IMS abend 0758](#)

**DFS0477A INVALID CLOCK SETTING.
EXCESSIVE UTC OFFSET. RESET
CLOCK AND REPLY C FOR
CONTINUE OR A FOR ABORT.**

Explanation

The UTC offset must be within the range of -11:00 to +14:00 hours. The value is outside this range. The operator probably made an error in the **SET CLOCK** command.

This message is a WTOR message, and system initialization is suspended until the operator replies. IMS might reissue this message if the clock setting is still invalid after the operator replies.

System action

If the operator replies C, IMS initialization continues. If the operator replies A, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0525, subcode 03.

Operator response

If you can correct the error by a **SET CLOCK** command, enter the **SET CLOCK** command before replying to this message. If you cannot correct the error without an IPL, enter the abort option (A) to allow IMS to make an orderly shutdown.

Module:
DFSTIME0

Related information
[IMS abend 0525](#)

DFS0478A	INVALID CLOCK SETTING. EXCESSIVE UTC OFFSET. RESET CLOCK IMMEDIATELY.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The UTC offset must be within the range of -11:00 to +14:00 hours. The value was outside this range. The operator probably made an error in the **SET CLOCK** command. This highlighted message indicates that the operator act immediately.

System action

This message remains highlighted until the clock is corrected.

Operator response

Enter a **SET CLOCK** command with the correct clock setting or local time value.

The system continues to process transactions, but the stored time stamps are not convertible to the current local time. Correcting the clock to a valid local time eliminates the cause of this message and removes the highlighted messages from the screen.

If entering the correct local time value does not correct the problem, the TOD clock must contain an invalid UTC value. An IPL might be required to set a correct UTC value in the TOD clock.

Module:
DFSTIME0

DFS0479A	ISSUE UNQUALIFIED GN FAILED = xx
-----------------	---

Explanation

xx indicates the DL/I status code for the error.

System action

Processing stops.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL error indicated by the DL/I status code. See the DL/I status codes information.

Module:
DFSMAID0

Related reference
[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS480E	REQUESTED MODULE NOT FOUND, NAME=module_name
----------------	---

Explanation

Module *module_name* could not be loaded while executing in a persistent JVM dependent region environment. This message precedes message DFS554A, which indicates a S806 abend.

System action

The application is terminated.

System programmer response:

Ensure the module is correctly specified in the dependent region STEPLIB or equivalent concatenation, so the module can be found and loaded by the system.

Module:
DFSPCC20

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0481A	CANNOT ALLOCATE STORAGE -GETMAIN
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while trying to obtain storage.

System action

Processing stops. Storage is not allocated.

System programmer response

Increase the region size in the startup JCL.

Module:
DFSMAID0

DFS0482A	PARTITION SIZE SELECTION TOO SMALL
-----------------	---

Explanation

The selection size for a HALDB partition was too small.

System action

Processing stops.

System programmer response

Increase the size for the HALDB partition selection.

Module:
DFSMAID0

DFS0483A	HD UNLOAD ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR OPENING THE SYSIN DATASET
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data set described by the SYSIN DD card was not able to be opened.

System action

Processing is halted.

User response

Correct the data set referenced by the SYSIN DD card.

Module:
DFSURGUO

DFS0484A	THE FOLLOWING DATASETS FOR DATA BASE <i>dbdname</i> ARE NOT REGISTERED TO DBRC: <i>ddname1</i> . . . <i>ddnamen</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

DL/I open processing for database *dbdname* failed because the open data sets listed are not registered in the RECON data set, although the database is registered.

System action

Message DFS0730I with reason code I,35 is issued. See System Action for message DFS0730I.

Programmer response

Use the DBRC **INIT.DBDS** command to register the data sets in the RECON data set so that the necessary recovery-related information is recorded during execution.

Problem determination:
1, 6

Module:
DFSDDUI0

Related information

[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)

UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z*
DATABASE *dbdname* *programid*

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0485W	RECOVERY DATA FOR [DATA BASE <i>dbdname</i> AREA <i>areaname</i>] MISSING FROM THE RECON DATASET
-----------------	---

Explanation

Recovery information for database *dbdname* or area *areaname* might be missing from the RECON data set. The database or area is being opened for update with DBRC so that log data sets generated during the execution are recorded in the RECON data set. In a previous run when update ACCESS to the database or area was allowed, DBRC was not used. Therefore, unless explicit action was taken, the RECON data set contains no record of log data sets from previous executions necessary to generate valid recovery JCL.

If the log data sets from the previous executions were explicitly added to RECON, then this message confirms that the RECON is again being used to record recovery information. If an image copy was recorded in RECON since the last update of the database or area that did not use DBRC, and if the log data sets from the previous executions were not recorded in RECON, then this message indicates that recovery from image copies before the updates without DBRC are invalid.

System action

Execution continues. The DBRC usage indicator (DUI) in the database is updated with the identification of the RECON data sets that currently record recovery information.

Programmer response

You can take one of the following actions:

- Use the appropriate DBRC commands to manually update the RECON data set to ensure that all logs required as input for recovery or change accumulation are recorded.
- Take and record an image copy of the database (or area) in the RECON data set to provide a new recovery base.

The first execution that opened this database or area for update processing without DBRC issued message DFS0486W.

Module:
DFSDDUI0, DBFMOPCO

DFS0486W	THE RECON DATASET WILL NOT BE UPDATED FOR [DATA BASE <i>dbdname</i> AREA <i>areaname</i>]
-----------------	--

Explanation

The database *dbdname* or area *areaname* was being opened for update processing without DBRC control. Although DBRC was used during the previous execution for which update ACCESS to the database or area was allowed, log data sets generated during the current execution will not be automatically recorded in the RECON data set. Unless explicit action is taken, the RECON data set will not contain the necessary data to generate JCL for valid Database Recovery utility processing.

Important: The conditions that cause this message to be issued should always remain under direct user control.

If the named database or area is concurrently being updated by subsystems that are using DBRC and performing database or block level data sharing, then allowing execution to continue without direct DBRC control might jeopardize the integrity and recoverability of the database or area.

System action

Execution continues. The DBRC usage indicator (DUI) in the database is updated to reflect that this database or area is being updated without DBRC.

Programmer response

You can take one of the following actions:

- Use the appropriate DBRC commands used to manually update the RECON data set to ensure that all log data sets required as input for recovery or for change accumulation are recorded.

- Take and record an image copy of the database or area in the RECON data set to provide a new recovery base.

Change the JCL for all subsystems that access this database or area so that they all use the same RECON data sets and DBRC.

Module:
DFSDDUI0, DBFMOPCO

DFS0487W	THE RECON DATASET USED FOR [DATA BASE <i>dbdname</i> AREA <i>areaname</i>] HAS CHANGED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The database *dbdname* or area *areaname* has been opened for update processing. This message is a warning that the RECON data set being used to record the update logs for the database or area might not contain the most recent recovery generation data for the database or area. DL/I (or Fast Path) open processing for the database or area detected that the RECON data set used might not be the one used during the previous execution to record logs for the database or area. The RECON data set, therefore, might not contain data necessary to generate correct JCL for the database or area recovery processing utilities.

Important: If the area was not opened previously with access intent of update or exclusive, this message can appear even though the RECON data set has not changed.

System action

Execution continues. The DBRC usage indicator (DUI) in the database is updated with the identification of the RECON data sets which currently record recovery information.

Programmer response

If the database or area is registered in more than one RECON data set, ensure that the correct one is being used for this execution. The appropriate DBRC commands can be used to manually update the RECON data set to ensure that all logs required as input for recovery or change accumulation are recorded, or an image copy of the database or area should be taken and recorded in the RECON data set to provide a new recovery base.

Module:
DFSDDUI0, DBFMOPCO

DFS0488I	DBR DBD STA STO COMMAND COMPLETED. DATAGROUP (<i>groupname</i>)
-----------------	--

or

DBR | DBD | STA | STO | LOCK | UNLOCK COMMAND COMPLETED. DBN=database_name RC=nn.

or

DBR | DBD | STA | STO | VUN COMMAND COMPLETED. DBN | AREA | ADS=database_name | area_name | adsname RC=nn

or

UNLOCK COMMAND COMPLETED. RC=nn

or

DBR | DBD | STA | STO COMMAND COMPLETED. KEYWORD ALL

Explanation

The **/DBRECOVERY**, **/DBDUMP**, **/START**, or **/STOP** command processing is completed. A zero return code indicates that the named database has been successfully processed. The ADS specification is effective only for the **/STOP** command. The area is only for the **/DBRECOVERY**, **/START**, and **/STOP** commands. A nonzero return code indicates that an unexpected error was encountered while processing.

If the data group contains both full function and Fast Path databases, you might see a command complete message before seeing any messages indicating Fast Path areas did not start successfully.

The **/VUNLOAD** command completed processing for area xxxxxxxx. DFS0488I is only issued for areas for which the **/VUNLOAD** command failed, along with the reason code. The reason code indicates the result of the command. A final DFS0488I message is issued to indicate that the command is completed.

For the second form of the message, the return code *nn* can have the value 00, 04, or 20.

The third and fourth forms of the message are issued to avoid excessive individual messages for successful operations.

When the keyword ALL is specified, one DFS0488I is issued for every database name, area name, or ADS name in error, followed by a final DFS0488I **DBR | DBD | STA | STO | VUN COMMAND COMPLETED** message.

DFS0488I is not issued for each database name, area name, or ADS name with return code of 00 (RC=00 indicates that the command was successful).

This message is only received for the **LOCK** command that is issued from an OM API.

Return code (Dec) Meaning

01

The requested state and the current authorization state (see the RECON data set) are incompatible. The database is authorized by another active or abnormally terminated IMS subsystem, and its authorization state is incompatible with the current authorization request.

02

The global command was not able to synchronize with all data sharing partners. The command was completed on the subsystem that received this message, but the partners must be interrogated to determine if the command completed successfully.

03

The database is marked as prohibiting further authorization for one of the following reasons; a global **/DBRECOVERY**, a global **/STO**, or a **DBRC CHANGE . DB (NOAUTH)** command.

04

An error occurred at the close of the database. For detailed information about the reason codes, refer to message DFS730I.

Module DFSMDA00 can also issue return code 4 if dynamic allocation or deallocation failed. This code indicates an interface problem between another IMS module and the IMS dynamic allocation module, DFSMDA00. This code can also indicate a missing or bad DFSMDA00 member.

For a **/VUNLOAD** command, the area specified was not found in any data space or coupling facility structure. Verify that the area name is correct. Issue a **/DISPLAY FVPVIRTUAL** command to find which areas are in data spaces or coupling facility structures.

For the second form of the message, this return code indicates that the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command was only partially successful. At least one tolerated block or CI could not be purged. Enter the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command again later.

Return code 04 can also mean that the database is authorized only if the requested state is "READ" or "READ-GO" because of a global **/DBD** command.

05

The database is marked as needing an image copy.

- 06** The database is marked as needing recovery.
- 07** The database is marked as needing backout.
- 08** Dynamic allocation failed (from DFSMDA00). This code indicates that the IMS dynamic allocation module (DFSMDA00) received a nonzero return code from MVS dynamic allocation.
- For a **/VUNLOAD**, **/STOP AREA GLOBAL**, **/DBRECOVERY AREA GLOBAL**, or **/STOP ADS** command, an attempt to get the VUNLOAD lock for an area in a coupling facility structure failed. The **/VUNLOAD**, **/STOP AREA GLOBAL**, **/DBRECOVERY AREA GLOBAL**, or **/STOP ADS** command is terminated. The VUNLOAD, STOP, or DBR processing is not done.
- 09** During authorization change processing, IRLM could not identify one or more subsystems. You might have IRLM=N or another IRLM name specified on the subsystem.
- 11** An invalid parameter was found during the evaluation process for database-usage compatibility. The database record in the RECON data set might be invalid.
- 12** Dynamic allocation or deallocation failed because no storage was available from DFSMDA00.
- Return code 12 can also mean that the current authorization state in DBRC is invalid because of an unauthorization error.
- 14** The named database cannot be started because of one of the following possible conditions:
- DBRC has already authorized other READ access users in the other IMS subsystem to access the database. The granted authorization level for the other subsystem is incompatible with the original authorization level for the current subsystem because of the last **/DBDUMP** command issued. As a consequence, the original authorization level cannot be restored for the current subsystem.
 - The changed database authorization level has been requested through the **/STA DB ACCESS** command. The request for the change in the ACCESS parameter failed because the database was incompatible with the authorization level currently held in the other IMS subsystem.
- Return code 14 can also mean that an error occurred in DBRC while trying to process a change authorization request.
- 15** The duplicate AREA entry on the **/DBRECOVERY AREA** command is ignored. The area was already unauthorized by DBRC.
- 16** Dynamic allocation or deallocation failed because of a system error. For detailed information about the reason codes, refer to message DFS2498I.
- 20** For the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command, one of the following conditions occurred:
- There were no EEQEs to purge.
 - The **/UNLOCK** command was entered on an IMS system that is not XRF-capable.
 - The **/UNLOCK** command was entered on an active system that was not a previous alternate system. This command must be entered only on the alternate system.
 - The **/UNLOCK** command was entered on the alternate system before the alternate system completed the XRF takeover. This command must be entered on the alternate system only after one or more of the following events have occurred:
 - The failing active system has terminated
 - The processor containing the failing active system has been reset
 - I/O prevention on the active system is complete
- 21** One of the following occurred:
- A VLOCK request cannot be granted when processing a **/START AREA**, or a **/VUNLOAD AREA** command. The area is marked as STOPPED. One sharing IMS system is holding the retained VLOCK exclusive.
 - While processing either a **/VUNLOAD AREA**, or a **/START AREA** command, an IMS sharing partner noted an inconsistency in the VSO options between the DEDB area control block (DMAC) on DASD and the DMAC in storage. The area is marked as STOPPED.
- Issue a **/START AREA** command to correct the inconsistency.
- During **/VUNLOAD**, or a **/START AREA** command processing, an IMS sharing partner noted an inconsistency in VSO options between the DMAC on DASD and the DMAC in storage. The AREA

is stopped. Issue a **/START AREA** command to correct the inconsistency.

- During **/START AREA** command processing, an **IXLFORCE** command is issued to delete any failed persistent connections from a prior failed system. The **IXLFORCE** command was not able to delete the failed persistent connection. In this case, the following messages are generated:
 - DFS2783A UNABLE TO DELETE FAILED-PERSISTENT CONNECTION TO STR: SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS REASON=RRRR
 - DFS0488I STA COMMAND COMPLETED. AREA= XXXXXXXX RC=21

24

A command with the ALL keyword is not processed for a Fast Path MSDB. If **/START DB ALL** access is entered, module DFSDBDR0 does not include MSDBs.

28

The named database cannot be started because of the following conditions:

- The request to change the database authorization level to a data entry database (DEDB) has been requested through the **/START DB ACCESS** command. The change of an authorization level to a DEDB cannot be done because the referenced DEDB is in use by a region.
- Changing the DEDB access intent requires stopping the scheduling of all PSBs that have access to the target DEDB. This code might require stopping regions in which PSBs associated with WFI transactions are currently scheduled, and stopping the transactions or PSBs for non-WFI transactions.

31

A **/START AREA** command failed because the area is marked as recovery-needed in the DBRC RECON data set, or the DBRC RECON indicates that there are no available area data sets for the area.

34

Because a **/START DB ACCESS** command was issued, a change database authorization request was made from IMS to DBRC. The encoded database state returned from DBRC was set to a value of zero.

35

A backout error occurred for the database. A **/START** command for the database is invalid until a **/DBRECOVERY** command is issued and batch backout is performed.

37

One of the following events occurred:

- A write error occurred for the database. The command issued is invalid until a **/DBRECOVERY** command is issued.
- A request for a new dataspace was issued during the open processing for a shared VSO area. Refer to message DFS2444I, that precedes message DFS0488I.

38

A **/START DB** command was not run because the database was being extended during an IMS XRF takeover, and I/O Prevention was not yet complete. You cannot start the database until IMS knows that I/O Prevention is complete.

39

A **/START DB** command specifying ACCESS=RO or RD is invalid while incomplete, restartable back outs exist for the database. IMS must have update or exclusive access to the database to redo the incomplete back outs. The command is not processed for the specified database.

41

The area is not loaded into the Coupling Facility. This code does not prevent access to the area unless this code is preceded by message DFS2819A.

42

The named HALDB partition cannot be processed in response to a **/START DB** command because of an error in the Partition Structure Manager. Check the system console for related DFS0415W messages.

43

The named database cannot be processed in response to a **/DBRECOVERY** command because one or more in-doubt EEQEs exist for the database and the NODBR keyword was specified in the DFSVSMxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

44

When the **/STOP ADS** command is entered, the ADS of the named ddname is already stopped. This **/STOP ADS** command is ignored.

45

A **/DBR**, **/DBD**, **/STA**, or **/STO** command was issued against the named database or HALDB partition that is QUIESCED or has QUIESCE in progress. Try the command again after the QUIESCE has been released. If the quiesce is in a held state, release it with an **UPDATE DB STOP(QUIESCE)** command.

50

A **/DBRECOVERY**, **/START**, or **/STOP** command was issued with AREAGROUP or DBGROUP, where the AREAGROUP contained a specified database or the DBGROUP contained a specified area. The

command is not processed for databases in an AREAGROUP or areas in a DBGROUP.

On a system that is defined to support Fast Path, the keyword 'MSDB' was entered on a **/START**, **/STOP**, or **/DBRECOVERY** command. (MSDB is allowed on **/DBDUMP**.) The keyword is ignored and the remainder of the command is processed.

52

A **/DBRECOVERY** or **/START** command was entered for a database that was in the process of being recalled from HSM. The command process is not performed at this time. The **/DBRECOVERY** command must be entered again after the database is recalled. The **/START** command will be automatically performed after the recall is complete.

54

There is a discrepancy between the number of ADS allocated by IMS and the number of ADS known to DBRC. Correct the discrepancy, then reissue the **/DBRECOVERY** or **/STOP** command to deallocate the data sets.

55

The command failed because the FF DB or FP area is currently being recovered.

56

An error occurred while attempting to open the named database or HALDB partition. Check the System Console for message DFS0730I to determine the reason for the failure.

57

The named database is a HALDB master and is invalid with the OPEN keyword. However, a partition structure rebuild is attempted if needed and if only one HALDB master was specified in the command. No rebuild is attempted if more than one database name is listed in the command.

58

The named HALDB partition cannot be processed in response to a **/DBDUMP**, **/DBRECOVERY**, **/START**, or **/STOP** command. It is still in use by an active HALDB OLR. The command is not processed for the HALDB partition named in the message. However, processing continues for any other databases or HALDB partitions specified in the command.

60

The command failed because the area has been deleted by Online Change.

62

The named database failed directory initialization or the DBB or PSB pool space was not large enough to accommodate the blocks. Check the

system console for messages that reference this database.

70

The named database or HALDB partition failed authorization. Check the system console for messages that are related to the authorization failure. Check the status of the named database or HALDB master if no messages related to the authorization failure are found.

71

OPEN keyword processing could not continue for the named HALDB partition because a **/DBRECOVERY** command has been issued for the HALDB master. Start the HALDB master and then reissue the command to start the HALDB partition. This situation can also occur if the partition has been deleted and a partition structure rebuild has occurred. You can perform a partition structure rebuild by issuing a **/START DB haldbmst OPEN** command or **UPD DB NAME(haldbmst) START(ACCESS) OPTION(OPEN)** command, where *haldbmst* is the master of the partition, or by issuing a qualified GU call for a key in the key range of the partition. You can use the **LIST.RECON** command to determine if the partition exists or has been deleted.

72

Partition DBM build failed for the named HALDB partition. Check the System Console for DFS0415W messages to determine the reason for the failure.

73

DMB build processing failed for the named database or HALDB partition. Check the system console for DFS0561 or DFS0592I messages to determine the reason for the failure.

74

DMB build processing failed for the named database or HALDB partition because the data management block pool (DMB pool) is too small to hold all the required data management blocks. Change the appropriate parameter to make the pool larger and restart the system. Message DFS0992I might also be issued.

75

DMB build processing failed for the named database or HALDB partition. IMS detected a DMB pool shortage while attempting to load the DMB block for the named database or HALDB partition. The size of the DMB pool must be large enough to accommodate all DMBs that are actively being used. Change the appropriate parameter to make the pool larger and restart the system.

76

DMB build processing failed for the named database or HALDB partition. Check the System Console for DFS0564I messages to determine the reason for the failure.

77

DMB build processing failed for the named database or HALDB partition. An unexpected return code was received. Check the system console for any related messages and contact IBM Software Support.

79

The command was issued for a database that is still being processed by Restart Parallel Database Open. Wait for that process to complete and try the command again.

80

The named DEDB database cannot be started in a non-FP system.

81

This message is generated because the user issued a **/VUN** command for an area in a database that was read authorized. The **/VUN** command must be entered on an IMS subsystem that has update authorization for the database.

82

A **/DBR**, **/STO** or **/VUN** area command was issued against an area that is quiesced. Stop the quiesce by issuing a **UPDATE AREA STOP(QUIESCE)** command and issue the command again.

83

For the **/UNLOCK** command, an internal start database (**/STA**) command failed because of Common Service Area (CSA) shortage. Issue a manual **/STA DB** command for each database that has received message DFS0451I with the text IEQE FOUND.

84

The **/START**, **/STOP**, **/DBR**, or **/DBD** command for the database could not be processed because the resource is in the process of being imported from the IMS change list or the import from the change list failed. The resource cannot be acted on by the type-1 command until it is successfully imported.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Problem determination:

6, 11

Module:

DBFARD10, DBFARD40, DBFARDA0, DFSDBDR0, DFSRDSH0, DBFCVUN0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0489I

**DATA BASE *database name* IS
CHANGED TO INQUIRY ONLY
STATUS**

Explanation

The database identified in the message was changed to INQUIRY ONLY status because the image copy needed flag is set in the DBRC RECON data set. When an Online Image Copy utility is scheduled to copy the database, the database authorization level must be changed to a read level in order to permit the online image copy to run. The Online Image Copy utility is requesting the read level authorization on behalf of the IMS subsystem.

System action

IMS processing continues with the online image copy. However, the database is marked for use as inquiry only.

Operator response

If an update or exclusive authorization level is required for the online IMS subsystem, enter a **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** command after the completion of the Online Image Copy utility.

Problem determination:

4, 6

Module:

DFSDBAU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0490I

**HD UNLOAD OF PARTITIONED
DATA BASES IS NOT SUPPORTED
FOR UCF**

Explanation

HD unload of HALDB is not supported for the Utility Control Facility (UCF).

System action

Execution halts, and the return code is set to 16.

Module:
DFSURGUO

DFS0491A ERROR IN DFSCTL DATASET

Explanation

A statement in the DFSCTL data set contained an error. Messages that follow this one display the incorrect line and describe the error. This message displays the affected region, when possible.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error based on the messages that follow.

Module:
DBFPCAA0, DBFPHI00, DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20,
DBFPHI30

DFS0492I *line in error*

Explanation

This message displays the incorrect line in the DFSCTL data set. At least one more message follows this one to provide additional information. This message displays the affected region, when possible.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the error based on the information in this message and the next messages.

Module:
DBFPCAA0, DBFPHI00, DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20,
DBFPHI30

**DFS0493I INVALID CHARACTERS IN
 DATABASE NAME**

Explanation

The database name in the statement shown in message DFS0492I contained invalid characters.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0494I NO DATABASE NAME GIVEN

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I did not specify a database name.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0495I NO PCB LABEL GIVEN

Explanation

The PCB label was missing in the statement shown in message DFS0492I.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0496A PARTITION SELECTION FOR DATA
 BASE DATASET FAILED**

Explanation

HDUNLOAD encountered an error from IMS Partition Selection while preparing to unload the database

segments for a partition or range of partitions belonging to the database specified on the job parameter card.

System action

Processing halts with return code 16.

User response

Verify that the database input on the job parameter card is correct. If you specified a range of partitions in the SYSIN using NUMBER= (for example, PARTITION=PART2,NUMBER=5) then you might need to correct the range value or correct RECON by defining additional partitions. Consult your partition selection exit routine to identify partition names within the scope of the range.

If partitions are missing, define them using the Partition Definition utility TSO panels and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURGUO

DFS0497I	INVALID CHARACTERS IN PCB LABEL
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PCB label in the statement shown in message DFS0492I contained invalid characters.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0498I	INVALID DATABASE NAME LENGTH
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The length of the database name in the statement shown in message DFS0492I was invalid. The name must be from 1 to 8 characters in length.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0499I	INVALID PCB LABEL LENGTH
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

The length of the PCB label in the statement shown in message DFS0492I was invalid. The PCB label must be from 1 to 8 characters in length.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0500I	DANGLING COMMA ON END OF STATEMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I ends with a comma.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

Chapter 13. DFS messages, DFS0501I - DFS550I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS0501I IC OPTION SPECIFIED FOR NON
 PROCOPT H PCB x. RGN n**

Explanation

PCB x specified the image copy (IC) option, but not processing option H (PROCOPT=H). The IC option is only valid for PROCOPT H PCBs.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Either remove the IC option for this PCB, or specify PROCOPT H and rerun PSBGEN.

Module:
DBFCPY00

**DFS0502I MULTIPLE DATABASE NAMES
 GIVEN**

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I contained two DATABASE= (or DB=) keywords.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0

Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0503I DATABASE x NOT FOUND IN
 SYSTEM. RGN n**

Explanation

In the statement shown in message DFS0492I, the DATABASE= (or DB=) keyword specified a database that does not exist.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI00

Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0504A NO PCB FOUND WITH LABEL x
 FOR DATA BASE y. RGN n**

Explanation

No PCB was found with label x for database y.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFCPY00

DFS0505I MULTIPLE PCB LABELS GIVEN

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I contained two PCB= keywords.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0

Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)

line in error

**DFS0506I SUBSET POINTER IS NOT VALID
FOR SENSEG *segmentname* IN PCB
dbdname IN PSB *psbname***

Explanation

The SSPTR subset pointer is specified in the SENSEG statement but not defined in the corresponding SEGM statement. In the message text:

segmentname

The SENSEG that contains the invalid subset pointer.

dbdname

The SEGM *segmentname* of the DBD that does not have the SSPTR subset pointer defined.

psbname

The PSB that contains the invalid statement.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- If the application program does not use a subset pointer, ignore this message.
- Remove the SSPTR subset pointer from the SENSEG statement in the PSB. Then rerun the PSBGEN, then rerun the ACB utility with a BUILD statement for the PSB.
- Add the SSPTR subset pointer in the SEGM statement in the DBD. Then rerun the DBDGEN, then rerun the ACB utility with a BUILD statement for the PSB.

Module:

DBFUDLB0

**DFS0507I PRIMARY MASTER LOGICAL
TERMINAL IS NOT DEFINED**

Explanation

IMS initialization detected that the primary master logical terminal (PMT0) was not defined in the system.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with abend 3477.

System programmer response

Ensure that the PMTO is properly specified in the system definition.

Module:

DFSAINB0

Related information

[IMS abend 3477](#)

**DFS0508I ADJACENT COMMAS IN
STATEMENT. RGN *n***

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I contained adjacent commas (, ,).

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:

DBFPCAA0, DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0509A PARTITION SELECTION FAILED

Explanation

A logic error was encountered when accessing a HALDB partition for an online change copy.

System action

The utility ends with a return code of 08.

System programmer response

Examine a list history for the partition DBDS being copied to determine the cause.

Module:

DFSUICP0

**DFS0510E THE SETI STATEMENT IS INVALID.
RGN *n***

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0491A or subsequent messages contained an invalid program specification block (PSB) name. *n* is the region ID number.

The PSB=*psbname* on the set index maintenance off (SETI) statement in the DFSCTL data set for the BMP application is used to suppress index maintenance for Fast Path secondary index databases that are

referenced in the BMP application. However, there was an error in the PSB= parameter in the SETI statement.

One of the following errors occurred:

- The PSB name in the PSB= parameter in the SETI statement does not match the PSB name of the BMP application.
- The PSB= parameter is omitted from the SETI statement.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPCAA0, DBFINTE0
Related information
[“DFS0491A” on page 165](#)
ERROR IN DFSCTL DATASET

DFS0511I	DUPLICATE OPTIONS FOR DB=x AREA=y. RGN n
-----------------	---

Explanation

The area was specified twice, either implicitly or explicitly, in the SETO statement shown in message DFS0492I.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0512I	UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD. RGN n
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SETO statement shown in message DFS0492I contained an invalid keyword.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0513I	NO PARAMETERS SPECIFIED ON x KEYWORD. RGN n
-----------------	--

Explanation

No parameter list followed the IC= (or NOIC=) keyword on the SETO statement shown in message DFS0492I.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0514I	UNRECOGNIZED TEXT AFTER ENDING PAREN ON x KEYWORD. RGN n
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS did not recognize the text between the IC= (or NOIC=) keyword parameter list and the next comma (for example, IC=(AREA1)bad,). Message DFS0492I shows the SETO statement containing the error.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20
Related information
[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)

line in error

**DFS0515I INVALID AREA NAME LENGTH.
 RGN *n***

Explanation

The length of an area name in the statement shown in message DFS0492I was invalid. Area names must be from 1 to 8 characters in length.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI30

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0516I INVALID CHARACTERS IN AREA
 NAME. RGN *n***

Explanation

An area name in the statement shown in message DFS0492I contained invalid characters.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI30

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0517I AREA *x* NOT FOUND IN DATA BASE
 y. RGN *n***

Explanation

Area *x* was not defined in database *y*.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI30

**DFS0518I INVALID DASH SEPARATOR. RGN
 *n***

Explanation

In the statement shown in message DFS0492I, a dash separated 3 or more area names (for example, IC=(A1-A2-A3)).

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0519I AREAS *x* AND *y* ARE IN THE
 WRONG ORDER. RGN *n***

Explanation

In the statement shown in message DFS0492I, areas *x* and *y*, which are the starting and ending points for an area range, were in the wrong order. Areas must be specified in DBDGEN order.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

**DFS0520I TERMINATION ITASK WAITS DUE
 TO LONG BUSY FAST PATH ADS
 AREA=*areaname* DDN=*ddname***

Explanation

During shutdown processing, IMS determined that one or more Fast Path ADSs is under a Long Busy condition. The Long Busy Recovery must finish before shutdown processing continues.

In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area to which the long busy ADS belongs.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

System action

The termination ITASK is posted after the Fast Path Long Busy ADSs complete recovery. IMS shutdown processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFTERMO

DFS0521I	UNMATCHING PARENTHESIS. RGN <i>n</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The statement shown in message DFS0492I contained more open parentheses than closing parentheses.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10, DBFPHI20

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0522I	AREA <i>x</i> SPECIFIED TWICE IN AREA LISTS. RGN <i>n</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The area list in the SETR statement shown in message DFS0492I contained the area name twice.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI20

Related information

[“DFS0492I” on page 165](#)
line in error

DFS0523I	UNRECOGNIZED TEXT AT END OF AREA LIST. RGN <i>n</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The text at the end of the area list for an IC= keyword was invalid. Only 1ABEND, 2ABEND, or CONTINUE (and their synonyms) are valid for the end of the area list.

System action

The region is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error.

Module:
DBFPHI10

DFS524I	DFSZDI00-GSAM INIT. AUTHORIZATION DENIED
----------------	---

Explanation

The IMSAUTH macro returned a nonzero code indicating that module DFSZDI40 is not in the authorized library.

System action

The region is terminated with abend 0657 and a memory dump.

Operator response:

Rerun the job. If the situation persists, contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Verify the status of the IMS libraries.

Module:
DFSZDI40

Related information

[IMS abend 0657](#)

DFS0525A	A PROCOPT H PCB WAS SPECIFIED TO AN <i>xxx</i> REGION. PCB <i>x</i> IN PSB <i>y</i>. RGN <i>n</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

PCB *x* in PSB *y* specified processing option H, but the region is an IFP, MPP, message-driven BMP, WFI BMP, or CCTL thread. In addition, the JCL for this region contains some SETO statements in the //DFSCTL data set. Programs using HSSP (PROCOPT=H) can only run in a BMP region.

System action

For an IFP, MPP, message-driven BMP, or WFI BMP, the region is terminated with abend 1060. For a DBCTL thread, the 1060 abend code is returned to the CCTL to indicate a schedule failure.

Programmer response

An IFP, MPP, message-driven BMP, WFI BMP, or DBCTL thread cannot schedule a PSB containing a PCB using processing option H. Correct the processing option.

Module:
DBFCPY00

Related information

[IMS abend 1060](#)

DFS0526A	AN INCONSISTENCY EXISTS BETWEEN THE PSB AND THE DEDB'S DBD. PCB <i>x</i> IN PSB <i>y</i>. RGN <i>n</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DBD was changed in the DBDLIB and was used for an ACBGEN to build a PSB. A warning message was issued during ACBGEN that the DBD was not replaced in the ACBLIB.

System action

Abend code 1013 is returned to the CCTL to indicate a schedule request failure.

Programmer response

Rerun the ACBGEN utility to correct the inconsistency between the PSB and the DBD.

Module:
DBFCPY00

Related information

[IMS abend 1013](#)

DFS0527A	A GETMAIN FAILED TO OBTAIN SEGMENT WORKAREAS IN SP231 ECSA. ECSA NEEDS TO BE FREED UP.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was unable to obtain the requested storage.

System action

Abend code 1061 is returned to the CCTL to indicate a schedule request failure.

Programmer response

Free ECSA storage and rerun the job.

Module:

DBFCPY00, DBFCPY20

Related information

[IMS abend 1061](#)

DFS0528I	PSTOP/STOP CMD FOR RGN <i>nnnn</i> WAITING IN QSN EXIT. CODE = <i>x</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The dependent region was placed in a wait state by DFSQSPC0, the IBM IMS Queue Control Facility for z/OS version of the Queue Space Notification Exit. The wait state occurred based on IMS queue usage, which exceeded the user or default limits. While the dependent region was in a wait state, a **/STOP** or **/PSTOP** command was entered against the region. To terminate an application program or region in this state, use one of the following methods:

- Use the QCF TSO/ISPF interface.
- Enter a **/STOP REGION *x* ABDUMP *tranname*** command to terminate the application program, and then enter a **/STOP REGION *x*** command to terminate the region.

In the message text:

nnnn

The dependent region that was placed in a wait state.

x

The reason code, which can be one of the following:

1

Indicates that the dependent region terminates with abend 0408. This abend

is normal if a **/STOP REGION** x ABDUMP *tranname* command was issued.

2

Indicates that the region is no longer waiting in the queue space notification exit, or it was not recognized in that state when the command was issued.

3

Indicates a failure to acquire space to process a **/STOP** or **/PSTOP** command (DFSSTOP). This error should not occur.

System action

None.

Operator response

Take the appropriate action based on the return code:

1

Enter the **/DISPLAY ACTIVE REGION** command. If the status that displays is WAIT-QSN, enter a **/STOP REGION** x ABDUMP *tranname* command to terminate the application program, then enter a **/STOP REGION** x command to terminate the region. If reason code 1 is received persistently for a specific region, report the problem to the system programmer.

2

Enter the **/DISPLAY ACTIVE REGION** command. If the status that displays is WAIT-QSN, enter a **/STOP REGION** x ABDUMP *tranname* command to terminate the application program, then enter a **/STOP REGION** x command to terminate the region. If message DFS0528I occurs again with reason code 1 when the **/DISPLAY** command continues showing WAIT-QSN, report the problem to the system programmer.

3

Report the problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

If reason code 1 persists, or reason code 3 is issued, call the IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSSTOPO

Related information
[IMS abend 0408](#)

DFS529E	AN INVALID VALUE IS SPECIFIED ON THE JVM EXEC PARAMETER
---------	---

Explanation

A dependent region cannot be initialized because an invalid value is specified on the positional JVM parameter in the PARM= list of the EXEC job control statement.

System action

The dependent region is terminated abnormally.

Operator response

Correct the value that is specified on the JVM parameter in the EXEC job control statement and run the job again.

Valid values for the JVM parameter are 31, 64, or 3164. The value 64 is only valid for the JMP and JBP dependent regions types.

Problem determination:
2, 8

Module:
DSFRRA40

DFS0530I	DFSZDC00 I/O ERROR DBDNAME= <i>dbdname</i> DDNAME= <i>ddname</i> GBCRTNCD= <i>xxxx</i>
----------	---

Explanation

The GSAM controller has detected an error writing out buffers during a purge or checkpoint operation.

xxxx is the 2-byte field GBCRTNCD in hexadecimal. See GB DSECT for definition of the GBCRTNCD field bits.

System action

GSAM terminates with abend 0271.

Programmer response

Use a data recovery procedure to reconstruct the data set in error.

Module:
DFSZDC00

Related information
[IMS abend 0271](#)

DFS0531I	IMAGE COPY DATASET OPEN FAILED
----------	--------------------------------

or

**REASON CODE=01 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
DEVICE TYPE NOT SUPPORTED. DD=ddname
DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=02 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
MAXIMUM PICS ALREADY EXIST**

or

**REASON CODE=03 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
AREA IS NOT REGISTERED IN DBRC**

or

**REASON CODE=04 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
INVALID PARAMETER FOUND IN DBRC**

or

**REASON CODE=05 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
INTERNAL DBRC ERROR**

or

**REASON CODE=06 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
DBRC DID NOT HAVE ENOUGH IDS(S)**

or

**REASON CODE=07 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
NO IDS(S) COULD BE USED**

or

**REASON CODE=08 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
AREA DOES NOT HAVE REUSE ATTRIBUTE**

or

**REASON CODE=09 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
HSSP IC ALREADY IN PROCESS**

or

**REASON CODE=10 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
DUPLICATE DDNAME FOUND DD=ddname
DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=11 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
SPACE FOR IDSC(S) UNAVAILABLE DD=ddname
DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=13 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
QSAM OPEN CIC XFP TCB RETRY DD=ddname
DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=14 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
GETMAIN FAILED - DBRC BLKS**

or

**REASON CODE=15 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
QSAM OPEN FAILED DD=ddname DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=16 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
GETMAIN FAILED FOR HSSP IC BLOCKS AND
BUFFER**

or

**REASON CODE=17 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
ALLOC FAILED DDNAME NOT FOUND IN TIOT
DD=ddname DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=18 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
EEQE EXISTS WITHOUT A BUFFER**

or

**REASON CODE=19 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
AREA IS NONRECOVERABLE**

or

**REASON CODE=20 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
RDJFCB/MODCB ERROR DD=ddname DSN=dsname**

or

**REASON CODE=31 AREA=areaname REGID=regid
ALLOCATED SPACE NOT ENOUGH**

Explanation

The HSSP Image Copy open processing failed for an image copy data set (IDS) or image copy set up. A second DFS0531I message provides a reason code and a brief description of the error.

System action

HSSP Image Copy processing terminated when an IDS open failure occurred for one of these reason codes: 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 16, and 18.

HSSP Image Copy processing can terminate when an IDS open failure occurs for one of these reason codes: 01, 10, 11, 13, 17, 20, 31. Whether the image copy process terminates depends on which image copy options you specified.

For reason code 19, the HSSP/IC job fails with a user abend 1062.

For all IDS open failure reason codes, HSSP processing can continue with or without image copy, or might terminate, depending on which HSSP Image Copy options you specified. Valid options are CONTINUE, 1ABEND, 2ABEND and IC=0,1,2.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the reason code you received.

Codes

Action

01

Check the appropriate VSAM catalog or JCL DD statements to determine if a disk device is specified for the named IDS. If dynamic allocation occurred, check the dynamic allocation parameter

list to find the device type specified for the named IDS. If a device other than a disk was specified, change the device type to the disk device; then rerun the job.

02

Rerun the program as soon as the conflict is resolved. Create a valid image copy.

03

Add the missing resource description to DBRC and rerun the program.

04, 05

These codes indicate an internal system problem. Contact your IBM Software Support for help.

06, 07, 08

Add the missing resource description to DBRC and rerun the program.

09

Issue the **CHANGE . IC** command to terminate the previous HSSP IC process (creating either a partial or complete HSSP IC data set).

10

The ddname identified in the message exists in the IMS subsystem. This means that either the IDS is already opened or the ddname is incorrect. If the IDS is already open, delete the DD statement for that ddname. If the ddname was incorrect, but matched another ddname in the IMS subsystem, correct the input ddname; then rerun the job.

11

Rerun the job when the common service area (CSA/ECSA) usage is low.

12

The user determines the action. (A possible action is to recover the area and rerun the job.)

13

Sequential access method OPEN can abend. Take the action suggested in the sequential access method message.

14

Rerun the job when the common service area (CSA/ECSA) usage is low.

15

Sequential access method OPEN displays a return code in sequential access method messages.

16

Rerun the job when the common service area (CSA/ECSA) usage is low.

Codes

Explanation

17

If a DD statement is specified, make sure that the ddname is correct. If the DD statement is missing, specify a DD statement. If dynamic allocation

failed, take the action suggested in message DFS2502W or DFS2503W. Then rerun the job.

Codes

Explanation

18

The user determines the action. (A possible action is to rerun the job after the EEQEs owned by the sharing system have been purged for this area.)

Codes

Explanation

19

HSSP Image Copy (HSSP/IC) has been requested for a nonrecoverable DEDB. Fuzzy image copies are not permitted for nonrecoverable DEDBs.

Take one of the following actions:

- Remove the nonrecoverable DEDB area from the HSSP/IC specification.
- Run the Image Copy utility or Image Copy 2 utility to produce a non-fuzzy image copy.

Codes

Explanation

20

Delete the physical data set and redefine it. Then rerun the job.

31

Delete the named image copy data set and redefine it with at least as much space as the area data set. Then rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 8, 40

Module:

DBFPICE0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0532I

**IMAGE COPY FAILED FOR
AREA=*areaname*[IMAGE COPY
ITASK CREATE FAILED | IMAGE
COPY ITASK ABORTED DURING
INITIALIZATION | EEQE EXISTS
WITHOUT BUFFER]**

or

**IMAGE COPY PROCESS (STARTED|TERMINATED)
FOR AREA=*areaname* REGID=*regid*, RC=((0|4)|8.)
DSN1=*dsname1***

or

**IMAGE COPY PROCESS (STARTED|TERMINATED)
FOR AREA=*areaname* REGID=*regid*, RC=((0|4)|8.)
DSN1=*dsname1* | DSN2=*dsname2***

or

IMAGE COPY STARTED FOR AREA=*areaname*

Explanation

The HSSP Image Copy set up finished, and Image Copy either started, terminated, or failed.

The return codes, explained below, indicate which action was taken.

Codes

Explanation

00

Image copy started successfully with the identified DSNs.

04

An error occurred while attempting to open an image copy data set. Image copy processing continues with the remaining data set (identified in the message) according to the user image copy specifications. Message DFS0531I precedes this message and explains the cause of the IDS open failure.

08

An error occurred while trying to open an image copy data set or during image copy set up. The image copy process terminates. Message DFS0531I precedes this message and explains the cause of the image copy set up or open failure.

Note: If the second form of this message is issued, other messages might be displayed between the two forms of the DFS0532I message.

If the IMAGE COPY FAILED form of the message appears, the action depends on the text that follows:

- IMAGE COPY ITASK CREATE FAILED indicates that a failure occurred during the dynamic creation of an image copy ITASK.
- IMAGE COPY ITASK ABORTED DURING INITIALIZATION indicates that the image copy ITASK aborted; see message DFS0531I.
- EQE EXISTS FOR SAME RBA FOR ALL ADS(S) indicates that an image copy is not possible.
- EEQE EXISTS WITHOUT BUFFER indicates that data is unavailable for image copy.

System action

The image copy process either continues or terminates.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the information in the message.

Module:
DBFPICSO

**DFS0533E SETO WITH IC= AND SETU
 WITH FPBP64U=Y ARE MUTUALLY
 EXCLUSIVE PARAMETERS**

Explanation

The HSSP job included the SETO control statement with IC= specified and the SETU control statement with FPBP64U=Y specified, which are mutually exclusive parameters. 64-bit utility private buffer pools cannot be used with the HSSP image copy process.

System action

The HSSP job terminates with abend code 1060 (U1060).

Programmer response

Either remove the IC= option from the SETO statement or remove the SETU statement. Then, resubmit the HSSP job.

Module:
DBFPHI10

**DFS0534I FPBP64U=Y WAS SPECIFIED ON
 THE SETU STATEMENT**

Explanation

The HSSP job included the SETU control statement with FPBP64U=Y specified. The HSSP job will allocate and use a 64-bit utility private buffer pool.

System action

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFPHI00

**DFS0535A xxxx DISC PROCESS ATTEMPTED
 AREA α**

or

**RGN=r, xxxx CONN PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA α,
PCB LABEL z**

Explanation:
See the information for DFS0535I. for a detailed explanation and actions.

Related information

DFS0535I
RC=01, yyyy ALREADY RUNNING

DFS0535I RC=01, yyyy ALREADY RUNNING

or

RC=03, AREA LOCK FAILED

or

RC=04, AREA IS STOPPED

or

RC=05, AREA FAILED TO OPEN

or

RC=06, 2ND CI UPDATE AND/OR NOTIFY FAILED

or

RC=07, UOW LOCK MODE INITIATION FAILED

or

**RC=08, INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR
AREA PRIVATE BUFFER POOL. STORAGE
REQUESTED=nnnnnnnnK. STR MGR RC=xxx**

or

RC=09, PRIVATE BUFFER POOL ALREADY EXISTS
sysid

or

RC 10, COULD NOT GET AN AWE *sysid*

or

RC 11, INVALID REQUEST SENT TO DBFPAPB0 *sysid*

or

RC=12, AREA IS IN A QUIESCE STATE *sysid*

Explanation

A process was attempted but could not complete for the reason listed in the message.

- RGN=*r*, *xxxx* CONN PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*, PCB LABEL *z*

Process *xxxx* was not started. Process *xxxx* can be:

HSRE

High Speed Reorganization utility

HSSP

High Speed Sequential Processing

PREL

VSO preload process

Region *r* identifies the affected region.

- *xxxx* DISC PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*

Process *xxxx* could not disconnect. Process *xxxx* can be:

HSRE

High Speed Reorganization utility

HSSP

High Speed Sequential Processing

PREL

VSO preload process

- RC=01, *yyyy* ALREADY RUNNING

Process *yyyy* is active on the area or has not disconnected from the area. Process *yyyy* can be:

DA00

DEDB Alter utility

HSRE

High Speed Reorganization utility

HSSP

High Speed Sequential Processing

MDLO

DEDB Sequential Dependent Delete utility

MMHO

DEDB area data set Compare utility

MRIO

DEDB area data set Create utility

MSCO

DEDB Sequential Dependent Scan utility

PREL

VSO preload process

- RC=03, AREA LOCK FAILED

Process *xxxx* failed to acquire the area lock for the area.

- RC=04, AREA IS STOPPED

Process *xxxx* cannot run on a stopped area.

- RC=05, AREA FAILED TO OPEN

The attempt to open area *a* failed.

- RC=06, 2ND CI UPDATE AND/OR NOTIFY FAILED

Process *xxxx* failed because the IRLM notify failed or there was an error in the second CI update.

- RC=07, UOW LOCK MODE INITIATION FAILED

The transition to UOW locking mode was unsuccessful. A probable cause is a failure in the notify process to a sharing subsystem.

- RC=08, INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR AREA PRIVATE BUFFER POOL. STORAGE REQUESTED=*nnnnnnnK*. STR MGR RC=*xxx*.

Unable to create private buffer pool; sufficient storage was not available. In the message, *nnnnnnn* is the number of 1014 bytes of storage requested, and *xxx* is the return code set by the IMS storage manager.

- RC=09, PRIVATE BUFFER POOL ALREADY EXISTS *sysid*

Process *xxxx* requested the creation of the area private buffer pool but the buffer pool exists already.

- RC 10, COULD NOT GET AN AWE *sysid*

The request for an AWE control block failed to process *xxxx*.

- RC 11, INVALID REQUEST SENT TO DBFPAPB0 *sysid*

An invoking module passed an invalid request code to DBFPAPB0.

- RC=12, AREA IS IN A QUIESCE STATE *sysid*

The process cannot run on a quiesced area.

System action

The action the system takes are listed for the different forms of the message:

- RGN=*r*, *xxxx* CONN PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*, PCB LABEL *z*
Process *xxxx* terminates.
- *xxxx* DISC PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*
Process *xxxx* terminates without disconnecting.
- RC=12, AREA IS IN A QUIESCE STATE *sysid*
The utility terminates.

System programmer response

The actions to take are listed for the different forms of the message:

- RGN=*r*, *xxxx* CONN PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*, PCB LABEL *z*
See the accompanying DFS0535I message.
- *xxxx* DISC PROCESS ATTEMPTED AREA *a*
See the accompanying DFS0535I message.
- RC=01, *yyyy* ALREADY RUNNING
Run the utility or process again when process *yyyy* has completed. This message can also be issued if a previous process did not complete successfully; if so, issue a **/STOP** and **/START** command pair for the area to allow the requested process to run. If this message is received in a data sharing environment, issue the **/STOP** and **/START** command pair on all sharing subsystems.
- RC=03, AREA LOCK FAILED
Determine the cause of the lock failure and correct the problem. If a disconnect did not complete because of an area lock failure, a **/STOP** and **/START** command pair might be required to allow other processes to run.
- RC=04, AREA IS STOPPED
Issue a **/START** command to start the area.
- RC=05, AREA FAILED TO OPEN
See message DFS3702I to determine why the open failed.
- RC=06, 2ND CI UPDATE AND/OR NOTIFY FAILED
See accompanying messages for more information.
- RC=07, UOW LOCK MODE INITIATION FAILED
Correct the failing component and rerun.
- RC=08, INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR AREA PRIVATE BUFFER POOL

Run process *xxxx* again when storage is available.

- RC=09, PRIVATE BUFFER POOL ALREADY EXIST *sysid*
This indicates a logic error in the software. Run process *xxxx* again. If the error still occurs, contact IBM Software Support.
- RC=10, COULD NOT GET AN AWE *sysid*
Run process *xxxx* again when storage is available.
- RC=11, INVALID REQUEST SENT TO DBFPAPB0 *sysid*
This indicates a logic error in the software. Run process *xxxx* again. If the error still occurs, contact IBM Software Support.
- RC=12, AREA IS IN A QUIESCE STATE *sysid*
Stop the quiesce by issuing a **UPDATE AREA STOP(QUIESCE)** command, and rerun the named utility.

Programmer response

Ensure that no HSSP process or utility is active in an area before restarting the HSSP job.

Module:

DBFPMSG0, DBFPSET0, DBFUHDRO

DFS536A	LAST CONVERSATION MESSAGE UNAVAILABLE - <i>reason</i>
---------	--

Explanation

The **/RELEASE** command failed to retrieve the last output message for the IMS conversation for one of the following reasons indicated by *reason* in the message text:

STORAGE UNAVAILABLE
RESTART RESYNC INCOMPLETE
QUEUE ERROR

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

All of these errors are likely to be temporary. Reenter the command after a short wait for the condition causing the failure to be resolved.

Module:

DFSICLH0

DFS0537I	AREA= <i>areaname</i> DD= <i>ddname</i> , DSN= <i>dsname</i> CLOSED, IC FAILED
----------	---

or

AREA=areaname DD=ddname, DSN=dsname OPEN|CLOSED

or

**AREA=areaname DD=ddname, DSN=dsname CLS
RETRY FP TCB**

Explanation

HSSP Image Copy opened or closed the image copy data set normally.

If the data set is being closed after an error, you see the IC FAILED form of the message. CLS RETRY FP TCB indicates that the image copy is closed and failed.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFMPCLO, DBFICSQ0, DBFPICT0, DBFPIOS0

DFS0538I I/O ERROR *qsam_info*

Explanation

The SYNADAF ACSMETH=QSAM macro gathered information from QSAM. *qsam_info* contains a system message number that explains the content of the message.

System action

IMS stops processing for the data set.

Programmer response

Correct the error and reissue the command, as appropriate.

Module:
DBFICSQ0

**DFS0539A HD RELOAD IS UNABLE TO
PROCESS THE UNLOAD FILE DUE
TO INVALID STAT RECORD**

Explanation

The statistics records in HD Unload data set are not recognizable by HD Reload utility.

System action

HD Reload utility terminates with abend 0355.

Programmer response

Save HD unload data set and HD Reload job output. Then contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSURGL0

Related information
[IMS abend 0355](#)

**DFS0540I xxxxx PROGRAM=program
name, CKPTID=checkpointid,
REGID=regionid, DAY=ddd,
TIME=hhmmsssthmiju+0000**

Explanation

An extended (or symbolic) checkpoint, or an extended restart (XRST) request was processed. In the message text, xxxxx can be one of the following values:

EXTENDED CHECKPOINT

An extended (or symbolic) checkpoint was completed. X'18' log records were recorded. To suppress issuing message DFS0540I and DFS0542I, specify NOMSG540 on the CKPTID=EXEC parameter. If you also want to suppress issuing message DFS681I, specify NOMSGS.

XRST IN PROGRESS

An extended restart call (XRST for a BMP application or IMSTransaction.getTransaction().restart for a JBP application) was processed. The X'18' records are located in the log.

XRST CKPT NOT IN OLDS

A BMP and JBP application requested an XRST. The OLDS no longer contains the X'18' records of the last symbolic checkpoint.

XRST LAST CKPT ID IS

A BMP requested XRST, specifying a checkpoint ID value. The specified value is not the same as the value recorded by IMS as the last checkpoint of the BMP. The last checkpoint ID recorded by IMS is displayed in the message.

The time and day displayed are the universal coordinated time (UTC) at which the checkpoint was taken.

System action

In the first two cases, processing continues normally. In the last two cases, the action depends on whether the BMP job contains an IMSLOGR DD data set. If the data set is present, it is used as the log input for the XRST. Otherwise, the BMP is terminated with abend 0102.

Programmer response

When the program terminates with abend 0102, determine which log data set and volume contain the XRST checkpoint ID. Add an IMSLOGR DD statement to the JCL, specifying this log data set and volume. Set the BMP checkpoint ID EXEC parameter to equal the checkpoint ID you want, and resubmit the job.

After IMS issues either the *XRST CKPT NOT IN OLDS* or the *XRST LAST CKPT ID IS* message and the program terminates with abend 0102, you can restart from the last user checkpoint known to IMS. Resubmit the BMP job, specifying LAST as the XRST symbolic checkpoint ID value.

For the *XRSTCKPT NOT IN OLDS* message, you can specify LAST as the XRST checkpoint ID when resubmitting the job.

Module:
DFSZSC00, DFSDLA00
Related information
[IMS abend 0102](#)

DFS541	INVALID OR MISSING OPTION PARM
--------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The keyword OPTION was entered on an /ERE command. An invalid parameter or no parameter followed this keyword.

System action

The /ERE command is rejected.

Programmer response

Remove the OPTION keyword from the /ERE command or add the SYNCLEX parameter to this keyword.

Module:
DFSICL20

DFS0542I	*EXTENDED CHECKPOINT* DAY=ddd, TIME=HHMMSSTHMIJU+0000
----------	---

Explanation

An extended checkpoint was processed. This message follows message DFS0540I.

In the message text:

ddd
A Julian date.
HHMMSSTHMIJU+0000
The universal coordinated time (UTC) at which the checkpoint was taken.

This message is suppressed if message DFS0540I is suppressed. To suppress only the issuing message DFS0542I, code NOMSG542 on the CKPTID=EXEC parameter. If you also want to suppress message DFS681I, code N0681542. If you want to suppress messages DFS681, DS0540I and DFS0542I, code NOMSGS.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSZSC00
Related information
“DFS0540I” on page 180
xxxxx PROGRAM=program name,
CKPTID=checkpointid, REGID=regionid,
DAY=ddd, TIME=hhmmsssthmiju+0000

DFS0543I	MADS I/O TIMING RECOVERY STARTED FOR AREA=AAAAAAAA DDN=DDDDDDDD
----------	---

Explanation

This message indicates that the recovery process for the Long Busy area has begun.

In the message text:

AAAAAAAA
The name of the Long Busy area for which recovery was started.
DDDDDDDD
The data description name of the Long Busy area.

System action

This system receives message DFS1558I when the MADS I/O Timing recovery for the area data set (ADS) ends.

System programmer response:

Module:
DBFMLBRO

DFS0546I LONG BUSY ADS CLOSED.
AREA=xxxxxxx,ADS=yyyyyyy,
UNIT=nnnn

Explanation

A long busy condition persisted long enough for the maximum CI (1000 CIs per AREA) limit to be exceeded. When this happens, MADSIOT function issues an internal **STOP ADS** command. The STOP ADS process calls Media Manager DISCONNECT function under XFP TCB and if DASD is still in long busy condition, the DISCONNECT function is suspended until the long busy condition is relieved or IOTIMING is reached.

During the suspension, all ITASKs including OTHREAD, CHKPT, and FP commands under XFP TCB are not serviced. To reduce the impact, this message can be used by automated operator to force the long I/O device offline.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:
DBFARD20

DFS0548A RRS NOT ACTIVE BUT RRS=Y
SPECIFIED - REPLY: RETRY,
CONTINUE OR CANCEL

Explanation

IMS received a CRG_EM_STATE_ERROR return code from the CRGSEIF (set exits) call, indicating that RRS was not active.

System action

The system waits for a reply to this message.

Operator response

Start RRS and then reply RETRY to the message. Reply CONTINUE if RRS is to be started later with an automatic asynchronous connection made to IMS. Reply CANCEL if RRS is not needed in this execution of IMS.

In the batch environment, a CONTINUE reply is the same as CANCEL.

Module:
DFSRRSIO, DFSRRSBO

DFS0548E ERROR BUILDING RESOURCE
CLEANUP ENVIRONMENT, RC=rc -
details

Explanation

An error occurred while IMS was establishing its resource cleanup and online dump formatting environment during IMS initialization.

In the message text:

rc

The return code from the failing service.

details

A one-line explanation of the type of error that was detected.

The *details* portion of the DFS0458E message further explains the error detected and can be one of the following values:

ERROR OBTAINING GRMB STORAGE

IMS could not obtain storage required for a GRMB (Global Resource Manager Block). *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE OBTAIN macro.

ERROR OBTAINING XSSCT STORAGE

IMS could not obtain storage required for an XSSCT (IMS 31 bit extended SSCT). *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE OBTAIN macro.

ERROR OBTAINING DFSMRC20 STORAGE

IMS could not obtain storage to direct load module DFSMRC20. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE OBTAIN macro.

BPESVC FUNC=INIT ERROR

An error occurred during BPESVC FUNC=INIT processing. *rc* in the message is the return code from the BPESVC macro.

ERROR ISSUING BLDL FOR DFSMRC20

An error occurred issuing a BLDL macro call for module DFSMRC20. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS BLDL macro.

ERROR LOADING DFSMRC20

IMS could not load module DFSMRC20. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS LOAD macro.

ERROR LOADING DFSRTM00

IMS could not load module DFSRTM00. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS LOAD macro.

ERROR ADDING ADDRSPC RESMGR

IMS could not dynamically add an address space resource manager to the system. *rc* in

the message is the return code from the z/OS RESMGR macro.

ERROR ADDING TASK RESMGR

IMS could not dynamically add a task resource manager to the system. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS RESMGR macro.

AN ABEND OCCURRED

An abend occurred during the building of the IMS resource cleanup environment. *rc* in the message is the abend code.

UNABLE TO ESTABLISH ESTAE

IMS was unable to establish an ESTAE recovery routine to protect the resource cleanup environment initialization. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS ESTAE macro.

ENQ FAILED ON SYSZDFS DFSGRMB

IMS was unable to obtain an exclusive ENQ on the resource "SYSZDFS DFSGRMB". *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS ENQ macro.

ERROR OBTAINING DFSMRC00 STORAGE

IMS could not obtain storage to direct load module DFSMRC00. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE OBTAIN macro.

ERROR ISSUING BLDL FOR DFSMRC00

An error occurred issuing a BLDL macro call for module DFSMRC00. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS BLDL macro.

ERROR LOADING DFSMRC00

IMS could not load module DFSMRC00. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS LOAD macro.

UNKNOWN ERROR

An unexpected error occurred during the IMS resource manager cleanup initialization.

ERROR OBTAINING DFSAFMX0 STORAGE

IMS could not obtain storage to direct load module DFSAFMX0. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE OBTAIN macro. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

ERROR ISSUING BLDL FOR DFSAFMX0

An error occurred issuing a BLDL macro call for module DFSAFMX0. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS BLDL macro. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

ERROR LOADING DFSAFMX0

IMS could not load module DFSAFMX0. *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS LOAD macro. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

DFSAPMX0 IEFSSI ADD FAILED

IMS was unable to add a subsystem dynamically to z/OS to enable IMS to perform dump formatting for SNAP, SYSABEND, and SYSUDUMP dumps. The top 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS IEFSSI REQUEST=ADD macro. The bottom 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the reason code from IEFSSI. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

DFSAPMX0 IEFSSI ACTIVATE FAILED

IMS was unable to dynamically activate a subsystem to z/OS to enable IMS to perform dump formatting for SNAP, SYSABEND, and SYSUDUMP dumps. The top 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS IEFSSI REQUEST=ACTIVATE macro. The bottom 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the reason code from IEFSSI. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

DFSAPMX0 IEFSSVT CREATE FAILED

IMS was unable to create a subsystem vector table for the IMS-added subsystem to enable IMS to perform dump formatting for SNAP, SYSABEND, and SYSUDUMP dumps. The top 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS IEFSSVT REQUEST=CREATE macro. The bottom 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the reason code from IEFSSVT. IMS initialization continues; however, online dump formatting for IMS is unavailable.

DFSAPMX0 IEFSSVT EXCHANGE FAILED

IMS was unable to update the DFSAPMX0 subsystem vector table entry to point to a copy of DFSAPMX0 more recent than the copy that had been previously installed. The top 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the return code from the z/OS IEFSSVT REQUEST=EXCHANGE macro. The bottom 2 bytes of *rc* in the message is the reason code from IEFSSVT. IMS initialization continues. The previously installed copy of DFSAPMX0 is used as the IMS online dump formatting exit.

System action

For errors during the initialization of the online dump formatter exit DFSAPMX0, the module detecting the error, DFSRTMIO, returns a zero return code to its caller. IMS continues execution; however, IMS online dump formatting might not be available for this instance of IMS.

For all other errors, the module detecting the error, DFSRTMIO, returns a non-zero return code to its caller.

System programmer response

If the error described in this message is caused by environmental conditions (for example, insufficient storage or modules missing from IMS.SDFSRESL), correct the indicated problem and restart the address space. Otherwise, save any dump and SYSLOG information, and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSRTMIO

Related reference

[BPESVC codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[z/OS: STORAGE OBTAIN return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

[z/OS: LOAD return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: Return codes from the ADD function \(RESMGR\)](#)

[z/OS: ESTAEX return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: ENQ return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: IEFSSI return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: IEFSSVT return and reason codes](#)

DFS549I ESAF SIGNON ACEE ENABLED

Explanation

ESAF_SIGNON_ACEE=YES was specified in the DFSJVMEV member of the IMS PROCLIB data set for this persistent Java virtual machine (JVM) dependent region.

Output destination

The Systems Console

Module:

DFSPCC20, DFSPCJM0, DFSPCJB0

Related reference

[DFSJVMEV \(JVM environment settings member\) \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS550I	DFSNDMIO {SUCCEEDED FAILED} REGION=rrrrr JOBNAME=jjjjjjj STEPNAME=ssssssss TRANSACTION=ttttttt PSB=pppppppp SSYSID=wwwww[FAILURE CODE=xxx RETURN CODE=yyy N/A] [DESTINATION=ddddddd DSYSID=zzzzz N/A] timestamp
----------------	---

Explanation

The application program associated with PSB *pppppppp* terminated abnormally while processing

transaction *ttttttt*. The Non-Discardable Messages User exit interface (DFSNDMIO) either succeeded or failed in requeuing the input message associated with transaction *ttttttt* to destination *ddddddd*.

If DFSNDMIO succeeded, the DESTINATION and DSYSID= information are displayed. The FAILURE CODE information and the RETURN CODE information are not displayed.

If DFSNDMIO failed, the FAILURE CODE and the RETURN CODE information are displayed. The DESTINATION and DSYSID information are displayed only for some failure codes. If displayed, the DESTINATION and DSYSID information follow the FAILURE CODE information and the RETURN CODE information.

The SUCCEEDED version of this message is always followed by message DFS554A, and for certain conditions, can also be followed by DFS555I. The SUCCEEDED version is issued only if DFSNDMIO successfully queues the input message associated with transaction *ttttttt* to destination *ddddddd* after receiving return code 16 from the Non-Discardable Messages user exit NDMX.

The meanings of the message fields are:

rrrrr

Region ID

jjjjjjj

Job name (padded with blanks)

ssssssss

Step name (padded with blanks)

ttttttt

Transaction that the application associated with PSB *pppppppp* was processing when it abended

pppppppp

PSB associated with abended application program

wwwww

System ID of the system from which the input message in process and associated with transaction *ttttttt* originated (the source system ID)

xxx

One of the following failure codes is displayed only in the FAILED version of this message:

001

Queue manager was unable to obtain the input message associated with transaction *ttttttt*.

002

Unable to obtain storage for NDM SPA buffer (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).

003

Unable to obtain storage for message segment buffer (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).

- 004**
There is no input message.
- 005**
OTMA FINDDEST failed.
- 006**
System locate service failed (DFSSLC failure).
- 007**
FINDDEST failed (DFSFNDS failure).
- 008**
LUM failed to build the APPC message prefix.
- 009**
Queue manager failed to insert the message.
- 010**
No more inserts are allowed by this UOW.
- 011**
The Non-Discardable Messages user exit specified an invalid destination transaction for requeue.
- 012**
The message was not requeued to its permanent destination (DFSICLR2 failure).
- 013**
Unable to obtain storage for the NDM interface block (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).
- 014**
Unable to obtain storage for the USRX interface block (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).
- 015**
The Non-Discardable Messages user exit was not started (DFSUSRX failure).
- 016**
The destination specified for requeue is zeros or blanks (return code 16 from the Non-Discardable Messages user exit).
- 017**
Unable to obtain storage for message record buffer (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).
- 018**
Unable to obtain storage for single segment message buffer (IMODULE GETSTOR failure).
- 019**
The Non-Discardable Messages user exit requested that IMS requeue the input message to a transaction. However, one of the following conditions exists:
- One of the input message segments exceeds the allowable segment length for the destination transaction.
 - The total number of input message segments exceeds the allowable number of segments for the destination transaction.

yyy

Return code of the IMS service that failed, or N/A if xxx is 004, 010, 011, 016, or 019. This field is displayed only in the FAILED version of this message.

dddddddd

Destination to which the Non-Discardable Messages user exit asked to have the input message requeued (return code 16). This field is always displayed in the SUCCEEDED version of this message; it is sometimes displayed in the FAILED version of this message.

zzzzz

Destination system ID – system ID of the system to which the input message in process and associated with transaction *ttttttt* was sent (SUCCEEDED version) or would have been sent (FAILED version), or N/A if xxx = 005, 006, or 007. This field is always displayed in the SUCCEEDED version of this message; it is sometimes displayed in the FAILED version of this message.

System action

For the SUCCEEDED version of this message, the input message associated with transaction *ttttttt* is requeued to destination *ddddddd* and then deleted from transaction *ttttttt*. For the FAILED version of this message, the input message associated with transaction *ttttttt* is deleted from the system unless the application abend is 3303, 2478, 0777, or 2479.

Operator response:

For the SUCCEEDED version of this message, see messages DFS555I and DFS554A, which always follow this message at the IMS master terminal. Inform the appropriate personnel of the application program abend. For the FAILED version of this message, see failure code xxx to determine why DFSNDMIO failed.

Programmer response:

Correct the cause of the application program abend.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 5, 6

Module:

DFSNDMIO

Related information

[“DFS554A” on page 187](#)

*jobname.region.stepname. prog PSBname(x)
transaction-code*

*sys-completion-code user-completion-code PSB
SMB*

LTERM:|LUNAME:|RTKN=token

REASON=reason originating terminal

[“DFS555I” on page 190](#)

TRAN *xxxxxxx* ABEND (SYSID *sss*);
REASON=*reason*; MSG IN PROCESS: *xxxx* (UP
TO 78 BYTES OF DATA) *time-stamp*

IMS abend 0777

IMS abend 2478

IMS abend 2479

IMS abend 3303

“IMS problem determination” on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 14. DFS messages, DFS551I - DFS600I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS551I	{IFP MESSAGE BATCH JMP JBP} REGION xxxxxxxx STARTED. ID=yyyyy TIME=zzzz CLASSES=xxx,xxx,xxx,xxx
----------------	--

Explanation

A dependent processing region started. The possible dependent processing regions are:

- Batch
- Fast Path
- JVM batch
- JVM message
- Message
- DMU

DMU (Database Metadata Update) region is spawned upon the submission of the first DDL statement and all DL/I calls associated with DDL processing are handled under the DMU region.

xxxxxxx is replaced by the job name, yyyyy is replaced by the PST number, and zzzz is replaced by the time (*hhmm*) started.

The ID field identifies the region and is used with the / **STOP REGION** command.

System action

A message, BMP, JMP, or JBP region is processing transactions of the specified class.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSSMIC0,DFS3MIC0

DFS552I	{IFP MESSAGE BATCH JMP JBP} REGION xxxxxxxx STOPPED. ID=yyyyy TIME=zzzz
----------------	--

Explanation

A dependent processing region stopped. The possible dependent processing regions are:

- Batch
- Fast Path

- JVM batch
- JVM message
- Message
- DMU

DMU (Database Metadata Update) region is spawned upon the submission of the first DDL statement and is terminated after the processing of Commit DDL.

xxxxxxx is replaced by the job name, yyyyy is replaced by the PST number, and zzzz is replaced by the time (*hhmm*) stopped.

System action

A message or BMP region is terminated.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSSDA10, DFSSDA20, DFS3DL10

DFS553I	JOBNAME STEPNAME UNKNOWN CALL FUNCTION CODE
----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS control program received a request to schedule a program in a dependent region. The type of request cannot be identified.

System action

The call function is ignored and processing continues.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS554A	<i>jobname.region.stepname. prog PSBname(x) transaction-code sys-completion-code user- completion-code PSB SMB LTERM: LUNAME: RTKN=token REASON=reason originating terminal</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS application indicated by *prog PSBname* encountered a system abend or a user abend indicated by *sys-completion-code* or *user-completion-code* respectively.

The information for this message is printed as indicated. This message can be multiline.

The program PSB name is associated with one of the following region types, which is indicated by (x):

- 0** IMS program controller
- 1** MPP region
- 2** BMP region
- 3** The Coordinator Control (CCTL) thread
- 4** IFP region
- 5** JMP region
- 6** JBP region
- 7** Application Execution Region (AER) region; for example, an ODBM application that is running in an AER

For DBCTL/CCTL threads, the word NOPSBAVL might be displayed as the PSBNAME in the text of the message. This condition indicates that a sign-on create thread call was made to DBCTL using the CCTL to initially establish the thread. However, before a call was made to schedule the PSB, the thread was stopped. Until a call is made to schedule the PSB, the name of the PSB is unknown to DBCTL.

(x)

Identifies the region type associated with the job name.

- For an MPP region, x = 1.
- For a BMP region, x = 2.
- For a DBCTL region, x = 3.
- For an IFP region, x = 4.
- For a JMP region, x = 5.
- For a JBP region, x = 6.
- For an AER region, x = 7.

The termination of the CCTL thread is caused by one of the following causes:

- A CCTL application abend or pseudoabend
- A CCTL abend

- A CCTL request for termination of its connection to DBCTL while its thread is still active

SMB indicates that the transaction was stopped, and the absence of SMB indicates that the transaction was not stopped. PSB indicates that the program was stopped, and the absence of PSB indicates that the program was not stopped. LTERM or LUNAME is the name of the terminal. LUNAME is displayed in place of LTERM when the originating terminal is LU6.2 or OTMA, unless the LUNAME information is in transition. If the LUNAME information is in transition, UNKNOWN is displayed.

For DBCTL/CCTL threads, this message displays the recovery token. The first 8 bytes of this token are in EBCDIC and are displayed as characters; the second 8 bytes of the token are displayed in hexadecimal form. However, if DBCTL detects a failure during scheduling of the PSB (for example, abends 0428, 0437, 0456, 0457, and 0458), the recovery token is displayed as zeros. This signifies that recovery of an unscheduled PSB is not needed.

Except for DBCTL, if the user completion code is U428, the PSB name is blank because the PSB was not found.

If the user completion code is 0448, 0452, 0456, or 0458, the transaction code and the stopped SMB name are blank.

If the user completion code is 0464, SYS does not represent a system completion code, but rather the error return code from the reply SVC. These return codes are:

Codes

Explanation

001

Simulated region termination or reply recursion.

002

Address of the dependent region TCB is invalid.

003

Dependent task is terminating (TCBFLGS1 is set).

004

Dependent task is terminating (TCBFLGS5 is set).

005

Dependent task does not have an RCPARMS.

006

PSTID does not match RCID.

009

The dependent region was probably canceled by z/OS.

REASON=*reason* is displayed only if the abend reason code is available. The message can be issued during Create Thread processing or by the dependent

region environment controller module (for example, DFSECP10). *reason* has the following forms:

For abend 0711

REASON=xxxxyyyy, where xxxx is the return code from z/OS Recovery Resource Management Services (RRMS) or from z/OS UNIX System Services, and yyyy is the abend 0711 reason code.

For abend 0129

REASON=xxxxyyyy, where xxxx is the SAF return code and yyyy is the RACF or equivalent return code.

For abend 0128

REASON=xxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxx is the return code from the APPC Associate service (ATBASOC).

For abend 0109

REASON=xxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxx is the return code from the APPC/OTMA synchronous shared queue.

For abend 0425

REASON=xxxxxxxx in the DFS554A message identifies the reason code or completion code of why the runtime program resource or runtime database resource could not be created. Refer to DFSCMDRR for the explanation of the reason code or completion code.

For abend 0426

REASON=xxxxxxxx in the DFS554A message identifies the reason code or completion code of why the runtime program resource or runtime database resource could not be created. Refer to DFSCMDRR for the explanation of the reason code or completion code.

System action

This message might follow message DFS555I. If the transaction input message that caused the application program to terminate abnormally is available, the first 79 bytes of the input message are printed by message DFS555I. A transaction is considered "available" if the input message in process by the application is on the message queue. Exceptions are:

- The application has not issued a GU call. Therefore, the message did not cause the abnormal termination.
- An abnormal termination that could be rescheduled occurred (for example, PI lockout) unless the Non-Discardable Messages user exit told IMS to discard the input message.
- This message is preceded by the SUCCEEDED version of message DFS550I.

The preceding exceptions allow the message to run again.

If the application program terminated abnormally after the last message was removed from the applicable queue, the transaction is not available and only message DFS554A is printed.

If during the initialization of a new message region the IMS control region can determine that a previous region was canceled, the job name and step name fields of this message contain the words REGION CANCELED. The *region* is the identity of the new dependent region.

If a system abend 806 occurs in a persistent JVM dependent region, this message might follow message DFS480E.

If DFS554A displays Language Environment abend U4088 with return code 63, verify that the save area passed into IMS is correct. In IMS modules DFSTMPR0, DFSPCC20, DBFFPPR0, or DFSESPR0, this abend is likely produced by the CEEVGTUN call within the module, and indicates a problem with the save area. To learn more, see the description for return code X'63' (99) in [Language Environment abend code U4088 \(X'FF8'\)](#).

Operator response:

(master terminal) Inform appropriate personnel of the application program abend. See abends 0448, 0452, 0456, 0458. See message DFS550I which might precede this message at the IMS master terminal.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the application program abend.

Problem determination:

4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 18, 19

Module:

DFSFXC30, DFSDSC00

Related information

["DFS550I" on page 184](#)

DFSNDMIO {SUCCEEDED|FAILED} REGION=rrrrr
JOBNAME=jjjjjjj STEPNAME=sssssss
TRANSACTION=ttttttt PSB=pppppppp
SSYSID=wwwww[FAILURE CODE=xxx RETURN
CODE=yyy|N/A] [DESTINATION=ddddddd
DSYSID=zzzzz|N/A] timestamp

[IMS abend 0109](#)

[IMS abend 0128](#)

[IMS abend 0129](#)

[IMS abend 0448](#)

[IMS abend 0452](#)

[IMS abend 0456](#)

[IMS abend 0458](#)

[IMS abend 0711](#)

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS555A **SUBSYSTEM *xxxx* OASN
yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy STATUS
COMMIT|ABORT**

Explanation

This addition to message DFS555I is produced by the IMS sync point processing modules. The purpose of this message is to give the operator enough information so that the external subsystem resources can be properly managed. *xxxx* represents the subsystem name and the *y* value represents the originating application sequence number (OASN) that is a part of the recovery ID for the thread.

System action

IMS, acting as a commit coordinator, attempts to manage the thread as indicated in this message. If conditions do not allow IMS to do this, the system programmer can do it by using the appropriate external subsystem commands. IMS must be notified when the system programmer has run the appropriate command.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about this segment appearing in the message.

System programmer response

The inconsistency of the thread status between IMS and the external subsystem must be corrected. The **/ CHANGE** command enables the function to correct the IMS status. The external subsystem should provide similar function for its half of the thread.

Module:

DFSFXC30, DFSFXC40

Related information

“DFS550I” on page 184

DFSNDMIO {SUCCEEDED|FAILED} REGION=*rrrrr*
JOBNAME=*jjjjjjj* STEPNAME=*sssssss*
TRANSACTION=*ttttttt* PSB=*pppppppp*
SSYSID=*wwwwww*[FAILURE CODE=*xxx* RETURN
CODE=*yyy*|N/A] [DESTINATION=*ddddddd*
DSYSID=*zzzzz*|N/A] *timestamp*

DFS555I **TRAN *ttttttt* ABEND (SYSID
sss); REASON=*reason*; MSG IN
PROCESS: *xxxx* (UP TO 78 BYTES
OF DATA) *time-stamp***

Explanation

An application program abend occurred during the processing of transaction *ttttttt* (in system *sss* in a multi-system environment). The variable *xxxx* is replaced by up to 78 characters of the input transaction being processed. A time stamp follows the input transaction data.

If the input transaction is missing, the following message appears: QMGR RC NE 0, MSG. NOT AVAIL .

REASON=*reason* is displayed only if the abend reason code is available. The message can be issued during Create Thread processing or by the dependent region environment controller module (for example, DFSECP10). *reason* has the following forms:

For abend 0109

REASON=xxxxxxxx, where *xxxxxxxx* is the return code from the APPC/OTMA synchronous shared queue.

For abend 0119

REASON=00000008, indicates a problem with timing out.

REASON=00000012, the APPC device or OTMA client explicitly directed IMS to abort syncpoint processing.

For abend 0128

REASON=xxxxxxxx, where *xxxxxxxx* is the return code of the APPC Associate service (ATBASOC).

For abend 0129

REASON=xxxxyyyy, where *xxxx* is the SAF return code and *yyyy* is the RACF or equivalent return code.

For abend 0711

REASON=xxxxyyyy, where *xxxx* is the return code of the RRMS service that failed and *yyyy* is the abend 0711 reason code.

System action

The input transaction identified by this message is deleted from the system unless this message is preceded by the SUCCEEDED version of message DFS550I.

Operator response

(terminal operator) If this multi-segment message uses Message Format Service to send a formatted screen with a SYMSG field, only one segment is sent at a time. Press PA1 to retrieve the remaining segments.

(master terminal) See message DFS554A, which always follows this error message at the IMS master

terminal. See message DFS550I, which might precede this message at the IMS master terminal.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the application program abend.

Problem determination:

4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 18, 19

Module:

DFSFXC40

Related information

[IMS abend 0109](#)

[IMS abend 0119](#)

[IMS abend 0128](#)

[IMS abend 0129](#)

[IMS abend 0711](#)

[“DFS550I” on page 184](#)

DFSNDMIO {SUCCEEDED|FAILED} REGION=rrrrr
JOBNAME=jjjjjjj STEPNAME=sssssss
TRANSACTION=ttttttt PSB=pppppppp
SSYSID=wwwww[FAILURE CODE=xxx RETURN
CODE=yyy|N/A] [DESTINATION=ddddddd
DSYSID=zzzzz|N/A] timestamp

[“DFS554A” on page 187](#)

*jobname.region.stepname. prog PSBname(x)
transaction-code*

*sys-completion-code user-completion-code PSB
SMB*

LTERM:|LUNAME:|RTKN=token

REASON=reason originating terminal

[“DFS555A” on page 190](#)

SUBSYSTEM xxxx OASN yyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
STATUS COMMIT|ABORT

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0556I COMMAND REJECTED; DBCTL
 THREAD IS ACTIVE**

Explanation

You entered a **/STOP REGION** or **/STOP THREAD** command for an active Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem thread. (For example, the DBCTL thread has a PSB scheduled.)

System action

The command is ignored, and the thread continues processing.

Programmer response

Determine if you specified the correct region ID, or use the ABDUMP form of the command.

Problem determination:

5

Module:

DFSDSTP0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0557I STOP REGION NOT VALID-REGION
 nn IS BMP.**

Explanation

A **/STOP REGION** command has been entered for a dependent region in which a BMP is processing.

System action

The entered command is ignored. The IMS and the dependent region, which is identified by *nn*, continue running.

Programmer response

Determine if the correct region ID was used, or use the ABDUMP form of the **/STOP REGION** command.

Problem determination:

5

Module:

DFSSTOP0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0558I TRAN xxxxxxxx NOT SCHEDULED

Explanation

A **/STOP REGION ABDUMP** or a **/PSTOP REGION x
TRAN y** command was entered, but the transaction
xxxxxxx is not scheduled in the region specified.

System action

The entered command is ignored. The IMS and the dependent region, which is identified by *nn*, continue running.

Programmer response

Determine if the correct region ID was used, or use the **/STOP REGION** command for an unscheduled region.

Problem determination:

5

Module:

DFSSTOP0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0559I	ABEND ALREADY SCHEDULED FOR REGION <i>nn</i>, TRAN <i>xxxxxxxx</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The region or application specified in a **/STOP REGION** command is in the process of abending.

Programmer response

If the dependent region does not terminate, you might cancel it, as a last resort. This action can cause the abend of the entire IMS system.

Module:

DFSSTOP0

DFS560I	PROC OPTION L OR LS SPECIFIED FOR PSB <i>psbname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

One or more PCBs within the named PSB has L or LS specified as the processing option. This is valid in a batch region only.

System action

The dependent region is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB in error, and rerun the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility.

Module:

DFSDBLM0, DFSXRBL0

DFS561A	ERROR READING {ACBLIB DIRECTORY}, {PSB=<i>psbname</i>} DMB=<i>dmbname</i>}
----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while reading the named PSB or data management block from the Application Control Blocks Library or the directory data set. The PSB or data management block has been stopped. No further attempt is made to read the affected block, and no program using that block is scheduled. If a dynamic PSB is added to a concatenation of the ACBLIB that causes the data set to be expanded to a secondary extent, that PSB is unavailable to the online system until the ACBLIB is closed and reopened by IMS.

An online change procedure can issue this message. If a read error occurs while trying to access the ACBLIB data set or the directory data set, the online change process is terminated.

System action

The dependent region terminates abnormally.

If you receive this message during an online change procedure, the online change is terminated.

Programmer response

To regain use of the affected block, do one of the following:

- For ACBLIB, perform ACBLIB online change (**/MODIFY PREPARE ACBLIB** and **/MODIFY COMMIT**) or shut down the system, correct the error condition, and restart the system. You must complete the online change procedure by issuing either a **TERM OLC** or a **/MODIFY ABORT** command.
- For the directory, if the management of ACBs is enabled, use the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command to change the active ACBs in the online IMS system or shut down the system, correct the error condition, and restart the system.

Problem determination

If message DFS825I appears at start-up, verify that at least one DBD is built in the active ACBLIB when DRD is enabled.

Module:

DFSDBLR0, DFSXRBB0, DBFOLC01

DFS561E	GETMAIN FAILED FOR QSAVE AREA, ACB LOAD/READ TERMINATED
----------------	--

Explanation

GETMAIN failure occurred for QSAVE area below the 16 MB line in the process of ACBLIB load or read.

System action

ACBLIB load/read terminates.

Programmer response

Check the application programs which are using a large percentage of CSA and cancel them if possible.

Module:
DFSDBLR0

**DFS562I INVALID CORE SIZE REQUIRED
FOR {PSB *psbname*|DMB
dmbname}**

Explanation

The named block required more space than was available in the PSB or data management pool. This situation indicates that the affected pool is not large enough to accommodate the largest block.

System action

The dependent region is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

Restart the system with a larger pool size specified.

Module:
DFSDBLD0

**DFS563I PSB *psbname* REQUIRES
UNKNOWN DMB *dmbname*, PSB
STOPPED**

Explanation

The system was not able to find data management block (DMB) *dmbname*.

- The named PSB references a data management block which was not specified at system definition time. If running an IFP DEDB Online utility program, the data management block name specified in the second positional operand of the PARM field was not defined as a DEDB.

If a DEDB Online utility is initiated, the named data management block which was specified in the second positional operand of the PARM field on the EXEC control statement has not been defined as a DEDB in the DBDGEN.

- The named PSB is a resident PSB and IMS is attempting to schedule this PSB. The data management block number this PSB refers to no longer matches with the data management block number of the database. The copy of the resident

PSB loaded at IMS initialization time can no longer be used.

Programmer response

Correct either the PSB or the system definition. For a DEDB Online utility, do either of the following actions:

1. Correct the database name in the second positional operand of the PARM field on the EXEC control statement, and resubmit the job.
2. Redefine the named database as a DEDB, rerun ACBGEN the next time the IMS control region is started, and resubmit the job.

The resident PSB can only be reloaded by restarting IMS.

Module:
DFSDBLIO, DFSXRBL0, DFSDBLM0

**DFS564I DMB *dmbname1* REFERENCES
UNKNOWN DMB *dmbname2*, DMB
STOPPED**

Explanation

The first data management block contains a reference to the second data management block. The second data management block was not specified at system definition time.

System action

A BMP region terminates with abend 0458. A batch DBB region terminates with abend 0821. If the message was issued during IMS initialization, execution continues, but the first data management block is marked as unusable.

Programmer response

Correct the data management block or the system definition.

Module:
DFSDBLD0, DFSXRBL0
Related information
[IMS abend 0458](#)
[IMS abend 0821](#)

**DFS0565I cccc COMMAND NOT PROCESSED
DB=xxxxxxx IN USE
BY PSB=*psbname*, REG=*region-*
*number***

Explanation

The named DL/I database, xxxxxxxx, cannot be processed in response to a /DBDUMP, /DBRECOVERY,

or **/START** command. It is still in use by an active batch message processing program.

region-number is the number of the region in which a program is using database xxxxxxxx.

The MPP region identified in this message can occur to break a potential deadlock condition between Online Change, a **DBR** or **STA** command against a database being used by the MPP, and an application running in the MPP issuing an ICMD or CMD call.

System action

The command is not processed for the database named in the message, but processing continues for any other databases specified in the command.

If the NOFEOV keyword is not specified on **/DBR** or **/DBD**, a new log volume is mounted.

If **/DBD** or **/DBR** is entered, a simple checkpoint is taken.

Operator response

Wait for the program to terminate, and reissue the **/DBDUMP**, **/DBRECOVERY**, or **/START** command

Problem determination:
4, 6

Module:
DFSDBDR0

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0566I	PSTOP OR STOP NOT VALID FOR TRAN xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

You entered a **/PSTOP REGION TRAN** or **/STOP REGION TRAN** command for a transaction that is not of the WFI (wait-for-input) type or is Fast Path exclusive type.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:
DFSSTOP0

DFS0567I	PSB POOL TOO SMALL-PSB nnnnnnnn STOPPED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During initialization, insufficient space was available to load the intent list for the PSB specified.

System action

The PSB is marked unusable, and no transaction that uses it is scheduled. Normal execution continues.

Programmer response

At the next IMS execution, increase the size of the PSB pool.

Module:
DFSXRBL0

DFS0568I	CANCEL INVALID FOR REGION xx; NO PRIOR STOP REGION ABDUMP COMMAND
-----------------	--

Explanation

You entered a **/STOP REGION CANCEL** command for region xx. However, this command is invalid if it is not preceded by a **/STOP REGION ABDUMP** command.

Operator response:
Issue the **/STOP REGION ABDUMP** command for the region. If the **/STOP REGION ABDUMP** command does not correct the problem, issue a **/STOP REGION CANCEL** command.

Module:
DFSSTOP0

DFS0569I	PSTOP OR STOP COMPLETE FOR REGION nnnnttttxxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/PSTOP** or **/STOP** command for the specified region and transaction successfully completed. A QC status code is returned to a wait-for-input (WFI) application program that is processing in the region. An AO application that issued a GMSG call with the wait option might be waiting for a message on an AOI token. An application waiting for an AOI token receives an AIB return code of X'00000004' and an AIB reason code of X'0000004C'. If your application issued a synchronous callout ICAL call, it might be waiting for a response from the ICAL call. An application waiting for a synchronous callout response receives an AIB return code of X'00000100' and an AIB reason code of X'00000104'.

nnnn
The region number entered on the command.

tttt

AOIT, TRAN, or SYNC. AOIT means the name that follows is an AOI token name. TRAN means the name that follows is a transaction name. SYNC means that the name that follows is a TPIPE name.

xxxxxxxx

The AOI token name, transaction name, or TPIPE name entered on the command.

System action

If tttt is AOIT, the region is no longer waiting for the AOI token. If tttt is SYNC, the region is no longer waiting for the synchronous callout response. Otherwise, the specified region is still available for scheduling.

A batch message processing region (BMP) scheduled against wait-for-input (WFI) transactions returns a QC status code (no more messages) for /PSTOP REGION, /DBD, /DBR, or /START commands only.

Module:
DFSSTOP0

DFS0570I INVALID SECONDARY LIST TYPE
 WAS FOUND IN DBD dbdname

Explanation

An internal system error has occurred. If a SYSUDUMP or SYSABEND DD statement was provided, a memory dump was produced.

System action

Abend 0947 is issued.

Programmer response

Remove all PSBs that reference the named DBD from the control statement list, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

Related information
[IMS abend 0947](#)

DFS0571E I/O ERROR ATTEMPTING TO STOW
 IN ACBLIB DIRECTORY

Explanation

An I/O error occurred during the execution of an OS STOW macro within module DFSUAMBO.

Programmer response

Correct the condition that led to the I/O error, and rerun the program. For more information about recovering from ACBLIB errors, see the description in *IMS Version 15.5 Operations and Automation* about recovering from IMS failures.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

DFS0572A THE ACBLIB DIRECTORY IS FULL.
 INCREASE DIRECTORY SIZE AND
 RERUN.

Explanation

Insufficient directory space was allocated in the IMS.ACBLIB partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Either delete unused PSBs and DBDs from the ACBLIB, using the DELETE function, or copy the contents of the current ACBLIB to a new data set with a larger directory allocation.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

DFS0573E I/O ERROR DURING BLDL ON
 ACBLIB DIRECTORY

Explanation

An I/O error occurred during the execution of an OS BLDL (build library directory list) macro within module DFSUAMBO.

Programmer response

Correct the condition which led to the I/O error, and rerun the program. For more information about recovering from ACBLIB errors, see the description in *IMS Version 15.5 Operations and Automation* about recovering from IMS failures.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

Related reference
[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS574 UNEXPECTED DATA RECEIVED-
 INPUT IGNORED

Explanation

MFS received a field from the 3270 device that was not defined in the device input descriptor. Either the screen size for the device was incorrectly defined

during IMS system definition, or a probable hardware malfunction has occurred.

System action

The input is canceled.

Operator response:

Retry the input. If the error persists, contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Programmer response

Check to see that the specification of lines and columns in the SIZE keyword of the TYPE or TERMINAL macro used for IMS system definition for this device is correct. If it is correctly specified, use the **/TRACE** command to obtain a printout of the terminal input data received by IMS. Obtain a printout of the DIF and compare the buffer addresses to determine if a hardware error occurred.

Problem determination:

3, 5, 16, 17, 23, 36

Module:

DFSCFE00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS575	SPA ERROR-CONVERSATION TERMINATED
---------------	--

Explanation

IMS has detected an invalid program switch. It is invalid because the application program tried to take one of the following actions:

- Switch to an LTERM name.
- Switch to a Fast Path exclusive transaction.
- Switch to an undefined transaction.

System action

IMS terminates the transaction.

Operator response

Inform the master terminal operator.

Programmer response

Change the application program to prevent the described inconsistencies.

Module:

DFSCMS00

DFS576I	EXIT COMPLETED, TRANSACTION DISCARDED
----------------	--

Explanation

/EXIT processing found the transaction available in this system and was able to discard it.

System action

The conversation is terminated.

Module:

DFSICLH0

DFS577I	EXIT COMPLETED, TRANSACTION STILL ACTIVE
----------------	---

Explanation

/EXIT command processing found that the transaction was in a remote system or has already been scheduled for processing. Command processing is completed and the conversation is terminated, but the conversational transaction will still be run. When the conversational response is received, the Conversational Abnormal Termination exit (DFSCONE0) is called and the response message is queued to the response terminal.

System action

The conversation is terminated.

Module:

DFSICLH0

DFS0578I	READ SUCCESSFUL FOR DDNAME xxxxxxx MEMBER yyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

Member yyyyyyyy from DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set was successfully read.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:

DFSXRPS0, DFSIILD0, DFSDFN10, DFSDFN20

DFS0579W	FIND FAILED FOR DDNAME xxxxxxx MEMBER=yyyyyyy RC=zz
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FIND failed for member yyyyyyyy from DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set. This problem can prevent IMS from acquiring information needed for initialization. Descriptor members are unavailable, if this message is received for the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility.

The hexadecimal return code zz can have the following values:

Code (hex)

Explanation

04

Name not found

08

Permanent I/O error during directory search

System action

IMS might terminate with abend 0015 if the member is required by IMS. IMS terminates with abend 1012 if the member is DBFMSDBn. The MFS DCT Utility terminates with a return code of 4.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if member yyyyyyyy is necessary for your installation. For the MFS DCT Utility, DDNAME xxxxxxxx is required.

Programmer response

For a required member, make sure that the correct suffix was specified, and member yyyyyyyy is valid. If RC=08, place the member in a data set where it can be accessed without error.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 6, 8

Module:

DFSXRPS0, DFSIILD0, DFSPMBR0, DFSUTB00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0580E

**UNABLE TO OPEN DCB-
DDNAME=ddname**

Explanation

The data control block (DCB) indicated by ddname in the message could not be opened.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Check the JCL, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSUACB0

DFS0581E

**I/O ERROR ON unit address, device
type, ddname, operation, error
type, bbcchhr, access method**

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred on the device identified in the message text.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSUACB0

DFS0582E

**PERMANENT I/O ERROR DURING
BLDL ON REQUESTED DBDS IN
ACBLIB**

Explanation

BPAM encountered a permanent I/O error while trying to search the directory of the ACBLIB. It was attempting to find the entry for one or more data base descriptions (DBDs) that were requested on a **BUILD** or **DELETE** control statement.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Recreate ACBLIB with a PSB=ALL option, or restore the ACBLIB with a backup copy if available. For more information about recovering from ACBLIB errors, see the description in *IMS Version 15.5 Operations and Automation* about recovering from IMS failures.

Module:

DFSUACB0

Related concepts

[Other system data set failures \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS0583E	PERMANENT I/O ERROR WHILE TRYING TO DELETE DBD PSB=<i>name</i> FROM ACBLIB USING STOW WITH DELETE OPTION.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A program specification block (PSB) or database description (DBD) was to be deleted from ACBLIB as the result of a specific **DELETE** request or because the required blocks could not be built. A permanent error occurred during the delete.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Recreate the ACBLIB with PSB=ALL option, or restore the ACBLIB if a backup copy is available. For more information about recovering from ACBLIB errors, see the description in [Other system data set failures \(Operations and Automation\)](#) about recovering from IMS failures.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0584E	ERROR DURING PRE POST-COMPRESS
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The IEBCOPY utility returned a nonzero return code when attempting a compress of ACBLIB.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition as indicated by the IEBCOPY error messages.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0585E	UTILITY TERMINATED DUE TO ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error indicated by a previous message caused the program to terminate before all functions were complete. The return code is 16.

System action

The ACBGEN utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the errors, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0586I	{PSB <i>psbname</i> DBD <i>dbdname</i>} REQUESTED IN A {BUILD DELETE OPERATION} {NOT FOUND IN ACBLIB IS A PSB}-REQUEST IGNORED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A build error is associated with the indicated PSB or DBD that was requested in a build or delete operation.

- If the message is NOT FOUND IN ACBLIB, the PSB or DBD does not exist in the ACBLIB data sets.
- If the message is IS A PSB, the directory entry for this member is a PSB.

There is no first in, first out (FIFO) process for the ACB Maintenance utility SYSIN input control statements. If both the BUILD PSB= and BUILD DBD= parameters are specified in the same application control block (ACB) generation job SYSIN control statement, DBD= operands are passed to the block builder utility program first. Message DFS0586I is issued if the DBD is not already in the ACBLIB data sets, regardless of where DBD= operands are specified in the SYSIN control statements.

System action

This request is ignored. Processing continues, but the return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the errors, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0587I	ERROR BUILDING PSB=<i>psbname</i>-IT WILL BE DELETED FROM ACBLIB
-----------------	---

Explanation

The block builder returned a nonzero completion code after processing the indicated PSB. The PSB is deleted from ACBLIB, processing continues, and the return code is set to 8. If this message is preceded

by message DFS0921I, no member is deleted from ACBLIB because the indicated PSB is a DBD.

Programmer response

Correct any errors indicated by the error messages, and rerun the program with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

Module:
DFSUACB0

Related information
“DFS0921I” on page 328
PSB *psbname* IS NOT A PSB

DFS588I	CONTROL CARD SYNTAX ERROR- {INVALID LABEL OP CODE BLK TYPE OPERAND OPTION FORMAT CONTINUATION} <'symbol'>
----------------	---

Explanation

For information, see message DFS0588I.

Related information
“DFS0588I” on page 199
CONTROL CARD SYNTAX ERROR- {INVALID LABEL|OP CODE|BLK TYPE|OPERAND|OPTION|FORMAT| CONTINUATION} <'symbol'>

DFS0588I	CONTROL CARD SYNTAX ERROR- {INVALID LABEL OP CODE BLK TYPE OPERAND OPTION FORMAT CONTINUATION} <'symbol'>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A control statement syntax error was detected. The remaining statements are scanned, but no processing are attempted. The symbol enclosed in quotation marks is the symbol or delimiter which caused the error. If FORMAT is indicated, the logical end of statement was reached before the statement was complete. If CONTINUATION is indicated, an invalid continuation was detected.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0589I	PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR PSB <i>psbname</i>. PCB=xxxxxx, PSB=xxxxxx, WORKAREA=xxxxxx, TOTAL SIZE=xxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The blocks for the indicated PSB were successfully built and written to ACBLIB. The required buffer sizes for inter-region copy are indicated. See the description of the DIRCA parameter of the IMSBATCH procedure, in [Parameter descriptions for IMS procedures \(System Definition\)](#). PCB is the work area size required in the MSG or BMP region. PSB is the size of the fixed PSB blocks required in the PSB pool. WORKAREA is the size of various work areas required for the PSB and is obtained from the PSB work pool (PSBW pool). See message DFS0593I for sizes of each of the various work areas. WORKAREA gives the size at ACBGEN time. This is the minimum size for the work areas. At scheduling time, this size can be increased. A significant increase can occur if the size is changed to the size of the long message queue buffer. TOTAL SIZE is the combined PSB pool size and PSB work pool size requirement at ACBGEN time. The FP work areas used for EPCBs are not included in the WORKAREA above.

Module:
DFSUACB0

Related information
“DFS0593I” on page 200
PSB-*psbname* WORKAREA BREAKOUT.
NDX=xxxx, XIO=xxxx, IOA=xxxxxx, SEG=xxxxx, SSA=xxxxx

DFS0590I	END OF ACBLIB MAINTENANCE. HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS <i>code</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ACB Maintenance utility finished the requested operations. The highest condition code encountered during execution is indicated.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0591I	MAX PCB SIZE=xxxxxx, MAX PSB SIZE=xxxxxx, MAX WORKAREA SIZE=xxxxxx, MAX TOTAL SIZE=xxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PSBs operated on as a result of this execution require the indicated inter-region copy buffer requirements as a maximum value. See the description of the DIRCA parameter of the IMSBATCH procedure, in [Parameter descriptions for IMS procedures \(System Definition\)](#). The individual sizes are indicated in message DFS0589I.

Module:
DFSUACB0

Related information

“DFS0589I” on page 199

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR PSB *psbname*.
PCB=xxxxxx, PSB=xxxxxx, WORKAREA=xxxxxx,
TOTAL SIZE=xxxxxx

DFS592I	EMBEDDED EOF FOUND IN {ACBLIB DIRECTORY} {DMB PSB} <i>name</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated PSB or data management block has an end of file within the member.

System action

The PSB or data management block is stopped.

Programmer response

If concatenated libraries are specified for IMSACB, verify that the library with the largest block size is specified first. If ACBGEN has been run against a library that is shared with the online system, ensure that the COMPRESS option was not specified. If neither of the above errors has occurred, the ACBLIB or directory member specified in the error message must be recreated to correct the error condition.

Module:

DFSDBLR0, DFSXRBB0

DFS0593I	PSB-<i>psbname</i> WORKAREA BREAKOUT. NDX=xxxx, XIO=xxxx, IOA=xxxxxx, SEG=xxxxx, SSA=xxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The total work area for the indicated PSB is broken down into its components. NDX is the work area required for DL/I ACTION modules. XIO is the work area used by index maintenance. IOA is the area used to hold data being copied from or to a dependent region. This size is specifiable on the PSB. SEG is the area required for compressible segment manipulation. SSA is the area required to hold SSAs copied from the dependent region. This value is specifiable on the PSB.

Module:

DFSUACB0

DFS594I	MFS TEST FACILITY NOT AVAILABLE-xxxxx
----------------	--

Explanation

Initialization could not open the DCB for the MFS TEST library. MFS TEST was unavailable. If xxxxx is NOFND,

then no DD statement was found. If xxxxx is DUMMY, then DD DUMMY was specified. If xxxxx is NOOPN, then OPEN failed.

Programmer response

If xxxxx=NOFND or DUMMY, correct the JCL for the next IMS execution. If xxxxx=NOOPN, a z/OS message describing the OPEN failure might be issued. If a z/OS message is received, see *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 1* (SA22-7631) for further information.

Module:

DFSIIINB0

DFS595I	REGION SIZE TOO SMALL FOR DFSUTR20 REPORT
----------------	--

Explanation

The amount of virtual storage specified in the region parameter of the EXECUTE statement was insufficient to hold the summary tables generated during the input phase of a Monitor Report Print utility.

Programmer response

Assign a larger region to the job, and rerun it.

Module:

DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS0596W	READ FAILED FOR DDNAME xxxxxxx MEMBER= yyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

The READ failed for member yyyyyyyy from the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set. This problem can prevent IMS from acquiring information required for initialization.

The DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set is not valid for processing. This problem can prevent IMS from acquiring information required for initialization. This message is preceded by message DFS0596W, READ FAILED, which provides the member name for the attempted READ.

In the message:

xxxxxxx

Data set name

yyyyyyy

Member

variable text

The operating system SYNADAF macro instruction supplies the text of this message.

System action

IMS might terminate with abend 0015 if the member is required by IMS. IMS terminates with abend 1012 if the member is DBFMSDBn.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if member yyyyyyyy is necessary for your installation.

Programmer response

For a required member, make sure that the correct suffix was specified, and member yyyyyyyy is valid. Attempt to rebuild the member in a different location in the data set.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 6, 8

Module:

DFSXRPS0, DFSPMBR0

Related reference

[z/OS: SYNADAF error descriptions](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0015](#)

[IMS abend 1012](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0597W	OPEN FAILED FOR DDNAME xxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OPEN failed for the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set. If this message occurs during IMS initialization, IMS might not be able to acquire the information needed for initialization. If the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility issues this message, the descriptor members are unavailable.

System action

IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0016. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if DDNAME xxxxxxxx is necessary for the installation. For the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, DDNAME xxxxxxxx is required.

Programmer response

Validate the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set and make sure that the DDNAME xxxxxxxx DD statement is included in the JCL.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 6, 8

Module:

DFSXRPS0, DFSPMBR0

Related information

[IMS abend 0016](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS598I	NO DLI CALL REPORT REQUESTED
----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

Neither a DLI nor an ONLY DLI statement was included in the analysis control data set.

Programmer response

If you want a DL/I call report, include either DLI or ONLY DLI in the analysis control data set and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSUTR10

DFS599I	UNDEFINED ANALYSIS CARD IGNORED
----------------	--

Explanation

An unrecognizable control statement appeared in the analysis data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement, if any.

Programmer response

Examine and correct the statements in the analysis control data set.

Module:

DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS600I	NUMBER EXCEEDS 8 DIGITS
----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

A number in a distribution redefinition statement exceeded 8 digits.

System action

Processing terminates. Redefinition is ignored for the distribution identifier implied.

Module:

DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

Programmer response

Correct the distribution redefinition statement, and rerun the job.

Chapter 15. DFS messages, DFS601I - DFS650E

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS601I NONNUMERIC DIGIT IN NUMERIC FIELD

Explanation

A non-numeric character appeared in a numeric field of a distribution redefinition statement.

System action

Processing continues. Redefinition is ignored for the distribution identifier implied.

Programmer response

Correct the redefinition statement, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS602I INVALID DISTRIBUTION IDENTIFIER

Explanation

An invalid distribution identifier appeared in a statement in the analysis control data set.

System action

Processing continues. The error statements are ignored during execution.

Programmer response

Correct the distribution redefinition statement, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

**DFS603I IMS DLS CLEANUP
(type) status FOR task
jobname.stepname.procstepname
RC=xx**

Explanation:

For information and actions, see DFS603W.

Related information

DFS603W
IMS DLS FAILURE (xx) FOR task id

DFS603W IMS DLS FAILURE (xx) FOR task id

Explanation

The IMS DL/I subordinate address space (DLS) resource cleanup processing (SSI routine) produces two forms of message DFS603; one is a warning and the other is informational.

The warning message, DFS603W, appears every time a recoverable failure occurs during cleanup processing. The message provides a failure code, xx, specifying the function executing at the time the failure is detected. DLS resource cleanup processing resumes with the next function in the termination process.

The information message, DFS603I, is produced once for the job step TCB at the end of cleanup, and once for each ESTAE failure under a subtask. An ESTAE failure occurs when the SDWA is not present or no retry is possible. If all TCBs complete without errors, the informational message shows a status of COMPLETE with a zero return code; otherwise, for all but exceptional failures where subtask error recording is not possible, the status is FAILED with a return code of X'FF'. (See the hexadecimal return codes described later in the message for the meaning of return code X'FF'.)

Remember: When ESTAE is entered and retry is possible, the SDWA is written to SYS1.LOGREC. Included in the entry are the job name, the release and level of the terminating IMS, and the failure code. The following table shows the message text:

Table 2. DFS603W message text		
Keyword	Values	Meaning
type	EOM EOT ESTAE	End of Memory End of Task ESTAE failure; no retry possible.
status	COMPLETE FAILED	IMS DLS resource cleanup finished successfully. IMS DLS resource cleanup encountered at least one failure during cleanup.
task	ST JS	Subtask Job step task
id	jobname ID=imsid	For End of Task failure For End of Memory failure.

The return code, xx, indicates the results of DLS resource cleanup processing. A return code of X'00' indicates DLS resource cleanup finished successfully. Return code values X'30' through X'58' represent failures during End of Task termination. Values X'C0' through X'D8' represent failures during End of Memory

termination. The return codes have the following values and meanings.

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 00** Cleanup finished successfully.
- 01** GETMAIN failed for work area. Minimal cleanup processing is performed.
- 02** Failure while attempting to obtain either the SSCD image or SCD address, or both. The only cleanup performed is to null the DLS REAL SSCT.
- 03** Failure or operator cancel occurred during cleanup processing causing ESTAE to be driven for an unrecoverable failure. Abbreviated cleanup is attempted. ESTAE is unable to obtain storage for the failure message. Processing terminates.
- 04** ESTAE could not be established. Minimal cleanup processing is performed.
- 08** Failure while attempting to obtain the SSCD image or SCD address. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 0C** Failure while locating DLS DUMP SSCT or attempting to obtain the SSCD image or SCD address. The only cleanup performed is to null the DLS REAL SSCT.
- 10** Failure while attempting to set IMS DLS REAL SSCT to null. Processing is terminated.
- 30** Failure while updating the DLS control bits. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 34** Failure while disconnecting cross-memory tables. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 38** Failure while attempting to page free fixed storage obtained by the terminating TCB. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 3C** Failure during delete subpool all function for task. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 50** Failure attempting to set IMS DLS REAL SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.

- 54** Failure while attempting to post the control region. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 58** Failure while attempting to set IMS DLS DUMP SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.
- D0** Failure while attempting to set IMS DLS REAL SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.
- D4** Failure while attempting to post the control region. Processing resumes with the next function.
- D8** Failure while attempting to set IMS DLS DUMP SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.
- FC** DLS cleanup processing canceled by operator. Abend X'x22' is intercepted by ESTAE, and no retry processing is permitted. An abbreviated form of cleanup processing is performed by the ESTAE routine.
- FF** DLS cleanup processing was completed, but one or more failures occurred during cleanup.

System action

If the return code is X'00' for End of Task termination, the DLS resource cleanup processing completed satisfactorily. If the return code is X'00' for End of Memory termination, cleanup completed satisfactorily, but is limited to non-task-related functions only. If the return code is X'FF', one or more failures occurred, and cleanup processing related to those failures might not have been completed.

Problem determination:

1, 11, 36

Module:

DFSDRCLO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0604W DCBRECFCM IS NOT FIXED BLOCK
FOR DDNAME xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

The DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set record format was not valid. The record format must be fixed or fixed block. If this message is received during IMS initialization, IMS

might not be able to acquire the information required for initialization. If this message is received from the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, the descriptor members are unavailable.

System action

IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0010 for DDNAME PROCLIB. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Operator response:
(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if the DDNAME xxxxxxxx DD statement is necessary for the installation. For the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, DDNAME xxxxxxxx is required.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set has RECFM=F or RECFM=FB.

Problem determination:
1, 3, 6, 8

Module:
DFSXRPS0, DFSIILD0, DFSUTB00, DFSPMBR0
Related information
[IMS abend 0010](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
[IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.](#)

DFS0605W	DCBBLKSIZE IS NOT VALID FOR DDNAME xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set block size was not valid. If this message is received during IMS initialization, this problem can prevent IMS from acquiring information required for initialization. If the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility issues this message, the descriptor members are unavailable.

System action

IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0012 for DDNAME PROCLIB. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Operator response:
(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if the DDNAME xxxxxxxx DD statement is necessary for the installation. For the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, DDNAME xxxxxxxx is required.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set block size is a multiple of 80.

Problem determination:
1, 3, 6, 8

Module:
DFSPMBR0, DFSXRPS0, DFSIILD0, DFSUTB00
Related information
[IMS abend 0012](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
[IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.](#)

DFS0606I	MINIMUM CORE OF 16K BYTES WAS NOT AVAILABLE FOR SUMMARY TABLE.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The initial GETMAIN that gets storage for tables holding accumulated data failed.

System action

The program terminates and returns with no reports.

Programmer response

Increase the region size, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS607I	UNEXPECTED CONTINUATION CARD RECEIVED.
----------------	---

Explanation

A statement with at least one first blank character appeared in the analysis control data set. It is a continuation statement, but is not preceded by a distribution redefinition statement showing a continuation. Continuation is indicated by a comma following the last operand.

System action

Processing continues. The statement in error is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct this statement if it is not a continuation statement, or show the continuation in the distribution redefinition statement previously defined for a future run.

Module:
DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS0608W NULL ENTRY FOR DDNAME
xxxxxxx MEMBER = yyyyyyyy

Explanation

Member yyyyyyyy from the DDNAME xxxxxxxx data set was empty.

System action

IMS might terminate with abend 0015 if the member is required by IMS.

Operator response

(master terminal) If IMS does not abend, determine if member yyyyyyyy is necessary for your installation.

Programmer response

Make sure that the correct member suffix was specified and that member yyyyyyyy contains valid data.

Problem determination:
1, 3, 6, 8

Module:
DFSXRPS0, DFSPMBR0

Related information
[IMS abend 0015](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS609I EXPECTED CONTINUATION CARD
NOT RECEIVED.

Explanation

A continuation was indicated by a comma at the end of the last operand in a distribution redefinition statement. However, the following statement image was not a continuation.

System action

Processing continues. Redefinition is ignored for the distribution identifier implied.

Programmer response

Provide the missing continuation statement, if it was needed. If no continuation was intended, correct the

distribution redefinition statement so that the last operand ends with a blank.

Module:
DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS0610W GETMAIN FAILED FOR TABLE =
zzzzzzzz

Explanation

Table zzzzzzzz could not be built. This problem can prevent IMS from acquiring information required for initialization.

System action

IMS might terminate with abend 0008 if table zzzzzzzz is required by IMS. IMS terminates with abend 1012 if the member is DBFMADBn.

Operator response:
Increase the size of the region, and try IMS again.

Programmer response

Validate the size of the region.

Problem determination:
1, 3, 6, 8

Module:
DFSXRPS0, DFSPMBR0

Related information
[IMS abend 0008](#)
[IMS abend 1012](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS611I EXPECTED CONTINUATION CARD
NOT RECEIVED AT ANALYSIS
EODAD.

Explanation

A continuation was indicated by a comma at the end of the last operand in a distribution redefinition statement. However, the end of the analysis control data set was reached without getting a continuation statement image.

System action

Processing continues. Redefinition is ignored for the distribution identifier implied.

Programmer response

Provide the missing continuation statement, if it was needed. If no continuation was intended, correct the distribution redefinition statement so that the last operand ends with a blank.

Module:

DFSUTR20, DFSUTR30

DFS0612I	IMS LOGIC ERROR. R14=xx
	R15=yy

Explanation

IMS encountered an error. The xx value (hexadecimal) represents the return code from a called routine, and is present only when a called routine detects the error. Otherwise, the xx field contains 00. The yy value (hexadecimal) identifies the reason for the error.

xx yy

Meaning

00 10

The database DDIR or Fast Path DMAC was not found and was not passed on an EEQE CREATE call. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'10'.

00 11

The EEQE was not found for an EEQE DELETE. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'11'.

00 12

The buffer length was not specified on an EEQE CREATE. This problem might not be discovered until a later EEQE COPY call. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'12'.

xx 14

During Batch Backout processing, DBRC was called to change EEQE type. DBRC returned a nonzero return code xx, described later in this message. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'14'.

00 15

An I/O Toleration EEQE CREATE during an XRF takeover found an EEQE that was not owned by this IMS and therefore not valid for this IMS to tolerate. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'15'.

00 1F

An EEQE COPY request found an EEQE that was either not owned or was a user type EEQE. This IMS should not have the block or control interval in the buffer pool. Module DFSTOPRO issues return code X'1F'.

nn 22

I/O retry during database close or I/O Toleration PURGE processing received a nonzero return code from the buffer handler routine. The nn value is the hexadecimal return code from the buffer

handler. For additional information, see return and function codes information. Module DFSTOBH0 issues return code X'22'.

00 31

An X'26' or X'4026' log record containing a buffer image was found, but the corresponding EEQE was not found. The EEQE is built from a prior X'25' or X'4025' EEQE log record. Module DFSTORS0 issues return code X'31'.

00 32

The X'25' or X'4025' EEQE log record being processed could not find a DDIR for the database indicated in the EEQE. Module DFSTORS0 issues return code X'32'.

xx 41

The I/O Toleration EEQEs created during an XRF takeover received the hexadecimal return code xx from DBRC. The DBRC return codes are described later in this message. Module DFSTODI0 issues return code X'41'.

xx 42

Return code xx was returned from DBRC while deleting an EEQE. The DBRC return codes are described later in this message. Module DFSTODI0 issues return code X'42'.

xx 43

Return code xx is returned from DBRC when adding an EEQE. The DBRC return codes are described later in this message. Module DFSTODI0 issues return code X'43'.

DBRC return codes

The DBRC hexadecimal return codes contained in the xx field have the following values and meanings:

xx

Meaning

04

The DBDS already has an EEQE.

08

The database is not registered in the RECON data set.

0C

A DBDS is not registered in the RECON data set.

10

The subsystem is not registered in the RECON data set.

14

The subsystem is not authorized to use the database.

18

The DBDS does not have an EEQE.

1C

All EEQE changes in the parameter could not be satisfied.

20

The EEQE limit for the database has been reached.

2C

Internal DBRC error.

30

An invalid parameter was detected.

System action

This informational message is sent to the master terminal operator and the z/OS console. It precedes abend 0602.

Module:

DFSTOBH0, DFSTODI0, DFSTOPR0, DFSTORS0

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS0613I

**CTL|DBC RGN U113 DUE TO Sxxx
Uyyyy DURING DL/I CALL IN
dependent_region zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

An abend occurred while processing a DL/I call in a parallel DL/I call under the dependent region TCB or under a DRA thread TCB for a Coordinator Control (CCTL). This problem caused a critical failure that required an abnormal termination of the IMS control region.

xxx

The system abend code. This code is S000 if it is a user abend.

yyyy

The user abend code. This code is 0000 if it is a system abend.

zzzzzzzz

Job name of the abending dependent region or the job name of the CCTL.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

See abend 0113.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 6, 14, 36

Module:

DFSPCC20, DFSASK00

Related information

[IMS abend 0113](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0614I

**I/O RETRY SUCCESSFUL. DATA
BASE dbname DDNAME ddname
RBN/RBA nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

The I/O error block or control interval for the block number or RBA nnnnnnnn in database dbname was successfully rewritten to or reread from a direct access storage device (DASD) when the reread/rewrite was done at database close time. The DD statement is identified by dbname. The I/O error was corrected.

System action

This informational message is sent to the master terminal and the z/OS console when the I/O rewrite or reread is successful. Other block level sharing subsystems are notified with an IRLM NOTIFY to remove their record of the I/O error. DBRC is told to remove the I/O error RBN/RBA from the database data set (DBDS) record.

Operator response

No action is required.

The I/O error was corrected.

Programmer response

No action is required.

The I/O error was corrected.

Module:

DFSTOBH0

DFS0615I

**ALL I/O ERRORS SUCCESSFULLY
CORRECTED FOR DATA BASE
dbname**

Explanation

All I/O error blocks or control intervals for the database dbname were successfully retried. This message indicates that previous I/O errors were corrected and it is not necessary to recover the database. IMS automatically attempts to retry write or read I/O errors at database close time.

System action

This informational message is sent to the master terminal and the z/OS console.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

It is not necessary to recover the database.

Module:
DFSTOCLO

DFS616I	SYSTEM LOG DATASET NOT CLOSED- LOG WRITE ERROR
----------------	---

or

**SYSTEM LOG DATASET NOT CLOSED- LOG WRITE
ERROR. LAST LOG SEQ NUMBER=xxxxxxx**

or

OLDS BUFFER PURGE FAILED

or

**OLDS BUFFER PURGE FAILED. LAST LOG SEQ
NUMBER =xxxxxxx**

or

OLDS BUFFERS SUCCESSFULLY PURGED

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred on the last remaining IMS log data set. If dual logging is in effect for IMS batch, the error occurs when both of the log data sets are damaged. For IMS online, the error occurs when the last remaining OLDS has a permanent I/O error or does not have enough space to complete a checkpoint freeze. There are 5 forms of this message.

The first form is issued when a permanent I/O error occurs on the last remaining IMS log data set. This form is also issued when an IMS batch region terminates abnormally without successfully closing the batch log (SLDS) and IMS fails to locate the last log record sequence number written on the batch SLDS.

The last log record sequence number is not included in the message when:

- An IMS online system is running.
- No blocks are written on the log at the time of abend.
- An invalid block number is detected in the log buffers.

The second form is issued when an IMS batch region terminates abnormally without successfully closing the batch log (SLDS), and the last log record sequence number written on the batch log is located in a log buffer.

The third form of the message is issued when an IMS online system terminates abnormally without successfully closing the online log data set (OLDS) and IMS fails to locate the last log record sequence number written on the OLDS. The last log record sequence number is not included in the message when:

- The OLDS is not opened when the OLDS Buffer Purge ESTAE routine (DFSFDLF0) receives control.
- DFSFDLF0 fails the GETMAIN request for its message area.
- DFSFDLF0 fails to locate the last log sequence number written on the OLDS in all OLDS buffers.

The fourth form is issued when an IMS online system terminates abnormally without successfully closing the OLDS, and the last log record sequence number written on the OLDS is located in a log buffer.

The fifth form is issued when an IMS online system terminates abnormally and successfully purges all OLDS buffers during the OLDS Buffer Purge ESTAE routine.

System action

For the first two forms of this message, IMS terminates abnormally. Otherwise, IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

For the first two forms, allocate new log data sets to replace the ones that have encountered I/O errors. It might be necessary to use the Log Recovery utility to create log data sets free from WRITE or CLOSE errors. When a sufficient number of log data sets are available, emergency restart IMS to continue processing. Otherwise, not action is required

Module:
DFSFDLS0, DFSFDLGO

DFS0617I	RDS BUFFERS HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFULLY PURGED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During normal or STAE termination processing of IMS, the restart data set (RDS) buffers were successfully purged. The checkpoint table has been written.

System action

IMS continues with its termination process.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRDS00

DFS0618A	A RESTART OF A NON-ABNORMALLY TERMINATED SYSTEM MUST SPECIFY EMERGENCY BACKUP OR OVERRIDE
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to restart an IMS system, which DBRC did not flag as abnormally terminated, failed. This problem occurs most commonly after a power failure but can occur in other situations.

System action

IMS terminates the restart and waits for the operator to enter another restart command.

Operator response

Make sure that no IMS system is currently active with the same subsystem name. Check for DBRC and DLISAS regions that might still be active after a prior failure of the CTL region. If DBRC or DLISAS regions are still active without a corresponding CTL region, cancel them before proceeding.

If there is no IMS system currently active with the same subsystem name, then issue the **/ERE OVERRIDE** command.

Module:
DFSRST00

DFS0619I	JOBNAME.STEPNAME. PROCSTEPNAME MADE NON-SWAPPABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named job step has been made nonswappable by using the IMS no-swap service call of the IMS SVC (DFSV4200). This message is provided for information only.

System action

The requested caller is made nonswappable.

Module:
DFSV4200

DFS0620I	RESTART DATASET CLOSED
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

The restart data set was closed successfully.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSFDPLO

DFS621W	IMS type LEVEL (level) INCOMPATIBLE WITH REGION
----------------	--

Explanation

The release level of the IMS region is incompatible with the installed release level of the module issuing the message. The module might not be able to perform the required functions. The following table shows the meaning of the message:

Table 3. Meaning of DFS621W keywords		
Keyword	Values	Meaning
type	RTM	The IMS resource termination manager (DFSRTM00) is assembled at an older release level than the terminating IMS region. DFSRTM00 might not be able to perform the required resource cleanup.
	SVC	The IMS SVC (DFSVC200) is assembled at a release level incompatible with the initializing IMS region. The SVC functions for this IMS region might fail or produce unexpected results.
level	nnn	The release level of the IMS module issuing the message.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Install the correct level of DFSVC200 or DFSRTM00.

Module:
DFSRC20, DFSRTM00, DFSVC200

DFS0622I	job.step.proc-KEY 0-7 NOT ALLOWED FOR DLI, DEP OR UTILITY RGN
-----------------	--

Explanation

You specified a protect key of 0-7 for a DL/I, DEP, or utility region. In z/OS, only the online control region is allowed to run under a protect key in the range 0-7.

System action

IMS issues abend 0622 for the region that issued this message.

Programmer response

See abend code 0622.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[Abend 0622](#)

DFS623I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-KEY 0-7 REQUIRED FOR ONLINE CONTROL REGION
----------------	--

Explanation

IMS attempted to initialize an online control region in z/OS with a protect key in the range 8-15; a key of 0-7 is required.

System action

IMS issues abend 0623 for the region that issued this message.

Programmer response

See the information for abend code 0623.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[Abend 0623](#)

DFS624I	COMMAND VERB/OPTION NOT SUPPORTED (y)
----------------	--

Explanation

A command verb or option that is not supported by IMS was entered by the operating system **MODIFY** command interface or by an external subsystem. The value of y represents up to 12 bytes of the command verb or option input data.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

If the **MODIFY** command was entered by the operator, check for spelling errors or format errors in the command. Correct the command and rerun.

Programmer response

Make sure that the command syntax is correct.

Module:

DFSFCTT0

DFS625I	IRLM RECONNECT COMMAND FAILED, CODE - nn
----------------	---

Explanation

The OS operator has entered an OS **MODIFY** command to IMS specifying RECONNECT, and IMS was unable to complete the IRLM **RECONNECT** command.

The value of *nn* is indicated by one of the following codes:

Code (Dec)

Meaning

04

The IRLM did not give the IMS status exit control for an IRLM failure. This means either IRLM has not been used at all during this execution of IMS or the IMS-to-IRLM connection is still active. During a reconnect attempt, be aware of the following:

- Every dependent region with an intent to use a database must go through terminate thread processing.
- Any such dependent region that does not terminate prevents IMS from completing the steps necessary to clean up from the IRLM failure.
- IMS cannot be reconnected to the IRLM or be terminated until all region disconnect processing has completed.
- You must abend those regions that are in various stages of disconnect processing (such as waiting in an application for a timer pop, or waiting for a reply to a WTOR).

08

IMS was unable to sign on to the IRLM again and the operator replied CANCEL to message DFS039A.

12

IMS found applications still scheduled against the data bases which were active at the time of the IRLM failure and therefore could not proceed with the IRLM reconnect command.

System action

Processing continues without the use of the IRLM.

Module:

DFSFCTT0, DFSRDSH0

DFS626I	IRLM RECONNECT COMMAND SUCCESSFUL
----------------	--

Explanation

The OS operator has entered an OS **MODIFY** command to IMS specifying RECONNECT and IMS successfully reconnected to the restarted IRLM. This message is sent to both the Master Terminal Operator and the OS operator to inform them of the reconnection. The Master Terminal Operator can now start the stopped databases as wanted.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:

DFSRDSH0

DFS627I	IMS RTM CLEANUP (type) status FOR task jobname.stepname.procstepname RC=xxx
----------------	--

Explanation:

For information and actions, see message DFS627W.

Related information

[DFS627W](#)

IMS RTM FAILURE (xxx) FOR task id

DFS627W	IMS RTM FAILURE (xxx) FOR task id
----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS resource termination manager (RTM) produces two forms of message DFS627; one is a warning and the other is informational.

The warning message, DFS627W, appears every time a recoverable failure occurs during RTM processing, or when a nonzero return code is received from a routine called by RTM. The message provides a failure code, xxx, specifying the function executing at the time the failure is detected. RTM resumes processing with the next function in the termination process.

The informational message, DFS627I, is produced once for the job step TCB at the end of cleanup, and once for each ESTAE failure under a subtask. An ESTAE failure occurs when the SDWA is not present or no retry is possible. If all TCBs complete without errors, the informational message shows a status of

COMPLETE with an X'00' return code; otherwise, the status is FAILED with a return code of X'FF'. (See the hexadecimal return codes described later in the message for the meaning of return code X'FF'.)

Remember: When ESTAE is entered and retry is possible, the SDWA is written to SYS1.LOGREC. Included in the entry are the job name, the release and level of the terminating IMS, and the failure code.

The following table shows the message text:

Table 4. DFS627W message text		
Keyword	Values	Meaning
type	EOM EOT ESTAE	End of Memory End of Task ESTAE failure; no retry possible.
status	COMPLETE FAILED	IMS finished successfully. IMS encountered at least one failure during cleanup.
task	ST JS	Subtask Job step task.
id	jobname ID=imsid	For End of Task failure For End of Memory failure.

The return code, xxx, indicates the results of resource cleanup processing. Return code values X'00' through X'FF' are produced by DFSRTM00. Values X'04' through X'78' represent failures during End of Task termination. Values X'C8' through X'EC' represent failures during End of Memory termination. Other values produced by DFSRTM00 apply to either type of termination. Return code X'100' or greater are produced by DFSMRC20. The return codes have the following values and meanings.

Code (hex)

Meaning

00

Cleanup finished successfully.

01

GETMAIN failed for work area. Minimal cleanup processing is performed.

04

ESTAE could not be established. Minimal cleanup processing is performed.

08

Not used.

0C

A failure occurred while scanning the TCB Table during TCB validation. Processing resumes with the next function.

10

A failure occurred while performing Availability Manager disconnect processing (XRF environments only). Processing resumes with the next function.

- 14** RTM received a nonzero return code from GETMAIN when storage was requested for save areas while performing Availability Manager disconnect processing (XRF or Fast Database Recovery environments only). Processing resumes with the next function.
- 18** A failure occurred while performing IMS Intersubsystem Interface termination processing. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 1C** A failure occurred while disconnecting memory-to-memory window headers. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 20** A failure occurred while scanning TCB DEB chain. Processing continues with the next DEB on chain.
- 24** A failure occurred while performing HALT I/O or quiesce function for channel to channel device. Processing continues with the next DEB on chain.
- 28** A failure occurred while closing an OSAM data set. Processing continues with the next DEB on chain.
- 2C** A failure occurred while closing an OS data set. Processing continues with the next DEB on chain.
- 30** A failure occurred during processing, or nonzero return code received from IMS Resource Lock Manager quit function. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 34** A failure occurred while page freeing OSAM short term I/O pages. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 38** A failure occurred while disconnecting cross-memory tables. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 3C** A failure occurred while releasing CSA storage for RGPARDS. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 40** A failure occurred during processing or nonzero return code received from SVC termination and CSA cleanup routine. Processing resumes with SVC directory cleanup.
- 44** A failure occurred during processing or nonzero return code received from SVC directory cleanup routine. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 48** A failure occurred while performing an ENFREQ DELETE call to delete an IMS ENF listen exit. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 4C** A failure occurred while performing an IXLDISC call to disconnect from a coupling facility structure. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 50** A failure occurred while performing an ENFREQ DELETE call for the IMS ARM ENF listen exit. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 54** A failure occurred while performing Media Manager control block clean up for opened Fast Path DEDB areas. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 58** A failure occurred while performing Fast Path 64-bit buffer cleanup. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 59-5B** Not used.
- 5C** A failure occurred while performing logger cleanup. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 5D-67** Not used.
- 68** Batch IRLM PC cleanup.
- 70** A failure occurred attempting to set IMS DUMP SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 74** A failure occurred during delete subpool all function for IMS subtask. Processing resumes with the next function.
- 78** A failure occurred while trying to page free fixed storage used by OSAM to support Media Manager. Processing resumes with the next function.
- C8** RTM received a nonzero return code from the SVC directory cleanup routine. Processing resumes with the next function.
- CC** RTM received a nonzero return code from the IRLM quit function. Processing resumes with the next function.

D0

A failure occurred attempting to route control to DFSRTM00. The ESTAE in DFSMRC20 intercepts the abend and attempts an abbreviated cleanup.

EC

A failure occurred attempting to set IMS DUMP SSCT to null. Processing resumes with the next function.

F0

The DL/I subordinate address space can terminate without successfully performing resource cleanup for the region. If this happens, the DLS SSCTs might be left after the DLS region has terminated, which can produce abends in the Master Scheduler Broadcast function. In attempting to prevent certain abends if running with a DLS region, the control region job step TCB searches for the DLS SSCTs during cleanup processing. If either SSCT is found, SSCT cleanup is attempted. If cleanup of the DLS SSCTs succeeds, message DFS627W IMS RTM FAILURE (F0) FOR DLS is issued. If cleanup fails, the standard form of the warning message is issued. Processing resumes with the next function.

FC

Resource cleanup processing canceled by operator. Abend X'x22' is intercepted by ESTAE, and no retry processing is permitted. An abbreviated form of cleanup processing is performed by the ESTAE routine.

FF

Resource cleanup processing was completed, but one or more failures occurred during cleanup. Message DFS627W explains the reason for the failure.

100

While processing on behalf of an IMS TCB, DFSMRC20 determined that the DUMP SSCT was invalid. No cleanup is attempted for the terminating TCB.

104

ESTAE could not be established. Control is not passed to DFSRTM00. The only processing attempted is setting the DUMP SSCT to null.

108

DFSRTM00 address is zero in the SSCT. Abbreviated cleanup is attempted.

10C

A failure occurred attempting to route control to DFSRTM00. The ESTAE in DFSMRC20 intercepts the abend and attempts an abbreviated cleanup.

110

Previous job step or end-of-memory cleanup was attempted and failed. DFSMRC20 resets the IMS

DUMP SSCT to null and returns to z/OS. Some IMS resources might not have been cleaned up.

114

DFSMRC20 was called for a non-IMS job step TCB in an address space with an active IMS SSCT. This is usually the result of a prior IMS resource cleanup failure, or of DFSMRC20 not receiving control for an IMS job step TCB termination. DFSMRC20 resets the IMS DUMP SSCT to null and returns to z/OS. Some IMS resources might not have been cleaned up.

118

DFSMRC20 was called for task termination after the IMS job step TCB entered final termination in module DFSRTM00. The job step task is still active. This situation is not an error; however, this code is used internally for tracing this event for diagnostics.

System action

If the return code is X'00' for End of Task termination, the resource cleanup processing for the IMS region completed satisfactorily. If the return code is X'00' for End of Memory termination, cleanup completed satisfactorily, but is limited to non-task-related functions only. If the return code is X'FF', one or more failures occurred, and cleanup processing related to those failures might not have been completed.

Problem determination:

1, 11, 36

Module:

DFSRTM00, DFSMRC20

Related information

[“DFS627I” on page 212](#)

[IMS RTM CLEANUP \(type\) status FOR task jobname.stepname.procstepname RC=xxx](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS628I

ABNORMAL TERMINATION SCHEDULED

Explanation

The z/OS system console operator entered a **MODIFY IMS.DUMP** command to abnormally terminate the IMS region.

System action

The IMS region is abnormally terminated with a memory dump.

Module:
DFSFCTT0

DFS629I **IMS *ttt* TCB <action> IMS|SYS**
 ***sss|uuuuuvvvv*IMS *ttt* TCB <action>**
 IMS|SYS *sss|uuuuuvvvv*

or

IMS BATCH REGION ABEND - IMS|SYS *uuuu*

or

PSW AT ERROR = *hhhhhhhhh hhhhhhhh*

or

MODID = *cccccccc* EPA = *aaaaaaaa*

or

IMS DBC REGION ABEND

Explanation

For IMS online, the first form of the message is issued; the third and fourth form might be issued. For IMS batch, the second form is issued; the third form might be issued.

For a Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem, the fifth form is issued when the DBCTL or z/OS operator issues a **MODIFY** command to stop the DBCTL region.

In the message text, the variables have the following meanings:

ttt

IMS TCB type name

action

The action is ABEND if the IMS control region is terminating or DUMP if a memory dump is being produced for a dependent region.

sss

The system abend code, if available

uuuu

The user abend code (if available) or the system abend code

vvvv

The failing IMS address space or external subsystem

DLS

The failure was for a TCB in the DL/I address space.

IES

The failure was in the IMS support code of an external subsystem.

ESC

The failure was not in the IMS support code for the failing external subsystem.

U0027

Original abend code

No value

The failure was in the IMS CTL address space.

hh..hh

Hexadecimal PSW contents

cccccccc

Module executing at time of the error

aaaaaaaa

Hexadecimal address of module entry point

System action

For some IMS TCB failures, the IMS system terminates. For other IMS TCB failures, (such as dynamic allocation, Fast Path-dependent region, storage compression, and some DBRC failures) IMS continues processing. For IMS external subsystem failures, the external subsystem task terminates.

Operator response

If an external subsystem task terminates, restart the task with the **/START SUBSYS** command.

Programmer response

To determine the cause of the problem, examine the diagnostic output, which can include:

- Spin-off dumps created by IMS external subsystems or DBRC.
- Software LOGREC entries created by dynamic allocation.
- Fast Path-dependent region dumps created by Fast Path-dependent regions.

Module:

DFSFDMP0, DFSFLST0

DFS630I **WAITING FOR IRLM INITIAL STATE.**

Explanation

The IRLM is in an initial WAIT state for all current subsystems to be identified, respective database

reverified, and backouts to be processed. This message is sent to the OS operator and the Master Terminal Operator prior to the WAIT state.

System action

Processing continues after a short wait.

Operator response

If the wait becomes excessive, you might need to review all subsystems attached to the IRLM and determine which might be causing the delay. This subsystem (if IMS) will probably not have issued the DFS630I message.

Module

DFSSDLB0

DFS631I	DBRC ADDRESS SPACE TERMINATION UNPREDICTABLE DUE TO CONTROL REGION ABNORMAL TERMINATION
----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS control region may have terminated before the connection between IMS and DBRC was completed. In this case the DBRC address space might terminate abnormally or might not terminate at all.

The IMS control region may have terminated after the DBRC address space had abnormally terminated.

System action

DBRC may or may not be abnormally terminated.

Operator response

If DBRC is not terminated, you must terminate it using the console.

Module

DFSFSTM0

DFS632I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-EXCESSIVE NUMBER OF PARAMETERS IN PARM FIELD
----------------	--

Explanation

The EXEC statement PARM field contained too many positional parameters.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRRRA20

DFS0633I	DBRC PARAMETER SPECIFIED VALID ONLY FOR BATCH BACKOUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

DBRC=C was specified, but the program name was not DFSBBO00. Batch Backout is the only valid program that can be specified with the DBRC=C parameter.

System action

The IMS job terminates abnormally with abend 0633.

Programmer response

Correct the conflict between the DBRC and MBR parameters.

Module:
DFSRRRA00
Related information
[IMS abend 0633](#)

DFS634I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-BLANK ENCOUNTERED AS FIRST CHAR OF PARAM VALUE
----------------	--

Explanation

A positional parameter in the PARM field of the EXEC statement contained one or more leading blanks.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRRRA00

DFS635	COMMAND BUFFER TOO LARGE: CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND.
---------------	--

Explanation

The entered command required a buffer length greater than X'FFFF' (65,535) bytes. X'FFFF' is the limit for the **/DISPLAY** command, while X'7FFF' (32,767) bytes is the limit for all other commands. The command in error probably contained the NODE keyword with the ALL parameter.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reduce the storage requirements by reentering the command as multiple commands with a specified range. The number of parameters that can be specified for a **/DISPLAY** command is approximately 5500, and 2500 for all other commands. Contact the system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSICL30

DFS636I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-LAST FIXED LENGTH PARM VALUE TOO SHORT
----------------	--

Explanation

The last fixed-length parameter value in the PARM field of the EXEC statement was too short.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Verify that no preceding value is incorrect. Correct any error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRR20

DFS0637W	xxxx REQUEST NOT SATISFIED DUE TO POOL EXPANSION LIMIT
-----------------	---

Explanation

One or more requests for storage from the IMS storage pool xxxx were not satisfied. The request causes the pool size to exceed the upper expansion limit. The upper limit is specified on the execution parameters.

System action

If the caller specified that the IMS storage pool manager waits for storage, the caller waits until enough storage is returned to the storage pool to satisfy the request or until the caller has waited the maximum number of compression cycles. If the request is not satisfied, a nonzero return code is returned to the caller.

Programmer response

If this message is issued repeatedly for the same storage pools, increase the upper expansion limit for those pools.

Module:
DFSSTAT0

DFS638I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-COMMA FOUND WITHIN EXTENT OF FIXED LENGTH PARAM
----------------	---

Explanation

A comma was found within the extent of a fixed-length field.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRR20

DFS639W	INVALID STG POOL DEF FOR (xxxx) (*) parm
----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS.PROCLIB member DFSSPMnn contains a storage pool definition statement with an invalid parameter. The allowable parameters are pool name and buffer definition.

If *parm* indicates FPL=zzzz, then the pool name is invalid. The IMS storage pool zzzz has not been defined.

If *parm* indicates (a, b, c, d), then the buffer definition is invalid for pool xxxx. The following list defines the buffer definition subparameters:

- a**
Defines the buffer size, which is a unique 1 to 5-digit numeric value. The allowable range is 8 through 65536. The buffer size value is rounded up to the nearest multiple of eight.
- b**
Defines the number of buffers in the primary storage allocation. The value must be a 1 to 5-digit numeric value in the range of 2 through 65535.
- c**
Defines the number of buffers in secondary storage allocations. The value must be a 1 to 5-digit numeric value in the range of 2 through 65535.

d

Defines whether the primary storage allocation is obtained during IMS initialization. The allowable values are Y and N. If Y is specified, the primary storage allocation is obtained during initialization. If N is specified, the primary storage allocation is not obtained until it is needed to satisfy a buffer request.

One DFS639W message is issued for every occurrence of an invalid parameter.

System action

If the pool name parameter is invalid, the storage manager ignores the definition for the pool while continuing to validate the remaining parameters.

If the buffer definition parameter is invalid, either the parameter is interpreted or it is ignored.

If the value for subparameter **a** exceeds the allowable maximum of 65536, a value of 65536 is used. If the value for subparameters **b** or "c" exceeds the allowable maximum of 65535, a value of 65535 is used. If the subparameter **d** is invalid, the primary allocation of storage is obtained when it is needed for processing and not during IMS initialization.

If the value for subparameter **a** is zero or is a previously defined value, the buffer definition parameter is ignored. A maximum of thirty-two definitions are allowed for a pool. If an * precedes PARM, the maximum number has been exceeded and PARM has not been validated. It is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid statement.

Module:
DFSXSPM0

DFS640I	<i>job.step.proc-REQUIRED PARAMETER OMITTED FROM PARM FIELD</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A required parameter for the execution specified by the first three characters of the EXEC statement PARM field was omitted.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRRRA20

DFS641I	<i>jobname.jobstep-INCORRECT REGION PARAMETER IN EXEC STATEMENT</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility DFSURDB0 was run in an invalid region type. The batch region type specified in the first subparameter of the //EXEC PARM field must be UDR.

System action

IMS issues abend 0641 for the region that issued this message.

Programmer response

See abend code 0641.

Related information
[IMS abend 0641](#)

DFS642I	<i>job.step.proc-PARAM EXCEEDS MAX ALLOWABLE LENGTH</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A parameter value, such as the program name in a DL/I execution, exceeded the maximum allowable length.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRRRA00

DFS643I	<i>job.step.proc-NON-NUMERIC VALUE SPECIFIED FOR NUMERIC PARAMETER IN PARM FIELD</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

All numeric parameters are examined; if a non-numeric value is specified for any numeric parameter, this message is sent to the console operator.

System action

The IMS region that issues this message terminates with abend 0643.

Programmer response

Correct the EXEC statement parameter in JCL, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[IMS abend 0643](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS644I	<i>job.step.proc-INTERNAL</i> DESTINATION LIST IS INVALID
----------------	--

Explanation

System error was encountered.

System action

System terminates abnormally.

Operator response:

(z/OS System operator) Refer this error to IMS systems operation personnel.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 36. Also, get an assembly listing of DFSRRRA00 as used on-site.

Module:

DFSRRRA20

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS645W	PRIMARY <i>xxxx</i> STORAGE EXCEEDED POOL EXPANSION LIMIT
----------------	--

Explanation

During xxxx storage pool initialization, the accumulated size of the primary buffer allocations specified exceeded the upper expansion limit specified. This message is issued before any attempt to obtain storage for buffers. If the upper expansion limit value specified is less than the sum of the storage required to allocate all the primary buffer sizes specified, this message is issued. No primary storage

is allocated for the pool. Storage blocks are allocated as needed. All blocks in the pool are compressible.

System action

IMS initialization continues normally.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

The default upper expansion limit for the pool might have been overridden using the EXEC parameters or the DFSPBxxx member. The default primary and secondary storage pool allocations might need to be overridden by storage pool definition statements in the IMS.PROCLIB member DFSSPMxx. Ensure that the storage pool definitions specify the appropriate size primary blocks and that the accumulated primary storage allocation specification does not exceed the specified upper limit.

Module:

DFSSPM30

DFS646I	<i>job.step.proc-SPIE OPTION IN</i> PARM FIELD INVALID
----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid SPIE option was found in the parameter field. The SPIE option in the parameter field must be 0 or 1.

System action

Abend 0646 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[IMS abend 0646](#)

DFS0647W	READ OF PSB <i>psbname</i> OR INTENT LIST FOR PSB RECEIVED INVALID DATA. PSB STOPPED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A BLDL was done for the PSB to generate a directory entry list, and a read issued on the TTR was returned by the BLDL macro. After the read was completed, the

results were invalid. The problem might result from one of the following causes:

- For a DOPT PSB, a compression and a read occurred simultaneously.
- For a nonresident PSB, a compression occurred sometime after the IMS system was start.

Operator response

Take one of the following actions:

- For a DOPT PSB, start the PSB after the compression has completed. Then, reschedule the job.
- For a nonresident PSB, an online change must be done after the compression has completed.

DFS648I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-VALIDITY CHECK OPTION IN PARM FIELD INVALID
----------------	---

Explanation

A validity check option in the PARM field was specified incorrectly.

System action

Abend 0648 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSRR20

Related information
[IMS abend 0648](#)

DFS0649W	PSB <i>psbname</i> INSUFFICIENT FREE STORAGE BELOW 16 MEG. REQUIRED = xxxxxxxx AVAILABLE=yyyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

ACB Generation attempted to build a PSB block for *psbname*, but the PSB generated size required

xxxxxxx bytes of storage below the 16 MB line and only yyyyyyy bytes were available.

System action

The PSB is deleted from ACBLIB and a return code 8 is set. ACBGEN continues with the next PSB.

Programmer response

Redesign the PSB with fewer SENSEG statements, fewer PCB statements, or both.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

DFS650E	NON-LE COMPLIANT PROGRAM IN PERSISTENT JVM ENVIRONMENT, NAME=<i>program_name</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

You attempted to load and execute a program that did not conform to the Language Environment (LE) in a persistent JVM dependent region environment. Any program that executes in a persistent JVM dependent region environment must be LE-conforming.

System action

Abend U0101-05 (reason code 5) is issued to terminate the application.

Programmer response

Correct the program to make it LE-conforming. The program did not contain a valid LE entry prolog. Ensure that the program was compiled with a current LE enabled compiler.

Module:
DFSPCC20

Related concepts
[z/OS: Creating applications with z/OS Language Environment](#)
[z/OS: Preparing an application to run with Language Environment](#)

Chapter 16. DFS messages, DFS0651W - DFS700I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0651W **ERROR XX READING {DBD|PSB|INT} yyyyyyyy FROM {ACBLIB|DIRECTORY}.**

Explanation

Validation of the PSB, DBD, or intent list read from ACBLIB or the directory data set indicated an error. The block in error is not used.

The yyyyyyyy field indicates the name of the PSB, DBD, or intent list where the validation error was detected. The xx field indicates the validation error detected as follows:

xx

Validation error

01

The read should have returned DMB yyyyyyyy. Validation of the data read indicated that what was read was not a DMB.

02

The read should have returned PSB yyyyyyyy. Validation of the data read indicated that it is not the expected PSB.

03

The PSB read is not consistent with the PSB sizes obtained from the ACBLIB or directory PDS directory at initialization time.

05

The read of the intent list for PSB yyyyyyyy read zero bytes.

06

The length of the intent list stored within the list itself for PSB yyyyyyyy is invalid.

07

The length of the intent list read for PSB yyyyyyyy is not consistent with the length of the intent list obtained from the ACBLIB or directory PDS directory at IMS initialization time.

08

The intent list for PSB yyyyyyyy contains invalid offsets.

09

The intent list for the PSB included DMB A but did not include DMB B. DMB B is related to DMB A either by a secondary index or a logical relationship and should be included in the intent list. The PSB is therefore inconsistent with its

DBDs. The ACBGEN utility must be run to resolve the inconsistency.

10

The DSG DMB offset is inconsistent with the intent list length. This offset is used to retrieve the DDIR address from the PSB intent list. A DDIR address could not be retrieved because the DSG DMB offset is zero, negative, or larger than the intent list length. ACBGEN is required to resolve the inconsistency.

11

The data set group built for PSB yyyyyyyy is inconsistent with the data set group defined in the related DBD. To resolve the discrepancy, run the ACBGEN to rebuild the DBD. This can also occur when the PSB refers to a DBD that was not found in the ACBLIB or directory.

12

The read did not return a time stamp when this PSB was last rebuilt. The time stamp was used to validate the consistency between this PSB and its DMB. The time stamp was generated by the ACBGEN utility, and was stored at the end of PSB. You must run the ACBGEN utility again to rebuild the PSB.

13

One or more of the DMBs referenced in the PSB intent list has structural changes and has been rebuilt. The PSB has not been rebuilt and is not consistent with its DBD. You must run the ACBGEN utility again to resolve the inconsistency.

14

The DMB referenced in the PSB intent list is being committed by Member Online Change. The program that uses this PSB cannot be scheduled.

15

The PSB size in the PSB directory is not consistent with the size obtained from the ACBLIB PDS directory at ACB online change time.

Possible reasons for the above errors are as follows:

- The active ACBLIB was compressed while being used by IMS.
- Library Look Aside (LLA) was used improperly. For example, LLA was used for the inactive ACBLIB and the resident directory was not updated following the copy of the staging library to the inactive ACBLIB. The **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** commands then switched the

inactive to the active with a back-level copy of the PDS directory for the ACBLIB left in memory. It is highly recommended that LLA never be used for the ACBLIB data sets.

- A PSB was copied to both the inactive and the active ACBLIBs before the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** commands. If this occurs, the comparison of the dates of the active and inactive will be equal with the implication that the PSB did not change. This will result in reading a new PSB without refreshing the PSB sizes kept in the PSB directory.
- There is a duplicate database definition for a database that has logical relationships. Because NAMECHK=NO was specified in the IMSCTRL macro, two copies of the same DDIR have been generated: the first DDIR contains a valid DMB address, but the second contains a DMB address of zeros. The PSB intent list could point to either the first or second DDIR. This error message occurs when it points to the invalid DMB address in the second DDIR.

System action

If the error occurs on a DMB, the DMB is marked bad. Programs that use the DMB are not scheduled. The condition can only be corrected by replacing the DMB using online change. If the error occurs on a PSB or an intent list, the PSB is marked bad unless it is a DOPT PSB, in which case it is stopped. Programs using the PSB will not be scheduled. If the PSB is a DOPT PSB, the condition can be corrected by replacing the PSB in ACBLIB or the directory data set. If the PSB is not a DOPT PSB, it can only be corrected by replacing the PSB using online change.

If the PSB is not a DOPT PSB and the validation error code is 15, the error condition can only be corrected by not specifying the same ACBLIB data set on both active and inactive ACBLIB concatenation. As a result, ACB online change will not work.

Module:

DFSXRBB0, DFSDBLB0, DFSDBLD0, DFSDBLI0,
DFSDBLM0, DFSDBLP0, DFSDBLR0

DFS652I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-PARM FIELD OMITTED
----------------	--

Explanation

All IMS run statements must contain a PARM field.

System action

Abend 0652 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRRRA20

Related information

[IMS abend 0652](#)

DFS0653I	PROTECTED CONVERSATION PROCESSING WITH RRS ENABLED
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialized with the Resource Recovery Subsystem (RRS/MVS) and is prepared to participate in protected conversation work.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRRSIO

DFS654I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-PARM FIELD TOO SHORT
----------------	--

Explanation

PARM field specified in the EXEC statement was less than 3 characters in length.

System action

Abend 0654 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[IMS abend 0654](#)

DFS655I	CTL RGN U780 RC=xxxx DUE TO Syyy Uzzzz WHILE HOLDING A LATCH IN MPP nnnnnnn
----------------	--

Explanation

An abend occurred while holding an IMS latch and caused a critical failure that required an abnormal termination of the IMS control region.

xxxx

Represents the return code of abend 0780. For an explanation of individual return codes, see abend 0780 information.

yyy

Represents the system abend of the dependent region abend code. (If the abend is a user abend, the system code is represented by S000.)

zzzz

Represents the user abend of the dependent region abend code. (If the abend is a system abend, the user code is represented by 0000.)

nnnnnnnn

Job name of the terminating dependent region.

Module:

DFSASK00

Related information

[IMS abend 0780](#)

DFS656I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-PROTECT KEY OPTION INVALID IN PARM FIELD
----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified in the EXEC statement for the online control program (CTL) was invalid. Only the values 0 and 1 are valid.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and reissue the IMS **START** command.

Module:

DFSRRRA20

DFS0657I	IMS <i>rrr</i> ABEND Uaaaa MODULE=mmmmmmmm LABEL=lllllll R14=xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The GSAM initialization process encountered an error. The variable fields are defined as follows:

IMS *rrr*

IMS release level

Uaaaa

IMS abend code

MODULE=

Module that detected the error

LABEL=

Unique label at which the error was detected. This value corresponds to the error reason code. See the information about the IMS abend code.

R14=

BAL return register (to the module that discovered the error).

System action

The program terminates abnormally with the abend code identified as *aaaa*.

Operator response

Determine the cause of the error, correct the problem, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSZDI00

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS658I	<i>job.step.proc</i>-PROGRAM NAME PARAMETER OMITTED FROM PARM FIELD
----------------	--

Explanation

The program name parameter was omitted from the PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

DFS0659I	CTL RGN U780 RC=<i>xxxx</i> BECAUSE CCTL <i>yyyyyyyy</i> WAS TERMINATED WHILE DBCTL THREAD HELD LATCH
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CCTL was terminated while a DBCTL thread was holding an IMS unrecoverable latch. This problem caused a critical failure that required an abnormal termination of the IMS control region.

xxxx

Represents the return code from the failed attempt at latch recovery. For an explanation of return codes, see the IMS abend 0780 information.

yyyyyyyy

Job name of the terminated CCTL region.

Module:

DFSDDA30

Related information

[IMS abend 0780](#)

DFS660I *job.step.proc*-**PARM FIELD**
OMITTED FROM EXEC STATEMENT

Explanation

All IMS execute statements must contain a PARM field.

Programmer response

See the information about PARM fields.

Module:

DFSRR00

Related concepts

[Specifying IMS execution parameters \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[Parameter descriptions for IMS procedures \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS0661I **CANNOT PROCESS /START**
REGION COMMAND:
MEMBER=*member_name* **JOB**
NAME=*job_name* **RC=X'xxxxxxxx'**

Explanation

The **/START REGION** command with the specified member and job name failed for one of the following reasons:

04

The JOB statement is missing from the PROCLIB member.

08

An incomplete statement was encountered.

0C

Unable to add the IMSID parameter to the EXEC statement.

10

The parameter field is continued incorrectly.

14

The EXEC statement has no parameters.

18

The PROCLIB cannot be opened.

1C

The data set record format is incorrect.

20

The data set block size is incorrect.

24

The PROCLIB member cannot be found. The instream procedure is not supported by the generic **/START REGION** command.

28

The first statement of the PROCLIB member is not the JOB statement.

2C

The procedure statement is not valid. The instream procedure is not supported by the generic **/START REGION** command.

30

The EXEC statement is missing.

Programmer response

Verify that the member and job names are correct. Also check the JCL statements in the specified member. Make the necessary corrections and reissue the command.

Module:

DFSPMBRO

DFS662I *job.step.proc*-**FIRST POSITIONAL**
PARAM IN parm FIELD IS INVALID

Explanation

The first positional parameter in the **parm** field was invalid.

System action

Abend 0662 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRR00, DFSRR30, DFSRR70, DFSRR80

Related information

[IMS abend 0662](#)

DFS0663I (*Message text varies for DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E*)

Explanation

See the explanation for DFS0665E.

Related information

[DFS0665E](#)

(*Message text varies for DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E*)

DFS0664W (*Message text varies for DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E*)

Explanation

See the explanation for DFS0665E.

Related information

DFS0665E

(Message text varies for DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E)

DFS0665E (Message text varies for DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E)

Explanation

The Fast Path trace routines issue messages DFS0663I, DFS0664W, and DFS0665E. If you are unable to determine the problem, contact IBM Software Support. Save a copy of the message number and text that you received.

Module:

DBFTRAK0 (DFS0663I), DBFTRAK0 (DFS0664W and DFS0665E)

DFS0666I AREA xxxxxxxx COULD NOT BE PROCESSED DUE TO LOCK FAILURE

Explanation

The AREA xxxxxxxx could not be processed for one of the following reasons:

- A **/START**, **/STOP**, **/DBR AREA**, or **/STOP ADS** command was not processed because the AREA LOCK failed.
- A **/STOP** or **/DBR AREA GLOBAL** command was rejected because another subsystem holding the AREA LOCK is down.

System action

Command processing terminates.

Programmer response

For the second problem, use the LOCAL keyword instead of the GLOBAL keyword.

Module:

DBFARDA0

DFS667I NON-REENTRANT MODULES HAVE BEEN PRELOADED

Explanation

The program module preload function loaded the specified non-reentrant program modules into the region/partition.

Module:

DFSPCC20

DFS0668I

PROCLIB BLKSIZE NOT MULTIPLE OF 80.

Explanation

The IMS initialization process found the IMS PROCLIB data set block size to be other than a multiple of 80. The logical record length must be 80.

System action

No modules have been preloaded. Initialization continues.

Programmer response

Contact your IMS system programmer.

Problem determination

Save the LISTCTLG and LISTVTOC for the IMS PROCLIB.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

DFS0669I

PROCLIB RECFM NOT 'F' OR 'FB'

Explanation

The IMS initialization process found the IMS PROCLIB data set record format to be neither "fixed" nor "fixed-blocked".

System action

No modules have been preloaded. Initialization continues.

Programmer response

Contact your IMS system programmer. The IMS PROCLIB, to be usable, must be "F" or "FB".

Problem determination

Save the LISTCTLG and LISTVTOC for IMS PROCLIB console log.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

DFS670I

job.step.proc-MODULES HAVE BEEN PRELOADED

Explanation

The Program Module Preload function loaded the specified program modules into the region/partition at initialization.

Module:
DFSPLDR0

DFS671I *job.step.proc* - FOR THIS
EXECUTION, DBRC IS SET TO
FORCE FORCE | YES | NO

Explanation

After the processing of all the parameters was complete, the final DBRC parameter setting was FORCE, YES, or NO.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRRRA70, DFSRRRA80

DFS0671W **MEMBER DFSIDEF0 NOT FOUND -
REQUIRED FOR INITIALIZATION**

Explanation

Member DFSIDEF0 is required for IMS initialization, but could not be loaded.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0015.

Programmer response

The DFSIDEF0 module is built by the Syntax Checker.

Module:
DFSRRRA00

Related information
[IMS abend 0015](#)

DFS672I *job.step.proc* - MODULE DFSIDEF0
CONTAINS UNEXPECTED DATA

Explanation

Optional defaults module DFSIDEF0 was successfully loaded, but the verification of the contents found unexpected data.

System action

The following initial default is set for this execution of IMS: DBRC=YES.

Programmer response

Verify that DFSIDEF0 has been built correctly.

Module:
DFSRRRA70, DFSRRRA80

DFS0673E **EPCB BUFFER REQUEST EXCEEDS
POOL SIZE. JOBNAME=*job_name*
REQ-SIZE=X'*req_size*'**

Explanation

IMS attempted to obtain an EPCB buffer, and the length specified was greater than the EPCB pool size.

In the message text:

job_name
The name of the dependent region job that issued the storage request for the EPCB buffer

req_size
The length (in hexadecimal) of the EPCB buffer requested

System action

The dependent region is abnormally terminated.

Operator response

Specify a larger EPCB Pool size at the next IMS start, or lower the EPCB size requirement for dependent region.

Module:
DBFDBPV0

Related information
[IMS abend 0709](#)

DFS674I *job.step.proc*-PROCLIB MEMBER
CONTAINS BLANK RECORD

Explanation

The IMS initialization process encountered an invalid record while reading the specified member of IMS PROCLIB. The first 71 characters were blank.

System action

No modules have been preloaded or identified to virtual fetch (VF), and initialization continues.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

Check the member identified by *job.step.proc* in the message and verify that it is valid.

Module:
DFSPLPPO

DFS675I *job.step.proc*-PROCLIB MEMBER
DELIMITER NOT FOUND

Explanation

The IMS initialization process, while scanning a record from the specified member of IMS PROCLIB, encountered a character other than one of the following:

- blank - used to end a list of modules
- comma - used between module names
- \$#@ - national characters
- ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ - alphabetic characters
- 0123456789 - numeric characters

System action

No modules have been preloaded or identified to virtual fetch (VF), and initialization continues.

Module:
DFSHLINO, DFSPLPPO

DFS676I *job.step.proc*-NO MODULES HAVE
BEEN PRELOADED

Explanation

None of the modules specified for preloading were eligible.

System action

No modules have been preloaded, but initialization continues.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer at your installation.

Programmer response

To determine if the preload function is being used correctly, see the system definition information.

Problem determination:
1, 8, 36

Module:
DFSPLDRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS677I **PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON JOB/
LINK/SVCLIB FOR FOLLOWING
MODULES:**

Explanation

Module preload encountered an I/O error when scanning the PDS directories for STEPLIB, JOBLIB, SYS1.LINKLIB, or SYS1.SVCLIB. The modules for which it was scanning are listed following this message.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with an abend 0718.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Programmer response

If you decide this is a permanent condition, follow your PDS recovery procedure.

Problem determination:
1, 4, 8, 36

Module:
DFSPLPPO

Related information

[IMS abend 0718](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS678I **BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING
MODULES:**

Explanation

The modules listed were not found when module preload scanned the PDS directories for: STEPLIB, JOBLIB, SYS1.LINKLIB, or SYS1.SVCLIB.

System action

Initialization continues. If the modules were not in the LINKPACK, an 806 system abend occurs.

Operator response

If an 806 system abend occurs, give the IMS system programmer in your installation the storage memory dump and the z/OS console printout.

Programmer response

If an 806 system abend occurs, check the PDSs for damage.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 36

Module:

DFSPLDR0, DFSPLPPO

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS679I **FOLLOWING MODULES NOT
LOADED: *module_names***

Explanation

Module preload attempted to load the listed modules, but z/OS failed or the IMS Module Manager (DFSMODU0) rejected the load request. The return code follows each module name. For an explanation of the IMODULE LOAD return codes, see the IMS system services return code information.

This message might also be issued if sufficient storage is not available.

System action

If any of the modules are required by IMS, abend 0718 follows. If all of the modules are optional, initialization continues.

Operator response

Contact the IMS system programmer at your installation.

Programmer response

Check the JOB/STEPLIB PDS member attributes. To avoid possible physical damage to the DASD pack, you might want to again bind those modules that were not loaded.

If sufficient storage is not available, increase the SQA, CSA, or region size, as needed.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 36

Module:

DFSPLDR0

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0718](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS680I **USING CHKPT *yyddd/hhmmss***

Explanation

The system selected this checkpoint for emergency or normal restart.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Module:

DFSBCP0

DFS681I **CHKPT *xxx* PSB *psbname* JOB
jobname ID *userckptid* *yyy* *zzzzzz*
[X'*nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn*']**

Explanation

An IMS batch or batch message processing (BMP) job has issued a CHKP checkpoint call. For a batch job, *xxx* is DLI, *yyy* is SER, and *zzzzzz* is the current volume serial number of the output log. For a BMP, *xxx* is BMP, *yyy* is DDN, and *zzzzzz* is the ddname of the current output online log data set, OLDS.

In either case, in the message text:

- *psbname* is the name of the PSB which issued the checkpoint call
- *userckptid* is the 8-byte checkpoint ID value specified by the application program.
- If it appears, *nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn* is the EBCDIC representation of the HEX value of the checkpoint ID.

To suppress issuing this message, code NOMSG681 on the CKPTID= EXEC parameter. If you also want to suppress issuing message DFS0540I and DFS0542I, code NOMSGS. If you want to suppress only messages DFS681I and DFS0542I, code NO681542.

Note: In most cases, the checkpoint ID consists of printable universal character data. When the

checkpoint ID consists of printable universal character data, the EBCDIC representation of the HEX value of the checkpoint ID does not appear. If the EBCDIC representation of the HEX value does appear, it must be translated to binary for restart purposes.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Module:
DFSRDBL0, DFSRBLB0

DFS682I **BATCH-MSG PROGRAM *pgmname***
 JOB *jobname* MAY BE RESTARTED
 FROM CHKPT ID *id-value*
 [X'nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn']

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- IMS was processing the checkpoint **FREEZE** command and the batch message processing program listed made a CHKP call with the indicated checkpoint ID value.
- During emergency restart processing, the batch message processing program listed was processing at the time of system failure. The indicated CHKPT-ID was the last CHKP call issued. All databases and the message queue have been restored to reflect the status that existed at the time the **CHKP** call was issued.
Note: The *jobname* and *psbname* are the same if this message was issued during emergency restart.
- The indicated CHKPT-ID was the last CHKP call issued before abnormal termination of the listed batch message processing program. All databases and the message queues have been restored to reflect the status that existed at the time the CHKP call was issued.

Note: In most cases, the checkpoint ID consists of printable universal character data. When the checkpoint ID consists of printable universal character data, the EBCDIC representation of the HEX value of the checkpoint ID does not appear. If the EBCDIC hexadecimal value *nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn* does appear, it must be translated to a binary value for restart purposes.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Operator response

(master terminal) Take one of the following actions:

- If the batch message processing program reads messages from the message queue and does not require restart routines, start the program in the normal manner.
- If the batch message processing program does not read messages from the queue or requires restart routines, restart the program from the checkpoint ID listed.

Problem determination

4, the log data set being used for restart, or the current IMS system log if restart is not in progress.

Module:
DFSRBLB0, DFSRBOI0, DFSRDBL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS683I ***nnnnn* DFS681I MESSAGES**
 SKIPPED FOR BMP=*PSBNAME*
 JOB=*JOBNAME*

Explanation

This message is issued when a number, *nnnnnn*, of DFS681I messages were omitted per batch/BMP region. You can specify the maximum number of DFS681I messages to be issued per second in a batch/BMP region. This is done on the OPTION,ISSUE681= statement within the DFSVSMxx member. If some of these messages are omitted as a result, DFS683I gives the number omitted.

System action

Normal processing continues

Operator response

If a large number of DFS681I messages are skipped for a BMP region, the application might be looping. Contact the IMS system programmer at your installation.

Module

DFSRDBL0

Related information

[“DFS681I” on page 228](#)

CHKPT xxx PSB *psbname* JOB *jobname* ID
userckptid *yyy zzzzzz* [X'*nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn*']

DFS684I ***job.step.proc*-CTL PROGRAM NOT
EXECUTED, SVC INITIALIZATION
FAILED**

Explanation

IMS type 2 SVC initialization failed. Some possible reasons for the failure are:

- An attempt was made to start a second copy of IMS control region with the same IMSID as one already running. This can also occur if IMS SVC termination failed in a previous run of IMS with the same IMSID.
- The IMS SDFSRESL is not authorized or the IMS SVC module is being loaded from an unauthorized library.
- The region size is too small.
- Not enough CSA is available.

Abend 0684 and message DFS686W accompany this message.

System action

The region that issued abend 0684 terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Do one of the following:

- Correct the duplicated IMSID situation and rerun the job.
- Make sure IMS SDFSRESL is authorized or include the DFSRESLB DD statement that points to an authorized library containing the IMS SVC modules.
- Increase the region size.
- Allocate additional CSA and IPL the system.

See abend 0684 and message DFS686W for additional information.

Module:

DFSRR00

Related information

[Abend 0684](#)

[DFS686W](#)

IMS *jobname imsid* INIT/TERM (*nn*) FAILURE
RC=*xxxxyyzz*

DFS0685I **WRITE TO INTERNAL READER
FAILED: DDNAME=*data_set_name*
MEMBER=*member_name* JOB
NAME=*job_name***

Explanation

Writing the specified member to the internal reader failed.

Programmer response

Check any messages that the internal reader might have issued. Verify that the member, data set, and job names are correct. Make the necessary corrections and reissue the command.

Module:

DFSPMBRO

DFS686W **IMS *jobname imsid* INIT/TERM (*nn*)
FAILURE RC=*xxxxyyzz***

Explanation

An SVC initialization or termination failure occurred during processing. The *jobname* and *imsid* identify the IMS system. If the *imsid* field is N/A, the *imsid* was unavailable at the time the message was issued. The function code *nn* identifies the SVC initialization or termination function processing at the time of the error. Possible function code values are:

Code

Function

01

INITSVCS, SVC initialization

02

INITDEP, dependent region initialization

03

Reserved

04

TERMSVC, SVC termination

05

TERMDEP, dependent region termination

06

Reserved

07

INITSCD, initialize SCD in IMS SVC vector table

08

KILLSVC, clear SVC directory entries

09

INITBAT, batch region initialization

Return code *xxxxyyzz* identifies the type of failure and where it occurred:

xxxx

If nonzero, *xxxx* is the return code from a service called by the SVC. For IMODULE and IMSAUTH failures, see the IMS system services return code information.

yy

The module that issued the message:

03=DFSVC200
05=DFSVC100

zz

The return code from the SVC module that indicates what type of failure occurred.

The values for yyzz for DFSVC200 failures are:

301

GETMAIN failed for DFSVC100 parameter list.

302

Invalid function

303

SVC directory block address is zero or unable to locate directory entry for region.

304

Region type of caller is invalid for request.

305

Vector table address is zero.

306

SVC release is incompatible with IMS release.

307

SVC number is invalid in SSCD/SCD.

308

GETMAIN failed for DCB work area.

309

SSCD copy failed.

30A

SVC number changed in SSCD after SVC validation.

30B

SCD address is zero.

30C

RMPL address is zero.

30D

Non-authorized caller of an authorized function.

30E

Invalid SCDRGTyp value.

30F

Online IMS caller is not in a system key.

The values for yyzz for DFSVC100 failures are:

501

Invalid function

502

Invalid caller

503

Duplicate IMSID

505

GETMAIN failed for SVC directory block.

506

GETMAIN failed for SVC vector table.

507

IMSAUTH BLDSSCT failed.

508

IMODULE LOAD for DLS/LSO table failed.

509

IMODULE LOAD for an IMS SVC routine failed.

For batch IMS, the routine is one of the following:
DFSAS70, DFSV4200, DFSV4300, or DFSV4400.

Ensure that these modules are in an authorized library.

For online IMS, the routine is one of the following:
DFSAS70, DFSASK00, DFSBCK00, DFSICSC0, DFSUICC0, DFSV4100, DFSV4200, DFSV4300, DFSV4400, or DFSVES00.

Ensure that these modules are in the IMS
SDFSRESL data set.

50A

IMODULE LOAD for DFSAS0F0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

50B

IMODULE LOAD for DFSISI00 failed.

50C

GETMAIN failed for SSVT.

50D

Caller is using invalid SVC number.

50E

IMODULE GETMAIN for key 7 SCD failed.

50F

IMSAUTH SSCTSCD failed.

510

IMODULE LOAD for DFSSTM00 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

511

IMODULE LOAD for DFSKPXT0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

512

IMODULE LOAD for DFSTOPR0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

513

IMODULE GETMAIN for CBT header failed.

514

IMODULE LOAD for DFSBC000 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

- 515**
Unable to initialize DFSCBT10 blocks. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 516**
Unable to initialize CBTE blocks.
- 517**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSSPF00 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 518**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSLMGR0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 519**
GETMAIN failed for DFSSTM00 work area.
- 51A**
Unable to obtain SRBC IPAGE.
- 51B**
Invalid SSCD eyecatcher in caller-passed SSCD block.
- 51C**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSLRH00 failed. For batch IMS, ensure this module is in an authorized library.
- 51D**
Module assembled at level incompatible with IMS release.
- 51E**
Batch Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same address space using the same IMS ID.
- 51F**
Batch Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same TSO address space.
- 520**
Batch Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same address space using the same TCB.
- 521**
Dependent Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same address space, same IMS ID, and one of the images not a dependent region.
- 522**
Dependent Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same address space, same IMS ID, both dependent regions, but different TCBs. (This is not a dependent region waiting for a control region to come up and going through SVC INIT retry logic.)
- 523**
Dependent Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same address space and one of them is a control region.
- 524**
Dependent Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same TSO address space.
- 525**
Dependent Region initialization failed - two IMS images in the same non-TSO address space, not control regions, but the same TCB.
- 526**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSDCFR0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 527**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSDXES0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 528**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSDMAW0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 529**
IMODULE GETMAIN for key 7 CFB failed.
- 52A**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSDCFC0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 52B**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSRRSB0 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 52C**
Unable to load module DFSRTMI0. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 52D**
Unable to establish resource cleanup environment for IMS.
- 530**
Initialization of IMODULE services failed. See the preceding DFS4342E message for details about the failure. xxxx in the message is the return code from IMODULE services initialization module DFSMODX0.
- 532**
Double INITBAT call. DFSVCI00 was called for batch SVC initialization, but batch initialization was already done.
- 533**
DFSVCI00 was called for batch SVC initialization, but the region type did not indicate it was a batch IMS region.
- 534**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSMDA00 failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.

- 535**
Getmain failed for BLDL in directed load subroutine.
- 536**
BLDL failed to locate the requested module in directed load subroutine.
- 537**
STORAGE OBTAIN for module directed load failed.
- 538**
LOAD failed to load module into storage.
- 539**
PGSER PROTECT module DFSISI00 failed.
- 53A**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSAOSFM failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 53B**
IMODULE LOAD for DFSAOSIM failed. For batch IMS, ensure that this module is in an authorized library.
- 53C**
OSAM initialization module DFSAOSIM returned a non-zero return code. The value of xxxx in the message is the return code from DFSAOSIM.

System action

SVC initialization or termination processing terminates. The SVC module passes a return code to the caller, who might issue an IMS abend.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the failure and correct the problem. For IMS batch job DFSVCI00 errors that involve IMODULE LOAD, the modules that are being loaded must come from an APF-authorized library. If you are using a DFSRESLB DD statement in your batch job, ensure that the modules that are listed under "Specifying the DFSRESLB DD statement in IMS batch procedures" in [The specification of IMS procedures \(System Definition\)](#) are all included in DFSRESLB, and that all of the data sets in the DFSRESLB DD concatenation are APF-authorized.

Problem determination:

1, 11, 36

Module:

DFSVCI00, DFSVC200

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[Processor requirements \(Release Planning\)](#)

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS687I	DBRC INDICATES DBD=x WITHIN PSB=y WITH TOKEN=z WAS BACKED OUT, RIS HAS BEEN PURGED.
----------------	--

Explanation

While IMS attempts to build a recoverable in-doubt structure (RIS), DBRC informs IMS that database x within PSB=y was altered under a unit of recovery identified by token z and was backed out through Batch Backout. The online region considered the changed data to be in an indoubt state.

System action

The online system stops the database identified, but it does not build a recoverable in-doubt structure for the data.

Programmer response

If the backing-out of the data was intended, then a **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** command makes the database available. However, if backing-out of the data was not intended, or if multiple resource managers are involved, an investigation into the resolution of the in-doubt data must be made.

Module:

DFSDRISO

DFS688I	<i>job.step.proc-CANCELED BY OPERATOR. CTL PGM NOT ACTIVE hh.mm.ss</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The control region was not active. This situation was determined by the dependent region parameter analysis. The job was canceled because:

- The cancel option (OPT=C) was specified on the dependent region EXEC statement.
- The operator entered CANCEL or C in response to error message DFS690A.

Module:

DFSRRAO0

Related information

["DFS690A" on page 234](#)

CTL xxxx NOT ACTIVE, REPLY 'WAIT' OR
'CANCEL' - yyyyyyyy

DFS689I *job.step.proc--DBRC/DLS REGION*
 CANCELED HH.MM.SS

Explanation

Either the DBRC or DL/I subordinate address space region could not successfully connect to its associated control region. Most likely, the control region was abnormally terminated.

System action

The indicated region terminates with abend 0689.

Programmer response

See abend 0689.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[Abend 0689](#)

DFS690A **CTL xxxx NOT ACTIVE, REPLY**
 'WAIT' OR 'CANCEL' - yyyyyyyy

or

job.step.proc-CTL PGM NOT ACTIVE, REPLY 'WAIT'
OR 'CANCEL' OR 'alt-id'

Explanation

There are two forms of this message. In a Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem environment, a Coordinator Control (CCTL) subsystem tried to identify to an IMS control program that was not active. The inactive IMS control program is xxxx; the identifying CCTL is yyyyyyyy.

For the second form of this message: a dependent region started running when the IMS control or Database Control (DBCTL) region was not active.

System action

If you entered WAIT, the dependent region waits; if you entered CANCEL, the dependent region terminates. If you specified neither, the dependent region uses the reply as a name of an alternate control region to which it attempts to identify.

If you entered WAIT, the CCTL waits before attempting to identify again. If you entered CANCEL, the current initialization transaction is terminated.

Operator response

(master terminal) Reply WAIT or CANCEL, if either is appropriate. If the control region will soon be available, reply WAIT. Reply with an alternate control region ID, if one is active.

The JCL for the dependent job region must specify the same IMSID and SDFSRESL as the IMS control region. If the dependent region JCL IMSID is incorrect, reply with the correct control region ID. If SDFSRESL is incorrect, reply CANCEL, correct the dependent region JCL, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSRRRA00, DFSPRA10

DFS691I **WAITING FOR CTL xxxx - yyyyyyyy**

Explanation

In a Database Control (DBCTL) environment, IMS issues this message when the operator enters WAIT in response to a DFS690A message. A Coordinator Control (CCTL) subsystem is waiting for the IMS control program to become active. The inactive program is xxxx; the identifying CCTL is yyyyyyyy.

System action

The CCTL waits a user-specified number of seconds, taken from the TIMER= parameter in the DRA Startup Table, DFSPZPxx, before attempting to identify to DBCTL.

Module:

DFSRRRA00

Related information

[“DFS690A” on page 234](#)

CTL xxxx NOT ACTIVE, REPLY 'WAIT' OR
'CANCEL' - yyyyyyyy

DFS692I *jobname.stepname.procstepname*
 BUFFER CONTROL-BUF=value

Explanation

The buffer control value might be used when the log terminator program is needed to close the log data set.

Module:

DFSDLN00

DFS0693I **RIS ESTABLISHED FOR PSB**
 xxxxxxxx, PRTKN=yyyyyyyy,
 TOKEN=zzzzzzzz, RRS-

URID=xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
www

Explanation

A Recoverable In-doubt Structure (RIS) was established for a thread in either a CCTL-IMS environment or in an RRS protected conversation environment. The RRS-URID is supplied for only protected conversation work and is the RRS unit of recovery interest token. The referenced PSB is xxxxxxxx, the pseudo token is yyyyyyyy, and the actual IMS recovery token is zzzzzzzz. The RIS is maintained until a resynchronization process is performed with IMS.

Module:
DFSDRISO

**DFS694I 'CTL' WAS SPECIFIED FOR JOB
 STEP EXECUTION**

Explanation

The IMS control region was started using job JCL, but CTL was specified in the execution JCL parameter. IMS initialization continued.

System action

The IMS control program operates as a job step task.

This message can be avoided if the CTX" parameter is used, or if the IMS control region is started as a system task.

Programmer response

Consult the IMS system programmer for your installation before doing this action.

Module:
DFSRRAO0

**DFS0695I OSAM (OPEN|CLOSE|EOV)
 INTERCEPT,ABEND=sss-rc,
 DDN=ddddddddd**

Explanation

OSAM issued an OPEN, CLOSE, or EOVS macro call, and the DCB abend exit routine was entered because of an abnormal condition. The abend can be ignored, thus preventing the IMS region from terminating abnormally. The requested function was not performed, and the data set are closed, if possible.

In the message text:

sss-rc

The system completion code (abend), and the subcode that might accompany the abend (see *z/OS MVS System Codes (SA22-7626)* for a description of the abend.)

ddddddddd

The data definition name (ddname) of the data set encountering the error

System action

A nonzero return code is passed to the caller of OSAM. Depending upon the function requested (OPEN, CLOSE, or EOVS), the caller displays an additional error message, or can ignore the error and continue processing.

Programmer response

The purpose of this message is to record the fact that an ignorable abend condition occurred. The abend might be expected or permitted, for example, while closing a data set that has been renamed or deleted. If the abend is the result of I/O errors while processing the VTOC or writing a file mark to the data set, the type of data set (database, IMS system data set, or log data set) determines the recovery process to follow.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 27

Module:
DFSASOFO

Related reference

[z/OS: System completion codes](#)

**DFS0696I COMMAND REJECTED, UNABLE TO
 GET STORAGE**

Explanation

A command module tried to get storage with invalid parameters. The storage manager rejected the storage request. The command cannot be processed. This problem is an internal error that requires action by the system programmer.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the storage manager trace was active at the time of the command failure, find the trace log record associated with the storage request failure.

If the storage manager trace was not active at the time of the command failure, turn it on using the **/TRACE SET ON TABLE STRG** command. Reenter the command. If the command fails again, find the needed information in the associated storage manager trace log record.

Module:

DFSICA20, DFSICLI0, DFSICLM0, DFSICL60, DFSICL90, DFSICV40, DFSIC410, DFSIC460

DFS697I **IMODULE FAILED REG15=xx IN**
 DFSDINB0 FOR EPLOC=yyyyyyyy

Explanation

An IMODULE LOAD or an IMODULE GETMAIN failed during Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem initialization (DFSDINB0). Register 15 contains the return code from the IMODULE routine (DFSMODU0). For the meaning of the return code, see the IMS system services return code information. Field yyyyyyyy is the location in DFSDINB0 where the error occurred.

System action

For a DBCTL-only system, IMS issues abend 0718 for IMODULE LOAD failures and abend 0580 for IMODULE GETMAIN failures.

For an online DBCTL system, the online system continues to run, and IMS informs the Coordinator Control (CCTL) subsystem that DBCTL initialization failed.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for help in diagnosing the problem.

Module:

DFSDINB0

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0580](#)

[IMS abend 0718](#)

DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION PROCESSING NOT ENABLED - Cause

The *Cause* can be any as detailed in the following messages:

DFS0698W **PROTECTED CONVERSATION**
 PROCESSING NOT ENABLED - RRS
 IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

IMS attempted to initialize with the z/OS Resource Recovery Services (RRS) in a z/OS system, but RRS is not active.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

If you want to use protected conversation processing, activate RRS. IMS and RRS automatically connects and perform their coordinated restart. Protected conversation processing will then be enabled.

Module:

DFSRRSIO

DFS0698W **PROTECTED CONVERSATION**
 PROCESSING NOT ENABLED -
 UNABLE TO BUILD VECTOR TABLE
 OF RRMS SERVICES

Explanation

IMS could not build its internal vector table of RRMS services from SYSQ.CSSLIB.

System action

Protected conversation processing is disabled for the instance of IMS and restart processing continues.

User response

If you want to use protected conversations with IMS, make sure that your SYSQ.CSSLIB contains the RRMS service stubs (CRG, CTX, and ATR modules). Then restart IMS.

Module:

DFSRRSIO

**DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION
PROCESSING NOT ENABLED
- UNABLE TO REGISTER
AS A RESOURCE MANAGER
RC=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS could not register as a resource manager with RRMS Registration Services. The return code xxxxxxxx is from the CRGGRM service.

System action

Protected conversation processing is disabled for this instance of IMS, and restart processing continues.

User response

If you want to use protected conversation processing, restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

Related reference

z/OS: Register Resource_Manager (CRGGRM, CRG4GRM)

**DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION
PROCESSING NOT ENABLED
DUE TO ABEND wxxxx REASON
CODE=yyyyyyyy RRS RC=zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

IMS abended during restart or resynchronization processing with z/OS Resource Recovery Services.

w

S (system abend) or U (user abend)

xxxx

Abend code. A system abend code is in hexadecimal and a user abend code is in decimal.

yyyyyyyy

Abend reason code if applicable.

zzzzzzzz

Return code from RRS service if applicable.

System action

Protected conversation processing is disabled for this instance of IMS, and restart processing continues.

User response

If you want to use protected conversation processing, restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

**DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION
PROCESSING NOT ENABLED -
NOT SUPPORTED IN LSO=Y
ENVIRONMENT**

Explanation

z/OS Resource Recovery Services support cannot be provided in a local storage option environment.

System action

Processing continues without RRS.

User response

LSO=S must be specified if an RRS connection is desired.

Module:
DFSIRSTO

**DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION
PROCESSING NOT ENABLED -
OPERATOR DECISION**

Explanation

The operator replied CANCEL to the DFS0548A message.

System action

The system continues without z/OS Resource Recovery Services.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

Related information

“DFS0548A” on page 182
RRS NOT ACTIVE BUT RRS=Y SPECIFIED -
REPLY: RETRY, CONTINUE OR CANCEL

**DFS0698W PROTECTED CONVERSATION
PROCESSING NOT ENABLED -
PREVIOUS ACTIVE IMS HAS NOT
TERMINATED**

Explanation

IMS attempted to set exits with z/OS Resource Recovery Services because RRS=Y was specified. A return code was received indicating that this IMS already has exits set with RRS. This is the case of a previous active or the old XRF active not terminating.

System action

The system highlights this message to indicate the severity and will repeatedly attempt to set exits asynchronously to other processing.

Operator response

Ensure the previous active terminated, even if manual action is required.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

DFS0698W	PROTECTED CONVERSATION PROCESSING NOT ENABLED -
DFS0699I	RESYNC (COMMIT ABORT) COMPLETE FOR PSB xxxxxxxx, PRTKN=yyyyyyyyy, TOKEN=zzzzzzzz, RRS- URID=xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxx

Explanation

A phase 2 COMMIT or ABORT process completed for an in-doubt unit of work (UOW) identified by pseudo token yyyyyyyy and PSB xxxxxxxx. The IMS recovery token is zzzzzzzz. If the UOW was part of a protected conversation, the z/OS Resource Recovery Services (RRS) unit of recovery interest token, xxxxxxxx, is also supplied.

Module:
DFSDRID0

DFS700I	INVALID CONTROL CARD FORMAT. SUBCODE=xxxx
----------------	--

Explanation

The control statement printed before this message contains an error.

System action

The control statement is ignored and standard defaults are used.

PREVIOUS RRS SYSTEM HAS NOT TERMINATED

Explanation

IMS received a ATR_RESTART_WRONG_SYSTEM return code from the ATRIBRS (begin restart) call, indicating that IMS is restarting on the wrong system. This is the case in which an IMS is being started on another system or the XRF alternate is attempting to takeover. z/OS Resource Recovery Services requires that resource managers restart on the same system as before if there is work to be resolved, unless the RRS on the previous system is inactive.

System action

IMS continues processing without RRS, but repeatedly attempts to do the restart with RRS.

Operator response

Ensure the previous active terminated, even if manual action is required.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

Programmer response

This is a user error. Correct the control statement and resubmit the job. See the following list of subcodes xxxx to determine the error.

Code

Subcodes for messages

0001

Control statement column 10 invalid.

0002

SKIP keyword without value.

0003

SKIP specified twice.

0004

SKIP value too long.

0005

SKIP value invalid.

0006

STOPAFT keyword without value.

0007

STOPAFT specified twice.

0008

STOPAFT value out of range.

0009

STOPAFT missing right parenthesis.

0010

STOPAFT missing comma.

0011
STOPAFT value too long.

0012
STOPAFT value invalid.

0013
DDNAME keyword without value.

0014
DDNAME specified twice.

0015
DDNAME value too long.

0016
DDNOUT keyword without value.

0017
DDNOUT specified twice.

0018
DDNOUT value too long.

0019
Invalid keyword in column 16.

0020
Not used.

0021
Not used.

0022
Not used.

0023
D= keyword without value.

0024
K= keyword without value.

0025
H= keyword without value.

0026
O= keyword without value.

0027
Not used.

Module:
DFSERA10

Chapter 17. DFS messages, DFS701I - DFS0750I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS701I INVALID CARD TYPE.

Explanation

A statement did not contain CONTROL, OPTION, *, or END in column 1.

System action

The statement is printed and ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the statement or remove it from the input data, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS702I INVALID OPTION CARD OR PRIOR ERROR. SUBCODE=xxxx

Explanation

The OPTION statement identified in the message test by xxxx is in error, or a previous error caused this statement to be ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the option statement and resubmit the job. See the following subcode listing to determine the error.

xxxx

Subcodes for messages

0001

Keyword invalid in column 10.

0002

Invalid keyword in option statement.

0003

V= keyword without value.

0004

VALUE= keyword without value.

0005

SYM= & VALUE= keywords on the same option.

0006

VALUE= specified twice.

0007

VALUE= & without symbol name.

0008

VALUE= &symbol, symbol name > 8.

0009

FLDTYP keyword without value.

0010

FLDTYP specified twice.

0011

FLDTYP invalid.

0012

COND= keyword specified twice.

0013

COND= keyword without value.

0014

COND=T without Y or N.

0015

COND= blank or comma missing.

0016

FLDLEN used with COND=T.

0017

COND= value invalid.

0018

FLDLEN keyword without value.

0019

FLDLEN specified twice.

0020

FLDLEN value too long.

0021

FLDLEN value invalid.

0022

FLDLEN value out of range.

0023

OFFSET= keyword without value.

0024

OFFSET= specified twice.

0025

OFFSET= value too long.

0026

OFFSET= value invalid.

0027

OFFSET= value out of range.

0028

Not used.

0029

SYM= keyword without value.

0030
SYM= first character not '&'.
0031
SYM= specified twice.
0032
SYM=& without symbol name.
0033
SYM=&symbol, symbol name > 8.
0034
STOPAFT= keyword without value.
0035
STOPAFT= specified twice.
0036
STOPAFT= value too long.
0037
STOPAFT= value invalid.
0038
STOPAFT= value out of range.
0039
STARTAF= keyword without value.
0040
STARTAF= specified twice.
0041
STARTAF= value too long.
0042
STARTAF= value invalid.
0043
STARTAF= value out of range.
0044
STOPAFT= used without COND=E.
0045
STARTAF= used without COND=E.
0046
C= value invalid.
0047
EXITR= keyword without value.
0048
EXITR= specified twice.
0049
EXITR= value too long.
0050
Not used.
0051
Not used.
0052
Not used.
0053
Not used.
0054
DDNAME= keyword without value.

0055
DDNAME= specified twice.
0056
DDNAME= value too long.
0057
PRTSYS= keyword without value.
0058
PRTSYS= specified twice.
0059
PRTSYS= without option COPY.
0060
PRTSYS= value invalid.
0061
H= keyword without value.
0062
B= keyword without value.
0063
O= keyword without value.
0064
L= keyword without value.
0065
C= keyword without value.
0066
T= keyword without value.
0067
E= keyword without value.
0068
Not used.
0069
D= keyword without value.
0070
P= keyword without value.
0071
PARM parameter specified more than once.
0072
No PARM parameter specified.
0073
Format error in PARM list (missing left parenthesis).
0074
Format error in PARM list (length is less than 3).
0075
Format error in PARM list (length is greater than 258).
0076
Format error in PARM list (missing right parenthesis).
0077
You specified FLDLEN or FLDTYP, but did not specify VALUE.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS703I NORMAL END OF JOB.

Explanation

Program has terminated without uncontrollable errors. Error messages might have been printed but no abend conditions occurred.

Programmer response

Verify that all options completed normally.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS704I NO OPTION CARDS SUPPLIED.

Explanation

This message was issued for one of the following reasons:

- The OPTION statements were omitted.
- Errors caused all options to be ignored.

System action

A test sequence was ignored.

Programmer response

If the OPTION statements were omitted, include the OPTION cards as needed.

Otherwise, correct errors as previously noted in SYSOUT printing.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS705I UNABLE TO OPEN INPUT FILE.

Explanation

The OPEN for the data set associated with the last control statement failed.

System action

The error message is printed and processing continues with the next input statement.

Programmer response

Verify that the JCL is correct and the DCB parameters are supplied if the data set does not use a standard label, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSERA10

DFS706I ELEMENT LIST ERROR.

Explanation

If RC=04, DFSERA10 detected a duplicate symbol or the symbol specified in the VALUE= option was not found. You must specify a SYM= statement before the VALUE= statement that contains that symbol.

System action

Processing terminates and the next test sequence is constructed.

Programmer response

If previous errors were printed, correct them and rerun the job.

Problem determination

If the error persists, see 2, 4, 36

Module:
DFSERA10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS707I END OF FILE ON INPUT.

Explanation

The input file reached an EOF. The current test sequence is ended.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS708I OPTION COMPLETE.

Explanation

The current test sequence is ended.

System action

Processing continues on the next sequence.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS709I UNABLE TO OPEN OUTPUT FILE.

Explanation

The OPEN for the data set associated with the last control statement failed.

System action

The error message is printed and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Verify that the JCL is correct and the DCB parameters are supplied if the data set does not use a standard label, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSERA10

DFS710A	UCF TERMINATING DUE TO STOP REQUEST
----------------	--

Explanation

While processing under the Utility Control Facility, the system operator requested a "stop-processing" or a control function contained an EXEC=STOP on its control statement.

System action

Processing stops, and return code 4 is passed to the next step.

Programmer response

If further processing is required, change the JCL to allow for Restart under the Utility Control Facility, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 36. Also, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=710 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCF00

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS711W	VERIFY FAILED FOR <i>module/database csect/data set</i> ON REQUEST <i>nnnn</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

While processing a zap function (*ff*), a verification of data failed. The *module* and *csect* or *database* and *data set* is identified.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the input control statement data, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 36. Also, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=711 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSUCF00

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0712A	xxxxx KEYWORD REPEATED-MAY BE SPECIFIED ONLY ONCE
-----------------	--

Explanation

A keyword on the control statement to module DFSPIRPO was specified more than once.

System action

The control statement is scanned for further errors, and processing is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement specifying a keyword only once.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

DFS0713A	DATE INVALID
-----------------	---------------------

Explanation

An invalid DATE parameter was specified. Possible causes are:

- The date was not in the form *MM/DD*, where *MM* is one or two numeric characters from 1 through 12

and *DD* is one or two numeric characters from 1 through 31.

- The date (*DD*) specified is too large for the corresponding month (*MM*).

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the DATE parameter in the DFSPIRPO control statement.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

DFS0714A	xxxxx PARAMETER DOES NOT END WITH COMMA OR SPACE
-----------------	---

Explanation

A parameter on the control statement to module DFSPIRPO did not end with a comma or space.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

DFS0715A	STOP TIME SPECIFIED PRECEDES START OF TRACING
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DATE operand on the control statement to module DFSPIRPO specified a date prior to the start of PI tracing. The hours and minutes (*HHMM*) specified for the STOP parameter, combined with the date specified, was before 00:00:00 on the date tracing started. This message is issued after the control statement scan has been completed.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement omitting the DATE operand or the STOP parameter, or specify them such that the stop time is after PI tracing was started.

Module:

DFSPIRPO

DFS0716A	PRINT MUST BE SPECIFIED BEFORE ANY KEYWORDS
-----------------	--

Explanation

A keyword other than PRINT was specified first on the control statement to module DFSPIRPO.

System action

The control statement is scanned for further errors and processing is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement specifying PRINT as the first keyword.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

DFS0717A	STOP TIME SPECIFIED PRECEDES START TIME SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The STOP parameter was earlier than the START parameter. This message is issued after the control statement scan has been completed.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement specifying a stop time later than the start time.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

DFS0718W	BLANK OR NO CONTROL CARD SPECIFIED-IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A SYSIN DD statement was included but the input data set contained a blank line or the data set was empty (no records).

System action

The report includes records from the beginning to the end of the log data set. The control statement processing is bypassed.

Programmer response

If a time period was wanted, provide a valid control statement. If no control statement is required, the SYSIN DD statement should be omitted.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

**DFS0719I X'4006' CHECKPOINT RECORD
NOT FOUND ON THE INPUT LOG**

Explanation

An X'4006' checkpoint log record must be processed before any PI trace log records. No report was generated because an X'4006' log record was not found. X'4006' log record can be lost when specifying only part of the log data set on the LOGTAPE DD statement.

System action

The IMS Program Isolation Trace Report utility, DFSPIRPO, is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the correct SLDs, including all volumes in correct sequence, on the LOGTAPE DD statement.

Problem determination:

3, 5, 8, 36

Module:
DFSPIRPO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0720A xxxxx TIME INVALID

Explanation

The start or stop time was not specified in two numeric characters from 00 through 99 for hours, and in two numeric characters from 00 through 59 for minutes.

System action

The control statement is scanned for further errors, and processing is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the start or stop time on the control statement.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

**DFS0721A INVALID KEYWORD IN DFSPIRPO
CONTROL CARD**

Explanation

The control statement to module DFSPIRPO contained an operand other than PRINT=, START=, STOP=, or DATE=.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

**DFS0722I NO TRANSACTION HAD TO WAIT
FOR AN ENQUEUE DURING THE
TIME PERIOD**

Explanation

No transaction had to wait for an enqueue during the time period and no report was generated.

System action

The program reaches normal completion.

Programmer response

This might be a normal condition. If a control statement was included, ensure that the time period was correct.

Module:
DFSPIRPO

**DFS0723A REGION SIZE TOO SMALL FOR
PROGRAM DFSPIRPO**

Explanation

The region size specified for program DFSPIRPO was not large enough to contain the common work area, input log buffer, and data management block list.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Increase the region size, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFS0724A NO TRACE RECORDS ON LOG DATASET FOR THE TIME PERIOD

Explanation

No program isolation (PI) trace log records were found on the log data set during the specified time period. This problem occurred because:

- PI tracing was not in effect during the time period.
- The IMS system was dormant during the period and no activity occurred which required tracing.
- The time period specified on the control statement for the IMS program isolation trace report utility did not overlap the time period corresponding to the log data set provided by the log DD statement.

System action

No report is generated and the program completes normally.

Programmer response

Ensure that the time period specified on the control statement corresponds to the log data set provided. Check the console records to determine if PI tracing was active during the time period. If PI tracing was active check to see if the system was dormant.

Problem determination:

3, 5, 8, 36

Module:

DFSPIRPO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0725I INITIATE|UPDATE|TERMINATE OLREORG COMMAND FOR DB dbnamexx COMPLETE. CC= nn

Explanation

The **/INITIATE**, **/UPDATE**, or **/TERMINATE OLREORG** command processing is complete.

In the message text:

dbnamexx

is the HALDB partition name entered in the command

nn

is the completion code

A zero completion code indicates that the command has been successfully processed. Message DFS2970I is issued after OLR initialization completes to indicate that the HALDB OLR has started. A nonzero completion code indicates that an unexpected error was encountered during command processing.

Completion code

Meaning

- 0** REQUEST SUCCESSFUL
- 10** RESOURCE NAME INVALID
- 14** RESOURCE NOT A PARTITION NAME
- 1C** RESOURCE IS A PARTITION SECONDARY INDEX
- 20** INIT OLREORG ISSUED, OLR IS ALREADY IN PROGRESS
- 24** NO OLREORG IS IN PROGRESS
- 28** NO DMB LOADED - need to schedule a PSB that references the DB
- 254** OLR scheduling failed due to partition selection exit-routine that was not found or not loaded.
- AE** DYNAMIC ALLOCATION ERROR
- C1** OLREORG DDIR MISSING
- C3** OLREORG PARTITION STOPPED, or LOCKED, or DBDUMPED
- C4** OLREORG PARTITION BEING RECOVERED
- C5** OLREORG PARTITION ACCESS NOT UPDATE/ EXCLUSIVE
- C6** OLREORG SCHEDULING FAILED - A failure to build required blocks/PSB or partition selection failure occurred.
- C7** OLREORG PARTITION NOT AUTHORIZED - Check HALDB Master status
- C8** OLREORG MASTER STOPPED, or LOCKED, or DBDUMPED

C9
OLREORG MASTER ACCESS NOT UPDATE or EXCLUSIVE

CA
OLREORG SET OWNERSHIP FAILED

CB
PARTITION NOT IN SPECIFIED STATUS

CC
OLR already active for the partition

CE
HALDB OLR cannot access all the data in the partition because an EEQE exists.

DA
DATABASE BEING RECALLED FROM HSM

System action

IMS continues processing.

Problem determination:

6, 11

Module:

DFSORC10, DFSORP50

Related information

[“DFS2970I” on page 808](#)

OLR STARTED | RESUMED FOR
NAME=*partname* MASTER=*mastername*
PST=*pstnumber*

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0726A CONTROL CARD ERROR-
PROCESSING TERMINATED**

Explanation

The control statement to module DFSPIRP0 contained one or more errors as indicated by previous messages, or data was entered past position 71 on the control statement.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSPIRP0

**DFS0727A DATE/TIME SPECIFIED NOT
WITHIN 12 DAYS OF DATE PI
TRACE STARTED**

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- The DATE operand specified a date that was more than 12 days before or after the date PI tracing was started.
- The combination of the START and DATE operands resulted in a start time greater than 12 days from the date PI tracing started.

System action

The program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement specifying a valid date or starting time.

Module:

DFSPIRP0

**DFS0728W DATE SPECIFIED PRECEDES DATE
TRACING STARTED**

Explanation

The date specified was before the date PI tracing started. If IMS was active for more than one day, PI tracing might have begun after the first day that IMS was started.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine if the date specified was as intended.

Module:

DFSPIRP0

**DFS0729I UNABLE TO OBTAIN WORK
AREA FOR DL/I OPEN/CLOSE
PROCESSING**

Explanation

When attempting to open or close a DL/I database, it was found that main storage space for the work area required for OPEN/CLOSE processing was unavailable.

System action

Processing of the DL/I call is terminated and a status code of AI is returned in the PCB. In addition, the error code from the IMODULE routine is stored in PSTRTCDE.

Programmer response

Provide a larger address space for the step so that the work area can be obtained.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 17b, 36

Module:

DFSDLOC0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0730I	UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME <i>ddname</i> FOR REASON <i>x, yy, z</i> DATABASE <i>dbdname programid</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred when IMS tried to open or close a database. *ddname* is the DD statement name of the data set on which the error occurred. *x, yy* represents the major and minor reason codes. The data set *ddname* is a part of the DBD *dbdname*. If an error occurred when IMS tried to open a database, *programid* is included in the message. When a scheduler message block (SMB) is present, *programid* represents the transaction code (TRN). When an SMB is not present, *programid* represents the PSB name.

The following information provides the explanation, programmer response, and problem determination codes for the various major and minor reason codes, and z subcodes (when present):

Codes

Explanation

A,yy

An attempt was made to open an OSAM data set. The OSAM OPEN routine returned an error indication. *yy* is the hexadecimal error code that is returned in register 15.

Code (hex)

Meaning

00

The normal condition.

04

The DCB is already being opened or closed.

08

The DCB is already open.

0C

The DECBTYPE is invalid.

10

A failure in the IMS SVC occurred. DCBWRK1 indicates the reason.

For OSAM using VSAM linear data sets, the z field contains different hexadecimal error subcodes in the fourth (last) byte of DCBWRK1 by module DFSAOSFM. This subfield of the message is used for a message that contains reason code A,10.

z Value (hex)

Meaning

01

Internal error, Media Manager call failure.

02

Internal error, caller’s MMCLP invalid.

03

Internal error, DCB already open.

04

Internal error, not OSAM OPEN.

05

Already open as DUMMY.

06

DCB had earlier problem.

07

Internal error, caller did not pass DD name.

08

Internal error; caller passed zero for an MMP address.

99

There is a problem during OPEN/
CLOSE/EOV processing of the OSAM
Database. Look for any other
accompanying error Message to determine
the exact cause.

Programmer response: Call IBM Software Support.

14

An I/O error occurred while the OSAM OPEN routine was scanning for a file mark, formatting, or writing a file mark. See DECBSTAT for additional information.

18

An invalid RBN was calculated. The RBN is either 0 or is greater than the maximum RBN for the data set.

1C

An error occurred during TCLOSE processing for the data set. DCBWRK1 indicates the reason.

- 20** An error occurred while acquiring storage that uses IMODULE.
- 24** An error occurred during EOVS processing for the data set.
- 28** OSAMOP IOSCB=NO was specified in a control statement data set. This value caused BATCH initialization to bypass the allocation of OSAM I/O blocks and prevented the use of the OSAM access method.
- z is the hexadecimal error subcode returned at the last byte (byte number 4) in the field name DCBWRK1 by module DFSAOSF0. This subfield of the message is used for a message that contains reason code A,28.
- z Value (hex)**
- | z Value (hex) | Meaning |
|---------------|---|
| 01 | The DD statement is missing, or for dynamically allocated data sets, the data set is not yet allocated. |
| 02 | The data set is a concatenated data set. |
| 03 | Fewer units than volumes were specified for a DASD data set. |
| 04 | JCL specified a DSORG type not permitted by OSAM. |
| 05 | The DSCB for the data set was not found. |
| 06 | First volume DSCB specified a DSORG type not permitted by OSAM. |
| 07 | DCB block size not equal to DSCB block size after Job File Control Block/DCB merge. |
| 08 | DCB LRECL size not equal to DSCB LRECL size after Job File Control Block or Data Control Block (DCB) merge. |
| 09 | Neither the LRECL nor block size was specified in the DSCB, DCB, or JCL. |
| 0A | The specified block size is less than LRECL. |
| 0B | The specified block size exceeds the track size for the specified device. |

- 0C** A previous OPEN or EOVS failed.
- 0D** VIO not supported by OSAM. The data set is allocated to a VIO unit.
- 0E** Tape devices are not supported. The data set is allocated to a tape device.
- 0F** An internal error occurred in the OSAM DEB subroutine. DCBWRK1 indicates the error code:
- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | The block size is greater than the track size. |
| 02 | The DEB length is greater than the maximum allowed. There are too many extents. This situation might be the result of a DFS0842I message REASON=5 issued earlier by the same or a different job. |
| 10 | IEFDDSRV failed to perform the function. |
| 11 | Inconsistent number of allocated devices. |
| 12 | The reread of the job file control block (JFCB) failed. |
| 13 | User description area (UDA) SSI interface error. |
| 14 | DCM is already open as a DD dummy. |
| 15 | This is not OSAM open calling. |
| 16 | DCB is already open by MVS. |
| 17 | Invalid parameter. |
| 18 | Error reading the job file control block (JFCB). |
| 19 | Open failure with noabend. |
| 1A | Error obtaining DSCB on the first volume of the OSAM data set. |
| 1B | Error constructing extends for all of the volumes of the OSAM data set. Return code |

from OSAMDEB subroutine is 8 in register 15.

1C

Error locating or loading the OSAM I/O routines.

1D

Error releasing a captured UCB.

1E

Bad conversion from the current volume DSCB TTR to the disk address MCCHHR.

99

The DCB abend exit was entered. Message DFS0695I is also displayed. See that message for an explanation of the error.

Programmer response: Correct the JCL error by using the major and minor reason codes given.

B,10

The IDAXVIM FUNC=CALLXVI call to invalidate the buffer received a non- zero return code (RC). The major RC is X'04' and the minor RC is X'10'. This means the call was illegal , and it failed to release ownership.

xx

Return code from IDAXVIM.

08

No room in the user's AREA.

12

VSAM structure error.

Operator response: No action is required.

System programmer response: Save the diagnostic information. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

B,40

A coupling facility (CF) environmental error occurred.

Programmer response: Determine the exact error by using the IMS DFSERA10 utility and selecting the X'67FD' record from the IMS log. This record includes the REQUEST=IXLCACHE macro with a reason code, RSNC=xxxxxxx. The last 4 digits of the number string xxxxxxxx represent the true error code. For example, if the reason code is RSNC=0C170C19, look up reason code 0C19. See the *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* for reason code descriptions.

B,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE called the DL/I buffer handler for buffering services. The buffer handler returned with an error indicator. yy is the hexadecimal value that was returned in PSTRTCODE by the buffer handler.

Programmer response: For information on buffer handler return codes, see the IMS return and function codes information.

C,yy

An error was detected by VSAM CLOSE. yy is the hexadecimal error field from the VSAM ACB.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM CLOSE error codes.

E,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE issued a VSAM ERASE macro and encountered an error condition returned from VSAM. If a physical (I/O) error occurred, message DFS0731I or DFS0451I was issued indicating the nature of the error, and yy is the hexadecimal value returned by VSAM in register 15; otherwise, yy is the hexadecimal logical error code returned by VSAM.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM logical and physical error return codes.

G,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE issued a VSAM GET macro and encountered an error condition returned from VSAM. If a physical (I/O) error occurred, message DFS0731I or DFS0451I was issued indicating the nature of the error, and yy is the hexadecimal value returned by VSAM in register 15; otherwise, yy is the hexadecimal logical error code returned by VSAM.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM logical and physical error return codes.

I,01

The relative key position from the DBD is not the same as the relative key position that was defined to VSAM.

Programmer response: Correct the relative key position specified to VSAM. The correct relative key position to be defined for VSAM is provided in the output listing from DBD generation.

I,02

The key length from the DBD is not the same as the key length that was defined to VSAM.

Programmer response: Correct the key length specified to VSAM. The correct key length to be defined for VSAM is provided in the output listing from DBD generation.

I,03

The record size or block size for OSAM database partitions for the data set being opened is not large enough to contain the longest segment in the database plus the IMS overhead required.

Programmer response: Correct the record size specified to VSAM. For OSAM database partitions,

correct the block size. The correct record size to define for VSAM is provided in the output listing from DBD generation.

I,04

The record size for the HD VSAM ESDS being opened was not defined to VSAM as 7 bytes less than the CI size. The record size for an HD VSAM ESDS data set must be 7 bytes less than the CI size.

Programmer response: Redefine the VSAM data set so that record size is 7 bytes less than the CI size.

I,05

The record size of an HS VSAM KSDS or ESDS being opened for load is not a multiple of two. The record size for VSAM HS data sets must be an even number.

Programmer response: Correct the record size specified to VSAM.

I,06

Upon opening an HSAM VSAM data set, the block size was found to be less than the LRECL. The block size must be equal to or greater than the LRECL.

Programmer response: Correct the block size specified to VSAM.

I,07

An HS VSAM database is defined with the ESDS record size shorter than the KSDS record size.

Programmer response: Change the VSAM definition so that the ESDS record size is equal to or greater than the KSDS record size.

I,08

An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set for which there was no DD statement, or for dynamically allocated data sets, the data set is not yet allocated. The message indicates the ddname associated with the data set that was opened.

Programmer response: Check the JCL and DBD for the job to determine the DD statement requirements.

System operator response: Use an **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** or **/START DB** command to cause allocation retry.

I,09

An attempt was made to open a VSAM or OSAM DCB and the ddname was already in the open table. This indicates that the data set is currently opened under a data management block and an attempt was made to open it under a second data management block, which was caused by having

two DBDs referring to the same ddname. Two DBDs cannot reference the same ddname.

Programmer response: Find the two DBDs that reference the same ddname and delete one. Change the PSB to reference the correct DBD; then run the PSB generation utility.

I,10

An attempt was made to open a VSAM ACB and the ddname was already in the open table. This indicates that the data set is currently open under a data management block and an attempt was made to open it under a second data management block, which was caused by having two DBDs referring to the same ddname. Two DBDs cannot reference the same ddname.

Programmer response: Find the two DBDs that reference the same ddname and eliminate one. Change the PSB to reference the correct DBD, and then run the PSB generation utility.

I,11

An attempt was made to open an ISAM DCB or an OSAM DCB associated with an ISAM DCB. IMS does not support combinations that include ISAM.

This code can also be issued during load processing for an HSAM database, because the current DCB is missing a DCBE.

Programmer response: Convert HISAM or the index database of a HIDAM structure to the VSAM organization, which is supported.

I,12

An attempt was made to open a VSAM ACB in the specified VSAM shared resource pool. No subpool within the shared resource pool was large enough. IMS tries to open the VSAM ACB again, using the default VSAM shared resource pool.

Programmer response: Check the VSRBF subpool definition statements for the VSAM shared resource pool for this data set. Define subpool buffer sizes big enough for this data set and for the KSDS index.

I,13

The system was unable to satisfy a GETMAIN request for an additional ddname open table. This error occurred during the opening of a DCB.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,14

The system was unable to satisfy a GETMAIN request for an additional ddname open table. This error occurred during the opening of an ACB.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,15

An error was detected during OPEN processing of an HSAM or OSAM data set. The data set was not allocated at the time IMS tried to obtain DBRC authorization for the database. See return code I,16 for a complete description of the error.

Programmer response: If there is an incorrect dynamic allocation of the data set, or an incompatible allocation program or product, use the **/DBR** command to unallocate the database. Correct the dynamic allocation specification, or the program or product, and then enter an **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** or **/START** for the database.

I,16

An error was detected during OPEN processing of a VSAM data set. The data set was not allocated at the time IMS tried to obtain DBRC authorization for the database. Later, when the data set was opened, it was allocated. This can happen for one of the following reasons:

- The dynamic allocation specifications for the data set are incorrect. The DFSMDA TYPE=DATASET statement for the data set was included within the DFSMDA TYPE=DATABASE statement for a different database. For example, the DFSMDA TYPE=DATASET statement for the index of a HIDAM database is included within the DFSMDA TYPE=DATABASE statement for the data part of the HIDAM database.
- The dynamic allocation specifications for the data set are incorrect. Preceding message DFS2499W indicates an invalid allocate request for the database. For example, the MDA member for the database specifies two data sets. The JCL includes DD statements for one of the data sets, but not all of the data sets included in the MDA member.
- The allocation was performed by an incompatible allocation program or product, which allocated the database after the authorization for the database, but before the open of the database.

Programmer response: If the error was caused by incorrect dynamic allocation of the data set:

1. Enter a **/DBR** command to deallocate the database.
2. Correct the dynamic allocation specification.
3. Enter an **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** or **/START** for the database.

If the error was caused by an incompatible allocation program or product:

1. Enter a **/DBR** command to deallocate the database.

2. Correct the program or product.

3. Enter an **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** or **/START** for the database.

I,20

The system is not able to satisfy a GETMAIN request for the record size of the KSDS being opened for sequential mode.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,21

The system is not able to satisfy the GETMAIN request for the block size of an HSAM database.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,22

The system is not able to satisfy a GETMAIN request for the control interval size to use to write the first CI of the ESDS data set being opened for load processing.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,23

The system is not able to satisfy a GETMAIN request for the record size of the ESDS data set being opened. The area is used to format the current CA when the end RBA for the data set is not on a CA boundary.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,25

The system is not able to satisfy a GETMAIN request for the record size of KSDS to be used for a temporary work buffer.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,26

The system is not able to satisfy a GETMAIN request for an area to contain the ddnames of all the data sets contained in the database. A temporary work area to build the list of ddnames is required during open-for-update processing of a database that is registered to DBRC.

Programmer response: Provide a larger address space for this step.

I,30

An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set associated with a PCB that has processing option L and the data set is not empty.

Programmer response: If the old data set is to be scratched, delete it using the VSAM AMS program.

If the data set is not to be scratched, use a PCB with processing option other than L.

I, 31

An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set associated with a PCB, which has a processing option other than L, and the data set is empty.

Programmer response: Use a PCB with processing option L to perform the initial loading of a database. When developing the JCL, use the following procedure:

1. Delete or define KSDS data set.
2. Run a DFSPRECO job to rebuild the indirect list entry (ILE) and the Primary Index data set.

Note: If you cancel the job while in “2” on page 254, rerun the entire job starting from “1” on page 254. Do not restart in “2” on page 254.

I,32

During an attempt to open a VSAM KSDS data set, it was determined that the total length of the index VSI plus the data VSI plus the size of the IMS NCB was greater than decimal 255 (including the length field). This value is passed to IRLM during a notify as the length of the message area, and must be less than decimal 256 (including the length field) due to an IRLM restriction.

Programmer response: Check the define cluster for key ranges. Each key range increases the size of the index VSI by decimal 32 bytes. IMS does not use or support VSAM key ranges.

I,33

DL/I open processing determined that shared access is allowed for the data set but the SHR options specified on the Access Method Services DEFINE are not appropriate for data sharing. Message DFS050A was issued. For further description of the failure, see message DFS050A.

Programmer response: See message DFS050A.

I,34

During an attempt to open a VSAM KSDS data set, either the index component or the data component was not opened.

Programmer response: Verify that the data set name specified for the DD statement being opened is the data set name for the VSAM cluster, rather than the data set name of one of the components of the cluster.

I,35

During open-for-update processing of the database, it was determined that not all the data sets contained in the database are registered to DBRC. Message DFS0484A was issued listing the data sets that are not registered.

Programmer response: See message DFS0484A.

I,36

During an attempt to open a VSAM KSDS data set, it was determined that the KSDS is an SMS data set with the EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY attribute, which IMS does not support. If the data set is defined in JCL as DD DUMMY, the test for Extended Addressability cannot be completed and will cause this subcode.

Programmer response: The data set was allocated using a data class that specified EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY, which is not allowed for data sets that IMS uses. The data set must be allocated with a data class that does not specify EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY.

In the case of DD DUMMY, correct the data set name or remove it as appropriate, and then run the job again to allow Extended Addressability checking to proceed.

I,37

During an attempt to open a VSAM ESDS data set, it was determined that the ESDS is an SMS data set with the EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY attribute, which IMS does not support. If the data set is defined in JCL as DD DUMMY, the test for Extended Addressability cannot be completed and will cause this subcode.

Programmer response: The data set was allocated using a data class that specified EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY, which is not allowed for data sets that IMS uses. The data set must be allocated with a data class that does not specify EXTENDED ADDRESSABILITY.

In the case of DD DUMMY, correct the data set name or remove it as appropriate, and then run the job again to allow Extended Addressability checking to proceed.

I,38

During an attempt to open a VSAM data set, it was determined that the data set is an SMS extended format data set with the COMPACTION attribute, which IMS does not support.

Programmer response: The data set was allocated by using a data class that specified the COMPACTION attribute, which is not allowed for data sets that IMS uses. The data set must be allocated with a data class that does not specify COMPACTION.

I,39,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set. IMS was unable to obtain storage to be used for a RDJFCB macro request.

z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the IMODULE GETMAIN request.

Programmer response: See possible IMODULE GETMAIN return codes to determine the cause of the error.

I,40,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set. A non-zero return code was returned from an RDJFCB macro request to read the job file control block (JFCB) for a data set. z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the RDJFCB macro request.

Programmer response: See possible RDJFCB return codes to determine the cause of the error.

I,41,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set. IMS was unable to obtain storage for an MMP control block. In the IMS online environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the IMS 64-bit Storage Manager request. In the DL/I batch environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the DFSBCB request.

Programmer response: See possible IMS 64-bit Storage Manager or DFSBCB return codes to determine the cause of the error.

I,42,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set. IMS was unable to obtain storage for an MMCLP control block. In the IMS online environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the IMS 64-bit Storage Manager request. In the DL/I batch environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the DFSBCB request.

Programmer response: See possible IMS 64-bit Storage Manager or DFSBCB return codes to determine the cause of the error.

I,43,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set. IMS was unable to obtain storage for an MMSPL control block. In the IMS online environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the IMS 64-bit Storage Manager request. In the DL/I batch environment, z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the DFSBCB request.

Programmer response: See possible IMS 64-bit Storage Manager or DFSBCB return codes to determine the cause of the error.

I,44,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set. A non-zero return code was returned from a TRKCALC macro request.

Programmer response: See possible return codes from the TRKCALC macro to determine the cause of the error.

I,45

IMS attempted to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set, but IMS was not at the correct version. IMS must be at version 15.2 or later to use VSAM linear data sets for OSAM databases.

Programmer response: Change the data set definition or upgrade IMS to at least version 15.2.

I,46,z

An error occurred during an attempt to open an OSAM database data set that was defined as a VSAM linear data set. IMS could not allocate the 64-bit control block pool. z is the hexadecimal value returned in register 15 from the subroutine called to allocate the pool.

Programmer response: Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

I,47

During an attempt to open a VSAM data set, it was determined that the data set was cached by Hiperbatch. IMS does not support Hiperbatch.

Programmer response: A data set must have a RACF DLFCLASS profile for it to be eligible to be cached by Hiperbatch. Remove the data set from the DLFCLASS or use a different data set name.

I,50

One of the following errors occurred:

- No VSAM buffer subpool has buffers large enough to contain the control intervals associated with the data set being opened.
- A DFSVSAMP DD statement is missing.
- No OSAM buffer pool has buffers large enough to contain the associated blocks.

Programmer response: Rerun the step, but this time specify a buffer subpool large enough to contain the control interval blocks.

I,51

IMS retains the RBA of the last used record in an ESDS in the first CI of that data set. During DL/I OPEN, it was found that this RBA did not fall in the last CI of the data set.

I,52

The IMODULE facility of IMS failed while loading or deleting the randomizing routine, the Secondary Index Database Maintenance exit routine, or the Segment edit/compression exit routines.

Programmer response: Message DFS0733I was issued indicating the cause of the failure. See message DFS0733I.

I,53

An HSAM data set failed to open.

Programmer response: See the explanation for the AI status code in DL/I status code information for possible reasons for the failure.

I,54

An HSAM data set failed to open.

Programmer response: See the explanation for the AI status code in DL/I status code information for possible reasons for the failure.

Save a VTOC listing of the volume in question for problem determination.

I,55

An attempt was made to open a data set that previously failed during VERIFY. The data set could not be opened or closed.

I,56

An attempt was made to OPEN an HSAM database. The DCB BLKSIZE for the data set was not provided by either the JCL or the label on the volume; as a result, the block size is 0.

Programmer response: Ensure that the JCL for the job is correct and that the database is loaded.

Save a VTOC listing of the volume in question for problem determination.

I,57,Z

After the VSAM open and verify was done for a HISAM or non-unique secondary index ESDS data set, the end of the data set was adjusted because Extended Error Queue Element blocks (EEQEs) were present. VSAM SVC 109 was issued to inform VSAM so that VSAM could adjust the VSI information. The SVC returned a nonzero return code in register 15. Subcode Z in the message is the hexadecimal error subcode returned in register 15.

Codes**Explanation****I,58**

An initialization error was detected by a Segment Edit/Compression exit routine.

Programmer response: Message DFS0749I was issued indicating the cause of the failure. See message DFS0749I.

Codes**Explanation****I,59**

An attempt was made to open more than 8183 OSAM and VSAM data sets. The DEB table is 32760 bytes, which creates a limit of 8189 data sets (8183 OSAM/VSAM, and 6 IMS system data sets).

Programmer response: Reduce the number of data sets to less than 8184 and rerun the job.

Problem determination: 1, 2, 3, 8, 20, 36.

Codes**Explanation****I,60**

A VSAM data set has a CI size which exceeds the maximum CI size supported by DL/I which is 30720.

Programmer response: Redo the AMS define using a CI size equal to or less than 30720.

I,61

During an attempt to open a VSAM or OSAM data set, a lock could not be acquired.

To determine the problem, see abend 3303.

I,62

The relative key position in the indirect list data set (ILDS) is not zero.

Programmer response: Define the relative key position as ZERO in the VSAM cluster definition for the indirect list data set (ILDS).

I,63

The record length in the indirect list data set (ILDS) is not correct.

Programmer response: Define the record length as 50 in the VSAM cluster definition for the indirect list data set (ILDS).

I,64

The key length in the indirect list data set (ILDS) is not correct.

Programmer response: Define the key length as 9 in the VSAM cluster definition for the indirect list data set (ILDS).

I,65

The partition ID within the data set does not match the partition ID being opened.

Programmer response: Correct the name of the data set so that it matches the partition ID.

I,66

An ACBGEN of the PSB has not been performed since the database was changed to Partitioned.

Programmer response: Perform the appropriate ACBGEN. STATUSAI is returned to the application; use this to look up which PSB the application is using and which ACB that PSB is generated in. You can also look at the job's JCL to determine which ACB library it's running against.

I,67

Free space has been defined on a data cluster of an ESDS database. An ESDS database is not allowed to have free space defined.

Programmer response: Remove the free space from the data cluster definition.

I,68

An error was detected during initial OLR processing when the first CI of a VSAM output data set was being formatted.

Programmer response: Scratch and reallocate the output data set.

I,70

An invalid index has been defined on an INDICES parameter of a SENSEG statement of a PCB during PSB generation.

Programmer response: Correct the INDEX name specified on the INDICES parameter of the SENSEG statement of the PCB in question.

I,71

An error was detected during close processing of an OSAM data set. An I/O error was encountered. Subcode z in the message is the hexadecimal error subcode returned at the last byte (byte number 4) in the field name DCBWRK1 by module DFSAOSF0.

For OSAM using linear data sets, subcodes from DFSAOSFM have a different meaning. See the set of subcodes for the Z value for OSAM using linear data sets.

**Z value(hex)
Meaning**

01

An error occurred while processing closing volume extents. Return code from OSPLIT subroutine is 4 in register 15.

02

An error occurred while converting OSAM Data Extension Block (DEB) to MVS DEB. Return code from OSDEB subroutine is 4 in register 15.

03

DCB is already closing.

04

DEB/DCB validation check failed.

05

An error occurred while processing closing volume extents. Return code from OSPLIT subroutine is 8 in register 15.

06

An error occurred while converting OSAM Data Extension Block (DEB) to MVS DEB. Return code from OSDEB subroutine is 8 in register 15.

07

Error releasing DCB extension area.

99

The DCB abend exit was entered. Message DFS0695I is also displayed. See that message for an explanation of the error.

Programmer response: Check the messages that preceded the I/O error, likely DFS0762I and DFS0451I. Correct the failure.

For OSAM using linear data sets, see the following subcodes from DFSAOSFM:

**Z value(hex) (for OSAM using linear data sets)
Meaning**

01

MMCL eyecatcher is invalid.

02

MMIB address is invalid.

03

DCB is already closing.

04

DFSMMCL0 call to disconnect failed.

I,72

An error was detected during close processing of an OSAM data set. An I/O error was encountered.

Programmer response: Check the messages that preceded the I/O error, likely DFS0762I and DFS0451I. Then, correct the failure.

J,yy

An attempt was made to open an OSAM linear data set. The OSAM OPEN routine returned an error indication. yy is the hexadecimal error code that is returned in register 15. z is the contents of DCBWRK1.

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 00** The normal condition.
- 04** The DCB is already being opened or closed.
- 08** The DCB is already open.
- 0C** The DECBTYPE is invalid.
- 10** A failure in the IMS SVC occurred. DCBWRK1 indicates the reason.
- 14** An error occurred while acquiring storage using IMODULE.
- 18** An error occurred during EOV processing for the data set. DCBWRK1 indicates reason.
- 1C** An error occurred while acquiring storage for a format buffer.
- 20** An error occurred formatting a logical cylinder.
- 24** An error occurred creating the 64-bit encryption buffer pool.
- 28** Update format 1 DSCB failure.

O,yy

VSAM OPEN detected an error. yy is the hexadecimal error field from the VSAM ACB.

Programmer response: If yy is DC and the database is organized as VSAM KSDS, run the LISTCAT command to get a report from the VSAM catalog. Review the CISIZE of the index component data set with the installation buffer pools defined in the DFSVSAMP data set for batch jobs, or in the DFSVSMxx member for online system. Verify that the CI specified in the installation is at least as large as the CISIZE from the LISTCAT.

See an explanation of VSAM OPEN error codes.

P,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE issued a VSAM PUT macro and encountered an error condition returned from VSAM. If a physical (I/O) error occurred, message DFS0731I or DFS0451I was issued indicating the nature of the error, and yy is the hexadecimal value returned by VSAM in register 15; otherwise, yy is the hexadecimal logical error code returned by VSAM.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM logical and physical error return codes.

R,01

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because the installation's security product did not allow IMS to access the VSAM data set for *ddname* at the required level. The specific cause or the error is described in the message DFS0735I-R01 for the *dbdname* and *ddname*.

Programmer response: See message DFS0735I for problem determination.

R,02

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because IMS was unable to access the data set association block (DSAB) for *ddname*. The specific cause or the error is described in the message DFS0735I-R02 for the *dbdname* and *ddname*.

Programmer response: See message DFS0735I for problem determination.

R,03

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because DFP Catalog Management encountered an error accessing the catalog for the VSAM data set. The specific cause or the error is described in the message DFS0735I-R03 for the *dbdname* and *ddname*.

Programmer response: See message DFS0735I for problem determination.

S,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE issued a VSAM SHOWCB macro and was returned a nonzero return code indicating an error condition. yy is the hexadecimal value returned by VSAM in register 0 indicating the nature of the error.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM logical and physical error return codes.

V,yy

DL/I OPEN/CLOSE issued a VSAM VERIFY macro and encountered an error condition returned from VSAM. If a physical (I/O) error occurred, message DFS0731I or DFS0451I was issued indicating the nature of the error, and yy is the hexadecimal value returned by VSAM in register 15; otherwise, yy is the hexadecimal logical error code returned by VSAM.

Programmer response: See an explanation of VSAM logical and physical error return codes.

System action

IMS issues the error message.

Processing of the DL/I call is terminated and a status code of AI is returned in the PCB. In addition, the ddname from the message is stored in the segment name.

Operator response:

Contact your system programmer for assistance.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 8, 17b, 17d, 18, 20, 36

Module:

DFSDLOC0

Related concepts

[IMS buffer pools \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[IMS return and function codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[z/OS: RPLERRCD reason codes](#)

[z/OS: CLOSE return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS050A” on page 29](#)

SHARED ACCESS TO VSAM DATASET *ddname*
NOT ALLOWED BY CATALOG

[“DFS0451I” on page 149](#)

modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field

[“DFS0484A” on page 158](#)

THE FOLLOWING DATASETS FOR DATA BASE
dbdname ARE NOT REGISTERED TO DBRC:
ddname1 . . . ddnamen

[“DFS0695I” on page 235](#)

OSAM (OPEN|CLOSE|EOV)

INTERCEPT,ABEND=*sss-rc*, DDN=*ddddddddd*

[“DFS0733I” on page 260](#)

IMODULE ERROR *xx* {LOADING | DELETING}
{RANDOMIZING | INDEX EXIT | COMPRESSION
EXIT} MODULE *moduname*

[“DFS0735I” on page 260](#)

SAF ACCESS FAILED-*Rnn dbdname-ddname*
RETURN CODE=*nnn*. REASON CODE=*nnnn*.
module-name.

[“DFS0749I” on page 268](#)

COMPRESSION EXIT ROUTINE *nnnnnnnn*
INITIALIZATION ERROR - *Uaaaa* REASON
rrrrrrrr

[“DFS0762I” on page 274](#)

OSAM (TAPE | DASD) (READ | WRITE) ERROR -
FUNC=*aa* STATUS=*bb, cc, dddd, eeee, ffff*

[IMS abend 3303](#)

[AI \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0731I

**(A VSAM physical error message
starting with VSAM message byte
26.)**

Explanation

A physical I/O error has occurred while executing a VSAM open or close. Message DFS0730I has been issued to explain the details of this failure.

System action

See message DFS0730I.

Programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets* for the VSAM physical error message. If necessary, recover the database by using IMS recovery utilities.

Problem determination:

1, 17b, 18, 20, 23

Module:

DFSDLOC0

Related reference

[z/OS: Reason code \(physical errors\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)

UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH
DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x, yy, z*
DATABASE *dbdname programid*

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0732I

**WARNING MULTIPLE VSAM ACBS
OPEN FOR DATASET WITH DD
CARD xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

A return from a VSAM open macro indicated that the open completed, but there was already one or more ACBs open for the indicated data set. The SHR option of the VSAM DEFINE utility provides the user the ability to control the extent that a data set can be shared. The DEFINE has allowed the current data set to be shared.

System action

The IMS system ignores the error and continues processing.

Programmer response

The IMS databases should never be shared by multiple batch regions or batch and online regions. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSDLOC0

DFS0733I **IMODULE ERROR *xx* {LOADING | DELETING} {RANDOMIZING | INDEX EXIT | COMPRESSION EXIT} MODULE *moduname***

or

IMODULE ERROR *xx* {LOADING | DELETING} {RANDOMIZING | INDEX EXIT | COMPRESSION EXIT} MODULE *moduname* FOR DATABASE *dedbname*

or

IMODULE ERROR *xx* {LOADING | DELETING} {RANDOMIZING | INDEX EXIT | COMPRESSION EXIT | SPARSE EXIT | PARTITION EXIT} MODULE *moduname* FOR DATABASE *dedbname*

Explanation

The IMODULE function of IMS encountered an error when it attempted to load or delete one of the following exit routines:

- A randomizing routine
- A secondary indexing exit routine
- An edit or compression exit routine
- A sparse exit or partition exit routine for a DEDB database with a Fast Path secondary index defined

In the message text:

xx
Hexadecimal return code from IMODULE.

moduname
Name of the exit routine.

For a description of IMODULE return codes, see [IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#).

For a Fast Path database compression exit loading error, or a Fast Path secondary index sparse exit or

partition exit loading error, the DEDB database name (*dedbname*) is displayed in the message text. In this case, there is no accompanying message DFS0730I.

System action

Message DFS0730I reason code I , 52 is issued. If the attempt to load an exit routine failed, the database (named in message DFS0730I) is stopped. See the System Action information for message DFS0730I.

Programmer response

Provide the module in a library where it can be accessed without error.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 17b, 36

Module:
DFSDLOC0, DBFMSIU0, DBFOLC02, DFSDOCA0

Related reference
[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information
[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)
UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z*
DATABASE *dbdname* programid

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0734I **UNABLE TO MERGE LOG DATASETS**

Explanation

There was an I/O error on one of the input log data sets to the Log Merge utility, DFSLTMG0.

System action

The program terminates with decimal return code 12.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

See the operating system message.

Module:
DFSLTMG0

DFS0735I **SAF ACCESS FAILED-*Rnn* *dbdname-ddname* RETURN CODE=*nnn*. REASON CODE=*nnnn*. *module-name*.**

Explanation

The access authorization process for a VSAM or Media Manager data set encountered an error and failed. *Rnn* is the IMS reason for the failure. *dbdname-ddname* are the DBD or Media Manager area name and *ddname* of the data set being checked. *RC=nnn REASON CODE=nnn* are the return and reason code associated with the failure. *module-name* is the name of the module that failed.

The reason code indicates the type of failure that occurred:

Code (nnn) Meaning

R01

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because IMS was not allowed to access the data set for *dbdname-ddname* at the required level.

R02

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because IMS was not allowed to access the data set association block (DSAB) for *ddname*. See the error return code from the z/OS macro GETDSAB that was issued with *ddname*.

R03

The database, *dbdname*, could not be opened because DFP Catalog Management encountered an error accessing the catalog for the data set. The name of the Catalog Management module that found the error is *module-name*.

System action

The data set is not opened.

Programmer response

The response depends on the reason code.

For reason code R01:

Check the return and reason codes as well as the security product messages.

For reason code R02:

Check the documentation on the return and reason codes for the GETDSAB macro in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference Vol 2 (SA22-7610)*.

For reason code R03

Check the documentation on the return and reason codes for the Catalog Management message IDC3009I in *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 6 (SA22-7636)*.

Problem determination

For reason code R01:

See the IDC3009I message and the security product documentation.

For reason code R02:

See the GETDSAB documentation.

For reason code R03:

See the IDC3009I message.

Module:

DFSDRACO

Related reference

[z/OS: GETDSAB return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[z/OS: IDC3009I](#)

DFS736

PARM SYNCPLEX INVALID ON NRE
COMMAND

Explanation

The keyword OPTION with the parameter SYNCPLEX was entered on a **/NRE** command. This combination is an invalid. The SYNCPLEX parameter is valid only on the **/ERE** command.

System action

The **/NRE** command is rejected.

Programmer response

Remove the OPTION SYNCPLEX from the **/NRE** command.

Module:

DFSICL20

DFS0737A

DBRC SHOWS NO AVAILABLE
OLDS. REPLY 'RETRY' OR 'ABEND'.

Explanation

During takeover or emergency restart, IMS tries to switch to an available OLDS when the last OLDS does not have enough space for the WADS data and the final accounting record. If DBRC determines that none of the usable OLDS is available, this message is issued.

System action

After issuing this message, IMS retries the OLDS availability scan for any response other than 'ABEND'.

Programmer response

Obtain a listing of the appropriate PRIOLDS record from the RECON data set. Try to make available any

OLDS listed as unavailable; in particular, archive any OLDS that should be archived. IMS can be directed to retry the switch whenever OLDS availability changes. If you cannot correct this problem, reply ABEND; then attempt emergency restart with more OLDSs.

Module:
DFSFDLN0

DFS0738I *tt...tt DDNAME=ddddddddd*
 LOGSEQ=nnnnnnnnn

Explanation

An error occurred, terminating an OLDS during IMS restart.

In the message text:

ddddddddd

The ddname of the data set being processed when the error was encountered. *ddddddddd* can be blank.

nnnnnnnnn

The log sequence number last processed. *nnnnnnnn* can be blank.

tt...tt

Reason string, can be one of the following string:

OPEN ERROR FOR IMS LOG

Could not open the data set.

READ ERROR ON IMS LOG

Read error.

LOG SEQ ERROR ON IMS LOG

Next sequential block or log record not found.

MISSING BLOCK ON IMS LOG

The next sequential log physical block was not found, but a higher sequence log physical block was found.

TRKCALC FAILED FOR IMS LOG

TRKCALC macro failed

LOGIC ERROR

A logic error was detected.

LOG TERMINATION FAILED FOR IMS LOG

The log could not be properly terminated.

VERIFY ERROR FOR IMS LOG

The WADS was not the one used when the OLDS was used.

MISSING RECORDS IN WADS

A sequence of WADS records had fewer records than it should.

System action

IMS can continue if dual was specified for the data set in which the problem occurred (for example, dual

WADS or dual OLDS). Otherwise, IMS issues message DFS0738X and terminates with abend 0005.

Programmer response

Terminate OLDS, using the Log Recovery utility; then restart IMS.

Problem determination

1, 5, 8, 11, 36

Save a copy of the OLDSs and WADSs data sets. Also, list the DBRC RECON data set.

Module:

DFSFDLM0, DFSFDLN0, DFSFDLP0, DFSFDLR0, DFSFDLTO

Related information

[“DFS0738X” on page 262](#)

ERROR TERMINATING OLDS RC=xx dddddddd
nnnnnnnn

[IMS abend 0005](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0738X **ERROR TERMINATING OLDS**
 RC=xx dddddddd nnnnnnn

Explanation

Restart cannot proceed because of errors encountered trying to terminate an OLDS during IMS restart.

In the message text:

ddddddddd

The ddname of the data set being processed when the error was encountered. *ddddddddd* can be blank.

nnnnnnnnn

The log sequence number last processed. *nnnnnnnn* can be blank.

xx

The hexadecimal error code. Register 14 contains the address of the routine that detected the error. Register 15 contains an error code.

Code (hex)

Meaning

01

Could not open the WADS while trying to locate the last-used WADS.

02

The WADS was not the one used when the OLDS was used.

- 05** The WADS was not the one used when the OLDS was used.
- 06** WADS at the time of the last IMS failure was unavailable. The error occurred while trying to locate the last-used WADS.
- 07** TRKCALC macro failed while trying to locate the last used WADS.
- 09** OLDS block sequence error (next sequential block was not found but a higher sequence block was found in the WADS) while rebuilding an OLDS block. A read error might have occurred in the middle of the OLDS.
- 0B** WADS segment TOD is not in ascending order while rebuilding an OLDS block.
- 0C** Invalid BDW was found in the rebuilt OLDS block.
- 0D** Invalid RDW was found in the rebuilt OLDS block.
- 0E** RDW of X'FFXX' was found in the rebuilt OLDS block, and it was not the last block in the WADS.
- 0F** Log record sequence error was found in the rebuilt OLDS block.
- 10** Read error in a WADS while rebuilding an OLDS block.
- 11** EOF was detected in a WADS while rebuilding an OLDS block.
- 12** Invalid segment ID (segment count is too large) was found while rebuilding an OLDS block.
- 13** Device error (segments were not written in the contiguous WADS records) was found while rebuilding an OLDS block.
- A sequence of WADS records had fewer records than it should.
- 14** Logic error was detected in module DFSFDLW0.

- 1C** OLDS termination process failed. Message DFS0738I, indicating the cause of the error, might have been issued before this message.
- 20** A reusable OLDS is unavailable. IMS could not find an OLDS while copying an OLDS block from a WADS. All OLDS are either marked in error or unarchived.
- 21** Not enough space on the current OLDS to hold all the WADS data, and no OPEN or reusable OLDS are available.
- 22** Logic error was detected in module DFSFDLU0.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0005.

Programmer response

Terminate OLDS, using the Log Recovery utility; then restart IMS.

Problem determination

1, 5, 8, 11, 36

Save a copy of the OLDSs and WADSs data sets. Also, list the DBRC RECON data set.

Module:

DFSFDLM0, DFSFDLN0, DFSFDLP0, DFSFDLRO

Related information

[“DFS0738I” on page 262](#)

[tt...tt DDNAME=dddddddd LOGSEQ=nnnnnnnn](#)

[IMS abend 0005](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0739I **tt...tt DDNAME=dddddddd**
LOGSEQ=nnnnnnnn

Explanation

An error occurred while accessing a log data set during IMS restart.

In the message text:

dddddddd

The ddname of the data set last processed when the error was encountered. *dddddddd* can be blank.

nnnnnnnn

The log sequence number last processed.
nnnnnnnn can be blank.

tt..tt

A string indicating the reason for the error. This variable can be one of the following strings:

OPEN ERROR FOR IMS LOG

Could not open the data set.

CLOSE ERROR FOR IMS LOG

Could not close the data set properly.

READ ERROR ON IMS LOG

Read error.

WRITE ERROR ON IMS LOG

Write error occurred while formatting the WADS.

LOG SEQ ERROR ON IMS LOG

Next sequential block or log record not found.

MISSING BLOCK ON IMS LOG

The next sequential log physical block was not found, but a higher sequence log physical block was found.

TRKCALC FAILED FOR IMS LOG

TRKCALC macro failed

LOGIC ERROR

A logic error was detected.

UNABLE TO ALLOCATE IMS LOG

Dynamic allocation failed, a DD statement is missing, or OPEN failed.

SEQUENCE ERROR - BOTH OLDS

In dual logging, a read error was detected on both OLDS.

READ ERROR - BOTH OLDS

In dual logging, a read error was detected on both OLDS.

XRF-ALT OR FDR GOT AN SLDS

In an XRF complex, the alternate (backup) system either allocated an SLDS or determined that the next log to be allocated is an SLDS.

In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the Fast Database Recovery region either allocated an SLDS or determined that the next log to be allocated is an SLDS.

WAITING FOR RESERVE - OLDS

In an XRF complex, takeover was requested, but the alternate system is unable to reserve the current OLDS.

WAITING FOR RESERVE - WADS

In an XRF complex, takeover was requested, but the alternate system is unable to reserve the current WADS.

DFSFDLVO RRTT TABLE ERROR

A restart read transition table error was detected.

REREAD LAST GOOD BLK FAIL

During normal error recovery, an attempt to reread the last good OLDS block failed.

System action

IMS continues processing if an alternative input log data set is available or issues DFS0739X and terminates with abend 0175.

In an XRF complex, the IMS alternate system encountered errors from which recovery was impossible. IMS issues message DFS0739X and terminates with abend 0176.

In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the IMS system issues message DFS0739X and terminates with abend 0176.

Operator response

If this error occurred during Fast Database Recovery region initialization, take a simple checkpoint in the active IMS system, and make sure that the restartable checkpoint is found in the OLDS before restarting the Fast Database Recovery region.

Problem determination

1, 5, 8, 11, 35

Save a copy of the OLDSs and WADSs data sets. Also, list the DBRC RECON data set.

Module:

DFSFDLR0, DFSFDLM0, DFSFDLN0, DFSFDLP0, DFSFDLTO

Related information

[“DFS0739X” on page 264](#)

ERROR READING IMS LOG RC=xx dddddddd
nnnnnnn

[IMS abend 0175](#)

[IMS abend 0176](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0739X

**ERROR READING IMS LOG RC=xx
dddddddd nnnnnnn**

Explanation

Restart cannot proceed because of errors encountered.

In the message text:

dddddddd

The ddname of the data set being processed when the error was encountered. *dddddddd* can be blank.

nnnnnnnn

The log sequence number last processed. *nnnnnnnn* can be blank.

xx

A hexadecimal error code. Register 14 contains the address of the routine that detected the error. Register 15 contains an error code.

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

15	Could not open the data set.
16	Could not close the data set properly.
17	Read error.
18	Reread of last good block failed.
19	OLDS block sequence error.
1A	Next sequential log record was not found.
1B	TRKCALC macro failed.
1C	Latest OLDS could not be terminated.
1D	Allocation of the log data set failed. Dynamic allocation failed, a DD statement is missing, or OPEN failed. The left half of Register 15 contains the DFSMDA return code.
1E	Next log data set record was not found in the RECON data set, or the next OLDS is marked invalid.
1F	Latest log data set record was not found in the RECON data set, or the next OLDS is marked invalid.
20	Reusable OLDS is unavailable.
21	Error return code from DBRC. Left half of register 15 contains the DBRC return code.
22	A logic error was detected.

23	Restart read transition table failure.
24	A sequence error occurred on both OLDS (dual logging).
25	A read error occurred on both OLDS (dual logging).
26	In an XRF complex, the alternate system either allocated an SLDS or determined that the next log to be allocated is an SLDS. In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the Fast Database Recovery region either allocated an SLDS or determined that the next log to be allocated is an SLDS.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0175. In an XRF complex, the IMS alternate system terminates with abend 0176.

In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the Fast Database Recovery region terminates with abend 0176.

Operator response

If this error occurred during Fast Database Recovery region initialization, take a simple checkpoint in the active system and make sure that the restartable checkpoint is found in the OLDS before restarting the Fast Database Recovery region.

Problem determination

1, 5, 8, 11, 35

Save a copy of the OLDSs and WADSs data sets. Also, list the DBRC RECON data set.

Module:
DFSFDLM0, DFSFDLN0, DFSFDLP0, DFSFDLR0

Related information

[IMS abend 0175](#)
[IMS abend 0176](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0740I	DBRC SAYS NO BACKOUTS NEEDED FOR DB xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

When you issue a **/START DB** command without the NOBACKOUT keyword, DBRC might tell IMS that

backouts are not required. However the IMS online system might still think that backouts are required. This situation occurs when batch backouts have already run successfully.

System action

IMS continues processing. Control blocks maintained by the online IMS system to track of the backout data are released as if the operator specified NOBACKOUT.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSDBDR0

DFS0741I	DATA COMPRESSION ERROR, UNCOMPRESSED DATA WILL BE WRITTEN TO DD DFSUCUMN DATASET
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected while performing data compress processing during change accumulation processing.

System action

Processing continues; the expanded data is written to the new change accumulation data set.

Module:
DFSURIO0

DFS0742I	WHILE EXPANDING DATA ERROR FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected while performing data expansion during change accumulation or database recovery processing.

System action

Processing terminates with a return code of 8 for Change Accumulation and a return code of 16 for Database Recovery.

Programmer response

Save job output and job input. Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSURIO0

DFS0743I	RRS HOLDS AN INDOUBT UOR FOR WHICH IMS HAS NO DATA: URID=xxxxxxxxxx, TOKEN=yyyyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

During an IMS restart, RRS held some indoubt units of recovery (UOR), for which IMS has no knowledge. This situation was probably as a result of an IMS cold start.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxxxx
The RRS unit of recovery identifier

yyyyyyyyyy
The IMS recovery token

System action

Processing continues.

User response

The RRS URID and IMS recovery token are supplied. Use these to examine the RRS ISPF panels and the IMS log to determine the extent of a possible batch recovery.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

DFS0744A	IMS HOLDS AN INDOUBT UOR FOR WHICH RRS HAS NO DATA: URID=xxxxxxxxxx, TOKEN=yyyyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

During a restart, IMS determined that it held an indoubt unit of recovery (UOR), as identified by the IMS recovery token and the RRS unit of recovery identifier. However, z/OS Resource Recovery Services indicated that hardened log data was unavailable. This data was needed to resolve the indoubt UOR.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxxxx
The RRS URID

yyyyyyyyyy
The IMS recovery token

System action

IMS builds a recoverable indoubt structure (RIS) for each indoubt UOR and waits for a resolution with the **/CHA UOR** command. The RIS is maintained until the UOR is resolved or a cold start is done. A cold start is not recommended.

User response

Resolve the indoubt UOR by issuing the **/CHA** command.

Module:
DFSDRISO

DFS0745E **RRS HOLDS AN aaaaaaaa**
UOR FOR IMS STATE:
bbbbbbbb, URID=xxxxxxxxxx
TOKEN=yyyyyyyyyy

Explanation

Due to an error in either IMS or Resource Recovery Services (RRS), the last recorded state in IMS for a Unit of Recovery (UOR) is incompatible with the last recorded state for the UOR in RRS. The following table shows the possible incompatible UOR states that might trigger this message to be issued.

Table 5. Possible incompatible UOR states

RRS State	IMS State
INDOUBT	INFLIGHT
INDOUBT	PHASE 2
INCOMMIT	INFLIGHT

The module DFSRRSIO performs UOR synchronization between IMS and RRS and issues this DFS0745E message after an incompatible state of a UOR is detected. The UOR synchronization code path is driven whenever IMS and RRS need to establish or reestablish communication with one another.

When IMS detects incompatible states for a UOR during IMS emergency restart (/ERE.), IMS continues with emergency restart processing. Any unresolved UORs may be manually resolved by using the information provided in this message.

In the message text:

aaaaaaa

The state of the unit of recovery (UOR) from the point of view of RRS. The value is either INCOMMIT or INDOUBT.

bbbbbbbb

The state of the unit of recovery (UOR) from the point of view of IMS. The value is either INFLIGHT or PHASE 2.

xxxxxxxxxx

The RRS unit of the recovery identifier (URID).

yyyyyyyyyy

The IMS recovery token.

System action:

Processing continues.

Output destination

MTO and the system console.

User response

Use the RRS URID and IMS recovery token that are supplied in the message to examine the RRS ISPF panels and the IMS DISPLAY UOR command to determine the state of the UOR and possible actions to be taken.

If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support and provide the RRS trace, the IMS log, and the output of the RRS ISPF panels.

Module:
DFSRRSIO

DFS0746I **UOR IS ONE OF MULTIPLE UORS**
IN A SINGLE IMS COMMIT SCOPE
- ALL UORS IN THIS SCOPE WILL
BE RESOLVED

Explanation

The unit of recovery (UOR) identified in the **/CHA** command was part of a protected conversation involving more than one IMS UOR. Because the database changes done by one UOR could be dependent on a prior UOR, the changes must be resolved in a single sync point, and in the proper order, if the action is backout.

System action

Phase two of sync point is done for all of the UORs involved. Processing continues

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSIRSTO

DFS0747I **CHANGE ACCUM DATASET IS**
MARKED INCOMPLETE

Explanation

The IMS Database Recovery utility detected that the input Change Accumulation (CA) data set is incomplete. It does not contain all the log data set changes required to recover a database data set.

System action

The Database Recovery utility terminates processing.

Programmer response

Run the Change Accumulation utility providing the necessary log input; then run the Database Recovery utility again.

Module:
DFSURDB0

DFS0748I	UNEXPECTED CHANGE ACCUM RECORD ENCOUNTERED - XXXXXXXX
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility reading the Change Accumulation (CA) data set detected that the input CA data set is missing or incomplete. The Change Accumulation utility splits a detail or spill record when all data for that detail or spill record does not fit into one detail or spill record. The message is issued for one of these reasons:

- One of the split detail records is missing.
- One of the split spill records is missing.
- A detail record is marked as having spill records, but the Change Accumulation utility did not receive any spill records for that detail record.

In the message text:

XXXXXXXX
The name of the database with the record

System action

The utility reading the CA data set terminates processing.

System programmer response

Supply all CA volumes to the utility reading the CA data set; then rerun the utility.

Problem determination:
2, 3

Module:
DFSUC350

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0749I	COMPRESSION EXIT ROUTINE nnnnnnnn INITIALIZATION ERROR - Uaaaa REASON rrrrrrrr
-----------------	---

Explanation

An initialization error was detected by a Segment Edit/Compression exit routine.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn
Name of the exit routine.

Uaaaa
The IMS user abend code generated by the exit routine.

rrrrrrrr
The unique label at which the error was detected.
This label corresponds to the error reason code.
See the appropriate abend code for a description of each code.

System action

Message DFS0730I is issued with reason code I,58 . The database, identified in message DFS0730I, is stopped. For additional information, see message DFS0730I.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error and correct the problem.

Module:
DFSDOCA0

Related information
“DFS0730I” on page 249
UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH
DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z*
DATABASE *dbdname* *programid*

DFS0750I	ERROR WITH rrr PGFIX, RETURN CODE = x
-----------------	--

Explanation

A nonzero return code was received from the operating system when attempting to fix storage. The page fix was in response to the parameters supplied in the DFSFIXnn member of the data set described by the DDNAME=PROCLIB.

In the message text:

rrr
The region where the storage was fixed and indicates CTL for the control region or DLS for the DL/I subordinate address space region.

x
The page fix error return code and is defined as follows:

- 04 One or more entries could not be fixed.

- 08 Insufficient number of pages available to satisfy request.
- 0C List format invalid.
- 10 Parameter list pointer invalid.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Problem determination:

36

Module:

DFSIFIX0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 18. DFS messages, DFS0751I - DFS0800I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0751I IMS NOT RUNNING IN A VIRTUAL REGION

Explanation

The IMS control region is not being run in a z/OS system as a VIRTUAL=VIRTUAL region.

System action

IMS continues running in a VIRTUAL=REAL environment.

Operator response:

Either continue running as REAL, or close IMS down with a shutdown checkpoint and rerun the IMS control region in a VIRTUAL=VIRTUAL region, if that is what you want.

Module:

DFSIFIX0

**DFS0752I UNEXPECTED CHANGE ACCUM TIME ENCOUNTERED - DB
 xxxxxxx DSID yyy**

Explanation

The Change Accumulation (CA) detected a spill record with a time stamp earlier than the previous detail record time stamp. The value of xxxxxxxx is the database name of the record. The value of yyy is the data set ID of the record.

System action

The CA utility processing continues.

System programmer response

Take an image copy of all databases and data set IDs identified by message DFS0772I.

Module:

DFSUC350

Related information

[“DFS0772I” on page 278](#)

KSDS EXTENDING AT TAKEOVER - DBD
dddddddd, PROGRAM pppppppp NOT BACKED
OUT

**DFS0753A MISSING SPILL RECORD AFTER
 A 5220 DETAIL RECORD - DB
 xxxxxxx DSID yyy**

Explanation

The Change Accumulation (CA) detected a missing 5240 spill record after a 5220 detail record was processed. The value of xxxxxxxx is the database name of the record. The value of yyy is the data set ID of the record.

System action

The CA utility terminates processing.

System programmer response

Save the RECONs, DBDLIB, CA jobs, CA data sets, and all logs. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Problem determination:

2, 3

Module:

DFSUC350

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0754I CADS INVALID FOR COEXISTENCE
 - ddname dsid**

Explanation

The CADS provided to the DB Recovery or Change Accumulation (CA) process in IMS Version 9 was not created by an IMS utility that stores coexistence information in the file. Change Accumulation cannot accept this CADS as input.

System action

The process for this DBDS is ended.

System programmer response

Invalidate all of the CA data sets for the named DBD data set. Run the process again using only log input as a source of changed data.

Module:
DFSURIO0

DFS0755I **FORMAT ERROR IN PROCLIB**
 MEMBER=DFSFIXnn/DFSDFRnn

Explanation

An error in format was encountered in the parameters specified in the member D~~FS~~FIXnn or D~~FS~~DRFnn of the data set defined by the DDNAME=PROCLIB.

System action

IMS continues, but page fixing and allocation in DREF storage of portions of the control program and module preload do not occur.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Either continue running IMS without the parts fixed or allocated in DREF storage, or do a shutdown checkpoint and rerun after D~~FS~~FIXnn or D~~FS~~DRFnn has been corrected.

Programmer response

Correct the format of the FIX parameter in D~~FS~~FIXnn or the DREF parameter in D~~FS~~DRFnn.

Problem determination

For a description of the D~~FS~~FIXnn member, see [D~~FS~~FIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#). For a description of the D~~FS~~DRFnn member, see [D~~FS~~DRFnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#).

Module:
DFSIFIX0

DFS0756I **INVALID WORD IN D~~FS~~FIXnn|**
 D~~FS~~DRFnn xxx

Explanation

The word xxx specified in the member D~~FS~~FIXnn or D~~FS~~DRFnn of the data set defined by the DDNAME=PROCLIB is invalid.

System action

IMS continues running.

Operator response

(master terminal) Either continue running IMS without the parts fixed or allocated in DREF storage, or do a shutdown checkpoint and rerun after D~~FS~~FIXnn or D~~FS~~DRFnn has been corrected.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid word in the D~~FS~~FIXnn or D~~FS~~DRFnn member.

Problem determination

For a description of the D~~FS~~FIXnn member, see [D~~FS~~FIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#). For a description of the D~~FS~~DRFnn member, see [D~~FS~~DRFnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#).

Module:
DFSIFIX0

DFS0757I **FIX COMPLETE: NO FIXING**
 REQUESTED

Explanation

The D~~FS~~FIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set is processed in two passes. This message can be issued during each pass and for two conditions. First, member D~~FS~~FIXnn of data set DDNAME=PROCLIB did not request any fixing of storage for this pass. Second, the member contains either all blanks or all invalid parameters. For invalid parameters, look for a preceding DFS0755I message. To determine whether page fixing was successful during a pass, look for a DFS0759I message.

System action

IMS continues running.

Operator response:
(master terminal) If page fixing was processed as expected, no action is needed. If problems were encountered, either continue running IMS without the page-fixed parts or do a shutdown checkpoint and restart IMS after D~~FS~~FIXnn has been corrected.

Programmer response

If page fixing was not processed as expected, correct the parameters in D~~FS~~FIXnn and restart IMS.

Problem determination

See a description of the D~~FS~~FIXnn member.

Module:
DFSIFIX0

Related reference

[D~~FS~~FIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0755I” on page 272](#)

FORMAT ERROR IN PROCLIB
MEMBER=DFSFIXnn/DFSDRFnn
“DFS0759I” on page 273
THE FOLLOWING VIRTUAL ADDRESSES HAVE
BEEN FIXED IN rrr xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy-zzzzzzzz

DFS0758I **FIX FAILURE: MORE THAN 62
AREAS TO BE FIXED**

Explanation

To FIX storage as described by the parameters in the member DFSFIXnn of the data set whose DDNAME=PROCLIB, more than 62 areas must be fixed.

System action

IMS continues running.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Either continue running IMS without the fixed parts, or do a shutdown checkpoint and rerun after DFSFIXnn has been corrected.

Programmer response

Reduce or combine areas to be fixed, and correct the member DFSFIXnn.

Problem determination

For a description of the DFSFIXnn member, see [DFSFIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#).

Module:
DFSIFIX0

DFS0759I **THE FOLLOWING VIRTUAL
ADDRESSES HAVE BEEN FIXED IN
rrr xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy-zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

The virtual address range (yyyyyyyy-zzzzzzzz) has been fixed in response to the parameters specified in the member DFSFIXnn of the data set described by the DDNAME=PROCLIB.

rrr identifies the region where the storage was fixed and will indicate:

CTL for the control region

DLS for the DL/I subordinate address space region

xxxxxxx is the IMS name of the area fixed.

Note: For Fast Path blocks that are page fixed, In rrr is not displayed. Fast Path blocks are page fixed in the control region (CTL).

If the total size of all DEDB blocks in the system exceeds 1 MB, IMS displays multiple DFS0759I messages during start-up.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:
DFSIFIX0

DFS0760I **THE FOLLOWING FIX/DREF
OPERANDS WERE NOT FIXED IN/
ALLOCATED IN DREF IN rrr:
xxxxxxx**

Explanation

The operand specified has not been fixed or allocated in DREF storage in the region indicated byrrr. The variable rrr is either **CTL** for the control region or **DLS** for the DL/I subordinate address space. Either a pool or block name has been incorrectly specified, or the module specified has not been loaded in region rrr.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If a pool or block name was intended, update member DFSFIXnn or DFSDRFnn in the IMS procedure library (DDNAME=PROCLIB) to correct the specification. For a request to page fix a module, this message might be normal if the DL/I address space has been selected, because the module will be located in one region and not in the other region.

Problem determination

For a description of the DFSFIXnn member, see [DFSFIXnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#). For a description of the DFSDRFnn member, see [DFSDRFnn member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#).

Module:
DFSIFIX0

DFS0761I **SPACE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
<PGFIX|DREF> PARAMETER LIST**

Explanation

Storage to build a PAGE FIX or DREF parameter list in response to the parameters specified in the member DFSFIXnn or DFSDRFnn of the data set described by the DDNAME=PROCLIB does not exist in the IMS control region.

System action

IMS continues running.

Operator response

(master terminal) Either continue running IMS without the parts fixed or allocated in DREF storage, or do a shutdown checkpoint and rerun after the region size has been changed.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the IMS control region by a size equal to one page.

Module:

DFSIFIX0

**DFS0762I OSAM (TAPE | DASD) (READ
| WRITE) ERROR - FUNC=aa
STATUS=bb, cc, dddd, eeee, ffff**

or

**OSAM UNIT=gggg FAILING CCW=hh,,ii,jjjj
IOSEEK=kkk...kk LOG=llll**

or

OSAM DSN=.....

Explanation

An OSAM I/O error was encountered. A two- or three-line message, each numbered DFS0762I, is generated:

- The first line indicates (1) whether the I/O operation was directed to a tape or to a direct-access device, (2) whether the I/O operation was READ or WRITE, (3) the OSAM operation type, and (4) the ending status of the operation.
- The second line indicates (1) the 4-character UNIT name, (2) the failing channel command word, (3) if the device is direct access, the full disk address associated with the I/O operation, and (4) the IMS log record types under which OSAM I/O control blocks were logged.

Note: The second line is not displayed if the I/O operation was not started.

- The third line shows the name of the data set on which the error was located.

The variable fields are defined as follows:

FUNC=aa

The OSAM operation type - defined as follows:

- 01 Read-specific OSAM block
- 02 Reserved
- 03 read multiple OSAM buffers

*

- 04 Scan for file mark
- 05 Reserved
- 06 Reserved

*

- 07 STAE
- 08 Write specific OSAM block
- 09 Reserved

*

- 0A Write queued buffers

*

- 0B Write sequential block

*

- 0C Format logical cylinder

*

- 0D Write file mark
- 0E Reserved

*

- 0F Format extent

*

- 10 REDRIVE after EOVS

*

- 11 REDRIVE after DDR SWAP

*

- 12 Post tape RRQ in error
 - 13 Virtual format logical cylinder
- (* Indicates internal functions.)

STATUS=bb

The IOSB/IOB completion code used to post the operation complete.

cc

The DECB status code (DECBSTAT) is defined as follows:

- 01 Undefined operation code
- 02 DCB not open
- 03 IDAL translation error
- 04 Channel program protection error
- 05 Incorrect length error (bad DCBBUFL)
- 06 Permanent I/O ERROR
- 07 DCB specified as DD Dummy
- 08 RBN conversion error
- 09 RBN beyond current end of data set

0A End-of-file reached
 0B Caller not authorized for call type
 0C Unable to obtain channel program work area
 0D No space to add block to data set
 0E Associated chained block I/O error
 0F Reserved
 10 Unable to allocate an IOSB from the OSAM I/O storage pool
 11 DEB/DCB validity check error
 12 I/O prevented
 13 Write queue errors (buffer prefix contains status)
 14 Buffer ignored due to previous error
 15 Chained read error (buffer prefix has status)
 16 Reserved
 17 Invalid block/buffer count
 18 Buffer prefix chained out of sequence
 19 Tape I/O error-try DDR SWAP
 1A Write attempted to a read-only data set
 1B I/O request terminated abnormally because of program check or machine check in IOS or appendage.
 1C Channel program check
 1D Record not found
 1E DCB already closing
 1F Nonzero return code from page fix routine
 20 Channel program translate error
 21 Media Manager error
 22 Encryption buffer storage request error
 23 DFSAOSFM error
 24 Unable to allocate MMCLP control block
 25 Unable to allocate MMRQ control block

dddd

The unit and channel status of the CSW

eeee

The residual byte count of the failing CCW.

ffff

The first two sense bytes if the unit status in the CSW indicates unit check. If a unit check is not indicated, periods (.) are displayed.

Remember: If the I/O operation was not started, the character string I/O NOT STARTED is displayed instead of the status bytes, the residual byte counts, and the first two sense bytes.

UNIT=gggg

The 4-character unit name associated with the device.

FAILING CCW=

hh Operation code
 ii Flags
 jjjj Byte count

Note: If it is determined that the CCW address is invalid, that is, causes a program check if used, the character string UNKNOWN is displayed instead of the selected CCW fields. The paired comma indicates the absence of the data/IDAL address.

IOSEEK=kkk..k

The full disk address of the form MBBCCHHR. This field is displayed only for direct-access devices.

LOG=llll

The IMS log record types under which the OSAM I/O control blocks were logged.

6201

Only an X'6201' record was logged.

6202

Both an X'6201' and an X'6202' record were logged.

6203

All three types of records were logged.

GERR

X'6201' and X'6202' records were logged, but an attempt to log an X'6203' record failed because of a GETMAIN error.

LERR

X'6201' and X'6202' records were logged, but an attempt to log an X'6203' record failed because of a logging error.

System action

Processing continues. If the I/O error involves a user database, messages DFS0451I follow. See the explanation for that message.

Operator response:

Issue the **/START DATABASE** command, see if errors are resolved.

Module:

DFS0451I

Related information

[“DFS0451I” on page 149](#)

modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, dech field

[“DFS5100E” on page 1343](#)

OSAM LDS READ | WRITE IS IN ERROR -

FUNC=aa, STATUS=bb,cc,dddd,eeee; DFS5100E

OSAM LDS FAILING CCW=ff,gg LOG=hhhh;
DFS5100E OSAM LDS DSN=dsname

**DFS0763I STOP ABDUMP REJECTED FOR
 THREAD *nnnn*; SINGLE PHASE
 SYNC POINT IN PROGRESS**

Explanation

You entered a **/STOP REGION *nnnn* ABDUMP** while single phase sync point processing was in progress for an active Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem thread.

System action

The command is ignored, and the thread continues sync point processing.

Module:
DFSDSTP0

**DFS0764A PAGE FIX FOR EXCPVR-REQUIRED
 AREAS FAILED. REPLY 'RETRY' OR
 'EXCP'.**

Explanation

The IMS system attempted to PAGE FIX areas of storage for the EXCPVR option. The operating system was unable to satisfy the request. The operator can retry the PAGE FIX or answer EXCP, which cancels the EXCPVR option.

System action

IMS waits for the operator reply.

Operator response:
(z/OS System) The operator can reply EXCP to cancel the EXCPVR option or can attempt to make fixable storage available and then answer RETRY. Fixable storage can be made available by stopping other jobs within the operating system. Decreasing general activity within the operating system can also make fixable storage available.

Module:
DFSXIOB0

**DFS0765I STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
 NODE INTERPRET TABLE**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to acquire storage for the node interpret table from subpool 251. IMS is not able to communicate with an XRF complex until this problem is resolved and IMS is restarted.

The node interpret table is used to resolve the generic and actual node names for VTAM MSC links and ISC sessions communicating with an XRF complex.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

Increase the main storage available to IMS.

Module:
DFSCINB0

**DFS0766I PAGE FIX FOR STORAGE MGMT
 CONTROL BLOCKS FAILED**

Explanation

An attempt to page fix control blocks for storage management failed.

System action

System continues, but with possible performance degradation.

Operator response:
Either continue running IMS without the fixed parts, or shutdown checkpoint and rerun when more real storage is available.

Programmer response

Make certain more real storage is available to the IMS control program during the next execution.

**DFS0767I OTMA MESSAGE FLOOD
 CONDITION HAS BEEN RELIEVED
 FOR MEMBER YYYYYYYY**

Explanation

The IMS system has processed the OTMA input messages to reduce the number of active input messages in the input queue. The input messages from the member have reached 50% or below of the maximum active input message count.

System action

IMS continues to process OTMA messages from the member.

Programmer response

This message informs the programmer that the OTMA message flood condition has been improved.

Module:
DFSYFD00

**DFS0768I AN INVALID BSAM FORMATTED
RECORD WAS DETECTED IN
DDNAME=xxxxxxx. IT HAS BEEN
CLOSED**

Explanation

A record in data set DDNAME=xxxxxxx violated BSAM formatting rules for variable-length records.

System action

An AF status code is returned to the database PCB. GSAM control blocks and the buffer containing the invalid record are written to the IMSERR or SYSPRINT data set. If another call is made to this data set without reinitializing GSAM, abend 0272 is issued.

Programmer response

Terminate the program, and correct the data set.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 8, 18, 19, 35

Module:
DFSZD210

Related information

IMS abend 0272
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0769I ttt SELECTIVE DISPATCHING - rrrr

Explanation

Selective dispatching was in effect since the last checkpoint because of a resource shortage. *ttt* identifies the TCB under which selective dispatching was in effect. *rrrr* identifies the resources which had the shortage.

Resources shortages are generally caused by an abnormally high volume of activity under the following TCBs:

TCB

Possible causes of selective dispatching

CTL

- High volume of communications activity.
- Insufficient number of SAPs defined for the size of the terminal network.

- A disruptive event that caused communications processing to be interrupted and a flood of queued communications work.
- IMS internal problems.

ALM

- High volume of LU 6.2 communications activity.
- A disruptive event that caused LU 6.2 communications to be interrupted and a flood of queued LU 6.2 work.
- An application program coded to maintain allocated LU 6.2 conversations for an extended period.
- IMS internal problems.

OIM

- OTMA experienced a high volume of OTMA CM1 or CM0 input transactions.
- Insufficient number of pre-allocated SAPs are defined for the OTMA client.
- OTMA communication was interrupted because either IMS was restarted or OTMA was stopped and restarted.
- An OTMA client application is coded to keep CM1 sessions for an extended period of time.
- IMS experienced internal problems, such as long wait for a common resource, a long wait for I/O to the log, or a wait for a latch.

When an IMS TCB is in selective dispatching, only priority units of work (for example, the MTO terminal) and those already holding resources can be processed until the resources become available again. This could degrade response time for some terminal users.

The SAP resource can cause selective dispatching when it is in short supply. SAPs are IMS internal control blocks that are required to process IMS units of work, communication requests (terminals) and LU 6.2 requests. If the supply of available SAPs becomes low, IMS attempts to allocate additional SAPs up to a maximum amount. If no SAPs are available to process a unit of work, IMS invokes selective dispatching for SAPs. When this occurs, IMS units of work can be processed only when another unit of work terminates and releases its SAP. This can cause degraded performance of the IMS system.

System action

Continues processing.

Operator response

This message indicates a possible resource shortage. If this message occurs frequently, or is accompanied

by performance degradation, the system programmer should be informed.

System programmer response

This message does not necessarily indicate that there is a problem with IMS. Selective dispatching can occur for legitimate reasons (for example, during an IMS checkpoint, or due to quick peaks in communications activity. If this message occurs frequently or is accompanied by IMS performance problems such as poor terminal response time, then additional analysis is advisable.

If the TCB in selective dispatching is CTL, the number of available dynamic SAPs can be increased by changing the SAV= parameter on the IMS startup JCL or in the DFSPBxxx members.

If the TCB in selective dispatching is ALM, the problem could be an application program that does not deallocate its LU 6.2 conversation for a long period. This can occur when an application program does not receive an immediate LU 6.2 response to CONFIRM.

If the TCB is OIM, the selective dispatching applies to OTMA and the reason for using selective dispatching was probably transient. To avoid selective dispatching for OTMA, you can adjust the number of pre-allocated SAPs and the maximum number of SAPs that IMS can allocate dynamically by specifying the DSAP and DSAPMAX parameters in the OTMA client descriptor in the DFSYDTx PROCLIB member and restarting IMS.

A dispatcher statistics log record (type X'45' subcode X'0F') is written at each checkpoint. These log records should be printed and analyzed for selective dispatching problems. Additional statistics records (type X'45') might be useful in indicating high storage pool utilization. Any problem reports related to selective dispatching should include a copy of the IMS log that contains the checkpoint intervals during which the problem occurred or a printed copy of the X'45' records for those checkpoints.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 23 34

Module:

DFSSTAT0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0770W NO FP CONTROL BLOCKS ARE ABOVE 16 MB

Explanation

Fast Path control block module (DBFCONT0) was not allocated in ECSA because of insufficient storage.

System action

IMS gets storage from CSA and continues processing.

Programmer response

Notify the z/OS system programmer.

Module:

DBFIFIX0

DFS0771I IMS LOGGING IS NOT IN EFFECT.

Explanation

IMS LOGGING is not in effect because an extended, or symbolic, checkpoint call has been issued and the IEFRDER DD statement is missing or has been defined as DD DUMMY.

System action

If the IEFRDER DD is defined as DD DUMMY, only the message is issued and processing continues. If the IEFRDER DD statement is missing, the call continues to be processed but STATUSNL is returned in the IOPCB.

Programmer response

If logging is needed for this job, add an IEFRDER DD statement to the JCL.

Module:

DFSPR000, DFSZSC00

**DFS0772I KSDS EXTENDING AT TAKEOVER
- DBD dddddddd, PROGRAM
pppppppp NOT BACKED OUT**

Explanation

A VSAM KSDS was being extended by the failing active IMS system during takeover. The variable *ddddddd* identifies the database; *pppppppp* identifies the program for which no backouts were done.

The IMS alternate system taking over the workload of a failing active system does not know how or where the failing or degraded active system is changing the end-of-data. For this reason, IMS cannot use this database safely until the failing active system has terminated.

System action

The backouts for this database have been deferred, and the database is stopped. Either message DFS2012I or DFS0773I are issued when the database is stopped.

Programmer response

When the failing active system has terminated, you can safely start the database again. If the log containing the database changes to be backed out has already been archived, you must run Batch Backout for the PSB identified in this message. Then start the database with the NOBKO parameter of the **/START DB** command or issue **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS) OPTION (NOBACKOUT)**.

Module:
DFSRBOIO

Related information

“DFS0773I” on page 279
DATA BASE - dddddddd STOPPED.

“DFS2012I” on page 585
GLOBALLY SHARED DATA BASE|AREA -
dbdname|areaname STOPPED.

DFS0773I DATA BASE - dddddddd STOPPED.

Explanation

A non-block level shared database was being extended by the failing active IMS system during takeover. The variable *ddddddd* identifies the database.

The IMS alternate system taking over the workload of a failing IMS active system does not know how or where the failing or degraded active is changing the end-of-data. For this reason, IMS cannot use this database safely until the failing active terminates.

System action

This database has been stopped until the failing active terminates. You cannot enter a **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** command until the new active IMS system knows that I/O Prevention is complete.

Programmer response

When the failing active IMS terminates completely, you can safely start the database.

Module:
DFSHDCL0

**DFS0774I (CCCCFFSS) AREA=AREANAME
DD=DDNAME, AREA CLOSED,
MUST COMPLETE TOSSED,**

**CI-RBA=NNNNNNNNN, SEVERE
ERROR**

Explanation

An attempt was made to write to a closed area. This situation indicates a system error.

System action

The WRITE MUST COMPLETE DMHR is disregarded, and the dependent region is terminated.

System programmer response

Contact IBM service.

**DFS0775I COMMAND REJECTED; TCO IS NOT
ACTIVE**

Explanation

You entered a **/TRACE SET ON|OFF TCO** command, but the Time-Controlled Operations are not active.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

Start the Time-Controlled Operations before entering the command.

Module:
DFSICLNO

**DFS0776A AMP PARAMETER INVALID
FOR OSAM DATASET- DDNAME
XXXXXXXX**

Explanation

A DD statement for an OSAM data set contained the parameter AMP, which is not valid for OSAM.

System action

A return code of 16 is set and processing stops.

Programmer response

Remove the AMP parameter from the DD statement for the OSAM data set and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSURDB0

**DFS0777 LU=XXXXXXXXX EXCEEDS ALLOWED
QUEUE SPACE -- MESSAGE
CANCELLED**

Explanation

An attempt was made to acquire a buffer from the queue manager. The requested size exceeded the allowed space for that LU. The variable xxxxxxxx is the inputting LU name. If the LU name is network-qualified, it can be up to 17 bytes long. The allowed space is the amount of space controlled by user installation, using the user exit DFSQSPC0.

System action

The message is canceled.

Programmer response

Check the size of the message.

Module:
DFSRLM10

DFS0778I xxxxxxxx ERROR eeeeeeee
MERGING SIDTABLE FROM MSC
SUBSYSTEM yyyyyyyy, ACTION =
zzzzzzzz

or

xxxxxxx MSC SUBSYSTEM yyyyyyyy HAS JOINED/
LEFT THE SHARED QUEUES GROUP, ACTION =
zzzzzzzz

or

xxxxxxx ERROR eeeeeeee SENDING/RECEIVING
SIDTABLE TO/FROM MSC SUBSYSTEM yyyyyyyy,
ACTION = zzzzzzzz

Explanation

This message is produced when the multiple systems communications (MSC) feature is supported in a shared queues group (SQG) environment and one of the following events occurs:

- An IMS subsystem joins or leaves the shared queues group.
- An error is detected while sending or receiving the MSC system identification table (SIDTABLE) to or from another IMS while processing an IMS subsystem join or leave.
- An error is detected while merging a SIDTABLE received from another IMS that has joined the shared queues group.

- A residual SIDTABLE storage area is being freed that was created from a previous merge of the SIDTABLES when an IMS subsystem joined the shared queues group.

In the message text:

Variable
Meaning

xxxxxxx
The IMSID of the system that issued the message or detected the error.

yyyyyyy
The IMSID of the other IMS that joined or left the SQG, or where the SIDTABLE was being sent to or received from, or where the SIDTABLE being merged was sent from.

zzzzzzzz
action code:

ACCEPTED
The event join/leave was accepted

IGNORED
The error was ignored. If receiving a SIDTABLE from another IMS, the received table is not merged with current table. If sending a SIDTABLE to another IMS, the table might not arrive in the other IMS to be processed. If merging a SIDTABLE, one or more SYSIDS in the received table is ignored.

eeeeeeee
Error code produced by the MSC Shared Queues Initialization Routine that detected the error.

Routine
Description

FREEAWSI
Error freeing received SID table storage.

FREEEND
Error freeing storage at end processing.

FREEOSID
Error freeing old SID table storage after merge.

FREEXCFS
Error freeing storage acquired by XCF.

FUNCHIGH
Function value too high.

FUNCZERO
Function not specified.

GETAWSID
Error getting AWE/SID table storage.

GETHLNB
Error getting LNB storage.

GETNSID
Error getting storage or blocks for new SID table.

INITSID

Error initializing SID table.

INVAWECB

ECB in AWE Invalid.

System action

IMS continues processing. If the event was an error, a type 6701-MNZE log record was written to the IMS online log data set. IMS continues processing.

Operator response

If an error was indicated, the join, leave, or merge event might not be completely processed. Have the error corrected and bring the affected IMS subsystems down and back up again (for example, leave and join). If no error is indicated, then this message is informational only.

Programmer response

If the event was an error, this is most likely an error with the MSC configuration, or a system error in the IMS subsystems or MS XCGF facility. Collect the documentation noted under problem determination and call IBM Software Support.

Problem determination

Record this message and any other DFS0778 messages from both IMS subsystems in the shared queues group identified by the IMSIDS in the messages. Print the 6701-MNZE log records using the DFSERA10 log print utility, from the online log data sets from both IMS subsystems. Take a console memory dump of both IMS subsystems using the z/OS **DUMP** command, as soon as possible before any other IMS subsystems join or leave the shared queues group. Save the memory dumps in case they are needed for diagnosis.

Module:
DFSMNZ00

DFS0779E **KEYWORD** *keyword* **OMITTED**

or

ERROR FOR PROCLIB MEMBER *member_name*,
JOBNAME=*job_name*

or

STRUCTURE NAMES FOR EMHQ AND MSGQ SHOULD BE UNIQUE - STRUCTURE NAME=*structure_name*

Explanation

IMS initialization encountered an error while processing either the DFSSQxxx PROCLIB member or the SHARED_QUEUES section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. Multiple DFS0779E messages can be issued if multiple errors are found. After issuing this message, IMS terminates with abend code 0071.

member_name

The name of the PROCLIB member or members that were being parsed. If shared queues parameters are coded in both DFSSQxxx and DFSDFxxx, both members are listed.

job_name

If applicable, the IMS control region job name.

structure_name

The structure name that was specified both for the message queue and the EMH queue structure.

keyword

The name of a required keyword that was not found.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with abend code 0071.

System programmer response

Correct the shared queues parameters in either the DFSSQxxx IMS.PROCLIB member, or the SHARED_QUEUES section in the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member, and restart IMS. Shared queues parameters can be specified in both of these locations. Parameters that are specified in DFSSQxxx override parameters specified in DFSDFxxx.

Module:
DFSSQ012

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS0780I **EOD WAS ENCOUNTERED
WHILE REPOSITIONING
DDNAME=xxxxxxxxx DURING XRST.**

Explanation

End-of-data was encountered while repositioning a GSAM non-DASD data set during an extended restart operation.

System action

GSAM terminates with abend 0102.

Programmer response

Print type '18' log records used for the restart to assist in problem determination.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 5, 8

Module:

DFSZD210

Related information

[IMS abend 0102](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0781I **ABEND cccc IN mmmm...**

Explanation

The variable *cccc* identifies the 4-digit user abend or pseudoabend, or the 3-digit system abend; *mmm* is the CHANGEID information for the abending module. This information varies, depending upon the coding of the CHANGEID macro. Basically, the CHANGEID information contains the module name, assembly date and time, latest applied APAR number, and a variable character string identifying all the applied APARs.

This message is issued for *all* abends, whether a transaction retry is attempted. It is issued:

1. At the time of the initial failure, before a potential transaction retry.
2. At the time the failure recurs after a transaction retry attempt, if the retry results in a failure.

Note: The failure occurring on the transaction retry might not be the same as the original failure, although this should be an exceptional case.

System action

Even if a transaction retry is attempted, the system continues to terminate abnormally, providing the usual memory dumps, entries to the log tape, and collecting diagnostic information.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

Save the diagnostic information. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DBFTCMT9

DFS0782I

**NO INFO ABOUT ABENDING
MODULE - R12 NOT POINTING
CHANGEID**

Explanation

When register 12 does not point to the CHANGEID information, this message is issued instead of DFS0781I, ABEND *cccc* IN *mmm*.

If a non-IBM, IMS application program terminates abnormally, this message might be sent to the JES2 log. CHANGEID information is expected for IBM, IMS modules only.

System action

Even if a transaction retry is attempted, the system continues to terminate abnormally, providing the usual memory dumps, entries to the log tape, and collecting diagnostic information.

Operator response (master terminal)

No action is required.

System programmer response

If this is an IMS user abend or system abend, save all diagnostic information. Then contact IBM Software Support for assistance in problem determination.

If this is an application abend, see your installation procedure for handling application program abends.

Module:

DBFTCMT9

DFS0783I

**NO INFORMATION ABOUT
ABENDING MODULE - SDWA NOT
AVAILABLE**

Explanation

When the ESTAE process cannot obtain a system diagnostic work area (SDWA), this message is issued instead of DFS0781I, ABEND *cccc* IN *mmm*.

System action

Even if a transaction retry is attempted, the system continues to terminate abnormally, providing the usual memory dumps, entries to the log tape, and collecting diagnostic information.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

Save the diagnostic information. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

DFS0784I **TRAN *ttttttt* TO BE RETRIED-MSG**
 nnnnn* TERM *xxxxxxx* *jjjjjjj

Explanation

This message is issued when a failing transaction is eligible to be retried (possibly in a different dependent region). The variable *ttttttt* identifies the transaction code; *nnnnn* identifies the input sequence number associated with the failing transaction; *xxxxxxx* identifies the originating terminal for the message associated with the failing transaction. The variable *jjjjjjj* identifies the job name of the dependent region in which the transaction failed.

System action

The system retries the transaction.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

DFS0785I **TRAN *ttttttt* NOW IN RETRY -MSG**
 nnnnn* TERM *xxxxxxx* *jjjjjjj

Explanation

This message is issued when transaction retry is in progress. The variable *ttttttt* identifies the transaction code; *nnnnn* identifies the input sequence number associated with the failing transaction; *xxxxxxx* identifies the originating terminal for the message associated with the failing transaction. The variable *jjjjjjj* identifies the job name of the dependent region in which the transaction is retried.

System action

The system starts to process the transaction to be retried and produces additional diagnostic information (detailed trace information) during the retry to facilitate problem analysis.

This diagnostic information is made available immediately after completing (successfully or unsuccessfully) the retried transaction. The diagnostic information is routed to a SYSOUT data set using the SYSOUT class specified in the MSGCLASS parameter of

the JOB statement of the dependent region in which the transaction is retried.

Operator response:

Ask the system programmer to collect the additional diagnostic information.

System programmer response

Collect the additional diagnostic information.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

DFS0786I **A SECOND ABEND OCCURRED**
 DURING TRANSACTION RETRY

Explanation

This message is issued after an unsuccessful transaction retry, and follows message DFS0781I, ABEND *cccc* IN *mmmm*.

Note: If transaction retry fails with an abend identical to the original failure, this information is provided twice: once when the failure occurs, and a second time when transaction retry reproduces the failure.

System action

The system again terminated abnormally while in the process of executing transaction retry.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

Save the diagnostic information. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

DFS0787I **TRANSACTION RETRY WAS**
 ATTEMPTED AND COMPLETED
 SUCCESSFULLY

Explanation

This message is issued at entry to the sync process of the retried transaction after a successful transaction retry.

System action

Sync processing continues for the retried transaction.

In this case, the system does not stop the transaction and overrides the action indicated in message DFS554A.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

Save the diagnostic information. If the error recurs, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

Related information
“DFS554A” on page 187
jobname.region.stepname. prog PSBname(x)
transaction-code
sys-completion-code user-completion-code PSB
SMB
LTERM:|LUNAME:|RTKN=*token*
REASON=*reason originating terminal*

DFS0788I	DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FOR TRACE DATASET FAILED - REASON CODE <i>nnnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when dynamic allocation fails for the trace data set. Reason code *nnnn* is explained in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide (SA22-7608)*

System action

The system continues transaction retry without tracing, attempting to acquire the needed resource at the time of the next application program calls.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

Related reference
[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS0789I	GETMAIN FAILED TO DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATE TRACE DATASET
-----------------	---

Explanation

This is an informational message only.

System action

The system continues transaction retry without tracing, attempting to acquire the needed resource at the time of the next application program calls.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFTCMT9

DFS0790I	OPEN FAILED FOR DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATED TRACE DATASET
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is an informational message only.

System action

The system continues transaction retry without tracing, attempting to acquire the needed resource at the time of the next application program calls.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Master terminal operator response

No action is required.

Module

DBFTCMT9

DFS0791A	PROCESSING OF HSSP HIC/PIC BY DB RECOVERY TERMINATED ABNORMALLY FOR AREA=xxxxxxx DD=yyyyyyyyy REASON CODE=zz
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued during execution of the Database Recovery utility when an error involving an HSSP Image Copy (HIC) or HSSP Partial Image Copy (PIC) occurs. The Database Recovery utility failed. The following reason codes indicate the cause of the problem:

Reason code	Explanation
10	DD statement for Area xxxxxxxx DD yyyyyyyy was missing in the JCL.
20	Utility was unable to open a DCB with DDNAME yyyyyyyy.
30	VSAM SHOWCB failed.
40	VSAM MODCB failed.
50	Either the date/time stamp in the second CI does not match the HIC/PIC time stamp, or the second CI indicates that the data set is not an image copy data set.
60	The PIC time stamps are not in chronological order.
70	The date/time-stamp does not match the stamp in the log record for any of the input HIC/PIC data sets.

Programmer response

For reason code 10, ensure that all required DD statements are supplied.

For reason code 20, use the memory dump to determine the cause of the open error (see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets* for possible causes of failure).

For reason codes 30 and 40, contact your IBM representative.

For reason code 50, ensure that all HIC/PIC data sets used are valid.

For reason code 60, ensure that the PIC time stamps contained in SYSIN are in date/time sequence.

For reason code 70, ensure that SYSIN contains all needed HIC/PIC time stamps.

Problem determination

2, 3, 4, 8, 20, 36, and listings of the RECON data sets.

Module:
DBFUHIC0

Related reference
[z/OS: OPEN--Connect Program and Data \(BDAM, BISAM interface to VSAM, BPAM, BSAM, QISAM interface to VSAM, and QSAM\)](#)

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0792A	DATABASE TARGET VSAM DATASET MUST BE EMPTY PRIOR TO RUNNING RECOVERY
----------	---

Explanation

When running the Database Recovery utility, if the DDNAME specifies VSAM data set and a failure occurred during a previous run of the utility, then it might be necessary to delete and redefine the VSAM data set.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Delete and redefine the VSAM data set that is being opened for output as the target data set.

DFS0793I	THE FLOOD CONDITION OF TOTAL OTMA INPUT MESSAGES (TIB) WAS RELIEVED
----------	--

Explanation:
The flood condition of total OTMA input messages (TIB) was relieved.

System action:
Processing continues. An OTMA protocol message with the OK status is sent to all the OTMA clients.

System programmer response:
The global OTMA message flood condition has been resolved. However, an individual OTMA member might still experience a flood condition.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS794I	APPLICATION NOT PERMITTED TO REASSIGN LTERM IT IS USING
---------	--

Explanation

The **/ASSIGN** command was rejected because AOI programs are not permitted to reassign an LTERM that the application is using.

System action

The command is rejected. If the command was **/ASSIGN LTERM PRIMARY**, the primary master terminal assignment might have succeeded.

Programmer response

Redesign the AOI application program so that it does not issue an **/ASSIGN** command that reassigns an LTERM it is already using. The LTERM in the redesigned AOI program cannot be any of the following:

- The LTERM that originated the AOI transaction
- The destination LTERM to which the application is inserting messages
- The alternate destination LTERM to which the application is inserting messages

Module:
DFSICL70

DFS795I	RESOURCE ACCESS FAILURE; NOTIFY SYSTEM PROGRAMMER
----------------	--

Explanation

The command was rejected because the command process detected a system error while attempting to access a resource. A request to use or lock a resource resulted in an unexpected return code.

System action

The command is rejected. If the command was **/ASSIGN LTERM PRIMARY**, the primary master terminal assignment might have succeeded.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response:
See the topic titled "IMS problem determination".

Problem determination:
1, 6, 36, 41

Module:
DFSICL70

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0796A	IS NOT A VALID HALDB MASTER OR PARTITION DATABASE, REASON=nn
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following errors was encountered:

Code (hex)	Meaning
-------------------	----------------

01	The DBD specified was not found in DBDLIB.
-----------	--

02

The DBD specified was found in DBDLIB but is not a HALDB DBD.

03

The specified HALDB DBD does not exist in RECON.

04

The specified HALDB partition does not exist in RECON.

System action

Processing continues if other HALDB master databases or partitions are to be processed and return code is set to 8.

User response

Check and correct the error condition indicated by the reason code.

Module:
DFSUPNT0, DFSUPNT1

DFS0796I	Reason Code = rc message
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

An error occurred, indicated by *rc*, with an accompanying *message* issued by module DFSUPNT0. Each reason code has its own explanation and response. See the following reason codes and messages to further identify the type of error and appropriate action:

REASON = 01 DATABASE OR PARTITION NOT FOUND IN RECON - &DBNAME

The specified DBD, *&DBNAME*, does not exist in RECON.

System Action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8. Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

REASON = 02 DATABASE IS NOT A HALDB DBD OR PARTITION - &DBNAME

The specified DBD, *&DBNAME*, is not defined in RECON as a HALDB.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

REASON = 03 DATABASE NOT FOUND IN DBDLIB - &DBNAME

The specified DBD, *&DBNAME*, is defined in RECON as a HALDB, but it was not found in DBDLIB.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

REASON = 04 INITALL NOT ALLOWED FOR PARTITION - &DBNAME

A conflict resulting from a SYSIN statement specifying a partition name that is a partition of a HALDB master name &DBNAME which also appears in a different SYSIN statement.

System action: Processing halts.

User response: Remove the conflicting statements specifying partition names, if you want to initialize (INITALL) all of the HALDB partitions; or remove the INITALL statement from the DFSOVRDS data set to unconditionally initialize specific partitions. Remove the HALDB master name if no additional partitions existing in RECON and recorded as PINIT=YES (partition initialization required) are to be initialized.

Module:
DFSUPNT0

DFS0797E	The database PCB control blocks were incorrectly built for HALDB master database
-----------------	---

Explanation

Validation of the PCB control blocks for the specified HALDB master database failed. This is an IMS internal error.

System action

Processing is halted.

Operator response:

Call IBM Software Support to report this problem.

Module:
DFSUPNT0, DFSUPNT1

DFS0798I	eee PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR jjjjjjj RC=0000 RSN=00000000 ASCB=aaaaaaaa ASID=dddd TRC=ttttttttttttt:zzzzzzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

An end of memory (EOM) event for an IMS dependent region has been detected and processed.

In the message text:

eee

SSI call type: EOM (end of memory) or EOT (end of task)

jjjjjjj

Dependent region job name

aaaaaaaa

Dependent region ASCB (address space control block)

dddd

Dependent region ASID (address space identifier)

ttttttttttttt

Trace string (IDTEOMTR or IDTEOTTR)

zzzzzzzz

Address of the IDT entry

System action:

The results of EOM processing are displayed in the message. The region has terminated, clean up processing was successful, and the IDT and VTD entries for the region are cleared.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSBACK00, DFSISI00, DFSVCI00

Related reference

End of memory codes from DFS0798I
(Messages and Codes)

Related information

“DFS0798W” on page 287

eee PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR jjjjjjj RC=rrrr
RSN=ssssssss ASCB=aaaaaaaa ASID=dddd
TRC=ttttttttttttt:zzzzzzzz

DFS0798W	eee PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR jjjjjjj RC=rrrr RSN=ssssssss ASCB=aaaaaaaa ASID=dddd TRC=ttttttttttttt:zzzzzzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

An end of memory (EOM) event for an IMS-dependent region has been detected and processed.

In the message text:

eee

SSI call type: EOM (end of memory) or EOT (end of task)

rrrr

Return code

ssssssss

Reason code

jjjjjjj

Dependent region job name

aaaaaaaa

Dependent region ASCB (address space control block)

dddd

Dependent region ASID (address space identifier)

tttttttttttt

Trace string (IDTEOMTR or IDTEOTTR)

zzzzzzzz

Address of the IDT entry

System action:

The results of EOM processing are displayed in the message.

System programmer response:

Contact IBM Software Support for help.

Module:

DFSBCK00, DFSISI00, DFSVCI00

Related information

[“DFS0798I” on page 287](#)

eee PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR *jjjjjjj*

RC=0000

RSN=00000000 ASCB=aaaaaaaa ASID=dddd

TRC=tttttttttttt:zzzzzzzz

DFS0799E ***rgntype* REGION *jobname* BEING
TERMINATED AT CONTROL
REGION END OF MEMORY**

Explanation

The control region address space ended before a subordinate address space (DL/I or DBRC) was properly shut down. IMS detects this condition and abnormally terminates the surviving region with user abend 0150. This is an unusual condition, and might occur when the **FORCE** command is issued against the control address space, or the control address space is terminated without completing resource cleanup. If you receive this message, be aware that some IMS-allocated resources such as common storage might not have been freed from the prior IMS instance. This condition might require an IPL of your z/OS system to recover or release these resources.

In the message text:

rgntype

The address space type of the region being abnormally terminated, which is either DL/I or DBRC.

jobname

The job name of the DL/I or DBRC region begin abnormally terminated.

System action

IMS schedules the abnormal termination of the indicated address space. The address space terminates with abend 0150.

Operator response

Before restarting IMS, ensure that the DL/I or DBRC address space indicated by *rgntype* terminates. If the region does not terminate, attempt to cancel it from the console. This message indicates that IMS resource cleanup might have been skipped or only partially completed. This is likely if the **FORCE** command was issued against your IMS control region. When you received this message, you might encounter storage shortages or other resource-related problems, which might require an IPL of the z/OS system.

Problem determination:

27

Module:

DFSRSMR0

Related information

[IMS abend 0150](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0800I **AWAITING NOTIFICATION FROM
SUBSYS xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS attempted to connect to the subsystem specified by xxxxxxxx. The connection failed because the specified subsystem either was not active or could not respond to the connection attempt. A notify message was queued by the specified subsystem. When the subsystem becomes active and can connect, the subsystem issues an internal **MODIFY** command (notify message) to IMS where the connection process is attempted again.

System action

The IMS subtask TCB attached for the specified subsystem waits for an internal **MODIFY** command to attempt the connection process again. Until the internal MODIFY command is issued, a **/STA Subsys** for xxxxxxxx does not work, and a DFS058I message is issued with CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT xxxxxxxx text.

Programmer response

Restart the specified subsystem to issue the internal **MODIFY** command. The connection process is then attempted again.

This error might occur if the subsystem that is trying to issue the **MODIFY** command does not have the authority to issue the command. Check your z/OS system log (SYSLOG) for security errors to determine

if this is the cause of the problem. If it is, correct the problem and then restart the specified subsystem.

Module:

DFSESI30

Related information

[“DFS058I” on page 34](#)

CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT KKK P01,
P02, P03, P04, P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.

Chapter 19. DFS messages, DFS0801I - DFS0850W

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS0801I SUBSYSTEM CONNECTION FOR
 xxxxxxxx COMPLETE**

Explanation

IMS has successfully connected to the external subsystem xxxxxxxx, which was defined in the SSM member for subsystem connection.

System action

A subsystem-to-subsystem connection exists between IMS and the specified subsystem.

Module:
DFSESI30

**DFS0802I CANCEL COMMAND REJECTED
 BY IMS, USE /STOP REGION
 COMMAND TO STOP
 IMS DEPENDENT REGION,
 JOBNAME=zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

IMS intercepts all cancel commands for its dependent regions to avoid a possible abend 0113. zzzzzzzz is the name of the job that encountered the problem.

System action

Command is ignored.

Operator response:
Enter the proper **/STOP REGION** command to IMS if you want to stop the IMS-dependent region.

Module:
DFSISI00

**DFS0803A NO STATS RECORDS FOUND AT
 END OF INPUT**

Explanation

HISAM reload module did not encounter any statistical records at end of input from HISAM unload. This message is issued along with a statistical report to show statistics accumulated from the input for diagnostic purposes.

System action

Abnormally terminates with a return code 8.

Programmer response

A probable cause of this error is using the first volume of a multi-volume set of input and thus causing the reload module to encounter data at end of input, rather than statistical records.

Input from an unload that had abnormally terminated can also cause this condition.

Problem determination:
2, 3, 8, 18, 36

Module:
DFSURRLO

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS0804I CANCEL COMMAND REJECTED BY
 IMS, /MODIFY COMMIT COMMAND
 IN PROGRESS, JOBNAME =
 xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS does not allow a CCTL or ODBA connected address space to be canceled while a **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (COMMIT)** command is in progress.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response
(master terminal)

Reissue the **CANCEL** command after the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (COMMIT)** completes.

Module:
DFSISI00

**DFS0805I CANCEL COMMAND REJECTED BY
 IMS. JOBNAME=nnnnnnnn HAS
 ACTIVE ODBA THREADS. ODBA
 ID=iiiiiii**

Explanation

IMS intercepts all cancel commands that target an address space connected to IMS. The command is rejected because there are active ODBA threads.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The job or task name.

iiiiiii

The ODBA identifier to IMS returned by a **/DIS CCTL ALL** command.

System action

The command is rejected. After the **CANCEL** command is issued, no new threads will be allowed to start from the target address space until the connection to IMS has terminated.

Operator response

Allow the active threads to complete, then reissue the **CANCEL** command.

Module:
DFSISI00

DFS0806I	NO DBCTL MULTI-SEGMENT COMMAND BUFFERS AVAILABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a Database Control (DBCTL) environment, you can perform multi-segment command processing from a maximum of eight consoles at a time. This message appears when eight consoles are currently in the multi-segment processing state.

System action

The command segment is ignored.

Programmer response

Try again later. If repeated attempts fail, other consoles might be in multi-segment command mode and are unaware of it. Enter a command recognition character (CRC) from one of these other consoles.

Module:
DFSISI20

DFS0807I	DBCTL MULTI-SEGMENT COMMAND BUFFER OVERFLOW
-----------------	--

Explanation

In a DBCTL environment, a multi-segment command can have a maximum length of 241 characters. This

number includes the leading command recognition character (CRC) in the first segment, but not does not include CRCs in other segments. The segments entered from the console are internally concatenated. If the concatenated segments of the command exceed the 241 character maximum, this message appears.

System action

The segment that caused the command to exceed maximum length is discarded. All previous segments remain internally concatenated.

Programmer response

Terminate the in-progress command by entering a shorter final segment. A single CRC entered at the console is a valid final segment.

Module:
DFSISI20

DFS0808W	IMS region <i>region-id</i> (in IMS back-end <i>aaaaaaaa</i>) has been in <i>wait-syncpoint/wait-RRS</i> status for OTMA client <i>yyyyyyyy</i> and tpipe <i>zzzzzzzz</i> for <i>xx</i> minutes.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The region indicated in the messages has been in a wait-syncpoint condition for *xx* minutes. The information in the message is as follows:

aaaaaaaa

IMS name

yyyyyyyy

OTMA client name

zzzzzzzz

The transaction pipe name

xx

Time in minutes that the region has been in a wait state

System action

The IMS region remains in the wait-syncpoint condition until the needed ACK or NAK response is received, or until an IMS command is issued to stop the waiting.

Programmer response

Check the OTMA client application to find out why a required ACK or NAK is not sent to IMS OTMA.

Module:
DFSYMEM0

DFS0809E **IMS region *region-id* (in IMS back-end *aaaaaaaa*) has timed out for OTMA client *yyyyyyyy* tpipe *xxxxxxx* for *nn* seconds.**

Explanation

OTMA detected a timeout for a transaction running in a dependent region for a CM1 message. The information in the message is as follows:

aaaaaaaa
IMS name

yyyyyyyy
OTMA client name

xxxxxxx
The transaction pipe name

nn
Time in seconds that the region has been in a wait state

System action

For MPP regions, IMS terminates the transaction abnormally and issues an abend 0119.

For IFP regions, the action depends on the shared queue environment.

- Without shared queues, or with shared queues but when processing a local transaction (originating on processing IMS), no abend is issued. IMS backs out the updates and sends a deallocate abnormal flow to the end-client.
- For IFP regions, operating in a shared queue environment and processing as a back-end (message origin is not the processing IMS), an abend 0119 is issued.

Programmer response

Check the OTMA client application to determine why the required ACK or NAK response is not sent to IMS OTMA.

Module:
DFSYMEMO

Related information
[IMS abend 0119](#)

DFS810A **IMS (DCCTL) READY *yyyyddd*/*hhmmsst jobname.stpname***

Explanation

IMS initialization has successfully completed. An appropriate **/NRESTART** or **/ERESTART** command should be entered to tell IMS what restart processing

is required. When (DCCTL) is displayed in the message, the DCCTL environment has been initialized.

System action

Waits for **/ERESTART** or **/NRESTART** command.

Operator response

(master terminal) Enter an **/ERESTART** or **/NRESTART** command.

Module:
DFSCINB0

DFS0811A **UNABLE TO OBTAIN GGG GIGABYTES OF 64-BIT STORAGE FOR THE ACB POOL. REASON=*xxxx***

Explanation

You specified the ACBIN64 parameter to create a 64-bit storage pool for ACB members. The size of the storage request is GGG gigabytes. IMS control region initialization attempted to obtain this 64-bit storage pool, but storage was not available for the reason specified in xxxx.

System action

IMS initialization continues without the ACB members in 64-bit storage.

Operator response

The explanations of the reason codes are in the following z/OS publications:

z/OS MVS Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT (SA22-7607)
z/OS MVS Authorized Assembler Services Reference LLA-SDU (SA22-7611)

Determine the appropriate response based on the reason code. If the reason code indicates that there was not enough storage available, verify the amount of 64-bit storage available and adjust the requested amount.

Problem determination:
1, 3, 4, 5, 36

Related reference
[z/OS: IARST64 64-bit storage services](#)
[z/OS: IARST64 return and reason codes](#)

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS812I	PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON JOB LIB/ LPALIB
----------------	---

Explanation

While searching PDS directories for JOBLIB or SYS1.LPALIB, a permanent I/O error occurred.

Programmer response

Ensure that JOBLIB allocation for the region is correct. If it is correct, contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSIIIN0

DFS813I	BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING JOB LIB/ LPALIB
----------------	--

Explanation

While searching the PDS directories for JOBLIB or SYS1.LPALIB, modules required to support IMS could not be found. Module names follow the message.

Operator response:

Notify the system programmer responsible for IMS.

Module:
DFSIIIN0

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL-Build a directory entry list \(BPAM\)](#)

DFS814I	INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR FOLLOWING LINEGROUPS
----------------	---

Explanation

While initializing the line groups for the communications facility of IMS, IMS found that one or more line groups could not be initialized. A message listing the ddnames of the line groups involved and the reason they could not be initialized follows this message. Possible reasons for unsuccessful initialization include:

ddname
Reason

ddname.ALLOC

An incorrect device type has been allocated to this DD statement. When the ddname is for a spool device, JES SPOOL DATASET (SYSOUT) might be incorrectly specified for at least one DD statement in the line group. This message is issued once for

each DD statement in the line group, even if only one DD statement has an incorrect specification.

ddname.DUMMY

The first statement in a line group was specified as DD DUMMY.

ddname.NOFND

The DD statement was not present.

ddname.NOTSP

IMS-issued I/O operations do not support PDSW, HFS, or any other extended-format data sets.

ddname.STORG

There is not enough storage in subpool 0 to initialize the EXCP process.

ddname.UNIT

The DD statement does not point to a valid CTC device.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Ensure that those line groups not initialized were intentionally not initialized. If line groups which should have been initialized were not, bring this message to the attention of the system programmer responsible for IMS.

Module:
DFSIIINB0

DFS815I	UNABLE TO OPEN LINEGROUPS
----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

During initialization of the control region, it was not possible to open any communication line groups. The reason might be improper allocation or lack of allocation for any line groups.

Programmer response

Ensure that line groups are allocated using correct ddnames as shown in output from Stage 2 of IMS system definition.

Module:
DFSIIINB0

DFS816A	NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE <i>aaa</i>. REQUEST DID NOT COMPLETE IN 15 SECONDS. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.
----------------	---

Explanation

The 7770 line with a unit address of *aaa* had a NOP request issued which failed to complete during initialization.

System action

Waits for reply.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Replies can be uppercase or lowercase. A reply of POST causes the line to be posted unusable; a reply of RETRY causes the operation to be retried.

Module:
DFSII030, DFSXCIC0, DFSXLGI0

DFS817A **NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE *aaa*. CONTROL IS NOT OPERATIONAL. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.**

Explanation

The 7770 control unit with line address *aaa* is offline.

System action

Waits for reply.

Operator response:
Replies can be uppercase or lowercase. A reply of POST causes the line to be posted unusable. If the operation is to be retried, place the control unit online before replying RETRY. A reply of RETRY causes the operation to be retried.

Module:
DFSII030

DFS818A **NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE *aaa*. RESULT WAS I/O ERROR *cccc,ss,ee,ii*. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred.

In the message text:

Code

	Meaning
<i>aaa</i>	The line control unit address
<i>cccc</i>	The CSW status
<i>ss</i>	The sense status
<i>ee</i>	The DECB DECERRST field
<i>ii</i>	The IOB IOBINCAM field

System action

Waits for reply.

Operator response:

Replies can be uppercase or lowercase. A reply of POST causes the line to be posted unusable; a reply of RETRY causes the operation to be retried.

Module:
DFSII030

DFS819I **YOUR REPLY TO THE LAST MESSAGE WAS INVALID. PLEASE TRY AGAIN**

Explanation

The operator gave an invalid reply to one of the following messages: DFS816A, DFS817A, or DFS818A.

Operator response:
Wait for the appropriate message above to be reissued, and then retry your reply.

Module:
DFSII030

Related information

“DFS816A” on page 294
NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE *aaa*. REQUEST DID NOT COMPLETE IN 15 SECONDS. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.

“DFS817A” on page 295
NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE *aaa*. CONTROL IS NOT OPERATIONAL. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.

“DFS818A” on page 295
NOP ISSUED TO 7770-3 LINE *aaa*. RESULT WAS I/O ERROR *cccc,ss,ee,ii*. REPLY 'POST' OR 'RETRY'.

DFS0820W **PARTITION INITIALIZATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED FOR MASTER DATABASE *mdbname*, DLI STATUS CODE= *dlistatus***

Explanation

An error was encountered that prevented the initialization of all the partitioned data sets.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 4.

User response

Check the DBDGEN for errors. Verify that all the HALDB master partition data sets have been correctly defined.

Module:
DFSURPRO

DFS821I **NO DATA BASE DIRECTORIES DEFINED**

Explanation

At system definition time, no databases were defined to the system. Therefore, no database directory initialization is required.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS822I	NO ALLOCATION FOR DDN 'IMSACBx' IN (CTL DLS) ADDRESS SPACE.
----------------	--

Explanation

The ACBLIB data sets must be defined in the JCL used to start IMS. The DDNAMEs used to define ACBLIB are IMSACBA and IMSACBB. x is either A or B, indicating the missing JCL DD statement. DLS is included in this message if the error was detected in the DL/I subordinate address space. In a DL/I subordinate address space environment, both the control region and JCL must define ACBLIB.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0071 or 0821.

Programmer response

Check the JCL to ensure proper allocation per the IMS system definition information.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)
[IMS abend 0821](#)

DFS823I	UNABLE TO OPEN DDN 'IMSACBx' IN (CTL DLS) ADDRESS SPACE.
----------------	---

Explanation

A permanent I/O error might have occurred during OPEN. x=A or B depending upon whether IMSACBA or IMSACBB is active. DLS is included in this message if the error occurred in the DL/I subordinate address space.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0071 or 0821.

Programmer response

Ensure that ddname IMSACBx is allocated properly and that the data set specified at IMS system definition time exists. x=A or B.

Problem determination

Check the JCL to ensure proper allocation per the IMS system definition information.

Module:
DFSBIND0, DFSIIND0

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)
[IMS abend 00821](#)

DFS824I	DFS824I PDS DIRECTORY READ ERROR DDN 'IMSACB ' RC=xx RSN=yy
----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred while trying to read the PDS directory for ddname IMSACBx. The return code from the call to the BLDL macro is shown as xx, and the reason code is yy.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0071 or 0821.

Programmer response

Check the JCL to ensure proper allocation per the IMS system definition information.

Problem determination

See message DFS823I.

Module:
DFSBIND0, DFSRDB30

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

“DFS823I” on page 296
UNABLE TO OPEN DDN 'IMSACBx' IN (CTL|DLS) ADDRESS SPACE.
[IMS abend 0071](#)
[IMS abend 0821](#)

DFS825I	BLDL FAILED FOR ALL DEFINED DATA BASE DIRECTORIES
----------------	--

Explanation

No valid directory entries for databases named at IMS system definition time could be found on the data set allocated to ddname IMSACB.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0071 when dynamic resource definition (DRD) is not enabled. When DRD is enabled then IMS continues to restart but does not process programs (PDIRs).

Operator response

(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Ensure that at least one DBDGEN for the defined system has been run and that it is placed in the ACBLIB data set defined by ddname IMSACB. If DBDs exist in the IMSACB library, validate that the IMSACB library is built at the same IMS level as the IMS execution library.

Problem determination

Message DFS826I contains a list of reasons for which the directory entries might have been invalid.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS826I” on page 297](#)

BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING DBDs:

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS826I BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING DBDs:

or

xxx DBD ERRORS SENT TO JOB LOG

or

xxx DBD ERRORS SUPPRESSED

Explanation

The first form of this message is repeated as DBD names are listed that were not found or did not meet requirements on ACBLIB. A reason follows each name.

Name

Meaning

NOFND

Not found

NOTPS

A DBD was defined as a PSB at IMS system definition.

NOBUF

Buffer size was zero.

ALIAS

Alias names are not allowed.

NOTDM

A PSB was defined as a data management block at IMS system definition.

NOTCP

Not compatible

No programs or transactions which use the named databases or PSBs are scheduled for execution by IMS.

In the second form of this message, xxx is the number of DBD errors.

IMS issues the third form of this message if you specified MSG0826=SUPPBLDL in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. DFS826I messages are not sent to the job log.

System action

IMS continues running if running in either a CTX or CTL type IMS region. IMS abends with abend 0821 if running in a DBB type IMS region.

Programmer response

For the first form of this message, no action is required. No programs or transactions which use the named databases or PSBs are scheduled for execution by IMS. For NOTCP, an ACBGEN must be done.

For the second form of this message, see the job log for all DFS826I messages.

Problem determination

See the IMS system definition information.

Module:

DFSBIND0, DFSIIND0

Related information

[IMS abend 0821](#)

DFS827I **DYNAMIC PSB *psbname* BLDL
FAILED-aaaaa**

Explanation

The BLDL for the PSB indicated by *psbname* in the message failed for the reason specified by one of the following codes, *aaaaa* in the message text:

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Name | Meaning |
| IOERR | I/O error reading the directory |
| NOFND | Member not found |
| CONCT | Member is in first concatenation. |
| ALIAS | Member is an alias. |
| NOTPS | Member is not really a PSB. |
| NOBUF | No buffer size was available. |
| NOTCP | Not compatible |

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

No programs or transactions that use the named databases or PSBs are scheduled for execution by IMS.

Problem determination

See the IMS system definition information.

Module:
DFSDBLIO

DFS828I **WARNING: *xxxx* POOL NOT
CREATED**

Explanation

The pool named *xxxx* has not been created because both the IMS system definition and override values on the EXEC statement are zero for the named pool.

System action

IMS continues initialization, but the named pool does not exist during the IMS run.

Programmer response

Make sure that the named pool is not needed for the IMS installation configuration.

Problem determination:
1, 8, 10

Module:
DFSDOBIO, DFSIINSO

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS829I **NO PROGRAM DIRECTORIES
DEFINED**

Explanation

At system definition time, no programs were defined to the system. Therefore, no program directory initialization was required. Also, no database directory initialization is done.

Problem determination

Check system definition Stage 2 output.

Module:
DFSIINDO

DFS830I **BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING
PSBs;**

or

***xxx* PSB ERRORS SENT TO JOB LOG**

or

***xxx* PSB ERRORS SUPPRESSED**

Explanation

The first form of this message is repeated as PSB names are listed that were not found or did not meet requirements on ACBLIB. A reason follows each name. See message DFS826I.

For the second form of this message, more than ten PSB errors were found; *xxx* is the number of PSB errors found.

System action

IMS continues running if running in either a CTX or CTL type IMS region. IMS terminates with abend 0821 if running in a DBB type IMS region.

Programmer response

For the first form of this message, note that no programs or transactions that use the named PSB are scheduled for execution by IMS.

For the second form of this message, see the job log for all DFS830I messages.

IMS issues the third form of this message if you specified MSG0830=SUPPBLDL in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. DFS830I messages are not sent to the job log.

Module:

DFSBIND0, DFSIIND0

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

“DFS826I” on page 297

BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING DBDs:

DFS831I	BLDL FAILED FOR ALL DEFINED PROGRAM DIRECTORIES
----------------	--

Explanation

No valid directory entries for programs defined during IMS system definition were found in the ACBLIB data set allocated to ddname IMSACB.

During initialization, the PSBs defined during IMS system definition, or defined in the CICS program directory (PDIR), are loaded and validated. At least one valid PSB must be found in ACBLIB. If no PSBs, or no valid PSBs are found, message DFS831I is issued.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0071.

Operator response

(master terminal) Make sure that no message regions were going to be run. If yes, contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Programmer response

Check the JCL for proper allocation. In addition, ensure that at least one PSBGEN for a non-DOPT PSB was run, and that the PSB is placed in the ACBLIB data set defined by ddname IMSACB.

Module:

DFSRDB30

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS0832I	ABEND Uwww REASON CODE xxxx yyyy PARTITION DATABASE ZZZZZZZZ
-----------------	---

Explanation

Use this message to assist in debugging problems that cause an IMS abend. This message is issued when an abend condition is detected by module DFSDLA00 or DFSFDMP0. This condition can be caused by either:

- A nonzero return code on a partition selection or validation.
- A pseudoabend set by module DFSDLR00, DFSDDL00, DFSDXMT0, DFSDL00, DFSRBOIO, DFSFXC50, or DFSRCHB0.

In the message text:

www

The pseudoabend code.

xxxx

One of the following:

- The reason code for HALDB abends, or N/A for non-HALDB abends.
- One of these detected IMS abends:

0776

0880

3303

3498

For these abends, the reason code is yyyy and it is related to a problem that was detected while processing a HALDB.

yyyy

If xxxx (the abend) is not one of the above, the value of yyyy is N/A. Otherwise, it is one of the following reason codes:

4001

No more partitions are defined

4014

A HALDB was defined as non-registered in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member but was found to be registered in the RECON data set.

4020

DB authorization error (data unavailable)

4025

DB unload action error

4026

DB initialization action error

4032
Partition unavailable due to a migrated data set.

4059
The access level is not compatible with the intent level

8001
Target partition requires initialization

8010
Target partition not found

8011
An invalid key for a partition was found.

8031
Open DMB failure

8051
User partition selection failed

C001
Non-partitioned DB access

C002
Partitions not active

C003
Partition stopped

C004
Partition structure terminating

C005
Partition structure not initialized

C006
Partition structure rebuild failed

C009
ILDS DSG not provided

C010
Unusual structure status

C030
Invalid authorization reason code

C031
Partition open error

C040
Invalid partition DDIR

C041
Invalid partition set operation

C042
Unable to allocate PSET storage

C043
Invalid partition set selection action

C050
User selection exit not invoked

C060
Invalid function code

C070
Buffer handler byte locate failed

C071
Buffer handler locate by key failed

C072
Error occurred during processing against the indirect list data set (ILDS).

C073
Buffer handler mark altered failed

C074
Buffer handler byte locate & mark altered failed

C075
IRLM root lock request (GRID) failed

C076
Request to obtain BCB storage (BCBGET) failed

C077
Refresh OLR cursor request failed

PARTITION | DATABASE

If HALDB, PARTITION. If non-HALDB, DATABASE.

ZZZZZZZZ

The DBD name for one of these:

- HALDB partition
- HALDB master
- Non-HALDB database

or NOTAPPLI if no DBD is available.

System action

The application program is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the situation that caused the application to terminate.

Module:

DFSDLA00, DFSFDMP0

DFS833I	INSUFFICIENT (CTL PRIVATE COMMON SYSTEM) MEMORY FOR RESIDENT INTENT LISTS
----------------	---

Explanation

There was not enough storage to make intent lists resident. The storage requested was either for space within the region or for space in the common system area (CSA). The latter case implies that the DL/I subordinate address space option has been selected.

System action

No intent lists are made resident.

Programmer response

Increase the IMS region size if the message specifies "private".

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS834I	INSUFFICIENT (COMMON SYSTEM DLS PRIVATE) MEMORY FOR RESIDENT PSBS
----------------	--

Explanation

There was not enough storage to make PSBs resident. The storage requested was either for space within the common system area (CSA) or from DL/I subordinate address space private memory (DLS).

System action

No PSBs are made resident.

Programmer response

Either provide more space in the area where the space is obtained or make fewer PSBs resident.

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS835I	INSUFFICIENT (COMMON SYSTEM DLS PRIVATE) MEMORY FOR RESIDENT DMBS
----------------	--

Explanation

There was not enough storage to make specified data management blocks resident. The storage requested was either for space within the common system area (CSA) or from DL/I subordinate address space private memory (DLS).

System action

No data management blocks are made resident.

Programmer response

Either provide more space in the area where the space is obtained or make fewer data management blocks resident.

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS836I	THE FOLLOWING SHARED DMBS NOT FOUND IN THE LIBRARY
----------------	---

Explanation

While initializing database directories, an entry for one or more shared index data management blocks could not be located in the ACBLIB. The affected entries are listed after the header.

System action

All listed databases are stopped permanently and initialization continues.

Operator response:

Notify the IMS system programmer of the condition.

Programmer response

Reconstruct the affected entries in the ACBLIB, using the IMS ACB utility.

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS837I	SHARED INDEX NOT DEFINED DMB <i>dbdname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The named database was part of a shared index DMB in the ACBLIB but had not been defined to the IMS system during the IMSGEN process.

System action

All databases forming the shared index group are permanently stopped and initialization continues.

Operator response:

Notify the IMS system programmer of the condition.

Programmer response

Correct the affected entries in the ACBLIB.

Module:
DFSIIIND0

DFS838I	I/O ERROR READING SHARED INDEX LIST FOR DMB <i>dbdname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The named database was a shared index. While trying to read the index list from the ACBLIB, a permanent I/O error occurred.

System action

The affected database is permanently stopped, and initialization continues.

Operator response:

Notify the system programmer of the condition.

Programmer response

Correct the condition causing the I/O error.

Problem determination

Check the system console or the log record, or both, for information about the cause of the I/O error.

Module:
DFSBIND0, DFSIIND0

DFS0839I	DATA BASE BUFFER POOL NOT PURGED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A database buffer was not purged after an abend because:

- DL/I was active at time of abend.
- No STAE work area was provided.
- The PSB had update intent but the log was DD dummy.
- The buffer handler gave a bad return code on the purge call.
- The GETMAIN for save areas failed.
- The buffer handler was not in storage.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Module:
DFSFLST0

DFS0840I	INDEX ERROR (<i>dbdname</i>) (<i>status code</i>) (<i>first 45 bytes of key</i>)
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error condition was encountered by the index maintenance function. The message shows the *dbdname*, the *status code*, and the first 45 bytes of the key. The status code can be NE, NI, NO, or BLANK.

Code
Meaning

NE

An attempt was made to delete an index record, but the record did not exist. This might be a valid condition if the secondary index was processed as a database and some secondary index entries were deleted. If the source segment is deleted and its index entry is not present, the NE status code is the result. The DFS0840I message is sent for

information purposes, but since this might be a valid condition, a BLANK status code is returned to the application program. See the description of the NE status code in the DL/I status code information.

You can suppress the DFS0840I message by specifying `ISSUE840=NO` on an `OPTIONS` statement in the DFSVSMxx PROCLIB member.

NI

Either a data set could not be opened or there was a duplicate segment in a unique secondary index. If a data set could not be opened, the message is preceded by a DFS0730I message and followed by a 0826 pseudoabend or real abend. If there is no preceding DFS0730I message, then there is a duplicate segment in a secondary index. If it is possible to back out prior changes for the call, this message is suppressed. Only the NI status is returned to the application program. If it is not possible to back out other changes for the call, or if `ISSUE840=YES` has been specified on an `OPTIONS` statement in the DFSVSMxx member, this message is displayed and is followed by a 0828 pseudoabend or real abend. For additional information, see the descriptions of the NI status code in the DL/I status code information.

The conditions which do not support backing out prior updates for the call are:

- The execution environment is batch and does not use a DASD log with `BK0=YES` specified on the `PARM` field of the JCL EXEC statement.

NO

An I/O error was detected. This message should be preceded by a VSAM error message which describes the error. A database recovery might be necessary. The NO status is returned to the application program. If it is possible to back out prior changes for the call (see details below), this message is suppressed. If it is not possible to back out prior changes for the call, this message is displayed and is followed by a 0826 pseudoabend or real abend. See the description of the NO status code in the DL/I status code information.

BLANK

An unexpected return code was received from a call to the buffer handler. In this case, the message should be accompanied by a 0825, 0826, or 0829 pseudoabend or real abend.

System action

Described above.

Programmer response

See the status code descriptions or abend explanations.

Problem determination:

4, 36

Module:

DFS0841I

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)

UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z*
DATABASE *dbdname* programid

[IMS abend 0825](#)

[IMS abend 0826](#)

[IMS abend 0829](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0841I	SAF INTERFACE ERROR. SAF RC=<i>nn</i>, RACROUTE=<i>racf-function</i>, RETURN=(<i>yy</i>,<i>zzz</i>)
-----------------	--

Explanation

A RACROUTE call received a failing return code (RC=*nn*) from the SAF interface during initialization processing. The failing RACROUTE function was *racf-function*. The security product return code is *yy*, and the reason code is *zzz*.

System action

If the error occurs in the control region, IMS initialization terminates with an abend 0071. If the error occurs in the DLISAS region, IMS initialization terminates with an abend 0029.

Programmer response

If this is a problem with the installation of RACF, analyze the return and reason codes for *racf-function* in *z/OS Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference* (SA22-7692).

To bypass all RACF checking for online IMS systems, modify the z/OS program properties table for DFSMVR00 as described in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference* (SA22-7592).

Problem determination:

1,3,4,6

Module:

DFSXRAC0

Related reference

[z/OS: RACROUTE return codes and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: z/OS system tailoring](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0029](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0842I	OSAM DATASET CANNOT BE EXTENDED, REASON=<i>X</i>, <i>Z</i>,<i>dbdname</i> <i>ddname</i>, <i>dsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

OSAM was unable to extend the named data set. A two line message each numbered DFS0842I is issued. The first line indicates why the data set is not extendable. It also contains the *dbdname*. The second line contains the *ddname* and the *dsname*.

In the message text:

X

The reason code that identifies the error condition

Z

The hexadecimal error subcode

dbdname

The database name

ddname

The data definition name

dsname

The data set name

The following reason codes (X) identify error conditions detected by DFSDBH10. The first word in the description is the label name where the error was detected. Conditions 1, 2, and 3 occur only in a data sharing environment when the data set was extended on another subsystem. The subsystem with the error was unable to perform a similar extension.

X reason code - set by module DFSDBH10 Error condition

1

LCREAT10: Pseudo data set extension failed.

2

DSXT0350: The volume serial number for the new extent does not match the volume serial number broadcast by the extending subsystem.

- 3** DSXT0360: An error occurred while processing an OSAM TCLOSE function for the data set. A TCLOSE is the closing and reopening of the data set to acquire new extent information.
- 4** Not used.
- 5** LCREAT30: An attempt to allocate another extent for the data set using the OSAM end-of-volume routine failed. The data set could not be extended.
- 6** LCREAT40: An attempt to obtain a buffer for the requested block failed. This problem might have been caused by I/O errors on one of the OSAM data sets that share the same set of buffers.
- 7** LCREAT70: An I/O error was received during the format logical cylinder operation.

The following reason codes (X) identify error conditions detected by DFSDBH1M. The first word in the description is the label name where the error was detected. Condition A occurs only in a data sharing environment when the data set was extended to another subsystem. The subsystem with the error was unable to perform a similar extension.

X reason code - set by module DFSDBH1M
Error condition

- A** LCREAT10: Pseudo data set extension failed.
- B** LCREAT31: Failed to allocate an MMCLP control block.
- C** LCREAT3C: Failed to allocate an MMSPL control block.
- D** LCREAT3E: Call to OSAM Media Manager end-of-volume routine failed.
- E** LCREAT32: An attempt to obtain a buffer for the requested block failed. This problem might be caused by I/O errors on one of the OSAM data sets that share the same set of buffers.
- F** LCREA300: Failed to allocate an MMRQ control block.
- G** LCREAT45: An attempt to obtain a buffer for the requested block failed. This problem might be caused by I/O errors on one of the OSAM data sets that share the same set of buffers.

- H** LCREA610: Failed to allocate an MMCLP control block.
- I** LCREA620: Failed to allocate an MMRQ control block.
- J** LCREAT70: An I/O error was received during the format logical cylinder operation.
- K** LCREAT78: Failed to allocate an MMCLP control block.
- L** LCREAT7C: Failed to allocate an MMSPL control block.
- M** LCREAT7F: CATUPDT request failed.
- N** DSXT0165: Failed to allocate an MMCLP control block.
- O** DSXT016C: Failed to allocate an MMSPL control block.
- P** DSXT016E: UPDATECB request failed.
- Q** DSXT0352: Failed to allocate an MMCLP control block.
- R** DSXT035C: Failed to allocate an MMSPL control block.
- S** DSXT0360: UPDATECB request failed.

Z subcode is returned in DCBWRK1+3 by modules DFSAOSF0, DFSAOS10, DFSAOSFM, DFSAOS1M and DFSDBH1M. This subfield of the message is only used for a message that contains reason codes 5 or D.

Z subcode (hex) - set by module DFSAOSFM:
Meaning

- 01** Invalid EOVS request.
- 02** Call to DFSMMCL0 failed.
- 03** DCB is not open.
- 04** Data set is not extendable, or secondary allocation is not permitted.
- 05** Could not build authorized copy of MMCLP.

06 Could not find an authorized copy of MMP.

07 DCB is a DD dummy data set.

08 Data control block (DCB) marked unusable.

**Z subcode (hex) - set by module DFSAOS1M:
Meaning**

21 DCB is a DD dummy data set.

22 DCB is not open.

**Z subcode (hex) - set by module DFSDBH1M:
Meaning**

31 EOVS call to DFSMMCL0 failed.

The following subcodes (Z) identify error conditions detected by DFSAOSF0 and DFSAOS10. The Z subcode is returned in DCBWRK1+3, and is used to identify error conditions associated with reason code 5.

**Z subcode (hex) - set by module DFSAOSF0:
Meaning**

01 Data control block (DCB) marked unusable.

02 DCB is DD dummy data set.

03 DCB is not open.

04 Data extension block (DEB) has reached maximum size.

05 Data set not extendable, or secondary allocation is not permitted.

06 Insufficient volumes.

07 An error occurred while locating the current volumes extents. The return code from the OSPLIT subroutine is 4 in register 15.

08 An error occurred while converting an OSAM data extension block (DEB) to an MVS DEB. The return code from the OSDEB subroutine is 4 in register 15.

09 An error occurred while constructing an OSAM DEB. The return code from the OSAMDEB subroutine is 4 in register 15.

0A DEB/DCB validation check failed.

0B This call is not for an EOVS call request.

0C An error occurred while locating the current volumes extensions. The return code from the OSPLIT subroutine is 8 in register 15.

0D An error occurred while converting an OSAM data extension block (DEB) to an MVS DEB. The return code from the OSDEB subroutine is 8 in register 15.

0E An error occurred while constructing an OSAM DEB. The return code from the OSAMDEB subroutine is 8 in register 15.

0F Error releasing a captured unit control block (UCB).

**Z subcode (hex) - set by module DFSAOS10:
Meaning**

20 End-of-volume (EOVS) is already pending.

21 I/O error was encountered

22 DCB was DD dummy data set. It was detected by DFSAOS10.

23 DCB was not open. It was detected by DFSAOS10.

24 Error acquiring new extent.

30 Error formatting logical cylinder.

System action

For condition 1, 2, or 3, the application program pseudoabends with abend 0842. For the other conditions, processing continues and message DFS0845I might follow.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the IMS system programmer or database administrator of the condition.

Programmer response

Take the following actions:

- If data set extend error 1, 2, or 3 occurs in a data sharing environment, ensure that all the volumes of the database are shared among the subsystems and that a path exists to all volumes.
- If data set extend error 5 occurs, add additional space or reduce the number of DASD extents, by reorganizing the database or recovering the

database with larger space parameters. After an extend error 5, if an OSAM data set cannot be opened because it extends beyond the OSAM-supported maximum number of extents, you might need an intermediate utility step when opening the data set to allow the system to release the unused extents. For example, use an ADRDSSU job with RELEASE, or a copy utility such as IEBGENER with a dummy input data set and the OSAM data set as output, specifying DISP=MOD and SPACE=(xxx, (primary,secondary),RLSE). For information about extends, see [Using OSAM as the access method](#) (Database Administration).

- If I/O errors were encountered, follow the actions defined in message DFS0451I or DFS0451A.

Problem determination:

3, 4, 5, 17

Module:

DFSDBH40 and DFSDBH4M

Related information

[“DFS0451I” on page 149](#)

modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field

[“DFS0451A” on page 149](#)

modname, dbdname, ddname, i/o error, decb field

[IMS abend 0842](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0843I ***dbname MAXIMUM NUMBER
OF BYTES REACHED,
DDNAME=ddname***

Explanation

The data set group of an HDAM, HIDAM, PHDAM, or PHIDAM database has reached its maximum capacity.

For non-HALDB databases, the maximum size of a data set is:

- If the data set is VSAM, 4 GB.
- If the data set is OSAM, 4 GB for a data set with an odd-length block size and 8 GB for a data set with an even-length block size.

4,294,967,295 bytes (4 GB) is the largest absolute number for a fullword. A non-HALDB OSAM database with an even block size doubles the possible storage within a fullword to 8,589,834,591 bytes (8 GB).

For HALDB database partitions, the maximum size of a data set is:

- If the data set is VSAM, 4 GB.
- If the data set is OSAM, 4 GB or 8 GB.

System action

An attempt to obtain space is made by examining bitmaps. The search starts at the end of the data set and works up to the start. If this is unsuccessful, message DFS0844I is issued and the transaction terminates with pseudoabend 0844.

Programmer response

Reorganize the database to consolidate and reclaim space. If this does not work, consider taking one of the following actions:

- For a HALDB database, split the partition into two or more partitions.
- For a HALDB database that uses VSAM data sets or 4-GB OSAM data sets, consider using 8-GB OSAM data sets.

To use 8-GB OSAM data sets, the HALDB database must be registered to DBRC as supporting 8-GB OSAM data sets. HALDB databases that use 8-GB OSAM data sets cannot be reorganized with the HALDB Online Reorganization (OLR) function

- For a non-HALDB database, convert the database to HALDB.
- For a non-HALDB database that uses VSAM data sets, change the database to use OSAM data sets with an even block size.
- Use multiple data set groups.

Module:

DFS0844I

Related information

[“DFS0844I” on page 306](#)

*modulename dbname DATASET FULL,
DDNAME=ddname*

[IMS abend 0844](#)

DFS0844I ***modulename dbname DATASET
FULL, DDNAME=ddname***

Explanation

The named database data set has no more space in which to place data and precedes pseudoabend 0844. One of the following occurred:

- An attempt to insert a new record into the named data set failed because no space was available.
- An insert call was issued to a data set that was defined as DD DSNAME=NULLFILE or DD DUMMY.

System action

The application program is terminated with pseudoabend 0844. For HISAM or index databases, the database is stopped.

Operator response

For HISAM or index databases, you must issue a **/START** command to restart the database.

(master terminal) Notify the IMS system programmer or database administrator of the condition.

Programmer response

The backout of uncommitted changes after any pseudoabend 0844 restores the database to a consistent and usable state. However, inserts can cause the same condition to occur. While offline (using the **/DBR** command), you must copy the database to a larger space allocation. Then make the database available to the online region using the **/START** command.

Problem determination:
3, 4, 5, 17

Module

DFSDVSM0, DFSDDLE0

Related information

[IMS abend 0844](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0845I	<i>dbname</i> DATASET LIMIT REACHED, DDNAME=<i>ddname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to create another block in an HDAM, HIDAM, PHDAM, or a PHIDAM database failed, because additional extents could not be allocated or an I/O error was encountered while creating additional blocks.

System action

The bitmaps are searched to find available space within the database. If space is found, it is used and processing continues. If space is not found, message DFS0844I is issued.

Operator response:

Notify the IMS system programmer of the condition.

Programmer response

If additional extents cannot be allocated, additional volumes can be added or the database can be reorganized. If an I/O error was encountered, and sufficient space was found using the bitmap search, migrate the database to another physical location to avoid additional I/O errors.

Module:

DFSGGSP0

Related information

[“DFS0844I” on page 306](#)

*module*name *dbname* DATASET FULL,
DDNAME=*ddname*

DFS846I	CONTROL CARD ERROR, {NAME EXCEEDS 8 BYTES EXCESSIVE PARAMETERS MISSING PAREN SETS OF PARAMETERS > 100 BAD TIME CARD I/O INVALID}
----------------	--

Explanation

A control statement was in error.

System action

DFSIST40 terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Check the control statements for the specified error. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSIST40

DFS847I	UNRECOGNIZED CONTROL CARD BYPASSED
----------------	---

Explanation

A control statement contained an invalid keyword. The other control statements are processed, and the job continues.

System action

DFSIST40 continues execution.

Programmer response

Check the control statements. Correct the error, and rerun the job if necessary.

Module:

DFSIST40

DFS848I	CONTROL CARD ERROR, NO OUTPUT SELECTED
----------------	---

Explanation

No messages met the selection criteria of the control statements.

System action

DFSIST40 terminates normally.

Programmer response

Check the JCL and control statements, and determine if there should have been output. Correct the error, and rerun the job if necessary.

Module:
DFSIST40

DFS849I	NO OUTPUT DATASETS REQUESTED, EOJ
----------------	--

Explanation

The statistics program found that neither IMSLOG0 nor IMSLOGP was specified.

System action

DFSIST40 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSIST40

DFS0850W	PARTITIONED DATABASE STRUCTURE INITIALIZATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED FOR DATABASE <i>mdbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Database structure initialization failed for the database identified by *mdbname*. For additional information, see the accompanying message DFS0415W, if present.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 4.

User response

Check the JCL for correct RECON data sets and DFSVSAMP DD card. After you correct the error, resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURPR0

Related information

"DFS0415W" on page 134
PARTITIONED DATABASE *INIT* | *TERM* | *START* |
DEQUE EXCEPTION CONDITION - FUNC= *fffffff*,
DBNAME= *dddddddd*, PARTNAME= *pppppppp*,
REASON= *rr*

Chapter 20. DFS messages, DFS0851W - DFS0900A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0851W **PARTITIONED DATABASE
STRUCTURE TERMINATION
ERROR ENCOUNTERED FOR DATA
BASE *mdbname***

Explanation

The Partition Structure Manager was unable to terminate the database structure for the database identified by *mdbname*. For additional information, see the accompanying message DFS0415W, if present.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 4.

Module:
DFSURPRO

Related information

“DFS0415W” on page 134
PARTITIONED DATABASE *INIT* / *TERM* / *START* /
DEQUE EXCEPTION CONDITION - *FUNC*= *ffffff*,
DBNAME= *dddddd*, *PARTNAME*= *pppppp*,
REASON= *rr*

DFS852W **REPLACE IGNORED DUE TO
FAILURE OF VERIFY**

Explanation

A VERIFY operation preceding this REP operation did not compare correctly and caused this REP to be ignored.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct input control statement data for the VERIFY, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 35. Also, rerun the job with a *FUNCTION*=*OP*,*MSGNUM*=852 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCF00, DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURG10,
DFSURPR0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS853A **MISSING/INVALID KEYWORD
keyword FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

A control program detected a missing *keyword* that was required.

System action

Processing stops for the utility.

Programmer response

Supply the required keyword and data, and resubmit the job. Do not perform a Utility Control Facility restart.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a *FUNCTION*=*OP*,*MSGNUM*=853 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCF00, DFSURGP0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS854A **CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR-
INVALID/MISSING VALUE FOR
KEYWORD *keyword***

Explanation

A control program detected a missing value for a *keyword* or determined that the value supplied on the *keyword* was incorrect.

System action

Processing stops for the utility.

Programmer response

Correct the data, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 8, 11, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=854 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSUCF00, DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS855I	PRECEDING CARDS WERE USED TO FORM REQUEST <i>nnnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The control statements listed immediately before this message were used to form a single request of the Utility Control Facility.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:

DFSUCF00, DFSURGP0, DFSURG10

DFS856A	UNABLE TO BUILD CONTROL BLOCKS FOR DATA BASE <i>dbdname</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program requested construction of control blocks for the named database. The request was not successfully completed.

System action

The job terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that a valid DBD exists for the named database, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=856 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS857I	MISSING OR INVALID CONTROL DATASET
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program attempted to read the input control data set generated by the Database Prereorganization utility (DFSURPRO). One of the following conditions occurred:

- You did not provide a control data set.
- The control data set identified was not present in the first block of the control data set.
- The control data set did not contain the number of blocks indicated in the first block of the control data set.

Programmer response

Ensure that a valid control data set is provided to the issuing program. Rerun the Database Prereorganization utility, if necessary.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURG10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS858A	BUFFER HANDLER RETURNED AN ERROR CODE OF <i>cc</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program received a nonzero return code from the buffer handler. The meaning of this return code can be found in the PST DSECT in the field

labeled PSTRTCDE. For information about buffer handler return codes, see the IMS return code and function code information.

System action

Processing terminates with nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct any errors noted by the return code, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=858 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS859A	DL/I RETURNED AN ERROR CODE OF <i>return code</i> FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program received an unexpected return code after a DL/I call.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Correct any errors indicated by the return code, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=859 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS860A	DUPLICATE INDEX ENTRY <i>followed by one or more lines containing input record in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program found an input record from the input work file that attempted to create a duplicate index entry where duplicate entries were not defined for the index field named in the input record.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Either redefine the index relationship so that the index violation is removed, or change the database record that caused the duplicate entry creation to be attempted. Then resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS861I	<i>number input-control-card</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program is displaying an input control statement provided for it. Numbers are assigned sequentially for reference by subsequent error messages that might be generated.

Programmer response

Verify that the information displayed is consistent with the entered information.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS862I **DBS=***dbname*,
 segmentname

Explanation

This message might be issued more than one time to provide a list of segments to be scanned by the Database Scan Utility (DFSURGS0). If an **OPTIONS=(PUNCH)** control statement was provided to the program issuing the message, the portion of this message beginning with the characters **DBS** are written to **SYSPUNCH**.

Programmer response

The Database Scan Utility (DFSURGS0) must be run for each of the databases indicated by the scan list provided by this message.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS863I **DUPLICATE NAME ON INPUT**
 CONTROL CARD, *number*

Explanation

The issuing program found a database name that appeared on the preceding input control statement (indicated by number).

Programmer response

Correct the input control statement preceding the message, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS864W **DBR AND/OR DBIL CONTROL**
 REQUESTS MISSING FOR
 FUNCTION *ff*

Explanation

The issuing program read and interpreted all the control statement requests from the **SYSIN** (DFSYSIN for Utility Control Facility) data set. After analysis of the control data set, it was found that no reorganizations or initial loads were requested. Although this is possible under the Utility Control Facility, it is an error when executing the Database Prereorganization utility (DFSURPRO).

System action

If running under UCF, processing continues; otherwise, processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

If running under the Utility Control Facility, ensure that this is correct operation. If not, correct, or if running the Database Prereorganization utility, supply the required control statements, and resubmit the job. Do not attempt a restart. If the output is correct, no further action is required.

Module:

DFSURGS0, DFSURPRO

DFS865I **UNABLE TO CONSTRUCT A**
 CONTROL LIST ENTRY FOR
 FUNCTION *dbname1*
 segment-name1 *dbname2*
 segment-name2

Explanation

The issuing program was attempting to construct a control list entry for the logical relationship that was defined to exist between the above-named database- and segment-names. The definition was not verified in the control blocks available to DL/I.

Programmer response

Ensure that valid DBDs are available to define the indicated logical relationship.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURPRO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS866I	NORMAL PROGRAM TERMINATION <i>number</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program terminated normally. *number*, if present, is the number of input work data set records processed by the issuing program.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0, DFSURG10, DFSURPRO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS867I	UTILITY CHECKPOINT, <i>pgm-name</i> chkpt-# volume-serial
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program completed a checkpoint at one of the intervals specified by the user. The name of the program issuing the message and the checkpoint number are known. The volume serial number that the checkpoint record was written to is also shown.

Operator response:

Record the checkpoint number and volume serial number in case a restart action must be requested.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS868I	(INPUT OUTPUT) VOLUMES: <i>volser1, volser2, etc..</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued one or more times to display the volume serial identifiers of the volumes used

to contain the INPUT/OUTPUT work data set of the issuing program.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=868 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURGS0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS869A	SEGMENT <i>segment-name</i> WAS NOT FOUND IN THE CONTROL BLOCKS FOR FUNCTION <i>ff</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program was unable to locate the control blocks for the named segment. The segment was either listed on an input control statement, or on the input control data set.

System action

Processing terminates with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

Ensure that valid DBDs are available for the supplied input control statements or control data set, or both, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=869 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:

DFSURGS0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS871E	<i>error_type</i> ERROR ENCOUNTERED LOADING ILDS WITH
----------------	--

DDNAME=ddname RC= nnnnnnnn
REASON= yyyyyyyy

Explanation

Module DFSURIT0 encountered an error during ILDS data set processing for the ILDS identified by *ddname* while migrating to a HALDB.

In the message text:

error_type

Describes the error encountered. The possible error types are:

ABEND
DSPSERV
FREEMAIN
GETMAIN
LOAD
SORT
VSAM

ddname

The ILDS that encountered the error.

nnnnnnnn

The return code found in register 15 when the error was encountered. If *error_type* is ABEND, this field is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code; if the error type is ABEND, RC is blank.

System action

Processing terminates with return code 8. The affected ILDS is marked "Recovery Needed" in RECON.

Programmer response

Run the ILDS/INDEX Rebuild Utility (DFSPREC0) to rebuild the ILDS identified by *ddname*.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 36. Not a valid message for UCF

Module:

DFSURGL0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS872I **DATA BASE NOT SCANNED,**
 database-name

Explanation

The named database was not scanned. DFS873I is issued before this message.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGS0

Related information

[“DFS873I” on page 314](#)

SEGMENT NOT SCANNED, *database-name*
segment-name

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS873I **SEGMENT NOT SCANNED,**
 database-name segment-name

Explanation

The issuing program found one or more of the following errors when checking the control blocks for the named segment:

1. The named segment was not found in the control blocks for the named database,
2. The named segment does not participate in any logical relationships with any of the segments in the databases listed in the control data set as being initially loaded or reorganized.

Programmer response

Ensure that valid DBDs are available for the supplied control statements or control data set, or both.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGS0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS874I **FUNCTION REQUEST**
 (STATISTICS|STATUS) DEFAULTS
 FOLLOWED BY AN *

Explanation

The Utility Control Facility has prepared a list of all the requested functions along with the defaults that will

be used on this execution. This message is followed by messages DFS875I and DFS876I.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=874 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related information
“DFS875I” on page 315
FUNCTION *functional utility name* REQUESTED BY FUNCTION=*ff* ON REQUEST *nnnn*
“DFS876I” on page 315
*keyword=value * keyword=value * etc..*
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS875I	FUNCTION <i>functional utility name</i> REQUESTED BY FUNCTION=<i>ff</i> ON REQUEST <i>nnnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The named utility was requested for execution by a control request with a keyword of FUNCTION=*ff*, and the control statement request sequence was *nnnn*.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=875 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS876I	<i>keyword=value * keyword=value * etc..</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued one or more times to list the requested or defaulted keyword, and values for each requested function of the Utility Control Facility.

Important: The defaults for the message are from a FUNCTION=OP statement or UCF only.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. Also, if running under the Utility Control Facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP,MSGNUM=876 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSURG10

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS877A	DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL PARENT (<i>followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format</i>)
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program found a type 00 input work data set record that was for the same occurrence of a logical parent/logical child pair as a previous input work data set record. Only one type 00 record can exist for a concatenation of a logical child and logical parent segment. This condition could be caused by supplying as input to the issuing program work data sets that were generated by multiple runs of a database initial load reorganization, or scan.

Programmer response

The result of prefix resolution is invalid. Determine the cause of the incorrect DFSURWF1 record. These records should be analyzed using the DFSURWF1 DSECT from the assembly of prefix resolution, DFSURG10, or IMS DSECTS module, DFSADSCT. If DBIL is used in PREREORG, then the logical parent concatenated key begins at offset X'19'. If DBR is used in PREREORG, then the LPARENT old address also begins at offset X'19'. The RBA address of this segment is at offset X'0C' in the DFSURWF1 record.

Ensure that only work data sets from databases currently being initially loaded, reorganized, or scanned are supplied as input to the issuing program.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:
DFSURG10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

RECORD (followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)

DFS878W	CAUTION-NO LOGICAL CHILD RECORD FOUND FOR THE LOGICAL PARENT RECORD <i>(followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program expected to find one or more type 10 records for the type 00 input work data set record displayed. A type 00 record is generated for a logical parent. A type 10 record is generated for each of its logical children. This condition could be caused by not supplying as input to the issuing program all work data sets that were generated by the databases currently being initially loaded, reorganized, or scanned. Because it is not necessary for logical children to actually occur for each logical parent, this message is issued as a caution.

Prefix resolution might be invalid if this message is issued. It is also invalid if the user intended to load or reload the logical children belonging to the logical parent.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that all work data sets are supplied as input. See DFS877A for information about the DFSURWF1 records.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

DFS877A
DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL PARENT
(followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Explanation

The issuing program expected to find a type 00 record for the type 10, 20, or 30 input work data set record displayed. A type 00 record is generated for a logical parent. A type 10 record is generated for each of its logical children. Type 20 and type 30 records are generated for the logical twin forward and backward pointers, respectively, of each logical child.

Programmer response

Same action as specified in message DFS877A.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“DFS877A” on page 315](#)
DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL PARENT
(followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS880A	NO LOGICAL CHILD RECORD FOUND FOR LOGICAL TWIN RECORD <i>(followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program expected to find a type 10 record for the type 20 or 30 input work data set record displayed. Type 10, 20, and 30 records are generated as indicated in the explanation of message DFS879A.

Programmer response

Same action as specified in DFS877A.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“DFS877A” on page 315](#)

DFS879A	NO LOGICAL PARENT RECORD FOUND FOR LOGICAL CHILD
----------------	---

DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL PARENT
(*followed by one or more lines containing input
records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format*)

[“DFS879A” on page 316](#)

NO LOGICAL PARENT RECORD FOUND FOR
LOGICAL CHILD RECORD (*followed by one
or more lines containing input records in
hexadecimal and EBCDIC format*)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS881I	DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL CHILD (<i>followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format</i>)
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program found an input work data set record that was for the same occurrence of a logical child as a previous input work data set record. Only one type 10 record can exist for an occurrence of a logical child.

Programmer response

Same action as specified for message DFS877A.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“DFS877A” on page 315](#)

DUPLICATE RECORD FOR LOGICAL PARENT
(*followed by one or more lines containing input
records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format*)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS882I	ABNORMAL PROGRAM TERMINATION, number
----------------	---

Explanation

The issuing program detected one or more error conditions during its operation. The number indicates in which SORT program phase the last-detected error occurred. This message is issued when another message with a return code greater than 5 or a return code or abend from the SORT program occurs. This message can also indicate an empty work file l input.

(For details, see the "Database Reorganization/Load Processing" topic, Database Scan Utility discussion in *IMS Version 15.5 Database Utilities*. Prefix resolution might be invalid if this message is issued. Any affected databases should not be used.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error (either return codes or error messages) and take appropriate action. Return codes issued by z/OS SORT/MERGE are returned to z/OS by the Prefix Resolution program.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS883A	ISAM KEY NOT FOUND IN DATABASE FOR FUNCTION PU record
----------------	--

Explanation:

The prefix update function tries to read the prefix update information for an ISAM data set, but it did not find a matching key. The record (*record*) in error is displayed following the message.

System action:

The prefix update function return code is set to RC08.

User response:

Determine whether the record displayed in the messages should exist in the ISAM data set. Correct the record.

Module:

DFSURGP0

DFS884I	DEVTYPE FAILURE
----------------	------------------------

Explanation

The issuing program issued a DEVTYPE macro to obtain information about an input or output device. The return code indicated that the attempt was unsuccessful.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system support personnel.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURGP0, DFSURGS0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS885I	CAUTION-LIMIT CHECK FAILURE, database-name1, segment-name1 database-name2 segment-name2
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program detected a failure in the limit check for the concatenated logical child and logical parent segment indicated by the named database and segment names. The limit check performed is described in the "Database Prefix Resolution Utility" topic in *IMS Version 15.5 Database Utilities*. This message is cautionary only, because the issuing program assumes worst case in computing the limit check.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of limit check failure. If none of the components of the limit check can be omitted, consider (1) loading the logical parent or logical child, or both, with an update program, or (2) redefinition of the affected segments so that one or more of the limit check components can be omitted.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURPRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS886I	NO DATA IN SYSIN DATASET
----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

A SYSIN DD statement was supplied, but the data set was empty. The step is terminated and a return code of 16 is passed in register 15.

Programmer response

Supply valid data for this data set, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSURULO

DFS0887A	THE LOAD FOR DFSMDA MEMBER mmmmmmmmm FAILED. REASON=xxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message can be generated either during an online change library switch process or at control region initialization.

During an online change library switch process, the PREPARE phase tries to load the DFSMDA member for the inactive ACBLIB. That load failed. The reason for the load failure is specified in xxxx. The member name, IMSACBA or IMSACBB, is displayed in mmmmmmmmm.

At control region initialization, IMS tries to load the DFSMDA member for the active ACBLIB. That load failed. The reason for the load failure is specified in xxxx.

Possible reason codes that are passed in the message text are:

0001

Invalid MDA member

0002

Error reading member from STEPLIB

0003

Error reading member from IMSDALIB

0004

IMODULE GETMAIN failure

0005

Load error from IMSDALIB

0006

Load error from STEPLIB

0007

This reason code means one of the following two things:

- Member not found in STEPLIB or IMSDALIB
- OPEN processing for IMSDALIB timed out

System action

If this event occurs at control region initialization, IMS terminates abnormally with user abend 0071. If this problem occurs during an online change library switch (**INIT OLC PHASE (PREPARE)**), completion code 180 is returned to the SPOC. The message text is DFSMDA MEMBER LOAD FAILED.

System programmer response:

Your responses are determined from the reason code. If the reason code indicates that DFSMDA member is not found, add the member and restart the process.

Module:

DFSDSSM0

DFS888I	NO DATA BASE RECORDS FOUND FOR PSB psbname (AFTER CHECKPOINT checkpoint id) (FOR REGION region id)
----------------	---

Explanation

The log data set supplied contained no database log records for the PSB specified.

If the input log was created by an online IMS subsystem, this message means that no UOR was found which meets the requirements for backout by the Batch Backout utility. If no control statements are input to Batch Backout, the utility will back out only deferred backouts for the PSB in the execute statement.

If the application being backed out is a batch job, database data sets that were opened by the failed batch job but not successfully closed are reopened and then closed by the Batch Backout utility, even though there are no log records requiring backout.

The text AFTER CHECKPOINT *checkpoint-id* appears only if the log is from a batch job using checkpoints, and a checkpoint record (type 41) is found for the correct PSB. If a checkpoint is present in the message, it is always the last *checkpoint-id* found. If you specified a CHKPT statement in the SYSIN data set, and if the checkpoint in the message is different from your checkpoint, then one of the following occurred:

- IRLM was used during the update.
- Another type 41 record exists after the one you specified, and no type 5X records exist between your *checkpoint-id* and the end of the data set.

Programmer response

Check the input log data sets to be sure that the correct log data sets are being supplied to the utility. A frequent cause for this message to be displayed is the use of logs from the wrong job or the wrong time period.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS889I	MULTIPLE LOGICAL CHILD RECORDS/LP NO LT PTRS SPECIFIED <i>(followed by one or more lines containing input records in hexadecimal and EBCDIC format)</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The issuing program found a second logical child record for a logical parent record, but no logical twin pointers were specified for the logical child segment type. A return code of 8 is passed to DFSURG10 from sort exit 35. Abnormal termination message DFS339I is also issued.

Programmer response

The user should determine if this condition is according to specification, make corrections, and rerun the Prefix Resolution utility. A possible correction might be removal of input data which caused more than one LC to point to the same LP or a new DBDGEN to include LT pointers in the LC segment.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“DFS339I” on page 111](#)
FUNCTION *ff* HAS COMPLETED
{NORMALLY|ABNORMALLY}{*rc=nn*|x NO. OF UPDATES=*nnnnnnnn*}

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS890I	BLKSIZE NOT SUPPLIED OR IS TOO SMALL FOR INPUT LOG <i>ddname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The specified input log DD statement did not specify a DCB BLKSIZE parameter and this field could not be obtained from the DSCB.

System action

The Database Backout utility terminates.

Programmer response

Specify the BLKSIZE value in the DD statement and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS891A	DDNAME NOT FOUND OR DEVTYPE ERROR
----------------	--

Explanation

An OPEN macro or DEVTYPE macro was issued for the active format data set with a ddname of FORMATA or FORMATB or a DEVTYPE macro was issued with an invalid AREA address.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with either abend 0889 or abend 0890.

Programmer response

Rerun the job with the correct DD statement.

Module:

DFSIIINFO, DFSIINGO

Related information

[IMS abend 0889](#)

[IMS abend 0890](#)

DFS892A	NOT ENOUGH STORAGE AVAILABLE IN MFBP
----------------	---

Explanation

Not enough storage was available in the message format buffer pool (MFBP) to complete the initialization of the pool.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0892.

Programmer response

Rerun the job, giving more storage to the MFBP. The FBP symbolic parameter of the EXEC statement controls the amount of storage available for the pool.

Module:

DFSIIINFO, DFSIINGO

Related information

[IMS abend 0892](#)

DFS893A	I/O ERROR READING \$\$IMSDIR OR THE DIRECTORY {-nnn}
----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while issuing a FIND, POINT, or READ macro for the active FORMAT library during initialization of the message format block pool. This is probably caused by an error in the PDS directory. If the active FORMAT library has concatenated data sets, *nnn* indicates on which of the concatenated data sets the error occurred.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with either abend 0893 or abend 0894.

Operator response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSIIINFO, DFSIINGO

Related information

[IMS abend 0893](#)

[IMS abend 0894](#)

DFS894I	INVALID RECORD ERROR <i>nn</i> ON INPUT LOG DD <i>ddname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following errors, with subcode=*nn*, occurred on the batch input log:

Subcode

Meaning

01

A variable-length record was read with a field length of zero.

02

A spanned record was encountered.

03

End of block not equal to end of buffer.

04

Next record beyond the end of buffer.

System action

The Database Backout utility, DFSBBO00, terminates unsuccessfully with a return code of RC36 (X'24'). If the ABENDMSG control statement was specified, abend 0507 is issued.

Programmer response

This error is issued only for a batch input log. This condition can be caused by using an improperly closed log data set as input. Run DFSULTR0 to close the log, and then rerun the job. If the error persists, the

log data set is currently unusable for batch backout or forward recovery utilities. Contact the system programmer for database recovery options.

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[IMS abend 0507](#)

DFS895I	LTERM <i>name</i> STOPPED DUE TO CODE <i>XXX</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS remote station support encountered an error. The logical terminal named in the message was stopped by the receipt of an error message following the transmission of a message to the remote station from the named logical terminal.

Operator response:

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSCR2Z0

DFS896A	UNEXPECTED RECORD ENCOUNTERED - SEQUENCE ERROR <i>nn</i> on DDNAME <i>ddname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

During the forward reading of an input log, Batch Backout performs context checks on log records. One of the context checks failed, implying that the log data set with the identified ddname is out of order.

The following subcodes nn identify the error:

Subcode

Meaning

03

During forward read of a batch log, a TYPE5X record was found with a date-time value lower than a previous record processed.

04

During forward read of a batch log, a TYPE06 record was found with a time stamp less than the current saved.

System action

The Database Backout Utility, DFSBBO00, terminates unsuccessfully with a return code of RC40 (X'28'). If the ABENDMSG control statement was specified, abend 0507 is issued.

Programmer response

Rerun the backout, providing all of the needed log data sets, in the order they were created. If all the logs were provided in the correct order, save the log input and the abend 0507. Then, contact the IMS system programmer.

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[IMS abend 0507](#)

DFS0897A	STRUCTURE <i>structure_name</i> IS IN TRANSITION. IT IS UNAVAILABLE TO AREA <i>area_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During an attempt to connect to the structure, IMS issued the **IXCQUERY** command to check for the structure status. IMS received return code QUASTRCFTRAN, which indicates that the structure was in transition state. The structure was either being allocated on the coupling facility or deleted from the coupling facility.

System action

The area is not loaded into the coupling facility.

Operator response:

Check whether the structure is being allocated on or deleted from the coupling facility by using the command **D XCF, STRUCTURE, STRNAME=**. After the structure is allocated, issue the **STOP AREA** command followed by the **START AREA** command to connect to the structure.

Module:

DBFVXAS0

DFS898A	INVALID OPTION STATEMENT IN SYSIN - RECORD NUMBER <i>nn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

Batch Backout detected a SYSIN data set record that was not a recognized control statement. *nn* indicates the record number of the invalid control statement in the SYSIN data set.

System action

The job terminates with a condition code of 72 before any backout is attempted.

Programmer response

Correct or remove the indicated control statement and rerun Batch Backout.

Module:
DFSBACK0

Related reference

[Batch Backout utility \(DFSBB000\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS899A	RELOAD COMPLETED, BUT DBRC FUNC=nnnnnnnn HAS TERMINATED WITH RC=xx
----------------	---

Explanation

The database RELOAD occurred before any reorganization call to DBRC (DFSBRISC ID=REN). The RELOAD completed and message DFS339I showed a return code of 00 or 04. The DBRC call function (DFSBRISC FUNC=nnnnnnnn) failed with the return code shown in this message.

System action

Processing continues and the step terminates with condition code 04.

Programmer response

If the return code for message DFS339I was 00, the RELOAD was successful. If the return code for DFS339I was 04, then a prior warning message was issued. In either case, there might be an inconsistency in the RECON data sets. Examine the RECON for the reorganized database and respond to the DBRC DSP messages issued.

Module:

DFSURGLO

Related information

[“DFS339I” on page 111](#)
FUNCTION *ff* HAS COMPLETED
{NORMALLY|ABNORMALLY}{rc=nn|x NO. OF
UPDATES=nnnnnnnn}

DFS0900A	INVALID COMBINATION OF DBIL AND DBR OR DBS FOR DBDS <i>lp/</i> <i>dbdname</i> AND <i>lc/dbdname</i> FOR FUNCTION PO
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Prereorganization utility (DFSURPR0) discovered that a database containing a logical parent is being initially loaded (DBIL=) and the logical child database is being reorganized or scanned (DBR= or DBS=). If the logical child DBDname was not specified, function (DBS=) is assumed for that logical child database.

System action

Module DFSURPR0 returns a condition code of 8, indicating that the output control data set is not valid, and continues processing the remaining control statements.

Programmer response

The control data set is invalid and, if used, does not correctly resolve the logical pointers between the existing logical children and the logical parent being initially loaded. Ensure if logical parents are initially loaded that logical children are initially loaded also.

Module:
DFSURPR0

Chapter 21. DFS messages, DFS0901A - DFS0950I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0901A	JJJJJJJJ - QCF/QSN WAIT QUEUE HAS WAITER
-----------------	---

Explanation

The dependent region was placed in a wait state by DFSQSPC0, the IBM IMS Queue Control Facility for z/OS version of the Queue Space Notification Exit. The wait state occurred based on IMS queue usage, which exceeded the user or default limits. As a result of the wait state, the wait queue went from empty to queued requests, resulting in this message.

In the message text, *JJJJJJJJ* identifies IMS job name.

System action

The process is placed in a wait state, and is one of the following:

- An input device
- An MSC link
- A region (MPP, BMP, Fast Path, or CPIC)
- A terminal
- APPC
- OTMA

Operator response

In the IMS Queue Control Facility TSO/ISPF panel, select the Queue Space Notification (QSN) option and list the QSN waiters, then take the appropriate action.

Module:
DFSQMRE0

DFS0901W	RETURN CODE 4 FROM HDAM RANDOMIZER, SEGMENTS DROPPED
-----------------	---

Explanation

While inserting a segment, the HDRELOAD Utility received an FM status code as the result of receiving return code 4 from the HDAM randomizer. For more information about the FM status code, see the DL/I status code information.

System action

The segment name is printed to the job output, followed by the segment data on the next line. This

process is repeated for all dependent segments. If the number of segments dropped (drop count) exceeds 10,000, then message DFS0902W is issued and HDRELOAD issues user abend 0355. If the drop count is less than 10,000, then HDRELOAD continues inserting segments and issues user abend 0355 when it completes.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of return code 4 from the HDAM randomizer and correct the problem. Run HDRELOAD again or manually insert the segments. If you must keep the partially loaded data set (either you do not need the dropped segments or you manually inserted them), then use the DBRC **NOTIFY.REORG** command to record the reorganization activity in the RECON.

Important: If message DFS0902A was issued as a result of the drop count exceeding the 10,000 threshold, do not attempt to use the partially loaded data set. Instead, run HDRELOAD again with a good randomizer.

Module:
DFSURGLO

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0902A” on page 323](#)

[RELOAD TERMINATED - TOO MANY SEGMENTS DROPPED](#)

DFS0902A	RELOAD TERMINATED - TOO MANY SEGMENTS DROPPED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The HDRELOAD Utility received an FM status code because return code 4 was issued due to HDAM randomizer failures. As a result, the number of segments dropped (drop count) exceeded the 10,000 threshold. For more information about the FM status code, see the DL/I status code information.

System action

HDRELOAD terminates with abend 0355.

Programmer response

Fix or replace the randomizer module with a different one.

Module:

DFSURGL0

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0355](#)

DFS0903W	PARTITION SELECTION ERROR STATUS=FM, SEGMENTS DROPPED
-----------------	--

Explanation

While inserting a segment, the HDRELOAD Utility received an FM status code from the HALDB Partition Selection Exit routine because of a HALDB partition selection failure. For more information about the FM status code, see the DL/I status code information.

System action

The segment name is printed to the job output, followed by the segment data on the next line. This process is repeated for all dependent segments. If the number of segments dropped (drop count) exceeds 10,000, then message DFS0902A is issued and HDRELOAD issues user abend 0355. If the drop count is less than 10,000, then HDRELOAD continues inserting segments and completes with RC=08.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the partition selection error and correct it. The most common causes are:

- An incorrect high key range specified for the last partition.
- A user-written partition selection exit rejecting the key.

Run HDRELOAD again or manually insert the segments. If you must keep the partially loaded data set (either you do not need the dropped segments or you manually inserted them), make an image copy of the data sets. The incomplete data sets are usable.

Module:

DFSURGL0

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS0902A” on page 323](#)

[RELOAD TERMINATED - TOO MANY SEGMENTS
DROPPED](#)

[IMS abend 0355](#)

DFS0904I	SINGLE ADS AREA aaaaaaaaaa CLOSED DUE TO READ ERRORS. NO MISSING UPDATES.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A single area in an area data set (ADS) encountered more than ten read errors. Because there is no update being made to this data set, no data is lost in the current ADS in the DASD.

System action

The area is stopped.

Programmer response

If the area is being shared among multiple IMS systems, check message DFS0904I on all IMS systems. If the DASD can be repaired without being restored, the ADS is usable as is.

If the DASD is to be restored, the data on the ADS might get outdated. Recover the area by using the last good image copy and log records.

Module:

DBFMPCL0

DFS0905E	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

There was not sufficient storage space for the application control block (ACB) utility to build the control blocks for the program specification block (PSB) identified in the message text.

System action

Abend 0905 is issued if batch DL/I was running. If the ACBGEN utility was running, it ends with return code 8.

Programmer response

Increase the region or partition size, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0905](#)

DFS0906I	INVALID PROCOPT FOR SENSEG <i>senseg name</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named SENSEG statement in the named PSB has an invalid PROCOPT specified.

System action

Abend 0906 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0906](#)

DFS0907I	PSB <i>psbname</i> REFERENCES LOGICAL DBD <i>dbdname</i> FOR LOAD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named PSB has a PCB statement that references the named logical DBD with a PROCOPT of L. Only physical DBDs can be used to load a database.

System action

Abend 0907 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0907](#)

DFS0908I	PSB <i>psbname</i> IS NOT A VALID PSB
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PSB indicated was not in a recognizable format for IMS.

System action

Abend 0908 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Create the PSB using the IMS PSBGEN, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0908](#)

DFS0909I	DBD <i>dbdname</i> IS NOT A VALID DBD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The database description (DBD) indicated by *dbdname* was not in a recognizable format for IMS; or the DBDLIB bind name and the assembled name of DBD are different.

There are cases where the DBD by itself is valid but it was invalidly referenced as a primary index or a secondary index by another database.

System action

Abend 0909 is issued if the online region or batch was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Create the DBD using the IMS DBDGEN, and rerun the program. If the DBD defines a main storage database (MSDB) or a data entry database (DEDB), the IMS system must contain Fast Path support.

Go through each database program communication block (DB PCB) of the involved PSB to pick up the data name. Then, search its DBD source for the LCHILD statement with PTR=INDX and with reference to the database name specified in this error message. Correct the error.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0909](#)

DFS0910I	INTERNAL PROG LOGIC ERROR PROCESSING PSB-<i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal programming error has occurred processing the indicated PSB.

System action

Abend 0910 is issued if batch DL/I was running.
ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Remove the PSB from the processing list and rerun the program. Before contacting IBM Software Support, have the associated PSB and DBDs available.

Module:
DFS0DLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0910](#)

DFS0911I	ENQ LIST LENGTH ERROR FOR PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The processing option intent list length was calculated incorrectly for the named PSB.

System action

Abend 0911 is issued if batch DL/I was running.
ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

This problem is an internal program logic error.
Remove the PSB, and rerun the program.

Problem determination:
19, 35

Module:
DFS0DLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0911](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0912I	PSB <i>psbname</i> REFERENCES SEGM <i>segmname</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i>. SEGM NOT FOUND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named PSB referenced the named SEGM in the named DBD. The named SEGM does not exist in the named DBD.

System action

Abend 0912 is issued if batch DL/I was running.
ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFS0DLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0912](#)

DFS0913I	DBD <i>dbdname</i> CONTAINS INVALID ACCESS METHOD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named DBD contained an invalid or unknown access method.

System action

Abend 0913 is issued if batch DL/I was running.
ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFS0DLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0913](#)

DFS0914I	THE PCB FOR DATABASE - <i>dbdname</i> HAS PARTITIONED AND NON PARTITIONED DATABASES SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message can occur during the ACBGEN process if the database referenced by a PCB is related to one or more databases by a logical relationship, or a secondary index, and not all related databases are of the same type. The databases must all be partitioned, or they must all be nonpartitioned.

In the message text, *dbdname* can see a logical database. Use the name of the logical database to determine the referenced physical databases where the type mismatch occurs.

System action

The ACBGEN fails with a condition code 08.

Programmer response

Correct the database in error so that all of the databases in the logical relationship are either all partitioned or all nonpartitioned. Rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLB70

DFS0915I	INDEX DBD-<i>dbdname</i>-HAS INCORRECT SEQ FIELD LENGTH. LENGTH SHOULD BE-<i>xxx</i> BYTES.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named INDEX DBD has a sequence field length specified which is not equal to the indexed field length. The correct length is indicated.

System action

Abend 0915 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0915](#)

DFS0916I	NON-UNIQUE OR NO SEQ FIELD SPECIFIED FOR DBD-<i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named DBD requires a sequence field be specified for the root segment. A sequence field was not specified, or the field was specified as not unique.

System action

Abend 0916 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0916](#)

DFS0917I	DBD <i>dbdname</i> REFERENCES SEGM <i>segmname</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i>. SEGM DOES NOT EXIST.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The first DBD referenced the named SEGM in the second DBD. The SEGM does not exist in the second DBD.

System action

Abend 0917 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct one or both DBDs, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0917](#)

DFS0918I	UNABLE TO LOCATE PHYSICAL PARENT. PSB <i>psbname</i> SENSEG <i>senseg name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named PSB contained a SENSEG statement for the named segment. The SENSEG statement referenced a logical child segment as the first part of a segment concatenation. The second part of the concatenation, the logical or physical parent of the logical child, did not have a valid physical parent.

System action

Abend 0918 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or the DBDs in error, or both, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0918](#)

DFS0919I	PSB-<i>psbname</i>-PCB-<i>pcbname</i>- DBD-<i>dbdname</i> -KEYLEN
-----------------	--

**SPECIFICATION TOO SMALL.
KEYLEN SHOULD BE-xxxxx BYTES**

Explanation

The named PCB in the named PSB contained a KEYLEN parameter that was too small to hold the longest fully concatenated key. The correct length is indicated.

If the PCB label is not available, the *pcbname* can be either blanks or the relative PCB number.

If you define a PCB with the PROCSEQD operand for a PSB using a Fast Path secondary index, make sure that the value of the KEYLEN parameter is the larger of the longest physical concatenated key for a hierarchic path of sensitive segments or the longest concatenated key of the secondary data structure.

System action

Abend 0919 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACB Maintenance utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB and rerun the program.

Module:

DBFUDLB0, DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0919](#)

**DFS0920I PSB *psbname* REFERENCES DBD
dbdname WITH CONFLICTING
PROCOPTS**

Explanation

The named PSB contained at least one reference to the named DBD with a PROCOPT of L and at least one additional reference to the same DBD with a PROCOPT of something other than L. The reference can be direct, such as in a PCB statement, or the reference can be indirect, such as in a DBD which references another DBD through logical or index relationships.

System action

Abend 0920 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or one or more DBDs, or both, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0920](#)

DFS0921I PSB *psbname* IS NOT A PSB

Explanation

The named PSB was loaded. Upon examination, it was discovered the PSB was not a valid PSB.

System action

Abend 0921 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Check the JCL or control statements, or both. Correct the error, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0921](#)

DFS0922I DBD *dbdname* IS NOT A DBD

Explanation

The named DBD was loaded. Upon examination, it was discovered the DBD was not a valid DBD.

System action

Abend 0922 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Check the JCL or control statements, or both. Correct the error, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0922](#)

**DFS0923I LC SEGM-*segmname*-IN DBD-
dbdname-DATA LENGTH TOO
SMALL. LENGTH SHOULD BE-xxxxx
BYTES.**

Explanation

The indicated logical child segment in the indicated DBD had a BYTES specification shorter than its

logical parent's fully concatenated key. The minimum acceptable length is indicated.

System action

Abend 0923 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0923](#)

DFS0924I	INDEX SEGMENT IN DBD- <i>dbdname</i>-TOO SHORT. LENGTH SHOULD BE-xxxxx BYTES.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The root segment in the named INDEX DBD had a data length that was too small to hold the required index data. The minimum acceptable length is indicated.

System action

Abend 0924 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0924](#)

DFS0925I	SEGM <i>segmname</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i> HAS A SEQ FIELD IN VIRTUAL LPCK AREA
-----------------	--

Explanation

A named logical child segment had a sequence field defined which fell within the logical parent's concatenated key area in the logical child and the key was specified as VIRTUAL. The key must be specified as PHYSICAL if it is to be used as part of the physical twin sequence field.

System action

Abend 0925 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0925](#)

DFS0926I	INVALID ALT PROC SEQ SPECIFIED FOR SENSEG-<i>segname</i> IN PCB-<i>pcbname</i> IN PSB-<i>psbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated PCB in the indicated PSB had an alternative processing sequence specified. The specified secondary index is not valid for the specified SENSEG.

System action

Abend 0926 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or the DBDs, or both, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSDLBLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0926](#)

DFS0927I	INDEX DBD <i>dbdname</i> INDEXES NON-EXISTENT FIELD IN DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named INDEX DBD specified an indexed field in the INDEXED DBD that does not exist.

If the PSB contains only a Fast Path secondary index PCB to access the Fast Path secondary index database as a separate database, the associated DEDB PCB must be included in the PSB. The minimal DEDB PCB requires a SENSEG statement for the root segment of the associated DEDB database.

System action

Abend 0927 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the program.

If the PSB contains only a Fast path secondary index PCB to access the Fast Path secondary index database as a separate database, include the associated DEDB PCB in the same PSB. The minimal DEDB PCB requires a SENSEG statement for the root segment of the associated DEDB database. Correct the PSB in error, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0927](#)

DFS0928I	INDEX DBD <i>dbdname</i> INDEXES A FIELD WHICH IS NOT A SEQ FIELD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named INDEX DBD indexed a valid field, but the field was not a sequence field.

System action

Abend 0928 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[Abend 0928](#)

DFS0929I	BLDL FAILED FOR MEMBER -- <i>member name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A BLDL was issued for the named member. The member was not found in the DBD or PSB library.

System action

Abend 0929 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the appropriate library, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0929](#)

DFS0930I	INVALID SEGMENT PAIRING FOR SEGM <i>segname</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named DBD contained an LCHILD statement which referenced the named SEGM in a PAIR=*operand*. The named SEGM could not be found or the named SEGM was a virtual segment and the source segment contained a PTR=PAIRED operand.

System action

Abend 0930 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

DFS0931I	INVALID INDEX RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INDEX DBD <i>dbdname</i> AND INDEXED DBD <i>dbdname</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named INDEXED DBD had an index relationship with the named INDEX DBD. Either the INDEX DBD did not have a similar relationship to the INDEXED DBD (for example, the INDEX DBD specifies a symbol pointer PTR=SYMB and the INDEXED DBD specifies a direct pointer PTR=INDX), or another DBD referenced in the named PSB also had an index relationship with the INDEX DBD.

System action

Abend 0931 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the appropriate PSB or DBDs, or both, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information[IMS abend 0931](#)

DFS0932I INDEX DBD *dbdname* HAS NO SEQ FIELD

Explanation

The named INDEX DBD does not have a sequence field defined for the index segment.

System action

Abend 0932 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the INDEX DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information[IMS abend 0932](#)

DFS0933I INVALID INDICES=(*index name*) SPECIFIED FOR PSB-*psbname*

Explanation

The indicated PSB contained an INDICES operand which was invalid. The indicated value of the INDICES operand was not a valid index name for the associated SENSEG statement.

System action

Abend 0933 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB or DBDs in error, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information[IMS abend 0933](#)

DFS0934I PSB *psbname* REFERENCED SEGM *segmname* IN DBD *dbdname*. SEGM HAS INVALID POINTERS

Explanation

The named PSB referenced the named logical child SEGM in the named DBD. The logical child requires the logical parent concatenated key to be stored physically but VIRTUAL was specified, or the LP segment could not be located in the specified DBD.

System action

Abend 0934 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the appropriate DBD, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information[IMS abend 0934](#)

DFS0935I INVALID LOGICAL STRUCTURE FOR SEGM *segmname* IN DBD *dbdname*, PSB *psbname*

Explanation

The named PSB referenced the named DBD in a SENSEG statement. However, a logical structure or relationship within this segment definition was invalid.

System action

Abend 0935 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the named DBD or the logical DBD referenced by the PSB, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information[IMS abend 0935](#)

DFS0936I SEGM *segmname* IN PSB *psbname* SPECIFIED LOAD FOR VIRTUAL SEGMENT

Explanation

The named SEGM was referenced in the named PSB with a PROCOPT of L or LS. The SEGM is a virtual segment and as such cannot be loaded.

System action

Abend 0936 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the program.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0936](#)

DFS0937I	MISSING PARENS ON SOURCE OPERAND-<i>segname</i> DBDNAME- <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named DBD specified the named segment as a virtual segment. The SOURCE operand in the SEGM statement contained more than one SOURCE operand. The probable cause is a missing pair of parentheses on the SOURCE operand.

System action

Abend 0937 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0937](#)

DFS0938I	DELETE PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR {DBD PSB} <i>membername</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named PSB or DBD was deleted from the IMS.ACBLIB by user request.

System action

Abend 0938 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Module:

DFSUACB0, DFSUAMB0

Related information

[IMS abend 0938](#)

DFS0939I	INVALID PARMS SPECIFIED IN PARM FIELD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXEC statement parameters specified were invalid or inconsistent.

System action

Abend 0939 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PARM field on the EXEC statement, and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSUACB0

Related information

[IMS abend 0939](#)

DFS0940I	{PSB DBD} (<i>psbname</i> <i>dbdname</i>) HAS BEEN {ADDED REPLACED} IN LIBRARY. {PSB SIZE DMB} SIZE = <i>xxxxxx</i> BYTES
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named PSB or DBD has been modified in the ACB library. If it did not exist, it has been added. If it did exist, it has been replaced. The size of the member is as indicated.

Module:

DFSUACB0, DFSUAMB0

DFS0941I	PSB <i>XXXXXXXX</i> IF USING DL/I SUBORDINATE ADDRESS SPACE, CSA SIZE = <i>xxxxxx</i>, SAS SIZE = <i>yyyyyy</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

PSB *XXXXXXXX* has been inserted or replaced in ACBLIB. If using DL/I subordinate address space, the PSB will require *xxxxxx* bytes of space in CSA and *yyyyyy* bytes of space in DL/I subordinate address space private. If the PSB is defined as resident, the resident CSA PSB and DL/I PSB space is computed and obtained at initialization time. If not resident, the space is obtained from each PSB pool when the PSB is first used.

The sum of CSA size and SAS size in this message is not necessarily the same as the PSB size given in message DFS0940I. The PSB size in message DFS0940I includes the size of the intent list. The size of the CSA PSB and the SAS PSB do not include the size of the intent list.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

Related information

“DFS0940I” on page 332
{PSB | DBD} (*psbname* | *dbdname*) HAS BEEN
{ADDED | REPLACED} IN LIBRARY. {PSB SIZE |
DMB} SIZE = xxxxxx BYTES

DFS0942I	IF USING DL/I SUBORDINATE ADDRESS SPACE, MAX CSA = wwwwww MAX SAS = xxxxxx AVERAGE CSA = yyyyyy AVERAGE SAS = zzzzzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

If using DL/I subordinate address space, *wwwwww* is the largest CSA space requirement, and *xxxxxx* is the largest DL/I private space requirement for any single PSB processed by this ACBGEN. For all PSBs processed by the ACBGEN, *yyyyyy* is the average CSA space requirement, and *zzzzzz* is the average DL/I private space requirement. The ratio of the average CSA and average SAS might provide some basis for determining the relative size of the two PSB pools. The ideal ratio might, however, be different because of other PSBs not processed by this ACBGEN or the frequency distribution of PSBs in the pool.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0943I	PSB <i>PsbName</i> REQUIRES A MINIMUM OF xxxxxxxx AND A MAXIMUM OF xxxxxxxx BYTES OF STORAGE IN THE EPCB POOL
-----------------	--

or

PSB *PsbName* REQUIRES A MIN OF xxxxxxxx AND A MAX OF xxxxxxxx BYTES OF STORAGE IN EPCB POOL IF USING FAST PATH

Explanation

The message describes the amount of storage that the PSB requires in the EPCB pool.

The first form of this message is used only in IMS Version 10 and IMS Version 11.

You are attempting to size the EPCB pool. Each PCB with **PROCOPT=H** requires additional storage in the EPCB pool for use by High Speed Sequential Processing (HSSP). The information that is required to calculate the exact size of the additional storage needed by HSSP was unavailable at the creation of this message. There is a minimum and maximum amount of additional HSSP work area storage obtained for each HSSP-sensitive PCB. This additional HSSP work area storage is used to present the minimum and maximum amount of storage the PSB requires in the EPCB pool.

The MAXIMUM amount of storage the PSB requires in the EPCB pool includes each IOPCB and ALTPCB in the PSB.

System programmer response

Use the maximum required EPCB size, because the HSSP work area is not large enough to accommodate the required space for the PSB.

Module:
DBFUAMAO

DFS0944W	BUILD FOR <i>dbdname</i> FAILED. A REQUIRED DBD WAS NOT IN DBDLIB
-----------------	--

Explanation

An explicit ACB Generation request was made to build a DMB using a BUILD DBD=*dbdname* control statement, but a required DBD was not in DBDLIB. The missing DBD could be either the named DBD or a logically related DBD. This message is preceded by a DFS0929I message for the missing DBD.

System action

The DBD is not replaced or added, and a return code 8 is set.

Programmer response

Add the missing DBD to DBDLIB and rerun ACB Generation.

Module:
DFSUACB0

Related information

“DFS0929I” on page 330
BLDL FAILED FOR MEMBER -- *member name*

DFS0945I	PSB-<i>psbname</i>-PCB-<i>pcbname</i> HAS NO SENSITIVE SEGMENTS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named database PCB within the named PSB had no SENSEG statements defined at PSBGEN time. The PSBGEN was invalid.

System action

Abend 0938 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB source statements, and rerun PSBGEN.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0938](#)

DFS0946I	INDEX DBD-<i>dbdname</i> INDEXES A SYSTEM RELATED FIELD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The indicated INDEX DBD contained an INDEX= operand that specified a field name with a /CK as the first 3 characters.

System action

Abend 0939 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0939](#)

DFS0947I	DBD <i>dbdname</i> BUILD DID NOT FORCE PSB REBUILDS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The database *dbdname* was specified in a BUILD DBD= statement but was unchanged in the areas that required rebuild of referencing PSBs. These PSBs are not automatically rebuilt. (All PSBs explicitly listed on BUILD DBD= statements will be rebuilt.) PSB Selective Rebuild does not apply to Fast Path MSDBs.

System action

DBD is replaced in ACBLIB, but referencing PSBs are not changed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSUAMBO

DFS0948I	SEGM-<i>segmname</i>-IN DBD- <i>dbdname</i>-IS VARIABLE LENGTH. PHYSICAL PAIR OF SEGMENT IS FIXED LENGTH.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The indicated segment in the indicated DBD was a physically paired logical child of variable length. The opposite pair was fixed length. Physically paired segments must have the same length attributes.

System action

Abend 0941 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD in error, and rerun the job.

Module:
DFSDBLLO

Related information
[IMS abend 0941](#)

DFS0949I	INDEX DBD-<i>dbdname</i>-INDEXES ITSELF
-----------------	--

Explanation

The indicated INDEX DBD contained an LCHILD statement that contained the same database name for the indexed database as the name for this index database.

System action

Abend 0942 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0942](#)

DFS0950I **LOGICAL CHILD OR LOGICAL
PARENT IN DBD *dbdname*
REFERENCES SEGM *segment*
name. REFERENCED SEGM
HAS NO CORRESPONDING
REFERENCE.**

Explanation

An invalid logical relationship exists:

- A logical child references the named segment in the indicated database and the named logical parent does not have an LCHILD statement.
- A logical parent references a logical child segment in the named database and the logical child does not have a reference for the logical parent.

- A logical DBD does not contain a reference to the named segment in the SOURCE= operand that references its corresponding logical child or logical parent.

System action

Abend 0943 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0943](#)

Chapter 22. DFS messages, DFS0951I - DFS1000I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS0951I	SEGM <i>segment name</i> IS PHYSICALLY PAIRED. ITS PAIR DOES NOT HAVE EQUAL INTERSECTION DATA LENGTH.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The referenced segment is physically paired. Either the two intersection data lengths are not equal (for fixed-length segments); or the maximum intersection data lengths for the two paired segments are not equal.

System action

Abend 0957 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was being run.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 35

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0957](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0952I	INVALID PROCOPT SPECIFIED FOR PRIMARY INDEX DBD nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid PCB processing option was specified for a PCB which references either a primary or secondary index DBD. If a PCB references a primary index DBD, the only valid processing option is G, or GOx. If a PCB references a secondary index DBD, this message will be returned if the PCB processing option is L or LS. For a secondary index DBD, processing option of I is also invalid, but if I is specified, the processing option is changed to exclude the I and warning message DFS2438W is sent.

System action

If this condition occurs while building the blocks in a batch 'DLI' region, abend 0958 is issued. If this condition occurs while doing an ACBGEN, the ACBGEN continues and additional messages indicate the action taken regarding the PSB is in error.

Programmer response

Change the PSB to not reference the primary or secondary index DBD; or change the processing option of the PCB to a valid processing option for the index DBD.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 35

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0953I	LOGICAL CHILD IN DATA BASE xxxxxxx HAS A L/P PTR SPECIFIED. LOGICAL PARENT IS IN HISAM ORG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error exists in the logical child SEGM statement in database xxxxxxxx. It is not permissible to specify a direct pointer to a database with HISAM organization. PTR=LP is the incorrect specification; only PTR= should be specified.

System action

If running under DL/I, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0959.

Programmer response

Correct the logical child SEGM statement to remove the LP specification. Specify instead only PTR= and reassemble the DBD. Rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDLBLO

Related information

[IMS abend 0959](#)

DFS0954I	LOGICAL PARENT IN DATA BASE xxxxxxx HAS AN L/C POINTER. THE REFERENCE L/C IS IN HISAM ORG.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error exists in the LCHILD statement in database xxxxxxx. You have specified either PTR=SNGL or PTR=DBLE; both specifications are incorrect. It is not permissible to specify a direct pointer to a database with HISAM organization.

System action

If running under DL/I, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0960.

Programmer response

Correct the LCHILD statement, reassemble the DBD, and rerun the job.

Module

DFSDBLBO

DFS0955I	DBD xxxxxxx IS A SHARED INDEX WITH MORE THAN ONE XDFLD CONSTANT OF THE SAME VALUE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error exists in the XDFLD statement in the DBD that points to the shared Index. You have specified more than one XDFLD constant of the same value. Each XDFLD statement for a shared index must have a unique CONST= specification.

System action

If running under DL/I, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0961.

Programmer response

Correct the XDFLD statements in error, reassemble the DBDs, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDBLBO

Related information

[IMS abend 0961](#)

DFS0956I

**PSB *psbname* CONTAINS AN
HIERARCHIC SEQUENCE ERROR
AT SENSEG *segname***

Explanation

The SENSEG statements within the named PSB were not specified in hierarchic sequence (top to bottom, left to right).

System action

Abend 0962 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the order of the SENSEG statements, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSDBLBO

Related information

[IMS abend 0962](#)

DFS0957W

**PSB *psbname* IS TOO LARGE
FOR ACBGEN.SIZE=xxxxxxx
MAXIMUM=04194240**

Explanation

ACBGEN determined that PSB *psbname* exceeded the size allowed by IMS. The generated PSB size is xxxxxxx. The maximum allowed PSB size is 4,194,240 bytes.

System action

The PSB is deleted from ACBLIB and a return code 8 is set. ACBGEN continues with the next PSB.

Programmer response

Redesign the PSB with fewer SENSEG and PCB statements.

Module:

DFSUAMBO

DFS958I

CHKPT NOT FOUND ON LOG

Explanation

A checkpoint ID was specified by a CHKPT statement as a stopping point for the database-backout process, but a corresponding batch-checkpoint record was not found on the log. No backout is performed.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct ID is specified and the correct log data set is mounted.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS959I	CHKPT NOT WITHIN LAST SCHEDULE OF PGM
----------------	--

Explanation

The batch-checkpoint record specified by a CHKPT statement was located on the log, but a subsequent scheduling of the program was found on the same log volume. No backout is performed.

Programmer response

Only database changes made during the most recent scheduling of a program should be backed out.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSBACK0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0960I	WARNING DBD-<i>dbdname</i>-NOT REPLACED IN LIBRARY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named DBD was processed as the result of a BUILD PSB= request, but the DBD existed in the ACBLIB. If **BUILD DBD=** was specified, a PSB referenced the requested DBD and the named DBD. The named DBD was not rebuilt.

System action

IMS continues processing but generates a return code of 4.

Programmer response

If the named DBD requires replacement in the ACBLIB, the DBD must be processed with a **BUILD DBD=** control statement.

Problem determination:

2, 4, 17d, 18, 19

Module:

DFSUAMBO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS961W	MULTIPLE OCCURRENCES OF LOGICAL TWIN SEQ FIELD DETECTED. FIELD DEFINED AS UNIQUE.
----------------	--

Explanation

A database with a logical child indicated a unique logical twin sequence field was already loaded with nonunique logical twin sequence fields.

System action

IMS continues processing. The Prefix Update utility (DFSURGP0) marks the nonunique logical twin record deleted on the logical path. The delete rules are ignored.

Programmer response

Delete the affected segments and reinsert them with corrected sequence fields during any subsequent update run.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 36

Module:

DFSURG10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS0962I	DBD <i>dbdname</i> NOT PROCESSED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A BUILD DBD= control statement requested processing of the named DBD, and the PSBs that reference the DBD are not found in the PSBLIB.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

Verify that the correct DBD name has been specified and that the PSBs that reference the DBD are in the PSBLIB.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS0963W	PURGE DATE CONFLICTS WITH INPUT ACCUM DATA FROM DD ddname DATA BASE database name FOR FUNCTION CA.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The old change-accumulation-data set header record contains a creation date and time. The specified purge date is before the creation data and time. If the input log data set contains records created before the old change accumulation database, extra records will have been accumulated that cannot be used in recovery.

System action

IMS continues processing but generates a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input log data set does not include any records for the named database that were created before the old change accumulation database.

Problem determination:
2, 3, 8, 36

Module:
DFSUC350

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS964I	INVALID PROCOPT SPECIFIED FOR PCB=pcbname, IN PSB=psbname
----------------	--

Explanation

The named PCB contained a PROCOPT of H but the DBD is not a DEDB. The PROCOPT H is only valid for a DEDB.

System action

Abend 0996 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was running.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB and run the program again.

Module:
DFSDBL0

Related information

[IMS abend 0996](#)

DFS965A	DBD LRECL OR BLKSIZE DIFFERS FROM IMAGE HEADER
----------------	---

Explanation

The Recovery utility compared the data set logical record and the block size for the data set being recovered and detected a difference between the DBD values and the values in the input image copy header record, or differences between CINV and LRECL (as defined to VSAM) and the values in the input image copy header record.

System action

If an ABEND control statement is provided, abend 0302 is issued. Otherwise, processing continues, but a return code of 8 is generated.

Programmer response

The DBD contains the data set logical record and the block size that is different from the header values of the same data set. Verify that the DBD name and the ddname are correct, and that the DBD was not changed. If the output is a preallocated VSAM data set, ensure that the CINV and LRECL values defined to VSAM agree with the DBD values.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 35. If running under the Utility Control facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP, MSGNUM=965 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Module:
DFSURDB0

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS966W	RECOVERY OF ROOT ONLY VSAM ESDS HISAM DATA BASE <i>ddname</i> NOT REQUIRED
----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions existed:

- You attempted to access the ESDS of a root-only VSAM HISAM database. This data set is not used by IMS and is not required for processing. It cannot be image-copied or recovered.
- The specified *ddname* does not belong to this database.

System action

The utility completes normally without image copying the ESDS or recovering the ESDS data set.

Operator response:

If running under the Utility Control facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP, MSGNUM=966 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Programmer response

If condition 1, above, does not pertain, verify that the *ddname* belongs to this DBD and that it is spelled correctly. Correct any error and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 36

Module:

DFSRCPO0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS967I	WARNING-EMPTY DATASET- DDNAME-<i>ddname</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The Image Copy utility found the specified data set to be empty.

System action

The utility completes processing with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

If the empty data set condition is invalid, ensure that all input is correct and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSUDMPO

DFS968I	DBD=<i>dbdname</i> WITHIN PSB=<i>psbname</i> SUCCESSFULLY BACKED OUT
----------------	---

Explanation

This message identifies a successful backout for the named database.

Module:

DFSRBOIO

DFS969I	ERROR LOADING PSB <i>xxxxxxx</i> FOR BACKOUT
----------------	---

Explanation

DL/I blocks could not be loaded for a PSB requiring backout. The reason might be insufficient pool space, an I/O error (message DFS561 was issued), or errors occurring during IMS initialization (appropriate messages were issued).

System action

Backout is not done. The program and databases requiring backout are stopped. Processing continues.

Operator response

Run the Batch Backout Utility for the PSB named before starting the PSB and databases.

Problem determination

1, 5, 8, 11; and a memory dump taken with the /
CHECKPOINT FREEZE ABDUMP command.

Module:

DFSRBOIO

Related information

[“DFS561E” on page 192](#)
GETMAIN FAILED FOR QSAVE AREA, ACB
LOAD/READ TERMINATED

[“DFS561A” on page 192](#)
ERROR READING {ACBLIB|DIRECTORY},
{PSB=*psbname*|DMB=*dmbname*}

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS970I (UNEXPECTED STATUS| OPNDST/ OPNSESS FAILED| CLSDST/ TRMSESS FAILED| GENCB/MODCB ERROR| FORCED CLEANUP DONE| SESSION FAILURE), NODE *node name*, USER/*user name*| N/A, (UNDEFN | SETLOG | SIMLOG | OPNDST | OPNSEC | CLSDST | SEND|RECEIV | TRMSES | RQR | RESTSR | INQUIR|SESSNC | *****), RC=,FDB2=, LOSTERM=| NSEXIT=| UNBIND=, SENSE=, REASON=

Explanation

The following explains the function and commands of this message:

Function: Indicates function being performed when failure occurred:

UNEXPECTED STATUS

RC,FDB2, and RPLREQ field in the RPL had an invalid combination (that is, SEND operation completed with an invalid return code being returned for SEND), or LOSTERM EXIT was scheduled.

OPNDST/OPNSESS

Failure occurred during OPNDST/OPNSESS processing.

CLSDST/TRMSESS

Failure occurred during CLSDST/TRMSESS processing.

GENCB/MODCB ERROR

A failure occurred during the attempt to set up the RPL or NIB for an OPNDST or CLSDST.

FORCED CLEANUP DONE

A /CLS FORCE command was issued to simulate an NSEXIT with a cleanup RU to free a hung node with outstanding I/O. RC, FDB2, and RPLREQ are from the RPL with the outstanding I/O.

SESSION FAILED

Node connection terminated.

Command: Indicates type of command being run when failure occurred:

UNDEFN

RPL has an undefined value in the RPLREQ field.

SETLOG

Failure occurred during SETLOGON command.

SIMLOG

Failure occurred during SIMLOGON command.

OPNDST|OPNSEC

Failure occurred during OPNDST or OPNSEC command.

CLSDST|TRMSESS

Failure occurred during CLSDST or TRMSESS command.

SEND

Failure occurred during SEND command.

RECEIV

Failure occurred during RECEIVE command.

RESETSR

Failure occurred during RESETSR command.

INQUIR

Failure occurred in attempting to inquire for BIND parameters.

SESSNC

Failure occurred during SESSIONC command.

RQR

Invalid VTAM RQR command was received by IMS for this node.

Normal if there was no operation in progress, or LOSTERM has a hexadecimal value.

Error Data:

- RC=value in the RPLRTNCD field.
- FDB2=value in the RPLFDB2 field.
- LOSTERM=NSEXIT=value passed to the IMS LOSTERM or NSEXIT exit by VTAM.
 - X'0C' - LOSTERM
 - X'29' - NSPE Cleanup RU
 - X'20' - NSPE Notify RU
 - X'B0' - Unbind received
 - X'00' - Neither LOSTERM nor SPE
- UNBIND=unbind code passed to IMS SCIP exit by VTAM.
- SENSE=sense code passed from VTAM, DEVICE, or NSEXIT.
- REASON=reason code generated by NSEXIT or UNBIND

See *z/OS Communications Server SNA Programming* (SC31-8829) for a more detailed description of VTAM indicators and sense values.

System action

ACF/VTAM terminated the session, but IMS continues processing.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Try to start the session after diagnosing the problem.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:
1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Module:
DFSCM7A0, DFSCVCS0, DFSCVHA0, DFSDN280

Related reference
[z/OS: Exception conditions and sense information](#)

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS971I **(I/O ERR|INT REQ) NODE** *node name, ssbytes, error description*

Explanation

An I/O operation to an IBM 3270 device completed abnormally. The *ssbytes* are 3270 sense/status bytes out of the RPL as passed to IMS by VTAM. The error-description-field VTAM indicators are:

PATH
A recoverable-path error occurred.

CPM
An unrecoverable error occurred.

STATE
An error occurred in the use of bracket indicators by the node.

FI
A function-interpretor error occurred.

RR
A request-reject error occurred.

The error-description-field sense/status indicators are:

DB
Device Busy

US
Unit Specify

DE
Device End

TC
Transmission Check

CR
Command Reject

IR
Intervention Required

EC
Equipment Check

DC
Data Check

CC
Control Check

OC
Operation Check

Tip: See *z/OS Communications Server SNA Programming* (SC31-8829) for VTAM indicators and information about 3270 sense or status indicators.

System action

CLSDST the node except for intervention-required conditions. On intervention-required processing, the operation continues normally after the node (terminal) is made ready.

Operator response:
Attempt to OPNDST the node and continue operation if possible; if not possible, see *Problem determination*. For intervention-required processing, make the node ready and processing should continue normally. Obtain IMS Transaction Manager trace of the failure.

Problem determination:
14, 23, 36

Module:
DFSCVE00

Related reference
[z/OS: Exception conditions and sense information](#)
[z/OS: Summary of control requests and indicators](#)

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS972A ***IMS (DCCTL) AWAITING MORE INPUT***

Explanation

A multisegment message was started from the system console. More data is required to complete the message. If (DCCTL) is displayed in the message, you are in the DCCTL environment.

System action

Processing continues, but ITASK waits for input.

Operator response:

Enter the required segments and end the last segment with a period (.)

Module:
DFSDNSC0

DFS973I **LINE xxx, PTERM yyy, aaa, {G|S},
 tttt, ssss, conditions**

Explanation

A remote 3271/3275 online *aaa*, which is IMS line *xxx*, physical terminal (PTERM) *yyy*, has sent IMS a sense-status message containing information other than a device-end (X'C240'). The message was sent in response to a specific or general poll from IMS, as represented by an S or a G. The terminal address sent by the 3270 is displayed in the field represented by *tttt*, and the sense-status bytes are displayed in field *ssss*. The sense-status bytes are interpreted and printed in the conditions area. The interpretations have the following meanings:

Byte	Meaning
DB	Device busy
US	Unit specify
DE	Device end
TC	Transmission check
CR	Command rejected
IR	Intervention required
EC	Equipment check
DC	Data check
CC	Control check
OC	Operation check

Operator response:

If message DFS072I, DFS251I or DFS0253 is also received for the 3270 terminal, the information in this message should be given to the IBM representative.

Problem determination:
1, 6, 14, 23

Module:
DFSC3270

Related information

[“DFS072I” on page 41](#)
UNABLE TO OUTPUT LINE x PTERM y

[“DFS251I” on page 85](#)
hh.mm.ss CONTROL UNIT INOPERABLE LINE x
PTERM y-z *aa,bbbb,cc,dd,ee,ff,gg,hh, iii,jjjj*

[“DFS253” on page 86](#)
TCU INOPERABLE LINE x PTERM y

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS0974I **SEGMENT xxxxxxxx IN DATABASE
yyyyyyyyy HAS AN INVALID DELETE
RULE FOR SEGMENT DATA USER
EXITS**

Explanation

Segment xxxxxxxx in database yyyyyyyy has a delete rule that is not supported for exits defined on the DBD/SEGM statement as EXIT=.

System action

Processing terminates with RC=8.

Programmer response

Correct the EXIT= definition.

Problem determination:
2, 3, 8, and 19

Module:
DFSDLB00

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS975W **NON-RECOVERABLE
DBD=xxxxxxx WITHIN
PSB=yyyyyyyy STOPPED DUE TO
UNKNOWN BACKOUT STATUS**

Explanation

IMS encountered a situation in which the databases modified by application yyyyyyyy needed to be backed out. The backout could not be completed. Database xxxxxxxx is stopped. Because this is a non-recoverable database, IMS does not make any further attempt to back it out. It should not be started until it has been restored to an acceptable condition.

System action

The database xxxxxxxx is stopped.

System programmer response

Restore the database.

Module:
DFSRBOIO, DFSRBLBO

DFS976I	<i>nnn</i> MESSAGES(S) PURGED, <i>x</i> PURGED MSG(S) REROUTED, DEQ CMD SUPPRESSED BY MESSAGE CONTROL ERROR EXIT
----------------	---

or

***nnn* MESSAGE(S) PURGED, *x* PURGED MSG(S) REROUTED**

or

***nnn* MESSAGES(S) PURGED, DEQ CMD SUPPRESSED BY MESSAGE CONTROL ERROR EXIT**

Explanation

The **/DEQUEUE** command for NODE, LTERM, and MSNAME causes the invocation of Message Control/Error Exit before the processing of each message. A **/DEQUEUE** command with the PURGE keyword caused the number of messages (*nnn*) to be purged from the message queue. A purged Fast Path message, if any, is included in the displayed count of purged messages.

The user exit requests to purge the messages from the queue and then reroute them to a different destination. The variable *x* is the number of purged messages that were rerouted.

System action

The command completed successfully.

Operator response

(master terminal) This message results when the Message Control/Error Exit is customized in the receiving system to specify an incorrect exit flag, or the exit flag is correct but an error was found while IMS was performing the requested action and the associated default was performed. Inform the system programmer

System programmer response

Find the default action from Message Control/Error Exit DFSCMUX0. Look for the error description in the MSNBMMSG area of Message Control/Error Exit interface block MSNB, which is a forced log entry in the X'6701' CMEI record for send error, receive error, and the **DEQ** command. Correct the exit flag or the destination for reroute, if appropriate.

Problem determination:
14

Module:
DFSICLJO

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS976I	<i>nnn</i> MESSAGES(S) PURGED, <i>x</i> PURGED MSG(S) REROUTED, DEQ CMD SUPPRESSED BY MESSAGE CONTROL ERROR EXIT
----------------	---

or

***nnn* MESSAGE(S) PURGED, *x* PURGED MSG(S) REROUTED**

or

***nnn* MESSAGES(S) PURGED, DEQ CMD SUPPRESSED BY MESSAGE CONTROL ERROR EXIT**

Explanation

The **/DEQUEUE** command for NODE, LTERM, and MSNAME causes the invocation of Message Control/Error Exit before the processing of each message. A **/DEQUEUE** command with the PURGE keyword caused the number of messages (*nnn*) to be purged from the message queue. A purged Fast Path message, if any, is included in the displayed count of purged messages.

The user exit requests to purge the messages from the queue and then reroute them to a different destination. The variable *x* is the number of purged messages that were rerouted.

System action

The command completed successfully.

Operator response

(master terminal) This message results when the Message Control/Error Exit is customized in the receiving system to specify an incorrect exit flag, or the exit flag is correct but an error was found while IMS was performing the requested action and the associated default was performed. Inform the system programmer

System programmer response

Find the default action from Message Control/Error Exit DFSCMUX0. Look for the error description in the MSNBMSG area of Message Control/Error Exit interface block MSNB, which is a forced log entry in the X'6701' CMEI record for send error, receive error, and the **DEQ** command. Correct the exit flag or the destination for reroute, if appropriate.

Problem determination:

14

Module:

DFSICLJ0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS977I **INOP/NA: n n n n**

Explanation

The 2770 terminal recognized a component error and has marked a component inoperable. After the error has been processed, this message is printed at the 2770 terminal if there is an available printer or 2265 component to receive the message. The message depicts the current terminal status. All inoperable or not-attached component slots have their slot number (n) placed in the message.

Operator response

Correct the error condition at the terminal, verify data processed by the system. Then issue the appropriate component restart command.

Module:

DFSDN090

DFS978I **PLEASE RESEND LAST LINE**

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred reading the last segment.

Explanation:

Reenter the last segment, or, if wanted, use a **/CANCEL** command to cancel all previous segments.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 23

Module:

DFSCLM00, DFSDS050

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS979I **BATCH MESSAGE PROGRAM**
***psbname* WAS ACTIVE AT TIME OF**
FAILURE

Explanation

Emergency restart has determined that the batch message program indicated by *psbname* was active at the time of the failure that necessitated the emergency restart.

This message can also occur from a failure during a backout process during other processing.

System action

By restart - the program and its associated databases are stopped. Message DFS981I accompanies this message to identify the stopped databases.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Run the Batch Backout utility, DFSBBO00, as described in, using the same tapes as entered for the emergency restart. Then start the program and databases, and rerun the batch message program.

Problem determination:

4, 5

Module:

DFSRBLB0, DFSRBOIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS980I ***hh:mm:ss* BACKOUT PROCESSING**
HAS ENDED FOR PSB *psbname*

Explanation

The database backout facility has ended for the named PSB. This situation can occur during emergency restart

or dynamic backout during online execution with program isolation.

Message DFS968I or DFS981I precedes this message for each database within the PSB involved in the backout.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Module:
DFSRBOIO

Related information
“DFS968I” on page 341
DBD=*dbdname* WITHIN PSB=*psbname*
SUCCESSFULLY BACKED OUT
“DFS981I” on page 347
DBD=*dbdname* WITHIN PSB=*psbname*
STOPPED DUE TO (BACKOUT FAILURE|ERE NOBMP
START|COLD BASE START|REMOTE
TAKEOVER)

DFS981I	DBD= <i>dbdname</i> WITHIN PSB= <i>psbname</i> STOPPED DUE TO (BACKOUT FAILURE ERE NOBMP START COLD BASE START REMOTE TAKEOVER)
---------	---

Explanation

This message identifies a database that was stopped for the specified reason.

Programmer response

In all cases, you must do a backout for the database. For the BACKOUT FAILURE and ERE NOBMP START reasons, you can do the backout by entering a /START DB or UPDATE DB START (ACCESS) command. For the COLD BASE START reason, you must do a batch backout. For the REMOTE TAKEOVER, a forward recovery followed by a batch backout are required.

Module:
DFSRBOIO, DFSRBLBO

DFS982I	I/O ERROR READING BACKOUT QUEUE, BSN= <i>bbbbbbbb</i> RC= <i>rr</i>
---------	--

or

I/O ERROR READING BACKOUT QUEUE COVERING
SYSTEM CHKPT=*yyddd/hhmmss* BSN=*bbbbbbbb*
RC=*rr*

Explanation

The first message is issued only in batch. The second message is the online (TM and DBCTL) form of the message, where *yyddd/hhmmss* is the last system checkpoint ID that occurred before the start of the unit-of-recovery being backed out. An error occurred while reading the log. If an I/O error occurred, message DFS0414I should be issued.

If DBRC is active, it must be notified when the database is recovered. If DBRC is inactive, this message might be issued again, even though recovery is no longer required. DBRC is notified automatically when Batch Backout is run.

This message can also be issued when a problem occurs and there is an excessive number of records to back out and some records needed for backout had already been archived.

In the message text:

bbbbbbbb
Indicates the log block sequence number.
rr
Indicates the log return code.

System action

IMS processing continues, but the backout fails.

For the first form of this message, take the X'67FF' log records to the IMS log.

For the second form of this message, take the supervisor call (SVC) dump.

Module:
DFSRBOIO

DFS983I	I/O ERROR IN DATA BASE <i>xxxxxxxx</i> , PROGRAM <i>xxxxxxxx</i> DURING BACKOUT.
---------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while emergency restart or dynamic backout was attempting to back out incomplete transactions for the database and program specified. The database is stopped, and processing is allowed to continue against the remaining databases.

This message can be issued with PURGE in the place of the database name. This indicates that the call to purge the buffers used for this backout has failed. Subsequently, to protect database integrity and ensure that all transactions against the database and PSB are backed out, batch backout should be performed.

System action

The database is stopped and normal processing continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) When the recovery and backout are complete, the user should start the database and program with the appropriate master terminal commands.

Programmer response

The user should run the Data Base Recovery utility against the database. When the recovery is complete, the Data Base Backout utility should be run, specifying the program indicated in the error message and the same tapes used for input to the emergency restart. Running the Batch Backout utility after this error message might result in message DFS888I being returned from batch backout indicating no backouts exist for PSB xxxxxxxx. If the correct input tapes were used, DFS888I indicates that the prior emergency restart or dynamic backout did successfully backout the incomplete transactions for the database / program name, before the I/O error was incurred.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 8, 11

Module:

DFSRBOIO

Related reference

[Recovery utilities \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Related information

“DFS888I” on page 318

NO DATA BASE RECORDS FOUND FOR PSB
psbname (AFTER CHECKPOINT *checkpoint id*)
(FOR REGION *region id*)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS984I	UNABLE TO OPEN DATA BASE xxxxxxx, PROGRAM xxxxxxx FOR BACKOUT.
----------------	---

Explanation

Emergency restart was unable to open a data set for backout processing.

System action

The database and the program are stopped and normal processing continues.

Operator response

(master terminal) After database recovery or backout, or both, are complete, the user should start the database and the program with the appropriate master terminal commands.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement for the database involved and make certain it is online. If the JCL is correct, the failure that prompted the emergency restart might have damaged the database. If so, follow the programmer response for message DFS983I. If this is not the case, run the Database Backout utility specifying the program indicated in the error message and the same tapes used for input to the emergency restart.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 8

Module:

DFSRBOIO

Related reference

[Database Recovery utility \(DFSURDBO\)
\(Database Utilities\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS985I	SYSTEM ERROR DURING BACKOUT FOR DB=ddddddd, PGM=pppppppp, LOG SEQ=yyyyyyyy, RC=zzzzzzz
----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while emergency restart or dynamic backout was attempting to back out incomplete transactions for data base dddddddd and program pppppppp. The field yyyyyyyy is the hexadecimal sequence number of the data base change log record being processed. The field zzzzzzzz is either a pseudoabend code that occurred during backout, the value 4, or the value 10. A value of 4 or 10 indicates an error other than a pseudoabend occurred.

System action

The database and the program are stopped, and processing continues. A type X'67FF' pseudoabend is written to the log data set.

Operator response

(master terminal) For the first case, reinitialize IMS; then retry the emergency restart. For the second case, start the database and the program with the appropriate master terminal operator after the database recovery or backout, or both, are complete.

Programmer response

The following two cases should help determine and resolve the problem:

- If RC=00000004 is received during /ERE processing, a data management block (DMB) directory entry might not have been found for the database being backed out. Be sure the IMS nucleus used to restart the system is the same one in use at the time of the original system failure. If this is the problem, restart the IMS job specifying the correct nucleus; then rerun the emergency restart.
- If RC=00000010 is received, the most likely reason is because register 3 contained a negative value when the CSRCESTRV macro was issued.
- If RC=Uxxxx (xxxx is the pseudoabend code that occurred during /ERE or Dynamic Backout), or RC=00000004 and the first case is not the problem, then the type X'67FF' pseudoabend record on the log data set is needed to determine the cause of the problem. Run the Database Backout utility specifying program *pppppppp* and either the logs used for input to the emergency restart or the logs in use at the time of the dynamic backout.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 8, 17b

Module:

DFSRBOIO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS986A CANNOT OPEN SYSTEM DATASET-
DD NAME-nnnnnnnn, RC=xx**

Explanation

A DD statement was missing or a data set requires formatting. During a restart with formatting, an I/O error might have occurred in the data set indicated by *nnnnnnnn*. Return code *xx* is defined as follows:

Code (hex)

Meaning

00

This condition is normal.

04

The DCB is already being opened or closed.

08

The DCB is already open.

0C

The DECBTYPE is invalid.

10

A failure occurred in the IMS SVC. DCBWRK1 indicates the reason. See message DFS0730I for error subcodes.

14

An I/O error occurred while the OSAM OPEN routine was scanning for a file mark, formatting, or writing a file mark. See DECBSTAT for additional information.

18

An invalid RBN was calculated. The RBN is either 0 or greater than the maximum RBN for the data set. When multiple data sets are defined for the short or long message queue, the error might be caused by the incorrect space specification of the multiple data sets. See the topic on IMS.QBLKS, IMS.SHMSG/1-9, and IMS.LGMSG/1-9 in the installation information and the topic on message queue data set allocation in *IMS Version 15.5 System Administration*.

24

An error occurred during EOVS processing for the data set.

28

While opening the Queue Manager system data set, an invalid ddname was found.

System action

IMS waits for another restart command to be entered.

Operator response

(master terminal) Reenter the restart command with BLDQ and FORMAT keywords, as appropriate.

Programmer response

Make sure that a DD statement exists for the referenced data set, and if DISP=OLD, the data set is available to the system.

Problem determination:

1, 8, 11

Module:

DFSQDOCO

Related information

[DFS0730I](#)

CANNOT OPEN SYSTEM DATASET-DD NAME-
nnnnnnnn, RC=xx

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS987I **ERROR READING SLDS
DURING BACKOUT WITHIN
PSB=XXXXXXXXX DUE TO NON-
RECOVERABLE DB**

Explanation

IMS encountered an archived log record for a non-recoverable database while reading the SLDS during dynamic backout. Because this record cannot be used for a backout, IMS makes no further attempt to back it out. The backout could not be completed. Do not restart the backout until the database has been restored to an acceptable condition.

Message DFS981I or DFS975W follows this message for each database within the PSB involved in the backout.

System action

The database is stopped. IMS processing continues, but the backout fails.

Programmer response

For non-recoverable database, restore the database. For recoverable database, run the batch backout utility.

Module:
DFSRBOIO

Related information

[DFS975W](#)

NON-RECOVERABLE DBD=xxxxxxx WITHIN
PSB=yyyyyyy STOPPED DUE TO UNKNOWN
BACKOUT STATUS

[DFS981I](#)

DBD=dbdname WITHIN PSB=psbname
STOPPED DUE TO (BACKOUT FAILURE|ERE
NOBMP START|COLDDBASE START|REMOTE
TAKEOVER)

DFS0988I **GLOBAL *rsrcstat* STATUS UPDATE
REQUEST FOR *rsrc*type COMPLETE**

Explanation

A type-1 global command was issued, and the database or DEDB status was updated in the Resource Manager (RM). The request can be successful for

some, all, or no resources. If the request is not successful for some or all resources, message DFS3308I precedes this message. The DFS3308E message includes the RM return and reason code and identifies the database or DEDB area whose status was not updated. You can issue the command **QRY DB STATUS (GLOBAL)** to verify the status of the resources in RM.

rsrcstat

Indicates the status of the resource, as shown in the following table:

Table 6. Resource status	
<i>rsrcstat</i>	Meaning
STA	The resource is started globally.
STOACC	The resource is stopped for access globally and is offline.
STOPPED	The resource is stopped globally.
STOSCHD	The resource is stopped globally.
STOUPDS	The resource is stopped for updates globally.

*rsrc*type

Identifies the resource type as either database or DEDB area.

System action

IMS continues to process commands.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSUIUS10

Related information

“DFS3308E” on page 924

*cs*type REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*
RC=xxnnnnnn RSN=ssssssss

DFS989I **IMS (DBCTL) READY (CRC=x)**

Explanation

The Database Control (DBCTL) subsystem is ready for command input. Its command recognition character (CRC) is x.

Operator response

Enter the appropriate restart command.

Module:
DFSXCICO

DFS990I **LAST *number* CARDS NOT PROCESSED**

Explanation

The 2770 terminal recognized an error and discarded the data stream. *number* is the number of cards not processed.

Operator response

(entering terminal operator) Correct the card in error, and resubmit the job from that point.

Module:
DFSDN050, DFSDN090

DFS991I **IMS SHUTDOWN**

Explanation

This message is sent to all active terminals when the system is shut down.

Module:
DFSICIOO

DFS992I **DMB POOL TOO SMALL, UNABLE TO SCHEDULE PSB *psbname***

Explanation

The named PSB cannot be scheduled because the data management block pool is too small to hold all of the required data management blocks.

Programmer response

Change the appropriate parameter to make the pool larger, and restart the system.

Module:
DFSDPDM0

DFS993I **(CSA PSB|DLS PSB|PSBW) POOL TOO SMALL, UNABLE TO SCHEDULE PSB PSBNAME.**

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- The named PSB cannot be scheduled because it is too large to fit in the indicated (CSA|DLS) PSB pool. If the DL/I subordinate address space option is not selected, the entire PSB is in the CSA PSB pool. If DL/I subordinate address space is selected, part of the PSB is in the CSA PSB pool and part in the DLS PSB pool.
- The work area needed by this PSB is too large to fit in the PSBW pool.

System action

The PSB is stopped.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- For the first problem, use this information: The size of the PSB pool for non-DL/I subordinate address space environments is specified using the PSB= parameter on the control region JCL. In a DL/I subordinate address space environment, CSAPSB= and DLIPSB= are the sizes of the CSA PSB pool and the second PSB pool in DL/I subordinate address space local storage. The output of the ACBGEN utility for the PSB *psbname* indicate how much space is required in these pools.
- For the second problem, use this information: The size of the PSBW pool is specified on the PSBW= parameter in the control region JCL. The output of the ACB Maintenance utility for the PSB *psbname* (WORKAREA=) indicates how much space is required in the PSBW pool.

Module:
DFSDPDM0

DFS994I ***CHKPT *yyddd/hhmmss**ctype**

or

***rtype* START COMPLETED**

or

IMS SHUTDOWN COMPLETED

or

IMS SHUTDOWN (DBCTL) COMPLETED

or

IMS SHUTDOWN (DCCTL) COMPLETED

or

STATISTICS CHECKPOINT COMMAND COMPLETED

or

XRF TAKEOVER COMPLETED

Explanation

A checkpoint was written to the IMS system log, as the result of one of the following:

- A restart command
- A **/CHECKPOINT** command
- A **/DBRECOVERY** command
- A **/DBDUMP** command
- Automatic initiation by the IMS system logger
- A completed XRF takeover by the alternate IMS system

Upon completion of restart, the restart type is provided. During termination of IMS, the shutdown completion message is issued. The values of *yyddd/hhmmss*, *ctype*, and *rtype* are:

- *yyddd/hhmmss* is the time stamp that identifies the checkpoint.
- *ctype* is the checkpoint type. Possible values are:
SIMPLE, *FREEZE*, *DUMPQ***, *SNAPQ***, and *PURGE**.
- *rtype* is the restart type. Possible values are:
COLD
WARM
EMERGENCY
BUILDQ WARM
BUILDQ EMERGENCY
COLDBASE EMERGENCY
COLDBASE *BUILDQ* EMERGENCY
COLDCOMM EMERGENCY
COLDSYS EMERGENCY

System action

Normal processing continues or IMS terminates, depending upon the checkpoint type.

For the IMS SHUTDOWN (DBCTL) COMPLETED form of the message, the DBCTL terminates. For the IMS SHUTDOWN (DCCTL) COMPLETED form of the message, the DCCTL terminates.

For the STATISTICS CHECKPOINT COMMAND COMPLETED form of the message, IMS performance statistics records are written to the system log. This checkpoint is not a restart checkpoint.

For the XRF TAKEOVER COMPLETED form of the message, some of the recovery functions might still

be active. In this case, new transactions that are not in conflict with recovery processing are allowed to run in parallel with the recovery processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRCPO0, DFSRST00, DFSTERM0

DFS0995A	RECALL FAILED - DFHSM NOT ACTIVE - REPLY: RETRY, OR CANCEL (CANCEL DISABLES RECALL FUNCTION)
-----------------	---

Explanation

A RECALL request received a return code indicating that DFHSM was not active.

System action

IMS waits for a response to the message.

Operator response

Enter one of the following responses:

RETRY
Triggers another recall request from IMS.

CANCEL
Disables the recall function for the remainder of the IMS control region execution.

Module:
DFSDYA00

DFS996I	IMS (DCCTL) READY
----------------	--------------------------

Explanation

If the environment is DCCTL, then (DCCTL) is displayed in the message. If the environment is TM/DB, then (DCCTL) is not displayed in the message. This message appears at the system console as a WTOR.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Reply to this message when the user wants to enter data through the system console.

Module:
DFSDNSCO

DFS997I	MORE SEGMENTS REQUIRED
----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

A partial multisegment message was entered from an IBM 2740 Model 2 terminal.

System action

The action is determined by the local/remote terminal operator.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal) Complete the message, or cancel it.

Module:
DFSDN040

DFS998I **LINE xxx PTERM yyy IS INOPERABLE**

or

VTAM NODE xxxxxxxx IS INOPERABLE

or

VTAM RC xx FEEDBACK yy REASON zz

Explanation



Attention: IMS no longer supports BTAM terminals.

This message has the following forms:

For the first form of this message:
An I/O error occurred on LINE xxx PTERM yyy

For the second form:
An I/O error occurred on NODE xxxxxxxx.

For the third form:
VTAM detected an error. See *z/OS Communications Server SNA Programming* (SC31-8829) and *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes* (SC31-8791) for descriptions of the RC, FEEDBACK, and the REASON codes supplied in the VTAM RPL control block.

System action

For the first and second forms: The PTERM is marked PSTOPPED and inoperable and processing continues.

For the third form: this problem is an unrecoverable VTAM error. IMS stops all communication with VTAM and, therefore, all the NODEs associated with IMS. Communication cannot continue until IMS is shut down and restarted.

Operator response

For the first form: enter an **/RSTART LINE x PTERM y** command.

For the second form: enter an **/RSTART NODE xx** command.

Module:
DFSICIO0, DFSCIOB0, DFSCMBP0

Related reference
[z/OS: RPL-Create a request parameter list](#)
[z/OS: Return codes for VTAM macroinstructions](#)

DFS999I **HELD CONVERSATION ID IS xxxx**

Explanation

This message is the response to a **/HOLD** command.

Operator response:
The identification (ID) given must be used to end (**/EXIT**) or resume (**/RELEASE**) the conversation.

Module:
DFSICLH0

DFS1000I **IMSrrr ABEND**
 Uaaaa MODULE=xxxxxxx
 LABEL=xxxxxxx R14=xxxxxxx
 (DLA=xxxxxxx)

Explanation

A processing error was detected by the extended checkpoint module (DFSZSC00), the extended restart positioner (DFSZSR00, DFSZDC00) or the GSAM BSAM I/O MODULE (DFSZDC00). An attempt to write or read the symbolic checkpoint records to or from the OLDS or IMSLOGR data set failed.

In the message text:

IMSrrr
IMS release level.

Uaaaa
IMS user abend code.

MODULE=
Module that issued the abend.

LABEL=
Unique label at which the abend was issued. This label corresponds to the error reason code. For a description of each code, see the appropriate abend code. For a description of each code, see the appropriate abend code.

R14=
BAL return register (to module that discovered the error)

DLA=

The BAL return register (to module that issued the abend).

System action

The program terminates abnormally with the abend code identified as *Uaaaa*.

Operator response

Determine the cause of the error, correct the problem, and rerun the job.

Module:

DFSZSR00, DFSZDC00

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0102](#)

Chapter 23. DFS messages, DFS1001I - DFS1050I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1001I **INVALID ALLOCATION FOR
SYSTEM DATA SET- DD NAME -
NNNNNNNN, RC=xx**

Explanation

While processing the Queue Manager system data set's DD statements, an invalid allocation for the system data set was detected.

The reason codes and their meanings are:

Reason code (hex)
Explanation

04 The ddname information returned from the DEVTYPE macro indicates the DD statement is missing.

08 The ddname information returned from the DEVTYPE macro indicates a parameter of DUMMY.

0C The ddname information returned from the DEVTYPE macro indicates a SYSIN/SYSOUT allocation.

System action

The indicated ddname *NNNNNNNN* of the system data set will not be used during the current execution of IMS.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

If the referenced system data set is required, correct the JCL, the system data set allocation, or both.

Module

DFSIIIN00, DFSQDOC0

DFS1002A **IXLFORCE REQUEST TIMEOUT FOR
STRUCTURE=xxx, CONNAME=yyy**

Explanation

The new, active IMS cannot delete the failed persistent connection in the old IMS because it is still active.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

If the new, alternate IMS is restarted using the same IMS ID as the failed IMS, the failed persistent connection is changed to active. If the alternate XRF cannot be restarted, or the new IMS ID is not the same as the old IMS ID, use the following XCF command to delete the connection after the old IMS terminates:

```
SETXCF FORCE, CONNECTION, STRNAME=xxx, CONNAME=yyy
```

DFS1003I **LERUNOPT OVERRIDES
INITIALIZED FROM *imsid*
RC=rrrrrrrr, RSN=ssssssss**

Explanation

Indicates the LERUNOPTS have been initialized. When the phrase FROM *imsid* in the message, it indicates that the runtime options have been initialized from another IMS. The *imsid* indicates what IMS the information was received from. RC is the return code for the process. RSN is the reason code for the process.

The following table shows the return and reason codes for DFS1003I:

Table 7. Return and reason codes for DFS1003I		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
0	0	LERUNOPTS have been successfully initialized and processing continues normally.
X'02000014'	X'5000'	IMS encountered a storage failure during the LERUNOPTS. LE runtime parameters are not initialized. LE parameter override processing is disabled and processing continues normally

System action

Depends on the return and reason codes.

Programmer response

If there is a storage failure, allocate more ECSA storage.

Module

DFSLEP10

DFS1004I	LE PARAMETER OVERRIDE PROCESSING state
-----------------	---

Explanation

Indicates a change in LE parameter override processing for the system. State can be either ENABLED, indicating overrides are allowed, or DISABLED, indicating overrides are not allowed.

Note: If you want to enable or disable the LERUNOPTS, use the keyword LEOPT=Y or N on the DFSCGxxx member of the PROCLIB.

The following table shows the return and reason codes for DFS1004I:

Table 8. Return and reason codes for DFS1004I		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
0	0	LERUNOPTS have been successfully initialized and processing continues normally.
X'02000014'	X'5000'	IMS encountered a storage failure during the LERUNOPTS. LE runtime parameters are not initialized. LE parameter override processing is disabled and processing continues normally

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSLEP00, DFSLEP10

DFS1005E	DFSFEBJ0 ERROR. INCORRECT ROUTING TABLE. LTERM=nnnnnnnn MESSAGE TEXT=xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

Exit routine DFSFEBJ0 processed a reply to a front end switching message. The system identification in the message text does not match an entry in the user routing table. LTERM *nnnnnnnn* was the source of the FES reply message. This error message displays the first 20 bytes of the input message.

System action

The reply message is discarded.

System programmer response

Check the routing table and correct invalid or missing entries. If the table is correct, check the displayed message text and identify the source of the incorrect routing information.

Module

DFSCIOB0

DFS1006E	DFSFEBJ0 ERROR. INVALID FEIB FIELD. LTERM=nnnnnnnn RC=x DATA=yyyyyyyy MESSAGE TEXT=zzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

Exit routine DFSFEBJ0 processed a front end switching message. A field to be specified by the exit routine in the front end interface block is invalid or missing. LTERM *nnnnnnnn* was the source of the message. Field *yyyyyyyy* contains the invalid information or, if data is missing, '--NONE--'. Field *zz...zz* displays the first 20 bytes of the message, if applicable. Reason code *x* has one of the following meanings:

Code

Meaning

0

The new destination is missing or invalid. The exit routine might have exited with RC=4 or RC=8.

1

For exit with RC=4, timeout is specified without an ERP name.

- 2** For exit with RC=4, timeout is specified without a message number.
- 3** For exit with RC=8, the LTERM name of the original input terminal is missing or invalid.
- 4** For exit with RC=8, the destination for a late reply is missing or invalid. A timeout for the original input terminal for this message has already occurred.
- 5** For exit with RC=4, the transaction code specified for an ERP was invalid. Timeout processing cannot take place. A message text is not displayed with this reason code.
- 6** For exit with RC=4, the user message number specified for timeout processing was invalid. Timeout processing cannot take place. A message text is not displayed with this reason code.

System action

The system action depends on the reason code.

Code

Meaning

- 0** The message is discarded. If the message was input from an ISC session and the exit routine specified a valid error transaction in the FEIBERP field, this error transaction is scheduled. If the timer facility was specified, the original input terminal is released; otherwise it hangs.
- 1,2** The input message is discarded.
- 3** The reply message is discarded. If the exit routine specified a valid error transaction in the FEIBERP field, this error transaction is scheduled. If the timeout facility was specified on input, the terminal is released from response mode; otherwise it hangs.
- 4** The reply message is discarded. If the exit routine specified a valid error transaction in the FEIBERP field, this error transaction is scheduled.
- 5,6** The original input terminal is released from response mode by this message.

System programmer response

Check the displayed information and determine the source of the incorrect data.

Module

DFSCIOB0

DFS1007E	DFSFEBJ0 ERROR. INVALID RC IN REG.15. LTERM=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Front End Switch exit routine DFSFEBJ0 specified an invalid return code. LTERM *nnnnnnnn* was the source of the FES message.

System programmer response

Correct the exit routine.

Module

DFSCIOB0

DFS1008I	PSB <i>psbname</i> REFERENCES PHIDAM DBD <i>dbdname</i> FOR LOAD MULTIPLE TIMES
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named PSB contains more than one explicit reference to the named PHIDAM DBD with a PROCOPT of L or LS.

System action

Abend 09067 is issued if batch DL/I was running. ACBGEN processing continues if the ACBGEN utility was running.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB and run the program again.

Module

DFSDLBLO

DFS1009I	<i>name</i> HAS BEEN REPLACED
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The block as identified by *name* has been replaced in the format library by Phase 2 of the MFS language utility.

Note: *name* is an interpreted description of the block being replaced. An interpreted description of the *name* contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block type: DOF, DIF, or MSG.
- Size of the block in hexadecimal.
- If FMT: device type, device model if 3270 or 3270P, device features in hexadecimal, device features interpreted in EBCDIC, device screen size if 3270-An, version ID if DPM-An or DPM-Bn.
- Date and time the indicated block was created.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Module

DFSUTLNO

DFS1010I *name* HAS BEEN DELETED - *ddname*

Explanation

The block as identified by *name* has been deleted from the format library by symbolic name (*ddname*) of the DD statement by Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility.

Note: *name* is an interpreted description of the block being deleted. An interpreted description of the *name* contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block type: DOF, DIF or MSG.
- If FMT: device type, device model if 3270 or 3270P, device features in hexadecimal; device features interpreted in EBCDIC; device screen size if 3270-An; version ID if DPM-An or DPM-Bn.

System action

- For severity 4, processing continues normally.
- For severity 20, phase 2 of the MFS Language utility terminates.

Programmer response

If severity 20, then \$\$IMSDIR has been deleted. Use the MFS Service utility index function to rebuild \$IMSDIR.

Module

DFSUTL40, DFSUTLNO

Severity

- 4—"name" has been deleted.
- 20—The special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR, has been deleted as a result of an I/O error or an unexpected EOF while reading the directory.

DFS1011I *name* {ADDED | HAS BEEN ADDED - *ddname*}

Explanation

The block as identified by *name* has been added to the format library by Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility. The *ddname* will be shown when the added block is the \$\$IMSDIR index and indicates the data set updated.

Note: *name* is an interpreted description of the block being added. An interpreted description of the *name* contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block type: DOF, DIF or MSG.
- Size of the block in hexadecimal.
- When FMT: device type, device model if 3270 or 3270P, device features in hexadecimal; device features interpreted in EBCDIC; device screen size if 3270-An; version ID if DPM-An or DPM-Bn.
- Date and time the indicated block was created.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Module

DFSUTL40, DFSUTLNO

Severity

0

DFS1012I *name* STOW ERROR OCCURRED FOR BLOCK - *ddname*

Explanation

A STOW operation for the block as identified by (*name*) resulted in an error. The STOW error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name (*ddname*) of the DD statement of Phase 2 of the MFS language utility. If *ddname* does not appear in the message, the error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name "FORMAT"

Note: *name* is an interpreted description of the block for which the error occurred. An interpreted description of the *name* contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block type: DOF, DIF or MSG.
- If FMT: device type, device model if 3270 or 3270P, device features in hexadecimal; device features interpreted in EBCDIC.

System action

Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility abnormally terminates with an IMS abend code of 3007.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Module

DFSUTLN0, DFSUTL40

Severity

20

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1013I	EXECUTION TERMINATED BEFORE COMPLETION - <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued by the MFS Language utility Phase 2 processor following an I/O error on the format library. The I/O error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name (*ddname*) on the DD statement. If *ddname* does not appear in the message, the error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name "FORMAT".

System action

Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility terminates with the highest return code of 20 passed to z/OS.

Programmer response

Correct the I/O error problem and rerun the job. If the SEQBLKS data set was allocated to a tape drive and the tape saved, only Phase 2 need be rerun with the tape as input if, and only if, no other MFS Language utility run has been run between the two runs. If the SEQBLKS data set was created using only a batch utility execution, the MFSBTCH2 routine should be rerun.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Module

DFSUTL40, DFSUTLN0

Severity

20

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1014I	INDEX MAINTENANCE BYPASSED - <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The resident directory (\$\$IMSDIR) does not exist in the data set associated with the identified *ddname*, or you have requested that \$\$IMSDIR not be updated by using the NOUPDATE option. If *ddname* does not appear in the message, the directory was not found or was not updated in the data set identified by the *ddname* FORMAT.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Module

DFSUTL40, DFSUTLN0

Severity

4

DFS1015I	INDEX MAINTENANCE COMPLETE - <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility, members were deleted from the data set identified by the symbolic name ("ddname") on the DD statement and for which there were index entries in the resident directory (\$\$IMSDIR). The entries in \$\$IMSDIR were deleted and \$\$IMSDIR was updated. No entries were added to the \$\$IMSDIR directory for members that were added to the format data set. If *ddname* does not appear in the message, the error directory update occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name "FORMAT".

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

Use the MFS Service utility INDEX function to add entries to \$IMSDIR directory for members added to the active format library.

Module

DFSUTL40, DFSUTLN0

Severity

0

DFS1016I *label FMT*

Explanation

This message is used to reflect the position of an FMT statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module

DFSUTLW0

Severity

0

DFS1017I *label DEV (PDB=*pdbname*)*

Explanation

This message is used to show the position of a DEV statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If the *label* is omitted, the preprocessor generates a label. This generated label is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference. If the PDB keyword has been specified on the DEV statement, *pdbname* is the externally defined name of the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB).

Module

DFSUTLW0

Severity

0

DFS1018I *label DIV*

Explanation

This message is used to reflect the position of a DIV statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module

DFSUTLW0

Severity

0

DFS1019I *label DPAGE (PD=*pd*)*

Explanation

This message is used to show the position of a DPAGE statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference. If the PD keyword has been specified on the DPAGE statement, *pd* is the externally defined name of the Partition Descriptor (PD).

Module

DFSUTLW0

Severity

0

DFS1020I *label PPAGE*

or

label DFLD

Explanation

label is used to reflect the position of a DFLD or PPAGE statement as externally submitted to the MFS Language utility or internally generated by the MFS

Language utility. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
0

DFS1021I *label* MSG

Explanation

This message is used to reflect the position of an MSG statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
0

DFS1022I *label* LPAGE

Explanation

This message is used to reflect the position of an LPAGE statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
0

DFS1023I *label* PASSWORD

or

label SEG

Explanation

The field *label* is used to reflect the position of a SEG or PASSWORD statement, as externally submitted to the MFS Language utility, or internally generated by the MFS Language utility (SEG statement). *label*

is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
0

DFS1024I *label* MFLD

Explanation

This message is used to reflect the position of an MFLD statement as externally submitted to the format utility program. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor. It is used to uniquely define the statement for possible error message reference.

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
0

DFS1025I *label* ** UNKNOWN STATEMENT
TYPE **

Explanation

Used to reflect the position of an unknown statement type which was found by the format language utility program. *label* is a 6-digit hexadecimal number used to uniquely define the statement internally for possible error message reference. This problem is a probable internal logic error.

System action

Processing continues with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 12, 16, 36

Module:
DFSUTLW0

Severity:
16

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1026I *name* MESSAGE DESCRIPTOR
STRUCTURE:

Explanation

This message is used to define the beginning of a list of externally submitted statements that define an input or output message descriptor. *name* is the 1- to 8-character alphanumeric name provided by the MSG statement.

Severity:

0

**DFS1027I *name* FORMAT DESCRIPTOR
STRUCTURE:**

Explanation

This message is used to define the beginning of a list of externally submitted statements that define a device format descriptor. *name* is the 1- to 6-character alphanumeric name provided by the FMT statement.

Severity:

0

DFS1028I END OF DESCRIPTOR STRUCTURE

Explanation

This message is used to delimit a list of externally submitted statements that define a message, format, or Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) descriptor.

Severity:

0

**DFS1029I PARTITION DESCRIPTOR BLOCK
STRUCTURE:**

Explanation

This message identifies the beginning of a list of Partition Descriptor Blocks (PDBs) and their associated Partition Descriptors (PD) that are used within the format set.

Severity:

0

**DFS1030I *name* REPLACES A DUPLICATED
NAMED BLOCK.**

Explanation

An interpreted description of the "name" contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block Type: DOF, DIF or MSG.
- If FMT: device type; device model if 3270 or 3270P; device features in hexadecimal, device features interpreted in EBCDIC.

The block identified by *name* was replaced in the format library by a block with the same name if MOD/MID, or with the same name, device type, and features if DOF/DIF in the processing of phase 2.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Severity

4

**DFS1031I *name* UNABLE TO STOW,
DIRECTORY BLOCK IS FULL.**

Explanation

The partitioned data set directory entries are full for the format library. The condition was detected when attempting to STOW for the block identified by *name*.

Note: *name* is an interpreted description of the block name.

An interpreted description of the "name" contains:

- FMT/MSG label.
- Block Type: DOF, DIF or MSG.
- If FMT: device type; device model if 3270 or 3270P; device features in hexadecimal; device features interpreted in EBCDIC.

System action

Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility abnormally terminates with an IMS abend code of 3007.

Programmer response

The format library must be saved (IEHMOVE/IEBCOPY), scratched, reallocated with more directory space, and stored. After this has been accomplished, rerun the job.

Severity

20

**DFS1032I *name* PERMANENT I/O ERROR
OCCURRED ON STOW - *ddname***

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred in the PDS directory for the data set identified by the symbolic name (*ddname*) on the DD statement while attempting to update the directory through a STOW operation for the block identified by *name*. If *ddname* does not appear

in the message, the error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name "FORMAT".

System action

Phase 2 of the MFS Language utility abnormally terminates with an IMS abend code of 3007.

Programmer response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Severity

20

**DFS1033I INVALID DIRECTORY BLOCK
 READ, EXECUTION TERMINATE
 -ddname**

Explanation

A directory block for the data set identified by the symbolic name (*ddname*) on the DD statement is greater than 256 bytes in length. If "ddname" does not appear in the message, the error occurred on the data set identified by the symbolic name "FORMAT".

System action

Phase 2 of the MFS Language Utility abnormally terminates with an IMS abend code of 3006.

Programmer response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

Severity

20

DFS1034I label PDB (SYSMSG=*pd*)

Explanation

This message identifies the beginning of a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB). The *label* is the externally defined name of the PDB. If the SYSMSG keyword is present, *pd* is the externally defined name of the Partition Descriptor (PD) that was defined to receive system messages.

Severity

0

**DFS1035I UTILITY TERMINATED FOR
 REFERAL LIBRARY ERROR.
 RETURN CODE=*return-code*.**

Explanation

The MFS phase 1 processor has detected a permanent I/O error in the IMS REFERAL library. The return-code *return-code* in the message indicates the type of failure that occurred:

Code

Meaning

- 1** OPEN unsuccessful
- 2** Permanent I/O error on directory search
- 3** Unrecoverable I/O error, SYNAD exit taken
- 4** Unexpected end of input reached, EODAD exit taken

System action

Phase 1 of the MFS Language utility terminates with the highest return code of 20 passed to z/OS.

Programmer response

Correct the error detected by the Step 1 preprocessor, and resubmit the job.

Severity:

20

DFS1036I label PD PID=*nn*

Explanation

This message identifies a Partition Descriptor (PD) defined within a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB). The *label* is the externally defined name of the PD. The *nn* is the identifier (ID) of the partition used by this PD.

Severity

0

**DFS1037I LPAGE/DPAGE SYMBOL TABLE
 LIST FOR *name* SET.**

Explanation

This is an informational header line generated to identify subsequent output as the LPAGE/DPAGE symbol table listing for the FMT description with label '*name*'. See also message DFS1039I.

Severity

0

Related information

DFS1039I

fieldname use assign [ATTR] [PASSWORD]
[CURSOR] [EXTEND] [DPN] [RDPN] [PRN]
[RPRN] [FMT] [MSG] [****]

DFS1038I **FIELD NAME SYMBOL TABLE LIST
FOR *name* FMT SET.**

Explanation

This is an informational header line generated to identify subsequent output as the symbol table listing for all field names defined in the FMT set with the label *name*. See also message DFS1039I.

Severity

0

Related information

DFS1039I

fieldname use assign [ATTR] [PASSWORD]
[CURSOR] [EXTEND] [DPN] [RDPN] [PRN]
[RPRN] [FMT] [MSG] [****]

DFS1039I ***fieldname use assign* [ATTR]
[PASSWORD] [CURSOR] [EXTEND]
[DPN] [RDPN] [PRN] [RPRN] [FMT]
[MSG] [****]**

Explanation

This message is used to display the attributes associated with a symbol table entry. A symbol table entry can be for a named DPAGE or LPAGE SOR=*name*. The entry can also be for a named DFLD or MFLD *dflename*. The particular symbol table being processed is identified by a previous message in the output. The following list shows the definitions for the message:

Name

Meaning

fieldname

Symbolic name as defined by user

use

Number of occurrences of the specific name (decimal)

assign

Decimal value assigned to the symbol for interblock identification

[ATTR]

Field has dynamic attribute information supplied by at least one output message in the format set.

[PASSWORD]

Internal entry for PASSWORD definition for the FMT

[CURSOR]

This field is used to set dynamic cursor position or to receive cursor position information on input.

[EXTEND]

Field has dynamic extended attribute information supplied by at least one output message in the format set.

[DPN]*

This field name has been referenced by a destination process name parameter on the DIV statement.

[RDPN]*

This field name has been referenced by a return destination process name parameter on the DIV statement.

[PRN]*

This field name has been referenced by a primary resource name parameter on the DIV statement.

[RPRN]*

This field name has been referenced by a return primary resource name parameter on the DIV statement.

***Note:** The same field name can be referenced by more than one of the last four parameters above, but those parameters must appear in different DIV sections of the FORMAT definition, *or* error message DFS1160I will be issued.

[FMT]

This field has been defined within a FMT descriptor.

[MSG]

This field has been referenced within a MSG descriptor.

[****]

Indicates a potential error. Either the field has not been defined within an FMT description *and* referenced within an MSG descriptor, or the field was defined within the FMT description and was not referenced within an MSG description.

Programmer response

If the field is found to be in error, as indicated by [****], correct the definition and rerun the job.

Severity

0, if no asterisks are in the message; 4, if four asterisks (****) are in the message.

DFS1040I **DEVICE MAPPING FOR**
FMT=*name* DEVICE=*identification*
DPAGE=*dp* PHYSICAL PAGE=*pp*
PDB=*pdname* PD= *pdname*
PID=*nn*

Explanation

This header identifies a device image map as defined by the user for the format, device, device page, and physical page. The image that follows this message conforms to the following rules:

- Unprotected named fields have their location in the image marked with underscore characters.
- Protected named fields have their location in the image marked with colon characters.
- Literals in the image are moved and displayed at their defined location.

In the message text:

name

The label on the FMT statement.

identification

Consists of DEVICE=*type* (in which *type* is the parameter coded in the DEV TYPE= operand) and TYPE=*name* (in which *name* is either OUTPUT, INPUT, or INOUT coded in the DIV TYPE= operand).

dp

The DPAGE number within DIV.

pp

The physical page number within DPAGE.

pdname

The name of the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) used by this device or the name of the Partition Descriptor (PD) used by this DPAGE.

nn

The ID of the partition used by this DPAGE.

User response

No action is required.

Severity:

0

DFS1041 **ABNORMAL TERMINATION -**
STATUS CODE DHxx

Explanation

The command-level interface found a condition caused by a programming error, or DL/I returned a status code to a command-level interface indicating an error other than a programming error. The DH indicates

use of HLPI in DL/I batch. The xx value is the DL/I or command-level interface status code.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1041.

Programmer response

For an explanation of the status codes, see *IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming* and the DL/I status code information.

Problem determination:

4, 11, 19, and obtain a listing of macro DFSHLPDS

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[1041 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1042I ***label* DPAGE PD NAME CANNOT BE**
FOUND

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) specified in the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement was not found in the REFERAL library. The *label* is the name of the DPAGE statement referencing the PD statement.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Make sure the PD named in the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement has been defined in the REFERAL library.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

12

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1043I **THE DEV STATEMENT SPECIFIES**
PDB= , BUT THIS DPAGE
STATEMENT DOES NOT SPECIFY

PD=. THIS COMBINATION IS INCOMPATIBLE.

Explanation

A PDB keyword was present on a DEV statement, but a PD keyword was not found on this DPAGE statement. Whenever a DEV statement specifies a PDB keyword, partitioning and scrolling have been selected. Each DPAGE statement must then see one of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statements within the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) definition referred to by the DEV statement.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the DPAGE statement continues.

Programmer response

Code a PD keyword on each DPAGE statement, or remove the PDB keyword on the DEV statement.

Severity:
12

DFS1044I ***label* DEV PDB NAME CANNOT BE FOUND**

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) specified in the PDB keyword on the DEV statement was not found in the REFERAL library. The *label* is the name of the DEV statement referencing the PDB.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Make sure the PDB named in the PDB parameter on the DEV statement has been defined in the REFERAL library.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1045W ***label* BACKOUT NOT PERFORMED FOR NON-RECOVERABLE DBD=**

Explanation

A non-recoverable database has been encountered during backout processing.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS1046E **I/O BUFFER GETMAIN FAILED**

Explanation:

A call to GETMAIN to request a 32 K I/O buffer to read the BSAM block failed.

System action:

The utility terminates with a return code RC=36.

User response:

Make sure that there is sufficient storage in SPOOL 0 and that other jobs are not allocating too much of the storage.

Module:
DFSURDD0

DFS1047I ***label* SYMSG=DFLD LABEL NOT DEFINED IN EVERY PHYSICAL PAGE [*name* IN DPAGE].**

Explanation

The DFLD label for SYMSG (system message) must be defined for every physical page. The *name* IN DPAGE part of the message is printed if DPAGE is defined. The *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If the label is omitted, an internal name is generated by the preprocessor.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1048I *name* DATE=*mm/dd/yy*
TIME=*hh.mm.ss* CREATED.

Explanation

The *name* contains: FMT or MSG label; type of block —DOF, DIF, or MSG; size of block and features in hexadecimal, device type, model (if 3270 or 3270P), and interpreted features in EBCDIC. This message identifies the block and informs the user when the block was created on the SEQBLKS data set. The DATE contains: month (*mm*), day (*dd*), and year (*yy*). The TIME contains: hour (*hh*), minute (*mm*), and second (*ss*).

System action

Processing continues normally.

Severity:
0

DFS1049I *name* DATE=*mm/dd/yy*
TIME=*hh.mm.ss* NOT CREATED.

Explanation

The "*name*" contains: FMT or MSG label, type of description: FMT or MSG. The named block was not created for online processing because of one or more errors encountered during build time indicated by one or more preceding messages. DATE and TIME indicate when the block was being processed. The DATE contains: month (*mm*), day (*dd*) and year (*yy*). The TIME contains: hour (*hh*), minute (*mm*) and second (*ss*).

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV,FMT set or with the MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the FMT or MSG in error, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
12

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1050I *name* DATE=*mm/dd/yy*
TIME=*hh.mm.ss* NOT ADDED.

Explanation

The *name* contains: FMT or MSG label; type of block —DOF, DIF, or MSG; size of block and features in hexadecimal; device type; model (if 3270 or 3270P), and interpreted features in EBCDIC. This message is written when the blocks were created by a batch utility execution and a duplicate block was found on SEQBLKS data set. It informs the user that the duplicate block created earlier is *not* added to the online library. The DATE contains: month (*mm*), day (*dd*), and year (*yy*). The TIME contains: hour (*hh*), minute (*mm*), and second (*ss*).

System action

Processing continues normally.

Severity:
4

Chapter 24. DFS messages, DFS1051I - DFS1100I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1051I *name* DATE=*mm|dd|yy*
TIME=*hh.mm.ss* IGNORED.

Explanation

The *name* contains: FMT or MSG label, type of block: FMT or MSG. The named block had build-time errors during MFSBTCH1 batch utility execution, and was not created for online processing. This message indicates that the block is not be added to the online library, and, if a duplicate block existed in the online library, it will be deleted. The DATE contains: month (*mm*), day (*dd*) and year (*yy*). The TIME contains: hour (*hh*), minute (*mm*) and second (*ss*).

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

Correct the MSG or FMT definition if not corrected through a later MFSBTCH1 utility run, and resubmit the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1052I *label* TABLE NOT FOUND.

Explanation

The operator control table name referenced in the DFLD OPCTL= operand was not found in the REFERRAL library. *label* is an externally defined label on the TABLE macro.

System action

Processing continues normally with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Define the TABLE in error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1053I *label* TABLE HAS NO ENTRIES.

Explanation

The operator control table name referenced by the DFLD macro has no IF entries. *label* is an externally defined name on the TABLE statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Redefine the TABLE in error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1054I *label* DEVICE LINES TOO SMALL
FOR PDB REQUIREMENTS

Explanation

The number of vertical lines (rows) defined for the device is insufficient for the screen depth requirements of the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB). The *label* is the name of the DEV statement requiring the PDB.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

The 3270 symbolic name (3270-An) used in the TYPE keyword on the DEV statement might specify an

incorrect screen size. Alternately, the PDB used in the PDB keyword on the DEV statement might be in error. Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

12

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1055I	<i>label</i> DEVICE COLUMNS TOO SMALL FOR PDB REQUIREMENTS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of horizontal lines (columns) for the device is insufficient for the screen width requirements of the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB). The *label* is the name of the DEV statement requiring the PDB.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

The 3270 symbolic name (3270-An) used in the TYPE keyword of the DEV statement might specify an incorrect screen size. Alternatively, the PDB used in the PDB keyword of the DEV statement might be in error. Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

12

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1056I	<i>label</i> ** WARNING ** DEVICE SCREEN SIZE AND PDB SCREEN REQUIREMENTS CANNOT BE VERIFIED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *label* is the name of a DEV statement that specifies a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB). A partition used by the PDB has a CELLSIZE specification of 00 x 00. The Language utility cannot verify that the PDB

specifications fits on the screen size defined by the 3270 symbolic name (3270-An).

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing continues normally.

Programmer response

Verify that the 3270 symbolic name (3270-An) specifies a screen size large enough for the specified PDB.

Severity:

4

DFS1058E	REASON = <i>xxx</i> - <i>reason_text</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected condition was encountered in module DFSTOCL0, DFSDVBH0, DFSNOTB0, DFSDVSM0, or DFSFXC50. This problem is an IMS system error.

The following table shows the reason code *xxx* in the message and the reason text *reason_text*.

Table 9. Reason codes for DFS1058E	
Reason code	Reason text
010	NON-VSAM BQEL - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL
015	WRITE ERROR - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL
020	NON-VSAM BQEL - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL
025	WRITE ERROR - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL
030	RPLI ACTIVE ON ENTRY TO DFSDVSM0
031	VSI UPDATE FAILED
032	BAD RETURN CODE ON SVC 109
033	NOT AN IMS RPLI
034	WRITE ERRORS ON EVERY BUFFER IN THE SUBPOOL
035	CI RDF/CIDF ARE BAD
036	CI CONTROL INFORMATION IS BAD
037	RPL NOT AN IMS RPL
040	NON-VSAM BQEL - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL
045	WRITE ERROR - BUFFER NOT WRITTEN, CANNOT FREE BQEL

System action

After the message is issued, IMS terminates abnormally with an IMS abend 0845 and a memory dump is taken.

System programmer response

Use the reason code and text to determine the source of the problem.

You can also check the value in register 1 and refer to the analysis information for IMS abend 0845.

Module:

DFSDVSM0, DFSDVBH0, DFSTOCL0, DFSFXC50

Related information

[IMS abend 0845](#)

DFS1060I *name* **BUFFER SIZE=size**

Explanation

This message informs the user of the largest buffer space requirements for this output or input message. As an output message, the *name* contains the FMT label, and the *size* contains the line buffer size (in decimal) for a 3270 display, or the work buffer size (in decimal) for all other device types. As an input message, the "name" contains the MSG label, and the *size* contains the work buffer size (in decimal).

System action

Processing continues normally.

System programmer response

Use this value for calculation of the I/O pool size requirements for MFS formatted messages.

DFS1061I **NO STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR
CDE=xxxxxxx PGM=yyyyyyy
JOB=zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

Sequential Buffering (SB) was unable to acquire virtual storage for the control block whose CDE ID is xxxxxxxx.

System action

Use of SB is limited or impossible.

User response

For IMS DB/DC with LSO=N, allocate more CSA storage; for IMS DB/DC with LSO not equal to N, or IMS

batch, allocate more private storage. For DFSSBSCD, DFSSBPSS, and DFSBSCAR, allocate more private storage.

DFS1062I **- CODE=x, NOT SUFFICIENT
SBH BUFFER STORAGE FOR
PSB=aaaaaaaa; PCB=bbbbbbbbb;
DDN=ccccccccc**

Explanation

IMS was unable to allocate virtual storage for the SB buffers for the PCB/data set pair *bbbbbbbbb/ccccccc* of PSB *aaaaaaaa*.

- If CODE=1, the failure occurred because IMS exceeded the MAXSB storage limit specified in member DFSVSMxx of IMS.PROCLIB (for IMS online). For the amount of storage IMS was trying to allocate, see message DFS1063I.
- If CODE=2, the failure occurred because IMS was unable to acquire the storage it requested from z/OS.

System action

The system actions depends on the value of CODE:

- If CODE=1, IMS waits until another online application releases SB Handler buffer storage before activating Sequential Buffering (SB) for the listed PCB/data set pair.
- If CODE=2, IMS does not activate Sequential Buffering for the listed PCB/data set pair.

User response

The response depends on the value of CODE:

- If CODE=1, increase the MAXSB storage limit, if appropriate.
- If CODE=2, allocate more CSA storage (for IMS DB/DC with LSO=N) or private storage (IMS DB/DC with LSO≠N, IMS batch, and DBCTL).

DFS1063I **- REQUESTED STORAGE=
xx,xxx,xxx; AVAILABLE STORAGE=
xx,xxx,xxx**

Explanation

This message specifies the amount of storage IMS was trying to allocate and accompanies message DFS1062I. See that message for an explanation of the allocation failure.

Related information

[“DFS1062I” on page 371](#)

- CODE=x, NOT SUFFICIENT SBH
BUFFER STORAGE FOR PSB=aaaaaaaa;
PCB=bbbbbbbb; DDN=cccccccc

**DFS1064I - GETIOSB NOT SUCCESSFUL FOR
PSB=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS was unable to allocate an IOSB control block for PSB xxxxxxxx.

System action

Sequential Buffering (SB) does not use overlapped sequential read for some PCBs or some database data sets, or both.

User response

For IMS DB/DC with LSO=N, allocate more CSA storage; for IMS DB/DC with LSO≠N, IMS batch, or DBCTL, allocate more private storage.

**DFS1065A - UNABLE TO WRITE SBH IMAGE-
CAPTURE TO IMS LOG**

Explanation

IMS was unable to write the requested SB Handler image capture records to the IMS log data set because the data set was not open.

System action

IMS does not write the Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture records to the IMS log data set.

User response

Make sure that the DD statement defining the IMS log data set is present and correct.

**DFS1066I -xx //DFSCTL CONTROL-
STATEMENT ERROR: aaaaaaa**

Explanation

A Sequential Buffering (SB) control statement contains errors. Subcode xx is unique for each type of error; aaaaaaa is a description for each subcode.

The list of subcodes and descriptions follows:

Code (xx)

Description (aaaaaaa)

01

PARAMETER VALUE IS NOT NUMERIC

02

"=" IS MISSING IN KEYWORD PARAMETER

03

INVALID STATEMENT-TYPE IN //DFSCTL

04

INVALID PARAMETER VALUE

05

PARAMETER VALUE IS TOO LONG

06

INVALID KEYWORD

07

STOP= KEYWORD NOT HIGHER THAN START=

08

SBPARM STATEMENT HAS NO KEYWORD
PARAMETERS

10

EXTRANEIOUS COMMA (,)

System action

IMS discards the SB control statement containing the error. For more information about the error, see the accompanying error messages that might be issued (DFS1067I, DFS1068I, DFS1069I).

User response

Correct the error on the SB control statement based on the error messages issued.

**DFS1067I ERROR IS IN THIS KEYWORD
PARAMETER: parameter**

Explanation

A Sequential Buffering (SB) control statement contains errors. IMS has previously issued message DFS1066I describing the error.

System action

IMS discards the SB control statement containing the error.

User response

Correct the error based on information in message DFS1066I.

Related information

[“DFS1066I” on page 372](#)

-xx //DFSCTL CONTROL-STATEMENT ERROR:
aaaaaaa

**DFS1068I ERROR IS IN CARD(S) LISTED
BELOW**

Explanation

A Sequential Buffering (SB) control statement contains errors. IMS first issues message DFS1066I describing the types of errors. It then issues this message, and finally issues message DFS1069I listing the content of the incorrect control statement.

System action

IMS discards the control statement containing the error.

User response

Correct the error based on information in message DFS1066I.

Related information

[“DFS1066I” on page 372](#)

```
-xx //DFSCtl CONTROL-STATEMENT ERROR:
aaaaaaa
```

DFS1069I *records/lines in error*

Explanation

This message lists the records or lines of a Sequential Buffering (SB) control statement that contains errors. IMS has previously issued message DFS1066I describing the error.

System action

IMS discards the SB control statement containing the error.

User response

Correct the error based on information in message DFS1066I.

Related information

[DFS1066I](#)

```
-xx //DFSCtl CONTROL-STATEMENT ERROR:
aaaaaaa
```

DFS1070I **SB-COMPARE-OPTION DETECTED
A MISMATCH FOR PSB=xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

See message DFS1070W for an explanation and actions.

Related information

[DFS1070W](#)

SB-COMPARE-OPTION DETECTED A MISMATCH
FOR PSB=xxxxxxxx

DFS1070W **SB-COMPARE-OPTION DETECTED
A MISMATCH FOR PSB=xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) COMPARE option detected that the buffer content that the SB buffer handler wanted to return to the OSAM buffer handler did not match the contents of the block as it is stored on DASD.

Message DFS1070I is issued in a non-data-sharing environment indicating that the mismatch is an IMS error.

Message DFS1070W is issued in a data-sharing environment, indicating that the mismatch might be legitimate.

System action

IMS creates SNAP dumps for problem determination.

In a non-data sharing environment, IMS issues pseudoabend 0152.

User response

Save all SNAP output for problem determination.

DFS1071I **INVALID DATA SET ATTRIBUTES
FOR //DFSCtl**

Explanation

The //DFSCtl data set has invalid data set attributes.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the starting batch, or online dependent region.

User response

Correct the error by making sure that

- The data set is either a sequential file or an existing member of a partitioned data set (PDS).
- The record format is F, FB, or FBS.
- The record size is 80.

DFS1072I **PAGE-FIXING FAILED FOR
PSB=aaaaaaaa; PCB=bbbbbbbb;
DDN=cccccccc**

Explanation

IMS was unable to page fix the storage for the Sequential Buffering (SB) buffers or the control

blocks. The cause is probably that real storage was unavailable.

IMS attempted this page fixing while trying to initiate sequential buffering for the PCB/data set pair *bbbbbbbbb/cccccccc* of PSB *aaaaaaaaa*.

System action

IMS does not use SB for the PCB/data set pair *bbbbbbbbb/cccccccc* of PSB *aaaaaaaaa*.

User response

Determine if too much buffer space is allocated to Sequential Buffering.

DFS1073I	LCE ALLOCATION FAILED FOR PSB=aaaaaaaa; PCB=bbbbbbbbb; DDN=cccccccc
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to allocate any additional local cache entries (LCEs) to this subsystem. The limit of 1200 sequential buffering buffer sets (12000 buffers) was exceeded. IMS attempted to allocate the LCEs while trying to initiate sequential buffering for the PCB/data set pair *bbbbbbbbb/cccccccc* of PSB *aaaaaaaaa*.

System action

IMS does not use sequential buffering for the PCB/data set pair *bbbbbbbbb/cccccccc* of PSB *aaaaaaaaa*

User response

Determine if too many buffers are allocated to sequential buffering.

Module:
DFSSBEVO

DFS1075A	NO STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR DFSSBSCD
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire virtual storage for the Sequential Buffering (SB) extension to the System Contents Directory (SCD).

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

User response

For IMS batch allocate more private storage; for IMS DB/DC or DBCTL, allocate more CSA storage.

DFS1076A	xxxxxxx CAN NOT BE LOADED, RC=nn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMODULE macro was unable to load module xxxxxxxx. For an explanation of IMODULE return code *nn*, see the IMODULE return codes information.

System action

IMS issues abend 0153.

User response

Correct the error based on the code returned from the IMODULE macro.

Related reference
[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
Related information
[IMS abend 0153](#)

DFS1077A	ERROR ON SBONLINE CONTROL CARD: bbbbbbbbbbbbbb
-----------------	---

Explanation

There is an error in a SBONLINE control statement in member DFSVSMxx of IMS.PROCLIB (for IMS online). The variable *bbbbbbbbbbbbbb* describes the type of error. The error can be one of the following:

- SBONLINE is not followed by a blank or a comma.
- A parameter other than MAXSB is specified.
- The MAXSB parameter value is not numeric or is not followed by at least one blank.

System action

IMS uses Sequential Buffering (SB), but it ignores any parameter value specified on the incorrect SBONLINE control statement.

User response

Correct the error in the SBONLINE control statement.

DFS1078I	(text of I/O error message)
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

IMS detected an I/O error while processing the // DFSSTAT DD statement. This message contains the text of the standard I/O error message provided by the z/OS SYNADAF macro.

System action

IMS stops writing information to the //DFSSTAT data set.

User response

Correct the error based on the content of this message.

Related reference

[z/OS: SYNADAF error descriptions](#)

DFS1079A	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO PROCESS //DFSCTL CONTROL STATEMENTS
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire enough virtual storage to process the control statements stored in the data set defined by the //DFSCTL DD statement.

System action

IMS ignores some or all of the control statements.

User response

For IMS batch or DBCTL, allocate more private storage; for IMS DB/DC, allocate more CSA storage.

DFS1080A	INVALID <i>region type</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was executed in an invalid region type. The batch region type specified in the first subparameter of the //EXEC PARM field must be DLI, DBB, or ULU.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the test program.

User response

Correct the region type.

DFS1081A	SB ENVIRONMENT NOT SET-UP: DFSSBHD0 CAN NOT EXECUTE
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to set up the appropriate environment for executing the Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0). This message follows other messages describing why the error occurred.

User response

Correct the error based on the other error messages sent by IMS.

DFS1082A	SYSPRINT COULD NOT BE OPENED
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was unable to open the //SYSPRINT data set. This message follows z/OS messages describing why the error occurred.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the //SYSPRINT DD statement defining the data set for the test program is present and correct. See the messages issued by z/OS as well.

DFS1083A	SYSIN COULD NOT BE OPENED
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was unable to open the //SYSIN data set. This message follows z/OS messages describing why the error occurred.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the //SYSIN DD statement defining the data set for the test program is present and correct. See the messages issued by z/OS as well.

DFS1084A	SYSUT1 COULD NOT BE OPENED
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was unable to open the //SYSUT1 data set containing the SB image capture log records. This message follows z/OS messages describing why the error occurred.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the //SYSUT1 DD statement defining the data set for the test program is present and correct. See the messages issued by z/OS as well.

DFS1085A	RECORD FORMAT OF SYSUT1 IS NOT VARIABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The record format of the data set containing Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture log records is not variable-length.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Change the record format of the data set to variable-length.

DFS1086A	PSB HAS NO DB-PCB: DFSSBHDO CAN NOT EXECUTE
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is no database PCB in the PSB specified on the JCL for the Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHDO).

The SB test program must be executed with the same PSB and DBDs that were used for the application that generated the SB image capture records.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Execute the SB test program with the same PSB and DBDs used for the application that generated the SB image capture records.

DFS1087A	INVALID PCB-NUMBER IN IMAGE CAPTURE RECORD
-----------------	---

Explanation

The relative database PCB number in a Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture log record does not match any of the database PCBs of the PSB used to execute the SB test program (DFSSBHDO).

System action

IMS issues message DFS1096I and abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the PSB used to create the image capture records is the same PSB used to execute the SB test program.

Related information

[“DFS1096I” on page 378](#)

IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1088A	DBD-NAMES OF PSB AND IN IMAGE-CAPTURE RECORDS ARE NOT IDENTICAL
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DBD names in the SB image capture log records do not match the DBD names of the database PCBs of the PSB used to execute the SB test program (DFSSBHDO).

System action

IMS issues messages DFS1096I and DFS1097I, and abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the PSB used to create the image capture records is the same PSB used to execute the SB test program.

Related information

[“DFS1096I” on page 378](#)

IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

[“DFS1097I” on page 378](#)

DBD NAME ACCORDING TO PSB: aaaaaaaaa

DFS1089A	INVALID DSG-NUMBER IN IMAGE CAPTURE RECORD
-----------------	---

Explanation

The relative DSG number in a Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture log record does not match any of the DSG control blocks used to execute the SB test program (DFSSBHDO).

System action

IMS issues message DFS1096I and abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Ensure that the PSB and DBDs used to create the image capture records are the same as the ones used to execute the SB test program.

Related information

“DFS1096I” on page 378
IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1090A	DATA SET HAS BEEN CONVERTED TO VSAM.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An OSAM database data set was changed to a VSAM database data set after the Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture. SB does not support VSAM database data sets.

System action

IMS issues message DFS1096I, and abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

No action is required.

Related information

“DFS1096I” on page 378
IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1091W	LOAD-PROCOPT FOR DBD=xxxxxxx, DB DATA SETS CANNOT BE OPENED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A PCB referencing DBD xxxxxxxx has a load processing option, which the Sequential Buffering (SB) test program does not support.

System action

In most cases, the test program neither opens the database data sets referenced by the PCB nor processes the image capture log records for the database data sets referenced by the PCB that has the

load processing option. At program termination time, the test program might issue message DFS2346W.

User response

Check to see if a DFS2346W message is written on the //SYSPRINT data set at program termination. If so, be aware that the reprocessing of the image capture log records by the SB test program will not match the processing of the application that generated the image capture log records. If message DFS2346W was not issued, ignore this message (DFS1091W).

Related information

“DFS2346W” on page 672
NBR OF SELECTED RECORDS SKIPPED
BECAUSE DB DATA SETS ARE NOT OPEN:
nnnnnnnn

DFS1092A	DD-NAMES IN PSB/DBD AND IN IMAGE CAPTURE RECORDS ARE NOT IDENTICAL
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ddnames in a Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture record do not match those in the DBDs referenced by the PSB used to execute the SB test program.

System action

IMS issues messages DFS1096I and DFS1098I, and abnormally terminates the test program.

User response

Make sure that the PSB, DBDs, and DBD ddnames used for the image capture are the same as the ones used to execute the SB test program.

Related information

“DFS1096I” on page 378
IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

“DFS1098I” on page 379
DDNAME ACCORDING TO DBD: aaaaaaaa

DFS1093A	INVALID SUBRECORD-TYPE IN IMAGE CAPTURE RECORD
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) image capture log records contain an invalid code in the subrecord-type field.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that the //SYSUT1 data set for the SB test program contains SB image capture log records.

**DFS1094W PREMATURE END-OF-FILE ON
 SYSUT1**

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) reached the end of the //SYSUT1 data set before processing all of the image-capture records of the application.

System action

The SB test program terminates normally at end-of-file of //SYSUT1.

User response

Make sure that the //SYSUT1 data set contains all needed image-capture records. If you wanted the SB test program to process only *some* of the image capture records, make sure that the correct ones were processed.

**DFS1095A APPLICATION-START RECORD
 NOT FOUND**

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was unable to find the image capture log record in the //SYSUT1 data set that describes the start of the application.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Make sure that:

- //SYSUT1 data set contains all required image capture records.
- The SB test program is run with the same PSB used for the application that created the image capture records.
- The image capture option was successfully activated for the application that was supposed to create the image capture records.

- The specifications on the SELECT control statement for the SB test program are correct (if this statement was used to select the image capture records of a specific execution of the application).

**DFS1096I IC RECORD FOR: PCB-
 NBR=nnnn, DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-
 NBR=mmmm, DDN=bbbbbbbb**

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program detected an error associated with an image capture record.

This message provides the relative PCB number, DBD name (as coded on the PCB macro), DSG number, and ddname for this record. The first database PCB and DSG have a relative number of 1. In some cases, the PCB number, DSG number, and DBD name fields are not initialized; for example, when DL/I issues I/O operations for internal PCBs that are not defined to the application program.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

For information about the type of error the SB test program found, see a previously issued IMS message and correct the error accordingly.

**DFS1097I DBD NAME ACCORDING TO PSB:
 aaaaaaaaa**

Explanation

The DBD name stored in the image capture record does not match the one stored in the database PCB. This message provides the DBD name (as coded on the PCB macro), stored in the database PCB used to run the SB test program. IMS previously issued messages DFS1088A and DFS1096I to provide additional information.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Correct the error based on messages DFS1088A and DFS1096I.

Related information

[“DFS1088A” on page 376](#)

DBD-NAMES OF PSB AND IN IMAGE-CAPTURE
RECORDS ARE NOT IDENTICAL

[“DFS1096I” on page 378](#)

IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1098I	DDNAME ACCORDING TO DBD: aaaaaaaa
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ddname stored in the image capture record does not match the one stored in the IMS AMP control block of the DMB/DBD. This message provides the ddname (as coded on the DATASET macro) stored in the IMS AMP control block of the DBD used to run the SB test program.

IMS previously issued messages DFS1092A and DFS1096I to provide additional information.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Correct the error based on messages DFS1092A and DFS1096I.

Related information

[“DFS1092A” on page 377](#)

DD-NAMES IN PSB/DBD AND IN IMAGE
CAPTURE RECORDS ARE NOT IDENTICAL

[“DFS1096I” on page 378](#)

IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1099A	DDNAME NOT FOUND IN ANY DBD
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) was unable to find the ddname stored in an image capture record in any DBD referenced by the PSB.

System action

IMS issues message DFS1096I, and terminates the SB test program abnormally.

User response

Correct the error by making sure the PSBs/DBDs used for image capture are the same as the ones used to run the SB test program.

Related information

[“DFS1096I” on page 378](#)

IC RECORD FOR: PCB-NBR=nnnn,
DBD=aaaaaaaa, DSG-NBR=mmmm,
DDN=bbbbbbbb

DFS1100I	nnnnnn IS AN INVALID MESSAGE KEY.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal logic error has occurred. The format utility is attempting to issue a message which does not exist in its message table. *nnnnnn* is the message key of the message. Probable cause is user modifications.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

Determine if failure occurred for a reason other than user modifications to the MFS Language utility.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 25. DFS messages, DFS1101I - DFS1150I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1101I *label* **FORMAT BLOCK HAS NO DEVICES.**

Explanation

A format block was defined for which no DEV statements were defined. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See message DFS1027I.

System action

Processing continues with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the MFS Language utility.

Severity:

12

Related information

[“DFS1027I” on page 362](#)

name FORMAT DESCRIPTOR STRUCTURE:

DFS1102I **GENERATION TERMINATED FOR FORMAT SET.**

Explanation

A user format definition had an error previously stated with an error message. The format definition and related message definitions are deleted from further processing.

System action

Processing continues with the next FMT set.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the MFS Language utility.

Severity:

12

DFS1103I *label* **OUTPUT MESSAGE HAS NO SEGMENTS.**

Explanation

An output message description was encountered which has no segments defined. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1026I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message description, and rerun the job.

Severity:

12

Related information

[“DFS1026I” on page 361](#)

name MESSAGE DESCRIPTOR STRUCTURE:

DFS1104I *label* **INPUT MESSAGE HAS NO SEGMENTS.**

Explanation

The block is deleted because the input message has no segments. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1026I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:

12

Related information

[“DFS1026I” on page 361](#)

name MESSAGE DESCRIPTOR STRUCTURE:

DFS1105I *label* **LPAGE HAS NO SEGMENTS.**

Explanation

An output message description defines an LPAGE with no SEG or MFLD statements following it. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1022I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:
12

Related information
[“DFS1022I” on page 361](#)
label LPAGE

DFS1106I *label* LPAGE DOES NOT HAVE
DPAGE *name*.

Explanation

The required SOR= *dpagename* parameter is missing on the LPAGE statement. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:
12

Related information
[“DFS1022I” on page 361](#)
label LPAGE

DFS1107I *label* LPAGE REQUIRED LITERAL
MISSING IN COND=.

Explanation

label is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. This message is issued if the COND= parameter is not specified or

a literal is missing, or both, when it is required on an LPAGE statement. See also message DFS1022I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:
12

Related information
[“DFS1022I” on page 361](#)
label LPAGE

DFS1108I *label* SEGMENT HAS NO FIELDS.

Explanation

An input segment has no fields defined for it. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1023I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:
12

Related information
[“DFS1023I” on page 361](#)
label PASSWORD

DFS1109I MESSAGE HAS EXCEEDED
ALLOWABLE LENGTH.

Explanation

The input message has exceeded the maximum allowable length of 32,767 bytes.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:

12

DFS1110I *label* **WARNING SEGMENT HAS NO FIELDS. SEGMENT WILL BE SKIPPED BY ONLINE PROCESSING.**

Explanation

An output message segment has no fields defined for it. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1023I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

4

DFS1111I *label* **MSG/LPAGE HAS NO SEGMENTS WITH FIELDS.**

Explanation

label is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. MSG or LPAGE segments have no fields defined. See also message DFS1022I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

DFS1112I *label* **LPAGE COND= PARAMETER SPECIFIED AN MFLD LABEL THAT CANNOT BE FOUND OR MFLD CONTAINS A LITERAL**

Explanation

The MFLD label referenced in CON *label* field is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1022I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

Related information

DFS1022I
label LPAGE

DFS1113I *label* **DUPLICATE MFLD HAS BEEN DELETED.**

Explanation

A message field (MFLD) definition has been found that uses a definition field name (dfldname) already referenced in this MSG description. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If *label* is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1024I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the message definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:

12

Related information

“DFS1024I” on page 361
label MFLD

DFS1114I *label* **DEVICE HAS NO DIVISIONS**

Explanation

One DIV statement must be defined for each DEV statement. *label* is an externally defined name on the

statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1017I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

DFS1115I *label* DIV STATEMENTS ARE
INVALID.

Explanation

This message is issued if any of the following occurs:

- DEV TYPE=3270, 3270P, 3600, 36DS, 36FP, 36JP or 36PB is specified and more than one DIV statement follows the above DEV statement.
- DEV TYPE=274X and more than two DIV statements follow the above DEV statement.
- DEV TYPE=274X, and either two DIV TYPE=INPUT or two DIV TYPE=OUTPUT follow the above DEV statement.

label is the identifier of the DEV statement in error. See also message DFS1017I.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Severity

12

Related information
“DFS1017I” on page 360
label DEV (PDB=*pdbname*)

DFS1116I *label* FORMAT HAD TERMINATING
DEVICE ERROR.

Explanation

This message is printed when a formatting device error occurred and prevented the block from being created. This message will be preceded by one or more error messages describing the terminating device error. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement.

If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1016I.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

Related information
“DFS1016I” on page 360
label FMT

DFS1117I *label* DEVICE DOES NOT DEFINE
ALL DPAGE DESCRIPTIONS.

Explanation

This message is printed if:

- An LPAGE of a MSG description references a "dpagename" in a SOR= parameter which is not defined in a related FMT description.
- An FMT description contains several DEV statements and does not contain identical labels on DPAGE statements for each DEV statement.

label is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1017I.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

Related information
“DFS1017I” on page 360
label DEV (PDB=*pdbname*)

DFS1118I *label* DPAGE ALREADY DEFINED
THIS DEVICE.

line position might be less than the top margin value specified in the VTAB= keyword on the DEV statement. The name of the statement *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity:
12

Related information
“DFS1120I” on page 385
label DFLD OVERLAPS WITH FOLLOWING
FIELD:

DFS1123I	<i>label</i> DFLD EXCEEDS DEVICE BOTTOM MARGIN/PAGE CAPABILITIES
----------	--

Explanation

The DFLD statement POS= specification will not fit within the bottom margin specification on the VTAB= keyword or on a device page (PAGE=). The name of the statement *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. See also message DFS1020I.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity
12

Related information
“DFS1020I” on page 360
label PPAGE

DFS1124I	<i>label</i> DFLD EXCEEDS DEVICE LINE SIZE.
----------	--

Explanation

The literal defined for the true DFLD exceeds the device line size. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. For further explanation, see message DFS1020I.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the format definition, and rerun the job.

Severity
12

Related information
DFS1020I
label PPAGE

DFS1125I	<i>label</i> *** WARNING *** DFLD WILL CAUSE COPY BUFFER LOCK ON REMOTE 3270s.
----------	--

Explanation

label is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. Indicated DFLD statement will cause the display image to be locked for COPY on remote 3270; that is, the display cannot be copied.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

If copy lock is not desired, redefine the field definition so the field does not start in the first position of the buffer (POS=(1,2)) or does not have the attributes of ALPHA and PROT (protected).

Severity
4

DFS1126I	<i>label</i> DPAGE HAS NO DFLD STATEMENTS.
----------	---

Explanation

The DPAGE statement represented by the identifier, label, has no DFLD statements defined. At least one DFLD must be defined for each DPAGE within a FMT descriptor.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the definition error, and resubmit the job.

Severity

12

DFS1127I	<i>label</i> NXT= MESSAGE DOES NOT USE SAME FORMAT OR IS NOT DEFINED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

label is an externally defined name on the statement. If label is omitted, it is an internal name generated by the preprocessor for the statement. The specific statement was previously identified with the same number in a DFS1021I or DFS1022I message. The MSG or LPAGE statement contains a NXT=msgname parameter. For the 3270, the referenced input message description does not use the same source FMT description as the output message being processed; the format name specified in the SOR= parameter is not the same.

The following conditions can cause this message to be produced:

- The referenced name is not a name of an input message description, but a name of an output message description.
- The input message description does not exist in the IMS.REFERAL library.
- The input message description specifies a different FMT name than the output message description in the SOR= operand of the MSG statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

If the definition for the referenced input message description is supplied in this run, correct the

definition and rerun the job. If the referenced input message already exists in the IMS.REFERAL library, execute the MFS Service utility program using the RELATE function to determine the status of the input message description in error. Correct the definition for the referenced input message description, and rerun the job.

Severity

12

DFS1128I	<i>label</i> LPAGE PROMPT=DFLDNAME IS DUPLICATE.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DFLD label referenced by the LPAGE statement must be unique within LPAGE. *label* is an externally defined name on the LPAGE statement. If the label is omitted, an internal name is generated by the preprocessor.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the source statements for the message in error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1129I	<i>label</i> MSG DOES NOT DEFINE ALL DPAGE DESCRIPTIONS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The INPUT MSG LPAGE statements do not reference all DPAGE descriptions for the corresponding FMT. *label* is an externally defined name on the statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1130I	<i>label</i> LPAGE ALREADY DEFINED DPAGE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input message LPAGE statement references the same DPAGE more than once.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the duplicate reference, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1131I	<i>label</i> PASSWORD HAS NO FIELDS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input message PASSWORD segment has no fields defined for it. *label* is an internally generated name for the statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the PASSWORD segment, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1132I	<i>label</i> PASSWORD HAS EXCEEDED ALLOWABLE LENGTH.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Password length has exceeded maximum allowable length of 100 bytes. *label* is an internally generated name, which uniquely identifies the statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the PASSWORD segment, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1133I *label* **MFLD LENGTH INCORRECT WHEN ATTR= YES AND/OR nn SPECIFIED**

Explanation

MFLD length specified is less than that required for the inclusion of the specified number of attributes and at least 1 byte of data.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Specify an MFLD length that is equal to the maximum length of the data, plus 2 bytes if ATTR=YES is specified, and plus 2 times *nn* bytes if ATTR=*nn* is specified. Then resubmit the job.

DFS1134I *label* **LPAGE PROMPT=DFLDNAME NOT DEFINED THIS FMT**

Explanation

The dfldname specified in PROMPT= parameter is not defined in the corresponding format.

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1135I *label* **WARNING: INPUT FROM DUPLICATE DFLD WILL BE IGNORED.**

Explanation

MULT=YES is defined for DPAGE and a duplicate DFLD is encountered in DPAGE. This is a warning diagnostic—the duplicate DFLD is ignored by online processing. *label* is an externally defined name on the DFLD statement.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1136I *label* **DPAGE COND= SPECIFICATION MISSING**

Explanation

A COND= specification is required on all input DPAGE statements except the last-defined or only-input DPAGE statement. *label* is the externally defined label on the DPAGE statement or an internal label generated if the external label is omitted.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, or FMT statement.

Programmer response

Correct the DPAGE definition and rerun the job.

Severity

12

DFS1137I *label* **FILL=NULL INVALID WHEN GRAPHIC=NO SPECIFIED.**

Explanation

A message field (MFLD) with FILL=NULL was defined in the SEG statement with GRAPHIC=NO. The input message control block is not be created. In the message text,

label

The external or internal label generated on the MFLD statement

System action

Processing continues with the next MSG or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the MFLDs with FILL=NULL in a SEG statement with GRAPHIC=NO, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 16

Severity:

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1138I	<i>label</i> DFLD MUST NOT BE USED AS LABEL WITHIN THIS DEV/DIV
-----------------	--

Explanation

Dfldname specified in the PFK=, PEN=, or CARD= parameter on the DEV statement or in the DPN=, PRN=, RPRN=, or RDPN parameter on the DIV statement is used also as a label on a DFLD statement within this DEV/DIV.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Correct the DFLD statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 16

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1139I	<i>label keyword</i>= PARAMETER INVALID FOR THIS DIV TYPE AND WILL BE IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This warning diagnostic is issued for DEV type of 274X, SCS1, SCS2, or DPM. If DIV TYPE=INPUT, an invalid keyword of DSCA, PAGE, or FORMS was specified. If DIV TYPE=INPUT and DEV type is SCS1, an invalid keyword of HTAB, VTAB, or VT was specified. If DIV TYPE=OUTPUT, an invalid keyword of FTAB, LDEL, CARD (if SCS1) or MODE (except for DPM-Bn) was specified.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Severity

8

DFS1140I	<i>name</i> FMT DOES NOT DEFINE DEVICE OUTPUT DESCRIPTION FOR OUTPUT MESSAGE DESCRIPTION. FMT NOT PROCESSED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

name is the external label defined on the FMT statement. FMT set was not compatible—device input descriptions (that is, DIV TYPE=INPUT) is associated through the MSG SOR= parameter to the MSG description with TYPE=OUTPUT. This message is followed by one or more DFS1144I error messages and possibly by one or more DFS1145I error messages. A return code of at least 12 is passed to z/OS from the execution of Step 1 of the MFS Language Utility.

System action

Processing continues normally with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the MSG or FMT definition, or both, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity:
12

Related information

[“DFS1141I” on page 391](#)
name FMT DOES NOT DEFINE DEVICE
INPUT DESCRIPTION FOR INPUT MESSAGE
DESCRIPTION. FMT NOT PROCESSED.

[“DFS1145I” on page 392](#)
name INPUT MESSAGE NOT PROCESSED.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1141I ***name* FMT DOES NOT DEFINE
DEVICE INPUT DESCRIPTION FOR
INPUT MESSAGE DESCRIPTION.
FMT NOT PROCESSED.**

Explanation

name FMT is the external label defined on the FMT statement. FMT set was not compatible-device output descriptions, (that is, DIV TYPE=OUTPUT) is associated through the SOR= parameter to the MSG description TYPE=INPUT. This message is followed by one or more DFS1145I error messages and possibly by one or more DFS1144I error messages. A return code of at least 12 is passed to z/OS from execution of Step 1 of the MFS Language utility.

System action

Processing continues normally with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Correct the MSG or FMT definition, or both, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity:
12

Related information

[“DFS1144I” on page 392](#)
name OUTPUT MESSAGE NOT PROCESSED.

[“DFS1145I” on page 392](#)
name INPUT MESSAGE NOT PROCESSED.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1142I **WARNING: NO OUTPUT MESSAGE
DESCRIPTION FOR DEVICE
OUTPUT DESCRIPTION IN *name*
FMT.**

Explanation

name is the external label defined on the FMT statement. A device output description (that is, DIV TYPE=OUTPUT or DIV TYPE=INOUT) has *no* MSG description with TYPE=OUTPUT associated with it through the SOR= parameter.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

This error can produce undesirable blocks in the online format library. If a MSG output description is required, define it and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1143I **WARNING: NO INPUT MESSAGE
DESCRIPTION FOR DEVICE INPUT
DESCRIPTION IN *name* FMT.**

Explanation

name is the external label defined on the FMT statement. A device input description (that is, DIV TYPE=INPUT or DIV TYPE=INOUT) does not have a MSG description with TYPE=INPUT associated with it through the SOR= parameter. This error can produce undesirable blocks in the online format library.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1144I *name* OUTPUT MESSAGE NOT PROCESSED.

Explanation

name is the external label defined on the MSG statement. This error message is printed as a result of a DFS1140I error message. It can also be printed as a result of a DFS1141I error message when the FMT set is not processed.

System action

Processing continues normally with the next FMT set.

Programmer response

Correct the MSG or FMT definition, or both, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1145I *name* INPUT MESSAGE NOT PROCESSED.

Explanation

name is the external label defined on the MSG statement. This error message is printed as a result of a DFS1141I error message. It can also be printed as a result of a DFS1140I error message when the FMT set is not processed.

System action

Processing continues normally with the next FMT set.

Programmer response

Correct the MSG or FMT definition, or both, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1146I **BAD COMPLETION CODE RECEIVED FROM IEBCOPY SUBTASK ON COMPRESS OF DDNAME=FORMAT. EXECUTION TERMINATED.**

Explanation

The z/OS Image Copy utility program (IEBCOPY) issues a return code that indicates either a condition from which recovery might be possible or indicates an unrecoverable error.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the problem by using the IEBCOPY messages previously received, and the associated IEBCOPY program message documentation.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16, 36

Severity:

20

Related reference

[z/OS: IEBCOPY \(Library Copy\) Program](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1147I **label WARNING: DEV VT=/VTAB= IS INVALID WITH PAGE 'FLOAT' OPTION. VT=/VTAB= PARAMETER WILL BE IGNORED.**

Explanation

The VT= or VTAB= parameter and the PAGE FLOAT options were specified in the same DEV statement. The VT= or VTAB= specification is ignored. The field *label* is the external or internally generated label on the DEV statement.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

If the VT= or VTAB= option is desired, correct the PAGE option and rerun the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

8

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1148I	<i>label</i> WARNING: DPAGE FILL=NONE OR NULL IS INVALID WITH HTAB 'ONLINE' OR 'OFFLINE'. HTAB OPTION RESET TO SET.
-----------------	--

Explanation

DPAGE with FILL=NULL or FILL=NONE was specified in the DEV statement with the HTAB OFFLINE or ONLINE option. The OFFLINE or ONLINE option will be reset to SET. The field *label* is the external or internally generated label on the DPAGE statement.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Programmer response

If the HTAB OFFLINE or ONLINE option is desired, correct the DPAGE fill character specification, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

8

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1149I	<i>label</i> DPAGE HAS EXCEEDED ALLOWABLE LENGTH.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DPAGE definition currently being processed has exceeded the MFS buffer design limit of 32767 bytes. The work buffer contains literals, data fields, and control characters for the entire DPAGE. The field *label* is the name specified on the DPAGE statement. If DPAGE was not externally defined, *label* is the name of the DIV statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

The DPAGE definition cannot be processed in its current form. Redefine the DPAGE definition as multiple DPAGES and resubmit.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity

12

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1150I	<i>label</i> WARNING: POTENTIAL ERROR IF THE CURSOR POSITION ON INPUT IS 63 (HEX'3F'). THE SEGMENT IN WHICH THIS MFLD EXISTS WILL HAVE ALL THE NULL CHARACTERS (HEX '3F') REMOVED, INCLUDING THE CURSOR POSITION.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For more information, see the topic titled "Message formatting functions" in *IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming APIs*.

Severity:

4

Chapter 26. DFS messages, DFS1151I - DFS1200I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1151I	<i>label</i> WARNING: HEADER MAY NOT FIT WITHIN A RECORD.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message output header maximum size, calculated by the utility, exceeds the RCDCTL= value specified on the DIV statement for HDRCTL=VARIABLE. The field *label* is the externally-defined name on the FMT/DPAGE/PPAGE statement determined by the OPTIONS= specification on the DIV statement, or *label* is an internally-generated statement label.

System action

Processing continues with this statement.

Programmer response

Verify that the message output header to be sent to the remote program fits in a record. If not, either define a larger record size or create smaller headers and resubmit the job.

DFS1152I	<i>label</i> HEADER WILL NOT FIT WITHIN A RECORD.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message output header size, calculated by the utility, exceeds the RCDCTL= value specified on the DIV statement for HDRCTL=FIXED. The field *label* is the externally-defined name on the FMT/DPAGE/PPAGE statement determined by the OPTIONS= specification on the DIV statement, or *label* is an internally-generated statement label.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Define a larger record size or specify a VARIABLE parameter on the HDRCTL= parameter of the DIV statement. Resubmit the job.

DFS1153I	<i>label</i> WARNING: PPAGE CONTAINS NO DATA.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PPAGE statement containing no DFLD statements was encountered for OPTIONS=PPAGE specified on the DIV statement. This causes MFS to generate a message output header only (no data fields) to be sent to the remote program as the only transmission and causes the component to be protected. A paging request must then be sent to IMS to receive data. The field *label* is the user-supplied or internally-generated label on the PPAGE statement.

System action

Processing continues with this statement.

Programmer response

Verify that only a message output header function is desired for the remote program.

DFS1154I	<i>label</i> PPAGE CONTAINS NO DATA. PPAGE IGNORED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PPAGE statement containing no DFLD statements was encountered. For DEV TYPE=DPM-An or DPM-Bn and DIV OPTIONS=MSG or DPAGE, this PPAGE begins a new record and has no other effect on the remote program. For DEV TYPE=DPM-Bn and DIV OPTIONS=(PPAGE,NODNM), this PPAGE statement would not result in any meaningful information for the remote program. The field *label* is the user-supplied or internally-generated label on the PPAGE statement.

System action

The PPAGE statement is ignored. Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the PPAGE statement from the input stream, if desired, and resubmit the job.

DFS1155I	<i>label</i> THE RESULTING DIF/DOF BLOCK HAS EXCEEDED THE DESIGN LIMITS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DIF/DOF block currently being created has exceeded the design limit of 32767 bytes for a block.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

The DIF/DOF must be made smaller by defining fewer DPAGE or DFLD statements, or both. Resubmit the job.

Severity

16

DFS1156I	<i>label</i> WARNING: DUPLICATE SCA FIELD IN DPAGE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one SCA field should be defined in a DPAGE statement. The field *label* is the user-supplied or internally-generated label on the DFLD statement with this SCA option.

System action

Processing continues with the current statement.

Programmer response

If duplicate SCA information within a DPAGE is not desired, remove duplicate SCA fields in this DPAGE statement and resubmit the job.

DFS1157I	<i>label</i> NO. OF PPAGES EXCEEDS MAXIMUM.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of PPAGE statements defined in this DPAGE, with OPTIONS=PPAGE specified in the DIV statement, has exceeded the design limit of 256 pages. The field *label* is the user-supplied or internally-generated label on the PPAGE statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Reduce the number of PPAGE statements in this DPAGE to less than the maximum or define the

current DPAGE in two or more DPAGE statements, and resubmit the job.

Severity

16

DFS1158I	<i>label</i> IMSSYSTEM MESSAGE DEFINED INCORRECTLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The MFLD literal containing the IMS system message DFS057I has been defined incorrectly. The length of the literal is greater than 62, thereby preventing MFS from properly inserting system information into the system message, or the MFLD containing the system message is not in the default MOD DFSM03. The field *label* is the external or internally-generated label of the MFLD statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Change the MFLD length to be less than or equal to 62, or remove the system message literal from the user-supplied MOD.

DFS1159I	<i>label</i> A MESSAGE CONTAINING AN IMS SYSTEM MESSAGE MAY NOT DEFINE OTHER LITERALS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued for the DFSM03 message, the IMS MFS error default block. This message must define only one literal: the IMS system message. No other literal definitions are permitted. The field *label* is the external or internally-generated label of the MFLD statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next FMT or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Remove all MFLD literals except the IMS system message from the MSG block. Rerun the job.

DFS1160I	<i>name</i> DFLDNAME SPECIFIED FOR MORE THAN ONE OF THE DPN, PRN, RDPN, AND RPRN PARAMETERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

A dfldname (*name*) was specified in more than one of the following parameters on the DIV statement: DPN=, PRN=, RDPN, and RPRN=. The dfldname for each of these parameters, if specified, must be unique.

System action

The specification is ignored for all duplicate parameters, and processing continues with the next DEV, FMT, or MSG definition.

Programmer response

Redefine the dfldname for the conflicting parameters, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Severity:
8

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1161I *label* DPAGE LABEL IS REQUIRED

Explanation

A label must be defined for each input DPAGE statement if OPTIONS=DNM is specified on the DIV statement. *label* is the internal label generated by the MFS preprocessor.

System action

Processing continues with the next DIV, DEV, FMT, or MSG statement.

Programmer response

Correct the DPAGE definition, and rerun the job.

Severity
12

DFS1162I *label* WARNING: ATTR=*nn* SPECIFIED FOR DFLDNAME WHICH HAD NO EATTR= SPECIFICATION

Explanation

A request has been made to dynamically modify the extended attribute bytes for a dfldname (*label*) for which no extended attributes (using EATTR=) have been specified. The request will be honored in expectation of other formats or future formats containing this dfldname that do have extended attributes. IMS still assumes that (2x *nn*) additional bytes have been included in the LTH= specification for this MFLD to be used for the attribute modification bytes that are specifiable by the IMS application program.

System action

Processing continues with the current statement.

Programmer response

Verify that the ATTR=*nn* specification is really desired, or that the EATTR= parameter was not inadvertently omitted from the DFLD statement.

Problem determination

2, 8 16

Severity
4

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1163I *label* WARNING: ATTR=YES AND/OR *nn* SPECIFIED ON MFLD STATEMENT, BUT NOT ON CORRESPONDING DFLD STATEMENT

Explanation

For DPM-An or DPM-Bn, a request has been made to pass attribute data from an IMS application program to a remote program or subsystem by specifying ATTR=YES or *nn*, or both, on the MFLD statement. However, ATTR=YES or *nn*, or both, was not also specified on the corresponding DFLD statement. The request will be honored in expectation of other formats or future formats containing this dfldname which do have attributes. IMS still assumes that 2 additional bytes for ATTR=YES and (2x*nn*) additional bytes for ATTR=*nn* have been included in the LTH= specification for this MFLD to be used for the attribute

modification bytes specifiable by the IMS application program.

System action

Processing continues with the current statement.

System programmer response

Verify that the ATTR=YES or nn, or both specification on the MFLD statement is really desired, or that the ATTR=YES or ATTR=nn specifications, or both, were not inadvertently omitted from the DFLD statement.

Problem determination

2, 10, 16

Severity

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1164	<i>label</i> WARNING: SPANNED EGCS FIELD MAY BE INCORRECTLY SPLIT
----------------	--

Explanation

The EGCS field (*label*) spans multiple lines. This field should contain an even number of characters on each line. The line width (WIDTH=) and starting position of the field (POS=) are determining factors in the amount of data that will fit on each line.

System action

Processing continues with the current statement.

Programmer response

If the field is defined to have an even number of characters on each line, ignore this warning message. If the field is defined so that one or more lines will have an odd number of characters, correct the definitions and rerun the job.

Problem determination

2, 8, 16

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1165W	DUPLICATE RDDS ENTRIES WERE FOUND FOR <i>resource_type</i> <i>resource_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The resource definition data set (RDDS) contained multiple entries for the indicated resource. This situation might occur in a non-system RDDS that has been the target of an **EXPORT DEFN OPTION (APPEND)** command. If there are multiple resource entries, the latest entry is the one that is used when the definitions in the RDDS are imported. Possible values for *resource_type* are:

- DB
- DBDESC
- PGM
- PGMDESC
- RTC
- RTCDESC
- TRAN
- TRANDESC

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) continues processing. It terminates successfully with return code 4.

Programmer response

If multiple definitions for the same resource were not expected, consider exporting a new set of definitions to the RDDS by using the **EXPORT DEFN OPTION (OVERWRITE)** command.

Module:
DFSURDD0

DFS1166I	RC=08 MFLD LITERAL INCONSISTENT WITH DFLD SPECIFICATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

A DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal was specified on an MFLD statement, but was not specified on the corresponding DFLD statement.

System action

MFS will not create MOD/MID and DOF/DIF blocks.

Programmer response

Either define DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literals on both statements, or remove the DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal specification from the MFLD statement; then rerun the job.

DFS1167I	RC=04 label DFLD HAS NO SPACE AT RIGHT SIDE FOR FIELD OUTLINING
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DFLD statement specifies right field outlining, but there is no space to print the right outline.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If field outlining is necessary for this field, change the field outlining specification; then rerun the job.

DFS1168I	RC=04 label DFLD HAS NO SPACE AT LEFT SIDE FOR FIELD OUTLINING
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DFLD statement specifies left field outlining, but there is no space to print the left outline.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If field outlining is necessary for this field, change the field outlining specification; then rerun the job.

DFS1169I	ABEND U0780 RC=yy CAUSED BY ABEND IN ASID=xxxx, JOBNAME=jjjjjjj/ UNKNOWN WHILE HOLDING LATCH AT ADDRESS=aaaaaaaa
-----------------	---

Explanation

A dependent region has abended while holding a latch, causing the IMS control region to abend 0780.

yy
is the abend 0780 return code.

xxxx
identifies the failing address space identifier (ASID)

jjjjjjj/UNKNOWN
either the failing address space's jobname or the character string UNKNOWN when the jobname cannot be determined.

aaaaaaaa
the address of the latch header. This address can be located in the abend 0780 memory dump. An EBCDIC character string preceding the header identifies the latch.

System action

An abend 0780 is issued in the IMS control region and all the IMS-dependent regions terminates abnormally with completion code 002.

Programmer response

Locate the abend 002 dump for the dependent region identified in message DFS1169I to isolate and correct the original abend.

Related information
[IMS abend 0780](#)

DFS1170I	ccccccc HDC DICTIONARY CREATED IN DD HDCDOUT FILE
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates that the Hardware Data Compression Dictionary (HDCD) utility program successfully completed with a return code 0. The value ccccccc is the dictionary name that was passed as a parameter to the HDCD utility.

System action

The HDCD utility has terminated normally.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None.

DFS1171W	ccccccc HDC DICTIONARY NOT CREATED, BECAUSE POTENTIAL STORAGE SAVINGS WILL NOT BE REALIZED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates that the HDCD utility program successfully completed but did not create a dictionary object file and terminated with return code 4. The value `cccccccc` is the dictionary name that was passed as a parameter to the HDCD utility.

System action

The HDCD utility has terminated with return code 4.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None.

DFS1172E	cccccccc HDC DICTIONARY NOT CREATED, BECAUSE SOURCE DATA DOES NOT MATCH EXPANDED DATA. THE FIRST 10 MISMATCHED RECORDS WILL BE PRINTED BEFORE COMPRESSION STATISTICS
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message indicates that the HDCD utility program has detected mismatched source and expanded data. Therefore, it did not create a dictionary object file and terminated with a return code 8. The dictionary name that was passed as a parameter to the HDCD utility is denoted by `cccccccc`.

System action

The HDCD utility has terminated with return code 8.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response:

Contact your DBA.

Problem determination

None.

DFS1173W	HDC DICTIONARY NOT CREATED, BECAUSE MVS CSRCMPSC SERVICE IS NOT INSTALLED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message indicates that the HDCD utility program has detected that the z/OS Compression/Expansion Service, CSRCMPSC, has not been installed. The HDC dictionary cannot be created.

System action

The HDCD utility has terminated.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response:

Install z/OS CSRCMPSC, if required, and rerun the HDCD utility.

Problem determination:

None

DFS1174E	HDC DICTIONARY NOT CREATED, BECAUSE MVS CSRCMPSC SERVICE HAD A LOGIC ERROR.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates that the HDCD utility program has detected a logic error while using the z/OS Compression/Expansion Service (CSRCMPSC) macro. The HDC dictionary was not created.

System action

The HDCD utility has terminated.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response:

Contact IBM Software Support.

DFS1175I	MADS I/O TIMING PROCESSING ERROR FOR AREA <i>areaname</i> DDN=<i>ddname</i> RC=<i>xx</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS detected an error during MADS I/O timing. The reason code indicates the cause of the failure. In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

xx

The reason code:

X'10'

MADS I/O timing cannot continue across an emergency restart.

System action

Long busy ADS is stopped during emergency restart; the identified area is stopped globally if the area is shared with block level.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS1176E THE program FAILED TO
START BPE LIMITED FUNCTION
SERVICES, RC=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

An error occurred trying to start the BPE Limited Function Services (LFS).

In the message text:

program

Can be one of the following values:

RDDS EXTRACTION UTILITY
GLOBAL ONLINE CHANGE UTILITY
DFS3UCDO

xxxxxxx

The return code from the BPESTART
FUNC=STARTLFS function

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDDO) terminates abnormally with RC=56.

Programmer response

Refer to the BPE0042E message for details on why BPE LFS could not be started.

Module:

DFSURDDO, DFSUOLCO

Related information

[BPE0042E \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS1177E THE RDDS EXTRACTION UTILITY
FAILED TO OPEN THE *ddname*
DATA SET, OPEN RC=*rc***

Explanation

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDDO) failed to open one of the required data sets.

In the message text:

ddname

The data set which encountered the open error. Possible values for *ddname* are SYSPRINT, SYSOUT and RDDSDSN.

rc

The return code from the open request

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDDO) terminates abnormally with one of the following return codes:

- RC=8 - An error occurred trying to open the SYSPRINT data set
- RC=12 - An error occurred trying to open the SYSOUT data set
- RC=40 - An error occurred trying to open the RDDS data set

Programmer response

Check to make sure the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSURDDO

**DFS1178I THE RDDS EXTRACTION UTILITY
IS PROCESSING RDDS *dsname***

Explanation

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDDO) is in the process of reading the resource definition data set (RDDS) defined on the RDDSDSN DD statement.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the resource definition data set being read

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDDO) continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSURDDO

**DFS1179E THE RDDS EXTRACTION UTILITY
FAILED TO OBTAIN A 64-BIT
BUFFER, SIZE=*strgsize*, IARV64
RC=*rc***

Explanation

An error occurred trying to obtain 64-bit storage for an internal buffer.

In the message text:

strgsize

The amount of storage requested

rc

The return code returned from the 64-bit Virtual Storage Allocation (IARV64) request

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) terminates abnormally with RC=28.

Programmer response:

Ensure that the MEMLIMIT parameter on either the EXEC or the JOB statement is set to 12 GB or higher.

Module:

DFSURDD0

**DFS1180E THE RDDS EXTRACTION UTILITY
FAILED TO OBTAIN STORAGE,
SIZE=*strgsize*, GETMAIN RC=*rc***

Explanation

An error occurred while trying to obtain storage.

In the message text:

strgsize

The amount of storage requested

rc

The return code returned from the MVS GETMAIN request

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) terminates abnormally with RC=24.

Programmer response:

Check the return code from the MVS GETMAIN request to determine the cause of the failure.

Module:

DFSURDD0

**DFS1181E AN ERROR OCCURRED TRYING
TO READ THE SYSIN DATA SET,
BPERDPDS RC=*rc***

Explanation

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) encountered an error while trying to read the input parameters in the SYSIN data set. The BPERDPDS macro opens and reads the SYSIN data set. In the message text:

rc

The return code returned from the BPERDPDS request

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) terminates abnormally with RC=16.

Programmer response:

Check to make sure that the SYSIN DD statement is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSURDD0

Related reference

[BPERDPDS codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS1182E AN ERROR OCCURRED TRYING
TO PARSE THE SYSIN DATA,
BPEPARSE RC=*rc***

Explanation

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) encountered an error while trying to parse the data in the SYSIN data set. The BPEPARSE macro parses the SYSIN data.

In the message text:

rc

The return code returned from the BPEPARSE request

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) terminates abnormally with RC=20.

Programmer response:

Ensure that the OUTPUT parameter is coded correctly in the SYSIN data set.

Module:

DFSURDD0

**DFS1183E AN ERROR OCCURRED TRYING
TO PROCESS THE RDDSDSN DD
STATEMENT, RSNTTEXT=*rsntext***

Explanation

An error occurred trying to process the RDDSDSN DD statement. *rsntext* indicates the reason for the error. Possible values for *rsntext* are:

RDJFCB REQUEST FAILED TO RETURN DSNAME MULTIPLE RDDS DATA SETS DEFINED

System action

DFSURDD0 terminates abnormally with one of the following return codes:

- RC=32 - The RDJFCB request failed to return the dsname of the RDDS data set
- RC=36 - More than one data set was specified for the RDDSDSN DD statement

Programmer response:

Make sure that the RDDSDSN DD statement is coded correctly, and that it does not contain concatenated data sets.

Module:

DFSURDD0

DFS1184E	AN ERROR OCCURRED TRYING TO READ THE RDDS, GET RC=<i>rc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) encountered an error while trying to read the RDDS that was specified on the RDDSDSN DD statement.

In the message text:

rc

The return code from the GET macro

System action

The RDDS Extraction Utility (DFSURDD0) terminates abnormally with RC=44.

Programmer response:

Check the device on which the RDDS is located. If no permanent device error is detected, run the utility again.

Module:

DFSURDD0

DFS1185E	THE RDDS DOES NOT CONTAIN VALID DATA, RSNTTEXT=<i>rsntext</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The RDDS specified on the RDDSDSN DD statement is either not an RDDS or does not contain data from a successful export. *rsntext* in the message text indicates the reason for the error. Possible values for *rsntext* are:

**DATA SET IS NOT AN RDDS
DATA IS NOT FROM A SUCCESSFUL EXPORT**

System action

DFSURDD0 terminates abnormally with one of the following return codes:

- RC=48 - The data set specified on the RDDSDSN DD statement is not an RDDS
- RC=52 - The RDDS specified on the RDDSDSN DD statement does not contain data from a successful export

Programmer response:

Update the RDDSDSN DD statement to point to an RDDS that contains valid data.

Module:

DFSURDD0

DFS1186W	THERE ARE NO TRANSACTIONS DEFINED FOR APPLICATION <i>applname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

There are no transactions defined for the application. If an application does not execute in a BMP type region and the application is not an IFP, you must have transactions defined for the application in order for the application to be scheduled. *applname* in the message text is the name of the application with no transactions defined.

System action:

Processing continues. Upon completion, DFSURDD0 returns with a return code of 4.

Programmer response:

The data in the RDDS might be corrupted. If the application should have transactions defined, rerun the utility against an RDDS that contains data from a successful export.

Module:

DFSURDD0

DFS1187W	THERE ARE NO ROUTE CODES DEFINED FOR FAST PATH EXCLUSIVE APPLICATION <i>applname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

There are no route codes defined in the RDDS for the Fast Path exclusive application. *applname* is the name of the application for which there are no route codes defined.

System action:

Processing continues. Upon completion, DFSURDD0 returns with a return code of 4.

Programmer response:

The data in the RDDS might be corrupted. Rerun the utility against an RDDS that contains data from a successful export.

Module:
DFSURDD0

**DFS1188E HALDB yyyy CALL FAILED RC=cccc
 RS=ssss**

Explanation

During processing a HALDB, a call to initialize one or more partitions of a HALDB failed. An abend 0881 is issued.

In the message text:

yyyy

the HALDB call, which can be:

- PINT – the call to initialize one or more partitions of a HALDB failed
- UNLD – the call to insert the all X'FF' key for a HALDB failed

cccc

the return code, which can be:

- 0004 – unavailable data encountered
- 0008 – environmental error detected
- 0012 – logic error occurred
- 0016 – a pseudoabend was already set

ssss

the reason code; for these codes, see message DFS0832I.

System action:

The current application terminates with an abend 0881.

User response

Look for previous error messages related to the partitions of this HALDB for the source of the error. Use the return and reason codes in this message to correct the problem.

If message DFS1188E HALDB PINT CALL FAILED RC=0004 RS=4026 is received while loading the IMS catalog with DBRC=Y specified, check to see if the UNREGCATLG= parameter is specified in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set although the IMS catalog databases are registered in the RECON data set. To correct the problem, remove the UNREGCATLG= parameter or specify DBRC=N.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 17a-f, 35, 40

Related information

[DFS0832I](#)

ABEND Uwww REASON CODE xxxx yyyy
PARTITION | DATABASE zzzzzzzz

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1189I INCONSISTENT LOCAL CONTROL
 BLOCKS USED FOR RM UPDATE**

Explanation

The Resource Manager (RM) update found an LTERM with an owner control block name that is different from the owner name passed in on the call. This situation might be due to a set of local blocks that do not match what is in RM. Generally, the local blocks in this circumstance have no status and are deleted at the next simple checkpoint. After the local blocks are deleted, the failing command should work.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Wait a few minutes and then attempt the command again.

Module:
DFSIC450

**DFS1190I REGION nnnn NOT WAITING ON
 yyyyyyyy xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

A /PSTOP AOITOKEN or /PSTOP REGION SYNC command was entered, but the region was not waiting for the specified AOI token or ICAL response.

In the message text:

nnnn

The region number entered on the command.

yyyyyyyy

Either AOITOKEN or SYNC. AOITOKEN means the name that follows is an AOI token name. SYNC means that the name that follows is a TPIPE name (for a synchronous callout request) or a transaction name (for a synchronous program switch request).

xxxxxxx

The AOI token name, TPIPE name, or transaction name entered on the command.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

Either the region number, AOI token name, or TPIPE name was specified incorrectly in the **/PSTOP REGION** command. Reenter the command with the correct values.

If *yyyyyyyy* is AOITOKEN, you can use the **/DISPLAY ACTIVE** command to verify that the region issued a GMSG call with the wait option and is waiting for a message. You can use the **/DISPLAY AOITOKEN** command to determine which AOI tokens are associated with waiting regions.

If *yyyyyyyy* is SYNTPIPE, you can use the **/DISPLAY ACTIVE** command to verify that the region issued an ICAL call and is waiting for a synchronous callout response. If the region is waiting for a synchronous callout response (WAIT-CALLOUT), the TPIPE name is displayed in the display region continuation line.

Module:
DFSSTOPO

DFS1191I	AOITOKEN KEYWORD PARAMETER NOT FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/DEQUEUE AOITOKEN** command was entered, but the parameter specified on the AOITOKEN keyword was not found or is incorrect.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

If the AOI token name was specified incorrectly, reenter the command with the correct name. You can use **/DISPLAY AOITOKEN** to find out which AOI tokens have messages that can be dequeued.

DFS1192I	NO MESSAGES TO DEQUEUE ON AOITOKEN PARAMETER SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/DEQUEUE AOITOKEN** command was entered, but the specified AOI token had no messages to be dequeued.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

If the AOITOKEN name was specified incorrectly, reenter the command with the correct name. You can use **/DISPLAY AOITOKEN** to find out which AOI tokens have messages to be dequeued.

DFS1193I	cccc CMD FAILED FOR REGION nnnnn tttt xxxxxxxx ssssssss RC= rrrrrrrr
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred when the **/PSTOP** or **/STOP** command was processed.

In the message text:

cccc

Either **PSTOP** or **STOP**.

nnnnn

The region number entered on the command.

tttt

AOIT, TRAN, or SYNC. AOIT means that the name that follows is an AOI token name. TRAN means that the name that follows is a transaction name. SYNC means that the name that follows is a TPIPE name.

xxxxxxx

The AOI token name, transaction name, or TPIPE name entered in the command.

sssssss

The service that failed during processing of the command.

rrrrrrrr

The return code from the failed service request.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

The service failure might be a temporary problem. Try to reenter the command. If the condition persists, an internal IMS system error might exist.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1194I	LOGGING TO SECONDARY MASTER ERROR - CODE = x
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS found one of the following problems when logging the message or command segment to the secondary master terminal.

Code

Meaning

- 1** The queue manager handling a request returned a nonzero code.
- 2** A request for storage from the CIOP pool could not be satisfied.
- 3** An internal error was found while logging to the secondary master terminal.
- 4** The CBTS latch was held for an unexpected block-type during command processing.
- 5** A request for storage from the HIOP for the LSMB control block could not be satisfied.

System action

A 6701 trace record labeled LSM0 is written to the IMS log, except when code 5 is returned. In all cases, no further logging to the secondary master terminal is done for this message or command segment.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer.

DFS1195I	/ASSIGN FAILED. OWNERS IN DIFFERENT IMSs
-----------------	---

Explanation

The source resource being assigned was in a different IMS from the destination resource, and both resources were owned by their respective IMS systems. This error can only occur when IMS is using the IMS Resource Manager in a sysplex environment. The source and destination resources must meet one of the following conditions:

- The source and destination resource must be in the same IMS system.
- At least one of the resources must be known to the Resource Manager and not owned by an IMS.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Ensure that both resources are in the same IMS, or ensure that at least one of the resources is known to the Resource Manager and not owned by an IMS. After the resource issue is resolved, reissue the **/ASSIGN** command.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS1196I	/ASSIGN FAILED. SAVE KEYWORD REQUIRED IF USER DOES NOT EXIST WITH RM
-----------------	---

Explanation

If this IMS system is part of a sysplex using the IMS Resource Manager and the destination user does not exist, the **/ASSIGN** command is rejected. Also, the user might be immediately deleted, and the assignment would be incomplete. If the **/ASSIGN** command is issued with the SAVE keyword, the assignment persists for the user until another **/ASSIGN** command is issued with the NOSAVE keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Reenter the **/ASSIGN** command with the SAVE keyword.

Module:

DFSICL70

DFS1198I	CONVERSATION UNUSABLE. COMMAND/TRANSACTION INPUT REJECTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

This error occurred for one of the following reasons:

- Conversational input data was entered to continue an IMS conversation. Due to the state of the terminal at the time the command was issued, the conversation cannot continue. The situation might be temporary if this conversation is being continued on a different IMS after the first IMS failed
- A **/RELEASE** command was entered for an IMS conversation that was being held. Due to the state of the terminal at the time the command was issued, the conversation cannot continue. The situation might be temporary if the conversation is being released on a different IMS system after the first IMS failed.

- Conversational input data was entered to continue an IMS conversation. However, the conversational transaction does not exist. This situation can occur in a sysplex environment using the IMS Resource Manager. If a terminal logs off or a user signs off while still in an IMS conversation, and then logs on or signs on to a different IMS system where the transaction is not defined properly, the conversation cannot be continued. Also, if the conversational transaction is deleted by an Online Change, then the conversation cannot be continued.

Terminal problems of this nature only occur when IMS is using the IMS Resource Manager in a sysplex environment.

System action

The transaction input or **/RELEASE** command is rejected.

Operator response

Wait a short time, then reenter the input. If the condition continues, you might need to issue the **/EXIT** command to clear the terminal and delete the conversation.

Module:
DFSCON00, DFSICLH0

DFS1199I	/CHANGE FAILED. SAVE KEYWORD REQUIRED IF USER DOES NOT EXIST WITH RM
-----------------	---

Explanation

If this IMS system is part of a sysplex using the IMS Resource Manager, and the user specified in the **/CHANGE USER AUTOLOGON** command does not exist, the **/CHANGE** command is rejected unless you use the SAVE keyword. The SAVE keyword specifies that the auto logon information persist until another **/CHANGE** command with the NOSAVE keyword is used for this user. Without the SAVE keyword, and any other significant status, the user might be immediately deleted making the **/CHANGE** command ineffective.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Reenter the **/CHANGE** command with the SA keyword specified.

Module:
DFSICL60

DFS1200I	MESSAGE/FORMAT SERVICE UTILITY DATE=mm/dd/yy TIME=hh.mm.ss PAGE nnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message identifies the title or header line for SYSPRINT output from the MFS utility program.

Chapter 27. DFS messages, DFS1201I - DFS1250I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS1201I UNABLE TO OPEN {SYSIN|
 SYSPUNCH|DCTIN|DEFLT}**

Explanation

The DCB for the SYSIN, SYSPUNCH, DCTIN, or DEFLT DD statement cannot be opened. The most probable cause is a missing DD statement.

System action

The MFS Service utility processing continues with a missing SYSIN DD statement. The MFS DCT utility ends with a return code of 12 when any of the data sets cannot be opened.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1202I UNABLE TO OPEN SYSPRINT

Explanation

The DCB for the SYSPRINT DD statement cannot be opened. The most probable cause is a missing DD statement.

System action

The MFS Service utility processing continues. The MFS DCT utility ends with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1203I STATEMENT LABEL IS TOO LONG.

Explanation

The control statement label has exceeded 8 characters in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1204I STATEMENT HAS NO OPERATOR.

Explanation

A statement has been detected that did not contain an operator.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Most probable cause is a blank statement in the input stream.

**DFS1205I OPERATOR LENGTH OR POSITION
 ERROR.**

Explanation

A control statement has been detected whose operator exceeds eight characters or whose operator end character falls in column 71.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1206I COLUMNS 1 THROUGH -15 ARE
 NOT BLANK ON CONTINUATION.**

Explanation

Columns 1-15 must be blank in a continuation statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1207I COL 16 BLANK WHERE
 CONTINUED OPERAND EXPECTED.**

Explanation

Operands continued onto subsequent statement must resume in column 16.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1208I	STATEMENT HAS UNIDENTIFIABLE OPERATOR.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The control statement operator is invalid.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1209I	PROCESSING TERMINATED BY EOD ON SYSIN.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Normal utility termination has occurred.

System action

The job or step is terminated normally.

DFS1210I	ACTION RTN FOR STATEMENT HAS UNRESOLVED ADDRESS
-----------------	--

Explanation

A valid statement type has been detected. However, the processing module for the statement type has an unresolved address constant.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Ensure correct binder input of all required action modules.

Problem determination:
13

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1211I	1ST POSITIONAL PARAMETER IS UNIDENTIFIABLE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The first positional parameter is probably misspelled.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1212I	STATEMENT HAS UNIDENTIFIABLE KEYWORD.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid keyword was detected for this control statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1213I	INTERNAL SCAN LOGIC ERROR, SNAP ID=127 TAKEN.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal scan logic error has occurred. A SNAP memory dump has been taken to the SYSSNAP DD statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After problem determination, visually scan the statement causing the failure, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 13, 24, 36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1214I POSITIONAL PARAMETER IS
INVALID.**

Explanation

A positional parameter is probably misspelled.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1215I EXPECTED KEYWORD NOT
RECEIVED.**

Explanation

A keyword was expected, but not found.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1216I DELIMITER LENGTH ERROR.

Explanation

An item with a length other than 1 was received where
a delimiter character was expected.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Insert the required delimiter and resubmit the job.

DFS1217I MISSING = AFTER KEYWORD.

Explanation

An equal sign is required after the keyword.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Insert =, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1218I UNEXPECTED STATEMENT END
ENCOUNTERED.**

Explanation

The control statement operand terminated where
more information was required or expected.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Complete the operand, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1220I EXPECTED KEY PARAMETER NOT
RECEIVED.**

Explanation

A keyword has been detected for which no parameter
was received.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Supply the desired parameter, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1221I MSG=,TBL= OR PDB= PARAMETER
TOO LONG.**

Explanation

The MSG, TBL, or PDB parameter exceeds 8
characters.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1222I MSG=, TBL= OR PDB= PARAMETER
IS INVALID.**

Explanation

Either the MSG, TBL, or PDB parameter contains an invalid character, or TBL=ALL or PDB=ALL was specified for a SCRATCH request.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

If the parameter contains an invalid character, correct the parameter, and resubmit the job. If TBL=ALL or PDB=ALL was specified, change the parameter to the TBL or PDB name to be scratched, and resubmit the job.

DFS1223I FMT= PARAMETER IS INVALID.

Explanation

The FMT= parameter contains an invalid character or exceeds the 6-character maximum length.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1224I KEYWORD PARAMETER
 DELIMITER IS INVALID.**

Explanation

A character other than a blank or a comma followed a parameter in a control statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Delimit properly, and resubmit the job.

DFS1225I DEV= PARAMETER IS INVALID.

Explanation

DEV= specification is unknown.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the proper DEV= keyword, and resubmit the job.

DFS1226I DIV= PARAMETER IS INVALID.

Explanation

DIV= specification is unknown.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the proper DIV= keyword, and resubmit the job.

DFS1227I MDL= PARAMETER IS INVALID.

Explanation

MDL= specification is unknown.

System action

Processing resumes with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1228I MISSING RIGHT PAREN ')' IN
 SUBLIST.**

Explanation

A missing right parenthesis occurred in the sublist.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1229I MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE
 FEAT=PARAMETERS AND/OR
 DEV=PARAMETERS.**

Explanation

Conflicting parameter specifications have been specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the conflicts, and resubmit the job.

DFS1230I FEAT= PARAMETER IS INVALID.

Explanation

FEAT= specification is unknown.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1231I MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE KEYWORD
 FOUND.**

Explanation

Two or more keywords on the control statement are mutually exclusive.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the conflict, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1232I FORMAT LIBRARY CONTAINS NO
 MEMBERS.**

Explanation

The active format library contains no members.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1233I FORMAT LIBRARY FETCH ERROR
 ON \$\$IMSDIR.**

Explanation

An error has occurred when attempting to read in the special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR, from the active format library.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job after determining the cause of the I/O error condition.

**DFS1234I REQUESTED BLOCK DOES NOT
 EXIST IN \$\$IMSDIR.**

Explanation

A delete request for a FMT/MSG descriptor has been unsuccessful. The requested descriptors are not in \$IMSDIR.

System action

If delete, processing continues with next statement. If scratch, continue with scratch processing.

Programmer response

If delete, specify the correct descriptor name. Resubmit the job.

**DFS1235I REQUEST IGNORED, \$\$IMSDIR IS
 FULL.**

Explanation

An INDEX request was ignored because the special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR, contains the maximum allowable number of entries.

System action

Processing continues with the next action.

Programmer response

Delete \$\$IMSDIR entries, as applicable; then resubmit the job.

**DFS1236I REQUEST IGNORED, \$\$IMSDIR IS
 EMPTY.**

Explanation

The special INDEX directory, \$\$IMSDIR, contains no entries. The requested action could not be performed.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

**DFS1237I REQUESTED MSG DOES NOT
EXIST IN FORMAT LIBRARY.**

Explanation

The requested action for a MSG descriptor requires the existence of the descriptor.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the message name again and resubmit the job.

**DFS1238 UNABLE TO COMPLETE INDEX ALL
REQUEST**

Explanation

The index all request was not completed because of a mismatch between the number of members on the format library and the number of entries in the existing special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Delete the existing special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR by entering **/DELETE ALL**; then resubmit the job.

**DFS1239I ERROR OCCURRED ON WRITE FOR
\$\$IMSDIR**

Explanation

During termination processing of the MFS Language utility, an error occurred when attempting to WRITE and STOW the final version of the INDEX directory into the active format library.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After determining the cause of the I/O error, correct it, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1240I INVALID COMMENT DELIMITER-
POSSIBLE MISPUNCHED
STATEMENT.**

Explanation

You must begin a comment on a control statement with the 2-character sequence: /*.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1241I END OF LIST FUNCTION.

Explanation

Normal LIST function has finished.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

**DFS1242I INSUFFICIENT STORAGE
AVAILABLE FOR INDEX.**

Explanation

The special index directory, \$\$IMSDIR, cannot be fetched into storage for processing because of insufficient real storage resources.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Increase the region size for the operation, or specify the positional parameter INDEX, or both.

**DFS1243I INTERNAL FETCH ERROR, SNAP
ID=126 TAKEN.**

Explanation

An internal logic error has occurred in the block service module DFSUTSQ0. A SNAP memory dump has been taken on the SYSSNAP data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After problem determination, visually scan the statement causing the failure, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 13, 24, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1244I	NO OTHER KEYWORDS MAY BE SPECIFIED WITH FMT= WHEN ACTION IS AGAINST THE REFERAL LIBRARY.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When you are running an action against the REFERAL library, no other keywords can be specified with FMT=.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the extra DEV, DIV, MDL, or FEAT keywords, and resubmit the job.

DFS1245I	REQUIRED KEYWORD NOT PRESENT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

SCRATCH FORMAT cannot be requested without specifying the FMT keyword.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the format name or ALL. Correct, and resubmit the job.

DFS1246I	INTERNAL INDEX/DELETE LOGIC ERROR. SNAP ID=125 TAKEN.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal logic error has occurred in the DIRMAINT subroutine of the INDEX/DELETE action module, DFSUTSG0. A SNAP memory dump has been taken on the SYSSNAP DD statement data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After problem determination, visually scan the statement causing the failure, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 13, 24, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1247I	MEMBER= <i>name</i> RECEIVED RETURN CODE= <i>nnnn</i> FROM STOW WITH DELETE OPERATION.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A requested scratch action for the member with *name* received a return code of *nnnn* from the host system **STOW** function. *nnnn* is the hexadecimal return code received.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

See the host system **STOW** function return codes for the interpretation of the *nnnn* value returned.

Related reference

[z/OS: STOW completion codes](#)

DFS1248I	REQUESTED FMT DOES NOT EXIST IN FORMAT LIBRARY.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The requested action for format (FMT) control block descriptors has been unsuccessful. The requested descriptors are not in the FORMAT library.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the correct format name, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1249I REQUESTED MSG DOES NOT
EXIST IN REFERAL LIBRARY.****Explanation**

A SCRATCH request for a REFERAL library member was not performed for one of the following reasons:

- The member is unknown to the MFS Utility program DFSUTSO0.
- The member to be scratched is actually an FMT or TBL description.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the correct message name, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1250I REQUESTED FMT DOES NOT EXIST
IN REFERAL LIBRARY.****Explanation**

A SCRATCH request for a REFERAL library member was not successful for one of the following reasons:

- The member is unknown to the MFS Utility program DFSUTSO0.
- The member to be scratched is actually a MSG or TBL description.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the correct format name, and resubmit the job.

Chapter 28. DFS messages, DFS1251I - DFS1300I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS1251I REQUESTED TBL DOES NOT EXIST
IN REFERAL LIB.**

Explanation

A scratch request for a REFERAL library member was unsuccessful for one of the following reasons:

- The member is unknown to the MFS Utility.
- The member to be scratched is actually an FMT or MSG description.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Check the REFERAL listing to correct the error, specify the TBL again, and then resubmit the job.

**DFS1252I I/O ERROR ON REFERAL, SNAP
ID=124 TAKEN.**

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred on the REFERAL library. A SNAP dump has been taken to the SYSSNAP DD data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the I/O error, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1253I LIBRARY CONTENTS ARE
INVALID, SNAP ID=124 TAKEN.**

Explanation

The contents of the REFERAL library PDS are incorrect.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Problem determination

Source, listing from failing run, list PDS of REFERAL.

**DFS1254I REQUESTED PDB DOES NOT EXIST
IN REFERAL LIBRARY**

Explanation

A SCRATCH request for a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) member in the REFERAL library was not performed because the member was not found.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Correct the PDB name, and rerun the job.

**DFS1255I THE PARAMETER
{DCTSUF=|DSCTSUF=|DSCMSUF=
|DEVCHAR=}x SPECIFIED IN THE
EXEC STATEMENT IS {WRONG
LENGTH|INVALID|DUPLICATE}**

Explanation

The suffix 'x' given in the EXEC statement as an appendage to complete the Device Characteristics Table or descriptor member name (DFSUDT0x, DFSDSCTx, or DFSDSCMx) contain characters that do not allow a valid member name to be generated.

System action

Execution continues. The Device Characteristics Table member name defaults to DFSUDT00, unless otherwise specified in a subsequent MFS Service Utility control statement. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 4. The descriptor member name defaults to DFSDSCT0 or DFSDSCM0.

Programmer response

If the output produced is not satisfactory, specify a valid suffix in the EXEC statement parameter field, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1256I THE PARAMETER DEVCHAR=x
SPECIFIED IN THE CONTROL
STATEMENT IS {WRONG LENGTH|
INVALID}**

Explanation

The suffix "x" given in the control statement as an appendage to complete the Device Characteristics Table member name (DFSUDT0x) contained characters that would not allow a valid member name to be generated.

System action

The control statement will be ignored, and execution will continue with the control statement following.

Programmer response

Enter the correct suffix in the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS1257I BLDL ERROR, RETURN CODE=xx

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from the BLDL for the Device Characteristics Table member. The member name is DFSUDT0x, where x is specified with the DCTSUF= keyword for the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility and with the DEVCHAR= keyword for the MFS Service utility. The default name is DFSUDT00.

System action

For the MFS Service utility, the control statement is ignored, and execution continues with the control statement following. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

Enter the correct suffix in the control statement or EXEC statement keyword, and resubmit the job.

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

**DFS1258I SYMBOLIC NAME 3270-Ann IS
INVALID**

Explanation

The symbolic name 3270-Ann specified in the DEV= parameter is invalid. The number *nn* appended to 3270-A was not within the range "1 to 15", or the length of *nn* was less than 1 or more than 2.

System action

The control statement will be ignored, and execution will continue with the control statement following.

Programmer response

Correct the specification in the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS1259I nnnn IS AN INVALID KEY NUMBER

Explanation

Message generator module DFSUTSC0 has received a request to generate a message with a key of *nnnn*. The message requested does not exist in a known message table.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After problem determination, visually scan the statement causing the failure, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 13, 36

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1260I UNABLE TO OPEN FORMAT
LIBRARY**

Explanation

One of the DCBs for the FORMAT DD statement could not be opened.

System action

Processing continues with the next utility control statement.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for FORMAT has been included and is specified correctly. Resubmit the job.

**DFS1261I UNABLE TO OPEN REFERRAL
LIBRARY**

Explanation

One of the DCBs for the REFIN DD statement could not be opened.

System action

Processing continues with the next utility control statement.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for REFIN has been included and is specified correctly. Resubmit the job.

DFS1262I	MESSAGE FORMAT SERVICE DCT UTILITY DATE=mm/dd/ yyTIME=hh.mm.ss PAGE nnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is the title or header line for the SYSPRINT output data set from the MFS Device Characteristics Table (DCT) utility program. This message is written only when an error is found in the first step of the utility. An error message follows the message.

DFS1263X	FIND FAILED FOR DESCRIPTOR MEMBER xxxxxxxx RETURN CODE= X'yyyyyyyy'
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FIND failed for descriptor member xxxxxxxx from the PROCLIB data set. The member name is either DFSDSCMa, where a is specified in the DSCMSUF= parameter, or it is DFSDSCTb, where b is specified in the DSCTSUF= parameter.

System action

The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

Determine why the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility could not locate the specified descriptor member in the data set with the ddname PROCLIB.

DFS1264W	DEVCHAR SUFFIX xx TRUNCATED TO FIRST CHARACTER
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one character was specified in the DEVCHAR= parameter of the EXEC statement. The

message displays only the first two characters that were specified.

System action

Only the first character is used as the one-character suffix for the device characteristics table name. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Specify a valid single alphanumeric suffix for the DEVCHAR= parameter on the EXEC statement. Then, rerun the job.

DFS1265I	IMS CONNECT CALL TO THE MVS WORKLOAD MANAGER FAILED, RETURN CODE= nn, REASON CODE=nnnn.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The z/OS Workload Management service returned a nonzero return code when IMS attempted to connect to it.

System action

IMS continues with initialization, but will not participate with z/OS Workload Management services.

Programmer response

See the z/OS documentation for an explanation of the return code and reason code.

Related information

[z/OS: Introduction to the workload management services](#)

[z/OS: IWMCONN — Connect to workload management](#)

DFS1266	INCORRECT SPECIFICATION OF LU NAME
----------------	---

Explanation

The network-qualified LU name in the command is specified incorrectly. A network-qualified LU name has a maximum length of 17 bytes that is composed of 8 bytes maximum network ID, and 8 bytes maximum LU name separated by a period enclosed in single quotation marks, for example, 'networkid.luname' Network-qualified LU names must be surrounded by single quotation marks when entered on a command, and there can be no blanks.

The command was rejected for one of the following reasons:

- A period is missing between the network ID and the LU name.
- The length of the network ID or the LU name field is greater than 8 bytes.
- The closing single quotation mark is missing.
- There is a blank somewhere between the single quotation marks .
- Parameter ALL was specified either in the network ID or the LU name field.
- An invalid character was encountered in the network-qualified LU name.
-

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with the correct format of a network-qualified LU name.

DFS1267 PARAMETER CONTAINS INVALID CHARACTERS

Explanation

The parameters that are specified in the command contain invalid characters. Valid characters for parameters are the alphanumeric characters: 'A' through 'Z', 'a' through 'z', '0' through '9', the three national characters '#','\$','@', and the two generic characters '%', and '*'.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command by using valid characters.

DFS1268 NO TPIPES ASSOCIATED WITH TMEMBER

Explanation

A command specified the TMEMBER, TPIPE, and ALL keywords, but no OTMA Tpipes are associated with the specified transaction member.

System action

The command is ignored.

Module:

DFSYC490, DFSYDPD0, DFSICLN3

DFS1269E SEVERE IMS INTERNAL FAILURE, REASON CODE=xyyy

Explanation

IMS experienced an internal error. See the following table for a list of reason codes xyyy.

In the message text:

xx

A decimal number that identifies the module that experienced the error.

yy

An internal reason code.

If yy is 98 or 99, the error can occur in any module. For example: REASON CODE=4698 occurs in module DFSYRST0, and REASON CODE=2898 occurs in module DFSYGRX0.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes

xx	yy	Module	Description
xx	98	DFSPPOOL	Failure to acquire storage for a variable with the DFSYMGAT macro.
xx	99	DFSPPOOL	Failure to release storage for a variable with the DFSYMARL macro.
16	01	DFSYS CP0	Release_Prefix_and_Syn_Blocks - Error releasing the prefix buffer.
16	02	DFSYS CP0	Release_Prefix_and_Syn_Blocks - Error releasing LUMP storage.
16	03	DFSYS CP0	Rel_Sync_AWE_Stg - Error releasing Sync AWE storage.
16	04	DFSYS CP0	Delete_Sync_AWE_from_YQAB - No Sync AWE in chain.
16	05	DFSYS CP0	Delete_Sync_AWE_from_YQAB - Error deleting AWE from the callout chain.
16	06	DFSYS CP0	Process_Request_Data - Error releasing LUMP storage.
19		DFSYLUS0	OTMA FAST SERVICES
20		DFSYSTO0	OTMA STORAGE MGR
21		DFSYRR00	OTMA DEST RE-ROUTE SETUP ROUTINE
22		DFSYIO00	OTMA INPUT/OUTPUT SETUP ROUTINE
23		DFSYCM20	OTMA COMMAND PROCESSOR
24		DFSYPD40	OTMA /DIS TRAN or QUERY TRAN
25		DFSYCLH0	OTMA /TRA SERVICES
26		DFSYRAC0	OTMA SECURITY
27		DFSYMGX0	OTMA XCF MESSAGE EXIT
28		DFSYGRX0	OTMA XCF GROUP EXIT

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
29		DFSYXMO0	OTMA ATTACH MEMBER OIM TCB
30		DFSYC480	OTMA STA/STO(JOIN/LEAVE) XFACE
31	01	DFSYFND0	FIND_LEGACY - Unknown return code from DFSFNDST
31	02	DFSYFND0	GET_PRPRX - DFSPOOL unable obtained a buffer from a specified IMS/VS storage pool.
31	03	DFSYFND0	PROCESS_YPRX - OTMAYPRX, An user exit routine has not yet been defined, or unable to get an interface block from BCB.
31	04	DFSYFND0	PROCESS_YDRU - DFSYDRUX, An user exit routine has not yet been defined, or unable to get an interface block from BCB.
31	05	DFSYFND0	BUILD_OUPUT - User prefix length in error.
32	01	DFSYFD00	Bad input PARM - YDSTTY.
32	02	DFSYFD00	Bad input PARM for TPIPE - YDSTFUNC.
32	03	DFSYFD00	Bad input PARM for YQAB - YDSTFUNC.
32	04	DFSYFD00	BAD INPUT PARM for TTIB - YDSTFUNC.
32	05	DFSYFD00	BUILD_TPIPE - DFSBCB GET failed.
32	06	DFSYFD00	BUILD_TPIPE - TPIPE DFSCIR ITASK failed.
32	07	DFSYFD00	DELETE_TPIPE - TPIPE DFSCIR DTASK failed.
32	08	DFSYFD00	DELETE_TPIPE - DFSBCB RELEASE failed.
32	09	DFSYFD00	RELEASE_YTIB - YTIB was not found.
32	10	DFSYFD00	Bad input parameter for RTIB - YDSTFUNC.
32	11	DFSYFD00	FIND_YTIB - YRTIB create failed.
32	12	DFSYFD00	FIND_YTIB - YTIB get storage pool failed.
32	13	DFSYFD00	DELETE_TPIPE - DFSBCB REL TPIPE's query anchor block (QAB) failed.
32	14	DFSYFD00	Release_Msceb - Release of user prefix failed.
32	15	DFSYFD00	Release_Msceb - Release of user prefix failed.
32	16	DFSYFD00	Release_Msceb - Release of MSCEB failed.
32	17	DFSYFD00	Delete_Tpipe - Release of QAB hold queue ITASK failed.
32	18	DFSYFD00	Delete_Tpipe - Release of hold queue QAB storage failed.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
32	19	DFSYFD00	Delete_Tpipe - Release of QAB ITASK failed.
32	20	DFSYFD00	Find_Tpipe - Release of hold queue failed.
32	21	DFSYFD00	Find_Tpipe - Release of ITASK failed.
32	22	DFSYFD00	Move_Ytib_Chain - Release of YTIB storage failed.
32	23	DFSYFD00	Move_Ytib_Chain - Deletion of YTIB ITASK failed.
32	25	DFSYFD00	BUILD_YQAB - The YQAB create failed.
32	26	DFSYFD00	Failed to obtain DYNP storage for DFSYPSIO.
32	27	DFSYFD00	Failed to release DYNP storage for DFSYPSIO.
33		DFSYFD10	OTMA CONTROL BLOCK PROCESSOR
34	23	DFSYMOM0	NOTIFY_ONE_MEMBER - DFSBCB get failed.
34	24	DFSYMOM0	PROCESS_AWES - Invalid AWOFUNC function requested.
34	25	DFSYMOM0	CHECK_SECURITY - Invalid security.
34	26	DFSYMOM0	CHECK_SECURITY - RACHECK system failed.
34	27	DFSYMOM0	CHECK_SECURITY - RACINIT failed.
34	30	DFSYMOM0	Do_oic_notify - Error on Get Unique notify.
34	31	DFSYMOM0	Do_oic_notify - Error on FINDDEST notify.
34	32	DFSYMOM0	The load failed for the DRU exit.
35	03	DFSOMEM0	Check_Security - Resume Tpipe RACINIT failed.
35	04	DFSOMEM0	Check_Security - Resume Tpipe is not authorized.
35	24	DFSOMEM0	DO_MEM_PHASE3 - OTMA is not ready shutdown in phase 3.
35	25	DFSOMEM0	ARE_QAB_READY - All QABs are not ready for shutdown.
35	26	DFSOMEM0	ARE_TIBS_READY - All TIBs are not ready for shutdown.
35	27	DFSOMEM0	PERFORM_ON_TIB - Unable to post the TIB.
35	28	DFSOMEM0	PERFORM_ON_QAB - Unable to post the query anchor block (QAB).
35	29	DFSOMEM0	PROCESS_AWES - Invalid AWOFUNC function requested.
35	30	DFSOMEM0	FREE_AWE - Unsupported AWE type.
35	31	DFSOMEM0	Activate_Resume_Tpipe - System was unable to post the query anchor block (QAB).

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
35	32	DFSYPMEM0	DO_MEM_RSM_TPIPE - System was unable to post the QAB for the super member.
35	33	DFSYPMEM0	OTMA failed to create or find a tpipe for the RESUME TPIPE call. This problem can be caused by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The input tpipe name is incorrect so that OTMA cannot use it to create a tpipe. OTMA ran out of the storage to create the tpipe for the RESUME TPIPE call.
35	34	DFSYPMEM0	RelStgBuf - OTMA failed to release the storage of the response message for the DL/I ICAL call.
35	35	DFSYPMEM0	DO_MEM_RSM_TPIPE - Invalid communication line block (CLB) pointer.
35	36	DFSYPMEM0	DO_MEM_RSM_MHQUE - Invalid communication line block (CLB) pointer.
35	41	DFSYPMEM0	Are_TIBs_Ready - Unable to post the transaction instance block (TIB).
35	42	DFSYPMEM0	DO_MEM_RSM_TPIPE - Unable to post the query anchor block (QAB).
35	43	DFSYPMEM0	Are_TIBs_Ready - Unable to post the QAB.
35	44	DFSYPMEM0	Do_mem_rep_resync - Unable to post the QAB.
35	45	DFSYPMEM0	Do_mem_rep_resync - Unable to post the QAB.
35	46	DFSYPMEM0	DO_MEM_RSM_TPIPE - Unable to post the QAB.
35	47	DFSYPMEM0	Queue_Resume_Tpipe - Unable to post the QAB.
35	48	DFSYPMEM0	Do_Mem_Del_Resume_Tp - Unable to post the QAB.
35	49	DFSYPMEM0	OTMA failed to initialize the hold queue of a super member TPIPE for the RESUME TPIPE call.
36		DFSYIMIO	OTMA GETTING STORAGE FOR NEW MBR.
37	28	DFSYPPIO	PROCESS_AWE - Unsupported AWE function type.
37	29	DFSYPPIO	FREE_AWE - Unsupported AWE type.
37	30	DFSYPPIO	No State Data.
38		DFSYPSSOO	TPIPE OUTPUT AWE SERV DFSYPSSOO
39		DFSYSNDO	OTMA XCF INTERFACE
40	01	DFSYTIBO	Normal_Cleanup - Release TIB failed.
40	02	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest: Unable to find the TranCode destination.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
40	03	DFSYTIBO	Check_Security - RACINIT failed.
40	04	DFSYTIBO	Check_Security - RACHECK verified TranCode/Command Verb failed.
40	05	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	06	DFSYTIBO	Enqueue - Message Router DFSICLRO enqueued the message to the destination, but failed.
40	07	DFSYTIBO	Process_Input - Get buffer pool failed.
40	08	DFSYTIBO	Normal_Cleanup - Unable to free the receive buffer or command buffer it had been allocated.
40	09	DFSYTIBO	Process_Input - DFSQMGR updated the Message Prefix to show that message is unrecoverable and non-restartable, but failed.
40	10	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	11	DFSYTIBO	Inser_One_Seqgment - QMGR inserted the segment, but failed.
40	12	DFSYTIBO	Process_cmd: DFSYCMD0 command in error.
40	13	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	14	DFSYTIBO	Handle_Error - Canceled pending QMGR, but failed.
40	15	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	16	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	17	DFSYTIBO	Process_FastPath - Fast Path transaction in error.
40	18	DFSYTIBO	Reserved.
40	19	DFSYTIBO	Conv_Tran - Not a conversational transaction.
40	20	DFSYTIBO	Update_Msg_Prefix - Internal error in DFSQMGR for Non_Fastpath transaction.
40	21	DFSYTIBO	Update_Msg_Prefix - Response Mod error in DFSQMGR for Non_Fastpath transaction.
40	22	DFSYTIBO	Free_Awe - Unsupported AWE type
40	23	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - Command invalid from an OTMA client. See DFS1285E.
40	24	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - Tran currently not available for use. See DFS3470.
40	25	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - SMB Tran/Lterm is stopped. See DFS065.
40	26	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - Invalid Transaction which is CPIC. See DFS1286E.
40	27	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - Remote Destination (RCNT) invalid. See DFS1287E.
40	28	DFSYTIBO	Find_Dest - Invalid CNT name is specified. See DFS1288E.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
40	29	DFSYTIB0	Find_Dest - The SMB is not found. See DFS064.
40	30	DFSYTIB0	Check_Security - Invalid security. See DFS1292E.
40	31	DFSYTIB0	Conv_TRAN - System Error Requested.
40	32	DFSYTIB0	Process_FastPath - System Error Message.
40	33	DFSYTIB0	Process_FastPath - User Error Message.
40	34	DFSYTIB0	Insert_One_Segment - Single Segment Message. See DFS1290E.
40	35	DFSYTIB0	Enqueue - All messages discarded. See DFS249.
40	36	DFSYTIB0	Insert_One_Segment - Sent null segment. See DFS249.
40	37	DFSYTIB0	Insert_One_Segment - Queue overflow as unsuccessful insert.
40	38	DFSYTIB0	Find_Dest - Disallow CM0 for IMS conversational or Fast Path Transaction. See DFS1291E.
40	39	DFSYTIB0	Process_commit - Ending the conversation without an error message.
40	40	DFSYTIB0	Find_Dest - DFSMSCE0 Terminal Routing entry point requested to reroute message to a remote system, but failed. See DFS064.
40	41	DFSYTIB0	Find_Dest - DFSMSCE0 Terminal Routing entry point requested to reroute message to a remote system, but failed. See DFS070.
40	42	DFSYTIB0	Check_Seq_Num - Validate the recoverable sequence number for Resynch, but failed with Segment number.
40	43	DFSYTIB0	Check_Seq_Num - Validate the recoverable sequence number for Resynch, but failed with Nack.
40	48	DFSYTIB0	An invalid message was received from DFSYPSIO.
40	51	DFSYTIB0	When processing an input message without an AWE control block, an invalid AWE function code was specified.
40	54	DFSYTIB0	The attempt to insert a prefix failed for the queue manager.
40	58	DFSYTIB0	An invalid APPC/OTMA shared queues prefix data that was sent from the back-end IMS was detected in the front-end IMS.
40	60	DFSYTIB0	Go_DFSYIO00 - IMS failed to obtain LUMP storage for calling the OTMAIOED user exit.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
40	61	DFSYTIB0	Enqueue - IMS failed to release LUMP storage.
40	63	DFSYTIB0	Process_Input - Get buffer pool failed.
40	64	DFSYTIB0	Process_Output - Error releasing asynchronous work element (AWE) for shared queues.
40	65	DFSYTIB0	Msg_Back_Queue - Release of asynchronous work element (AWE) failed.
40	66	DFSYTIB0	Msg_Back_Queue - Conversational transaction in error.
40	67	DFSYTIB0	Msg_Back_Queue - Conversational transaction in error.
40	68	DFSYTIB0	Msg_Back_Queue - Release of asynchronous work element (AWE) failed.
40	69	DFSYTIB0	Conv_Tran - Conversational transaction in error.
40	71	DFSYTIB0	Conv_Tran - Conversational transaction in error.
40	72	DFSYTIB0	Go_DFSYIO00 - IMS failed to obtain LUMP storage for calling the OTMAIOED user exit.
40	74	DFSYTIB0	Go_DFSYIO00 - IMS failed to release LUMP storage.
40	75	DFSYTIB0	Normal_Cleanup - IMS failed to release LUMP storage.
40	76	DFSYTIB0	Setup_Security - IMS failed to obtain LUMP storage for RACF TOKENMAP.
40	77	DFSYTIB0	Setup_Security - IMS failed to release LUMP storage.
41	08	DFSYQAB0	Get_First_Segment - DFSQMGR gets segment failure.
41	28	DFSYQAB0	Check_System_Status - Member is not clear to send.
41	29	DFSYQAB0	Edit_N_Send - Segment has been canceled.
41	30	DFSYQAB0	Move_Segment_Into_Buf - The LLZZ of segment length has exceeded the maximum size.
41	50	DFSYQAB0	Check_System_Status - System shutdown is in progress.
41	51	DFSYQAB0	Check_System_Status - XCF group has not been enabled.
41	52	DFSYQAB0	Check_System_Status - Qab/Pipe Control Block has not been stopped.
41	53	DFSYQAB0	Check_Init_Before_Send - Unable to clear YQAB for work.
41	54	DFSYQAB0	Get_First_Segment - DFSQMGR cannot get the first segment.
41	55	DFSYQAB0	Reserved.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
41	56	DFSYQAB0	Get_First_Segment - APPC Transaction has no prefix.
41	57	DFSYQAB0	Get_Storage - DFSPPOOL allocated storage failure.
41	58	DFSYQAB0	Dispose_Msg - Wash the msg back after sending.
41	59	DFSYQAB0	Free_Storage - DFSPPOOL freed storage using DFSPPOOL failure.
41	60	DFSYQAB0	Check_System_Status - RESYNC flag is on.
41	61	DFSYQAB0	Proc_Sync_Callout_Msg - Sync AWE processing error.
41	62	DFSYQAB0	Proc_Sync_Callout_Msg - Sync AWE unknown state.
41	80	DFSYQAB0	Reroute_Msg - Unable to find YQAB for message hold queue.
41	81	DFSYQAB0	Reroute_Msg - Unable to reroute message.
41	82	DFSYQAB0	Reroute_Msg - Bad return code from message router CLR1.
42	04	DFSYLUS0	Send_Service - Send out Sync output, but YQAB indicator is on.
42	08	DFSYLUS0	Send_Service - DFSYSLM0 issues XCF send, but failed.
42	29	DFSYLUS0	Send_Deallocate - DFSYFMT0 cannot find corresponding input member.
42	30	DFSYLUS0	Do_Invalid_Service - Bad addressability or parameter area.
42	31	DFSYLUS0	Chng_Service - DFSYFND0 should return to DFSDLA30, but it is not.
42	32	DFSYLUS0	Find_QAB - Cannot find a QAB in the OTMA message prefix.
42	33	DFSYLUS0	Find_RTIB - Cannot find an RTIB in the OTMA message prefix.
42	34	DFSYLUS0	Find_TIB - Cannot find a TIB in the OTMA message prefix.
42	35	DFSYLUS0	GetQabTib_Service - When OTMA returns to CLB, which should have YTIB/YQAB address, but DLAMSGIN is not pointing to the OTMA message prefix.
42	36	DFSYLUS0	Copypf_Service - When OTMA copies a OTMA message prefix, DLAMSGIN is pointing to OTMA message prefix, but cannot find the TIB in the LUMBLK.
42	37	DFSYLUS0	Copypf_Service - When OTMA copies a OTMA message prefix, DLAMSGIN is pointing to OTMA message prefix, but the LUMBLK_Ptr is zero.
42	38	DFSYLUS0	Get_OTMA_Prefix - DFSPPOOL cannot get storage for OTM prefix.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
42	39	DFSYLUS0	TibInfo_Service - When OTMA returns information in the YTIB, the LUMBLK_Ptr is pointing to the YTIB, but the address of LTERM (DLALTRMA) is zero.
42	40	DFSYLUS0	Inqy_Service - OTMA is not returned information from OTMA Prefix or YQAB/YTIB.
42	43	DFSYLUS0	Sync_Output - Failure to get Sync AWE storage.
42	45	DFSYLUS0	Sync_Output - Failure to release Sync AWE storage.
42	48	DFSYLUS0	Send_Deal_to_FE - Failure to get Sync AWE storage.
42	49	DFSYLUS0	Send_DFS_Msg_To_FE - Failure to get Sync AWE storage.
42	50	DFSYLUS0	Send_DFS_Msg_To_FE - Failure to get Sync AWE storage.
42	51	DFSYLUS0	Send_DFS_Msg_To_FE - Failure to release Sync AWE storage.
43	06	DFSYCMD0	INIT_PRE - Fail to call QMGR insert move message prefix.
43	23	DFSYCMD0	INIT_PRE - DFSPPOOL gets the LUMP pool, but failed.
43	24	DFSYCMD0	INIT_PRE - DFSPPOOL releases the LUMP pool, but failed.
44		DFSYCKP0	OTMA CHECK POINT
45	29	DFSYSLM0	Reserved.
45	30	DFSYSLM0	Move_Segment_Into_Buf - The LLZZ of segment length is exceeded the maximum size of 32k.
45	57	DFSYSLM0	Get_Storage - DFSPPOOL get LUMP, but failed.
45	59	DFSYSLM0	Free_Storage - DFSPPOOL releases LUMP, but failed.
46		DFSYRST0	OTMA RESTART
46	01	DFSYRST0	Restart_4032 - A tppe create failed for the 4032 log record. Restart continues without these blocks, but messages might be lost.
46	02	DFSYRST0	Restart_4032 - HOLDQ create failed for the 4032 log record. Restart continues without these blocks, but messages might be lost.
46	03	DFSYRST0	Restart_4032 - A YQAB token mismatch was found for a 4032 log record. Restart continues without these blocks, but messages might be lost.

Table 10. DFS1269E reason codes (continued)			
xx	yy	Module	Description
46	04	DFSYRST0	Restart_4032 - A HOLDQ token mismatch was found for a 4032 log record. Restart continues without these blocks, but messages might be lost.
47	01	DFSYIDC0	Obtain storage below the Line for BPAM buffer and input block, but the interface STORAGE routine failed.
47	02	DFSYIDC0	Get The Receive Buffer (3K), but DFSPool GET failed.
47	03	DFSYIDC0	Release The Allocated Buffer, DFSPool REL failed.
47	04	DFSYIDC0	Free the storage it has been allocated, but DFSPool REL failed.
48	01	DFSYQFX0	Ixctl_To_Yrtib - Create a TIB ITASK by using the created RTIB, but failed.
48	02	DFSYQFX0	Ixctl_To_Yrtib - Call DFSDST to create a YRTIB, but failed.
48	03	DFSYQFX0	Ixctl_To_Yrtib - After creating RTIB ITASK, IXCTL run under YTIB ITASK, but failed.
48	07	DFSYQFX0	Ixctl_From_Yrtib - IXCTL back to the PST, and delete the YRTIB ITASK, but failed with deleting the YRTIB ITASK.
48	82	DFSYQFX0	If the OTMA was started, the MTO response is to issue /STOP OTMA , then issue /START OTMA .
49		OTMAYPRX	OTMA Destination Resolution user exit
50		DFSYDRU0	OTMA DEFAULT DRU EXIT DFSYDRU0
51		DFSYJL00	OTMA JOIN/LEAVE-DFSYJL00

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support and report the reason code xxyy and the output found in the OTMA trace. For more information, see the IBM diagnostic documentation.

Module:

DFSYIDC0, DFSYMEM0, DFSYTIB0, DFSYRAC0, DFSYFD00, DFSYTIB0, DFSYSND0, DFSYSLM0, DFSYRST0, DFSYRR00, DFSYRAC0, DFSYQFX0, DFSYQAB0, DFSYPSO0, DFSYPSIO, DFSYMOM0, DFSYMEM0, DFSYLUS0, DFSYIO00, DFSYIDC0, DFSYFND0, DFSYCMD0, DFSYCKP0

Related information

[“DFS064I” on page 36](#)

DESTINATION CAN NOT BE FOUND OR CREATED, DEST=*destination* [I: *sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/name2*]

[“DFS070” on page 38](#)

UNABLE TO ROUTE MESSAGE RSN=xxyy (I: *sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/name2*)

[“DFS249” on page 84](#)

NO INPUT MESSAGE CREATED

[“DFS1285E” on page 428](#)

COMMAND INVALID FROM AN OTMA CLIENT

[“DFS1286E” on page 428](#)

DESTINATION NAME=*destination* IS CPIC AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER

[“DFS1287E” on page 429](#)

DESTINATION NAME=*destination* IS RCNT AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER

[“DFS1288E” on page 429](#)

DESTINATION NAME=*destination* IS CNT AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER

[“DFS1291E” on page 429](#)

DESTINATION NAME=*destination* HAS AN INVALID COMMIT MODE

[“DFS3470” on page 974](#)

TRANSACTION CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE FOR USE (I:*sss1/name1*, D:*sss2/name2*)

DFS1270I MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE CONNECT SUCCESSFUL

Explanation

IMS successfully allocated a structure for MADS I/O timing.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS1271E IMPROPER MADS I/O PARAMETER SPECIFIED RSN=rc

Explanation

Invalid MADS I/O timing parameters were detected. In the message text, *rc* is one of the following:

Code (Dec)

Meaning

1

The length of MADS I/O structure is larger than 16 bytes.

2

More than 3 byte characters was given for I/O time.

- 3 An invalid character was detected in the structure name.
- 4 An invalid character was detected in the I/O time.
- 5 More than 256 seconds was written in the I/O time.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with user abend 0076.

Module

DFSTRA00

DFS1271I MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE WAS DISCONNECTED. RSN=XX

Explanation

IMS disconnected the list structure for the following reason:

Code (Dec) Meaning

- 01 Structure failure
- 02 A link error detected

DFS1272I NO ENTRY UNDER IMSID=cccccccc FOUND, LONG BUSY TKO ENDED

Explanation

The XCF EVENT exit received notification that the IMSID identified by cccccccc terminated. The module DBFMLBI0 checked the list structure, but no long busy ADS was found.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module

DBFMLBI0

DFS1273I USER SPECIFIED DBFMLBX0 IS USED FOR HASHING MODULE

Explanation

This message indicates that long busy logic will use the user hash module, DBFMLBX0.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS1277W LUMx POOL STORAGE SHORTAGE.

Explanation

The LUMP or the LUMC storage pool has less than 5 MB of free storage remaining. In the message text, x can be either P or C.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response:

Specify a larger LUMP or LUMC pool limit at next IMS restart.

DFS1278E LUMx POOL LIMIT REACHED, ALL APPC INPUT WILL BE REJECTED.

Explanation

The LUMP or LUMC storage pool has less than 1 MB of free storage. In the message text, x can be either P or C.

System action

IMS tells APPC/MVS to reject all advanced program-to-program communication (APPC) input until the pool has more than 5 MB of storage. APPC input that is already processing can continue.

Programmer response:

Check whether there are any stopped resources that prevent executing transactions. Make sure no client floods IMS with transactions. Consider specifying a larger LUMP or LUMC pool limit.

DFS1279I APPC INPUT PROCESSING RESUMED.

Explanation

The LUMP or LUMC storage shortage has been released, and new input from advanced program-to-program communication (APPC) is allowed.

System action

IMS tells APPC/MVS to accept all APPC input; processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

If the LUMP or LUMC storage shortage occurs again, follow the response steps in the DFS1278E information.

Related information

“DFS1278E” on page 426
LUMx POOL LIMIT REACHED, ALL APPC INPUT WILL BE REJECTED.

DFS1280E	INVALID RESPONSE MESSAGE FROM MEMBER= <i>client</i>
----------	---

Explanation

An OTMA client sent an invalid response message to IMS. *client* is the 16-byte client name.

System action

The OTMA response message is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA response message is either an ACK or a NACK message.

Module

DFSYMEMO

DFS1281E	(N)ACK ON NON-EXISTING TPIPE= <i>tpipe</i> FROM MEMBER= <i>member</i>
----------	---

Explanation

An OTMA client sent a response message to IMS for a nonexistent transaction pipe. *tpipe* is the 8-byte transaction pipe name. *member* is the 16-byte client name.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The OTMA response message is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA transaction pipe associated with the client is awaiting an OTMA response message.

Module

DFSYMEMO

DFS1282E	UNABLE TO CREATE OR USE TPIPE= <i>tpipe</i> FOR MEMBER= <i>member</i>
----------	---

Explanation

An OTMA client requested IMS to use an existing Tpipe or create a new Tpipe. One of two errors occurred:

- IMS was unable to allocate storage to create a new Tpipe.
- The Synchronized Tpipe flag in the processing flag of the OTMA message-control-information prefix was set incorrectly on or off for an existing tpipe.

After a tpipe is created for an input or output OTMA message, the Synchronized Tpipe setting for the Tpipe cannot be changed for the subsequent input or output OTMA message.

In the message text:

- tpipe*
Identifies the 8-byte transaction pipe name
- member*
Identifies the 16-byte client name

System action

IMS responds to the original OTMA message with a NACK message.

Programmer response

Ensure the IMS system has enough available storage. Also, check the Synchronized Tpipe flag in the processing flag of the OTMA message-control-information prefix.

Module

DFSYMEMO

DFS1283E	(N)ACK ON NON-EXISTING BLOCK IN TPIPE= <i>tpipe</i> MEMBER= <i>member</i> TOKEN= <i>token</i>
----------	---

Explanation

An OTMA client sent a response message to IMS for an existing transaction pipe but the control block did not exist.

In the message text:

tpipe

The 8-byte transaction pipe name.

member

The 16-byte client name.

token

The 32 byte server token.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The message from the OTMA client is ignored. An X'6701' error record with ID=YPSI or ID=YNAK is logged on IMS OLDS.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA transaction pipe associated with the client is awaiting an OTMA response message and that the IMS token in the OTMA message is valid.

Module:

DFSYPPIO

**DFS1284E (N)ACK ON NON-WAITING BLOCK
IN TPIPE=*tpipe* MEMBER=*member*
TOKEN=*token***

Explanation

An OTMA client sent an acknowledgment message, ACK or NAK, to IMS for a transaction pipe (tpipe) that is not waiting for the message.

In the message text:

tpipe

The 8-byte transaction pipe name

member

The 16-byte client name

token

The 32 byte server token

The client might have specified an incorrect tpipe name or IMS OTMA already timed out the wait. The tpipe might be in a hold state.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The message from the OTMA client is ignored. An X'6701' error record with ID=YNAK is logged on the IMS OLDS.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA transaction pipe associated with the client is awaiting an OTMA response message and that the IMS token in the OTMA message is valid.

Module:

DFSYPPIO

**DFS1285E COMMAND INVALID FROM AN
OTMA CLIENT**

Explanation

The command cannot be entered from an OTMA client. The command can only be entered from an IMS terminal.

System action

The IMS command is ignored.

Programmer response

Determine if the correct command was entered. If so, there can be another IMS, XCF, or VTAM command that will give the desired results.

Module

DFSYTIB0

**DFS1286E DESTINATION NAME=*destination*
IS CPIC AND NOT ALLOWED FROM
AN OTMA MEMBER**

Explanation

The specified destination is a CPI Communications driven transaction and cannot be accepted for processing from an OTMA client.

System action

IMS sends the OTMA client a NACK message. The original message is discarded.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA client does not issue messages for CPI Communications driven transactions.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1287E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS RCNT AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified destination is an RCNT and cannot be accepted for processing from an OTMA client.

System action

IMS sends the OTMA client a NACK message. The original message is discarded.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA client does not issue messages for RCNT names.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1288E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS CNT AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified destination is a CNT and cannot be accepted for processing from an OTMA client.

System action

IMS sends the OTMA client a NACK message. The original message is discarded.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA client does not issue messages for CNT names.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1290E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS SINGLE SEGMENT, TPIPE=<i>tpipe</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified destination can only accept single segment messages. Because multiple segments were detected, the message is discarded. *tpipe* is the 8-byte transaction pipe name.

System action

The OTMA client receives a NACK message.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA message has only a single segment.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1291E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> HAS AN INVALID COMMIT MODE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The destination name specified had an invalid commit mode. Usually, the transaction is an IMS Fast Path transaction or an IMS conversational transaction and cannot queue messages for an OTMA client using the Commit-then-Send commit mode.

System action

The OTMA client receives a NACK message.

Programmer response

Ensure the OTMA message uses the proper commit mode, usually the Send-then-Commit commit mode.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1292E	SECURITY VIOLATION
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Explanation

IMS has rejected an OTMA transaction or command because it failed the security check.

System action

The OTMA client receives a NACK message.

Programmer response

Examine the security data section of the OTMA message prefix to ensure a user token, userid or group name was specified and valid. For example, if a user token contains an invalid value such as zero, this message will be issued.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1293E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS IN DOWN LEVEL IMS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The destination name specified is an IMS remote transaction name that is not valid. The likely cause is that the destination IMS subsystem is not capable of accepting the OTMA transaction.

System action

The OTMA client receives a NACK message.

Programmer response

Ensure that the destination IMS subsystem is at Version 5 or higher.

Module

DFSYLUS0

DFS1294E	OTMA OUTPUT SEGMENT SIZE EXCEEDED, MESSAGE DISCARDED, MEMBER=<i>member</i>, TPIPE=<i>tpipe</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The message segment length exceeded the limit of 32,764 bytes. *tpipe* is the 8-byte transaction pipe name. *member* is the 16-byte client name.

System action

The OTMA message is canceled.

Programmer response

Check the segment size of the OTMA message.

Module

DFSYSLM0

DFS1295E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS A REMOTE TRANSACTION WHICH IS AN INVALID DESTINATION FOR A PROTECTED CONVERSATION
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OTMA client or the LU 6.2 device attempted to establish a protected conversation with a remote IMS transaction.

System action

For OTMA, the OTMA client receives a NACK message. For LU 6.2, IMS deallocates the conversation with ATBCMTP_TP_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY and sends this message back to the LU 6.2 device.

Programmer response

Establish the protected conversation with a local IMS transaction.

Module

DFSYTIB0, DFSRLM10

DFS1296E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS NOT A TRANSACTION AND IS AN INVALID DESTINATION FOR A PROTECTED CONVERSATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OTMA client or the LU 6.2 device attempted to establish a protected conversation with a destination that is not an IMS transaction.

System action

For OTMA, the OTMA client receives a NACK message. For LU 6.2, IMS deallocates the conversation with ATBCMTP_TP_NOT_AVAIL_NO_RETRY and sends this message back to the LU 6.2 device.

Programmer response

Establish the protected conversation with a local IMS transaction.

Module

DFSYTIB0, DFSRLM10

DFS1297E	OTMA TRANSACTION COMPLETED. OUTPUT SEGMENT SIZE EXCEEDED FOR TRANS=<i>trancode</i>, MEMBER=<i>member</i>, TPIPE=<i>tpipe</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OTMA commit-then-send output message segment length exceeded the limit of 32K (32,767) bytes. In the message text:

member

The 16-byte client name

tpipe

The 8-byte transaction pipe name

trancode

The 8-byte original input transaction name

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The OTMA commit-then-send output message is canceled. However, any database updates are committed.

Programmer response

Make sure the segment size of the OTMA commit-then-send output message does not exceed the limit of 32,767 bytes. Decrease the segment size if necessary.

Module

DFSYQAB0

DFS1298E	DESTINATION NAME=<i>destination</i> IS A DYNAMIC TRAN AND NOT ALLOWED FROM AN OTMA MEMBER
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OTMA client attempted to run a dynamic transaction in a shared queues environment. This is not allowed for OTMA.

System action

The OTMA client receives a NACK message.

Programmer response

Enter the transaction on the IMS system in which it is defined.

Module

DFSYTIB0

DFS1299W	FPBP64=Y IN DFDFDxxx IS NOT ACCEPTED BY DCCTL
-----------------	--

Explanation

You have specified FPBP64=Y in the DFSDFxxx member of the Data Communications Control (DCCTL). However, DCCTL does not accept FPBP64=Y.

In the message text, xxx is the DFSDF suffix.

System action

DCCTL restarts normally and uses the old FP buffer setup.

Programmer response

Correct the specification in the DFSDFxxx member.

Module:
DBFFATC1

DFS1300I	SC=08 INVALID STATEMENT OR STATEMENT SEQUENCE
-----------------	--

Explanation

This statement type does not occur in the valid sequence. The system expected an FMT/FMTEND, MSG/MSGEND, TABLE/TABLEEND, or END operator.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Insert the proper statement, and rerun the job.

Chapter 29. DFS messages, DFS1301I - DFS1350I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1301I **SC=04 MISSING END STATEMENT.
EOD RECEIVED**

Explanation

An end-of-data (EOD) on SYSIN was assumed, but no END statement was encountered.

System action

An END statement is presumed, and end of job (EOJ) processing is done.

Programmer response

Ensure that all the input has been processed.

DFS1302I **SC=04 IMPLEMENTATION
RESTRICTION, (*parm-name*)
PARAMETER IGNORED**

Explanation

The parameter NO/REDEF or NO/TEST, included for planning purposes, were specified; they are ignored.

System action

Processing continues with next PARM field or SYSIN record obtained.

Programmer response

Do not specify the following parameters: REDEFINE/TEST.

DFS1303I **SC=08 INVALID STATEMENT
LABEL/OPERATOR START
SEQUENCE**

Explanation

The source item received does not conform to LABEL/OPERATOR syntax requirements. One or the other is required.

System action

Processing continues with the next item on the input statement.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1304I **SC=08 OPERATOR TOO LONG.
STATEMENT SKIPPED**

Explanation

The order of occurrence requires LABEL/OPERATOR. However, the source item is greater than eight characters and does not qualify as either.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1305I **SC=08 INVALID CHARACTER
DELETED**

Explanation

A character other than alphanumeric, national, arithmetic operator, or punctuation was detected.

System action

Processing resumes with the next character in the input buffer.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the input again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1306I **SC=08 END OF STATEMENT
DURING STRING COLLECTION
PROCESSING**

Explanation

An end-of-statement condition was detected while preparing a collection of characters for the get item processor.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the input again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1307I	SC=08 END OF FILE DURING STRING COLLECTION PROCESSING
-----------------	--

Explanation

An end-of-file condition was detected while preparing a collection of characters for the get item processor.

System action

Processing continues with the appropriate end-of-data (EOD) routines.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous source or re-create the offending SYSLIB source, and rerun the job.

DFS1308I	SC=08 ALPHANUMERIC ITEM OVERFLOW ON SCAN
-----------------	---

Explanation

An alphanumeric item exceeded 255 bytes in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the item again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1309I	SC=08 NUMERIC ITEM OVERFLOW ON SCAN
-----------------	--

Explanation

A numeric item exceeded 255 bytes in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the item again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1310I	SC=08 alphanumeric ITEM OVERFLOW ON SCAN
-----------------	---

Explanation

An alphanumeric item exceeded 255 bytes in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the item again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1311I	SC=08 STRING ITEM OVERFLOW ON SCAN
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character string exceeded 255 bytes in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

After examining the erroneous source, specify the string again, and resubmit the job.

DFS1312I	SC=08 INVALID LABEL START CHARACTER. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A LABEL began with other than an alphabetic or national character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Specify the label again using alpha/national initial characters, and resubmit the job.

DFS1313I	SC=08 INVALID CHARACTER IN LABEL. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A LABEL contained other than an alphanumeric or national character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

After removing or correcting the offending character, resubmit the job.

DFS1314I	SC=08 INVALID OPERATOR START CHARACTER. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The order of occurrence required OPERATOR, and the current item had a non-alphabetic first character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Preprocessor OPERATORS are all alphabetic character strings; specify the operator again, and rerun the job.

DFS1315I	SC=08 INVALID OPERATOR CHARACTER. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The order of occurrence requires an OPERATOR, and the current item contains a non-alpha character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Preprocessor OPERATORS are all alphabetic character strings; specify the operator again, and rerun the job.

DFS1316I	SC=08 INVALID OPERAND START CHARACTER. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An OPERAND begins with other than a quotation mark or alphabetic character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Specify the OPERAND in error again and rerun the job.

DFS1317I	SC=08 INVALID CHARACTER IN OPERAND. \$ SUBSTITUTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An OPERAND contained an invalid character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Specify the operand in error again and rerun the job.

DFS1318I	SC=08 COLS 1-15 NOT BLANK ON CONTINUATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

A continuation statement is not blank in columns 1 through 15.

System action

Processing continues with the next non-continuation statement.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous continuation statement, leaving columns 1 through 15 blank, and resubmit the job.

DFS1319I	SC=08 EXPECTED CONTINUATION NOT RECEIVED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The previous source statement indicated continuations on a subsequent statement; however, no continuation statement followed.

System action

Processing continues as if no continuation was specified.

Programmer response

Supply the continuation statements or remove the continuation indicator, and rerun the job.

DFS1320I	SC=08 COLUMN 16 BLANK ON CONTINUATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

Continuation statements must begin in column 16.

System action

Processing continues as if this statement were comments.

Programmer response

Specify the first character of the continuation data in column 16 again and rerun the job.

DFS1321I	SC=04 INVALID CHARACTER X'hh' IN STRING
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character has been detected in the literal string. X'hh' is the hexadecimal representation of the invalid character.

System action

Processing continues with the next source character. The character is included in the generated literal—depending on the device and the character, it can adversely affect formatting.

Programmer response

Verify that the literal contains the correct content. For some characters, the ALPHA statement can be used to eliminate this message. Omit or change the invalid character, and rerun the job.

DFS1322I	SC=08 EXCESSIVE LABEL LENGTH
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

LABEL can never exceed 8 characters in length.

System action

Truncation occurs and processing continues with the next source character.

Programmer response

Shorten the LABEL specified to eight or fewer characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1323I	SC=08 NO OPERATOR FOUND
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The order of occurrence of the operands requires that OPERATOR occur next, but it was not found.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify the input again; include a valid OPERATOR and rerun the job.

DFS1324I	SC=08 CONTINUED OPERATOR INVALID SYNTAX
-----------------	--

Explanation

OPERATORS must be contiguous and on a single statement.

System action

Processing continues as if this statement were comments.

Programmer response

Specify the input again according to continuation requirements, and rerun the job.

DFS1325I	SC=08 MISSING OPERAND. CONTINUED COMMENTS ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An OPERAND is missing.

System action

Processing continues as if this statement were comments.

Programmer response

Provide the missing operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1326I	SC=04 EXCESSIVE LABEL LENGTH. FIRST 8 CHARACTERS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

LABELs can not exceed 8 characters in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Shorten the LABEL specified to 8 or fewer characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1327I	SC=08 NO OPERATOR FOUND
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

No OPERATOR was found on this statement. An OPERATOR is required.

System action

Processing continues as if this statement were comments.

Programmer response

Specify the OPERATOR you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1328I	SC=08 EXPECTED STRING CONTINUATION NOT RECEIVED
-----------------	--

Explanation

Continuation of a literal string was indicated, but not found.

System action

Processing continues as if this statement were comments.

Programmer response

Specify the input again according to continuation requirements, and rerun the job.

DFS1329I	SC=04 END OF FILE DETECTED WHERE CONTINUATION CARD WAS EXPECTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An end-of-file condition has been sensed, when a continuation statement was expected.

System action

Processing continues with the appropriate EOD routines.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous source or re-create the offending SYSLIB source, and rerun the job.

DFS1330I	SC=20 I/O ERROR. INPUT PROCESSING TERMINATED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error on SYSIN or SYSLIB occurred. This message is preceded by a z/OS message indicating the specific type of error.

System action

The preprocessor terminates with a forced end of job (EOJ).

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the I/O error, correct it, and rerun the job.

DFS1331I	SC=08 TEXT SUBSTITUTION BUFFER FULL, TEXT LOST
-----------------	---

Explanation

The text substitution buffer size (4096 bytes) has been exceeded; no further entries can be made.

System action

The current text is not stacked; processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Remove the unnecessary or lengthy equates (EQU), and rerun the job.

DFS1332I	SC=04 POSITION MARKER
-----------------	------------------------------

Explanation

The position marker indicates the current source pointer at the time of error.

System action

Processing continues with further error analysis.

Programmer response

See message DFS1334I.

Related information
"DFS1334I" on page 438
SC=04 EXPECTED: *any operand(s)*

DFS1333I	SC=04 REC'D: 'any operand'
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

"any operand" is the offending OPERAND.

System action

Processing continues with further error analysis.

Programmer response

See message DFS1334I.

Related information

"DFS1334I" on page 438
 SC=04 EXPECTED: *any operand(s)*

DFS1334I **SC=04 EXPECTED: *any operand(s)***

Explanation

The operands valid for this keyword are listed.

System action

Processing continues with further error analysis.

Programmer response

Select one or more of the valid options listed, specify the selected options, and rerun the job.

DFS1335I **SC=08 REC'D ITEM DELETED**

Explanation

The item indicated by message DFS1333I has been deleted and no assumption will be made.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the proper OPERAND again and rerun the job.

DFS1336I **SC=08 ITEM PREVIOUS TO REC'D
ITEM DELETED**

Explanation

An error condition exists that requires the preprocessor to delete the previous item to resolve the conflict.

System action

Processing continues with next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the proper OPERAND again and rerun the job.

DFS1337I **SC=04 FOLLOWING ASSUMED: *any operand***

Explanation

The preprocessor has assumed the operand specified in *any operand*, which is valid.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

See message DFS1334I if the assumption made is not desired.

Related information

DFS1334I
 SC=04 EXPECTED: *any operand(s)*

DFS1338I **SC=08 NULL OPERAND RECEIVED
FOR ALPHA STATEMENT**

Explanation

No OPERAND has been provided on an ALPHA statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Add the desired operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1339I **SC=08 INVALID CHARACTER IN
ALPHA STRING IGNORED**

Explanation

You have attempted to use as alphabetic a character reserved for a number or a delimiter.

System action

The character is ignored and processing continues with the next alphabetic string character.

Programmer response

If the intended collating sequence is correct, none is required; if it is not, specify it again, and rerun the job.

DFS1340I **SC=04 EQUATE LENGTH
TRUNCATED TO 256 MAX**

Explanation

A single EQU character string exceeded 256 bytes, and was truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Break up the equate string into smaller logical components, and rerun the job.

DFS1341I	SC=08 NO LABEL PROVIDED FOR EQUATE PROCESSOR
-----------------	---

Explanation

An EQU has been encountered with no label, and consequently cannot be referenced.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Provide a label, and rerun the job.

DFS1342I	SC=08 LABEL IS TOO LONG FOR EQUATE
-----------------	---

Explanation

LABELs can be no more than 8 bytes in length.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Alter the LABEL and references to 8 characters or less, and rerun the job.

DFS1343I	SC=08 NO RIGHT PART VALUE PROVIDED FOR EQUATE
-----------------	--

Explanation

You did not provide an equate string.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Provide a value to be equated to the LABEL, and rerun the job.

DFS1344I	SC=04 TITLE LENGTH EXCEEDS nnn CHARACTERS. FIRST kkk USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The TITLE literal exceeded the maximum number of characters *nnn*, and was truncated to the first *kkk* characters.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify the literal again and resubmit the job.

DFS1345I	SC=04 NULL TITLE OPERAND. PREVIOUS TITLE REMAINS IN EFFECT
-----------------	---

Explanation

No TITLE literal was provided; the statement was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Provide a literal for the TITLE, and resubmit the job.

DFS1346I	SC=08 LPAGE SEQUENCE ERROR. NO 1ST LPAGE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The first LPAGE in an MSG containing more than one LPAGE must be specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Add an LPAGE statement to the source, and rerun the job.

DFS1347I	SC=04 MSGEND STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires an MSGEND statement. None was found; one is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Insert the MSGEND statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1348I SC=04 SEG STATEMENT ASSUMED

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires the SEG statement. None was found; one is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Supply the SEG statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1349I SC=08 MFLD STATEMENT ASSUMED

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires an MFLD statement. None was found; one is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Insert the MFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1350I SC=08 'nnnn' IS AN INVALID MESSAGE NUMBER

Explanation

A message number was presented to the message processor (DFSUPAK0), but the message number was not found in the message table (DFSUPAL0).

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

After problem determination, visually scan the statement causing the failure, correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 13, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 30. DFS messages, DFS1351I - DFS1400I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1351I	SC=08 MAXIMUM RESCAN SUBSTITUTION COUNT EXCEEDED. SUBSTITUTION NOT PERFORMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A statement exceeded the maximum RESCAN substitution count. The RESCAN default is 5 to avoid looping.

System action

The substitution is terminated. Processing resumes with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify a larger number on the RESCAN statement for the result you want.

DFS1352I	SC=08 SCAN ABORTED DUE TO SEVERE SYNTAX ERROR, CONTINUING WITH NEXT STATEMENT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The current statement errors were not resolved; the statement was discarded.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous operands using the supporting message numbers DFS1332I through DFS1337I, and rerun the job.

DFS1353I	SC=04 RESCAN COUNT EXCEEDS 5 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. DEFAULT COUNT OF 5 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

No more than 5 significant digits are acceptable as the RESCAN count; it was set to 5.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the RESCAN specification; do not exceed 5 significant digits. Rerun the job.

DFS1354I	SC=04 RESCAN COUNT EXCEEDS 32767. COUNT SET TO 32767
-----------------	---

Explanation

The RESCAN count exceeded 32767; it was set to the default 32767.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the RESCAN specification number, and rerun the job.

DFS1355I	SC=04 NUMBER FOR SPACE EXCEEDS 15 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. THE PAGE WILL BE EJECTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SPACE count exceeded 15 significant digits. A page eject occurred.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify the SPACE count again; do not exceed 15 significant digits. Rerun the job.

DFS1356I	SC=12 FMTNAME AS LABEL REQUIRED. FMT USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A LABEL is required on each FMT statement; this format is labeled FMT.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify FMT with the appropriate label again and rerun the job.

DFS1357I	SC=08 FMTNAME EXCEEDS 6 CHARACTERS. FIRST 6 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Format names cannot exceed 6 characters in length. The name was truncated to the first 6 characters.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate format name again and rerun the job.

DFS1358I	SC=08 DEV STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

No DEV statement followed an FMT statement; one has been assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Insert the appropriate DEV, and rerun the job.

DFS1359I	SC=04 FMTEND STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

A format block should end with an FMTEND statement. None has been found; one has been assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Supply an FMTEND statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS1360I	SC=04 DIV STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

A DEV statement was not immediately followed by a DIV statement. One has been assumed as follows: 3270=INOUT, 3600=INPUT, ALL OTHERS=OUTPUT.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

For the results you want or for documentation purposes, specify the DIV statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1361I	SC=08 DPAGE SEQUENCE ERROR. NO 1ST DPAGE
-----------------	---

Explanation

You must specify the first DPAGE in an FMT containing more than one DPAGE.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Add DPAGE statement to the source input, and rerun the job.

DFS1362I	SC=08 DFLD STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires a DFLD statement as input. None was found; one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Provide the appropriate DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1363I	SC=08 POS=(lll,ccc,ppp) REQUIRED FOR RECORD MODE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The stream mode form of the DFLD POS= keyword was given when MODE=RECORD; the form POS=(lll,ccc,ppp) is required. The default record mode

POS= keyword is used (line=1, column=left margin +1, page=1).

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the MODE= keyword of the DEV statement or the POS= keyword of the DFLD statement again and rerun the job.

DFS1364I	SC=04 ENDDO STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires an ENDDO statement. None was found; one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Provide an ENDDO statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1365I	SC=08 DFLD POS= KEYWORD DOES NOT ALLOW SPACE FOR SIMULATED ATTRIBUTE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= keyword specifies line 1 and the column position as the left margin. There was no available byte preceding the field for the attribute byte. ATTR=YES was therefore ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the POS= keyword or the ATTR= keyword of the DFLD statement again and rerun the job.

DFS1366I	SC=08 PS VALUE INVALID, X'00' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value specified for PS was not a single character or 2 hexadecimal characters, or was not in the range from X'40' to X'FE'.

System action

The default value of X'00' was used and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify the PS value as either a single character or 2 hexadecimal characters in the range from X'40' to X'FE', or as PX'00'. Rerun the job.

DFS1367I	SC=08 TABLENAME AS LABEL REQUIRED. 'TEMPTABL USED'
-----------------	---

Explanation

Each TABLE statement requires a label. None was found; it was assigned a label.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Provide the required label, and rerun the job.

DFS1368I	SC=04 TABLENAME TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The TABLE statement label exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate label again and rerun the job.

DFS1369I	SC=08 IF STATEMENT ASSUMED AS: 'NOFUNC'
-----------------	--

Explanation

At least one IF statement is required for a TABLE; one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate statements or remove the TABLE, and rerun the job.

DFS1370I	SC=04 TABLEEND STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The statement order of occurrence requires a TABLEEND. None was found; one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Insert the TABLEEND statement as required, and rerun the job.

DFS1371I	SC=08 MSG NAME AS LABEL REQUIRED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Each MSG statement should be labeled. None was found; one was generated. The form is MSG concatenated to source statement number.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate label, and rerun the job.

DFS1372I	SC=04 MSG NAME TOO LONG. TRUNCATED TO 8 BYTES
-----------------	--

Explanation

An MSG statement label exceeded 8 bytes; the first 8 bytes were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the label again and rerun the job.

DFS1373I	SC=08 SOR=FMТNAME, FMТNAME MISSING
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SOR= specification was null; no format name was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate format name, and rerun the job.

DFS1374I	SC=04 SOR=FMТNAME, FMТNAME EXCEEDS 6 CHARACTERS. FIRST 6 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SOR= formatname exceeded 6 characters; the first 6 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the format name again and rerun the job.

DFS1375I	SC=08 NXT=MSGNAME, MSGNAME LTH=0. NONE USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The NXT= specification was null; no message name was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate message name, and rerun the job.

DFS1376I	SC=04 NXT=MSGNAME, MSGNAME EXCEEDS 8 BYTES. TRUNCATED TO 8 BYTES
-----------------	---

Explanation

The NXT= message name exceeded 8 bytes; the first 8 bytes were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate message name again and rerun the job.

DFS1377I	SC=04 FILL=C'!, TRUNCATED TO 1 CHARACTER
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FILL= literal exceeded one character in length; the first character was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the literal again and rerun the job.

DFS1378I	SC=04 FILL=C'! CHARACTER NOT SUPPLIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FILL= specification was null; it was set to a blank.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate fill character again and rerun the job.

DFS1379I	SC=04 DUPLICATE TYPE= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one TYPE= specification is allowable on a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple TYPE= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1380I	SC=04 DUPLICATE SOR= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one SOR= specification is allowed on a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple SOR= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1381I	SC=04 DUPLICATE OPT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one OPT= specification is allowable on a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple OPT= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1382I	SC=04 DUPLICATE NXT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one NXT= specification is allowable on a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple NXT= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1383I	SC=04 DUPLICATE PAGE= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one PAGE= specification is allowable on a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple PAGE= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1384I	SC=04 DUPLICATE FILL= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one FILL= specification is allowable in a single MSG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple FILL= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1385I	SC=04 SOR=FMTNAME NOT SPECIFIED. '\$\$\$FMT' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SOR= specification was not specified for this MSG; \$\$\$FMT was used as format name.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the format name you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1386I	SC=08 FILL= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FILL= specification was specified on an MSG statement of TYPE=INPUT. However, it is only valid on MSG and DPAGE statements of TYPE=OUTPUT.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1387I	SC=08 PAGE= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PAGE= specification was specified on an MSG statement of TYPE=INPUT. However, it is only valid on MSG statements of TYPE=OUTPUT.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1388I	SC=04 DUPLICATE SOR= SPECIFICATION INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one SOR= specification is allowable in a single LPAGE statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the SOR= specification again and rerun the job.

DFS1389I	SC=08 SOR=DPAGENAME, DPAGENAME OMITTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SOR= specification is null; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a value for SOR=, and rerun the job.

DFS1390I	SC=04 SOR=DPAGENAME, DPAGENAME EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SOR= dpagename exceeds 8 characters; the first 8 characters are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired dpagename again and rerun the job.

DFS1391I	SC=04 COMPARE OFFSET EXCEEDS 5 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS, LAST 5 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COND= offset parameter exceeds 5 digits; the last 5 digits are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired offset again and rerun the job.

DFS1392I	SC=04 COMPARE OFFSET EXCEEDS 32767. VALUE ALTERED TO 32767
-----------------	---

Explanation

The COND= offset parameter value exceeds 32767; it is set to 32767.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value again and rerun the job.

DFS1393I	SC=08 COMPARE OFFSET DIGIT COUNT IS ZERO. VALUE OF ZERO USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The COND= offset parameter is null; it is set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired offset value, and rerun the job.

DFS1394I	SC=04 MULTIPLE COND= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one COND= specification is allowable on a single LPAGE or DPAGE statement; the second specification is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1395I	SC=04 COND= COMPARE LOCATION NAME LENGTH EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The COND= fieldname exceeds 8 characters; the first 8 characters are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired fieldname again and rerun the job.

DFS1396I	SC=08 COND= COMPARE LOCATION NAME LENGTH IS ZERO. NAME SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The COND= fieldname parameter is null; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired fieldname, and rerun the job.

DFS1397I	SC=08 EXIT= SPECIFICATION INVALID WITH 'LITERAL' PARAMETER. SPECIFICATION IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= is not allowed when the LITERAL parameter is specified. EXIT= is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1398 INPUT SELECTION ERROR

Explanation

This message is displayed if you do not correctly enter one of the following analysis input selections:

- MAX=
- KR=
- NBR=

System action

The system exits the utility.

User response

Enter the correct analysis option.

Module

DFSMAID0

**DFS1399I SC=08 COND= COMPARE. LITERAL
 LENGTH IS ZERO. ' ' USED FOR
 LITERAL**

Explanation

The literal in the COND= specification of the LPAGE statement was omitted. A single blank is used as the literal.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Specify the desired literal, and rerun the job.

**DFS1400I SC=04 PROMPT= FIELDNAME
 EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS.
 TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The PROMPT= *fieldname* exceeds 8 characters; the first 8 characters are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid *fieldname* again and rerun the job.

Chapter 31. DFS messages, DFS1401I - DFS1450I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1401I	SC=08 PROMPT= FIELDNAME LENGTH IS ZERO. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PROMPT= specification was null; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid PROMPT= *fieldname* statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1402I	SC=04 DUPLICATE PROMPT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one PROMPT= specification is valid on a single LPAGE statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1403I	SC=04 PROMPT= LITERAL SPECIFICATION CONTAINS NO TEXT. MSG.NXT=MSGNAME USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PROMPT= literal was null; the MSG/NXT= specification was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1404I	SC=04 NXT= MSGNAME EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The NXT= message name exceeded eight characters; the first eight characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid message name, and rerun the job.

DFS1405I	SC=04 NXT= MSGNAME TEXT LENGTH IS ZERO. MSG.NEXT=MSGNAME USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The NXT= specification was null; the MSG/NXT= message name was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid message name, and rerun the job.

DFS1406I	SC=04 DUPLICATE NXT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one NXT= specification is valid on a single LPAGE statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1407	TEMPORARY IRLM FAILURE; UNABLE TO PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND
----------------	---

Explanation

The command processor, in an attempt to process a global command, encountered a problem with IRLM. This condition can be temporary.

System action

The command is processed locally.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IRLM is active and then reenter the global command. If the command will not process globally, proceed with the problem determination.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1408I	SC=08 EXIT= SPECIFICATION INCOMPATIBLE WITH MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= specification conflicts with message type output; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the SEG/MSG statement conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1409I	SC=08 EXIT= EXITNUM EXCEEDS 3 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= value parameter Exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1410I	SC=08 EXIT= EXITNUM VALUE EXCEEDS 127. 127 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= *value* parameter exceeds 127. The value was set to 127.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify EXIT= with a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1411I	SC=08 EXIT= EXITVECT EXCEEDS 3 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= *vector* specification exceeds 3 digits; the last 3 digits are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify EXIT= *vector* with a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1412I	SC=08 EXIT= EXITVECT VALUE EXCEEDS 255. 255 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= *vector* specification exceeds 255, The value was set to 255.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the EXIT= parameter with a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1413I	SC=08 EXIT= EXITNUM HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF ZERO USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= *value* specification is null. The value was set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify EXIT= with the appropriate value, and rerun the job.

DFS1414I SC=08 EXIT= EXITVECT HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF ZERO USED

Explanation

The EXIT= *vector* specification is null. It was set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify EXIT= with the appropriate vector, and rerun the job.

DFS1415I SC=04 DUPLICATE EXIT= KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

You can specify only one EXIT= specification on a single SEG statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1416I SC=04 DUPLICATE GRAPHIC= KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

Only one GRAPHIC= specification is allowable on a single SEG statement. The second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1417I SC=04 MFLD LABEL LENGTH EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The message field (MFLD) statement label exceeds 8 characters. The first 8 characters are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid label again and rerun the job.

DFS1418I SC=08 DO COUNT EXCEEDS 2 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 2 DIGITS USED

Explanation

The DO count exceeds 2 digits; the last 2 digits are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again using an appropriate count, and rerun the job.

DFS1419I SC=08 DO COUNT HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 ASSUMED

Explanation

You did not provide a count on a DO statement. One is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again using an appropriate count, and rerun the job.

DFS1420I SC=04 DFLDNAME EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The device field name (dfldname) specified on this MFLD statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid dfldname again and rerun the job.

DFS1421I	SC=08 DFLDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS. NO NAME USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The device field name (dfldname) parameter was null; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify valid MFLD parameters, and rerun the job.

DFS1422I	SC=04 LITERAL CONTAINS NO CHARACTERS. '' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The positional literal parameter is null for this MFLD or DFLD statement; a blank is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid literal or MFLD/DFLD parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1423I	SC=04 MULTIPLE LTH= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system encountered multiple LTH- specifications. Only one LTH= specification is allowable on a single MFLD statement. The second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select one specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1424I	SC=04 MULTIPLE JUST= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system encountered multiple JUST= specifications. Only one JUST= specification is allowable on a single MFLD statement. The second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select one specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1425I	SC=04 MULTIPLE FILL= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system encountered multiple FILL= specifications. Only one FILL= specification is allowable on a single MFLD or DPAGE statement. The second specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select one specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1426I	SC=04 MULTIPLE ATTR= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system encountered multiple ATTR= specifications. Only one ATTR= specification is allowable on a single MFLD statement. The second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select one specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1427I	SC=04 MULTIPLE EXIT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system encountered multiple EXIT= specifications. Only one EXIT= specification is allowable on a single MFLD statement, The second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select one specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1428I	SC=08 LTH=<i>nn</i>, <i>nn</i> EXCEEDS 4 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 4 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= length parameter exceeded 4 digits; the last 4 digits was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid value again and rerun the job.

DFS1429I	SC=08 LTH=<i>nn</i>, <i>nn</i>'S VALUE EXCEEDS 8000. 8000 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LTH= length value exceeded 8000; it was set to 8000.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1430I	SC=08 LTH=<i>nn</i>, <i>nn</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= length specification was null; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1431I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp</i>,<i>nn</i>), <i>pp</i> EXCEEDS 4 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 4 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= position specification exceeded 4 digits; the last 4 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate position parameter again and rerun the job.

DFS1432I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp</i>,<i>nn</i>), <i>pp</i>'S VALUE EXCEEDS 8000. 8000 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LTH= position value exceeded 8000; it was set to 8000.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid value again and rerun the job.

DFS1433I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp</i>,<i>nn</i>), <i>pp</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 2 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= position parameter was null; it was set to 2.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate position value, and rerun the job.

DFS1434I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp</i>,<i>nn</i>), <i>nn</i> EXCEEDS 4 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 4 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= length specification exceeded 4 digits; the last 4 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the length again and rerun the job.

DFS1435I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp,nn</i>), <i>nn</i>'S VALUE EXCEEDS 8000. 8000 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= length value exceeded 8000; it was set to 8000.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the value again and rerun the job.

DFS1436I	SC=08 LTH=(<i>pp,nn</i>), <i>nn</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LTH= length parameter was null; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate value, and rerun the job.

DFS1437I	SC=08 FILL='C', LITERAL LENGTH IS ZERO. BLANK USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FILL= literal specification was null; a blank was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1438I	SC=04 FILL='C', LITERAL LENGTH EXCEEDS 1 CHARACTER. FIRST CHARACTER USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FILL= literal specification exceeded one character; the first character was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the literal again and rerun the job.

DFS1439I	SC=04 FILL='X'<i>hh</i>', <i>hh</i> EXCEEDS 2 CHARACTERS. FIRST 2 CHARACTERS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FILL= hexadecimal string exceeded two hexadecimal characters in length; the first two characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the hexadecimal string again and rerun the job.

DFS1440I	SC=04 FILL='X'<i>hh</i>', <i>hh</i> HAS NO CHARACTERS. FILL='X'40' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FILL= hexadecimal string specification is null; a blank is used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired hexadecimal string, and rerun the job.

DFS1441I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXNUM EXCEEDS 3 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= number exceeds 3 digits; the last 3 digits are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value again and rerun the job.

DFS1442I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXNUM'S VALUE EXCEEDS 127. VALUE OF 127 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= number parameter exceeds 127; it is set to 127.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value again and rerun the job.

DFS1443I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXNUM HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF ZERO USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= number parameter is null; it is set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Specify the desired parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1444I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXVEC EXCEEDS 3 SIGNIFICANT DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= vector specification exceeds 3 digits; the last 3 digits are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value again and rerun the job.

DFS1445I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXVEC'S VALUE EXCEEDS 255. VALUE OF 255 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The EXIT= vector parameter exceeds 255; it is set to 255.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value again and rerun the job.

DFS1446I	SC=08 EXIT=(EXNUM,EXVEC), EXVEC HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF ZERO USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The EXIT= vector parameter is null; it is set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired value, and rerun the job.

DFS1447I	SC=08 COND= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=INPUT. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COND= specification conflicts with MSG.TYPE=INPUT; COND= is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/LPAGE conflicts, and rerun the job.

DFS1448I	SC=08 PROMPT= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=INPUT. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PROMPT= specification conflicts with MSG.TYPE=INPUT; PROMPT= is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/LPAGE conflicts, and rerun the job.

DFS1449I	SC=08 PASSWORD INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT. STATEMENT TREATED AS SEG STATEMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PASSWORD statement conflicts with MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT; PASSWORD is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Resolve the PASSWORD/MSG conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1450I	SC=08 ONLY 1ST MFLD UNDER LAST PASSWORD STATEMENT USED WHEN MSG.OPT=3 SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

For MSG/OPT=3 specification, only the first MFLD following a PASSWORD statement can be used as a password. Additional MFLD statements are ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/PASSWORD conflict, and rerun the job.

Chapter 32. DFS messages, DFS1451I - DFS1500I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1451I **SC=08 POSITIONAL PARAMETER
1 REQUIRES DFLDNAME
FOR LITERAL WHEN
MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The first MFLD parameter must be the device field name (dfldname) of a literal when the MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT. The parameter is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply the dfldname of the appropriate literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1452I **SC=08 LTH=(*pp,nn*) INVALID FOR
MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT. *pp* VALUE
IGNORED**

Explanation

The MFLD LTH=*pp* specification conflicts with the MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/MFLD conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1453I **SC=08 FILL= SPECIFICATION
INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT.
SPECIFICATION IGNORED**

Explanation

The FILL= specification conflicted with MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/MFLD conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1454I **SC=08 EXIT= SPECIFICATION
INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT.
SPECIFICATION IGNORED**

Explanation

The EXIT= specification conflicted with MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/MFLD conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1455I **SC=08 keyword= SPECIFICATION
INVALID FOR SCA FIELD.
SPECIFICATION IGNORED**

Explanation

The SCA specification precluded ATTR= or JUST= specification on an MFLD statement. They were ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the MFLD statement again, omitting the specifications not needed, and rerun the job.

DFS1456I **SC=08 keyword= SPECIFICATION
INVALID FOR SYSTEM LITERAL
FIELD. SPECIFICATION IGNORED**

Explanation

The system literal specification precluded ATTR= or JUST= specification on an MFLD statement. The **keyword=** specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the MFLD statement again, omitting the specifications not needed, and rerun the job.

DFS1457I	SC=08 LTH= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR SYSTEM LITERAL FIELD. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system literal specification precluded LTH= specification on an MFLD statement; LTH= was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflicts, and rerun the job.

DFS1458I	SC=08 SYSTEM LITERAL FIELD INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=INPUT. NULL FIELD CREATED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system literal specification conflicted with MSG.TYPE=INPUT; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MFLD/MSG conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1459I	SC=08 SCA FIELD INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=INPUT. NULL FIELD CREATED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SCA specification conflicted with MSG.TYPE=INPUT; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MFLD/MSG conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1460I	SC=08 LTH= SPECIFICATION REQUIRED. VALUE OF 1 ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= specification is required for this MFLD. None was specified; LTH= is set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired LTH=, and rerun the job.

DFS1461I	SC=04 MULTIPLE TYPE= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than one TYPE= specification has been made on a single DIV or DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

DFS1462I	SC=04 MULTIPLE FEAT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than one FEAT= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the FEAT= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1463I	SC=04 MULTIPLE PEN= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one PEN= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PEN= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1464I	SC=04 MULTIPLE PFK= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one PFK= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PFK= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1465I **SC=04 MULTIPLE CARD=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one CARD= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the CARD= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1466I **SC=04 MULTIPLE DSCA=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one DSCA= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DSCA= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1467I **SC=04 MULTIPLE MODE=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one MODE= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the MODE= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1468I **SC=04 MULTIPLE FTAB=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one FTAB= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the FTAB= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1469I **SC=04 MULTIPLE LDEL=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one LDEL= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the LDEL= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1470I **SC=04 MULTIPLE PAGE=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one PAGE= specification was made on a single DEV statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PAGE= specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1471I **SC=04 MULTIPLE FORMS=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

More than one FORMS= specification has been made on a single DEV statement; the second one is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the FORMS= specification, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1472I SC=04 MULTIPLE SYMSG=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

More than one SYMSG= specification was made on a single DEV statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the SYMSG= specification, and resubmit the job.

**DFS1473I SC=08 TYPE=OUTPUT INVALID
FOR DEV TYPE=3600**

Explanation

3600 device types are for input only.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Correct DIV or DEV to reflect the appropriate results, and rerun the job.

**DFS1474I SC=08 TYPE=INOUT INVALID FOR
SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

Only 3270s are INOUT device types.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DIV or DEV, and rerun the job.

**DFS1475I SC=08 TYPE=INPUT INVALID FOR
SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

36XX are output only device types.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DIV or DEV, and rerun the job.

**DFS1476I SC=04 MBRNAME EXCEEDS 8
CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The COPY member name exceeded 8 characters, which is not allowable; it was truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the member name, if necessary, and rerun the job.

**DFS1477I SC=08 MBRNAME CONTAINS
NO CHARACTERS. STATEMENT
IGNORED**

Explanation

No member name was specified in a COPY statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the COPY statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS1478I SC=08 RECURSIVE NESTED COPY
OPERATIONS INVALID**

Explanation

A COPY for a member, currently part of a nested copy, was invalid.

System action

Processing continues; the COPY statement is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that the members to be copied do not refer to members in a previously copied library. Correct the error, and rerun the job.

DFS1479I	SC=08 MBRNAME REQUESTED NOT PRESENT IN SYSLIB
-----------------	--

Explanation

No member by this name was found in the SYSLIB currently pointed to.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Specify the member name or PDS in the SYSLIB DD statement again and rerun the job.

DFS1480I	SC=12 PERMANENT I/O ERROR IN SYSLIB DIRECTORY
-----------------	--

Explanation

A permanent error condition was encountered on SYSLIB PDS directory.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Re-create the SYSLIB PDS directory, and rerun the job.

DFS1481I	SC=12 SYSLIB DCB NOT OPENED. COPY IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

No SYSLIB was specified; the COPY is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Specify a SYSLIB or remove the COPY, and rerun the job.

DFS1482I	SC=08 SOR=DPAGENAME REQUIRED
-----------------	---

Explanation

No SOR= specification was given for this LPAGE; SOR= was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify SOR= DPAGE, and rerun the job.

DFS1483I	SC=08 DO LINE INCREMENT EXCEEDS 2 DIGITS. LAST 2 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DO line increment parameter exceeded 2 digits; the last 2 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again using the appropriate line increment, and rerun the job.

DFS1484I	SC=08 DO LINE INCREMENT CONTAINS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DO line increment parameter was null; one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again using the appropriate line increment, and rerun the job.

DFS1485I	SC=08 DO COLUMN INCREMENT EXCEEDS 3 DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DO column increment parameter exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again, using the column increment you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1486I	SC=08 DO COLUMN INCREMENT CONTAINS NO DIGITS. 'MAX' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DO column increment parameter was null; MAX was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify DO again, using the column increment you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1487I	SC=04 NUMBER OF USER DEFINED FTAB CHARACTERS EXCEEDS MAXIMUM FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The sum of the user-defined and predefined FTAB characters was greater than the maximum allowed; it must be 8. Predefined FTAB characters for device type are as follows: 274X=HT,NL,LF; SCS1=HT,NL,LF,VT; SCS2=HT,NL,LF,VT,CR

System action

The user-defined FTAB character string is truncated. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate FTAB literal, within the restriction, and rerun the job.

DFS1488I	SC=04 FTAB='LITERAL', LITERAL HAS NO CHARACTERS. DEFAULT FTABS USED FOR APPLICABLE DEVICES
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FTAB literal specification was null. If predefined FTAB characters are defined for a device, they are used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply the appropriate FTAB= literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1489I	SC=04 MEMBER=mmmmmmmm NOT WRITTEN DUE TO SEVERITY CODE=ss
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member *mmmmmmmm* was not written to the REFERAL library because the highest severity code for the member was equal to or greater than the value specified in the EXEC parameter STOPRC. Preceding messages indicate errors and their respective severity codes for the member.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the errors indicated, and rerun the job.

DFS1490I	SC=08 SOR=, DPAGE NAME LIST INVALID FOR MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT. FIRST NAME USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SOR= specification conflicted with MSG.TYPE=OUTPUT; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the MSG/LPAGE conflicts, and rerun the job.

DFS1491I	SC=04 LINECNT=nnn, nnn EXCEEDS 3 DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LINECNT= parameter exceeded 999. The last 3 digits were used as LINECNT.

System action

Processing continues with next PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the LINECNT= parameter on the PARM statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1492I	SC=04 LINECNT=nnn, nnn HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 55 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LINECNT= parameter was not numeric; lines per page was set to 55.

System action

Processing continues with the next PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the LINECNT= parameter on the PARM statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1493I	SC=04 LINECNT=nnn, nnn IS LESS THAN 25. VALUE OF 55 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LINECNT= parameter was less than 25; lines per page was set to 55.

System action

Processing continues with the next PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the LINECNT= parameter on the PARM statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1494I	SC=04 STOPRC=nnn, nnn EXCEEDS 3 DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The STOPRC parameter exceeded 999; the last 3 digits were used as STOPRC.

System action

Processing continues with next PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the STOPRC= parameter on the PARM statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1495I	SC=04 STOPRC=nnn, nnn HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 8 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The STOPRC= parameter was not numeric; STOPRC was set to 8.

System action

Processing continues with next PARM field.

Programmer response

Correct the STOPRC= parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1496I	SC=04 MULTIPLE CURSOR= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one CURSOR= specification is allowed on a single DPAGE statement; the second specification was ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1497I	SC=04 MULTIPLE SELECT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one SELECT= specification is allowed on a single DPAGE statement; the second specification was ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1498I	SC=04 MULTIPLE ORIGIN= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one ORIGIN= specification is allowed on a single DPAGE statement; the second specification was ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1499I	SC=04 MULTIPLE MULT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one MULT= specification is allowed on a single DPAGE statement; the second specification was ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1500I	SC=08 PDB STATEMENT NAME REQUIRES A LABEL
-----------------	--

Explanation

A label is required for each Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement. The DEV statement references the PDB statement by this label.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a label for the PDB statement.

Severity:

8

Chapter 33. DFS messages, DFS1501I - DFS1550I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1501I	SC=08 PDB STATEMENT NAME EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The label on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement exceeded 8 characters.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid label for the PDB statement.

Severity:
8

DFS1502I	SC=12 NO PD STATEMENTS SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Each Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement must be followed by at least one Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and PDB definition continues.

Programmer response

Define at least one PD statement before the PDBEND statement.

Severity:
12

DFS1503I	SC=08 PDBEND STATEMENT HAS BEEN ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PDBEND statement, which must terminate a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement, was not found; one has been assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Provide a PDBEND statement to terminate the PDB.

Severity:
8

DFS1504	SC=12 KEYWORD 'LUSIZE=' IS REQUIRED ON THE PDB STATEMENT BUT WAS NOT SPECIFIED
----------------	---

Explanation

The required LUSIZE keyword was not present on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement. The LUSIZE keyword indicates the screen size to be used for validation of the view ports.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Specify a LUSIZE keyword on the PDB statement.

Severity:
12

DFS1505I	SC=04 PD NAME SPECIFIED ON SYMSG= TOO LONG, IS TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) name specified for the SYMSG keyword on a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PD name for the SYSMMSG keyword on the PDB statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1506I	SC=08 SYSMMSG= KEYWORD DOES NOT SPECIFY A NAME
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SYSMMSG keyword was present on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement, but was not followed by a required Partition Descriptor (PD) name.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PD name for the SYSMMSG keyword.

Severity:

8

DFS1507I	SC=04 PDB NAME SPECIFIED ON PDB= IS TOO LONG, 1ST 8 CHARACTERS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) name in the PDB keyword on the DEV statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing continues on this definition.

Programmer response

Correct the name specified in the PDB operand.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1508I	SC=08 PDB= NAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The name of a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) is required for the PDB keyword on the DEV statement, but a name was not specified.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing continues with the next definition.

Programmer response

Provide a name in the PDB keyword on the DEV statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1509W	PSB/DBD name DELETE NOT ALLOWED
-----------------	--

Explanation:

One of the catalog PSB or DBD resources (DFSCP000, DFSCD000, and DFSCX000) does not exist in the staging ACBLIB. The catalog resources cannot be deleted from the IMS online system while the catalog is enabled.

System action:

The online change prepare phase is canceled.

System programmer response:

Perform an ACBGEN with BUILD PSB=DFSCP000 to the staging ACBLIB. Then, reissue the **/MODIFY PREPARE ACBLIB** command or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE)** command.

DFS1510I	SC=08 VALUE IN LUSIZE= TOO LONG, IS TRUNCATED TO 4 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LUSIZE value on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement exceeded 4 digits; the value was truncated to 4 digits.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PDB statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid LUSIZE value on the PDB statement.

Severity:

4

DFS1511I	SC=08 NO VALUE WAS SPECIFIED IN LUSIZE= ON PDB STATEMENT FOR WIDTH AND/OR DEPTH OF DISPLAY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The set of values specified for the LUSIZE keyword on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement to describe the size of the display screen was not valid or was missing.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the (PDB) statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid set of values for the LUSIZE keyword.

Severity:

8

DFS1512E	AN ALIAS CATALOG DATABASE NAME <i>dbname</i> IS CODED IN THE PSB INSTEAD OF ITS STANDARD NAME
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ACB generation process encountered an error because an alias name was used for the catalog database or secondary index in the PSB. IMS automatically performs alias translation for PCBs, so alias names are not allowed.

System action

The BUILD PSB job for this PSB fails.

System programmer response

Use the prefix DFSC for the catalog database name and secondary index name in your PCB.

DFS1513I	SC=12 PD STATEMENT NAME REQUIRES A LABEL
-----------------	---

Explanation

Each Partition Descriptor (PD) statement requires a label, but no label was found. The PD keyword on the DPAGE statement references the PD statement by this label.

System action

A label is generated for this PD statement, and processing of the PD statement continues. If more errors are found, the generated label is used to reference the PD statement.

Programmer response

Provide a label for the PD statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1514I	SC=04 PD STATEMENT NAME IS TOO LONG, AND HAS BEEN TRUNCATED TO 8 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The label on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid label for the PD statement.

Severity:

4

**DFS1515I SC=12 KEYWORD 'PID=' IS
REQUIRED ON THE PD
STATEMENT BUT WAS NOT
SPECIFIED.**

Explanation

The required PID keyword, which identifies the partition, was not specified on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a PID keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:
12

**DFS1516I SC=12 KEYWORD 'VIEWPORT='
IS REQUIRED ON THE PD
STATEMENT BUT WAS NOT
SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The VIEWPORT keyword is required on each Partition Descriptor (PD) statement, but was not specified. The VIEWPORT keyword indicates viewport size.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a VIEWPORT keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:
12

**DFS1517I SC=12 KEYWORD 'VIEWLOC='
IS REQUIRED ON THE PD
STATEMENT BUT WAS NOT
SPECIFIED.**

Explanation

The VIEWLOC keyword is required on each Partition Descriptor (PD) statement, but was not specified. The VIEWLOC keyword indicates the viewport location on the screen.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a VIEWLOC keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:
12

**DFS1518I SC=04 PDNAME SPECIFIED ON
PD= IS TOO LONG, 1ST 8
CHARACTERS USED**

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) name specified for the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

A return code of 4 is set and processing of the DPAGE statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PD name for the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement.

Severity:
4

**DFS1519I SC=08 PD= NAME HAS NO
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

A PD keyword was found on the DPAGE statement, but no Partition Descriptor (PD) name was specified.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the DPAGE statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PD name for the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement.

Severity:
8

**DFS1520I SC=04 PDNAME SPECIFIED ON
ACTVPID= TOO LONG, 1ST 8
CHARACTERS USED**

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) name specified for the ACTVPID keyword on the DPAGE statement exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the DPAGE statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PD name for the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement.

Severity:

4

DFS1521I	SC=08 ACTVPID= NAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

An ACTVPID keyword was found on the DPAGE statement, but no name was specified.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the DPAGE statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid name for the ACTVPID keyword on the DPAGE statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1522I	SC=08 DUPLICATE PID NUMBERS SPECIFIED ON TWO OR MORE PD STATEMENTS WITHIN A PDB DEFINITION
-----------------	---

Explanation

A Partition Descriptor (PD) statement has a PID number that was specified on a previous PD statement within this Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) definition.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide unique PID numbers for each PD statement within a PDB definition.

Severity:

8

DFS1523I	SC=08 PRESENTATION SPACE VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The values specified on the PRESPEC keyword of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide valid PRESPEC values on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1524I	SC=08 NULL PRESENTATION SPACE VALUE IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PRESPEC keyword was found on a Partition Descriptor (PD) statement, but no presentation values were specified.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide valid values for the PRESPEC keyword, or omit the PRESPEC keyword, using the default for the VIEWPORT values.

Severity:

8

DFS1525I	SC=08 VIEWPORT ROWS VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The VIEWPORT rows value on a Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeds 5 digits; the first 5 digits are used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid value for the VIEWPORT keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1526I	SC=08 VIEWPORT ROWS NULL VALUE IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

No rows value was specified for the VIEWPORT keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid rows value for the VIEWPORT keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1527I	SC=08 PID VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 2 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified for the PID keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeds 2 digits; the first 2 digits are used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid value for the PID keyword.

Severity:

8

DFS1528I	SC=08 VIEWPORT ROWS VALUE IS ZERO
-----------------	--

Explanation

The rows value on the VIEWPORT keyword on a Partition Descriptor (PD) statement must be greater than zero.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid rows value for the VIEWPORT keyword.

Severity:

8

DFS1529I	SC=08 VIEWPORT COLS VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COLS value specified for the VIEWPORT keyword on a Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid COLS value for the VIEWPORT keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1530I	SC=08 VIEWPORT COLS NULL VALUE IS INVALID.
-----------------	---

Explanation

No value for COLS was specified for the VIEWPORT keyword on a Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid COLS value for the VIEWPORT keyword on the PD statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1531I	SC=08 PID NULL VALUE IS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

No value was specified for the PID keyword on the
Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD
statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a value 0 - 15 for the PID keyword on the PD
statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1532I	SC=08 VIEWPORT COLS VALUE IS ZERO
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value for COLS on the VIEWPORT keyword on a
Partition Descriptor (PD) statement must be greater
than zero.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD
statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid COLS value for the VIEWPORT keyword
on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1533I	SC=08 VIEWLOC ROWS= VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of rows specified for the VIEWLOC
keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement
exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD
statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid rows value for the VIEWLOC keyword
on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1534I	SC=08 VIEWLOC ROWS NULL VALUE IS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

No rows value was specified for the VIEWLOC keyword
on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD
statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid rows value for the location of the
viewport before this PD statement can be accepted.

Severity:

8

DFS1535I	SC=08 SCROLLI= ROWS VALUE IS GREATER THAN THE NUMBER OF ROWS IN THE PRESENTATION SPACE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) statement SCROLLI
value was greater than the number of rows in the
presentation space. The scroll attempted to extend
beyond the presentation space.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing continues
with the next definition.

Programmer response

Provide a valid SCROLLI value on the PD statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1536I	SC=08 VIEWLOC COLS= VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COLS value specified for the VIEWLOC keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Supply a valid COLS value for the VIEWLOC keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:
8

DFS1537I	SC=08 VIEWLOC COLS NULL VALUE IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

No value for COLS was specified for the VIEWLOC keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid COLS value on the VIEWPORT keyword for the location of the viewport.

Severity:
8

DFS1538I	SC=04 PRESENTATION SPACE WAS SPECIFIED WITH FEWER ROWS THAN THE VIEWPORT - HAS BEEN RESET TO THE VIEWPORT SIZE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PRESPEC rows value on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement must not be smaller than the VIEWPORT rows value.

System action

The PRESPEC rows value defaults to the VIEWPORT rows value. A return code of 4 is set, and processing continues with the next definition.

Programmer response

Provide a valid PRESPEC rows value on the PD statement, or accept the default.

Problem determination:
2, 8, 16

Severity:
4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1539I	SC=08 INVALID PID NUMBER SPECIFIED, MUST BE FROM 0 TO 15
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number specified for the PID keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement was invalid.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a value 0 - 15 for the PID keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:
8

DFS1540I	SC=08 WINDOWOF ROWS VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified for the WINDOWOF keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid value for the WINDOWOF keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1541I	SC=04 WINDOWOF= KEYWORD HAS NO VALUE SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

No value was provided for the WINDOWOF keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement. A value of zero was assumed

System action

The hardware provides a default. A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a value for the WINDOWOF keyword.

Severity:

4

DFS1542I	SC=12 THE CELLSIZE WIDTH OR HEIGHT WAS SPECIFIED AS ZERO, BUT NOT BOTH. THIS COMBINATION IS INVALID. BOTH SET TO ZERO.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If either the CELLSIZE width or the CELLSIZE height was specified as zero, then both must be specified as zero. Otherwise, both the CELLSIZE width and height default to zero.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement continues.

Programmer response

Specify the values, or zero, for the CELLSIZE width and height.

Severity:

12

DFS1543I	SC=08 CELLSIZE HORIZONTAL VALUE EXCEEDED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The horizontal (character width) value specified for the CELLSIZE keyword of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded the maximum allowable value of 12. If you specified more than two digits, only the first two digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid horizontal (character width) value for the CELLSIZE keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1544I	SC=04 CELLSIZE WIDTH NULL VALUE, A DEFAULT IS SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

No horizontal (character width) value was specified for the CELLSIZE keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement; the value defaults to 6 pels.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a horizontal (character width) value for the CELLSIZE keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

4

DFS1545I	SC=08 CELLSIZE VERTICAL SIZE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 2 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The vertical (height) value specified for the CELLSIZE keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement Exceeded 2 digits; the first 2 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid vertical (height) value for the CELLSIZE keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1546I	SC=04 CELLSIZE VERTICAL SIZE NULL VALUE, A DEFAULT IS SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

No vertical (height) value was specified for the CELLSIZE keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement; the value defaulted to 12 pels.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a vertical (height) value for the CELLSIZE keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

4

DFS1547I	SC=08 SCROLLI ROWS VALUE EXCEEDED, TRUNCATED TO 5 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value specified on the SCROLLI keyword of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement exceeded 5 digits; the first 5 digits were used.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid number for the SCROLLI keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

8

DFS1548I	SC=04 SCROLLI ROWS NULL VALUE IS IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

No rows value was specified for the SCROLLI keyword on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement.

System action

A value of zero is set, which causes the hardware to provide a default. A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a rows value for the SCROLLI keyword on the PD statement.

Severity:

4

DFS1549I	SC=04 THE OFFSET + THE DEPTH OF THE WINDOW FOR PD STATEMENT (<i>pdname</i>) DOES NOT FIT WITHIN THE PARTITION. OFFSET SET TO 00.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The WINDOWOF value, added to the VIEWPORT rows value on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement, was greater than the number of rows in the presentation space. The viewport window would extend beyond the presentation space.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Provide a valid value for the WINDOWOF keyword on the PD statement. The value must be from 0 to the total number of rows in the presentation space.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1550I	SC=04 PRESENTATION SPACE WIDTH IS NOT EQUAL TO THE VIEWPORT WIDTH. PRESENTATION SPACE WIDTH IS RESET TO THE VIEWPORT WIDTH.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid value for the presentation space width was encountered. If a value is specified, it must be equal to the viewport width.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing continues with the next definition.

Programmer response

Provide a valid specification for the presentation space width on the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement or accept the default.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 34. DFS messages, DFS1551I - DFS1600I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1551I **SC=08 MORE THAN 16 PARTITIONS HAVE BEEN SPECIFIED FOR PDB (*pdname*). ONLY 16 PD STATEMENTS ARE ALLOWED WITHIN A PDB.**

Explanation

The number of Partition Descriptor (PD) statements within a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) must not exceed 16.

System action

A return code of 8 is set and processing continues with the next definition.

Programmer response

Ensure that no more than 16 PD statements are defined for each PDB statement.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1552A **MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE ALLOCATION FAILURE, RC=*rrrr*, RSN=*ssss***

Explanation

IMS was not able to allocate a structure for long busy toleration in the coupling facility at startup. For an explanation of the return codes, *rrrr* and *ssss*, see IXLCONN return and reason codes information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Correct the problem and restart IMS. If MADS I/O timing function is not required, delete the MADSIOT

specification from the DFSVSMxx PROCLIB member and restart IMS.

Related reference

[z/OS: IXLCONN return and reason codes](#)

DFS1553I **MADS I/O TIMING INITIATED FOR AREA *areaname* DDN=*ddname***

Explanation

An ADS was treated as a MADS I/O timing condition. A physical read or write was inhibited by IMS. In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

System action

IMS stops this ADS internally.

Programmer response

After the MADS I/O timing condition ends, run the Create utility to create a new ADS.

DFS1554E **MADS I/O TIMING INITIATION FAILED FOR AREA *areaname* DDN=*ddname* RC=*xx***

Explanation

IMS detected a MADS I/O timing condition on this ADS but failed to initiate MADS I/O Timing. The reason code, as specified by *xx*, indicates the cause of the failure.

In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

xx

The reason code that specifies the cause of the failure. The reason code can be one of the following:

Code

Meaning

01

The AREA already has a MADS I/O timing ADS.

02

An error occurred during the second CI update.

03

This IMS is connected to the different list structure.

System action

IMS stops this ADS internally.

System programmer response

After the MADS I/O timing condition ends, run the create utility to make a new ADS.

Module:

DBFMLBIO

**DFS1555E MADS I/O TIMING PROCESSING
ERROR FOR AREA *areaname*
DDN=*ddname* RC=*xx***

Explanation

IMS detected an error during MADS I/O timing. The reason code indicates the cause of the failure. In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

xx

Indicates one of the following reasons:

Reason code (hex)

Meaning

01

The number of updated CIs in this AREA exceeded 1000, or the MADSIOT structure entry reached the limit of 1000.

02

The allowable number of AREA exceeded 63.

03

The MADS I/O timing did not terminate within 60 seconds.

04

A MADS I/O timing condition was detected during recovery.

05

A read error occurred during recovery.

06

A write error occurred during recovery.

07

A lock failure occurred during recovery.

08

A logical error occurred during recovery.

09

Shutdown was initiated during MADS I/O timing.

0A

A read error was detected on the MADS I/O timing ADS.

0B

The MADS I/O timing owner was not found in the structure.

0C

The DMHR buffer was not obtained for recovery.

0D

ADS was stopped by data sharer at the beginning of recovery.

0E

DBRC returned a nonzero return code. DBRC might not have marked ADS as stopped.

0F

IRLM returned a nonzero return code. The ADS stop request was not sent to data sharers.

11

A deferred second CI refresh failed due to a second CI error.

13

The dummy read received a long busy error. ADS closes.

14

Long busy recovery received a long busy error or the second CI I/O received a long busy error. ADS closes.

System action

IMS stops this ADS internally.

Programmer response

Correct the problem and run the Create utility to make a new ADS.

**DFS1556E MADS I/O TIMING ISLLIST
REQUEST FAILED FOR AREA
areaname RC=rrrr RSN=ssss**

Explanation

An error occurred when IMS attempted handling the long busy structure.

areaname is the name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to. For descriptions of the event codes and *rrrr*, see the IXLLIST return and reason codes information. The first two bytes of the reason code, *rrrr*, are can be one of the following codes:

X'1001'

Request (WRITE) long busy owner if return code is greater than 8.

X'1002'

Request (WRITE) long busy entry if return code is equal to X'C' (DBFMLBIO CF_UPDT).

X'1003'

Request (WRITE) long busy entry if return code is greater than X'C' (DBFMLBIO CF_UPDT).

X'1004'

Request (WRITE) new owner ID if reason code is not equal to 0 or

IXLRSNCODESTATUSUNKNOWN

(DBFMLBIO LONG_BUSY_TKO).

X'1005'

Multiple entry case; request (WRITE) new owner ID if reason code is not equal to 0 or

IXLRSNCODESTATUSUNKNOWN

(DBFMLBIO LONG_BUSY_TKO).

X'3001'

Locking first list header; non-zero return code (DBFMLBRO RECOVERY_PHASE1).

X'3002'

Resetting lock on first list header; non-zero return code (DBFMLBRO RECOVERY_PHASE1).

X'3003'

A DELETE_LIST request received a non-zero return code. DELETE or DELETE_ENTRYLIST is retried when

RSN=IXLRSNTIMEOUT

(DBFMLBRO RECOVERY_PHASE3).

X'3004'

A request to delete owner entry received a non-zero return code (DBFMLBRO RECOVERY_PHASE3).

X'3005'

A READ_LIST request received a non-zero return code. The request is retried when

RSN=IXLRSNTIMEOUT

(DBFMLBRO RECOVERY_PHASE3).

For X'1nnn' reason codes, this message is issued by DBFMLBIO; for X'3nnn' reason codes, it is issued by DBFMLBRO.

System action

IMS stops this ADS internally during IMS MADS I/O timing.

Programmer response

If the ADS stopped, run the Create utility to make a new ADS.

Module:

DBFMLBIO, DBFMLBRO

**DFS1558I MADS I/O TIMING ENDED FOR
AREA areaname DDN=ddname**

Explanation

MADS I/O timing ended successfully. In the message text:

areaname

The name of the area that the long busy ADS belongs to.

ddname

The data description name of the long busy ADS that is registered in the RECON data set.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS1559I MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE
REBUILD INITIATED, RSN=rr**

Explanation

The rebuild of the long busy structure was initiated. *rr* indicates the cause for initiating the rebuild and can be one of the following codes:

Reason code

Explanation

01

An error occurred in the coupling facility.

02

A link error was detected.

03

Operator entered the rebuild command.

System action

The MADS I/O timing function is suspended while a rebuild is in progress. After the rebuild completes successfully, the MADS I/O timing function continues normally. If the rebuild failed, MADS I/O timing function is disabled.

Operator response

Ensure that the rebuild completes successfully. Notify the system programmer if a problem occurs during the rebuild. If the rebuild fails, contact the system programmer to determine why.

DFS1560I	SC=08 THE PDNAME SPECIFIED ON THE SYSMMSG= KEYWORD ON THE PDB STATEMENT DOES NOT EXIST IN THE PD STATEMENTS WITHIN THIS PDB.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Partition Descriptor (PD) statement name, specified on the SYSMMSG keyword, was not found as a label (name) on any Partition Descriptor (PD) statement within this Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) definition.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Make sure that the PD statement name on the SYSMMSG keyword corresponds to a name on a PD statement.

Severity:
8

DFS1561I	SC=08 THE VIEWPORT POSITION AND WIDTH FOR PD STATEMENT (pdname) DOES NOT FIT ON THE SCREEN SPECIFIED BY THE PDB
-----------------	--

Explanation

The width of the screen required for this viewport exceeded the LUSIZE width specification on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement. This error occurs when the number of PELS or COLS, calculated by adding the viewport's offset from the left of the

screen and the number of columns (width) of the viewport, is greater than the number of PELS or COLS specified on the LUSIZE keyword.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and validation of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement continues.

Programmer response

Make sure the dimensions of the viewport and its offsets (location on the screen) do not exceed the LUSIZE values.

Severity:
8

DFS1562I	SC=08 THE VIEWPORT POSITION AND DEPTH FOR PD STATEMENT (pdname) DOES NOT FIT ON THE SCREEN SPECIFIED BY THE PDB
-----------------	--

Explanation

The total depth of the screen required for this viewport exceeded the depth specified on the LUSIZE keyword on the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) statement. This error occurs when the number of PELS or COLS, calculated by adding the viewport's offset from the top of the screen and the number of rows (depth) of the viewport, is greater than the number of PELS or COLS specified on the LUSIZE keyword.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and validation of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement continues.

Programmer response

Make sure the dimensions of the viewport and its offsets (location on the screen) do not exceed the LUSIZE value.

Severity:
8

DFS1563I	SC=08 THE AREA ON THE DISPLAY SPECIFIED FOR THE VIEWPORTS ON PD STATEMENTS (pdname and pdname) OVERLAP.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The size and location specifications of the viewport on the named Partition Descriptor (PD) statements caused the VIEWPORTS to overlap.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and validation of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Correct the size and location specifications of the viewport on the named PD statements to eliminate overlap.

Severity:
8

DFS1564I	SC=08 DUPLICATE PD NAME (pdname) DETECTED ON THE PD STATEMENTS WITHIN THIS PDB
-----------------	---

Explanation

Duplicate Partition Descriptor (PD) statement names must not be used within a Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) definition.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Make sure that each PD statement within a PDB definition has a unique name.

Severity:
8

DFS1565I	SC=04 WARNING - PD STATEMENT (pdname) CANNOT BE CHECKED FOR OVERLAP WITH OTHER VIEWPORTS DUE TO CELLSIZE = ZERO
-----------------	--

Explanation

The identified viewport might overlap with other VIEWPORTS. VIEWPORTS are checked for possible overlapping with other VIEWPORTS on the screen. However, when CELLSIZE is specified as zero, the viewport size is unknown and cannot be compared with the size of other VIEWPORTS.

System action

A return code of 4 is set, and processing of the Partition Descriptor (PD) statement continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Severity:
4

DFS1566I	SC=12 PDB DOES NOT SPECIFY LUDEFN=PELS, BUT VARIABLE CELL SIZES EXIST IN PD STATEMENTS. THIS IS INVALID.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Unless LUDEFN=PELS is specified, the cell size of every Partition Descriptor (PD) statement within the Partition Descriptor Block (PDB) must be the same. At least two different cell sizes were detected.

System action

A return code of 12 is set, and processing of the PD statement continues.

Programmer response

Either specify the viewport offsets in pels, or ensure that cell sizes are the same on all PD statements.

Severity:
12

DFS1567I	MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE REBUILD COMPLETED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The rebuild of the structure for multiple area data sets (MADS) I/O timing completed successfully.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS1568E	MADS I/O TIMING STRUCTURE REBUILD FAILED, RSN=rr
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the IMS systems failed to participate in the rebuild of the structure for multiple area data sets (MADS) I/O timing. The reason code indicates the cause of the failure.

Codes
Explanation

01
This IMS connected to the structure, but another IMS failed to connect to the structure.

This IMS cannot connect to the structure.

System action

MADS I/O timing function is disabled.

Programmer response

Correct the problem and issue a **/START MADSIOT** command from an IMS (not the one that issued the message) to restart MADS I/O timing. If the problem cannot be corrected, stop the IMS that generated the error and issue the **/START MADSIOT** command.

DFS1569I	SC=08 PDB= WAS SPECIFIED ON THE DEV STATEMENT, BUT PD= IS NOT SPECIFIED ON THE DPAGE STATEMENT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When partitioning is used, the DEV statement must specify the PDB keyword and the DPAGE statement must specify the PD keyword.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

If partitioning is used, specify the PDB keyword on the DEV statement and the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement. Otherwise, remove both keywords from these statements, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1570I	SC=08 PD= WAS SPECIFIED ON THE DPAGE STATEMENT, BUT PDB= IS NOT SPECIFIED ON THE DEV STATEMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

When partitioning is used, the DEV statement must specify the PDB keyword, and the DPAGE statement must specify the PD keyword.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

If partitioning is used, specify the PDB keyword on the DEV statement and the PD keyword on the DPAGE statement. Otherwise, remove both keywords from these statements, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1571I	SC=08 ACTVPID= WAS SPECIFIED ON THE DPAGE STATEMENT, BUT PDB= IS NOT SPECIFIED ON THE DEV STATEMENT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ACTVPID keyword can be specified on the DPAGE statement only when the PDB keyword is specified on the DEV statement.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

If partitioning is used, specify the PDB keyword on the DEV statement. Otherwise, remove the ACTVPID keyword from the DPAGE statement, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1572I	SC=08 PDB= WAS SPECIFIED ON THE DEV STATEMENT, BUT THERE ARE NO DPAGE STATEMENTS.
-----------------	--

**THERE MUST BE AT LEAST ONE
DPAGE.**

Explanation

The PDB keyword can be specified on the DEV statement only if at least one DPAGE statement has been defined.

System action

A return code of 8 is set, and processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

If partitioning is used, verify that the PDB keyword is specified on the DEV statement, define at least one DPAGE statement, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1573I SC=04 THE PRESENTATION SPACE
VALUE EXCEEDS 32767. VALUE
ALTERED TO 32767.**

Explanation

The rows or columns specification exceeded 32767; the value was set to 32767.

System action

Processing continues with the next DEV, MSG, or FMT definition.

Programmer response

Ensure that the rows and columns specifications do not exceed 32767, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

2, 8, 16

Severity:

4

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1586I SC=04 MIXED DATA FIELD
SPANNING LINES MIGHT RESULT
IN DATA TRUNCATION**

Explanation

When DBCS data in a DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field starts on an even boundary and continues on the next line, MFS replaces the last character with a blank and prints the last DBCS character at the beginning of the next line. As a result, one print position is lost on each line and one character is truncated from each line.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Split the DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field into two fields, if necessary; then rerun the job.

**DFS1587I SC=04 EGCS FIELD SPECIFIED ON
AN EVEN COLUMN**

Explanation

This is a warning message. An EGCS field was specified on an even column. Some devices require that extended graphic character set data be specified on an odd column. The first column of a line is column 1.

System action

The POS specification is accepted unchanged, and processing continues.

Programmer response

If the specification is in error, correct the column specification on the POS keyword and rerun the job, if necessary. If the format is designed for the IBM 5550 family, you can ignore this message.

**DFS1588I SC=04 SO/SI CREATION
SUPERCEDED EGCS FIELD**

Explanation

MIX or MIXS was specified together with EGCS'hh'. The MIX or MIXS value has priority over the EGCS'hh' value.

System action

IMS ignores the EGCS value, and uses the device default.

Programmer response

If the DFLD statement defines an EGCS or a DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field, either correct the keyword and rerun the job, or accept the device default value.

DFS1589I SC=04 OUTL'hh', BOX, RIGHT, LEFT, OVER, UNDER EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The field outlining keywords specified on the DFLD statement were mutually exclusive.

System action

MFS uses the field outlining function specified first.

Programmer response

If you do not want to use the default, correct the field outlining specification; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1590I SC=04 OUTL VALUE SHOULD BE X'00' to X'0F', X'00' ASSUMED.

Explanation

The field outlining value specified on the OUTL'hh' keyword was not a number between X'00' and X'0F'.

System action

MFS uses the default value X'00'.

Programmer response

If you do not want to use the default value, correct the field outlining specification; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1591I SC=08 SO CONTROL CHARACTER IS OPEN

Explanation

A DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal contained an unpaired SO control character.

System action

MFS does not create the MOD/MID or DOF/DIF blocks.

Programmer response

Correct the DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal and rerun the job.

DFS1592I SC=08 THERE IS A REDUNDANT TRAILING SI CHARACTER

Explanation

A DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal contained a duplicate closing SI control character

System action

MFS does not create the MOD/MID or DOF/DIF blocks.

Programmer response

Correct the DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal and rerun the job.

DFS1593I SC=08 FIELD OUTLINING INVALID FOR 3270P DEVICE TYPE

Explanation

Field outlining was specified for a 3270P on a DFLD statement, but was not valid for device type 3270P.

System action

MFS ignores the field outlining specification.

Programmer response

Correct the device type or remove the field outlining specification from the DFLD statement; then rerun the job.

DFS1594I SC=08 MIX, MIXD, MIXS, MIX'nn', MIXS'nn' ARE EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

MIX, MIXD, MIXS, MIX'nn', and MIXS'nn' are mutually exclusive keywords, but more than one was specified on a DFLD statement.

System action

MFS does not create the DOF/DIF blocks.

Programmer response

Specify only one of these keywords on the DFLD statement; then rerun the job.

DFS1595I SC=04 MAXIMUM VALUE FOR MIX/MIXS'nn' is 31, DEFAULT SET AS xx

Explanation

The value specified on the MIX/MIXS'nn' keyword exceeded the maximum of 31; xx is used as the default.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If the default MIX/MIXS'nn' value is not sufficient, correct the value; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1596I	SC=04 DEFAULT CALCULATED IS xx FOR MIX/MIXS
-----------------	--

Explanation

MFS calculated the default for MIX/MIXS as xx.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If the default MIX/MIXS'nn' value is not sufficient, correct the value; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1597I	SC=04 MIXD INVALID FOR MIXED MODE LITERAL FOR SCS1
-----------------	---

Explanation

The MIXD keyword specified on a DFLD statement for a DBCS/EBCDIC mixed literal field was invalid for an SCS1 printer.

System action

MFS ignores the keyword MIXD and continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the device type or the keyword; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1598I	SC=04 MIXS and MIX/MIXS WITH 'nn' VALID ONLY FOR TYPE=SCS1
-----------------	---

Explanation

MIXS or MIX/MIXS'nn' was specified for a device other than an SCS1 printer, but is valid only for the SCS1 printer.

System action

MFS ignores the invalid keyword and continues processing.

Programmer response

Remove the MIXS or MIX/MIXS'nn' specification from the DFLD statement; then rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1599I	SC=08 MIXED MODE LITERAL CONTAINS DBCS STRING WITH ODD LENGTH
-----------------	--

Explanation

Odd length DBCS data was specified in a DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal, but DBCS data must be even length.

Programmer response

MFS does not create MOD/MID and DOF/DIF blocks.

Programmer response

Correct the DBCS/EBCDIC mixed field literal and rerun the job.

DFS1600I	SC=08 PFK= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program function key specification for this device type is not valid; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or PFK=, and rerun the job.

Chapter 35. DFS messages, DFS1601I - DFS1650I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1601I	SC=08 PEN= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PEN= specification conflicted with the device type; the PEN= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove PEN=, and rerun the job.

DFS1602I	SC=08 CARD= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CARD= specification conflicted with the device type; the CARD= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove CARD=, and rerun the job.

DFS1603I	SC=08 FTAB= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FTAB= specification conflicted with the device type; the FTAB= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove FTAB=, and rerun the job.

DFS1604I	SC=08 LDEL= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LDEL= specification conflicted with the device type; the LDEL= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove LDEL=, and rerun the job.

DFS1605I	SC=08 DSCA= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DSCA= specification conflicted with the device type; the DSCA= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove DSCA=, and rerun the job.

DFS1606I	SC=08 MODE= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The MODE= specification conflicted with the device type; the MODE= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove MODE=, and rerun the job.

DFS1607I	SC=08 PAGE= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PAGE= specification conflicted with the device type; the PAGE= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove PAGE=, and rerun the job.

DFS1608I	SC=08 FORMS= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FORMS= specification conflicted with the device type; the FORMS= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove FORMS=, and rerun the job.

DFS1609I	SC=08 SYSMMSG= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SYSMMSG= specification conflicted with the device type; the SYSMMSG= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove SYSMMSG=, and rerun the job.

DFS1610I	SC=08 FEAT=IGNORE IS THE ONLY ALLOWABLE SPECIFICATION FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

FEAT= specification can only be IGNORE for this device type; IGNORE was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Examine the conflicting statements, correct the error, and rerun the job.

DFS1611I	SC=08 FEAT=VALUE(S) SPECIFIED INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FEAT= specification conflicted with the device type; the FEAT= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or respecify FEAT=, and rerun the job.

DFS1612I	SC=08 PAGE=EJECT PARAMETER(S) INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PAGE= specification conflicted with the device type; the PAGE= specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct DEV or remove PAGE=, and rerun the job.

DFS1613I	SC=08 FEAT=PFK FORCED FOR PFK= SPECIFICATION
-----------------	---

Explanation

FEAT=PFK was not specified, although PFK= was; FEAT=PFK was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1614I	SC=08 FEAT=PEN FORCED FOR PEN= SPECIFICATION
-----------------	---

Explanation

FEAT=PEN was not specified, although PEN= was; FEAT=PEN was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1615I	SC=08 FEAT=CARD FORCED FOR CARD= SPECIFICATION
-----------------	---

Explanation

FEAT=CARD was not specified although CARD= was; FEAT=CARD was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1616I	SC=08 FEAT=PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The features specified cannot coexist; they were accepted in the order of occurrence.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Select the wanted features, and rerun the job.

DFS1617I	SC=04 PEN=FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

PEN= field name exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1618I	SC=08 PEN=FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

No field name was supplied for PEN= specification; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply a field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1619I	SC=04 PFK=(FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

PFK= field name exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1620I	SC=08 PFK=(FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

No field name was provided for PFK= specification; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply a field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1621I	SC=04 CARD=FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

CARD= field name exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1622I	SC=08 CARD=FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

No field name was supplied for CARD= specification; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply a field name, and rerun the job.

DFS1623I	SC=04 DSCA=X 'HEXSTRING', HEXSTRING TRUNCATED TO 4 HEX DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DSCA= string was greater than 4 hexadecimal digits; the first 4 hexadecimal digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Limit the DSCA= string to 4 hexadecimal digits, and rerun the job.

DFS1624I	SC=08 DSCA=X 'HEXSTRING', HEXSTRING HAS NO CHARACTERS. X'0000' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

No string was provided for the DSCA=X specification; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DSCA=, and rerun the job.

DFS1625I	SC=04 DSCA=nnnn, nnnn TRUNCATED TO LAST 15 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DSCA= *integer* exceeded 15 digits; the last 15 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DSCA= *integer*, and rerun the job.

DFS1626I	SC=04 DSCA=nnnn, nnnn HAS NO DIGITS. DSCA=0 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DSCA= specification had no digits; it was set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DSCA= *integer*, and rerun the job.

DFS1627I	SC=04 FORMS='LITERAL' EXCEEDS 16 CHARACTERS. FIRST 16 CHARACTERS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FORMS= literal specified exceeded 16 characters in length; the first 16 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the FORMS= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1628I	SC=04 PAGE=nnnn EXCEEDS 255. 255 USED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PAGE= *value* exceeded the allowed limit of 255 lines. A value of 255 lines was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PAGE= *value* on the DEV statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS1629I SC=04 PAGE=nnnn, nnnn
TRUNCATED TO 4 DIGITS**

Explanation

The PAGE= *value* exceeded 4 digits; the last 4 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PAGE= *value*, and rerun the job.

**DFS1630I SC=04 PAGE=(nnnn, nnnn HAS NO
DIGITS. PAGE=55 USED**

Explanation

Number of lines in PAGE= specification of DEV statement was null; 55 was used.

System action

Processing continues with next source item.

Programmer response

If number of lines other than 55 is wanted, correct the specification and rerun the job.

**DFS1631I SC=04 FORMS='LITERAL', LITERAL
HAS NO CHARACTERS. 4 BLANKS
USED**

Explanation

The FORMS= *literal* was null; four blanks were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the FORMS= *literal*, and rerun the job.

**DFS1632I SC=04 SYSMMSG=FIELDNAME,
FIELDNAME TRUNCATED TO 8
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The SYSMMSG= field name exceeded eight characters; the first eight characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the SYSMMSG= field name, and rerun the job.

**DFS1633I SC=08 SYSMMSG=FIELDNAME,
FIELDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS**

Explanation

SYSMMSG= did not specify a field name; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the SYSMMSG= field name, and rerun the job.

**DFS1634I SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,
LINENO HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE
OF 1 USED**

Explanation

The line number parameter of the CURSOR= specification was blank (null); a value of one was assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

**DFS1635I SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,
LINENO EXCEEDS 3 DIGITS. LAST
3 USED**

Explanation

The line number parameter of the CURSOR= specification exceeded 3 digits; it was truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1636I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO, LINENO VALUE EXCEEDS PHYSICAL PAGE LIMITS FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE. LIMIT VALUE USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The line number parameter of the CURSOR= specification exceeded device limitations. The lines maximum for the device type was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the CURSOR= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1637I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,COLNO, COLNO HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 2 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The column number parameter of the CURSOR= had no digits; the value of 2 was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1638I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,COLNO, COLNO EXCEEDS 3 DIGITS. LAST 3 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The column number parameter of the CURSOR= specification exceeded 3 digits; it was truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1639I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,COLNO, COLNO EXCEEDS DEVICE
-----------------	--

CAPACITY. DEVICE CAPACITY LIMIT USED

Explanation

The column number parameter of the CURSOR= specification exceeded device limitation. The maximums of the column for the device type was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the CURSOR= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1640I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO,COLNO, FIELDNAME, FIELDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS. FIELDNAME IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The field name parameter of the CURSOR= specification is null; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Specify field name, if desired, and rerun job.

DFS1641I	SC=08 CURSOR=((LINENO, COLNO,FIELDNAME,FIELDNAME, TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The field name parameter of the CURSOR= specification exceeds eight characters; it is truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the field name again, and rerun the job.

DFS1642I	SC=08 COND=(OFFSET, OFFSET HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 0 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The offset value of the COND= specification has no digits; it is set to 0.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1643I	SC=08 COND=(OFFSET, OFFSET TRUNCATED TO LAST 5 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The offset value of the COND= specification exceeds five digits; it is truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the value again, and rerun the job.

DFS1644I	SC=08 COND=(OFFSET,OPER,'LITERAL', LITERAL HAS NO CHARACTERS. SINGLE BLANK USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The literal parameter of the COND= specification is null; a blank is used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the desired literal again, and rerun the job.

DFS1645I	SC=08 CURSOR= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CURSOR= specification conflicts with the device type specified; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1646I	SC=08 COND= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COND= specification conflicts with the device type specified; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1647I	SC=08 SELECT= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SELECT= specification conflicts with the device type specified; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1648I	SC=08 ORIGIN= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ORIGIN= specification conflicts with the device type specified; it is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1649I	SC=08 MULT= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The MULT= specification was in conflict with the device type specified; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1650I	SC=08 FILL= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR DEVICE OR DIVTYPE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FILL= specification was in conflict with the device type or DIVTYPE specified. FILL= is not permitted for DIV=INPUT or DEVTYPE=3600; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflict, and rerun the job.

Chapter 36. DFS messages, DFS1651I - DFS1700I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1651I **SC=04 MULTIPLE POS=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

Only one POS= parameter is allowable in a DFLD statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the POS= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1652I **SC=04 MULTIPLE LTH=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

Only one LTH= parameter is allowable on a DFLD statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the LTH= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1653I **SC=04 MULTIPLE ATTR=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

Only one ATTR= parameter is allowable in a DFLD statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the ATTR= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1654I **SC=04 MULTIPLE PEN=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

Only one PEN= parameter is allowable in a DFLD statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PEN= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1655I **SC=04 MULTIPLE OPCTL=
KEYWORDS INVALID**

Explanation

Only one OPCTL= parameter is allowable in a DFLD statement; the second one was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the OPCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1656I **SC=08 POS=(///, /// TRUNCATED TO
LAST 3 DIGITS**

Explanation

The POS=/// specification exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the POS= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1657I **SC=08 EATTR=(parm1,parm2),
PARMS CONTAIN MUTUALLY
EXCLUSIVE SPECIFICATIONS**

Explanation

Within the EATTR= specification there were conflicting parameters.

System action

Attributes are accepted and set in their order of occurrence. The second parameter (*parm2*) was not accepted. Processing continues with the next parameter.

Programmer response

Select the attributes you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1658I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>, <i>lll</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS=*lll* parameter had no digits; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1659I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i>, <i>ccc</i> TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The POS= column number exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the column you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1660I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i> <i>ccc</i> OUTSIDE DEFINED LINE BOUNDARIES FOR DEVICE. <i>ccc</i> ADJUSTED TO LINE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The POS= column number falls outside the defined line boundaries for the device. Values that fall to the left of the line are reset to the device left margin value +1. Values that fall to the right of the line are reset to the device right margin value (-1 for DEV TYPE=3270P or 274X).

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Respecify the POS= keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1661I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i> <i>ccc</i> HAS NO DIGITS. DEVICE LEFT MARGIN VALUE +1 IS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= column number had no digits; it was set to the left margin value +1 for the specified device.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the POS= keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1662I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i>,<i>ppp</i>, <i>ppp</i> TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= page number exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the page number you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1663I	SC=08 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i>,<i>ppp</i>, <i>ppp</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= page number had no digits; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the page number you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1664I	SC=08 POS=<i>nnn</i>, <i>nnn</i> TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The POS= number exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1665I	SC=08 POS=<i>nnn</i>, <i>nnn</i> HAS NO DIGITS. LEFT MARGIN VALUE USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= number had no digits. It was set to the left margin value for the device.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the value, and rerun the job.

DFS1666I	SC=08 LTH=<i>nnnn</i>, <i>nnnn</i> TRUNCATED TO LAST 4 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= specification exceeded 4 digits; the last 4 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1667I	SC=08 LTH=<i>nnn</i>, <i>nnn</i> HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTH= specification had no digits; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1668I	SC=08 ATTR=(<i>parms</i>), PARMS CONTAINS MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE SPECIFICATIONS
-----------------	--

Explanation

Within the ATTR= specification there were conflicting parameters. Attributes were accepted, and set in their order of occurrence.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the attributes, and rerun the job.

DFS1669I	SC=08 PEN='LITERAL', LITERAL HAS NO CHARACTERS. ' ' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PEN= *literal* was null; it was set to a blank.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1670I	SC=04 OPCTL=TABLENAME, TABLENAME TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OPCTL= *tablename* exceeded 8 characters in length; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the *tablename* specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1671I	SC=08 OPCTL=TABLENAME, TABLENAME HAS NO CHARACTERS. OPCTL FUNCTION NEGATED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OPCTL= *tablename* was null; OPCTL= was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply the table name you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1672I	SC=08 POS=(lll,ccc, ccc DEFAULTED TO DEVICE LEFT MARGIN VALUE +1
-----------------	---

Explanation

The POS= column is set to the left margin value +1, if MODE=RECORD and no POS= column number was specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1673I	SC=08 POS=nnn REQUIRED FOR STREAM MODE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The record mode form of the DFLD POS= keyword was given when MODE=STREAM; the form POS=nnn is required. The next available stream position or the left margin value was used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the MODE= keyword of the DEV statement or the POS= keyword of the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1674I	SC=08 LTH=nnn OMITTED. DEFAULTED TO LTH=1
-----------------	--

Explanation

No LTH= parameter was specified for this DFLD; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the LTH= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1675I	SC=08 DFLD MUST HAVE DFLDNAME/LITERAL/SCA OR PASSWORD
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following DFLDNAME/LITERAL/SCA or PASSWORD must be specified for the DFLD statement.

System action

The fixed name of DFLD ITB is set to TEMPNAME.

Programmer response

Correct the DFLDNAME/LITERAL/SCA or PASSWORD specification, and resubmit the job.

DFS1676I	SC=08 LITERAL SPECIFICATION INCOMPATIBLE WITH DFLDNAME
-----------------	---

Explanation

The literal type DFLD statements might not be labeled.

System action

The literal is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the label or the literal from the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1677I	SC=08 PASSWORD SPECIFICATION INCOMPATIBLE WITH DFLDNAME
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DFLD statement, reserved for password input, might not be labeled.

System action

The label is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the password specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1678I	SC=08 keyword=operand INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The operand on the specified keyword is not allowed for the device type specified by the TYPE= operand of the DEV statement.

System action

The keyword operand is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the operand, or correct the DEV TYPE= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1679I	SC=08 ATTR=(parms) INVALID FOR THIS DEVICE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ATTR=(parms) is valid only for 3270 display device types; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV/DFLD specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1680I	SC=08 PEN= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR THIS DEVICE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PEN= specification was invalid for this device type; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV/DFLD specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1681I	SC=08 PASSWORD INVALID FOR THIS DEV DIV TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PASSWORD parameter was in conflict with the DEV/DIV combination specified; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the PASSWORD conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1682I	SC=08 OPCTL= INVALID FOR THIS DEV DIV TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OPCTL= parameter was in conflict with the DEV/DIV combination specified; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the OPCTL= conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1683I	SC=08 ATTR= INVALID FOR DEV DIV TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ATTR= parameter was in conflict with the DEV/DIV combination specified; it was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the ATTR= conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1684I	SC=08 LITERAL INVALID FOR THIS DEV DIV TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DFLD literal specification was in conflict with the DEV/DIV combination specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the literal conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1685I	SC=04 DSCA=NUMBER, NUMBER EXCEEDS 65535. 0 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DSCA=integer exceeded 65535; it was set to zero.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DSCA= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1686I	SC=04 BRANCH TO LABEL, TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IF statement labels cannot exceed 8 characters; it was truncated.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the branch to label, and rerun the job.

DFS1687I	SC=08 BRANCH TO LABEL HAS NO CHARACTERS. 'NOFUNC' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IF statement branch to label was null; it was set to NOFUNC.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the branch to label, and rerun the job.

DFS1688I	SC=04 COMPARAND LITERAL TRUNCATED TO 255 CHARACTERS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The comparand literal exceeded 255 characters; the first 255 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1689I	SC=08 COMPARAND LITERAL HAS NO TEXT ' ' USED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The comparand literal specified was null; it was set to one blank.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1690I	SC=08 LENGTH COMPARAND TRUNCATED TO 3 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length comparand exceeded 3 digits; the last 3 digits were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1691I	SC=08 LENGTH COMPARAND HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length comparand parameter was null; it was set to 1.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1692I	SC=08 POS=(///, /// DEFAULTED TO 1
-----------------	---

Explanation

POS=/// was set to 1 if MODE=RECORD, and no POS= parameter is specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1693I	SC=16 PERMANENT I/O ERROR UPDATING REFERAL LIBRARY. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to open the REFERAL data set, or an I/O error occurred while writing a block to the IMS REFERAL library.

System action

All writes to the IMS REFERAL library are suppressed. Processing continues with syntax checking only.

Programmer response

Ensure that a DD statement is present and its specifications are correct. If a hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job.

DFS1694I	SC=16 INSUFFICIENT DIRECTORY SPACE FOR UPDATE OF REFERAL LIBRARY. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred when no space was left in the REFERAL directory. The block could not be added or replaced.

System action

Processing continues with syntax checking only.

Programmer response

Specify a larger quantity of space. Recreate the IMS REFERAL library, and rerun the job.

DFS1695I	SC=20 PERMANENT I/O ERROR WRITING SYSTEXT DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

Issuing format or message control statements, or both, resulted in a permanent I/O error on the SYSTEXT data set.

System action

Processing terminates with a forced EOF.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement is present, and its specifications are correct. If a hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job.

DFS1696I	SC=04 MESSAGE 'mmmmmmmm' REASSIGNED TO FORMAT 'fffff'
-----------------	--

Explanation

A message was removed from a prior format set and chained to the new format set.

System action

Processing continues as before.

Programmer response

Ensure that the new SOR=name is valid.

DFS1697I	SC=12 REDEFINITION OF BLOCK 'bbbbbbbb' ATTEMPTED, REFERAL UPDATE ABORTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A block with the name *bbbbbbbb* exists on the IMS REFERAL library, but its name and type do not correspond.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Correct the possibly wrong block name, or, if valid, scratch the old block; then rerun the source statements.

DFS1698I	SC=16 I/O ERROR WHILE PROCESSING DIRECTORY OF REFERAL LIBRARY. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was unable to open the REFERAL data set to process the directory entries, or an I/O error occurred while reading directory blocks.

System action

All processing involving the IMS REFERAL library is suppressed, and processing continues with syntax checking only.

Programmer response

Determine the nature of the I/O error, correct it, and rerun the job.

DFS1699I	SC=16 REFERAL LIBRARY DIRECTORY CONTENTS INVALID. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS encountered an invalid directory entry while processing the directory of the IMS REFERAL library.

System action

All processing involving the IMS REFERAL library is suppressed, and processing continues with syntax checking only.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper DD statement is present with the valid library before performing problem determination.

Problem determination

Run the MFS Service utility RELATE function, and include 11, 16.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1700I	SC=08 NO SEARCH TARGET LABEL EXISTS FOR IF STATEMENT WITH THE FOLLOWING LABEL: <i>label</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The label specified for conditional processing within this table was not valid.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the label for the appropriate condition chaining, and rerun the job.

Chapter 37. DFS messages, DFS1701I - DFS1750I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1701I	SC=04 FORMAT <i>ffffff</i> HAS NO MESSAGES AND REQUIRES FURTHER COMPILATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

FORMAT SET is incomplete; no valid message block was found.

System action

The FMT block is stored in the referral library. Processing continues with the next FMT set, if any. If there is at least one valid FMT set at the end of the preprocessor phase, control is given to phase 1. Otherwise, control is returned to z/OS.

Programmer response

Specify a valid input and output message block, and rerun **FORMAT SET**.

DFS1702I	SC=04 MESSAGE <i>mmmmmmmm</i> HAS NO FORMAT AND REQUIRES FURTHER COMPILATION
-----------------	---

Explanation

FORMAT SET is incomplete; no valid format block was found.

System action

Message blocks are stored in the referral library. Processing continues with the next FMT set, if any. If there is at least one valid FMT set at the end of the preprocessor phase, control is given to phase 1. Otherwise, control is returned to z/OS.

Programmer response

Specify a format block, and rerun **FORMAT SET**.

DFS1703I	SC=08 FILL=PT INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE C' ' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

DPAGE FILL=PT is valid only for 3270 video devices, for all others it is invalid and a blank is assumed.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV/DPAGE, and rerun the job.

DFS1704I	SC=04 IF LABEL TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IF statement was encountered whose label exceeded 8 characters; the first 8 characters were used.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the label and references, and rerun the job.

DFS1705I	SC=08 DO COUNT OF 0. VALUE OF 1 ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The count omitted from MFLD or DFLD DO statement; a count of 1 was used.

System action

Processing continues with next source item.

Programmer response

Specify the count, and rerun the job.

DFS1706I	SC=08 ATTR=<i>operand</i> INVALID IF LITERAL SPECIFIED ON MFLD STATEMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

Use of attribute bytes in a field was in conflict with the specification of a literal for that field. The ATTR=*operand* specification was ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next source item.

Programmer response

Correct the MFLD statement; omit the specification not wanted. Then rerun the job.

DFS1707I	SC=08 LTH=nnnn, nnnn EXCEEDS 8000. 8000 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFLD field length exceeded maximum of 8000. 8000 was used.

Programmer response

Correct the length, and rerun the job.

DFS1708I	SC=04 STATEMENT LABEL TOO LONG
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

Statement label exceeded 8 characters. No action was taken at this time. Labels with a specific use can be further diagnosed.

Programmer response

Correct label, and rerun the job, if necessary.

DFS1709I	SC=04 NO FTAB CHARACTERS DEFINED FOR 3600 DEVICE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The 3600 device does not have predefined FTAB characters, and no user FTAB characters were specified.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify field tab characters if wanted, and rerun the job.

DFS1710A	AREA <i>areaname</i> TRIED TO CONNECT TO STR: <i>structure_name</i> WRITE ERROR EEQE RBA 0 FOUND- RECOVERY NEEDED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A new structure was being connect to this area. There were I/O toleration data on the last structure connected as indicated by the write error EEQE at RBA 0. Those data were lost and the area must to be recovered.

In the message text:

areaname
The name of the area being connected

structure_name
The name of the new structure

System action

After disconnecting from the new structure, the area is stopped and mark recovery needed.

Programmer response

Ensure the area data set (ADS) is marked unavailable.

Run the database recovery utility to recover the lost data and delete the EEQE.

DFS1711I	SC=16 DISP=SHR INVALID FOR DDNAME=REFOUT. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS REFERAL was to be altered, but either DISP=SHR or DD DUMMY was specified or the DD statement for REFOUT was missing.

System action

The MFS Utility Preprocessor phase continues input scan for syntax errors. No descriptions are stored in the IMS REFERAL library. At the end of the input scan, the preprocessor returns to z/OS.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement in error, and resubmit the job.

DFS1712I	SC=04 MEMBER=mmmmmmmm NOT WRITTEN DUE TO INVALID REFERAL DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

Prior IMS REFERAL library errors resulted in the suppression of all processing involving the IMS REFERAL library. The member indicated was checked for valid syntax only.

System action

Processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the IMS REFERAL library error, check the source for syntax errors, and rerun the job.

DFS1713I	SC=16 BAD COMPLETION CODE FROM IEBCOPY SUBTASK COMPRESSION OF DDNAME=REFOUT. CONTINUING WITH SYNTAX CHECK ONLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected completion code was received from IEBCOPY when compression of the IMS REFERAL library was requested.

System action

The MFS Utility Preprocessor phase continues scanning the input for syntax errors. No descriptions are stored in the IMS REFERAL library. At the end of the input scan, the preprocessor returns to z/OS with the highest return code for the phase.

Programmer response:

3, 8, 12, 16, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1714I	SC=04 MULTIPLE SET/ONLINE/ OFFLINE SPECIFICATIONS IN HTAB= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

SET, ONLINE, or OFFLINE was specified more than once in a single HTAB= keyword.

System action

The first SET, ONLINE, or OFFLINE specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1715I	SC=04 MULTIPLE LEFT MARGIN SPECIFICATIONS IN HTAB= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

A left margin value was specified more than once in a single HTAB= keyword.

System action

The first left margin value is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1716I	SC=04 MULTIPLE HT= SPECIFICATIONS IN HTAB= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The HT= specification (tab stop values) was specified more than once in a single HTAB= keyword.

System action

The first HT= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1717I	SC=04 DSCA= KEYWORD HAS NO MEANING AND IS IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

At present, there are no DSCA-specified device functions defined for the device type specified.

System action

The DSCA= keyword is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the DSCA= keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1718I	SC=16 NO MEMBERS WRITTEN TO REFERAL LIBRARY. COMPILATION
-----------------	---

TERMINATES WITH CURRENT PHASE

Explanation

The IMS REFERAL library is input for the next phase of the compilation process, so if the current phase (preprocessor) does not modify the IMS REFERAL library, the next phase is not executed.

System action

Control is returned to z/OS following termination of the preprocessor phase of the utility.

Programmer response

Examine the preprocessor error messages and the value of the EXEC parameter STOPRC to determine why the members were not written to the IMS REFERAL library; then rerun the job.

DFS1719I	SC=08 NO VALID HORIZONTAL TAB STOPS SPECIFIED. HT= SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The HT= specification of the HTAB= keyword was specified, but the tab stop values were omitted or were all invalid.

System action

The HT= specification is ignored and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Respecify the HT= specification with valid horizontal tab stop values, and rerun the job.

DFS1720I	SC=04 MULTIPLE BOUND= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one BOUND= keyword is invalid on a single DO statement.

System action

The first BOUND= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1721I	SC=04 MULTIPLE SUF= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one SUF= keyword is invalid on a single DO statement.

System action

The first SUF= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1722I	SC=04 SUF=nn, NN EXCEEDS 2 DIGITS. LAST 2 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The suffix value specified on the DO statement exceeded 2 digits.

System action

The last 2 digits of the specified suffix value are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the suffix value with 2 or fewer digits.

DFS1723I	SC=04 SUF=nn, nn HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 01 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The suffix value was null.

System action

A suffix value of 01 is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid suffix value and rerun the job.

DFS1724I	SC=04 DO STATEMENT SUFFIX WILL EXCEED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIGITS. COUNT IS ADJUSTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified suffix value, when increased the number of times specified by the count, results in the generation of suffix values greater than 2 digits.

System action

The count is decreased such that the largest suffix generated is 2 digits, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Adjust the initial suffix value or count, and rerun the job.

DFS1725I	SC=04 BLANKS SPECIFIED AS LINE DELETE CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

Two blank characters were specified on the LDEL parameter. This situation forces the last 2 characters of a line to be nonblank for a valid line.

System action

The parameter is processed as specified.

Programmer response

Make sure that the LDEL specification is valid.

DFS1726I	SC=04 VERTICAL TABBING MAY NOT BE VALID IF EJECT (BGNPP) OR EJECT (BGNMSG) NOT SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Vertical tabbing only has meaning relative to the beginning of a new page. If the PAGE= parameter does not force a new page at either a new message or physical page, vertical tabbing might not be valid. Alternatively, all programs could specify EJECT (ENDMSG).

System action

The statement is processed as specified.

Programmer response

Verify that the vertical tab stops position the page correctly.

DFS1727I	MADS I/O TIMING FUNCTION RESUMED SUCCESSFULLY
-----------------	--

Explanation

The **/START MADSIOT** command completed successfully. All IMS systems resumed long busy toleration support.

System action

Long busy toleration support is activated.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS1728E	START MADSIOT COMMAND FAILED. RSN=rr
-----------------	---

Explanation

The **/START MADSIOT** command failed because one IMS was unable to participate in the MADS I/O timing structure. The reason code *rr* indicates the reason for failure:

Reason code Meaning

- 01** This IMS connected to the structure, but another IMS failed to connect to the structure.
- 02** This IMS cannot connect to the structure.

System action

MADS I/O timing is still disabled.

Programmer response

Correct the problem and reissue the **/START MADSIOT** command from an IMS (not the one that originated the message) to restart MADS I/O timing. If the problem cannot be corrected, stop the IMS that generated the error and reissue the **/START MADSIOT** command.

DFS1729I	AREA CLOSE FOR AREA areaname REJECTED DUE TO MADS I/O TIMING
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS is in MADS I/O timing mode or MADS I/O timing recovery mode and one of the following commands was entered:

/STOP AREA
/STOP ADS
/DBRECOVERY DB
/DBRECOVERY AREA

/VUNLOAD

areaname is the name of the area the command was issued against.

System action

IMS rejected the command issued against the area.

Operator response

Wait until recovery completes, then reissue the command.

DFS1730I	SC=04 STACK IDENTIFIER EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS. TRUNCATED TO 8 CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The identifier specified on the STACK or UNSTACK statement must be 8 or fewer characters in length.

System action

The stack identifier is truncated to 8 characters, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the stack identifier, check the corresponding STACK or UNSTACK statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1731I	SC=04 STACK IDENTIFIER HAS NO CHARACTERS. BLANKS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The preprocessor error recovery program has assumed a null identifier for the stack identifier.

System action

A stack identifier of eight blanks, indicating an unnamed stack, is used.

Programmer response

Validate the syntax of the STACK/UNSTACK statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1732I	SC=08 UNEXPECTED 'STACK OFF' STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A STACK OFF statement was encountered when stacking was not in progress.

System action

The STACK OFF statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Ensure that STACK ON and STACK OFF statements are balanced and that STACK statements are not nested.

DFS1733I	SC=08 NESTED 'STACK ON' STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A STACK ON statement was encountered while stacking was in progress for another STACK ON statement. Nested stacking is not allowed.

System action

The nested STACK ON statement is ignored, and stacking continues for the previous STACK ON statement.

Programmer response

Rearrange the source statements in the program so that nested stacking is not required, and rerun the job.

DFS1734I	SC=08 DUPLICATE STACK IDENTIFIER. PREVIOUS STACK DELETED; CURRENT STACK IN EFFECT
-----------------	--

Explanation

A STACK ON statement was encountered that specified the identifier of a stack that currently existed in real storage.

System action

The stack that currently exists in real storage is deleted, and stacking is initiated for the STACK ON statement encountered.

Programmer response

Specify unique identifiers for all stacks that currently exist in real storage.

DFS1735I	SC=08 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT CANNOT BE STACKED. 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An UNSTACK statement was encountered while stacking was in progress. Nested stacking is not allowed.

System action

The UNSTACK statement is ignored, and stacking continues for the current STACK ON statement.

Programmer response

Rearrange the source statements in the program so that nested stacking is not required, and rerun the job.

DFS1736I	SC=08 STACK NOT FOUND FOR IDENTIFIER SPECIFIED IN 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT. 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An UNSTACK statement identified a stack that was not currently in real storage.

System action

The UNSTACK statement is ignored and processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Validate the spelling of the stack identifier or specify the KEEP option on a previous UNSTACK statement with the same stack identifier.

DFS1737I	SC=08 STACK REQUESTED IN 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT IS EMPTY. 'UNSTACK' STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

You have attempted to create a stack but have not provided any records for the stack.

System action

The UNSTACK statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Ensure that at least one statement is included in the stack referenced by the UNSTACK statement.

DFS1738I	SC=08 MISSING 'STACK OFF' STATEMENT. EOD RECEIVED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A STACK OFF statement was not encountered for the corresponding STACK ON statement before the end of the input stream source was encountered.

System action

A STACK OFF statement is assumed, and termination processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine if the last stack is needed and, if wanted, rerun the job.

DFS1739I	SC=04 STACK 'ccccccc' WAS NOT DELETED
-----------------	--

Explanation

All stacks that were still in real storage when the preprocessor terminates were deleted.

System action

Termination processing continues.

Programmer response

To ensure that all stacks are deleted before termination processing, do not specify the KEEP option on the last UNSTACK statement for each stack.

DFS1740I	SC=08 DEV SPECIFICATION EXCEEDS DESIGN LIMITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The processing of this parameter can cause the DEV control block (DEVITB) to exceed the maximum design size. This situation normally only happens when you specify many long literals for PF keys. However, the check is made for FORMS literals, FTABS, horizontal tabs (HT), vertical tabs (VT), and all PF key specifications. The combined specification of these parameters in one DEV statement cannot exceed 4064 minus the basic size of the DEVITB (of approximately 100 bytes).

System action

Processing stops for the keyword that caused the message to be issued and continues with the next keyword.

Programmer response

Reduce the number and length of literals, or only specify the maximum allowed number of horizontal and vertical tabs, or both. Rerun the job.

DFS1741I	SC=04 MULTIPLE WIDTH= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one WIDTH= keyword is invalid on a single DEV statement.

System action

The first WIDTH= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1742I	SC=04 MULTIPLE HTAB= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than one HTAB= keyword is invalid on a single DEV statement.

System action

The first HTAB= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1743I	SC=04 MULTIPLE VT= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than one VT= keyword is invalid on a single DEV statement.

System action

The first VT= specification is used, multiple specifications are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1744I	SC=04 WIDTH=nnn; nnn TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The width specified in the WIDTH= keyword exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The last 3 digits of the width are used and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a width of 3 or fewer digits, and rerun the job.

DFS1745I	SC=04 WIDTH=nnn; nnn HAS NO DIGITS. DEFAULT VALUE USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The width specified in the WIDTH= keyword was null.

System action

The default width for the specified device type is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate width, and rerun the job.

DFS1746I	SC=04 LEFT MARGIN VALUE OF HTAB= KEYWORD TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The left margin value specified in the HTAB= keyword exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The last 3 digits of the left margin value are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a left margin value of 3 or fewer digits, and rerun the job.

DFS1747I	SC=04 LEFT MARGIN VALUE OF HTAB= KEYWORD HAS NO DIGITS. VALUE OF 1 IS USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The left margin value specified in the HTAB= keyword was null.

System action

A left margin value of 1 is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate left margin, and rerun the job.

DFS1748I	SC=04 HORIZONTAL TAB STOP VALUE TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A tab value in the HT= specification of the HTAB= keyword exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The last 3 digits of the tab stop are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the tab stop value with 3 or fewer digits, and rerun the job.

DFS1749I	SC=08 NULL HORIZONTAL TAB STOP VALUE IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A null horizontal tab stop value was encountered in the HT= specification of the HTAB= keyword. Error-recovery procedures assumed a tab stop value with no digits (\$I\$).

System action

The null horizontal tab stop is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Ensure that the syntax of the HTAB= keyword is valid, and rerun the job.

DFS1750I	SC=04 VERTICAL TAB STOP VALUE TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A tab stop value in the VT= keyword exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The last 3 digits of the tab stop are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the tab stop value with 3 or fewer digits, and rerun the job.

Chapter 38. DFS messages, DFS1751I - DFS1800I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS1751I SC=08 NULL VERTICAL TAB STOP
VALUE IGNORED**

Explanation

A null vertical tab stop value was encountered in the VT= keyword. Error-recovery procedures can assume a tab stop value with no digits (\$I\$).

System action

The null vertical tab stop is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Ensure that the syntax of the VT= keyword is valid, and rerun the job.

**DFS1752I SC=08 SUB= VALUE INVALID,
X'3F' USED**

Explanation

The value specified for SUB= was not a single character or 2 hexadecimal characters.

System action

The default value of X'3F' is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the SUB= value as either a single character or as 2 valid hexadecimal characters, and rerun the job.

**DFS1753I SC=08 WIDTH= INVALID FOR
SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

The WIDTH= specification was in conflict with the specified device type.

System action

The WIDTH= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV statement or remove the WIDTH= specification, and rerun the job.

**DFS1754I SC=08 HTAB= INVALID FOR
SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

The HTAB= specification was in conflict with the specified device type.

System action

The HTAB= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV statement or remove the HTAB= specification, and rerun the job.

**DFS1755I SC=08 VT= INVALID FOR
SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

The VT= specification was in conflict with the specified device type.

System action

The VT= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV statement or remove the VT= specification, and rerun the job.

**DFS1756I SC=04 WIDTH=nnn; nnn EXCEEDS
MAXIMUM VALUE. DEFAULT VALUE
USED**

Explanation

The width specified in the WIDTH= keyword exceeded the allowable maximum of 255 (249 for DEV.TYPE=SCS2).

System action

The default width for the specified device type is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a width of less than or equal to the maximum, and rerun the job.

DFS1757I	SC=08 NO LEFT MARGIN OR TAB STOP VALUES. HTAB= SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An HTAB= keyword had no left margin or tab stop specification.

System action

The HTAB= keyword is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a left margin or tab stops, or both, for the HTAB= keyword, or remove the HTAB= keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1758I	SC=08 LEFT MARGIN VALUE GREATER THAN PAGE WIDTH. VALUE OF 1 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The left margin value specified in the HTAB= keyword was greater than the defined page width for the specified device type.

System action

The left margin value is set to 1, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the left margin or page width value, and rerun the job.

DFS1759I	SC=08 INVALID HORIZONTAL TAB STOP(S) IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

One or more invalid horizontal tab stop values were encountered in the HT= specification of the HTAB= keyword. Tab stop values must be greater than or

equal to the left margin of the page and less than or equal to the right margin of the page.

System action

The invalid tab stops are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the invalid tab stop values or change the left or right margin values, or both, and rerun the job.

DFS1760I	SC=04 DUPLICATE HORIZONTAL TAB STOP(S) IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Tab stop values in the HT= specification of the HTAB= keyword must be distinct.

System action

Repeated occurrences of tab stop values are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the tab stop values as distinct, and rerun the job.

DFS1761I	SC=08 NUMBER OF HORIZONTAL TAB STOPS EXCEEDS MAXIMUM
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of tab stop values, after invalid and duplicate values have been ignored, exceeds the allowable maximum of 10.

System action

The first ten valid tab stops, sorted in ascending order, are used. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the HTAB= keyword with 10 or fewer tab stop values in the HT= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1762I	SC=08 NO VALID VERTICAL TAB STOPS SPECIFIED. VT= SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The VT= keyword was specified, but the tab stop values were omitted or were all invalid.

System action

The VT= keyword is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the VT= keyword with valid vertical tab stop values and rerun the job.

DFS1763I	SC=08 INVALID VERTICAL TAB STOP(S) IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

One or more invalid vertical tab stop values were encountered in the VT= keyword. Tab stop values must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to the number of print lines per page and not to exceed a value of 255.

System action

The invalid tab stops are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the invalid tab stop values or specify the number of print lines per page, and rerun the job.

DFS1764I	SC=04 DUPLICATE VERTICAL TAB STOP(S) IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Tab stop values in the VT= keyword must be distinct.

System action

Repeated occurrences of tab stop values are ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify tab stop values as distinct, and rerun the job.

DFS1765I	SC=04 NUMBER OF VERTICAL TAB STOPS EXCEEDS MAXIMUM
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of tab stop values after invalid and duplicate values were ignored exceeded the allowable maximum of 11.

System action

The first 11 valid tab stops, sorted in ascending order, are used. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the VT= keyword with 11 or fewer tab stop values, and rerun the job.

DFS1766I	SC=04 POS=(<i>lll</i>,<i>ccc</i>,<i>ppp</i>), <i>ppp</i> NOT VALID FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

You specified a page value in the POS= keyword of an input DFLD, but it was invalid.

System action

The page value is set to 0, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the POS= keyword of the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1767I	SC=04 VALIDATION ATTRIBUTES IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The validation attributes (VDFLD, VMFILL, or VMFLD) are ignored because the PROT attribute was either specified or assumed (because a literal was specified). The validation attribute is not compatible with the protect attribute.

System action

The validation attributes are ignored, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the conflict either by removing the protect or the validation attribute, and rerun the job.

DFS1768I	SC=08 VALUE OF 0 INVALID, DEFAULT VALUE ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A value of 0 was specified for line (*lll*), column (*ccc*), page (*pp*), PAGE, WIDTH, LTH, or MFLD offset (*pp*).

System action

In most cases a value of 1 is assumed except in the following: the left margin value is assumed for *ccc* if *lm* was specified on the DEV statement; PAGE=55 is assumed; a WIDTH of 132 and 80 is assumed for SCS1

and SCS2, respectively. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the operand with the 0 specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1769W	CATALOG PCBS FAILED TO ATTACH TO PSB <i>psbname</i> ERROR=xx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application program using PSB *psbname* made its first DL/I call to the catalog database. The PSB did not have a DBPCB referencing the catalog database, so IMS attempted to dynamically attach the catalog PCBs. The attempt failed for one of the following reasons:

- 01** IRLM is defined but not active.
- 02** IRLM is defined but not reachable.
- 03** There is a PSB or PSBW pool space shortage.
- 04** The catalog PSB or DBD resources are being committed by an online change operation.
- 05** The catalog PSB is unscheduled because the catalog PSB is marked bad or is not available, or the catalog database is stopped.
- 06** The catalog database is unavailable because a **/DBD** or **/DBR** command is in progress for the catalog database.

System action

Status code NA is returned to the application program.

System programmer response

For error codes 01 and 02, check the availability of IRLM in your IMS environment. For error code 03, increase the PSB or PSBW storage pool space. For error code 04, wait until the online change operation is complete and then issue the DL/I call again. For error code 05, ensure that the catalog PSB successfully completed ACBGEN and that the catalog database is started. For error code 06, wait until the DBD or DBR command completes processing and ensure the catalog database is available.

Module:

DFSDBLM0

DFS1770I	SC=16 NO FORMAT SET WRITTEN TO REFERRAL LIBRARY. COMPILATION TERMINATES WITH CURRENT PHASE
-----------------	---

Explanation

No format sets were created or updated in this preprocessor compilation.

System action

Phase 1 is not invoked in the preprocessor compilation as no valid blocks would be created. Compilation terminates.

Programmer response

Create a valid format set consisting of an FMT and one or more MSG statements. Rerun the job.

DFS1771I	SC=08 NUMBER OF LITERALS OR CONTROL FUNCTIONS EXCEEDS DEVICE FEATURES. MAXIMUM NO. ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than the maximum allowable literals or control functions were specified for the DEV statement.

System action

If more than 36 literals or control functions are specified on the PFK= operand, the first 36 are used. IMS continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the syntax, and rerun the job.

DFS1772I	SC=08 ONLY ONE PPAGE STATEMENT ALLOWED FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than one PPAGE statement was supplied for DIV TYPE=INPUT.

System action

This PPAGE statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the PPAGE statement from the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1773I	SC=04 PPAGE STATEMENT ASSUMED
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

A PPAGE statement was assumed for the specified DEV.TYPE for DIV OPTIONS=MSG/DPAGE and TYPE=INPUT.

System action

A PPAGE statement is assumed and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Supply a PPAGE statement at this point in the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1774I	SC=08 PPAGE STATEMENT HAS NO LABEL FOR OPTIONS=PPAGE. DIAGNOSTIC LABEL USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

For DIV OPTIONS=PPAGE, the PPAGE statement must have a user-provided label so that a meaningful name is sent to the remote program.

System action

If no name is provided in the remote program, the diagnostic label is sent as the format name. The PPAGE statement processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify a label on the PPAGE statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1775I	SC=08 PPAGE STATEMENT INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE. PPAGE STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PPAGE statement was invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The PPAGE statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the PPAGE statement from the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1776I	SC=04 FEAT= TRUNCATED TO LAST 2 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than 2 digits were specified on the DEV statement FEAT=*number* specification.

System action

The FEAT=*number* specification is truncated to the right-most 2 digits. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the FEAT=*number* to contain no more than 2 digits. Rerun the job.

DFS1777I	SC=08 NULL FEAT =<i>number</i> ; 1 IS ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A null FEAT=*number* specification was supplied on the DEV statement. A feature number between 1 and 10 must be provided.

System action

FEAT=1 is assumed, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid FEAT=*number*, and rerun the job.

DFS1778I	SC=08 FEAT= INVALID. 1 ASSUMED
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The FEAT=*number* specification on the DEV statement must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 10. The number supplied was not in this range.

System action

FEAT=1 is assumed, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Respecify a valid FEAT=*number*, and rerun the job.

DFS1779I **SC=12 MESSAGE LABEL AND
SOR= NAME CANNOT BE
IDENTICAL. REFERAL UPDATE
ABORTED**

Explanation

The label on the MSG statement and the format name on the SOR= keyword were identical; a valid directory entry cannot be created.

System action

The MSG block is not written to IMS REFERAL, and processing continues with the next source statement.

Programmer response

Rename either the MSG label or the SOR= format name parameter to ensure that the names are different. Rerun the job.

DFS1780I **SC=08 POS=nnn. nnn IS LESS
THAN 1 OR LEFT MARGIN**

Explanation

The POS= operand on the DFLD statement has been specified as 0 or is less than the left margin. In either case, the position of the DFLD is to the left of the left margin column.

System action

The user-defined left margin is assumed as the position of the DFLD. If no user-defined left margin was supplied, a position of 1 is assumed. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the wanted position number, and rerun the job.

DFS1781I **SC=04 RCD STATEMENT CANNOT
OCCUR IN THIS SEQUENCE IN THE
INPUT STREAM. RCD STATEMENT
IGNORED**

Explanation

The RCD statement can only appear after a PPAGE, DO, or DFLD statement, and within the scope of a DPAGE statement.

System action

The RCD statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the RCD statement from this point in the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1782I **SC=08 OPTIONS='option' INVALID
FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

The *option* is not allowed for the device type specified by the TYPE= operand in the DEV statement, or the combination of device type and DIV TYPE= operand.

System action

The option indicated in the message is ignored, and processing continues with this statement.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV TYPE= (or DIV TYPE=) specification, or remove this option, and rerun the job.

DFS1783 **SC=08 'cccccccc' INVALID FOR DIV
TYPE=OUTPUT**

Explanation

Options=/RDPN specification is valid only for DIV TYPE=INPUT for this device type.

System action

Options=/RDPN specification reset and compilation continues.

Programmer response

Remove options=/RDPN parameter from DIV statement or change to DIV TYPE= input. Resubmit the job after making change.

DFS1784I **SC=08 PPAGE STATEMENT
ASSUMED. DIAGNOSTIC LABEL OF
ASSUMED PPAGE USED**

Explanation

A PPAGE statement was assumed for the specified DEV.TYPE for DIV OPTIONS=PPAGE and TYPE=OUTPUT. The diagnostic label of the assumed PPAGE is sent to the remote program as the format name.

System action

Processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Supply a PPAGE statement with a valid label at this point in the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1785I	SC=04 RCD STATEMENT INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE. RCD STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The RCD statement is invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The RCD statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the RCD statement from this point in the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1786I	SC=08 LINE INCREMENT OR POSITION INCREMENT IS INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the DO statement, a line or position increment was invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The DEV.TYPE specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the line or column increment from the DO statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1787I	SC=08 MAX OR COLUMN INCREMENT INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the DO statement, a column increment or MAX was invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The DEV.TYPE specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the column increment or MAX from the DO statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1788I	SC=08 BOUND= KEYWORD INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE. SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

On the DO statement, the BOUND= keyword was invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The DEV.TYPE specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the BOUND= keyword from the DO statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1789I	SC=04 MULTIPLE RCD STATEMENTS WITH NO INTERVENING DFLD STATEMENTS. LAST RCD STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

Multiple RCD statements appeared consecutively in the input stream.

System action

The last RCD statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the RCD statement from the input stream, and rerun the job.

DFS1790I	SC=08 ATTR= SPECIFICATION INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

On a DFLD statement, only ATTR=YES or NO, and for the specified device type, only ATTR=Yes and ATTR=No are valid.

System action

The ATTR= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the ATTR= specification on the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1791I	SC=08 DPAGE STATEMENT HAS NO LABEL FOR OPTIONS=DPAGE. DIAGNOSTIC LABEL USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

For DIV OPTIONS=DPAGE, the DPAGE statement must have a user-provided label, so that the remote program is sent a meaningful format name. If none is provided, the diagnostic label is sent as the format name.

System action

The DPAGE statement processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify a label on the DPAGE statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1792I	SC=08 DPAGE STATEMENT REQUIRED FOR DIV OPTIONS=DPAGE AND TYPE=OUTPUT
-----------------	---

Explanation

A DPAGE statement should be supplied for the specified DEV.TYPE and DIV statement with OPTIONS=DPAGE and TYPE=OUTPUT. The label on the FMT statement is sent to the remote program as the format name.

System action

Processing continues with the current statement.

Programmer response

Provide a DPAGE statement with a valid label at this point in the input stream.

DFS1793I	SC=08 SCA OPTION INVALID FOR DEVICE TYPE. SCA OPTION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the DFLD statement, the SCA option is invalid for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The SCA option is ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the SCA option from the DFLD, and rerun the job.

DFS1794I	SC=08 LTH=VALUE IS NOT 2 FOR SCA OPTION. LTH= SPECIFICATION DEFAULTED TO 2
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SCA option had an LTH= value specified on the DFLD statement. other than 2.

System action

An LTH=2 specification is assumed, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Correct the LTH= specification to 2 on the DFLD statement, and rerun the job, or omit the LTH= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1795I	SC=08 LABEL AND SCA OPTION NOT COMPATIBLE. SCA OPTION IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A labeled DFLD statement cannot be reserved for SCA output.

System action

The SCA option is ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the label or the SCA option on the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1796I	SC=08 LTH=VALUE GREATER THAN 100 INVALID FOR PASSWORD. LTH=8 ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value specified for an LTH= operand was greater than 100 for the PASSWORD option on the DFLD statement.

System action

LTH=8 is assumed, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify LTH=8 or omit the LTH= operand on the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS1797I SC=08 SCA OPTION INVALID FOR
DIV TYPE=INPUT. SCA OPTION
IGNORED**

Explanation

The SCA option is invalid on the DFLD for DIV TYPE=INPUT.

System action

The SCA option is ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the SCA option from the DFLD, and rerun the job.

**DFS1798I SC=04 MULTIPLE SEGEXIT/
NOSEGEXIT SPECIFICATIONS IN
OPTIONS= KEYWORD INVALID**

Explanation

Multiple SEGEXIT or NOSEGEXIT options were supplied on the DIV statement OPTIONS= specification.

System action

The first SEGEXIT or NOSEGEXIT option specified is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple SEGEXIT or NOSEGEXIT options from the OPTIONS= specification, and rerun the job.

**DFS1799I SC=08 FLDEXIT/NOFLDEXIT/
SEGEXIT/ NOSEGEXIT
PARAMETERS INVALID ON
OPTIONS= KEYWORD FOR DIV
TYPE=OUTPUT**

Explanation

The options FLDEXIT, NOFLDEXIT, SEGEXIT, NOSEGEXIT are invalid on the DIV statement OPTIONS keyword for DIV TYPE=OUTPUT.

System action

These options are ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove FLDEXIT, NOFLDEXIT, SEGEXIT, or NOSEGEXIT from the OPTIONS keyword, or change DIV TYPE to INPUT. Rerun the job.

**DFS1800I SC=08 ATTR=*operand*
INCOMPATIBLE WITH SCA
OPTION. OPERAND IGNORED**

Explanation

ATTR=YES or ATTR=*nn* must not be specified on a DFLD statement when the SCA option is also specified.

System action

The ATTR=YES or ATTR=*nn* specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove ATTR=YES or ATTR=*nn* from the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

Chapter 39. DFS messages, DFS1801I - DFS1850I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1801I	SC=16 NO DFLDS DEFINED IN THIS DPAGE. FMT MEMBER NOT WRITTEN TO REFERRAL
-----------------	---

Explanation

For the specified DEV.TYPE and DIV TYPE=OUTPUT, at least one DFLD must be defined in this DPAGE. A severity code of 16 forces this FMT member not to be written to REFERRAL.

System action

Processing continues with the next statements with a syntax-only check for the remainder of this FMT.

Programmer response

Define at least one DFLD statement in this DPAGE, and rerun the job.

DFS1802I	SC=08 FIELD LENGTH CANNOT EXCEED DIV RCDCTL VALUE. LENGTH SPECIFICATION DEFAULTED TO RCDCTL VALUE
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued if RCDCTL=NOSPAR was specified and the LTH= specification on the named DFLD has exceeded the DIV RCDCTL= value. The message is also issued if the literal DFLD length has exceeded the DIV RCDCTL= value.

System action

The RCDCTL value is assumed as the DFLD length, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Change either the DFLD LTH= specification or the DIV RCDCTL= specification such that the field length is less than or equal to the RCDCTL value. Rerun the job.

DFS1803I	SC=04 POS= SPECIFICATION IGNORED FOR DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

A POS= specification cannot be supplied on the DFLD for the specified DEV.TYPE.

System action

The POS= specification is ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the POS= specification from the DFLD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1804I	SC=08 LDEL=X'HEXSTRING', HEXSTRING TRUNCATED TO FIRST 4 HEX CHARACTERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than 4 hexadecimal characters were supplied on the LDEL= specification. The hexadecimal string is truncated to the left-most 4 hexadecimal characters.

System action

Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide 4 hexadecimal characters on the LDEL= specification on the DEV statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1805I	SC=04 LDEL=X'HEXSTRING', HEX DIGITS OF X'0000' SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Line delete characters of X'0000' can inadvertently cause a segment to be deleted when the last field in the segment contains EBCDIC nulls (X'00').

System action

Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Verify that line delete characters of '0000' do not conflict with EBCDIC nulls.

DFS1806I	SC=08 LDEL=X'HEXSTRING', NULL HEX STRING SPECIFIED. DEVICE TYPE DEFAULT USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the DEV statement, LDEL= has a null hexadecimal string.

System action

The DEV.TYPE line delete default is assumed. For the device type defaults, see the DEV statement information. Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a valid LDEL= specification, and rerun the job.

Related reference

[DEV statement \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS1807I	SC=08 type-c INTEGER TRUNCATED TO FIRST 2 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DPM-An, DPM-Bn, or 3270-An of the DEV statement *n* exceeded 2 digits.

System action

The first 2 digits of *n* are used, and processing continues with this operand value.

Programmer response

Specify a valid number on the TYPE= operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1808I	SC=08 NULL NUMBER FOLLOWED <i>type</i>. <i>type-identifier</i> ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A number was not specified after the symbolic device *type* on the TYPE= operand.

System action

A device type identifier is assumed, and processing continues with this operand. Device types that can be assumed are: DPM-A1, DPM-B1, or 3270-A1.

Programmer response

Specify a valid number on the TYPE= operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1809I	SC=08 INVALID INTEGER SPECIFIED IN <i>type</i> DEVICE TYPE. <i>type-identifier</i> ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A device-type identifier must be specified as a 1- or 2-digit number from 1 to 15 as part of the TYPE= operand in the DEV statement.

System action

A device type identifier is assumed, and processing continues with this operand. Device types that can be assumed are: DPM-A1, DPM-B1, or 3270-A1.

Programmer response

Specify a valid integer for DEV TYPE= operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1810I	SC=08 FTAB=X'HEXSTRING' TOO LONG. HEX STRING TRUNCATED TO FIRST 16 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than 16 hexadecimal digits were found in the FTAB=X'HEXSTRING' specification.

System action

The hexadecimal string is truncated to the first 16 hexadecimal digits. Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Correct the hexadecimal string FTAB specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1811I	SC=08 'HEXSTRING' CONTAINS ODD NO. OF DIGITS. LAST BYTE PADDED ON RIGHT WITH 0
-----------------	---

Explanation

An odd number of hexadecimal digits was found in the specification. The last hexadecimal digit is padded by a hexadecimal zero to complete the character.

System action

Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify an even number of hexadecimal digits in the hex string specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1812I	SC=04 FTAB=X'HEXSTRING', HEX DIGIT OF X'00' MAY BE
-----------------	---

**INCOMPATIBLE WITH DIV
NULL=DELETE**

Explanation

Specifying DIV NULL=DELETE causes removal of trailing EBCDIC nulls (X'00') in a field until an FTAB character is reached. An FTAB character of X'00' was not treated as an FTAB, but is deleted as an EBCDIC null.

System action

Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

If DIV NULL=DELETE is specified, change the DIV NULL=DELETE specification or do not define X'00' as a hexadecimal digit in an FTAB character. Rerun the job.

DFS1813I	SC=04 MULTIPLE FLDEXIT/ NOFLDEXIT SPECIFICATIONS IN OPTIONS= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Multiple FLDEXIT or NOFLDEXIT options were supplied on the DIV statement OPTIONS= specification.

System action

The first FLDEXIT or NOFLDEXIT option specified is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple FLDEXIT or NOFLDEXIT options from the OPTIONS= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1814I	SC=08 USER FTAB CHARACTERS REQUIRED FOR MIX OR ALL. NONE DEFINED. FORCE ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

Input data editing for the MIX or ALL options require user-defined FTAB characters. No FTAB characters were defined.

System action

FORCE is assumed. Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Supply FTAB characters or change the MIX or ALL option to FORCE. Rerun the job.

DFS1815I	SC=08 LDEL='LITERAL' LENGTH NOT EQUAL 2. DEVICE TYPE DEFAULT USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than 2 line-delete characters were specified on the LDEL= operand.

System action

The LDEL= operand is ignored and the device type default is used. Processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify 2 line-delete characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1816I	SC=04 MULTIPLE NULL= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Multiple NULL= keywords were coded on the DIV statement.

System action

The first specification is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple NULL= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1817I	SC=04 MULTIPLE OPTIONS= KEYWORDS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Multiple OPTIONS= keywords were coded on the DIV statement.

System action

The first specification is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple OPTIONS= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1818I **SC=04 MULTIPLE HDRCTL=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

Multiple HDRCTL= keywords were coded on the DIV statement.

System action

The first specification is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple HDRCTL= specifications, and rerun the job.

DFS1819I **SC=04 MULTIPLE keyword=**
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

The same keyword was specified more than once on the same statement.

System action

The first specification is used, and processing continues with this statement.

Programmer response

Specify the keyword and its operand only once, and rerun the job.

DFS1820I **SC=04 MULTIPLE SPAN/NOSPAN**
SPECIFICATIONS IN RCDCTL
KEYWORDS INVALID

Explanation

Multiple SPAN or NOSPAN options were found on the same RCDCTL= specification.

System action

The first SPAN or NOSPAN option specified is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple SPAN or NOSPAN options, and rerun the job.

DFS1821I **SC=04 MULTIPLE NUMBERS IN**
RCDCTL SPECIFICATION INVALID

Explanation

Multiple record size numbers were specified on the RCDCTL= specification.

System action

The first record limit is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple record size numbers, and rerun the job.

DFS1822I **SC=08 RCDCTL NUMBER**
TRUNCATED. LAST 5 DIGITS USED

Explanation

The numeric record size has exceeded 5 digits in the DIV statement RCDCTL= specification.

System action

The last 5 digits are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify a record size of no more than 5 digits. Rerun the job.

DFS1823I **SC=08 NULL RCDCTL NUMBER.**
256 USED

Explanation

A null record size number was supplied on the DIV statement RCDCTL= specification.

System action

A record size of 256 is assumed, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid record size, and rerun the job.

DFS1824I **SC=08 RCDCTL NUMBER OF 0**
INVALID. 256 USED

Explanation

A zero record size was supplied on the DIV statement RCDCTL= specification. The record size must be between 1 and 32000.

System action

A default record size of 256 is assumed, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid record size on the RCDCTL= specification and rerun the job.

DFS1825I	SC=08 RCDCTL NUMBER EXCEEDS 32000. 256 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A record size greater than 32000 was supplied on the DIV statement RCDCTL= specification. The record size must be between 1 and 32000.

System action

A default record size of 256 is assumed, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid record size on the RCDCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1826I	SC=04 MULTIPLE FIXED/ VARIABLE SPECIFICATIONS IN HDRCTL= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Multiple FIXED or VARIABLE options were supplied on the DIV statement HDRCTL= specification.

System action

The first FIXED or VARIABLE option specified is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the multiple FIXED or VARIABLE options from the HDRCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1827I	SC=04 MULTIPLE HDRCTL NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one numeric-length specification is valid for the HDRCTL= keyword.

System action

The first numeric-length specification is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify only one numeric length on the HDRCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1828I	SC=08 HDRCTL NUMBER TRUNCATED. LAST 2 DIGITS USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The HDRCTL= specification length parameter exceeded 2 digits.

System action

Only the last 2 digits are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Omit the length specification or specify the HDRCTL= *length* you want, and rerun the job.

DFS1829I	SC=08 NULL HDRCTL NUMBER. DEFAULT ASSUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

You specified null for HDRCTL=.

System action

The default of 7 is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Omit the length specification or specify an appropriate HDRCTL= *numeric length*, and rerun the job.

DFS1830I	SC=04 MULTIPLE SIM/NOSIM2 SPECIFICATIONS IN OPTIONS= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

SIM or NOSIM2 was specified more than once in a single OPTIONS= keyword.

System action

The first SIM or NOSIM2 specification is used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the multiple SIM or NOSIM2 specification conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1831A	SC=04 MULTIPLE operand/ operand SPECIFICATIONS IN OPTIONS= KEYWORD INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

Conflicting operands were specified in the OPTIONS= keyword.

System action

The first operand specified by the user is used, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Resolve the conflicting operands by selecting DNM *or* NODNM, *or* MSG, or both, DPAGE *or* PPAGE.

DFS1832I	SC=08 RCDCTL= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

RCDCTL= is only valid for TYPE= DPM-A1 through DPM-A10 on the DEV statement.

System action

The RCDCTL= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV.TYPE= statement or remove the RCDCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1833I	SC=08 HDRCTL= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

HDRCTL= is only valid for TYPE= DPM-A1 through DPM-A10 on the DEV statement.

System action

The HDRCTL= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV.TYPE= statement or remove the HDRCTL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1834I	SC=08 keyword= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The keyword is not allowed for the device type specified by the TYPE= operand in the DEV statement.

System action

The keyword specification is ignored, and processing continues with the remaining keyword.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV TYPE= specification or remove this keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1835I	SC=08 NULL= INVALID FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE TYPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DIV statement NULL= specification is only valid for DEV TYPE=DPM-A1 through DPM-A10.

System action

The NULL= specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Correct the DEV.TYPE= specification or remove the NULL= specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1836I	SC=08 MSG/DPAGE/PPAGE PARAMETERS INVALID ON OPTIONS= KEYWORD FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

For DIV TYPE=INPUT, the options MSG/DPAGE/PPAGE are invalid on the OPTIONS= keyword.

System action

These options are ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the MSG/DPAGE/PPAGE parameters from the OPTIONS= keyword or change the DIV TYPE to OUTPUT. Rerun the job.

DFS1837I **SC=08 RCDCTL= INVALID FOR
DEV MODE=STREAM. RCDCTL=
IGNORED**

Explanation

The DIV statement RCDCTL= specification was in conflict with DEV.MODE=STREAM.

System action

The RCDCTL specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the RCDCTL= or DEV.MODE=STREAM conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1838I **SC=08 SPAN PARAMETER
INVALID ON RCDCTL= KEYWORD
FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT**

Explanation

The SPAN specification for the RCDCTL= keyword is only valid for DIV TYPE=OUTPUT.

System action

The SPAN parameter is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the SPAN or DIV TYPE=INPUT conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1839I **SC=08 keyword= INVALID FOR DIV
TYPE=INPUT**

Explanation

The keyword is invalid in the DIV statement for TYPE=INPUT.

System action

The keyword is ignored, and processing continues with the remaining keywords.

Programmer response

Remove the invalid keyword from the statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1840I **SC=08 HDRCTL NUMBER INVALID.
DEFAULT ASSUMED**

Explanation

The length parameter of the HDRCTL= specification was not in the range of 7 to the RCDCTL length minus one.

System action

The value of 7 is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a valid HDRCTL length parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS1841I **SC=08 NULL= INVALID FOR DIV
TYPE=OUTPUT. NULL= IGNORED**

Explanation

The NULL= specification is only valid for DIV TYPE=INPUT.

System action

The NULL= specification is ignored when used for DIV TYPE=OUTPUT. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Resolve the NULL= or DIV TYPE=OUTPUT conflict, and rerun the job.

DFS1842I **SC=08 device-type IDENTIFIER
DOES NOT BEGIN WITH A VALID
CHARACTER. type-A1 ASSUMED**

Explanation

The first character of the device type identifier was specified incorrectly in the TYPE= keyword of the DEV statement.

System action

DPM-A1 or 3270-A1 is used as the device type, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the wanted identifier, and rerun the job.

DFS1843I **SC=08 LDEL=X'HEXSTRING',
HEXSTRING LENGTH IS NOT 4.
HEXSTRING PADDED ON RIGHT
WITH 0'S**

Explanation

The LDEL= string was less than 4 hexadecimal digits.

System action

The string is padded on the right with zeros to a length of 4 hexadecimal digits. Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Expand the LDEL= string to 4 hexadecimal digits, and rerun the job.

DFS1844I	SC=08 FTAB=X'HEXSTRING', HEXSTRING IS NULL. DEFAULT FTABS USED FOR APPLICABLE DEVICES
-----------------	--

Explanation

A null hexadecimal string was supplied on the DEV statement FTAB= specification. For a list of the device types with default FTABs, see the "MFS Language utility (DFSUPAA0)" topic.

System action

FTABs are assumed for applicable devices, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Supply a valid FTAB specification, and rerun the job.

Related reference

[MFS Language utility \(DFSUPAA0\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS1845I	SC=04 RCD STATEMENT IS INVALID FOR DEV MODE=STREAM. RCD STATEMENT IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

You cannot specify the RCD statement for STREAM mode.

System action

The RCD statement is ignored, and processing continues with the next statement.

Programmer response

Remove the RCD statement from the input stream or specify RECORD mode. Rerun the job.

DFS1846I	SC=08 HEXSTRING CONTAINS INVALID HEX DIGIT. HEX DIGIT X'0' ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A string defined to be in hexadecimal digits contained a character other than A to F or 0 to 9.

System action

A zero is substituted for the invalid character, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Find the invalid hexadecimal character on the string, specify a valid value, and rerun the job.

DFS1847I	SC=08 SIM/NOSIM2 PARAMETERS INVALID ON OPTIONS= KEYWORD FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The options SIM/NOSIM2 are invalid on the DIV statement OPTIONS= keyword for DIV TYPE=INPUT.

System action

The SIM/NOSIM2 options are ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove the SIM or NOSIM2 parameters from the OPTIONS keyword or change the DIV TYPE to OUTPUT. Rerun the job.

DFS1848I	SC=08 DSCA=X'HEXSTRING', HEXSTRING IS NOT 4 HEX DIGITS. STRING PADDED ON RIGHT WITH 0'S
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DSCA= keyword had fewer than 4 hexadecimal digits specified. The specification is padded on the right with a hexadecimal zero to a length of 4 hexadecimal digits.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify 4 hexadecimal digits in the DSCA= operand, and rerun the job.

DFS1849E **CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
BY ALTER OPTION: RS=*rsnc*
PST=*pstno* DBD=*dbdname*
SEGMENT *segmname*
RSNSC=*rsnsc* | CHANGE NOT
SUPPORTED BY ALTER OPTION
RS=*rsnc* PST=*pstno* SEGMENT
segmname FIELD *fld_name***

Explanation

The database definition (DBD) contains a change to the database structure that cannot be applied to the online database by using the ALTER option of the **INITIATE OLREORG** command.

In the message text:

rsnc

The reason code that identifies the DBD change that is not supported by the ALTER option. See the following list of reason codes for an explanation of each code.

- 1** The access method of the database is changed. For example, the access method in use by the online database is PHDAM, but the new DBD specifies PHIDAM.
- 2** The randomizer changed.
- 3** The exit routine changed.
- 4** The number of segments changed.
- 5** The number of database data set groups changed.
- 6** The length of a logical child or logical parent segment changed.
- 7** The segment level changed.
- 8** The segment prefix changed.
- 9** The segment changed from fixed-length to variable-length or vice versa.
- 10** The insert rule changed.
- 11** The delete rule changed.
- 12** The segment code changed.

- 13** The length of the concatenated key changed.
- 14** A logical relationship was added or changed. For example, changing the source segment of a secondary index is unsupported by the HALDB alter function.
- 15** The segment length was decreased, which caused an existing field to be deleted.
- 16** The field was deleted, moved to another segment, or its name was changed.
- 17** The key length of the field changed.
- 18** The field length changed.
- 19** The value of the TYPE keyword on the FIELD statement changed.
- 20** The new field was added between existing fields in the segment. The ALTER option can add new fields to a segment only after the existing fields.
- 21** The parent of the segment changed.
- 22** The segment length was decreased.

pstno

The program specification table (PST) number, relative to zero.

dbdname

The name of the DBD that contains the unsupported change.

segmname

The name of the segment that contains the unsupported change.

rsnsc

An internal feedback reason subcode to provide to IBM Support if assistance is required when diagnosing why the message was issued.

fld_name

The name of the field that contains the unsupported change.

System action

The ALTER operation terminates.

System programmer response

The ALTER option cannot be used to apply the change indicated by the reason code.

If the unsupported change is required, you can apply it to the database by taking the database offline and unloading and reloading it.

If the unsupported change is not required and you need to continue to use the ALTER option to apply other changes to the database, remove the unsupported change from the database definition, regenerate the DBD and ACB library members, and issue the **INITIATE OLREORG OPTION(ALTER)** command again.

Module:

DFS5DBB0

Related tasks

[Altering the definition of an online HALDB database \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[INITIATE OLREORG command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS1850I

SC=04 NULL DEVCHAR SUFFIX.
DEVCHAR TABLE DFSUDT00 USED

Explanation

No suffix was specified on the DEVCHAR= parameter of the EXEC statement.

System action

The name of the device characteristic table that will be loaded is DFSUDT00.

Programmer response

Specify a valid single alphanumeric suffix for the DEVCHAR= parameter on the EXEC statement, and rerun the job.

Chapter 40. DFS messages, DFS1851I - DFS1900I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1851I **SC=04 DEVCHAR SUFFIX**
'suffix' TRUNCATED TO FIRST
CHARACTER

Explanation

More than 1 character was specified on the DEVCHAR= parameter of the EXEC statement. The message displays up to 8 of the characters that were present.

System action

Only the first character is used as the 1 character suffix for the device characteristics table name.

Programmer response

Specify a valid single alphanumeric suffix for the DEVCHAR= parameter on the EXEC statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1852W **THE CATALOG PSB DFSCP000**
IS UNSCHEDULABLE ERROR
CODE=xx

Explanation

IMS failed to build the application control blocks for the catalog PSB DFSCP000, so the PSB can no longer be scheduled.

Error code

Explanation

- 1**
BLDL macro call for PSB DFSCP000 failed or the DFSCP000 member does not exist in the active ACB library.
- 2**
The DFSCP000 member exists in the active ACB library, but the active member is not a PSB.
- 3**
The active version of the PSB DFSCP000 member is not compatible with this version of IMS.
- 4**
The intent list of PSB DFSCP000 could not be read from the ACB library during IMS initialization.
- 5**
The catalog control blocks cannot be built because the program or database directory blocks could not be created during IMS initialization.

- 8**
The catalog application control blocks cannot be built because storage could not be obtained.
- 9**
The intent list of PSB DFSCP000 could not be read from the ACB library after an online change was committed.
- 10**
The catalog application control blocks cannot be built because storage could not be obtained during the commit phase of an online change.
- 11**
The catalog application control blocks cannot be built because the program or database directory blocks could not be created during the commit phase of an online change.
- 12**
IMS failed to load the DFSXRBB0 module during the commit phase of an online change.
- 13**
The online change process failed to make DMB DFSCD000 or DFSCX000 resident.
- 14**
The online change process failed to make the intent list of PSB DFSCP000 resident.
- 15**
The online change process failed to make PSB DFSCP000 resident.

System action:

The catalog PSB DFSCP000 cannot be scheduled. If an application program issues a DLI call for DFSCAT00, the catalog PCB, the required dynamic attachment of DFSCP000 fails with a U0253 abend. If the application attempts to directly schedule DFSCP000, a U0456 abend occurs.

System programmer response:

For error codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 13, 14, and 15, perform an ACBGEN with BUILD PSB=DFSCP000. For the other error codes, resolve the underlying error.

DFS1853I **ACBSHR = Y, SET USING CSL**
ACBSHR VALUE

or

ACBSHR = N, SET USING CSL ACBSHR VALUE

or

ACBSHR = Y, SET USING CSL DEFAULT VALUE

or

ACBSHR = Y, SET AS THE DEFAULT VALUE

Explanation

If the Common Service Layer (CSL) is used, during IMS initialization, this message shows the source and the ACBSHR value.

If the CSL is not used during IMS initialization, the following message is issued when ACBSHR=Y is set as the default ACBSHR value for <SECTION=FASTPATH>: ACBSHR = Y, SET AS THE DEFAULT VALUE.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFFATC1

DFS1854I	SC=08 VERSID LENGTH INVALID, X'hhhh' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The hexadecimal specification for version ID was either less than, or greater than, 4 hexadecimal characters.

System action

The 4 hexadecimal characters presented in the X'hhhh' part of the message are used for the version ID. If the specification is more than 4 hexadecimal characters, the first 4 specified are used. If the specification is less than 4 characters, the value is padded on the right with zeros to a length of 4 characters.

Programmer response

Correct the version ID specification by using exactly 4 hexadecimal characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1855I	SC=08 VERSID LENGTH INVALID, 'cc' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specification for version ID was either less than or greater than 2 characters.

System action

The 2 characters (cc) presented in the message are used for the version ID. If less than 2 characters are specified, blanks are added. If more than 2 characters are specified, the first 2 characters are used.

Programmer response

Correct the version ID specification by using exactly 2 characters and rerun the job.

DFS1856I	SC=04 PF KEY NUMBER 'nnnnnnnn' IS NOT A VALID INTEGER. SUBPARAMETER IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified PF key number was not a number from 1 to 36.

System action

This invalid PF key number and its operand are ignored. Processing continues without this subparameter.

Programmer response

Specify a PF key number from 1 to 36, and rerun the job.

DFS1857I	SC=04 PF KEY NUMBER 'nn' IS A DUPLICATE NUMBER AND IS IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PF key number on this subparameter has been previously specified.

System action

The first specification is used, and processing continues with this subparameter.

Programmer response

Correct the duplicate specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1858I	SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE DFSUDT0x NOT FOUND. DFSUDT00 USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member named in the message was not found in IMS.SDFSRESL.

System action

An attempt is made to find DFSUDT00 and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify a device characteristics table suffix that agrees with the member in the IMS.SDFSRESL, and rerun the job.

DFS1859I	SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE DFSUDT00 NOT FOUND. NO TABLE LOADED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The device characteristics table DFSUDT00 was not found in IMS.SDFSRESL.

System action

The system issues message DFS1861I, assumes an IBM 3270 model 2 device type, and continues processing.

Programmer response

Specify a device characteristics table suffix that identifies the desired member in IMS.SDFSRESL before using the symbolic device type 3270-An on the DEV statement.

Related information

[“DFS1861I” on page 535](#)
SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE NOT LOADED. 3270 ASSUMED

DFS1860I	SC=08 PERMANENT I/O ERROR READING SDFSRESL DIRECTORY FOR DEVCHAR TABLE. NO TABLE USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The BLDL macro returned a return code of 08, indicating a permanent input/output error was detected when the system attempted to search the directory.

System action

The system issue message DFS1861I, assumes a 3270 model 2 device type, and continues processing.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 16, 23

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS1861I” on page 535](#)
SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE NOT LOADED. 3270 ASSUMED

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1861I	SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE NOT LOADED. 3270 ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The device characteristics table was not loaded. Error message DFS1859I or DFS1860I should precede this message.

System action

A 3270 model 2 device type is assumed, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of message DFS1859I or DFS1860I, and rerun the job.

Related information

[“DFS1859I” on page 535](#)
SC=08 DEVCHAR TABLE DFSUDT00 NOT FOUND. NO TABLE LOADED
[“DFS1860I” on page 535](#)
SC=08 PERMANENT I/O ERROR READING SDFSRESL DIRECTORY FOR DEVCHAR TABLE. NO TABLE USED

DFS1862I	SC=08 3270-An DEVICE TYPE NOT FOUND IN THE DEVCHAR TABLE. 3270 ASSUMED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The device type symbolic name, mentioned in the message, was not found in the device characteristics table that was loaded.

System action

A 3270 model 2 device type is assumed, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct suffixed device characteristics table was used, and that the symbolic name used in the system definition is the same name used on the DEV statement. Correct any errors, and rerun the job.

DFS1863I	SC=04 DEVICE FEATURES SPECIFIED NOT FOUND IN DEVCHAR TABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The loaded device characteristics table did not have an entry for the symbolic name specified on the TYPE= keyword of the DEV statement with the same features that were specified on the FEAT= operand of the DEV statement.

System action

The system uses the features that are specified or assumed for the DEV statement, rather than those found in the device characteristics table entry.

Programmer response

The format for this symbolic device type and features will not be referenced in an online system because there will be no defined device and features that match. Correct any errors, and rerun the job.

DFS1864I	SC=04 RCDCTL=SPAN IS INVALID FOR DPM-Bn
-----------------	--

Explanation

RCDCTL=SPAN is not allowed when TYPE=DPM-Bn is specified on the DEV statement.

System action

The SPAN specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the SPAN specification to NOSPAN, remove it from the RCDCTL= operand, or change the device type specification, and rerun the job.

DFS1865I	SC=08 PPAGE OPTION INVALID ON OPTIONS= KEYWORD FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	--

Explanation

For DIV TYPE=INPUT, the option PPAGE is invalid on the OPTIONS= keyword.

System action

The PPAGE option is ignored, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Remove PPAGE from the OPTIONS= keyword or change the DIV TYPE to OUTPUT. Rerun the job.

DFS1866I	SC=04 RDPN=DFLDNAME TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'
-----------------	--

Explanation

The return destination process name (dfldname) was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the dfldname are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a dfldname with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1867I	SC=08 name= 'LITERAL' INVALID FOR DIV TYPE=INPUT
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either the destination process name (DPN) or the primary resource name (PRN) literal was not valid when DIV TYPE=INPUT is specified.

System action

The literal specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the literal specification or change DIV TYPE to OUTPUT.

DFS1868I	SC=04 DPN='LITERAL' TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'
-----------------	--

Explanation

The destination process name literal was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the literal are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a literal with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1869I **SC=04 DPN=DFLDNAME
TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'**

Explanation

The destination process name (dfldname) was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the dfldname are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a dfldname with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1870I **SC=04 PRN='LITERAL'
TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'**

Explanation

The primary resource name (PRN) literal was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the literal are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a literal with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1871I **SC=04 PRN=DFLDNAME
TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'**

Explanation

The primary resource name (dfldname) was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the dfldname are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a dfldname with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1872I **SC=04 RPRN='LITERAL'
TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'**

Explanation

The return primary resource name (RPRN) literal was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the literal are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a literal with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1873I **SC=04 RPRN=DFLDNAME
TRUNCATED TO 'cccccccc'**

Explanation

The return primary resource name (dfldname) literal was greater than 8 characters.

System action

Only the first 8 characters of the dfldname are used, and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Provide a dfldname with no more than 8 characters, and rerun the job.

DFS1874I **SC=08 name='LITERAL', NOT
SPECIFIED OR ZERO LENGTH ' '
USED**

Explanation

The destination process name (DPN), the primary resource name (PRN), or the return primary resource name (RPRN) literal was null.

System action

A single blank is used as the literal, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1875I **SC=08 name=DFLDNAME,
DFLDNAME HAS NO CHARACTERS
AND IS IGNORED**

Explanation

The destination process name (DPN), the primary resource name (PRN), or the return primary resource name (RPRN) dfldname specification was a null value.

System action

The dfldname specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the appropriate dfldname, and rerun the job.

DFS1876I	SC=08 OFTAB LENGTH INVALID, X'hh' USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The output field tab separator was not 2 hexadecimal characters in length.

System action

If more than 2 hexadecimal characters are specified, the first 2 hexadecimal characters specified are used, and processing continues with the operand. If no hexadecimal characters are specified, then X'00' is used.

Programmer response

Specify exactly 2 hexadecimal characters for output field tab separator character, and rerun the job.

DFS1877I	SC=08 OFTAB LENGTH INVALID, C'c' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The output field tab separator was not 1 character.

System action

If no valid character is specified, a comma is used. If more than one character is specified, the first character specified is used.

Programmer response

Specify exactly one character as the output field tab separator character, and rerun the job.

DFS1878I	SC=08 OFTAB CHARACTER X'hh' INVALID, SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The output field tab separator character was specified as either X'hh' or C'c' cannot be an X'3F' or a blank character.

System action

The specification is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Provide a valid character for the output field tab separator, and rerun the job.

DFS1879I	SC=04 keyword= SPECIFICATION IGNORED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified keyword was in conflict with other specifications and is ignored.

System action

Processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

If the other parameters are correct, remove this keyword, and rerun the job.

DFS1880I	SC=08 EGCS LITERAL STRING INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

A literal expressed as an extended graphic character set (EGCS) literal was specified for a normal literal. The MFS design does not allow an EGCS literal for this function.

System action

The EGCS literal is ignored and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the literal as a non-EGCS literal and rerun the job.

Problem determination

Not applicable

DFS1881I	SC=04 EGCS LITERAL CONTAINS AN ODD NUMBER OF BYTES
-----------------	---

Explanation

This warning message indicates that some devices require that extended graphic character set (EGCS) data be an even number of bytes.

System action

The EGCS literal is accepted unchanged and processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the EGCS literal contains the correct number of bytes, and rerun the job, if required.

DFS1882I	SC=08 ATTR=<i>nn</i> VALUE INVALID, 1 USED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value specified for the number of extended attributes to be dynamically modifiable was not a number in the range from 1 to 4.

System action

The value of 1 is used and processing continues with this operand.

Programmer response

Specify the extended attribute value as a number in the range from 1 to 4 and rerun the job.

DFS1883I	SC=04 PS VALUE IGNORED
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

For device type SCS1, the extended graphic character set (EGCS) attribute does not use a programmed symbol value.

System action

MFS assumes a specification of EGCS, ignores the programmed symbol value, and continues processing.

Programmer response

Specify the EGCS attribute as EGCS without a programmed symbol value and rerun the job.

Problem determination

Not applicable

DFS1884I	SC=08 PS SPECIFICATION INVALID WITH EGCS LITERAL, EGCS'F8' USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A programmed symbol attribute of PX'hh' or PC'c' was specified along with an extended graphic character set (EGCS) literal. An EGCS attribute was expected. For an SCS1 device type, the 'F8' will not be present in the control block.

System action

For 3270 devices, the extended attribute is changed to EGCS'F8'. For an SCS1 device type, the extended attribute is changed to EGCS. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the extended attribute as EGCS'hh' (for EGCS, for SCS1) or specify the literal as a non-EGCS literal, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

Not applicable

DFS1885I	SC=08 EGCS EXTENDED ATTRIBUTE IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An extended attribute of EGCS'hh' or EGCS was specified along with a non-EGCS literal.

System action

The EGCS extended attribute is ignored. Any programmed symbol value is reset, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the programmed symbol attribute as PX'hh' or PC'c' or change the literal specification to an EGCS literal, and rerun the job.

DFS1886I	SVC message
-----------------	--------------------

Explanation

One or more of the following informational SVC messages can be issued:

DYNAMIC UPDATE OF IMS TYPE 2 SVC = STARTED

The utility has begun to update the IMS Type 2 SVC. No response or action is required.

IMS TYPE 2 SVC NUMBER = xxx

The utility has identified the IMS Type 2 SVC number in the data set pointed to by the DFSRESLB DD card. Make note of this number and ensure that it corresponds to the number

anticipated by the system administrator. No response or action is required.

IMS TYPE 2 SVC DYNAMIC UPDATE = SUCCESSFUL

The utility has successfully changed the entry in the MVS SVC table to point to the new IMS Type 2 SVC module. No response or action is required.

DYNAMIC UPDATE OF DBRC TYPE 4 SVC = STARTED

The utility has begun to update the DBRC Type 4 SVC. No response or action is required.

DBRC TYPE 4 SVC NUMBER =xxx

The utility has identified the DBRC Type 4 SVC number in the data set pointed to by the DFSRESLB DD card. Make note of this number and ensure that it corresponds to the number anticipated by the system administrator. No response or action is required.

DBRC TYPE 4 SVC DYNAMIC UPDATE = SUCCESSFUL

The utility has successfully changed the entry in the MVS SVC table to point to the new DBRC Type 4 SVC module. No response or action is required.

DFS1886E SVC message

Explanation

One or more of the following error *SVC messages* can be issued:

IMS TYPE 2 SVC DYNAMIC UPDATE = FAILED - RC xx

The utility has failed while updating the IMS Type 2 SVC. Depending on the error, this message might be accompanied by another DFS1886E error message or a DFS1886A operator action message. Reason code xx is one of the following:

Reason code

Explanation

- 4** Open of DFSRESLB library failed.
- 8** DFSRESLB library not APF authorized.
- 12** DFSRESLB library does not contain module DFSVC000.
- 16** DFSRESLB library does not contain module IGCxxx, where xxx = IMS Type 2 SVC number.
- 20** Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = EMPTY."
- 24** Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT AN IMS SVC."

28

Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = IMS SVC AT HIGHER RELEASE THAN RESLIB SVC."

32

There is currently an active IMS using the SVC number specified in the IMS RESLIB.

36

Nonzero return code from MVS SVC table update services (see WTO for z/OS return code).

56

An invalid value was specified for the SVCTYPE = input parameter.

DBRC TYPE 4 SVC DYNAMIC UPDATE = FAILED - RC = xx

The utility has failed while updating the DBRC Type 4 SVC. Depending on the error, this message might be accompanied by another DFS1886E error message or a DFS1886A operator action message. Reason code xx is one of the following:

Reason code

Explanation

4

Open of DFSRESLB library failed.

8

DSRESLB library not APF authorized.

20

Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = EMPTY."

36

Nonzero return code from MVS SVC table update services (see WTO for z/OS return code).

40

DFSRESLB library does not contain module DSPSVC00.

44

DFSRESLB library does not contain module IGC00xxx, where xxx is the signed decimal SVC number for the DBRC Type 4 SVC.

48

Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT A DBRC SVC."

52

Reply to WTOR was "NO" for message "DFS1886A MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = DBRC SVC AT HIGHER RELEASE THAN RESLIB SVC."

56

An invalid value was specified for the SVCTYPE= input parameter.

DATA SET OPEN FAILED - SEE DFSRESLB DD CARD

There was a problem opening the data set pointed to by the DFSRESLB DD card. The utility terminates with RC=0004. Resolve the problem with the data set and resubmit the utility job.

DATA SET APF AUTHORIZATION FAILED - SEE DFSRESLB DD CARD

The RESLIB specified on the DFSRESLB DD card is not APF authorized. The utility terminates with RC=0008. The RESLIB must be APF authorized in order for the utility to run successfully. Ensure that the DFSRESLB DD card is pointing to the correct data sets and that those data sets are APF authorized.

MODULE DFSVC000 NOT FOUND - SEE DFSRESLB DD CARD

The secondary SCD (DFSVC000) cannot be located. The utility terminates with RC=0012. The IMS RESLIB contains the SSCD. Ensure that the DFSRESLB DD card is pointing to the correct data sets and resubmit the job.

MODULE xxxxxxxx NOT FOUND - SEE DFSRESLB DD CARD

xxxxxxx is the name of the SVC module being updated. If the IMS Type 2 SVC is being updated, the module name is IGCxxx, where xxx is the IMS Type 2 SVC number. If the DBRC Type 4 SVC is being updated, the module name is IGC00xxx, where xxx is the signed decimal SVC number for the DBRC Type 4 SVC. The utility terminates with RC=0016 or RC=0044. The IMS RESLIB data sets should contain the SVC modules. Ensure that the DFSRESLB DD card is pointing to the correct data sets and resubmit the job.

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY WAS EMPTY - WTOR REPLY WAS NO

The MVS SVC table entry for the SVC was empty. There is a DFS1886A message preceding this message to which the operator replied "NO." If the operator did not expect the entry to be empty, this reply is probably correct. The utility terminates with RC=0020. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified and resubmit the job. This is an unusual condition, unless you are expecting this SVC entry to be empty. You might want to consult your system administrator if this situation occurs.

MVS SVC TABLE CONTAINS AN ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT AN IMS SVC

The MVS SVC table entry contains an active SVC that is not an IMS SVC. The utility issues a WTOR message to allow you to decide what to do. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified and that the SVC number returned in the previous "DFS1886I IMS TYPE 2 SVC NUMBER

= xxx" message or the "DFS1886I DBRC TYPE 4 SVC NUMBER = xxx" message is correct. If you do not wish to continue, reply "NO" to the WTOR message. If you decide to continue, reply "YES" to the WTOR. See your system administrator to determine the correct course of action.

IMS RELEASE LEVELS INCONSISTENT - RESLIB SVC IS AT A LOWER LEVEL THAN CURRENT SVC

The MVS SVC table entry points to a newer version of the SVC than is found in the IMS RESLIB data sets. The utility issues a WTOR message to allow you to decide what to do. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified. If you do not wish to continue, reply "NO" to the WTOR message. If you decide to continue, reply "YES" to the WTOR. See your system administrator to determine the correct course of action.

THERE IS CURRENTLY AN ACTIVE IMS USING THE SAME SVC NUMBER

One or more IMS control regions are currently running and referencing the IMS Type 2 SVC. The utility terminates with RC=0032. You must wait until the currently active IMS control regions can be scheduled to be brought down. At that time, resubmit the job.

MVS SVC TABLE UPDATE SERVICES FAILED - RC=xx

A non-zero return code was returned from the MVS SVC Update service (SVCUPDTE). xx is the return code. See the SVCUPDTE macro for return code explanations.

MODULE DSPSVC00 NOT FOUND - SEE DFSRESLB DD CARD

Module DSPSVC00, which contains the DBRC Type 4 SVC number, cannot be located. The utility terminates with RC=0040. The IMS RESLIB contains module DSPSVC00. Ensure that the DFSRESLB DD card is pointing to the correct data sets and resubmit the job.

MVS SVC TABLE CONTAINS AN ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT A DBRC SVC

The MVS SVC table entry contains an active SVC that is not a DBRC SVC. The utility issues a WTOR message to allow you to decide what to do. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified and that the SVC number returned in the previous "DFS1886I DBRC TYPE 4 SVC NUMBER = xxx" message is correct. If you do not wish to continue, reply "NO" to the WTOR message. If you decide to continue, reply "YES" to the WTOR. See your system administrator to determine the correct course of action.

INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED FOR SVCTYPE= INPUT PARAMETER

An invalid value was specified for the SVCTYPE= input parameter. The utility terminates with

RC=0056. Resolve the problem with the input parameter and resubmit the utility job.

Related information

[“DFS1886I” on page 539](#)
SVC message

[“DFS1886A” on page 542](#)
SVC message

DFS1886A *SVC message*

Explanation

One or more of the following *SVC messages* can be issued. The operator should take the actions included below:

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = EMPTY - DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? (YES or NO)

This is an unusual condition. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets were specified. You might want to consult your system administrator if this situation occurs. To respond to the WTOR message, enter REPLY *xx,yyy* from the z/OS operator console, where:

xx

WTOR number.

yyy

The character string YES or NO:

NO

The utility terminates abnormally with RC=0020.

YES

The utility continues and uses the empty entry.

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT AN IMS SVC - DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? (YES OR NO)

The MVS SVC table entry contains an active SVC that is not an IMS SVC. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified. To respond to the WTOR message, enter REPLY *xx,yyy* from the z/OS operator console, where:

xx

WTOR number.

yyy

The character string YES or NO:

NO

The utility terminates abnormally with RC=0024.

YES

The utility continues and reuses the MVS SVC table entry.

This is an unusual condition. Unless you are expecting to reuse an SVC entry that is no longer needed, you should respond with a reply of NO. See your system administrator for the correct course of action.

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = IMS SVC AT HIGHER RELEASE THAN RESLIB SVC - DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? (YES OR NO)

The MVS SVC table entry points to a newer version of the SVC than is found in the IMS RESLIB data sets. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified. If you do not wish to continue, reply NO to the WTOR message. If you decide to continue, reply YES to the WTOR. See your system administrator to determine the correct course of action.

To respond to the WTOR message, enter REPLY *xx,yyy* from the z/OS operator console, where:

xx

WTOR number.

yyy

The character string YES or NO:

NO

The utility terminates abnormally with RC=0028.

YES

The utility continues and uses an older version of the SVC.

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = ACTIVE SVC THAT IS NOT A DBRC SVC - DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? (YES OR NO)

The MVS SVC table entry contains an active SVC that is not a DBRC SVC. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified. To respond to the WTOR message, enter REPLY *xx,yyy* from the z/OS operator console, where:

xx

WTOR number.

yyy

The character string YES or NO:

NO

The utility terminates abnormally with RC=0048.

YES

The utility continues and reuses the MVS SVC table entry.

This is an unusual condition. Unless you are expecting to reuse an SVC entry that is no longer needed, you should respond with a reply of NO. See your system administrator for the correct course of action.

MVS SVC TABLE ENTRY = DBRC SVC AT HIGHER RELEASE THAN RESLIB SVC - DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? (YES OR NO)

The MVS SVC table entry points to a newer version of the DBRC SVC than is found in the IMS RESLIB data sets. Ensure that the correct IMS RESLIB data sets are specified. If you do not wish to continue, reply NO to the WTOR message. If you decide to continue, reply YES to the WTOR. See your system administrator to determine the correct course of action.

To respond to the WTOR message, enter REPLY *xx,yyy* from the z/OS operator console, where:

- xx**
WTOR number.
- yyy**
The character string YES or NO:
- NO**
The utility terminates abnormally with RC=0052.
- YES**
The utility continues and uses an older version of the SVC.

DFS1887I SC=04 DPAGE FILL= IN CONFLICT WITH EGCS ATTRIBUTE

Explanation

The FILL= specification on the DPAGE statement caused an error indication from the terminal for EGCS fields that contain no data.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that this DFLD always has some data mapped to it, or specify FILL= PT or NULL on the DPAGE statement, and rerun the job.

DFS1888I SC=04 EGCS FIELD LENGTH NOT EVEN

Explanation

Some devices require that extended graphic character set (EGCS) data be an even number of bytes.

System action

The field length is accepted as is, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the field length is specified correctly or that the EGCS literal contains the correct number of bytes, and rerun the job.

DFS1889I SC=08 EGCS VALUE INVALID, EGCS'F8' USED

Explanation

The programmed symbol value specified for the extended graphic character set (EGCS) attribute is not specified as X'hh', the value is not an X'00', or in the range from X'40' through X'FE'.

System action

The default value of EGCS'F8' is used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the EGCS attribute as EGCS, EGCS'00' EGCS'hh', where 'hh' is a valid value (normally 'F8'), and rerun the job.

DFS1890I SC=08 LINE DENSITY SPECIFICATION IS GREATER THAN 72

Explanation

The value specified for SLDI/SLDP was greater than 72.

System action

The SLDI/SLDP is reset, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a value for SLDI/SLDP from 1 to 72, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1891I SC=08 LINE DENSITY SPECIFICATION EQUAL TO ZERO

Explanation

The value specified for SLDI/SLDP equaled zero.

System action

The SLDI/SLDP is reset, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify a value for SLDI/SLDP from 1 to 72, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1892I	SC=04 LINE DENSITY SPECIFICATION IS INVALID BETWEEN DO AND ENDDO
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SLDI/SLDP specification was invalid on a DFLD statement between DO and ENDDO statements.

System action

The SLDI/SLDP is reset and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Remove the SLDI/SLDP specification from the DFLD statement between DO and ENDDO. If a line density is required, the DEV statement or a DFLD statement before the DO statement should be used.

Severity:
4

DFS1893I	SC=08 TOP MARGIN SPECIFIED IS LESS THAN 1
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified for top margin in the VTAB= keyword was less than 1.

System action

The top margin is set to 1 and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the value of top margin in VTAB= keyword to a value equal to or greater than 1, and two less than the bottom margin value. Rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1894I	SC=08 TOP MARGIN IS GREATER THAN 253
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value specified for top margin in the VTAB= keyword was greater than 253.

System action

The top margin is set to 1 and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the value of top margin in VTAB= keyword to a value from 1 to 253 and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1895I	SC=08 BOTTOM MARGIN IS LESS THAN 3.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified for bottom margin in the VTAB= keyword was less than 3.

System action

The bottom margin is set to the number of lines per page on the PAGE= keyword, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the bottom margin value in the VTAB= keyword to a value from 3 to 255, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1896I	SC=08 BOTTOM MARGIN IS GREATER THAN PAGE=
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value specified for bottom margin in the VTAB= keyword was larger than the number of lines per page specified in the PAGE= keyword. The bottom margin must be two larger than the top margin and equal to or less than PAGE=.

System action

The bottom margin is set to PAGE= value, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the bottom margin value or the PAGE= value so that the bottom margin is equal to or less than the PAGE= value. Rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1897I	SC=08 VTAB= SPECIFIED AND LINES PER PAGE LESS THAN 3.
-----------------	--

Explanation

VTAB= was specified when the lines per page specification for the PAGE= keyword has a value less than 3.

System action

The bottom margin is set to the maximum lines per page value from the PAGE= specification, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the bottom margin value in the VTAB= keyword to a value from 3 to 255, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1898I	SC=08 BOTTOM MARGIN IS LESS THAN LARGEST VERTICAL TAB STOP
-----------------	---

Explanation

The bottom margin was less than the largest vertical tab (VT) specified.

System action

The (VT) is set to zero and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the bottom margin value in the VTAB= keyword or the VT= (,,,) values so that the bottom margin is greater than or equal to the largest VT= specification. If the bottom margin was not specified, the PAGE= lines per page value might have to be changed.

Severity:
8

DFS1899I	SC=08 TOP MARGIN IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN LOWEST NONZERO VERTICAL TAB STOP
-----------------	--

Explanation

The top margin was equal to or greater than the lowest nonzero (VT) specified.

System action

The (VT) is set to zero, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the top margin value in the VTAB= keyword or VT= specifications so that the top margin is smaller than all nonzero VT= specifications.

Severity:
8

DFS1900I	SC=08 DUPLICATE VERTICAL TAB STOP(S) SET TO ZERO
-----------------	---

Explanation

The tab stop values in the VT= keyword must be distinct or zero if VTAB= is specified.

System action

Repeated occurrences of tab stop values are set to zero, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Nonzero vertical tabs must be unique. Change duplicate nonzero vertical tabs to unique values between top margin and bottom margin, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

Chapter 41. DFS messages, DFS1901I - DFS1950

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1901I **SC=08 TOP MARGIN IS NOT TWO
LESS THAN BOTTOM MARGIN**

Explanation

The top margin specified in the VTAB= keyword was not two less than the bottom margin.

System action

The top margin is set to 1 and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Change the top margin or the bottom margin on the VTAB= keyword so that the top margin plus 1 is less than the bottom margin.

Severity:
8

DFS1902I **SC=08 WIDTH SPECIFIED IN
FEAT= AND WIDTH= INVALID**

Explanation

Specification of a width value in both FEAT= and WIDTH= keywords for the DEV statement is invalid.

System action

The WIDTH= keyword is ignored.

Programmer response

DEV statement should be corrected to a valid specification of either of the following values:

- FEAT=120, 126, or 132 without WIDTH=,
- FEAT=1-10, WIDTH=nnn,

Then rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1903I **SC=08 (keyword=,keyword=)
KEYWORDS ARE MUTUALLY
EXCLUSIVE**

Explanation

The two identified keywords specified in the DEV statement are mutually exclusive.

System action

The first keyword is accepted; the second keyword is ignored. Processing continues with the next keyword.

Programmer response

Respecify only one of the two identified keywords, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1904I **SC=04 (keyword=) SPECIFIED
WITH NULL VALUE**

Explanation

The displayed keyword was specified without a value.

System action

The identified keyword is ignored, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Specify the identified keyword, and rerun the job.

Severity:
4

DFS1905I **SC=08 (SLDI/SLDP=) nn
TRUNCATED TO LAST 2 DIGITS**

Explanation

The SLDI= or SLDP= keyword specified a value that is longer than 2 digits.

System action

The last 2 digits of the set line density (SLD) specification are used, and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Respecify an SLD value of 1 or 2 digits, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1906I	SC=08 VTAB= TOP MARGIN VALUE TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The VTAB= top margin value on the DEV statement exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The last 3 digits of the top margin value are used. The left-most digits are truncated and processing continues with the next operand.

Programmer response

Respecify the identified keyword, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1907I	SC=04 NULL TOP MARGIN VALUE WILL BE SET TO 1, THE DEFAULT VALUE
-----------------	--

Explanation

VTAB= was specified with no top margin specification and the default value of 1 is used.

System action

The top margin value is set to 1, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Respecify the top margin value, and rerun the job.

Severity:
4

DFS1908I	SC=08 VTAB= BOTTOM MARGIN VALUE TRUNCATED TO LAST 3 DIGITS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The bottom margin value exceeded 3 digits.

System action

The bottom margin value is set to the last 3 digits, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the bottom margin value not to exceed 3 digits, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1909I	SC=04 NULL BOTTOM MARGIN VALUE WILL BE SET TO MAXIMUM PAGE VALUE
-----------------	---

Explanation

VTAB= was specified without a bottom margin value.

System action

The bottom margin value is set to the maximum lines per page value from the PAGE= specification.

Programmer response

Respecify the VTAB= top margin value, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

None.

Severity:
4

DFS1910I	SC=08 WIDTH= SPECIFICATION INVALID WITH FEAT= IGNORE OR IF FEAT= IS UNSPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The WIDTH= was specified while FEAT= IGNORE was specified or FEAT= was unspecified.

System action

WIDTH= value is ignored. A default width of 120 is used, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the DEV statement with a valid combination of WIDTH= and FEAT= values, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1911I **SC=08 VERTICAL TAB STOP
EXCEEDS PAGE LENGTH. TAB
STOP SET TO ZERO**

Explanation

The DEV statement VT= specification exceeded the page length. The specification must be equal to or less than PAGE= specification.

System action

The specified value is reset to zero, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the vertical tab stop in error, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1912I **SC=08 VTAB= BOTTOM MARGIN
VALUE EXCEEDS 255, THE
MAXIMUM PAGE= VALUE**

Explanation

The DEV statement VTAB= specification has a bottom margin value greater than 255.

System action

The bottom margin is reset to the maximum lines per page value from the PAGE= specification, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Change the bottom margin value, and rerun the job.

Severity:
8

DFS1913I *** FPBP64aa = b, SET AS THE
DEFAULT VALUE ***

Explanation

IMS might issue this message when the DFSDFXXX member contains the Fast Path parameter FPBP64=Y in <SECTION=FASTPATH> (enabling the IMS Fast Path 64-bit buffer manager).

In the message text:

aa

The specific function. Valid values are FPBP64, FPBP64M, FPBP64C, FPBP64D, FPBP64E, FPBP64SR, FPBP64MIN, SDEPAUTO, SDEPEXP, SDEPFREQ, or SDEPTIME.

b

One of the following values:

- Y
- N
- Storage size for FPBP64M
- Maximum age for SDEPEXP in minutes
- Number of minutes between checks for SDEPFREQ
- Time of day for SDEPTIME

This message echoes the default parameters when they are not specified in the DFSDFxxx member.

This message can contain multiple lines. All the Fast Path parameters specified are displayed in successive DFS1913I messages. The output of this message looks like this example:

```
DFS1913I * FPBP64C = Y, SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * SYS3
DFS1913I * FPBP64D = N, SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * SYS3
DFS1913I * FPBP64E = Y, SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * SYS3
DFS1913I * FPBP64SR = Y, SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * SYS3
DFS1913I * SDEPAUTO = N, SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * IMS1
DFS1913I * SDEPEXP = 00120 MINUTES, SET AS
THE DEFAULT * IMS1
DFS1913I * SDEPFREQ = 01440 MINUTES, SET AS
THE DEFAULT * IMS1
DFS1913I * SDEPTIME = 2300 SET AS THE DEFAULT
VALUE * IMS1
```

System action:
Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFFATC1

Related reference

[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member
\(System Definition\)](#)

DFS1914I **INQUIRE ERROR NODE x
RTNFDBK y SENSE z**

Explanation

An INQUIRE for session parameters during the logon for NODE x failed. The attempted session initiation was terminated. VTAM provided the return code and feedback (y) with sense information (z) as the reason for the failure.

System action

The system continues.

Operator response

See the system programmer.

Programmer response

Examine the BIND parameters in the mode table for NODE x for correctness, and the VTAM return code and sense information for the recovery action to be taken. Try to initiate the session for NODE x again.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 2

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1915I	UNSUPPORTED SCIP EXIT/VTAM ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

VTAM drove the IMS SCIP exit with an invalid command or an invalid parameter list.

System action

IMS rejected VTAM entry to the SCIP exit and returned to VTAM with an error code. IMS continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

Examine and correct possible inconsistencies in the VTAM definitions.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1916I	hh:mm:ss ATTEMPT TO START SECONDARY SESSION BUT WAS PRIMARY NODE xxx ims-id
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to start a session with NODE xxx as the secondary half-session resulted in an error and a termination of the attempt. The previous session

with NODE xxx initiated as a primary half-session, terminated abnormally.

System action

IMS rejected the attempt to start the session as a secondary. IMS continues.

Operator response:

See the Programmer response.

Programmer response

Examine the session initiation process, and determine the cause of the previous session failure. Correct the procedure and attempt the session initiation again.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1917I	INVALID CID
-----------------	--------------------

Explanation

VTAM used an invalid control interval definition (CID), or the CID in the IMS control block was overlaid. The NODE name cannot be found for the session initiation.

System action

IMS rejected the VTAM entry to one of the IMS exits and returned to VTAM with an error code. IMS continues.

Operator response:

See the Programmer response.

Programmer response

Determine whether VTAM has operational problems. If possible, create a snap memory dump of the IMS CLB control blocks to determine if any of them are overlaid.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1918A	DFSURDBO CANNOT PROCESS CONCATENATED INPUT DATA SETS FOR DD DFSUCUM
-----------------	--

Explanation

The architecture of the recovery utility DFSURDB0 does not permit the use of concatenated files as input using the DFSUCUM DD statement.

System action

Processing terminates with return code 8 after issuing this message.

Programmer response

Submit individual jobs for the utility, each with only one data set as the DFSUCUM DD input.

```
DFS1919I      * IMSFP DFSDFxxx PARAMETERS
               FROM <SECTION=FASTPATH>*
:
* aa = b      *
```

Explanation

IMS issues this message when the DFSDFxxx member contains Fast Path parameters in <SECTION=FASTPATH>.

This message is multi-line; all the Fast Path parameters specified are displayed in the following DFS1919I messages.

If Common Service Layer (CSL) is not used, the message also shows the ACBSHR value in <SECTION=FASTPATH> as Y or N.

In the message text,

aa

The specific function. Valid values are FPBP64, FPBP64M, FPBP64C, FPBP64E, FPBP64D, FPBP64SR, FPBP64MIN, FPBP6HOFF, ACBSHR, SDEPAUTO, SDEPEXP, SDEPFREQ, SDEPTIME, or BYPASS_EXTENT.

b

One of the following values:

- Y
- N
- Storage size for FPBP64M
- N, T, or F for SDEPAUTO
- Maximum age for SDEPEXP
- Number of minutes between checks for SDEPFREQ
- Time of day for SDEPTIME

The output of this message looks like this example:

```
DFS1919I *      DEF_NBA =
```

```
nnnn
DFS1919I *      DEF_OBA =
nnnn
* SYS3
* SYS3

DFS1919I * IMSFP DFSDFSLS PARAMETERS FROM
<SECTION=FASTPATH>* SYS3
DFS1919I *      FPBP64 =
Y
* SYS3
DFS1919I *      FPBP64M =
06400000
* SYS3
DFS1919I *      ACBSHR =
Y
* SYS3
DFS1919I *      SDEPAUTO =
T
* SYS3
DFS1919I *      SDEPEXP = 25530
MINUTES
* SYS3
DFS1919I *      SDEPTIME =
1030
* SYS3

DFS1919I *      BYPASS_EXTENT = Y, DEDB BYP
EXT CHECK ENABLED * SYS3
```

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DBFFATC1

Related reference

[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

```
DFS1920I      PARAMETER VALUE INVALID,
xxxxxxxx=yyyyyyyyzzzzz
```

Explanation

An invalid parameter was found.

In the message text:

```
xxxxxxxx
Parameter keyword (First 8 characters)
yyyyyyyy
Parameter value (First 8 characters)
zzzzz
ABEND, if an invalid value for this parameter
causes abend 0083 during initialization.
```

IMS execution parameters can be specified with JCL or with the DFSPBxxx or DFSDCxxx members. The JCL specified parameters override any parameters specified with DFSPBxxx or DFSDCxxx, resulting in the final execution parameters. Message DFS1920I results when values of the final parameters do not meet the system definition requirements.

With some parameters, this error results in abend 0083 after all the final parameters have been evaluated. The value zzzzz=ABEND identifies the parameters with the unrecoverable error.

System action

User abend 0083 results when ABEND appears in at least one DFS1920I message. If the abend does not occur, all parameters identified by DFS1920I receive their default values.

Programmer response

Determine if the system should continue operating with the default value. If not, shut down IMS and rerun the system with a corrected parameter.

Module:

DFSIIIDCO

Related information

[IMS abend 0083](#)

DFS1921I **PARAMETER KEYWORD INVALID,**
xxxxxxxx=yyyyyyyy

Explanation

An invalid keyword was found. In the message text, the variables and their meanings are:

xxxxxxxx

Parameter keyword (First 8 characters)

yyyyyyyy

Parameter value (First 8 characters)

IMS execution parameters can be specified with JCL or with the DFSPBxxx and DFSDCxxx members. Message DFS1921I results when invalid keywords are in the parameters specified with DFSPBxxx, DFSDCxxx, or JCL. For example, invalid keywords might be misspelled or might be invalid for the type of IMS control region being started.

The DFSPBxxx member might use all 80 columns of the record. If you have parameters names starting in column 1, be sure that you do not have sequence numbers in columns 73 through 80.

System action

The system continues.

Programmer response

Determine if the system should continue operating after using a parameter that was not correctly specified and was ignored. If necessary, shut down IMS and correct the parameter in error.

DFS1922I **GSAM OPEN OF DD xxxxxx FAILED,**
REASON CODE=reason

Explanation

An attempt to open GSAM data set xxxxxx failed for one of the following reasons:

X'20'

MVS OPEN call failed.

X'24'

An OPEN call to a specific concatenated data set failed. Most likely, there is a missing data set in the concatenation.

X'28'

An OBTAIN of the data set DSCB failed. Ensure that the data set has been properly allocated.

X'2C'

An OBTAIN of a concatenated data set DSCB failed. Ensure that the data set has been properly allocated.

X'30'

A fixed data set block size is zero. Ensure that the data set has been properly allocated.

X'34'

A fixed data set logical record length is zero. Ensure that the data set has been properly allocated.

X'38'

A fixed data set block size is not a multiple of the logical record length. Change the block size or logical record length so the block size is a multiple of the logical record length.

X'3C'

A previous call to a dummy data set encountered an error. The data set cannot be opened.

X'40'

An attempt to open a striped data set was made; however, the DFSMS release level is not at DFSMS 1.2.0 or later.

X'44'

The volume number does not exist in JFCBNVOL.

X'48'

Current volume serial number in UCB does not match in JFCBVOLS.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 17a, 18

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1924	KEYWORD RESOURCE NOT DEFINED
----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

A command was entered requesting a specific resource when the keyword resource is not defined for the IMS system.

Operator response

Correct the command.

Programmer response

Check the keyword resource against the IMS generated system to determine if the resource is installed.

DFS1925	CONVERSATION RESOURCE NOT DEFINED
----------------	--

Explanation

A command was entered requesting information from a conversation resource that is not defined in the IMS system.

Operator response

Correct the command.

Programmer response

Check the TRANSACT and SPAREA macro definitions for conversation resource.

DFS1927	UNABLE TO PROCESS SHARED EMH DUE TO LTERM REGISTRATION FAILURE
----------------	---

Explanation

While using the shared expedited message handler (EMH) to process an input message, Fast Path tried to register LTERM interest to CQS. However, the LTERM registration failed.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

This problem is temporary. If the problem persists, print X'67D0', subtype X'D00D' log records to identify the return and reason codes for the registration failure.

Module:
DBFHIELO

DFS1928	DBRC RETURNED A ZERO LENGTH MESSAGE, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation

A DBRC request submitted by the **/RMxxxxxx** command processor returned a zero-length message.

System action

The **/RMxxxxxx** command is rejected. IMS issues this message and continues execution.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the DBRC failure. See the z/OS master console (SYSLOG) for DSP messages that might explain the cause of the condition.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 36, 40, 41

Module:
DFSICLW0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1929I	IMS SYSTEM PARAMETERS init_activ FOR THIS V nn.n crt EXECUTION: * parameter *
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS issues these messages when IMS control region initialization completes and when IMS control region restart completes. The initial IMS system parameters that are active from DFSPBxxx and EXEC parameters are displayed in this message when IMS initialization completes. The IMS system parameters that are displayed after initialization might not reflect the actual values that are used during online execution. However, when DFS1929I is issued after an IMS restart completes, it displays the actual values that are used during online execution.

The message header that is issued when IMS control region initialization completes contains a keyword INITIAL. The message header that is issued when IMS restart completes contains the keyword ACTIVE.

Fast Path parameters are suppressed if Fast Path is not active (FP=N).

In the message text:

init_activ

One of the following:

- INITIAL when the message is issued during initialization
- ACTIVE when the message is issued during a restart

nn.n

IMS version number, such as 10.1

crt

Control region type, such as DBDC, DBCTL, DCCTL, or FDBR

In the message text, parameters are the IMS system parameters. An example of message DFS1929I follows:

```
DFS1929I * IMS SYSTEM PARAMETERS ACTIVE FOR
THIS V15.2 DBDC EXECUTION:
DFS1929I *      ALOT      =
1440
DFS1929I *      A0IP      =
2147483647
DFS1929I *      A0IS      =
N
DFS1929I *      A0I1      =
DFS1929I *      APPC      =
N
DFS1929I *      APPCSE    =
F
DFS1929I *      APPLID1   =
DFS1929I *      APPLID2   =
DFS1929I *      APPLID3   =
APPL7
DFS1929I *      TCORACF   =
N
DFS1929I *      SVSODR    =
NONE
DFS1929I *      TRACK     =
NO
DFS1929I *      TRN       =
DFS1929I *      TSR       =
L
DFS1929I *      UHTS      =
256
DFS1929I *      USERVAR   =
IMS1
DFS1929I *      VAUT      =
1
DFS1929I *      VSPEC     =
91
DFS1929I *      WADS      =
S
DFS1929I *      WKAP      =
40960
```

```
DFS1929I *      YEAR4     =
N
```

System action

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSSDSP0

DFS1930I	INVALID COMMAND DETECTED IN PROCLIB MEMBER xxxxxxxx. RESTART PROCEEDS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS control region initialization, member xxxxxxxx contained characters other than START in columns 1 to 5. Member xxxxxxxx is either &DLINM or &DBRCNM on the control region startup parameter. This message follows message DFS0578I.

System action

The member is discarded. The control region attempts to start either DBRC or DLISAS with an MVS **START** command for procedure &DLINM or &DBRCNM, as appropriate.

Operator response

Ask the system programmer to verify that the libraries in the PROCLIB for the control region concatenation are set up correctly.

Related information

[“DFS0578I” on page 196](#)
READ SUCCESSFUL FOR DDNAME xxxxxxxx
MEMBER yyyyyyyyyy

DFS1931I	SESSION RECOVERY IN PROGRESS NODE x USER z, UNBIND CODE WAS yy
-----------------	---

Explanation

VTAM terminated the session with an UNBIND code of yy. An automatic session restart is being attempted for NODE x, USER z.

System action

The system continues.

Operator response:

No action is required unless this message occurs frequently for NODE x. In this case, examine the UNBIND code to determine whether a possible network error should be corrected, or a different mode table entry and COS list should be used for session initiation.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1932	CONVERSATION IN PROGRESS -CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND.
----------------	--

Explanation

A **/DISPLAY**, **/RDISPLAY**, or **/FORMAT** command was entered while a conversation transaction was in progress. These commands generate queued output that cannot be sent while the terminal or node is in conversation mode.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

Operator response:

The conversation must be terminated by the application or the terminal operator (**/EXIT**) before the command is accepted.

DFS1933I	REGION INITIALIZATION TERMINATED - THIS ADDRESS SPACE CURRENTLY HAS AN ACTIVE IMS IMAGE
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS region initialization rejected a request for the start of a second IMS image in an address space. An IMS image is defined as a BMP, MPP, IFP, DBB, or DLI region.

System action

The z/OS job for the second IMS image terminates with a nonzero return code. The first IMS image is unaffected and continues to run.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

The purpose of this message is to inform the system programmer of an IMS architectural constraint (only one IMS image to an address space). Contact the person who submitted the second image and inform them that this is currently not a supported feature.

Problem determination

None. This is an IMS architectural constraint.

DFS1934E	<i>module</i> FAILED TO LOAD <i>modulename</i> ERROR CODE=xxxxxxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS issued the IMODULE LOAD macro to load a module, but the load failed.

In the message text:

module
The module that issued the load

modulename
The name of the module that could not be loaded

xxxxxxx
The returned error code

System action

IMS processing continues.

Output destination

The System Console

System programmer response

See the IMODULE return codes information. If you are unable to resolve the problem, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSLOAD0, DFSDFN00, DFSAINB0

Related reference
[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS1935E	UNABLE TO TERMINATE FUNCTIONS FOR CQS COMMUNICATION - FUNCTION=<i>failing_function</i>, RETURN CODE=xxxxxxx, REASON CODE=yyyyyyy
-----------------	---

or

**UNABLE TO TERMINATE FUNCTIONS FOR
CQS COMMUNICATION - FUNCTION=CQSDISC
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz**

or

**UNABLE TO TERMINATE FUNCTIONS FOR
CQS COMMUNICATION - FUNCTION=CQSDISC
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

IMS encountered an error while attempting to terminate functions required for CQS communication.

The first form of the message is issued if a completion code is not returned.

The second form of the message is issued if the function is CQSDISC, only one structure (MSGQ or EMHQ) is in error, and a nonzero completion code is returned.

The third form of the message is issued if the function is CQSDISC, both the MSGQ and EMHQ structures are in error, and a nonzero completion code is issued.

failing_function

The function request that failed:

CQSDISC

Request to terminate IMS connections to one or more coupling facility structures failed.

CQSDEREG

Request to unregister IMS from CQS failed.

xxxxxxx

The return code from the failing function.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code from the failing function.

cccc

MSGQ or EMHQ

zzzzzzzz

The completion code from the CQSCONN request.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

The return code and reason code are provided for IBM support representatives only. Report the problem to IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSSQ040

Related concepts

[CQS client requests \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS1936E

**UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE
IMS CONTROL REGION
TO CQS AS A CLIENT
- FUNCTION=failing_function,
RETURN CODE=xxxxxxx, REASON
CODE=yyyyyyyy**

or

**UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE IMS CONTROL REGION
TO CQS AS A CLIENT - FUNCTION=CQSCONN,
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz**

or

**UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE IMS CONTROL REGION
TO CQS AS A CLIENT - FUNCTION=CQSCONN,
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz
STRUCTURE=cccc, COMPCODE=zzzzzzzz**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to identify the IMS control region to CQS as a client that will use shared queues on the coupling facility.

The first form of the message is issued if a completion code is not returned.

The second form of the message is issued if the function is CQSCONN, only one structure (MSGQ or EMHQ) is in error, and a nonzero completion code is returned.

The third form of the message is issued if the function is CQSCONN, both the MSGQ and EMHQ structures are in error, and a nonzero completion code is issued.

failing_function

The function request that failed:

IMODULE GETMAIN

Request to obtain a work area failed.

IMODULE LOAD

Request to load a module failed.

CQSREG

Request to register IMS to CQS failed.

CQSCONN

Request to connect IMS to one or more coupling facility structures failed.

CQS MSGQ STR ATR

The WAITRBLD value for the MSGQ structure is not correct.

CQS EMHQ STR ATR

The WAITRBLD value for the EMHQ structure is not correct.

JOIN XCF GROUP

The MAXGROUP value specified for the XCF couple data set is too small.

XXXXXXXX

The return code from the failing function.

- For a description of IMODULE GETMAIN or IMODULE LOAD return codes, see the IMS system services return code information.
- For a description of CQSREG and CQSCONN return codes, see [CQSREG request \(System Programming APIs\)](#) and [CQSCONN request \(System Programming APIs\)](#).
- For a description of CQS MSGQ STR ATR or CQS EMHQ STR ATR return codes, see reason code yyyyyyyy. Reason and return codes for these functions are the same.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code from the failing function:

- When the failing function is IMODULE GETMAIN, the reason code is one of the following:

X'00001002'

DFSSQM allocation failed.

X'00001004'

SQ1 AWE allocation failed.

X'00001005'

SQ2 AWE allocation failed.

- When the failing function is IMODULE LOAD, the reason code is:

X'00001006'

DFSSQ010 load failed.

- When the failing function is CQSREG, the reason code is from the CQSREG macro.
- When the failing function is CQSCONN, the reason code is from the CQSCONN macro.
- When the failing function is CQS MSGQ STR ATR, the reason code is:

X'00000106'

The WAITRBLD value for the MSGQ structure is incorrect. When this error occurs, you might need to force the structure and rebuild before IMS can be brought up.

- When the failing function is CQS EMHQ STR ATR, the reason code is:

X'00000107'

The WAITRBLD value for the EMHQ structure is incorrect. When this error occurs, you might need to force the structure and rebuild before IMS can be brought up.

- When the failing function is JOIN XCF GROUP, the reason code is:

X'00000000'

The MAXGROUP value specified for the XCF couple data set is too small. When this error occurs, you might need to increase the value specified on the MAXGROUP keyword.

cccc

MSGQ or EMHQ

zzzzzzzz

The completion code from the CQSCONN request.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with abend code 0071.

System programmer response

If the WAITRBLD value for the MSGQ or EMHQ structure is incorrect, determine which address spaces are connected to the structure through CQS. Disconnect all non-IMS control region clients. Restart IMS so an IMS control region makes the initial connection to a structure in the sysplex. Then reconnect the non-IMS clients.

Return and reason codes from all other functions are provided for IBM support representatives only. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DFSSQ020

Related reference

[CQSREG request \(System Programming APIs\)](#)
[CQSCONN request \(System Programming APIs\)](#)
[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS1937I

USER EXIT DFSxxxx0 LOADED

Explanation

The security exit routine identified in the message has been loaded. If RACF is also active, RACF is called before the exit routine. xxxx0 can be DFSCSGN0, DFSCTRN0, or DFSCTSE0.

System action

The exit routine is called for signon or transaction security, depending which exit routine is loaded.

Programmer response

None. If you do not want the exit routine loaded and called, remove it from the STEPLIB concatenation.

Module:
DFSAINBO

DFS1938 **INVALID MODE TABLE NAME LINK**
 x

Explanation

A VTAM session initiation attempt failed because VTAM did not recognize the mode table name used for LINK x.

System action

The attempt to establish an MSC VTAM session failed for LINK x.

Operator response:
Specify the correct mode table name supplied by the system programmer, and try to initiate the session for LINK x.

Programmer response

Specify the correct mode table name for LINK x.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS1939W **hh:mm:ssxxxxxxxxxxxx**
 INTEREST ERROR,
 yyyyyyyyzzzzzzzzwwwwwww

Explanation

IMS attempted to register or unregister interest in one or more shared queues for one or more resources. Either IMS experienced an internal error, or CQS rejected the request.

The message variables have the following meanings:

hh:mm:ss

Time stamp

xxxxxxxx

REGISTER or DEREGISTER

yyyyyyyy

One of the following values:

ALLOTMA

Interest was being registered for all active supermember TPIPEs following a CQS failure.

ALLTERM

Interest was being registered for all active LTERMs following a CQS failure.

ALLTRAN

Interest was being registered for all transactions during IMS initialization or following a CQS failure.

LTERM =

Interest was being registered or deregistered for one or more LTERMs.

NODE =

Interest was being registered or deregistered for all LTERMs assigned to the indicated terminal.

PROGRAM=

Interest was being registered or deregistered for one or more program names.

REMOTE =

Interest was being registered or deregistered for one or more LNB or RSMB names.

TRAN =

Interest was being registered or deregistered for one or more transaction names.

zzzzzzzz

Resource name (present only for LTERM, NODE, PROGRAM, REMOTE, or TRAN)

wwwwwww

Contains '...ETC' if more than one resource failed; otherwise, this field is blank.

System action

IMS continues normal processing, but the affected resources might no longer be notified of output available on the shared message queues.

Programmer response

If the error message is the result of a command or other process, attempt to reissue the command or restart the process. If the error persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Problem determination

1, 6, 37 and a copy of log record type X'67D0'.

Module:

DFSSQI00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1940I	RECORDS SKIPPED FOR DBD = xxxxxxx DDN= xxxxxxx FROM TIME = yydddhmmssst TO TIME = yydddhmmssst COUNT = ccccccccc
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input log for the Database Recovery utility includes database change records for a period for which the updates to the database set were invalidated by a time stamp recovery. The utility ignored those change records. The FROM TIME is the time stamp from the earliest of these skipped records. The TO TIME is the time stamp from the latest of the skipped records. The COUNT is the total number of skipped records in that range.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSURDB0

DFS1941I	STOPPED PROCESSING LOG WHEN TIME = yydddhmmssst ENCOUNTERED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility stopped reading the input log when it encountered a database change record beyond the point to which the recovery is to be done. The TIME shown in the message is the time stamp from the first database change record that the utility did not use. This is normal for a partial recovery.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSURDB0

DFS1942	DATA COMMUNICATIONS QMGR/CQS READ ERROR LINK xx
----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred during the data communication QMGR or CQS read (GU/GN) process.

System action

If the error occurred while processing a message for an MSC link, the destination (for example, MSNAME or REMOTE TRANSACTION) is stopped and a 6701-MER1 record is written to the log data set.

If the error occurred while processing a MSC / **MSVERIFY** command, the command is terminated and 6701-CMT1 /CMT2 /CMT3 /CMT4 records are written to the log data set.

For system-defined terminals, communication (for example, a VTAM session) is terminated.

For ETO terminals, the user is signed off. A X'67D0' log record containing pertinent information about the error is produced.

For a /**DEQUEUE** command, the command is rejected. No messages were dequeued.

For the system console, the terminal is stopped.

Operator response

Reestablish the session or signon as explained in the Programmer response. After the error is corrected, issue the /**DISPLAY STATUS MSNAME** and the /**DISPLAY TRANSACTION** or **QUERY TRAN** commands to determine the destination that was stopped. Destination will display STOPPED, QERROR. Use the /**START** command to start the destination.

If error occurred while processing a /**MSVERIFY** command, reissue the **MSVERIFY** command.

If this message is a result of a /**DEQUEUE** command, reenter the /**DEQUEUE** command when CQS or the structure is again available.

If the stopped terminal is the system console, issuing a subsequent IMS command will reset the stopped status.

Programmer response

You can isolate the error by using the DFSERA10 program to print the 6701 records. When the problem is corrected, reestablish the session or signon by Node x, an IMS /**OPNDST** command, or responding to the DFS3649A signon message, as appropriate.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 15, 36

Module:
DFSICIO0, DFSICLJ0

Related information

[“DFS3649A” on page 1034](#)
[/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1943 CQS OUTPUT QUEUE
REGISTRATION ERROR**

Explanation

An error occurred during a logon or signon CQS INFORM call to register interest on one or more output message queues (LTERMs) associated with the terminal logon or user signon.

System action

For system-defined terminals, communication (for example, a VTAM session) is terminated. For ETO terminals, the user is signed off. An X'67D0' log record containing pertinent information about the error is produced.

Operator response:

Reestablish the session or signon as explained in the Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, reestablish the session or signon by Node x, an IMS /OPNDST command, or responding to the DFS3649A signon message, as appropriate.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 15, 36

Module:

DFSCMS00

Related information

[“DFS3649A” on page 1034](#)
/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS1944E APPC OUTPUT SEGMENT SIZE
EXCEEDED, MESSAGE DISCARDED
FOR LU=nnnnnnnn, TPN=name,
SIDE=name, TRANCODE=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

The named transaction inserted an output message segment greater than 32767 to an LU6.2 destination. The maximum output message segment to an LU6.2 device is 32767.

System action

The output message is discarded.

Programmer response

Change the named transaction to insert message segments with a length no greater than 32767. Change the TRANSACT macro SEGSIZE parameter to 32767.

**DFS1945 DATA COMMUNICATIONS
QMGR/CQS WRITE ERROR LINK xx**

Explanation

An error occurred during the data communication QMGR or CQS WRITE (PUT/ISRT) process.

System action

For messages being received on an MSC link, the message is canceled, a 6701 ID = MSSx (x = 1, 2, 3) record is written to the log, and the partner IMS system is notified. The partner system issues message DFS2140 DESTINATION *name* STOPPED, REASON CODE 1945, where *name* is the MSNAME of the MSC send path. The message is returned to the message queue of the sending IMS system.

If a /MSVERIFY command was being processed, the information being inserted to the queue is discarded, and a 6701-AER1 record is written to the log data set.

If a message was being routed by the message control error exit DFSCMUX0, the rerouted message is canceled, and a 6701 ID = AER1 record is written to the log data set.

Operator response:

When you have corrected the problem, use the /START command to start the destination (for example, MSNAME or REMOTE TRANSACTION). If the error occurred while processing a /MSVERIFY command, reissue the command.

Programmer response

You can isolate the error by using the DFSERA10 program to print the 6701 records.

Problem determination

Contact the system programmer if the error persists.

If the error was encountered by an MSC link, the following CLBTEMP fields are set in the LLB block in the 6701 MSS1 record:

- CLBTEMP2 = R15 return code +8 from the QMGR Put-move call

- CLBTEMP3 = Message key = x'00000799' = decimal 1945
- CLBTEMP4 = Module ID, that is C'CMS0' = DFSCMS00

Module:
 DFSCMS00, DFSCMLA0, DFSCMLB0, DFSCM4L0, DFSCMSY0, DFSCMEI0

Related information
 “IMS problem determination” on page 1
 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1946W	IMS CRC OF 'x' ALREADY EXISTS WITHIN SYSTEM OR SYSPLEX
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS command recognition character of 'x' is not unique within the registration scope of system or sysplex. The character has been registered by another system.

System action

The IMS system continues processing.

Programmer response

Using the CRC= execution parameter, a different CRC can be specified in the next IMS execution.

Module:
 DFSXSTM0

DFS1947I	LOCKED MESSAGES EXISTED DURING CQS DISCONNECT
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS issues this message during IMS shutdown. This is a normal condition when:

- IMS conversational messages (for conversations that have not yet ended) exist.
- Response mode messages exist. This occurs when response mode messages have been sent but an acknowledgment was not yet received.
- Messages for ISC, SLU P, and FINANCE devices exist.

IMS must retain these messages with this IMS until it restarts. These messages is only accessible from this IMS system.

If IMS is cold started, IMS will move the locked messages to the cold queue.

System action

IMS processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS1948	CQS READ FOUND ANOTHER SYSTEMS MESSAGE NODE x USER y
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS identified a Fast Path reply message that belonged to another IMS system in the sysplex during a scheduled read to the Shared Queues facility.

When using the same LTERM name on multiple systems in a shared queues sysplex, all Fast Path reply messages must be processed by the system at the originating terminal. This means that while a Fast Path response mode operation is still in-progress on one IMS system, the same LTERM name cannot be used, simultaneously or serially, by a terminal on another IMS system.

This is an IMS Transaction Manager restriction for Fast Path in a shared queues environment.

System action

IMS writes a 6701-AER1 diagnostic record to the log and makes the message generally available again to the sysplex through shared message queue support. For ETO sessions, the signon for USER y is failed. For non-ETO, the session established with NODE x is ended.

Operator response

Further attempts to sign on USER y or logon NODE x will repeat this error condition until the Fast Path response mode is reset or the message is dequeued from the shared queues facility. The originating terminal might receive the message and terminate the Fast Path response mode.

Problem determination:
 1, 6, 10

Related information
 “IMS problem determination” on page 1
 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1949	KEYWORD INVALID - SHARED EMH QUEUES NOT ENABLED
----------------	--

Explanation

The command was not processed because the EMHQ keyword is invalid in an IMS system without Shared EMH Queues.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command in an IMS system in which Shared EMH Queues is enabled.

Module:
DFSIDP00

DFS1950	DESTINATION HAS NO OUTPUT QUEUED
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/ALLOCATE** command was entered, but the LU 6.2 destination has no output to be sent.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

Chapter 42. DFS messages, DFS1951 - DFS2000I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS1951	DESCRIPTOR KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID
----------------	--

Explanation

The descriptor parameter specified was not an LU 6.2 descriptor and was invalid.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reenter the command with intended parameters.

DFS1952	DESTINATION NOT FOUND
----------------	------------------------------

Explanation

The specified destination was invalid.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reenter the command with a valid destination.

DFS1953	COMMAND NOT APPLICABLE
----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

The entered command was not applicable to the present state of the system. This message is issued for one of the following reasons:

- A command is entered that operates on LUNAME/TPNAME and the current IMS system is not operating with a z/OS supporting APPC.
- A command was entered to put IMS in a state which IMS is already in. The command thus has no effect.
- The DFSAPPC message switching service was entered on an IMS system that is not running with a z/OS supporting APPC.
- A command was entered to change the APPC timeout value and the current z/OS release does not support APPC timeout.

System action

The entered command is disregarded.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSICLN2

DFS1954	NO TPNAMES ASSOCIATED WITH LUNAME
----------------	--

Explanation

The entered command specified the LUNAME and TPNAME keywords with parameter ALL, but no asynchronous output messages were associated with the specified LUNAME.

System action

The entered command is ignored.

DFS1955I	APPC CONVERSATION ALLOCATION FAILURE. RC=nn, LU=name, TPN=name [, SIDE=name] or LU=xxxxxxx STOPPED
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued if a failure other than TP_NOT_AVAILABLE occurs while sending an asynchronous response. The LU STOPPED form of the message indicates the inputting LU is in STOPPED state. The return codes in this message are displayed as a hexadecimal value. If the LU name is network-qualified, it can be up to 17 bytes long.

System action

System operation continues normally. This error message is sent to the master terminal operator. For the LU STOPPED form of the message, the message is sent to the incoming device, and the conversation is rejected with a reason code of TP_NOT_AVAILABLE_RETRY.

Programmer response

If the LU STOPPED message appears, the operator can issue **/START LU xxxxxxxx** INPUT for the LU NAME specified in the message.

Module:

DFSALM00

Related reference

[z/OS: APPC/MVS - Explanation of return and reason codes](#)

DFS1956E REQTEXT

Explanation

This multiple-format message identifies IMS TP_PROFILE syntax errors, such as TRANCODE, CLASS AND MAXRGN IS OMITTED. It also identifies LU 6.2 descriptors, such as INVALID LTERM NAME.

The following list contains the various formats for TP_PROFILE:

- DFS1956E TRANCODE, CLASS AND MAXRGN IS OMITTED
- DFS1956E KEYWORD IS MISSING, TOO LONG OR INVALID KEYWORD:
- DFS1956E MISSING "=" AFTER KEYWORD
- DFS1956E VALUE MISSING OR TOO LONG
- DFS1956E DUPLICATE OR INVALID TRANCODE:
- DFS1956E INVALID CLASS, IT MUST BE BETWEEN 1 AND 255:
- DFS1956E INVALID MAXRGN, IT MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 255:
- DFS1956E DUPLICATE OR INVALID CLASS
- DFS1956E DUPLICATE OR INVALID MAXRGN
- DFS1956E DUPLICATE CPUTIME
- DFS1956E INVALID CPUTIME, IT MUST BE BETWEEN 0 and 1440

The following list contains the various formats for LU 6.2 descriptors:

- DFS1956E SYNTAX ERR ON PREVIOUS CARD IN CHAIN, SKIP THIS
- DFS1956E SYNTAX ERROR ON CARD *card number*
- DFS1956E SYNTAX ERROR FOR DESCRIPTOR = *lterm name* DUPLICATE OUTBND KEYWORD

The following are added to the prefix:

- CAN NOT CONTINUE IF COL(71) IS BLANK
- FIRST COLUMN MUST BE EITHER "U" OR "*"
- SECOND COLUMN MUST BE BLANK
- LTERM NAME NOT GIVEN

- LTERM NAME LONGER THAN 8 CHAR
- INVALID LTERM NAME
- DIFFERENT LTERM NAME ON CONTINUED CARD
- THE CONTINUED DATA MUST BEGIN IN COLUMN 12
- ILLEGAL KEYWORD
- SIDE MUST BE 1 TO 8 CHARACTER LONG
- INVALID CHARACTER IN SIDENAME
- DUPLICATE SIDE KEYWORD
- LUNAME MUST BE 1 TO 17 CHARACTERS LONG
- LUNAME MUST BEGIN WITH A-Z OR @,\$,#
- DUPLICATE LUNAME KEYWORD
- INVALID CHARACTER IN LUNAME
- TPNAME MUST BE 1 TO 64 CHARACTER LONG
- DUPLICATE TPNAME KEYWORD
- INVALID CHARACTER IN TPNAME
- MODE MUST BE 1 TO 8 CHARACTER LONG
- MODE MUST BEGIN WITH A-Z OR @,\$,#
- INVALID CHARACTER IN MODE
- DUPLICATE MODE KEYWORD
- SYNCLEVEL MUST BE 1 CHARACTER LONG
- INVALID SYNCLEVEL VALUE
- DUPLICATE SYNCLEVEL KEYWORD
- CONVTYPE MUST BE 1 CHARACTER LONG
- INVALID CONVTYPE VALUE
- DUPLICATE CONVTYPE KEYWORD
- DESCRIPTOR ENTRY ALREADY EXISTS

System action

This error message is sent to the system console.

Programmer response

Correct the errors identified in this message.

DFS1957E DFSAPPC ERROR: description

Explanation

An input parameter error is found while processing the DFSAPPC message request. The description field is replaced by the appropriate error types. The following are possible error types:

MISSING '('
MISSING '=' AFTER KEYWORD
INVALID OR DUPLICATE KEYWORD
INVALID LTERM NAME
INVALID LU NAME
INVALID MODE NAME

INVALID TP NAME
INVALID SIDE NAME
INVALID CONVERSATION TYPE
INVALID SYNC LEVEL
MISSING OR INVALID VALUE AFTER KEYWORD
LTERM AND OTHER KEYWORDS ARE MUTUALLY
EXCLUSIVE
THE PARAMETER LENGTH IS TOO LONG
NO MESSAGE TEXT AFTER ')'
NO USERID OR USER IS NOT SIGNED ON
DESTINATION NOT FOUND

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the errors and retry DFSAPPC.

DFS1958I	IMS CONNECTION TO APPC/MVS COMPLETE, LUNAME= nnnnnnnn.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The connection between APPC/MVS and IMS was established. APPC/MVS opened the local ACB of IMS. APPC/MVS LU 6.2 services are available to IMS. If the LU name is network-qualified, it can be up to 17 bytes long.

System action

IMS receives messages from LU 6.2 devices and sends messages to LU 6.2 devices using APPC/MVS services.

DFS1959E	SEVERE IMS INTERNAL FAILURE, REASON CODE= xxyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message identifies an IMS internal error.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support and report the reason code xxyy provided by the message and the LUMI trace output. Also see the IMS diagnostic information for more information about this message and other APPC/IMS diagnostic aids.

Related reference

[DFS1959E message information \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS1960I	IMS HAS REQUESTED A CONNECTION WITH APPC/MVS
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS issued the APPC/MVS verb ATBIDEN to connect to APPC/MVS.

System action

IMS continues processing without APPC/MVS LU 6.2 service. The service is unavailable until APPC/MVS drives the IMS XCF exit indicating that the IMS LOCAL LU 6.2 ACB was opened.

DFS1961W	IMS CONNECTION WITH APPC/MVS HAS FAILED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A failure occurred while trying to start or maintain an APPC/MVS connection.

System action

IMS continues processing without APPC enabled.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for failure by analyzing all DFS1965E messages and VTAM or APPC/MVS messages on the system console that might have preceded this message. Restart APPC using the **/START APPC** command.

Related concepts

[APPC/IMS diagnostic aids \(Diagnosis\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS1965E” on page 567](#)

APPC/MVS CALL FAILURE,

FUNCTION=aaaaaaaa, REASON CODE=xxyy,

RETURN CODE=xxxxxxxx, LUNAME=nnnnnnnn

DFS1962	COMMAND INVALID FROM AN LU 6.2 DEVICE
----------------	--

Explanation

This command cannot be entered from an LU 6.2 device. It is valid only from other IMS terminal types.

System action

The IMS command is ignored.

Operator response

The IMS command entered has no meaning for an LU 6.2 device. Determine the reason for using this command. Another IMS command might apply, or an APPC/MVS or VTAM command might exist for the wanted action.

DFS1963W	XRF PARAMETERS MISSING OR INVALID IN MVS APPCPM MEMBER
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued because the USERVAR or ALTLU parameters are missing or invalid in the APPCPM member. The APPCPM member is used by z/OS during startup of the APPC subsystem to specify options. z/OS also passes USERVAR and the ALTLU name to IMS when requested.

Programmer response

Check the APPCPM member for validity of the USERVAR and ALTLU parameters.

DFS1964E	DESTINATION TMEMBER NAME=nnnnnnnn NOT ACCESSIBLE, REASON CODE=xx, TPIPE NAME=yyyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

or

**DESTINATION NAME=nnnnnnnn NOT ACCESSIBLE,
REASON CODE=xx, LUNAME=yyyyyyyyy**

Explanation

The specified destination cannot be accepted for processing from an LU 6.2 device and is discarded. If the LU name is network-qualified, it can be up to 17 bytes long. The reason codes and their meanings are the following:

Code (dec)

Explanation

01

The destination name specified by the requestor from LUNAME= is for an IMS MSC destination. This type of destination is not valid for queuing messages from an LU 6.2 application program that is not on an IMS system that has MSC support for APPC.

02

The destination name specified by the requestor from LUNAME= is for a local LTERM. This type of

message switch function is not supported from an LU 6.2 application program.

03

The destination name specified by the requestor from LUNAME= is for an IMS Fast Path transaction or an IMS response mode transaction. This type of transaction is not valid for queuing messages from an LU 6.2 device with an asynchronous request (ALLOCATE, SEND_DATA, DEALLOCATE).

04

The destination name specified by the requestor from LUNAME= can accept only single segments. Because multiple segments were detected from the requestor, the input is discarded (ALLOCATE, SEND_DATA, SEND_DATA).

05

The destination name specified by the requestor from LUNAME= is an IMS remote transaction name that is not acceptable. The cause could be that the destination IMS is not capable of accepting an APPC transaction.

06

If the first form of the message is issued, the reroute destination name for Message Control/Error exit specified from LUNAME= and DESTINATION NAME=, or from DESTINATION NAME=, is not accessible because the message originated in this system and there is no base LU name in this system to receive an output message.

If the second form of the message is issued, the reroute destination name for the Message Control/Error exit specified on TMEMBER NAME= and TPIPE NAME= is not accessible.

07

In a shared queues environment, the destination name specified by the requester from LUNAME= is for a dynamic (non-CPIC and non-MS-remote) transaction. This is not allowed because APPC-entered transactions must be run on the same local IMS on which the transaction was entered. Dynamic transactions represent transactions that only run on other IMS systems in the shared queues group.

09

Rollback (ROLB) retry count was exceeded. The system is unable to process transaction.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The reroute request is ignored and the associated default action is performed. See DFSCMUX0 for default actions.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action for each reason code:

Code (dec)

Action

- 01** Do not attempt to use an MSC-defined transaction
- 02** Use the DFSAPPC facility for message switch support
- 03** Use the synchronous process (ALLOCATE, SEND_DATA, RECEIVE_AND_WAIT)
- 04** Because multiple segments were detected from the requestor, the input is discarded (ALLOCATE, SEND_DATA)
- 05** Verify that the destination IMS is at system product level of Version 5.1
- 07** Determine which IMS systems in the shared queues group have the transaction defined locally, and enter the transaction on one of these systems.

DFS1965E **APPC/MVS CALL
FAILURE, FUNCTION=aaaaaaaa,
REASON CODE=xyyy,
RETURN CODE=xxxxxxx,
LUNAME=nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

A call to APPC/MVS had an unexpected return code. The call *aaaaaaaa* was issued, and a return code *xxxxxxx* from APPC/MVS was the result.

A return code that is negative (for example, -1) indicates that the error occurred in processing the call before APPC/MVS receiving control; these negative return code values are set by IMS. The possible values are:

- 1** Call unavailable (z/OS entry point not defined; probable cause is bind error with level of z/OS that does not support APPC/MVS, for example, SP 4.1 or earlier).
- 2** Call not known (probable cause is incorrect installation of IMS resulting in running modules from 2 separate IMS releases).

See [z/OS: APPC/MVS Allocate Queue Services](#) for the meaning of positive values for this return code. Error return codes that represent anticipated conditions are handled by IMS, and do not result in this message.

This message is produced when an unexpected result is encountered, which might represent an abnormal condition in some system component.

The reason code variable *xx* is a decimal number that identifies the module associated with the code. See APPC/IMS diagnostic aids in *IMS Version 15.5 Diagnosis*. Variable *yy* is the internal reason code.

If you contact the IBM support center, be prepared to supply the module number and reason code given in the message, and if requested, the output from LU manager trace.

If the LU name is network-qualified, it can be up to 17 bytes long.

Programmer response

Determine the error and whether the failing component is either IMS, APPC/MVS, or VTAM. Check that IMS is running with the correct level of APPC/MVS.

Problem determination

Check for any accompanying APPC/MVS and VTAM error messages. Check the SYS1.LOGREC data set for software failure records that might accompany this condition.

Related concepts

[APPC/IMS diagnostic aids \(Diagnosis\)](#)

Related reference

[DFS1965E APPC/MVS call failures \(Diagnosis\)](#)
[z/OS: APPC/MVS - Explanation of return and reason codes](#)

DFS1966 **IMS CONVERSATIONAL TRAN
ENDED. INPUT DISCARDED**

Explanation

The remote LU 6.2 application program ended the LU 6.2 conversation with an IMS-defined conversational transaction with pending input (SEND_DATA, DEALLOCATE).

System action

The system continues processing. The pending input is discarded, the IMS conversational transaction is terminated, and the LU 6.2 conversation is deallocated.

Programmer response

Correct the remote application program to receive the response before deallocating the LU 6.2 conversation.

**DFS1967 MESSAGE SEGMENT BUFFER
OVERLAY**

Explanation

The EDIT EXIT routine can change the message contents and can increase the message length by as much as 256 bytes. The total message length cannot exceed 32,764 bytes. If the message length exceeds this limit, or if the message is increased by more than 256 bytes, the message is truncated.

System action

The message is truncated.

Programmer response

Correct the Edit Exit routine to prevent an increase of the message of more than 256 bytes.

**DFS1968 APPC IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR
THE SPECIFIED MVSLEVEL**

Explanation

The z/OS level specified in the IMSCTRL IMS system definition macro does not provide the correct z/OS level to use APPC.

System action

The request is ignored, and IMS continues to function.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS JCL does not specify APPC=Y, and IMS commands do not specify LU 6.2 functions.

**DFS1969W LU 6.2 DESCRIPTOR=xxxxxxx
NOT FOUND DURING MVS XRF
RESTART**

Explanation

The specified descriptor name was found in a checkpoint record, but the descriptor block representing the descriptor was not found.

System action

The request is ignored, and IMS continues to function.

Programmer response

Check the DFS62DTx member used by the IMS system, and verify that the information for the specified descriptor is not defined.

**DFS1970 IMS SHUTTING DOWN-
TRANSACTION DISCARDED**

Explanation

This message is sent to the partner LU that has established a synchronous LU 6.2 or OTMA conversation with IMS. An IMS /**CHE** shutdown command was entered. This message informs the partner application that IMS is shutting down.

For OTMA, IMS can send DFS1970 messages to OTMA clients for all inflight send-then-commit (commit mode 1) transactions. Before it sends the DFS1970 message, IMS validates the OTMA message prefix, and if the OTMA message prefix does not allow OTMA to deliver a DFS1970 message, no DFS1970 message will be sent.

System action

The LU 6.2 or OTMA conversation is ended. IMS continues with shutdown processing.

Module:

DFS6ECT0, DFSYTIB0

**DFS1971I CQCHKPT SYSTEM COMMAND
REJECTED FOR STRUCTURE=
structurename; THE STRUCTURE
NAME IS INVALID**

or

**CQCHKPT SHAREDQ COMMAND REJECTED FOR
STRUCTURE= structurename; THE STRUCTURE
NAME IS INVALID****Explanation**

The command was not processed because the structure named in the message is not a valid structure name.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid structure name.

Module:

DFS6QCP0

**DFS1972I CQCHKPT SYSTEM COMPLETE FOR
STRUCTURE= structurename**

or

**CQCHKPT SHAREDQ COMPLETE FOR STRUCTURE=
structurename**

Explanation

The **/CQCHKPT SHAREDQ** or **/CQCHKPT SYSTEM** command completed for the structure named in the message.

System action

IMS processing continues.

Module:
DFSSQCP0

DFS1973I	CQCHKPT SYSTEM REQUEST REJECTED FOR REASON CODE=reasoncode
-----------------	---

or

**CQCHKPT SHAREDQ REQUEST REJECTED FOR
REASON CODE=reasoncode**

Explanation

The **/CQCHKPT SHAREDQ** or **/CQCHKPT SYSTEM** command was rejected. The reason codes (*reasoncode*) are as follows:

Reason code
Explanation

- | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | CQS shutdown pending |
| 2 | No CQS address space |
| 3 | Invalid CQS registration token |
| 4 | The function is invalid. |
| 5 | The count is invalid. |
| 6 | The list address is invalid. |

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSSQCP0

DFS1974I	CQCHKPT SYSTEM REQUEST REJECTED FOR STRUCTURE= structurename, REASON CODE=reasoncode
-----------------	---

or

**CQCHKPT SHAREDQ REQUEST REJECTED
FOR STRUCTURE= structurename, REASON
CODE=reasoncode**

Explanation

The **/CQCHKPT SHAREDQ** or **/CQCHKPT SYSTEM** command failed for the structure named in the message. The reason codes (*reasoncode*) for the failure are:

Reason code
Explanation

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 1 | The checkpoint is already in progress for the structure. |
| 2 | A CQS restart is in progress. |
| 3 | The connect token is invalid. |
| 4 | CQSRSYNC is required for this structure. |
| 5 | A CQS internal error occurred. |
| 6 | The retry failed. |

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

For reason codes 1 and 2, reissue the command when the event completes.

For all other reason codes, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSSQCP0

DFS1975 COMMAND REJECTED AS CQS IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

The command was not processed because the CQS address space is unavailable.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command when CQS is available.

Module:

DFSICM30, DFSICQ20, DFSIDP40

DFS1976 KEYWORD INVALID - SHARED QUEUES NOT ENABLED

Explanation

The command was not processed because the keyword is invalid in an IMS system without Shared Queues.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command in an IMS system in which Shared Queues is enabled.

Module:

DFSIDPRO, DFSIDP00

DFS1977 COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO CQS ERROR

Explanation

The command was not processed because IMS received an error return code from CQS.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command. If you receive the same message again, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSICQ20, DFSIDP40

DFS1978I REQUEST FOR STORAGE FAILED DURING CQCHKPT COMMAND PROCESSING, REASON CODE=*reasoncode*

Explanation

The **/CQCHKPT SHAREDQ** or **/CQCHKPT SYSTEM** command processing terminated because IMS was unable to acquire HIOP storage to process the command or to issue a message about the outcome of the command. The reasons are:

- 1** Unable to issue message DFS1971I to report an invalid structure.
- 2** Unable to obtain the storage required to process the **/CQSCHKPT** command.
- 3** Unable to issue message DFS1972I to report that the **/CQSCHKPT** command was successful for all structures.
- 4** Unable to issue message DFS1973I to report a parameter error.
- 5** Unable to issue message DFS1972I to report that the **/CQSCHKPT** command was successful for some structures.
- 6** Unable to issue message DFS1974I to report that the **/CQSCHKPT** command failed for a structure.
- 7** Unable to issue message DFS1973I to report an environmental error.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command.

Module:

DFSQCP0

Related information

[“DFS1972I” on page 568](#)
CQCHKPT SYSTEM COMPLETE FOR
STRUCTURE= *structurename*

[“DFS1973I” on page 569](#)
CQCHKPT SYSTEM REQUEST REJECTED FOR
REASON CODE=*reasoncode*

[“DFS1974I” on page 569](#)

CQCHKPT SYSTEM REQUEST REJECTED
FOR STRUCTURE= *structurename*, REASON
CODE=*reasoncode*

DFS1979I	CHECKPOINT REQUEST REJECTED, CQS IS NOT AVAILABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The request was not processed because the CQS address space is unavailable.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command when CQS is available.

Module:
DFSRCPO0

DFS1980	TRANSACTION NOT STOPPED, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation

The **/DEQ** command was rejected because the transaction was not stopped.

System action

The command is not processed.

System programmer response

Issue the **/STOP TRAN** or **UPDATE TRAN STOP(Q, SCHD)** command; then reenter the command.

Module:
DFSICLJ0

DFS1981	COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO CQS ERROR OR CQS UNAVAILABLE
----------------	---

Explanation

The command was not processed because the Common Queue Server (CQS) address space was unavailable, or because IMS received an error return code from CQS.

System action

IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Reissue the command when CQS is available. If CQS is available and you receive the same message again, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSICLZ0

DFS1982I	Reason Code = <i>rcmessage</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

An error occurred during Index/ILDS Rebuild utility processing, indicated by *rc*, with an accompanying *message* issued by module DFSPREC0. Each reason code has its own explanation and response.

See the following reason codes (*rc*) to further identify the type of error and appropriate action:

Reason Code = 05 Error processing SYSIN data set

Explanation: An error was found while processing the DFSPREC0 input card.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Verify that the input keywords and parameters are correct. Keywords and parameters are position-dependent.

Reason Code = 10 Recovery type specified in DFSPREC0 control card is invalid

Explanation: The recovery type specified in the control card was not one of the three allowable types: INDEX, ILE, BOTH

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Verify that the recovery type is correct and rerun job. Keywords and parameters on the input control card are position-dependent.

Reason Code = 20 DDIR for partition specified in DFSPREC0 control card could not be found

Explanation: The list of DDIRs returned from the block builder did not include a DDIR for the partition specified on the control card.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Verify that the DBDNAME on the exec card and the partition name on the control card are correct, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = 30 DB org. for partition specified in DFSPREC0 control card not supported in partitioning.

Explanation: The partition specified was not for a PHDAM or PHIDAM database.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Verify that the partition name specified on the control card is correct, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = 40 Partition Select call failed

Explanation: The call to schedule the partition to be recovered failed.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Verify that the partition specified on the control card is for a HALDB.

Reason Code = 50 The partition processed but no root segments were found.

Explanation: The partition specified was processed for INDEX recovery but no root segments were found.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: This is an abnormal condition. Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Reason Code = 60 DFSPREC0 control card specified ILE recovery and no ILEs were required for this partition

Explanation: An ILE rebuild request resulted in no entries being inserted into the ILE data set

System action: The job completed with a return code of 4.

Programmer response: This situation can occur if no logical relationships exist for this partition. Verify that there are no logical relationships existing in this partition.

Reason Code = 70 During ILE processing, the GETMAIN for a segment I/O area failed

Explanation: To complete an ILE rebuild, a segment I/O area is required for internal GN processing. This error results when space is unavailable to satisfy the GETMAIN.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Increase the region size for the batch job, then rerun it.

Reason Code = 80 ILE processing terminated prior to reaching the end of the database

Explanation: A GN call during ILE rebuild processing returned with an unexpected return code. Expected return codes are: GA, GB, GK, or blank.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Determine the reason for the unexpected return code and rerun job. For information about DL/I status codes, see the DL/I status code information. For assistance, call IBM Software Support.

Reason Code = 90 Unable to perform INDEX/ILE rebuild processing – DBRC not available

Explanation: DBRC is unavailable. INDEX/ILE rebuild requires that DBRC is active during rebuild processing.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Ensure that DBRC=Y is specified in the EXEC card, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = A0 Index/ILD rebuild request not honored - database specified NOT a HIDAM database

Explanation: During an INDEX rebuild request, DDIR determined that the partition was not for a PHIDAM database.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Change the DBD on the job parameter to a HALDB that is PHIDAM, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = B0 Index rebuild was requested for a DBD that is not a HALDB DBD.

Explanation: During an INDEX rebuild request, DDIR determined that the partition was not for a HALDB database.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Change the DBD on the job parameter to a HALDB DBD, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = C0 Index rebuild was requested using a PSB with a DBPCB that does not map to the Master DBD specified on the JOB PARM card.

Explanation: During an INDEX rebuild request, DDIR determined that the partition was not for a HALDB database.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Change the DBD on the job parameter to a HALDB DBD that is the master database containing the partition input on the SYSIN card, then rerun the job.

Reason Code = D0 OPEN/CLOSE failure - refer to preceding DFS0730I message

Explanation: OPEN or CLOSE failure occurred; refer to preceding DFS0730I message for the name of the data set.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Correct the problem identified in DFS0730I and run the job again.

Reason Code = D4 OPEN/CLOSE failure refer to preceding DFS0730I message

Explanation: OPEN or CLOSE failure occurred; refer to preceding DFS0730I message for the name of the data set.

System action: The job terminated with a return code of 8.

Programmer response: Correct the problem identified in DFS0730I and run the job again.

Reason Code = E0 PSTBYTNM POINTS TO FREE SPACE - TWIN BACKWARD POINTER IS BROKEN

Explanation: During an index rebuild request, a twin backward pointer was encountered that pointed into free space.

System action: The job terminates.

Programmer response: Take one of the following actions:

- Run Batch Backout to correct the incomplete segments.
- Run Pointer Checker, correct the broken pointers, and then run Index Build again.

REASON CODE = E1 PSTBYTNM POINTS TO FREE SPACE - TWIN FORWARD POINTER IS BROKEN

Explanation: During an index rebuild request, a twin forward pointer was encountered that pointed into free space.

System action: The job terminates.

Programmer response: Take one of the following actions:

- Run Batch Backout to correct the incomplete segments.

- Run Pointer Checker, correct the broken pointers, and then run Index Build again.

REASON CODE = E2 TWIN BACKWARD POINTER DOES NOT POINT TO THE PREVIOUS ROOT SEGMENT

Explanation: During an index rebuild request, a twin forward pointer was encountered while scanning the twin backward chain that did not point to the previously scanned root segment.

System action: The job terminates.

Programmer response: Take one of the following actions:

- Run Batch Backout to correct the incomplete segments.
- Run Pointer Checker, correct the broken pointers, and then run Index Build again.

REASON CODE = E3 TWIN FORWARD POINTER DOES NOT POINT TO THE PREVIOUS ROOT SEGMENT

Explanation: During an index rebuild request, a twin forward pointer that did not point to the previously scanned root segment was encountered while scanning the twin forward chain.

System action: The job terminates.

Programmer response: Take one of the following actions:

- Run Batch Backout to correct the incomplete segments.
- Run Pointer Checker, correct the broken pointers, and then run Index Build again.

Reason Code = E4 DL/I GN processing returned an unexpected status code &statcode

Explanation: DL/I returned a status code indicating an error. Usually other system messages appear in the job output. You can check the status code in the DL/I status code information.

System action: The job step is terminated.

Programmer response: Correct the conditions indicated by the status code and any other related messages.

REASON CODE = F0 GETMAIN ERROR ENCOUNTERED 1LOADING ILDS WITH DDNAME=ddname. GETMAIN RC=nnnnnnnn REASON= yyyyyyyy

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered an error allocating storage while rebuilding the ILDS identified in the message text. The error occurred while the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility 1

(DFSPPREC0) was loading the ILDS by using the free space option.

In the message text:

ddname

The ILDS that encountered the error.

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Correct the problem indicated or change the SYSIN statement to omit the free space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the BOTHF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPPREC0 utility again.

Module: DFSPPREC0

**REASON CODE = F1 FREEMAIN ERROR
ENCOUNTERED LOADING ILDS WITH
DDNAME=ddname. FREEMAIN RC= nnnnnnnn
REASON= yyyyyyyy**

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered an error freeing previously allocated storage while rebuilding the ILDS identified in the message text. The error occurred while the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPPREC0) was loading the ILDS by using the free space option.

In the message text:

ddname

The ILDS that encountered the error.

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Correct the problem indicated or change the SYSIN statement to omit the free space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the BOTHF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPPREC0 utility again.

Module: DFSPPREC0

**REASON CODE = F2 VSAM ERROR ENCOUNTERED
LOADING ILDS WITH DDNAME=ddname. VSAM RC=
nnnnnnnn REASON= yyyyyyyy**

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered a VSAM error while rebuilding the ILDS identified in the message text. The error occurred while the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPPREC0) was loading the ILDS by using the free space option.

In the message text:

ddname

The ILDS being loaded when the error occurred.

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. If the ILDS is not usable, DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Correct the problem indicated or change the SYSIN statement to omit the free space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the BOTHF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPPREC0 utility again.

Module: DFSPPREC0

**REASON CODE = F3 LOAD ERROR ENCOUNTERED
LOADING MODULE module name. LOAD RC=
nnnnnnnn REASON= yyyyyyyy**

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered an error loading the module identified in the message text while rebuilding the ILDS identified in the message text. The error occurred while the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPPREC0) was loading the ILDS by using the free space option.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Correct the problem indicated or change the SYSIN statement to omit

the free space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the B0THF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPREC0 utility again.

Module: DFSPREC0

**REASON CODE = F4 INTERNAL SORT ERROR
ENCOUNTERED SORTING ILES, INTERNAL SORT
RC= nnnnnnnn REASON= yyyyyyyy**

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered an internal sort error while the indirect list entries (ILES) were being sorted before being loaded into an ILDS by the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPREC0) using the free space option.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Document the error and contact IBM Software Support. Change the SYSIN statement to omit the free space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the B0THF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPREC0 utility again.

Module: DFSPREC0

**REASON CODE = F5 DSPSERV ERROR
ENCOUNTERED, DSPSERV RC= nnnnnnnn REASON=
yyyyyyyy**

Explanation: Module DFSURIT0 encountered a DSPSERV data space error while the HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPREC0) was rebuilding an ILDS using the free space option.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The return code in register 15 when the error occurred. If an abend occurred, this is the abend code.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code. If an abend occurred, the reason code is blank.

System action: Processing terminates with return code 8. DBRC flags the ILDS as Recovery Needed in the RECON data set.

Programmer response: Correct the indicated error or change the SYSIN statement to omit the free

space option by removing the suffix letter F from either the B0THF parameter or the ILEF parameter, and run the DFSPREC0 utility again. The DFSPREC0 utility requires four data spaces of 2 gigabytes each to execute when using the free space option. Check with your system administrator to ensure that the DFSPREC0 utility can allocate enough storage. In addition, ensure that the paging subsystem is sufficient to handle the paging that is required by the DFSPREC0 utility when using the free space option.

Module: DFSPREC0

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS1983W	APPC/IMS OUTBOUND LU XXXXXXXX NOT DEFINED
-----------------	--

Explanation

An outbound LU has been defined to IMS but could not be activated because it is not one of the APPC/IMS scheduled LUs.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS6ECT0

DFS1985I	APPC/IMS OUTBOUND LU XXXXXXXX ACTIVE
-----------------	---

Explanation

An outbound logical unit (LU) was identified to IMS. In the message text, xxxxxxxx is the identified LU.

System action

The LU specified by xxxxxxxx is used for outbound conversations.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS6ECT0

DFS1986	KEYRANGE TOO LONG, TRUNCATING
----------------	--

Explanation

This message is displayed when you input one or more KEYRANGE values that are longer than the key values in the database.

System action

The DFSMAID0 utility truncates the KEYRANGE to the appropriate size. Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSMAID0

DFS1987I **REASON CODE = rc message_text**

Explanation

An error occurred running one of the following utilities:

- ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility (DFS3UACB)
- HALDB Partition Data Set Initialization utility (DFSUPNT0)

For an explanation of the error and possible solutions to the error, find the return code of the error message in the following list.

REASON = 01 SYSPRINT DD STATEMENT REQUIRED FOR STAND ALONE EXECUTION

Explanation: The IMS program controller module DFSRRC00 did not start the utility because the utility JCL does not include a SYSPRINT DD statement. A SYSPRINT data set is required.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 02 SYSPRINT DD DUMMY NOT ALLOWED FOR STAND ALONE EXECUTION

Explanation: The IMS program controller module DFSRRC00 did not start the utility because a SYSPRINT DD DUMMY is specified in the utility JCL instead of a SYSPRINT data set. A SYSPRINT data set is required.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 03 AN ERROR OCCURRED OPENING THE SYSPRINT DATASET

Explanation: The utility encountered an error opening the SYSPRINT data set.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check the system messages in the job log to determine the cause of the error and correct it.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 04 A GETMAIN ERROR OCCURRED

Explanation: The utility encountered an error while obtaining storage.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 16.

User response: Increase the region size for the job or decrease the number of SYSIN statements.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 05 ERROR LOADING MODULE &modulename

Explanation: The utility encountered an error while loading the module &modulename.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 12.

User response: Place the specified module in the LOADLIB concatenation for this job step.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 06 DBRC INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR PHASE 1

Explanation: The utility encountered an error during phase 1 initialization of DBRC.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Examine the job log for additional messages to determine and correct the cause of the error.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 07 DBRC INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR PHASE 2

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 encountered an error during phase 2 initialization of DBRC.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to the internal DBRC error code.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 08 AN ERROR OCCURRED OPENING THE DFSOVRDS DATASET

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 encountered an error opening the data set specified by the DFSOVRDS DD statement.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Examine the job log for additional information about the error and correct it.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 09 AN ERROR OCCURRED OPENING THE DFSRESLB DATASET

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 encountered an error opening the data set specified by the DFSRESLB DD statement.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Examine the job log for additional information about the error and correct it.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 10 IMS INTERNAL ERROR - DYNAMIC PSB IS CORRUPTED

Explanation: DFSUPNT1 or DFSUPNT2 encountered an invalid PCB control block in the parameter list passed by IMS. The error is returned to DFSUPNT0.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 16.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

Module: DFSUPNT1, DFSUPNT2.

REASON = 11 DL/I PINT CALL RETURNED UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE = &statuscode

Explanation: DFSUPNT0, DFSUPNT1, or DFSUPNT2 encountered an invalid status code (&statuscode) returned from IMS for the internal DL/I PINT call.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Examine the job log for additional information about the error and correct it. If the problem cannot be determined, contact IBM Software Support.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFSUPNT1, DFSUPNT2.

REASON = 12 ESTAE HAS DETECTED AN ABEND RESULTING FROM ATTACH OF DFSRRC00

Explanation: The ESTAE routine was driven for the utility due to an abend of the attached IMS system.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 32.

User response: Examine the job log for additional information about the error and correct it. If the problem cannot be determined, contact IBM Software Support.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

REASON = 13 A SYSIN DD CARD IS REQUIRED TO EXECUTE DFSUPNT0 STAND ALONE

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 was not started by the IMS program controller module DFSRRC00. A SYSIN data set is required, but no SYSIN DD statement was found in the JCL.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 14 SYSIN DD DUMMY NOT ALLOWED FOR STAND ALONE EXECUTION

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 was not started by the IMS program controller module DFSRRC00. A SYSIN data set is required, but a SYSIN DD DUMMY statement was found in the JCL.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 15 NO SYSIN STATEMENTS FOUND

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 was not started by the IMS program controller module DFSRRC00. The SYSIN data set is empty.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Check and correct the error condition indicated by the message and reason code.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 16 AN ERROR OCCURRED OPENING THE SYSIN DATASET

Explanation: DFSUPNT0 encountered an error opening the SYSIN data set.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 16.

User response: Check the job log for additional messages and correct the error condition.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 19 THE DFSOVRDS DD CARD HAS AN INVALID INPUT

Explanation: You can only use DD DUMMY or a character string that contains INITALL in the DFSOVRDS DD card. Any other input is invalid.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 8.

User response: Enter a valid input string for the DFSOVRDS DD card.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = 20 PARTITION SELECTION FAILED

Explanation: Before initializing the partition, DFSPSEL was called to mark the partition as empty. This call was unsuccessful. The partition initialization could not be completed.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 16.

User response: Examine the job log for additional information about the error and correct it.

Module: DFSUPNT0.

REASON = nn UNEXPECTED ERROR - INITIALIZATION INTERNAL LOGIC ERROR

Explanation: The utility encountered an unexpected logic error.

System action: Processing halts and return code is set to 99. The reason code has meaning only to IMS support personnel.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

Module: DFSUPNT0, DFS3UACB.

Module:
DFS3UACB, DFSUPNT0, DFSUPNT1, DFSUPNT2

DFS1988W	OTMA input messages from member yyyyyyyy have reached xx% of the maximum active input message limit zzzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

OTMA internally creates a Transaction Instance Block (TIB) to track each active input message from a member. A maximum number of TIBs can be specified by OTMA descriptor, client-bid protocol message, or **/START TMEBER INPUT** command. The active or queued input message from member yyyyyyyy is reaching xx percent of the limit indicated by zzzz. This message is issued at 80% of TIB limit and every 5% thereafter. Potentially, an OTMA message flood condition exists.

To view the current limit, issue the **/DISPLAY TMEBER** command.

System action

IMS OTMA continues to process new input messages with less storage.

Programmer response

Determine whether the dependent regions are active to process input messages, whether the remote transactions insert back to the I/O PCB, and whether the OTMA clients are flooding the IMS. You might need to control or stop the OTMA clients to prevent the flood conditions. Ensure that the IMS regions are started to run the OTMA transactions. You can use the **/DISPLAY TMEBER TPIPE** command to display the input message counts. If needed, contact your IMS system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS1989E	OTMA input messages from member yyyyyyyy have reached the maximum active input message limit zzzz
-----------------	--

Explanation

An OTMA message flood condition exists for member yyyyyyyy. The input messages have reached a default or client specified Transaction Instance Block (TIB) limit, indicated by zzzz.

System action

IMS OTMA rejects any new input messages from the member until free TIBs are available.

Programmer response

Determine the following:

- Whether the input transactions are processed by dependent regions
- Whether the remote transactions insert back to the I/O PCB
- Whether the OTMA clients are flooding the IMS

You might need to control or stop the OTMA clients to prevent the flood conditions. Ensure that the IMS regions are started to run the OTMA transactions. You might need to contact the IMS system programmer for assistance. Also, you can use the **/DISPLAY TMEBER TPIPE** command to display the input message counts.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS1990I	{LQB RCNT} CONTROL BLOCKS INITIALIZATION FAILED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A major error occurred while attempting to initialize the CNT/SPQB/RCNT control blocks within module DFSCLCms, DFSCLSms, DFSCLRms, or DFSCLIDs. The LQB control block includes the CNT and SPQB control blocks. The following modules are shown with their corresponding control blocks, and the system ID table (SID).

Module
Control block or table

DFSCLCms
CNT

DFSCLSms
SPQB

DFSCLRms
RCNT

DFSCLIDs
SID

Variable *m* completes the module name and has a value from 0 to 9 or A to F. Variable *s* represents the nucleus suffix. Check for consistency between the execution JCL and system definition for the correct nucleus suffix and the IMS.SDFSRESL name.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0016.

Programmer response

Correct any inconsistency between system definition and execution JCL.

Problem determination:
6, 10, 35

Module:
DFSIIINU0

Related information

[IMS abend 0016](#)
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1991I {LOAD|LOCATE} ERROR FOR
LQB/RCNT CONTROL BLOCKS
(*modulename*), RC=xx.

Explanation

An IMS IMODULE LOAD or LOCATE failed for module DFSCLCms, DFSCLSms, DFSCLRms, or DFSCLIDs that is substituted for the variable *modulename*. Each module contains a control block, or System ID table

(SID), as shown in the following list. The LQB control block includes the CNT and SPQB control blocks.

Module
Control block or table

DFSCLCms
CNT

DFSCLSms
SPQB

DFSCLRms
RCNT

DFSCLIDs
SID

Variable *m* completes the module name and has a value from 0 to 9 or A to F. Variable *s* represents the nucleus suffix.

The return code (xx) indicates the nature of the error. For the explanations of the IMODULE return codes, see the IMODULE return code information.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0016.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition indicated by the return code.

Problem determination:
6, 10, 35

Module:
DFSIIINU0

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0016](#)
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1992I GETMAIN ERROR FOR UNIQUE
VTAM HASH TABLE RC=rc

or

**GETMAIN ERROR FOR {CNT/LNB/RCNT|SPQB}
BLOCKS {HASH TABLE|BIT MAP} RC=rc**

The first form of the message appears when the system attempts to acquire a block of storage for the unique VTAM hash table and receives a failing return code from the GETMAIN routine. The VTAM hash table is for static signon user IDs.

System action

Operator response

System programmer response

Problem determination:

Related information

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

or

GETMAIN ERROR LOADING DYNAMIC TERMINAL DESCRIPTORS, RC=nn

IMS initialization was unsuccessful attempting to obtain storage for one of three hash tables, for a work area, or for the default logon and user descriptors for temporary control blocks.

the logon descriptor hash table. USRD is shown if the failure was for either the user descriptor hash table or the LTERM descriptor hash table.

IMS abnormally terminates with abend 0016.

Contact the system programmer.

If dynamic resources are required, increase the available storage to the IMS control region.

Problem determination:

Related information

IMS abend 0016

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

```
DFS1994I      UNRESOLVED CQSPUT FROM
                UOWE(S) DURING xxx.
                QNAME=nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
                UOWSTCK=ssssssssssssssss
                TIME=jjj, hh.mm.ss
```

This informational message is issued during IMS checkpoint or IMS shutdown.

In the message text:

XXX

Indicates when this message is issued.

CHECKPOINT

The message is issued during a simple checkpoint if CQSPUT fails during UOWE cleanup.

SHUTDOWN

The message is issued during normal IMS shutdown if a UOWE occurs with a CQSPUT request.

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The destination queue for the oldest unresolved CQSPUT UOW. If the destination queue name contains all printable EBCDIC characters, QNAME is an 8-byte value that contains this printable queue name. If the destination queue name contains any non-printable characters, QNAME is a 16-byte value that contains the queue name in hexadecimal.

SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS

The type 01/03 log record's UOW store clock token, MSGPROTK. This value corresponds to the time that the message was inserted to Queue Manager.

jjj, hh.mm.ss

The store clock value from UOWSTCK, converted to jjj, hh.mm.ss format, where jjj is the Julian day of the year, and hh.mm.ss is the time of day.

System action

IMS continues with checkpoint or shutdown processing.

Operator response

If this message is issued during normal shutdown, restart IMS with a warm start. If a warm restart is not used, messages might be lost. If you must cold restart IMS, take a simple checkpoint before shutting down.

If you must cold restart IMS and this message is issued during simple checkpoint, do not shut down IMS until the problem processing the UOWE is resolved. For example, checkpoint processing might not resolve the problem if a CF overflow full condition still exists.

IMS might need to retrieve a message from the system log data set (SLDS) to try a failed CQSPUT. If the SLDS is unavailable, IMS might issue DFS1994I after a simple checkpoint. You must resolve the situation with the SLDS to allow the messages to be retrieved and PUT to the Message Queue Structure.

DFS1995E explanation

Explanation

This message follows message DFS1965E and explains the return and reason code of the previous DFS1965E message. DFS1995E includes the APPC/MVS error message, which starts with prefix ATB, as provided by the APPC/MVS Error Extract Service.

Related reference

z/OS: Types of error information that Error_Extract returns

Related information

DFS1965E
APPC/MVS CALL FAILURE,
FUNCTION=aaaaaaaa, REASON CODE=xyxy,
RETURN CODE=xxxxxxxx, LUNAME=nnnnnnnn

DFS1996I GETMAIN ERROR FOR VTAM
TERMINAL CONTROL BLOCKS

<HASH TABLE|DREF STORAGE>,
RC=xx

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire enough storage in the IMS control region extended private area in one of the following:

- In subpool 0 to build a VTCB hash table, or
- In subpool 214 for loading the VTAM control blocks (VTCBs).

For an explanation of the IMODULE GETMAIN return code xx, see the IMODULE return code information.

System action

IMS terminates with 0016.

Programmer response

Try to restart IMS when more storage is available.

Related reference

IMODULE return codes (Messages and Codes)

Related information

IMS abend 0016

DFS1997I INCOMPATIBLE COMPONENT OF
ACF/VTAM INSTALLED

Explanation

The component identifier information from VTAM OPEN ACB processing showed that the ACF/VTAM component is not compatible with the level of IMS. If IMS is generated for MVS/370, then an MVS/370 component of ACF/VTAM is required; if IMS is generated for MVS, then an MVS component of ACF/VTAM is required.

System action

IMS issues a VTAM CLOSE ACB, making VTAM communication impossible.

Operator response:

If the wrong component of ACF/VTAM is active, first terminate ACF/VTAM and then initialize the correct component. After the correct component of ACF/VTAM is active, issue the /START DC command.

Programmer response

Either redefine IMS to execute with the ACF/VTAM component you are using, or install an ACF/VTAM component that matches the IMS level.

Problem determination:

6, 10, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1998I VTAM TERMINAL CONTROL BLOCK INITIALIZATION FAILED

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to initialize the VTAM terminal control blocks contained in modules DFSCLVyx where:

- y is a value from 0 to 9.
- x is the IMS nucleus suffix.

The execution JCL might not be consistent with the system definition for the nucleus suffix and the SDFSRESL name.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0016.

Programmer response

Correct any inconsistency between the execution JCL and the system definition.

Problem determination:

6, 10, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0016](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS1999I {LOAD|LOCATE|BLDL} ERROR FOR VTAM TERMINAL CONTROL BLOCKS (module name), RC=xx

Explanation

A BLDL or an IMS IMODULE LOAD or LOCATE failed for module DFSCLVyx in subpool 251 where:

- y is a value from 0 to 9 or A to F.
- x is the IMS nucleus suffix.

DFSCLVyx contains some or all of the IMS terminal control blocks for VTAM sessions, except those for MSC/VTAM links. For an explanation of the IMODULE return code xx, see the IMODULE return code information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0016.

Programmer response

Correct the error based on the IMODULE return code.

Problem determination:

6, 10, 35

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0016](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2000I OPNDST ACQUIRE FAILED NODE x. SUBPOOL zzzzzzzz SENSE=yyyy

Explanation

An OPNDST with the ACQUIRE option was issued for VTAM node x. The OPNDST was not successful. The variable zzzzzzzz is the subpool name or N/A if there is no subpool.

System action

The IMS operation continues without the terminal.

Operator response

(master terminal) Log the node onto IMS by using the /OPNDST command or VTAM's 'VARY NET, ID=, LOGON=' command.

Problem determination

Use the VTAM D NET command to determine why the node is not available for allocation to IMS.

Chapter 43. DFS messages, DFS2001I - DFS2050

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2001I **OPNDST ACCEPT FAILED NODE x.**
USER zzzzzzzz SENSE=yyyy | |
RCFBK=xxxx

Explanation

IMS tried to issue a VTAM OPNDST with the ACCEPT option, but it was unsuccessful. VTAM previously told IMS that the terminal was available for OPNDST.

In the message text:

zzzzzzzz

The user name or N/A if there is no user

yyyy

The value is the VTAM sense code

xxxx

The value is the VTAM return code and feedback (RCFBK=) if specified

System action

IMS operation continues without the node.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Determine why VTAM refused the OPNDST by using the VTAM D NET command; then try again.

DFS2002I **OPNDST RESTORE FAILED NODE x.**
SUBPOOL zzzzzzzz SENSE=yyyy

Explanation

IMS tried to issue a VTAM OPNDST with the RESTORE option, but it was unsuccessful. VTAM previously told IMS that the terminal was available for OPNDST. The yyyy value is the VTAM SENSE CODE; zzzzzzzz is the subpool name or N if there is no subpool.

System action

IMS operation continues without the node.

Master terminal operator response: Determine why VTAM refused the OPNDST by using the VTAM D NET command; then retry.

DFS2003 **CLSDST FAILED NODE x.**

Explanation

IMS attempted to issue a VTAM CLSDST for NODE x, but was unsuccessful. The node is deactivated, and is no longer usable.

System action

Node x is deactivated, and is no longer usable.

Problem determination

Determine why the CLSDST failed. If necessary, perform VTAM problem determination.

DFS2004 **PERMANENT ERROR-CLSDST**
REQUIRED NODE x.

Explanation

VTAM has informed IMS, either by RPL posting or scheduling of the IMS LOSTERM exit, that IMS should CLSDST the named terminal.

System action

IMS issues a CLSDST for the node.

DFS2005 **PERMANENT ERROR-CLSDST**
ISSUED NODE x.

Explanation

After receiving input, the device-dependent module has determined that VTAM or the terminal has sent an incorrect or missing AID byte to IMS in the input buffer for node x.

System action

IMS issues a VTAM CLSDST, and performs no further operations.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If appropriate, correct the cause of the error, and reconnect the terminal to IMS, using the /OPNDST command.

DFS2006 **PERMANENT ERROR-NO CLSDST**
ALLOWED NODE x.

Explanation

A permanent error has occurred. VTAM's return code or LOSTERM value indicates that no CLSDST is allowed.

System action

IMS processing continues without the terminal. The node is deactivated such that no further operations by IMS are possible.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If appropriate, correct the error, and restart IMS.

DFS2007	OPNDST PROCESSOR FAILURE NODE x.
----------------	---

Explanation

Module DFSCVCLO has detected an unexpected return code—FDB2 value on an OPNDST instruction. The OPNDST was unsuccessful.

System action

IMS idles the terminal.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Another **/OPNDST**, **VTAM VARY NET**, or **LOGON** command can be attempted.

Problem determination

Turn on IMS trace, and reproduce the problem.

DFS2008	INPUT IGNORED-ERROR MESSAGE CANCELED
----------------	---

Explanation

This is caused by an operator error. Terminal input was attempted while IMS was trying to send an error message for the immediately-previous input operation.

For a bisync 3270 VTAM device, the operator might have entered input whose length was greater than the length defined for that terminal.

System action

The input is ignored. The terminal is available for further use.

Operator response:

Do not enter data without waiting for a response to the previous entry.

Problem determination

Turn on IMS trace for the node, and reproduce the problem.

If the entered data was too long, verify that the RECEIVE ANY buffer size specified on the COMM macro is large enough to handle the length of data being entered.

DFS2009	INPUT IGNORED
----------------	----------------------

Explanation

This is caused by an operator error or input that is not supported by IMS from a 3270 display.

For the case of invalid input, IMS has received trigger field, input from the terminal when the MFS bypass is not being used. Trigger fields are not supported by MFS and trigger field input will be accepted by IMS only if the MFS bypass facility is being used on input received from the terminal.

For a bisync 3270 VTAM device, the operator might have entered input whose length was greater than the length defined for that terminal.

System action

For an invalid trigger field, the input is discarded and communication with the terminal continues normally. An error record is written on the IMS log data set at the time of the failure.

Operator response:

The screen should be reformatted with a format that does not have trigger fields defined or the transaction entered must be one that uses the MFS bypass facility of IMS.

Problem determination

If reformatting the screen or entering another transaction is not possible, contact your system programmer for assistance.

If the entered data is too long, verify that the RECEIVE ANY buffer size specified on the COMM macro is large enough to handle the length of data being entered.

DFS2010	VTAM NOT SUPPORTED
----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

The NODE keyword was entered in a command, but VTAM is not included in the current system.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

(terminal) Reenter the command correctly.

Problem determination

36; also, if VTAM nodes are included during IMS system definition, perform a **/DIS NODE ALL**, save the output.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2011I IRLM FAILURE - IMS QUIESCING

Explanation

The lock manager status exit is given control and detects that the IRLM is terminating. This event causes the discontinuation of the use of all databases.

System action

IMS pseudoabends all currently scheduled transactions with abend 3303. Full-function databases participating in data sharing (share level 1, 2, or 3) and Fast Path databases participating in block level data sharing (share level 1, 2, or 3) are closed. Their authorization is discontinued. All further transaction scheduling, except Fast Path, is prohibited. All terminals inputting Fast Path transactions wait until IRLM is restarted and IMS reconnects to it.

Every dependent region with an intent to use a database must go through terminate thread processing. That is, any such dependent region that does not terminate prevents IMS from completing the actions necessary to clean up from the IRLM failure. IMS cannot be reconnected to the IRLM or terminated until all such region disconnect procedures have occurred. Wait for input (WFI) transactions are given a QC status code or pseudoabended with a U3303 on their next database call. There are timing-related conditions at the time of the IRLM failure when the application programs currently running can receive the BA, BB, or FH status code.

Programmer response

Restart the IRLM and have the system console operator modify IMS specifying RECONNECT. The only other allowable response is to issue **/CHECKPOINT FREEZE** to terminate IMS.

When the IRLM has been restarted and IMS reconnected to it, start all databases stopped because

of this failure. Also, BMP regions might need to be restarted.

Problem determination:

1, 17

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2012I GLOBALLY SHARED DATA BASE| AREA - dbdname|areaname STOPPED.

or

SHARING DATA BASE(S) STOPPED BECAUSE DATA SHARING DISCONTINUED

Explanation

One of the above two messages is generated. The first message lists the sharing databases that stopped because data sharing was discontinued.

The second message is generated for each database or area which is globally shared on multiple IRLMs and the IRLM has entered the IRLM FAILED or COMM FAILED state. When database integrity cannot be ensured, databases or areas which are globally shared and authorized by IMS systems on the other IRLM, are stopped using an internal **/DBR** or **/STOP** command, and all applications currently using these databases or areas are pseudoabended by abend 3303.

System action

IMS execution continues.

Programmer response

When the action is taken as described in message DFS2011I, the databases listed by this message should be started using the **/START** command, to allow the scheduling of the transaction for these databases or opening of the areas.

Related information

[“DFS2011I” on page 585](#)
IRLM FAILURE - IMS QUIESCING

DFS2013 NUMBER OF RECORDS IN QBLKS DATA SET HAS EXCEEDED UPPER THRESHOLD

Explanation

IMS has established an upper threshold for the number of records which can be assigned to the QBLKS data set before warning message DFS2013 is issued. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

You might want to reduce the queue usage and avoid a possible shutdown. To determine the effect of this action, examine the percentage of use displayed by the **/DIS POOL** command. When the number of records assigned to the QBLKS data set drops below the lower threshold established by IMS, message DFS2016 will be issued.

DFS2014	NUMBER OF RECORDS IN SMSGQ DATA SET HAS EXCEEDED UPPER THRESHOLD
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has established an upper threshold for the number of records that can be assigned to the SMSGQ data set before issuing this warning message. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

You might want to reduce the queue usage and avoid a possible shutdown. To determine the effect of this action, examine the percentage of use displayed by the **/DIS POOL** command. When the number of records assigned to the SMSGQ data set drops below the lower threshold established by IMS, message DFS2017 is issued.

Related information

“DFS2017” on page 586
NUMBER OF RECORDS IN SMSGQ DATA SET IS NOW BELOW LOWER THRESHOLD

DFS2015	NUMBER OF RECORDS IN LMSGQ DATA SET HAS EXCEEDED UPPER THRESHOLD
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has established an upper threshold for the number of records which can be assigned to the LMSGQ data set before the warning message DFS2015 is issued. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

You might want to reduce the queue usage and avoid a possible shutdown. To determine the effect of this action, examine the percentage of use displayed by the **/DIS POOL** command. When the number of records assigned to the LMSGQ data set drops below the lower threshold established by IMS, message DFS2018 will be issued.

DFS2016	NUMBER OF RECORDS IN QBLKS DATA SET IS NOW BELOW LOWER THRESHOLD
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has established a lower threshold which the number of records assigned to the QBLKS data set must pass after the upper threshold has been exceeded. Passing this lower threshold will result in this message being issued. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

The action to reduce the queue usage may cease.

DFS2017	NUMBER OF RECORDS IN SMSGQ DATA SET IS NOW BELOW LOWER THRESHOLD
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has established a lower threshold which the number of records assigned to SMSGQ data set must pass after the upper threshold has been exceeded. Passing this lower threshold will result in this message being issued. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

The action to reduce the queue usage may cease.

DFS2018	NUMBER OF RECORDS IN LMSGQ DATA SET IS NOW BELOW LOWER THRESHOLD
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has established a lower threshold which the number of records assigned to LMSGQ data set must pass after the upper threshold has been exceeded. Passing this lower threshold will result in this message being issued. This threshold is some percentage of the maximum number of records assignable before an automatic shutdown is initiated.

System action

IMS continues execution.

Programmer response

The action to reduce the queue usage may cease.

DFS2020	VTAM STORAGE ALLOCATION FAILURE RTNCD=8.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated a storage allocation failure.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2021	VTAM INACTIVE TO THIS APPLICATION RTNCD=10 FDB2=D.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated that VTAM was inactive to this application.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2022	VTAM ABEND CONDITION OCCURRED ON THE USER TCB RTNCD=10 FDB2=E.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated that a user abend condition occurred.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2023	NON-VTAM REQUEST RTNCD=14 FDB2=0.
----------------	--

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated a non-VTAM request was issued.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2024	VTAM CONTROL BLOCK INVALID RTNCD=14 FDB2=10.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated an invalid VTAM control block.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2025	VTAM CID INVALID RTNCD=14 FDB2=13.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM return code from SETLOGON macro indicated an invalid VTAM CID.

System action

The IMS system continues; START DC failed.

Programmer response

Check VTAM errors for SETLOGON macro.

DFS2026	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE IN MAIN POOL (WKAP) TO PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation

A command was not processed because of insufficient storage in the main pool.

Important: The WKAP cannot be specified at system definition time. System definition sets a value of 5000. You can override the value at execution time by the WKAP= operand on the IMS procedure or the DFSPBxxx member of IMS.PROCLIB.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Do one of the following actions:

- Increase the size of the main pool with the WKAP parameter in the JCL used to start IMS.
- Reenter the command later, since this problem can be a temporary condition.
- Reduce storage requirements by reentering the command as multiple commands.

DFS2027I	UNABLE TO OPEN VTAM ACB REG15=xx ACBERFLG=yyy.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error code was returned when OPEN ACB was attempted. xx is the OPEN return code in register 15 and yyy is the ACB error field returned by VTAM. The ACBERFLG value yyy is displayed as a decimal number.

Important: If you are using multinode persistent sessions (MNPS), this message only refers to the APPLID ACB.

System action

IMS continues without ACB being opened.

Programmer response

For a detailed explanation of the error codes, see *z/OS Communications Server SNA Programming* and *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes*.

Related reference

[z/OS: OPEN-Open one or more ACBs](#)

[z/OS: Open macroinstruction error fields](#)

DFS2028	MONITOR KEYWORD PARAMETER MISSING.
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON** or **/TRACE SET OFF** command was entered without any monitor parameters being specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with the correct parameters specified.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS2029	MONITOR UNAVAILABLE.
----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The monitor cannot be used. The monitor log work area was not successfully initialized.

Either an IMSMON DD statement is missing, or LOAD modules DFSIMNT0 or DFSMNTR0 are unavailable in the proper library.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command after the monitor has been successfully initialized.

Programmer response

Ensure that the monitor is successfully initialized.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS2030	MONITOR ALREADY ACTIVE.
----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON** monitor command was entered when the monitor was already activated.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Use the **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command before repeating the **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS2031	INVALID MONITOR KEYWORD PARAMETER.
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command was entered with an invalid parameter for the monitor keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command using valid parameters.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS2032	MONITOR NOT ACTIVE.
----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command was entered when the monitor was not active.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Do not use the **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command when the monitor is not on.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS2033	PARLIM NOT DEFINED FOR THIS TRANSACTION.
----------------	---

Explanation

The PARLIM keyword was used in a command when the PARLIM option was not defined for the specified transaction.

System action

The command is ignored.

Remote terminal operator response: Correct the command, and reenter it.

DFS2034	INVALID PARLIM NUMBER.
----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

A parameter was entered for PARLIM keyword that was not 0 - 65535.

System action

The command is ignored.

Remote terminal operator response: Correct the command, and reenter it.

DFS2035	UNABLE TO ASSIGN SPECIFIED LTERM TO A PTERM DEFINED MSGDEL=SYSINFO
----------------	---

Explanation

LTERM has messages queued on the system queue.

System action

The command is ignored.

Terminal operator response: See that LTERM is assignable to specified PTERM.

DFS2036	UNABLE TO ASSIGN SPECIFIED LTERM TO A PTERM DEFINED MSGDEL=NONIOPCB
----------------	--

Explanation

LTERM has messages queued on the system or application output queue.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

See that LTERM is assignable to specified PTERM.

DFS2037	START DC HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED
----------------	--

Explanation

A **/START DC** command must be completed before **/OPNDST** or **/CLSDST** can be done.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Enter the **/START DC** command; then retry.

**DFS2038 BUFFER POOL TOO SMALL FOR
COMMAND**

or

**INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE TO PROCESS
COMMAND****Explanation**

The first form of the message is issued when a command was not processed because of insufficient storage.

The first form of this message can also be produced if there is insufficient CSA/ECSA available to hold the internal tables associated with the **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

This can be a temporary condition that can be resolved by reentering the command later. If this fails, try to reduce the storage requirements by reentering the command as multiple commands or, if this is not possible, notify the system programmer.

If this message is generated as a result of running the **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command, increase the available CSA/ECSA.

Module:
DFSICLN4

**DFS2039I INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO
PROCESS GLOBAL STATUS
UPDATE**

Explanation

Storage is not available to process the global status update after a **DB** or **AREA GLOBAL** command, that was not issued from the Operations Manager (OM) API.

System action

The command is processed by each IMS to which the message is sent. The global status is not updated.

Programmer response

This condition can be temporary and might be resolved by running the command again. If rerunning the

command fails, reduce the storage requirements by reentering the command as multiple commands. If this is not possible, notify the system programmer.

Module:
DBFARD10, DBFARD40, DFSDBDRO

**DFS2040 DEVICE DEPENDENT LOGIC
ERROR NODE x (USER y)**

Explanation

A logic error was encountered during device-dependent processing of a VTAM I/O request. The probable causes of this problem are:

- A VTAM error occurred.
- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- A program logic error in the program at NODE x occurred (programmable devices only).
- An invalid specification to the IMS System Definition.
- Unexpected VTAM system sense from the device.
- Time expired on CLEAR request during RQR processing.

System action

The session established with NODE x or USER y is terminated. An IMS Log Record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2041 A PERMANENT ERROR
ENCOUNTERED NODE x**

Explanation

The SENSE information returned on a VTAM SEND/RECEIVE indicated NODE x was inoperable. The probable causes for this problem are:

- A VTAM logical unit status was received, or an exception response to a **SEND** command was

received with a **SENSE** command, indicating a permanent error (set by NODE x).

- Unsupported major or minor SENSE fields or the user SENSE indicated a component ID greater than 4.
- A hardware malfunction.

System action

The session established for NODE x is terminated. An IMS log record with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 11, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2042	BAD VTAM RESPONSE, INDICATOR OR DATA [FMH QEC RELQ QC RSHUT SHUTD SHUTC LUS (SENSE=xxxxxxx) RTR SIG (SENSE=xxxxxxx) BID SBI BIS UNDEF] NODE x (USER y)
----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid or unsupported request was received as follows:

FMH

FM header parameter error

QEC

SNA quiesce-end-of-chain command

QC

Quiesce complete

RELQ

SNA release quiesce command

RSHUT

SNA request shutdown command

SHUTD

SNA shutdown command

SHUTC

SNA shutdown complete command

LUS

SNA LUSTATUS command or associated sense code (xxxxxxx), or both

RTR

SNA ready to receive command

SIG

SNA signal command or associated sense code (xxxxxxx), or both

BID

SNA BID command

SBI

SNA stop-bracket-initiation command

BIS

SNA bracket-initiation-stopped command

UNDEF

An undefined SNA command code was received

Possible causes of this problem are:

- A VTAM error occurred.
- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- A program logic error in the program at NODE x occurred (programmable devices and remote subsystems only).
- An invalid specification to the IMS system definition.

System action

The session is terminated. An IMS log record (X'67') containing additional pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response

See the Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2043	DATA CHAINING ERROR ENCOUNTERED NODE x
----------------	---

Explanation

An improper data chaining sequence was encountered during IMS output edit or on a VTAM Receive Any for NODE x. The probable causes of this problem are:

- A VTAM error occurred.

- A hardware malfunction occurred. A program logic error in the program at NODE x occurred (programmable devices only).
- An IMS output message is either multisegment or larger than the output buffer size for a device without chained output support.

System action

The NODE x session was terminated. An IMS Log Record with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2044 UNSUPPORTED RESPONSE WAS REQUESTED NODE x (USER y)

Explanation

An unsupported response was requested on a VTAM receive. The probable causes of this error are:

- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- A program logic error in the program at NODE x occurred (programmable devices only).

System action

The NODE x or USER y session is terminated. An IMS Log Record (X'67') with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, USER y, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2045 AN INBOUND SEQUENCE ERROR DETECTED NODE x (USER y)

Explanation

The sequence number received on a VTAM synchronous request was not consecutive, that is, one greater than the previous VTAM synchronization input request received. The probable causes of this error are:

- A VTAM error occurred.
- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- An error occurred within the control program at the remote node.

System action

The session established with NODE x or USER y is terminated. An IMS Log Record, containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2046 ERROR FOUND WHILE WRITING TO LOG NODE x (USER y)

Explanation

A device-dependent error was encountered while attempting to create or write an IMS Log Record. The data being written contained VTAM sequence numbers, the data necessary for emergency restart of NODE x or USER y, or both. For 3614 nodes,

the retention area might be too small to contain the copy of a 3614 Transaction Request necessary for a recovery. The probable causes of this problem are:

- An I/O error occurred while writing to the IMS Log.
- An invalid specification was made for the Receive Any, Retention Area, or Output Buffer sizes during IMS system definition.

For 3614 nodes, the retention area might be too small to contain the copy of a 3614 Transaction Request necessary for recovery.

System action

The NODE x or USER y session is terminated. An IMS Log Record with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, USER y, or an IMS / **OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2047 A VTAM BRACKET ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED NODE x (USER y)

Explanation

A VTAM bracket error was encountered on a VTAM receive for NODE x or USER y. The probable cause of this error is that an only or first element in a chained data request did not include at least a VTAM begin-bracket indicator.

Under normal circumstances, this message does not occur for terminals that have successfully communicated with IMS. If this error occurs for a node that was recently added to the IMS network, ensure that the terminal is properly defined. Also, ensure that the terminal has the correct VTAM log mode specified or defaulted through IMS or VTAM.

System action

The NODE x or USER y session is terminated. An IMS Log Record (X'67') with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response

(entering terminal operator) Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, USER y, or an IMS / **OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2048 UNABLE TO OUTPUT NODE x.

Explanation

IMS was unable to write to any component of NODE x. The probable cause of this error was that all available components have been set to an inoperative condition as a result of user-supplied sense data in a previous VTAM exception RRN response or VTAM LU status indicator. This condition is reset by a subsequent VTAM LU status indicator from the node or by IMS / **STOP NODE x** and **/START NODE x** commands.

System action

The session established for NODE x is terminated. An IMS Trace Log Record (X'67') with an ID of CVCT is produced containing pertinent information.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x or an IMS / **OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2049I	PARALLEL SESSION NAME ERROR <i>name1 name2</i> NODE x USER y ID z
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS detected an attempt to change a parallel session name on a negotiated bind reply received from a remote subsystem. The name sent on the bind is identified by the user and ID names within the message text. The name returned is identified by the *name1* and *name2* values within the message. User name and ID correspond to *name1* and *name2*.

System action

The attempt to initiate a session is rejected. An IMS log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was provided with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

The error might be in the initial session information entered by the terminal operator, system definition information within IMS or the remote subsystem, or both. When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or an IMS /**OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2050

RESYNCHRONIZATION REJECTED
NODE x (USER y)

Explanation

NODE x or USER y rejected either the IMS sequence number or the sequence number of the IMS copy of NODE x or USER y during session resynchronization. The probable cause of this error is that an invalid indication was returned on a VTAM set-and-test sequence number command to either the IMS Number or the IMS copy of NODE x's or USER y's Number.

System action

The NODE x or USER y session is terminated. An IMS Trace Log Record (X'67') with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response:

(entering terminal operator) When the program is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or by an IMS /**OPNDST** command.

Programmer response

Review the CVCT log record to determine the cause of this resynchronization failure. After the source of the conflict has been corrected, reestablish the session. It might be necessary to reacquire the session cold from both sides and define the IMS terminal or link with the FORCSESS option.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 44. DFS messages, DFS2051I - DFS2100

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2051	RESYNCH FAILED DUE TO VTAM RC NODE x (USER y).
----------------	---

Explanation

Resynchronization failed due to nonzero VTAM return code, or feedback while sending a VTAM set-and-test or start-data-traffic indicator. The probable causes of this error are:

- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- The program at NODE x (programmable devices only) or the control program in NODE x sent an exception response to a VTAM set-and-test sequence number or start-data-traffic indicator.

System action

The session being established is terminated, and an IMS Trace Log Record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, USER y, or an IMS /OPNDST command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2052	UNSUPPORTED RESPONSE TO RESYNCHRONIZATION NODE x
----------------	---

Explanation

NODE x returned an unsupported response to either the IMS sequence number or the IMS copy of NODE x's sequence number during session resynchronization. The probable cause of this error is that an unsupported request to a VTAM Set-and-Test sequence number command was received or a test negative response was received as a response to the Set option on the IMS sequence number.

System action

The NODE x session is terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'67') with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response:

(entering terminal operator) When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, or an IMS /OPNDST command.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x, or an IMS /OPNDST command. If the problem cannot be corrected at NODE x, an IMS /NRE is required before a session can use NODE x.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2053	UNRESOLVED REFERENCE TO REQUIRED USER EDIT NODE x.
----------------	---

Explanation

An unresolved reference was encountered to a required user edit routine.

System action

The session attempting to be established for NODE x is terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'677') with an ID of CVCT is produced containing pertinent information.

Programmer response

The IMS nucleus must be rebound with the correct user edit routine.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2054 SESSION TERMINATION FORCED
NODE x.**

Explanation

A session termination was forced because of a recursive request for termination. The original request was made using the 3614 user edit routine as a result of either an IMS **/STOP NODE x** or **/CLSDST** command, or as a result of a VTAM Request Recovery or Shutdown Request indicator received from the 3614 user edit routine.

One of the following situations is the probable cause of this error:

- A hardware malfunction occurred.
- A loop occurred between the 3614 user edit routine and IMS because of improper use of return code 8 (cancel I/O) for input or output data after termination was requested by entry vector 20 to the 3614 user edit routine.
- After termination was requested from the 3614 user edit routine by entry vector 20, input was queued by return code 0, 4, or 8. No output message was produced by the user message processing program.

System action

The session established with NODE x is terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'67') containing pertinent information is produced with an ID of CVCT.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x or by an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2055 SESSION TERMINATED BY USER
EDIT ROUTINE NODE x.**

Explanation

A return vector from a user edit routine indicated session termination was required for NODE x.

System action

The NODE x session is terminated. An IMS log record with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

Operator response:

Same as Programmer response

Programmer response

When the problem, if any, is corrected, the session can be reestablished by a NODE x or an IMS **/OPNDST** command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2056 INPUT SEGMENT EXCEEDS
MAXIMUM LENGTH.**

Explanation

The input deblocking routine has detected an input message segment that spans more than two request units (no new line or forms feed character is detected for 3770/3767, or no deblock character detected for SLUTYPE1).

System action

The input message is canceled and a record is written on the IMS log data set that contains the message segment in error.

Operator response:

Reenter the message, ensuring that the correct format is used.

Problem determination:

7, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2057 DEBLOCKING CHARACTER NOT
FOUND IN INPUT SEGMENT.**

Explanation

Input was received from the 3770 card reader component and the deblocking routine scanned to the end of the input data without detecting a deblocking

character. Every card in the input data has to be followed by an IRS character.

System action

The input message in error is canceled, a record containing the input message in error is written on the IMS log data set, and the session is terminated.

Operator response:

Issue an **/OPNDST** command to the node, and try the failing input message again. If the failure persists, follow the problem determination.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 23

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2058 COMPONENT ID IN ERROR.

Explanation

Input was received. However the component ID in the function management header (FMH) was invalid or the input component was not defined on the terminal macro at system definition, or an exception response was requested by a device on which IMS does not support the exception response request function.

System action

A record is written on the IMS log data set, containing the input message in error, and the session is terminated.

Operator response:

Try the failing input message again. If the error persists, follow the problem determination.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input device is defined properly to IMS.

Problem determination:

5, 7, 36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2059 FMH DID NOT INDICATE BODS OR
 EODS.**

Explanation

The function management header in the input data stream from the 3770 did not indicate either the beginning or the end of the data set.

System action

A record is written on the IMS log data set that contains the request unit in error, and the session is terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If the error persists, follow the problem determination.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 7, 36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2060 IPL REQUEST INVALID ON S/7
 BSC CONTENTION LINE xxx
 PTERM yyy.**

Explanation

A System/7 attached to a bisynchronous (BSC) contention line transmitted an IPL request to IMS.

System action

IMS deactivates the transmitting System/7.

Operator response:

Inform the system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the System/7 program or change the System/7 attachment.

**DFS2061I NODE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
 OPNDST NODE x (USER y).**

Explanation

An unavailable condition was returned on a VTAM SIMLOGON issued due to an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. See *VTAM For MVS/ESA, VM/ESA, VSE/ESA Programming* (SC31-6496) and *VTAM Messages and Codes* (SC31-6418) for an explanation of this condition.

System action

The attempt to establish a session with NODE x or USER y has been terminated. (1) An IMS trace log record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT. (2) An IDC0 trace table entry is created, if the IDC0 trace is active. (For nonexisting dynamic terminals).

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, session initiation can be attempted again using an IMS **/OPNDST** command. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related reference

[Data communication service aids \(Diagnosis\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2062I	MODENAME UNKNOWN TO VTAM NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unknown mode name condition was returned on a VTAM SIMLOGON issued due to an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. Either an incorrect mode name was specified on the IMS **/OPNDST** command or a mode table entry was not defined to VTAM with the specified name.

System action

The attempt to establish a session with NODE x or USER y has been terminated. (1) An IMS trace log record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT. (2) An IDC0 trace table entry is created if the IDC0 trace is active (for nonexisting dynamic terminals).

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, session initiation can be attempted again using an IMS **/OPNDST** command. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2063I	SESSION TERMINATION COMPLETE NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Session termination occurred for NODE x or USER y. Termination might have been solicited by an IMS terminal or node, depending upon security, by NODE x or USER y using VTAM/SNA commands, or by a VTAM network operator command. If termination was due to an unusual condition, an error message for the specific condition was enqueued for the IMS master terminal operator before this message.

System action

A session with NODE x or USER y has been terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT if termination was due to an unusual condition.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

A session for NODE x or USER y was terminated by an IMS command, upon request of NODE x or USER y, or by an unusual condition. The session can be reestablished using an IMS **/OPNDST** command, by NODE x, or by USER y after any outstanding problems are corrected.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2064I	SESSION INITIATION COMPLETE NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Session initiation is complete for NODE x or USER y. Session initiation resulted from an IMS **/OPNDST**, VTAM network operator, or NODE x or USER y VTAM/SNA command.

System action

Session initiation is complete for NODE x or USER y. Any available output is sent, otherwise, IMS waits for input.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Continue whatever action is appropriate for NODE x or USER y following normal session initiation.

**DFS2065I RESYNCHRONIZATION NOT
POSSIBLE NODE x (USER y).**

Explanation

Message resynchronization was required based on the previous session termination with NODE x or USER y. However, the Get Unique call from the shared queues has failed.

System action

The attempt to establish a session with NODE x or USER y has been terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'67') containing pertinent information was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Reinitialize NODE x or USER y to the appropriate restart point, or override the IMS resynchronization system definition option through the IMS **/CHANGE** command.

When the problem is corrected or overridden, session initiation can be attempted again using an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2066I BAD BIND PARM (DISP A, VALUE
B) NODE x (USER y).**

Explanation

IMS detected one or more invalid, unsupported, or conflicting parameters when receiving a VTAM/SNA **BIND** command or when validating Bind parameters from LOGMODE table or USERDATA (after an INQUIRE). The parameters also might be in conflict with the IMS system definition options specified for NODE x or ETO descriptor options specified for USER y.

DISP A is the displacement from the beginning of the BIND RU. VALUE B is the erroneous data. Both DISP A and VALUE B are in hexadecimal.

System action

The attempt to establish a session with NODE x or USER y using a VTAM/SNA **BIND** command has been rejected. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, session initiation can be attempted again using an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2067I BEGIN-END BRACKET ERROR
NODE x (USER y).**

Explanation

IMS detected an error while processing an output message. The message to be sent indicates begin bracket, but the node is in a "NOBB" (cannot begin an output bracket) shutdown state. The requested message could not be sent.

The "NOBB" shutdown state is the result of OHS requesting a symmetric shutdown or a **/QUIESCE NODE x (USER y)** command.

System action

Session termination was forced for NODE x or USER y. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

The session can be restarted to reset the shutdown state if additional input or output is required. Session initiation can be attempted using an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2068	INPUT DATA FM HDR PARAMETER INVALID, UNSUPPORTED, OR NOT AVAILABLE
----------------	---

Explanation

An input data function management (FM) header contained an invalid, unsupported, or unavailable parameter. The output ERP FM header sent with this message might contain additional sense information to isolate the specific parameter.

System action

The session with NODE x has encountered an input error, but the session was not terminated. This message is sent to reject the input message. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Continue with input/output operations as appropriate. When the problem with the FM header is corrected, the input message can be resent.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2069	END-BRACKET NOT SUPPORTED ON IMS INPUT SYNCHRONOUS MESSAGES.
----------------	---

Explanation

An end-bracket was received on an input IMS response mode or conversational transaction, an IMS command, or an input message while in IMS "test mode".

System action

A session with NODE x has encountered an input error. The session was terminated and message DFS2069 is left on the queue. This message is sent to reject the input message. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), which contains pertinent information, was produced.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

To continue the session without correcting the error, dequeue message DFS2069, and then restart the session.

To correct the error before you restart the session, perform one or more of the following actions:

- Change the definition of the ISC TERMINAL macro to specify COMPT1=MULT to allow asynchronous processing and to eliminate the end-bracket from the input message.
- If IMS was in test mode when the error occurred, terminate test mode by using the **/EXIT** command.
- Change the value of the MSGTYPE= parameter on the TRANSACT macro from RESPONSE to NONRESPONSE. A value of NONRESPONSE on the MSGTYPE= parameter changes the session to asynchronous and allows the end-bracket.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2070	MESSAGE TERMINATION FORCED FOLLOWING INPUT SNA CANCEL OF MFS PAGE.
----------------	---

Explanation

A VTAM/SNA **CANCEL** command was received without receiving a SUBSEQUENT VTAM/SNA LUSTATUS (message termination) following a sender detected error during an MFS multiple page input message. IMS requires the input message to be terminated if any single page is canceled.

System action

A session with NODE x has encountered an input error, but the session has not been terminated. This message is sent to force termination of the MFS multiple page input message. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Continue with input/output operations as appropriate. The message can be resent to IMS after the problem that caused the VTAM/SNA **CANCEL** command is corrected.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2071I	EXPECTED ERP MESSAGE NOT RECEIVED NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A VTAM/SNA exception response was received without a subsequent ERP message explaining the reason for the exception response.

System action

A session with NODE x or USER y has encountered an input error, and the session is terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

After correcting the system logic in any other session, initiation can be attempted using an IMS **/OPNDST** command for NODE x or USER y. The session can also be requested or initiated by NODE x or USER y.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2072I	LUname username (LTERM) FMH6 7 --- text ---.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A system informational or error message, defined by the SNA FMH6 or FMH7 format, detected an asynchronous condition by the 'OTHER' system (LUname), which was received by IMS through the LU6 session identified by the user name. The text following the FM header describes the asynchronous condition detected by the "OTHER" system.

System action

Normal input and output continues during the LU6 session.

Operator response

Same as the Programmer response.

Programmer response

Take appropriate action as required by the message text.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2073I	NODE nodename SUBPOOL username (ltermname) SOURCE (srcclterm) fmh7 message_text.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error message from the "OTHER" system (LUname) was received by IMS in response to output sent on an LU6 session identified by the user name. The output queue containing the message in error is identified by the user name LTERM name. The originating input message source is identified by the source LTERM name. The text following the TYPE 7 FM header describes the error condition.

System action

This message is used to report error conditions for the IMS master terminal operator or message source terminal operator.

The LU6 session is terminated after reporting the error to the IMS master terminal operator. The output

message in error is returned to the queue for later retransmission.

The output message in error is dequeued, and the session is not terminated when reporting the error condition to a source terminal operator (for LU6 message switch or when ERPKPSES=Y and the ERP sense code is X'0846xxxx').

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

Take appropriate action as required by the message text. The session can be restarted after correcting the error condition by the "OTHER" system or by an IMS / OPNDST command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2074I	SESSION ENDED; PURGE DURING QUIESCE NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A deadlock condition has occurred as a result of a /CHE PURGE QUIESCE command. Quiesce logic cannot complete because of purging for the named node or user.

System action:

The node or user is closed (session terminated) as in an error situation.

Operator response:

Display shut down status to be sure that session has terminated.

DFS2075	INVALID QNAME IN QMODEL FMH.
----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The QNAME field in the QMODEL FMH (TYPE 6) received by IMS contains a name that did not match the DQN of the ATTACH FMH for the process, or did not match any valid QNAME for available output.

System action

A session has encountered an input QMODEL FMH error, but the session was not terminated. This message is sent to notify the sending half-session.

Operator response

Same as Programmer response.

Programmer response

Try to continue with I/O operations as appropriate. The FMH can be resent when the problem with QNAME has been corrected or the FMH can be resent with QNAME not specified.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2076	INVALID QORG PARAMETER IN QMODEL FMH.
----------------	--

Explanation

The QORG field in the QMODEL FMH (TYPE 6) received by IMS contained a QORG value that was greater than X'02', or did not match the QORG in the QXFR FMH sent by IMS, or was invalid for the type of QMODEL FMH received.

System action

A session has encountered an input QMODEL FMH error, but the session was not terminated. This message is sent to notify the sending half-session.

Operator response:

See the Programmer response.

Programmer response

Try to continue with I/O operations as appropriate. The FMH can be resent when the problem with QORG has been corrected or the QORG can be set to X'00'.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2077I	DATA IS LONGER THAN BUFFER NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to move data into a buffer. Either the segment received was larger than the SEGSIZE specified in the IMS system definition, or a VLVB block count was larger than the remaining buffer size.

System action

The session for the node or user is terminated. The data that was to be blocked was lost.

Operator response:

See the Programmer response.

Programmer response

Redefine the buffer size and regenerate the IMS system—or make sure the data generated for output is not longer than the defined buffer.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 25

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2078I	OUTPUT REJECTED SENSE xxxxxxx LTERM yyyyyyy. OUTPUT REJECTED SENSE xxxxxx LTERM yyyyyyy Node zzzzzzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

A response was received indicating an invalid character in the message being sent to the PTERM, or the terminal is not configured to properly accept the message; for example, an address outside the range of the device buffer was contained in the data stream. The sense information received from the device is contained in the sense field of the message. For devices that contain programmed symbols, output is rejected if the programmed symbols buffer is not properly loaded.

System action

A record is written on the IMS log data set that contains the message. The message is put back on the IMS message queues. Communications with the PTERM continue, unless the message was being sent in response mode. Then the terminal is disconnected and this message is sent to the MTO.

Operator response

(master terminal) This message is followed by a DFS998I message. Take the terminal out of response mode (/STOP), then /START) and then restarted (/OPN).

(terminal) The message must be dequeued from the IMS message queues or the LTERM reassigned to a terminal capable of accepting the output. For devices that contain program symbols, a possible corrective action would be to properly load the program symbol buffer at the device, then resend the message.

Related information

[“DFS998I” on page 353](#)
LINE xxx PTERM yyy IS INOPERABLE

DFS2079I	INVALID APPLICATION OUTPUT LTERM xxxxxxxx LINE yyy PTERM zzz. INVALID APPLICATION OUTPUT LTERM xxxxxxxx NODE yyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

A non-supported command code was detected in application output using the MFS bypass.

System action

A log record type X'67', subrecord X'01' has been written using the IMS trace facility, which provides a snap of the IMS control blocks and save areas. The terminal involved will be made inoperable. A DFS998I message is sent to the MTO.

Operator response:

(master terminal) The LTERM should be reassigned, or the message dequeued. Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the application program to use valid command codes.

Related information

[“DFS998I” on page 353](#)
LINE xxx PTERM yyy IS INOPERABLE

DFS2080I	CONVER TRANSACTION INPUT NOT RECEIVED NODE x (USER y).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An incorrect session protocol was received while in a conversational mode. This problem resulted in dequeuing a conversational output reply message; the message provided no valid reason to continue the IMS

conversation. The invalid session protocol caused by the error indicated one of the following conditions:

1. LUSTATUS or CHASE with a changed direction in reply to a conversational output message.
2. Exceptional response sense code X'0864' to a conversational output message.
3. FMH 7 sense code X'0864' to a conversational output message.

System action

The NODE x (USER y) session was terminated. An IMS log record (X'67'), containing pertinent information, was produced with an ID of CVCT.

Operator response

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

When the problem is corrected, the session can be reestablished by NODE x, by USER y, or an IMS / OPNDST command.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2081I UNABLE TO RESYNC SESSION
FP TRANCODE=nnnnnnnn
NODE=xxxxxxxx.**

or

**TEMPORARILY UNABLE TO RESYNCH SESSION
NODE x (USER y).**

or

**UNABLE TO RESYNC SESSION
TRANCODE=nnnnnnnn NODE=xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS is temporarily unable to resynchronize during:

- An attempted session initiation. This condition occurs when a response mode transaction is

still processing during an attempt to initialize or resynchronize a session.

- RQR processing. A CLEAR request failed.

System action

The attempt to initiate or resynchronize the session fails.

Operator response

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Allow the response mode transaction to complete and produce an output reply message; then reestablish the session from NODE x (USER y) or with an IMS / OPNDST command. The /DISPLAY command can be used to determine when the response mode reply is available for output.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2082 RESPONSE MODE TRANSACTION
TERMINATED WITHOUT REPLY.**

Explanation

A response mode application terminated normally without having an output reply message returned to the terminal.

An OTMA send-then-commit (CM1) or APPC synchronous input message receives a DFS2082 message when the IMS application did not reply to the IOPCB or do a message switch to another transaction.

When an OTMA commit-then-send (CM0) input message has the TMAMHRSP flag specified in the state data prefix, if the application did not reply to the IOPCB or complete a message switch to another transaction, IMS issues a DFS2082 message. This message is issued to the original input transaction, regardless of the transaction mode. No DFS2082 message is issued to a switched-to transaction.

System action

This IMS message is sent in lieu of the application output reply to prevent the terminal from being hung in response mode.

Programmer response

Continue communication with IMS or correct the transaction logic to insert an appropriate reply.

Terminal operator response: See Programmer response.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2083I	NODE <i>nodename</i> SUBPOOL <i>username (ltermname)</i> SOURCE (<i>srcldterm</i>) <i>fmh7 message_text</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error message from the "OTHER" system (LUname) was received by IMS through the LU6 session identified by the user name. The output queue containing the message in error is identified by the user name LTERM name. The originating input message source is identified by the Source LTERM name. The text following the FM header TYPE 7 describes the error condition.

System action

This message is used to report recoverable error conditions to the IMS master terminal operator. Depending upon the FMH7 sense code, the type of IMS message incurring the error, and the FMH7 LU6 protocol used, the current output message is either discarded or retransmitted. The LU6 session is not terminated. For more information, see DFS2072I and DFS2073I.

Operator response:

See Programmer response.

Programmer response

Take appropriate action as required by the message text.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12 14, 25

DFS2084	INVALID RETURN FROM SIMEXIT, EXIT DISABLED.
----------------	--

Explanation

The DFSSIML0 exit routine, upon returning to IMS control with a return code of 8, did not provide a

transaction name in the area pointed to by register one, or the transaction name is given is invalid.

System action

DFSSIML0 processing is bypassed by IMS, and a return code of zero is assumed.

Operator response

Continue normal I/O activity.

DFS2085I	HH:MM:SS SESSION TERMINATED, NODE=xxxxxxx, USER=yyyyyyy, SIGN ON FAILURE RC=zzz.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Signon rejected due to indicated reason code. The reason codes are documented in message DFS3649A.

System action

Signon is ignored. The session is terminated, and message DFS2085I is sent to the current MTO.

Operator response

Attempt the signon after diagnosing the problem.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 12, 14

Related information

[“DFS3649A” on page 1034](#)
/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2086	/TRACE SET OFF FOR MONITOR IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command was entered before a previous **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command completed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Programmer response

If commands are entered through an automation program, change the program to increase the time between the **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** and **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** commands.

Module:
DFSICLN4

DFS2087	CANNOT TURN OFF TIMEOUT TRACE DURING SHUTDOWN, COMMAND IGNORED
----------------	---

Explanation

A **/TRACE SET OFF TIMEOUT** command was entered while IMS was shutting down.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Do not enter this command during shutdown.

Module:
DFSICLN0

DFS2088I	APPC/OTMA SMQ ENABLEMENT INACTIVE. REASON = xxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The APPC/OTMA shared message queue enablement is inactive.

The reason code is xxx. The reason codes are shown in the following table:

Table 11. Possible reason codes for DFS2088I	
Code	Meaning
004	This is a non-shared queues environment.
016	RRS is not active.
020	A member joined the group and cannot support APPC/OTMA shared message queue enablement.
024	Another member dropped support for APPC/OTMA shared message queue enablement.
028	IMS disconnected from RRS.
032	AOS=N was specified in the DFSDCxxx member.

Table 11. Possible reason codes for DFS2088I (continued)

Code	Meaning
036	RRS=N has been specified as startup parameter.
040	A system with AOS= specified in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member joined an IMSplex that has a MINVERS level lower than 12.1. The APPC/OTMA shared message queue enablement using XCF communication for standard transaction is inactive. Standard transactions are transactions with sync level of NONE or CONFIRM.

System action

IMS forces every APPC/OTMA message to the front-end system.

Operator response

Make sure that all the requirements for APPC/OTMA shared message queue enablement are met.

DFS2089I	APPC/OTMA SMQ ENABLEMENT ACTIVE.
-----------------	---

or

[RRS IS USED | XCF IS USED. | XCF AND RRS ARE USED].

Explanation

The shared message queue support for synchronous APPC/OTMA is active.

For the second line of the messages, the values can be:

RRS IS USED

RRS is active and is the synchronization point (sync point) manager for transactions with synchronization levels of NONE, CONFIRM, and SYNCPT.

XCF IS USED

XCF communication is used and IMS is the sync point manager for transaction with synchronization levels of NONE and CONFIRM.

RRS AND XCF ARE USED

RRS is active and is the sync point manager only for transactions with the synchronization level of SYNCPT. XCF communication is used and IMS

is the sync point manager for transactions with synchronization levels of NONE and CONFIRM.

System action

IMS allows every member within the IMSplex to process APPC/OTMA messages.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS2090I	IMS TIMER SERVICE STIMERM SET CANCEL FAILED, RC=xxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS timer service issued a request to z/OS to set or cancel a STIMERM. z/OS returned a nonzero return code in register 15.

System action

The timer service shut down. Requests for timer services receive nonzero return codes. IMS does not terminate abnormally.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Note the return code from the message and notify your system programmer.

Problem determination

1, 4 (if timer failure causes another part of IMS to abend), 6

Related reference

[z/OS: Return codes for the STIMERM macro](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2091I	IMS TIMER SERVICE SHUTDOWN COMPLETED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS timer service has shut down and is no longer processing timer requests. This message is normally issued during IMS shutdown. It is also issued after message DFS2090I if a STIMERM SET or CANCEL failed.

System action

Timer service is no longer available in IMS.

Operator response:

If you received this message during IMS shutdown, no response is necessary. If a STIMERM SET or CANCEL failed, see message DFS2090I.

Related information

[“DFS2090I” on page 607](#)

IMS TIMER SERVICE STIMERM SET|CANCEL
FAILED, RC=xxx.

DFS2092I	INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR TIMEOUT PROCESSOR RC=n.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS VTAM I/O timeout processor (DFSASLT0) was unable to obtain storage for the ASLTI ITASK or the timer table required by the IMS VTAM I/O timeout detection facility.

The return codes and their meanings are:

Code (hex)

Meaning

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | Unable to get time AWE for front and switching initialization. |
| 02 | Unable to get second AWE for front and switching initialization. |
| 03 | Unable to get quick save area for timer table initialization. |
| 04 | Unable to get storage for AS1T ITASK. |
| 05 | Unable to create AS1T ITASK. |
| 06 | Unable to get an AWE for AS1T ITASK initialization. |
| 07 | Unable to get storage for timer tables. |
| 08 | Unable to get time AWE for main timer. |

System action

IMS initialization continues, but the VTAM I/O timeout detection facility is unavailable.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

If you need the time-out facility, increase the size of the IMS control region; then restart IMS.

DFS2093 TIMEOUT TRACE FACILITY NOT AVAILABLE, COMMAND IGNORED.

Explanation

You entered a **/TRA SET TIMEOUT** command, but the IMS VTAM I/O timeout detection facility was not available because the ASLTI ITASK failed during IMS initialization. This message is also issued if you enter a **/DIS TIMEOVER** command and the facility was not activated.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

If you received this message after entering the **/DIS TIMEOVER** command, issue the **/TRA SET TIMEOUT** command, if necessary. If you received this message after entering the **/TRA SET TIMEOUT** command, notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

If the facility is not available, see message DFS2092I..

Module:

DFSICLN0

Related information

“DFS2092I” on page 607
INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR TIMEOUT
PROCESSOR RC=*n*.

DFS2094I NODE *nodename* USER *username* TIMED OUT AT *hh:mm* SENSE=*xxxx*.

or

NODE *nodename* TIMED OUT AT *hh:mm* SENSE=*xxxx*.

Explanation

This node has an output response outstanding for a period greater than the time specified on the **/TRA SET TIMEOUT** command used to activate the VTAM I/O timeout detection facility. The second form of the message is issued for ISC nodes. The message includes VTAM sense information, if available.

System action

The action taken depends on what was specified on the **/TRA SET TIMEOUT** command:

- If MSG was specified, the node is placed on a chain of timed-out nodes and continues to wait for a response.
- If AUTO was specified, IMS issues a VTAM VARY NET , INACT command followed by a VTAM VARY NET , ACT command for the node. An OPNDST is issued for the node if it was defined as non-shared and is still operable. Messages DFS2095I and DFS2096I follow this message.
- If AUTO was specified and this is an ISC node, the node is placed on a chain of timed-out nodes and continues to wait for a response. No automatic restart is performed.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

- If MSG was specified, issue the IMS **/IDLE** and **/ACT** commands for the node to do a VTAM V NET , INACT and V NET , ACT. Then the node can be restarted.
- If AUTO was specified and this message was issued for an ISC node, see the previous response for MSG.
- If AUTO was specified and this message was issued for a non-ISC node, do an IMS **/DISPLAY** of the node to make sure that it was restarted.

Remember: The VTAM TIMEOUT I/O facility is automatically started during IMS shutdown. It is set for 1 minute and 'AUTO'. Effectively, the trace command would be: **/TRACE TIMEOUT 1 AUTO**. The VTAM TIME I/O facility is also automatically started during IMS initialization.

Related information

“DFS2095I” on page 608
V NET,INACT PERFORMED FOR NODE
nodename.
“DFS2096I” on page 609
V NET,ACT PERFORMED FOR NODE *nodename*.

DFS2095I V NET,INACT PERFORMED FOR NODE *nodename*.

Explanation

IMS has issued a VTAM 'VARY NET,INACT' command for one of the following reasons:

- The IMS VTAM I/O timeout detection facility detected a VTAM node that has timed out, and is automatically deactivating it. This message is preceded by message DFS2094I and followed by message DFS2096I.
- IMS TM shutdown processing has detected an outstanding SIMLOGON for a dynamic terminal that

has not completed, and is automatically deactivating the node. This message is followed by message DFS2096I.

Related information

“DFS2094I” on page 608

NODE *nodename* USER *username* TIMED OUT
AT *hh:mm* SENSE=xxxx.

“DFS2096I” on page 609

V NET,ACT PERFORMED FOR NODE *nodename*.

DFS2096I	V NET,ACT PERFORMED FOR NODE <i>nodename</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS has issued a VTAM 'VARY NET,ACT' command for one of the following reasons:

- The IMS VTAM I/O timeout detection facility detected a VTAM node that has timed-out, and is automatically reactivating it. When IMS issues this message, it is preceded by messages DFS2094I and DFS2095I.
- IMS TM shutdown processing has detected an outstanding SIMLOGON for a dynamic terminal that has not completed, and is automatically reactivating the node. This message is preceded by message DFS2095I.

Related information

“DFS2094I” on page 608

NODE *nodename* USER *username* TIMED OUT
AT *hh:mm* SENSE=xxxx.

“DFS2095I” on page 608

V NET,INACT PERFORMED FOR NODE
nodename.

DFS2097I	DBDGEN REQUIRED FOR DATABASE <i>nnnnnnnn</i> TO SET DATXEXIT INDICATOR
-----------------	---

Explanation

While processing the first DL/I call for a database, with the DATXEXIT=YES flag off, the DL/I call analyzer called the user data conversion exit. However, it was returned to without SRCHFLAG being set to X'FF' (indicating that the user exit was required for this database). The DL/I Call Analyzer dynamically sets the DATXEXIT=YES flag on and continues processing transactions for this database, but issues a warning message to the user that a DBDGEN with DATXEXIT=YES must be done for this database.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

The database administrator must be notified that a DBDGEN is required for this database.

DFS2098	ERROR TRANSMITTING INPUT -RESEND INPUT DATA.
----------------	---

Explanation

The Network Terminal Option (NTO) detected a temporary hardware error from the Network Control Program (NCP) during transmission of the input data. NTO sent sense code X'0827' to IMS to indicate that the data received was bad and must be resent.

System action

NTO processed sense code X'0827' and sent message DFS2098 to the inputting terminal. If the message was multi-chained, NTO canceled the previous chains.

Operator response:

Send the last input message again.

DFS2099	DATA EXCEEDS RECANY RU SIZE NODE x.
----------------	--

Explanation

The data length received from VTAM is larger than the size of the RECEIVE ANY buffer.

System action

The session is terminated. An IMS trace log record (X'6701' ID=CVCT) containing pertinent information was produced.

Programmer response

The X'6701' ID=CVCT log record contains the RPL. RPLLEN is greater than RPLBUFL. RPLBUFL is the RECEIVE ANY buffer size defined in the RECANY=(number,size) parameter of the COMM macro.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 14, 25

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2100	END OF MESSAGE BEFORE END OF DATA-INPUT IGNORED.
----------------	---

Explanation

MFS reached the end of the message before reaching the end of the data.

Operator response:

Reenter the message in accordance with the message input description, and device input format.

System action

The input is canceled.

Chapter 45. DFS messages, DFS2101I - DFS2150I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2101I DEACTIVATING NODE xxxxxxxx.

Explanation

IMS was unable to physically terminate the session in an orderly manner (CLSDST); It is necessary to logically terminate it. The possible causes of this problem are:

1. Console operator canceled VTAM
2. VTAM abended
3. CLSDST failed 25 times because of a VTAM short on storage condition

System action

A deactivate indicator is turned on in the IMS control block representing the node.

Programmer response

Determine which one of the above reasons caused the problem, and take corrective action. To regain the node, bring IMS down (/STOP DC-/CHExxxx) and up again.

DFS2102 POSITIVE RESPONSE NOT REQUESTED FOR RECOVERABLE MESSAGE.

Explanation

A recoverable message was received from a 3600 or 3790 terminal without a request for a positive response.

System action

The message is canceled.

Programmer response

Correct the 3600 or 3790 program, or, if required, correct the definition of the transaction in IMS system definition.

DFS2103 NODE KEYWORD PARAMETER MISSING.

Explanation

You entered the NODE keyword without specifying which nodes or all.

System action

The IMS system continues, and the command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command specifying the nodes to be operated on.

Module:
DFSICLNO

**DFS2104 INVALID NODE NAME -NODE
nodename**

or

INVALID NODE NAME.

Explanation

A specified node name was not found in the system, or there was an attempt to make a non-ISC node an IMS secondary LU.

The first form of the message is issued by a command processor if the command references an undefined node.

The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit if one of the following conditions occurred:

- A session initiation request references an undefined node
- An ISC session request references a non-ISC node.

System action

The command is ignored, or the LOGON/REQSESS request is denied.

Operator response:
(terminal operator) If a command caused the message, reenter the command using a valid node name.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS2105 NO NODE DEFINED IN SYSTEM.

Explanation

You entered a command with the NODE keyword, but there are no nodes defined.

System action

The command is ignored, and processing continues.

Operator response:

Correct the command and issue it again.

DFS2106 UNKNOWN TERMINAL TRIED TO CONNECT ON LINE x PTERM y.

Explanation

On a line where ID verification is required, a 3275 dial terminal, which was not authorized in the ID list, attempted to connect to IMS.

System action

The connection is broken. The line is restarted and is waiting for a connection attempt.

Programmer response

When the situation warrants it, use the Log Print Utility (DFSERA10), with record type=X'69', to list the offending terminal IDs and the lines they accessed.

DFS2107 NODE NOT PHYSICALLY DISCONNECTED, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND.

Explanation

An /EXIT command was issued for a remote terminal node, which is not physically disconnected currently.

System action:

The command is not processed.

Operator response:

Try the command again when remote node is disconnected.

DFS2108 INVALID COMMAND FROM NON-VTAM TERMINAL.

Explanation

A /RCLSDST command was entered from a terminal that is not a VTAM node.

System action:

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Correct the command, and retry.

DFS2109 VTAM ACB NOT OPEN.

Explanation

The command entered requires the VTAM ACB to be open.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Issue /START DC and retry.

DFS2110A NON-QUICK VTAM SHUTDOWN REQUESTED.

Explanation

The VTAM operator has told VTAM to shut down. VTAM has informed IMS of this using the TPEND exit.

Explanation

An attempt has been made to CLOSE the VTAM ACB, and a return code of X'xx' was received.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Master terminal operator response: One of the following actions can be taken:

- Enter /CLSDST command to disconnect any active nodes if there is no need to continue processing.
- Enter /CHECKPOINT command to close down IMS.
- Ignore the message if processing must continue.
- /STOP DC to close ACB

System action

IMS continues processing.

DFS2111I VTAM ACB CLOSED.

Explanation

The VTAM ACB has been closed. IMS is disconnected from VTAM.

System action

IMS continues processing.

**DFS2112I UNABLE TO CLOSE VTAM ACB, REG
15=rc, ACBERFLG=xx.**

Explanation

An attempt has been made to CLOSE the VTAM ACB using a **/STOP DC** command or by VTAM driving the IMS TPEND exit routine. The attempt failed with the return code, *rc*, in register 15 and the ACB error flags set as indicated by *xx*.

System action

IMS internally marks the VTAM ACB as closed and continues processing without its VTAM interface.

Programmer response

Use the provided information (return code and error flags) to find out why the CLOSE failed. See *VTAM V4R3 for MVS/ESA Programming* (SC31-6496) for a description of the CLOSE macro and an explanation of the return codes and error flags. *VTAM Messages and Codes* (SC31-6493) provides additional information.

**DFS2113 NO DPAGE CONDITION WAS MET-
INPUT IGNORED.**

Explanation

No conditional DPAGE was satisfied, and no unconditional DPAGE was specified. For **OPTIONS=DNM**, all DPAGES are conditional.

System action

The input is canceled.

Operator response:

Reenter the correct input. If problem persists, have your programmer analyze the device input format for that message.

**DFS2114 OUTPUT ERROR LINE xxx PTERM
xxx {, DO NOT REDIAL PTERM}.**

Explanation

A permanent output error occurred while writing output messages to the terminal.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated ready for operator connection.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Unless the error message indicates otherwise, repeat the session. Otherwise, dial the next required terminal.

Problem determination

23, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2115 PTERM DISC LINE xxx PTERM
xxx {[SEQ NO xxxxx [SEGM
ID xxxxxxxx]] , DO NOT REDIAL
PTERM}.**

Explanation

The terminal issued a disconnect sequence during input or output.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated ready for operator connection.

Operator response:

(master terminal) The current session cannot be reestablished without correcting the problem at the remote terminal.

Problem determination

During input, the message segment at the point of error is identified by a sequence number, and, optionally, by an 8-character identifier. For both input and output, the termination status is on the screen at the remote terminal.

**DFS2116 OUTPUT COMPLETE LINE xxx
PTERM xxx.**

Explanation

All ready output messages have been successfully written to the terminal. This message is not issued if no output messages are written during the session.

System action

The current session is completed. The next session is initiated ready for operator connection.

**DFS2117 INPUT COMPLETE LINE xxx PTERM
xxx.**

Explanation

The input message has been successfully read from the terminal. This message is not issued if there is no input message to be read.

System action

The current session continues with the output phase. If there are no output messages, the session is complete and the next session is initiated for operator connection.

**DFS2118 DIAL REMOTE TERMINAL LINE xxx
PTERM xxx.**

Explanation

A session has been initiated after a start line command, or following a previous session.

System action

The session waits until a terminal is physically connected and the enabled control unit is posted.

Master terminal operator response: Dial the required terminal, and press DATA on the Modem when a tone is heard. If all sessions are completed, issue a **STOP** command and then press DATA on the Modem that terminates the session and idles the line.

**DFS2120 SET COMMAND ERROR LINE xxx
PTERM xxx.**

Explanation

The internally created **/SET** command was rejected by IMS as invalid.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated ready for operator connection.

Operator response:
(master terminal) If the problem persists, do not initiate further sessions until the exit routine has been corrected.

Programmer response

Correct the user sign-on exit to create valid IMS names.

Problem determination

Repeat the session using **/TRACE** (Level 3), and print the log data set to show the set command in error.

**DFS2121 USER EXIT REQUESTED DISC LINE
xxx PTERM xxx.**

Explanation

The user sign-on exit passed a return code requesting that the terminal be disconnected.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated ready for operator connection.

Programmer response

Check to determine that the user sign-on exit request is valid; if not valid, take corrective action.

Master terminal operator response: Dial the required terminal.

Problem determination

6, 24

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2122 INPUT ERROR LINE xxx PTERM
xxx [SEQ NO xxxxx [SEGM ID
xxxxxxxxx]].**

Explanation

A permanent input error occurred while reading the input message from the terminal.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated, ready for operator connection.

Master terminal operator response: Repeat the session. If the error persists, manual intervention may be required at the remote terminal.

Problem determination

The input message segment at the point of error is identified by a sequence number and, optionally, by an 8-character identifier. The termination status is on the screen at the remote terminal.

**DFS2123 STATUS MSG x LINE xxx PTERM
xxx {[SEQ NO xxx [SEGM ID]
xxxxxxxxx]}, DO NOT REDIAL
PTERM}.**

Explanation

An error was detected at the remote terminal. A 1-character status message was read from the terminal and inserted into the error message.

System action

The current session terminates. The next session is initiated, ready for operator connection.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Unless the error message indicates otherwise or the status message indicates the problem is unrecoverable without manual intervention, repeat the session. Otherwise, dial the required terminal.

Problem determination

During input, the message segment at the point of error is identified by a sequence number and, optionally, by an 8-character identifier. For both input and output, the termination status is on the screen at the remote terminal. Check the 3741 status message character in the error message.

DFS2124	OUTPUT NOT COMPLETE.
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Explanation

The user issued a stop line and disconnected the terminal before all of the messages in the queue were sent.

System action

System continues processing.

Operator response

Proceed with the normal terminal operation.

DFS2125	LOGICAL TERMINAL BECAME TRANS I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/ name2
----------------	--

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2126	TRANS BECAME LOGICAL TERMINAL I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/ name3
----------------	--

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2127 **SPA IN MSG FOR NON-CONV**
TRANS I: *sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/*
name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as nonconversational.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as conversational.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2128 **NO SPA IN MSG FOR CONV TRANS**
I: *sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/name2*

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as nonconversational.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as conversational.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2129 **MSG IS RECOV BUT DEST IS NOT I:**
sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as recoverable.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as unrecoverable.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2130 **MSG IS NOT RECOV BUT DEST IS I:**
sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as recoverable.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as unrecoverable.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2131 **DEST OF A RESPONSE IS A TRANS**
I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2132 **INPUT LOGICAL TERMINAL NOT**
FOUND I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/
name2

Explanation

This system received a message that is a response to the input. The input originated from an LTERM in this system, but now that LTERM cannot be found, the system error, or the definition of *sss1* is changed. *name1* is not defined in *sss1*.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response:

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Check the originating LTERM name (on the X'64' record) against the system definition to determine if the system was redefined before the response was received. If the originating LTERM name was present, the CNTs might have been destroyed.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2133	RESPONSE PTERM NOT INPUT PTERM I: <i>sss1/name1</i>, D: <i>sss2/ name2</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An application program inserted a message to an alternate response PCB specifying SAMETRM=YES. However, the logical terminal *name2* does not point to the same physical terminal as *name1*.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the logical terminals involved. Check the logical terminal-to-physical terminal assignments. If correct, check the application program that produced the response. Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition application program, if required. Correct the logical-to-physical terminal assignments, if required.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2134	INVALID SYSID DETECTED LINK <i>x</i>
----------------	---

or

**INVALID SYSID DETECTED I: *sss1/name1*,
D: *sss2/name2***

Explanation

The first form of this message results when the receiving IMS detects that *sss2* is invalid. *sss2* is not defined in the system generating the error.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

The second form of this message results when the sending IMS detected that the source SYSID, the destination SYSID, or both SYSIDs are invalid. This situation occurs during communication between a Version 6 IMS system and a pre-Version 6 IMS system, which does not recognize a SYSID higher than 255. Possible errors are:

- A message with a source SYSID lower than 256 has a destination SYSID higher than 255.
- A message with a source SYSID higher than 255 has a destination SYSID lower than 256.
- A message has both a source and destination SYSID higher than 255.

The source and destination SYSID are located in the MSNBOSID and MSNBDSID fields of the MSNB. The link number is *x*.

When any of the errors occurs, the Message Control/Error exit routine receives control. If the exit routine requests the default action, the DFS2134 message associated with the error is issued.

This message can also be issued when the Message Control/Error exit routine is customized in the sending or receiving system to specify an incorrect exit flag, or the exit flag is correct, but an error was encountered

while IMS was performing the requested action and the associated default action was performed.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type X'64', and removes the message from the system.

System programmer response

To find and correct the error, take the following actions, as appropriate.

- Correct the SYSID errors in the TRANSACT, LTERM, or MSNAME definitions in the system definition.
- Determine the default action from the Message Control/Error exit routine, DFSCMUX0.
- Correct the exit flag or the destination for reroute in the Message Control/Error exit routine, if appropriate.

Problem determination:

14

Module:

DFSCMS00, DFSCMEI0, DFSCMUX0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2135 INVALID PARTNER ID LINK xxx.

Explanation

The master terminal operator attempted to start a multiple systems support link and the partner IDs in the two systems did not match.

System action

IMS stops the link.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY ASSIGNMENT** command to display the logical link and the physical link assignments. Correct the logical-to-physical link assignments, if they are in error. Otherwise, inform the system programmer that an invalid partner ID was found. Also, verify the DD statements used for the physical links.

Programmer response

Correct the system definition, if in error.

DFS2136 REQUIRED RESTART RESPONSE NOT RECEIVED LINK xx.

Explanation

This problem is a system error. IMS sent a restart request to the other partner of a multiple systems support connection, but did not receive a restart response.

System action

IMS stops the link.

Operator response

Start the IMS trace on both sides of the connection, and try again. Inform the system programmer that a required restart response was not received.

Programmer response

Verify through the IMS trace that the appropriate links were connected.

Problem determination

14 for both systems, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2137 MSG IS INQ BUT DEST MAY UPDATE I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as an inquiry transaction.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as an update transaction.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition

specifications for this message and correct the one in error.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2138 INVALID BUFFER SIZE LINK *xxx*.

Explanation

The master terminal operator attempted to start a multiple systems support link. However, because the system definition buffer sizes were not equal, the link would not start. The partner assigned to the link shown in the message has a different transmission buffer size than the link shown.

System action

IMS stops the link.

Programmer response

Correct the definition of the links.

DFS2140 DESTINATION *name* STOPPED, REASON CODE *xxx*.

Explanation

IMS stopped the destination identified in the message at the request of the partner. The reason code *xxx* is the number of the IMS message read from the block, but not processed.

System action

IMS stops the indicated block. An error message, with the number shown as the REASON CODE, is sent to the master terminal in the partner system.

Operator response

Restart the MSNAME and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the reason code *xxx* is 2146, the partner IMS system detected an INVALID DATA BLOCK error. Both sides of

the link discarded the message and the sending path MSNAME was stopped.

For reason code 1945, the receiving IMS system encountered a QMGR/CQS write error while putting the message to the message queue. The message is returned to the message queue to be sent again, if the MSNAME path is restarted, or to be removed from the queued by the operator.

For all DFS2140 errors, both sides logged type 6701 ID=MSS*x* (*x*=1,2, or 3) log records. See message DFS1945, DFS2146, or whatever message key equals the reason code, for more information.

Problem determination

Contact the system programmer if the error persists. If the error was encountered by an MSC link, the following CLBTEMP fields are set in the LLB block in the 6701MSS1 record:

- CLBTEMP1 = Reason code for the DFS2140 message
- CLBTEMP3 = Message key = x'0000085C' = decimal 2140
- CLBTEMP4 = Module ID; that is, C'CMSI' = DFSCMSI0 or C'CMSP' = DFSCMSP0
- CLBTEMP5 = If applicable, R5 or R14 BALR offset into the module that detected the error

Related information

“DFS1945” on [page 560](#)
DATA COMMUNICATIONS QMGR/CQS WRITE
ERROR LINK *xx*

“DFS2146” on [page 622](#)
INVALID DATA BLOCK RECEIVED LINK *xx*.

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2141 INPUT SYSID NOT DEFINED I: *sss1/name1*, D: *sss2/name2*

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. This information displays in the message if *sss1* and *name1*, are not defined in the system definition.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

The SYSID *sss1* is not defined and is invalid. Correct the SYSGEN.

Programmer response:
Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination:
14

Related information
"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2142 **MSNAME xxxxxxxx STOPPED LINK
yyy.**

Explanation

A message was received on logical link *yyy* but the MSNAME xxxxxxxx was stopped.

System action

The system rejects the message and informs the sending system with message DFS2140 REASON CODE 2142.

Operator response

Restart the logical link, (/START MSNAME xxxxxxxx). If the error persists, it might be necessary to PSTOP the link (/PSTOP LINK yyy) on both systems, start the MSNAMES (/START MSNAME xxxxxxxx) on both systems, then restart (/RSTART LINK yyy) both links again.

DFS2143 **INCONSISTENT SPA LENGTH I:
sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2**

Explanation

sss2 is defined with a different size SPA from *sss1*.
In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type "64", and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer of this error and the correct SPA size.

System programmer response

Compare the two system definitions to determine which one has the incorrect SPA size. Correct the system definition in error.

Problem determination

14
Related information
"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2144 **CTC TRANSMISSION LENGTH
ERROR; LINK STOPPED. LINK nnn.**

Explanation

A data transmission error was detected on link *nnn*. Link *nnn* is assigned to a channel-to-channel adapter. The X'FF' end-of-data marker was not received.

If it is an I/O error, z/OS error message IEA000I appears on the system console. Otherwise it is a probable logic error.

System action

Link *nnn* is stopped. Two X'67' trace records with record IDs MSS1 and MSS2 are logged.

Operator response

(master terminal) Restart the link. If the problem persists, use a backup link, if available.

Problem determination

Type X'67' log records were produced, containing all relevant blocks.

Related reference

z/OS: IEA000I

DFS2145	MESSAGE LOST DURING LINK RESTART LINK xxx.
----------------	---

Explanation

During synchronization of the link, IMS detected that this system has lost one or more messages that the other system has not yet received. The difference between the DEQ count on this system and the received count on the other system will be the count of messages lost.

System action

IMS logs the error information using a type X'6701' log record. The link is stopped by PSTOP. The restart block is updated so that a subsequent restart link will work; however, the messages will remain lost.

Operator response

Verify that both IMS systems were correctly restarted (a cold start or restart from the wrong checkpoint could cause this). Restart the link again. The link should restart, but the messages will remain lost.

Programmer response

The log data sets from both systems will have to be analyzed to determine why the messages were lost. If the error occurred following an IMS warm start, then the restart log data set will also have to be analyzed. (You will need to print type 40, 66, and X'6701' records.)

Problem determination

36. Include as documentation the master terminal output and IMS log data sets from both systems. If IMS was warm started, then include the restart logs also.

DFS2146	INVALID DATA BLOCK RECEIVED LINK xx.
----------------	---

Explanation

A data block was received on link xx that, when checked, was found to contain invalid or lost data, or the conversational routines detected an error while attempting to process a conversational type message.

System action

The data block is rejected. If the data block was a resync, restart, or shutdown message, the link has stopped. If the data block was a user or system message, the message was discarded (dequeued) on the sending IMS. Also, the associated sending MSNAME path was stopped on the sending IMS and message DFS2140 with a 2146 reason code was issued on the sending IMS. Both sides write type 6701 ID = MSSx (x = 1, 2, or 3) log records.

Operator response:

(master terminal): Display the logical link in the partner system (**/DIS MSNAME**) to see if the link was stopped. If the partner was not stopped, the error was recovered. If it was stopped, restart the link (**/START MSNAME**).

System programmer response

Print the type 6701 log records and analyze the error.

Problem determination

Contact the system programmer if the error persists.

The following CLBTEMP fields will be set in the LLB block in the 6701 MSS1 record:

- CLBTEMP1 = Pseudo abend code if this is a conversational error. CLBTEMP4 is CONM or CON2 for conversational type errors.
- CLBTEMP2 = Return code if applicable
- CLBTEMP3 = Message key = x'00000862' = decimal 2146
- CLBTEMP4 = Module ID. i.e. C'CONM' = DFSCONM0, C'CON2' = DFSCON20, C'CMSV' = DFSCMSV0, or C'CMSZ' = DFSCMSZ0.
- If applicable, R5 or R14 BALR offset into the module that detected the error

DFS2147I	ACB CLOSE PENDING ON MASTER TERMINALS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/STOP DC** command was entered, but cannot complete until the VTAM ACB is closed. The ACB cannot be closed until all VTAM node sessions have terminated. This message is issued to inform the operator that the only remaining active nodes are the master or secondary master terminals, or both.

Operator response

Issue a **/CLSDST NODE** or **/IDLE NODE** command to close the nodes. This allows the VTAM ACB to

close and **/STOP DC** processing to complete. Message DFS2111I will indicate a successful VTAM ACB close.

DFS2148I **HH:MM:SS QERR=aabb REMOTE MSG xxxx FROM SYSID=yy.**

Explanation

A queue error occurred while requesting function aa. The queue manager issued return code bb; SYSID yy issued command xxxx.

System action

The message is dequeued and control is returned to the dispatcher. A X'6701' record, which provides a SNAP of the relevant control blocks, is written to the log.

Operator response

Reenter a valid command.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination for the correct response.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2149 **PARTNER IMS IN SAME SHARED QUEUES GROUP - RESTART ABORTED LINK xxx**

Explanation

The master terminal operator attempted to start a multiple systems coupling (MSC) link and partner IMS is in the same shared queues group (SQG). MSC link traffic between IMS systems in the same SQG is not supported.

System action

IMS stops the link.

Operator response:

The link is not restarted. Inform the system programmer, if the link is not intended for backup purposes, such as when IMS or the partner IMS is brought up in non shared queues mode or in a different shared queues group.

Programmer response

Remove the shared queues specification from one of the IMS systems (for example, the SHAREDQ= startup parameter) or place one of the IMS systems in a different SQG.

DFS2150A **hh:mm:ss CTC IO ERR PC=xx REASON=xx OP=xx LINK nnnn STOPPED.**

Explanation:

For an explanation and actions, see DFS2150I.

Related information

DFS2150I
MTM I/O ERR PC=xxxxxxxx LINK=xxxx.

DFS2150I **MTM I/O ERR PC=xxxxxxxx LINK=xxxx.**

or

CTC ERR RC=xx LINK=xxxx.

or

hh:mm:ss CTC IO ERR PC=xx REASON=xx OP=xx LINK nnnn RSTARTED.

or

MTM ERR RC=xx LINK=xxxx.

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred.

In the message text:

RC

The return code

PC

The post code

REASON

The associated channel-to-channel reason code

LINK

The link number

OP

The attempted CTC operation

hh:mm:ss

The time

If message DFS2150I...LINK *nnnn* RSTARTED is issued, the link was stopped and then restarted by IMS. If message DFS2150A...LINK *nnnn* STOPPED is issued, IMS attempted to restart the link, but was unable to do so.

The following channel-to-channel operations apply:

Operation

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 04**
WRITE: write a buffer.
- 08**
ACK: acknowledge input.
- 0C**
WRACK: write a buffer and acknowledge input.
- 10**
STARTUP: establish connection.
- 14**
SHACK: acknowledge input and shut down the connection.
- 18**
SHUTDOWN: shut down the connection.
- 1C**
READ: read input.

The following channel-to-channel return codes and meanings are possible:

Return

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 04**
Logic error: IOSB is not busy on ACK or WRACK.
- 08**
Logic error: ACK or WRACK is issued, and no message is received to acknowledge.
- 10**
Logic error: on STARTUP, there is an invalid value in DECWAREA, DECWLNG, DECAREA or DECLNGTH.
- 14**
Probable I/O error: on attention interrupt.
- 18**
Paging error: at STARTUP.
- 1C**
Logic error: in module DFSCMC50 at STARTUP.
- 20**
Logic error: STARTUP issued, but link is already connected.
- 24**
Logic error: SHUTDOWN issued, but link is already shut down.

28

An I/O error or an abnormal condition was detected during SHUTDOWN, and SHUTDOWN was successfully executed.

The following table shows the possible post codes, associated reason codes, and their meanings:

<i>Table 12. Possible post codes, associated reason codes, and meanings for DFS2150I</i>		
Post reason code	Code (hex)	Meaning
7F	any	I/O complete without error
7F	04	Startup: Link available for write
7F	08	Startup: message received
7F	0C	Message received
7F	10	Shutdown received
7F	1C	Acknowledgement received
7F	20	Acknowledgement with data received
41	any	I/O error detected
41	01	Error in attempting to determine command in adapter
41	02	Invalid command in adapter
41	03	Error in reading message

The following real storage-to-real storage connection return codes and meanings apply:

Return

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 12**
Window is not open or not found.
- 16**
Window is allocated to two other systems.
- 20**
Invalid input.
- 24**
IEAMSCHD failed: partner has terminated.
- 28**
Buffer lock failure.
- 32**
Buffer lengths are not equal.
- 36**
Caller is not authorized.

40

Main storage-to-main storage access routine is defined for a different OS.

44

Window queue header block is bad or is not initialized.

48

GET or GETMAIN failure.

52

PGFIX or PGFREE error.

The following real storage-to-real storage post codes and meanings apply:

Post code

Meaning

41RD

Read error: partner already reading.

41CLS

Read or write error: partner closed in mid-operation. The most probable cause is an abend of the partner.

41BUF

Read or write error: I/O buffer lock failure.

Operator response

For CTC message DFS2150A, assign a backup link, if available. For MTM or CTC DFS2150I, when the link is not restarted, attempt to restart the link.

Problem determination

CTC is an I/O or probable logic error. If it is an I/O error, z/OS error message IEA000I appears on the system console.

MTM is a probable real storage-to-real storage access method logic error.

A type X'67' log record was produced, containing all relevant blocks.

Related reference

z/OS: IEA000I

Related information

DFS2150A

hh:mm:ss CTC IO ERR PC=xx REASON=xx

OP=xx LINK *nnnn* STOPPED.

Chapter 46. DFS messages, DFS2151 - DFS2200I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2151 CURRENT MSPLINK NOT STOPPED
AND IDLE.**

Explanation

A link that is currently assigned to MSPLINK is not stopped and idle.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

(terminal operator) Issue a **/PSTOP** command to stop the link currently assigned to the specified MSPLINK.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

- If yy=01, correct the MSNAME and reenter the command.
- If yy=02, inform the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Determine if the remote SYSID for the specified MSNAME is also defined as a local SYSID in another IMS system in an SQ group.

Module:

DFSCMLA0, DFCML70, DFSICLJ0

**DFS2152 MSPLINK KEYWORD PARAMETER
INVALID.**

Explanation

The MSPLINK parameter entered is not defined in the system.

System action:

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with a valid MSPLINK name.

**DFS2154 SYSID KEYWORD PARAMETER
INVALID [RSN=xyyy].**

Explanation

The SYSID that was entered is not defined as a remote SYSID.

xx

IMS MODULE THAT DETECTED THE ERROR

01

MSVERIFY COMMAND (DFSCMLA0)

yy

REASON FOR THE ERROR

01

The specified SYSID is invalid.

02

The specified SYSID that was defined as a remote SYSID was overridden to a local SYSID in a shared queues (SQ) group.

**DFS2153 MSNAME KEYWORD PARAMETER
INVALID [RSN=xyyy].**

Explanation

The MSNAME that was entered is not defined in the system.

xx

IMS MODULE THAT DETECTED THE ERROR

01

MSVERIFY COMMAND (DFSCMLA0)

yy

REASON FOR THE ERROR

01

The specified MSNAME is not defined in the system.

02

The SYSID that was defined as a remote SYSID for the specified MSNAME was overridden to a local SYSID in a shared queues (SQ) group.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

- If yy=01, reenter the command with a valid SYSID.
- If yy=02, inform the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Determine if the specified SYSID is also defined as a local SYSID in another IMS system in an SQ group.

Module:
DFSCMLA0, DFCML70

DFS2155 INVALID LINK NUMBER.

Explanation

The link number specified was not valid for the defined multiple systems IMS system.

System action

The command is not completed.

Operator response:
Reenter the command with the correct link number.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS2156 MSNAME/SYSID IN USE, UNABLE TO ASSIGN.

Explanation

The system that this link-to-link message was addressed to has not acknowledged receipt of the message.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Use the **/MSASSIGN** link to the MSPLINK, after synchronizing with the partner master terminal operator.

DFS2157 ORIGINATING LOGICAL LINK NOT STOPPED AND IDLE.

Explanation

The MSNAME or the SYSID is assigned to a link that is not stopped and idle.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Issue a **/PSTOP** command to the link that MSNAME/SYSID is presently assigned to.

DFS2158 COMMAND INVALID FOR TERMINAL TYPE.

Explanation

The command that was entered is not valid for the terminal specified or implied by the command.

System action

The command is ignored. IMS continues processing.

**DFS2159I hh:mm:ss UNDEF REMOTE MSG
 xxxx FROM SYSID=yy.**

Explanation

The remote command xxxx from SYSID yy is invalid.

System action

The message is dequeued and control is returned to the dispatcher. A X'6701' record, which provides a SNAP of the relevant control blocks, is written to the log.

Operator response

Reenter a valid command.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination for the correct response.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2160I LINK nnn STARTED BY PARTNER
 XX NODE nodename.**

Explanation

Link *nnn* was started at the request of the remote partner system.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

Not applicable.

DFS2161I LINK xxx STOPPED BY PARTNER.

Explanation

Link xxx was stopped at the request of the other system attached to it. The other system might be shutting down, or the master terminal operator might have entered a **/PSTOP LINK** command.

System action

Output messages are queued on this link, but none are sent.

Operator response

(master terminal) Issue a **/RSTART LINK** command to put the link back into operation. The master terminal operator in the other system must do the same before message transfers will begin.

**DFS2162 TERMINAL IN RESPONSE MODE-
ENTER PA1 or PA2 THEN AWAIT
REPLY.**

Explanation

This terminal is in response mode either because it is defined to operate in forced-terminal response mode, or because a terminal response type of transaction was entered.

System action

IMS discards the entered data. The application program will respond to the last accepted input, unless the terminal is page protected.

Operator response

Page protection can be overridden by pressing PA1 or PA2. If no response is received, contact the master terminal operator to have the operator issue the **/STOP, /START** commands for node or in the case of a dynamic terminal, the **/STOP, /START** commands for the user.

Programmer response

Screen protection has been specified as either a terminal option or an MFS option. Determine if this is necessary for this transaction.

**DFS2163 MSG IS UPDATE, DEST IS INQ
ONLY I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/
name2**

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as inquiry-only.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as an update.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

(master terminal) The error message sent to the input and master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error. Inform the system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

**DFS2164 MSG IS SNGL SEG, DEST IS MULTI
D: sss1/name1, I: sss2/name2**

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system. *name1* is defined as a single segment.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined as a multisegment.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response:

The error message sent to the input and master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the two system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error. Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2165	ROUTING LOOP DETECTED I: sss1/ name1, D: sss2/name2
----------------	--

Explanation

There is a routing loop in the IMS multiple systems coupling configuration. A routing loop can be created by either an incorrect system definition (the offline verification utility points that out), or by improper use of the **/MSASSIGN** command. A routing loop exists when a SYSID is not defined as local anywhere on the logical link path. For example: in IMS System A, SYSID 3 is defined as remote, and is assigned to a logical link connecting System A to System B. In IMS System B, SYSID 3 is again defined as remote, but is assigned to a logical link connecting System B to System A.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

(terminal operator) Notify the master terminal operator.

(master terminal operator) This is probably a user error. Use the **/DISPLAY ASSIGNMENT** command to

display the current SYSID assignments involved. If the looping message is a response destined for an inputting terminal that is in response, conversation, or exclusive mode, this error can result in the terminal remaining locked until restarted with a **/START** command or until the conversation is terminated with an **/EXIT** command.

Problem determination:

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2166	EXTENDED SECURITY VIOLATION FOR MSC LINK [I: sss/name, D: sss/name,U:name]
----------------	---

Explanation

While an MSC link was receiving an input message destined to a transaction, a security check to determine if the input message was allowed for the transaction destination failed. The failure occurred due to an authorization check made by RACF or by the user exit DFSCTRNO.

If the optional part of the message is printed:

- *name* following **D:** is the transaction destination of the message. *name* following **I:** is the input system LTERM name.
- *sss* following **I:** is the SYSID of the input system. *sss* following **D:** is the SYSID of the processing system.
- *name* following **U:** is the USERID that failed the authorization check. The CTL region ID will not be displayed if it is used for the authorization check.

The **/DISPLAY ASSIGNMENT SYSID** command can be used to determine the MSNAME involved.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using record type 64, and removes the message from the system.

System programmer response

Correct the erroneous security error. Check the MSCSEC= parameter in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member of the remote system. Also, check that the link receive logic of the user exit DFSMSCEO of the remote system determines the type of security check that was made. Using the information from the X'64F1' and X'64F2' log records and the DFS2166 error message determine why the security authorization check failed.

An X'6701' log record with ID=CMEA is logged. CLBTEMP5 contains the return code (RC) from DFSCAUT0, and CLBTEMP3 contains the RC from the request that failed or zeros. These return codes are shown in the following table:

Table 13. CLBTEMP3 return codes		
RC	Label	Description
4	CAUTRMSC	RACF failure occurred; it was unable to obtain the ACEE for MSNAME. CLBTEMP3 = RACF RC
8	RACFERR	RACROUTE failure. CLBTEMP3 = RACF RC.
C	CAUT044	TRANAUTH was specified, but RACF was not defined.
10	TESTE010	An error was returned from DFSCRTN0. CLBTEMP3 = DFSCRTN0 RC.
14	GETRACWE	The GETRACW routine was unable to obtain storage. CLBTEMP3 = BCB RC.
18	CAUTRINT	The CAUTRINT routine was unable to obtain storage. CLBTEMP3 = BCB RC.

Problem determination:

14

Module:

DFSCMS00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2167 **FAST PATH MSG REJECTED BY**
MSC I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/
name2

Explanation

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system. *name2* is defined for exclusive Fast Path transactions. Multiple Systems Coupling does not support exclusive Fast Path transactions.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and master terminals indicates the type of message that was in error. Compare the 2 system definition specifications for this message and correct the one in error. Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the erroneous system definition.

Problem determination

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2168I **CONNECTION ESTABLISHED ON**
LINK xxx [CONT].

Explanation

An **/RSTART LINK** or an automatic link restart command establishes connection between two IMS systems with Multiple Systems Coupling over link xxx and messages queued for transmission over link xxx will be sent. CONT indicates link (BSC only) is running in continuous mode. (See **/RST** link command.) The messages are received at the master terminal.

System action

The system continues processing.

DFS2169I **DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON**
LINK xxx.

Explanation

Two IMS systems with Multiple Systems Coupling are disconnected by a **/PSTOP LINK** command. This message is generated when the linkage between the two systems has been disconnected. The message is received at the master terminal.

System action

Output messages are queued on this link, but none are sent.

Master terminal operator response: Issue a **/RSTART LINK** command to put the link back into operation. The master terminal operator in the other system must do the same before message transfer will begin.

DFS2170I MESSAGE QUEUED FOR xxxxxxxx

Explanation

A message was enqueued for transaction xxxxxxxx, and this transaction is currently stopped from being scheduled. The message is queued and available for processing. If the transaction is already scheduled and waiting for input (parameter = WFI on TRANSACTION macro), this message will be processed.

System action

This message is sent only once and only for the first message to be queued on a stopped transaction.

Master terminal operator response: Start the transaction with the **/START** command.

DFS2171I NO RESPONSE. CONVERSATION ENDED.

Explanation

The synchronization point processor found that a conversational program did not insert a message to the IOPCB, ALT CONVERSATION PGM PCB, or ALTRESP PCB.

System action

After terminating the conversation, the system issues error message DFS2171I to the input terminal.

Operator response:
The terminal in conversation can reenter the conversation with different input data.

Programmer response

Check the input message against the application program logic. Determine why a message was not inserted after the SPA was inserted or after a successful GU call.

Problem determination

26

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2172 VERSION-ID IN FMH DOESN'T MATCH VERSION-ID IN DIF -- INPUT IGNORED.

Explanation

The version identification supplied in the FMH does not match the version identification generated in the DIF control block.

System action

The input data is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the remote program to supply the correct version identification, supply a version identification of zeros, or do not send the version identification.

DFS2173 UNEXPECTED EOD RECEIVED-TEST MODE RESET.

Explanation

While in MFS test mode, an unexpected end of data (EOD) indication was received.

System action

MFS test mode has been reset for this terminal.

Operator response:
If problem persists, notify the IMS system programmer.

Problem determination

Log record type X'67', subrecord X'01', ID 'FERR', which contains diagnostic information, is produced if **TRACE** is set on for the physical terminal at the time of failure.

DFS2174 TRAN CODE FROM LINK EXIT IS NON-LOCAL I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/name2

Explanation

The transaction code updated by the Link Exit is not defined as a local transaction in sss2.

In the message text:

sss1/name1
The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2
The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the error either in the MSC Link Exit Routine, or in the System Definition.

Problem determination

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2175	MESSAGE CANCELED BY ROUTING EXIT RSN=xyyy ROUTINE I:sss1/ name1, D:sss2/name2.
----------------	---

Explanation

Either the Terminal Routing entry point or the Link Receive Routing entry point in the DFSMSCE0 exit canceled (rejected) this message.

If *sss/name* appears in the message, the message was canceled in a remote system by the Link Receive Routing entry point.

In the message text:

xx

The IMS module that detected the error:

01

DC Communication Manager (DFSICIO0 -
Terminal Routing)

02

MSC Analyzer (DFSCMS00 - Link Receive
Routing)

yy

The reason for error is 01. If *xx=01*, the message was canceled by the DFSMSCE0 Terminal Routing entry point. If *xx=02*, the message was canceled by the DFSMSCE0 Link Receive Routing entry point.

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

If *xx=02*, IMS logs the canceled message (using log record type '64') and removes the message from the system. If *xx=01*, IMS removes the message from the system.

System programmer response

Determine which entry point in the DFSMSCE0 exit canceled the message. See the user exit to determine why the exit canceled the message. If the Link Receive Routing entry point canceled the message, use the MSC link trace to gather more information (/TRACE SET ON LINK x MODULE ALL LEVEL 3). If the Terminal Routing entry point canceled the message, use the exit trace to gather more information (/TRACE SET ON EXIT DFSMSCE0 ALL or TRBT | TRVT | TR62 | TR0T | LRTR | LRLT | LRDI | LRIN). You can also use **UPDATE MSLINK NAME(linkname) START(TRACE)**. For more information about these traces and diagnosing routing errors, see the IMS diagnostic information.

Note: The type-2 command **UPDATE MSLINK NAME(linkname) START(TRACE)** uses the same level and module settings that were used the last time the **/TRACE SET (ON) LINK** command was issued. If a **/TRACE SET (ON) LINK** command has not been issued since the last cold start, this command defaults to MODULE=ALL and LEVEL=4.

Module

DFSCMS00, DFSICIO0, DFSMSCE0

DFS2176	RESPONSE LTERM NOT LOCAL LTERM I: sss1/name1, D: sss2/ name2
----------------	---

Explanation

An application program in response mode changed the destination of the response and inserted a message to a modifiable alternate response PCB. But *name2* is not a local CNT in the inputting system.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system.

System action

IMS logs the message in error, using log record type '64', and removes the message from the system.

Operator response

The error message sent to the input and the master terminals indicates the logical terminals involved. Verify the need for the input terminal in response mode. Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the erroneous application program. When the input terminal is in response mode, the message response must go to the input system.

Problem determination

14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2177I LOAD ERROR FOR USER EXIT
 DFSDBUX1**

Explanation

The user specified DATXEXIT=YES at DBDGEN time, but failed to linkedit DFSDBUX1 into an APF authorized library. At execution time, while processing a DBD requiring the exit, DFSDLA00 determined that the exit could not be loaded and issued the load error message. This message can also result if the user specified DATXEXIT=YES and the user exit set SRCHFLAG to X'FF' because the user exit determined the DBD did not require the exit.

System action

After issuing the message, the database requiring the exit is stopped and the transaction receives a U0885 pseudoabend.

Programmer response

If the user exit (DFSDBUX1) is required for the application, ensure that DFSDBUX1 is bound into an APF authorized library, and restart IMS before restarting the application.

If the second option above applies, either remove the DATXEXIT=YES from the DBDGEN or change the user exit so that it does not set SRCHFLAG to X'FF'.

Problem determination

41

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2178I VTAM HAS BEEN CANCELED.

Explanation

The system console operator canceled VTAM or VTAM abended.

System action

IMS will deactivate all active nodes and perform cleanup as required.

Master terminal operator response: After VTAM has been restarted, enter **/START DC** to establish a connection to VTAM and start your nodes.

**DFS2179I QUICK VTAM SHUTDOWN
 REQUESTED.**

Explanation

This informational message alerts the master terminal operator of the fact that the system console operator is terminating VTAM. It is issued for a **HALT NET**, **QUICK** command, or a **VARY NET, INACT** command.

System action

IMS will terminate all active sessions and idle the nodes. At this point the IMS VTAM ACB is closed.

**DFS2180I AUTOMATED OPERATOR USER
 EXIT ERROR-CODE=x.**

Explanation

IMS detected an error condition indicated by x in an automated operator (AO) exit routine.

The following codes are issued for AO exit routine DFSAQUE0:

Code (dec)
Meaning

1

The user exit destination name was invalid. There is no TRAN/LTERM defined by that name. No further exit routine processing takes place with this message/command.

- 2** The queue manager handling a request on behalf of the exit routine returned a nonzero return code. No further exit routine processing takes place for this message/command.
- 3** The return code in register 15 is invalid. No further exit routine processing takes place for this message/command.
- 4** There were multiple requests for storage. No further exit routine processing takes place for this message/command.
- 5** An exit routine request for storage could not be satisfied. Either the request is unreasonably large or the CIOP buffer pool needs to be increased.
- 6** The AO detected an error. The standard AO log record is produced, and exit routine processing for the message in progress is terminated.
- 7** The exit routine requested that the AO insert a segment to the alternate destination, but register 1 is either zero or points to the UEHB. No further exit routine processing takes place for this message/command.

The following codes are issued for AOIE type exit routines (including DFSAOE00):

- 8** The CBTS latch was held for an unexpected block type during command processing. Any segments that were inserted or enqueued by the AOI exit to an alternate destination are canceled. No further exit routine processing takes place for the command.
- 9** A request for HIOP storage failed. Any segments that were inserted or enqueued by the AOI exit to an alternate destination are canceled. No further exit routine processing takes place for the command.
- 10** The exit routine returned with an invalid reply code for a command or a command response segment. Command processing continues normally but the exit routine is not called for subsequent command response segments for this command.
- 11** The exit routine requested that IMS pass the message an AOIE type exit routine, but such a routine does not exist.

Message processing continues normally but the exit routine is not called for subsequent message segments for this message.

- 12** The exit routine returned with an invalid reply code for a message segment. Message processing continues normally but the exit routine is not called for subsequent message segments for this message.
- 13** The exit routine returned with a return code outside the range of valid return codes. The return code is changed to 0 (the exit processes the message or command), and processing for the message or command proceeds.
- 14** The exit routine returned with a reply code other than 0 for a command entered either internally by IMS or by the DL/I ICMD call. The processing for the command proceeds normally. The exit routine is not called for command response messages for commands entered either internally by IMS or by the DL/I ICMD call.
- 20** The AO User Exit Interface detected an error. AO trace log record X'6701' is generated, and exit routine processing for the command in progress proceeds.
- 21** The AO User Exit Interface detected an error. AO trace log record X'6701' is generated, and exit routine processing for the message in progress proceeds.
- 22** The AO User Exit Interface detected an error. AO trace log record X'6701' is generated, and exit routine processing terminates for the message or command in progress.

System action

For errors in DFSAOUE0, IMS writes a trace record labeled AOI to the system log. For errors in the AOIE type exit routines, IMS writes a trace record labeled AOIT to the system log for those codes that specify that an X'6701' log record is generated.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer.

Module

DFSAOUE0, AOIE type exit routines (including DFSAOE00)

DFS2182	USER NOT AUTHORIZED TO RELEASE CONVERSATION.
----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to release (/REL) a conversational transaction that is not authorized to the userid previously entered on the **/SIGN** command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the **/REL** command, specifying a conversational ID authorized to your user ID.

DFS2183	INVALID EXIT FLAG SPECIFIED FOR GIVEN ENTRY FLAG BY MESSAGE CONTROL/ERROR EXIT.
----------------	--

Explanation

The exit flag set by the Message Control/Error exit routine is invalid. IMS cannot perform the requested actions.

System action

IMS does the following:

- Ignores the exit flag and does not perform the requested actions.
- Discards the message that was partially processed when it called the exit routine.
- Logs the message in an X'64' trace record if a receive error caused it to call the exit routine.
- Logs the contents of the interface block before and after it called the exit routine in an X'6701' trace record.

System programmer response

Use the information in the X'64' and X'6701' records to correct the error. Resend the message if wanted.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14

Related reference

[Valid flags and default actions \(Exit Routines\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2184	MESSAGE DISCARDED BY MESSAGE CONTROL/ERROR EXIT.
----------------	---

Explanation

The exit flag set by the Message Control/Error exit routine indicates a request for IMS to discard the message.

System action

IMS does the following:

- Discards the message that was partially processed before it called the exit routine.
- Logs the message in an X'64' trace record if a receive error caused it to call the exit routine.
- Logs the contents of the interface block before and after it called the exit routine in an X'6701' trace record.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer that message DFS2184 was issued.

System programmer response

Ensure that the discarded message does not affect the database.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2185I	DEQUEUE COMMAND SUPPRESSED BY MESSAGE CONTROL/ERROR EXIT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The exit flag set by the Message Control/Error exit routine indicates a request for IMS to suppress the **DEQUEUE** command.

System action

The **DEQUEUE** command is ignored.

DFS2186	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO RESTART LINK <i>link x</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

The link was not restarted because of insufficient storage in the HIOP to allocate the Message Control/Error exit interface block associated with the link.

System action

The link is not restarted.

Programmer response

Do one of the following:

- Try again later. This problem can be a temporary condition.
- Increase the upper limit of the HIOP with the HIOP parameter in the JCL that is used to start IMS.

DFS2187	REROUTE FAILED, DESTINATION=xxxxxx, REASON CODE=n
----------------	--

Explanation

IMS detected one of the following error conditions during message reroute:

Code (dec)	Meaning
-------------------	----------------

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 0 | Invalid destination for reroute. |
| 1 | Reroute destination was not found. |
| 2 | Cannot reroute a conversational message to a non-conversational destination. |
| 3 | Cannot reroute a non-conversational message to a conversational destination. |
| 4 | Error while building a rerouted message. |
| 5 | Cannot reroute a message switch to a conversational destination. |
| 6 | Error during copy of LU 6.2 prefix while building a rerouted message. |

System action

The message is not rerouted. The associated default action is performed.

If a **/DEQ** command was entered and the reroute fails before IMS dequeues the message, the message remains on the queue.

If the reroute fails after IMS dequeues the message, the default action is performed, and the message is dequeued.

If a STOPPED destination is provided by the Message Control/Error exit routine to reroute a message, the destination name is either LTERM followed by the LTERM name, or TRAN followed by the transaction name.

System programmer response

Check the Message Control/Error exit (DFSCMUX0) for the default action. Provide a good destination in the user exit, if appropriate.

Local/remote terminal operator response: If the destination was stopped, enter the **/START** command to start the destination. The next message can then be rerouted successfully.

DFS2191	UNABLE TO PROCESS SHARED EMH DUE TO GLOBAL STORAGE SHORTAGE
----------------	--

Explanation

While using the shared expedited message handler (EMH) to process an input message, Fast Path was unable to obtain global storage from ECSA for the following internal control blocks:

UOW table

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

Increase ECSA storage on the next IMS restart.

Module:
DBFHIELO

DFS2192	UNABLE TO PROCESS SHARED EMH DUE TO PRIVATE STORAGE SHORTAGE
----------------	---

Explanation

While using the shared expedited message handler (EMH) to process an input message, Fast Path was unable to obtain extended private storage for the following internal control blocks:

FPWP

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

Increase the region size on the next IMS restart.

Module:
DBFHIELO

**DFS2193I SHARED EMH PROCESSING
FAILED: RC=*nn* PROCESSING
IMSID=XXXXXXXX**

Explanation

An IFP region was unable to process an input message retrieved from the shared expedited message handler queue (EMHQ). This message is sent to the inputting terminal and the input message is deleted from the shared EMHQ. IMSID is the IMS ID of the processing IMS subsystem. In an XRF system, IMSID is the RSENAME of the processing IMS subsystem. A possible reason is that the transaction is not defined in the processing IMS subsystem. The return code is one of the following:

- 01** The transaction code is not defined.
- 02** The transaction code name is invalid.
- 03** The input message is too large.
- 04** The transaction is stopped at the processing IMS.
- 05** The input terminal name is invalid. The processing IMS subsystem cannot locate the input LTERM.

System action

The input message is discarded.

Module:
DBFHGU10

DFS2194 SHARED EMHQ NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

The shared expedited messages handler (EMH) queues were temporarily unavailable to perform shared EMH processing.

System action

The input message is rejected.

Module:
DBFHIELO

**DFS2195I INPUT MESSAGE DISCARDED DUE
TO REBUILD**

Explanation

An input message was put on the expedited message handler queue (EMHQ) to process. Before an IMS can process the message, a recovery rebuild was done to rebuild the EMHQ. The input message was lost as a result of the recovery rebuild process.

System action

The input message is discarded.

Module:
DBFSEQS0

**DFS2195W INPUT MESSAGE DISCARDED
DUE TO REBUILD WHILE IMS
IS DOWN. TERMINAL XXXXXXXX
MIGHT REMAIN LOCKED**

Explanation

An input message on a client queue was discarded because a coupling facility was rebuild and an emergency restart of the IMS was run. The inputting terminal xxxxxxxx remains locked until next restart of the front-end IMS.

System action

The input message is discarded.

Module:
DBFHCAS0

**DFS2196 UNABLE TO PROCESS SHARED
EMH DUE TO RRS ERROR**

Explanation

While using the shared expedited message handler (EMH) to process an input message, Fast Path encountered an RRS error.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFHIELO

**DFS2198E THE PROCSEQD OPERAND IS
INVALID FOR A DEDB DATABASE
WITH NO SECONDARY INDEX
DEFINED FOR PCB *pcbname* IN
PSB *psbname***

Explanation

The PCB statement for a DEDB database specifies the PROCSEQD operand, but the DEDB database does not have a secondary index defined in its DBD.

System action

The Application Control Blocks (ACB) Maintenance utility terminates processing for the PSB. The PSB is deleted from the ACB library. The utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

1. Remove the PROCSEQD operand on the PCB statement.
2. Run the PSB Generation utility (PSBGEN) again.
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility with a BUILD statement for the PSB.

Module

DFSDLB00

DFS2199E	THE PROCSEQD OPERAND IS INVALID FOR A FULL FUNCTION DATABASE FOR PCB <i>pcbname</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PCB statement for a full-function database specifies the PROCSEQD operand. However, the PROCSEQD operand is valid only for a DEDB database with a secondary index defined.

System action

The Application Control Blocks (ACB) Maintenance utility terminates processing for the PSB. The PSB is

deleted from the ACB library. The utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

1. Change the PROCSEQD operand to the PROCSEQ operand for a full-function secondary index.
2. Run the PSBGEN utility again
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility with a BUILD statement for the PSB.

Module

DFSDLB00

DFS2200I	LOAD FAILED FOR DFSMNTB0.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

The system was not able to load the monitor module DFSMNTB0.

System action

The IMS batch job continues without monitor logging.

Programmer response

Ensure that DFSMNTB0 is available for loading into the system.

Problem determination

Check JOBLIB and STEPLIB for DFSMNTB0.

Chapter 47. DFS messages, DFS2201I - DFS2250I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2201I PGFIX ERROR FOR IMSMON.

or

OPEN ERROR FOR IMSMON.**Explanation**

IMS was not able to open the monitor log because of an error in OPEN or PGFIX.

System action

IMS continues without monitor logging.

**DFS2202I PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON
IMSMON.**

Explanation

The logger attempted to write to the monitor log (ddname IMSMON). However, either a permanent I/O error occurred, or all space allocated to the monitor data set was used.

System action

IMS monitor logging is stopped.

Programmer response

The IMS monitor must be restarted under either condition. You might have to restart IMS.

If a permanent I/O error occurred, scratch and reallocate the IMSMON data set. If the monitor data set was allocated using the IMSMON DD statement in the IMS startup job, restart IMS. IMS does not need to be restarted if the data set is dynamically allocated.

If the data set ran out of space, DFSUTR20 can be used to report the current contents, and the monitor can be restarted. IMS does not need to be restarted, regardless of the allocation method of the data set.

**DFS2203I LOG INITIALIZATION FAILED-
TRANSLATE ERROR.**

Explanation

Using a virtual control region, an error occurred translating virtual addresses to real addresses for the log work area.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2204I LOG INITIALIZATION FAILED-
PAGE FIX ERROR.**

Explanation

Using a virtual control region, an error occurred while page fixing the log work area.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2205I LOG INITIALIZATION FAILED -
zzzz.**

Explanation

Either the log or the DC monitor failed to initialize. zzzz helps to identify the cause of the problem and can be one of these strings:

INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE

A GETMAIN for the log or the DC WebSphere® Business Monitor storage failed.

MODULE xxxxxxxx, NOT LOADED

In an online IMS, an attempt to load a DC WebSphere Business Monitor module failed. In a batch environment, an attempt to load a log module failed. In either case, xxxxxxxx is the name of the module that could not be loaded.

DEVTYPE/RDJFCB/TRKCALC ERROR

A z/OS service, DEVTYPE, RDJFCB, or TRKCALC, returned a nonzero return code. The abend memory dump must be examined to determine which service failed and the reason for the error.

INVALID DEVICE

For an online IMS, an OLDS or WADS is allocated to a non-DASD device or all WADS are not allocated to the same DASD device type. For a batch environment, the log is allocated to a tape device and a standard label is not specified.

NOT ENOUGH WADS OR OLDS

No WADS or less than three OLDS are specified for an online IMS.

LOG DATA SET REQUIRED

This is a batch job which declared that the database should be updated. Either no log DD statement is present or the log DD statement specified a DD DUMMY data set and DBRC is active.

LOG BLKSIZE INVALID (MIN yyyy)

For an online IMS, either the log data set block size is not in multiples of 2048 or the block size is not large enough to handle the maximum log record created by IMS. yyyy is the minimum log block size required.

BLKSIZE PARAMETER IS INVALID

The **BLKSIZE=** parameter on the OLDSDEF statement in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member was invalid. BLKSIZE must specify a value that is a multiple of 2048, and that is between 6144 and 30,720.

LOGGER SECTION NOT FOUND IN DFSDFxxx

The required LOGGER section is not found in the specified DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. xxx is the specified suffix.

REQUIRED DFSDFxxx MEMBER WAS NOT SPECIFIED

The DFSDFxxx member is required for IMS startup. At a minimum, it must contain the LOGGER section.

System action

For INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE, if this situation occurs while initializing the log, IMS abends with

abend 0070. If this situation occurs during the DC monitor initialization, IMS sends message DFS2206I and continues processing.

For MODULE xxxxxxxx, NOT LOADED, if this situation occurs while initializing the DC WebSphere Business Monitor, IMS sends message DFS2206I and continues processing. If this situation occurs during log initialization in a batch environment, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0071.

For DEVTYPE/RDJFCB/TRKCALC ERROR, if a DEVTYPE or TRKCALC error occurs, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0072. If an RDJFCB error occurs, IMS terminates with abend 0074.

For INVALID DEVICE, IMS abends with abend 0075.

For NOT ENOUGH WADS OR OLDS, LOG DATA SET REQUIRED, LOG BLKSIZE INVALID (MIN yyyy), and BLKSIZE PARAMETER INVALID, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0073.

Programmer response

For zzzz value, DEVTYPE/RDJFCB/TRKCALC ERROR, the memory dump must be analyzed to determine the cause of the failure. For all the other zzzz values, ensure the following:

- All required log DD statements are present.
- Log DD statements specify device and data set attributes that meet IMS requirements.
- Sufficient virtual storage and all required load modules are available.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 8, 11 35

Related information

[“DFS2206I” on page 642](#)
DC MONITOR LOGGING NOT AVAILABLE.

[IMS abend 0070](#)

[IMS abend 0073](#)

[IMS abend 0075](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2206I	DC MONITOR LOGGING NOT AVAILABLE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred during initialization of the monitor log.

System action

IMS continues processing without monitor logging.

Programmer response

If you want DC monitor logging, make sure that the IMSMON data set is allocated correctly.

DFS2207I **IMS LOG(S) BLOCKSIZE=xxxxx,
BUFNO=yyyy**

Explanation

The DCB parameters for the log data sets are BLKSIZE=xxxxx, LRECL=xxxxx-4, and BUFNO=yyyy. All OLDS are assumed to be preallocated with the displayed DCB attributes.

System action

IMS continues processing.

DFS2208I **xxxx LOGGING IN EFFECT ON IMS
zzzz.**

Explanation

The value of xxxx is either SINGLE or DUAL. The value of zzzz is either DATA SET, LOG DATA SET, or WRITE AHEAD DATA SET. From the execution parameters and DD statements provided, IMS establishes single or dual logging for the log data set (OLDS or batch SLDS) or for the write ahead data set (WADS).

System action:

IMS continues processing with single or dual logging.

Operator response:

If the logging mode is different from what you want, correct the execution parameters or DD statements, or both, for the log data sets and restart IMS. If the DD= statements were specified incorrectly, message DFS0413I might be issued.

Related information

"DFS0413I" on page 132
INCORRECT LOG DATASET xxxxxxxx -
DISCARDED RC=zz

DFS2209I **MONITOR INITIALIZATION
ERROR-REASON x.**

Explanation

A problem occurred while initializing a monitor. x can be one of the following reason codes:

Code (dec)

Meaning

00

Invalid initialization request code.

01

Monitor is already active.

04

Logical log open failure.

05

Physical log open failure.

System action

For all reason codes, IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If the reason code is 02 or 04, you cannot restart the monitor for the duration of the current IMS session. If the reason code is 05, you might be able to restart the monitor, depending on the type of open failure that occurred.

For reason code 02, increase the size of the IMS control region.

DFS2210I **MONITOR TERMINATION ERROR-
REASON x {RC=yyyy}**

Explanation

A monitor encountered an error. The following reason codes and meanings apply:

Code

Meaning

02

Logical logger FEOV failure. RC=yyyy is displayed for reason code 02 only and contains the IMS logical logger return code.

System action

For all reason codes, IMS continues processing, and the monitor is stopped.

Programmer response

You can attempt to restart the Monitor.

DFS2212I **DC MONITOR STARTED.**

Explanation

DC monitoring is activated.

System action

The system continues processing as before.

DFS2213I DC MONITOR STOPPED - (TIME INTERVAL ELAPSED)

Explanation

DC monitoring is terminated. If the command used to start the monitor included the INTERVAL parameter, then Time Interval Elapsed is included in the message to indicate that the system internally terminated monitoring when the time elapsed.

System action

The system continues processing.

DFS2214I ERROR-NO VALID RECORDS ON INPUT DATA SET.

Explanation

Incompatible input data set or no records on the data set.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job with the appropriate data set.

DFS2215A MONITOR INACTIVE, MODIFY TO START MONITOR.

Explanation

The DB Monitor is inactive and is prompting for a command to start the monitor.

System action

IMS continues, with the Monitor inactive.

Operator response:

When the monitor is to be started, enter **MODIFY jobname, START**.

DFS2216A MONITOR ACTIVE, MODIFY TO STOP MONITOR.

Explanation

The DB Monitor is active and is prompting for a command to stop the Monitor.

System action

IMS continues, with the Monitor active.

Operator response:

When the Monitor is to be stopped, enter **MODIFY jobname, STOP**, or **MODIFY jobname, STOPEOV**.

DFS2217I UNABLE TO OPEN MONLOG, MONITOR UNAVAILABLE.

Explanation

Open failed for a separate IMS DB Monitor data set.

System action

The Monitor is made unavailable for the duration of the batch execution. IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the IMSMON DD statement.

DFS2218I MONITOR MODIFY SPECIFICATION INCORRECT.

Explanation

The previously entered **MODIFY** command was not STOP, START or STOPEOV.

System action

The operator is prompted to reenter a **MODIFY** command.

Operator response:

Enter, using the **MODIFY** command with the keyword STOP, START, or STOPEOV as appropriate.

DFS2219I I/O ERROR ON MONITOR LOG, MONITOR TERMINATED.

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred writing the Monitor log data set.

System action

The Monitor tries to ignore the abend. If successful, the Monitor is inactive for the remainder of the batch execution, and IMS continues processing. If the Monitor cannot ignore the abend, IMS terminates abnormally.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2220I INVALID FILE PARAMETER. NO REPORTS PRINTED.

Explanation

The FILE parameter on a control statement for DFSUTR30, DB Monitor Report Print Program, was not a 1- or 2-digit decimal number.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job with the corrected control statement.

DFS2221I MONITOR UNABLE TO WRITE OUTPUT.

Explanation

The DB monitor is unable to write output records; the //IMSMON DD statement is missing or is a DUMMY statement, and the IMS log is inactive because the processing option is a GET function.

System action

Batch execution continues; the monitor is unavailable.

Programmer response

Include an //IMSMON DD statement in the IMS procedure, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

If monitor output is desired for a batch execution in which updates do not occur, a non-DUMMY //IMSMON DD statement must be included in the IMS procedure.

DFS2225E IMS ABEND SEARCH AND NOTIFICATION FAILED

Explanation

IMS abend search and notification failed to complete successfully. This message is associated with an additional message that describes the nature of the failure.

System action

Processing is terminated with a return code of 8.

System programmer response

Correct the problem indicated. If you invoked IMS abend search and notification using ISPF, regenerate the job and resubmit it.

Module:
DFSIASNP

DFS2226E FAILED xxxxxxxx ALLOCATION

Explanation

A GETMAIN for storage for the indicated internal component failed during IMS abend search and notification processing. xxxxxxxx indicates one of the following internal components:

URLS_ARRAY
PARM_ARRAY
RCPTTO_ARRAY
PROCPARM_ARRAY
DFS2226E

System action

Processing is terminated with a return code of 8.

System programmer response

If you invoked IMS abend search and notification using ISPF, regenerate and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSIASNP

DFS2227E OPEN FAILURE ON xxxxxxxx DATA SET

Explanation

The data set associated with the DD statement indicated by xxxxxxxx could not be opened during IMS Abend Search and Notification processing. xxxxxxxx is one of the following DD statements:

SYSPRINT
SYSUT1
SYSUT2
CONTROL
INPARMS
URLS

System action

Processing is terminated with a return code of 8.

System programmer response

Determine the nature of the problem with the DD statement or the associated data set, and correct the problem. If you invoked IMS Abend Search and Notification using ISPF, regenerate and resubmit the job.

Module

DFSIASNP

DFS2228E INVALID NUMERIC ENCOUNTERED

Explanation

A non-numeric character was found by IMS Abend Search and Notification in a control statement; numeric characters were expected

System action

Processing is terminated with a return code of 8.

System programmer response

Correct the control statement in error. If you invoked IMS Abend Search and Notification using ISPF, regenerate and resubmit the job.

Module

DFSIASNP

DFS2229E MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STATEMENTS FOR URL ADDRESS EXCEEDED

Explanation

In the URLS data set, a URL address in the data set identified by the URLS DD statement had more than four lines associated with it.

System action

Processing is terminated with a return code of 8.

System programmer response

Reformat the URL address to fit on four or less lines. If you invoked IMS Abend Search and Notification using ISPF, regenerate and resubmit the job.

Module

DFSIASNP

DFS2231 HEXADECIMAL PARAMETER LONGER THAN 16 CHARACTERS.

Explanation

An XKEY parameter was entered that contained more than 16 characters.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Use a valid parameter, and reenter the data.

DFS2232 INVALID HEXADECIMAL PARAMETER.

Explanation

The only valid characters for an XKEY parameter are A-F and 0-9.

System action

The command is ignored. IMS continues processing.

Operator response:

Use a valid parameter, and reenter the data.

DFS2233 ASSIGNMENT REDUNDANT.

Explanation

The resource that you specified has already been assigned to you.

System action

The command is ignored.

DFS2234I MSVERIFY COMMAND IN PROGRESS FOR LOCAL SYSID(S) P1, P2, P3...Pn. yyddd/hhmmss.

Explanation

P1, P2, P3...Pn are the local SYSID numbers defined in the entering system. yyddd/hhmmss is the time stamp. This time stamp will be the same for all messages related to this command.

System action

Verify the command that is in process.

DFS2235I SYSID nnnnnn IS DEFINED AS LOCAL IN BOTH SYSTEMS. yyddd/ hhmmss

Explanation

The resource was defined as local in both systems.
yyddd/hhmmss is the time stamp.

System action

The system will continue to process the command.
When the last resource is verified, the command will terminate.

DFS2236I **MSVERIFY COMMAND IN
PROGRESS FOR REMOTE SYSID(S)
P1, P2, P3...Pn. yyddd/hhmmss**

Explanation

P1, P2, P3...Pn are SYSID numbers defined as local in the remote system. *yyddd/hhmmss* is the time stamp. This time stamp will be the same for messages related to this command.

System action

The system will continue to process the command.

DFS2237I **MSVERIFY COMPLETED FOR
SYSID Pn. yyddd/hhmmss**

Explanation

This message will be preceded by a warning message for any conflict in the specified SYSID Pn. This message should be received for each SYSID specified in DFS2234I. If this message is not received for at least one SYSID specified in DFS2234I, there might be a problem with the routing of the message. *yyddd/hhmmss* is the time stamp.

System action

The system will continue to process the command.

DFS2238I **DFSUTR30 INPUT FILE NOT FROM
IMS n.n BATCH SYSTEM**

or

**DFSUTR20 INPUT FILE NOT FROM IM n.n ONLINE
SYSTEM.**

Explanation

The file used as input to an IMS monitor report utility, either DFSUTR20 for an online report or DFSUTR30 for a batch monitor report, was not acceptable. The message was issued for one of two reasons:

- The release level of the IMS system producing the input does not match the release level of the report utility being used.
- A batch input file was supplied to DFSUTR20, or an online input file was supplied to DFSUTR30.

System action

The report utility is terminated. No reports are produced.

Programmer response

Ensure that the release levels of the input file and report utility match and that the appropriate report utility is used for the input file.

DFS2239 **TOO MANY ADS PARAMETERS**

Explanation

Too many ADS parameters were entered for this command; only one ADS parameter is allowed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with only one ADS parameter.

DFS2240 **TOO MANY MSNAME
PARAMETERS.**

Explanation

Too many MSNAME parameters were entered for this command; only one can be entered.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with only one MSNAME parameter.

DFS2241I **nnnnnn IS DEFINED AS REMOTE
TRANSACTION IN BOTH SYSTEMS.**

Explanation

The resource is defined as a remote transaction in both systems.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2224I TRANSACTION ON A BACK-END
SYSTEM ABENDED**

Explanation

An APPC or OTMA originated transaction executing at a back-end IMS system in a shared queue environment terminated abnormally. The transaction has been backed out.

Programmer response

Analyze the reason for the abend on the back-end system. This message gets generated for the following reasons:

- The application program terminated abnormally due a program error.
- The back-end IMS system terminated abnormally.
- RRS at the front-end or back-end IMS system became inactive.
- The operating system at the back-end terminated abnormally.

Module

DFSAOSW0, DFSYLUS0

**DFS2242I *nnnnnn* IS NOT DEFINED AS
LTERM IN BOTH SYSTEMS.**

Explanation

The resource is defined as a remote LTERM in one system and is not defined as an LTERM in the partner system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2243I *nnnnnn* IS NOT DEFINED AS
TRANSACTION IN BOTH SYSTEMS.**

Explanation

The resource is defined as a remote transaction in one system and is not defined as a transaction in the partner system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

DFS2244 TOO MANY SYSID PARAMETERS.

Explanation

You specified too many SYSID parameters for this command; only one can be specified.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with one SYSID parameter.

**DFS2245I MULTISEGMENT TRANSACTION
FLAG FOR *nnnnnn* NOT
CONSISTENT.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the multisegment transaction flag is on in one system, either remote or local, and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2246I NONINQUIRY ONLY FLAG FOR
nnnnnn NOT CONSISTENT.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the noninquiry only flag is on in one system, either local or remote, and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2247I CONVERSATIONAL FLAG FOR
nnnnnn NOT CONSISTENT.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the conversational SMB flag is on in one system, either local or remote, and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2248I NONRECOVERABLE FLAG FOR
 nnnnnn NOT CONSISTENT.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the unrecoverable transaction flag is on in one system, either local or remote, and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2249I FIXED LENGTH SPA FLAG FOR
 nnnnnn IS NOT CONSISTENT.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the fixed-length SPA flag is on in one system (local or remote) and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this resource is the last being verified, the command terminates.

**DFS2250I THE SPA LENGTH FOR nnnnnn IS
 NOT THE SAME.**

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the lengths of the SPA in the local and the remote systems are not the same.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this is the last resource being verified, the command terminates.

Chapter 48. DFS messages, DFS2251W - DFS2300I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2251W INPUT FILE INCOMPLETE,
REPORT MAY BE INVALID.**

Explanation

The IMSMON file used as input to DFSUTR20 is incomplete. The possible causes are:

- The IMS Monitor data set (IMSMON DD statement) used to capture the online monitor records might not be large enough. Increase the data set size.
- The IMS Monitor was not terminated in a normal manner (for example, IMS abended) and logging to IMSMON was halted.
- The IMSMON file resides on multiple volumes, and not all VOLSERS have been concatenated in the input job stream.
- An IMSMON file produced by the DB Monitor (Batch IMS) is being used as input to DFSUTR20. The correct utility is DFSUTR30.

System action

DFSUTR20 attempts to produce all requested reports, but the values might be invalid. The absence of the buffer pool statistics reports is a clear indicator that the IMSMON file is incomplete.

DFS2252 LINK NOT STOPPED AND IDLE.

Explanation

An **/MSASSIGN** command cannot be executed; one of the links involved is not stopped and idle.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Issue a **/PSTOP** command to the busy link.

DFS2253 MSVERIFY COMMAND ABORTED.

Explanation

The **/MSVERIFY** command is unable to execute because the MSNAME or the SYSID specified has no return link in the partner system. The message is printed in the partner system.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the command, specifying a different MSNAME or remote SYSID.

**DFS2254 COMPONENT COMMAND NOT
VALID FOR THIS TERMINAL.**

Explanation

A **/COMPT** or **/RCOMPT** command was entered for a terminal that does not support components.

System action

The command is not executed.

DFS2255 INVALID COMPONENT NUMBER.

Explanation

A component parameter other than a 1, 2, 3, or 4 was entered.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

DFS2256 COMPONENT NOT ATTACHED.

Explanation

The component number specified in a **/COMPT** or **/RCOMPT** command is not defined for this system.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the correct command.

**DFS2257 COMPONENT SPECIFIED NOT
DEFINED.**

Explanation

The component specified in a **/COMPT** or **/RCOMPT** command is not defined in this system.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the command correctly.

DFS2258 NO LINKS DEFINED IN SYSTEM.

Explanation

A **LINK** keyword was entered as part of a command, but there were no links defined for the system.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the correct command.

DFS2259 TOO MANY LINK PARAMETERS.

Explanation

More than one link parameter was specified in an **/MSASSIGN** command.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the command with only one link parameter.

DFS2260 TOO MANY MSPLINK PARAMETERS.

Explanation

More than one **MSPLINK** parameter was specified in an **/MSASSIGN** command.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

Reenter the command with only one **MSPLINK** parameter.

DFS2261 NODE IS NOT IN SESSION

Explanation

The command is not executed, because the VTAM node is not currently in a session.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Initiate a session, using the IMS host commands or host system commands, and reissue the command, if desired.

DFS2262 TOO MANY DATABASE PARAMETERS

Explanation

Too many database parameters were entered for this command; only one can be entered.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command with only one database parameter.

Module

DFSORC10

**DFS2263I UNABLE TO OPEN MNPS ACB
REG15=xx ACBERFLG=yyy**

Explanation

An error code was returned when **OPEN** was attempted for the MNPS ACB in an MNPS environment. **xx** is the **OPEN** return code in register 15 and **yyy** is the ACB error field returned by VTAM. Both **xx** and **yyy** values are displayed in decimal number.

System action

IMS continues without the MNPS ACB being opened. If this message is issued during XRF takeover, session persistence is lost, and VTAM class 1 sessions cannot be restored.

System programmer response

For a detailed explanation of the error codes, see *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages, z/OS*

Module

DFSHCI00, DFSIC460

Related reference

[z/OS: OPEN-Open one or more ACBs](#)

**DFS2264I IMS NOT ACCEPTING LOGONS -
 NODE xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

When a LOGON was requested for the specified node, IMS was in one of the following states:

- **/STOP DC** was in progress.
- **/START DC** was not complete.
- IMS was out of receive-any buffers.

System action

The request is ignored.

Operator response

Find out which of the above states caused the request to be ignored; then take appropriate action.

**DFS2265I SETLOGON FAILED RTNCD=xx
 FDB2=yy**

Explanation

A VTAM return code was received for a SETLOGON macro during XRF system takeover in an MNPS environment. Both xx and yy values are displayed in hexadecimal number.

System action

IMS continues processing; START DC failed. Session persistence is lost, and VTAM class 1 sessions cannot be restored.

Operator response

Determine why the SETLOGON failed. Issue **/START DC** to complete the START DC process.

Programmer response

For a detailed explanation of the error codes, see *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages*, *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming*, and *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes*.

Module:

DFSHCI00

Related reference

[z/OS: SETLOGON-Modify an application program's capability to establish sessions](#)

[z/OS: RPL return code \(RTNCD,FDB2\) combinations](#)

**DFS2266I MULTINODE PERSISTENT
 SESSION TAKEOVER STARTED**

Explanation

During XRF takeover processing, IMS has started the Multinode Persistent Session takeover process.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSVTPO0

**DFS2267I ALL MULTINODE PERSISTENT
 SESSION TAKEOVERS HAVE BEEN
 INITIATED**

Explanation

During XRF takeover processing when using Multinode Persistent Sessions, all persistent session takeovers have been scheduled. The session takeover function will execute asynchronously with the normal IMS processing.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSVTP00

DFS2268I	MULTINODE PERSISTENT SESSION TAKEOVER FAILED, INQUIRE RESTORE RTNCD=xx FDB2=yy
-----------------	---

Explanation

During XRF takeover processing when using Multinode Persistent Sessions (MNPS), VTAM **INQUIRE** or **OPNDST RESTORE** commands received an error return code from VTAM. Both xx and yy values are displayed in hexadecimal.

System action

IMS continues normal processing, but terminates MNPS session recovery. Session persistence is lost, and VTAM class 1 sessions cannot be restored.

Operator response

VTAM sessions can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedures. Depending on the type of error, the MNPS ACB might have to be closed and reopened using **/STOP DC** and **/START DC**.

System programmer response

For a detailed explanation of the error codes, see *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages*, *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming*, and *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes*.

Module:

DFSVTP00

Related reference

[z/OS: SETLOGON-Modify an application program's capability to establish sessions](#)

[z/OS: OPNDST-Establish sessions \(application as PLU\) or recover sessions](#)

[z/OS: RPL return code \(RTNCD,FDB2\) combinations](#)

DFS2269I	IMS CANNOT LOCATE NODE nodename DURING MULTINODE PERSISTENT SESSION TAKEOVER
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the persistent session takeover process, VTAM notifies IMS that all sessions are pending recovery. To restore each individual session, IMS needs to locate its corresponding control block. If the control block cannot be located, DFS2269I is issued to the MTO.

System action

IMS continues normal execution, but persistence is not restored for the terminal.

Operator response

The terminal can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedures.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSVTP00

DFS2270	FORCE KEYWORD IS INVALID, LINK NOT VTAM
----------------	--

or

FORCE KEYWORD IS INVALID, LINK NOT VTAM OR TCP/IP

Explanation

A **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** command was entered, but the link type is not VTAM or TCP/IP.

System action

The command is not executed.

Master terminal operator response: If the link is a CTC link, you can issue the **/PSTOP LINK PURGE** command as an alternative to the **/PSTOP LINK OPTION(FORCE)** command. Otherwise, check that you are specifying the correct link number and then reissue the command with only one link.

DFS2271I	FAST PATH EXCLUSIVE TRANSACTION FLAG FOR nnnnnn NOT CONSISTENT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For resource *nnnnnn*, the Fast Path exclusive transaction flag is on in one system (local or remote) and off in the other system.

System action

The system continues to process the command. If this is the last resource being verified, the command terminates.

DFS2272	PURGE OR FORCE KEYWORD INVALID, ONLY ONE LINK ALLOWED.
----------------	---

Explanation

The PURGE keyword in the **/PSTOP LINK** command can be specified for only one physical channel-to-channel (CTC) link at a time.

Multiple links were specified (LINK ALL or LINK P1...Pn) on the **/PSTOP LINK** command. The FORCE keyword can be specified for only one physical link at a time for:

- VTAM
- TCP/IP

System action

The command is not run.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reenter the command with only one CTC, TCP/IP, or VTAM link specified.
- Omit the PURGE or FORCE keyword.

DFS2273	PURGE KEYWORD REJECTED, CURRENT STATUS OF LINK IS NORMAL.
----------------	--

Explanation

A **/PSTOP LINK P1 PURGE** command was rejected because PURGE is not necessary. The link has not been stopped or it is in the process of becoming stopped and idle.

System action

The command is not executed.

Master terminal operator response: Reenter the **/PSTOP** command without the PURGE keyword.

DFS2274	MSC FEATURE NOT DEFINED
----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The MSNAME, MSPLINK, or SYSID keyword was entered in a command, but the MSC feature is not included in the current system.

System action

The command is not processed.

Terminal operator response: Reenter the command correctly.

DFS2275I	SORT FAILED-INCREASE REGION SIZE
-----------------	---

Explanation

Insufficient storage is available for the SORT program.

System action

DFSISTS0 terminates with a return code from the GETMAIN macro.

Operator response:
(system console) Increase the region size.

Problem determination

See the SORT program error message.

DFS2276I	INVALID PARM FIELD-DEFAULTS USED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility program (DFSISTS0) encountered an invalid parameter.

System action

DFSISTS0 continues.

Operator response:
(system console) Check the JCL, If the defaults are not wanted, cancel the job, correct the parameters, and rerun the job.

Related reference
[Statistical Analysis utility \(DFSISTS0\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS2277I	LOGIN IS NULL DATA SET. PROGRAM TERMINATES
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DFSISTS0 utility has determined that the LOGIN DD data set either is a null data set or does not contain any message records of type X'01' or X'03'.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 0, and no report is produced.

DFS2278I	UTILITY ENDS WITH: SYSTEM LOG AT hh.mm.ss.th, yyddd
-----------------	--

or

**START RECOVERY WITH: SYSTEM LOG AT
hh.mm.ss.th, yyddd**

Explanation

Both forms of this message are issued by the Online Image Copy utility.

The first form of this message displays the time stamp of the last IMS checkpoint taken preceding this database data set image copy. This time stamp value can be used as the "purge date and time" specification to the Change Accumulation utility.

The second form of this message displays the time stamp of the last IMS checkpoint taken before the completion of this database data set image copy.

The two time stamp values can be used to select the system log data sets (SLDSs) that contain log records created during this execution of the Online Image Copy utility.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS2279I	MONITOR TERMINATING-BAD TIME VALUE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DC Monitor was attempting to obtain a time value using the STORE CLOCK instruction (STCK) and encountered either of the following two unacceptable states as determined by the return code. Return code, 2: Clock in the error state, or 3: Clock stopped or not operational.

System action

IMS continues processing, but the DC Monitoring is terminated for the trace.

Programmer response

Ensure that the time-of-day clock is in either of the two valid states acceptable to the DC Monitor. The two acceptable states to the Monitor result in condition code 0 or 1, which is clock set and running and clock not set and running, respectively.

DFS2280I	MONITOR TERMINATING- MONITOR LOG ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected when the logger attempted to write to the DC Monitor log.

System action

IMS continues processing, but DC Monitor tracing is terminated.

Programmer response

Either an I/O error occurred on the DC Monitor log data set or all space allocated for the log data set has been used. If all allocated space has been used, the Monitor Report Print utility (DFSUTR20) can be run and the DC Monitor can be restarted.

Problem determination

1, 3, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2281I	UPPER THRESHOLD REACHED FOR xxxxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The device relative record number (DRRN) in-use-count for either LGMSG or SHMSG, as indicated by xxxxx, was greater than the high threshold count.

System action

All messages being retrieved from Shared Queues will wait until the low threshold value is obtained.

Programmer response

Determine why the DRRN count was so high. Problem areas could include the number of messages queued to SMTO or BMP with a high transaction count.

Module:
DFSQC020

DFS2282I	LOWER THRESHOLD REACHED FOR xxxxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The device relative record number (DRRN) in-use-count for either LGMSG or SHMSG (as indicated by xxxxx) was lower than the low threshold count after the high threshold count was reached.

System action

All messages that were waiting from the upper threshold being reached continue processing.

Module:
DFSQC020

DFS2283I	RESYNC UNIT OF RECOVERY IS IN DOUBT STATUS=COLD/UN RTKN=ccccccccxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx PTKN=yyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

For the displayed recovery token, IMS received request type **Unknown** or **COLDstart** during the resynchronization process. The resynchronization process resolves in-doubt units of recovery between connecting subsystems after a restart. An in-doubt unit of recovery is a unit of work (UOW) that has completed the prepare phase of sync point, but has not yet received the final action (ABORT or COMMIT). When this message is issued, either the transaction-management subsystem has no knowledge of the in-doubt unit of recovery or the coordinator controller was cold started. The first part (cccccccc) of the recovery token is the CCTL ID. Field yyyyyyyy is the pseudo token.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Use the **DISPLAY** command to display the units of recovery not resolved during the resynchronization process. Determine the final action required for each unresolved unit of recovery (ABORT or COMMIT). Use the IMS command/CHANGE CCTL nnnn PRTKN xxxx ABORT to resolve the UOR in most cases. Alternatively, you can issue the COMMIT command.

DFS2285I	DURING MULTINODE PERSISTENT PROCESS, <i>nodename</i> WAS REVERTED TO CLASS 2
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the persistent session takeover process, VTAM loses session persistence CV29 for class 1 terminal, and IMS reverts session persistence to class 2.

System action

IMS continues normal execution.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSVTPO0

DFS2286I	CLASS 1 TERMINALS BEING REVERTED TO CLASS 2 DURING MULTINODE PERSISTENT PROCESS
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the persistent session takeover process, VTAM loses session persistence for class 1 terminal and IMS reverts session persistence to class 2. A diagnostic log record X'6710' is written to record the nodename of class 1 terminal being reverted to class 2.

System action

IMS continue normal execution, but persistence is not restored for class 1 terminal.

Operator response

The terminal can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedure.

System programmer response

Locate X'6710' log record and identify terminal that needed to be restarted.

Module

DFSVTPO0

DFS2287I	CLASS 2 AND 3 TERMINALS NOT BEING FOUND DURING MULTINODE PERSISTENT PROCESS
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the persistent session takeover process, VTAM notifies IMS of session pending recovery for class 2 and 3 terminal, but IMS cannot locate corresponding control block in order to restore its session.

A diagnostic log record X'6710' is written to record the nodename of class 2 and 3 terminal whose control block was not found.

System action

IMS continues normal implementation, but persistence is not restored for class 2 terminal.

Operator response

The terminal can be restarted, as appropriate, using normal session initiation procedure.

System programmer response

Locate X'6710' log record and identify terminal that needed to be restarted.

Module

DFSVTPO0

DFS2288W	IMS CHECKPOINT PROCESSING IS BEING DELAYED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The checkpoint timer value expired before an IMS checkpoint completed its process.

System action

The system continues running.

Operator response

Issue /DIS ACTIVE command to check region status and look for any long running or waiting regions.

Note: You might have to take the console dump before you execute the /STOP REGION ABDUMP command.

System programmer response

This message is a warning to the operator to look for some process that is delaying checkpoint. If one is found, the operator should take some action to ensure that checkpoint gets completed quickly.

Module:
DFSRCP00

DFS2290	INPUT MESSAGE CANNOT BE CREATED SINCE NO OUTPUT MESSAGE IN PROGRESS.
----------------	---

Explanation

An output message was not in progress when input was entered from the first physical page of a DPAGE with multiple physical page input specified. The output message was dequeued by a previous operator action: NXTMSG, or NXTMSGP.

System action

The input data is ignored.

Operator response:

Issue a /FOR command for the current format to create a multiple physical page input message, a /FOR command for a different format to create a single physical page input message, or clear the screen and enter the data.

Problem determination

16

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2291I	Multi-line message with variable values
-----------------	--

Explanation

A lock request timed out by IRLM and an IMS abend 3310 was issued. This message supplies additional information about the termination.

DS2291I is issued across multiple lines with variable values in the following format:

- DFS2291I LOCKNAME=*resource_name*
- DFS2291I DBNAME=*db_name*
LOCKFUNC=*lock_function*
- DFS2291I BLOCKER PST=*PST_id* TRAN=*tran_name*
PSB=*PSB_name* TYPE=*region_type*
- DFS2291I BLOCKER TRANELAPSED TIME=*hr:mn:sc*
IMSID=*imsid*
- DFS2291I BLOCKER RECOVERY
TOKEN=*recovery_token*
- DFS2291I WAITERxx PST=*PST_number*
TRAN=*tran_name* PSB=*PSB_name*
TYPE=*region_type*
- DFS2291I WAITERxx TRANELAPSED TIME=*hr:mn:sc*
- DFS2291I WAITERxx RECOVERY
TOKEN=*recovery_token*
- DFS2291I WAITERxx PST=*PST_number*
TRAN=*tran_name* PSB=*PSB_name*
TYPE=*region_type*
- DFS2291I VICTIM TRANELAPSED TIME=*hr:mn:sc*
IMSID=*imsid*
- DFS2291I VICTIM RECOVERY
TOKEN=*recovery_token*

- DFS2291I TRANSACTION RETRY. DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGE HAS REACHED MAXIMUM COUNT

The final line of the message, DFS2291I TRANSACTION RETRY. DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGE HAS REACHED MAXIMUM COUNT, is issued only after the fifth retry of the same transaction. After receiving this message, no further instance of message DFS2291I will be issued on retries of the same transaction.

BLOCKER

Indicates the transaction that was holding the lock resource identified by *resource_name* at the time when the long wait for the lock has timed out.

WAITER

Indicates the transaction waiting on the same lock resource identified by *resource_name* at the time when the long lock exit is driven.

VICTIM

Indicates the transaction that IRLM timed out. The transaction either abnormally terminates with a 3310 abend, or receives status code BD because the LOCKTIME value has been exceeded for the IRLM lock request.

In the message text:

resource_name

The 11- to 13-character identifier used by IMS to obtain a lock on the resource. *resource_name* contains the data management block (DMB) number, data control block (DCB) number, or relative byte address (RBA) of the resource that the transaction is requesting a lock for.

db_name

The name of the database that IRLM is requested to grant lock for.

lock_function

The lock request function.

PST_id

The unique task ID that identifies the transaction. The ID refers one of the following options:

number

The unique task number that identifies the transaction.

SYS

The system ITASK lock owner.

IDT

The Residual Recovery Element (RRE) or Indoubt lock owner.

PST_number

The unique task number that identifies the transaction.

tran_name

The transaction name.

PSB_name

The PSB name used by the transaction.

region_type

The type of IMS region that processes the transaction.

hr:mn:sc

The elapsed time, in hours, minutes and seconds. This value is between the time the transaction starts (taken from PSTSPTIM) and the time the exit is called to gather IRLM long lock data for this transaction.

imsid

the IMS ID.

recovery_token

A 16-byte string that contains the IMS ID, a 4-byte origin application sequence number assigned at scheduling time, and a 4-byte count that is incremented at each commit process. For a batch application, the 16-byte string contains an 8-byte job name and an 8-byte store clock value.

For batch jobs, the short form message DFS2291I is issued. The multi-line form of this message is used in the log type X'67D0' subtype 1B records if the IEFRDER DD statement was specified.

For transactions being retried after the abend 3310, message DFS2291I is issued for a maximum of five times. When the maximum message count is reached, the message text is TRANSACTION RETRY. DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGE HAS REACHED MAXIMUM COUNT is used.

System action:

The dependent region terminates abnormally. The transaction is discarded, the transaction and PGM are not stopped, and no memory dump is created.

System programmer response

Except for protected messages, use the Non-Discardable Messages user exit (NDMX) to determine whether to run the transaction again.

Terminate either the blocker (the application that is holding the lock) or the victim (the application waiting for the lock). Use the blocker information in this message to terminate the application that is holding the lock or the application waiting for the lock. If more than one application is waiting for the lock besides the victim, terminating the blocker causes IRLM to grant the lock to the next application waiting for the application, and it might not be the victim.

Problem determination

The message provides information about the transaction that is holding the lock as well as transactions that are waiting on the lock.

Module:

DFSLMGRO

Related information

[IMS abend 3310](#)

DFS2292E	PTR=SYMB IS NOT SPECIFIED ON THE LCHILD STATEMENT FOR DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LCHILD statement to define a HISAM secondary index database or a SHISAM secondary index for a primary DEDB database does not specify PTR=SYMB identified in the DBD *dbdname* in the message. PTR=SYMB is the only valid pointer option for a Fast Path secondary index database.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the DBD. The primary DEDB database and its secondary index databases are deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

System programmer response

1. Change PTR=SYMB on the LCHILD statements for the DBD.
2. Run the DBDGEN utility again.
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility with a BUILD statement for the DBD.

Module

DBFUDLB0

DFS2293E	HISAM AND SHISAM INDEXES ARE IN SAME PARTITON GROUP FOR DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LCHILD statement specifies HISAM secondary index databases and SHISAM secondary index databases in the same user data partition group identified in the DBD *dbdname* in the message. A user data partition group must consist of all HISAM secondary index partition databases or all SHISAM secondary index partition databases.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the DBD. The primary DEDB database and its secondary index databases are deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

1. Change the user data partition group to contain all HISAM secondary index databases or all SHISAM secondary index databases in the NAME operand on the LCHILD statement for the DBD.
2. Run the DBDGEN utility again.
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility with a BUILD statement for the DBD.

Module

DBFUDLB0

DFS2294E	UNIQUE AND NON-UNIQUE KEY HISAM INDEXES ARE IN SAME PARTITION GROUP FOR DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LCHILD statement specifies unique key HISAM secondary index databases and non-unique key HISAM secondary index databases in the same user data partition group identified in the DBD *dbdname* in the message. A user data partition group must consist of all unique key HISAM secondary index partition databases or all non-unique key HISAM secondary index partition databases.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the DBD. The primary DEDB database and its secondary index databases are deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

1. Change the user data partition group to contain all unique key HISAM secondary index databases or all non-unique key HISAM secondary index databases in the NAME operand of the LCHILD statement for the DBD.
2. Run the DBDGEN utility again.
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility with a BUILD statement for the DBD.

Module

DBFUDLB0

DFS2295E **SOME SENSEG STATEMENT IS
INVALID FOR FAST PATH
SECONDARY INDEX *dbdname* FOR
PCB *pcbname* IN PSB *psbname***

Explanation

One or more SENSEG statements are invalid for Fast Path secondary index *dbdname* for PCB *pcbname* in PSB *psbname*. If the target segment is not a root segment, only a subset of the segments are accessible.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the PSB. The PSB is deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Use the rules for SENSEG statements when the target segment is not a root segment to make the appropriate corrections, run the PSBGEN utility again, and run the ACBGEN utility with a BUILD statement for the PSB.

Correct the invalid SENSEG statements using the following rules:

- If the target segment is not a root segment:
 - All direct parent segments from the root segment to the target segment must be specified in physical order of the database structure.
 - The direct parent segments of the target segment are accessible. If you do not want a direct parent segment of the target segment to be returned, specify the PROCOPT=K operand on the SENSEG statement for that direct parent segment.
 - The child segments of the target segment are accessible. If you want to access a child segment of the target segment, specify a SENSEG statement for that child segment.
 - Segments that are not the direct parent segments of the target segment or the child segments of the target segment are not accessible. The segments that are not accessible cannot have a SENSEG statement specified.
- If the target segment is a root segment, all segments under the target segment are accessible.

Module

DBFUDLB0

DFS2296A **INCORRECT INPUT LOG DD
SPECIFICATION**

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- A DD DUMMY was specified for an input log.
- Multiple DD statements were specified, but a correct ddname or order, or both was not specified.

System action

The Database Backout utility, DFSBBO00, terminates with a return code X'3C'.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL and rerun the job.

DFS2297 **PURGE KEYWORD IS INVALID,
LINK NOT CTC**

Explanation

A **/PSTOP LINK PURGE** command was entered, but link is not channel-to-channel.

System action

The command is not executed.

Master terminal operator response: Reenter the command with only one channel-to-channel link.

DFS2298A **NEED MORE LOG DATA SETS FOR
BACKOUT OF PSB *psbname***

Explanation

A job that needs to be backed out does not have a sync point within the series of log data sets provided as input to Batch Backout. Batch Backout must be rerun with earlier log data sets included along with the log data sets used in the run that gave this message.

System action

The job terminates with a condition code of 64 before any backout is attempted.

Programmer response

Rerun Batch Backout, and include earlier log data sets along with the log data sets used in this run.

DFS2299A **OPEN MNPS ACB WAS
NOT SUCCESSFUL REG15=xx
ACBERFLG=yyy, REPLY RETRY OR
CANCEL**

Explanation

After three attempts and still failing to open the MNPS ACB during an MNPS XRF takeover, the alternate IMS system will issue the WTOR and await a reply from the operator. *xx* is the OPEN return code in register 15, and *yyy* is the ACB error field returned by VTAM. These values are displayed as a decimal number. With a reply of RETRY, the alternate IMS will attempt another three times, if necessary, to open the ACB. With a reply of CANCEL, the alternate system will stop attempting to open the ACB and resume the takeover process. Any reply other than RETRY or CANCEL is invalid, and the WTOR will be re-issued.

System action

IMS waits for a reply from the operator.

Operator response

Correct the problem and reply to the WTOR.

System programmer response

For a detailed explanation of the error codes, see *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages*, *z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming*, and *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes*.

Module

DFSHCI00

DFS2300I	IMS-MS VERIFICATION UTILITY-
	RUN <i>aaaaaaaa mm/dd/yy</i>
	<i>hh:mm:ss</i>

Explanation

aaaaaaaa is the day of the week, *mm/dd/yy* is the date, and *hh:mm:ss* is the time.

System action

Input validation continues.

Chapter 49. DFS messages, DFS2301I - DFS2350I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2301I **INPUT xxx...**

Explanation

xxx... is the input statement read from the SYSIN data set.

System action

Input validation continues.

DFS2302I **SYSTEM MODULES**

Explanation

This message is a header. For a list of module names see DFS2303I.

System action

Input validation continues.

Related information

DFS2303I
aaaaaaaa

DFS2303I **aaaaaaaa**

Explanation

aaaaaaaa is a module name built from valid input.

System action

Input validation continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that these names are the modules to be verified.

DFS2304X **xxx-CONTAINS A NON-NUMERIC CHARACTER**

Explanation

xxx contained a character other than a digit. Valid suffixes are 1 to 255.

System action

Validation of input data is completed. No further processing occurs because the input data is invalid.

Programmer response

Input data must be numeric, from 1 to 255. Correct the invalid input data and rerun the program.

DFS2305X **aaaa-MORE THAN THREE DIGITS**

Explanation

Input data aaaa contained more than three digits.

System action

Validation of input data is completed. No further processing occurs because input data is invalid.

Programmer response

Input data must be numeric, from 1 to 255, and expressed as a 1 to 3-digit number.

DFS2306X **aaa-IS NOT IN THE RANGE FROM 1 TO 255**

Explanation

Input data aaa was less than 1 or greater than 255; it must be numeric from 1 to 255.

System action

Validation of input data is completed. No further processing occurs because input data is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input data and rerun the program.

DFS2307X **aaa-IS A DUPLICATE SUFFIX**

Explanation

Input data aaa was already specified as input data. Input suffixes must appear only once for each program execution.

System action

Validation of input data is completed. No further processing occurs because input data is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input data and rerun the program.

DFS2308X AT LEAST TWO SYSTEMS MUST BE SPECIFIED

Explanation

There was no input data supplied, the input contained less than two valid suffix entries, or a blank was encountered. Input processing on a statement is terminated when the first blank is found.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Check that two or more valid suffixes were specified, that there are no embedded blanks in the input data, and that column 1 is not blank. Rerun the program.

DFS2309X PERMANENT I/O ERROR READING DIRECTORY

Explanation

A return code of 8 resulted from a BLDL macro call.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

See the information on the BLDL macro completion codes.

Related reference

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS2310X MODULE-DFSMSaaa-NOT FOUND

Explanation

The BLDL searched the directory and did not find module DFSMSaaa. aaa represents the variable portion of the module name.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Determine that the correct library is being accessed, the input data specifies the correct module suffixes to be processed, and module DFSMSaaa is in the library.

DFS2311X PARTNER ID aa DEFINED MORE THAN TWICE AND IGNORED

Explanation

ID aa was defined in logical links in three or more systems.

System action

The logical links are noted as being in error and, when referenced in the verification process, are treated as if they were not defined. The verification process continues.

Programmer response

See DFS2312I. Correct this condition before the logical links are included in the subsequent verification process.

Related information

“DFS2312I” on page 664
aa IN LOGICAL LINK bbb DEFINED IN DFSMSccc

DFS2312I aa IN LOGICAL LINK bbb DEFINED IN DFSMSccc

Explanation

A partner ID can be referenced in only two systems, but one that appears in three or more was detected. aa is the 2-character partner ID. bbb is the logical link number where the partner ID is defined. ccc is the module suffix where the partner ID—logical link number—is defined. See DFS2311X. At least three of these messages are printed, one for each system that defines this partner ID.

System action

Verification continues without this logical link number being included in the subsequent verification process.

Programmer response

Determine which two references are correct and change the rest.

Related information

“DFS2311X” on page 664
PARTNER ID aa DEFINED MORE THAN TWICE AND IGNORED

DFS2313X INCONSISTENT ATTRIBUTES IN MSPLINKS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTNER ID aa

Explanation

Physical links were defined in the logical link definitions in two systems for partner ID *aa*, but the attributes of the physical links are not compatible. DFS2314I lists the incompatibility.

System action

Verification continues.

Programmer response

See DFS2314I for more information.

Related information

“DFS2314I” on page 665
DFSMSaaa LOGICAL LINK *bbb*
MSPLINK *cccccccc* DEFINED TYPE=*ddd*,
BUFSIZE=*eeeeefffffffffffff*

DFS2314I	DFSMSaaa LOGICAL LINK bbb MSPLINK ccccccc DEFINED TYPE=ddd, BUFSIZE=eeeeefffffffffffff
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFSMSaaa is the system module name in which *bbb* is the logical link number. One of the attributes of the physical links assigned to the logical link is incompatible.

aaa
is the system module suffix

bbb
is the logical link number

cc...cc
is the physical link name

ddd
is the physical link type which can be:

BSC
stands for BISYNC

MTM
stands for main storage-to- main storage

CTC
stands for channel-to-channel

VTAM
stands for synchronous data link control (SDLC) communications

eeeeee
is the buffer size

ff...ff
present only if the physical link type is BSC or VTAM

TYPE=BSC

CONTROL=YES or CONTROL=NO (One BSC system must specify CONTROL=YES, and one must specify CONTROL=NO.)

TYPE=VTAM

SESSION=*nnn* (where *nnn* is the maximum number of parallel sessions allowed for this MSC/VTAM link.)

System action

Verification continues.

Programmer response

See message DFS2313X and correct the invalid attributes in the system.

Related information

DFS2313X
INCONSISTENT ATTRIBUTES IN MSPLINKS
ASSOCIATED WITH PARTNER ID *aa*

DFS2315I	DFSMSaaa LOGICAL LINK bbb ID cc NOT ASSIGNED MSPLINK CORRESPONDING TO dddddddd IN DFSMSeee
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFSMSaaa is the system module name in which *bbb* is the logical link number. This link does not have a physical link assigned. The corresponding logical link with the partner ID *cc* in DFSMSeee has physical link *dddddddd* assigned to it.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine if the physical link is to be assigned at system definition or at execution. If it is to be assigned at definition, correct and rerun the program. If it is to be assigned at execution, ignore this physical link error message.

DFS2316W	DFSMSaaa MSPLINK bbbbbb NODENAME ccccccc DOES NOT MATCH APPLID dddddddd IN DFSMSeee
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the MSVERIFY control block module DFSMSaaa, the physical link *bbbbbbbb* defined with VTAM nodename (NAME=ccccccc) on the MSPLINK macro does not

match the APPLID=ddddddd defined on the COMM macro of the partner MSVERIFY control block module DFSMSeee.

Either the VTAM APPLIDs of the IMS system and its partner do not match or were statically specified (for example, APPLID=NONE was specified on the COMM macro) during system definition. This is not an error if the VTAM application program names that are resolved at IMS execution-time match (for example, VTAM APPLID of IMSA matches the partner nodename). For more information about VTAM application program naming conventions, see the VTAM publications.

System action

Verification continues.

Programmer response

Verify that the APPLID names conform to VTAM naming conventions. If they do not, make the necessary changes and rerun the verification program.

Problem determination:
None.

DFS2317X	PARTNER ID <i>aa</i> IN LOGICAL LINK <i>bbb</i> WITHIN DFSMS<i>ccc</i> IS NOT DEFINED IN A SECOND SYSTEM
-----------------	---

Explanation

A partner ID must be referenced in two systems. *aa* is the 2-character partner ID. *bbb* is the logical link number where the partner ID is defined. *ccc* is the module suffix where the partner ID—logical link number—is defined.

System action

This path is flagged as not complete and verification continues.

Programmer response

Determine which system definition is incomplete. Correct and rerun the program.

DFS2318X	SYSID <i>sysid</i> HAS AN INVALID LOOP
-----------------	---

Explanation

sysid is the 4-digit SYSID in the SYSID tables for which an invalid path has been found. DFS2319I further describes the error.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

See DFS2319I for SYSID *aaa*.

Related information
[“DFS2319I” on page 666](#)
DFSMS*aaa* MSNAME *bbbbbbbb* PARTNER ID *cc*
LOGICAL LINK *ddd* INVOLVED IN LOOP

DFS2319I	DFSMS<i>aaa</i> MSNAME <i>bbbbbbbb</i> PARTNER ID <i>cc</i> LOGICAL LINK <i>ddd</i> INVOLVED IN LOOP
-----------------	---

Explanation

aaa is the module suffix. *bbbbbbbb* is the MSNAME. *cc* is the PARTNER ID. *ddd* is the logical link number for the SYSID in this system. A loop means the logical link path defined loops back to itself without going to the local SYSID.

System action

This path is flagged as invalid and verification processing continues.

Programmer response

More than one of these messages is issued, each describing a SYSID path in a different system. Determine if the MSNAME references the wrong SYSIDs, if the MSNAME is connected to the wrong logical link number, or if the logical link definition uses the wrong partner ID.

Correct, and rerun the program.

DFS2320X	DFSMS<i>aaa</i> SYSID <i>sysid</i> IS NOT DEFINED
-----------------	--

Explanation

aaa is the module suffix name; *sysid* is the 4-digit SYSID. The referenced SYSID in system DFSMS*aaa* was not specified in an MSNAME definition. Either the referencing system is in error by establishing a path to this DFSMS*aaa* system, or this DFSMS*aaa* system definition is not correct because the MSNAME definition does not correctly reference the SYSID *sysid*.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine the system in error, correct the error, and rerun the program.

DFS2322I	TRANSACTION DEQUEUED BY OPERATOR
-----------------	---

Explanation

You used the **/DEQ** or **QUE TRAN** OPTION(DEQxxx) command to dequeue the transaction before executing the transaction.

System action

The APPC or OTMA conversation has been deallocated.

User response:

Resubmit the transaction.

DFS2323X	NO LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID <i>sysid</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Within the total multiple systems configuration being verified, *sysid* which is the 4-digit SYSID, has no local SYSID defined, and is referenced by another system.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine where the local SYSID should be defined and define an MSNAME accordingly, or do not see this SYSID in any system. Rerun the program.

DFS2324X	MORE THAN ONE LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID <i>sysid</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

sysid is the 4-digit SYSID being scanned. In the scan of this SYSID for the total multiple systems configuration, the utility encountered more than one system where this SYSID is defined as local.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Review the total multiple systems configuration. Determine where the local for that SYSID should be

and redefine the systems referenced in DFS2325I, which follows this message.

Correct the error, and rerun the program.

Related information

“DFS2325I” on page 667
LOCAL DEFINED FOR DFSMSaaa

DFS2325I	LOCAL DEFINED FOR DFSMSaaa
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

aaa is the suffix in which a local system is defined. This message is displayed with DFS2324X.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

See DFS2324X.

Related information

DFS2324X
MORE THAN ONE LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID *sysid*

DFS2326X	DFSMSaaa SYSID <i>sysid</i>-MSNAME ccccccc HAS NO PATH TO LOCAL SYSID THROUGH DFSMSddd
-----------------	---

Explanation

aaa is the suffix of the system module. *sysid* is the 4-digit SYSID. ccccccc is the MSNAME. IMS encountered a previous error that prevented system DFSMSaaa from providing a path to the local system through DFSMSddd at SYSID *sysid*.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

A previous message references SYSID *sysid*, and is probably the cause of the error. Alternatively, the partner ID in the logical link assigned to SYSID *sysid* was in error. Correct the previous errors for SYSID *sysid* and rerun the program.

DFS2327I	DFSMSaaa SYSID <i>sysid</i> OR MSNAME ccccccc SHOULD NOT BE ASSIGNED TO LOGICAL LINK <i>ddd</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

aaa is the system module suffix. *sysid* is the 4-digit SYSID. *cccccccc* is the MSNAME. *ddd* is the logical link number. Assigning SYSID *sysid* or MSNAME *cccccccc* to logical link *ddd* would cause an invalid path to the local SYSID. This message is only issued if PARM=ALL is specified in the execute statement.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Do not make the assignment specified.

DFS2330I	DFSMSaaa SYSID sysid ccccc dddddddd NOT VERIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

aaa is the system module suffix. *sysid* is the 4-digit SYSID. *cccc* is either TRANS or LTERM. *dddddddd* is the TRANS/LTERM name. A previously determined error condition caused this TRANS/LTERM not to be verified. A DFS2323X message or a DFS2324X message was displayed for the SYSID.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the original problem as referenced in DFS2323X or DFS2324X. Rerun the program.

Related information

“DFS2323X” on page 667
NO LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID *sysid*
“DFS2324X” on page 667
MORE THAN ONE LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID *sysid*

DFS2331X	DFSMSaaa SYSID sysid ccccc dddddddd IS NOT DEFINED WITHIN DFSMSee LTERM dddddddd MAY BE A DYNAMIC RESOURCE
-----------------	---

Explanation

A remote TRANS or LTERM cannot be found in DFSMSee, in which the SYSID, *sysid*, is defined as local.

In the message text:

sysid

the 4-digit SYSID

cccc

TRANS or LTERM

dddddddd

the TRANS or LTERM name

If the resource not defined is an LTERM, the resource can be dynamically created in the remote system. This should be verified manually.

System action

Verification processing continues.

System programmer response

This message occurs when:

- The TRANS or LTERM references the wrong remote SYSID.
- The TRANS or LTERM is not defined in the system specified.
- The LTERM is defined as remote in the specified system.
- The LTERM is a dynamically created resource in the remote system.

If the LTERM is intended to be a dynamically created resource, this message can be ignored. Otherwise, determine why the LTERM was created dynamically, correct the erroneous condition, and rerun the program.

Problem determination

1, 6, 10

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2332X	SYSID sysid TRANS bbbbbbbb HAS INCOMPATIBLE ATTRIBUTES BETWEEN SYSTEMS
-----------------	---

Explanation

Variable *sysid* is the 4-digit remote SYSID referenced by transaction *bbbbbbbb*. This message will be followed by two DFS2333I messages that display the attributes of transactions in the two systems.

System action

The transaction description message will be displayed for both systems; then verification processing continues.

Programmer response

See the description for DFS2333I.

Related information

“DFS2333I” on page 669
DFSMSaaa bbbbbb,MSGTYPE=ccccccc,
INQUIRY=ddd,eeeeeee,fffffff,ggggg

DFS2333I	DFSMSaaa bbbbbb,MSGTYPE=ccccccc, INQUIRY=ddd,eeeeeee, fffffff,ggggg
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the message text:

aaa

System module suffix.

bbbbbb

Either REMOTE or LOCAL.

ccccccc

SNGLSEG or MULTSEG.

ddd

YES or NO.

eeeeeee

RECOVER or NORECOV.

fffffff

FPATH=YES or SPA=nnn, where nnn is the SPA size.

ggggg

The type of SPA—FIXED or BLANK.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine which system has the incorrect attributes and correct them. Rerun the program.

DFS2334X	DFSMSaaa SYSID sysid ccccc ddddddd HAS NO RETURN PATH TO DFSMSeee
-----------------	--

Explanation

eee is the system module suffix in which ccccc (TRANS or LTERM), named ddddddd, has defined the 4-digit

SYSID, sysid, as the return path. SYSID sysid is undefined, or is defined as a local.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine whether SYSID sysid should be defined as remote in system DFSMSaaa or if DFSMSeee (TRANS or LTERM ddddddd) defined the wrong SYSID for the return path. Correct the system, and rerun the program.

DFS2335I	DFSMSaaa SYSID sysid ccccc ddddddd RETURN PATH TO DFSMSeee NOT VERIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

aaa is the processing system module suffix. sysid is the 4-digit return SYSID. ccccc is either TRANS or LTERM. ddddddd is the TRANS/LTERM name. eee is the originating system module suffix. A previously determined error condition caused this TRANS/LTERM return path not to be verified. A DFS2324X message is displayed for SYSID sysid.

System action

Verification processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the original problem referred to in DFS2324X. Rerun the program.

Related information

“DFS2324X” on page 667
MORE THAN ONE LOCAL DEFINED FOR SYSID
sysid

DFS2336A	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO ACQUIRE SBPSS CONTROL BLOCK
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire enough storage from the CSA (Common Storage Area) to build the SBPSS, a control block used by Sequential Buffering (SB) in an IMS online environment.

System action

The IMS online system can no longer use Sequential Buffering.

User response

Provide more virtual storage for IMS.

DFS2337A	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO ACQUIRE PST EXTENSION FOR SEQUENTIAL BUFFERING
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire a PST extension used for Sequential Buffering.

System action

The IMS online system can no longer use Sequential Buffering.

User response

For IMS DB/DC with LSO=N, allocate more CSA storage; for IMS DB/DC with LSO= N, IMS batch, or DBCTL, allocate more private storage.

DFS2338I	xxxxxxx CAN NOT BE LOADED, RC=nn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMODULE macro was unable to load module xxxxxxx. For an explanation of IMODULE return code *nn*, see the IMODULE return code information.

System action

IMS cannot use Sequential Buffering.

User response

Correct the error based on the code returned from the IMODULE macro.

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS2339I	SEQUENTIAL BUFFERING UNABLE TO ISSUE ERROR MESSAGE
-----------------	---

Explanation

Sequential Buffering was unable to acquire a work area used for issuing an error message.

System action

IMS sends this message instead of the one it intended to send.

User response

Allocate more virtual storage for IMS.

DFS2340I	CONTROL CARDS IN // DFSCTL CONTAIN ERRORS, JOBNAME=xxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) control statements in the //DFSCTL data set for JOB xxxxxxx contained one or more errors. DFS messages describing the errors were previously written to the JES log for the job, as well as to the z/OS consoles.

System action

DFS messages were written to the JES log for the job and to the z/OS consoles.

User response

See the DFS messages written to the JES log for the job and to the z/OS consoles.

DFS2341I	SPARSE PARTITION EXIT exitname FOR DEDB dedbname IS LOADED DELETED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The sparse routines or partition selection routines were either deleted or reloaded.

In the message text:

exitname

The name of the exit routine that was deleted or reloaded

dedbname

The name of the DEDB

System action:

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DBFMSIU0

DFS2342E	IMS ver.rel REQUIRES facility
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

An IMS control region or an IMS batch or DCCTL batch address space could not be started because IMS required a system facility that was unavailable. Facilities that prevent IMS from starting can include

hardware (including not having a particular hardware level or facility) and software (including not having a required software component installed or at the correct level).

The information in the messages is:

ver.rel

The IMS installed version and release level.

facility

The facility IMS needed that was unavailable. The value of facility can be one of the following:

Z/ARCHITECTURE MODE

IMS can only run on processors running in z/Architecture® mode. ESA and below is no longer supported. You must either re-IPL your z/OS system in z/Architecture mode, or you must move the IMS address space to a different machine that is running in z/Architecture mode.

64-BIT VIRTUAL SUPPORT

You can only run IMS on a z/OS release that has 64-bit virtual storage support. If you receive this message, then you are running IMS under a non-supported z/OS level that does not allow 64-bit virtual storage. You must upgrade your z/OS to the minimum level for the current release of IMS.

System action

IMS terminates with an abend 0071, and the address space does not start.

System programmer response

Make the facility indicated available on the machine on which you run IMS, or else run IMS on a different machine that has the indicated facility.

Module

DFSSCPIO

Related reference

[Processor requirements \(Release Planning\)](#)

Related information

[0071 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS2343A - //SYSIN CONTROL CARDS
CONTAINS ERROR(S)**

Explanation

The SB test program control statements in the //SYSIN data set contained one or more errors.

You can find more detailed error descriptions in the //SYSPRINT data set immediately after the listing of the incorrect control statements.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the SB test program.

User response

Correct the errors based on error descriptions following the listing of each incorrect control statement in the //SYSPRINT data set.

**DFS2344I NBR OF SELECTED IMAGE-
CAPTURE RECORDS FROM
SYSUT1= nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

nnnnnnnn indicates the number of image capture records the Sequential Buffering (SB) test program selected to process, including the number of image capture records that cannot be processed.

**DFS2345W NBR OF SELECTED RECORDS
SKIPPED WITH BLOCK-NBR
OUTSIDE OF DB DATA SET:
nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) did not process some of the image capture records in the //SYSUT1 data set because the relative block number in the image capture records was outside the actual limits of the database data set.

This error can happen only when **all** of the following conditions occur:

- The databases were reorganized between the original image capture and the execution of the test program.
- The database reorganization reduced the number of blocks in the database data sets.
- A DBIO YES control statement was provided in the //SYSIN data set.

System action

The SB test program does not process those image capture records having relative block numbers outside the actual database data set limits.

User response

The reprocessing of the image capture records by the SB test program will not match the processing

of the application that generated the image capture log records. Investigate running the SB test program without a DBIO YES control statement.

DFS2346W	NBR OF SELECTED RECORDS SKIPPED BECAUSE DB DATA SETS ARE NOT OPEN: nnnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) did not process some of the image capture records in the //SYSUT1 data set because IMS was unable to open some of the specified database data sets.

z/OS or IMS, or both, messages that usually precede this message describe more fully why the database data sets could not be opened.

System action

The SB test program does not process those image capture records belonging to the data sets that are not open.

User response

The reprocessing of the image capture log records by the SB test program will not match the processing of the application that generated the image capture records.

Correct the error based on previously issued IMS or z/OS messages, or both. Make sure that all required DD statements for the database data sets and //DFSVSAMP specifications are present and correct.

DFS2347A	INITIALIZATION ERROR
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire enough virtual storage for some smaller work areas at IMS initialization time.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

User response

Allocate more private storage for IMS.

DFS2348W	INTERFACE ERROR BETWEEN DFSSBIO0 AND OSAM FOR PSB=xxxxxxxx, DDN=yyyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS detected an interface error between the DFSSBIO0 module and the OSAM access method. This problem is an IMS error.

System action

IMS creates SNAP dumps and deactivates the use of Sequential Buffering (SB) for the current application. If the application is running in a batch region, it is terminated abnormally.

User response

Allocate more virtual storage for IMS.

DFS2349W	LENGTH OF NEXT AREA MIGHT BE INCORRECT
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS dump-formatting module was requested to format an area that seems unreasonably long.

System action

The IMS dump-formatting module formats only the beginning of the requested area, if possible.

User response

No action is required.

DFS2350I	SNAP-WORKAREA CAN NOT BE GETMAINED
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS module DFSSBSN0 was unable to acquire a work area to SNAP Sequential Buffering (SB) control blocks or areas.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates the application.

User response

For IMS DB/DC with LSO=N, allocate more CSA storage; for IMS DB/DC with LSO=, IMS batch, or DBCTL, allocate more private storage.

Chapter 50. DFS messages, DFS2351A - DFS2400I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2351A SB NOT OPERATIONAL:
SOFTWARE PROBLEMS PREVENT
USAGE OF SB**

Explanation

IMS software problems prevent further use of Sequential Buffering (SB) during the current IMS run. Previous messages to the z/OS or MTO consoles, or both, describe the type of software problem.

System action

IMS does not use SB during the rest of the current IMS execution.

User response

Correct the problem based on the error messages IMS previously issued.

**DFS2352W SOME SB CONTROL BLOCKS
COULD NOT BE GETMAINED**

Explanation

IMS software problems prevented a successful **GETMAIN** of some Sequential Buffering (SB) control blocks.

System action

The application program has partial or no benefit from Sequential Buffering.

User response

Allocate more virtual storage for IMS, if appropriate. A previously issued message tells what storage was not acquired by **GETMAIN**.

**DFS2353W SOME SB BUFFERS COULD NOT BE
GETMAINED**

Explanation

IMS software problems prevented a successful **GETMAIN** of some Sequential Buffering (SB) buffers.

System action

The application program has partial or no benefit from Sequential buffering.

User response

For IMS DB/DC with LSO=N, allocate more CSA storage; for IMS DB/DC with LSO=≠N, IMS batch, or DBCTL, allocate more private storage.

DFS2354W MAXSB= LIMIT EXCEEDED

Explanation

The MAXSB storage limit specified in member DFSVSMxx of IMS.PROCLIB (for IMS online) or the // DFSVSAMP data set (for batch) was exceeded. The MAXSB limit specifies the maximum amount of storage that IMS can allocate for Sequential Buffering (SB) buffers.

System action

The application program has partial or no benefit from SB.

User response

Increase the MAXSB limit, if appropriate.

**DFS2355W SOME SB BUFFERS OR BLOCKS
COULD NOT BE PAGE-FIXED**

Explanation

IMS was unable to page fix Sequential Buffering (SB) buffers or control blocks, possibly because real storage was unavailable.

System action

The application program has partial or no benefit from SB.

User response

If too much buffer space is allocated to SB, decrease this amount, if appropriate.

**DFS2356W IOSB OR ITASK BLOCKS COULD
NOT BE ACQUIRED**

Explanation

Sequential Buffering (SB) was unable to acquire enough OSAM IOSB or ITASK-related control blocks to provide the maximum amount of overlapped I/O.

System action

The amount of overlapped SB I/O for the application program or utility is limited.

User response

If message DFS2342I was previously issued, investigate using a larger value for the IOB parameter when you start the IMS batch JCL procedure.

DFS2357W OPEN FOR DBD=xxxxxxx NOT SUCCESSFUL

Explanation

IMS was unable to open a database PCB for DBD xxxxxxxx.

System action

The Sequential Buffering (SB) test program (DFSSBHD0) continues to run. If the unopened database PCB is associated with image capture records in the //SYSUT1 data set, the SB test program does not process the records and prints the number of unprocessed records at the end of the job step in message DFS2346W.

User response

Correct the error based on messages related to OPEN problems if message DFS2346W is printed at the end of the job step. Otherwise, ignore this message.

Related information

“DFS2346W” on page 672
NBR OF SELECTED RECORDS SKIPPED
BECAUSE DB DATA SETS ARE NOT OPEN:
nnnnnnnn

DFS2358I NO STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR DFSERA20 - WORKAREA

Explanation

The GETMAIN for the DFSERA20 dynamic work area failed to acquire the required space.

System action

The caller of DFSERA20 is returned to and IMS does not take a SNAP memory dump.

User response

Increase address space to obtain the requested work area.

DFS2359I - DFSCIR NOT SUCCESSFUL FOR PSB=xxxxxxx, ERROR CODE=yyy

Explanation

IMS was unable to initialize an ITASK for the overlapped sequential I/O for PSB xxxxxxxx. The DFSCIR macro returned error code yyy in register 15.

System action

Sequential Buffering (SB) does not use overlapped sequential read for some PCBs or database data sets, or both.

User response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance in determining the problem.

DFS2360I XCF GROUP JOINED SUCCESSFULLY.

Explanation

IMS has joined the OTMA XCF group successfully.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSYJL00

DFS2361I XCF GROUP CLOSED SUCCESSFULLY.

Explanation

IMS has left the OTMA XCF group successfully.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSYJL00

DFS2362I XCF GROUP JOIN FAILURE. ALREADY JOINED.

Explanation

IMS cannot join an OTMA XCF group if it is already a member of that group.

System action

Processing continues using the original XCF group.

Programmer response

Check the **/START OTMA** command and reissue if necessary.

Module:
DFSYJL00

DFS2363I	XCF GROUP CANNOT BE JOINED. NOT APF AUTHORIZED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was not APF-authorized and therefore was not able to join the OTMA XCF group.

System action

Processing continues with OTMA disabled.

System programmer response

Ensure IMS is APF-authorized.

Module:
DFSYJL00

DFS2364E	RC=<i>rc</i> REASON=<i>reason</i> XCF JOIN FAILURE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS cannot join the OTMA XCF group due to the indicated four-byte XCF return and reason codes (from IXCJOIN).

System action

Processing continues with OTMA disabled.

Programmer response

Check the meaning of the return and reason codes, and correct the error.

Module:
DFSYJL00

Related reference

z/OS: IXCJOIN return and reason codes

DFS2365I	CANNOT LEAVE XCF GROUP. NOT JOINED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS cannot leave an OTMA XCF group if it is not a member of that group.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Check the **/STOP OTMA** command and reissue if necessary.

Module:
DFSYJL00

DFS2366E	PARTITION SPECIFIED IN PROCSEQD OPERAND IS NOT THE FIRST PARTITION FOR PCB <i>pcbname</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

User partitioning is requested for a Fast Path HISAM or SHISAM secondary index database. However, the user partition database specified in PROCSEQD on the PCB statement is not the first user partition in the user partition group as defined in NAME operand of the LCHILD statement in the primary DEDB database DBD.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the PSB. The primary PSB identified in the message is deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

1. Change the PROCSEQD operand on the PCB statement to specify the first user partition database in the user partition group.
2. Run the PSBGEN utility again.
3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility for the PSB.

Module:
DBFUDLB0

DFS2367E	DFS2367E PSELOPT OPERAND IS SPECIFIED BUT USER PARTITIONING IS NOT REQUESTED FOR PCB <i>pcbname</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

User partitioning is not requested for Fast Path HISAM secondary index databases or Fast Path SHISAM secondary index databases. Only one secondary index database is specified in the NAME operand on the LCHILD statement in the primary DEDB database DBD. However, the partition selection option (PSELOPT)

operand is specified on the PCB statement for the primary DEDB database.

System action

The ACB Maintenance utility stops processing for the PSB. The primary PSB identified in the message is deleted from the ACB library. The ACB Maintenance utility continues to run and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

- 1. Remove the PSELOPT operand on the PCB statement.
- 2. Run the PSB Generation utility again.
- 3. Run the ACB Maintenance utility for the PSB.

Module:
DBFUDLB0

DFS2368I	OIC TCB INITIALIZATION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OTMA server task control block (TCB) is initialized and the OTMA server is ready for processing.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSYCTLO

DFS2369I	OIM TCB INITIALIZATION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OTMA client task control block (TCB) is initialized and the OTMA client is ready for processing.

There is one OIM TCB for each TMEMBER. As the OTMA workload requires, new TCBs can be initialized during an IMS session. Each time this process happens, this message is issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSYIM00

DFS2370I	INVALID RETURN CODE <i>rc</i> FROM USER EXIT <i>exitname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A user exit routine returned an invalid return code.

In the message text:

rc
The 2-byte return code.

exitname
The 8-byte user exit routine name. The routine is usually DFSYPRX0 or DFSYDRU0.

Programmer response

Correct the exit routine.

Module:
DFSYFND0

DFS2371I	OTMA DRU OVERRIDE LIMIT REACHED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The override limit was reached for a DFSYDRU0 exit routine, and the routine attempted to specify a new client to which to route messages. Only one DFSYDRU0 exit can specify a new client.

Programmer response

Correct the DFSYDRU0 exit routine, especially the client override logic.

Module:
DFSYFND0

DFS2372I	INVALID MEMBER NAME SET BY DFSYPX0
-----------------	---

Explanation

An OTMAYPRX user exit routine specified an OTMA transaction, but did not specify an OTMA client name. This message is issued only when the transaction is entered from a non-OTMA source.

Programmer response

Correct the OTMAYPRX user exit, especially the client override logic.

Module:
DFSYFND0

DFS2373I	OTMA DRU OVERRIDE TO INVALID TMEMBER
-----------------	---

Explanation

A DFSYDRU0 user exit routine requested to use a new client. However, the client name specified was either not provided or was the same as the current client for which the exit was called.

Programmer response

Correct the DFSYDRU0 exit routine, especially the client override logic.

Module:
DFSYFNDO

DFS2374W	OTMA GROUP NAME HAS CHANGED FROM <i>oldname</i> TO <i>newname</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During a warm or emergency restart, IMS was joining the XCF group *newname* for OTMA processing. However, this group is different from the group name *oldname* contained in restart log records.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response

Ensure that the group name *newname* specified in the startup procedure is correct.

Module:
DFSyrSTO

DFS2375W	IMS HAS CHANGED ITS OTMA MEMBER NAME FROM <i>oldname</i> TO <i>newname</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During a warm or emergency restart, IMS was connecting to an OTMA client *newname* which is different than the client name *oldname* contained in restart log records.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response

Ensure that the client name *newname* is known to all OTMA clients that connect to IMS.

Module:
DFSyrSTO

DFS2376W	IMS OTMA MEMBER NAME <i>name</i> IS THE SAME AS A PREVIOUSLY ACTIVE CLIENT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During a warm or emergency restart, the IMS OTMA client name *name* was the same as that of an existing OTMA client. That client is no longer able to connect to IMS.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS OTMA client name *name* is correct.

Module:
DFSyrSTO

DFS2377A	SYSIN: end-of-file.
-----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

The SYSIN control statement of the HALDB Migration Aid utility (DFSMAID0) was missing.

System action

The utility processing terminates.

System programmer response

Add a SYSIN control statement to the JCL and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSMAID1

DFS2378A	Error parsing SYSIN.
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The SYSIN control statement of the HALDB Migration Aid utility (DFSMAID0) was incorrect. Some of the things to look for are missing blanks between parameters, or missing C' or X' immediately following KR= field.

System action

The utility processing terminates.

System programmer response

Correct the error in SYSIN control statement and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSMAID1

DFS2379A	A single ' found in a character string.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SYSIN control statement of the HALDB Migration Aid utility (DFSMAID0) had a single quotation mark within the character string of KR= field; for example, KR=C'ZZZ'ZZ' instead of KR=C'ZZZZZZ'.

System action

The utility processing terminates.

System programmer response

Remove the single quote in the character string and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSMAID1

DFS2380A Unsorted keys in SYSIN.

Explanation

The SYSIN control statement of the HALDB Migration Aid utility (DFSMAID0) contained key ranges that are not in ascending order.

For example, the user coded KR=C'J00400' followed by KR=C'J00200'.

System action

The utility processing terminates.

System programmer response

List the key range fields in ascending order and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSMAID1

DFS2381A CTDLI ('GSCD') returned status xx.

Explanation

The C Language program to DLI macro with GSCD system service call returned a status code of xx.

System action

The utility processing terminates.

System programmer response

See an explanation of the xx status code received. If the problem persists, call IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSMAID1

Related reference

EXEC DLI commands (Application Programming APIs)

**DFS2382I THE NUMBER OF OTMA TYPE D
DESCRIPTORS IS NOW BELOW
THE MAXIMUM OF *nnn***

Explanation

The number of OTMA destination (type D) descriptors was at the maximum value, but it is now less than the maximum.

In the message text,

nnn
The maximum number of allowable OTMA destination descriptors is 510.

Programmer response

OTMA destination (type D) descriptors can once again be added by the **CREATE OTMADESC** command.

Module:
DFSYCMR0

**DFS2383E ENCOUNTERED DATABASE
RECORDS LARGER THAN 16M.
PLEASE USE SAMPLING AND
RERUN THE UTILITY.**

Explanation

The HALDB Migration Aid Utility (DFSMAID0) encountered database records larger than 16 MB. Sampling should be used.

System action

The utility terminates with RC = 103.

System programmer response

Add SAMPLE=xxx in the SYSIN control statement and rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSMAID0

**DFS2384W THE NUMBER OF OTMA TYPE
t DESCRIPTORS IN MEMBER
member HAS REACHED THE
MAXIMUM OF *nnn***

or

**THE NUMBER OF OTMA TYPE *t* DESCRIPTORS HAS
REACHED THE MAXIMUM OF *nnn***

Explanation

The number of OTMA type-*t* descriptors that are defined in the OTMA DFSYDTx PROCLIB member has reached the maximum allowable number for type-*t* descriptors.

t

The descriptor type, either D or M.

Type D descriptors are OTMA destination descriptors. Type M descriptors are OTMA client descriptors and the DFSOTMA descriptor, if it is defined.

member

The name of the OTMA DFSYDTx member in the IMS.PROCLIB data set that contains the descriptors.

nnn

The maximum allowable number of descriptors for the descriptor type identified by *t*.

The second form of the message is displayed when the maximum value is reached as a result of adding descriptors by using the **CREATE OTMADESC** command.

Programmer response

No more descriptors of the listed type can be added unless the maximum allowable number of descriptors is increased or one or more existing descriptors are deleted. Alternatively, existing descriptor definitions can be changed to refer to new clients or destinations.

The maximum for client (type-M) descriptors is defined by the MDESCMAX parameter in the DFSOTMA descriptor. The default is 255.

The maximum for destination (type-D) descriptors is defined by the DDESCMAX parameter in the DFSOTMA descriptor. The default is 510.

For destination descriptors for ALTPCB destinations, if you cannot increase the maximum allowable number and you cannot delete or modify any existing destination descriptors to accommodate the new descriptor, you can code the definitions in the OTMA Destination Resolution exit routine (OTMAYPRX) and the OTMA User Data Formatting exit routine (DFSYDRU0).

Module:

DFSYIDC0, DFSYCMR0

DFS2385E SYNTAX ERROR FOR DESCRIPTOR
= descriptor errortext

Explanation

An OTMA descriptor parsing error has occurred. For more information, see the DFS1956E message for LU 6.2 descriptor parsing errors. *descriptor* is the 16 byte descriptor name. *errortext* is one of the following values:

- ABEND MUST BE YES OR NO

- ABEND ONLY VALID ON DFSOTMA
- ALTPCBE NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- CORRTRN MUST BE YES OR NO
- DDESCMAX MUST BE 1 TO 4 CHARACTERS LONG
- DDESCMAX ONLY VALID ON DFSOTMA
- DRU COULD NOT BE LOADED
- DRU MUST BE 1 TO 8 CHARACTERS LONG
- DRU NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- DSAP MUST BE 1 TO 3 CHARACTERS LONG
- DSAPMAX MUST BE 1 TO 3 CHARACTERS LONG
- DUPLICATE ABEND KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE CORRTRN KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE DDESCMAX KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE DRU KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE DESCRIPTOR NAME FOUND
- DUPLICATE DSAP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE DSAPMAX KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE EXIT KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE FASTTPCU KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE LIMITRTP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE LITETP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE LOGSTR KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE MDESCMAX KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE MULTIRTP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE ORCHRSP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE RESPTO KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE RMTSEC KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE SENDALTP KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE SYNTIMER KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE TRANORCH KEYWORD
- DUPLICATE WLMLTRM KEYWORD
- EXIT MUST BE YES OR NO
- FASTTPCU MUST BE YES OR NO
- FASTTPCU ONLY VALID FOR DFSOTMA
- FASTTPCU ONLY VALID FOR IMS V15.3 AND UP
- ILLEGAL KEYWORD
- INVALID MEMBER NAME
- LIMITRTP MUST BE 1 TO 4 CHARACTERS LONG
- LITETP ONLY VALID ON DFSOTMA
- LITETP MUST BE YES OR NO
- LOGSTR MUST BE YES OR NO
- LOGSTR NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- MAXTP MUST BE 1 TO 6 CHARACTERS LONG

- MDESCMAX MUST BE 1 TO 4 CHARACTERS LONG
- MDESCMAX ONLY VALID ON DFSOTMA
- MEMBER NAME LONGER THAN 16 CHAR
- MEMBER NAME NOT GIVEN OR BEGINS AFTER COLUMN 3
- MULTIRTP MUST BE YES OR NO
- NO PARAMETER GIVEN FOR THIS KEYWORD
- NON-NUMERIC CHARACTERS WERE FOUND IN THE LIMITRTP PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC CHARACTERS WERE FOUND IN THE SYNTIMER PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC FOUND IN DDESCMAX PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC FOUND IN DSAP PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC FOUND IN DSAPMAX PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC FOUND IN MDESCMAX PARAMETER
- NON-NUMERIC FOUND IN RESPTO PARAMETER
- ORCHRSP MUST BE YES OR NO
- RESPTO MUST BE 1 TO 3 CHARACTERS LONG
- RMTSEC MUST BE 1 CHARACTER LONG
- RMTSEC MUST BE N, C, OR F
- RMTSEC ONLY VALID FOR TYPE=IMSCON
- SECOND COLUMN MUST BE BLANK
- SENDALTP MUST BE YES OR NO
- SENDALTP NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- SYNTIMER MUST BE 1 TO 6 CHARACTERS LONG
- TMEMBER OR TPIPE NOT ALLOWED FOR CORRKN=YES
- T/O NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- TRANORCH MUST BE YES OR NO
- TRANORCH NOT VALID FOR DFSOTMA DESCRIPTOR
- TRANORCH ONLY VALID FOR IMS V15.3 AND UP
- UNRECOGNIZED CHARACTERS FOUND DURING KEYWORD SEARCH
- WLMLTRM MUST BE YES OR NO
- WLMLTRM ONLY VALID FOR DFSOTMA
- WLMLTRM ONLY VALID FOR TYPE M DESCRIPTOR

Note: Keywords displayed before the error text are 8-characters in length, except for the following cases in which up to 10 characters might be displayed before the error text for the incorrect keyword specified:

- If the error text is ILLEGAL KEYWORD for OTMA client descriptor or DFSOTMA descriptor
- If a duplicate keyword is parsed for OTMA client descriptor or DFSOTMA descriptor

Programmer response

Correct the problem as described in the errortext.

Module:

DFSYIDCO

Related information

[“DFS1965E” on page 567](#)

APPC/MVS CALL FAILURE,
FUNCTION=aaaaaaaa, REASON CODE=xxyy,
RETURN CODE=xxxxxxx, LUNAME=nnnnnnnn

DFS2386I

**OTMA IS CONNECTING TO THE
MEMBER xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS OTMA has received a connection request from a member with the XCF member name xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

OTMA makes the connection by initializing the OTMA member blocks with the connection requests and sends a confirmation message (ACK) to the OTMA member.

Programmer response

IMS automated operator interface (AOI) exits can detect this message to identify whether a particular member has connected to IMS OTMA.

Module:

DFSYMOMO

DFS2387X

**UNABLE TO OPEN SYSOUT DATA
SETS**

Explanation

An OPEN error occurred while attempting to open the SYSOUT data set.

System action

The Multiple Systems Verification utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the OPEN failure, and rerun the job.

DFS2388X

UNABLE TO OPEN SYSIN DATA SET

Explanation

An OPEN error occurred while attempting to open the SYSIN data set.

System action

The Multiple Systems Verification utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Check the SYSIN DD statement. Correct the OPEN failure, and rerun the job.

DFS2389I	XCF SEND RC=xxxxxxxx REASON=yyyyyyyy,
-----------------	--

Explanation

OTMA called MVS/XCF IXCMGO to issue a send, but the send failed.

Programmer response

Check the meaning of the return and reason codes.

Problem determination:

5

Module:

DFSYSNDO

Related reference

[z/OS: IXCMGO return and reason codes](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2390I	FP TRAN tttttttt SEND FAIL. TPIPE=pppppppp Member=mmmmmmmmmmmmmmmm mmm MSG:xxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

An application program send failed or received a NACK message from the OTMA client during the processing of transaction *tttttttt*. MSG xxxxxxxx contains up to 40 characters of the output message being processed.

System action

The output transaction identified by this message is deleted from the IMS system.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of failed send or the NACK message from the client.

Problem determination

5

Module

DFSYSLM0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2391I	MESSAGE DEQUEUE FAILED DURING RESYNCH FOR TMEMBER = xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx TPIPE = xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IMS queue manager dequeue call that was issued during resynchronization failed.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The NACK X'0026' message is generated and resynchronization for the Tpipe is stopped.

Programmer response

Contact the IBM Software Support for assistance in determining the problem.

Module

DFSYQAB0

DFS2392I	COMMAND NOT ALLOWED DURING RESYNCH
-----------------	---

Explanation

If the **/DEQUEUE** command is issued while OTMA resynchronization is in progress, this message is issued.

System action

The command is not executed.

Module

DFSYCLJ0

**DFS2393I SRVRESYNCH REJECTED BY
 TMEMBER=XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX**

Explanation

The OTMA client rejected the SRVresynch command issued by IMS for OTMA resynchronization.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

OTMA resynchronization stops.

Programmer response

Check the client's resynchronization logic and perform the resynchronization, if needed.

Module

DFSYMEM0

**DFS2394I CLBID RECEIVED FOR
 TMEMBER=XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 WITH SYNCHRONIZED TPIPES**

Explanation

IMS received a client-bid request, but IMS has some synchronized Tpipes that need to be resynchronized with the client.

System action

Client-bid request processing continues.

Programmer response

If the client supports OTMA resynchronization, issuing the CBresynch command is recommended.

Module

DFSYMOM0

**DFS2395I XCF MESSAGE EXIT HAS
 UNEXPECTED RESPONSE**

Explanation

This message is issued when IMS unexpectedly receives a response message from the client.

System action

The message is rejected.

Programmer response

Turn off the response bit (TMAMCRSP) in the message prefix and resubmit the message.

Module

DFSYMGX0

**DFS2396I RESET SEQUENCE NUMBER
 FAILED DURING RESYNCH FOR
 TMEMBER = XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 TPIPE = XXXXXXXXX**

Explanation

The IMS queue manager calls that were issued to reset recoverable sequence numbers during resynchronization failed.

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

System action

The NACK X'0027' message is generated and resynchronization for the Tpipe is stopped.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance in determining the problem.

Module

DFSYQAB0

**DFS2397E Error in writing record statistics to
 dataspace.**

Explanation

The HALDB Migration Aid utility (DFSMAID0) encountered an error while writing statistics to dataspace storage. The return code from the utility indicates whether a failure occurred:

**Return code (hex)
 Meaning**

00

Successful

08

An error was encountered.

System action

The utility processing terminates if an error occurred.

System programmer response

If an error occurred, check the utility internal return code. For information about the utility and its return codes, see information about the HALDB Migration Aid Utility (DFSMAID0).

Module:

DFSMAID1

Related reference

[HALDB Migration Aid utility \(DFSMAID0\)](#)
(Database Utilities)

DFS2398W	OSAM SERVICES ARE UNAVAILABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The parameter IOSCB=NO is specified on the OSAMOP statement in a batch environment. This causes initialization to bypass using the OSAM access method.

System action

Processing continues without OSAM services. If OSAM services are required, a subsequent OPEN data set error results in an abend.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IOSCB=NO parameter is specified only for those batch or CICS applications that do not require OSAM services.

DFS2399I	JOB TERMINATED-RETURN CODE aa
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility has terminated. *aa* is the return code. 00 indicates only information (I) messages were produced; 12 indicates that one or more errors were found and the program should be run again after the errors are corrected.

System action

Job terminates.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2400I	ERROR WHILE ATTEMPTING TO FORMAT THE <i>ccc...ccc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

During memory dump formatting, an error was encountered while attempting to format a control block or data area. Field *ccc...ccc*, which can be up to 16 bytes in length, identifies the control block or data area being formatted.

In an online environment, memory dump storage is in the IMS memory dump Formatter.

Users of the memory dump formatter should be aware that the original cause of the abnormal termination of IMS might cause the memory dump formatter to program check.

Some of the common failures of the memory dump formatter are:

- Invalid use of save areas and their linkages. The memory dump formatter assumes that register 13 always points to a save area. The forward and backward pointers in the save area are valid. BALR 14,15 is used as standard calling convention.
- Invalid IMS control block addresses. The memory dump formatter assumes that all addresses pointing to control blocks are valid. The memory dump formatter does not validate addresses.
- Invalid IMS control block contents. The memory dump formatter assumes that all IMS control block contents are valid.

System action

For most errors, a diagnostic memory dump immediately follows this message. This diagnostic memory dump consists of the following:

- The contents of SDWA, which includes the PSW, completion code, module ID, registers, and a memory dump of the SDWA area.
- Instruction area, which includes 128 bytes of data before and after the failing instruction (total of 256 bytes).
- Communications area, which is the control block used by the IMS memory dump Formatter for intercommunication between the formatting modules.
- Save area, which is a memory dump of the save area set used by the memory dump formatter.
- The memory dump formatter module vector table.
- Dump formatter storage buffer header and prefixes (offline formatting only).
- Dump option request block storage (offline formatting only).

Following the diagnostic memory dump of the error, the memory dump formatter continues formatting the next IMS control block requested.

A diagnostic memory dump is suppressed when any of the following forms of ccc...ccc is received:

- 'PSB' (and there is no DL/I storage in the memory dump)
- 'AUTO OPTION PROC' (and debug was not requested)
- 'ABND DIAG. AREA'
- 'SA - EP ADDRESS'
- 'SAP'
- 'ECB PREFIX'
- 'SAVE AREA'
- 'REGISTER AREA'
- 'SA - INV FWD PTR'
- 'QUEUE BUFFERS'
- 'UEHB'

- 'LATCH LIST'
- 'ECB STORAGE'
- 'XMCI BLOCK'
- 'USE LIST (CULE)'

User response

Despite the failure of the IMS memory dump Formatter, the output might still provide enough information to help you diagnose your original problem. If the memory dump formatter output does not provide enough information, contact the IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Use the diagnostic memory dump to determine the cause of the problem. If the diagnostic memory dump is suppressed, contact the IMS system programmer.

Chapter 51. DFS messages, DFS2401I - DFS2450I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2401I UNABLE TO OPEN IMSUDUMP
DATA SET**

Explanation

The STAE exit routine attempted to open the data set for the Formatted Dump facility processing and was unsuccessful.

System action

The STAE exit routine continues with its processing; however, no formatted memory dump is provided.

Programmer response

Make sure that the IMSUDUMP DD statement was specified correctly.

**DFS2402I *jobname, stepname, unit addr,
device type, ddname, op code, error
description***

Explanation

The Formatted Dump facility attempted to write to the IMSUDUMP data set and an I/O error occurred.

System action

Formatted memory dump processing is discontinued.

Problem determination

Determine the error condition from the message text.

**DFS2403I DYNAMIC UNALLOCATE RC=*rc*
ERROR**

or

DYNAMIC ALLOCATE INFORMATION CODE=*xxxx*

Explanation

IMS issued an **ALLOCATE** or **UNALLOCATE** command for a SYSABEND or SYSUDUMP data set. Either a nonzero return code or a nonzero information code was returned by SVC 99.

If RC=04, Error Code=0254 is returned by SVC 99, you requested conditional ENQUEUE on a resource that is currently unavailable. One reason for getting this return and error code would be issuing an IMS **MODIFY** command while a mount for a log is pending.

System action

IMS continues execution (it might be in abnormal termination processing).

Programmer response

Contact the z/OS system programmer.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 36

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2404A AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED
WHEN ACCESSING THE
COUPLING FACILITY STRUCTURE
xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx RSN *yyy***

Explanation

A batch job encountered an error while attempting to access a coupling facility structure for structure name xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx for a read and register operation or a write operation.

The following list describes the reason codes and provides recommended actions.

Code (hex)

Meaning

238

A loss of connection to the coupling facility occurred during a read and register operation with no data transfer. See the system console for additional connection error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

239

A coupling facility structure failure occurred during a read and register operation with no data transfer.

See the system console for additional structure failure messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

241

The read and register operation was purged with no data transfer. Determine why the connector failed. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

242

The read and register operation failed for a reason other than loss of connection, structure failure, and operation being purged with no data transfer. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

243

The structure was full during a read and register operation with a data transfer. See the system console for additional error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

244

The read and register operation with data transfer failed for a reason other than the structure was full. See the system console for additional error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

245

The structure was full during a write operation. See the system console for additional error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

246

The write operation failed due to an environmental error for other reason than structure being full. See the system console for additional error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

247

The cross invalidation operation failed due to an environment error. See the system console for additional error messages. Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch to continue.

System action

The batch application program waits for the coupling facility to be available to continue processing. The system log contains possible explanations of coupling facility operation failure.

System programmer response

Resolve the coupling facility failure for the batch application to continue processing.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 6

Module:

DFSMDAW0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2406I

**THE HALDB PARTITION
SELECTION EXIT ROUTINE *rname*
FOR THE HALDB master *name* IS
*status***

Explanation

If the HALDB Partition Selection exit routine is not in storage and the HALDB partition DMB is allocated successfully, the status LOADED is displayed. If an existing copy is found in storage and the HALDB partition DMB is allocated successfully, the status SHARED is displayed.

After IMS successfully deletes the exit routine, if no more copies are in storage, the status GONE is displayed. Because the exit routine is re-entrant, a copy of it can remain in storage after it is deleted because it is still referenced by other databases. In this case, the status SHARED is displayed.

The following commands can load the partition selection exit routine:

- **/START DB HALDBpartition OPEN**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(HALDBpartition)
START(ACCESS) OPTION(OPEN)**

The following commands can delete the partition selection exit routine:

- **UPDATE DB NAME(HALDBmaster) STOP(ACCESS)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(HALDBmaster) STOP(UPDATES)**
- **/DBR DB HALDBmaster**
- **/DBD DB HALDBmaster**

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSPSM10

DFS2407W

**INVALID IMS OTMA OUTPUT
PURGE AND REROUTE OPTIONS
SPECIFIED**

Explanation

IMS OTMA detected that both the CM0 output option, TMAMPCM0, and the CM0 output reroute option,

TMAMHRRQ, are specified in the OTMA message prefix.

System action

Neither the CM0 output purge nor the CM0 output reroute for the OTMA output message is performed. IMS OTMA take the default action to store the output onto the asynchronous message hold queue of the inputting TPIPE.

Programmer response

Have the client of IMS OTMA examine the OTMA message prefix sent to IMS. Only one of the TMAMPCMO or TMAMHRRQ options can be set in the OTMA state data prefix.

Module:
DFSYPPIO, DFSYQABO

DFS2408I	UNABLE TO LOAD/LCT/FIX OSAM DRIVER/APPENDAGE OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

The OSAM I/O driver module (DFS AOS70) was not able to be loaded or located, or the entry point was incorrect. For an explanation of the FUNC REQ=xx and R/C=yyyy values, see message DFS2411I.

System action

Initialization terminates with abend 0071 and register 15 contains return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure the DFS AOS70 module is in SDFSRESL with an entry point of DFS AOS70; then restart IMS.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 8, 10

Related information
“DFS2411I” on page 687
CANNOT OBTAIN IOB/IOSB-IOMA POOL-OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
IMS Abend 0071
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2409I	CANNOT OBTAIN FIX LISTS - OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to allocate storage for OSAM I/O initialization failed. For an explanation of FUNC REQ=xx and R/C=yyyy values, see message DFS2411I.

System action

Initialization is terminated with abend 0071. Register 15 contains return code 12.

Programmer response

Increase the IMS control region REGION size, and restart IMS.

Related information
[DFS2411I](#)
CANNOT OBTAIN IOB/IOSB-IOMA POOL-OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS2410I	DATA TRANSLATION EXCEPTION OCCURRED-OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to translate fixed virtual storage addresses resulted in an error. For an explanation of FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy values, see message DFS2411I.

System action

Initialization terminates with abend 0071. Register 15 contains return code 16.

Problem determination:
1, 4, 8, 35

Related information
[DFS2411I](#)
CANNOT OBTAIN IOB/IOSB-IOMA POOL-OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
[IMS abend 0071](#)
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2411I	CANNOT OBTAIN IOB/IOSB-IOMA POOL-OSAM INIT FAILED FUNC REQ=xx R/C=yyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt to allocate storage for the OSAM I/O pool was not successful. In an online environment, the storage is requested from CSA. In a batch

environment, the storage is requested from either CSA or private storage. FUNC REQ=xx and R/C=yyyy codes are described below. When R/C=yyyy is either an IMODULE or an IMSAUTH return code, see the IMODULE return code information for an explanation of these codes.

xx

Description

02

Unable to locate OSAM I/O module (DFSAS70). R/C=yyyy is the IMODULE return code.

03

Entry point of OSAM I/O module is invalid. R/C=4

04

Unable to obtain storage. R/C=yyyy is the IMODULE return code.

05

Unable to page fix OSAM I/O module (DFSAS70). R/C=yyyy is the IMSAUTH return code.

06

Unable to obtain storage for I/O pool. R/C=yyyy is the IMODULE return code.

07

Unable to release storage. R/C=yyyy is the IMODULE return code.

0A

Unable to page fix I/O pool. R/C=yyyy is the IMSAUTH return code.

0B

Unable to obtain storage for the key 7 QCB. R/C=yyyy is the IMODULE return code.

0C

Unable to find the CBTE for the IOSB or OSWA blocks. R/C=yyyy is the DFSCBTS return code.

0D

Unable to format the IPAGE. R/C=yyyy is the return code from the DFSASFO IOFORM routine.

17

An attempt was made to obtain storage for an invalid I/O pool.

System action

Initialization processing terminates with abend 0071, and IMODULE services places a return code in register 15.

Operator response:

Increase CSA size, if applicable.

Programmer response:

Increase the region size; then restart IMS.

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS2412I

**INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO
OBTAIN OSAM BUFFER
INITIALIZATION WORK AREA-
OSAM INITIALIZATION FAILED**

Explanation

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for the work area space. Initialization of OSAM buffer pools cannot continue.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Ensure that sufficient virtual storage exists so that GETMAIN succeeds.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 4, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2413I

**WARNING - OSAM SUBPOOL
DEFINITION LIMIT HAS BEEN
EXCEEDED**

Explanation

The maximum number of OSAM subpools was exceeded; 250 uniquely defined subpools are allowed. Any IOBF statements, found after the limit has been reached, are ignored.

System action

The initialization of IMS continues.

Programmer response

Combine or eliminate the OSAM subpool definition statements that exceed the limit.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 27

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2414I WARNING-UNABLE TO FIX OSAM
BUFFERS AS REQUESTED**

Explanation

IMS was unable to page fix the buffers requested because not enough read pages were available.

System action

IMS attempts to fix only the subpool headers and prefixes.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Check allocation of pools.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 4, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2415I WARNING-UNABLE TO FIX OSAM
SUBPOOLS AS REQUESTED**

Explanation

IMS was unable to fix the subpool headers and prefixes because not enough real pages were available.

System action

None of the subpool headers or prefixes are page fixed.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Check the pool allocation.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 4, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2416I ENTRY POINT TO DFSDOBIO
INVALID**

Explanation

Module DFSDVBI0 called module DFSDOBIO with an invalid entry function code.

System action

OSAM initialization cannot continue so system terminates abnormally.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response:

This problem is an IMS system problem.

Problem determination:

4, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2418 OUTPUT FROM NON-
RECOVERABLE TRANSACTION(S)
HAS BEEN DISCARDED**

Explanation

Module DFSQFIX0 has removed one or more messages from the message queues that were generated as output from transactions defined as unrecoverable.

System action

Control block changes resulting from the message removal have been written to the IMS log. Processing continues normally.

**DFS2419A UNABLE TO ROUTE DL/I CALL
TRACE OUTPUT TO IMS LOG**

Explanation

Although log output for DL/I CALL TRACE was specified, the IMS log data set was not opened when the trace began.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement defining the IMS log data set is present and correct.

**DFS2420I UNABLE TO OPEN FOR DDaaaaaa
INSUFFICIENT STORAGE**

Explanation

The GETMAIN to permit the DL/I CALL TRACE routine to open for a sequential data set failed.

Programmer response

Rerun the job with a larger region size.

DFS2421I	UNABLE TO OPEN FOR DDCARD=aaaaaa
-----------------	---

Explanation

The open for the DD statement specified in the DLITRACE control statement failed.

Programmer response

Ensure that the specified DD statement is present and correct.

DFS2422I	DL/I TRACE TERMINATED-NO OUTPUT DATA SET PROVIDED
-----------------	--

Explanation

Although DLITRACE was requested, no output device was provided or able to be opened.

System action

DL/I CALL TRACE is terminated, but the application program is not canceled.

Programmer response

Rerun the job and ensure that the requested output devices are properly defined.

DFS2423I	INVALID HEX CHARACTER AT OFFSET aa-DEFAULT VALUE USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

At the indicated offset, an invalid hexadecimal digit was found for a numeric value.

System action

The default value for the keyword is used and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

DFS2424I	INVALID KEYWORD AT OFFSET aa
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

An invalid keyword was found in the DLITRACE control statement at the indicated offset.

System action

The indicated keyword is bypassed and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DLITRACE control statement keyword.

DFS2425I	INVALID SOURCE FOR SEGM- nnnnnnnn-IN DBD-nnnnnnnn- SOURCE DBD-nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

A segment in a logical database specified a segment in another logical database as its source. The message specifies the logical database containing the incorrect statement, the segment name, and the incorrect source logical database name.

System action

The system issues abend 0986 if you were running batch DL/I. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0986](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2426I	INDEX DBD-nnnnnnnn LCHILD FOR SEGM-nnnnnnnn IN DBD- nnnnnnnn SHOULD REFERENCE- nnnnnnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Logical Child statement for the indicated segment in the named index database specifies an incorrect segment name for the indexed database segment. The segment name that should be referenced in the specified indexed database is indicated.

System action

The system issues abend 0987 if you are running batch DL/I. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0987](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2427I	INDEX DBD-<i>nnnnnnnn</i> DOES NOT CONTAIN SEGM-<i>nnnnnnnn</i> REFERENCED BY LCHILD FOR SEGM-<i>nnnnnnnn</i> IN DBD-<i>nnnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated index DBD does not contain the segment specified. The index LCHILD statement for the specified segment in the indexed DBD references a segment that does not exist.

System action

The system issues abend 0988 if you are running batch DL/I. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0988](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2428I	THE INDEX DBD <i>dbdname1</i> IS REFERENCED BY TWO INDEXED SEGMENTS IN DBD <i>dbdname2</i> AND <i>dbdname3</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

In resolving index relationships, one index was referenced by multiple indexed segment LCHILD statements. This situation is not valid.

System action

The system issues abend 0989 if you are running batch DL/I. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify a UNIQUE index for each indexed segment LCHILD statement.

Related information

[IMS abend 0989](#)

DFS2429I	SEGMENTS <i>segname1</i> AND <i>segname2</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i> ARE ACCESSED OUT OF HIERARCHIC ORDER IN THIS PSB
-----------------	--

Explanation

The order that sibling segments were referenced in a logical DBD or a PSB is in error. The sibling segment dependents of a parent having PTR=HIER or in a HISAM DBD must be referenced in the same order established in the physical DBD.

System action

The system issues abend 0990 if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the logical DBD or PSB, and rerun the job.

Related information

[IMS abend 0990](#)

DFS2430I	INVALID SOURCE= SPECIFICATION FOR SEGMENT-<i>segname</i> IN DBD-<i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A logical child/destination parent concatenation has been found to be invalid. The SOURCE= specification implies a logical relationship between the two segments which does not exist. Possible reasons are:

1. The first segment referenced is not a logical child segment
2. The second segment is not defined as the logical parent of the first
3. The first is not defined as a logical child of the second segment.
4. The source segment for the named segment does not define a logical parent.

System action

The system issues abend 0991 if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the SOURCE= specification or the physical DBDs involved.

Related information

[IMS abend 0991](#)

DFS2431I	DBD1 <i>dbdname1</i> REFERENCES DBD2 <i>dbdname2</i> AS AN INDEX INVALIDLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

A DBD was referenced in an LCHILD statement in another DBD as an index DBD. The referenced DBD was not coded as ACCESS=INDEX, and the reference is therefore invalid.

System action

The system issues abend 0992 if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DBDs, and rerun the job.

Related information

[IMS abend 0992](#)

DFS2432I	PSB-<i>psbname</i>-REFERENCES FIELD-<i>fldname</i>-IN SEGM- <i>segname</i>-IN DBD-<i>dbdname</i>. FIELD NOT FOUND
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid field name was referenced in a SENFLD statement. The field name specified must be defined for the segment during DBDGEN processing. The segment containing the intended field cannot be defined as key-sensitive during logical DBDGEN.

System action

The system issues abend 0993 if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

[IMS abend 0993](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2433I	PSB-<i>psbname</i>-CONTAINS DESTRUCTIVE OVERLAP IN SEGM- <i>segname</i>-IN DBD-<i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Field mapping specified in PSBGEN caused a destructive overlap. Two or more fields were being moved to the same location.

System action

Abend 0994 is issued if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

[IMS abend 0994](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2434I	SEGM-<i>segname</i>-IN DBD-<i>dbdname</i>- IN PSB-<i>psbname</i>-NOT SENSITIVE TO KEY FIELD
-----------------	--

Explanation

Load or insert sensitivity was specified for the segment in the PSB, but sensitivity to the sequence field was not specified.

System action

Abend 0995 is issued if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

IMS abend 0995

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2435I	FIELD SENSITIVITY INVALID FOR LOGICAL CHILD WITH PROCOPT=I or L; PSB=<i>psbname</i>-,PCB=<i>dbdname</i>-,SEGM=<i>segname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Field level sensitivity was specified for the named logical child segment which has PROCOPT=I or L.

System action

Abend 0996 is issued if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the PSB, and rerun the job.

Related information

IMS abend 0096

DFS2436I	INTERNAL PROCESSING LIMIT EXCEEDED FOR PSB=<i>psbname</i>,and PCB=<i>pcbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The required PSB control block cannot be built because the logical relationships contained in the named PCB cause internal processing limits to be exceeded.

System action

Abend 0997 is issued if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Modify the PSB or DBDs, or both to reduce the number of SENSEG statements in the PCB that reference LOGICAL CHILD/LOGICAL PARENT concatenations. RE-EXECUTE PSBGEN, then RE-EXECUTE the job.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

IMS abend 0997

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2437I	INVALID LOGICAL TWIN SEQUENCE FIELD <i>fieldname</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i> FOR LOGICAL CHILD SEGMENT <i>segment name</i> IN DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The referenced segment is virtually paired. The logical twin sequence field named cannot be contained within the real logical child segment named.

System action

Abend 0998 is issued if batch DL/I was being run. ACBGEN processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the DBD.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 17a, 17d, 17g, 20, 35

Related information

IMS abend 0998

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2438W	INVALID PROCOPT IN PCB FOR DBD <i>dbdname</i> CHANGED TO EXCLUDE INSERT SENSITIVITY
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates that an invalid processing option was specified for any index database that was being processed as a separate database. The BLOCK BUILDER module changes the PROCOPT to eliminate insert sensitivity and continues processing.

System action

IMS continues processing with an altered processing option in the PCB.

Programmer response

The warning message can be avoided by changing the processing option to eliminate A or I. Check the PCB.

DFS2439W	PROCOPT FOR SEGMENT <i>segname1</i> OF HSAM DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

**CHANGED TO ALLOW ONLY G, P, K,
OR L PROCOPT**

Explanation

This message indicates that DL/I has revised the PROCOPTS specified in the PCB to conform with the allowable options for HSAM.

System action

Processing continues normally after this message is issued.

Programmer response

Revise the PROCOPT options in the appropriate PCB or SENSEG statement for future runs.

DFS2440W	INVALID PROCOPT FOR SEGMENT segname IN DBD dbdname CHANGED TO EXCLUDE DELETE AND INSERT SENSITIVITY
-----------------	--

Explanation

When an alternate processing sequence is specified, the user cannot insert or delete the index target segment (alternate root segment) or any of its inverted parents. The processing option in the PCB or SENSEG statement for one of these segments violates this rule and the option has been changed in the SDB to reflect the processing restriction.

System action

If this message is issued because a PSB references a Fast Path secondary index, the ACB Maintenance utility terminates with return code 8. The PSB in error is identified by a DFS0587I message that follows this message. The PSB is deleted from the ACB library.

If the message is issued because a PSB references a full-function secondary index, the ACB Maintenance utility sets return code 4 and continues processing the remaining input.

Programmer response

Revise the PCB to remove the insert or delete option from the processing option field.

DFS2441W	SYMB POINTER FROM L/C SEGM- segname IN DBD-dbdname TO L/P SEGM-segname IN DBD-dbdname IS NON-UNIQUE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The logical child segment uses symbolic pointing to the logical parent, but some segment on the path to the logical parent has a missing, or it is not a unique key.

System action

Processing continues, but problems can occur in accessing the logical parent from the logical child segment.

Programmer response

Specify a unique key for each segment on the path to (and including) the logical parent segment, or specify logical parent pointer for the logical child segment if the logical child/logical parent path is to be used.

DFS2442E	DBFUCDB0 MSDB-TO-DEDB CONVERSION UTILITY ERROR, REASON CODE=nn
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while executing the MSDB-to-DEDB Conversion utility. The reason code indicates the type of failure that occurred:

Code (dec)

Message subtext

01

The TYPE= statement in the SYSIN stream is missing or invalid.

02

The database statement in the SYSIN stream is missing or invalid.

03

The MACBLIB indicates that the MSDB specified on the input control statement is not an MSDB.

04

The MSDB specified on the input control statement is not terminal-related without terminal-related keys.

05

The DACBLIB indicates that the DEDB specified on the input control statement is not a DEDB.

06

The MSDB= member specified was not found in the MACBLIB.

07

The DEDB= member specified was not found in the DACBLIB.

08

Error in loading randomizer module.

System action

The utility terminates.

System programmer response

Take the following action to correct the errors.

Code (dec)

Meaning or action

- 01** The value specified for the TYPE= parameter is not CONVERT or FALLBACK or the TYPE= parameter was not found on the first input statement read from SYSIN. Correct the input control statements and rerun the job.
- 02** The value specified for either the MSDB= or the DEDB= parameter has been coded incorrectly. Correct the input control statements and rerun the job.
- 03** The DMCB indicates that the database type of the MSDB= parameter is not MSDB. Either the incorrect ACBLIB was specified or the MSDB name was incorrect. Correct the input control statement and rerun the job.
- 04** Only terminal-related MSDBs will be converted. All other types will be rejected. Correct the input control statement and rerun the job.
- 05** The DMCB indicates that the database type of the DEDB= parameter is not DEDB. Either the incorrect ACBLIB was specified or the DEDB name was incorrect or not found. Correct the input control statement and rerun the job.
- 06** The MSDB member specified was not found. Correct the input control statement and rerun the job.
- 07** The DEDB member specified was not found. Correct the input control statement and rerun the job.
- 08** The randomizer was not found in the IMS.SDFSRESL or an I/O error occurred while loading the randomizing module. Verify the randomizer name and rerun the job.

Module

DBFUCDB0

DFS2443I UNABLE TO OBTAIN VSO CONTROL BLOCK

Explanation

During area open or system initialization, a request for a VSO control block failed.

System action

The data space is not obtained. IMS system initialization continues without VSO. Area open fails.

System programmer response

Re-submit job when ECSA use is lower. See message DFS3702I.

Module

DBFVIDS0

Related information

[“DFS3702I” on page 1055](#)
AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED
REASON CODE=*nn* *message subtext*

DFS2444I DSPSERV FAILED. RC=*rc* RSN =*rrr*

Explanation

A request for a new data space was issued but the request failed. This situation can occur either during IMS initialization or during area open.

In the message text:

rc

The return code from the DSPSERV macro

rrr

The *rrrrrr* reason code for the z/OS macro DSPSERV.

System action

The data space is not acquired. IMS system initialization continues without VSO. Area open fails. This message is followed by either DFS2446I or DFS3702I (reason code 37).

System programmer response

Check the return and reason codes for the DSPSERV macro. If this message is issued during area open, see message DFS3702I.

Module:

DBFVIDS0

Related reference

z/OS: DSPSERV return and reason codes

Related information

“DFS2446I” on page 696

DATA SPACE NOT ACQUIRED. VIRTUAL STORAGE OPTION NOT ACTIVATED. *rr*

“DFS3702I” on page 1055

AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED

REASON CODE=*nn* message subtext

DFS2445I ALESERV FAILED. RC=*nn*.

Explanation

Authorization to access a data space was requested but failed. This can occur either during IMS initialization or during area open. The return code *nn* is the return code from the ALESERV macro.

System action

The data space was not acquired. IMS system initialization continues without VSO. Area open fails. This is followed by either DFS2446I or DFS3702I (reason code 38).

System programmer response

See the *MVS/ESA System Programming Library: Application Development Macro Reference* (GC28-1822).

Module

DBFVIDS0

**DFS2446I DATA SPACE NOT ACQUIRED.
VIRTUAL STORAGE OPTION NOT
ACTIVATED. *rr***

Explanation

An error occurred while trying to obtain a data space during control region initialization. *rr* is the reason code.

Reason code

Description

35

VSO control block failure; see message DFS2443I

37

DSPSERV request for the data space failed; see message DFS2444I

38

ALESERV request for the data space failed; see message DFS2445I

39

VSO control block failure; see message DFS2443I

System action

Control region initialization completes without a data space's being acquired.

Module

DBFINI20

**DFS2447I AREA=aaaaaaaa UNABLE TO
OBTAIN VSO CONTROL BLOCK
RC=*rc***

Explanation

An internal request for a VSO control block failed. This error can occur during open of a VSO area or during emergency restart log record processing of a VSO area.

System action

If failure occurs during area open, open fails; message DFS3702I is issued after this message. If failure occurs during emergency restart and the area cannot be restarted without the control block, the area is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

System programmer response

If failure occurs during area open, rerun job when CSA use is lower.

If failure occurs during emergency restart and the area is marked as "recovery needed", use the Database Recovery utility to recover the Area.

Module

DBFVSOP0

**DFS2448I VSO AREA aaaaaaaaa- ERE
STORAGE REQUEST FAILED**

Explanation

This message is issued during local emergency restart, by an XRF alternate system during tracking or takeover, or by a Fast Database Recovery region if the system is unable to obtain storage that is needed to process log records for area aaaaaaaaa, which is defined as VSO. Emergency restart, the XRF alternate system, or the Fast Database Recovery region might not be able to recover the area after a failure without the storage. If this occurs, the area is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

System action

Restart continues normally, except for area *aaaaaaaa*. If, at the end of restart log processing, the area has CIs that require REDO processing (that is, updated CIs that might not have been written to DASD prior to the failure), the area is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

Operator response

If the area becomes "recovery needed", use the Database Recovery utility.

Module

DBFVSOP0

DFS2449I	UNABLE TO SET UP ERE DATA SPACE. REQ=cccccc RC=rc RSN=xxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued during local emergency restart, by the XRF alternate system during tracking or takeover, or by the Fast Database Recovery region if the system is unable to obtain or set up the data space that is needed to process log records for VSO areas.

In the message text:

cccccc

Is one of the following values:

AUTH

The request for authorization of the new data space failed.

CBLK

A request for storage for a control block failed.

CREATE

The request for the creation of a new data space failed.

PAGEFIX

The request to PAGEFIX storage in the VSO ERE DATASPACE received a DSPSERV failure.

rc

The return code from the request.

xxxx

The hexadecimal reason code displays if the CREATE or PAGEFIX command receives a DSPSERV macro error. These codes are defined by the DSPSERV macro.

System action

Restart continues. At the end of restart log processing, any areas that have control intervals (CI) that require

REDO processing (that is, updated CIs that might not have been written to DASD before the failure) are stopped and marked recovery needed.

Operator response

If the area is marked recovery needed, use the Database Recovery utility.

Module:

DBFNRS0

Related reference

[z/OS: DSPSERV - Create, delete, and control data spaces](#)

[z/OS: DSPSERV return and reason codes](#)

DFS2450I	UNABLE TO ACQUIRE STORAGE FOR ENQ/DEQ BLOCKS, REASON=n
-----------------	---

Explanation

Module DFSFXC10 was unable to acquire a block of storage for queuing control blocks. The reason codes *n* provide further details:

Code (dec)

Meaning

0

A block was requested that is not the first block. The amount of storage that was specified by the PIMAX parameter has not been exhausted, but a GETMAIN for another block of storage was unsuccessful. If the failure was on an attempt to acquire the last block, this message is accompanied by message DFS2451W.

8

There is no storage available for the first ENQ/DEQ block. A standard abend occurs.

System action

If the request was for the first block, the system is terminated abnormally with abend 0775. For other blocks, the task is pseudoabended with abend 0775.

System programmer response

Code

Response

0 & 8

IMS LSO=N

Increase CSA size

IMS LSO=Y or X

Increase control region local storage size

IMS LSO=S

If your system is using Fast Path, increase the ECSA size. If the system is not using Fast Path, then increase the DLI/SAS region local storage size.

If there are one or more BMPs that have updates running at the time of the failure, then have the BMPs issue checkpoints. Alternatively, if they already do, have them issue the checkpoints more frequently.

Related information

[“DFS2451W” on page 699](#)

THE LAST BLOCK OF ENQ/DEQ STORAGE IS
BEING ACQUIRED

[IMS abend 0775](#)

Chapter 52. DFS messages, DFS2451W - DFS2500I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2451W THE LAST BLOCK OF ENQ/DEQ
STORAGE IS BEING ACQUIRED**

Explanation

The last allowable block of storage, as specified on the PIMAX parameter in member DFSPBIMS in a DB/DC environment, or in member DFSPBDBC in a DBCTL environment, is being obtained. If the ENQ/DEQ storage requirements result in another block being requested, the task is terminated with a pseudoabend.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reevaluate the activity requiring ENQ/DEQ storage to ensure that critical applications are not terminated because of a lack of ENQ/DEQ storage.

**DFS2452I AREA aaaaaaaaa IS TOO LARGE
FOR VSO**

Explanation

The Virtual Storage Option (VSO) was requested for area aaaaaaaaa, but the area exceeds the maximum size allowed for VSO. The maximum allowable size is 2 gigabytes (2 147 483 648 bytes), minus some storage used by z/OS and IMS.

The amount of space needed for an area in a data space is (rounded to the next 4 KB):

(CI size) × (number of CIs per UOW)
× ((number of UOWs in the root addressable
portion)
+ (number of UOWs in the independent
overflow portion))

Expressed in terms of the parameters of the DBDGEN AREA statement, this is (rounded to the next 4 KB):

(the value of the SIZE= parameter)
× (the value of the UOW=number1 parameter)
× (the value of the ROOT=number2 parameter)

The actual amount of space in a data space available for an area (or areas) is 2 gigabytes (524,288 blocks, 4 KB each) minus an amount reserved by z/OS (from 0 to 4 KB) minus an amount used by IMS Fast Path (approximately 100 KB). You can use the **/DISPLAY**

FPV command to determine the actual storage usage of a particular area.

System action

The area is opened as DASD mode.

Module:
DBFVSOP0

**DFS2453A DATASPACE UOW CANNOT BE
PINNED FOR I/O**

Explanation

Fast Path has begun the process of loading an area which is defined with the VSO and PRELOAD options, into a data space. An error occurred while attempting to page fix storage in the data space.

System action

The preload process terminates without finishing the preload process.

Operator response

This problem is a possible real storage shortage problem. After real storage problem is resolved, issue the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** command to initiate the preload process.

Module:
DBFVSPL0

**DFS2453I PRELOAD PROCESSING xxxxxxxx
FOR aaaaaaaaa STR1=strname1;
STR2=strname2**

or

PRELOAD PROCESSING STARTED FOR: aaaaaaaaa

or

**PRELOAD PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR:
aaaaaaaaa**

or

PRELOAD PROCESSING ABORTED, UTILITY ACTIVE:
aaaaaaaa

or

IMAGE COPY ITASK STARTED|COMPLETED|
ABORTED FOR: aaaaaaaaa

or

IMAGE COPY ITASK ABORTED FOR: aaaaaaaaa[IMS
SHUTDOWN | IMAGE COPY ERR | ABORT AT INIT]

Explanation

Fast Path started or completed the process of loading area *aaaaaaaa*, which is defined with the VS0 and PRELOAD options, into a data space.

For the third form of this message, PRELOAD PROCESSING ABORTED, UTILITY ACTIVE: *aaaaaaaa*, following a **/START AREA** command for area *aaaaaaaa*, which is defined as VS0 and PRELOAD, Fast Path was unable to begin loading the area into a data space because HSSP or a utility is currently active on the area.

For the fourth form of this message, IMAGE COPY ITASK STARTED|COMPLETED|ABORTED FOR: *aaaaaaaa*, either HSSP or another process dynamically created the image copy ITASK for area *aaaaaaaa*. The image copy ITASK issues this message when it starts, completes, or aborts.

For the IMAGE COPY ITASK ABORTED form of the message, one of the following strings is appended:

- IMS SHUTDOWN means IMS is being shut down.
- IMAGE COPY ERR means that an error occurred during image copy that caused the termination of the image copy and the ITASK.
- ABORT AT INIT means that an error occurred during the initialization of the image copy data set, and image copy is not possible. See message DFS0531I or the relevant DBRC messages.

The sixth form of the message reports the status of preload processing for area *aaaaaaaa*. Status *xxxxxxx* can be STARTED, ABORTED, or COMPLETED. STR1 and STR2 are the z/OS cross-systems extended services (XES) structure names.

System action

Processing continues.

For the third form of this message, the preload process is aborted.

For the fourth and sixth forms of this message, the action indicated was taken.

Operator response

For the third form of this message, reissue the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command when HSSP or the utility has completed.

For the fourth form of this message, no action is required.

For the sixth form of the message, if the preload process for an area aborted, correct the reason for the failure. Then issue a **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command to start the preload process again.

Module:

DBFVSPL0, DBFPTIC0, DBFVXPLO

Related information

[“DFS0531I” on page 173](#)

IMAGE COPY DATASET OPEN FAILED

DFS2454I

PRELOAD SEVERE ERROR FOR:
aaaaaaaa RC=rc

Explanation

Fast Path has begun the process of loading an area, which is defined with the VS0 and PRELOAD options, into a data space. The return code *rc* indicates the reason for the error message.

PIN

an error while attempting to page fix storage in the data space

LOCK

an error has occurred in trying to obtain a UOW lock

SHTD

an IMS shut down

System action

The preload process terminates without completing.

Operator response

A possible real storage shortage problem has occurred. After the real storage problem is resolved, issue the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA**

START (ACCESS) command to have the preload process initiate.

Module:
DBFVSPL0

**DFS2455A CANNOT RUN COMPARE UTILITY
FOR AREA IN VIRTUAL STORAGE,
AREA=aaaaaaaa**

Explanation

The DEDB ADS Compare utility was requested for an area that is currently in virtual storage.

System action

The utility request fails with return code 12 and message DFS2662A is issued.

Operator response

Issue the **/VUNLOAD** command to remove the area from virtual storage and resubmit the utility job. The area can be returned to virtual storage after the utility has completed by issuing the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command.

Module:
DBFUMRTO

**DFS2456I AREA aaaaaaaaa UNEXPECTED
POINTER VALUE DURING VSO
CLOSE**

Explanation

A non-catastrophic internal logic error has occurred. During close of VSO area *aaaaaaaa*, a control block was found to contain a bad pointer value and it was necessary to bypass the code that would have deallocated the portion of a data space that was allocated for the area. Bypassing the deallocation is not a problem for data integrity. It is possible, however, that part of a data space might be unusable until the next restart. If the data space deallocation is skipped, the **/DIS FPV** command might show the area as being in a data space even after it is closed.

System action

Area close processing is allowed to continue.

Operator response

Call IBM Software Support.

Module:
DBFVSCL0

**DFS2457I DUE TO A STORAGE SHORTAGE,
NOT ALL AREAS WILL BE
PREOPENED OR PRELOADED,
RETRY LATER**

Explanation

During preopen or preload setup, there was a storage shortage and the preopen or preload processing was not attempted.

System action

IMS system continues processing without preload or preopen.

Operator response

Identify those areas that were not preopened or preloaded by issuing a **/DIS FPV** command. Issue **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command when system storage becomes available. Message DFS2446I follows this message for IMS system initialization.

Module:
DBFVTSK0

**DFS2458A VSO AREA aaaaaaaaa- ERE SEVERE
ERROR**

Explanation

An internal error occurred during emergency restart, XRF takeover, or the recovery phase of Fast Database Recovery for area *aaaaaaaa*, which is defined as a Virtual Storage Option (VSO) area.

In addition to this message, some diagnostic information is output. Although this error does not abend IMS, the information has the same format as output from abend 1026.

This message, and the accompanying diagnostic information, is issued a maximum of three times. Message DFS2485I is issued at the end of emergency restart and shows the total number of times the error condition was detected.

System action

Area *aaaaaaaa* is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

Operator response

Use the Database Recovery utility to recover the area.

Module:
DBFERS21

Related information

[IMS abend 1026](#)

DFS2459I	DUE TO A STORAGE SHORTAGE, PARDLI WILL NOT BE IN EFFECT FOR THIS REGION.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During PARDLI setup processing, there was a storage shortage and the PARDLI option was not activated for this region.

System action

IMS system continues processing without PARDLI.

System programmer response

Increase the region size on the job and rerun.

DFS2460	ONLY ONE PSB NAME ALLOWED
----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

More than one name was entered following PSB keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

(local/remote terminal) Reenter the command with only one PSB name.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS2461	INVALID ENTRY FLAG-CALL NOT TRACED
----------------	---

Explanation

On entry, the DL/I CALL TRACE routine could not determine if this was a trace or compare pass.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS2462	START VALUE EXCEEDS STOP VALUE-STOP DEFAULT USED
----------------	---

Explanation

The start value in the DLITRACE control statement is greater than the stop value. The default stop value is used.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated value.

DFS2463	NEGATIVE VALUE ON INPUT AT OFFSET <i>aa</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The value at the indicated offset is a negative value.

System action

The default value for the parameter is used and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated parameter.

DFS2464	OUTPUT ERROR, DL/I CALL TRACE IS TERMINATED
----------------	--

Explanation

While attempting to write a record, an I/O error was encountered.

System action

If output was routed to a sequential data set, the data set is closed and the trace is terminated. The application program is allowed to run to normal completion.

Programmer response

Rerun the job.

DFS2466I	AUTHORIZATION RACLIST FAILED, RACROUTE = <i>aa</i>, <i>bb</i>, <i>cc</i>, <i>dd</i> RACLIST = <i>ee</i>, <i>ff</i>, <i>gg</i>, <i>hh</i> REASON = <i>ii</i>, <i>jj</i>, <i>kk</i>, <i>ll</i>. RACROUTE REQUEST=LIST FAILED, CLASS=<i>xxxx</i>, RC=<i>xx</i>. RACF OR ROUTER EXIT RC=<i>xx</i>, REASON CODE=<i>xx</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For the first form of the message, a nonzero return code was found, during initialization processing, for at least one of the four classes associated with the authorization function. The variables have the following meanings:

aa

RACROUTE return code for DATABASE class.

bb

RACROUTE return code for SEGMENT class.

cc	RACROUTE return code for FIELD class.
dd	RACROUTE return code for OTHER class.
ee	RACLIST return code for DATABASE class.
ff	RACLIST return code for SEGMENT class.
gg	RACLIST return code for FIELD class.
hh	RACLIST return code for OTHER class.
ii	RACLIST reason code for DATABASE class.
jj	RACLIST reason code for SEGMENT class.
kk	RACLIST reason code for FIELD class.
ll	RACLIST reason code for OTHER class.

The second form of this message is produced when IMS is attempting to build in-storage profiles for RACF defined resources, and a failure occurs in the RACROUTE, RACLIST, or ROUTER EXIT processing. The class of the failing resource is specified, and the return code from the RACROUTE routine is also given. The return code and reason code (if applicable) from RACF or the ROUTER EXIT is also given.

System action

With the first form of the message, IMS restart continues.

With the second form of the message, IMS restart continues, and the RACF authorization function for transactions, commands, PSBs, or LTERMS is disabled.

Operator response:

With the second form of the message, see the *MVS/XA SPL Macros and Facilities Manual Volume 2* for a detailed description of the return codes and the reason code from the RACROUTE, RACLIST, and ROUTER EXIT routines.

DFS2466W	RACROUTE REQUEST=LIST FAILED, CLASS=xxxxxxx, RC=xx. RACF OR ROUTER EXIT RC=xx, REASON CODE=xx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A failure occurred in RACROUTE, RACLIST, or ROUTER exit processing while IMS was trying to build in-storage profiles for RACF-defined resources. The message displays:

- The class of the failing resource
- The return code from the RACROUTE macro
- The return and reason codes from the RACF or ROUTER exit, if applicable.

System action

IMS restart continues. The RACF transaction authorization function is disabled.

With the second form of the message, IMS restart continues, and the RACF authorization function for transactions, commands, PSBs, or LTERMs is disabled.

Operator response:

(master terminal) See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for a detailed description of the return codes and reason codes for RACROUTE, RACLIST, and ROUTER exit processing.

DFS2467I	/SIGN COMMAND REJECTED [reason]
-----------------	--

Explanation

/SIGN command rejected due to indicated reason. See the explanation of message DFS3649A for the possible reason codes and their meanings.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter command correctly based upon the indicated reason.

Related information

“DFS3649A” on page 1034
/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.

DFS2469W	TRANSACTION REJECTED reason
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

This message is sent to the terminal entering a transaction when RACF determines that the transaction failed security checking. The reasons for the transaction rejection are:

TRANS NOT AUTH; RC=08

User is not authorized to this transaction code by RACF.

SIGNON REQUIRED

Transaction is RACF-protected and the user is not signed on.

RACF NOT ACTIVE; RC=12

BY RACF EXIT; RC=16

RACF exit gave an invalid return code.

INSTALL ERROR; RC=20

RACF is not installed or an incorrect level of RACF is installed.

RACF POE ERROR; RC=24

The RACF profile has a conditional access list, the port-of-entry field in the security token is filled by blanks, and the port-of-entry class is active.

RACF DS DELETED; RC=28

The resource class was selected by RACROUTE REQUEST=LIST GLOBAL=YES, but the RACF data space was deleted.

NO PASSWORD; RC=36

User verification required; no password supplied.

WRONG PASSWORD; RC=40

User verification failed password.

USERID REVOKED; RC=44

User verification failed because the user ID was revoked.

Note: RC = represents a decimal value.

Additional codes can be supplied by a user-written IMS exit routine.

System action

The transaction entered is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the transaction with the proper password, or enter another transaction that does not violate security.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None.

Module

DFSCIOB0, DFSICIO0, DFSICLE0

DFS2470 /SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED

Explanation

This message is sent to the terminal entering a transaction or **/RELEASE** command when no previous valid sign-on has been done.

System action

The transaction or **/RELEASE** command is ignored.

Operator response

(local/remote terminal operator) Enter a valid sign-on, and then enter the transaction or **/RELEASE** command.

Problem determination:

None.

**DFS2471 DUPLICATE CONTROL CARD OR
KEYWORD FOR DLITRACE**

Explanation

While processing the DLITRACE control statement, one of the following conditions occurred:

- More than one DLITRACE control statement in the input stream.
- A keyword was used more than once in the control statement.

System action

- The DL/I CALL TRACE options used were the ones set by the first DLITRACE control statement in the input stream.
- The value specified by the first keyword encountered is the one set for DL/I CALL TRACE. Subsequent use of the keyword is overlooked.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DL/I CALL TRACE options used were the correct options, and ensure that duplicate parameters are removed.

**DFS2472 INVALID AWE DETECTED AND
LOGGED**

Explanation

An invalid asynchronous work element (AWE) was detected by the processing IMS module. An invalid element might mean conflicting parameters, missing addresses, or a number of other things. It is entirely dependent upon the requirements for the processor. This message is accompanied by an X'67' FB log record on the IMS log data set. The log record indicates which of the processors detected the invalid AWE. This message indicates a possible IMS or exit routine logic error.

System action

This message is issued and the X'67' FB log record containing the invalid AWE and optional processor work areas are logged. The log record is intended for debug purposes.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message.

Programmer response

Save the log record information for debug.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2473I	ERROR; RPLREQ=xx, R0=xx, R15=xx, NODE <i>nodename</i>, CLSDST SCHED
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions exists:

1. IMS issued the VTAM EXECRPL macro and received an unrecognized return code from VTAM
2. A VTAM request (using EXECRPL) failed 25 times because VTAM is short on storage. IMS attempts to CLSDST the node. R0 is X'08' and R15 is X'04'.
3. VTAM rejects the SEND request (RPLREQ= 22) because the session has already terminated. R0 is X'14' and R15 is X'04'. This message is issued instead of DFS970I when VTAM drives NSEXIT or LOSTERM after IMS has started output message processing.

RPLREQ code and the other codes are in hexadecimal.

System action

The node is either closed or deactivated. If the node is deactivated, DFS2101I is displayed at the master terminal. An IMS log record (X'67') with an ID of AER2 containing pertinent information was produced.

Programmer response

The contents of the message aid in determining which of the problem conditions has occurred.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“DFS970I” on page 342](#)
(UNEXPECTED STATUS| OPNDST/OPNSESS FAILED| CLSDST/TRMSESS FAILED| GENCB/ MODCB ERROR| FORCED CLEANUP DONE| SESSION FAILURE), NODE *node name*, USER|

user name| N/A, (UNDEFN | SETLOG | SIMLOG | OPNDST | OPNSEC | CLSDST | SEND|RECEIV | TRMSES | RQR | RESTSR | INQUIR|SESSNC | *****), RC=,FDB2=, LOSTERM=|NSEXIT=| UNBIND=, SENSE=, REASON=

[“DFS2101I” on page 611](#)
DEACTIVATING NODE xxxxxxxx.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2474I	RECEIVE ANYS EXHAUSTED, REG 0=xx, CLOSING VTAM ACB
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS cannot receive data from the network due to VTAM being short on storage. Every issuance of the VTAM RECEIVE macro has resulted in the short on storage return code.

System action

Since IMS can no longer communicate with its VTAM network, it causes an orderly shutdown of the VTAM network.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Restart the VTAM network with the **/START DC** command.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the appropriate VTAM buffer pool.

Problem determination

Determine the VTAM buffer pool that is running short on storage, and enlarge it.

DFS2475	/STOP DC COMMAND IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	---

Explanation

A **/START DC** command is not allowed if a previous **/STOP DC** command has not yet completed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Use the **/DISPLAY ACTIVE** command to determine the state of the VTAM network. Reenter the command when the VTAM ACB is closed.

**DFS2476 EXTENDED SECURITY FUNCTION
 NOT ALREADY DEFINED**

Explanation

The USER, TRANAUTH, CMDAUTH, or CMDAUTHE keyword is invalid in the **/NRE** or **/ERE COLDsys** command when the system definition and EXEC parameters did not request any extended security.

Extended security can be specified by the initialization EXEC parameter RCF=A | Y | T | C | S.

System action

The command is ignored. IMS waits for another restart command.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Re-enter the command properly. Notify your IMS programmer for assistance.

**DFS2477 /RCL COMMAND REJECTED-
 TERMINAL IN CONVERSATION**

Explanation

The **/RCL** command was rejected. The terminal from which the **/RCL** command was entered is currently in an active conversation.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Enter **/EXIT** to terminate the conversation, or **HOLD** to hold the conversation across a sign-off; then reenter the **/RCL** command.

**DFS2478I MIGRATED RESOURCE xxxxxxxx
 HAS BEEN RECALLED**

Explanation

A recall for either database name or area name, as designated by xxxxxxxx, has finished.

System action

The system issues an internal **/START DB** or **/START AREA** command to allocate the resource.

**DFS2479W ISAM ACCESS METHOD IS
 NO LONGER SUPPORTED. DBD-
 dbdname MUST BE CORRECTED
 FOR IT TO BE USABLE**

Explanation

The database listed in this message requires the ISAM access method for processing. ISAM is unavailable under IMS Version 10 or later

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Convert the database to a valid access method.

**DFS2480I BATCH DYNAMIC ALLOCATION
 DISABLED**

Explanation

IMS detected a card image in the DFSVSAMP data set with the character string NODYNALLOC. This card image disables dynamic allocation in batch IMS.

This job does not allow any databases to participate in dynamic allocation. References to these databases fail unless DD card images have been included in the job step.

Programmer response

If you do not want dynamic allocation, no action is required. If you want dynamic allocation, delete the NODYNALLOC control card image in the DFSVSAMP data set and rerun the job.

**DFS2481I DATA BASE RECOVERY CONTROL
 FEATURE NOT OPERABLE**

Explanation

The BLDL macro encountered an error while locating the module required to access the Database Recovery Control Feature.

System action

Abend 2481 is issued.

Operator response

Contact your IMS system programmer for assistance. If the Database Recovery Control Feature has been installed, determine the cause of the locate error. You might need to enter database log data set or utility information into the RECON data set since it was not accessible.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 8

Related information

[IMS abend 2481](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2482I DBRC LOG xxxx EXIT FAILED (yy)

Explanation

A DBRC request submitted by the IMS logger was unsuccessful. The specific type of DBRC exit invoked is indicated by xxxx. xxxx can be one of the following values:

OPEN
CLOSE
SWITCH
STATUS
ARCHIVE
EOV
SYNAD
LOGREC

When xxxx indicates EOV or SYNAD, either a return code of X'00' or X'04' indicates that it was successful, or a return code of X'12' indicates that it was unsuccessful.

The DBRC return code is displayed as yy (hexadecimal) in the message. See the DBRC request return code information.

When xxxx indicates OPEN and yy indicates RC(4), and you are trying to cold start an IMS system that previously failed, the correct procedure is to do an emergency restart of IMS. If you are cold starting IMS because of an emergency restart failure, you must close the log stream of the previous IMS instances and clean up the subsystem record by using the NOTIFY.PRILOG and CHANGE.SUBSYS commands. Also ensure that you have completed necessary steps such as batch backout for full-function databases, and some method of forward recovery for Fast Path DEDBs, before you cold start IMS. (However, if FDBR was active when IMS abended, and successfully completed recovery processing, batch backout and DEDB forward recovery are not necessary.)

Message DFS4168I is an indication that FDBR successfully completed recovery processing. If DFS0693I messages are received during FDBR recovery processing, indicating that resolve indoubt structures were built for in-doubt units of work, cold start is possible but you must manually resolve the in-doubt units of work using commands from the commit coordinator side (for example, CICS or RRS).

For ESS processing such as DB2® or IBM MQ, IMS is the commit coordinator and you will not normally receive messages from FDBR indicating an in-doubt condition. IMS provides a sample exit, DFSFIDN0, which will issue a DFS3722I message with recommended recovery actions for each in-doubt ESS unit of work. The in-doubt UOWs will also be visible from the ESS participant subsystem, and in the event of IMS cold start, must be resolved using appropriate participant subsystem commands.

IMS might build Extended Error Queue Elements (EEQEs) and register them with DBRC during FDBR recovery processing of in-doubt units of work. These EEQEs protect the in-doubt IMS database resources from being accessed by other data-sharing IMS subsystems. If IMS is cold started, in-doubt EEQEs will require manual processing. For DEDBs, it is safe to delete such EEQEs using DBRC commands because DEDBs are never updated before commit processing. For full-function databases, you might need to perform database recovery on the databases that have in-doubt EEQEs.

System action

When the ARCHIVE exit fails, IMS issues this message and continues execution. An error return code from any of the other DBRC exits results in IMS issuing abend 0071.

Programmer response

An analysis is required to determine the reason for the DBRC exit failure. See the z/OS master console (SYSLOG) for DSP messages that might explain the cause of the condition.

If this problem is an archive exit failure, determine if an emergency restart (/ERE) was issued after a normal IMS shutdown. If it was, the automatic archive job submitted by the emergency restart processing will fail, and you can ignore this message.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 8, 11, 35

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2483A DBRC INITIALIZATION ERROR

Explanation

An INIT call was made to the database recovery control (DBRC) module DSPFLT00. The return code was 12, indicating a serious error condition in the exit.

System action

The IMS control region terminates abnormally.

**DFS2484I JOBNAME=nnnnnnnnn GENERATED
BY LOG AUTOMATIC ARCHIVING**

Explanation

Automatic log archiving is active. DBRC has generated a JCL for an execution of the Log Archive utility. *nnnnnnnnn* is the name of the job generated by DBRC.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

If the log archive job is to run concurrently with the online IMS system, ensure that a z/OS initiator is available to process the log archive job.

**DFS2485I FP ERE TOTAL ALTERATION
COUNT ERRORS = *n***

Explanation

This message is preceded by one to three instances of message DFS2458A and shows the total number *n* of times the error condition described in DFS2458A occurred.

System action

None.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFERST0

Related information

[“DFS2458A” on page 701](#)
VSO AREA *aaaaaaaaa*- ERE SEVERE ERROR

**DFS2486I FP ERE TOTAL VSO LOG ERRORS =
*n***

Explanation

This message is preceded by one to three instances of message DFS2489I and shows the total number *n* of times the error condition described in DFS2458A occurred.

System action

None.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFERST0

Related information

[“DFS2458A” on page 701](#)
VSO AREA *aaaaaaaaa*- ERE SEVERE ERROR

[“DFS2489I” on page 709](#)
ERE VSO LOG RECORD ERROR

**DFS2487I UNABLE TO COMPLETE REDO
DURING XRF TKO - AREA
aaaaaaaaa- RSN *cccc***

Explanation

During XRF takeover, DEDB REDO processing includes the following:

- Refreshing the second CI for all block-level shared areas to pick up the changes from the sharing subsystem that might not have been sent to the restarting subsystem.
- Notifying the sharing subsystem if utility or HSSP cleanup was done during takeover.

This message indicates that REDO processing was unable to perform these tasks for area *aaaaaaaaa*. *cccc* identifies the reason and can be one of the following values:

ER2L

REDO was unable to obtain the lock needed.

ER2R

REDO was unable to refresh successfully the second CI.

ER2U

REDO was unable to notify successfully the sharing subsystem that utility or HSSP cleanup was done during takeover. This condition can be caused by either an I/O error or by a problem with the notify process.

At the time this message is issued, area *aaaaaaaaa* has successfully completed all other REDO processing. The problem indicated in the message might be

resolved by closing the area and allowing it to go through normal area open processing when it is next accessed. Therefore, it is not necessary to mark the area as "recovery needed" and, except in the case of a notify error, it is not necessary to prohibit the sharing subsystem from accessing the area.

System action

If an error occurred while notifying a sharing subsystem, the sharing subsystem is notified to stop the area. The area is closed on the restarting subsystem and message **DFS3705I** is issued. If the error recurs when the area is next opened, the area is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

System programmer response

If REDO processing was unable to complete utility or HSSP cleanup, the area must be reopened on the restarting subsystem (or stopped, started and reopened on the sharing subsystem) before a utility or HSSP can be started for the area.

Module:
DBFERS20

Related information
[“DFS3705I” on page 1059](#)
`AREA=areaname DD=ddname CLOSED`

DFS2488A	VSO AREA aaaaaaaa- ERE SEVERE ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

Restart log processing was unable to obtain storage necessary to track updates made to area `aaaaaaa`, which is defined as a Virtual Storage Option (VSO) area.

System action

Area `aaaaaaa` is stopped and marked "recovery needed".

System programmer response

Use the Database Recovery utility to recover the area.

Module:
DBFERSY1

DFS2489I	ERE VSO LOG RECORD ERROR
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

Restart log processing encountered a VSO DEDB area log record that did not match any area known to the restarting system. This problem happens during

emergency restart, XRF tracking, XRF takeover, or Fast Database Recovery processing,

The log record should contain the VSO DEDB area name and a time stamp. The presence of the log record signifies that area updates, which were committed before the logged time, were written to DASD before failure. Based on this log record, restart log processing can ignore updates that were written to DASD, but without a valid area name it cannot determine which updates to ignore and which to process.

In most cases restart can tolerate this error, although performance might be degraded. A subsequent log record might correct the problem (that is, might show which updates were written to DASD for the area), otherwise restart does additional REDO processing.

If this problem recurs, IMS restart can run out of resources to track VSO area updates. If this happens, any affected areas are stopped and marked "recovery needed".

In addition to this message, some diagnostic information is output. Although this error does not terminate IMS, the information has the same format as output from abend 1026.

This message and the accompanying diagnostic information are issued a maximum of three times. Message DFS2686I is issued at the end of emergency restart and shows the total number of times the error condition was detected.

System action

Restart continues.

System programmer response

During local emergency restart of XRF takeover, no action is required. If the problem occurs during XRF tracking, restart the XRF alternate to relieve resource shortage and performance degradation.

Problem determination

1, 5, 11, and a memory dump of the restarted system after restart finishes.

Module:
DBFERSY0

Related information
[1026 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2490A UNLOCK SYSTEM COMMAND
REQUIRED BEFORE SHUTDOWN.**

Explanation

Following an XRF takeover, either the IMS **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command or the z/OS Availability Manager (AVM) **UNLOCK** command must be entered to purge I/O tolerated data before IMS can be shut down.

System action

Shutdown command is rejected.

System programmer response

Enter either the IMS **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** or the AVM **UNLOCK** command.

Module:
DFSICM30

**DFS2491I A DIVIDE EXCEPTION HAS
OCCURRED-NEXT LINE OF DATA
MAY BE IN ERROR**

Explanation

A divide exception (ABEND0C9 or ABEND0CB) occurred while dividing two fields. The usual reasons for this message are:

1. One of the fields being used for the divide is incomplete because either the input tape was not completely processed or the input tape was incomplete;
2. The DC monitor was active too long causing the dividend field to be so large that the quotient and remainder did not fit into the assigned work area.

System action

Processing continues normally.

**DFS2492I AREA aaaaaaaaa HAS IOT EEQE -
CANNOT ACTIVATE VSO**

Explanation

A **/START AREA** was entered for area *aaaaaaaa*. At the time of the command, the Virtual Storage Option (VSO) was not active for the area, but the area was defined to DBRC as VSO. Normally, the **/START AREA** command would put the area into a data space (activate VSO), but area *aaaaaaaa* has one or more

I/O toleration EEQEs from an XRF takeover. It is not possible to activate VSO for the area until the EEQEs are purged.

System action

VSO is not activated for the area.

Operator response

Enter either the IMS **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** or the AVM **UNLOCK** command to purge I/O toleration EEQEs. Then reenter the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** command.

Module:
DBFVPR00

**DFS2493W A CENTRAL/EXPANDED STORAGE
SHORTAGE EXISTS. VSO WILL
BE ACTIVATED FOR areaname.
BLOCKS REQ/AVAIL rrrrrr/aaaaaa**

Explanation

The data entry database (DEDB) area was defined as a Virtual Storage Option (VSO) area. While opening the area, IMS determined that the amount of central and expanded storage available was not enough to satisfy the size of the area. Normal VSO processing is allowed for the area.

System action

The area is opened with the Virtual Storage Option.

Operator response

This warning message indicates that a potential VSO storage shortage exists. For the area indicated in the message, not enough VSO storage exists to hold the entire area. Accessed CIs are loaded into VSO, but it is possible that storage constraint problems, such as paging, might exist. If constrained storage represents a problem in your environment, you can remove the area from VSO by issuing the **/VUN** command. You can reactivate VSO processing for the area at any time by reissuing the **/START AREA** or by issuing an **UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** command.

Module:
DBFVSOP0

**DFS2494I DFHSM RECALL DSN=data
setname- RC=xxx**

Explanation

A RECALL request for migrated *data setname* received the nonzero return code *xxx*. For information on

the return codes, see the *DFHSM User's Guide* and the *DFHSM Messages* manuals. Appropriate messages from DFHSM can also be issued. This message is only issued after three attempts of the recall.

System action

IMS stops any further attempts to retrieve the migrated resource.

Operator response

See the *DFHSM User's Guide* and the *DFHSM Messages* manuals for the appropriate action, based on the return code you received. After taking any action recommended by these manuals, issue a **/START DB, UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)/START AREA**, or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command for IMS to retry the recall.

DFS2495I	RESOURCE <i>name</i> NOT ALLOCATED - MIGRATED AND BEING RECALLED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system was attempting to dynamically allocate the Fast Path area or DL/I database, as identified by *name* and found either the area data set or one of the data sets in the database was migrated to auxiliary storage.

System action

The allocation process is terminated and the internal caller of the allocation is given a nonzero return code. An attempt is made to asynchronously recall the data set from auxiliary storage.

DFS2497W	ICH408I MESSAGES ARE SUPPRESSED FOR REGION YYYYYYYY FOR TRAN ZZZZZZZZ BY RAS SECURITY
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS RAS security is suppressing additional ICH408I messages because there is a RACF definition error for the identified transaction for the identified dependent region.

In the message text:

YYYYYYYY

The dependent region name

ZZZZZZZZ

The transaction name

System action

IMS RAS security suppresses additional ICH408I messages for the transaction and dependent region. The transaction is still in the message queue and could be processed by another eligible dependent region or another IMS system in the IMSplex. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine whether it is appropriate to grant the region access to process the transaction. If so, grant the region access to process the transaction, and update the appropriate RACF definitions. Otherwise, remove the transaction from the region.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 27, 35, 36

Module:

DFSSCHRO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2498W	IMS SYSTEM ERROR DURING <i>function_type</i> FOR DATABASE DATASET REASON <i>x</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A system error occurred during *function_type* processing.

The *function_type* can be one of the following:

- ALLOCATE
- DEALLOCATE

The error occurred for one of the following reasons:

Code (hex)

Explanation

01

An invalid AWE was passed to the dynamic allocation routine.

02

An attempt was made to deallocate a database without stopping its index.

03

The DDIR for the database was found to be in NOTINIT status.

04

An attempt was made to deallocate a database while the schedule bit was on.

- 05** An attempt was made to deallocate a database while one of its DCBs was still open.
- 06** The data management block (DMB) for the database could not be loaded.
- 07** An attempt was made to deallocate a database, but a DDNAME for one of its data sets was not found in the TIOT.
- 08** A data set of a database resides on a device not supported by IMS.

System action

The request is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 9, 20

Module:

DFSMDA00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2499W	INVALID <i>function_type</i> REQUEST FOR DATABASE DATASET FOR REASON <i>x</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *function_type* can be one of the following:

- ALLOCATE
- DEALLOCATE

The identified function was invalid for one of the following reasons:

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 01** The DFSMDA dynamic allocation member was not present in SDFSRESL or was incomplete.

- 02** Some, but not all, of the data sets of a database were allocated by JCL. The entire database must be allocated by JCL or by the DFSMDA member, but not both. Mixed allocations are invalid.
- 03** The SIOT for the data set indicates a SYSOUT data set which cannot be deallocated by IMS.
- 04** The SIOT for the data set indicates a VIO data set which cannot be deallocated by IMS.
- 05** An attempt was made to deallocate a database, but the job file control block (JFCB) for one of the data sets indicated no volumes.
- 06** Concatenation of the staging IMSACB DD statement is not allowed.

System action

The request is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the condition to allow future requests to be processed successfully.

Module:

DFSMDA00

DFS2500I	DATABASE DATASET <i>xxxxxxxx</i> {DSN=<i>yyyyyyyy</i>} SUCCESSFULLY <i>action_type</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Processing for the identified function completed for the database or data set name, where *xxxxxxxx* is the database or data set name, where *xxxxxxxx* is the name. For allocation of a monitor data set or an archived log (SLDS), the data set name is also provided (*yyyyyyyy*).

The *action_type* can be one of the following:

- ALLOCATED
- DEALLOCATED

Module:

DFSMDA00

Chapter 53. DFS messages, DFS2501W - DFS2550I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2501W INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE
AVAILABLE FOR ALLOCATION/
DEALLOCATION FOR RESOURCE
xxxxxxx IN PROCESS y**

Explanation

Insufficient virtual storage was available to complete allocation or deallocation of a resource during the process identified by y.

This problem can occur in the IMS control region or the DLISAS region. For additional information about this error, see the explanations for the z/OS system abends 878 and 80A.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The resource for which there was insufficient virtual storage for action requested.

y

The process.

Code y

Allocation process

1

GETMAIN failed for work area (batch only)

2

GETMAIN failed for a temporary parameter list (deallocation of JCL-allocated database)

3

BLDB failed on IMSDALIB

4

BLDB failed on STEPLIB

5

GETMAIN failed for storage for DFSMDA member

Insufficient virtual storage was available to complete allocation or deallocation of a database. This problem can occur in the IMS control region or the DLISAS region. For additional information about this error, see the explanations for the z/OS system abends 878 and 80A.

System action

System processing continues.

Programmer response

Evaluate the private storage usage in the IMS control region or the DLISAS region to ensure that unused storage is not being allocated or a process is not looping in acquiring storage. If this message continues to occur, create a console memory dump of the IMS CTL and DLISAS regions by using the MVS DUMP command with SDATA=(CSA,PSA,RGN,SQA,SUM,TRT), then call IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSMDA00

Related reference

[z/OS: System code 878](#)

[z/OS: System code 80A](#)

**DFS2502W INSTALLATION EXIT
PREVENTS DYNAMIC
ALLOCATION|DEALLOCATION**

Explanation

The IMS user has an installation exit routine for dynamic allocation requests that prevents IMS from dynamically allocating or deallocating databases.

System action

The request is ignored.

Programmer response

Change the installation exit routine to allow all requests from an IMS control region.

**DFS2503W DYNAMIC *action_type* FAILED
FOR DATA SET NAME
xxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxxx
DATABASE NAME *dbdname*
REASON CODE *yyyyy***

Explanation

Processing for the identified function failed for the database and data set name represented by *dbdname* and xxxxxxxx. The phrase WITHIN PSB *psbname* is added only if the PSB is known at the time of the allocation attempt. The phrase DATABASE NAME *dbdname* is issued in the message only if the data set is an IMS database. If a function for a dataset fails, a

short form of the message showing the DDNAME and DATA SET xxxxxxxx will be issued instead.

The *action_type* can be one of the following:

- ALLOCATION
- DEALLOCATION

System action

Processing is terminated for the request.

If one area data set (ADS) of a multiple-area-data-set (MADS) area of a Fast Path DEDB fails allocation, the area is stopped and the status of the ADS is not changed in the RECON data set. If the failure occurs during emergency restart, the ADS is set to unavailable status and the other ADSs are recovered.

Programmer response

In most cases, the description of the reason code identifies the action to take before you can retry the request. Correct the error and retry the request.

Module:

DFSMDA00

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS2504I	ERROR PROCESSING <i>variable text</i>: SPECIFIED AREA NAMES DO NOT MATCH
-----------------	---

Explanation

In the message text, *variable text* refers to one of the following targets, depending on whether the IMS management of ACBs is enabled:

ACBLIB

An area name in the parameter list did not exist in the ACBLIB, or the names in the parameter list were not in the same sequence as the DBD data set statements.

This form of message text is the default.

CATALOG

An area name in the parameter list did not exist in the IMS catalog, or the area names in the parameter list were not in the same sequence as the database definition statements.

This form of message text is issued when the IMS management of ACBs is enabled in an IMS Catalog Definition exit routine (DFS3CDX0).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 08.

Programmer response

Correct the names in the parameter list or the sequence of the names.

Problem determination

Compare the area names that are supplied in the parameter list with the names and sequence in the database definition statements.

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

DFS2505I	ERROR PROCESSING <i>variable text</i>: OPEN ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the message text, *variable text* refers to one of the following targets, depending on whether the IMS management of ACBs is enabled:

ACBLIB

The program DBFUMIN0 was not able to open the specified ACBLIB data set.

This form of message text is the default.

CATALOG

The program DBFUMIN0 was not able to open the specified IMS catalog directory data set.

This form of message text is issued when the IMS management of ACBs is enabled in an IMS Catalog Definition exit routine (DFS3CDX0).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 08.

Programmer response

This problem normally results from a JCL error. If so, correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

If this message is issued for the IMS catalog, revisit the steps that were taken to create and populate the catalog directory.

Problem determination:

3, 9, 20

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2506I ERROR OPENING CONTROL FILE

Explanation

The program DBFUMIN0 was not able to open the specified control file.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 04.

Programmer response

Make sure that a DD statement is present and that its specifications are correct. If a hardware failure is indicated, correct the problem and rerun the job.

DFS2507I ERROR PROCESSING DATA SET INFO: {MACRO=MODCB | SHOWCB | RDJFCB}, R15=xxx [R0=]

Explanation

Program DBFUMIN0 encountered an error while processing data set information. A MODCB, SHOWCB, or RDJFCB macro did not complete successfully. The return code from the macro in R15 is shown and the reason code in R0 is given if the MODCB or SHOWCB had a return code of 4.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

See an explanation of the VSAM return and reason codes. Correct any user errors, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 20

Related reference

[z/OS: VSAM macro return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2508I ERROR PROCESSING *variable* text: INCORRECT MEMBER TYPE SPECIFIED

Explanation

In the message text, *variable text* refers to one of the following targets, depending on whether the IMS management of ACBs is enabled:

ACBLIB

Program DBFUMIN0 determined that the member specified in the ACBLIB was not for a DEDB DBD.

This form of message text is the default.

CATALOG

Program DBFUMIN0 determined that the member specified in the IMS catalog was not for a DEDB DBD.

This form of message text is issued when the IMS management of ACBs is enabled in an IMS Catalog Definition exit routine (DFS3CDX0).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 08.

Programmer response

Specify the correct member in the ACBLIB or the in IMS catalog.

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\)](#)
(Exit Routines)

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS2509I DEFINED (CI SIZE | RECSIZE) IN ICF CATALOG NOT CONSISTENT WITH DBD SIZE PARM

Explanation

The defined CONTROLINTERVALSIZE (if CI SIZE) or RECORDSIZE (if RECSIZE) in the Integrated Catalog Facility (ICF) catalog is not equal to the SIZE parameter in the DBD.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

Change CONTROLINTERVALSIZE or RECORDSIZE in the DEDB data set definition or SIZE in the DBD so that they are equal.

**DFS2510I INSUFFICIENT SPACE DEFINED
FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The space allocated for the data set, specified by *ddname*, is not sufficient to hold the database area as defined in the DBD.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Decrease the space required for an ADS of the data set indicated by *ddname* by altering the DBD. As an alternative, increase the space allocated for an ADS of the data set indicated by *ddname* by altering the VSAM definition. If *areaname* has multiple data sets, ensure that enough space is also defined for the other data sets.

**DFS2511I CONTROL BLOCK MANIPULATION
ERROR DURING FORMAT
PROCESSING**

Explanation

An error occurred during a control block manipulation macro.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 12.

Programmer response

Ensure that all DD statements for DEDB areas are correct.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 20, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2512I AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
(OPEN|CLOSE) ERROR**

Explanation

An error occurred during OPEN or CLOSE processing of the data set.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement for the area is correct.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 20

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2513I AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
WRITE ERROR**

Explanation

An I/O write error occurred while writing a formatted control interval (CI).

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

A possible hardware error has occurred, and it might be necessary to allocate space for the DEDB data set on a different DASD device.

This error might also be the result of attempting to allocate an ADS greater than 4 GB, the maximum size of a DEDB area.

Verify the UOW, ROOT and SIZE parameters from the DBDGEN. Do not allocate a DEDB area that is greater than 4 GB in size.

Verify that the initial size for the VSAM CLUSTER is not greater than 4 GB.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 20, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2514I SYSPRINT OPEN ERROR

Explanation

Program DBFUMIN0 could not successfully open the SYSPRINT data set.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 20.

Programmer response

This problem is probably due to a JCL error. Correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

DFS2515I SYSPRINT WRITE ERROR

Explanation

Program DBFUMIN0 attempted to write to the SYSPRINT data set and an I/O error occurred.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 20.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 20, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2516I INVALID PARM SPECIFIED IN
 PARM FIELD-MORE THAN 2048
 PARMS SPECIFIED**

Explanation

More than 2048 AREA= utility control statements were given in the CONTROL DD statement for the DEDB initialization utility (DBFUMIN0).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Correct the parameters, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2517I I/O ERROR READING CONTROL
 FILE**

Explanation

Utility program DBFUMIN0 encountered an I/O error.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job after hardware error is fixed.

**DFS2518I INVALID PARM SPECIFIED
 IN PARM FIELD-INVALID
 CHARACTER IN PARM**

Explanation

The DEDB initialization utility (DBFUMIN0) found an invalid character in a utility control statement. Names following the AREA= control statement must be one to eight characters in length and composed of alphanumeric characters (A-Z, 0-9) or the special characters '\$', '#', and '@'.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid character, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2519I ERROR PROCESSING *variable text*:
 READ ERROR**

Explanation

In the message text, *variable text* refers to one of the following targets, depending on whether the IMS management of ACBs is enabled:

ACBLIB

An I/O error has occurred, or a block read from the ACBLIB did not contain the DMCB and all DMACs.

This form of message text is the default.

CATALOG

An I/O error has occurred, or a block read from the IMS catalog did not contain the DMCB and all DMACs.

This form of message text is issued when the IMS management of ACBs is enabled in an IMS Catalog Definition exit routine (DFS3CDX0).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 20.

Programmer response

Ensure that the JCL for the ACBLIB or for the IMS catalog is correct and that the ACBGEN is correct.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 9, 20

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\)](#)
(Exit Routines)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2520I	MULTI-POSITIONING CANNOT BE SPECIFIED FOR A MSDB. - PCB <i>dbdname</i> IN PSB <i>psbname</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PCB for an MSDB DBD specified multi-positioning (POS=M). This option is invalid for MSDBs.

System action

IMS continues processing the PCB, but does not process the remaining PCBs in the PSB. The PSB is deleted from ACBLIB. Normal execution continues, and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Correct the POS= parameter on the PCB statement, rerun PSBGEN, and rerun ACBGEN with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

DFS2521I	INVALID SENSEG-<i>sensegname</i> SPECIFIED IN PCB-<i>dbdname</i> IN PSB-<i>psbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named sensitive segment in the indicated PSB is not defined in the indicated DBDGEN.

System action

IMS continues processing the PCB and does not process the remaining PCBs in the PSB. The PSB is deleted from the ACBLIB. Normal execution continues and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Correct or remove the SENSEG name on the SENSEG statement in the indicated PCB and PSB. Then rerun the PSBGEN, and rerun the program with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2522I	INVALID PROCOPT SPECIFIED FOR SENSEG-<i>senseg name</i> IN PCB-<i>dbdname</i> IN PSB-<i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The named sensitive segment has an invalid processing option specified in the indicated PCB and PSB.

System action

IMS continues processing the PCB and does not process the remaining PCBs in the PSB. The PSB is deleted from the ACBLIB. Normal execution continues, and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Correct the error processing option on the SENSEG statement in the indicated PCB and PSB. Then rerun the PSBGEN, and rerun the program with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

Problem determination:

18, 19

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2523I	INVALID SENSEG HIERARCHICAL STRUCTURE SPECIFIED IN PCB-<i>dbdname</i> IN PSB-<i>psbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

One or more sensitive segments within the named PCB have an invalid sensitive segment level specification in the indicated PSB. The valid sensitive segment levels are:

- MSDB access is 1.
- DEDB access is 2.

System action

IMS continues processing the PCB and does not process the remaining PCBs in the PSB. The PSB is deleted from the ACBLIB. Normal execution continues, and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Correct the PARENT parameter on the SENSEG statements in the indicated PCB and PSB. Then rerun

the PSBGEN, and rerun the program with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

Problem determination:

19

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2524I	AREA=areaname, DD=ddname, READ ERROR. EEQE ALREADY EXISTS, CI-RBA=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

A READ ANY request was rejected because an I/O Toleration extended error queue element (EEQE) exists for control interval (CI) *nnnnnnnn*, and I/O prevention is in effect.

System action

Status code AO is returned to the application program. If data has already been modified on this call, the application program is terminated with IRLM abend 3303. Status code BA might be returned if an INIT call was issued.

Programmer response

If the application program terminates with abend 3303, see the last paragraph of the Operator response for abend 3303 for the appropriate response.

Related information

[IMS abend 3303](#)

DFS2525I	FAST PATH DATA BASE DEFINED IN A NON-FP SYSTEM: dbname
-----------------	---

Explanation:

For information about this message, see DFS2525W.

Related information

“DFS2525W” on page 719
FAST PATH TRANSACTION *tranname* IS NOT
CREATED IN A NON-FP SYSTEM *system*

DFS2525W	FAST PATH TRANSACTION <i>tranname</i> IS NOT CREATED IN A NON-FP SYSTEM <i>system</i>
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Explanation:

The transaction *tranname* is defined as Fast Path exclusive or Fast Path potential, but this IMS did not have Fast Path enabled (FP=N). Transaction *tranname* is not created. The Fast Path database *dbname* is

defined in an IMS system that does not have Fast Path enabled (FP=N). Database *dbname* is not created.

System action

Normal execution continues. The transaction *tranname* was not created.

Programmer response

For databases, no action is required unless access to the Fast Path database is wanted. The IMS system must be cold started with Fast Path enabled, with FP=Y defined as an execute parameter.

For transactions, no action is required, unless you want to use a Fast Path transaction. To use the transaction, you must cold start the IMS system with Fast Path enabled (FP=Y defined as an execute parameter). If automatic export is enabled and an export of the systems resource definitions has been done, the Fast Path resource definitions are not in the RDDS. To restore the Fast Path resources, you can do one of the following:

1. Cold start IMS with FP=Y specified as an execute parameter and AUTOIMPORT=MODBLKS specified in the DYNAMIC_RESOURCES section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. Fast Path resources defined in the MODBLKS data set are created during cold start. Resources that were created dynamically and are not in the MODBLKS data set are lost.
2. Cold start IMS with FP=Y specified as an execute parameter and AUTOIMPORT=RDDS specified in the DYNAMIC_RESOURCES section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. Issue **CREATE** commands to create the Fast Path resources that are needed.

Problem determination:

10, 18

Related information

“DFS2525I” on page 719
FAST PATH DATA BASE DEFINED IN A NON-FP
SYSTEM: *dbname*
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2526I	DATA SET NOT EMPTY FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to format a DEDB data set which was not empty.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Use the appropriate VSAM options to SCRATCH, DELETE, ALLOCATE, and DEFINE the data set, and rerun the Initialization utility.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 8, 18, 20

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2527I	NUMBER OF FAST PATH DATA BASE BUFFERS TO BE PAGE- FIXED EXCEEDS LIMIT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During region initialization, the number of Fast Path database buffers page-fixing exceeded the total number of buffers currently available.

System action

The PSB is not initialized and the region terminates abnormally with abend 1006. In a DBCTL environment, if the failing PSB is a thread, a return code is passed back to the CCTL. No abend is issued from the DBCTL region.

Operator response:

Contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

For BMPs, MPPs and IFPs, increase the DBBF parameter in the IMS control region job step EXEC PARM during the next IMS execution, decrease the NBA or OBA parameter in the job step EXEC PARM, or wait for a region using Fast Path buffers to terminate and rerun the job. For threads in a DBCTL environment, increase the CNBA parameter in DFSPRP, decrease the FPBUF or FPBOF parameter, or wait for a currently scheduled thread using Fast Path buffers to terminate and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

8, 10, 11

Related information

[IMS abend 1006](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2528A	DUPLICATE AREA NAME-<i>area name</i> FOUND IN DEDB-<i>database name1-AND-database name2</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A duplicate area name was found in the named DEDB DBD defined in the IMS system. The area name, that was defined in the DD1 operand on one of the AREA statements in the DBDGEN, is defined in another DEDB DBDGEN or is defined within the DEDB DBDGEN.

System action

If the message is received following the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command, the command is terminated.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If the error occurred following the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command, contact your IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

If the error occurred during initialization, correct the DBD in error, run the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility again, and rerun the job.

If the error occurred following the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command, correct the DBD in error, run the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility again, and run the Online Change utility.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 18

Module:

DBFINI20, DBFOLC02

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2529I	NO FAST PATH REGION IS ACTIVE.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

A Fast Path input message was queued in the load and balancing group. However, the last region that was scheduled to process the message had terminated. The terminal user is informed that no Fast Path region is available to process an input message at this time.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

(master terminal) Restart the designated Fast Path region.

(terminal) Make sure the Fast Path region has been restarted and then reenter the input message.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 7, 11

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2530	FAST PATH EXCLUSIVE TRANSACTION FROM NON-FP TERMINAL
----------------	---

Explanation

A message destined for a Fast Path exclusive transaction was received from a terminal that did not have a Fast Path message buffer defined during system definition or from the master terminal.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

Regenerate the system, specifying a Fast Path message buffer for all terminals requiring Fast Path support.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2531	MESSAGE ROUTED TO UNDEFINED TRANSACTION CODE
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Explanation

The Fast Path user input exit directed Fast Path to search the routing code table using the transaction identification as the argument. Program DBFHIEL0 searched the table and did not find an equal comparison.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

Add the transaction code to the routing code table or correct the user input exit to provide the correct routing information.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2532	MESSAGE ROUTED TO UNDEFINED ROUTING CODE
----------------	---

Explanation

The Fast Path user input exit directed Fast Path to search the routing code table with a routing code the exit supplied. Program DBFHIEL0 searched the table and did not find an equal comparison.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

If the correct routing code is being generated, add the routing code to the routing code table. Otherwise, modify the user input exit to generate the correct routing code.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2533	ROUTING CODE NOT ACTIVE
----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

No message processing programs were scheduled for this routing code. The master terminal operator must schedule the message processing program before Fast Path can accept any messages for that destination.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:

Notify the master terminal operator that the routing code is not active.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2534 TRANSACTION CODE NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

No message processing programs were scheduled for the routing code table entry representing this transaction. At least one message processing program must be started by the master terminal operator before Fast Path can allow messages to be scheduled to this destination.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:

Notify the master terminal operator that the transaction code is not active.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2535 FUNCTION NOT AVAILABLE TO
INQUIRY ONLY TERMINAL**

Explanation

The routing code table entry was defined as update at IMS system definition and the input terminal was defined as inquiry only.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the transaction from an update terminal.

**DFS2536 FAST PATH EXCLUSIVE TRAN
ROUTED TO IMS**

Explanation

The Fast Path user input exit directed Fast Path to return a message destined for a Fast Path exclusive transaction to IMS for scheduling.

System action

The message is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the user input exit to route Fast Path exclusive transactions to Fast Path.

Problem determination:

7, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS2537 INVALID KEYWORD-FAST PATH
NOT INSTALLED**

Explanation

A Fast Path keyword, MSDBLOAD, was entered in an /
NRESTART command, but Fast Path was not installed.

System action

The /**NRESTART** command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command without the Fast Path keyword.

**DFS2538 MSDBLOAD KEYWORD INVALID IN
ERESTART COMMAND**

Explanation

An invalid keyword, MSDBLOAD, was entered in an /
ERESTART command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command without the Fast Path keyword MSDBLOAD.

**DFS2539I OPEN ERROR ON INPUT DATA SET,
NO MSDBS LOADED**

Explanation

The main storage database (MSDB) input data set was not able to be opened successfully. Possible causes for this problem are:

- There is a missing DD statement. z/OS prints a message identifying the problem.
- The JCL is incorrect.
- A hardware error exists. The system terminates abnormally if such a problem is encountered.

System action

If the DD statement is missing, IMS continues, but no MSDBs are loaded. If the JCL is incorrect. The results are unpredictable.

Programmer response

Ensure that a DD statement is present and the specifications are correct. Shut down IMS and restart the system with MSDBLOAD. If a hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job.

DFS2540I	DBDNAME <i>dbdname</i> SEQUENCE ERROR, NO MSDBS LOADED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The database names in the MSDB input data set were not in ascending order.

System action

IMS continues processing, but no MSDBs are loaded.

Programmer response

Sort the input data set, and reload all MSDBs.

DFS2541I	SEGMENT LENGTH ERROR IN MSDB <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input segment length of this MSDB was not equal to the length specified.

System action

The segment is ignored and the MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the input by running the MSDB Maintenance utility. Reload all MSDBs.

Important: For operational convenience, the MSDB can be started, but the segments with invalid fields will not be available and status GE or GB will be issued. These segments cannot be altered, replaced, or deleted until the MSDB data set has been corrected and the MSDBs have been reloaded.

DFS2542I	KEY SEQUENCE ERROR IN MSDB <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The segments within an MSDB were not in ascending key order.

System action

The segment is ignored and this MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Sort the input data set, and reload all MSDBs.

DFS2543I	INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR MSDB <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

There were more input segments than numbers of segments defined in the MSDB PROCLIB member.

System action

All excessive segments are ignored, and this MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Check the MSDB Maintenance utility output for the number of segments in this MSDB, and update the PROCLIB member accordingly. Reload all MSDBs.

DFS2544I	MSDB <i>dbdname</i> CONTAINS INVALID DATA
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the loading process, module DBFDBILO detected invalid packed data in this MSDB.

System action

Segments with invalid data are flagged, and the MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the input for this MSDB by running the MSDB Maintenance utility. Reload all MSDBs.

**DFS2545I INVALID MSDB TYPE IN INPUT,
MSDB *dbdname***

Explanation

The MSDB type was not valid. The MSDB was not terminal-related, or it was nonterminal-related with and without the terminal key.

System action

All segments of this MSDB are ignored. The MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct all segments in this MSDB and reload all MSDBs.

**DFS2546I INVALID KEY LENGTH IN MSDB
*dbdname***

Explanation

The key length of this segment must be equal to the length of the LTERM name (eight characters) if the MSDB type is terminal-related or nonterminal-related with the terminal key.

System action

The segment is ignored and this MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and reload all MSDBs.

**DFS2547I KEY (LTERM) xxxxxxxx NOT FOUND
IN SYSTEM**

Explanation

An LTERM name was used as a key. However, it was not able to be located in this IMS system.

System action

The segment is ignored and the MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the input by running the MSDB Maintenance utility or redefine IMS with this LTERM name. Reload all MSDBs.

**DFS2548I ERRORS IN MSDB *dbdname*, MSDB
STOPPED**

Explanation

Module DBFDBILO attempted to load the MSDBs and detected an error. For further information, see messages DFS2541I, DFS2542I, DFS2543I, DFS2544I, DFS2545I, DFS2546I, DFS2547I, and DFS2550I.

System action

The MSDB is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct all errors described in the referenced messages. Reload all MSDBs.

Related information

[“DFS2541I” on page 723](#)

SEGMENT LENGTH ERROR IN MSDB *dbdname*

[“DFS2542I” on page 723](#)

KEY SEQUENCE ERROR IN MSDB *dbdname*

[“DFS2543I” on page 723](#)

INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR MSDB *dbdname*

[“DFS2544I” on page 723](#)

MSDB *dbdname* CONTAINS INVALID DATA

[“DFS2545I” on page 724](#)

INVALID MSDB TYPE IN INPUT, MSDB
dbdname

[“DFS2546I” on page 724](#)

INVALID KEY LENGTH IN MSDB *dbdname*

[“DFS2547I” on page 724](#)

KEY (LTERM) xxxxxxxx NOT FOUND IN SYSTEM

[“DFS2550I” on page 725](#)

TYPES DO NOT MATCH IN MSDB *dbdname*

**DFS2549I I/O ERROR ON INPUT DATA SET,
NO MSDBS LOADED**

Explanation

An I/O problem was encountered. This message is preceded by message DFS2552I.

System action

The MSDB loading process is stopped.

Programmer response

Check the information in the DFS2552I message. Try loading from a different unit, or re-create the input data set. Reload all MSDBs.

Related information

[“DFS2552I” on page 727](#)

DFS2550I	TYPES DO NOT MATCH IN MSDB <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A discrepancy was found between the MSDB type in the input data set and the type specified in the DBD.

System action

The segment is ignored and the database is stopped.

Programmer response

Correct the input data set, or rerun DBDGEN. Reload all MSDBs.

Chapter 54. DFS messages, DFS2551I - DFS2600A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2551I MSDB *dbdname* IS EMPTY

Explanation

The main storage database (MSDB) identified by *dbdname* was specified in the MSDB PROCLIB member, but module DBFDBILO found no input in the data set.

Programmer response

If the MSDB is dynamic, insert commands (**ISRT**) can be used to load the database.

DFS2552I SYNAD error message buffer

Explanation

This message contains the MVS SYNAD error message buffer. For further information, see *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP*.

This message is followed by message DFS2549I.

System action

The MSDB loading process is stopped.

Programmer response

Try loading from a different unit, or re-create the input data set.

Related information

[“DFS2549I” on page 724](#)

I/O ERROR ON INPUT DATA SET, NO MSDBS LOADED

DFS2553I DBDNAME *dbdname* NOT FOUND IN SYSTEM

Explanation

Program DBFDBILO found the database name *dbdname* in the input data set. However, that name was not defined in the MSDB PROCLIB member, or program DBFINTEO found a PCB that references a DBD that could not be found in the system.

System action

The segment is ignored. For the second case, replace the PSB or the DBD, or both.

Programmer response

Correct the PROCLIB member. Reload all MSDBs.

DFS2554I MSDB *dbdname* LOADED

Explanation

This message verifies that this database was loaded without errors.

DFS2555I NO SUFFIX FOR MSDB MEMBER DEFINED.

Explanation

There was no suffix defined in the IMS startup procedure for the MSDB member.

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

Be sure that the current IMS system does not require any MSDBs. If the system does require MSDBs, stop IMS, and update or override the startup procedure.

DFS2558I THE INTENT LIST LENGTH EXCEEDS LIMIT IN PSB *psbname*.

Explanation

The PSB identified by *psbname* has large numbers of DBPCBs, causing the intent list length to exceed the 64 K limit.

System action

The ACBGEN utility terminated due to this error.

Programmer response

Decrease the number of DBPCBs in the PSB, and rerun the PSBGEN and the ACBGEN.

Module:

DFSUAMBO

DFS2559A

GETMAIN FAILED.

Explanation

The IMS control region did not have sufficient storage to build a work area.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1012.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the IMS control region by 4096 bytes.

Related information

[IMS abend 1012](#)

DFS2562A

DUPLICATE DBD NAME SPECIFIED

Explanation

A duplicate DBD name was specified in the MSDB load determination member in DBFMSDBn.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1012.

Programmer response

Check and correct the DBD names defined in PROCLIB member DBFMSDBn.

Related information

[IMS abend 1012](#)

DFS2560I

WAITING FOR THE OLCSTAT DATA SET

Explanation

The global online change allocated the OLCSTAT data set. This batch job is waiting until the global online change deallocates the OLCSTAT.

System action

Processing continues when the global online change deallocates the OLCSTAT data set.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSBIND0

DFS2563I

NO MSDBS FOUND-MSDBLOAD IGNORED

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- The Fast Path keyword MSDBLOAD was entered with an **/NRESTART** command, but no PROCLIB member was defined in the IMS procedure, or
- No DBD exists in ACBLIB for the MSDB.

Message DFS2706A or DFS0579W is issued before this message.

System action

The MSDBLOAD keyword is ignored.

DFS2561A

FORMAT ERROR IN COMMAND FROM DBFMSDBn ENCOUNTERED IN POSITIONxx

Explanation

Module DBFINI10 encountered a format error in member DBFMSDBn of the ddname=PROCLIB data set.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1012.

Programmer response

Correct the format of the MSDB parameter in DBFMSDBn, and rerun the job.

Programmer response

If you want to use MSDBs:

- Add an MSDB member to PROCLIB.
- Make sure a DBD for the MSDB. exists in ACBLIB.
- Change the IMS procedure.

Related information

[“DFS0579W” on page 196](#)
[FIND FAILED FOR DDNAME xxxxxxxx MEMBER=yyyyyyyy RC=zz](#)
[“DFS2706A” on page 762](#)

MSDB xxxxxxxx {NOT SPECIFIED AT SYSGEN}
HAS NO DBD GENERATED IN ACBLIB|NOT
DEFINED AS A MSDB AT DBDGEN}.

DFS2564I **ERROR IN OBTAINING DEVICE
TABLE, DDNAME *ddname*,
RC=*return code***

Explanation

Program DBFDBTC0 detected an error when an MVS
DEVTYPE macro was issued.

Code

Meaning

04

An incorrect ddname exists.

08

There is an invalid area address.

System action

The MSDB CHKPT/DUMP data is not formatted if
the error occurred during a cold start. The MSDB
image copy is not loaded if the error occurred in an
emergency restart or in a normal restart.

Programmer response

If the return code was 04, check and correct the
ddname.

Problem determination:

4, 36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2565I **BLOCK LENGTH EXCEEDS TRACK
CAPACITY, DDNAME=*ddname***

Explanation

The block length specified in the DCB exceeds the
track capacity of this device type. This error might
occur if the block size of the DCB was changed.

System action

See message DFS2564I.

Programmer response

See message DFS2564I.

Related information

[DFS2564I](#)

ERROR IN OBTAINING DEVICE TABLE,
DDNAME *ddname*, RC=*return code*

DFS2566I **BUFFER LENGTH IS ZERO,
DDNAME=*ddname***

Explanation

The buffer length of this DCB was modified to zero.

System action

See message DFS2564I.

Programmer response

See message DFS2564I.

Related information

[DFS2564I](#)

ERROR IN OBTAINING DEVICE TABLE,
DDNAME *ddname*, RC=*return code*

DFS2567I **DUMMY/INCORRECT ALLOCATION
FOR DDNAME *ddname*-DATA SET
CANNOT BE USED**

Explanation

The DD statement referenced a dummy allocation or a
SYSIN/SYSOUT data set.

System action

See message DFS2564I.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[DFS2564I](#)

ERROR IN OBTAINING DEVICE TABLE,
DDNAME *ddname*, RC=*return code*

DFS2568I ***ddname* IS NOT ON DIRECT
ACCESS STORAGE DEVICE**

Explanation

The UCBTYPE pointed to by this DD statement did not
indicate a direct access storage device.

System action

See message DFS2564I.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement and the allocation, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[DFS2564I](#)

ERROR IN OBTAINING DEVICE TABLE,
DDNAME *ddname*, RC=*return code*

DFS2569I **AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
CONNECT|EXTEND ERROR**

or

AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* SAF ACCESS DENIED

Explanation

The module DBFMMIT0 was unable to connect or open the data set associated with the *ddname*. VSAM error message IEC161I was issued before this message.

System action

If a request is made to open an ADS for the DEDB Create utility, the utility attempts to open the next ADS. If the next ADS is unavailable, the DEDB Create utility terminates and the named area continues processing. If a request is made to open an ADS for other than the DEDB Create utility, messages DFS3702I and DFS2574I are issued after this message. The named area is terminated and marked as stopped.

Programmer response

Check VSAM error message IEC161I, correct the error, and follow the appropriate restart procedure. To select the appropriate restart procedure, check the Programmer response in messages DFS3702I and DFS2574I, which follow this message.

Related reference

For information about IEC161I

Related information

[“DFS2574I” on page 731](#)

AREA=aaaaaaa CLOSED|STOPPED,
(RECOVERY NEEDED, RSN=*nn*)

[“DFS3702I” on page 1055](#)

AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED
REASON CODE=*nn message subtext*

DFS2570I **AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
DISCONNECT ERROR**

Explanation

The module DBFMMIT0 was unable to disconnect (close) the data set associated with the identified *ddname*. VSAM error message IEC251I was issued before this message.

System action

Close processing is discontinued for the data set.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

Check VSAM error message IEC251I to determine the cause of the error, then run a VSAM access method service program to determine if the named ADS is usable. If the named ADS is not usable, run the DEDB Create utility or the Database Recovery utility.

Related reference

[z/OS: IEC251I](#)

DFS2571I **(*ccccffss*) AREA=*areaname*
DD=*ddname*, READ ERROR,
CI-RBA=*nnnnnnnn*, REMAINING
EQE=*nn*, EEQE=*nnnn***

Explanation

A read error occurred in the data set at control interval (CI) RBA *nnnnnnnn*. The error queue element (EQE=*nn*) represents the number of consecutive read errors in the data set. The maximum number of EQEs for read errors is EQE=03. For a single area data set (SADS), EEQE=*nnnn* is also displayed in the message if there are existing EEQEs for write errors for the area. The extended error queue element (EEQE=*nnnn*) represents the number of existing write errors for the area. The variable *ccccffss* represents the Media Manager error return code used for problem determination.

System action

If the named area did not read the other data sets, the system tries to read from other data sets. Otherwise, a status code AO is returned to the application program. If a permanent I/O error (indicated by a Media Manager error return code of X'0020FF10'), has not occurred, an MVS SDUMP can be taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set by the Media Manager FRR routine or the Fast Path I/O error routine.

Operator response

If the read errors persist, run the DEDB Create utility or the Database Recovery utility for this area.

Problem determination

1, 6, 11, 20. Problem determination is effective when the Media Manager return code is not X'0020FF10'.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2572I	(ccccffss) AREA=areaname DD=ddname, WRITE ERROR, CI-RBA=nnnnnnnn, REMAINING EQE=nn, EEQE=nnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

A write error occurred in the data set at control interval (CI) RBA=nnnnnnnn. The error queue element (EQE=nn) represents the number of write errors in the data set. The maximum number of EQEs for write errors is EQE=10. For a single area data set (SADS), EEQE=nnnn is also displayed in the message. The extended error queue element (EEQE=nnnn) represents the number of existing write errors for the area. The variable cccccffss represents the Media Manager error return code used for problem determination.

The error return code of X'40CF4040' indicates a write error on the coupling facility structure. Message DFS2830I is issued before this return code.

System action

The system produces an error queue element (EQE) for multiple area data sets (MADS) and the CI on the error data set is deactivated. The system produces an extended error queue element (EEQE) for a single area data set (SADS) and the CI in error is available in the IO Toleration (IOT) buffer for the system that encountered the write error. If a permanent I/O error (indicated by a Media Manager error return code of X'0020FF10'), has not occurred, a z/OS SDUMP can be taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set by the Media Manager FRR routine or Fast Path I/O error routine.

Operator response

If this control interval is critical CI, run the DEDB Create utility or the Database Recovery utility for this area to restart the area with a **/START** command.

Problem determination

1, 6, 11, 20. Problem determination is effective when the Media Manager error return code is not X'0020FF10'.

Related information

[“DFS2830I” on page 784](#)
CF READERERROR, RBA rrrrrrrr, AREA
areaname,STR strname RC=xxxxxxx
RSN=yyyyyyyy
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2573I	AREA=areaname, DD=ddname, READ ERROR. CI-RBA=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

A read error occurred in the data set at control interval (CI) RBA nnnnnnnn. An EQE exists for this data set.

System action

A status code AO is returned to the application program.

Operator response

If the read errors persist, run the DEDB Create utility or the Database Recovery utility for this area.

DFS2574I	AREA=aaaaaaaa CLOSED STOPPED, (RECOVERY NEEDED, RSN=nn)
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the named area is terminated by an area open failure, a severe I/O error, a **/STOP** command, or a **/DBRECOVERY** command, the named area is marked as stopped. If the return code from DBRC indicated a recovery-needed status, that status is added to the message. If this message is issued during an emergency restart, recovery-needed status is always added to the message, even though the named area is not registered with DBRC. The following are the reasons (RSN=) for the problem:

- 00**
Reason code unavailable for message. This code is the default.
- 01**
VSO area aaaaaaaaa had a severe error during emergency restart.

- 02** VSO area *aaaaaaaa* had a severe error during emergency restart.
- 03** Emergency restart could not process area *aaaaaaaa* because a severe error had occurred on the area before failure.
- 04** Area *aaaaaaaa* must be recovered following an **/ERE COLDBASE** command.
- 05** Area open failed during emergency restart.
- 06** VSO area *aaaaaaaa* had a severe error during emergency restart.
- 07** Area *aaaaaaaa* had a read error during emergency restart.
- 08** Area *aaaaaaaa* had a write error during emergency restart.
- 09** VSO Area *aaaaaaaa* could not be recovered across an XRF takeover because a storage request failed.
- 10** Either Emergency Restart or XRF Takeover determined that DASD writes failed to complete for an unrecoverable DEDB area. The area must be restored from an Image Copy.
- 12** Emergency restart could not process area *aaaaaaaa* due to insufficient storage required for the area private buffer pool.
- 13** During an **/ERE** or XRF TAKEOVER process, an inconsistency was noted in the VSO options for an AREA. The AREA is stopped. Message DFS2574I is issued with reason code 13. Issue a **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command to correct the inconsistency.
- 14** An area has been stopped and marked as recovery needed due to one of the SVSODR options. These options take effect at emergency restart processing for SVSO areas.
- 15** Emergency restart could not process area *aaaaaaaa* due to an inconsistency in the SVSO private buffer pool. The preceding message, DFS2835I, identifies the inconsistency.

System action

Processing is terminated for the named area. The Prohibit Authorization flag is set for the database or area, unless the message is in response to a **/DBR** command that includes the NOPFA option.

Operator response

If message DFS3712A or message DFS3713A preceded this message, correct any VSAM errors before restarting the area; then run recovery, if necessary.

If the area is indicated as recovery-needed, recover the area using the Database Recovery utility before restarting the area.

If the area is in recovery-needed status because an extended error queue element (EEQE) still exists, issue a **LIST.DBDS** command to find the EQERBA. If a write error EEQE with a null EQERBA exists, it was created because IMS lost connectivity with the coupling facility, causing CASTOUT to fail. The area is marked as temporary recover-needed. When connectivity is re-established and CAST is successful, the status is reset. If you find anything other than null EQERBA, recover the area using the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command.

Module:

DBFERST0, DBFE2CI0, DBFMOPC0, DBFMLCL0

Related information

[“DFS2835I” on page 785](#)

ERROR IN VSPEC DEDB STMT: *statement_text*
REASON= *reason_text*

[“DFS3712A” on page 1065](#)

(*ccccffss*) AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* READ
ERROR, CI-RBA=*nnnnnnnn* SEVERE ERROR

[“DFS3713A” on page 1065](#)

(*ccccffss*) AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* WRITE
ERROR, CI-RBA=*nnnnnnnn* SEVERE ERROR

DFS2575I

**PROCSEQ IS INVALID FOR DEDB
PCB *dbdname* IN PSB *psbname***

Explanation

The PCB for a DEDB DBD identified by *dbdname* in the message specified PROCSEQ. This option is not valid for DEDBs.

System action

IMS continues processing the PCB and does not process the remaining PCBs in the PSB. The PSB is deleted from ACBLIB. Normal execution continues and the return code is set to 8.

Programmer response

Correct the PROCSEQ parameter on the PCB statement, run the PSBGEN utility again, and run the ACBGEN with a BUILD statement for this PSB.

DFS2576A **MEMBER=xxxxxxx IS EMPTY**

Explanation

The system found member DBFMSSDBn in the procedure library specified by ddname=PROCLIB, but the member was empty (all blanks). The MSDB parameter of the IMS control region EXEC statement is used to specify the suffix in DBFMSSDBn.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1012.

Programmer response

Define MSDBs in member DBFMSSDBn correctly in the procedure library, or correct the suffix on the IMS control region EXEC statement.

Related information

[IMS abend 1012](#)

DFS2577 **INELIGIBLE MESSAGE TO FP
EXCLUSIVE TRAN ID**

Explanation

The message is multisegment. Fast Path supports only single-segment messages.

System action

The message is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the message in the correct format.

DFS2578I **ddname OPEN ERROR**

Explanation

Program DBFDBFM0 was unable to open the DCB for this data set. Possible causes are:

- There is a missing DD statement.
- The JCL is incorrect.
- A hardware error exists.

System action

Only one MSDB checkpoint is used if an MSDB checkpoint data set cannot be opened. No MSDB checkpoint is taken if both data sets cannot be

opened. The DUMP facility of the MSDBs is canceled if the memory dump data set cannot be opened.

Programmer response

Make sure that a DD statement is present and that its specifications are correct. If a hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job.

DFS2579I **xxxxx TRACKS ALLOCATED FOR
ddname, BUT yyyyy REQUIRED**

Explanation

Insufficient direct access storage device space was allocated for the given data set to hold an MSDB checkpoint or memory dump.

System action

Only one or no MSDB checkpoint is used, or the memory dump facility is suppressed.

Programmer response

Correct the allocation for the given data set and cold start IMS.

DFS2580I **SYNAD error message buffer**

Explanation

This message contains the MVS SYNAD error message buffer.

System action

See message DFS2579I.

Programmer response

Try from a different unit, or reallocate the data set on another direct access storage device.

Related information

[DFS2579I](#)
xxxxx TRACKS ALLOCATED FOR ddname, BUT
yyyyy REQUIRED

DFS2581I **ddname FORMATTED**

Explanation

This message verifies that the given data set was formatted without errors.

DFS2582I **ERROR IN MSDB DUMP DATA SET,
DUMP FACILITY CANCELED**

Explanation

Program DBFDBFM0 found an error in the MSDB memory dump data set. The memory dump facility is canceled.

System action

See the message that was issued before this message.

Programmer response

See the message that was issued before this message.

DFS2584I	ERRORS IN MSDB CHKPT DATA SETS, NO MSDB CHKPT WILL BE TAKEN
-----------------	--

Explanation

Program DBFDBFM0 found errors in the MSDB checkpoint data sets, and no MSDB checkpoint was taken.

System action

See the messages that were issued before this message.

Programmer response

See the messages that were issued before this message.

DFS2585I	NO MSDBS FOUND-FORMATting IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- Program DBFDBFM0 requested Fast Path keyword MSDBLOAD in an **/NRESTART** command, but no PROCLIB member was defined in IMS, or
- No DBD exists in ACBLIB for the MSDB.

Message DFS2706A or DFS0579W is issued before this message.

System action

The data sets are not formatted.

Programmer response

If you want to use MSDBs, make sure that a DBD for the MSDB exists in ACBLIB, or change the IMS startup procedure, or do both.

Related information

“DFS0579W” on page 196
FIND FAILED FOR DDNAME xxxxxxxx
MEMBER=yyyyyyyy RC=zz

“DFS2706A” on page 762
MSDB xxxxxxxx {NOT SPECIFIED AT SYSGEN|
HAS NO DBD GENERATED IN ACBLIB|NOT
DEFINED AS A MSDB AT DBDGEN}.

DFS2586I	ALLOCATION FOR ddname DOES NOT START ON CYLINDER BOUNDARY
-----------------	--

Explanation

The allocation for ddname=bb does not start on the cylinder boundary.

System action

The data set is not used.

Programmer response

Reallocate space for this data set, using SPACE=(CYL, (xx),,CONTIG).

DFS2588W	FP WAS DEFINED AS KEYWORD, BUT FP IS NOT INSTALLED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Fast Path (FP) was defined as a keyword in the IMS fix list, but Fast Path is not installed.

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

Check and correct the DFSFIXnn member in the IMS PROCLIB.

DFS2589I	ddname OPEN ERROR
-----------------	--------------------------

Explanation

Program DBFDBDL0 could not open the DCB for this data set. Possible causes are:

- There is a missing DD statement.
- The JCL is incorrect.
- A hardware error exists.

System action

The MSDB image copy is not loaded.

Programmer response

Make sure that there is a DD statement and that its specifications are correct. If hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job, using a different unit.

**DFS2590I INVALID CHECKPOINT ID FOUND
 IN *ddname***

Explanation

The checkpoint identification in the MSDB image copy control record was not the same as the identification from which the system was restarted. A possible cause is that a wrong checkpoint was entered or the DD statement points to the wrong data set.

System action

No MSDB image copy is loaded.

Programmer response

Restart IMS with the correct checkpoint identification or correct the JCL.

**DFS2591I NO MSDB HEADERS FOUND,
 IMAGE COPY LOAD IGNORED**

Explanation

IMS was restarted with no main storage databases (MSDB) from a checkpoint of a system with MSDBs.

System action

No MSDB image copy is loaded.

Programmer response

If MSDBs are to be used, change the IMS startup procedure.

**DFS2592I NO MSDBS LOADED DUE TO
 PREVIOUS ERROR(S)**

Explanation

Program DBFDBDL0 found previous errors, and no MSDBs were loaded.

System action

None.

Programmer response

See the messages that were issued before this message.

DFS2593I INVALID MSDB HEADER *dbdname*

Explanation

A change to the system between shutdown and restart caused an error. The DBD *dbdname* indicates the first DBD in the MSDB checkpoint that does not match the ACBLIB.

System action

No MSDB image copy is loaded, and the MSDBs cannot be used.

Programmer response

Check and correct the database name, segment length, or length of the data area. Make sure that no other changes were made to the DBD specified in the message. Also make sure that the ACBLIB has not been changed. If it has, restart the system with a cold start.

**DFS2594I NO CONTROL RECORD FOUND IN
 ddname RC=XX**

Explanation

Program DBFDBDL0 attempted to load the MSDB image copy from a data set. However it failed. The return code XX identifies the problem:

Code

Meaning

01

A data set does not contain an MSDB checkpoint or the checkpoint was incomplete.

02

If the active system is taking the checkpoint, the alternate system cannot use the same MSDB checkpoint data set. This condition is temporary.

System action

The system takes action based on the return code:

01

No MSDB copy is loaded, and the MSDBs cannot be used.

02

The system rereads the MSDB data set every 3 seconds until it successfully reads.

Programmer response

Take action based on the return code:

01

Make sure that the JCL is correct. Otherwise, restart IMS from another checkpoint data set, if possible, or run the MSDB recovery utility to create a new initial load data set, and restart the system with MSDBLOAD.

02

The system rereads the checkpoint data set. If message RC=02 is issued only once, no response is required. If message RC=02 is issued more than once, check the status of active IMS. If active IMS is down, or an I/O error occurred on the MSDB checkpoint data set in active IMS, enter the **/STOP BACKUP** command to stop the alternate IMS.

DFS2595I **MSDB IMAGE COPY LOADED FROM
CHKPT DATA SET *ddname***

Explanation

This message verifies that the MSDB image copy was loaded from the checkpoint data set *ddnamebb*.

DFS2596I **I/O ERROR IN
*ddname,cc,co,stat,sens,cchhr***

Explanation

Program DBFDBDL0 attempted to read the MSDB checkpoint data set, and an I/O error occurred. The following information is given in the message text:

cc

The ECB completion code

co

The command code of the CCW that caused the error

stat

Status information

sens

Sense bytes

cchhr

The disk address where the error occurred

System action

IMS stops the load process, and the MSDBs cannot be used.

Programmer response

Try these steps:

1. Try loading from a different unit.
2. Create an initial load data set using the MSDB Recovery utility and restart the system with MSDBLOAD.

DFS2597I

**INVALID MSDB POOL LENGTH IN
ddname, IMAGE COPY IGNORED**

Explanation

Program DBFDBDL0 detected a difference in the lengths of the fixed or pageable main storage database (MSDB) pool as specified in the MSDB checkpoint data set control record and in the ESCD. No MSDBs are loaded from the MSDB checkpoint data set.

System action

Processing continues except in an emergency restart when IMS terminates with abend 0168.

Programmer response

Make sure that no MSDB definitions were changed between the IMS shutdown and restart.

Related information

[IMS abend 0168](#)

DFS2598I **(*ccccffss*) AREA=*areaname*
DD=*ddname* UNEXPECTED MEDIA
MANAGER MMCALL ERROR**

Explanation

An unexpected Media Manager MMCALL error occurred because Media Manager used invalid control blocks. The variable *ccccffss* represents the Media Manager error return code used for problem determination.

System action

An error from an I/O read request is treated the same as an error from a physical read I/O. IMS blocks further access to the failing CI and records the CI-RBA in the second CI of the area. The data set remains open, but the error log (type X'24') is not produced. If the error resulted from an I/O request for update, IMS closes the data set and stops the area if the data set is the only one available in this area. An MVS SDUMP is taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set for problem determination.

Operator response

If the data set is closed but the area is not stopped, run the DEDB Area Data Set Create utility to recover the data set. If the area is stopped, run the Database Recovery utility to recover the area.

System programmer response

If the error persists and if the data set is needed, contact IBM Software Support for additional analysis.

Programmer response

The application program receives status code AO if access to the failing CI is attempted. The CI can be accessed after the Database Recovery or DEDB Area Data Set Create utility is run.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 11, 20

Related reference

[z/OS: Media Manager return codes](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2599I	BLDL FAILED FOR RAND. MODULE xxxxxxx DEFINED IN DMCB xxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program DBFINI24 was not able to find the randomizing module defined at database generation for the DEDB master control block (DMCB) identified by xxxxxxxx.

System action

IMS continues running. However, the defined DMCB is unusable for the present IMS system. Access to this DEDB results in a status code FH.

Programmer response

To correct this problem, perform the following steps:

1. Install the missing randomizing module with the correct BIND time specification of RMODE in one of the searched libraries.
2. Issue the **/STO DB** or **UPDATE DB STOP (ACCESS)** command against the DEDB.
3. Issue the **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** command against the DEDB to reload the randomizer.

DFS2600A	OPEN ERROR FOR DEDB UTILITY, DB xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

A SYSIN or a SYSPRINT open error occurred.

System action

The utility is stopped.

Operator response:

See the OS/VS Data Management error message issued before this message for information to correct the problem.

Chapter 55. DFS messages, DFS2601I - DFS2650A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2601I **DEDB UTILITY xxxxxxxx STARTED,**
 DB xxxx AREA xxxx

Explanation

The DEDB utility was successfully started in the named database and area.

DFS2602I **DEDB UTILITY xxxxxxxx ENDED,**
 DB xxxx AREA xxxx

Explanation

The DEDB utility has completed processing in the named database and area.

DFS2603A **SYSPRINT ERROR FOR DEDB**
 UTILITY

Explanation

An I/O error occurred in the system output of a utility, as shown in message DFS2604A.

System action

The utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the error according to the z/OS Data Management error message issued before this message.

Related information

[“DFS2604A” on page 739](#)
DB xxxx AREA xxxx

DFS2604A **DB xxxx AREA xxxx**

Explanation

This message identifies the database and area where the I/O error referenced in message DFS2603A occurred.

System action

The utility is terminated.

Related information

[“DFS2603A” on page 739](#)
SYSPRINT ERROR FOR DEDB UTILITY

DFS2605I **AREA=areaname DD=ddname,**
 ERROR IN RBA OF CI READ, CI-
 RBA=xxxxxxxx

Explanation

The relative byte address (RBA) in the buffer, which was returned from the VSAM read, is not equal to the RBA requested.

System action

The buffer is returned, and the data entry database (DEDB) remains available.

Programmer response

Check the area for valid data in the RBA field of the control interval (CI). An error might have occurred during an unload or reload operation.

DFS2606I **ERROR IN CIDF OF CI READ**

Explanation

The control interval definition field (CIDF) in the buffer, which was returned from the VSAM read, did not indicate a full control interval (CI) for the record size of this area.

System action

The buffer is returned, and the data entry database (DEDB) remains available.

Programmer response

Check the area for valid data in the CIDF field of the CI. An error might have occurred during an unload or reload operation.

DFS2607I **SYSIN I/O ERROR FOR DEDB**
 UTILITY

Explanation

An I/O error occurred in the SYSIN data set while running a DEDB utility.

System action

The utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Take appropriate action to correct the error; then rerun the utility.

DFS2608W	MSDBS NOT AVAILABLE - NO MSDBCPX DATA SET NAMES FOUND IN CHECKPOINT
-----------------	--

Explanation

No main storage databases (MSDB) were available for use. During IMS warm restart or emergency restart processing, one or more MSDB database definitions were found in the checkpoint log records. However, the checkpoint log records did not include the names of the MSDB checkpoint data sets (MSDBCPx) from which IMS loads the MSDBs during restart.

The restart of the previous execution of IMS did not load any MSDBs. MSDB database runtime resource definitions were later added by online change or dynamic resource definition from the **CREATE DB** or the **IMPORT DEFN** command. The MSDB runtime resource definitions were included in the checkpoint log records during system checkpoint, but since there were no MSDB databases loaded during the previous execution of IMS, no MSDBs were written to the MSDB checkpoint data sets (MSDBCPx) at IMS system checkpoint time.

System action

IMS continues processing, but no MSDB databases are available for use.

Programmer response

To make the MSDB databases available for use, cold start or warm restart IMS with the MSDBLOAD keyword. This loads the MSDB databases from the MSDBINIT data set. The MSDBINIT data set must include MSDB databases for all newly created MSDB resources.

Module:
DBFINI21

DFS2609	CONTROL BLOCK ERRORS. CONVERSATION TERMINATED.
----------------	---

Explanation

At the end of a warm or emergency restart, the IMS control blocks related to IMS conversations are validated. However errors were found; IMS terminated the affected conversations.

One or more IMS conversations were terminated because of invalid control blocks. IMS writes an X'3C' log record containing diagnostic information.

System action

Restart processing continues.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 25, 26, 36

Module:
DFSCFIX0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2610	MSG-Q ERRORS FOUND/ CORRECTED. MSG MAY BE LOST.
----------------	--

Explanation

Module DFSQFIX0 detected invalid data or inconsistencies, or both, between messages and control blocks in the message queues and made the queues valid. The process might have caused some messages or conversations, or both to be lost.

System action

The invalid data, corrected control blocks, and any purged messages were written to the IMS log. Processing continues with the corrected queues.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 25, 26, 36 (if conversations are involved)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2611I	COMMAND NAME NOT FOUND
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

The program looked for a DEDB utility command name. However, there was no command name on the input line, or the program could not find the name in its table of valid command names.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2612I OPERAND DATA LEFT OVER

Explanation

The program has processed all the operands it expected for this command. However, there was still more operand data on the input line.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2613I UNABLE TO INTERPRET OPERAND

Explanation

The operand field was omitted, or it was supplied but was not recognized as any of the valid choices for this command.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input. Then rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2614I UNUSABLE NAME

Explanation

The program scanned a name to be used with the operating system. The name that the program found was not usable for one of the following reasons:

- The name was longer than 8 characters
- The first character was not alphabetic
- One of the later characters was not alphanumeric.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

**DFS2615I UNABLE TO CONVERT
SEQUENTIAL DEPENDENT
ADDRESS**

Explanation

The program expected a sequential dependent address in hexadecimal, in the form X"hex digits". The X or the starting quotation mark was missing.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

**DFS2616I UNABLE TO RECOGNIZE
KEYWORD**

Explanation

The program looked for a keyword, followed by an equal sign. One of the following problems was encountered:

- The keyword was missing.
- The keyword was not in the table of keywords for this command.
- The equal sign was missing.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

**DFS2617I UNABLE TO FIND STARTING
QUOTE**

Explanation

The program was unable to find a string in quotation marks.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2618I UNABLE TO SCAN FIELD VALUE

Explanation

The program looked for a value specification of the form C"characters", X"hex digits", or P"decimal digits". The first character was not a C, an X, or a P; or the second character was not a quotation mark.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

**DFS2619I UNABLE TO SCAN FULLWORD
VALUE**

Explanation

The program tried to scan a 32-bit value. The field was omitted, or the field began with an X without a following quotation mark.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2620I UNABLE TO FIND ENDING QUOTE

Explanation

The program scanned a value that started with a quotation mark and expected it to end with a quotation mark. However, the end of the operand field was encountered first.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2621I VALUE IS TOO LARGE

Explanation

The program found too many characters of input, or too many bits were evaluated to fit into the space that was set aside to store this value.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

**DFS2622I CHARACTER NOT RECOGNIZED AS
HEXADECIMAL DIGIT**

Explanation

The program recognizes the decimal digits 0 through 9 and the uppercase letters A through F as hexadecimal digits. Some other character were found as part of a hexadecimal field.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2623I CHARACTER NOT RECOGNIZED AS DECIMAL DIGIT

Explanation

The program scanned a decimal value, but one of the characters was not a decimal digit.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2624I UNABLE TO HANDLE FIELD OF LENGTH ZERO

Explanation

The input contained a specification with nothing between the quotation marks, such as X' ' or C' '. The program needs at least one character of data, as in X'3'.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2625I COMMA OR BLANK IS EXPECTED.

Explanation

The program reached the end of an operand field, and it expected to find a blank or a comma. The comma shows the presence of another operand. The error might be in the previous operand, or in the delimiter.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2626I THIS SPECIFICATION CANNOT BE CHANGED

Explanation

The program encountered a **TYPE** command after the utility type had already been specified. The program cannot change utility types. The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing is as specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS2627I ERROR IN INITIALIZING XCI RANDOMIZER, rrrrrrrr, FOR DEDB=dddddddd, RETURN CODE=xxxx, REASON CODE=yyyyyyyyy

Explanation

An error was detected during the initialization call to an Extended Call Interface (XCI) randomizer routine. Both the return code and reason code are specific to your initialization routine.

System action

The randomizer is deleted from storage.

Programmer response

Correct the initialization routine and reissue the / **START DB** or **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** command for the DEDB.

Module:
BFDBAC0, DBFINI24, DBFM5IU0

DFS2628I ERROR IN TERMINATING XCI RANDOMIZER, rrrrrrrr, FOR DEDB=dddddddd, RETURN CODE=xxxx, REASON CODE=yyyyyyyyy

Explanation

An error was detected during the termination call to an Extended Call Interface (XCI) randomizer routine. Both the return code and reason code are specific to your termination routine.

System action

The randomizer is deleted from storage.

Programmer response

Correct the termination routine for subsequent **/DBR DB** or **UPDATE DB STOP(ACCESS)** commands to the DEDB.

Module:
DBFARD30, DBFMSIU0

DFS2629A	DELETE: INVALID SDEP CI PACI COUNT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Delete utility running with the V5COMP keyword specified has reached a preallocated SDEP CI (PACI) count that is unexpected when attempting to logically delete the current CI. In this case, DFS2630I could not be issued.

- If QUITCI was used on the Database Scan utility, this message indicates that the DELETE utility was run previously with a STOP value that advanced the current CI as far as possible on the high water mark (HWM) owning partner without any further SDEP inserts having taken place on that partner to create a new PACI set.
- If QUITCI was **not** used on the Database Scan utility, this message indicates that the DELETE utility was run previously with a STOP value that advanced the current CI as far as possible on the non-HWM owning partners without any further SDEP inserts having taken place on those partners to create new PACI sets.

System action

The utility terminates. A STATUS UL is issued along with message DFS2662A.

Programmer response

To complete the utility operation, perform one of the following actions:

- Use the QUITCI option of the Database Scan utility to cause the IMS partners to release their current and preallocated CIs before running the DELETE utility.
- Wait until SDEPs are inserted before running the DELETE utility again.

Module:
DBFCSTS0

Related information

[“DFS2662A” on page 753](#)
UTILITY NOT EXECUTED AS REQUESTED

DFS2630I	DELETE: V5COMP MOVED OFF CURRENT CI
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Delete utility, running with the V5COMP keyword specified and a STOP value that is greater than the current CI, has logically deleted the existing current CI and established a new one.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFCSTS0

DFS2631A	PARTNER CURRENT CI NOT LESS THAN HWM FOR AREA = <i>areaname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A must-not-occur condition was detected by a data sharing partner. The SDEP utility function to QUITCI is not performed by the IMS issuing this message and a STATUS UL is issued by the SDEP utility.

System action

The utility is terminated for this area.

Operator response

If this problem is not a user error, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Programmer response

Check the SDEP utility control statements and try the command again.

Problem determination:
3, 8, 25, 36

Module:
DBFCSTS0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2632A	STOPRBA VALUE LESS THAN SDEP LOGICAL BEGIN FOR AREA = <i>areaname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified RBA value for the STOPRBA parameter in the sequential dependent (SDEP) utility using V5COMP was less than the SDEP logical begin CI RBA. The IMS detecting the problem issues this message and a STATUS UL is issued by the SDEP utility.

System action

The utility is terminated for this area. This message is accompanied by STATUS UL and message DFS2662A.

Programmer response

Check the SDEP utility control statement for STOPRBA.

Module:
DBFCSTSO

Related information

“DFS2662A” on page 753
UTILITY NOT EXECUTED AS REQUESTED

DFS2632I	REDO SKIPPED FOR DB <i>dbname</i> AREA <i>areaname</i> AREA NOT FOUND IN ACBLIB
-----------------	--

Explanation

Restart found database updates to this area, but it was not able to validate because these updates need redo. There is no subsequent log TYPE5926 record or TYPE5927 record to indicate that the area has been deleted by OLC. This condition occurs if the user has changed the IMS block structure since the specified checkpoint was taken.

The area specified in this message is marked as recovery needed in DBRC.

System action

I/O redo and restart continue.

Programmer response

Ensure that there is no data integrity problem, caused by the user changing the IMS block structure since the specified checkpoint was taken.

Module:
DBFERS10

DFS2633I	DMAC SYNCHRONIZATION REJECTED FOR AREA=<i>areaname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

DMAC synchronization was rejected because the DMAC offset was invalid.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFCSTSO, DBFDMAC, DBFNCBSO

DFS2634I	AREA=<i>areaname</i> HWM CI OWNED, SDEP HARDENED LOCALLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

When SDEP SCAN/DELETE runs, sharer needs to harden update buffers. When SDEP SCAN/DELETE has QUITCI in SYSIN, but the sharer does not own HWM CI and RBA of HWM CI is greater than the one of current CI, this message is written on the sharer.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2635I	AREA=<i>areaname</i> HWM CI Hardened Remotely
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when the SCAN or DELETE utility runs on non-HWM-owned partners.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2636I	AREA=<i>areaname</i> PARTNER QCI FREE LOCKS
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is written when I/O request of FP utility detects CI locks on preallocated CIs.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2637I	DEFAULT DELETE WITH V5COMP FREES PARTNER QCI LOCKS DELETE + V5COMP + SHARED AREA: FORCED QCI
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SDEP Delete utility with V5COMP specified was given no STOP value. Consequently, the default end became the stopping point and all partners have their preallocated and current SDEP CIs logically deleted.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMDLO, DBFUMRTO

DFS2638I	THERE ARE NO CIS TO DELETE
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

Program DBFUMDLO, the SDEP Delete utility, found no sequential dependent (SDEP) segments in the area to delete. Segments can exist in buffers, but if they are not written to DASD, the segments are not eligible for delete processing.

System action

The Delete utility continues processing normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2639I	SDEP CI LOCKED, CI xxxxxxxx SKIPPED
-----------------	--

Explanation

Program DBFUMRIO, the Area Data Set Create utility, attempted to access a CI that is currently locked and unavailable. The CI is written to both area data sets when the data is committed.

System action

The Area Data Set Create utility continues processing normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2640A	I/O ERROR IN <i>ddname</i> OUTPUT DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program DBFUMCLO attempted to close the DCB for this scan utility data set and an error occurred.

System action

The utility terminates.

Operator response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Programmer response

To determine the cause of the error, check the z/OS access methods error message issued before this message.

Module:
DBFUMCLO, DBFUMMSO

DFS2641A	UTILITY ERROR
-----------------	----------------------

Explanation

The DEDB utility attempted to free space. The request was rejected.

System action

The utility is terminated for this area.

Operator response:

If this problem is not a user error, call IBM Software Support.

Programmer response

Check whether an exit routine in the Delete utility activated the utility.

DFS2642I	NUMBER OF CI'S FOR SEQUENTIAL DEPENDENT SEGMENTS xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message shows the space allocated for sequential dependent segments for the area in use.

DFS2643I	NUMBER OF CI'S USED BY SEQUENTIAL DEPENDENT SEGMENTS xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

or

DELETE STOPPED PREMATURELY ON CI OWNED BY PARTNER *id*

Explanation

There are two forms of this message.

The first form of the message shows the number of control intervals (CIs) used by the sequential dependent segments listed in the message text.

The second form of the message is issued only if a DEDB Sequential Dependent Delete utility does not delete up to the user-specified CI RBA or the default CI RBA.

Processing of the DEDB Sequential Dependent Delete utility stopped because the identified IMS sharing partner holds an SDEP CI. This situation can occur when:

- A partner IMS failure retains a CI for its emergency restart.
- A partner IMS is not inserting SDEP segments into the area at a rate that fills the preallocated CI encountered by the Delete utility.
- A program or transaction is stopped after an abend.

System action

Utility processing stops.

System programmer response

Determine why the partner is holding the CI. Issue a **/DISPLAY AREA** or **QUERY AREA** command to show the SDEP CI utilization for one partner. The IMS partner might be waiting for some resource (for example, a log data set, a resource with which to schedule a program, a DBRC request, or a lock). The hardware and operating system on which the IMS partner is executing might be constrained or not have sufficient capacity to keep up with the rest of the sharing group.

To make the CIs following the held CI available to the Delete utility, you can take one of these actions:

- Use the QUITCI option of the Database Scan or Delete utility to cause the IMS partner that owns the CI to release the CI.

Make sure that any SDEP segments contained in this CI are retrieved by the SCAN utility and put in an output file **before** rerunning the DELETE utility after the QUITCI option was used.



Attention: After a CI is deleted, any data that it contained is not accessible.

- Wait until the partner releases the CI and run the Delete utility again.

DFS2644I	NUMBER OF CI'S NOT USED BY SEQUENTIAL DEPENDENT SEGMENTS xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message prints the number of control intervals (CIs) that are not used by the sequential dependent segments listed in the message text.

DFS2645I	UTILITY STOP CI RBA xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

or

UTILITY STOP SEG TS *clock value*

or

UTILITY STOP USED CI xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy

or

UTILITY STOP io/ci# xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy

or

UTILITY STOP SEGEND xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy

Explanation

The sequential dependent utility stopped processing at time stamp xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy. The reason the utility stopped processing is based on one of the following:

SCAN

- UTILITY STOP CI RBA is the cycle count and control interval (CI) boundary where the SCAN stopped.
- UTILITY STOP SEG TS is the time stamp associated with the SCAN stoppage.
- UTILITY STOP SEGEND is the cycle count and RBA of the last SDEP (non-dummy) data segment read by the SCAN.

- UTILITY STOP USED CI is the cycle count and CI boundary that SCAN encountered as not marked full. If QUITCI is not specified, SCAN does not go past this CI.
- UTILITY STOP *io/ci#* is the number of I/O operations performed and the number of CIs processed.

DELETE

- UTILITY STOP CE RBA is the cycle count and RBA of the CI boundary where the DELETE stopped.
- UTILITY STOP SEG TS is the time stamp associated with the DELETE stop time plus 3 microseconds.
- UTILITY STOP *io/ci#* is the number of I/O operations performed and the number of CIs processed.

System action

The utility completes normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMPRO

**DFS2646A OPEN ERROR FOR *ddname*
OUTPUT DATA SET**

Explanation

Program DBFUMOP0 attempted to open the DCB for this scan utility data set and an error occurred. Possible causes are:

- There is a missing DD statement
- The JCL is incorrect
- A hardware error exists
- SYSOUT was specified for SCANCOPY

System action

The utility terminates.

Operator response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Programmer response

To determine the cause of the error, check the z/OS access methods error message issued before this message.

Module:
DBFUMOP0, DBFUMMS0

**DFS2647I SEGMENTS EXPANDED WITH
exitname EXIT: *nnnnnnnn***

System action

Execution normal, expanded compressed segments with exit.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMSCO

DFS2648A PAGE FIX NOT POSSIBLE

Explanation

Program DBFUMOP0 was unable to page fix because not enough space was available in the CSA.

System action

The utility is terminated for the current area.

System programmer response:

Rerun the job at a time when the CSA requirements in the system are lower.

**DFS2649I NUMBER OF SEGMENTS SCANNED
IN *areaname* = *nnnnnnnn***

Explanation

The Sequential Dependent Scan utility has retrieved the number of SDEP segments specified in the message (*nnnnnnnn*).

System action

The utility completes normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMSCO

DFS2650A AREA *xxxxxxxx* DOES NOT EXIST

Explanation

You specified an area name that does not exist in the database.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter statements, and rerun the job.

Chapter 56. DFS messages, DFS2651A - DFS2700A

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2651A OTHER UTILITY ACTIVE IN AREA
aaaaaaaa**

Explanation

Program DBFUMRT0 could not be started because another utility, HSSP, or VSO preloading was active for the same area.

System action:

The utility was not invoked for this area.

Operator response

Rerun this utility when the other utility, HSSP, or VSO preloading has finished processing the area. This message might also be issued if a previous utility did not complete successfully. If this situation occurs, issue a **/STOP AREA** or **UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD)** and a **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** for the area to allow the requested utility to run.

Module:

DBFUMRT0

Explanation

The first form of the message indicates that a previously run Scan, Delete, Compare, or Create utility abnormally terminated in the named area. This form of the message is for information only.

The second form of the message indicates that HSREORG or HSSP is active for the area during shutdown. Shutdown waits for the utility to terminate. If shutdown completes, the message is for information only. If shutdown does not complete, a utility terminated abnormally for the area, but the utility was not rerun to complete cleanup.

System action

For the first form of the message, the Fast Path utility being used continues execution with the next area.

Programmer response

If you received the second form of the message and shutdown did not complete, cancel IMS and do an emergency restart.

**DFS2652A REORGANIZATION HAS TO BE
RESTARTED IN AREA xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

A Reorganization utility terminated abnormally in this area.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Run a Reorganization utility.

**DFS2653I UTILITY IN AREA=areaname
PREVIOUSLY ABNORMALLY
TERMINATED**

or

**UTILITY IN AREA=areaname STILL ACTIVE DURING
SHUTDOWN**

**DFS2654A CHANGE OF UTILITY FOR THIS
AREA**

Explanation

A run in different areas must be made with one utility type only.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the control statements, and rerun the job.

**DFS2655A OPEN FAILED FOR
AREA=areaname**

Explanation

An open error occurred in the named area while the Fast Path Base Module utility, DBFUMRT0, was running.

System action:

The Fast Path Base Module utility is stopped for the named area.

System programmer response:

Check message DFS3702I to find the reason for the error. After correcting the error, rerun the job.

Related information

[“DFS3702I” on page 1055](#)

AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED

REASON CODE=*nn message subtext*

DFS2656A INVALID DISCONNECT CALL

Explanation

Program DBFUMRT0 tried to disconnect an area that was not connected.

Programmer response

An error occurred previously. Correct that error, and rerun the job.

DFS2657I UTILITY EXECUTED AS REQUESTED

or

UTILITY EXECUTED AS REQUESTED VSPEC SDEPQCI STATEMENT FORCED QUITCI

Explanation

This message verifies that no errors were detected during the utility run.

DFS2658A WRONG PROGRAM NAME

Explanation

An invalid parameter was used with the TYPE macro.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

DFS2659A *xx* UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE, *yy*

Explanation

The Fast Path Base Module utility (DBFUMRT0) made a positioning ('POS') call and received a non-blank status code (*xx*). In the message text, *yy* is the Fast Path status code.

You can receive this message when you run the SDEP scan or delete utility, but you have incompatible combinations of parameters or a missing SDEP SCAN/DELETE card. For example, if you have STARTROOT defined, but STOPROOT was not specified, or STOPSEQ was specified and V5COMP was not specified.

System action

The utility is not invoked for the requested area.

Programmer response

Check the positioning status codes for an explanation. Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Related reference

[Fast Path utility status and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS2660A ROOT SEGMENT HAS NO SEQUENTIAL DEPENDENT SEGMENTS

Explanation

IMS was unable to determine the processing limits.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter input, using only root segments with sequential segments.

DFS2661A INVALID VALIDATION CALL, CODE *xx*

Explanation

IMS Fast Path attempted to validate the input parameter for the Fast Path utility program being used and discovered an error. There was a previous error (no code printed) or a parameter error concerning existing processing limits.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used is not invoked on this area.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

DFS2662A UTILITY NOT EXECUTED AS REQUESTED

Explanation

An error prevented the utility from executing.

Programmer response

Correct the environment error, resubmit the job, and check the ADS status in LIST.RECON:

- If the shadow ADS is not changed to active ADS, correct the environment error and resubmit the job.
- If the shadow ADS is changed to active ADS, it is impossible to rerun.
- If all new active ADSs are made unavailable, recover the ADS from the Shadow Image Copy data set by using the USEAREA option.

DFS2663A SYSIN RECORD SIZE EXCEEDS MAXIMUM LIMIT OR RECORD FORMAT NOT ALLOWED

Explanation

You specified a record size that exceeded the maximum limit of 120, or specified an invalid record format.

System action

The utility is not started for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the SYSIN DD statement, and rerun the job.

DFS2664A UNIT OF WORK NUMBER NOT WITHIN LIMITS OR LOGICAL ORDER

Explanation

The parameter specifying the unit-of-work limits for the reorganization utility had one of the following errors:

- The upper limit was lower than the lower limit.
- The limits in the DBD were not consistent with the area description.
- More than one STARTUOW or STOPUOW was specified within one request.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the job.

DFS2665I UTILITY SKIPPED IN AREA xxxxxxxx DUE TO RESTART REQUEST

Explanation

You requested to skip this area because of a restart request.

System action

The utility is not invoked for this area.

DFS2666A WRITE ERROR ON SCANIDT DATA SET

or

WRITE ERROR ON SCANCOPY DATA SET**Explanation**

Program DBFUMSC0 was unable to write to the scan data set.

System action

The Scan utility is stopped.

Operator response:

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Programmer response

To determine the cause of the error, check the z/OS data management error message issued before this message.

DFS2667A xx STATUS FROM I/O PROCESS IN AREA

Explanation

A Fast Path utility encountered the condition defined by the status code xx, while processing a database.

System action

The utility is stopped for this area.

Operator response

Take the appropriate action according to the z/OS Data Management error message issued before this message. For more information, refer to the Fast Path utility status codes and the z/OS data management error message, if one was issued before this message.

Related reference

[Fast Path utility status and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS2668A	OUTPUT TOO LONG FOR SCAN BUFFER
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message returned to the user was too long.

System action

The utility is stopped for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the exit routine.

DFS2669A	GET AREA LOCK FAILED, AREA=<i>areaname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation:

An area lock request failed while processing an area connect call from DBFUMRT0. STATUSUL is set.

System action:

The utility terminates and message DFS2662A is issued.

Programmer response:

Determine the cause of the error and rerun the utility.

Related information

[“DFS2662A” on page 753](#)

UTILITY NOT EXECUTED AS REQUESTED

DFS2670I	DATA BASE NAME <i>dbname</i> SPECIFIED FOR FAST PATH DEDB UTILITY IS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Fast Path (IFP) region was not initialized because the PSB name in the third positional operand was specified as DBFFPU0 and the database name in the second positional operand of the PARM field on the EXEC control statement was not defined as a DEDB at the IMS system definition.

System action

The dependent region is abnormally terminated with abend 0458.

Programmer response

Correct the database name, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:

8, 9, 10, 17d

Related information

[IMS abend 0458](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS2671I	UNABLE TO UPDATE UTILITY CONTROL DATA: AREA <i>xxxxxxx</i>, UOW <i>nnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, did not release ownership of resources nor update the count of independent overflow control intervals. The unit of work number and its area name are provided.

System action

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility terminates with a return code of 8. The database is usable.

Programmer response

Restart the utility.

DFS2672A	(LOG CHNG) REQUEST FAILED: AREA <i>xxxxxxx</i>, UOW <i>nnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, was unable to satisfy the indicated internal request.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The area name

nnnnnnn

The number of the affected unit of work

The LOG request is made at the end of the build phase to log the "copy phase reached" indicator. The CHNG request is made at the end of the copy phase to reset the "copy phase" indicator.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 24. The database is not usable.

Programmer response

Restart the utility must at the failing unit of work.

DFS2673I	UTILITY STOPPED AFTER AREA xxxxxxx, UOW nnnnnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, was stopped at the request of the operator.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The area name

nnnnnnn

The last unit of work that was reorganized

System action

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility terminates with a return code of 4. The database is usable.

Programmer response

Restart the utility at the next unit of work, if you want.

DFS2674A	I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO WRITE TO AREA=areaname UOW=nnnnnnnn IN (BUILD COPY) PHASE
-----------------	--

Explanation

In attempting to write onto the area and unit of work (UOW) **nnnnnnnn**, the DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, encountered an I/O error.

BUILD in the message text indicates that it was issued during the build phase of the DEDB Direct Reorganization utility. An error occurred while writing on the reorganized UOW. The area is still usable, but all the data sets have unwritten control intervals (CI) with the same relative byte address (RBA) in the reorganized unit of work (UOW) of each data set.

COPY in the message text indicates that it was issued in the copy phase of the DEDB Direct Reorganization utility. An error occurred while writing on the original UOW. The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility continues its operation for the original UOW.

System action

For the BUILD phase, the utility terminates. The user can stop the area and recover it later. For the COPY phase, the utility continues its operation.

Operator response

No action is required.

You can recover the area after stopping the area.

DFS2675A	I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO READ FROM AREA=areaname UOW=nnnnnnnn IN (BUILD COPY) PHASE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, attempted to read from the area and unit of work, **nnnnnnn**, and encountered an I/O error.

BUILD in the message text indicates that this message was issued during the build phase of the DEDB Direct Reorganization utility. An error occurred while reading from the original UOW. The area is still usable, but all the data sets have unreadable control intervals with the same relative byte address (RBA) in the original UOW of each data set.

COPY in the message text indicates that this message was issued in the copy phase of the DEDB Direct Reorganization utility. An error occurred while reading from a reorganized UOW. The system stops the area and set the area to a recovery-needed status.

System action

The utility terminates.

Operator response

In the BUILD phase, you can stop the area and then recover it later. After a successful recovery, resubmit the job. In the COPY phase, you must recover the area immediately.

DFS2676A	UNABLE TO GET CONTROL OF A RESOURCE FOR AREA xxxxxxxx, UOW nnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, was unable to get exclusive control of an independent overflow control CI.

System action:

The utility terminates with a return code of 24.

Programmer response

Restart the utility at the failing unit of work.

Issue **/STOP AREA** or **UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD)** followed by **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** before restarting the utility. If you do not issue **/STOP AREA, UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD), /START AREA,** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)**, message DFS2651A might appear when the utility is restarted.

Related information

[“DFS2651A” on page 751](#)

OTHER UTILITY ACTIVE IN AREA *aaaaaaaa*

DFS2677A	UNABLE TO FREE CONTROL OF A RESOURCE FOR AREA <i>xxxxxxxx</i>, UOW <i>nnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, attempted to allocate or deallocate independent overflow space, but was unable to release exclusive control of an independent overflow control CI.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 24. The database is not usable.

Programmer response

Restart the utility at the failing unit of work.

DFS2678I	UNABLE TO ALLOCATE SUFFICIENT OVERFLOW SPACE FOR AREA <i>xxxxxxxx</i>, UOW <i>nnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Direct Reorganization utility, DBFUMDR0, was unable to allocate independent overflow space for the referenced unit of work because there was no space available. The unit of work is not reorganized.

System action

Any independent overflow space allocated to the referenced unit of work by the utility is freed. The utility continues to process with the next unit of work.

Programmer response

Rerun the utility to reorganize the referenced unit of work if sufficient independent overflow space was freed by the reorganization of other units of work.

DFS2679A	TYPE AND/OR AREA NOT SPECIFIED
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

or

TYPE AND/OR AREA, ADDAREA, ALTERAREA, REPLRAND, ALTERDB NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

At least one of the following required values was not specified or has no value:

- Parameter type (AREA or ALTER). If the ALTER type is specified, a DEDB Alter utility parameter (ALTERDB, ADDAREA, ALTERAREA, REPLRAND) must also be specified.
- DEDB name.

System action

The utility is not activated for this area.

Programmer response

Correct the input and resubmit the job.

Module:

DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS2680I	SYNAD error message buffer
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

This message contains the MVS SYNAD error message buffer.

System action

Fast Path is made unavailable if the control records of the MSDB checkpoints cannot be read.

Programmer response

Try from a different unit, or copy the data set to a different direct access storage device.

Related reference

[z/OS: SYNADAF error descriptions](#)

DFS2681I	ddname OPEN ERROR
-----------------	--------------------------

Explanation

Program DBFNRS0 was unable to open the DCB for this data set. Possible causes are:

- There is a missing DD statement.
- The JCL is incorrect.
- A hardware error exists.

System action

The system tries to open the second MSDB data set. Fast Path is made unavailable if the second opening fails too.

Programmer response

Make sure that there is a DD statement and its specifications are correct. If hardware failure is indicated, rerun the job, using a different unit.

DFS2682W	MSDBS NOT LOADED DUE TO PREVIOUS ERROR(S)
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either program DBFNRS0 found no valid MSDB checkpoint control record, or other errors as specified in messages DFS2780A and DFS2781A previously occurred.

System action

Fast Path is made unavailable.

Programmer response

Find out if IMS was cold started without MSDBs specified. If so, issue the **/NRE MSDBLOAD** command on the next warm start to load the MSDBs from the MSDBINIT data set.

Related information

[“DFS2780A” on page 775](#)
CONFLICT WITH PRIOR DATA= KEYWORD.

[“DFS2781A” on page 775](#)
DATA= KEYWORD EXPECTED.

DFS2683I	PRELOAD AREA <i>area_name</i> STR: <i>structure_name</i> ALTER SUCCESSFUL
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the preload for a Fast Path shared virtual storage option (VSO) area, the current structure allocation was not large enough to hold the root addressable area (RAA) portion of the area. IMS issued

IXLALTER to increase the structure size. The IXLALTER call was successful.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Operator response

To avoid the IXLALTER call for this area, increase the INITSIZE of the structure in the CFRM policy.

Module:
DBFVXAS0

DFS2684A	PRELOAD AREA <i>area_name</i> STR: <i>structure_name</i> ALTER FAILED. RETURN CODE=<i>xxxx</i> REASON CODE=<i>yyyy</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the preload for a Fast Path shared virtual storage option (VSO) area, the current structure allocation was not large enough to hold the root addressable area (RAA) portion of the area. IMS issued IXLALTER to increase the structure size. However, the IXLALTER call failed. In the message text, *xxxx* is the IXLALTER return code and *yyyy* is the reason code.

System action

The area stopped. then IMS disconnected from the structure.

Operator response

Increase the INITSIZE for the structure in the CFRM policy, or remove the PRELOAD specification for the area.

Module:
DBFVXAS0

Related reference
[z/OS: IXLALTER return and reason codes](#)

DFS2685I	SDEP DISCREPANCY DURING RESTART AREA <i>xxxxxxx</i> - AREA STOPPED
-----------------	---

Explanation

During an emergency restart, restart log processing found a problem with the log records relating to the sequential dependents of area *xxxxxxx*. Specifically, due to a missing log record, restart log processing was unable to determine the correct buffer for one or more committed SDEP updates.

System action

Area xxxxxxxx is stopped. If the area is registered with DBRC, it is marked as recovery needed.

Programmer response

Use the Database Recovery utility to recover the area.

DFS2686I DDNAME EOF ON OPEN ERROR

Explanation

Program DBFNRS20 found file DDNAME empty. The data set might have been redefined.

System action

The system closes this data set and tries to open the next MSDB data set. Fast Path is made unavailable if all the MSDB data sets fail open or are empty.

Programmer response

Format the empty MSDB data set or copy from a valid MSDB data set.

DFS2687A GETMAIN FAILED, AREA = AREANAME

Explanation

An IMODULE GETMAIN request failed while processing an area connect call from DBFUMRT0.

System action

The utility terminates and this message is issued.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error and rerun the utility.

DFS2688I SDEP SCAN UTILITY FOUND RBA xxxxxxxx INDOUBT

Explanation

The DEDB Sequential Dependent Scan utility found an in-doubt segment in the range of segments requested to be processed.

System action

The utility continues.

Module:
DBFUMSCO, DBFUMMSO

**DFS2689I UTILITY START TIME xxxxxxxx
yyyyyyyy**

Explanation

The sequential dependent utility started processing at time stamp xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy.

System action

The utility starts normally.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMSCO

DFS2690I OPEN FAILED DDNAME=xxxxxxx

Explanation

The DBFD BDZ0 utility was unable to open the indicated data set.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Make the necessary changes, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2691A LOG DATA SET IS INVALID,
TERMINATE. CURRENT CHKPT
ID=xxxxxxx, PROCESSING CHKPT
ID=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- Log data set checkpoint IDs were not in ascending order.
- The main storage database (MSDB) or extended communications node table (ECNT) definition did not match the definition in the MSDBCP1/CP2/DMP data set.

Two checkpoint IDs are printed. If the IDs are the same, then the problem is either a mismatch in the MSDB or ECNT definition, or the checkpoint IDs are out of sequence. The second checkpoint ID is the one in error.

Note: The ECNT definition is the result of the TERMINAL macros in IMS system definition.

System action

The utility terminates with return code 4. The database is not usable.

Programmer response

Make sure that the log data sets are specified in the correct sequence, and that all log data sets are from IMS sessions that have identical MSDB and TERMINAL definitions.

DFS2692I	CKPT/DUMP DATA SET NOT VALID DDNAME=xxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

Checkpoint data was specified for the utility, but neither of the two checkpoint data sets was valid. An IMS startup failure is the probable cause.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

IMS must be restarted to obtain valid checkpoint data sets.

DFS2693I	INVALID DBDNAME SUPPLIED. DBDNAME=xxxxxxx.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DBD name xxxxxxxx was submitted as control input to the utility, but there is no MSDB by this name in the primary input file (checkpoint or dump).

System action

The utility terminates without creating an output file.

Programmer response

Correct the control input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2694I	O/P LRECL INSUFFICIENT TO HOLD RECORD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The logical record length that you specified in the JCL was too small for the utility output data set. The ddname is MSDBINIT.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL, and resubmit the job.

DFS2696I	MSDB NAME EXCEEDS 8 BYTES
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

An MSDB name in a control statement was too long. The statement is printed immediately before this message.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2698I	INVALID CONTINUATION SYNTAX
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The control statement should have a character in column 72 and it contained a blank. Alternatively, the first 15 columns of a continuation statement contained characters and must be blank.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS2699I	LOG END OF FILE BEFORE IMS START CKPT RCD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility scanned the log data set for the start of the IMS checkpoint. An end-of-file condition occurred before the checkpoint was found.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job, using an alternate log.

DFS2700A	MORE THAN 255 MSDBS DEFINED
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The number of possible main storage databases (MSDB) in IMS was exceeded. The maximum number of MSDBs that can be specified is 255.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 1012.

Programmer response

Reduce the number of MSDBs in MSDB member
DBFMSDBn in the IMS PROCLIB

Related information

[IMS abend 1012](#)

Chapter 57. DFS messages, DFS2701W - DFS2750A

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2701W ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING
SHARED VSO AREA PRELOAD**

Explanation

During Fast Path shared Virtual Storage Option (VSO) preload processing, one or more shared VSO areas failed to load.

System action

IMS continues running.

Operator response:

Identify the failing shared VSO areas with error messages and take corrective action. Message DFS2453I or DFS3702I accompanies this message and helps identify the failing shared VSO and the problem.

Module:
DBFVXPLO

Related information

[“DFS2453I” on page 699](#)
PRELOAD PROCESSING xxxxxxxx FOR aaaaaaa
STR1=strname1; STR2=strname2

[“DFS3702I” on page 1055](#)
AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED
REASON CODE=nn message subtext

**DFS2702A GETMAIN FAILED. INSUFFICIENT
STORAGE FOR DMCB/DMAC
AND/OR BHDR BLOCKS.**

Explanation

The IMS control region did not contain sufficient storage to build the temporary DMCB/DMAC or BHDR blocks, or both.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1011.

Programmer response

Increase the IMS control region size.

Related information
[IMS abend 1011](#)

**DFS2703A GETMAIN FAILED. INSUFFICIENT
STORAGE FOR FP CONTROL
BLOCKS.**

Explanation

There was not enough storage to load and build all of the Fast Path control blocks in the CSA or ECSA. For Fast Database Recovery (FDBR) region, the storage shortage is in ECSA only if FPBUFF=ECSA is specified in DFSFDRxx member. Otherwise the storage shortage is in the FDBR region private storage; FPBUFF=LOCAL or FPBUFF was not specified in DFSFDRxx member.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 1011.

Operator response:

(master terminal) After increasing CSA or ECSA, restart IMS. For an FDBR region, increase the region size if you used extended private to allocate FP control blocks. Then restart FDBR.

Programmer response

Consult your MVS system programmer. Increase the CSA or ECSA size as needed. If the abend occurred under FDBR region, the storage shortage might be in ECSA or in FDBR extended private. Verify the optional FPBUFF parameter in the DFSFDRxx member of IMS.PROCLIB. If the FDBR region private storage is the problem, the FDBR REGION size should be increased.

Module:

DBFOLC02, DBFINI21, DBFINI23, DBFINI24,
DBFINI25, DBFINI26, DBFINI27

Related information
[IMS abend 1011](#)

DFS2704A BSIZ NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

There were DEDBs or MSDBs in use, but no data buffer size was specified.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1011.

Programmer response

Update the BSIZ parameter in the IMS procedure or override the parameter at IMS startup time. If neither an MSDB nor a DEDB is in use, no suffix for an MSDB can be defined, and no DBD should be on the IMS ACBLIB for any DEDB.

Related information

[IMS abend 1011](#)

DFS2705A DBBF NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

There are DEDBs or MSDBs in use, but no number is specified for the data buffers.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1011.

Programmer response

Update the DBBF parameter in the IMS procedure or override it at IMS startup time.

Related information

[IMS abend 1011](#)

DFS2705W DBBF NOT SPECIFIED

or

DBBF SPECIFICATION INVALID, DBBF=10 IS ASSUMED

Explanation

You specified a DBBF value less than 10. That value is not suitable for using Fast Path. IMS has changed the DBBF value to 10.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFINI20

DFS2706A MSDB xxxxxxxx {NOT SPECIFIED AT SYSGEN|HAS NO DBD GENERATED IN ACBLIB|NOT DEFINED AS A MSDB AT DBDGEN}.

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- The MSDB name is specified in the DBFMSDBn member, but was not defined in the DATABASE parameter at system definition.
- No ACBGEN is done for the MSDB.
- The name entry specified in DBFMSDB is not defined as an MSDB at DBDGEN.

System action

IMS continues running but the named MSDB is marked as not accessible in the first two cases listed above.

If the named entry is not defined as an MSDB at DBDGEN, the entry is ignored.

Programmer response

Check and correct the IMS system definition or MSDB load determination member DBFMSDBn.

DFS2707W INVALID OTHR VALUE SPECIFIED. SYSDEF VALUE USED.

Explanation

The OTHR parameter was specified, but not as a decimal value from 1 to the value of the MAXPST parameter in the control region procedure.

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

Correct the OTHR value in the IMS procedure.

DFS2708W NUMBER OF DATA BUFFERS EXCEEDED THE MAXIMUM ALLOWED FOR THE SPECIFIED BSIZ. DBBF HAS BEEN ADJUSTED.

Explanation

The DBBF parameter in the IMS startup procedure exceeded the maximum value based upon BSIZ. DBBF is adjusted to the maximum allowed value for the specified BSIZ as specified in the following table:

BSIZ (buffer size)	Maximum number of buffers
512	1,800,000
1,024	1,200,000
2,048	780,000

BSIZ (buffer size)	Maximum number of buffers
4,096	440,000
8,192	230,000
12,288	160,000
16,384	130,000
20,480	100,000
24,576	80,000
28,672	70,000

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

Correct the DBBF value in the IMS procedure.

DFS2709W UNABLE TO INITIALIZE ANY DEDB AS SPECIFIED.

Explanation

Because of previous errors no DEDBs (or MSDBs) were initialized.

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

If DEDBs (or MSDBs) are required, shut down IMS, correct any errors indicated by previous error messages, and restart IMS.

DFS2710W DBFX GREATER THAN DBBF, OR DBFX LESS THAN 10. DBFX=10 IS ASSUMED.

Explanation

The number of data buffers, page fixed at region startup, exceeded the number of data buffers available. Alternatively, the page fixed data buffer was specified as less than 10 and the number of data buffer was greater than 0. The DBFX value is set to 10. In addition, if the number of data buffers available was less than 10, DBBF=10 was assumed.

System action

IMS continues running.

Programmer response

Correct the DBFX parameter in the IMS procedure.

DFS2711A BSIZ VALUE WRONG

Explanation

The BSIZ value specified in the IMS startup procedure is invalid. The data buffer size (BSIZ) must be a multiple of 4 KB unless the BSIZ value is 512, 1024, or 2048. The maximum BSIZ value is 28 672.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 1011.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Restart IMS.

Programmer response

Correct the BSIZ parameter value in the IMS procedure.

Related information

[IMS abend 1011](#)

**DFS2712I MODULE NAME: *module_name*
commentary_from_the_module
ABEND SUBCODE:
hex_subcode register_dump
dump_of_storage_area AREA
NAME: *area_name***

Explanation

This message accompanies abend 1026 and provides debugging data for conditions.

In the message text:

module_name

This field contains the name of the module that detected the problem, and issued the DBFDEBUG request.

commentary_from_the_module

This commentary usually describes the nature of the difficulty.

hex_subcode

If present, this subcode identifies the type of error that caused the program to terminate abnormally. For a description of the subcodes, see the abend information.

register_dump

This memory dump contains the registers of the module that issued the debugging request.

dump_of_storage_area

This memory dump describes the control block related to the logical inconsistency.

area_name

Name of area that was being processed when the abnormal condition was detected.

System action

Processing continues or abend 1026 occurs.

Problem determination

Control blocks in the Fast Path region memory dump are immediately preceded by the appropriate EBCDIC eye catchers. For security reasons, the buffer data does not normally appear in a memory dump. If you want a diagnostic copy of the buffer data printed in the memory dump, use SUPERZAP to reset the flag called MAYBE from its normal value of X'FF' to X'00' in module DBFACDI0.

In addition, problem diagnosis can be done with the register contents and a listing of the module that issued the DBFDEBUG request.

The information for abend 1026 contains more detailed diagnostic information.

Related information

[Abend 1026](#)

DFS2713I **ddname OPEN ERROR**

Explanation

Program DBFDBDP0 was unable to open the DCB for this data set. Possible causes are:

- There is a missing DD statement.
- The JCL is incorrect.
- A hardware error exists.

System action

No MSDB checkpoint or memory dump is created.

Programmer response

Make sure that a DD statement is present and its specifications are correct. If a hardware error is indicated, rerun the job, using a different unit.

DFS2714I **xxxxx TRACKS ALLOCATED FOR
ddname, BUT yyyy REQUIRED**

Explanation

Insufficient direct access storage device space was allocated for this MSDB checkpoint or memory dump data set.

System action

No checkpoint or memory dump is created.

Programmer response

Reallocate the data set, and cold start IMS.

DFS2715I **NO MSDBS FOUND-MSDB DUMP
IGNORED**

Explanation

A memory dump request was entered with a /DBDUMP command but the system had been started with no MSDBs.

System action

The MSDB memory dump is ignored.

DFS2717 **MSDB CHKPT IN PROGRESS,
CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

An MSDB checkpoint from a previously entered command or an automatic system checkpoint is currently in process.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Wait for message DFS2719I to be displayed, and reenter the command.

Related information

[“DFS2719I” on page 765](#)

[MSDB CHECKPOINT WRITTEN TO ddname](#)

DFS2718I **ERRORS IN MSDB CHKPT DATA
SET, NO SYSTEM/MSDB CHKPT
TAKEN**

Explanation

Program DBFDBDP0 found errors in one of the main storage database (MSDB) checkpoint data sets, and no MSDB checkpoint is taken.

System action

No further checkpoint (system and MSDB) is taken except for a shutdown checkpoint, if requested. No MSDB checkpoint are taken as part of the shutdown checkpoint.

Operator response

If a write error occurs in one of the MSDB checkpoint data sets in the initial checkpoint after the IMS restart, and the restart checkpoint is written to the OLDS, the MSDBs cannot be recovered in an emergency restart. If this problem occurs during restart, take action B. Otherwise, you can take either of these actions:

A. Recovery through an emergency restart action:

1. Force termination of IMS by issuing a **MODIFY IMS, STOP** command.
2. Scratch the failing MSDB checkpoint data set, and reallocate a new data set.
3. Copy the valid MSDB checkpoint data set to the newly allocated data set.
4. Emergency restart the system from the last valid system checkpoint.

B. Recovery through a warm start action:

1. Shut down IMS. Message DFS2762A should be expected.
2. Follow the actions documented in message DFS2762A.

Related information

“DFS2762A” on page 773
SYSTEM SHUTDOWN-MSDB RECOVERY
REQUIRED

DFS2719I	MSDB CHECKPOINT WRITTEN TO <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The MSDB checkpoint was written to *ddname*.

DFS2720I	I/O ERROR IN <i>ddname,cc,co,stat,sens,cchhr</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program DBFDBDP0 attempted to write to an MSDB checkpoint and an I/O error occurred. The following information is given in the message text:

Field

Contents

cc

The ECB completion code

co

The command code of the CCW where the error occurred

stat

Status information

sens

Sense bytes

cchhr

The disk address where the error occurred

Message DFS2718I is also issued.

System action

The MSDB checkpoint is stopped.

Programmer response

Shut down IMS and emergency restart the system from the last valid system checkpoint.

Related information

DFS2718I
ERRORS IN MSDB CHKPT DATA SET, NO
SYSTEM/MSDB CHKPT TAKEN

DFS2721I	MSDBS SUCCESSFULLY DUMPED
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

This message verifies that the MSDBs were dumped successfully.

DFS2722I	ERROR IN MSDB DUMP-NO DUMP TAKEN
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program DBFDBDP0 discovered an error in the MSDB memory dump.

System action

The memory dump is terminated and no further memory dump is created.

Programmer response

Try a different unit or copy the data set to another direct access storage device.

If the new active IMS system receives this message in an XRF environment, the operator might not have entered the 'MD' option for the FORMAT keyword in the **/ERE** command for the IMS alternate system.

DFS2723I	UNABLE TO OPEN DD=LOGTAPE. ANALYSIS TERMINATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A permanent I/O error might have occurred while opening the input log data set, which resides on tape or DASD.

System action

The IMS Fast Path Log Analysis utility, DBFULTA0, terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that the LOGTAPE ddname is allocated properly.

DFS2724I	MORE THAN 100 TRANSACTION CODES SPECIFIED FOR EXCEPTIONAL TRANSIT TIME. EXCESS IGNORED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

More than 100 statements were read from the SYSIN data set specifying exceptional transit times for transaction codes. A maximum of 100 specification statements is permitted.

System action

Execution continues and the excessive transit-time specifications are ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the excessive transit-time specification statements from the SYSIN data set, and resubmit the job.

DFS2725I	UNABLE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL VIRTUAL STORAGE. ANALYSIS TERMINATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

More virtual storage than was available was required for the job.

System action

Module DBFULTA0 terminates prematurely, presenting any summary reports prepared to the time of the failure.

Programmer response

Allocate more virtual storage space, and resubmit the job.

DFS2726I	PARAMETER CARD FORMAT INCORRECT, VALUE NOT USED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The format of a parameter statement in the SYSIN data is incorrect.

System action

The statement is skipped, the data is not used, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the format of the parameter statement and resubmit the job. See the description of the formats to be used for module DBFULTA0.

Related reference

[Fast Path Log Analysis utility \(DBFULTA0\)](#)
([System Utilities](#))

DFS2727I	LOG BUFFER CONTROL RECORD NOT FOUND ON INPUT LOG. ANALYSIS TERMINATED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Fast Path Log Analysis utility, DBFULTA0, was unable to find the IMS log buffer control record on the data set specified by LOGTAPE ddname.

System action

Execution terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that the LOGTAPE ddname is correctly allocated.

DFS2728I	UNABLE TO OPEN DD=SYSUT1(2). ANALYSIS TERMINATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A data definition statement with the ddname SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 was included in the JCL, but either or both data sets could not be successfully opened.

System action

Execution terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that ddname SYSUT1(2) is allocated properly.

DFS2729I PERMANENT I/O ERROR READING LOG DATA SET. ANALYSIS TERMINATED.

Explanation

Module DBFULTA0 attempted to read a log record, and the access method returned control to the SYNAD address specified in the log data set DCB, indicating an uncorrectable I/O error on the log data set.

System action

Analysis is terminated prematurely with presentation of the results accumulated up to the point of the error.

Problem determination

Check the accompanying IEA or IEC messages for details.

DFS2730A UNABLE TO LOAD FP INPUT ROUTING EXIT: DBFHAGUO

Explanation

During IMS system initialization, Fast Path initialization was unable to load DBFHAGU0, the required Fast Path input routing exit.

System action

After issuing this message, IMS Fast Path initialization terminates with the user abend 1011.

System programmer response

- 1. Make sure that the default or customer written version of DBFHAGU0 is in the IMS.SDFSRESL STEPLIB concatenation.
- 2. Restart IMS.

Related information
[IMS abend 1011](#)

DFS2732E SVSO CASTOUT PROCESS FAILED DUE TO TIMEOUT. AREA=xxxxxxx

Explanation

This message is generated when the CASTOUT for an SVSO area has timed out. The maximum number of retries has been exhausted.

System action

Area xxxxxxxx is stopped and marked as recovery needed.

System programmer response

Use the Database Recovery utility to recover the area.

Module:
DBFVXOC0

DFS2731I MSDB xxxxxxxxxx STARTED

Explanation

This information message alerts you that MSDB xxxxxxxxxx started, where xxxxxxxxxx is either CHECKPOINT or DUMP.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDBDPO

DFS2733I OPEN FAILED. DDNAME=xxxxxxx

Explanation

There was a faulty DD statement, or a DD statement was missing.

System action

Processing continues. However, abnormal termination is likely if an attempt is made to read or write the data set.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS2735A MORE THAN ONE RUN CARD

Explanation

More than one run card was supplied, and only one card is valid.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 continues processing until message DFS2740A appears.

Programmer response

Remove the extra run cards, and resubmit the job.

Related information
[“DFS2740A” on page 768](#)

DFS2736A INVALID ACTION CARD

Explanation

There was a syntax error in the listed statement.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 continues processing until message DFS2740A appears.

Programmer response

Correct the statement, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[“DFS2740A” on page 768](#)
ERRORS IN CONTROL FILE. TERMINATE

DFS2737A NO RUN CARD

Explanation

No run card was supplied.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 continues processing until message DFS2740A appears.

Programmer response

Insert a run card, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[“DFS2740A” on page 768](#)
ERRORS IN CONTROL FILE. TERMINATE

DFS2738A NO ACTION CARDS

Explanation

Program DBFDBMA0 requires at least one action card, and none was supplied.

System action

The program continues processing until message DFS2740A appears.

Programmer response

Supply one action statement for each MSDB, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[“DFS2740A” on page 768](#)

DFS2739A DUPLICATE ACTION CARDS

Explanation

Duplicate action card were supplied; however, only one is allowed for each MSDB.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 continues processing until message DFS2740A appears.

Programmer response

Correct the file, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[“DFS2740A” on page 768](#)
ERRORS IN CONTROL FILE. TERMINATE

**DFS2740A ERRORS IN CONTROL FILE.
TERMINATE**

Explanation

This message is always preceded by one or more detailed messages.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the errors in the control file. Resubmit the job.

DFS2741A CHANGE RECORD SYNTAX ERROR

Explanation

There was a syntax error in the last-listed record of the statement image change file.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the change file, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2742A CHANGE RECORD DATA INVALID
OR TOO LONG**

Explanation

The specified change record contained invalid data.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2743I	READING THE OLCSTAT MDA MEMBER
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

An OLCSTAT DD statement was coded in the batch JCL; however, the system cannot access the data set. An attempt was being made to read the MDA member if one exists.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSBIND0

DFS2744E	MESSAGE(S) MAY HAVE BEEN LOST DURING IMS/CQS RESYNC
-----------------	--

Explanation

During checkpoint or IMS/CQS Resync process, one or more CQSPUTs were not performed. IMS was either not able to determine the status of the CQSPUT (a prior CQSPUT might not have been successful), or an error occurred during the rebuild of a message for the CQSPUT. One type 67D00F diagnostic record is logged per unresolved CQSPUT. This is an IMS internal error. Contact IBM Software Support as indicated in the programmer response.

System action

The CQSPUT was not performed and the message was cleaned up locally.

Programmer response

Pull all type 67D0 and 3F log records from IMS log for the system on which the IMS message was received by using the utility DFSERA10 with option EXITR=DFSERA30. Save all the IMS logs; then call IBM Software Support to report the problem.

Problem determination

Check type 67D00F diagnostic records to determine the status of the CQSPUT. The header of the 67D00F record should contain the function and description of the error.

Module:
DFSQURS0

DFS2745A	MSDB TO BE INSERTED ALREADY EXISTS. DBD=name
-----------------	---

Explanation

The action statement called for an MSDB to be inserted, but the previous load-image file contained an MSDB with the same name. The intended action might have been to replace the MSDB.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2746A	MSDB TO BE DELETED REPLACED OR MODIFIED DOES NOT EXIST. DBD=name
-----------------	---

Explanation

The action statement specified DELETE, REPLACE, or MODIFY but there was no such MSDB on the prior load-image file of MSDBs. The intended action might have been to insert the MSDB.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input and resubmit the job.

DFS2747A	ERRORS DETECTED IN CHANGE FILE. TERMINATE
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is always preceded by one or more detailed messages.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the errors in the change file, and resubmit the job.

DFS2748A NO CHANGE RECORDS DBD=*name*

Explanation

The action statement indicated the action INSERT or REPLACE, but there were no change records supplying the segment data for the database named in the message.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Change records must be supplied in sequence by main storage database (MSDB). Within each MSDB, change records must be supplied by key. Correct the input, then resubmit the job.

**DFS2749A NO CHANGE RECORDS FOR
MODIFY. DBD=*name***

Explanation

The action statement specified MODIFY, but no change records were supplied for this MSDB.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2750A ATTEMPT TO MODIFY
NONEXISTENT MSDB. DBD=*name*.**

Explanation

A MODIFY change record specified a key that does not exist in the prior load-image copy of MSDBs.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

Chapter 58. DFS messages, DFS2751A - DFS2800I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2751A NO ACTION CARD. DBD=*name*

Explanation

A change record was provided for the named MSDB, but the associated ACTION statement was missing.

System action

Processing continues until message DFS2747A is issued; then the MSDB Maintenance utility terminates.

Programmer response

Provide an ACTION statement for the MSDB and resubmit the job.

Related information

“DFS2747A” on page 769
ERRORS DETECTED IN CHANGE FILE.
TERMINATE

DFS2752A UNKNOWN FIELD NAME.

Explanation

The last-listed card image change file statement contained an unknown field name.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2753I nnnn MSDBS COPIED

Explanation

This summary message shows the count of MSDBs has been copied intact from the load-image data sets MSDBINIT(0) to MSDBINIT(+1).

DFS2754I nnnn MSDBS REPLACED

Explanation

This summary message shows the count of the MSDBs that were replaced.

DFS2755I nnnn MSDBS DELETED

Explanation

This summary message shows the count of the MSDBs that were deleted.

DFS2756I nnnn MSDBS MODIFIED

Explanation

This summary message shows the count of the MSDBs that were modified.

**DFS2757E QUEUE MANAGER DETECTED
AN ERROR - UOWID:
SSSSSSSSTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT**

Explanation

An IMS internal error was encountered by Queue Manager. One or more type 67D0 diagnostic records were logged. This error message is used when possible in place of the Queue Manager abend 0757.

In the message text:

SSSSSSSS

SMQ NAME of originating IMS

TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT

Represents the 8 hex bytes of the originating UOW token.

System action

Queue Manager performs the appropriate cleanup and continues processing.

Programmer response

Pull all type 67D0 log records from IMS Log for the system that the IMS message was received on by using the IMS utility DFSERA10 with option EXITR=DFSERA30. Save all IMS logs, then call IBM Software Support to report the problem.

Problem determination

Type 67D00A diagnostic records with matching UOW token from the message describe the error condition and contain diagnostic information.

DFS2758I STARTING QFIX PROCESSING

:

QFIX - PROCESSING cccc

or

QFIX - PROCESSING cccc. QFIX ddd.d% COMPLETED.

Explanation

This message provides information about current processing status of QFIX.

In the message text:

cccc

The current block type. The block types are processed in the following order:

SMB
CNT
APPC
OTMA
RRE
MSC
CCB
BITMAP

ddd.d

The percentage of the message queue records that have been processed since the start of QFIX. The QFIX ddd.d% COMPLETED. version is generated with all the cccc types except BITMAP.

System action

A message is generated at the start of QFIX. Additional messages are generated approximately every 10 minutes. These messages note the current block type that QFIX is processing and the percentage of the message queue records processed so far.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS2759I INVALID SYNTAX. DBN= EXPECTED

Explanation

The MSDB DUMP/RECOVERY utility processed a control statement which contained a value other than DBN=.

System action

Program DBFDBDR0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2760I INVALID SYNTAX. BLANK FOLLOWING DBN=(

Explanation

The first character in the list of MSDB names supplied in the control file was a blank. It must be an alphabetic character.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS2761W ERROR IN MSDB CHKPT - NO IMS CHKPT TAKEN - SHUT DOWN SYSTEM

Explanation

Program DBFDBDP0 found an error in a main storage database (MSDB) checkpoint data set and no MSDB checkpoint was taken. The system must be shut down to recover.

System action

No system or MSDB checkpoint is taken, except for any shutdown checkpoint that you requested. An MSDB checkpoint is not taken as part of the shutdown checkpoint.

Operator response

(master terminal) If a write error occurs in an MSDB checkpoint data set during the initial checkpoint after the IMS restart, and the restart checkpoint is written to the OLDS, perform a warm start recovery. Otherwise, perform either a warm start recovery or an emergency restart recovery.

Warm start recovery:

1. Shut down IMS.
2. Message DFS2762A is issued. Follow the actions documented in message DFS2762A.

Emergency restart recovery:

1. Force termination of IMS by issuing a **MODIFY IMS, STOP** command.
2. Scratch the failing MSDB checkpoint data set, and reallocate a new data set.

3. Copy the valid MSDB checkpoint data set to the newly allocated data set.
4. Emergency restart the system from the last valid system checkpoint.

Related information

[“DFS2762A” on page 773](#)

SYSTEM SHUTDOWN-MSDB RECOVERY REQUIRED

**DFS2762A SYSTEM SHUTDOWN-MSDB
RECOVERY REQUIRED**

Explanation

The master terminal operator requested a shutdown of IMS after message DFS2718I or DFS2761W was issued.

System action

A shutdown checkpoint is taken without taking an MSDB checkpoint.

Operator response (master terminal)

1. Run the Log Archive utility (DFSUARC0).
2. Run the MSDB DUMP RECOVERY utility (DBFDBDR0) to recover the MSDBs from the valid MSDB checkpoint data set and the SLDSs containing MSDB changes since the last valid system checkpoint.
3. Discard the failing MSDB checkpoint data set, and reallocate a new data set.
4. Warm start IMS with the MSDBLOAD keyword.

Related information

[“DFS2718I” on page 764](#)

ERRORS IN MSDB CHKPT DATA SET, NO
SYSTEM/MSDB CHKPT TAKEN

[“DFS2761W” on page 772](#)

ERROR IN MSDB CHKPT - NO IMS CHKPT
TAKEN - SHUT DOWN SYSTEM

**DFS2763I REQUIRED CHECKPOINT RECORD
NOT FOUND ON LOG**

Explanation

The Fast Path restart modules read the control records from the MSDB checkpoint data set to determine from which checkpoint to restart the MSDB, but the selected checkpoint was not found on the IMS log.

System action

IMS continues without Fast Path.

Programmer response

Select a checkpoint from which to restart that matches, or is prior to, one of the checkpoints on the MSDB data set, and specify all log data sets up to the latest checkpoint.

**DFS2764W MSDB ARITHMETIC OVERFLOW
MSDB=xxxxxxxx FIELD=xxxxxxxx
KEY=xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

Arithmetic overflow occurred in the database indicated in the message text.

System action

The input message is reprocessed so that the overflow will be detected at call time.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Contact the IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the database generation to allow a appropriate field size for the segment type.

**DFS2765W OUT OF SPACE IN
DATA SET DATABASE=xxxxxxxx
AREA=yyyyyyyy ss RM: tttt**

Explanation

Message DFS2765W is issued for several reasons. As indicated in the message text, the most common reason is that a DEDB sequential dependent area is full and cannot accept additional sequential dependents. However, other reasons are possible, such as the area being stopped or not open, a lock fail, or an incorrect DEDB area control list (DMAC) suffix RBA. To identify the reason, review the DL/I call status code (ss).

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

The DEDB containing the area which ran out of space.

yyyyyyyy

The area that ran out of space.

ss

The DL/I call status code. To learn more about these codes, see [DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#).

tttt

The type of DL/I status call that was issued. The valid types for this message are:

ISRT

The message was issued by module DBFMSRT0 when attempting to pre-allocate SDEP CIs for SDEP insert activity.

SDEP

The message was issued by module DBFSYN10 when processing SDEPs during sync point.

To learn more about sequential dependent space management, see [Database administration](#).

System action

The input message is reprocessed so that the condition will be detected at call time.

Operator response

Contact the IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Determine which data is no longer required in the database and run the Delete utility to reclaim usable space for the online system.

Module:

DBFMSRT0, DBFSYN10

Related reference

[DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS2766I PROCESS FAILED

Explanation

The application program has abnormally terminated. This general message is accompanied by one of a number of messages to the master terminal detailing the reason for the failure.

System action

The input message is discarded.

Operator response:

Contact the IMS database administrator or the system programmer, or both.

DFS2767I AREA=xxxxxxx DEDB AREA FULL

Explanation

The space management module could not find adequate space in the root portion of the area for an ISRT request.

Note: This message is sent to the Master Terminal operator.

System action

For an IFP or MPP, the transaction requesting the ISRT is canceled, the dependent region from which the request originated is brought down, and if the threshold value has not been reached, the dependent region is brought back up. If the region is a BMP, it completes normally but receives a STATUSFS for the ISRT call.

DFS2768W FAST PATH RESTART ERROR-FP UNAVAILABLE

Explanation

Module DBFNRS0 detected an error during Fast Path restart.

System action

IMS continues without Fast Path.

Programmer response

Cold start the system after all of the IMS queues are processed and all of the messages are sent to their destination.

DFS2769I INVALID SYNTAX. DELIMITER EXPECTED BEFORE 72

Explanation

The utility was scanning the control file for a blank or comma, indicating the end of an MSDB name. Column 72 was reached before the delimiter was found.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS2770I FAST PATH DBD dbdname IGNORED

Explanation

Initialization for database backout found a Fast Path DBD. All Fast Path DBDs are ignored.

System action

Processing continues and bypasses the Fast Path DBDs.

**DFS2771 APDB KEYWORD HAS INVALID
 PARAMETER**

Explanation

You entered an invalid parameter for this keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command and keyword using valid parameters.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSICLN4

**DFS2772 REGION KEYWORD HAS INVALID
 PARAMETER**

Explanation

You entered an invalid parameter for this keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command and keyword using valid parameters.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSICLN4

**DFS2773 INTERVAL KEYWORD HAS
 INVALID PARAMETER**

Explanation

You entered an invalid parameter for this keyword.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command and keyword using valid parameters.

Module:

DFSICL30, DFSICLN4

**DFS2779I INVALID MSDB (or DEDB)
 APPLICATION CONTROL BLOCKS-
 xxxxxxx WERE FOUND IN ACBLIB**

Explanation

The named Fast Path MSDB or DEDB application control block in ACBLIB is incompatible with the current level of the system. The block is not usable until it is brought up to current level.

System action

IMS continues running and the named MSDB or DEDB is marked as not accessible.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Notify system programmer.

Programmer response:

Rerun ACBGEN with a BUILD DBD=xxxxxxx control statement.

**DFS2780A CONFLICT WITH PRIOR DATA=
 KEYWORD.**

Explanation

The card image change file contained DATA= without a prior associated FIELD=, and following another DATA= for the same key.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2781A DATA= KEYWORD EXPECTED.

Explanation

The FIELD= keyword was not followed by DATA= keyword, or KEY= was not followed by DATA=.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2782A INCORRECT DATA LENGTH

Explanation

The DATA= keyword was followed by a character string inconsistent with the DBD-specified field or segment length.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2783A	UNABLE TO DELETE FAILED- PERSISTENT CONNECTION TO STR: <i>Structure_Name</i> REASON=xxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

After IMS processes a **/VUNLOAD** command, DBFXVUN0 issues an IXLFORCE macro call to delete the failed persistent connection to the Shared VSO structure. This message is issued when the IXLFORCE call fails with a return code that is greater than 4.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine if the failed persistent connection exists and delete it manually.

Module:
DBFXVUN0

DFS2785A	INVALID CONTINUATION CARD
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

A continuation statement contained a nonblank character in the first 15 columns.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2786A	DBDNAME=xxxxxxxx NOT IN ACBLIB
-----------------	---

Explanation

An action statement specified a DBD name not known to the system.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2787A	I/O ERROR IN BLDL. ACBLIB
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

Program DBFDBMA0 attempted to process the BLDL macro against the ACBLIB and an I/O error occurred.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Restore or rebuild the ACBLIB, and resubmit the job.

DFS2788I	nnnn MSDBS INSERTED
-----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

This summary message contains the count of MSDBs that were inserted.

System action

Execution continues.

DFS2789A	CHANGE FILE SEQUENCE ERROR
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

A DBD name in one of the change files, or a key within a DBD was out of sequence.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2790A	SAME RECORD APPEARS IN BOTH CHANGE DATA SETS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Both change data sets contained the same key for the same MSDB.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2791A INVALID HEX DATA

Explanation

The DATA= keyword contained invalid hexadecimal data.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2792A KEY= KEYWORD EXPECTED
AFTER DBN=**

Explanation

The card change data set contained a DBN= keyword which was not immediately followed by a KEY= keyword.

System action

Program DBFDBMA0 terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

**DFS2793I NEW STARTUP PROC MEMBER.
NAME=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

This message is the header for a list of the new STARTUP PROCEDURE MEMBER entries. It is for information only.

**DFS2794I MSDB DUMP/RECOV UTIL NORMAL
TERMINATION**

Explanation

This message confirms that the utility was successful.

System action

The utility terminates normally.

**DFS2795I WRONG LOG VOLUME WAS
MOUNTED. TERMINATE. CKPT
REQUIRED=xxxxxxx, FIRST ID
FOUND=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

The first checkpoint identification on the log data set mounted was later than the required checkpoint.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job with the previous log data set and all later data sets.

**DFS2796I REQUIRED CKPT ID=xxxxxxx,
NOT IN LOG**

Explanation

An end-of-file condition occurred before the required checkpoint was found.

System action

The utility terminates, and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job, using an alternate log data set.

DFS2797I NO APPLICABLE UPDATES IN LOG

Explanation

No MSDB updates were performed since the checkpoint that the utility was restored from.

System action

Normal utility processing continues.

DFS2798I MSDBINIT DATA SET IS EMPTY

Explanation

The primary output from the MSDB memory dump recovery utility is a new MSDBINIT data set. This data set is used for loading the MSDBs during a cold start or a warm start with MSDBLOAD option. The new MSDBINIT data set does not contain any MSDB records.

System action

The utility terminates normally.

Programmer response

Verify that the MSDBINIT data set is empty.

DFS2799I **INVAL OPER. MUST BE UNLOAD,
UNLOADCP, RECOVERY, OR
RECOVCP**

Explanation

The first word in the control data set was not UNLOAD, UNLOADCP, RECOVERY, or RECOVCP.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS2800I ****CHANGE ACCUMULATION FOR
DATA BASE *dbname* DCB NAME/
NUMBER [*ddname*] *n***

Explanation

Database change records have been accumulated for the database data set. DCB name is only displayed if accumulation was done by database data set. *n* indicates the data set number as follows:

- 1** The prime data set
- 2** The overflow data set
- 0** The VSAM sequence set for KSDS

The value *n* is the relative number of the data set group corresponding to *ddname*. If *n*=0, the data set is the index of a VSAM KSDS. *n*=0 records are used only for the Track Recovery option of database recovery.

Chapter 59. DFS messages, DFS2801A - DFS2850E

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2801A **ERROR RETURN CODE *nn* IN
RESPONSE TO A DL/I REQUEST
dd ON DDNAME *ddname* FOR
FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

The issuing program attempted to read from or write to the database data set. The PST DSECT return codes are found in labels PSTFNCTN and PSTRTCODE. See the IMS return code and function code information for the meaning of the PST DSECT return codes.

Programmer response

Correct the problem, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 36

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2802A **ERROR FEEDBACK = *nnnnnn* IN
RESPONSE TO A VSAM (PUT|
GET|VERIFY|POINT) REQUEST ON
DDNAME *ddname* FOR FUNCTION
(IM|RV), R15=*xx***

Explanation

An error occurred when the issuing program attempted to read from or write to the database data set. The VSAM request in support of the IMS function (IM for image copy and RV for recovery) is supplied in the message text.

Programmer response

Correct the problem, and resubmit the job.

Related reference

[z/OS: VSAM macro return and reason codes](#)

DFS2803I **RECORD COUNT=*nnnnnnnnnn*
FOR DDNAME *ddname* [NET**

**DECREASE|NET INCREASE|ERLG
RECORDS]**

Explanation

The record count indicates the number of logical records processed for the specified data set or area. After processing all input logs or Change Accumulation data sets, the Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) indicates the net increase or decrease in size of the KSDS data sets since the last image copy.

The Change Accumulation utility (DFSUCMN0) indicates the total number of IMS I/O error log records (ERLG records) found for the named data set.

Database Image Copy utility (DFSUDMP0) indicates AREA instead of DDNAME when it processes a DEDB.

DFS2804A **HEADER RECORD ON DDNAME
ddname IS NOT CONSISTENT
WITH *cccc* FOR FUNCTION *ff***

Explanation

The header record of the input data set contains data-base-organization, creation-date-time, and purge-date-time information.

This information might be inconsistent between change data (Change Accum or logs) and dump data set, or change data header does not agree with the DBPCB, or the memory dump data set header does not agree with the DBPCB.

Programmer response

An examination of the header record might indicate the corrective action necessary. The memory dump might not be current or was created with an invalid purge time specified, and must be re-created.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2805A **RECORD RBN *nnnnnnnnnn* IS
INVALID**

Explanation

An RBN greater than the EOF plus one block has been encountered. While executing, recovery tracks the current EOF. This current EOF is the last block written. Each image copy, change accumulation, or log record is matched to the EOF. The input record can never exceed the EOF plus one block unless blocks are being skipped, which is not allowed.

A second situation, causing this message, is performing a HISAM unload but not a reload, and using the unload file and subsequent log data sets as input to recovery.

A third situation can cause this message. If the data set has an embedded EOF, image copy stops when the first EOF is encountered. Records could exist on the log data set for database records residing between the two EOFs. This is most likely caused by executing two IMS control regions simultaneously against the same database. Failure to scratch and reallocate the data sets during a recovery or reorganization could cause the embedded EOF.

Programmer response

Ensure that all supplied input is correct.

Check for missing log data sets. This is the most common cause for this message. Supply any missing log data sets to a change accumulation or log input to recovery.

If the second situation occurs, supply a previous unload or image copy and log data sets produced since that time.

If the third situation occurs, notify system programming for a resolution. There is no recommended solution to this problem.

When all input is checked, resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 17g, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2806A	SYSIN CONTROL CARD NOT SUPPLIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A control statement is required, but none was available from the SYSIN data set. If this message was issued from the Database Image Copy 2 utility, it might

indicate that a group statement was not followed by at least one DBDS Select statement.

Programmer response

Include at least one control statement and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSUDMP0, DFSUDMT0

DFS2807I	PURGE DATE-TIME SPECIFIED=timestamp
-----------------	--

Explanation

The date and time specified on the SYSIN control statement is repeated here.

DFS2808I	RECOVER TRACK CCHH=cccchhhh, VOLSER=volser
-----------------	---

Explanation

The track recovery option of the Database Data Set Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) was started for the designated tracks.

DFS2809I	ATLAS CALL RC=rc FOR TRACK CCHH=cccchhhh, VOLSER=volser
-----------------	--

Explanation

See *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP* (SC26-4506) for the meaning of ATLAS return codes.

DFS2810I	TRACK UPDATE WAS UNSUCCESSFUL FOR CI RBA=aaaaaaaa, CCHH=cccchhhh, VOLSER=volser-REASON r(f)
-----------------	--

Explanation

The track recovery option of the Database Data Set Recovery utility was unsuccessful for the reasons listed below:

Code (hex)

Meaning

44

The CCHHR in ERLG is not in the data space extents.

48

The RBA in ERLG is not in the target data set extents.

4C

An error return code was received from ATLAS.

- 50** An error return code was received from VSAM after a GET/GETIY request (f indicates VSAM feedback).
- 54** An error return code was received from VSAM after a PUT/PUTIY request (f indicates VSAM feedback).
- 58** The CI RBA=00 was not updated since HISAM unload was used as input to recover an ISDS.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If possible, correct the problem and rerun track recovery. If the problem cannot be corrected, the entire data set must be recovered.

DFS2811A TRACK RECOVERY TERMINATED ABNORMALLY, REASON *r(f)*

Explanation

In the message, *r* indicates the reason code and (*f*), if present, is the VSAM feedback code. The values of the reason codes and their meanings are as follows:

Code (hex)	Meaning
-------------------	----------------

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| 04 | Unable to open ACB for target data set. See message IEC161I to determine cause of error. |
| 08 | Error detected while reading VSAM index. (f) is the VSAM feedback code. |
| 0C | Control interval RBA in type X'24' error log record not found in VSAM index. |
| 14 | Invalid request. Parameter list passed during track recovery call had unidentified request value. |
| 18 | Record passed by caller did not fit in control interval. |
| 1C | No volumes mounted for target data set. |
| 20 | Unable to open DCB for Data Space. |

System action

The program is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

If error is correctable, correct it and rerun the job. If error cannot be corrected, recover the database. If reason codes X'14' or X'18' occur, rerun the job with an ABEND control statement.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2812I	IMAGE COPY INPUT CREATED BY ONLINE IMAGE COPY FOR FUNCTION RV
-----------------	--

Explanation

The image copy data set used as input to the Recovery utility was created by the Online Image Copy utility.

DFS2813I	nnnnnnnn RECORDS WITH DATE-TIME,SEQUENCE NUMBER yydddhmmss; seqno WERE IGNORED ON DDNAME dddddddd
-----------------	--

Explanation

If DDNAME=DFSUCUM, then change accumulation records with a date-time less than the image copy date-time were ignored; if DDNAME=DFSULOG, then log records with a date-time less than the image copy date-time or the date-time, sequence number of the highest change accumulation record were ignored.

System action

The Recovery utility completes and a warning error code is returned.

Programmer response

Examine input to recovery to determine why the message was issued. If an image copy was taken during (in the middle of) online system operation, then records are expected to be dropped during recovery. Otherwise, this message probably indicates a user error. Correct the input, and resubmit the job.

DFS2814A	TRACK RECOVERY REQUESTED BUT NOT POSSIBLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input change accumulation data set does not contain the error log records required for track recovery, therefore, track recovery is not possible.

System action

The job step terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Ensure that the change accumulation input is the correct accumulation for the log data sets that contain the error log records for the database data set being recovered. If change accumulation has not been run, then it must be run. Make the necessary corrections, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination

Rerun the job and make the first control statement an ABEND control statement. Supply a SYSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

Also, submit a copy of the change accumulation data set and a copy of the logs used to create the change accumulation data set.

DFS2815A VSAM KSDS NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

A concurrent image copy of a VSAM KSDS cannot be created.

System action

The Image Copy utility terminates this image copy and reads the next control statement.

Programmer response

Rerun the Image Copy utility without specifying CIC in the EXEC statement PARM= field. This image copy must run only against databases that are offline, deallocated from any other address space or job, or both.

DFS2816A ISAM ACCESS METHOD NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

An image copy of an ISAM data set cannot be created.

System action

The Image Copy utility terminates this image copy and reads the next control statement.

Programmer response

See *IMS Version 15.5 System Definition*.

DFS2817A CIC ATTEMPTED WITHOUT DBRC

Explanation

A concurrent image copy cannot be created without using DBRC.

System action

The Image Copy utility terminates without performing any actions; it requires DBRC.

Programmer response

Rerun the Image Copy utility with DBRC or without specifying CIC in the EXEC statement PARM= field.

**DFS2818I UPDATES MADE USING PSB
psbname TO UPDATE DATABASE
dbname ARE IN DOUBT
THE UNIT OF RECOVERY
FOR RECOVERY TOKEN
aaaaaaaaxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx IS IN
DOUBT**

Explanation

For the first part of the message, some Recovery Tokens in the log were in doubt during execution of the Database Recovery utility. The following list is the 16-byte recovery token in printable format:

aaaaaaaa

8-byte character part of the recovery token.

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

8-byte hexadecimal part of the recovery token.

The Fast Path unit of recovery was not resolved during this run of the Database Recovery utility.

For the second form of the message, the *psbname* is the name of the PSB associated with a specific recovery token. The *dbname* is the DBD name of all the databases updated by the PSB for a recovery token.

A list containing multiple occurrences of the second part of the message might be issued. This list can contain several UOR tokens that are not involved in the Database Recovery process, but are generated because the input log is incomplete, as far as these tokens are concerned.

System action

The Database Recovery utility completes with a return code of 4.

Programmer response

This message can be ignored if it is issued for a database that is not being recovered. Otherwise, in-doubt data should be resolved as soon as possible.

DFS2819A	AREA <i>areaname</i> CONNECT TO STR: <i>strname</i> FAILED. DUPLICATE STRUCTURE NAME FOUND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An identical structure name for the VSO area was already defined in the coupling facility.

System action

The OPEN process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Specify a unique structure name for the area.

Module:
DBFVSOP0

DFS2821I	PRELOAD COMPLETED FOR ALL SHARED VSO AREAS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The preload process for all shared VSO areas has completed.

System action

None.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFVXPLO

DFS2822I	AREA <i>areaname</i> CONNECT TO STR: <i>strname</i> SUCCESSFUL
-----------------	---

Explanation

Area *areaname* was successfully connected to cache structure *strname*.

Module:
DBFVXCS0

DFS2823I	AREA <i>areaname</i> DISCONNECT FROM STR: <i>strname</i> SUCCESSFUL
-----------------	--

Explanation

Area *areaname* was successfully disconnected from cache structure *strname*.

Module:
DBFVXCS0

DFS2824A	AREA <i>areaname</i> CONNECT TO STR: <i>strname</i> FAILED. 4K BLKS REQUIRED=<i>xxxxxx</i>, ALLOCATED=<i>yyyyyy</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The actual cache structure size created was less than the actual structure size required. The required size, indicated by *xxxx*, and the allocated size, indicated by *yyyy*, are displayed in hexadecimal.

System action

The open process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Designate a new coupling facility or specify the structure size correctly. The formula to determine the structure size can be found in *PR/SM Planning Guide*, (GA22-7236), or (GA22-7123).

DFS2825A	AREA <i>areaname</i> CONNECT TO STR: <i>strname</i> FAILED. VECTOR LENGTH REQUESTED=<i>xxxxxx</i>, ALLOCATED=<i>yyyyyy</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The actual vector length created was less than the requested length.

System action

The open process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

DFS2826A	AREA <i>areaname</i> CONNECT TO STR: <i>strname</i> FAILED. INTERNAL PARAMETER ERROR. XES RC=<i>xxxx</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A z/OS cross-system extended services (XES) internal error occurred. The XES return code is *xxxx*.

System action

The open process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

DFS2827A **AREA areaname CONNECT TO STR: *strname* FAILED. INTERNAL XES ERROR. CONDIAG0=xxxxxxx, CONDIAG1=yyyyyyyy, CONDIAG2=zzzzzzzz.**

Explanation

An internal z/OS cross-system extended services (XES) error occurred. The message provides XES diagnostic information.

System action

The open process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DBFVXCS0

DFS2828A **AREA areaname DISCONNECT FROM STR: *strname* FAILED. INTERNAL XES ERROR. XES RC=xxxx.**

Explanation

An internal z/OS cross-system extended services (XES) error occurred. The XES return code is xxxx. The XES return and reason codes are documented in the IXLDISC macro.

System action

The area is stopped

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module

DBFVXCS0

Related reference

[z/OS: IXLDISC return and reason codes](#)

DFS2829I **AREA areaname CONNECT TO CF FAILED; INCONSISTENT STRUCTURE SIZES**

Explanation

An area is defined with the VSO, NOPRELOAD options. Dual structures are defined. The structure sizes must be the same to prevent inconsistencies between the two structures.

System action

The open process for the area fails.

System programmer response

Allocate the two structures with the same size.

Module:
DBFVXCS0

DFS2830I **CF READERROR, RBA rrrrrrrr, AREA areaname,STR *strname* RC=xxxxxxx RSN=yyyyyyyy**

or

CF WRITEERROR, RBA rrrrrrrr, AREA areaname,STR *strname* RC=xxxxxxx RSN=yyyyyyyy

Explanation

The read or write of the control interval (CI) to the coupling facility failed. An internal z/OS cross-system extended services (XES) error occurred. The return and reason codes provide XES diagnostic information. These return and reason codes are documented in the IXLCACHE macro.

System action

Fast Path continues processing the area from DASD, if a single cache structure is defined, or from the other structure, if multiple structures are defined.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DBFVSOW0, DBFMSRB0

Related reference

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the IXLCACHE macro \(for read\)](#)

z/OS: Return and reason codes for the
IXLCACHE macro (for write)

DFS2831I	POOLNAME XXXXXXXX; BUFFER SHORTAGE. POOL EXPANDED BEYOND MAX
-----------------	---

Explanation

A buffer pool, indicated by XXXXXXXX, is experiencing a buffer shortage. The buffer pool will be expanded beyond the specified limit by the secondary amount.

Operator response

Use the **/DIS POOL FPDB** command to display the private pool usage.

DFS2832I	CANNOT ADD/CHANGE <i>dedbname</i>- CI SIZE OF <i>areaname</i> EXCEEDS BSIZ
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt to add area *areaname* to DEDB *dedbname* failed. The area control interval (CI) size exceeds the Fast Path buffer size (BSIZ=) of the IMS online control region.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command fails.

Programmer response

Decrease the CI size of the added area.

Module:
DBFOLC01

DFS2833I	CANNOT ADD DEDB <i>dedbname</i>- FAST PATH NOT INSTALLED
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to add a data entry database (DEDB) to an IMS system that does not have Fast Path installed.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command fails.

Programmer response

Remove the DEDB from the system definition or install Fast Path.

Module:
DFSRMDM0

DFS2834I	PSB <i>psbname</i> HAS BEEN RESCHEDULED BECAUSE OF ONLINE CHANGE
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS Fast Path program (IFP) or message processing program (MPP) attempted to update a data entry database (DEDB) that was changed using online change.

System action

The application program is terminated with a pseudoabend, and the PSB is rescheduled.

Module:
DBFIRCIO

DFS2835I	ERROR IN VSPEC DEDB STMT: <i>statement_text</i> REASON= <i>reason_text</i>
-----------------	---

or

**ERROR IN VSPEC DEDB STMT: POOLNAME *text*; *text*;
SPECIFICATION ERROR**

or

**ERROR IN VSPEC SDEPQCI STMT: *statement_text*
REASON= *reason_text***

Explanation

The DEDB or SDEPQCI VSPEC statement *text* is incorrect. The message displays the text for a maximum of two pools in error, however, there might be more pools in error than those included in this message.

For the variant with *statement_text*, the *statement_text* shows partial error statement. The *reason_text* offers the explanation for the error.

System action

IMS continues processing without the buffer pool in error or accounting for the DEDB or SDEPQCI statement in error.

System programmer response

Stop IMS and restart with a corrected VSPEC member.

Module:

DBFVSOP0, DBFPVTS0, DBFDVBIO

**DFS2837I CANNOT ADD DEDB *dedbname*-
 OTHREADS NOT INITIALIZED**

Explanation

An attempt was made to add a data entry database (DEDB) to an IMS system that was not initialized with DEDBs. No output threads (OTHEADS) were initialized and no I/O is possible to the added DEDB.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** processing stops.

Programmer response

Define DEDBs to the system and restart IMS.

Module:

DFSRMDM0

**DFS2838I RANDOMIZER *name* FOR
 dedbname IS DELETED AND *status***

or

**RANDOMIZER *name* FOR *dedbname*/FFdatabase/
HALDBpartition IS DELETED AND *status***

Explanation

If IMS successfully deleted the database randomizer and no more copies are in storage, the status GONE is displayed. If the randomizer is reentrant and a copy is found in storage after being deleted, the status SHARED is displayed.

The following commands can delete the randomizer:

- **/DBR DB *dbname***
- **/DBR DB FFdatabase**
- **/STO DB FFdatabase**
- **/STA DB FFdatabase**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(*dedbname*) STOP(ACCESS)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(FFdatabase) STOP(ACCESS)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(FFdatabase) STOP(UPDATES)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(FFdatabase) START(ACCESS)**

System action:

The randomizer is physically deleted from storage when the status is GONE. The randomizer is not deleted from storage when the status is SHARED.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DBFDBAC0, DBFOLC02, DBFARD30, DBFERDB0,
DBFMSIU0, DFSDOCA0

**DFS2839I ERROR TRYING TO GETMAIN
 STORAGE FOR DMCBS**

Explanation

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command failed to get enough Common Service Area (CSA) and the Extended Common Service Area (ECSA) storage for adding or changing data entry databases (DEDBs).

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command fails.

Programmer response

Stop IMS and increase the size of CSA or ECSA.

Module:

DBFOLC01

**DFS2840W ERROR IN LOADING RANDOMIZER
 name FOR DEDB *dedbname*, RC=zz**

Explanation

Randomizer *name* cannot be loaded.

System action

The command (**/MODIFY PREPARE, INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE), /START DB, or UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)**) continues without loading the randomizer. Subsequent DL/I calls to this data entry database (DEDB) receive an FH status code. Hexadecimal return code zz from the IMODULE function of IMS is explained in the IMODULE return code information.

Programmer response

If the return code is 0, the randomizer module was not reentrant. Rerun the bound JCL to make it reentrant.

Also verify that:

- The randomizer was correctly linked into the IMS system.
- The DEDB was correctly defined with the randomizer name.

Correct any errors and issue the **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** or **/START DB** command to reload the randomizer.

Module:
 DBFDBAC0, DBFINI24, DBFERDB0, DBFMSIU0
Related reference
 IMODULE return codes (Messages and Codes)

DFS2841A	ERROR TRYING TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR LTERM KEYWORD
-----------------	--

Explanation

GETMAIN failed while trying to allocate storage for the LTERM keyword of the **/MODIFY** command.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** command is terminated.

Operator response

After increasing CSA size, restart IMS. Or after freeing up some common storage area (CSA), reenter the **/MODIFY PREPARE** command.

Programmer response

Consult your z/OS system programmer. Determine what resources are using the CSA and attempt to free some CSA for use. You must issue an IPL to increase CSA.

Module:
 DBFOLC01

DFS2842I	RANDOMIZER <i>name</i> FOR <i>dedbname</i> IS LOADED/SHARED
-----------------	--

or

**RANDOMIZER *name* FOR *dedbname*/FFdatabase/
HALDBpartition IS LOADED/SHARED**

Explanation

If the randomizer is not in storage and IMS successfully loaded it, the status LOADED is displayed. If an existing copy is found in storage and the same command is entered, the status SHARED is displayed.

The following commands can load the randomizer:

- **/START DB *dedbname***
- **/START DB FFdatabase OPEN**
- **/START DB HALDBpartition OPEN**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(*dedbname*) START(ACCESS)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(FFdatabase) START(ACCESS) OPTION(OPEN)**
- **UPDATE DB NAME(HALDBpartition) START(ACCESS) OPTION(OPEN)**
- **INIT OLREORG NAME(*partname*)**
- **/INIT OLREORG NAME(*partname*)**

System action:
 The randomizer is physically loaded in storage for the status LOADED. The randomizer is logically loaded in storage for the status SHARED.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
 DBFDBAC0, DBFERDB0, DBFMSIU0, DFSDOCA0

DFS2843	DATASET <i>service</i> FAILED FOR <i>ds_type</i>
----------------	---

DSN=*dsn*

SYNAD BUFFER FOLLOWS: *dev#*,*devtype*,*DD name*,*operation*,*error description*,*block number*,*access method*

Operator response

For information about this message, see DFS2843E.

Related information
 “DFS2843E” on page 787
 DATASET *service* FAILED FOR *ds_type*,
 RC=rrrrrrrr/ssssssss
 DSN=*dsn*
 SYNAD BUFFER FOLLOWS: *dev#*,*devtype*,*DD name*,*operation*,, *block number*,*access method*

DFS2843E	DATASET <i>service</i> FAILED FOR <i>ds_type</i>, RC=rrrrrrrr/ssssssss DSN=<i>dsn</i> SYNAD BUFFER FOLLOWS: <i>dev#</i>,<i>devtype</i>,<i>DD name</i>,<i>operation</i>,, <i>block number</i>,<i>access method</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A data set failure occurred.

The third line of this message, which begins with SYNAD BUFFER FOLLOWS, is displayed only when passed on by the BSAM data set access method. When the line is displayed, it contains the contents of the SYNAD buffer, including the device number, the device type, the DDname, the operation attempted, the error description, the block number, and the access method, which is BSAM. For information about the mapping and meaning of the SYNAD buffer, see the description for the SYNADAF macro. BSAM might or might not return the SYNAD buffer, depending upon the error.

In the message text:

service

The service that failed, which can be:

OPEN
CLOSE
READ
WRITE

ds_type

Identifies the online change data set specified in the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member.

rrrrrrrr

The return code from the MVS/DFP service. This return code is not displayed when the SYNAD buffer is displayed.

ssssssss

The reason code from the MVS/DFP service. This reason code is not displayed when the SYNAD buffer is displayed.

dsn

The name of the data set.

If an OM command encounters this error, this message is sent to the OM output exit as an unsolicited message.

If IMS initialization or IMS restart encounters this error, this message is sent to the system console.

If a utility encounters this error, this message is sent to the utility's job log.

System action

The system action depends on the IMS function that encountered the error:

- IMS initialization fails with abend 2800, subcode X'0002' or X' 0003'.
- IMS restart fails with abend 2801, subcode X'0002' or X'0003'.
- IMS online change commands are rejected.

Operator response

Correct the data set problem and try IMS initialization, IMS restart, or the online change command again.

If the *error description* of the DFS2843 message contains the text WRNG . LEN . RECORD, the OLCSTAT data set might not have been allocated correctly. Verify that you allocated the OLCSTAT data set with an end of file (EOF) mark. If you used IEFBR14 to allocate the OLCSTAT data set, it does not have an EOF mark and cannot be read. You must allocate the OLCSTAT data set with an EOF mark to correct this problem. You can use IEBGENER or the ALLOCATE function of ISPF utilities to allocate the OLCSTAT data set

Module:

DFSIIOC0, DFSIQ040, DFSOLC00, DFSROLC0

Related reference

[z/OS: SYNADAF error descriptions](#)

Related information

[“DFS2843” on page 787](#)

DATASET *service* FAILED FOR *ds_type*

DFS2844E	DATASET <i>ds_type</i> CONTENTS INVALID ERROR=<i>errortext</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data set contents are invalid. In the message text:

ds_type

Identifies the online change data set specified in the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member.

errortext

Contains a description of the error, and might be one of the following values:

Term

Meaning

NOT INIT

The OLCSTAT data set is not initialized.

INVALID ENVIRONMENT

The OLCSTAT data set is invalid for this environment. IMS was defined with RMENV=N, which means that the OLCSTAT data set cannot be shared. One or more IMS member names are defined in the data set.

Use the OLC utility, DFSUOLC0, to correct the OLCSTAT data set.

INVALID HDR LEN

The OLCSTAT data set header length is invalid. The header length must be non-zero and no larger than the maximum OLCSTAT data set size.

INVALID OLCINP

The OLCSTAT data set lock word is invalid.

ACBLIB SUFFIX

The ACBLIB suffix is invalid. The suffix must be A or B.

FMTLIB SUFFIX

The FMTLIB suffix is invalid. The suffix must be A or B.

MODBLKS SUFFIX

The MODBLKS suffix is invalid. The suffix must be A or B.

If an OM command encounters this error, this message is sent to the OM output exit as an unsolicited message.

If IMS initialization or IMS restart encounters this error, this messages is sent to the system console.

If a utility encounters this error, this message is sent to the utility job log.

System action

The system action depends on the IMS function that encountered the error:

- IMS initialization abends with 2800, subcode X'0007'.
- IMS restart abends with 2901, subcode X'0007'.
- Online change commands fail.

System programmer response

Run the global online change utility (DFSUOLC0) to initialize the OLCSTAT data set. Then try IMS initialization, IMS restart, or the online change command again.

Module:

DFSIIOC0, DFSIQ040, DFSOLC00, DFSROLC0

DFS2845A	<i>rsrctdesc</i> <i>rsrctype</i> DEFINITION INCONSISTENT, ENTER CONTINUE OR CANCEL
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization determined that a resource defined by this IMS is inconsistent with a resource defined by the IMS systems in the IMSplex.

In the message text:

rsrctdesc

A description type, which is DATASET.

rsrctype

A resource type, which can be:

ACBLIB
FMTLIB
MODBLKS

System action

IMS waits for a reply to the message.

Operator response

Enter one of the following responses:

CONTINUE

Continue with IMS initialization even though one or more resources that were checked for consistency on this IMS do not match the resources defined by other IMS systems in the IMSplex.

CANCEL

Cancel IMS initialization. IMS initialization terminates with an abend 2800, subcode X'0008'.

This message is sent to the system console.

System programmer response

Make sure all of your IMS systems are using the same resource definitions, or disable resource consistency checking using the DFSCGxxx NORSCC= parameter.

Module:

DFSCSL40

Related information

[IMS abend 2800](#)

DFS2846E	<i>rsrctdesc</i> <i>rsrctype</i> DEFINITION INCONSISTENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization determined that a resource defined by this IMS is inconsistent with a resource defined by other IMS systems in the IMSplex.

In the message text:

rsrctdesc

A resource description, that is DATASET.

rsrctype

A resource type, that is OLCSTAT.

This message is sent to the system console.

System action

IMS initialization fails with abend 2800, subcode X'0009'.

Programmer response

See abend 2800 for response details.

Module:

DFSCSL40

Related information

[IMS abend 2800](#)

**DFS2847I MODIFY COMMAND REJECTED
- GLOBAL ONLINE CHANGE
ENABLED**

Explanation

You used a **/MODIFY** command for a local online change, but it was rejected because global online change is enabled. Global online change is enabled using the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member keyword OLC=GLOBAL.

This message is sent to the terminal that entered the **/MODIFY** command.

System action

The **/MODIFY** online change command is rejected.

Operator response

Issue an **INITIATE OLC** command to initiate a global online change.

Module:
DFSICV10

**DFS2848E DYN service FAILED for ds_type,
RC=rrrrrrrr/ssssssss
DSN=dsn**

Explanation

A dynamic allocation failure occurred.

In the message text:

service

The failing service, which is either ALLOC or UNALLOC.

ds_type

The online change data set specified in the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member, which is OLCSTAT.

rrrrrrrr

The return code from the dynamic allocation service.

ssssssss

The reason code from the dynamic allocation service.

dsn

The data set name, which can be up to 44 characters.

If an OM command encounters this error, this message is sent to the OM output exit as an unsolicited message. If IMS initialization or IMS restart encounters this error, this message is sent to the system console. If a utility encounters this error, this message is sent to the job log of the utility.

System action

The system action depends on the IMS function that encountered the error:

- IMS initialization fails with abend 2800, subcode X'0001' or X'0003'.
- IMS restart fails with abend 2801, subcode X'0001'.
- IMS online change command fails.

System programmer response

Correct the dynamic allocation problem and try IMS initialization, IMS restart, or the online change command again.

Module:

DFSIIOC0, DFSIQ040, DFSROLCO

Related information

[IMS abend 2800](#)

[IMS abend 2801](#)

**DFS2849A AREA areaname CONNECT TO
STR: strname FAILED. CASTOUT
CLASS REQUESTED=xxxxxx,
ALLOCATED=yyyyyy**

Explanation

The maximum cast-out class number is inconsistent between structure and connector. The allocated value is the value of the structure from first connector.

In the message text:

areaname

The area that failed.

strname

The structure to which the area attempted a connection.

xxxxxx

The requested cast-out class value.

yyyyyy

The cast-out class value allocated from the first connector to the structure.

System action

The area does not open.

System programmer response

Display the structure and delete all connections before restarting.

Module:

DBFVXCS0

DFS2850E COLDSTART REQUIRED DUE TO GLOBAL ONLINE CHANGE

Explanation

An attempt to warm start or emergency restart this IMS system failed because a global online change was performed while this IMS was down. This IMS must have a cold start if:

- This IMS was down during two or more global online changes.
- This IMS was down during the last global online change and this IMS restart type conflicts with the last global online change that was performed.

This message is sent to the system console in response to a restart command such as **/NRE** or **/ERE**.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 2801, subcode 12.

Operator response

Start IMS again and enter either a cold start command (**/NRE CHECKPOINT 0**), or enter a restart command that does not conflict with the last online change type.

The following table shows the types of IMS restarts that are permitted for an IMS that was down during online change, with the online change type that was performed while the IMS was down:

Table 14. Types of online change and types of restart for DFS2850E	
Online change type	Restart commands permitted
ACBLIB	/NRE CHECKPOINT 0 /ERE COLDBASE
ALL	/NRE CHECKPOINT 0
FORMAT	/NRE CHECKPOINT 0 /NRE /ERE /ERE COLDCOMM /ERE COLDBASE
MODBLKS	/NRE CHECKPOINT 0

Module:

DFSOLCS0

Related information

[IMS abend 2801](#)

Chapter 60. DFS messages, DFS2851I - DFS2900I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS2851I **AREA *areaname* (ASSOCIATE TO|DISASSOCIATE FROM) STR *structure name* SUCCESSFUL**

Explanation

The action on the area was successful.

ASSOCIATE TO

The area *areaname* has started using the multi-area structure *structure name*. An XES connection exists for the structure, so only association is required for the area.

DISASSOCIATE FROM

The area *areaname* has stopped using the multi-area structure *structure name*.

System action

VSO processing is either started or stopped for the area.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

(For ASSOCIATE TO) DBFVXAS0

(For DISASSOCIATE FROM) DBFVXCS0

DFS2852I **AREA *areaname* ASSOCIATE TO STR *structure name* FAILED. STR CFSIZE=*xx*, AREA CFSIZE=*yy***

Explanation

Association to the area failed because the CI size (*yy*) of the area is different from the CI size (*xx*) of the other areas in the structure.

System action

Area open process fails.

System programmer response

Change the structure name on the DBRC registration of the area to a structure that has the same CI size as the area.

Module:

DBFVXAS0

DFS2853A **A NEW STRUCTURE WAS CREATED FOR AREA AAAAAAAAAA. REPLY 'C' TO CONTINUE OR 'R' TO RECOVER.**

Explanation

This message is generated because the user specified the SVSODR startup option of WTOR. This option is used at a remote site to provide the user with an option whether an SVSO area needs to be marked as recovery needed or not. The user is given an option whenever a new structure is created for an SVSO area at emergency restart or first area open after an emergency restart, and SVSODR=WTOR is specified.

System action

If you select option C, IMS opens the area specified, connect to a new structure and normal processing resumes for that area. If you select option R, the specified area is stopped and marked as recovery needed.

Programmer response

Reply C to continue with normal processing for the area. Reply R if the area is to be marked as recovery needed.

Module:

DBFVXCS0

DFS2854A ***jobname, stepname, region,*
reason-FAILED SECURITY CHECK**

Explanation

This message notifies the IMS master terminal operator that a security violation occurred. The *jobname* and *stepname* of the user who attempted the security violation are indicated. *reason* indicates the reason code, as shown in the following list:

Code (hex)

Meaning

040

The GETMAIN call failed.

080

Unable to get storage (RACW) for RAS processing.

084

IMS resource is not authorized for this dependent region per SAF (RACF) check.

088

IMS resource is not authorized for this dependent region per Resource Access Security user exit (RASE) check.

08C

During RAS security authorization processing, the input transaction name could not be found, or IMS RACROUTE REQUEST=VERIFY,ENVIR=CREATE to build ACEE for a dependent region was rejected by RACF. A security problem with the user ID for a dependent region accessing the APPL=IMSID might cause this problem.

090

IMS RACROUTE REQUEST=VERIF, ENVIR=CREATE to build ACEE for a dependent region was rejected by RACF.

114

The find-destination routine (DFSICLF0) was not able to find the SYMBOLIC output transaction code or logical terminal name.

System action

The dependent region is terminated abnormally with abend 0437.

Programmer response

Ensure that your dependent region user ID is authorized to access the IMS resources (transaction, PSBs, and LTERMs) that it is attempting to use.

Module:

DFSASK00, DFSDASPO

Related information

[IMS abend 0437](#)

DFS2855A

**APSB SECURITY CHECK FAILED
FOR *odbaidid* USERID=*uuuuuuuuu*
PSB=*ppppppppp* SAF RC=*xx*
RACROUTE=AUTH RC(*yyyyy,zzzz*)**

Explanation

The USERID has failed SAF security check for the named PSB from an ODBA application.

In the message text:

odbaidid

The ID of the ODBA address space connected to IMS.

uuuuuuuuu

Userid associated with the APSB request.

ppppppppp

PSB named on the APSB request.

xx

SAF return code.

yyyyy

RACF or equivalent return code.

zzzz

RACF or equivalent reason code.

System action

The APSB request is unsuccessful. The call ends with pseudoabend 0438.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSDASPO

Related information

[IMS abend 0438](#)

DFS2855I

**OLCSTAT DATASET LOCKED FOR
GLOBAL ONLINE CHANGE**

Explanation

The DBBBATCH region failed because the OLCSTAT data set is locked for global online change.

System action

The DBBBATCH region terminated with an 0821 abend.

User response

Run the DBBBATCH region again after global online change is completed.

Related information

[IMS abend 0821](#)

DFS2856W

**DFSCGXXX OLC=*olctype* ONLINE
CHANGE TYPE MISMATCH**

Explanation

An online change type mismatch was detected during IMS restart, XRF alternate tracking, DBCTL warm standby emergency restart, or FDR region tracking. The checkpoint log record that this IMS is restarting from is defined with an online change type (local or global) that does not match the online change type defined by the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member OLC= parameter that this IMS initialized with.

This situation might be a serious error, unless you intended to change the online change type to enable

or disable global online change across an IMS warm start or emergency restart.

Important: Perform a cold start of IMS when enabling global online change or falling back to local online change. You should not change the online change type across an emergency restart or a warm start.

In the message text:

olctype

The online change type defined in the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member for this IMS.

LOCAL

Local online change is enabled on this IMS.
Global online change is enabled on the active IMS.

GLOBAL

Global online change is enabled on this IMS.
Local online change is enabled on the active IMS.

System action

IMS continues processing. IMS might terminate abnormally, if it detects an error because of this mismatch.

System programmer response

If this mismatch did not result in an IMS abend, and you did not intend to change the online change type across an IMS emergency restart, an IMS warm start, an XRF alternate, a DBCTL warm standby, or an FDBR region, shutdown the IMS, XRF alternate, DBCTL warm standby, or FDBR region, change the DFSCGxxx PROCLIB member OLC= parameter to match the IMS active, then bring the IMS, XRF alternate, DBCTL warm standby, or FDBR region back up.

DFS2857E	DIAGNOSE COMMAND INTERNAL ERROR - MOD=name, RSN=nnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unrecoverable internal error was encountered while processing a **/DIAGNOSE** command. The message is issued at any point in the code that a severe error condition is encountered whose root cause is internal.

In the message text:

name

The name of the module that issued the message.

nnnn

A reason code. Each internal error has a unique reason code. Generally, the reason code takes the form xyyy, where xx is the last 2 characters of the issuing module name, and yy is a 2-character sequential number (starting with 01 for

each module) that identifies the error that was encountered in that module. The exception is certain common messages issued by the SNAP resource modules, which use the form ZZyy.

System action

The specified **/DIAGNOSE** command does not complete.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSDGSA0, DFSDGSP0, DFSDGSZ5, DFSDGS82, DFSDGSA1, DFSDGSR0, DFSDGSZ6, DFSDGS84, DFSDGSB0, DFSDGSS0, DFSDGSZ7, DFSDGS9A, DFSDGSD0, DFSDGST0, DFSDGSZ8, DFSDGS9C, DFSDGSL0, DFSDGSU0, DFSDGSZ9, DFSDGS92, DFSDGSL1, DFSDGSZ0, DFSDGS00, DFSDGS94, DFSDGSL2, DFSDGSZ1, DFSDGS10, DFSDGS96, DFSDGSM0, DFSDGSZ2, DFSDGS20, DFSDGS98, DFSDGSM1, DFSDGSZ3, DFSDGS40, DFSDGSN0, DFSDGSZ4, DFSDGS80

DFS2858E	DIAGNOSE COMMAND SEVERE ERROR-reason text
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates that an unrecoverable external error was encountered during process of a **/DIAGNOSE** command. The message is issued at any point in the code that a severe error condition is encountered whose root cause is external.

In the message text:

reason text

Identifies the specific error encountered. The *reason text* can be one of the following:

BCB AWE GET FAILED RC=rc

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(SYSOUT), and the command was unable to acquire an AWE to enqueue the SNAP results to the DGS AWE processor. The failing return code from the BCB AWE GET call is captured in *rc* in the message text. The command fails and no output is written to the SYSOUT data set. This might be a temporary storage constraint problem, or IMS might be experiencing more serious storage problems. If no other storage problems are evident, reissue the command. If the command fails again and no other storage problems are evident, contact IBM Software Support.

BLOCK STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP BLOCK()** command was issued and the requested primary block was not available.

COPY BUFFER FREESTOR FAILED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, diagnostic information was captured in a copy buffer, and the FREESTOR call for the copy buffer failed.

COPY FAILED: DESTRUCTIVE OVERLAP

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, diagnostic information was found, a call was made to the storage copy routine without tolerate copy failures in effect, and the copy failed because of a destructive overlap between the storage and the copy buffer.

COPY FAILED: INVALID STORAGE KEY

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, diagnostic information was found, a call was made to the storage copy routine without tolerate copy failures in effect, and the copy failed because of an invalid storage key.

COPY FAILED: STORAGE UNAVAILABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, diagnostic information was found, a call was made to the storage copy routine without tolerate copy failures in effect, and the copy failed because of an invalid address.

DGSS BUFFER FREESTOR FAILED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, a DGSS storage table was allocated, and the FREESTOR call for the DGSS storage table failed.

ENQUEUE AWE FAILED RC=rc

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with **OPTION(SYSOUT)**, and the command was unable to enqueue the SNAP results to the DGS AWE processor. The failing return code from the enqueue process is captured in *rc* in the message text. The command fails and no output is written to the SYSOUT data set. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

NUCLEUS ADDR TABLE NOT AVAILABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP MODULE()** command was issued and the DIAGNOSE Command Nucleus Module Address Table was not available.

STORAGE COPY FAILED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued, diagnostic information was found, a call was made to the storage copy routine without tolerate copy failures in effect, and the copy failed.

TRACE FACILITY START FAILED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with **OPTION(TRACE)** and the internal call to start tracing facilities for a DIAG trace table failed.

System action

The specified **/DIAGNOSE** command does not complete.

System programmer response:

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSDGSA0, DFSDGSP0, DFSDGSZ5, DFSDGS82, DFSDGSA1, DFSDGSR0, DFSDGSZ6, DFSDGS84, DFSDGSB0, DFSDGSS0, DFSDGSZ7, DFSDGS9A, DFSDGSD0, DFSDGST0, DFSDGSZ8, DFSDGS9C, DFSDGSL0, DFSDGSU0, DFSDGSZ9, DFSDGS92, DFSDGSL1, DFSDGSZ0, DFSDGS00, DFSDGS94, DFSDGSL2, DFSDGSZ1, DFSDGS10, DFSDGS96, DFSDGSM0, DFSDGSZ2, DFSDGS20, DFSDGS98, DFSDGSM1, DFSDGSZ3, DFSDGS40, DFSDGSN0, DFSDGSZ4, DFSDGS80

DFS2859I**DIAGNOSE COMMAND**

UNSUCCESSFUL - reason text

Explanation

A non-fatal error was encountered that prevented the **/DIAGNOSE** command from completing successfully. The message is issued at any point in the code that a non-fatal, non-serious error condition is encountered.

In the message text:

reason text

Identifies the specific error encountered:

AOS=N WAS SPECIFIED

A **/DIAGNOSE SET AOSLOG()** command was issued where AOS logging was prohibited by an IMS startup parameter.

block UNAVAILABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP BLOCK(block)** command was issued when the *block* control block was not available or not defined.

CLASS INVALID WITH OUTPUT OPTION

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with the **CLASS()** parameter, but the output **OPTION()** parameter was not **SYSOUT**. The **CLASS()** option is valid only with **OPTION(SYSOUT)**. Change the command to use **OPTION(SYSOUT)** or delete **CLASS()**, and then reissue the command.

CLASS(class) INVALID

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with the CLASS() parameter, and an invalid class was specified. Valid values for the class are: A-Z and 0-9. Change the class to one of the valid values and reissue the command.

FORMAT INVALID WITH OPT(OLDS)

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(OLDS) and the FORMAT keyword. The FORMAT keyword is not valid with OPTION(OLDS).

FORMAT INVALID WITH OPT(TRACE)

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(TRACE) and the FORMAT keyword. The FORMAT keyword is not valid with OPTION(TRACE).

INVALID ADDRESS VALUE SPECIFIED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with ADDRESS(address) where the address specified was beyond the maximum address allowed: X'7FFFFFFF'.

INVALID LENGTH VALUE SPECIFIED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with ADDRESS(address) LENGTH(length) where the length specified was beyond the maximum length allowed: address + length <= X'7FFFFFFF'.

INVALID LIMIT(limit) MAX=maximum

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with the LIMIT() parameter, and the limit value was out of range for the OPTION() specified. Change the output option from OPTION(DISPLAY) to OPTION(SYSOUT), or change the limit to be less than or equal to the maximum value in the message text; and then reissue the command. See the LIMIT() parameter description for more information about the valid ranges for LIMIT() with OPTION(DISPLAY) and OPTION(SYSOUT).

INVALID OLR resource SHOW OPTION

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued for an OLR region where an invalid block name was specified. The VTD, ASCB, ASSB, DPDIR, IWALE, LESEP, DRAT, and IDT blocks are not available, and therefore not valid, for an OLR region.

INVALID resource SHOW OPTION

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued where the SHOW option keyword or block name was invalid for the specified resource type.

LIMIT INVALID WITH OPT(OLDS)**LIMIT INVALID WITH OPTION(OLDS)**

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(OLDS) and a LIMIT(linecount)

was specified. The LIMIT parameter is not valid with OPTION(OLDS).

LIMIT INVALID WITH OPT(TRACE)**LIMIT INVALID WITH OPTION(TRACE)**

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(TRACE) and a LIMIT(linecount) was specified. The LIMIT parameter is not valid with OPTION(TRACE).

NO VALID BLOCKS FOR resource

No valid blocks were found for the specified resource and SHOW() options. Ensure that the correct resource was specified and that valid SHOW() options for that resource were specified.

resource(parameter) NOT FOUND

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued where the parameter for the specified resource type was not found.

RM(ONLY) INVALID, RM UNAVAILABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with the RM(ONLY) parameter, and a Resource Manager is not available. Change or remove the RM() parameter and reissue the command.

SNAP RESOURCE NOT FOUND

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued where the parameter for the specified resource type was not found.

SNAP RESOURCE NOT SPECIFIED

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued without a SNAP resource type specified.

UNABLE TO GET DIAG TRACE TABLE

A **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command was issued with OPTION(TRACE) when a DIAG trace table was not available for use.

System action

The specified **/DIAGNOSE** command does not complete.

Operator response

Check the command text, correct any errors, and issue the command again.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSDGSA0, DFSDGSP0, DFSDGSZ5, DFSDGS82, DFSDGSA1, DFSDGSR0, DFSDGSZ6, DFSDGS84, DFSDGSB0, DFSDGSS0, DFSDGSZ7, DFSDGS9A, DFSDGSD0, DFSDGST0, DFSDGSZ8, DFSDGS9C, DFSDGSL0, DFSDGSU0, DFSDGSZ9, DFSDGS92, DFSDGSL1, DFSDGSZ0, DFSDGS00, DFSDGS94,

DFSDGSL2, DFSDGSZ1, DFSDGS10, DFSDGS96,
DFSDGSM0, DFSDGSZ2, DFSDGS20, DFSDGS98,
DFSDGSM1, DFSDGSZ3, DFSDGS40, DFSDGSN0,
DFSDGSZ4, DFSDGS80, DFSDGS90

DFS2860W **EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET
LOGGING NOT AVAILABLE -
REASON - N.**

Explanation

IMS cannot use the external trace data sets. *N* specifies one of the following reasons:

- No storage is available for the output buffers in control region 24-bit private storage.
- The block size of the output data sets is less than 4008 bytes.
- No external trace data sets are left. This message is usually preceded by another message reporting an error condition.

System action

IMS external trace is started, but is not permanently disabled if error cleanup is successful.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

DFS2861W **TAPE/DISK DYNAMIC
ALLOCATION FAILED FOR
EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET
xxxxxxx.**

Explanation

Dynamic allocation failed for the ddname listed as xxxxxxxx. Verify that the DFSMDA member accurately describes the data set and where it resides.

System action

If disk data sets are used, IMS tries to log the trace tables to the remaining data set. If no disks or tape are left for external trace use, IMS asks the operator for permission to log trace tables to the OLDS. See DFS2867A for more information.

Related information

“DFS2867A” on page 799
EXTERNAL TRACE NOT USABLE, REPLY “Y” TO
USE OLDS, “N” TO TRACE INCORE

DFS2862W **OPEN/CLOSE ERROR ON
EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET
xxxxxxx.**

Explanation

An open or close failed for the listed data set. This message should have been preceded by a system error message.

System action

If disk data sets are used, IMS tries to continue using the remaining disk. If no more disks are available or if tape is used, IMS asks the operator for permission to log IMS trace tables to the OLDS. If the failing data set cannot be closed and deallocated, the failing data set is unusable until IMS is restarted. See DFS2867A for more information about logging IMS trace tables to the OLDS.

Related information

“DFS2867A” on page 799
EXTERNAL TRACE NOT USABLE, REPLY “Y” TO
USE OLDS, “N” TO TRACE INCORE

DFS2863I **LOGGING IMS TRACE TABLES
TO EXTERNAL TRACE DISK/TAPE
DATA SET.**

Explanation

This is a notification that IMS is logging the IMS trace tables to an external trace data set and not to the online log (OLDS).

DFS2864I **EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET
xxxxxxxx FULL - SWITCHING TO
yyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

Disk data set xxxxxxxx is full, and IMS is switching to the data set yyyyyyyy.

Programmer response

If the data on the full data set is wanted, it must be copied to another data set or printed. As soon as data set yyyyyyyy is full, IMS switches back to data set xxxxxxxx.

DFS2865I **OVERWRITING EXTERNAL TRACE
DATA SET xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

Only one disk data set is available, and it is full. IMS closes it and reopens it. Any data currently on the data set is lost.

DFS2866W **PERMANENT WRITE ERROR ON
EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET
xxxxxxx.**

Explanation

A permanent write error has occurred on the data set listed. An operating system error should have been issued before receiving this message.

System action

If disk data sets are used, IMS switches to the remaining disk and continues. If no disks are available or if tape is used, IMS stops using the external trace facility. The operator is asked if IMS trace tables are to be written to the OLDS. If the failing data set cannot be closed and deallocated, the data set is unusable until IMS is restarted.

DFS2867A	EXTERNAL TRACE NOT USABLE, REPLY "Y" TO USE OLDS, "N" TO TRACE INCORE
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS cannot use the external trace data sets for one of the following reasons:

- No external trace dynamic allocation members were found, or dynamic allocation of the found members failed.
- The block size of the output data set is less than 4008 bytes.
- Open, close, or write errors forced the termination of the external trace services.

This message is usually preceded by other IMS External Trace error messages explaining why External Trace is not usable.

Operator response

Respond with "Y" for IMS trace tables to be logged to OLDS. When OLDS logging is external, tracing to OLDS continues until all trace logging stops. Respond with "N" for IMS tracing to be in memory only. External trace initialization is attempted again if a trace is subsequently started with the LOG option.

DFS2868W	INVALID BLOCKSIZE SPECIFIED FOR EXTERNAL TRACE DATA SET nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either of the following situations occurred:

- One of the external trace disk data sets has a block size smaller than the other data set
- The block size of the two external trace disk data sets is smaller than the minimum size

Both external trace data sets must have the same block size of at least 4020.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The DD name of the external trace data set whose block size is in error.

System action

IMS does not use the external trace data set in error. If both data sets have errors, message DFS2867A is issued; you can send the trace tables to the IMS log or keep them in storage.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

DFS2869W	EXTERNAL TRACE TCB NOT AVAILABLE - TRACING TO OLDS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/TRACE SET ON TABLE cc OPTION LOG** command was entered, but the External Trace task control block (TCB) is unavailable for use.

Operator response

If you do not want OLDS tracing, reissue the **TRACE** command without the LOG option.

DFS2870W	ABEND WHILE WRITING TO EXTERNAL TRACE DATASET ddname
-----------------	---

Explanation

An abend occurred while writing to one of the external trace data sets.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD of the dataset for which the abend occurred.

System action

DFSTRA40 refreshes the DCB, switches to the other external trace data set and rewrites the buffers that were not already CHECKED. If another abend occurs with the same data set without a successful write, the data set is marked as not usable and the system takes the action described in message DFS2866W.

System programmer response

Nothing needs to be done if the data set is usable after DFSTRA40 recovers from the abend. If another abend occurs, the data set is marked as not usable. If the data set is successfully deallocated, the data set can be reused by stopping and restarting the external trace.

Module:
DFSTRA40

Related information

[“DFS2866W” on page 798](#)
PERMANENT WRITE ERROR ON EXTERNAL
TRACE DATA SET xxxxxxxx.

Explanation

The utility scanned the log data set for checkpoint identification indicated by the checkpoint data set. An end-of-file condition intervened.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job with an alternate log data set.

DFS2900I	LOG EOF BEFORE REQUIRED CKPT=xxxxxxx FOUND
-----------------	---

Chapter 61. DFS messages, DFS2901I - DFS2950A

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2901I I-O ERROR. SYNADAF MSG
FOLLOWS:**

Explanation

A SYNAD exit was taken for the data set associated with the ddname displayed.

System action

The utility terminates and no output is generated.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job after normal recovery procedures for the particular data set have been performed.

**DFS2902I AUTOMATIC SYSTEM
CHECKPOINT INITIATED**

Explanation

This message is sent two minutes after an XRF takeover if a checkpoint has not been taken by that time. The message is sent to both the IMS MTO console and the z/OS console. A checkpoint is normally initiated when the last terminal is switched to the new active IMS. The new active IMS is not restartable until the checkpoint is complete. This message indicates terminal switching errors, and that one or more terminals have not switched or have not been counted as switched.

System action

IMS takes a checkpoint.

Programmer response

Because one or more terminals were not counted as switched, an IMS logic error, VTAM logic error or timing condition occurred during the takeover. Collect all logs, take a console memory dump of the new active IMS if possible, and save all other data necessary to diagnose the problem.

**DFS2904A ATTEMPT TO CHANGE SEQUENCE
FIELD**

Explanation

The MSDB maintenance card change file has a FIELD= keyword specifying the sequence field.

System action

The utility terminates after issuing this message.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and resubmit the utility run. Sequence fields cannot be altered.

**DFS2905I RECOVERY FROM
CHECKPOINT=yyddd/hhmmss**

Explanation

The MSDB Dump/Recovery Utility started processing the IMS log data set at the indicated checkpoint.

System action

The utility continues by processing all MSDB log records found on the log data set following the indicated checkpoint.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS2906I UPDATES APPLIED TO SYNC
POINT=yyddd/hhmmss**

Explanation

The MSDB Dump/Recovery utility has completed processing of the IMS log data set. The last Fast Path sync point log record read by the utility was created at the indicated date and time.

System action

The utility continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS2907A LOG DATA SET MISSING OR
INVALID, TERMINATE. LAST SYNC
POINT PROCESSED=xxxxx/xxxxx**

Explanation

During main storage database (MSDB) recovery, a break in the log sequence was detected. A log data set is missing or invalid.

System action

The utility terminates with return code 4.

Programmer response

Make sure that all log data sets are specified and are in the correct sequence.

DFS2930I	INITIALIZATION FAILURE - <i>mmmmmmmm,xxxx,yyyyyyyy,zzzz</i> zzzz- ccccc
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization failed for module *mmmmmmmm*.

In the message text:

xxxx

The failure reason code (also found in register 15 at the time of abend).

yyyyyyyy

The failure return code from the requested service.

zzzzzzzz

The failure subcode from the requested service (if applicable).

cccccc

Optional text that provides further explanation of the error.

The following list describes the reason codes and their associated requested service for message DFS2930I.

Reason code (Requested service)	Description
--	--------------------

0001 (DFSXDBIO)	Unable to load IMS system control blocks (IMS SCD) in members DFSBLK0x and DFSFXC0x.
------------------------	--

0002 (IMSAUTH)	Unable to authorize this IMS image to anchor its SCD address in the SSCT.
-----------------------	---

0003 (DFSVCIO)	Unable to perform SVC vector table initialization with the SCD address for this IMS image.
-----------------------	--

0004 (MVS ESTAE)	Unable to establish an ESTAE routine for the IMS job step TCB.
-------------------------	--

0005 (DFSIIIN10)	Unable to preload the modules specified in IMS load list.
-------------------------	---

0006 (DFSXCB00)	Initialization failed for IMS DFSBCB storage management services.
------------------------	---

0007 (DFSMINIO)	Initialization failed for IMS dispatcher services.
------------------------	--

0008 (DFSCDSP)	Unable to build IMS dispatcher services control blocks for the IMS job step TCB.
-----------------------	--

0009 (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Common System Services ITASK, DFSCSS00 (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	--

000A (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Common Control Services ITASK, DFSCNS00 (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	---

000B (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Master Services (z/OS routine) ITASK (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	--

000C (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Storage Management Compression Services ITASK, DFSSTC00 (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	---

000D (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Latch Management Recovery ITASK, DFSCLM20 (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	---

000E (DFSCIR)	Unable to create the Use Management Recovery ITASK, DFSUSE20 (either IMODULE GETMAIN or LOAD failed).
----------------------	---

000F (IMSAUTH)	Unable to store SSVT address in the SSCT.
-----------------------	---

0010 (DFSSCPIO)	Unable to initialize the System Control Program (SCP) and related IMS control blocks. Possible reason codes are:
------------------------	--

00000001	IMODULE GETMAIN failed for IMS system control program block (SCPB). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.
-----------------	---

00000002	LOAD failed for TSO environment module, IKJTSEV. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from MVS LOAD.
-----------------	---

Ensure that you are running on a level of z/OS that supports the TSO environment service.

00000003

TSO environment service initialization failed. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from the TSO environment service.

00000004

BPESTART failed to start BPE limited function services. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from BPESTART.

00000005

The z/OS TCBTOKEN service failed. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from TCBTOKEN.

00000006

IMS was started on a machine that was not running in z/Architecture mode. IMS requires z/Architecture mode.

00000007

IMS was started on a z/OS release that does not support 64-bit virtual storage services. IMS requires 64-bit storage services.

00000008

The processor model (CPU type) is not supported.

For reason codes 00000006, 00000007 and 00000008, module DFSSCPIO issues message DFS2342E with additional information. Check message DFS2342E in the syslog or joblog.

0011 (DFSDREF0)

Unable to process the DFSDRFXx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

0012 (DFSXRLM0)

Unable to initialize the IRLM.

0013 (DFSSTKIO)

Unable to initialize the IMS Stack Storage Manager. Possible reason codes are:

00000001

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for the main stack storage control block (SCDSTK). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

00000002

IMODULE LOAD failed for the message service modules (DFSMSGC0 and DFSMSGF0). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

0014 (DFSMSGIO)

Unable to initialize IMS message services. Possible reason codes are:

00000001

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for the message service control block (MSCB). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

00000002

IMODULE LOAD failed for the message service modules (DFSMSGC0 and DFSMSGF0). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

00000003

IMODULE LOAD failed for the message service text module (DFSMSGTX). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

0016 (DFSSQ000)

Unable to initialize shared queues. Possible error codes identifying the failing function are:

X'1001'

Work area allocation failed.

X'1004'

SQ1 AWE allocation failed.

X'1005'

SQ2 AWE allocation failed.

X'1008'

DFSXRPS read failed.

X'100A'

CQSREG request failed.

X'100B'

Loading of shared queues modules failed.

X'100C'

Join of XCF group failed.

0017 (DFSRSMD0)

Unable to perform resource manager initialization. Possible reason codes are:

00000004

LOAD failed for IMS resource manager module DFSRSMR0. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from MVS LOAD.

00000008

STORAGE OBTAIN failed for the IMS Resource Manager Parameter list block (IRMP). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from STORAGE OBTAIN.

0000000C

RESMGR ADD failed for the IMS resource manager DFSRSMR0. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from RESMGR ADD.

00000010

DFSRSMD0 was passed a region identifier code that was not valid.

0018 (DFSCSL00)

Unable to initialize the Common Service Layer and related IMS control blocks. In the registers at entry to the abend, register 3 contains the DFSCSL00 return code, and register 4 contains the failing function return code. Possible error codes identifying the failing function are:

X'1004'

IMODULE GETMAIN for DFSCSLA failed.

X'1008'

IMODULE LOAD for DFSCSL10 failed.

X'100C'

DFSLOADL failed for CSL module preload.

X'1010'

DFSBCB GET for an AWE failed to attach SL0 TCB DFSFMODE0.

X'1014'

DFSSQPP ENQ failed for attach for SL0 TCB.

X'1018'

DFSBCB GET for an AWE failed to attach SL1 TCB DFSFMODE0.

X'101C'

DFSSQPP ENQ failed for attach for SL1 TCB.

X'2nnnn'

The return code from DFSCSL10.

X'2004'

Parse error. A DFS3305E message is issued.

X'2008'

Error reading PROCLIB member.

X'200C'

Parameter validation error.

0020 (IMODULE GETMAIN)

Unable to obtain storage.

0021 (IMODULE LOAD)

Unable to load a module.

0022 (IMODULE DELETE)

Unable to delete a module.

0023 (DFSBCB GET)

Unable to obtain a control block.

0024 (DFSBCB REL)

Unable to release a control block.

0025 (DFSXSTM0)

Reason codes include:

00000001

No LM certificate for DB feature.

00000002

No LM certificate for TM feature.

00000003

No LM certificate features.

0026 (DFSIMPL0)

Unable to preload IMS modules. Reason codes include:

00000004

Work area allocation failed.

00000008

EPB block allocation failed.

0000000C

Load of the modules failed.

0027 (DFSDFN00)

Unable to initialize either the environment for the dynamic resource definition or the diagnostics and statistics. Additional reason codes returned as yyyyyyyy and zzzzzzzz include:

X'1008'

IMODULE LOAD failed for a resource processing module. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

X'100C'

The system was unable to get storage for the DFSDGA control block. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETSTOR.

X'1010'

The system was unable to get storage for the DFSRDDA control block. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETSTOR.

X'2008'

An error occurred parsing the DYNAMIC_RESOURCES section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. The reason code is the return code from BPEPARSE.

X'200C'

The system was unable to get storage for a copy of the BPEPARSE grammar. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2010'

The system was unable to get storage for BPEPARSE output area. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2014'

The system was unable to get storage for data set names defined on the RDDSDSN= parameter. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2018'

An error was detected parsing the DIAGNOSTICS_STATISTICS section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. The reason code is the return code from BPEPARSE.

X'201C'

The system was unable to get storage for a copy of the BPEPARSE grammar to parse the DIAGNOSTICS_STATISTICS section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2020'

The system was unable to get storage for BPEPARSE output area for parsing the DIAGNOSTICS_ STATISTICS section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2024'

Error parsing the REPOSITORY section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. The reason code is the return code from BPEPARSE.

X'2028'

Unable to get storage for a copy of the BPEPARSE grammar to parse the REPOSITORY section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'202C'

Unable to get storage for the BPEPARSE output area for parsing the REPOSITORY section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. The reason code is the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

X'2030'

IMS is unable to load a trace services module. Message DFS4561E contains the name of the module and the reason code that are returned from the IMODULE service.

X'2034'

An unknown return code was received from the trace services initialization.

X'2104'

You specified fewer than 2 RDDSDSNs on the RDDSDSN= parameter of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set when AUTOIMPORT=(RDDSD) or AUTOEXPORT=(RDDSD) were set.

X'2108'

You specified AUTOIMPORT=REPO in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set, but no REPOSITORY section was specified, or no REPOSITORY= statement was specified for the IMSRSC repository.

X'210C'

You specified AUTOIMPORT=REPO and RMENV=N in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. IMS is not enabled to use RM services to access the IMSRSC repository, because RMENV=N is specified.

0028 (DFSDFS40)

Unable to read the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. Possible reason codes are:

00000104

IMODULE GETSTOR failed for the DFSDF control block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETSTOR.

00000114

The DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member could not be read. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from BPERDPDS.

0029 (DFSUSRXI)

Unable to initialize the IMS user exit services. Possible reason codes are:

00000004

DFSBCB GET failed for an AWE control block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from DFSBCB GET.

00000008

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for the UXDT control block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

0000000C

IMODULE LOAD failed for DFSUSRX0. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

00000104

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for the CSV control block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

00000108

IMODULE LOAD failed for DFSCSIE0. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

0000010C

IMODULE LOAD failed for a callable services module (DFSCSF10, DFSCSF20, or DFSCSF30). zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

00000180

IMODULE LOAD failed for DFSDFN20. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

0000018C

IMODULE LOAD failed for DFSUSX00. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

00000190

IMODULE LOAD failed for DFSUSX10. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE LOAD.

00000194

DFSBCB GET failed for a USXC block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from DFSBCB GET.

00000198

DFSBCB REL failed for a USXC block. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from DFSBCB REL.

0000019C

IMODULE GETMAIN failed for parameter list storage. zzzzzzzz contains the return code from IMODULE GETMAIN.

000001A0

IMODULE LOAD failed for the DFSUSX90.
zzzzzzzz contains the return code from
IMODULE LOAD.

For more information about what to do when this message appears, see abends 0070, 0071, 0077, 0081, 0315, and 0718.

System action

IMS terminates with a memory dump.

Operator response

Determine the cause of the initialization failure based on the module name and return codes. Resubmit the IMS job after the problem has been corrected.

Module:

DFSXSTM0

Related reference

[z/OS: LOAD return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: Return codes from the ADD function \(RESMGR\)](#)

Related information

[Abend 0070](#)

[Abend 0071](#)

[Abend 0077](#)

[Abend 0081](#)

[Abend 0315](#)

[Abend 0718](#)

DFS2950A

**A CHECKPOINT REQUIRED TO
SATISFY RESTART IS NOT
AVAILABLE ON SYSTEM LOG**

Explanation

An attempt was made to start a subsystem, active or tracker, but the checkpoint required to satisfy the request, usually the cold start checkpoint, is not on the system log. This situation can happen because PRILOG records were deleted from the RECON or from remote takeover scenarios.

System action

The restart is terminated and the system waits for another restart command.

Programmer response

Issue another restart command as appropriate.

Module:

DFSRBCP0

Chapter 62. DFS messages, DFS2951I - DFS3000I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS2957W OLCSTAT DATA SET DYNAMIC
ALLOCATION ENCOUNTERED
AN ERROR; RETRYING THE
ALLOCATION**

Explanation

Your attempt to warm start or emergency restart this IMS system is in a wait state during dynamic allocation of the OLCSTAT data set. This wait occurs because the OLCSTAT data set is being held by another user. The IMS system tries the dynamic allocation of the data set again and continues trying until one of the following occurs:

- The OLCSTAT data set is no longer in use by the other user.
- The maximum number of retry attempts has been reached.

System action

If the OLCSTAT data set is freed by the user holding it, processing continues.

If the maximum number of attempts has been reached, IMS terminates abnormally with 2801, subcode 1, accompanied by message DFS2848E.

Operator response:

If IMS terminates with an abend code of 2801, subcode 1, determine the user that has a hold on the OLCSTAT data set. Free the data set and start IMS again.

Module

DFSOLCS0

Related information

[“DFS2848E” on page 790](#)

DYN service FAILED for *ds_type*, RC=rrrrrrrr/
sssssss
DSN=*dsn*

[Abend 2801](#)

**DFS2958A AN ONLINE CHANGE IN
PROGRESS WAS DETECTED
DURING TAKEOVER, ACTION IS
REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE OLC**

Explanation

This message is issued when the OLCSTAT is locked or not accessible during an XRF takeover. The XRF takeover completes, but you must take action as listed in the user action section at the end of takeover.

If the OLCSTAT data set was not accessible during the takeover and no online change commit was in progress, the XRF takeover is allowed to proceed anyway. However, the new XRF active was unable to replace the IMSID of the old XRF active with its IMSID.

If a MODBLKS, FMTLIB or ACBLIB online change is in progress during the takeover, and the new active subsystem determines that it is not in sync with the OLCSTAT, an internal online change is performed at the end of the takeover. The system writes an X'70' log record for this internal online change.

If an ACBMBR online change is in progress during the takeover and the new active subsystem determines that it is not in sync with the OLCSTAT, the unit of work (UOW) is committed at the end of takeover. DFS3497I messages are issued with the status of the UOW. The X'7004' and X'7005' log records are written.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

After the takeover is complete, perform these actions:

1. Issue a **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(ALL)** or **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command and note the status of the IMS systems in the IMSplex.
2. If the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS)** indicates that one or more IMS systems in the IMSplex have the following status:
 - No online change state
 - OLCPREPC status
 - OLCCMT1C state and OLCSTAT are not updated

issue a **TERMINATE OLC** command to cleanup the online change in the IMSplex. If you try to complete the online change with another **INIT OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command, it will fail, because the new active subsystem is not in an online change state.

3. If the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS)** indicates that one or more IMS systems in the IMSplex have the following status:

- OLC COMMIT states of OLCCMT1C and OLCSTAT is updated
- OLCCMT2C state

issue another **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command to complete the online change in the IMSplex. Route this command to an IMS that has the OLCCMT1C or OLCCMT2C status.

If you route the **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** to the new active subsystem, it will fail because the new active subsystem is not in an online change state.

If you issue a **TERMINATE OLC** command to terminate the OLC, it will fail as the online change is committed and the OLCSTAT is updated.

4. If the **QUERY OLC LIBRARY(OLCSTAT) SHOW(MBRLIST)** command displays the IMSID of the old XRF active in the member list, but not the IMSID of the new XRF active, then the old XRF active IMSID must be deleted from the OLCSTAT data set and the new XRF active IMS ID must be added to the OLCSTAT data set. You must make this change before you run the next **INIT OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command. Run the Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) to add the IMSID of the new XRF active. If you are using ACBMBR online change, run DFSUOLC0 to delete the old IMSID. If you are using global online change, you can either run DFSUOLC0 to delete the old IMS ID, or specify **OPTION(FRCABND)** on the **INIT OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command.

Module:
DFSOLCS0

DFS2970I	OLR STARTED RESUMED FOR NAME=partname MASTER=mastername PST=pstnumber
-----------------	--

Explanation

HALDB Online Reorganization has started or resumed for the named partition. The message text includes the name of the master (*mastername*) and the program specification block number (*pstnumber*).

Important: This message is issued after the type-1 or type-2 **INIT OLREORG** command is processed to the extent that OLREORG ownership is established in RECON. If the online reorganization cursor is active then RESUMED is indicated; otherwise, STARTED is indicated.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:
DFSORP00

DFS2971W	OLR INITIALIZATION RESUMPTION FAILED FOR NAME=partname MASTER=mastername PST=pstnumber RC=xx RS=yy DFS2971W OLR TERMINATED FOR NAME=partname MASTER=mastername PST=pstnumber RC=xx RS=yy DFS2971W OLR WILL NOT BE RESUMED FOR NAME=partname MASTER=mastername PST=pstnumber RC=xx RS=yy
-----------------	---

Explanation

First form of the message: For the reason indicated by the return and reason codes, the HALDB online reorganization did not complete the OLR initialization process to either start or resume the OLR.

Second format of the message: For the reason indicated by the return and reason codes, the OLR terminated before all records were copied from the input to the output set of data sets.

The message text includes the name of the master (*mastername*), the program specification block number (*pstnumber*), and the return and reason codes. For the exact cause of the termination, see the return and reason codes in the following table:

Table 15. Return and reason codes for DFS2971W		
Return code (hex)	Reason code (dec)	Description
04 (module: DFSOR P00)	04	Unexpected return code from ISWITCH
	08	DFSBCB GET for QSAV failed
	12	DFSCWU create work unit failed
	16	IMS was restarted with COLDSYS, COLDBASE, or COLD START.
	20	Restart authorization failed.
	24	Deferred stop or close due to error during XRF takeover
	28	LCRE enqueue failed.
	32	The SET ownership call failed; possible causes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The partition database is not capable of having OLR run against it. The REORG INTENT flag is set on in the partition database. The partition is being reorganized.
	36	The OLR was terminated because FFR0LR=D was specified.
	40	LSO=Y environment is invalid.
08 (module: DFSOR P00 or DFSOR P10)	01	GETMAIN for OLR work area failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	02	Scheduling of the OLR PSB failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	03	Output data set creation or validation failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	04	DFSBCB GET for QSAV failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	05	Timer ITASK creation failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	06	Database in error because backout failed. Issued by module DFSORP10.
	17	Another command is in progress. Issued by module DFSORP00.
	90	Internal error. The command entered is not processed because of an internal error.
	C6	OLR scheduling failed. Issued by module DFSORP00.

Table 15. Return and reason codes for DFS2971W (continued)		
Return code (hex)	Reason code (dec)	Description
	1E7	Unsupported DBD changes detected. The ACB member for the specified database contains a structural change that is not supported by the ALTER option. See message DFS1849E for the reason code that identifies the unsupported change.
	1ED	Required internal HALDB control blocks were not initialized or accessible. Issued by module DFSORP00.
	1EE	Alter processing could not be resumed on this IMS system because all partitions that remain to be altered are owned by one or more other IMS systems. Issued by module DFSORP00.
	254	OLR scheduling failed due to partition selection exit-routine that was not found or not loaded.
	8031	Open error for partition. Issued by module DFSORP10.
0C (module: DFSOR P10)		Partition selection failed
	8031	Open error for partition
	C030	Authorization failure
	Cxxx	Other partition selection failures
10 (module: DFSOR P10)	nnnn	Pseudoabend during partition selection (decimal value). The value of nnnn is the abend code returned by the issuing module. For more information about the cause of the abend, see IMS abend codes (Messages and Codes) .

Table 15. Return and reason codes for DFS2971W (continued)		
Return code (hex)	Reason code (dec)	Description
14 (module: DFSOR P10, for errors detected in DFSOR P20)	01	A /TERMINATE OLREORG command with no options was initiated.
	02	Buffer handler call for PHDAM failed
	03	Buffer handler call for PHIDAM failed
	04	GBIDP lock failure during cursor update
	05	GZIDP lock failure during cursor update
	06	Buffer handler failure during cursor update
	07	Notify failure during cursor update
18 (module: DFSOR P10, for errors detected in DFSOR P20)	0A	Duplicate key found during key-sequenced data set (KSDS) insert in the primary index database
	0B	Update Data Set Control Block (DSCB) failed
1C (module: DFSOR P10, for errors detected in DFSOR P30)	nnnn	Pseudoabend during DFSORP20 processing (decimal value). The value of <i>nnnn</i> is the abend code returned by the issuing module. For more information about the cause of the abend, see IMS abend codes (Messages and Codes) .
	02	OLR terminated by a /TERMINATE OLREORG command with the FORCE option
	03	Key with all X'FF' found, or error doing chain maintenance
	04	OLR termination with the ABORT was initiated.

Table 15. Return and reason codes for DFS2971W (continued)		
Return code (hex)	Reason code (dec)	Description
20 (module: DFSOR P10, for errors detected in DFSOR P30)	nnnn	Pseudoabend during DFSORP30 processing (decimal value). The value of <i>nnnn</i> is the abend code returned by the issuing module. For more information about the cause of the abend, see IMS abend codes (Messages and Codes) .
	status code 28	Unexpected status code from internal DL/I call LCRE enqueue failed
24 (module: DFSOR P10, for errors detected in DFSOR P30)	nnnn	HALDB online reorganization error occurred. Termination was initiated. A pseudoabend was set. The value of <i>nnnn</i> is the abend code returned by the issuing module. For more information about the cause of the abend, see IMS abend codes (Messages and Codes) .
	04	The OLR for the named partition is not automatically resumed during the restart of the failed subsystem due to Fast Database Recovery processing.

Important: A PST=00000 indicates the DFS2971W message was issued when not running under a dependent region PST, such as during Fast Database Recovery processing or during OLR initialization before ITASK creation.

System action

First format of the message: For an **INITIATE OLREORG** command that tried to start a new online reorganization, the cursor-active status is not recorded

in the RECON. In this case, the database records in the partition are still contained in the original set of data sets that were in use before the command was entered.

For an automatic or command-initiated resumption of an online organization for which the cursor-active status was already recorded in the RECON:

- The cursor-active status is still in effect.
- The database records in the partition are still contained in two sets of data sets, both of which are required for continued use of the partition.
- No additional database records were copied from the input to the output set of data sets.

Second form of the message: The cursor-active status for the partition was already recorded in the RECON, and the database records in the partition are still contained in two sets of data sets, both of which are required for continued use of the partition.

System programmer response

After the problem is corrected, start or resume the HALDB online reorganization with the **INITIATE OLREORG** command or else run an offline reorganization.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 27

Module:

DFSORP00, DFSORP10 (For errors detected in DFSORP20, DFSORP30)

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS2972E OLR PSB BUILD FAILED. reason

Explanation

IMS was building an internal PSB for an online reorganization. This process encountered the error indicated by *reason*, which is one of the following:

- DATA BASE IS NOT A PARTITION
- MASTER IS NOT PARTITIONED
- GETMAIN FAILED FOR PSB
- DMB LOAD FAILED
- HALDB STRUCTURE NOT ACTIVE

System action

The online reorganization is abandoned, and the *must-complete* status is not recorded in the RECON.

Programmer response

For DMB LOAD FAILED, ensure that the ACBLIB contains the DMB with the name of the HALDB master.

For GETMAIN FAILED FOR PSB, storage might be constrained so run the online reorganization later.

For HALDB STRUCTURE NOT ACTIVE, if the Online Reorganization (OLR) is being resumed during IMS / **ERE**, ensure that the ACBLIB used at restart is the same ACBLIB used by IMS before termination.

The other errors are probably IMS errors, so contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSOPSB0

**DFS2973W NO RESPONSE FROM SHARING
IMS AFTER ONLINE REORG.
PART=partname**

Explanation

HALDB online reorganization has completed the copying phase for the named HALDB partition and the inactive data sets are to be deleted. Data set deletion was attempted because OPTION(DEL) was specified or defaulted on the **INITIATE OLREORG** command or was subsequently specified on the **UPDATE OLREORG** command. However, before data set deletion was attempted, all sharing IMS systems were notified. All sharing IMS systems must indicate that they are no longer using these data sets. One or more of these systems did not respond even after three requests.

System action

IMS already reset the cursor-active status for the partition in the RECON and the database records in the partition are now contained in the single set of data sets to which these records were copied. To complete the processing, IMS attempts to delete the inactive data sets even though not all sharing IMS systems responded. An error might result during data set deletion if some job, such as an IMS batch job, has the data sets allocated but is unable to respond within the time allowed for a response. If this situation happens, one or more of the inactive data sets are not deleted, but the online reorganization completes anyway.

System programmer response

Check the MVS system console log to determine whether error messages indicate that any of the inactive data sets from the HALDB online reorganization were not deleted. After these data sets are no longer in use, delete them.

Module:
DFSORP40

DFS2974I **OLR COMPLETED
FOR NAME=*partname*
MASTER=*mastername*
PST=*pstnumber***

Explanation

HALDB Online Reorganization has completed for the named HALDB partition. The message text includes the name of the master (*mastername*) and the program specification block number (*pstnumber*).

System action

IMS continues processing.

Module:
DFSORP10

DFS2990E ***macro* MACRO,
RETURN=X'*returncode*',
[REASON=X'*reasoncode*',],
PART=*partname* DSN=*dsname***

Explanation

IMS internally started a macro instruction to gather information about the data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB OLR for the HALDB partition *partname*.

This macro instruction completed with a register 15 return code value of *returncode* and a register 0 value of *reasoncode*. These values were not expected by IMS.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the HALDB OLR, then the HALDB OLR is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets -- either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

In the first two cases, one or more of the output data sets could have already been created automatically.

Programmer response

Based on the macro indicated in the message, see the appropriate publication in the following table to determine the cause of the error, and follow any recommended actions:

Table 16. Publications that contain macro information	
Macro	Publication
DEVTYPE	z/OS: DEVTYPE macro specification in z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services (SC26-7400)
GETDSAB	z/OS: GETDSAB - Accessing the DSAB chain in z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference Vol 2 (SA22-7610)
LOCATE	z/OS: Return codes from LOCATE in z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services (SC26-7400)
OBTAIN	z/OS: Reading DSCBs from the VTOC using OBTAIN in z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services (SC26-7400)
SWAREQ	z/OS: SWAREQ macro in z/OS MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Services Guide (SA22-7608)
TRKCALC	z/OS: TRKCALC macro specification in z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services (SC26-7400)

If the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

Module:
DFSORA00, DFSORA10

DFS2991E **UNACCEPTABLE DATA SET,
REASON CODE *reasoncode*.
PART=*partname* DSN=*dsname***

Explanation

In determining whether to create the data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname*, IMS found either:

- A data set of that same name. However, because of certain characteristics of this preexisting data set, the data set was not used for the intended purpose.
- No data set of that name exists when there must be a data set preexisting.

Case 1:

When a HALDB online reorganization is starting for the HALDB partition *partname*, IMS determined

the following conditions about the data set that was to be used as the output of the reorganization.

- Whether the data set was of a type that can be used for the applicable data set.
- Whether the data set has certain characteristics that do not match with those in the corresponding input data set.
- Whether the data set exists.

Case 2:

When the IMS catalog is loading, the IMS Catalog Populate utility found that for the HALDB partition *partname* the data set that was to be used either:

- Was not of a type that can be used for the applicable data set.
- Has certain characteristics that do not match the requirements of the DBD of the IMS catalog.

In all of the preceding cases, *reasoncode* is a reason code for the specific problem.

The following table shows the definitions of the possible reason codes. In the table, the Environment column indicates whether the error is detected at the beginning of one or more of the following activities:

- HALDB online reorganization
- HALDB online reorganization with the ALTER option
- The loading of an IMS catalog

Table 17. Reason codes, environments, and errors detected for message DFS2991I		
Reason code	Environment	Errors detected for preexisting data set
1	Any	The data set is not a DASD data set.
2	Any	Either VSAM is incorrectly defined for an OSAM database, or the required LINEAR parameter is missing for the VSAM linear data set that is being used for the OSAM database.
3	Any	The data set is a PDS, PDSE, or a member of a PDS or PDSE.
4	Tracking, Reorganization	The data set is not a VSAM ESDS, but the database is defined to use VSAM.
5	Any	The VSAM data set does not have the REUSE attribute.
6	Reorganization	The VSAM data set has a different record length than that of the corresponding input data set.
7	Reorganization	The VSAM data set has a different control interval size than that of the corresponding input data set.
8	Reorganization	The VSAM ESDS has a different control interval size than that of the corresponding input data set.
9	Reorganization	The data set is not a VSAM KSDS. The primary index data set of a PHIDAM database must be a VSAM KSDS.
10	Reorganization	The primary index data set of a PHIDAM database (the KSDS), is defined with a different

Table 17. Reason codes, environments, and errors detected for message DFS2991I (continued)		
Reason code	Environment	Errors detected for preexisting data set
		key offset or key length than that of the corresponding input data set.
11	Tracking	The VSAM data set has a different record length than that of the tracked output data set at the active site.
12	Tracking	The VSAM data set has a different control interval size than that of the tracked output data set at the active site.
13	Tracking	The primary index data set of a PHIDAM database (the KSDS), is defined with a different key offset or key length than that of the tracked output data set at the active site.
15	Loading IMS catalog	The VSAM KSDS has a different record length than what is required by the DBD that defines the IMS catalog.
17	Loading IMS catalog	The VSAM KSDS is defined with a different key offset or key length than what is required by the DBD that defines the catalog.
18	Any	Either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The data set is cataloged but it is not on the volume to which the catalog entry refers. or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The data set was allocated with a DD statement that had a VOLUME parameter, but the data set was not on the referenced volume.
19	Any	The data set was allocated with a DD statement, but the data set name in the DSNAMES parameter does not follow the data set naming convention that is defined for the data sets of this partition.
20	Tracking, Reorganization	The output data set does not exist, but the corresponding input data set resides on multiple volumes and is not an SMS-managed data set.
22	Any	An unexpected condition that involves the HSM-migrated data set occurred after it was recalled. This condition is likely caused by an internal error.
23	Reorganization with the ALTER option	The VSAM data set has a different control interval size than what is specified for the data set in the ALTER BLOCK SIZE field of the partition record in the RECON data set.
24	Reorganization with the ALTER option	The data set has a block or control interval size that is not large enough to hold the largest database segment that can be stored in this data set.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred in loading the IMS catalog, the catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the IMS Catalog Populate utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, one or more of the output data sets might be already created automatically.

Programmer response

Case 1:

Before you restart the HALDB online reorganization, do one of the following:

- Delete the preexisting output data set, thus allowing IMS to create it automatically. When IMS creates the data set, the size and placement of the data set is determined automatically by IMS, MVS, and DFSMS/MVS, and also by parameters defined by your storage administrator. However, if you need precise control over the size and placement of the data set, you can create the data set manually and not let IMS create the data set automatically. Ensure that the preexisting data set matches the requirements of the output data set.
- Create a data set that is acceptable as the output of the reorganization, which can be an OSAM Physical Sequential data set or VSAM Linear data set.

Ensure that for an OSAM defined database the output data set for the database segments (one of the A-through-J or the M-through-V data sets) is a DASD data set.

Ensure that for a VSAM defined database the output data set for the database segments (one of the A-through-J or the M-through-V data sets) has the following characteristics:

- VSAM entry-sequenced data set (ESDS)
- The REUSE attribute
- A fixed-length record length identical to that of the input data set
- A control interval size that is identical to that of the input data set

Ensure that for a PHIDAM database the output data set for the primary index (the X or Y data set) has the following characteristics:

- A VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS)
- The same key offset, key length, and record length as the corresponding input data set
- The REUSE attribute

Subsequently, reissue the **INITIATE OLREORG** command to start the HALDB online reorganization for partition *partname*.

Case 2:

Before you rerun the IMS Catalog Populate utility to load the IMS catalog, do one of the following:

- Delete the preexisting output data set, thus allowing IMS to create it automatically. When IMS creates the data set, the size and placement of the data set is determined automatically by IMS, MVS, and DFSMS/MVS, by parameters in the DFSDFx_{xxx} member that activates the catalog, and also by parameters defined by your storage administrator. However, if you need precise control over the size and placement of the data set, you can create the data set manually and not let the IMS Catalog Populate utility create the data set automatically.
- Create a data set that is acceptable as the output of the reorganization, which can be an OSAM Physical Sequential data set or VSAM Linear data set.

Ensure that for an OSAM defined database the output data set for the database segments (one of the A-through-J or the M-through-V data sets) is a DASD data set.

Ensure that for VSAM data set for the primary index, ILE data set, and secondary index has the following characteristics:

- VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS).
- The REUSE attribute
- A fixed-length record length identical to that of the input data set
- A control interval size that is identical to that of the input data set

Subsequently, rerun the IMS Catalog Populate utility to load the catalog.

Module:
DFSORA00

DFS2992E	CSI RETURN CODE=4, [{ CATALOG ERROR, DATA SET ERROR, }] CATALOG MANAGEMENT RETURN CODE=<i>cmreturncode</i> REASON CODE=<i>cmreasoncode</i> MODULE=<i>cmmoduleid</i> PART=<i>partname</i> DSN=<i>dsname</i>
-----------------	---

or

**CSI RETURN CODE=*csireturncode* [REASON CODE=*csireasoncode*] PART=*partname*
DSN=*dsname***

Explanation

IMS internally invoked the Catalog Search Interface (CSI) to gather information about the data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB online reorganization for the partition.
- Loading the IMS catalog

The CSI completed with a CSI return code value as shown in the message text. Information about these CSI return codes is in *z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs* (SC26-7409).

For the first form of the message (when the CSI return code is 4), a Catalog Management error was detected. In this case, *cmreasoncode*, *cmreturncode*, and *cmmoduleid* are the Catalog Management reason code, return code, and two-character module identification, respectively. Information about this Catalog Management error information is in *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 6* (SA22-7636) under message IDC3009I.

For the second form of the message (when the CSI return code, *csireturncode* is other than 4), a CSI error was detected. For CSI return code 8, *csireasoncode* is the CSI reason code. Information about this CSI error information is in *z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs*.

These values were not expected by IMS.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets: either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), the IMS catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, one or more of the data sets that were to have been created automatically could have been created already.

Programmer response

Based on value of the CSI return code, refer to *z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs* to determine the cause of the error, and follow any recommended actions.

Then if the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the DFS3PU00 utility, rerun the utility.

Module:

DFSORA80

Related reference

[z/OS: CSI return codes for general purpose register 15](#)

[z/OS: CSI return codes 4 and 8](#)

Related information

[z/OS: IDC3009I](#)

DFS2993E

**NON-DASD DATA SET.
DEVICE CLASS=X'devclass'
PART=partname DSN=dsname**

Explanation

The data set *dsname*, which is one of the data sets of the HALDB partition *partname*, is not a DASD data set. This data set was being used by a HALDB online reorganization or by the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) to load the IMS catalog. (The device class reported by the internally executed DEVTYPE macro instruction is *devclass* (hexadecimal) rather than X'20'.) This is inconsistent with its use as part of a database.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started.

If this error occurred while running the Catalog Populate utility to load the catalog, the catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, one or more of the required data sets might have been created.

Programmer response

Change the data set *dsname* to refer to a DASD data set that can be used for a HALDB.

After the corrections are complete, restart the HALDB online reorganization or rerun the DFS3PU00 utility, whichever was running at the time of the error.

Module:

DFSORA00

DFS2994E

**IDCAMS RETURN CODE returncode
CREATING A VSAM DATA SET.
PART=partname DSN=dsname**

Explanation

IMS tried to create the VSAM data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB online reorganization for the partition.
- Loading the IMS catalog

Access Method Services (IDCAMS) gave a return code of *returncode*.

System action

The message, if any, produced by IDCAMS was displayed before this message.

For return code 4, the data set is assumed to have been created. In this case, none of the following actions apply, and processing continues.

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets -- either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), the IMS catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, if the data sets were to be created automatically, one or more of the data sets might have been created.

Programmer response

See the *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 6 (GOS - IEA)* (SA22-7636) to determine the cause of the error, and follow any recommended actions.

Then if the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the DFS3PU00 utility, after the error is corrected rerun the DFS3PU00 utility.

Module:
DFSORA20

DFS2995E	IDCAMS RETURN CODE <i>returncode</i> DELETING AN ONLINE REORG INPUT DATA SET. PART=<i>partname</i> DSN=<i>dsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS tried to delete the VSAM input data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Completing a HALDB online reorganization for the partition.

Access Method Services (IDCAMS) gave a return code of *returncode*.

System action

The message, if any, produced by IDCAMS was displayed before this message.

The reorganization is still considered to have completed successfully, and there is now a single new active set of data sets for partition *partname*--either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

Programmer response

See *z/OS MVS System Messages, V6 (GOS-IEA)* to determine the cause of the error, and follow any recommended actions, then delete the data set if it has not already been deleted.

Module:
DFSORA20

DFS2996E	NOT ENOUGH DASD SPACE. ERROR REASON=X's99errorcode' [SMS REASON=s99ersn] BLOCKS=blocks BLKSIZE=blksize VOLUMES=volcount { UNIT=SYSALLDA STORAGE CLASS=storageclassname } PART=partname DSN=dsname
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS tried to create the OSAM data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB OLR for the partition.
- Loading the IMS catalog

The internally executed DYNALLOC macro instruction (SVC 99) that was used for this purpose reported that the data set could not be created because of DASD space or DASD volume constraints. The requested space was *blocks* blocks, each with a block size of *blksize*. There were *volcount* volumes requested.

If the text showing the group name (SYSALLDA) appears in the message text, the attempt was to create a non-SMS-managed data set because the corresponding input data set was not SMS-managed. If the text showing the storage class appears, then the attempt was to create an SMS-managed data set using storage class *storageclassname* because the corresponding input data set was SMS-managed and was created using that storage class.

If the reorganization was being started, these space allocation values were derived from the corresponding input data set.

For further information of this error, see the *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* (SA22-7608). The value *s99errorcode* is the hexadecimal value of the error reason code (field S99ERROR in the SVC 99 request block) that is provided when the DYNALLOC macro instruction (SVC 99) fails with return code 4. In the SMS case, *s99ersn* is the SMS reason code (field S99ERSN in the SVC 99 request block extension). The SMS reason code corresponds to the message number of an IGD message describing the error. For further information about the IGD message, see the *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 8 (IEF - IGD)* (SA22-7638).

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets -- either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), the catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, if the data sets were to have been created automatically, one or more data sets might have been created before the error occurred.

Programmer response

Determine whether the requested space (*blocks* blocks of size *blksize*) is required for the output data set. In some cases, this space allocation request could include space acquired in a secondary allocation for the input data set and might not be required for the reorganized database. Then either:

- Ensure that there is sufficient DASD space on the volumes referenced by the group name SYSALLDA (for the non-SMS-managed case) or referenced by the storage class *storageclassname* (for the SMS-managed case), possibly by scratching unneeded data sets. The primary allocation amount (*blocks* blocks of size *blksize*) must be available in a total of no more than five extents on a single volume. In the SMS-managed case, if the storage class definition includes the GUARANTEED SPACE attribute, then the primary allocation amount must be available and is allocated on each of the volumes (rather than on just the first volume).
- Create and catalog this output data set yourself. In this case, you can reserve whatever amount of space

you choose, and you can control the number of volumes. See [Allocating OSAM data sets \(Database Administration\)](#), for information about allocating OSAM data sets along with a technique for pre-allocating multi-volume data sets.

Then if the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

If this error occurred while running the DFS3PU00 utility to load the IMS catalog, rerun the utility.

Module:

DFSORA20

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

[z/OS: IGD messages](#)

DFS2997E	DATA SET ALLOCATED TO ANOTHER JOB AND CANNOT BE CREATED. PART=<i>partname</i> DSN=<i>dsname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS tried to create the OSAM data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB OLR for the partition.
- Loading the IMS catalog

Creating the data set required that the data set be allocated as though DISP=NEW had been specified on a DD statement through JCL. However, a data set of the same name was already in use by another job, causing the allocation to fail.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets -- either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), the IMS catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, other data sets might have been created before the error occurred.

Programmer response

Ensure that no other job is using a data set of the name *dsname* even if that data set is not cataloged and even if that data set is not intended to be the same data

set as the output of the reorganization or as an IMS catalog data set.

Then if the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the DFS3PU00 utility, rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSORA20

DFS2998E **[DATA SET CREATION ERROR.**
 | UNALLOCATION FAILURE.]
 RETURN=returncode [{ INFO.
 REASON=X's99infocode' | ERROR
 REASON=X's99errorcode' }]
 [SMS REASON=s99ersn]
 BLOCKS=blocks BLKSIZE=blksize
 VOLUMES=volcount
 { UNIT=SYSALLDA | STORAGE
 CLASS=storageclassname }
 PART=partname DSN=dsname

Explanation

IMS tried to create the OSAM data set *dsname* for the HALDB partition *partname* as part of either:

- Starting a HALDB OLR for the partition.
- Loading the IMS catalog

As indicated by the message text, the internally executed DYNALLOC macro instruction (SVC 99) reported one of these two problems:

1. The data set could not be created.
2. The data set that was just created successfully could not be unallocated from the IMS job.

The requested space was *blocks* blocks, each with a block size of *blksize*. There were *volcount* volumes requested.

When the text showing the group name (SYSALLDA) appears in the message text, the attempt was to create a non-SMS-managed data set. If the text showing the storage class appears, then the attempt was to create an SMS-managed data set using storage class *storageclassname*.

If this error occurred during a HALDB online reorganization, the choice of creating an SMS-managed or non-SMS-managed data set is based on the corresponding input data set.

If this error occurred during the loading of an IMS catalog by the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), then the choice of creating an SMS-managed or non-SMS-managed data set is based on the presence or absence of the STORCLAS parameter

in the DFSDFxxx member that activated the IMS catalog.

If the reorganization was being started, these space allocation values were derived from those of the corresponding input data set.

In the message text:

returncode

Is the decimal value of the register 15 return code provided by the DYNALLOC macro instruction (SVC 99).

s99infocode

Is the hexadecimal value of the information reason code (field S99INFO in the SVC 99 request block).

s99errorcode

Is the hexadecimal value of the error reason code (field S99ERROR in the SVC 99 request block).

s99ersn

Is, for the SMS case, the SMS reason code (field S99ERSN in the SVC 99 request block extension). The SMS reason code corresponds to the message number of an IGD message describing the error.

System action

If this error occurred in starting the reorganization, then the reorganization is not started, but the partition remains accessible with the original active set of data sets -- either the A-through-J and X or the M-through-V and Y data sets.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00), the IMS catalog is not loaded, message DFS4483E is written, and the DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 12.

In any of these cases, other data sets might have been created before the error occurred.

Programmer response

Determine the meaning of *returncode*, *s99info*, *s99errorcode*, and *s99ersn*, as applicable. Follow any recommended actions to correct the error.

Then if the error was detected in processing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command, reissue the command for partition *partname*.

If this error occurred while loading the IMS catalog with the DFS3PU00 utility, rerun the utility.

Module:
DFSORA20

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

System action

**DFS3000I SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF DB
REORG**

Processing terminated normally.

Explanation

Partial Database Reorganization has completed successfully.

Chapter 63. DFS messages, DFS3001W - DFS3050A

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3001W INVALID FORMAT. STATEMENT
DID NOT BEGIN BEFORE COLUMN
17**

Explanation

Statement did not begin in a column between 1 and 16.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then the step terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3002W INVALID KEYWORD IN
PRECEDING STATEMENT COLUMN
= nn**

Explanation

Keyword beginning in column *nn* is invalid.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then the step terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3003W ILLEGAL CONTINUATION

Explanation

Either the ending character in the input string was a comma and a blank was found in column 72, or the ending character was not a comma and a nonblank character was found in column 72.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3004A FROMAREA INVALID FOR HIDAM
OR KEYRANGE INVALID FOR
HDAM**

Explanation

FROMAREA can only be specified for HDAM and KEYRANGE can only be specified for HIDAM.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statements, and rerun the job.

**DFS3005A REQUIRED KEYWORD MISSING,
KEYWORD = *keyword***

Explanation

The indicated required keyword is missing.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3006A INVALID KEYWORD FOR THIS
STEP ON PRECEDING STATEMENT,
KEYWORD = *keyword***

Explanation

The keyword indicated is invalid for this step.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3007I	SORT CORE SIZE NOT SPECIFIED ON THE EXEC PARMS, SORT MAIN STORAGE SIZE IS DEFAULTED TO CORE=MAX
-----------------	--

Explanation

You did not specify a parameter for the sort core size on the EXEC statement for the DFSUCUM0 utility or the DFSURG10 utility. The default CORE=MAX is used.

System action

Processing continues. The default sort core value size is used.

Module

DFSUCMN0, DFSURG10

DFS3008W	KEYWORD PREVIOUSLY SPECIFIED, KEYWORD = <i>keyword</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The keyword indicated has been specified previously in another input statement and only one keyword of this type is allowed.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3009W	FROMAREA AND KEYRANGE ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE KEYWORDS
-----------------	--

Explanation

FROMAREA and KEYRANGE have both been specified. FROMAREAs can only be used with HDAM databases and KEYRANGEs may only be used with HIDAM databases.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3010W	INVALID OPERAND IN PRECEDING STATEMENT FOR KEYWORD = <i>keyword</i>, COLUMN = <i>nn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid operand has been found for the keyword indicated in the previous statement.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3011W	MORE THAN 10 RANGES SPECIFIED
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

No more than 10 KEYRANGEs or FROMAREAAs are allowed. No more than 10 TOAREAAs are allowed after each FROMAREA or KEYRANGE.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3012W	DBDLIB DOES NOT CONTAIN <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DBD named is not contained in the DBDLIB.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3013W DBD *dbdname* DOES NOT HAVE HD ACCESS METHOD

Explanation

The DBD named is not a HDAM or HIDAM database.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3014W DATA SET GROUP(S) SPECIFIED ON INPUT STATEMENTS DO NOT MATCH DBD *dbdname* DSGs

Explanation

The data set groups used in the TOAREA input statements are not the same as found in the DBD.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3015A INTERNAL ERROR IN DFSPRDBD

Explanation

Module DFSPRDBD has encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3016A LCHILD ENTRY DOES NOT EXIST IN DBD *dbdname* FOR *segment-name*

Explanation

No LCHTAB entry was found in related database for logical child in primary database.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3017A MORE THAN 49 RELATED DATA BASES

Explanation

The limit of 49 related databases has been exceeded. Partial Database Reorganization cannot be used for this reorganization.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3018A MORE THAN 500 SEGMENTS PARTICIPATING IN REORGANIZATION

Explanation

The limit of 500 segments participating in reorganization has been exceeded. Partial Database Reorganization cannot be used for this reorganization.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3019	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE IN HIOP
----------------	---

Explanation

A command was not processed because there is insufficient storage in the communication input/output pool, which resides above the 16 megabyte line (HIOP).

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

This condition can be a temporary condition that can be resolved by reentering the command later. If this fails, notify the system programmer.

Module:
DFSICLN2

Related information
[IMS abend 0310](#)

DFS3020	UNABLE TO OBTAIN AN AWE FROM DFSBCB
----------------	--

Explanation

A command was not processed because an Asynchronous Work Element (AWE) could not be obtained from IMS BCB services.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

This problem can be a temporary condition that can be resolved by reentering the command later. If this attempt fails, notify the system programmer.

DFS3021W	DIRECT ADDRESS POINTERS IN RELATED HISAM DATABASE dbdname NOT ALLOWED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A related HISAM database has direct address pointers to the primary database. Partial Database Reorganization cannot be used to do this reorganization.

System action

The step is terminated.

DFS3022W	SYNCPPOINT PHASE 1 FAILED DUE TO FAILURE IN OBTAINING SPACE FOR 5612 LOG RECORD.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Program DBFSYN10 received a return code 16 (RC=16) from the Fast Path log processing module (DBFSLOG0). It could not obtain a control block for the 5612 log record using the storage manager service macro DFSBCB.

System action:

Processing continues.

Programmer response:

Increase Common Service Area (CSA) storage allocation.

DFS3023A	MORE THAN 500 SCAN AND RELOAD ACTIONS REQUIRED FOR POINTER RESOLUTION
-----------------	--

Explanation

The limit of 500 scan and reload actions for logically related segment pointer resolution has been exceeded. Partial Database Reorganization cannot be used for this reorganization.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3024W	RAS SECURITY HAS SUPPRESSED NNNNNNNN ICH408I MESSAGES FOR REGION YYYYYYYY
-----------------	--

Explanation

RAS security has suppressed multiple ICH408I messages because there is a RACF definition error for the identified dependent region. This message is issued to let you know that RAS security is still performing ICH408I message suppression for the dependent region and the number of ICH408I messages suppressed.

In the message text:

NNNNNNNN

The number of ICH408I suppressed

YYYYYYYY

The dependent region name

System action:

The unauthorized transaction remains in the message queue and could be processed by another eligible dependent region or another IMS system in an IMSplex. Processing continues.

Programmer response:

Locate the preceding DFS2497W, message, which specified the unauthorized transaction for the specified region. Follow the response in the information for DFS2497W to resolve the problem.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 27, 35, 36

Module:

DFSSCHRO

Related information

[“DFS2497W” on page 711](#)

ICH408I MESSAGES ARE SUPPRESSED FOR REGION YYYYYYYY FOR TRAN ZZZZZZZZ BY RAS SECURITY

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3025A	INTERNAL ERROR IN DFSPRABC
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

Module DFSPRABC has encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3026A	DFSPRCOM DATA SET CANNOT BE OPENED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Open failed for the communication data set, DDNAME DFSPRCOM.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Ensure that the communication data set exists and has been included in the DD statements for this step.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3027I	NO PSB GENERATED FOR THIS EXECUTION OF PARTIAL REORGANIZATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PSB parameter was not included in the input. The default for this parameter is no PSB generation.

System action

No PSB is generated for this execution.

Programmer response

If a PSB is required, rerun step 1 with PSB=psbname specified.

DFS3028A	UNSUCCESSFUL OPEN OF <i>ddname</i> DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system could not open the data set identified in the message text by *ddname*.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made in step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR). Ensure that DD statements for this data set are included, and specifications are correct.

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

DFS3029A UNSUCCESSFUL WRITE TO *ddname* DATA SET

Explanation

The named data set had a write error.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3030A UNSUCCESSFUL READ FROM *ddname* DATA SET

Explanation

The named data set had a read error.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17c, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3031A UNSUCCESSFUL CLOSE OF *ddname* DATA SET

Explanation

The named data set could not be closed.

System action

Processing continues.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17c, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3032A INTERNAL ERROR IN DFSPRWFM

Explanation

Module DFSPRWFM has encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3033A DBDS DO NOT MATCH, STEP 1 DBD=*dbdname*, STEP 2 DBD=*dbdname*

Explanation

The DBD specified in the step 2 input is not the same as the DBD specified in step 1.

System action

PSBGEN is terminated because of specification error.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3034A PREMATURE END OF FILE ON COMMUNICATIONS DATA SET

Explanation

End of file was reached before all the records passed from step 1 to step 2 on the communication data set (DFSPRCOM) were read by step 2.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Rerun step 1 to recreate the communications data set.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3035A STEP 1 HAS TERMINATED AFTER PHASE *phase-name*

Explanation

The phase shown in the message text encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

DFS3036W UNSUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF PARTIAL DATA BASE REORGANIZATION

Explanation

An error has occurred that prevents successful completion of Partial Database Reorganization.

System action

Processing terminates.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3037A STATUS CODE *cc* RETURNED FROM DL/I CALL ON RESTART ATTEMPT

Explanation

An error status code of 'cc' was returned by DL/I on a restart call.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None.

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

DFS3038A CHECKPOINT *nnn* NOT SUCCESSFULLY TAKEN; RESTART NOT POSSIBLE

Explanation

The checkpoint identified in the message text by *nnn* was not successful. Therefore a restart is not possible.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

You must recover the database and rerun a Partial Database Reorganization from the beginning.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3039A INSUFFICIENT REGION SIZE

Explanation

There was not enough storage available for step 2 to build its control blocks.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend U0310.

Programmer response

Increase the region size and rerun step 2.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3040A INVALID PCB LIST-TOO [SHORT|LONG]

Explanation

The PSB contained too few or too many PCBs and cannot be used for this run of Partial Database Reorganization.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the PSB, and rerun the job.

Problem determination

If PSB was generated from step 1 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR), then do 2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3041W TOAREA *rnn-number* TO *rnn-number* FOR DSG data set- *group-name* EXTENDS BEYOND CURRENT END OF DATA BASE

Explanation

The TOAREA specified extends beyond the current end of the database.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statements, and rerun the job.

DFS3042A RELOAD COUNT NOT EQUAL TO UNLOAD COUNT FOR ALL SEGMENTS

Explanation

The number of segments loaded does not equal the number of segments unloaded. See the range reload statistics for further information.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3043A NO PRIME INDEX ENTRY IN DBD FOR *ddname*

Explanation

No primary index data set was found for the HIDAM database identified by *ddname*.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3044A RBA IN PRIME INDEX NOT EQUAL TO RBA OF UNLOADED SEGMENT

Explanation

The relative byte address (RBA) in the primary index was not equal to the relative byte address of the unloaded segment.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of the Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3045W FROM AREA *rba-number* TO *rba-number* NOT IN ROOT ADDRESSABLE AREA

Explanation

The FROMAREA specified was not wholly contained in the root addressable area.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3046W NO DATABASE RECORDS IN FROMAREA/KEYRANGE STARTING AT *rba-number/key-value*

Explanation

No records were found in the range indicated.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. The step then terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3047A SORT *xx* FAILEDIMS messages

Explanation

A bad return code was returned from the Partial Database Reorganization sort. *xx* identifies the SORT STEP where the problem occurred.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3048A END OF DBT WITHOUT IMR
MATCH**

Explanation

A specific database was not found in the database table, based on an index maintenance record.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3049A UNEXPECTED EOF ON WF4

Explanation

An end of file condition occurred for work file 4 while trying to locate a B index work record that matches the IMS index maintenance record currently being processed.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS Database Backout utility to undo changes during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3050A INVALID RECORD TYPE xx IN DWR

Explanation

A data work record was encountered that contained an invalid record type identified by xx in the message text. This record type is not defined to the system.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS backout facility to undo changes during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 64. DFS messages, DFS3051A - DFS3100I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3051A NO DMB FOR DATABASE *ddname*

Explanation

The data management block was not found in the directory (DDIR). This problem is an IMS internal error.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3052A PERMANENT READ ERROR FOR SEGMENT AT RBA *rba-number*

Explanation

A permanent read error has occurred for the relative byte address (RBA) indicated.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of PDBR.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3053A INVALID RETURN FROM DL/I CALL *function, dbdname, procopt, segment-name, level*

Explanation

A return code other than bb, GA, or GK was returned from a DL/I GU call.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Use IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3054A INTERNAL ERROR IN MODULE DFSPRIMS

Explanation

Module DFSPRIMS has encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3055A INVALID PHYSICAL TWIN CHAIN

Explanation

An invalid physical twin chain was encountered unloading a HIDAM root.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS backout facility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 5, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3056I	STATUS CODE cc RETURNED FROM DL/I CALL ON CHECKPOINT ATTEMPT
-----------------	---

Explanation

A status code of cc was returned on a DL/I checkpoint call.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3057I	ATTEMPT TO WRITE TO DPRWF6 FAILED; CHECKPOINT 'nnn' NOT TAKEN
-----------------	--

Explanation

A write error occurred writing checkpoint nnn.
Restarting, if needed, is not possible.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3058A	STATUS CODE cc RETURNED FROM DL/I ON OPEN ATTEMPT
-----------------	--

Explanation

Open error on the index maintenance file has occurred.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS Backout utility to undo changes made during step 2 of Partial Database Reorganization (PDBR).

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3059A	INVALID RECORD TYPE xx IN XWR
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

An index work record was encountered which contained a record type code that is not defined to the system.

System action

The step is abnormally terminated with abend 0310.

Programmer response

Perform IMS Backout utility to undo changes made during step 2 of PDBR.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0310](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3060I	UNRESOLVED IN DOUBT IN AREA=xxxxxxx, COMMAND REJECTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A command that sent a DEDB area offline (such as, **/STOP AREA, UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD)**, **/DBR AREA** or **UPDATE AREA STOP(ACCESS)**) was entered for area xxxxxxxx. This area has unresolved in-doubt data. The command is rejected to protect data integrity.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Resolve in-doubt data and reissue the command.

DFS3061I	VSO AREA <i>aaaaaaaa</i> HAS I/O TOLERATED CI, COMMAND REJECTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The area *aaaaaaaa* is a VSO area and has I/O tolerated data from an XRF takeover. A command that took the area offline (such as **/STOP AREA**, **/DBR AREA**, **UPDATE AREA STOP (ACCESS)**, or **/VUNLOAD AREA**) was entered for the area, and the command was rejected to protect data integrity.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Enter either the IMS **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** or the AVM **UNLOCK** command to purge I/O toleration EEQEs. Then enter the command again.

Module:
DBFARDC0

DFS3062I	PRELOAD ACTIVE IN AREA=<i>areaname</i>, COMMAND REJECTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

PRELOAD is active for area, *areaname*, and the command was rejected to avoid an abend.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Reissue the command.

DFS3063A	DYNAMIC UNALLOCATION FAILED FOR DD <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During database recovery, the Database Recovery utility was unable to deallocate the target data set identified by *ddname*.

System action

The Database Recovery utility terminates abnormally with user code 0302. Register 15 contains the DYNALLOC error reason code for unallocation failure.

Programmer response

Ensure that the image copy data set was correct. If not, correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURT00

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0302](#)

DFS3064A	DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FAILED FOR DD <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Dynamic allocation failed for the referenced *ddname*.

System action

Processing involving this data set is halted.

Programmer response

Ensure that the data set exists and resides in the current catalog structure.

Module:
DFSURT00, DFSUDMP0, DFSUDMT0

DFS3065I	UTILITY ACTIVE IN AREA=<i>areaname</i>, COMMAND PENDING UTILITY TERMINATION
-----------------	--

Explanation

Fast Path utility active for area. At utility I/O, status FH or AO is issued, and the command is processed. The utility terminates before completion.

System action

The **/DBR** or **/STOP** command is processed but utility cleanup and disconnect occur before command execution.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFARDA0

DFS3067A **IMS xxxxxxxx WAITING FOR
SYNCHRONIZATION WITH OTHER
FAILED IMS SYSTEMS. REPLY
"OK" TO CONTINUE**

Explanation

This message is generated at an IMS emergency restart when the OPTION SYNCPLEX keyword and parameter have been entered.

System action

The IMS system waits for a reply before starting normal processing.

Programmer response

When the IMS systems that failed have all been restarted and are waiting at the WTOR, reply OK to the WTOR.

Module:
DFSRST00

DFS3069I **MINIMUM VALUE SUBSTITUTED
FOR LOW/HIGH BLOCK NUMBER**

Explanation

Low or high block number for SURVEYOR TOAREA processing was less than the minimum value of 2.

System action

The low/high block number takes on the minimum value of 2.

DFS3070A **UNSUCCESSFUL OPEN OF *ddname*
DATA SET**

Explanation

The system was not able to open the data set indicated in the message.

System action

Processing terminates with abend 0311.

Programmer response

Ensure that a DD statement is present and specifications are correct. Make corrections, and rerun job.

Related information

[0311 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3071A **DBDNAME IN DBPCB DOES NOT
MATCH DBDNAME ENTERED**

Explanation

Either the DBNAME from the input statement or the PCB is incorrect.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct input statement.

DFS3072I **NO KEY IS DEFINED IN THE DBD
FOR THE ROOT SEGMENT OF THIS
DATABASE**

Explanation

The DBD is invalid.

System action

Processing terminates with abend 0311.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3073I **INTERNAL ERROR IN DFSPRSUR**

Explanation

Module DFSPRSUR has encountered an error that prevents further processing.

System action

Processing terminates with abend 0311.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3074A	INVALID RETURN FROM OLIC WHILE PROCESSING AN INITIALIZE DSG CALL
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either there was an error in opening and initializing the database or the OLIC parameter in the PCB was not set.

System action

Processing terminates with abend 0311.

Programmer response

Ensure that OLIC=YES specified on PSB and DD statement is present for database being surveyed. Make corrections, and resubmit job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3075I	INVALID STATUS CODE FROM DL/I function CALL-STATUS = <i>status</i> <i>code</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid return code was returned from a DL/I call.

System action

Processing terminates with abend 0311.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS system and all control statements are valid, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3076W	FROMAREA INVALID FOR HIDAM OR KEYRANGE INVALID FOR HDAM
-----------------	--

Explanation

FROMAREA can only be specified for HDAM and KEYRANGE can only be specified for HIDAM.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3077A	LOW BLOCK NUMBER FOR DSG <i>ddname</i> IS NOT WITHIN THE DATA SET GROUP
-----------------	--

Explanation

The low block number specified for TOAREA processing was beyond the current end of the DSG.

System action

Processing continues after bypassing the error parameter.

Programmer response

Lower the low block number so that it falls within the DSG, and rerun the job.

DFS3078I	INVALID RETURN CODE FROM OLIC WHILE PROCESSING A BLOCK LOCATE CALL
-----------------	---

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from an Online Image Copy block locate call.

System action

SURVEYOR is abnormally terminated with abend 0311.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3079I	INVALID RETURN CODE FROM OLIC WHILE PROCESSING A GET RBA CALL
-----------------	--

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from an Online Image Copy get RBA call.

System action

SURVEYOR is abnormally terminated with abend 0311.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3080I	INVALID RETURN CODE FROM BUFFER HANDLER WHILE PROCESSING A LOCATE BLOCK CALL
-----------------	---

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from the buffer handler block locate call.

System action

SURVEYOR is abnormally terminated with abend 0311.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3081W	STATEMENT DOES NOT BEGIN BEFORE COL 17
-----------------	---

Explanation

Statement did not begin in a column between 1 and 16.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3082W	UNKNOWN KEYWORD <i>keyword</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

Keyword was not recognized for control statement indicated.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3083W	INVALID SYNTAX <i>error description</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Syntax error has been found in the user control statement.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3084W	INCOMPLETE STATEMENT
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The previous control statement was incomplete.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3085W ILLEGAL CONTINUATION

Explanation

Either the ending character in the input string was a comma and a blank was found in column 72, or the ending character was not a comma and a nonblank character was found in column 72.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3086W KEYWORD PREVIOUSLY
SPECIFIED KEYWORD: *keyword***

Explanation

The keyword indicated has been specified previously in another input statement and only one keyword of this type is allowed.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3087W INVALID OPERAND

Explanation

An invalid operand has been found for the keyword indicated in the previous statement.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3088W MISSING KEYWORD: *keyword*

Explanation

The indicated keyword is missing.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3089W FROMAREA, KEYRANGE, AND
TOAREA ARE MUTUALLY
EXCLUSIVE**

Explanation

Two of the keyword types, listed in the message, have been specified.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3090W MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM OF 10
TOAREAS SPECIFIED**

Explanation

You can specify no more than 10 TOAREAs.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

**DFS3091W DBDLIB DOES NOT CONTAIN
*dbdname***

Explanation

The DBD for the database identified by *dbdname* was not found in DBDLIB.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in control statement or DBDLIB, and rerun the job.

DFS3092W	DBD <i>dbdname</i> DOES NOT HAVE HD ACCESS METHOD
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DBD identified by *dbdname* is not an HDAM or HIDAM database.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3093W	DATA SET GROUPS(S) SPECIFIED ON INPUT STATEMENTS DO NOT MATCH DBD <i>dbdname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data set groups used in the TOAREA input statements are not the same as found in the DBD.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3094W	FROMAREA <i>low block number</i> TO <i>high block number</i> NOT IN ROOT ADDRESSABLE AREA
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FROMAREA range specified is not within the root addressable area of this database.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3095W	NO RECORDS IN RANGE
-----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

No records were found in the range specified by user control statement.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3096A	INVALID RETURN CODE FROM SVC
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

An error condition was detected by SVC processing.

System action

SURVEYOR is abnormally terminated with abend 0311.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3097W	INPUT KEY LENGTH DOES NOT MATCH DATA BASE KEY LENGTH
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length of the keys specified for the KEYRANGE are not the same as the DBD key length.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3098A	SURVEYOR IS UNABLE TO LOCATE RECORD AT BEGINNING
-----------------	---

OF RANGE AND/OR PARTITION BOUNDARY

Explanation

The first key in a FROMAREA range or partition cannot be located. Either significant deletion or insertion activity was occurring at range/partition boundary while Surveyor was running, or there is a database error.

System action

Processing terminates with a user abend 0311.

Programmer response

Check for the possibility of either significant insert/delete activity against the database at the range/partition boundary or a database pointer error. Rerun job when problem is resolved.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 17a, 18, 19, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0311](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3099W	LOW KEY/RBN IS GREATER THAN HIGH KEY/RBN
-----------------	---

Explanation

The low key or low block number entered was greater than the high key or block number entered on a FROMAREA, KEYRANGE, or TOAREA statement.

System action

Processing continues until all control statements have been analyzed. Then processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the control statement, and rerun the job.

DFS3100I	UNABLE TO START SESSION, NODE <i>nodename</i> IN FP INPUT MODE
-----------------	---

or

**UNABLE TO START SESSION, USER OR NODE IN FP
INPUT MODE**

Explanation

A session initiation request was refused. The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor if a referenced user or node is in Fast Path input mode. The user or node cannot be used to start a session.

The second form of the message is issued by a LOGON or SCIP exit if a session initiation request references a node in Fast Path input mode. The referenced user or node has RCVYFP=NO specified and the Fast Path input is in local mode. In the message text, *nodename* identifies the name of the node in Fast Path input mode.

System action

The command is ignored or the LOGON or SCIP request is denied.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY USER** or **/DISPLAY NODE** commands to determine the status of the user or node.

Module:

DFSICLQ0, DFSCNXA0

Chapter 65. DFS messages, DFS3101I - DFS3150

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3101I MAXIMUM SESSIONS REACHED -
 NODE *nodename***

or

MAXIMUM SESSIONS REACHED

Explanation

The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor. The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit. Either all available parallel sessions are in use or a single session device is still active. This condition can occur if the half-session is allocated, stopped, or not idle. If a **/OPN** command was entered, this condition can also occur if **OPTION=NOPNDST** was specified on the **TERMINAL** macro.

System action

The command is not run, or a LOGON/REQSESS is denied.

Operator response

Wait until a session becomes available, and reenter the command.

If the problem persists for a single session device, the terminal might be hung in IMS as a result of an internal session cleanup problem. If the terminal remains hung after a **VTAM VARY INACT** and **/CLSDST NODE FORCE**, create a console memory dump and report the problem to IBM Software Support. The receipt of this message for many terminals often indicates a more serious system wait, hang, or loop problem. If so, take a console memory dump before bringing the system down.

**DFS3102I UNABLE TO ASSIGN, MSGDEL
 OPTIONS DO NOT MATCH**

Explanation

This message is issued by the **/ASSIGN** command processor. The MSGDEL options for the user name referred to in the **/ASSIGN** command do not match.

System action

The command is not run.

Operator response

Reenter the command with a valid value.

DFS3103 USER IS NOT ALLOCATED

Explanation

The specified user is not allocated, or the specified dynamic terminal has no user allocated to it.

System action

The command is rejected.

User response

Attempt the command after the user is logged on.

DFS3104 USER ALLOCATED TO SESSION

Explanation

The specified users are currently allocated to a "node session" or are in the process of allocation by a **/OPNDST** command. Therefore, the **/ASSIGN** or **/STOP** command is not valid for an allocated user. **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE** is not allowed at this time, since the dequeue might not occur.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

For **/ASSIGN** or **/STOP**, wait for the session to terminate, then reenter the command. For **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE**, the user was in the allocation process. When the user is allocated, the **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE** command is accepted if the node half-session is stopped and idle (for example, using **/STOP NODE USER**).

DFS3105I USER HAS NO LTERMS

Explanation:

For information and actions, see message DFS3105.

Related information

DFS3105

SUBPOOL HAS NO LTERMS - NODE *nodename*
SUBPOOL *sbplname*

DFS3105	SUBPOOL HAS NO LTERMS - NODE <i>nodename</i> SUBPOOL <i>sbplname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A session initiation request was refused.

The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor. It is issued if no logical terminals are currently assigned to the first user specified in the command.

The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit if an ISC session initiation request references a node and a subpool, and the referenced subpool has no LTERMs associated with it.

System action

The command is ignored or the LOGON/REQSESS request is denied.

DFS3106I	USER KEYWORD IS INVALID
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The USER keyword is invalid or inappropriate for the command being entered.

If this IMS system is part of a sysplex using the IMS Resource Manager, the user might be actively on or owned by another IMS system. As a result, the user would not be found on this IMS, even if it was statically defined to this system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Check the valid syntax and restrictions of the command, noting restrictions of the use of the USER keyword.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS3107I	USER NOT AVAILABLE, IN USE BY /ASSIGN OR /DEQUEUE
-----------------	--

Explanation

A session initiation request was refused.

For a detailed explanation and actions, see DFS3107.

Related information

DFS3107

USER NOT AVAILABLE, IN USE BY /ASSIGN
OR /DEQUEUE

DFS3107	USER NOT AVAILABLE, IN USE BY /ASSIGN OR /DEQUEUE
----------------	--

or

USER NOT AVAILABLE - NODE *nodename* USER *username*

Explanation

A session initiation request was refused.

The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor that referenced a user name that was involved in an assignment with a **/ASSIGN** command or a dequeue with a **/DEQUEUE LTERM P1 PURGE**.

The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit if an ISC session initiation request references an unavailable user.

A user is unavailable if it was STOPPED; is currently referenced by an **/ASSIGN**, **/DEQUEUE**, or a **/SIGN** command; or is currently in use.

System action

The command is ignored or the LOGON/REQSESS request is denied.

Operator response

Enter a **/DIS USER** command to determine the status of the user. If the user is STOPPED, issue a **/START USER** command, if appropriate. If the user is the object of an **/ASSIGN**, **/DEQUEUE**, or **/SIGN** command, wait for the command to complete before reentering the **/OPN** command.

DFS3108I	USER KEYWORD PARAMETER IS INVALID OR MISSING
-----------------	---

Explanation

The USER keyword parameter was missing, was not a valid name, or was used in an invalid context. The name might be valid, but it might be a duplicate of another entered user name, or a name used with a node name to which the user is not allocated.

If this IMS system is part of a sysplex using the IMS Resource Manager, the user might be actively on or owned by another IMS system. As a result, the name would not be found on this IMS, even if it was statically defined to the system.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Check the syntax and restrictions of the command. Use the **/DISPLAY ASMT** command to note current assignments of users.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS3109 INVALID NODE TYPE

Explanation

The form of the command entered is not applicable for the node type specified by the command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Check the allowable formats and restrictions of the command and rerun the command.

DFS3110I INVALID KEYWORD SEQUENCE

Explanation

The command editor (DFSICL30) detected a command in which the **NODE** keyword was entered following the **USER** keyword and its parameters. When both these keywords are used, the user name must be specified *after* the node.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Resubmit the command with the keywords in the correct sequence.

Module:
DFSICLN2, DFSICLN3, DFSICLN4

**DFS3111I UNABLE TO START SESSION -
 NODE *nodename* STOPPED**

or

**UNABLE TO START SESSION -USER OR NODE
STOPPED**

Explanation

A session initiation request was refused.

The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor if a referenced user or node is STOPPED. The user or node cannot be referenced to start a session.

The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit if a session initiation request references a STOPPED node.

System action

The command is ignored or the LOGON/REQSESS request is denied.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY USER** and **/DISPLAY NODE** commands to determine the status of the user and node.

**DFS3112I USER NOT AVAILABLE, CANNOT
 PROCESS COMMAND**

Explanation

The specified user name is already allocated and in session with another node, or is allocated to the specified node, but with a different half-session qualifier than the one specified in the **ID=** keyword for this command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY ASMT USER** command to determine if the user name is allocated and the node name to which it is allocated. If the user name is allocated to the same node name specified in the **/OPNDST** command, then reenter the command with the correct half-session qualifier (**ID=**). If the user name is allocated to a different node from the one specified in the **/OPNDST** command, wait until the user name becomes available or enter the **/STOP USER** command to prevent further allocation when the current allocated session ends.

DFS3113I SESSION ALREADY ACTIVE

Explanation

The NODE and USER parameters in the command specify a LUTYPE6 session that has already been established, or is in the process of being established.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY NODE USER** command to determine the state of the session.

**DFS3114I MULTIPLE NODE PARAMETERS
ARE INVALID**

Explanation

Neither the USER keyword nor the FORCE keyword can be specified if a generic node name, ALL, or range of node names is specified for the NODE keyword in the command.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Correct the syntax of the command and rerun.

**DFS3115I NODE IN USE, CANNOT PROCESS
COMMAND**

Explanation

The **/ASSIGN** failed because:

1. When attempting to **/ASSIGN** the USER back to VTAMPOOL, the half-session node, to which the specified user name is allocated, is in session in conversational mode, preset mode, or response mode; or the half-session node is not stopped and idle.
2. When attempting to **/ASSIGN** the LTERM or user name to another (target) USER, the half-session node, to which the specified target USER is allocated, is in session or is not idle.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Respond to the failures as follows:

1. For the first failure mentioned above, issue the **/STOP NODE P1 USER P2** command to stop the specified half-session. Use the **/DISPLAY NODE USER** command to verify that the half-session node is stopped and idle, and reenter the original **/ASSIGN** command. If the half-session node was in conversational mode, preset mode, or response mode, issue a **/START NODE P1 USER P2** command (after the **/STOP**) to clear those special modes, then issue another **/STOP**.
2. For the second failure mentioned above, issue the **/STOP NODE P1 USER P2** command for the half-session node to which the specified target USER is allocated. Use the **/DISPLAY NODE USER** command to verify that the half-session node is idle and not in session, and reenter the original **/ASSIGN** command.

**DFS3116I USER AND TERMINAL MSGDEL
OPTIONS DO NOT MATCH**

Explanation

The user name and terminal message delete options do not match when attempting an **/OPNDST NODE USER**.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Select a user name with appropriate message delete options, and reenter the **/OPNDST** command.

**DFS3117 SESSION NOT ACTIVE, CANNOT
DEQUEUE**

Explanation

The **/DEQUEUE** command was entered without the PURGE keyword, but no session was active that involved the specified node and user names (and LTERM, if used), or specified LTERM.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Determine whether the PURGE keyword should be used. The **/DISPLAY NODE P1** or **/DISPLAY**

ASSIGNMENT LTERM P1 command can be used to determine what sessions are active.

**DFS3118 MESSAGE CANNOT BE
 PROCESSED SYNCHRONOUSLY**

Explanation

The message cannot be processed synchronously. It must follow one of the following modes.

- Test mode
- Command
- Conversational transaction
- Response mode

System action

The session is terminated. An IMS Log Record with an ID of CVCT containing pertinent information was produced.

System programmer response

Either change the destination type to one of the above, or change the ATTACH to asynchronous form.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 14

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3119I NO USERS ARE ALLOCATED TO
 NODE**

Explanation

The command specified the NODE keyword and the USER keyword with parameter ALL, but no user names are currently allocated to the specified node, or the node is not in the system.

System action

The command is ignored.

**DFS3120I MSC IN SYSTEM BUT DFSCMR00
 NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

During IMS restart, module DFSCRM00 is needed to reinstate the MSC control blocks but it is not available.

System action

This message will be followed by an IMS 3120 abend.

Programmer response

Make sure that DFSCMR00 is linked into DFSRST00 load module.

Related information

[IMS abend 3120](#)

**DFS3121A LOGICAL COPY COMPLETE FOR
 GROUP|DB/AREA *groupname* |
 dbname - *n* OF *m* DATA SETS
 FAILED**

Explanation

See explanation under DFS3121I.

Related information

[DFS3121I](#)
COPIED DB/AREA *dbname* DDN *ddname* DSN
dsname

**DFS3121I COPIED DB/AREA *dbname* DDN
 ddname DSN *dsname***

Explanation

This message is issued by the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) when image copy processing for the database data sets contained in the identified group, database, or area is logically complete. If a group name was specified as input to the utility, the message identifies the group. Otherwise, one DFS3121A message is issued for each database or area for which data sets are being copied.

n

The number of data sets for which image copy processing failed.

m

The total number of data sets to be copied by this run of the utility.

DFS3121I messages identify the individual database data sets for which the image copies are now logically complete.

System action

The utility continues processing. When the image copies are physically complete, they are recorded in the RECON data set.

Programmer response

If you stopped update processing for the data group, database, or area with a **/DBD** or **/DBR** command to run the utility with the exclusive (X) option, you can now resume update processing by issuing a **/START DATAGROUP, UPDATE DATAGRP START(ACCESS), /START DB, UPDATE DB START(ACCESS), /START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command.

Module

DFSUDUI1

Related information

[“DFS3121A” on page 845](#)
LOGICAL COPY COMPLETE FOR GROUP|DB/
AREA *groupname* | *dbname* - *n* OF *m* DATA SETS
FAILED

DFS3122A	LOGICAL COPY FAILED FOR DB/ AREA <i>dbname</i> DDN <i>ddname</i> DSN <i>dsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFSMSdss notified the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) that the attempt to initialize a concurrent copy session for the named data set was unsuccessful. For more information about the failure, see the ADR734I message and other ADR*nnn* messages that were issued by DFSMSdss.

System action

Image copy processing fails for the database data set named in the message. The utility terminates unless there are other database data sets for which image copy processing has not completed.

Operator response

See the ADR*nnn* messages that were issued by DFSMSdss to determine how to correct the problem. See *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 1 (SA22-7631)* for a description of ADR messages.

If the data set is not on hardware that supports the concurrent copy function, or if you do not want to use concurrent copy, use the Database Image Copy utility (DFSUDMP0) to create the image copy.

Module:

DFSUDUI1

Related reference

[z/OS: ADR734I](#)

DFS3124A	DBRC IS REQUIRED TO EXECUTE THIS UTILITY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) must be run with DBRC present, but DBRC=Y was not specified for this execution.

System action

The utility terminates.

Programmer response

Specify DBRC=Y in the execution parameters and rerun the job.

Module

DFSUDMT0

DFS3125A	PRIMER SAMPLE TEST, REPLY CONT, LOOP, ABEND OR CANCEL JOB
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued by sample program DFS0AER. Using a batch or online transaction, the user requested operator intervention for synchronization of a recovery test. A write to z/OS operator with reply (WTOR) is used. This action provides an environment to forcibly terminate the application program or system, or both, in order to test recovery procedures.

System action

None.

Operator response

As requested by user. Reply CONT to continue, ABEND to cause abnormal termination, LOOP to cause a program loop, or cancel the job using the z/OS **CANCEL** command.

DFS3126W	RDS DATA SET REFORMAT REQUIRED DURING NEXT RESTART
-----------------	---

Explanation

A write error occurred on the restart data set (RDS) during a checkpoint. The operation continues because the RDS data set is not required during online execution except to save information needed for the next restart. However, the next restart will access the disk log to obtain information to restart the system. At this time a reformat of the RDS data set must be done.

System action

The operation continues, but the system will stop logging data to the RDS data set. The system will shut down normally when instructed to do so.

Programmer response

Check the allocation of the restart data set. The RDS allocation needs to be large enough to contain at least 90 blocks reserved for RDS1 components BCPT, RRE, SIDX, and LCRE.

During the next restart of the system, reformat the RDS data set by specifying `FORMAT RS` in the restart command. If this problem persists, you must perform a scratch, reallocation, and reformat of the RDS.

**DFS3127I READ|WRITE ERROR OCCURRED
ON THE RESTART DATA SET xxxxxx**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to read or write the restart data set (RDS), or during or after an IMS checkpoint.

The variable xxxxxx has one of the following values:

IMSRDS

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS DD statement.

IMSRDS2

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS2 DD statement.

System action

If a read error occurred, IMS terminates the restart. If a write error occurred, IMS continues processing.

Operator response

Check the allocation of the restart data set. The RDS allocation needs to be large enough to contain at least 90 blocks reserved for RDS1 components BCPT, RRE, SIDX, and LCRE.

For a read error, delete and reallocate the RDS; then retry the restart by specifying `FORMAT RS`.

For a read error in the Fast Database Recovery region, terminate the active IMS, scratch and reallocate the RDS, and restart IMS by specifying `FORMAT RS`. Then start the Fast Database Recovery region.

For a persistent write error, terminate IMS, scratch and reallocate the RDS, and restart IMS by specifying `FORMAT RS`. For the appropriate recovery actions in an XRF environment, see *IMS Version 15.5 System Administration*.

**DFS3128A OPEN FAILED ON RESTART DATA
SET, xxxxxxxx.**

Explanation

OSAM was unable to open the restart data set. The variable xxxxxxxx has one of the following values:

IMSRDS

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS DD statement.

IMSRDS2

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS2 DD statement.

IMSRDS2 NOT DEFINED

The IMSRDS2 DD statement is invalid or missing.

System action

If an XRF alternate system is being started, abend U0970 with RC=1 occurs. If this message is issued by the Fast Database Recovery region, abend 0574 occurs. Any other IMS start terminates, and IMS waits for another `/START` command.

Operator response

(master terminal) See the Programmer response for the appropriate action.

Programmer response

If the problem is not in the system hardware or software (for example, the JCL is in error or the data set is not formatted), the restart data set must be reallocated. The subsequent IMS must format the restart data set. In an XRF and Fast Database Recovery environment, only the active system can format the restart data set.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 35

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3129I RUNNING IN SHARED QUEUES
ENVIRONMENT - BUILDQ
PARAMETER IGNORED**

Explanation

The online system is being started with a command that included the BUILDQ parameter; however, the

system is running in the shared queues environment. The BUILDQ parameter has no meaning in a shared queues environment.

System action

The BUILDQ parameter is ignored, and the restart process continues.

Module

DFSRBCP0

DFS3130I	ABEND 970 SCHEDULED RC=01 yyy
-----------------	--

or

ABEND 970 SCHEDULED RC=xx

Explanation

The first form of the message is issued when IMS abend 0970 is scheduled. The contents of register 10 are displayed in field xx. The second form is issued when abend 0970 is scheduled, and register 10 contains 01. Field yyy contains an AWE return code that is documented in the 0970 information.

System action

The system abnormally terminates with abend 0970.

Related information
[IMS abend 0970](#)

DFS3131A	A COLD START OR EMERGENCY RESTART REQUIRED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A normal restart command was submitted, but the system was not terminated after a shutdown checkpoint command, or the system was never started cold. The originating module is DFSRBCP0.

System action

IMS waits for another restart command.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Enter either a cold start or emergency restart command with appropriate parameters.

Module:
DFSRBCP0

DFS3132A	CANNOT BUILDQ. SHUTDOWN WAS FREEZE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Normal restart command parameter for BUILDQ was specified, but system was not terminated with a memory dump of the message queues. Originating module is DFSRBCP0.

System action

IMS waits for another restart command.

Master terminal operator response: Enter the restart command with appropriate parameters.

DFS3133	FATAL DFSMS ERROR DURING RESTORE PROCESSING
----------------	--

Explanation

The DFSMS restore of a data set failed.

System action

The system abnormally terminates with abend 0225.

Programmer response

To determine the cause of the failure, see the DFSMS ADRnnnn messages.

Module:
DFSURDB0

Related reference
[z/OS: ADR messages](#)
Related information
[IMS abend 0225](#)

DFS3134W	GSAM PCB (NUM=nnn) IS NOT DECODED IN PSB <i>psb_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either the Library Utility (DFS3LU00) or Catalog Populate Utility (DFS3PU00) was unable to decode the GSAM PCB from ACB format.

psb_name
The PSB-type ACB member name.

nnn
The GSAM PCB number.

System action

The utility continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3135A KSDS DEFINITION DOES NOT ALLOW IMAGE COPY CONCURRENT WITH UPDATE ACCESS

or

KSDS DEFINITION DOES NOT ALLOW IMAGE COPY ONLINE FAST REPLICATION WITH UPDATE ACCESS

Explanation

A control statement supplied to the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) tried to take an image copy of a KSDS data set using concurrent copy or fast replication, and that update access to the data set is allowed (S was specified in column 58 or defaulted to). However, the DEFINE CLUSTER attribute, BWO(TYPEIMS), was not specified for the KSDS.

System action

Message DFS3144A with reason code 0C is also issued to identify the database data set for which image copy processing has failed. The utility terminates unless there are other database data sets for which image copy processing has not completed.

System programmer response

Review the option specified on the control statement for the KSDS. If image copy processing concurrent with updating or with fast replication is to be allowed, notify the database administrator that the access method services (IDCAMS) **ALTER** command must be used to specify BWO(TYPEIMS) for the data set. See *DFSMS/MVS Access Method Services for ICF* (SC26-4906).

Module

DFSUDUI1

Related information

“DFS3144A” on page 851
IMAGE COPY PROCESSING FAILED FOR DB/
AREA *dbname* DDN *ddname*, REASON = *nn*

DFS3136I NORMAL RESTART IN PROCESS

Explanation

IMS has determined that normal restart is required under the automatic restart option.

System action

IMS proceeds with normal restart. Originating module is DFSRBCP0.

Master terminal operator response: None required.

DFS3137I EMERGENCY RESTART IN PROCESS

Explanation

IMS has determined that emergency restart is required under the automatic restart option.

System action

IMS proceeds with emergency restart.

DFS3138I INSUFFICIENT PSB|PSBW POOL SPACE

Explanation

An XRF alternate system or a Fast Database Recovery region tried to schedule a PSB while tracking the active system. The schedule failed because of insufficient pool space.

System action

The system terminates with abend 0593.

Programmer response

Increase the PSB pool space to at least equal that of the active system.

Problem determination

1, 4, 5, 35

Related information

IMS abend 0593
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3139I IMS (DCCTL) INITIALIZED, AUTOMATIC RESTART PROCEEDING

Explanation

Automatic restart option selected. If (DCCTL) is displayed in the message, the DCCTL environment has been initialized.

System action

The system waits for reply to continue IMS normal or emergency restart, as appropriate.

Operator response

(master terminal) Respond with any appropriate installation-defined reply. The reply is not processed.

DFS3140A SDEP SCAN UTILITY FAILED DUE TO INDOUBT SEGMENT IN THE SCAN RANGE

or

SDEP UTILITY FAILED DUE TO IN-DOUBT SEGMENT IN UTILITY RANGE

or

SDEP DELETE UTILITY FAILED DUE TO IN-DOUBT SEGMENT IN DELETE RANGE

Explanation

The DEDB Sequential Dependent Scan utility found an in-doubt segment in the range of segments requested to be scanned.

For the SDEP UTILITY FAILED DUE TO IN-DOUBT SEGMENT IN UTILITY RANGE version of this message, the DEDB Sequential Dependent utility found an in-doubt segment in the range of segments requested to be scanned or deleted and the command INDOUBT was not specified as a utility control statement. Only aborted and committed SDEP segments can be scanned or deleted. They will be skipped if INDOUBT is specified.

For the SDEP DELETE UTILITY FAILED DUE TO IN-DOUBT SEGMENT IN DELETE RANGE version of this message, the DEDB Sequential Dependent Delete utility found an in-doubt segment in the range of segments requested to be deleted. Only aborted and committed SDEP segments can be deleted.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response

If you are prevented from scanning segments, the optional parameter INDOUBT must be included in the SYSIN record and a SCANIDT data set specified for in-doubt segment output. An in-doubt segment cannot be deleted, so RBAs in SCANIDT will need to be resolved if they are intended to be deleted after scan.

If you are prevented from scanning or deleting segments because of an old unresolved segment, you should resolve the segment. After you resolve the segment and write it to the database, you can scan or delete the segment.

Module

DBFUMDL0, DBFUMRT0, DBFUMSC0, DBFUMMS0

DFS3141A PHYSICAL COPY COMPLETE FOR GROUP|DB/AREA groupname| dbname - n OF m DATA SETS FAILED

Explanation

See the explanation under DFS3141I.

Related information

“DFS3141I” on page 850
COPIED DB/AREA dbname DDN ddname DSN dsname

DFS3141I COPIED DB/AREA dbname DDN ddname DSN dsname

Explanation

The DFS3141A message is issued by the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) when image copy processing for the database data sets contained in the identified group, database, or area is physically complete. If a group name was specified as input to the utility, then groupname identifies the group. Otherwise one DFS3141A message is issued for each database or area for which data sets were copied.

DFS3141I messages identify the individual database data sets that were successfully copied.

In the message text:

groupname

The name specified on the group name control statement. Image copies for all database data sets being copied are physically complete.

dbname

The name of a database or area for which image copies are physically complete.

n
The number of data sets for which image copy processing failed.

m
The total number of data sets to be copied by this execution of the utility.

ddname
The ddname or area name for the data set that was copied.

dsname
The data set that was copied.

System action

All image copies for the group, database, or area were recorded in the RECON. The utility continues processing if there are other data sets still being processed.

Programmer response

If you stopped update processing for the data group, database, or area with a **/DBD** or **/DBR** command to run the utility with the exclusive (X) option, you can resume update processing by issuing a **/START DATAGROUP, UPDATE DATAGRP START(ACCESS), / START DATABASE, UPDATE DB START(ACCESS), / START AREA, or UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command.

Module

DFSUDUI1

Related information
“DFS3141A” on page 850
PHYSICAL COPY COMPLETE FOR GROUP|DB/
AREA *groupname|dbname* - *n* OF *m* DATA SETS
FAILED

DFS3142I	DFSMSDSS MESSAGE ADR974I WAS ISSUED FOR DB <i>dbname</i> DDN <i>ddname</i> DSN <i>dsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) issues this message to the system console when it is notified that DFSMSdss is writing an ADR974I message.

System action

The utility continues processing.

System programmer response

See *z/OS MVS System Messages Vol 1 (SA22-7631)* for a description of the ADR974I message. You should verify that the identified data set is good.

Module:
DFSUDUI1
Related reference
[z/OS: ADR974I](#)

DFS3143A	SAME DATASET ("S") SPECIFICATION ERROR.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility control statements supplied for the Database Image Copy 2 utility contains one of the following syntax errors:

- More than 255 database data sets were specified to be copied to the same output data set. The maximum is 255.
- The **Same Data Set (S)** option was specified, but there is no previous control statement specifying the output data set(s).

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 16.

System programmer response

Correct the utility control statements before rerunning the utility. The first control statement specifying the Same Data Set option must be preceded by a control statement that specifies the output ddnames. Specify no more than 255 database data sets to be copied to the same output data set(s).

Problem determination

2, 3

Module:
DFSUDMT0
Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3144A	IMAGE COPY PROCESSING FAILED FOR DB/AREA <i>dbname</i> DDN <i>ddname</i>, REASON = <i>nn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Image Copy 2 utility was unable to create an image copy for the specified database data set or area.

(nn) is one of the following reason codes:

Reason code

Meaning

01

DBRC AUTH request failed.

The request to DBRC for database authorization failed.

02

DBRC INIT request failed.

The INIT request to DBRC for image copy processing failed. See the DSP message that was also issued.

03

Input DD statement is missing.

A DD statement for the database data set was not supplied.

04

Output DD statement is missing.

A DD statement for an image copy output data set was not supplied.

05

The area data set has Error Queue Elements (EQEs).

EQEs exist for all area data sets for the identified area. See the DFS3726A message that was also issued.

06

The DFSMSdss DUMP initialization failed.

DFSMSdss did not schedule a memory dump task for the dump command for this database data set. See the DFSMSdss ADR messages issues for the dump command.

07

No VOLSER for the image copy data set.

DFSMSdss has notified the utility of successful completion for the database data set, however, during dump processing, volume serial numbers for the output data sets were not received from DFSMSdss.

08

Invalid VOLSER for image copy data set.

An output volume serial number received from DFSMSdss is invalid. An abend U0225 with subcode 4 was issued. See the abend description.

09

Fast Path error was detected.

The Fast Path image copy module set an unexpected return code during image copy processing. See the error message issued for the Fast Path area.

0A

Attempt to copy KSDS concurrent with update access failed.

A concurrent copy session for a fuzzy KSDS image copy was not successfully initialized. See the DFS3145A message that was also issued.

0B

Database/area is not registered with DBRC.

The identified database or area is not registered with DBRC.

0C

BWO(TYPEIMS) was not specified for KSDS.

A fuzzy image copy of a KSDS data set was requested, however, BWO(TYPEIMS) was not defined for KSDS. See the DFS3135A message that was also issued.

0D

DBRC EOD request failed.

The EOD request to DBRC for image copy processing failed. See the DSP message that was also issued.

0E

I/O error on image copy data set.

The last or only image copy output data set has experienced an I/O error.

0F

DFSMSdss DUMP processing failed.

The data set complete notification from DFSMSdss indicated that the data set was not successfully dumped. See the DFSMSdss ADR messages to determine the cause of the failure.

10

Dynamic allocation error.

Dynamic allocation for the database data set failed.

11

Unauthorized failed.

The request to DBRC to unauthorize a database or area failed.

12

UIM abend or unexpected DFSMSdss processing.

Either an abend occurred in the user interaction module (UIM), DFSUDUI1, during DFSMSdss dump command processing, or dump command processing ended without the UIM being driven for data set complete notification. If there was no abend, check the DFSMSdss ADR messages for this dump command.

You might encounter this code when a DFSMS server is going into QUIESCE mode. You can suppress this code in these situations by configuring a DFSMS server which does not shut down.

13

Output data set was not successfully closed.

Close was unsuccessful or was not attempted for the primary or secondary image copy data set. A DFS0300I message was issued for the data set. Because the data set was not successfully closed, it might be unusable. Image copy processing fails for the DBDS because there is no valid image copy to record in the RECON.

14

The system created a list of the volumes that are candidates for copying. However, no volume could be found in the list that fulfilled the requirements for DFSMSdss fast replication.

System action

The utility continues processing if there are other database data sets that are being copied that have not completed. The return code for this run of the utility is 8 or higher.

For reason code 14, utility processing terminates with return code 16.

System programmer response

Correct the problem indicated and submit another Database Image Copy 2 job to copy the database data set. For reason codes 07, 08, and 12 (with abend), contact IBM Software Support for assistance if you are unable to resolve the problem.

Module:

DFSUDMT0, DFSUDUI1, DFSUDMT1

Related information

[“DFS0300I” on page 97](#)

OUTPUT DATA SET SPECIFIED BY DDNAME *ddname* WAS NOT SUCCESSFULLY CLOSED

[“DFS3145A” on page 853](#)

ATTEMPT TO COPY KSDS CONCURRENT WITH UPDATE ACCESS FAILED

[“DFS3726A” on page 1068](#)

FPE AREA IMAGE COPY TERMINATED
ABNORMALLY FOR AREA=*areaname* REASON
CODE=*nn*

[IMS abend 0225](#)

DFS3145A

**ATTEMPT TO COPY KSDS
CONCURRENT WITH UPDATE
ACCESS FAILED**

Explanation

A control statement supplied to the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) specified that a KSDS data set was to be copied concurrent with update access (S was specified or defaulted to in column 58). However, because of current update activity to the data set, a concurrent copy session required to copy the data set was not successfully initialized. If the KSDS was the only data set being copied, this utility attempted the DFSMSdss dump operation several times before issuing this message.

System action

Message DFS3144A with reason code 0A is also issued to identify the database data set for which image copy processing has failed. The utility terminates unless there are other database data sets for which image copy processing has not completed.

Operator response

The condition encountered might be momentary. Retry image copy processing for the KSDS after an appropriate amount of time.

Module

DFSUDUI1

Related information

[“DFS3144A” on page 851](#)

IMAGE COPY PROCESSING FAILED FOR DB/
AREA *dbname* DDN *ddname*, REASON = *nn*

DFS3146A

**READJFCB FAILED FOR DD
*ddname***

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) cannot continue recovery processing of the Fast Path area data set because there is no matching DD statement in the JCL for the identified DD name.

System action

The utility terminates.

Operator response

Use the **LIST.ADS** command to obtain a current list of ADDN/ADSN pairs and change the JCL accordingly.

Module

DFSURT00

DFS3147A	ATTEMPT TO READ THE CATALOG FAILED FOR DBDS <i>dbdsname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to read the catalog entry for the indicated *dbdsname* to determine the volume serial numbers associated with this dataset, but the attempt to read the catalog failed.

System action

Processing is terminated. The return code for the utility is 16.

System programmer response

Make sure that the data set is cataloged and resubmit the job.

Module

DFSURFR0

DFS3148A	DATABASE <i>dbname</i> IS NOT REGISTERED WITH DBRC
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) cannot process the named database or area because it is not registered with DBRC. An invalid *dbname* supplied in the JCL will also cause DBRC to return a "not registered" indication, since it does not match the RECON.

System action

DFS3144A messages with reason code 0B are also issued to identify the database data sets for which image copy processing has failed. The utility terminates unless there are other database data sets for which image copy processing has not completed.

Operator response

Use the appropriate commands (for example, **INIT.DB**) to register the database or area before retrying image copy processing or use the Database

Image Copy utility (DFSUDMP0) to create the image copy.

Module

DFSUDMT0

Related information

"DFS3144A" on page 851
IMAGE COPY PROCESSING FAILED FOR DB/
AREA *dbname* DDN *ddname*, REASON = *nn*

DFS3149A	DFSUDMT0 CANNOT BE RUN IN STAND-ALONE MODE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) must be executed using the region controller (DFSRRRC00).

System action

The Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) terminates abnormally.

Operator response

Change the EXEC statement to execute PGM=DFSRRRC00 with appropriate parameters for the utility job, and resubmit the job.

Module

DFSUDMT0

DFS3150	UNABLE TO LOCATE/FREE RESTART COMMAND BUFFER
----------------	---

Explanation

IMS restart rebuilds the condensed command by accumulating type X'02' log record segments in the restart command buffer before reprocessing the command. IMS was unable to locate the required restart command buffer during accumulation of the type X'02' log records, or was unable to free a buffer upon completion of restart processing.

System action

Either restart does not reprocess the logged command, or does not free the restart command buffer.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer that this error occurred.

Programmer response

To determine what to do, read the "IMS Problem Determination" topic for the numbers listed below.

Problem determination

6, 36, 37

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 66. DFS messages, DFS3151 - DFS3200

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3151 UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE FOR
RESTART COMMAND BUFFER**

Explanation

IMS restart rebuilds the condensed command by accumulating type X'02' log record segments in the restart command buffer. Restart was unable to obtain storage from the WKAP (MAIN) pool for this buffer.

System action

The command to be reprocessed at restart is ignored.

Operator response

Enter the command **/DIS POOL MAIN**, save the console listing with the response, and notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

To determine what to do, read the "IMS Problem Determination" topic for the numbers listed below.

Problem determination

6, 36

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3152 CONDENSED COMMAND BUFFER
TOO SMALL FOR COMMAND**

Explanation

While building the condensed command, IMS discovered that the buffer was too small to contain the command input. This is an internal IMS error caused by IMS miscalculating the amount of storage needed for the condensed command buffer.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Note the command that caused this error message to be issued, and notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

To determine what to do, read "IMS problem determination" for the numbers listed below.

Problem determination

6, 36

Related information

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3153 CONDENSED COMMAND BUFFER
EXCEEDS LIMIT**

Explanation

Expansion of the ALL parameter or an inclusive parameter caused the condensed command buffer to exceed the allowable maximum.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command as multiple commands. For example, reenter **/DISPLAY LINE ALL** as two commands: **/DISPLAY LINE 1-1000** and **/DISPLAY LINE 1001-2000**.

**DFS3154E CONDENSED BUFFER FOR
COMMAND xxx REMAINS AT THE
END OF RESTART**

Explanation

IMS restart rebuilds the condensed command by accumulating type X'02' log records in the restart command buffer. After the command is reprocessed, the restart buffer is freed. At the end of restart, the restart command buffer for command xxx remained, indicating that the log did not contain all the type X'02' log record segments required for the command.

System action

Command xxx is not reprocessed during restart.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer that this error occurred.

Programmer response

To determine what to do, read "IMS problem determination" for the numbers listed below.

Problem determination

6, 35, 36

Related information

"IMS problem determination" on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3155A	AREA DATA SET NOT FOUND ADSN= <i>dsname</i> AREA NAME= <i>areaname</i> DDNAME= <i>ddname</i> REASON= <i>rc</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) was unable to recover the area data set (ADS) identified in the message. The hexadecimal reason code is:

8

A data set name from the input data set was found in the ADS list in the RECON, but the area data set was not preallocated.

System action

The execution is terminated with an error code.

Operator response

For reason code 4, use the DBRC command, **INIT.ADS**, to add the data set name to the ADS list. Then run the **GENJCL.RECOV** command again.

For reason code 8, allocate the data set using IDCAMS and run the **GENJCL.RECOV** command again.

Module

DFSURUI0

DFS3156I	RESTORING ADDN= <i>ddname</i> ADSN= <i>dsname</i> FROM INPUT COPY DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility used the ADDN and ADSN in the message as the target data set. This ADDN and ADSN from the input copy data set matches the ADS list in the RECON data set for the DEDB ADS being recovered. These might be different from the ADDN and ADSN in the JCL because the data set named in the messages was found by searching the ICF catalog to determine if ADSN was preallocated. The named ADDN and ADSN are recorded in the RECON data set as available when the Data Base Recovery utility completes normally.

System action

The Data Base Recovery utility continues.

Module

DFSURUI0

DFS3157A	IMAGE COPY FOR AREA <i>areaname</i> NOT FOUND ON INPUT DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) was unable to recover the indicated area because an image copy for the area was not found on the input data set.

System action

The utility terminates.

Operator response

If the area uses multiple area data sets (MADS) and the area data set (ADS) that was copied to the image copy data set is no longer defined in the RECON, redefine that ADS and add it to the ADS list in the RECON before rerunning the utility. Otherwise, rerun the utility with the correct image copy data set specified.

Module

DFSURUI0

DFS3158A	INVALID IMAGE COPY CONTROL STATEMENT SYNTAX, REASON=<i>nn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A control statement for the Database Image Copy 2 utility (DFSUDMT0) is invalid. This message follows messages DFS310A and DFS391E. The control statement is invalid for one of the following reasons:

Codes

Explanation

01

An invalid combination of replication options was found for a full-function non-HALDB database or HALDB partition must use the same image copy option: DFSMS fast replication or DFSMS concurrent copy.

02

DFSMS fast replication does not support the same data set option.

03

The SET PATCH control statement contained syntax errors.

04

An invalid number of copies was specified.

05

An invalid value for position 3 (the time stamp specification for the low-level qualifier) was specified in the HLQ specification statement.

07

Neither a high-level qualifier in the HLQ specification statement nor an OUTPUT ddname in the DBDS SELECT statement was specified.

08

The GROUP statement must be the first statement specified, but it was specified as the second or subsequent statement.

09

The generated output data set name exceeded 44 characters or contained an invalid qualifier.

10

The high-level qualifier (HLQ) of the output data set name specified in columns 4 - 29 on the HLQ specification statement is in error. The error could be the result one of the following causes:

- The output data set name high-level qualifier was not syntactically correct for a data set high-level qualifier.
- You specified a Y in column 3 of the HLQ specification statement, indicating that a time stamp be appended to the output data set name. However, the total length for the output data set name exceeds 44 characters.

11

You specified an H in column 63 of a DBDS select statement, indicating that an image copy data set high-level qualifier is specified on a subsequent HLQ specification statement. However, this statement did not directly follow the DBDS select statement.

System action

Control statement processing terminates with utility return code 16.

System programmer response

Correct the problem and submit another Database Image Copy 2 utility job to copy the database data set.

Module:

DFSUDMT1

DFS3160I **IMS CMD=xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx**

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 0. Show environment command being executed. A maximum of 65 command characters are shown.

System action

None.

DFS3161I **eeeeeeee Call=xxxx RC=yyyy**
Reason=zzzz[Status="xx"]

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 0. Show last status from the eeeeeeee environment, where eeeeeeee is either REXXTDLI or REXXIMS. The eeeeeeee value will be REXXTDLI or REXXIMS.

System action

None.

DFS3162E **Parm=xx Invalid on eeeeeeee**
Command "yyyyyyyy"

Explanation

A syntax error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX was encountered. You provided an invalid parameter on eeeeeeee environment command. The xx value represents the parameter in error, where 1 is the first parameter after the command. For example, if the PCB parameter is invalid, the xx value would be 1 for DL/I calls.

The eeeeeeee value is either REXXTDLI or REXXIMS. In the message text, yyyyyyyy identifies the IMS command you issued.

System action

Environment command is not executed; however, EXEC execution continues with a -5 return code from the command.

Programmer response

Verify parameters and correct application.

DFS3163E	Excess Parameters on eeeeeeee Command "xxxxxxx"
-----------------	--

Explanation

Syntax Error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Invalid number of parameters on eeeeeeee environment command. The eeeeeeee value will be either REXXTDLI or REXXIMS.

System action

No processing is done. EXEC execution continues with a -8 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Verify parameters using IMS Adapter for REXX Reference Materials and correct application.

DFS3164E	Unknown eeeeeeee Command: xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

A syntax error was encountered while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. The command xxxxxxxx was not recognized by the Language Environment eeeeeeee. Possible reasons for nonrecognition include:

- The command should be issued to REXXIMS and not REXXTDLI.
- The command should be issued to z/OS environment.
- The command was misspelled.

In the message text, eeeeeeee can be one of the following values:

REXXTDLI
REXXIMS

System action

No processing is done. EXEC execution continues with a -3 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Correct the application EXEC issuing the unrecognized command.

DFS3165E	Invalid Parameter to Function REXXIMS
-----------------	--

Explanation

Syntax error occurred while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Invalid function parameters were passed on the REXXIMS function call.

System action

An invalid function call is signaled to the REXX interpreter where it processes the condition appropriately.

Programmer response

Verify usage of REXXIMS function call. If problem persists, verify that you are in an IMS Adapter for REXX environment by issuing the following command and getting a return code 0.

Address MVS 'SUBCOM REXXIMS'	
------------------------------	--

DFS3166I	Var-f:vvvv= (llll):xxxx
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 1 for set/drop or IMSRXTRC greater than 2 for fetch. Show REXX variable manipulation by REXXTDLI or REXXIMS. Function F will be f, s or d for Fetch, Store, or Drop. The first 12 characters of variable name is shown in the vvvv field. The llll value is the length of the contents. Up to the first 40 characters are shown in the xxxx field. For the F=d (drop) case, the llll and xxxx fields are not shown. If the variable was not initialized and it was specified in a MAPPUT then it is "Skipped" and that form of the message is given.

System action

None.

DFS3167E	Var:vvvvvvvvvvvv Too Long, Max=yyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

Syntax error occurred while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Variable/Parameter length is invalid for variable vvvvvvvvvvvv. The maximum allowed length is yyy.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted. EXEC execution continues with a -7 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Determine failing line by prior messages or by turning on REXX tracing,

```
TRACE "R"
```

for diagnosis.

DFS3168E	EXECCOMM VAR=vvvvvvvvvvvv RCODE=xxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

Syntax error occurred while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. This is an unexpected error that occurred while manipulating REXX variable through the IRXEXCOM interface.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted. EXEC execution continues with a -6 return code from the call/command.

System programmer response

If you cannot resolve the problem, look up the return code on IRXSUBCM in *TSO/E REXX/MVS Reference*.

Programmer response

Verify that variable vvvvvvvvvvvv is a proper REXX variable. Verify that the value to be assigned does not exceed 32K.

DFS3169E	Invalid Token Name: xxxxxxxx
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

Syntax error occurred while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Error in EXEC on STORAGE type statement or DL/I call specifying a token name. Invalid token names are those of less than 1 or more than 16 characters in length.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted. EXEC execution continues with a -9 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Correct the token name.

DFS3170E	Invalid Map Definition: xxxxxxxx at offset yyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data Mapping error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Error in EXEC on MAPDEF statement for map xxxxxxxx in actual definition variable at the yyyy offset in the message.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted. EXEC execution continues with a -10 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Examine the mapping input and correct the application error. The yyyy value is a character offset in the original map definition string.

DFS3171E	Invalid Map Name: xxxxxxxx
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

Data Mapping error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Error in EXEC on MAP type statement or DL/I call specifying a map name. Invalid map names are those of less than 1 or more than 16 characters in length.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted. EXEC execution continues with a -10 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Correct the map name.

DFS3172I	Invalid MAPGET Var: xxxx Map: yyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

Data Mapping error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Error in EXEC on MAPGET statement or DL/I "GET" call while decoding/extracting variable xxxx in map yyyyyyyy. Common causes include when the Map defined is larger than the input segment to the map and data conversion error of packed or zoned decimal.

System action

Program continues. The failing variable's value is dropped. (See *IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming APIs* for more details).

Programmer response

Correct application and verify mapping definition (MAPDEF).

DFS3173E	Invalid MAPPUT Var: xxxxxxxx Map: yyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

Data Mapping error while running EXEC with IMS Adapter for REXX. Error in EXEC on MAPPUT statement or DL/I "PUT" call packing/concatenating variable yyyy in map xxxxxxxx. Common cause is Map data, when packaged, is larger than output segment/buffer.

System action

Variable manipulation is aborted, EXEC execution continues with a -10 return code from the call/command.

Programmer response

Correct application, verify correct variable spelling.

DFS3174A	INVALID DATABASE RECOVERY UTILITY CONTROL STATEMENT SYNTAX, REASON=nn
-----------------	--

Explanation

A control statement for the Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0) is invalid for the following reason:

01

The Database Recovery utility must retrieve the database data set name from DBRC, but DBRC is not active.

System action

Control statement processing terminated with a utility return code of 8.

System programmer response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFS3175E	AN MSC CSLSCMSG REQUEST FAILED, active_process, RETCODE = rc, RSNCODE = rsn, LOSTSESS =
-----------------	--

cause, MODULE =m , LINK = nnn , linkname

Explanation

SCI returned a non-zero return code or reason code to MSC in response to a CSLSCMSG request for services for an MSC logical link that is assigned to a TCP/IP physical link. The logical link is shut down.

In the message text:

active_process

The MSC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

RESTART

When SCI encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system of the restart of the logical link identified in the message text.

SENDMSG

When SCI encountered the error, MSC was attempting to send an MSC message to a remote IMS system by way of the logical link identified in the message text.

SHUTDOWN

When SCI encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system that the logical link was shutting down.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable MSC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

FORCESTO

A **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** command was issued by the operator.

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The SCI instance that is managing communications between IMS and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The SCI instance that is managing communications between IMS and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

linkname

The name of the affected MSC logical link.

nnn

The number of the affected MSC logical link.

rc

The CSLSCMSG return code issued by SCI.

rsn

The CSLSCMSG reason code issued by SCI.

Possible cause: The cause of this message is identified by the SCI return and reason codes and possibly by the value that is displayed in the LOSTSESS field in the message text.

System action

The MSC link session is terminated. IMS logs 6701-MSS1, MSS2, and MSS3 records.

Depending on the status of the connection to the remote IMS system, IMS might attempt to notify the remote IMS system. If notification is successful, the remote IMS system terminates the logical link, places the link in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state, and issues message DFS2169I DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON LINK *xxx* at the remote site.

If the notification is not successful and the link remains in an IDLE ACTIVE state at the remote site, a **/PSTOP LINK** *xxx* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** might need to be issued to terminate the link.

Even if the notification to the remote system is not successful, the notification to the local IMS Connect might succeed, in which case the local IMS Connect cleans up the associated sockets.

System programmer response

If the remote IMS system was not notified of the termination of the logical link, someone at the remote site might need to issue a **/PSTOP LINK** *x* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)**.

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The problem could be in either the local or remote IMSplex network. Look

up the return and reason codes for the CSLSCMSG request. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP that might help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

After the cause of the error is corrected, restart the link.

Module

Module	Description
DFSTCERO	DFSxxxx message interface
DFSTCPE0	Execute CSLSCMSG request
DFSTCP20	Receive Post handler
DFSTCRC0	Validate post codes
DFSTC1A0	Send output controller
DFSTC1B0	Send output buffer setup
DFSTC2A0	Process send completion
DFSTC3A0	Receive input controller
DFSTC4A0	Process receive completion
DFSTC7A0	Restart and shutdown router
DFSTC7B0	Restart processor
DFSTC7C0	Shutdown processor
DFSTC7D0	Shutdown cleanup
DFSCMSG0	Bandwidth output edit
DFSCMSP0	Bandwidth input error message processor
DFSCMSR0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSU0	Bandwidth output buffer header builder
DFSCMSX0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSZ0	Bandwidth input message processor
DFSCMS00	MSC analyzer

Related reference

CSLSCMSG: send message request (System Programming APIs)

DFS3176E	IMS CONNECT ERROR MESSAGE RECEIVED, active_process, RETCODE = rc, RSNCODE = rsn, LOSTSESS = cause, MODULE =m, LINK = nnn, linkname
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS Connect detected an error while processing a request or message from MSC and returned a non-zero return or reason code to IMS. The error might have been detected by either the local IMS Connect instance or the remote IMS Connect instance. The error message is returned to the local IMS system that issued the request or message.

In the message text:

active_process

The MSC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

RESTART

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system of the restart of the logical link identified in the message text.

SENDMSG

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to send an MSC message to a remote IMS system by way of the logical link identified in the message text.

SHUTDOWN

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system that the logical link is shutting down.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable MSC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS. The possible values include:

FORCESTO

A **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** command was issued by the operator.

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system

and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

STOPCLNT

The receive socket between a local IMS Connect instance and a remote IMS Connect instance was terminated.

The following list includes some of the possible causes:

- An IMS Connect **STOPCLNT** command or its equivalent type-2 **UPDATE** command was issued.
- An IMSplex, MSC, or RMTIMSCON entity in a remote IMS Connect was stopped.
- A remote IMS Connect was terminated.
- A remote IMS was terminated.

STOPIP

The communication between a local IMS Connect instance and an IMSplex was stopped. This is caused by an IMS Connect **STOPIP** command or its equivalent type-2 **UPDATE** command.

STOPLINK

The MSC logical link in a local IMS Connect instance was stopped. This is caused by an IMS Connect **STOPLINK** command or its equivalent type-2 **UPDATE** command.

STOPMSC

The MSC physical link in a local IMS Connect instance was stopped. This is caused by an IMS Connect **STOPMSC** command or its equivalent type-2 **UPDATE** command.

STOPRMT

The communication between a local IMS Connect instance and a remote IMS Connect instance was stopped. This is caused by an IMS Connect **STOPRMT** command or its equivalent type-2 **UPDATE** command.

linkname

The name of the affected MSC logical link.

nnn

The number of the affected MSC logical link.

rc

The return code issued by IMS Connect. The IMS Connect return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table. These and other IMS Connect

return and reason codes are also documented in the HWSHRR macro.

rsn

The reason code issued by IMS Connect. The IMS Connect return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

Possible cause: The cause for this message can be determined by reviewing the return and reason codes and the value of LOSTSESS.

Table 18. IMS Connect return and reason codes for message DFS3176E		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
X'0C000018'	X'00006000'	Receive from IMS failed.
	X'00006004'	Link not found.
	X'00006008'	Link being restarted is already restarted.
	X'0000600C'	Failed to get a send socket.
	X'00006010'	Invalid directive received on the CSLSCMSG request.
	X'00006014'	IMS Connect failed to get a link block.
	X'00006018'	The local IMS Connect instance detected an invalid restart link request.
	X'0000601C'	The local IMS Connect could not restart a link because IMS Connect is disconnected from MSC.
	X'00006020'	The local IMS Connect could not restart a link because MSC is not active.
	X'00006024'	The local IMS Connect could not restart a link because the restart request contains an invalid IMS ID for the local IMS system.
	X'00006028'	The local IMS Connect detected an invalid link shutdown request.
	X'0000602C'	The local IMS Connect could not shutdown a link because IMS Connect is disconnected from MSC.
	X'00006030'	The local IMS Connect could not shutdown a link because MSC is not active.
	X'00006034'	The local IMS Connect could not restart a link because the shutdown request contains an invalid IMS ID for the local IMS system.
	X'00006038'	The local IMS Connect instance received an invalid message from MSC.

Table 18. IMS Connect return and reason codes for message DFS3176E (continued)		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'0000603C'	IMS Connect cannot process a message from the remote MSC because the local MSC is disconnected.
	X'00006040'	IMS Connect cannot process a message from the remote MSC because the local MSC is not active.
	X'00006044'	IMS Connect cannot process a message from the remote MSC because the message contains an invalid IMS ID.
	X'00006048'	An attempt was made to start a logical link, but the value of the GENIMSID parameter in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member of the IMS system does not match the value of the GENIMSID parameter in the corresponding MSC configuration statement in the IMS Connect configuration PROCLIB member. The start request is rejected. To resolve the problem, make the two GENIMSID values match.
	X'0000604C'	<p>An attempt was made to start a logical link from an IMS system that does not specify the GENIMSID parameter to enable TCP/IP generic resources, but the MSC definitions for the link in IMS Connect do specify the GENIMSID parameter for TCP/IP generic resources. IMS Connect rejected the restart link request.</p> <p>You can resolve the problem in one of the following ways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In IMS, specify the GENIMSID parameter on the DFSDCxxx member of this IMS system, restart IMS, and then restart the link. In IMS Connect, delete the specification for the GENIMSID parameter in the MSC statement of the IMS Connect configuration member, restart IMS Connect, and then restart the link.

Table 18. IMS Connect return and reason codes for message DFS3176E (continued)		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00006050'	An attempt was made to start a logical link from an IMS system in a TCP/IP generic resource group, but one or more logical links that use the same physical link already have affinity with another IMS system in the TCP/IP generic resource group. IMS Connect rejected the start request. To resolve the problem, either restart the logical link from the IMS system in the TCP/IP generic resource group that has affinity, or terminate the logical links on the other IMS system and, after IMS Connect has cleared the existing affinities, restart the link on this IMS system.
	X'00006054'	The IMS system notified IMS Connect that it would accept a restart link request from a remote IMS system, but another IMS system in the TCP/IP generic resource group already accepted the link request. IMS Connect rejected the notification of acceptance from this IMS system. This is not an error.
	X'00006058'	The local IMS Connect could not shutdown a link because the specified link is not found. Check for any IMS Connect HWSF3355E message.
	X'0000605C'	An attempt was made to start a logical link from an IMS system that specifies the GENIMSID parameter to enable TCP/IP generic resources, but the MSC definitions for the link in IMS Connect do not specify the GENIMSID parameter for TCP/IP generic resources. IMS Connect rejected the restart link request. You can resolve the problem in one of the following ways: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In IMS, delete the specification of the GENIMSID parameter on the DFSDCxxx member of this IMS system, restart IMS, and then restart the link. • In IMS Connect, specify the GENIMSID parameter in the MSC statement of the IMS Connect configuration member, restart IMS Connect, and then restart the link.
	X'00006100'	Send to the remote IMS Connect failed.

Table 18. IMS Connect return and reason codes for message DFS3176E (continued)		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00006200'	The receive failed on the TCP/IP read from a remote IMS Connect instance.
	X'00006204'	Send to data store failed. This is most likely an internal error.
	X'00006300'	Send to IMS failed. The remote IMS system is probably not available.
	X'00006400'	An MSC link was stopped in the local IMS Connect instance by a STOPLINK command.
	X'00006404'	MSC communications stopped in the local IMS Connect instance by a STOPMSC command.
	X'00006408'	Communications on a connection to a remote IMS Connect instance was stopped in the local IMS Connect by a STOPRMT command.
	X'0000640C'	Communications with the local IMSplex was stopped in the local IMS Connect by a STOPIP command.
	X'00006410'	IMS Connect shutdown.

System action

The MSC link connection is terminated and placed in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state. IMS writes type 6701-MSS1, MSS2, and MSS3 records.

Depending on the status of the connection to the remote IMS system, IMS might attempt to notify the remote IMS system. If notification is successful, the remote IMS system terminates the logical link, places the link in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state, and issues message DFS2169I DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON LINK *xxx* at the remote site.

If the notification is not successful and the link remains in an IDLE ACTIVE state at the remote site, a **/PSTOP LINK xxx FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK NAME(linkname) STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** might need to be issued to terminate the link.

Even if the notification to the remote system is not successful, the notification to the local IMS Connect might succeed, in which case the local IMS Connect cleans up the associated sockets.

Output destination

The z/OS system console and the master terminals.

System programmer response

If the remote IMS system could not be notified of the termination of the logical link, someone might need to issue a **/PSTOP LINK xxx FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK NAME(linkname) STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** at the remote site.

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The problem could be in either the local or remote IMSplex network. Check for other messages from SCI, the IMS Connect instances, or TCP/IP that might help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

After the cause of the error is corrected, restart the link.

Module

Module	Description
DFSTCER0	DFSxxxx message interface
DFSTCPE0	Execute CSLSCMSG request
DFSTCP20	Receive Post handler
DFSTCRC0	Validate post codes
DFSTC1A0	Send output controller
DFSTC1B0	Send output buffer setup
DFSTC2A0	Process send completion
DFSTC3A0	Receive input controller
DFSTC4A0	Process receive completion
DFSTC7A0	Restart and shutdown router
DFSTC7B0	Restart processor
DFSTC7C0	Shutdown processor
DFSTC7D0	Shutdown cleanup
DFSCMSG0	Bandwidth output edit
DFSCMSP0	Bandwidth input error message processor
DFSCMSR0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSU0	Bandwidth output buffer header builder
DFSCMSX0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSZ0	Bandwidth input message processor
DFSCMS00	MSC analyzer

Related reference

[HWS messages \(IMS Connect\) \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS2169I” on page 631](#)
[DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON LINK xxx.](#)
[HWSF3355E \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3177E

MSC DETECTED AN ERROR,
active_process, RETCODE = rc,
RSNCODE = rsn, LOSTSESS =
cause, MODULE =m, LINK = nnn,
linkname

Explanation

The MSC TCP/IP device dependent module (DDM) detected an error while processing a message or request associated with the MSC logical link identified in the message text.

In the message text:

active_process

The MSC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

RESTART

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system of the restart of the logical link identified in the message text.

SENDMSG

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to send an MSC message to a remote IMS system by way of the logical link identified in the message text.

SHUTDOWN

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system that the link is shutting down.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable MSC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

FORCESTO

A **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** command was issued by the operator.

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

linkname

The name of the affected MSC logical link.

nnn

The number of the affected MSC logical link.

rc

The return code issued by the MSC DDM. The MSC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

rsn

The reason code issued by the MSC DDM. The MSC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

Possible cause: The possible cause is indicated by the return and reason codes included in the message text.

IMS MSC DDM return and reason codes for message DFS3177E

The following return and reason codes are also listed in the SCIWORK DSECT in the DFSMSCWA macro in the IMS.SDFSMAAC data set.

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
DFSPPOOL RC	X'00000004'	DFSPPOOL GET storage error
DFSPPOOL RC	X'00000008'	DFSPPOOL release storage error
CELL POOL RC	X'0000000C'	Cell pool (CPOOL) get error
CELL POOL RC	X'00000001'	Cell pool (CPOOL) free error
	X'00000004'	Invalid post code or post condition detected
	X'00000001'	Invalid AWE detected

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000001C'	Invalid MSC directive (DFSMSDIR) detected
	X'000000020'	Invalid buffer header control block (BUFMSHDR) detected
	X'000000024'	Invalid message control block (BUFMSCB) detected
	X'000000028'	Immediate shutdown request received from partner IMS
	X'00000002C'	Invalid or unexpected MSC Link (MSLINK) status detected
	X'000000030'	Unexpected bracket initiation stop (BIS) message received
	X'000000034'	Unexpected error message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'000000038'	Invalid restart message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000003C'	Invalid shutdown message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'000000040'	Unexpected return code received from internal routine
	X'000000044'	SCIWORK area error
	X'000000048'	Queue error detected (CTB5QERR set)
	X'00000004C'	Queue buffer chaining error detected
	X'000000050'	AWE chaining error detected
	X'000000054'	Output edit error
	X'000000058'	Input edit error
QMGR RC	X'00000005C'	Unexpected return code from the message queue manager

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'0000006 0'	DFSMSGPL macro error, message prefix bad
	X'0000006 4'	Invalid response MSCB (BUFMSCB) received
	X'0000006 8'	Invalid internal condition detected
	X'0000006 C'	Internal control block error
	X'0000007 0'	Lost session error posted by SCI notify exit for SCI/ICON abends or /PSTOP LINK FORCE or UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE) command
	X'0000007 4'	Cannot issue CSLSCMSG request because CSL is not initialized. Check CSLG= parameter on the IMS startup procedure. CSLG=000 is minimum required.
	X'0000007 8'	CSLSCMSG request failed. Nonzero return code was returned by SCI on the request.
	X'000000F C'	Undetermined error
	X'0000007 C'	(RSNOLLB) LXB was posted by the SCI MSG exit, DFSSXIN0, but the LXBTCCLBP field was zero.
	X'0000008 0'	(RSN_BUFFER) CSLSCBFR RELEASE request failed to free an SCI buffer. For more information about the RETCODE and RSNCODE codes, see the CSLSRR macro. For MSPLINK-related errors, the RETCODE and RSNCODE codes are stored in the LXBRET and LXBSRN fields of the LXB block. For MSLINK-related errors, the RETCODE

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
		and RSNCODE codes are stored in the CLBTEMP4 and CLBTEMP5 fields of the LLB block. These control blocks are logged in the 6701-MSS1 log record.
	X'0000008 4'	(RSN_NOMSC) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message, but no MSC was defined.
	X'0000008 8'	(RSN_NOLLBS) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message, but no MSC LLBs were defined.
	X'0000008 C'	(RSN_NOLXBS) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message, but the target link had no available LXBs to start a session.
	X'0000009 0'	(RSN_NOTCPIP) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message but the target link was not of TCPIP type. For example, this error occurs when the target link is assigned to the MSPLINK type.
	X'0000009 4'	(RSN_NOLCB) LLB was not assigned to an MSPLINK LCB control block.
	X'0000009 C'	(RSN_NOPRTNR) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message, but no target link was found for the specified partner ID.

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
DFSPPOOL RC	X'0000000 4'	DFSPPOOL GET storage error

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
DFSPOOL RC	X'00000008'	DFSPOOL release storage error
CELL POOL RC	X'0000000C'	Cell pool (CPOOL) get error
CELL POOL RC	X'000000010'	Cell pool (CPOOL) free error
	X'000000014'	Invalid post code or post condition detected
	X'000000018'	Invalid AWE detected
	X'00000001C'	Invalid MSC directive (DFSMSDIR) detected
	X'000000020'	Invalid buffer header control block (BUFMSHDR) detected
	X'000000024'	Invalid message control block (BUFMSCB) detected
	X'000000028'	Immediate shutdown request received from partner IMS
	X'00000002C'	Invalid or unexpected MSC Link (MSLINK) status detected
	X'000000030'	Unexpected bracket initiation stop (BIS) message received
	X'000000034'	Unexpected error message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'000000038'	Invalid restart message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000003C'	Invalid shutdown message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'000000040'	Unexpected return code received from internal routine
	X'000000044'	SCIWORK area error
	X'000000048'	Queue error detected (CTB5QERR set)

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000004C'	Queue buffer chaining error detected
	X'000000050'	AWE chaining error detected
	X'000000054'	Output edit error
	X'000000058'	Input edit error
QMGR RC	X'00000005C'	Unexpected return code from the message queue manager
	X'000000060'	DFSMSGPL macro error, message prefix bad
	X'000000064'	Invalid response MSCB (BUFMSCB) received
	X'000000068'	Invalid internal condition detected
	X'00000006C'	Internal control block error
	X'000000070'	Lost session error posted by SCI notify exit for SCI/ICON abends or /PSTOP LINK FORCE or UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE) command
	X'000000074'	Cannot issue CSLSCMSG request because CSL is not initialized. Check CSLG= parameter on the IMS startup procedure. CSLG=000 is minimum required.
	X'000000078'	CSLSCMSG request failed. Nonzero return code was returned by SCI on the request.
	X'0000000FC'	Undetermined error
	X'00000007C'	(RSNOLLB) LXB was posted by the SCI MSG exit, DFSSXIN0, but the LXBTCCLBP field was zero.

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000080'	(RSN_BUFFER) CSLSCBFR RELEASE request failed to free an SCI buffer. For more information about the RETCODE and RSNCODE codes, see the CSLSRR macro. For MSPLINK-related errors, the RETCODE and RSNCODE codes are stored in the LXBRET and LXBRN fields of the LXB block. For MSLINK-related errors, the RETCODE and RSNCODE codes are stored in the CLBTEMP4 and CLBTEMP5 fields of the LLB block. These control blocks are logged in the 6701-MSS1 log record.
	X'00000084'	(RSN_NOMSC) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message but no MSC was defined.
	X'00000088'	(RSN_NOLLBS) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message but no MSC LLBs were defined.
	X'0000008C'	(RSN_NOLXBS) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message but the target link had no available LXBs to start a session.
	X'00000090'	(RSN_NOTCPIP) Message input routine DFSSXIN0 received an MSC TCPIP message but the target link was not of TCPIP type. For example, this error occurs when the target link is assigned to the MSPLINK type.
	X'00000094'	(RSN_NOLCB) LLB was not assigned to an

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
		MSPLINK LCB control block.

System action

The MSC link connection is terminated and placed in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state. IMS logs type 6701-MSS1, MSS2, and MSS3 records.

IMS attempts to notify the remote IMS system. If notification is successful, the remote IMS system terminates the logical link, places the link in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state, and issues message DFS2169I DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON LINK *xxxx* at the remote site.

If the notification is not successful and the link remains in an IDLE ACTIVE state at the remote site, a **/PSTOP LINK** *xxx* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** might need to be issued to terminate the link.

Output destination:

The z/OS system console and the IMS master terminals.

System programmer response

If the remote IMS system could not be notified of the termination of the logical link, someone might need to issue a **/PSTOP LINK** *x* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** at the remote site.

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The module identified in the message text is where the error occurred. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP to help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

After the cause of the error is corrected, restart the link.

Module

Module	Description
DFSTCERO	DFSxxxx message interface
DFSTCPE0	Execute CSLSCMSG request
DFSTCP20	Receive Post handler
DFSTCRC0	Validate post codes
DFSTC1A0	Send output controller

Module	Description
DFSTC1B0	Send output buffer setup
DFSTC2A0	Process send completion
DFSTC3A0	Receive input controller
DFSTC4A0	Process receive completion
DFSTC7A0	Restart and shutdown router
DFSTC7B0	Restart processor
DFSTC7C0	Shutdown processor
DFSTC7D0	Shutdown cleanup
DFSCMSG0	Bandwidth output edit
DFSCMSP0	Bandwidth input error message processor
DFSCMSR0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSU0	Bandwidth output buffer header builder
DFSCMSX0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSZ0	Bandwidth input message processor
DFSCMS00	MSC analyzer

DFS3178E **MSC DETECTED AN INTERNAL LOGIC ERROR, *active_process*, RETCODE = rc, RSNCODE = rsn, LOSTSESS = cause, MODULE =m, LINK = nnn, linkname**

Explanation

An MSC device dependent module (DDM) detected an internal logic error.

In the message text:

active_process

The MSC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

RESTART

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system of the restart of the logical link identified in the message text.

SENDMSG

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to send an MSC message to a

remote IMS system by way of the logical link identified in the message text.

SHUTDOWN

When IMS Connect encountered the error, MSC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote IMS system that the logical link is shutting down.

TCPPOST

The device dependent routine post handler (DFSTCP20) was processing a post of a message received from the CSL SCI Input message exit routine (DFSSXIN0) but the logical link that the message was targeted for could not be determined, or an error occurred on the CSLSCBFR RELEASE buffer request.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable MSC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

FORCESTO

A **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** command was issued by the operator.

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

linkname

The name of the affected MSC logical link.

nnn

The number of the affected MSC logical link.

rc

The return code issued by the MSC DDM. The MSC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

rsn

The reason code issued by the MSC DDM. The MSC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

Possible cause: The possible cause is indicated by the return and reason codes included in the message text.

IMS MSC device dependent module return and reason codes for message DFS3178E

The following return and reason codes are also listed in the SCIWORK DSECT in the DFSMSCWA macro in the IMS.SDFSMA data set.

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
DFSPool RC	X'00000004	DFSPool GET storage error
DFSPool RC	X'00000008	DFSPool release storage error
CELL POOL RC	X'0000000C	Cell pool (CPOOL) get error
CELL POOL RC	X'00000010	Cell pool (CPOOL) free error
	X'00000014	Invalid post code or post condition detected
	X'00000018	Invalid AWE detected
	X'0000001C	Invalid MSC directive (DFSMSDIR) detected
	X'00000020	Invalid buffer header control block (BUFMSHDR) detected
	X'00000024	Invalid message control block (BUFMSCB) detected
	X'00000028	Immediate shutdown request received from partner IMS
	X'0000002C	Invalid or unexpected MSC Link (MSLINK) status detected
	X'00000030	Unexpected bracket initiation stop (BIS) message received

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000034	Unexpected error message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000038	Invalid restart message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'0000003C	Invalid shutdown message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000040	Unexpected return code received from internal routine
	X'00000044	SCIWORK area error
	X'00000048	Queue error detected (CTB5QERR set)
	X'0000004C	Queue buffer chaining error detected
	X'00000050	AWE chaining error detected
	X'00000054	Output edit error
	X'00000058	Input edit error
QMGR RC	X'0000005C	Unexpected return code from the message queue manager
	X'00000060	DFSMSGPL macro error, message prefix bad
	X'00000064	Invalid response MSCB (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000068	Invalid internal condition detected
	X'0000006C	Internal control block error
	X'0000007C	LXB (Link extension block) was posted by the SCI MSG exit, DFSSXIN0, but the LXBTCCLBP was zero. This problem should not occur.
	X'000000FC	Undetermined error

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000098'	An AWE was detected after IMS already de-registered with SCI.

System action

The MSC link connection is terminated. IMS logs type 6701-MSS1, MSS2, and MSS3 records.

IMS attempts to notify the remote IMS system. If notification is successful, the remote IMS system terminates the logical link, places the link in the PSTOPPED IDLE ERE state, and issues message DFS2169I DISCONNECTION COMPLETED ON LINK *xxx* at the remote site.

If the notification is not successful and the link remains in an IDLE ACTIVE state at the remote site, a **/PSTOP LINK** *xxx* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** might need to be issued to terminate the link.

System programmer response

If the remote IMS system could not be notified of the termination of the logical link, someone might need to issue a **/PSTOP LINK** *x* **FORCE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** *NAME(linkname)* **STOP(COMM) OPTION(FORCE)** at the remote site.

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The module identified in the message text is where the error occurred. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP to help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

DFS3178E is issued for internal logic errors. If the problem persists, call IBM Software Support.

After the cause of the error is corrected, restart the link.

Module

Module	Description
DFSTCERO	DFSxxxx message interface
DFSTCPEO	Execute CSLSCMSG request
DFSTCP20	Receive Post handler
DFSTCRCO	Validate post codes
DFSTC1A0	Send output controller

Module	Description
DFSTC1B0	Send output buffer setup
DFSTC2A0	Process send completion
DFSTC3A0	Receive input controller
DFSTC4A0	Process receive completion
DFSTC7A0	Restart and shutdown router
DFSTC7B0	Restart processor
DFSTC7C0	Shutdown processor
DFSTC7D0	Shutdown cleanup
DFSCMSG0	Bandwidth output edit
DFSCMSP0	Bandwidth input error message processor
DFSCMSR0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSU0	Bandwidth output buffer header builder
DFSCMSX0	Bandwidth response message builder
DFSCMSZ0	Bandwidth input message processor
DFSCMS00	MSC analyzer

DFS3179I **TTTTTPP=(AAAAAAAA:SSSS-LLLL)=XXXXXXXXX=CCCCCCCC**

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 7. Show parameter list passed to and received from the standard IMS language interface on AIBTDLI or ASMTDLI call.

- **TTTT** is the type of trace, "Entry" when traced before the DL/I call, "Exit" when traced after the DL/I call.
- **PP** is the parameter number, where number 1 is the actual DL/I call.
- **AAAAAAAA** is the address of the parameter.
- **SSSS** is the size of the parameters buffer.
- **LLLL** is the assumed length of the parameter.
- **XXXXXXXX** is the first 8 bytes of the parameter in hexadecimal.
- **CCCCCCCC** is the first 64 bytes of the parameter in EBCDIC.

System action

None.

DFS3180I	INQY ENVIRON Region=rrrrrrrr Number=nnnn PGM=pppppppp
-----------------	--

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 0. This message describes the environment in which the EXEC will be executed.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3181I	DFSREXX Starting and Building Environment
-----------------	--

Explanation

An informational message indicating an IMS REXX environment is being built for the IMS dependent or batch region because a REXX transaction is starting.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3182I	REXX EXEC: xxxxxxxx COMPLETED, RC=yyyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 0. States return code the scheduled EXEC ended with.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3183E	EXEC: xxxxxxxx NOT FOUND
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

EXEC to be executed by IMS Adapter for REXX was not found in available data sets. The EXEC identified by xxxxxxxx can be either the IMS scheduled program name or might have been overridden by the user exit routine (DFSREXXU).

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

Programmer response

Verify that SYSEXEC DD on dependent region includes the correct concatenation for the EXECs.

DFS3184I	NO EXEC NAME SELECTED TO EXECUTE
-----------------	---

Explanation

An informational message issued by IMS Adapter for REXX, when the IMSRXTRC level is greater than 0. There was no EXEC name specified to execute. The EXEC name is defaulted to the Program Name but was overridden by the IMS Adapter for REXX user exit routine (DFSREXXU).

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

If unexpected, verify the user exit routine DFSREXXU and see *IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming APIs* for more information.

DFS3185I	LARGE BLOCK INTERFACE DETECTED, IT WILL BE USED FOR DDNAME
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Image Copy Utility has determined that the image copy output data set is on a device that supports the Large Block Interface. However, no explicit block size was specified.

System action

The Image Copy Utility uses the Large Block Interface with a system determined block size to write the image copy.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSUDMP0

DFS3187I	RACF NOT ACTIVE FOR RESUME TPIPE CLASS=RIMS RC=XX. RACF EXIT RC=YY REASON CODE=ZZ.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A failure occurred in the RACROUTE exit processing while IMS was trying to build in-storage profiles for RACF-defined resources.

In the message text:

XX

The return code from the RACROUTE macro

YY

The return code from the RACF exit

ZZ

The reason code from the RACF exit

System action

IMS restart continues. RACF OTMA resume tpipe authorization is disabled.

Operator response:

(master terminal) See the RACROUTE return and reason codes for information on the problem.

Related reference

[z/OS: RACROUTE return codes and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: RACROUTE STAT return codes and reason codes](#)

**DFS3189W RDS BLOCK ALLOCATION
INSUFFICIENT FOR: type**

Explanation

The number of blocks in the restart data set that were internally allocated and reserved for logging additional recoverable information was insufficient.

An **UPDATE POOL TYPE(DBAS)** command was issued to dynamically change one or more definitions. The command was issued successfully; however, the system was not able to log this information in the restart data set to be retained across emergency restart. This message lists one or more of the following types of information that were not logged as *type*:

ODBP

The OSAM subpool definitions

ODBD

The OSAM database definitions

VDBP

The VSAM subpool definitions

VDBD

The VSAM database definitions

System action

IMS continues to process normally.

Operator response

The types of information listed in the message are not retained across an emergency restart. You can

reissue the **UPDATE POOL TYPE(DBAS)** command if the previously made changes are wanted.

If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

**DFS3190E CALL xxxx RC=yyyy REASON=zzzz
STATUS="SS"**

Explanation

Unexpected status was returned from an IMS Adapter for a REXX internal DL/I call, such as **INQY ENVIRON** or **INQY FIND**.

System action

The EXEC or DL/I call execution is terminated.

Programmer response

Verify the parameters passed on the last REXXTDLI call run. The cause is probably an invalid PCBNAM.

**DFS3191E INVALID CALL TO DFSREXX1,
ENV=xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

A problem occurred during the execution of the IMS Adapter for REXX. Direct calls to DFSREXX1 are invalid. If ENV=NotInit, a probable cause is DFSREXX1 was not bound correctly (REUS required). Or, DFSREXX1 was aliased or copied to be the application and DFSREXX0 was the stub took the place of the application.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

Verify your REXX installation. If the problem recurs, contact IBM Software Support.

**DFS3192E IRXINOUT ERROR DD=xxxxxxxx,
RC=yyyyy**

Explanation

A problem prevented a WRITE to the DD xxxxxxxx from the IMS Adapter for REXX.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

Programmer response

Verify the DD definition in the IMS Region.

DFS3193E ERROR LOADING MODULE
xxxxxxx RC=yyyyyyy

Explanation

The module xxxxxxxx was not able to be loaded for the IBM Adapter for REXX.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

Verify your REXX installation. If the problem continues, contact IBM Software Support.

DFS3194E ERROR EXECUTING IRXINIT,
RC=xxxxxxx

Explanation

The system was unable to build a REXX environment for the IBM Adapter for REXX.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

Verify your REXX installation. If the problem continues, contact IBM Software Support with the message text and return code.

DFS3195E ERROR EXECUTING IRXSUBCM
ADD: xxxxxxxx RC=yyyyyyy

Explanation

The system was unable to add the specified REXX subcommand environment for the IBM Adapter for REXX.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

Verify your REXX installation, If the problem continues, contact IBM Software Support.

DFS3196E ERROR LOADING INTERFACE
MODULE DFSREXX1

Explanation

The system was unable to load the IMS Adapter for the REXX module (DFSREXX1).

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

Programmer response

Verify IMS module DFSREXX1 is in a library accessible to your dependent region that is running REXX. Verify your STEPLIB.

DFS3197I HALDB ALTER STARTED FOR
NAME=mastername PARTITION
NUMBER=nnnn

or

HALDB ALTER RESUMED FOR NAME=mastername
PARTITION NUMBER=nnnn

or

HALDB ALTER ACTIVE FOR NAME=mastername
PARTITION NUMBER=nnnn

Explanation

In response to an **INITIATE OLREORG** command with the ALTER option, this IMS system started or resumed ALTER processing of the number of partitions shown in the *nnnn* position of the message text.

In the message text:

mastername

The name of the HALDB master database that is being altered.

nnnn

If the message reads HALDB ALTER STARTED, *nnnn* shows the total number of partitions in the HALDB database.

If the message reads HALDB ALTER ACTIVE, *nnnn* shows the total number of partitions in the HALDB database.

If the message reads HALDB ALTER RESUMED, *nnnn* shows the total number of partitions which have not completed alter processing.

For either version of this message, *nnnn* does not include disabled partitions. Disabled partitions will not be altered.

System action

The IMS proceeds to alter the number of partitions shown in the message text.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSORP00

Related tasks

Altering the definition of an online HALDB database (Database Administration)

DFS3198I	HALDB ALTER COMPLETED FOR NAME= <i>mastername</i> PARTITION NUMBER= <i>nnnn</i> STARTED= <i>ssss</i> COMPLETED= <i>cccc</i>
----------	--

or

HALDB ALTER ENDED FOR NAME=*mastername*
PARTITION NUMBER=*nnnn* STARTED=*ssss*
COMPLETED=*cccc*

Explanation

The IMS system exited alter processing.

If the message text reads **HALDB ALTER ENDED**, the IMS system either did not finish altering one or more of the partitions that it started or one or more of the partitions in the HALDB database were altered by another IMS system. In the message text, the value of COMPLETED= is less than the value of PARTITION NUMBER=.

Possible causes for the HALDB ALTER ENDED message include:

- The **TERMINATE OLREORG** command was issued before alter processing was complete for one or more partitions.
- An error occurred during the alter processing of one or more partitions
- In a data sharing environment, one or more of the partitions in the HALDB database were altered by another IMS system.

If the message text reads **HALDB ALTER COMPLETED**, alter processing completed successfully for all of the partitions in the HALDB database. In the message text, the values of COMPLETED= and PARTITION NUMBER= are equal.

In the message text:

mastername

The name of the HALDB master database that is being altered.

nnnn

Shows the total number of partitions contained in the named HALDB database.

ssss

Shows the number of partitions that this IMS system attempted to alter. If both *ssss* and *cccc* are 0, this IMS system did not alter any partitions in a data sharing environment.

cccc

Shows the number of partitions that this IMS system successfully altered. If both *ssss* and *cccc* are 0, this IMS system did not alter any partitions in a data sharing environment.

System action

For HALDB ALTER ENDED, the IMS system exits alter processing. If the HALDB ALTER ENDED message was issued due to the interruption of the alter process for one or more partitions, the alter process is incomplete.

If the HALDB ALTER ENDED message was issued in a data sharing environment and the STARTED and COMPLETED values are equal, this IMS system has completed all of the partitions that it started. If the STARTED and COMPLETED values are less than the PARTITION NUMBER value, other IMS systems are altering other partitions in the HALDB database.

For HALDB ALTER COMPLETE, all of the partitions in the HALDB database were successfully altered.

System programmer response

For HALDB ALTER ENDED, determine why this IMS did not alter all of the partitions in the database. If alter processing was interrupted for any partitions, check the messages that preceded this message to determine the cause of the interruption. After you resolve the problems, resume the alter process by issuing the **INITIATE OLREORG** command with OPTION(ALTER).

If the HALDB ALTER ENDED messages was issued because one or more partitions were altered by another IMS system, check to see if the other IMS systems have completed alter processing also. If they have, you can perform online change.

For HALDB ALTER COMPLETE, you can perform online change.

Module:
DFSORP00

Related tasks

[Altering the definition of an online HALDB database \(Database Administration\)](#)

DFS3199E INTERNAL ERROR xxxxx

Explanation

An internal error has occurred in the IBM Adapter for REXX. Results cannot be determined.

System action

No EXEC execution occurs.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support and supply the message text.

DFS3200 MSPLINK NOT STOPPED

Explanation

In order to process the **/MSASSIGN LINK** command, the MSPLINK specified must be stopped.

System action

The command is not run. Processing continues normally.

Operator response

Use the **/PSTOP MSPLINK** or **UPDATE MSPLINK NAME(msplinkname) STOP** command to temporarily stop the physical link. Then reenter the **/MSASSIGN** command.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

None.

Chapter 67. DFS messages, DFS3201 - DFS3250

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3201	MAXIMUM SESSIONS REACHED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum number of parallel sessions was reached for the MSPLINK specified for the local system.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code=32.

System action

The command is not run. Processing continues normally.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

An IMS system definition or temporary JCL change might be appropriate if more sessions are warranted.

Problem determination:

None.

Related information

[DFS3213I](#)

REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED,
REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR
IS NODE *nodename*.

DFS3202	BIND REJECTED DUE TO INCOMPATIBLE BUFFER/RU SIZE LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The partner system has rejected the bind because its output buffer size exceeds the current system input buffer size, or its input buffer size is less than the current system's output buffer size.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code=20.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

An IMS system definition is appropriate.

Problem determination:

10

Related information

[DFS3213I](#)

REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED,
REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR
IS NODE *nodename*.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3203	BIND REJECTED DUE TO INVALID SESSION PARAMETERS LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The partner system has rejected the bind because it is a negotiable bind and MSC/VTAM requires nonnegotiable type bind.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code=24.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

This problem is possibly a transient error. Try again by restarting the link from the current system or partner system.

System programmer response

A VTAM trace of the bind

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[DFS3213I](#)

REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED,
REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR
IS NODE *nodename*.

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3204 LINK TYPE NOT VTAM OR TCP/IP

Explanation

The **/CHANGE** command specified a link that was not either a TCP/IP or VTAM type.

System action

The **/CHANGE** command is not run. Processing continues normally.

Operator response

Enter the correct link.

DFS3206 REMOTE LOGICAL LINK NOT ASSIGNED LINK *nnn*

Explanation

The partner ID specified in the bind identifies a logical link belonging to a different physical link at the remote IMS.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code 04 and 08.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

Use the **/DISPLAY ASMT** command at the remote IMS to display the logical-to-physical link assignments, and correct them using the **/MSASSIGN MS LINK** or **UPDATE MS LINK** command if in error. Notify the system programmer of the problem.

System programmer response

An IMS system definition is appropriate if the sysdef is incorrect.

Problem determination:

10

Related information

DFS3213I

REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED, REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR IS NODE *nodename*.

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3207

REMOTE LINK HAS REACHED THE MAX NO. OF ALLOWABLE SESSIONS LINK *nnn*

Explanation

The maximum number of active sessions allowed at the remote IMS was reached for this physical link.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code 12.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer at the remote site if more sessions are warranted.

System programmer response

If more sessions are warranted, an IMS system definition or temporary JCL change is appropriate.

Problem determination:

8, 10

Related information

DFS3213I

REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED, REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR IS NODE *nodename*.

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3208

REMOTE PHYSICAL LINK IS PSTOPPED LINK *nnn*

Explanation

The physical link has been PSTOPPED at the remote IMS by the remote terminal operator entering the **UPDATE MS LINK STOP** or **/PSTOP MS LINK** command.

See also message DFS3213I, reason code 16.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

(master terminal) Use the **/RSTART MS LINK** or **UPDATE MS LINK START** command at the remote site if the PSTOPPED status is unwarranted.

Related information

DFS3213I
REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED,
REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR
IS NODE *nodename*.

**DFS3209 MULTI-RU ERP OR SYMSG
RECEIVED LINK *nnnn***

Explanation

An error recovery procedure (ERP) message or SYMSG that was not an only-in-chain message was received on the specified link.

System action

The MSC and link session for the indicated link ID is terminated.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3210I AREAS RESTART DURING IRLM
RECONNECT HAS COMPLETED**

Explanation

The restart portion of the restart or reopen process during IRLM reconnect has completed. The reopen process has initiated.

System action

Area restart/reopen process continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3211I MISMATCH RESYNCH CONDITION.
THIS SYSTEM IS PRIMARY|
SECONDARY STSN: *aabbxxxxyyyy*
RESP: *ccddwwwzzzz* LINK *nnn***

Explanation

An STSN exchange between partners indicated a cold/warm mismatch, or an illogical condition at the time indicated. This message normally appears on both the local and remote master terminals. In some cases, however, only one side can differentiate an illogical from a wraparound situation, and this message appears only on that side's Master Terminal. The following values are in hexadecimal:

aa

Outbound action code of the primary

bb

Inbound action code of the primary

xxxx

Outbound sequence number of the primary

yyyy

Inbound sequence number of the primary

cc

Outbound action code of the secondary

dd

Inbound action code of the secondary

www

Outbound sequence number of the secondary

zzzz

Inbound sequence number of the secondary

System action

This is an informational message only. Processing continues normally.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 15

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3212I MISMATCH RESYNCH CONDITION
ACCEPTABLE|UNACCEPTABLE TO
PRIMARY|SECONDARY LINK *nnn***

Explanation

The FORCSESS/SYNCSSESS MSLINK macro parameter and recovery logic has determined that the session

initiation might not proceed following the mismatch indicated by the DFS3211I message.

System action

IMS might not permit the session to be initiated, as indicated by the message.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. If initiation does not proceed and synchronization is not critical, initiation can be forced by first issuing the **/CHANGE** or **UPDATE MSLINK** command on the local or remote systems, or both.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 15

Related information

DFS3211I
MISMATCH RESYNCH CONDITION. THIS
SYSTEM IS PRIMARY|SECONDARY STSN:
aabbxxxxxyyy RESP: ccddwwwzzzz LINK nnn
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3213I	REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED, REASON CODE=nn. PARTNER ID xx. INITIATOR IS NODE nodename.
----------	---

Explanation

A remote IMS system, identified by node (*nodename*) and partner ID (*xx*), attempted to start a link and failed for the following reason code (*nn*):

Code

Reason

04

The Partner ID specified does not exist on this system, or the logical link for NODENAME = *nodename* could not be found.

08

The Partner ID specified is under a different physical link on this system, or it exists, but is unassigned to a physical link.

12

The maximum number of sessions has been reached for the associated local physical link.

16

The associated local physical link has been PSTOPPED.

20

The buffer size specified for the requested link is incompatible with partner's.

24

Bind parameters received are invalid.

28

There is a Primary to Secondary LU polarity mismatch. The side that came up cold was secondary at time of last session failure. Alternatively, if both sides came up warm, at least one of them restarted after the wrong checkpoint.

32

The partner ID specified is already in session.

36

Polarity mismatch. Both sides are requesting secondary LU status.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting. Processing continues normally.

Operator response

Use a **QUERY MSLINK** or **/DISPLAY LINK** command to determine the status of the link or links. Depending on the reason code, continue as follows:

Code

Response

04

Notify the system programmer.

08

Use **/DISPLAY ASMT** to display logical-to-physical link assignments, and correct them with **/MSASSIGN LINK** or **UPDATE MSLINK** if in error. Notify the system programmer.

12

Notify the system programmer.

16

Restart the link from this system if a session is warranted.

20

Notify the system programmer.

24

Notify the system programmer. Try again from either system.

28

Restart the partner with a warm restart (**/ERE**), cold restart both sides, or restart the link from this side, or restart following the correct checkpoint.

32

Terminate the prior session using **/PSTOP** to stop the link or **VARY NET INACT APPLID**. Establishing a new session.

36

Verify that both sides were restarted from the proper checkpoint. This problem can happen only if both sides are warm started. To get around the problem, one side must be either set to warm primary, or set to cold status.

System programmer response

Depends upon reason code, as follows:

Code

Response

04

An IMS system definition is required.

08

An IMS system definition might be required.

12

An IMS system definition or temporary JCL change might be required if more sessions are warranted.

16

Not applicable

20

An IMS system definition is required.

24

Take a VTAM trace of the bind.

28

None.

32

If the link, in session status, is unwarranted, then create a memory dump. You might also have to run an IMS link trace and a VTAM trace to determine why the link is being left in the session.

36

If the link, in session status, is unwarranted, then create a memory dump. You might also have to run an IMS link trace and a VTAM trace to determine why both links are requesting secondary status.

Problem determination:

8, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3214

COMMAND COMPLETED WITH EXCEPTIONS

Explanation

One or some of the transactions did not satisfy all of the following:

- 1. Transaction stopped
- 2. No message queued for this transaction code
- 3. Local APPLCTN defined in the SYSDEF

System action

The command is completed for all but those transactions.

Operator response

Determine which transactions were not reassigned and which of those were not stopped or had messages queued by using a **QUERY TRAN SHOW(ALL)** or **/DIS TRAN ALL** command.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

None.

DFS3215W

QMGR DISCARDED NON-RECOVERABLE MESSAGE(S) DUE TO CQSPUT COMMIT FAILURE

Explanation

One or more nonrecoverable messages were unsuccessfully committed. The messages were discarded. The IMS DFS3215W message is issued only once per checkpoint interval, regardless of the number of the discarded messages. One set of type 67D00A diagnostic records is logged for each discarded message.

System action

The message is deleted from the local IMS. Any parts of the message that was put to the staging queue on the shared queue are deleted. If the deletion from the staging queue fails, it will be tried again at the next checkpoint.

Programmer response

The DFS3215W message is expected in certain situations, such as when the IMS message queue primary or overflow structure becomes full, and messages can no longer be put onto the queue or structure. For such cases, fix the structure full problem either by making the structure larger or by stopping

the source of the large number of messages that filled the structure (for runaway message cases).

If the cause of the DFS3215W message is not explainable, save the IMS logs from at least two checkpoints before the DFS3215W message, up to the checkpoint after DFS3215W, and contact IBM Software Support to report the problem.

Problem determination:

Check type 67D00A diagnostic records to determine the status of the CQSPUT request. The header of the 67D00A record should contain the function and description of the error.

Module:
DFSQXF00

DFS3216A	STRUCTURE <i>structure_name</i> IS BEING DELETED. IT WILL BE REMOVED FROM AREA <i>area_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

During an attempt to connect to the structure, IMS issued the **IXCQUERY** command to check for the structure status. IMS received return code QUASTRCFHOLD, which indicates that the structure was being deleted.

System action:

The area is not loaded into the coupling facility.

Operator response:

If this structure's deletion is correct, remove the structure from the coupling facility policy. Otherwise, allocate the structure again, and issue the **STOP AREA** command followed by the **START AREA** command to connect to the structure.

Module:
DBFVXAS0

DFS3217	POLARITY MISMATCH ON SESSION RESTART
----------------	---

Explanation

This message appears on the master terminal of a cold-started IMS system, because of a warm partner that was previously the primary partner. Session restart requires that this system be properly restarted (**/ERE**), or that you enter the **/RSTART** command on the warm partner. It is also possible that both sides were warm started, in which case at least one of the sides restarted after the wrong checkpoint.

See also message DFS3213I, REASON CODE=28 and 36.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

See explanation above.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

None

Related information

[“DFS3213I” on page 884](#)
REMOTE INITIATED LINK START FAILED,
REASON CODE=*nn*. PARTNER ID *xx*. INITIATOR
IS NODE *nodename*.

DFS3218	INVALID RESTART MESSAGE OR RESTART RESPONSE MESSAGE RECEIVED RSN=<i>xyyy</i>, LINK <i>link#</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The MSC link was restarted. During the exchange of the restart messages, an invalid or unexpected message was detected, or the values in the restart message indicated incompatible MSC link definitions between the partner IMS systems.

In the messages:

xx

Identifies the module.

01

DFSCM7D0, a VTAM restart routine

02

DFSCMSW0, the CTC or MTM restart routine

03

DFSCM7A0, a VTAM restart routine

04

DFSCM7B0, a VTAM restart routine

05

DFSTC7B0, a TCP/IP restart routine

yy

Reason code.

01

The partner IMS release is zero or invalid. MSC generally supports two lower or higher versions; for example, Version 10 supports Versions 8 and 9 and two higher versions. Ensure that the partner is a supported release. If the releases are supported, this problem is an IMS internal error.

- 02** The partner IMS does not support extended prefixes. Extended prefix support was introduced in IMS Version 5 and is required if you are connecting to an IMS Version 8 or above. Ensure that the partner is a supported release. If the release is supported, this problem is an IMS internal error.
- 03** The partner IMS ID is invalid. Both sides of the link must have the same two-character partner ID.
- 04** An invalid restart message was detected; likely the restart message ID is invalid. This problem is an IMS internal error.
- 05** Bandwidth is incompatible. The partner IMS systems must both be either BANDWIDTH (OFF) or BANDWIDTH (ON).
- 06** Invalid FMH5. For MSC VTAM, the restart message must be preceded by an FMH5 block. This problem is an IMS internal error.
- 07** FMH5 contained an invalid DPN field. For MSC VTAM, the FMH5 block must have DFSCMS00. This problem is an IMS internal error.
- 08** The buffer sizes were not equal. Both sides of the link must have the same MSLINK buffer size.
- 09** An error occurred getting storage during bandwidth restart for a QMBA or QLST block used by QMGR. This problem most likely is an insufficient storage error. If not, then it is an IMS internal error.
- 10** V10 VTAM link encountered an error rebuilding the buffers and VTAM control blocks were compatible with the Version 8 or Version 9 partner. This problem might be an IMS internal error.
- 11** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link that specifies the generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group, but parallel logical links are already active or in ERE status on another physical link that specifies the IMS ID of the IMS system. All physical links to the same IMS system must specify either the same generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group or the IMS ID of the IMS system.
- 12** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link that specifies the IMS ID of the IMS system, but parallel logical links are already active or in ERE status on another physical link that specifies the generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group. All physical links to the same IMS system must specify either the same generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group or the IMS ID of the IMS system.
- 13** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link that specifies a generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group, but the IMS system has active physical links that specify conflicting IMS ID values. All physical links to the same IMS system must specify either the same generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group or the IMS ID of the IMS system. This problem is an internal logic error.
- 14** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link that specifies the IMS ID of the IMS system, but the IMS system has active physical links that specify conflicting IMS ID values. All physical links to the same IMS system must specify either the same generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group or the IMS ID of the IMS system. This problem is an internal logic error.
- 15** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link that specifies a generic IMS ID of a TCP/IP generic resource group, but the STOGENLGN status is set for the physical link in either the local IMS system or the remote IMS system.
- 16** An attempt was made to start a logical link on an MSC TCP/IP physical link, but the STOLGN status is set for the physical link in either the local IMS system or the remote IMS system.
- 17** The value of the GENIMSID= parameter in IMS DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member and the value of the GENIMSID= parameter in the IMS Connect PROCLIB member are not the same. Applies to MSC TCP/IP links.
- 18** The GENIMSID= parameter in the IMS DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member is not specified, but the value of the GENIMSID= parameter in IMS Connect HWSCFGxx PROCLIB member is not blanks.

19

A remote partner IMS system attempted to logon to an IMS system in a TCP/IP generic resource group by using an IMS ID. To logon to an IMS system in a TCP/IP generic resource group, remote IMS systems must use the generic IMS ID of the TCP/IP generic resource group, as specified on the GENIMSID parameter of the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB members of the participating IMS systems.

20

The GENIMSID in parmlib member DFSDCxxx was the same value as either the real subsystem ID (IMSID) or the XRF resource name (RSENAME). These must be different.

21

A restart message was received from a remote IMS to a XRF alternate IMS. The restart was rejected with a DFS3218 RSN=0521. This event is a normal condition in a XRF environment using a GENIMSID. The error condition was issued internally to notify IMS Connect to reject this restart. The restart message to the active IMS will be accepted. This message is not issued to the MTO.

link#

Identifies the link.

System action

IMS prevents the link from starting.

Operator response

Refer to the reason code for possible causes and actions. The DFS3218 reason codes are also documented in the DFSKEYRC macro.

Use the **QUERY MSLINK**, **/DISPLAY LINK**, or **/DISPLAY LINK OPTION BUFSIZE** command on each side of the link to determine whether the links are compatible. If error is due to incompatible link parameters, use the **UPDATE MSLINK** or **/UPDATE MSLINK** command to set the parameters compatible. Notify the system programmer if the error persists.

System programmer response

If the error is not due to incompatible link options between this side of the link and its partner, or the incompatibility cannot be determined or corrected with the **UPDATE MSLINK** command, analyze the 6701 MSSx log records produced when the error occurred.

To print the type 6701-MSSx (x = 1, 2, 3, and 4) log records, use the DFSERA10 log print utility with the following control cards:

```
CONTROL CNTL
OPTION PRINT 0=5,V=6701,L=2,C=M,E=DFSERA30
OPTION PRINT 0=9,V=MSS,L=3,T=C,C=E,E=DFSERA30
```

If the error is related to the use of TCP/IP generic resources, make sure that all MSC TCP/IP physical links to the IMS systems specify either the generic IMS ID of the TCP/IP generic resource group, or the IMS ID of the IMS system. If the link you are starting uses TCP/IP generic resources, you might try directing the link to another IMS system in the TCP/IP generic resource group.

If the error is related to any of the following link statuses, issue the **/RSTART LINK** command or the **UPDATE MSPLINK** command with either the **START(LOGON)** or the **START(GENLOGON)** keyword:

- PSTOPPED
- PSTOPGEN
- STOLGN
- STOGENLGN

The type-1 **/PSTOP MSPLINK** command sets the appropriate stop status, either PSTOPPED or PSTOPGEN, depending on the specification of the GENIMSID parameter in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member. If status is ACTIVE, PSTOPGEN is set, if DISABLED, PSTOPPED is set. This status can be displayed by either the **/DISPLAY ASMT MSPLINK** or **QUERY MSPLINK NAME(msplink_name) SHOW(STATUS)** commands.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Module:

DFSCMSW0, DFSCM7D0, DFSCM7A0, DFSCM7B0, DFSTC7B0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3220I	RECEIVED ERROR RETURN CODE. REQ CODE=xx, REG 0=yy, REG 15=zz, LINK=nnn, CLSDST SCHEDULED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of two conditions exists.

1. An RPL request has failed.

2. A VTAM request (using EXECRPL) failed 25 times because VTAM is short on storage. IMS will terminate the MSC/VTAM link. REG15 is X'04' and REG0 is X'08'.

The following information is given:

Code

Meaning

xx

Decimal request code

yy

Value (in decimal) placed in Register 0 by VTAM upon returning control to IMS

zz

Value (in decimal) placed in Register 15 by VTAM upon returning control to IMS

nnn

MSC/VTAM link ID for which the request failed

System action

The MSC/VTAM link session for the indicated link is terminated. An IMS log record (X'67') with an ID of MSSx (where x=1, 2 or 3) containing pertinent information was written.

Operator response

Notify the IMS System Programmer.

Programmer response

See *VTAM V4R3 for MVS/ESA Programming and VTAM Messages and Codes* for an explanation of what caused this return code.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3221	SHOULD NOT OCCUR TYPE LOGIC ERROR LINK nnn
----------------	---

Explanation

An illogical condition has been detected by the MSC/VTAM device dependent module for the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The MSC/VTAM link session for the indicated link is terminated. An IMS log record (X'67') with an ID of MSSx (where x = 1, 2 or 3) containing pertinent information was written.

Operator response

Notify the IMS System Programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3222I	UNEXPECTED STATUS FORCE CLEANUP DONE LINK=nnn, UNDEFN SIMLOG OPNDST CLSDST SESSNC RECEIV SEND RESTR RQSESS OPNSEC TRMSESS *****, RC=xx, FDB2=yy, LOSTERM NSEXIT UNBIND=zz, SENSE=www
-----------------	--

Explanation

If UNEXPECTED STATUS is present in the message, an RPL request (indicated by one of the values in brackets, including ***** if unknown) resulted in an unexpected return status from VTAM.

If FORCE CLEANUP DONE is present in the message, an RPL request (indicated by one of the values in brackets, including ***** if unknown) was canceled by a **/PSTOP LINK FORCE** command and an NSEXIT event was simulated by IMS to cause the link to be PSTOPPED and IDLE.

The message includes the following information:

Code

Meaning

nnn

MSC/VTAM link ID for which condition occurred

xx

Hexadecimal value of RPLRTNCD field of RPL

yy

Hexadecimal value of RPLFDB2 field of RPL

zz

Hexadecimal IMS LOSTERM/NSEXIT/UNBIND indicator (See message DFS970I for an explanation of the zz values.)

www

Hexadecimal value of RPLSSNSI field of RPL

System action

The MSC/VTAM session is terminated for the specified link.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

See *VTAM Messages and Codes* (SC31-6493) for an explanation of the code meanings.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“DFS970I” on page 342](#)

(UNEXPECTED STATUS| OPNDST/OPNSESS FAILED| CLSDST/TRMSESS FAILED| GENCB/ MODCB ERROR| FORCED CLEANUP DONE| SESSION FAILURE), NODE *node name*, USER/ *user name* | N/A, (UNDEFN | SETLOG | SIMLOG | OPNDST | OPNSEC | CLSDST | SEND|RECEIV | TRMSES | RQR | RESTSR | INQUIR|SESSNC | *****), RC=,FDB2=, LOSTERM=|NSEXIT=| UNBIND=, SENSE=, REASON=

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3223	INVALID EXCP RESPONSE RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An exception response was received on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn* and was not an 0846 type exception response.

System action

The MSC/VTAM link session is terminated for the specified link ID.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3224	EXCP RESPONSE RECEIVED FOR WRONG RU NUMBER LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An 0846 exception response was received on the specified link *nnn*, for an invalid RU number.

System action

The link session is terminated for the specified MSC/VTAM link ID.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3225	UNEXPECTED RRN RESPONSE RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected VTAM RRN response was received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The link session is terminated for the specified MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3226	CHAINING ERROR ON DATA RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

An SNA chaining error was encountered in an RU received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3227	RU SEQUENCE ERROR ON DATA RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An SNA sequence error was encountered on an RU received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3228	BRACKETS ERROR ON DATA RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

An SNA brackets error has been encountered on an RU received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3229	UNEXPECTED FMH ON DATA RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

An RU with FMH was received on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn* when no FMH was expected.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3230	EXPECTED FMH7 NOT RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A selective receiver ERP message was expected on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn*, but something different was received.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3231	INVALID FMH5 RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

An RU with invalid FMH Type 5 was received on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3232	EXPECTED FMH5 NOT RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An expected FMH Type 5 did not occur in the RU received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3233 INVALID FMH6 RECEIVED LINK
nnn**

Explanation

An invalid Type 6 FMH was received on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3234 DR1 RESPONSE RECEIVED FOR
WRONG RU LINK nnn**

Explanation

A DR1 received for a SNA command did not carry the VTAM sequence number of the command.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3235 BIS/SBI RECEIVED TWICE LINK
nnn**

Explanation

An SNA BIS or SBI command was received twice on the specified link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3236 DR2 RESPONSE RECEIVED FOR
WRONG RU NUMBER LINK nnn**

Explanation

A DR2 received for SNA data did not carry the VTAM sequence number of the OIC/LIC.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3237	UNEXPECTED FME RESPONSE RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected SNA FME response occurred on the indicated MSC/VTAM link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3238	INVALID/UNEXPECTED INFORMATION RECEIVED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A SNA command or LU was received that is not supported by MSC/VTAM.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3239	CLSDST/TERMSS ISSUED LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

A VTAM CLSDST or TERMSESS has been issued on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn* as a result of either an operator request or error situation encountered previously.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None.

DFS3240	DATA RECEIVED EXCEEDS ALLOCATED INPUT BUFFER LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

Data received on the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn* exceeded the input buffer allocation.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3241	DATA FRAME COUNT DOES NOT AGREE WITH RPL BYTES-RECEIVED COUNT LINK <i>nnn</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The MSC data frame count (first 2 bytes of the MSC RU) does not agree with the value indicated by VTAM in the RECEIVE RPL for the specified MSC/VTAM link *nnn*.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated MSC/VTAM link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3242I	PARTNER SHUTTING DOWN LINK <i>nnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The last message sent to the link partner has been rejected because the partner commenced shutdown just as the message arrived.

System action

The message is returned to queue by the current system.

Operator response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None

DFS3243I	PARTNER SHUTTING LINK DOWN LINK <i>nnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The last message sent to the link partner has been rejected, because the partner commenced link shutdown just as the message arrived.

System action

The message is returned to queue by the current system.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

None

DFS3244I	PARTNER NOT ACCEPTING INPUT LINK <i>nnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The last message sent to the link partner was rejected, because the partner just encountered an error situation which prevented further accepting of input on this link.

System action

The message is returned to queue by the current system.

Operator response

Contact the system operator of the partner for cause of the error.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Problem determination:

None

DFS3245 **INVALID RESPONSE TYPE
REQUESTED BY RU RECEIVED
LINK *nnn***

Explanation

An RU received has violated the MSC/VTAM protocol by requesting an incorrect type of SNA response.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3246 **INVALID CD INDICATOR SET ON
RU RECEIVED LINK *nnn***

Explanation

An RU received carries a CD indicator, in violation of the MSC/VTAM protocol.

System action

The session is terminated for the indicated link.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3247I **UNEXPECTED FME AND RRN
RESPONSE RECEIVED ON LINK
*nnnn***

Explanation

An unexpected SNA FME plus RRN response was received on the indicated VTAM link.

System action

The MSC and link session for the indicated link ID is terminated.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

See Problem Determination.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 7, 17b

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3248W **A LONG DELAY IN LOG
SURVEILLANCE**

Explanation:

The logging activity in the XRF active IMS is suspended longer than the limit specified in the LOG= parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

System action:

IMS continues processing normally.

Operator response:

Check the XRF active IMS system to determine why the logging activity has been suspended excessively, and correct it if any abnormal condition exists.

Module:

DFSHTK00

DFS3249W **A LONG DELAY IN LINK
SURVEILLANCE**

Explanation:

XRF LINK surveillance in the active IMS is suspended longer than the limit specified in the LNK= parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

System action:

IMS continues processing normally.

Operator response:

Check the XRF active IMS system to determine why XRF ISC LINK surveillance has been suspended excessively, and correct it if any abnormal condition exists.

Module:
DFSHTK00

DFS3250	COMMAND NOT ENTERED FROM MASTER TERMINAL OR SYSTEM CONSOLE
----------------	---

Explanation

A restricted version of a **/LOCK** or an **/UNLOCK** command was entered from a remote terminal, but

is only allowed from the master terminal or system console. The **/LOCK** command with keyword DB, PROG, or TRAN, and the **/UNLOCK** command with keyword DB, PROG, TRAN, or SYSTEM can only be entered from the master terminal or system console.

System action

The **/LOCK** or **/UNLOCK** command is ignored.

Operator response:
(local/remote terminal operator) Reenter the command on the system console or master terminal.

Chapter 68. DFS messages, DFS3251W - DFS3300I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3251W	A LONG DELAY IN RDS SURVEILLANCE
Explanation: XRF RDS (restart data set) surveillance in the active IMS is suspended longer than the limit specified in the LNK= parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.	
System action: IMS continues processing normally.	
Operator response: Check the XRF active IMS system to determine why RDS surveillance has been suspended excessively, and correct it if any abnormal condition exists.	
Module: DFSHTK00	

DFS3252I	DATA EXISTS ON yyy LOG THAT DOES NOT EXIST ON zzz LOG.
-----------------	---

Explanation
During the processing of the Log Recovery utility in CLS mode, DFSULG20 found that data existed on one input log but did not exist on the other log. Also, when DFSFDLW0 was called to copy log records from the WADS, all the records already existed on one of the input logs. This scenario can happen, for instance, if there is a write error on one of the OLDSs. This is not necessarily an error condition because the Log Archive utility also detects this inconsistency and creates SLDS or RLDS from the OLDS that has all of the data.

In the message text, the values of yyy and zzz can be either PRIMARY and SECONDARY or vice versa, depending upon which is appropriate in which spot.

System action
The utility dumps the error block, which might be the end-of-file marker if a write error was encountered, and continues processing in CLS mode. Neither OLDS is flagged as being in error in DBRC.

User response
No response is necessary. This message is put out as informational to make you aware that one OLDS does not contain all of the data that it is supposed to. You might have already known before running the Log Recovery utility that the OLDS encountered a problem such as a write error.

Problem determination:
To determine which blocks are on one OLDS and not on the other, you can use a tool such as IMS Problem Investigator for z/OS or DFSERA10 to check type 4800 log records. There is one type 4800 log record per block and it contains fields such as the block sequence number.

DFS3253W	WADS PROCESSING WARNING. FUNCTION = XX. REASON = YY.
-----------------	---

Explanation
When Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem (DFSMS) opens WADS, DFSMS issues IEC messages in the job log. The DFS3253W message indicates that the IEC messages in the job log do not require further action.

The following table lists the possible values for function XX and the corresponding reason YY:

Function XX	Reason YY	Explanation
04 (OPEN)	Contents of ACBERFLG	<p>Opening the WADS produced an informational message. For more information about ACBERFLG, see z/OS: OPEN return and reason codes for VSAM macro instructions</p> <p>The most common reason code for ACBERFLG when XX = 04 is x'74', which indicates that the data set was not closed properly. This happens, for example, when the log recovery utility (DFSULTR0) runs after an IMS abend because the WADS cannot be closed when IMS abends.</p>

System action

IMS continues processing normally.

User response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

None.

Module:

DFSFDLW0

Related reference

[z/OS: OPEN return and reason codes for VSAM macro instructions](#)

**DFS3254I BUFSTOR FORCED TO 31 BECAUSE
BLKSIZE NOT A MULTIPLE OF 4K**

Explanation

Before obtaining 64-bit addressable storage for OLDS log buffers, IMS verifies the value of the BLKSIZE parameter defined on the OLDSDEF statement of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. IMS issues this message if the BLKSIZE parameter value is not a multiple of 4096.

System action

IMS obtains 31-bit addressable storage for the log buffers, overriding the BUFSTOR=64 parameter specifying 64-bit addressable storage on the OLDSDEF statement, and continues processing.

User response

No action is required.

IMS always obtains 31-bit addressable storage for OLDS log buffers unless the value given for BLKSIZE is a multiple of 4096. Ensure that the value given for the BLKSIZE parameter is a multiple of 4096 if you want to use 64-bit addressable storage for OLDS log buffers.

Module:

DFSPRSLO

**DFS3255I MAXSESS TOO LARGE FOR MSC/
VTAM LINK nnn, DEFAULTING TO
676**

Explanation

The sum of the MAXSESS field defined at system definition time and the NLXB JCL parameter exceeds 676 for the specified *nnn* MSC/VTAM link. The largest MAXSESS allowed is 676.

System action

The MAXSESS field in the associated LCB is set to 676, and processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Check the MAXSESS field in system definition for this link, and check the NLXB parameter in the IMS control region JCL.

**DFS3256I OPEN FAILED ON ddname -
DURING ONLINE LOG READ (xx)**

or

OPEN/ALLOCATION FAILED ON *ddname*

or

OPEN FAILED ON *ddname* - DD CARD SPECIFICATION ERROR

Explanation

The log data set specified on the *ddname* could not be opened or allocated for logging, because the DD statement was not correctly specified or because the preallocated data set had inconsistent DCB attributes.

The first form of this message applies to log write operations for either an online log data set (OLDS), or a write-ahead data set (WADS).

The second form of this message is issued under these conditions:

- When an OLDS is opened that has a different block size (BLKSIZE) from the value displayed in message DFS2207I.
- When a write-ahead data set (WADS) is opened which does not have sufficient space allocated.
- When the RECFM is not VB.
- When an extended format OLDS was found and this release of IMS cannot use an extended format OLDS.

The third form of the message appears when the GETMAIN storage is not available for the OSAM DCB required for a log read operation. It is also issued when the OSAM OPEN function fails. When the GETMAIN storage is not available, *xx* contains a value of *x'FF'*. When the OSAM OPEN function fails, *xx* is the return code value returned by the OSAM OPEN function.

System action

If the error occurred while opening a WADS and one or more WADS was still available, IMS continues processing. If no WADS was available, message DFS3262I is issued and IMS continues processing.

If the error occurred while opening an OLDS and 3 or more OLDS are still available, IMS continues processing. If 2 or less OLDS are available, message DFS3260I is issued. See the system action for message DFS3260I.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related information

[“DFS2207I” on page 643](#)

IMS LOG(S) BLOCKSIZE=xxxxx, BUFNO=yyyy

[“DFS3260I” on page 902](#)

ONLINE LOG DATA SET SHORTAGE - NEED ANOTHER DATA SET

[“DFS3262E” on page 903](#)

NO DATA SET AVAILABLE FOR LOG WRITE AHEAD

DFS3257I	ONLINE LOG NOW OPENED ON <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

or

**ONLINE LOG NOW SWITCHED - FROM *ddname1* TO
*ddname2***

or

ONLINE LOG CLOSED ON *ddname*

or

OLDS|WADS DEALLOCATED ON *ddname*

Explanation

The first form of the message appears when IMS restart takes place and the online log data set (OLDS) is ready for use.

The second form of the message is issued each time the OLDS (*ddname1*) becomes full, EOV was forced, or OLDS (*ddname1*) incurred an I/O error and was closed. The next OLDS (*ddname2*) is opened for further logging. During an XRF takeover, the second form of the message appears. *ddname1* is the OLDS that is terminated from the WADS when takeover is requested.

The third form of this message appears when normal shutdown is scheduled and OLDS is closed.

The fourth form of this message is issued on the master terminal when some OLDS are forced to stop, by a **/STOP** command or because of I/O error. The log data set is no longer needed for online database backout, and the log data set is removed from the candidate list

for future use. This OLDS is dynamically deallocated from the control address space.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

If automatic archiving is not specified, display the OLDS status to determine whether to submit an archive job.

When the fourth form of the message appears, the specified OLDS is ready for repair. After the OLDS has been archived, the data set can be scratched and reallocated on another volume. Then the **/START OLDS** command can be entered to reconnect the OLDS to the online IMS.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3258A	LAST ONLINE LOG DATA SET IS BEING USED - NEED ARCHIVE
-----------------	--

or

**SYSTEM WAITING FOR AN ONLINE LOG DATA SET -
NEED ARCHIVE**

Explanation

The first form of this message is sent when IMS™ detects that the last unarchived online log data set (OLDS) was being used. All the other OLDS are not reusable for output operation, because they have not yet been archived or have been stopped.

The second form of this message is sent when all non-stopped OLDS require archiving. The second message is repeated at 5 minute intervals until the situation is resolved by archive completion.

System action

For the first form, IMS continues processing. For the second form, IMS is in a wait state until some OLDS become usable.

Operator response:

If an archive job is not currently running, submit an archive job to free up OLDS. Also in a z/OS environment, a new data set can be added with the **/START OLDS** command only if there is Log buffer available.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3259I	ONLINE LOG DATA SET NOT YET ARCHIVED FOR <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The online log data set (OLDS), identified by *ddname*, would normally have been archived and be ready for reuse. However, it was not archived.

System action

IMS will use another available OLDS and continue processing.

System operator response: If an archive job for the specified log data set is not executing, submit an archive job.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3260I	ONLINE LOG DATA SET SHORTAGE - NEED ANOTHER DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

Because of I/O errors or **/STOP OLDS** commands, two or less online log data sets (OLDS), are available which can be used by IMS.

System action

If two OLDS remain, IMS continues processing. If there is only one, IMS initiates a **/CHE FREEZE**.

Operator response

The **/DISPLAY OLDS** command can be used to display the status of all OLDS. When two data sets remain, any one of the following responses is acceptable:

- No response, IMS continues processing.
- In a z/OS environment, additional OLDS can be activated using the **/START OLDS** command.
- The checkpoint command can be used to initiate an IMS shutdown.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3261I	WRITE AHEAD DATA SET NOW ON <i>ddname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The log write-ahead function is now using the data set identified by *ddname*. During IMS execution, this message might follow a WADS I/O error message.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3262E NO DATA SET AVAILABLE FOR LOG WRITE AHEAD

Explanation

Either the WAD's are too small, or errors have occurred OPENing or writing to the WADS, and no more WADS are available.

System action

IMS continues processing. However, the system performance can be degraded because the log write-ahead support will cause the online log buffers to be truncated.

System operator response: No response is required. The checkpoint command can be used to shutdown IMS. Writing to the WADS will be reattempted after the next restart of IMS.

Programmer response

Allocate new WADs.

DFS3263I ARCHIVE UTILITY ENDED UNSUCCESSFULLY (rrrrrrrr)

or

ARCHIVE UTILITY ENDED SUCCESSFULLY

or

ARCHIVE UTILITY ENDED SUCCESSFULLY (rrrrrrrr)

Explanation

The Log Archive Utility terminated either successfully or unsuccessfully. A reason for termination is given in cases where a programmer response is required. The values for *rrrrrrrr* are:

- SUCCESSFULLY - (BUT NOT ALL OLDS WERE ARCHIVED)
- UNSUCCESSFULLY - (OPEN ERROR) (DBRC VERIFICATION FAILED: INPUT LOG(S), SSID OR RECON(S) ARE INVALID)
- (EXEC PARAMETER ERROR)
- (CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR)
- (DATA SET SPECIFICATION ERROR)
- (ERROR IN SINGLE INPUT LOG)
- (DUPLICATE ERROR IN DUAL INPUT LOG)
- (OUTPUT DATA SET I/O ERROR)
- (OUT-OF-SPACE IN OUTPUT DATA SET)
- (UNSUCCESSFUL EXCHANGE BETWEEN DUAL INPUT DATA SETS)
- (USER EXIT ROUTINE ERROR)
- (DEVICE TYPE ERROR)
- (OUTPUT DATA SET BLOCK/TRACK SIZE IS TOO SMALL)
- (DBRC MODULE NOT FOUND)
- (NON-ZERO RETURN CODE FROM ISITMGD)

System action

If the Log Archive Utility ended SUCCESSFULLY with a return code of 0 and no accompanying reason, then all online log data sets (OLDS) were archived as identified in the SYSPRINT output messages. The utility terminated normally.

If the Log Archive Utility ended SUCCESSFULLY with a return code of 4 and the accompanying reason "(BUT NOT ALL OLDS WERE NOT ARCHIVED)", then one or both of the following reasons apply to this archive job:

- The system encountered a recovery point in an OLDS, archived that OLDS, and terminated without archiving any more OLDS. A recovery point results at every **/DBR** or **/DBD** command that forces an OLDS switch.
- An OLDS specified as input to the Archive utility was already archived when this job ran. The SYSPRINT output messages will identify the OLDS that were already archived.

If the Log Archive Utility ended UNSUCCESSFULLY, then the accompanying reason, additional DFS messages, and messages in the SYSPRINT output identify the reason for abnormal termination.

Programmer response

If all OLDS were not archived because they encountered a recovery point, then run the Log Archive Utility for the unarchived OLDS.

If the utility ended UNSUCCESSFULLY, correct the error and rerun the Log Archive Utility.

DFS3264I ARCHIVE UNABLE TO OPEN zzzz

or

ARCHIVE UNABLE TO OPEN|CLOSE xxxx ddname

Explanation

The xxxx value in the first message is the online log data sets (OLDS), system log data sets (SLDS), or USER. Field xxxx indicates the type of data set that could not be opened or closed. ddname is the name of the DD statement for the data set.

The zzzz value in the second message is SYSIN or SYSPRINT, which indicates that the data set could not be successfully opened.

System action

In the case of dual input or user output data sets, the processing continues. In any other case, the Log Archive utility will be terminated with a return code.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

If the Log Archive utility fails, ensure that the DD statements are present and that the specifications are correct; then rerun the job.

**DFS3265I xxxxxx ERROR DURING WADS
 PROCESSING**

or

xxxxxx ERROR IN WADS DD - ddname

Explanation

The specified write-ahead data sets (WADS) error was encountered while the Log Recovery Utility was

performing in CLS or DUP mode with the CLOSE option. The values for xxxxxx can be:

OPEN
An error occurred while opening the WADS.

READ
An error occurred while reading the WADS.

DEVICE TYPE
The device type of the data set specified as a WADS is not DASD.

SEQUENCE #
Data required to properly close the online log data sets (OLDS) is missing from WADS.

CLOSE
An error occurred while closing the WADS.

TRKCALC
An error occurred in the MVS TRKCALC function.

LOGIC
An internal logic error was detected by the WADS read module (DFSFDLW0).

VERIFY
An error was found in the WADS DD statement (DFSWADS0).

MISSING RCD
A sequence of WADS records had fewer records than it should.

System action

The Log Recovery utility, DFSULTR0, terminates with abend 3265.

**DFS3266I CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR
 rrrrrr**

Explanation

The control statement contains an error. rrrrrr describes the type of error, and one of the values of rrrrrr will appear depending on the type of error. The values of rrrrrr are:

- (NO OPERATION CODE)
- (INVALID OPERATION CODE OR PARAMETER)
- (NO DDNOUT1 OR DDNAME LENGTH ERROR IN COPY)
- (INVALID SPECIFICATION IN NOLOG)
- (NO NAME OR NAME LENGTH ERROR IN EXIT)
- (NO NOLOG AND NO FEOV IN SLDS)
- ('MUST BE WRITTEN' LOG IN NOLOG)
- (CONCATENATION ERROR)
- (DUPLICATE SPECIFICATION)
- (PARENTHESIS ERROR)
- (INVALID OFFSET SPECIFICATION)
- (INVALID FLDLEN SPECIFICATION)

(INVALID FLDTYP SPECIFICATION)
 (INVALID COND SPECIFICATION)
 (INVALID VALUE SPECIFICATION)
 (INVALID FEOV SPECIFICATION)
 (INVALID DBRECOV SPECIFICATION)
 (INVALID DDNAME SPECIFIED IN COPY STATEMENT)

System action

The Log Archive utility will be terminated with a return code.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

DFS3267I	USER EXIT ROUTINE <i>entryname</i> FAILED AT <i>zzzz</i> EXIT RC=<i>xx</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value of *zzzz* is INITIALIZATION, PROCESSING, or TERMINATION. An exit routine returned to the log Archive utility with a return code other than a binary zero. *xx* is the decimal return code value returned by the named (entry point) exit routine.

System action

The Log Archive utility processing terminates.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The required response is a function of the exit routine's processing.

DFS3268I	DD CARD ERROR - <i>rrrr</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

During the processing of the Log Recovery utility, a data set specification error was found. *rrrr* is a descriptive error reason. The values for *rrrr* are:

- NO OUTPUT LOG IS SPECIFIED
- NO INPUT LOG IS SPECIFIED
- BOTH OLDS AND SLDS ARE SPECIFIED
- INPUT LOG DEVICE TYPE ERROR

- OUTPUT LOG DEVICE TYPE ERROR
- PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SLDS HAVE DIFFERENT BLOCK SIZE
- NO PRIMARY NEXT OLDS IS SPECIFIED
- BOTH WADS AND NEXT OLDS ARE SPECIFIED
- INCORRECT NEXT OLDS IS SPECIFIED
- WADS IS SPECIFIED, BUT NO WADS WAS AVAILABLE AT TIME OF LAST OLDS WRITE
- WADS IN USE AT TIME OF LAST OLDS WRITE NOT SPECIFIED
- DUP OR REP MODE AND PRIOR OLDS ARE SPECIFIED
- OLDS INPUT IS REQUIRED
- NO PRIMARY INPUT IS SPECIFIED
- WADS OR NEXT OLDS SPECIFIED WITH DUP/REP MODE
- OUTPUT LOG SHOULD NOT BE SPECIFIED
- PRIOR OLDS NEEDED BUT NOT SPECIFIED
- CLS FAILS - PRIOR OLDS INVALID
- CLS FAILS - PRIOR OLDS POSITIONING FAILED
- INVALID INPUT DATA SET ATTRIBUTES ON *dsname*

dsname is a variable describing which input data set had invalid attributes. Some examples include: DFSOLP, DFSOLS, IEFORDER and IEFORDER2.
- PSB MODE REQUIRES IEFORDER INPUT DD CARD

System action

The Log Recovery utility fails.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL and rerun the job.

DFS3269I	TRACK SIZE OF <i>xxxx dsname</i> IS TOO SMALL, OLDS BLKSIZE=<i>yyyy</i>
-----------------	--

or

BLOCK SIZE OF *xxxx dsname* IS TOO SMALL, OLDS BLKSIZE=*yyyy*

Explanation

The block or track size of the specified output data set is too small to contain a log record that must be copied from the input data set. The value *xxxx* is the system log data set (SLDS), user data set (USER) or recovery

log data set (RLDS). The value yyyy is the block size of the input data set.

System action

The Log Archive utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify a block size equal to the displayed OLDS block size for the data set which encountered this error, and rerun the job.

DFS3270I INVALID INPUT LOG IS SPECIFIED

Explanation

The DBRC verification of the input log failed. The input log might have already been closed, or DBRC cannot find the RECON record for the specified input log.

System action

The Log Recovery utility, DFSULTR0, failed.

Programmer response

SYSPRINT should contain a DBRC error message. See the explanation in message DSP0311I. Verify that the correct IMSID was specified in the EXEC parameters and that the correct data set name was specified on the input log DD statement. If the wrong IMSID or input log was specified, correct the JCL, and rerun the job.

Related information
[DSP0311I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3271I zzzzzz = LOG DATA DOES NOT SATISFY LSN KEYWORD

or

zzzzzz = REQUIRED LOG DATA NOT FOUND

or

zzzzzz = LOG DATA EXISTS BEYOND EXPECTED CLOSE POINT

Explanation

The first form of this message, where the zzzzzz value is REQUIRED LOG DATA NOT FOUND, indicates that

the Log Recovery utility has encountered one of the following conditions:

- NOWADS is specified.
The DFSWADS_n DD card may still be present in the execution JCL.

- NEXT OLDS and CLS specified.
The last block successfully written to the input OLDS has been located. Its block sequence number is not one less than the block sequence number of the first block in the NEXT OLDS.

- NEXT OLDS and DUP specified.
The block corresponding to the ERRC value or end-of-file has been encountered on the input OLDS. Its block sequence number is not one less than the block sequence number of the first block in the NEXT OLDS.

- WADS is specified.
The first error was encountered in CLS mode or in the ERRC number of errors in DUP mode, but the input OLDS was not positioned so that its block sequence number is one less than the first block in the WADS.
CLS mode end-of-file checking could not successfully reread the last good block on the OLDS.

The second form of this message, where the zzzzzz value is LOG DATA EXISTS BEYOND EXPECTED CLOSE POINT, indicates that the Log Recovery utility has encountered the following condition:

- Input data set is a SLDS.
ERRC number of errors were encountered on the input SLDS, but the SLDS contains additional blocks with later time stamp values. This indicates that SLDS is not correctly positioned for close.

- CLS mode.
The first error was encountered in CLS mode, but end-of-file checking found additional blocks with later time stamp values.

The third form of this message, where the zzzzzz value is LOG DATA DOES NOT SATISFY LSN KEYWORD, indicates that the last log sequence number read by CLS or DUP mode is less than the value specified for the LSN keyword.

System action

The Log Recovery utility, DFSULTR0, terminates unsuccessfully. For the REQUIRED LOG DATA NOT FOUND and end-of-data detected cases, abend U3271 is issued.

Programmer response

If CLS mode was specified, change it to DUP mode with an error count other than zero. If DUP mode was specified, increase the error count value, and rerun the job. If NOWADS was specified assure that no DFSWADSn DD card is present, if present remove and rerun the job.

DFS3272I	OLDS ERROR. ACTIVE PSB MESSAGES NOT GENERATED.
-----------------	---

or

**X'47' LOG RECORD NOT FOUND. RECOVERY
REQUIREMENTS NOT GENERATED.**

or

**X'47' LOG RECORD NOT FOUND. ACTIVE PSB
MESSAGES NOT GENERATED.**

Explanation:

This message is related to DFS3272E. See the information on that message for a detailed explanation and actions.

Related information

[DFS3272E](#)

INTERNAL ERROR DURING LOG RECOVERY

DFS3272E	INTERNAL ERROR DURING LOG RECOVERY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The write-ahead data set, WADS, was specified as input to the Log Recovery utility. The Log Recovery utility could not determine the active PSBs from the log data processed.

The first and second forms of this message are issued when a X'47', an active PSTs log record written at checkpoint time, was not found in the input (online log data sets (OLDS) and WADS).

The X'47' record contains a list of all active PSBs, and is required to ensure that the PSB report is complete.

The third form of this message is issued when an OLDS error is encountered. This means that the log records are missing, and therefore, the analysis of the active PSBs cannot be correctly performed.

The fourth form of this message is issued when an internal error occurs during Log Recovery utility processing.

System action

If this is not a "rerun" of the Log Recovery utility in PSB mode, the OLDS close process is completed. Otherwise, the Log Recovery utility simply terminates.

Programmer response

If you received the first two forms of this message and you need the active PSB information, do the following:

- Rerun the job in CLS mode, specifying the previous and current OLDS as concatenated data sets in your input.
- Specify PSBLIST=YES and DBRC=NO as exec parameters so that DBRC processing will be bypassed.

For the third form of this message, ensure that the previous and current OLDS were concatenated in the correct sequence. If OLDSs are specified correctly, use the Log Recovery utility in DUP mode to create a valid OLDS.

If you received the fourth form of this message, check your log record concatenation in your IEFDRER DD statement. A possible log record sequence error occurred.

DFS3273I	UNABLE TO PROCESS xxx COMMAND FOR ddname, REASON CODE nn
-----------------	---

Explanation

A /START OLDS, /START WADS, /STOP OLDS, /STOP WADS, or /SWITCH WADS command could not be processed. The value of xxx is /START, /STOP, or /SWI indicating which command could not be processed. The reason code nn is a hexadecimal number.

For a /START command failure, one of the following reason codes occurs:

Code (hex)

Meaning

04

The OLDS or WADS could not be dynamically allocated. Either no DFSMDA member exists for the specified OLDS or WADS, or the dynamic allocation request failed.

08

One of these errors occurred: The specified OLDS is already allocated to this IMS and encountered a write error, the OLDS or WADS encountered a device-type error, or the WADS was allocated as DD DUMMY.

0C

The specified WADS is already allocated to this IMS, or the OLDS DSET table is full.

10

The WADS device type is not the same as the WADS device type established at DLOG initialization.

14

A permanent I/O error occurred while attempting to format the specified WADS.

For a **/STOP** command failure, one of the following reason codes occurs:

Code (hex) Meaning

04

The specified OLDS or WADS is currently in use and cannot be stopped.

08

Less than 2 OLDS are currently available to this IMS. If this command is executed, it will result in an internal checkpoint freeze shutdown.

0C

The specified OLDS or WADS is not currently defined to this IMS.

For a **/SWI** command failure, one of the following reason codes occurs:

Code (hex) Meaning

01

Insufficient WADS for switch. There must be at least one spare WADS, or two spare WADS if IMS is running with dual WADS.

02

IMS is not currently using WADS. Some WADS must be started before a switch command is meaningful.

03

A failure occurred opening the spare WADS.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

If less than 2 OLDS are currently available, it might be possible to use the **/START OLDS** command to start additional OLDS and then retry the **/STOP OLDS** command. If the current OLDS should be stopped, it must first be closed with a command, such as **/DBR**, that causes a switch to the next OLDS.

In the case of a **/START OLDS** failure, notify the system programmer.

Problem determination

1, 3, 8, 11, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3274I**DBRC LOG xxxx EXIT FAILED (yy)**

Explanation

Either a DBRC request submitted by the IMS Log Archive utility or by the Log Recovery utility was unsuccessful, or a request to access or update the RECON data sets failed. The specific type of DBRC exit invoked is indicated by xxxx. The value of xxxx can be one of the following:

ARCHIVE INIT
ARCHIVE COMPLETE
RECOVERY INIT
RECOVERY OPEN
RECOVERY EOV
RECOVERY CLOSE

The DBRC return code value is displayed as yy (hexadecimal) in the message. Convert this value to decimal and see the DBRC request return code information.

System action

The Log Archive utility or Log Recovery utility issues abend 3274.

Programmer response

If the wrong RECON data sets have been identified, or the RECON 1 and RECON 2 DD statements are missing, correct them. Otherwise, an analysis is required to determine the reason for the DBRC exit failure.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 36

Related reference

[DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3275I**EXEC PARAMETER ERROR**

Explanation

Either an EXEC parameter is incorrectly specified, or the specified combination of EXEC parameters, DD statements, and control statements is invalid.

System action

The Log Recovery utility failed.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter and rerun the job. See *IMS Version 15.5 System Utilities* and *IMS Version 15.5 Operations and Automation* for an explanation of the Log Recovery utility EXEC parameter.

DFS3276I PRIMARY OR SECONDARY OLDS HAS BAD CONTENTS

Explanation

The contents of the primary input OLDS is different from the secondary OLDS. The primary or the secondary OLDS encountered a write error and was not reused, whereas the other data set was reused, but was not closed successfully.

System action

The Log Recovery utility failed.

Programmer response

Remove the DD statement for the OLDS which has the bad contents and specify the other OLDS as the primary input log; then rerun the job.

DFS3277I END OF PRIMARY EXTENT DURING OLDS WRITE OPERATION

Explanation

A DUP mode or CLS mode for OLDS with WADS was specified. There was not enough room to write the log blocks from WADS, an accounting log record (X'06') in the primary extent of the output log (DUP mode) or the input log (CLS mode).

System action

The Log Recovery utility failed.

Programmer response

If CLS mode was specified, change it to DUP mode and specify an output log with enough space. If DUP mode was specified, specify more space for the output log and rerun the job.

DFS3278A DATA ERROR nn IN INPUT LOG DD ddname

Explanation

While reading a batch log input, Batch Backout detected one of the following errors, where code=nn:

Code

Meaning

02

During backward processing of a DASD log, Batch Backout was unable to interpret the data in the field lengths.

03

During backward processing of a DASD log, an attempt was made to process beyond the last track. The log is not properly closed.

05

The log record sequence BCKSEQNR number (LGSEQNR), of the last log record read during the forward read does not match the log sequence number (BCKSEQNR) of the first record read during the backward read for an IMS batch log input data set. The possible cause of this error is a JCL error on the IMSLOGR DD statement.

System action

The Database Backout utility, DFSBBO00, terminates unsuccessfully with a return code of RC=68 (X'44'). If the ABENDMSG control statement was specified, abend U507 is issued.

Programmer response

The log input might not be properly closed. Verify that the log is properly closed and rerun the backout job. If the log is properly closed, keep the log input and the abend U0507 dump. Then, contact the IMS systems programmer.

DFS3279I INCOMPLETE DEDB LOG CHAIN MAY REMAIN IN PREVIOUS LOG DATA SET

Explanation

The Log Recovery utility terminated successfully. Because no "sync point complete" log record (X'5937' or X'37') was found, an incomplete DEDB might remain in the log record chain in the previous log data set (OLDS or SLDS).

System action

The Log Recovery utility terminates with return code X'04'

Programmer response

If the previous log is OLDS, rerun the job in CLS mode and include the previous OLDS as a concatenated data set with the current OLDS. Also, specify PSBLIST=YES and DBRC=NO as EXEC parameters.

If the previous OLDS was already archived into an SLDS, run a Log Recovery utility job in DUP mode and specify the SLDS as an input data set. Also, specify PSBLIST=YES and DBRC=YES as EXEC parameters.

Note: If the closed OLDS is the only OLDS used since cold start, ignore this message.

DFS3280W	REORG# updated for partition yyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS has detected a lower reorganization number in the data set when compared to the reorganization number in the RECON data set for the HALDB partition identified byyyyyyyy. The data set has been updated.

System action

IMS has updated the partition data set with the reorganization number from the RECON data set.

System programmer response

You must rebuild the indirect list data set (ILDS) if the indirect list entries (ILEs) were created with the same reorganization number as the data set.

Module

DFSDDUI0

DFS3281A	CONTROL STATEMENT NOT VALID FOR INPUT LOG: <i>statement - logtype</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SYSIN data set contains a control statement that is not compatible with the type of input log. This message identifies the control statement and the input log type.

System action

The job is terminated before backout begins.

Programmer response

Remove the identified control statement and resubmit the job. See a description of the control statements for the Batch Backout utility.

Related reference

[Batch Backout utility \(DFSBB000\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS3282W	REORG# needs update for partition yyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS has detected a lower reorganization number in the data set as compared to the reorganization number in the RECON for the named HALDB partition. The partition data set cannot be updated with the correct reorganization number because the dataset is open only for input. IMS issues this message when the partition data set is opened.

System action

IMS updates the reorganization number in the internal control blocks, but the data set still contains a lower reorganization number until the data set is opened for update.

System programmer response

Change the partition access to allow the reorganization number to be updated on the dataset. The ILDS must be rebuilt if the ILE's were created with the same reorganization number as the data set.

Module

DFSDDUI0

DFS3283A	BACKOUT INCOMPLETE FOR PSB <i>psbname</i> DATABASES <i>dbname1 dbname2...</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

When Batch Backout is run in multiple steps using the DATABASE control statement, this message is the normal response for all but the last step. The *dbnames* shown in the message are all the databases specified on the DATABASE control statements. If a COLDSTART statement was used with the DATABASE statements, the word ALL appears in place of the *dbnames*.

System action

Batch Backout backed out any updates to the identified databases for the named PSB that were found in the series of input log data sets. A condition code of 88 is returned.

Programmer response

Continue the backout by running Batch Backout against the previous set of log data sets. Use the same DATABASE control statements.

DFS3284A **INCOMPATIBLE CONTROL STATEMENTS: s1 - s2**

Explanation

The SYSIN data set contains two control statements, s1 and s2, which cannot be used together.

System action

The job is terminated before backout begins.

Programmer response

Remove the inappropriate control statement and resubmit the job. For descriptions of all control statements see *IMS Version 15.5 Database Utilities*.

DFS3285E **AN INTERNAL ERROR OCCURRED DURING BATCH BACKOUT. DIAG1=XX; DIAG2=YY.**

Explanation

An internal processing error occurred during batch backout.

The following table shows the meanings of the DIAG1 and DIAG2 fields.

Table 19. DFS3285E message text		
DIAG1	DIAG2	Meaning
01	Hexadecimal return code from OBTAIN macro for IMSLOGR or IMSLOGxx data set(s).	See "DFSMSdfp Advanced Services" for the description of the return code.

System action:

The Database Backout utility, DFSBBO00, terminates unsuccessfully with a return code of RC=100 (X'64'). If the ABENDMSG control statement was specified, abend 0507 is issued.

System programmer response:

If the cause of the error can be determined from the DIAG1 and DIAG2 values above, correct the error and re-run the utility. If not, contact IBM Software Support.

Related reference

[z/OS: Reading DSCBs from the VTOC using OBTAIN](#)

[Batch Backout utility \(DFSBBO00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Related information

[0507 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3286W **REORG# NOT FOUND FOR PARTITION yyyyyyy**

Explanation

The reorganization number for a HALDB partition cannot be determined during reload when new records have been moved into the partition. The reorganization number from the primary data set and the RECON cannot be determined or are null.

When IMS is unable to determine the correct reorganization number during reload, it is possible that the reorganization number has been set incorrectly for this partition. An incorrect reorganization number can cause failures during resolution of the indirect pointers for segments involved in a logical relationship or the target of a secondary index or both. This failure can cause IMS to follow a bad pointer and cause a data integrity failure.

System action

The reorganization number was set in the data set using the reorganization number of the first record loaded into the partition.

System programmer response

If the database does not have any logical relationships or secondary index databases, then no action is required.

If the database has logical relationships or a secondary index target, then determine if the reorganization number was regressed. Follow these steps to determine if the number was regressed:

1. Determine the key of the first record in the partition after reload.
2. Determine the reorganization number for the partition of the first record before reload.
3. Determine the reorganization number for the partition of the first record after reload.

If the reorganization number after reload is less than or equal to the reorganization number before reload, a data integrity failure might occur. To prevent a data integrity failure take the following steps:

1. Reverse the changes in the partition boundaries, restoring the partitions to their original partitions.
2. Enable the reorganization number verification function. You can do this using the DBRC **CHANGE.RECON REORGV** command.

3. Set the reorganization number in the RECON, by making updates to the partition or by executing the HD Unload utility.
4. Redo the changes to the partition boundaries.



Attention: If you cannot enable reorganization number verification, then IMS can prevent the regression of the reorganization number during reload as long as the primary database data set is not scratched and reallocated, or the partition is not reinitialized to empty.

Module:
DFSPSELO

**DFS3287E STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE FOR
BLOCK SERIALIZATION TABLE,
RETURN CODE X'xx'**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to GETMAIN storage for the Block Serialization Latch table.

In the message text:

xx

The return code from the IMODULE GETMAIN. For a description of these codes, see the IMODULE return codes.

System action:

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0430.

System programmer response:

If insufficient storage is available, increase the main storage available to IMS.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 18, 22

Module:
DFSDVBIO

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3288I INPUT LOG RECORD LENGTH
ERROR - SEQ NUMBER = nnnnnnnn
INPUT LOG SEQUENCE NUMBER
ERROR - SEQ NUMBER = nnnnnnnn
INPUT LOG CONTAINS RECORD
GAPS - SEQ NUMBER = nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

During the Log Recovery Utility (DFSULTR0) running PSB mode, an error was detected on the input log (IEFRDER).

System action

The first version of the message is issued when a log record is read that has a record length that is less than the minimum record length. The SEQ NUMBER value is the log record sequence number of the last valid record read. The utility processing is terminated.

The second version of the message is issued when a log record is read that has a sequence number that is less than the prior record sequence number. The SEQ NUMBER value is the log record sequence number of the last valid record read. The utility processing is terminated.

The third version of the message is issued when a log record is read that has a sequence number that is more than 1 greater than the prior record's sequence number. This indicates a gap in the log records. The SEQ NUMBER value is the log record sequence number of the last valid record read. The utility will continue to process, but the output report might be incomplete due to the gap in the input data.

Operator response

The message is issued for information purposes. If concatenated log input is used, verify that the logs are in the sequence that they were created. If OLDS and SLDS are mixed, there must not be any overlap in log record content. If the input is RLDS or any other log that does not include all records written to the OLDS, then the third version of the message is likely to be received. In this case the OLDS or SLDS should be used instead.

**DFS3289A LOG RECORD SEQUENCE ERROR
IN INPUT LOG-*nnnnnnnn*
mmmmmmmm *dddddddd***

Explanation

While reading the input log data set associated with DDNAME *dddddddd*, Batch Backout found a log record that was out of sequence. The log record with sequence number *nnnnnnnn* was expected. The log record with sequence number *mmmmmmmm* was found in its place. The error can be caused by one of the following:

- The log data sets are not in the correct order in the JCL.
- The log data set has invalid data.

- A user-written program modified the log.

System action

Batch Backout terminates with condition code 108 before any backout is attempted.

Programmer response

Make sure the order of the log data sets in the JCL is correct. If the order is right, correct the log data set identified in the message by using DUP mode of the Log Recovery utility; then rerun the job.

If you are confident that the input log contains all the records needed by Batch Backout, in the correct order, you can use the BYPASS SEQVER statement to skip the sequence check.

DFS3290I	NO PENDING BACKOUT FITS CRITERIA - RSN= r1[,r2[,r3[, r4[,r5[,r6]]]]]
-----------------	---

Explanation

No unit of recovery (UOR) in the RECON Backout record fits the requirements for this run of the Batch Backout utility. The reason codes appended to the message identify the reasons for not performing the backouts. The reason codes and their meanings are:

Code (Dec)	Meaning
0	No backout is pending for this subsystem.
1	UOR has already been backed out.
2	UOR is not for the PSB named in the Batch Backout EXEC statement.
3	UOR is in doubt. Cold start has not been done, and the COLDSTART statement was not used.
4	UOR is not in flight, and the ACTIVE statement was used.
5	UOR is in flight. Restart is not implied by any control statement. Restart is not complete.
6	UOR is in flight or in doubt. The most current log data is not included in input.

System action

The Batch Backout utility terminates without performing any backout.

Programmer response

If there is an outstanding backout that should have been performed, determine the problem from the reason codes listed in the Explanation; correct the JCL; and rerun Batch Backout.

DFS3291I	UORS IDENTIFIED TO DBRC - IN- FLIGHTS=nnn, IN-DOUBTS=mmm
-----------------	---

Explanation

Batch Backout has given DBRC a list of UORS that were in flight or in doubt at the end of the input log. There were *nnn* in-flights and *mmm* in-doubts. If a cold start is done, this information is used to protect the registered databases until the needed backouts are performed. If there are any in-doubts, cold start should not be done because they cannot be properly resolved by Batch Backout.

System action

A RECON Backout record has been created or modified from the information supplied to DBRC by Batch Backout. The information remains in the RECON regardless of the outcome of the Batch Backout run.

DFS3292I	RESTART IN PROGRESS CONFLICTS WITH BBO CONTROL STATEMENT - ssssssss
-----------------	--

Explanation

The control statement ssssssss tells Batch Backout to perform backouts; but a restart is in progress that will perform the backouts.

System action

Batch Backout terminates without attempting any backout.

Programmer response

If the restart failed, close its output log before rerunning Batch Backout.

DFS3293W	PERFORMED BACKOUT NOT NEEDED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Batch Backout successfully completed. Batch Backout told DBRC which backouts were completed. At least one of the databases backed out, for one of the UORS did not need to be backed out, according to the information in the RECON Backout record. If the BYPASS LOGVER control statement was not used, this

means that the RECON Backout record was modified by a different process while Batch Backout was running.

System action

The required changes have been successfully backed out of the databases associated with the PSB for which the Batch Backout utility was executed.

DFS3294A LOG VERIFICATION FAILURE
*nn- rrrrrrrrr[DSN= DSNExamined[,
VOL=VOLSERExamined]]
EXPECTED= [DSNExpected |
VOLSERExpected]*

Explanation

Using information from DBRC, the Batch Backout utility determined that the log data sets specified in the JCL are not appropriate for performing the requested backout. A general reason *rrrrrrrrrr* and a subcode *nn* are shown in the message. Each subcode is associated with a specific test in the Batch Backout module. Subcodes 20 - 40 identify specific errors.

The variables in the message and their meanings are:

nn
A subcode which identifies a specific test in the Batch Backout module.

rrrrrrrrrr
A general description of the problem.
The possible values are:

- DATA SET NOT FOUND IN RECON
- CONTINUITY
- LATER DATA SET OR VOLUME NEEDED
- DATA SET NOT CLOSED.
- LOG INCLUDES RESTART

DSNExamined
The DSN, from 1 to 44 characters, of the DD statement examined when the problem was detected. The problem exists in this DD statement or the preceding one.

VOLSERExamined
The VOLSER examined when the problem was detected. The problem exists in this VOLSER or the preceding one.

DSNExpected
The DSN, from 1 to 44 characters, of the DD statement that was expected when the problem was detected.

VOLSERExpected
The VOLSER that was expected when the problem was detected.

The following describes the most likely problem for each subcode:

Note: For subcodes less than 20, the problem can be any one of the following:

- The log data set was not identified to DBRC (It was created by means other than IMS.)
- The log data set was removed from the RECON data set.
- The DSNNAME or VOLSER is invalid or out of order in the JCL.
- A log data set or VOLSER was skipped.

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 01**
The first log data set was created by some means other than IMS.
- 02**
DSNExamined was encountered where *DSNExpected* was expected.
- 03**
VOLSERExamined was found where *VOLSERExpected* was expected.
- 10**
A complete data set was specified, but the next VOLSER of the previous log data set should have been specified instead.
- 11**
The last VOLSERs of the previous log data set were skipped.
- 12**
Invalid VOLSERs were either specified or repeated.
- 13**
VOLSERExamined was found where *VOLSERExpected* was expected.
- 14**
The log data set that should precede the log data set specified by dd statement *DSNExamined* is missing from the input.
- 20**
The input log is from batch. VOLSERs are missing at the end.
- 21**
The backout is related to a restart. VOLSERs are missing at the end.
- 22**
The input log is from a batch job, and the DBRC information shows a more recent log for that job name. This code can also mean that logs were specified from more than one execution of a batch job.

23

A control statement indicates that the backout is related to a restart. The last log data set before the restart is not included in the input.

30

The log data set specified in DD statement *DSNExamined* has not been closed.

40

One of the input log data sets other than the first data set includes a successful restart. Batch Backout cannot handle log data from both sides of a restart in one run when it does log verification.

System action

Batch Backout terminates without performing any backout.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL and rerun Batch Backout.

**DFS3295A READ BACKWARD NOT ALLOWED
FOR BACK OUT FROM IMS
CHECKPOINT**

Explanation

Batch Backout is executing with the READBACK option. At an IMS checkpoint, Batch Backout encountered a UOR and attempted to back it out. However, Batch Backout did not find the original log records for that UOR.

Batch Backout cannot use the read-backward technique to perform a backout from the information in the system checkpoint. Batch Backout terminates without performing a backout.

Programmer response

Do either of the following:

- Remove the READBACK statement from the SYSIN data set. Batch Backout will perform the backout by buffering the changes in virtual storage.
- In the input to Batch Backout, include the log data set that was active when the application needing backout was run.

**DFS3296A DBRC=C REQUIRES BYPASS
LOGVER**

Explanation

You specified DBRC=C in an attempt to back out a successfully completed job that used DBRC. Since the job completed successfully, a subsequent job might have modified the databases. The logs you provided

might not be the last logs used by this subsystem and log verification will fail. The Batch Backout utility and DBRC cannot verify that you provided the correct logs and cannot protect your database from being damaged if it was modified after the job completed.

System action

Batch Backout terminates without performing any backouts.

Programmer response

You must ensure that no other program has modified the databases to be backed out before running the Batch Backout utility using DBRC=C. If you are certain that no other job has modified the database and you still want to back out this completed job, you must include the BYPASS LOGVER utility control statement in your SYSIN data set. Batch Backout will back out the completed job if all other necessary conditions are met.

Module

DFSBACK0

**DFS3298E CICS IPIC ERROR DURING ISC
TCP/IP SESSION INITIATION
RC=ipicrc TEXT=cics_rs_code
USER=isc_user**

Explanation

During the initiation of an ISC TCP/IP session with IBM CICS Transaction Server for z/OS, IMS received a capability exchange response (type X'02') that indicated an IP interconnectivity (IPIC) exception error. The session initiation failed.

The **TEXT** field contains text that briefly describes the meaning of the error message.

In the message text:

ipicrc

The 2-byte response code that was returned by CICS.

The possible response codes are described in the following list.

- 02** An exception
- 03** A disaster event
- 04** The message is not valid for CICS
- 05** A kernel error

CICS purged the error

cics_rs_code

Text of up to 12 characters that briefly describes the reason code that CICS returned to IMS for the error. For a description of the possible values of *cics_rs_code*, see the following table.

isc_user

The user name that is associated with the session initiation request.

The following table shows the reason codes that can be displayed in the **TEXT** field.

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E			
Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
APPLID		X'06'	<p>In the capability exchange message was received by CICS, the <i>server_applid</i> or its high-level qualifier does not match APPLID and high-level qualifier of the CICS subsystem.</p> <p>This error is most likely caused by a value on the CICSAPPL keyword of an ISC statement that does not match the APPLID of the remote CICS subsystem.</p> <p>Correct the value of the CICSAPPL keyword on the ISC statement in the IMS Connect configuration member in the IMS.PROCLIB data set.</p> <p>CICS reason text: ISCE_INVALID_APPLID</p>
AUTOINST ALL		X'01'	<p>The CICS autoinstall function could not create the required IPCONN resource in the CICS subsystem.</p> <p>The autoinstall function can fail if the name of the new IPCONN resource is the same as the name of an existing IPCONN resource.</p> <p>Because the name of the IPCONN resource that is created by the autoinstall function is generated from the user ID that is specified on an IMS session initiation request, such as the /OPNDST NODE command, try initiating the session with a different user ID.</p> <p>CICS reason text: AUTOINSTALL_FAILED</p>
CAPEXRAC E		X'15'	<p>Capability exchange race. The session between IMS and CICS was initiated by IMS and CICS at the same time, which created a race condition between the two capability exchange requests. Try issuing the IMS /OPNDST command again.</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)			
Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
			<p>Try initiating the session again from either IMS or CICS.</p> <p>CICS reason text: CAPEX_RACE</p>
DFHxxxxx			<p>API conversation error.</p> <p>DFHxxxxx is the CICS API error message that was returned to IMS Connect, where xxxxx is a number, and DFH is the CICS message prefix.</p> <p>This error is probably an internal error. Contact IBM Software Support.</p>
HTTPRQST	X'400'		<p>Defined by the HTTP protocol or the TCP/IP server, indicates that the request could not be understood by the server because the syntax was malformed.</p> <p>The session initiation request is probably invalid and could not be understood by the receiving subsystem.</p> <p>Check that the ISC TCP/IP session initiation request is configured properly in the subsystem that is initiating the session.</p> <p>If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.</p>
HTTPERR		X'0B'	<p>A capability exchange response that is related to a callback connection contained an HTTP status code that indicates an error.</p> <p>CICS reason text: ISCE_HTTP_ERROR</p>
IPCONNN O		X'13'	<p>No IPCONN resource.</p> <p>An attempt to acquire or release a connection for a CICS TCPIP SERVICE resource was made, but the TCPIP SERVICE resource does not have an associated IPCONN resource.</p> <p>The error is probably caused by an incorrect TCPIP SERVICE or IPCONN resource definition in the CICS subsystem. Correct any errors in the resource definitions and try to initiate the session again.</p> <p>CICS reason text: NO_IPCONN</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
IPCONNN OTFND		X'04'	<p>IPCONN not found.</p> <p>An attempt to acquire or release a connection with a CICS subsystem was made, but the required IPCONN resource no longer exists or cannot be found.</p> <p>CICS reason text: IPCONN_NOT_FOUND</p>
IPCONNO NEWAY		X'14'	<p>The ISC TCP/IP session requires a two-way connection, but the CICS IPCONN resource is defined to use a one-way connection.</p> <p>Correct the CICS IPCONN resource definition.</p> <p>CICS reason text: ISCER_ONE_WAY_IPCONN</p>
IPCONNST ATE		X'02'	<p>Invalid IPCONN state.</p> <p>An ISCO ACQUIRE_CONNECTION was issued, but failed because the CICS IPCONN resource is not in the correct state.</p> <p>The state of the IPCONN resource must be INSERVICE and RELEASED.</p> <p>Try to initiate the session again. If the problem persists, contact the CICS system administrator.</p> <p>CICS reason text: INVALID_IPCONN_STATE</p>
OPENERR		X'0D'	<p>Open session error.</p> <p>IMS attempted to initiate an ISC TCP/IP session with CICS through IMS Connect, but the capability exchange between the IMS and CICS subsystems failed.</p> <p>The following scenarios are examples of how this error might occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The IMS Connect port is stopped. • The value that is specified on the PORT keyword of the IPCONN resource definition in the CICS DFHCSD data set does not match the value that is specified on the ID subparameter of the CICSPOINT keyword in the TCPIP statement in the IMS Connect HWSFCGxx PROCLIB member. <p>This error is probably caused by a configuration or definition problem.</p> <p>Verify that all IMS, IMS Connect, and CICS PROCLIB members and resources are defined correctly.</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
			<p>Correct any errors in the definition statements.</p> <p>CICS reason text: SESSION_OPEN_FAILED</p>
PARTNERS TATE		X'03'	<p>Invalid partner state.</p> <p>CICS received a capability exchange request for an IPCONN resource that is in an invalid state.</p> <p>The state of the IPCONN resource must be INSERVICE and not already acquired.</p> <p>Try to initiate the session again. If the problem persists, contact the CICS system administrator.</p> <p>CICS reason text: INVALID_PARTNER_STATE</p>
RECOVERR		X'08'	<p>Capability exchange recovery error.</p> <p>CICS received a capability exchange request that contains an unsupported <i>isce_preferred_recovery</i> value and no matching <i>isce_supported_protocols</i> flags are set to fallback to.</p> <p>This error is probably an internal error. Contact IBM Software Support.</p> <p>CICS reason text: ISCE_BAD_RECOV</p>
RESPBAD		X'09'	<p>A CICS IPIC response is bad.</p> <p>The callback capability exchange response that was received by CICS contains a bad response and reason code.</p> <p>This error can occur during a capability exchange if the port defined on the PORT attribute in the CICS IPCONN resource definition is not also defined to IMS Connect on the ID subparameter of the CICSPOINT keyword in the TCPIP statement in the IMS Connect PROCLIB configuration member.</p> <p>Verify that all IMS, IMS Connect, and CICS PROCLIB members and resources are defined correctly.</p> <p>CICS reason text: ISCER_BAD_RESPONSE</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
RESPERR		X'0A'	<p>Capability exchange response error.</p> <p>The callback capability exchange response was determined to be invalid.</p> <p>This error is an internal error in either IMS, IMS Connect, or CICS. Contact IBM Software Support.</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CER_ERROR</p>
RESPTIME OUT		X'0C'	<p>Capability exchange response timed out.</p> <p>A response to a capability exchange request was not received within the timeout period specified.</p> <p>Increase the CICS IPIC request timeout value (RTIMOUT) in the system profile DFHCICSC.</p> <p>The RTIMOUT value is in <i>mmss</i>, where <i>mm</i> is minutes, <i>ss</i> is seconds. For example, to change the timeout value to 1 minute, specify: ALTER PROFILE (DFHCICSx) GROUP (IMSISCIIP) RTIMOUT (0100) .</p> <p>Use CICS transaction CEDA to display or update the timeout value</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CER_TIMED_OUT</p>
RQSTERR		X'05'	<p>Capability exchange request error.</p> <p>The capability exchange request was determined to be invalid and was rejected by the partner CICS subsystem. IMS or IMS Connect built an incorrect capability exchange request message to initiate a session.</p> <p>Contact IBM Software Support.</p> <p>CICS reason text:</p>
RQSTTIME OUT		X'07'	<p>The CICS IPIC request timed out.</p> <p>The TCP/IP SERVICE transaction (CISS by default) was attached to initialize a connection for an IPCONN resource but did not receive a capability exchange request within the timeout period that is defined in its transaction profile.</p> <p>Increase the CICS IPIC request timeout value (RTIMOUT) in the system profile DFHCICSC.</p> <p>The RTIMOUT value is in <i>mmss</i>, where <i>mm</i> is minutes, <i>ss</i> is seconds. For example, to change the timeout</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
			<p>value to 1 minute, specify: ALTER PROFILE (DFHCICSC) GROUP (IMSISCIIP) RTIMOUT (0100) .</p> <p>Use CICS transaction CEDA to display or update the timeout value</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CE_TIMED_OUT</p>
SECURITY		X'16'	<p>Security error. The security credentials of the caller are not acceptable to the partner system.</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CER_SECURITY_VIOLATION</p>
SHUTDOWN		X'0E'	<p>CICS is shutting down.</p> <p>A call was made to DFHISCO to acquire or initialize an IPCONN resource, but CICS was shut down before the call was completed.</p> <p>Verify that CICS is active. If CICS is not active, start it.</p> <p>CICS reason text: SHUTDOWN</p>
SOCKETERR		X'18'	<p>Client socket error. The client connection is closed.</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CER_CLIENT_CONNECTION_CLOSED</p>
SOCKETSECERR		X'19'	<p>Secondary socket error. An error occurred when an attempt was made to obtain a secondary socket.</p> <p>CICS reason text: IS CER_SEC_SOCKET_ERROR</p>
SRVCCLOSED		X'0F'	<p>TCP/IP services are unavailable.</p> <p>An attempt to acquire a connection failed because no TCP/IP support is available.</p> <p>Start the TCP/IP service and try initiating the ISC TCP/IP session again.</p> <p>CICS reason text: TCPIP_CLOSED</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
SRVCMISMATCH		X'10'	<p>TCPIPService mismatch.</p> <p>A capability exchange request was received for an IPCONN resource that is defined to use a different TCPIPService from the TCPIPService that was used for the capability exchange.</p> <p>This error can occur if the ports defined on the CICS TCPIPService and IPCONN resource definitions do not match.</p> <p>Verify that all IMS, IMS Connect, and CICS PROCLIB members and resources are defined correctly. Correct any errors.</p> <p>CICS reason text: TCPIPService_MISMATCH</p>
SRVCNOTFOUND		X'11'	<p>The TCPIPService resource that is referenced by the IPCONN resource was not found in the CICS subsystem.</p> <p>CICS could not acquire or release the connection because the TCPIPService resource that is referenced in the IPCONN resource definition is either not installed or was deleted.</p> <p>Try to initiate the session again. If the problem persists, contact the CICS system administrator. The TCPIPService resource might need to be reinstalled and opened.</p> <p>CICS reason text: TCPIPService_NOT_FOUND</p>
SRVCNOTOPEN		X'12'	<p>The TCPIPService resource in the CICS subsystem is not open.</p> <p>The CICS subsystem attempted to acquire a connection for an IPCONN resource, but the TCPIPService named in the IPCONN resource definition is not open.</p> <p>Try to initiate the session again. If the problem persists, contact the CICS system administrator.</p> <p>CICS reason text: TCPIPService_NOT_OPEN</p>
SRVCUNAVAILABLE	X'503'		<p>Defined by the HTTP protocol or the z/OS TCP/IP server, indicates that the TCP/IP server is temporarily unavailable either because it is overloaded or down for maintenance.</p> <p>Verify that the TCP/IP server is active. If the TCP/IP server is not active, start it.</p>

Table 20. Description of CICS reason codes that can be displayed by DFS3298E (continued)

Service code	HTTP status code	IPIC reason code	Meaning
SRVRERR	X'500'		<p>Defined by the HTTP protocol or the z/OS TCP/IP server, indicates that the TCP/IP server encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request.</p> <p>Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1</p>
UNKNOWN		X'63'	<p>Unknown error. This error is probably an internal error. Contact IBM Software Support.</p>

System action:

The attempt to initiate an ISC TCP/IP session with CICS fails. IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

Review the explanations of the CICS response and reason codes that were included in the DFS3298E message. For more information about the codes and the possible actions to take to correct the error, consult with your CICS support personnel.

Confirm that the following elements are configured correctly:

- The ISC terminal in IMS, by either an ETO logon descriptor or stage-1 system definition macros such as TYPE, TERMINAL, and SUBPOOL
- The ISC link in IMS Connect, by the ISC and RMTIMSCON statements
- The TCPIPService and IPCONN statements in CICS

Module:

DFSIPIC0

Related tasks

[ISC support for TCP/IP \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference

[QUERY IMSCON TYPE\(PORT\) command \(Commands\)](#)

[CICS: ISMF - ISC IP Message Formats](#)

DFS3299I

**FPBP64M INCREASED FROM
xxxxxxx TO yyyyyyy DUE
TO SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
RSN=rrrrrrrr**

Explanation

IMS detected that the value calculated by system for FPBP64M was below the minimum range and increased FPBP64M.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx
The initial value of FPBP64M
yyyyyyyy
The new value of FPBP64M
rrrrrrrr
For service use

System action

A new value for FPBP64M was calculated by IMS and applied to FPBP64M.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFBPN61

DFS3300I *aaaa* IGNORED, FPBP64
PARAMETER USED

Explanation

You specified both the Fast Path-64 bit buffer manager (FPBP64=Y), and the current buffer Fast Path manager (DBBF, DBFX, BSIZ).

In the message text:

aaaa
The parameter being ignored: DBBF, DBFX, and BSIZ.

System action:
The Fast Path 64-bit buffer manager is used and DBBF, DBFX, and BSIZ are ignored.

Operator response

If you intended to use the Fast Path 64-bit buffer manager, no action is necessary. If the current buffer manager was the intended buffer manager, remove FPBP64=Y from the DFSDFxxx member and cold start IMS.

Module:
DBFINI20

Chapter 69. DFS messages, DFS3301W - DFS3350E

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3301W AN INVALID REQUEST WAS MADE
 TO DELETE A SUBPOOL**

Explanation

An internal request was made to delete a subpool or extent which had not been quiesced and logically deleted. This problem is an internal system error.

System action

IMS ignored the delete request.

Programmer response

Obtain a memory dump of the IMS subsystem, and contact IBM Software Support for assistance in determining the specific problem.

**DFS3303I PSB *psbname* PCB *pcbname*
 DBD *dbdnamexxxx* JOBNAME
 *jobname*RGN *nnn***

Explanation

This message precedes pseudoabend 3303 when an application program scheduled with PSB *psbname* tries to make an incompatible DL/I call to database PCB *psbname*. During DL/I scheduling of the PSB, database *dbdname* had condition *xxxx*. Depending on the condition, DL/I calls to this database are partially or totally restricted.

This message precedes only those 3303 abends caused by DL/I attempts to access data in a database that was unavailable when the program was scheduled, and the program had not issued the DL/I INIT STATUS call.

xxxx is one of the following:

CF FAIL

A coupling facility failure occurred. The database cannot be accessed until recovery is done and data sharing resumes.

INVDBVER

An invalid version number for a full-function database was specified on a PCB or an INIT VERSION call that was issued by the application program. The specified database version number must be equal to or less than version number of the current database that is active in the IMS system. Also, a database version cannot

be specified on a PCB if database versioning is not enabled. Database versioning is enabled by specifying DBVERSION=Y in the database section of the DFSDFx_{xxx} PROCLIB member.

INVDBCHG

The current database structure of a full-function database contains a change that is not supported by database versioning. Prior versions of the database are incompatible with the current version and can not be accessed. The changes that are supported by database versioning are:

- Increasing the size of a segment
- Adding new fields without changes made to existing fields

LOCKED

The identified database was security locked using the **/LOCK** command.

NOACCESS

The database ACCESS was set to "RO" and the PCB processing intent (PROCOPT) was greater than "GO". Since ACCESS "RO" only allows database read without integrity, any processing intent implying integrity is not valid.

NOCATALG

The IMS catalog is not enabled. Database versioning requires the IMS catalog.

NO DBRC

The PCB *pcbname* refers to a HALDB, but the use of DBRC was suppressed for this batch job.

NODELETE

DL/I DLET calls to this database were not allowed at scheduling because a restricted or unavailable database was involved in a logical relationship or a secondary index. Delete calls cannot be processed because they can require updating of a logically related or secondary index database that is unavailable or is unavailable for update.

NOTAUTHD

At the time of DL/I scheduling, the database was not authorized, or could not be authorized by DBRC. Message DFS047A was issued. DL/I does not allow any calls to this database.

NOUPDATE

Either the database ACCESS for the identified database was RD, or a **/DBD** command was issued for the database. When the database ACCESS is RD (either explicitly, or implicitly because of a **/DBD** command), DL/I calls such as ISRT, REPL, or DLET

are not allowed. This condition can also be caused by unavailable or restricted access to a logically related or secondary index database that might have to be updated on an ISRT, REPL, or DLET call.

NOUPDRRL

An unauthorized user tried to update a database that is using Restricted Update mode. The database has RREPL set to ABEND. If it is a full-function database, DFS3303I message is issued with the keyword NOUPDRRL and with the 3303 abend that indicates that updates are not possible when RREPL is enabled.

NOSTORAG

A storage error occurred while building the internal blocks that are required to satisfy a request for a version of a full-function database other than the current version.

NOVERFND

The requested version of a full-function database cannot be found in the IMS catalog.

PARTUNAV

An attempt was made to reference a partition in the HALDB database indicated by *dbdname*, but the partition was unavailable.

STOPPED

A **/STOP** or a **/DBR** command was issued against the identified database. DL/I does not allow database access when the database is stopped.

SYSTEM

The IMS system made the database temporarily unavailable. One possible reason is that an XRF takeover occurred, and the database must be reverified.

System action

The IMS online dependent region identified by OS *jobname* and region number is abnormally terminated.

If a BMP, the region is terminated with abend 3303, but for an MPP, the database is stopped, but the region is not terminated.

The message being processed is placed on the suspend queue unless the SERIAL=YES option was specified on the TRANSACT macro. In this case, the transaction is stopped. When a message is placed on the suspend queue for the first time, a counter for the transaction is incremented by one.

Operator response

(master terminal) Correct the database condition; then start the database.

To drain the suspend queue and reset USTOPPED status for those transactions processed by programs authorized to access the started database, issue the **/**

START DATABASE or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** command.

To drain the suspend queue for the started transaction and reset the USTOPPED status, issue the **/START TRAN** or **UPDATE TRAN START(SUSPEND)** command.

To drain the suspend queue for all transactions, issue the **/DEQ SUSPEND** command.

For more information about how the suspend queue works, see *IMS Version 15.5 System Administration*.

Related reference

[INIT call \(Application Programming APIs\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 3303](#)

DFS3304I	IRLM LOCK REQUEST REJECTED. PSB= <i>psb_name</i> DBD= <i>dbd_name</i> JOBNAME= <i>job_name</i> RGN= <i>nnn</i> SUBSYSTEM= <i>subsystem</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

This informational message precedes pseudoabend 3303 when an application program attempts to obtain a retained lock through IRLM. The variables in the message text are:

psb_name

The name of the PSB issuing the failed call

dbd_name

The name of the database with the retained lock

job_name

The name of the z/OS job receiving the 3303 abend

nnn

The number (decimal) of the PST receiving the 3303 abend

subsystem

The name of the IMS subsystem that holds the lock

System action

See the description of abend 3303 for system action.

Module:

DFS LRH00

Related information

[IMS abend 3303](#)

DFS3305E	DEFINITION ERROR IN PROCLIB MEMBER <i>name</i> STMNT (<i>nnn</i>), 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx' (<i>yyyyyyyyyy</i>)
-----------------	--

Explanation

If one or more errors were found while processing external subsystem definitions, this message is issued. For each definition error, a message is issued that indicates which statement was in error and the text in the error. One STMNT error message is issued for each error in the PROCLIB member. Multiple errors in a single statement produce multiple messages.

In the message text:

name

Indicates the name of the PROCLIB member that was being processed.

nnn

The statement number within the member.

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

The text in error.

yyyyyyyyyy

The reason codes, which can be one of the following values:

OMITTED

A required parameter was omitted from the definition. The definition was invalid.

IGNORED

A parameter that is not applicable was specified in the definition. The parameter is ignored and processing continues.

INVALID

The error text represents invalid data in the statement. If the character string KEYWORD proceeds the error text, then the value for the parameter is invalid. Otherwise, the error text represents data that could not be interpreted as part of the definition. The definition was invalid.

DUPLICATE

A specific value for a parameter was specified for more than one definition. The definition was considered invalid and is ignored.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with a 0071 abend.

Programmer response

Correct the PROCLIB member definition, and try IMS initialization again.

Module:

DFSCSL10

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)

DFS3306A CTL REGION WAITING FOR *cslname*

Explanation

This write to operator (WTO) message indicates that one of the following problems was encountered:

- IMS when SCI, OM, or RM is unavailable at first registration.
- IMS online processing when there are no RM, OM, or SCI systems ready in the IMSplex (for example, all RMs, OM, or SCIs have terminated or quiesced).

In the message text:

cslname

The CSL type; either SCI, OM, or RM.

System action

IMS continues processing. However, functions that require the CSL address space that is not active will not be available. The following list shows some examples.

- Type-2 commands are not be available until OM is restarted.
- Access to the IMS Repository is not available until RM is restarted.
- No CSL services are available until SCI is restarted.

Programmer response

Start the CSL that was not available. If you did not want to start the CSL during IMS initialization, you must cancel IMS.

Module:

DFSCSL20, DFSCSL30, DFSCSL40, DFSSNTF0

DFS3307E	OM CMD REG ERROR,
	VERB =vvvvvvvvvvvvvvvv
	KEYWORD=kkkkkkkkkkkkkkkk
	CC=cccccccc

Explanation

This write-to-operator (WTO) message is issued by the IMS control region when an Operations Manager (OM) command registration failed. One DFS3307E message is issued for each command and keyword combination that failed.

In the message text:

vvvvvvvvvvvvvvvv

The command that was registered with OM

kkkkkkkkkkkkkkkk

The keyword that was registered with OM

cccccccc

The completion code for the command and keyword registration. The cccccccc values are defined in the CSLORR macro.

System action

IMS attempts to register the rest of the commands in the list. A DFS3307E message is printed for each one that fails. After all attempts are completed, a DFS3308E message is printed and then IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

If the condition is temporary, try the failed process again.

Module:
DFSCSL30

Related information
DFS3308E
csltype REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*
RC=xxnnnnnn RSN=ssssssss

DFS3308E *csltype* REQUEST ERROR,
 macroname RC=xxnnnnnn
 RSN=ssssssss

Explanation

This message is issued when an IMS process receives an unexpected return code, reason code, or both from a CSL service request.

In the message text:

csltype
The CSL type is CQS, OM, RM, or SCI.

macroname
The name of the failing service macro.

xx
Indicates which IMSplex components the error is associated with:

- 00** IMS Subsystems (DB/DC, DBCTL, DCCTL)
- 01** SCI (Structured Call Interface)
- 02** OM (Operations Manager)
- 03** RM (Resource Manager)

nnnnnnnn
The return code from the service.

ssssssss

The reason code from the service identified by *macroname* . For information about the service macro reason and return codes, see *IMS Version 15.5 System Programming APIs*.

Important: When the CSLTYPE shows other than an SCI, but the return code (xx) is X'01', check the CSLSRR macro to find out what is the reason means. Many OM and RM request can result in a SCI return code and reason code.

System action

If this error occurs during IMS initialization, the system might abend with 3308. Otherwise, the current process is rejected and online processing continues. An abend can also occur if a new OM address space joins the IMSplex, IMS registers to it, and one of the command registration calls fails.

Operator response

If the condition is temporary, try the failed process again.

Module:
DFSCSL20, DFSCSL30, DFSCSL40, DFSOLC30,
DFSRMCL0, DFSRMD00, DFSRMFD0, DFSRMIU0,
DFSRMSR0, DFSSLGF0, DFSSLON0

DFS3311I **DFS3311I USER EXIT, XXXXXXXX,
 WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

The Data Capture exit routine XXXXXXXX was specified in DBDGEN, but a load module with this name was not found.

System action

The job is terminated with abend 3314.

Programmer response

Determine why the load module was not found, correct the error, and rerun the job.

Problem determination:
1, 2, 3, 8

Related information
[IMS abend 3314](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3312A **DBRC PROCESSING FAILED -
 REASON = nn.**

Explanation

A DBRC request failed.

In the message text, the variable has the following meaning:

nn

The reason code for the DBRC request failure. Possible values and their meanings include:

04

DBRC sign-on request was not successful.

08

BLDL failed for DSPCTR0, an IMS/DBRC module.

12

Database recovery control initialization first pass (INIT-0) was not successful.

16

Database recovery control initialization first pass (INIT-1) was not successful.

20

DBRC sign-off request was not successful.

System action

This message is followed by abend 3312.

Programmer response

See the information about abend 3312.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12

Related information

[IMS abend 3312](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3313I **xxxxxxx USER EXIT HAS
TERMINATED**

Explanation

Exit xxxxxxxx abnormally terminated during the processing of changed data due to the application program updating a segment with an exit defined on the DBD statement.

System action

The application program terminated.

Operator response

Correct the situation that caused the exit to terminate.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8 and a listing of the exit routine

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3314W **RETURN CODE xxx, REASON CODE
yyy FROM EXIT zzzzzzzz IN
REGION n**

Explanation

Exit zzzzzzzz in region *n* returned an *xxx* return code and a *yyy* reason code to IMS, so exception processing is done based upon the return code.

There is a limit of six DFS3314W messages that can be issued per Data Capture exit. This limit can be removed by specifying the ALL3314W control statement in the DFSVSMxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set, for online, or the DFSVSAMP DD data set, for batch.

Programmer response

Correct the situation that caused the exit to return the return code.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8 and a listing of the exit routine

Related reference

[Removing the limit for the number
of DFS3314W messages issued \(System
Definition\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3315 **ACCESS INVALID FOR GLOBAL
COMMAND**

Explanation

The keyword ACCESS was invalid for global commands.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Correct the command, and reenter it.

DFS3315W **xxxxxxx USER EXIT HAS
TERMINATED**

Explanation

Exit xxxxxxxx terminated during the processing of changed data due to the application program updating a segment with an exit defined on the DBD statement.

System action

The application program terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the situation that caused the exit to terminate.

Problem determination:

2, 3, 8 and a listing of the exit routine

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3316 **DATABASE|AREA ALL INVALID
FOR GLOBAL COMMANDS**

Explanation

The global commands do not support DATABASE or AREA ALL.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Correct the command, and reenter it.

DFS3317I **ACCESS INVALID FOR FAST PATH
MSDB dbname**

Explanation

The database access cannot be changed for the Fast Path main storage databases (MSDB).

System action

The named databases are removed from the command, and the remaining databases, if any, are processed.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3318I **FAST PATH MSDB dbname NOT
SUPPORTED BY GBL COMMANDS**

Explanation

The Fast Path main storage database (MSDB) is not supported by global commands.

System action

The named database is removed from the command, and the remaining databases, if any, are processed.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3319 **IRLM NOT ACTIVE.**

Explanation

IRLM must be active in the system when global commands or **/DEQ SUSPEND** are entered.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Ensure that IRLM is active before entering global commands or **/DEQ SUSPEND**.

DFS3320I **DBRC INDICATES DATA BASE|
AREA xxxxxxxx NEEDS BACKOUT/
RECOVERY**

Explanation

The named database or area must be recovered before the command can be processed against the database or area.

System action

The named database or area is removed from the command, and the remaining database or areas, if any, are processed.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3321I **DBRC INDICATES DATA BASE x IS
AUTHORIZED BY AT LEAST ONE
BATCH SUBSYSTEM.**

Explanation

There was at least one batch subsystem that is authorized to use database x.

System action

The named database is processed locally and globally (if SCOPE = GLOBAL).

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3322 DBRC NOT ACTIVE.

Explanation

A **/RMx** command was entered, but DBRC is not present.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Enter the recovery management commands (**/RMx**) only when DBRC is present.

DFS3323E TRANSACTION REQUEST WAS DISCARDED BY BACKEND IMS xxxxxxxx DUE TO MAX TPIPE CONDITION

Explanation

The following explanation applies to non-Fast-Path transactions only.

IMS shared-queues back-end IMS detected a tpipe flood condition for an OTMA front-end initiated transaction at the application GU time. The limit, which is specified in the OTMA client descriptor, can be the MAXTP limit for an OTMA client or for DFSOTMA.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

IMS ID for the shared-queues back-end IMS.

This message is issued only when both front-end and back-end IMS systems have the MAXTP enhancement APAR PM71035 applied.

System action:

IMS shared-queues back-end system discards this transaction without stopping it. This DFS3323E message is sent to the front-end IMS for OTMA client.

Programmer response:

Issue the **/DISPLAY OTMA** command to view the TPCNT value, which is the total TPIPEs in use, and the MAXTP value, which is the TPIPE limit specified in the OTMA client descriptor. You can issue the **IMS /CHECKPOINT** command three times to force the tpipe cleanup so that idle tpipes in the system can be deleted.

Module:

DFSYLUS0, DFSDLA30

DFS3324I TRAN tttttttt SUSPENDED

Explanation

The input message being processed by transaction **ttttttt** was placed on the suspend queue because IRLM pseudoabend 3303 occurred. The explanation for 3303 lists possible reasons for the abend. This message is issued along with message DFS554A when abend 3303 occurs. However, be aware that DFS3324I is only issued the first time this input message is placed on the suspend queue.

The application program has incurred a pseudoabend, and the next applicable transaction for the region is scheduled.

System action

The input message being processed when abend 3303 occurred is placed on the suspend queue. If it is the first time this particular input message is placed on the suspend queue, a counter for the transaction is increases by one. The counter is decremented by two for each message successfully processed. When the counter exceeds 10, the transaction stops.

The input message is scheduled for processing again when the messages on the suspend queue are transferred to the normal queue for this transaction type. This situation occurs under either of the following circumstances:

1. A **/START TRAN** or **UPDATE TRAN START(SUSPEND)** for this transaction type is issued.
2. A **/START DATABASE** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS)** is issued for a database which can be accessed during processing of this transaction type.

The messages on suspend queues for all transactions are transferred to the normal queues by the **/DEQ SUSPEND** command.

Operator response

(Master terminal operator) If the originating terminal was in conversational mode, exclusive mode, or

response mode, notify the terminal operator of the failing condition. Enter the **/EXIT** command to free the terminal, or wait until the failing subsystem completes its recovery and allows the rescheduling of the suspended messages.

(Terminal operator) If the mode of operation is conversation, the operator is notified by the master terminal operator. Enter the **/EXIT** command to free your terminal, or wait until the suspended message can be rescheduled.

Related information

“DFS554A” on page 187
jobname.region.stepname. prog PSBname(x)
transaction-code
sys-completion-code user-completion-code PSB
SMB
LTERM:|LUNAME:|RTKN=*token*
REASON=*reason originating terminal*
[IMS abend 3303](#)

DFS3325I	DBRC INDICATES AREA xxxxxxxx IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR LCL CMD
-----------------	---

or

DBRC INDICATES DB xxxxxxxx IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR LCL CMD

Explanation

DBRC indicates that the named database or area has a PREVENT FURTHER AUTHORIZATION flag set. This situation continues until a global **/START DB** or **/START AREA** command is issued.

System action

The command is ignored for the named area.

Operator response

Notify the database administrator that a global **/START DB** or **/START AREA** command should be entered.

DFS3326I	TEMPORARY IRLM FAILURE, UNABLE TO PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The IRLM has encountered a temporary problem while processing the GLOBAL command.

System action

The command has been processed on the local subsystem, but has not been sent to the receiving subsystems.

Operator response

Reissue the global command, or issue the command on each sharing subsystem.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3327	MORE THAN 29 DB or 27 AREA NAMES NOT SUPPORTED BY GLOBAL COMMANDS
----------------	--

Explanation

A maximum of 29 database names or 27 area names can be supplied on a global command.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Correct the entered command, and reenter it.

DFS3328I	GLOBAL cmd COMMAND seqno IN PROGRESS
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *seqno* is a sequential number used to tie this message with the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The system continues processing.

DFS3329I	CHECKPOINT IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND seqno
-----------------	--

Explanation

A checkpoint from a previously entered command or an automatic system checkpoint is currently in progress. *Seqno* is the sequence number of the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command when the current checkpoint is completed.

DFS3330I	ERESTART IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND <i>seqno</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A restart command is currently being processed. *seqno* is the sequential number of the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The command is ignored.

Master terminal operator response: Wait for the **/ERE** command to be completed, and reenter the command.

DFS3331I	DBDUMP ALREADY IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND <i>seqno</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/DBDUMP** command previously entered has not yet been completed. *Seqno* is the sequence number of the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Wait for the dump command to be completed, and reenter the command.

DFS3332I	DBRECOVERY ALREADY IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND <i>seqno</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A database recovery command previously entered has not yet completed. *Seqno* is the sequential number of the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The command is ignored.

Master terminal operator response: Wait for the database recovery command to be completed and reenter the command.

DFS3333I	MSDB CHKPT IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS GLOBAL COMMAND <i>seqno</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

This is the global command equivalent to DFS2717I. An MSDB checkpoint from a previously entered command or an automatic system checkpoint is currently in progress. *Seqno* is the sequence number of the global command that initiated the action.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Wait for the checkpoint to complete, and reenter the command.

DFS3334I	hh:mm:ss GLOBAL <i>cmd</i> COMMAND <i>seqno</i> INITIATED BY SUBSYSTEM=<i>ssid</i> FOR THE FOLLOWING DATA BASES AREA ADS(s)
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated global command, initiated from another subsystem, is being processed in this subsystem. The following defines *cmd*, *seqno* and *ssid*:

Keyword

Meaning

cmd

The command being processed.

seqno

A sequential number assigned to this command that will be used in the response to the command issued by this subsystem.

ssid

The subsystem ID of the indicating subsystem which issued the global command.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3335A	LOG INPUT IS NOT IN SEQUENCE FOR FUNCTION CA; REASON CODE=<i>r</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The log input is not in sequence for the CA function. The return code *r* has one of the following values:

01

The error occurred during the creation of a log data set using the Change Accumulation utility. There was a log input from both the DB sharing release IMS system and from an IMS system previous to DB sharing.

02

The error occurred during the creation of a change accumulation data set. There was a log input from both a DB sharing release IMS system and from an IMS system previous to data sharing.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the correct sequence of the log input, and correct the JCL so that the log input is in the correct sequence.

Problem determination

2, 3, 8, 36. If running under the utility control facility, rerun the job with a FUNCTION=OP, MSGNNN=3335 control statement in the DFSYSIN data set. Supply a DFSUDUMP DD statement to this step.

If a DFSUSNAP DD statement is specified, then diagnostic information is written to that data set in dump format to help locate the log record in error. The information is dumped in four parts:

1. Partial Log Record Data. Contains the last 4 bytes of the previous log record followed by 246 bytes of the error log record.
2. Log Record Sequence Number Data. Contains the last 8 bytes of data for the error log record.
3. UCSTAT Table Entry. Contains the entire UCSTAT table entry data used by module DFSUC150 to perform the log sequence checking.
4. DFSULOG JFCB Information. Contains the JFCB data for the DFSULOG data set being processed. Use this information to determine the data set name and volume serial number.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3336I SUSPEND QUEUE DRAINED

Explanation

The transactions that were suspended have been removed from the suspend queue and reenqueued on their original transaction queue.

System action

Those transactions that were suspended are now eligible to be processed.

Problem determination

None.

**DFS3337W DBRC IS NOT ACTIVE, BUT WAS
ACTIVE WHEN THE INPUT LOG
WAS CREATED.**

Explanation

The issuing utility program discovered an indication from the X'42' log record that DBRC was active at the time the input log data set was created. However, DBRC is not active during this utility program execution.

System action

Processing continues normally, but DBRC is not notified about the utility execution.

Programmer response

Verify whether DBRC should have been active during the execution of the utility. If DBRC notification is required, then use DBRC commands to manually update RECON data set records to reflect the current log information.

**DFS3338A OLIC AUTHORIZATION FAILURE -
nnnncccc ALREADY AUTHORIZED**

Explanation

This error occurs when restart is requested for a data set copy and the indicated subsystem name is not signed-on to DBRC. It can also occur when restart was not requested and the indicated subsystem name was already signed-on to DBRC. The name *nnnncccc* represents the global data management block number, DCB number, and the IMSID for the online IMS subsystem to which the online image copy is connected.

System action

The execution is terminated with an error.

Programmer response

If restart was not requested, online image copy should be rerun, specifying restart. If restart was specified, online image copy should be rerun without specifying restart. If the checkpoint-restart facilities are not being used, the DBRC command **CHANGE.SUBSYS** must be issued to do an abnormal sign off for the name *nnnncccc*, and online image copy rerun to copy the complete data set again.

**DFS3339A DATABASE AUTHORIZATION
FAILURE. CODE - *n***

Explanation

Code *n* identifies the reason for the authorization failure.

**Code (hex)
Meaning**

- 4** IMS online subsystem could not obtain a database authorization for the database to be copied. If you issued the **/DBR** command for the database, make sure that it is available to the online system by issuing a **/START** command.

- 8** An authorization for the Online Image Copy failed. Another IMS subsystem (batch or online), other than the online IMS subsystem which Online Image Copy is connected to, has update authorization for the database to be copied.

- C** Online Image Copy authorization failed because the database is not recoverable.

System action

The execution is terminated with an error.

Programmer response

The online IMS subsystem to which the Online Image Copy is connected, must be the only subsystem authorized for updating capability. This error also indicates that another Online Image Copy, connected to another online IMS subsystem, currently has the authorization to make a copy of this data set in the database. If the database is a HALDB partition and the master database has been deallocated, then the database must be started before authorization is granted at the partition level.

Module

DFSUICP0

**DFS3340I DFS3340I - IRLM VERIFY
REQUEST FAILED. RC=*xxx,yyy***

Explanation

During a database authorization processing, IRLM was called to verify the subsystems which were previously authorized to use the database with an update or read intent. The IRLM verification request failed because of a nonzero return code from IRLM. The return code *xxx* represents the IRLM return code and the return code *yyy* represents the IRLM feedback subcode. If *XXX=012* and *YYY='zz'*, the value indicates that the number of subsystem entries for the verification request exceeds the maximum capacity currently supported.

System action

The IMS subsystem continues while online, but the scheduled application terminates. For batch or utility, the subsystem terminates and receives message DFS047A with a reason code of 09.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Notify your IMS system programmer of the message.

Related information
“DFS047A” on page 25
UNABLE TO OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION FOR
DATA BASE xxxxxxxx. REASON CODE = zz. PSB=
psbname.

**DFS3341I DATA BASE *dbname* IS USING
DATA SETS NOT REGISTERED
WITH DBRC**

Explanation

The DDNAME or DSNAME identified by *dbname* in the message was passed to DBRC, but did not match the names registered to DBRC. When IMS authorizes the use of a database with DBRC, the DDNAME and DSNAME of the first database data set are passed to DBRC. DBRC compares these names with those registered for the database.

System action

IMS treats the database as though it were not registered to DBRC at all (that is, no DBRC authorization protection is provided for this database). This means that no database or block level data sharing can take place for this database.

Programmer response

If you want to use data sets that do not match those registered in the DBRC RECON, then no action is required. If the intent is to use the correct database data sets, correct the startup JCL or dynamic allocation member, or the DBRC registration.

DFS3342I	AREA areaname IS NOT REGISTERED WITH DBRC. INVALID FOR GLOBAL CMND
-----------------	---

Explanation

A global command was issued to register an area that was not registered with DBRC. A global command is accepted only if an area is registered to DBRC; otherwise, the command is considered invalid.

System action

IMS ignores the command and continues processing.

Operator response

Ask the database administrator if the named area should be registered to DBRC. If the area is not registered, enter the correct command.

DFS3343E	CANNOT PROCESS DFSTCF LOAD COMMAND, REASON=xx
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to process the **DFSTCF LOAD** command. The reason code explains why IMS was unable to process this command:

Reason code
Meaning

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | The queue module could not enqueue the TCO logical terminal DFSTCFI on the new line or node. |
| 02 | TCO logical terminal DFSTCFI was having a message dequeued and sent. It cannot be reassigned until it is finished. |
| 03 | Either the physical terminal that is associated with the LTERM specified in the DFSTCF LOAD OUTPUT command or the physical terminal that TCO LTERM DFSTCFI is assigned to was in conversational mode, preset mode, response mode, or is in a signed-on subpool. |
| 04 | The physical terminal that is associated with the LTERM specified in the DFSTCF LOAD OUTPUT |

command or the physical terminal that TCO LTERM DFSTCFI is assigned to was switched line.

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| 05 | The TCO LTERM DFSTCFI cannot be assigned to a PTERM defined MSGDEL=SYSINFO. For example, TCO LTERM DFSTCFI has messages queued on the system queue. |
| 06 | The TCO LTERM DFSTCFI cannot be assigned to a PTERM defined MSGDEL= NONIOPCB. For example, TCO LTERM DFSTCFI has messages queued on the system or application output queue. |
| 07 | A request for another script member was already in progress. |

System action

The **DFSTCF LOAD** command is not processed. IMS continues.

Programmer response

Take the action associated with the reason code received:

Reason code
Action

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | This code denotes a system error. Shut down the system and create a memory dump at the earliest possible time for analysis of the problem. Notify the IMS system programmer. |
| 02 | Reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command after the current message is completed, or reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command without the OUTPUT option. |
| 03 | Wait for the terminal to be freed, or reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command with a different LTERM name. |
| 04 | Reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command with an LTERM that is associated with a valid line. |
| 05 | Reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command with a different LTERM name. |
| 06 | Reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command with a different LTERM name. |
| 07 | Reenter the DFSTCF LOAD command. |

DFS3344E DFSTCF LOAD CONTAINS INVALID CHARACTER IN FIELD x

Explanation

The **DFSTCF LOAD** command is incorrect. FIELD x identifies the invalid keyword or parameter.

The format for the **DFSTCF LOAD** command is:

```
DFSTCF LOAD XXXXXXXX (OUTPUT YYYYYYYY) (CONT ZZ)
```

The value of x (FIELD x) can be one of the following:

- 01** The first positional keyword is not DFSTCF.
- 02** The second positional keyword is not LOAD.
- 03** The third positional parameter was not specified. The third positional parameter xxxxxxxx is a 1-8 character script name.
- 04** The fourth (optional) positional keyword is not OUTPUT.
- 05** The fifth positional parameter was not specified or is greater than eight characters. yyyyyyyy is a 1-8 character LTERM name.
- 06** The sixth (optional) positional keyword is not CONT.
- 07** The seventh positional parameter was not specified or is a number greater than two digits. zz is a number from 1 to 99.

System action

The **DFSTCF LOAD** command is ignored. Processing continues.

Operator response

Correct the **DFSTCF LOAD** command and resubmit.

DFS3345E DFSTCF DOES NOT CONTAIN MEMBER name

Explanation

The data set specified on the DFSTCF DD statement did not contain the timetable member identified in the message.

System action

If the Time-Controlled Operations Verification utility was running, the utility terminates. If IMS online was running, the **DFSTCF LOAD** command fails, but IMS processing continues.

Programmer response

Verify that the timetable member is specified correctly and that the timetable member resides in the data set specified on the DFSTCF DD statement. Rerun the utility or reissue the **DFSTCF LOAD** command.

DFS3346E TCO EXIT RECEIVED STATUS CODE status code

Explanation

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) language interface routine returned a status code to the TCO exit routine.

System action

The TCO message was not processed. TCO processes the next time request.

DFS3347A CHANGE ACCUM PROCESSING IN DFSUCMNO FAILED - REASON = n.

Explanation

A change accumulation request failed because an error was detected in module DFSUCMNO for one of the following reasons:

Code (hex)	Meaning
1	An error was detected in the SYSIN control card.
2	DBRC initialization failed.
3	Log processing in DFSUC150 failed.

System action

Processing is terminated with a nonzero return code.

Programmer response

For reason code 1, correct the error in SYSIN control card and rerun the utility.
For reason code 2, find DBRC message DSP0351I in the job output for additional information. Examine the RECON data set and the JCL for any inconsistencies. Then, rerun the utility.

For reason code 3, ensure that all input logs are correct and rerun the utility.

Module

DFSUCMNO

Related information
[DSP0351I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3348E	UNABLE TO ESTABLISH ESTAE Created by ActiveSystems 12/24/96 Entity not defined. TCO UNAVAILABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) ESTAE routine was not established.

System action

TCO terminates, but IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

Make sure that the ESTAE routine was bound correctly and that enough storage is available.

DFS3349I	UNABLE TO INITIALIZE TIME CONTROL OPTION, REASON=....
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was unable to initialize the Time-Controlled Operations (TCO). The reason code tells why TCO initialization failed.

Reason code
Meaning

OPEN

Unable to OPEN a data set.

CTT

Unable to find Communication Terminal Table (CTT) for TCO.

CTB

Unable to find Communication Terminal Block (CTB) for TCO.

GET0

Unable to acquire storage from subpool 0.

GETC

Unable to acquire storage from subpool 231.

NODD

DFSTCF DD card does not exist.

CIRL

Unable to create an ITASK for TCO CLB.

LOAD

Unable to load user exit DFSTCNT0.

System action

TCO is not initialized. IMS processing continues.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions based on the reason code you received:

Reason code
Action

OPEN

Verify that the DFSTCF DD statement specifies the correct data set for TCO, or that the data set exists.

CTT

Check the link of the IMS nucleus to confirm that the TCO device-dependent module was included.

CTB

Check the IMS system definition to determine if a terminal block was accidentally deleted.

GET0

If sufficient storage is unavailable, increase the size of the control region.

GETC

If sufficient storage is unavailable, increase the size of the control region.

NODD

Information only. To use TCO now, stop and restart IMS to include the DFSTCF DD card.

CIRL

Determine why the ITASK creation is not successful and run IMS.

LOAD

Check that DFSTCNT0 is in the system.

DFS3350E	TCO ABNORMALLY TERMINATED, SEE DUMP
-----------------	--

Explanation

A failure occurred in a Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) exit routine module.

System action

The IMS spin-off memory dump facility SNAPS the TCO environment. TCO then waits for the operator to issue the **DFSTCF LOAD** command. IMS continues processing.

Operator response

Try issuing the **DFSTCF LOAD** command to reload the same timetable member or a different timetable member.

Programmer response

Use the SNAP dump of the TCO environment to determine the cause of the problem.

Chapter 70. DFS messages, DFS3351E - DFS3400I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3351E TCO ABNORMALLY TERMINATED,
SYSTEM ABEND, SEE DUMP**

Explanation

A system abend terminated the Time-Controlled Operations (TCO).

System action

The IMS spin-off memory dump facility SNAPS the TCO environment and TCO terminates.

Programmer response

Use the SNAP dump of the TCO environment to determine the cause of the problem.

**DFS3352E INCOMPLETE MESSAGE
ENCOUNTERED, SEQUENCE
NUMBER=nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

While processing a message set, the Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility encountered a time schedule request when a continued segment or message was expected. The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

TCO or the TCO Verification utility discards the entire message set and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the message set. Check for a stray continuation character in the message or an omitted segment or message.

**DFS3353E INVALID CONTINUATION
CHARACTER, SEQUENCE
NUMBER=nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility found a character other than a blank (end of message), S (end of segment), or X (segment continued) in column 72 of a message

set statement. The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

TCO or the TCO Verification utility discards the message set and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the error in column 72 of the message set statement.

**DFS3354E TOO MANY SEGMENT
CONTINUATIONS, SEQUENCE
NUMBER=nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

Only 10 statements can be continued into a single segment (710 characters). The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility discards the message set and processing continues.

Programmer response

Delete as many statements as necessary so the maximum is not exceeded.

**DFS3355E I/O ERROR READING DFSTCF
script-member name**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while reading the data set specified on the DFSTCF DD statement. The message identifies the name of the timetable member that the Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) was processing when the error occurred.

System action

Processing of the timetable member terminates. TCO might have processed part of the list and processes the rest of the list, if possible.

Programmer response

Correct the error and reload the timetable member, or load a different timetable member.

DFS3356E	END TIME PRIOR TO START TIME, SEQUENCE NUMBER=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The time to stop scheduling (columns 21-24) was earlier than the time to start scheduling (columns 7-10). The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the time schedule request error. Make sure that:

- The start time is earlier than the end time.
- The start time is in columns 7-10 and the end time is in columns 21-24.

Then rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3357E	RESIDENT INDICATOR INCORRECT, SEQUENCE NUMBER=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The resident indicator in column 31 of a time schedule request must be either a blank (resident exit routine) or a D (dynamic load). The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

TCO rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the time schedule request. Make sure that:

- The resident indicator is valid.
- The resident indicator is specified in column 31.

Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3358E	DISPATCH INDICATOR INCORRECT, SEQUENCE NUMBER=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only a blank (schedule at same time each day), an O (schedule first day and delete), or an S (schedule at startup) are valid codes in column 32 of the time schedule request. The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the time schedule request error. Make sure that:

- The dispatch indicator is in column 32.
- The dispatch indicator is valid.

Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this library member.

DFS3359E	MESSAGE SET INDICATED, NO MESSAGE FOUND SEQUENCE NUMBER=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The time schedule request specified the use of a previous message set (**** in columns 56-59), but the message set was not provided. The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Add the missing message set, or delete the time schedule request. Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this library member.

DFS3360E	USER EXIT xxxxxxxx REQUESTED NOT FOUND, SEQUENCE NUMBER=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS.SDFSRESL did not contain exit routine xxxxxxxx specified in columns 12-19 of a time schedule request. The sequence number identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Check the spelling or the justification, or both, of the name. Names with fewer than 8 characters must be left-aligned and padded with blanks. Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3361E	INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE FOR TABLES
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) was unable to acquire enough storage to build the message or request tables.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) terminates the timetable member load and frees all storage.

Programmer response

Specify more storage and then restart the job. See the Summary Report produced by the TCO Verification utility to determine the amount of storage needed for a specific timetable member.

DFS3362E	TIME <i>tttt</i> SPECIFIED IS INVALID, SEQUENCE NUMBER=<i>nnnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the time fields of a time schedule request (columns 7-10, 21-24, or 26-29) did not contain either blanks or a value between 0001 and 2359. *tttt* identifies the invalid time. The sequence number *nnnnnnnn* identifies the statement containing the error.

System action

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) or the TCO Verification utility rejects the time schedule request and processing continues.

Programmer response

Make sure that the time is valid and is specified in the correct columns. Valid HH values are 00-23; valid MM values are 00-59. Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3363E	UNABLE TO OPEN SYSIN
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The TCO Verification utility was unable to open the SYSIN input data set.

System action

The TCO Verification utility terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure that the SYSIN DD statement is present, and if present, the SYSIN data set exists. Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3364E	UNABLE TO OPEN SYSPRINT
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The TCO Verification utility was unable to open the SYSPRINT output data set.

System action

The TCO Verification utility terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure that the SYSPRINT DD statement is present and the SYSOUT class is valid. Rerun the TCO Verification utility for this timetable member.

DFS3365I	TCO MESSAGE MODULE REQUIRES MAINTENANCE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Time-Controlled Operations (TCO) utility was unable to display a message.

System action

The system performs the action described in the message TCO was unable to display.

Programmer response

Bind the TCO message module again.

**DFS3366E NO TIMER ELEMENT FOUND.
SCRIPT WILL NEVER BE
EXECUTED. MEMBER *name***

Explanation

Processing for a TCO script finished, but no timer element was specified. The script requires that an *TIME statement be included.

In the message text:

name

The name of the script member

System action

The TCO or the TCO Verification utility discards the script and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the error by adding the required *TIME statement to the TCO script member.

**DFS3367E TIMER ELEMENT NOT FOUND
FOLLOWING THE LAST
MESSAGE ELEMENT, SEQUENCE
NUMBER=nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

The last statement in the TCO script was not a *TIME statement. The last message element is not scheduled for processing.

System action

The TCO or the TCO Verification utility discards the last message statement and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the error by verifying that the *TIME statement is not in the wrong place. Add a *TIME statement as the last statement in the TCO script.

**DFS3368E ERROR PROCESSING RDDS,
RC=*rc*, RDDSDSN =*dsname***

Explanation

The system encountered an error while trying to access a resource definition data set (RDDS).

Codes

Explanation

4

An error occurred trying to read data from an RDDS.

8

An error occurred trying to write data to an RDDS.

12

An error occurred trying to allocate an RDDS.

16

An error occurred trying to open an RDDS.

20

The RDDS is owned by another IMS.

24

The RDDS RECFM is not variable blocked (VB).

28

The RDDS BLKSIZE value is invalid. One of the following conditions exist:

- The RDDS BLKSIZE is greater than 32 760.
- The RDDS BLKSIZE is less than 4096.

System action

If automatic import is in progress, and you had specified RDDSERR=ABORT in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, IMS terminates with a 3368 abend.

If you had specified RDDSERR=NOIMPORT, IMS continues cold start processing without importing any resource or descriptor definitions. IMS starts without any runtime resource definitions or descriptor definitions from the RDDS.

If automatic export is in progress, the automatic export process terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Return codes 4, 8, 12, and 16 indicate errors in open or close, dynamic allocation, or reading and writing to the RDDS named in the message. Look for supporting messages from IOS or dynamic allocation to further define and correct the error condition.

Return code 20 indicates that another IMS system has claimed this RDDS. Remove this RDDS from the RDDSDSN= parameter of the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member on the system reporting the error.

Return code 24 indicates that an RDDS was allocated using an LRECL other than variable blocked. Correct this condition by reallocating the RDDS with RECFM=VB.

Return code 28 indicates that an RDDS was allocated using a block size larger than 32 760 or smaller than 4096. Reallocate the RDDS with a BLKSIZE in the range of 4096 to 32 760 inclusive. Performance might be affected during autoexport when all RDDSs are not allocated with the same BLKSIZE. Using BLKSIZE=32760 for all RDDSs is recommended.

In addition, see the information about abend 3368 for actions to take.

Module:

DFSRDD00

Related information

[IMS abend 3368](#)

**DFS3369I RDDS INITIALIZATION
COMPLETED**

Explanation:

Initialization processing for the resource definition data sets (RDDS) has completed.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRDD10

**DFS3370E NO SYSTEM RESOURCE
DEFINITION DATA SETS
AVAILABLE FOR AUTOMATIC
EXPORT**

Explanation:

There were no valid system resource definition data sets that can be used for automatic export processing. This message is highlighted and remains highlighted until a resource definition data set becomes available.

System action:

IMS continues processing. The automatic export process is disabled until one or more of the system resource definition data sets are fixed.

Programmer response:

Refer to any DFS3368E messages that were issued before this message to determine why the data sets are unavailable. Make sure that the failing data sets are available.

Module:

DFSRDD00

Related information

[DFS3368E](#)

ERROR PROCESSING RDDS, RC=*rc*, RDDSDSN=*dsname*

**DFS3371I SUCCESSFUL AUTO EXPORT
TO RDDSDSN=*dsname*
TIME=*timestamp*-UTC**

Explanation:

Automatic export completed successfully. *dsname* identifies the name of the system resource definition data set (RDDS) to which the resource and descriptor definitions were exported. *timestamp* identifies the UTC time value that is used to identify the most recent RDDS. This value is placed in the RDDS header record;

you can view the value in an RDDS data set using ISPF or similar read utility.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSXP000

**DFS3372E AUTOMATIC EXPORT FAILED,
RC=*rc***

Explanation

An automatic export failed. *rc* indicates the reason for the failure. The return code *rc* values are as follows:

Codes

Explanation

4

An I/O error occurred while trying to access a resource definition data set (RDDS).

8

No RDDS data sets are available.

12

An error occurred trying to obtain a 64-bit buffer.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response:

To determine the cause of the failure, see any DFS3368E messages that were issued before this message.

Module:

DFSXP000

Related information

[DFS3368E](#)

ERROR PROCESSING RDDS, RC=*rc*, RDDSDSN=*dsname*

**DFS3373I AUTOMATIC EXPORT IS ENABLED
TO *target***

Explanation

Automatic export processing is enabled to *target*, where *target* can be:

RDDS

Indicates that the MODBLKS resource and descriptor definitions will be automatically exported to a system resource definition data set (RDDS) at checkpoint time.

REPOSITORY

Indicates that any MODBLKS resource and descriptor definitions that have been newly created or modified since the last successful export (by using a command or automatic export) will be automatically exported to the IMSRSC repository at checkpoint time.

If AUTOEXPORT=AUTO is defined and IMS is enabled with both the IMSRSC repository and the RDDS, the DFS3373I message is issued twice, once with *target*=RDDS and once with *target*=REPOSITORY.

System action:
IMS continues processing.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSDFN10

- Related concepts**
- [Maintaining your dynamic resource definition environment \(System Definition\)](#)
 - [Exporting MODBLKS resource and descriptor definitions to an RDDS \(System Definition\)](#)
 - [Exporting MODBLKS resource and descriptor definitions to an IMSRSC repository \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3374W	AUTOMATIC EXPORT IS DISABLED RC=rc
-----------------	---

Explanation
Automatic export processing is disabled. *rc* identifies the reason automatic export is disabled. Possible reasons are as follows:

- Codes**
- | | Explanation |
|-----------|---|
| 4 | You specified AUTOEXPORT=NO. |
| 8 | You specified AUTOEXPORT=AUTO, but you have not defined any RDDSs and the IMSRSC repository is not enabled. |
| 12 | You have not defined the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member. |
| 16 | You have not defined the DYNAMIC_RESOURCE section of the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member. |
| 20 | IMS cannot automatically export to the IMSRSC repository because AUTOEXPORT=AUTO was |

defaulted to and the AUTOEXPORT=AUTO parameter was not specified.

- 24** You specified AUTOEXPORT=REPO, but the IMSRSC repository is not enabled.

System action:
IMS continues processing.

Programmer response
If you do not want to use automatic export processing, no action is necessary.

If you want automatic export processing, use the return code to identify and correct the specification error in the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member.

Module:
DFSDFN10, DFSRDD10

DFS3375	UNABLE TO ACQUIRE STORAGE IN SUBPOOL 0 FOR MODIFY COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation
The **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** command processor failed to get storage in the private region.

System action
The command is ignored.

Operator response
Reenter the command when there is less activity in the private region and more storage is available. If the problem occurs often, increase the size of available storage in the private region.

DFS3376	UNABLE TO ACQUIRE STORAGE IN THE WORK AREA POOL FOR MODIFY
----------------	---

Explanation
The **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** command processor failed to get storage in the work area pool (WKAP).

System action
The command is ignored.

Operator response
Reenter the command when there is more space available in the WKAP.

DFS3377	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE IN CIOP
----------------	---

Explanation

The command processor failed to get storage in the communication input or output pool (CIOP).

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command when there is more space available in the CIOP.

DFS3378W	BLDL FAILED FOR xxxxxxxx DURING ONLINE CHANGE
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing a **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** command, IMS encountered an error building a directory entry list. The error occurred for ACBLIB xxxxxxxx.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

If the error occurred on the ACBLIB that is currently in use by the online IMS system, the error can recur on that online system. If the error occurred for an inactive ACBLIB, recreate that ACBLIB.

DFS3379E	DFSTCF LOAD CONTAINS INVALID OUTPUT LTERM
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LTERM in the **DFSTCF LOAD** command is not recognized by IMS.

System action

IMS ignores the command and continues processing.

Operator response

Check the LTERM name and reissue the command.

DFS3380	TCO INACTIVE, CANNOT LOAD/ PROCESS SCRIPTS
----------------	---

Explanation

A message switch to LTERM DFSTCF was issued. The message switch might have been a **DFSTCF LOAD** command to load TCO scripts; however, TCO is not currently active and cannot handle requests.

Usage of LTERM DFSTCF is restricted to the TCO function. Any message switched to DFSTCF is assumed to be a request to load a TCO script.

System action

The message switch is ignored; IMS continues.

Programmer response

If you want to load and process TCO scripts, bring down IMS. Then bring it up again and include the // DFSTCF DD card to activate the TCO function.

DFS3381E	CF INITIALIZATION FAILED, DATA=aa bbbbbbbb ccccccc ddeeffgg
-----------------	--

Explanation

The coupling facility services function was not initialized. The DATA portion of the message identifies the reason for the failure:

aa

The place code, which identifies when the error was found. *aa* can have the following values:

Code (hex)

Meaning

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 10 | While connecting to an OSAM structure |
| 20 | While connecting to an OSAM structure for sequential buffering |
| 30 | During connection to a VSAM structure |
| 40 | While passing connection data to VSAM for data shared resource pool |
| 50 | While passing connection data to VSAM for index shared resource pool |

bbbbbbbb

The return code from the last service started. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for the values of this code.

cccccccc

The associated reason code. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for the values of this code.

ddeeffgg

The associated flag bytes.

dd can have the following values:

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 80** Invalid function was requested.
- 40** Connection to the OSAM structure failed.
- 20** Too few OSAM buffers were returned during connection to the OSAM structure.
- 10** Connection to the VSAM structure failed.
- 08** Attempt to pass connection data to VSAM for data shared resource pool failed.
- 04** Attempt to pass connection data to VSAM for index shared resource pool failed.
- 02** Disconnection from the OSAM structure failed.
- 01** Disconnection from the VSAM structure failed.

ee can have the following values:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 80** A dummy PST was obtained during coupling facility services initialization or execution.
- 40** Connection to the OSAM structure was successful.
- 20** Disconnection from the OSAM structure was successful.
- 10** Connection to the VSAM structure was successful.
- 08** Disconnection from the VSAM structure was successful.

ff can have the following values:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 80** A request was received to stop data sharing because coupling facility services initialization failed.

gg can have the following values:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 80** A read-and-register operation for the OSAM buffer failed.

- 20** Buffer invalidation for the OSAM buffer failed.

System action

See system action for message DFS3384I.

Programmer response

If aa is 10, 20, or 30, see *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for error return and reason codes that identify the cause of failure. If aa is 40 or 50, see the appropriate DFSMS publication for error return codes that identify the cause of failure.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Related information

“DFS3384I” on page 945
DATA SHARING STOPPED

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3382I **CF INITIALIZATION COMPLETE**

Explanation

The coupling facility services function was successfully initialized.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3383E **STOP DATA SHARING FAILED,**
DATA=aa bbbbbbbb ccccccc
ddeeffgg

Explanation

The attempt to disconnect from the VSAM or OSAM structure, or both, in the coupling facility failed. The DATA part of the message defines the reason for the failure.

aa

The place code, which identifies where the error was found. aa can have the following values:

Code (hex)
Meaning

60
Disconnection from the OSAM structure failed.

70
Disconnection from the VSAM structure failed.

bbbbbbbb

The return code from the last service started. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for the values of this code.

cccccccc

The associated reason code. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for the values of this code.

ddeeffgg

the associated flag bytes.

dd can have the following values:

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

80	Invalid function was requested.
----	---------------------------------

40	Connection to the OSAM structure failed.
----	--

20	Too few OSAM buffers were returned during connection to the OSAM structure.
----	---

10	Connection to the VSAM structure failed.
----	--

08	Attempt to pass connection data to VSAM for data shared resource pool failed.
----	---

04	Attempt to pass connection data to VSAM for index shared resource pool failed.
----	--

02	Disconnection from the OSAM structure failed.
----	---

01	Disconnection from the VSAM structure failed.
----	---

ee can have the following values:

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

80	A dummy PST was obtained during coupling facility services initialization or execution.
----	---

40	Connection to the OSAM structure was successful.
----	--

20	Disconnection from the OSAM structure was successful.
----	---

10	Connection to the VSAM structure was successful.
----	--

08	Disconnection from the VSAM structure was successful.
----	---

ff can have the following values:

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

80	A request was received to stop data sharing because coupling facility services initialization failed.
----	---

gg can have the following values:

Code (hex)	Meaning
------------	---------

80	A read-and-register operation for the OSAM buffer failed.
----	---

20	Buffer invalidation for the OSAM buffer failed.
----	---

System action

Although the IMS attempt to disconnect from the coupling facility failed, data sharing was successfully stopped.

Programmer response

See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618) for error return and reason codes that identify the cause of the failure.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3384I	DATA SHARING STOPPED
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

Data sharing was successfully stopped. Data sharing stops under these circumstances:

- Connection to the coupling facility is lost.
- Rebuild of the coupling facility fails.
- Coupling facility initialization fails.

System action

Regardless of whether the connection was lost for an OSAM or VSAM structure, if both structures were specified on the CFNAMES control statement, data sharing is stopped for both and connection to both structures is lost. If only one of the structures was specified, the other can continue data sharing using the notify protocol.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3385I DUPLICATE CF STRUCTURE NAME SPECIFIED

Explanation

Duplicate coupling facility structure names were specified in the CFNAMES control statement. Structure names for the IRLM, OSAM, and VSAM structures must all be different when specified.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0430.

Programmer response

Correct the CFNAMES control statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3386I OSAM CF CACHING RATIO =
ddd:eeer**

Explanation

A coupling facility structure was defined for OSAM. The values specified for *ddd* and *eee* represent the coupling facility directory-to-element ratio. The directory-to-element ratio is active for the issuing IMS. These values might be used to configure the OSAM structure. The ratio values active for the first IMS that connects to the coupling facility establishes the directory-to-element ratio. Other IMS regions connecting to the same structure will use the structure previously configured.

The value represented by *r* indicates whether a default ratio or an externally-specified ratio is active. *r* has the following values:

- 1**
The CFOSAM= keyword on the CFNAMES statement did not specify the directory-to-element ratio. IMS supplies a default ration of 999:1.
- 2**
The directory-to-element ratio was specified with the CFOSAM= keyword and is active.
- 3**
The directory-to-element ratio was specified with the CFOSAM= keyword, but defines an incorrect ratio and cannot be used. The result of dividing the element value by the directory value must not exceed the maximum number of 16 elements. The ratio IMS provided is used instead of the externally specified ratio.
- 4**
The element portion of the directory-to-element ratio as specified by the CFOSAM= keyword is zero. The resultant ratio becomes 1:0. This ratio causes the OSAM structure to be configured for directory-only processing. No data elements will be available for data caching.

System action

IMS initialization processing continues. The ratio specified is active for the issuing IMS.

Programmer response

No response is required unless the directory-to-element ratio used to configure the OSAM structure is not the ratio you want. In this case, specify or change the directory and element values on the CFNAMES statement and restart the IMS sysplex.

DFS3387I DUPLICATE xxxxxx KEYWORD SPECIFIED FOR CFNAMES

Explanation

A keyword on the CFNAMES control statement (CFIRLM, CFOSAM, or CFVSAM) was specified more than once. Each keyword can only be specified once.

System action

The duplicate keyword is ignored, and the rest of the statement is bypassed.

Programmer response

See member DFSVSMxx in IMS system definition information. Verify the CFNAMES control statement, and make appropriate changes if necessary.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Related reference

[DFSVSMxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3388I ALL CF KEYWORDS ARE
REQUIRED ON CFNAMES CARD**

Explanation

All keywords (CFIRLM, CFOSAM, and CFVSAM) must be specified on the CFNAMES control statement. All keywords must be specified even if their respective structures are not to be used.

System action

IMS terminates with 0430.

Programmer response

Fix the CFNAMES control statement, and resubmit the job.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 36

Related information

[IMS abend 0430](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3389I MISMATCH - xxxx
yyyyyyyyyy zzzzzzzzzzzzzzzz ++
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa**

Explanation

The IDENTIFY request to the IRLM failed. The IRLM detected a mismatch between one of the following:

- The coupling facility structure name it was using and the one specified in the IDENTIFY request
- The DBRC RECON time stamp it was using and the one specified in the IDENTIFY request

In the message text:

xxxx

Is one of the following:

OSAM
VSAM
IRLM
MADSIOT

yyyyyyyyyy

Is one of the following:

CFNAME++

Indicates a coupling facility structure name mismatch

DBRC RECON

Indicates a DBRC RECON time stamp mismatch

MADSIOFUNC

Indicates a MADSIOT function specification mismatch

zzzzzzzzzzzzzzzz

The structure name specified on the CFNAMES control statement or blanks if the mismatch involved the DBRC RECON time stamp.

aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

The structure name the IRLM has in use or blanks if the mismatch involved the DBRC RECON time stamp.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0039.

Programmer response

Verify that all IMS subsystems sharing a coupling facility specify the same names to the IRLM for any OSAM, VSAM, or IRLM structure that was used. All sharing subsystems must also use the same RECON data set.

Problem determination:

1, 4, 10, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0039](#)

**DFS3390I NO CF CONNECTION EXISTS. /ERE
BACKUP NOT ALLOWED.**

Explanation

The **/ERE** command entered on the XRF alternate subsystem was rejected. This is because connection to the coupling facility did not exist when the command was processed.

System action

The **/ERE BACKUP** command is rejected until connection to the coupling facility is established.

Programmer response

Retry the **/ERE BACKUP** command when the coupling facility connection is established.

Problem determination

1, 36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3391I CFNAMES SPECIFIED BUT IRLM IS NOT USED

Explanation

The CFNAMES control statement was specified in the DFSVSMxx member of IMS.PROCLIB or in a data set with ddname DFSVSAMP, but IRLM is not present for this execution.

System programmer response

Make sure that IRLM is used during this execution.

Certain IMS utilities might not require IRLM; in those cases, this message can be ignored.

Module

DFSTRA00, DFSXRLM0

DFS3392W DL/I CF DATA CACHING INOPERATIVE FOR NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN

Explanation

Data caching has been disabled for the OSAM structure named *NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN*. This situation occurred because the IMS that connected to the CF structure first established a non-caching environment.

System action

IMS continues running without DL/I data caching.

System programmer response

Ensure that all IMS data sharing subsystems, whether Batch or Online, use the same structure and Caching Options (CO) when using OSAM DL/I Data Caching (ODC). These options are defined in either the DFSVSMxx PROCLIB members for Online, or in the DFSVSAMP DD cards for Batch with the CFNAMES and IOBF statements.

Failure to ensure structure consistency across IMS subsystems can result in data integrity or performance problems.

If all IMS subsystems are running with IMS Version 6.10 or later, IMS attempts to use the structure with the characteristics defined by the IMS that connected first. A subsequent IMS renders its own ODC inoperative when it detects, during connection, that the structure has no data elements for caching.

If you run IMS Version 6.10 subsystems with IMS Version 5.10 subsystems, the earlier version of IMS must connect to the structure first. ODC was not introduced until IMS Version 6.10, and IMS Version 5.10 cannot access cached data. Data integrity problems can result from different IMS subsystems using different copies of IOBF statements in DFSVSMxx/DFSVSAMP.

Problem determination

1, and save a copy of all DFSVSMxx or DFSVSAMP statements for all IMS sharing subsystems.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3394W OSAM/VSAM CF STRUCTURE NAME IS SPECIFIED WITH NO IOBF/VSRBF

Explanation

In DFSVSAMP or DFSVSMxx, the structure name for OSAM, VSAM, or both was specified but there was no IOBF statement, VSRBF statement, or both respectively.

System action

In the online environment, the presence of an OSAM structure name in the CFNAMES statement requires an IOBF statement to pass the number of buffers to the IXLCONN macro. In batch, however, the IOBF statement is not required because IMS defaults to four buffers. For VSAM, the presence of a VSAM structure

name in the CFNAMES statement always requires a VSRBF statement to pass the number of buffers to the IXLCONN macro.

Programmer response

Review the CFNAMES statement in DFSVSAMP or DFSVSMxx and the corresponding IOBF statements, VSRBF statements, or both.

Module

DFSDMAW0

DFS3395I	AUTOMATIC IMPORT STARTED FROM xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

Automatic import has started. Valid values for xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx are:

MODBLKS

Indicates that the resource definitions are to be imported from the MODBLKS data set.

RDDSDSN=dsname

Indicates that the resource and descriptor definitions are to be imported from a resource definition data set (RDDS). In the message text, *dsname* identifies the name of the RDDS.

REPOSITORY REPOTYPE=repotype

REPONAME=reponame

Indicates that Resource Manager (RM) is connected to the IMSRSC repository and that the resource definitions are to be imported from the repository. *repotype* indicates the repository type and *reponame* indicates the repository name. The only valid value for *repotype* is IMSRSC.

If automatic import is from the repository and the repository is empty, IMS issues the DFS4405W message and another DFS3395I message to indicate where the resource definitions are imported from: RDDS or MODBLKS.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSIP000, DFSIP300, DFSRRSC0

DFS3396I	AUTOMATIC IMPORT COMPLETED, RC=rc
-----------------	--

Explanation

Automatic import has completed. The return codes, indicated by *rc*, are as follows:

Codes

	Explanation
0	All resource and descriptor definitions were successfully imported.
4	All resource and descriptor definitions were imported, but one or more resources or descriptors could not be initialized completely. You had specified IMPORTERR=CONTINUE in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRIMP0

DFS3397E	AUTOMATIC IMPORT FAILED, RC=rc
-----------------	---

Explanation

Automatic import failed. *rc* indicates the reason for the failure. The return code values are as follows:

Codes

	Explanation
4	An I/O error occurred while trying to access a resource definition data set (RDDS).
8	An error occurred trying to obtain a 64-bit buffer.
12	None of the RDDSs that you defined contain exported data.
32	An error occurred trying to read the resource definitions from the IMSRSC repository.
40	All resource and descriptor definitions were imported, but one or more resources or descriptors could not be initialized due to an error in the definition. You had specified IMPORTERR=ABORT in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.
44	No resources were imported from the IMSRSC repository for one of these reasons:

- The repository is empty and AUTOIMPORT=REPO was specified. The IMS cold start continues with no resources imported.
- There was an error processing resource definitions read from the IMSRSC repository.

Action is taken based on IMPORTERR= specification.

System action

If an error occurred trying to access a system resource definition data set and you had RDDSERR=ABORT specified in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, IMS terminates with a 3368 abend.

If IMS detected an error with a resource or descriptor definition and you had IMPORTERR=ABORT specified in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, IMS terminates with a 3397 abend.

If the error occurred when trying to read the resource definitions from the IMSRSC repository, see the DFS4401E message issued before this message for details on the error. If you had REPOERR=ABORT specified in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, IMS terminates with a 3368 abend.

Programmer response

To identify the cause of an I/O error, check any DFS3368E messages that were issued before this message. If none of the RDDSs contain exported data ensure automatic export is enabled. To identify resources that could not be initialized because of any errors in definition, check any DFS3423E messages that were issued before this message.

To identify the cause of the repository error, check the DFS4401E message issued before this message.

Module:

DFSIP000, DFSRIMP0, DFSIP300

Related information

[“DFS3368E” on page 940](#)

ERROR PROCESSING RDDS, RC=*rc*, RDDSDSN=*dsname*

[“DFS3423E” on page 960](#)

RESOURCE ERROR TYPE=*resourcetype*
SERVICE=*servicename* FUNC=*function*
RC=*returncode* NAME=*resourcenname*
MODULE=*modulename*

[“DFS4401E” on page 1207](#)

RM *requestname* ERROR, RC=*rc* RSN=*rsn*
ERRORTXT=*errortext*

[IMS abend 3368](#)

DFS3398E

**LOAD FAILED FOR TRANSACTION
INPUT EDIT ROUTINE *xxxxxxx*,
RC=*rc***

Explanation

An input edit routine that was defined for one or more transactions could not be loaded.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

Identifies the name of the routine

rc

Return code from the IMODULE LOAD call (DFSMODU0). For these return codes, see the IMODULE return code information.

System action

Transactions defined with the input edit routine are stopped for queuing and scheduling, and given a NOTINIT status. If automatic import is in progress and IMPORTERR=ABORT was specified in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, the automatic import process is terminated and IMS terminates with a 3397 abend.

If automatic import is in progress and IMPORTERR=CONTINUE was specified, IMS continues cold start processing.

Output destination

The System Console

Programmer response:

Make sure that the transaction input edit routine exists in one of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets. After you have identified the cause of the load failure and corrected it, you can issue an **UPDATE TRAN START (Q, SCHED)** command to start the transaction for queuing and scheduling. IMS attempts to load the edit routine module. If the module is successfully loaded, the NOTINIT status is reset and the transaction is started for queuing and scheduling.

Module:

DFSIP000, DFSRTR20, DFSRRSCO

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3399I

**AUTOMATIC IMPORT IS ENABLED
FROM *xxxxxxx***

Explanation

Automatic import processing is enabled. *xxxxxxx* identifies the data source from which the resource and descriptor definitions are to be imported. *xxxxxxx* can be one of the following values:

MODBLKS
RDDS
REPOSITORY

The DFS3399I message is not issued during IMS initialization if AUTOIMPORT=AUTO is specified in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, along with the REPOSITORY section and the REPOSITORY= statement for the IMSRSC repository. The DFS3409I message is issued instead of DFS3399I during IMS initialization because it is not yet determined whether IMS has connected to the repository or if the repository has stored resource definitions for the IMS.

During cold start, IMS issues the DFS3399I and DFS3395I messages to indicate where the resource definitions are read for cold start. DFS3395I indicates whether automatic import is enabled from the repository, MODBLKS, or RDDS. If the automatic import is from the repository and the repository is empty, IMS issues the DFS4405W message and another DFS3395I message to indicate where the resource definitions are imported from: RDDS or MODBLKS.

System action:
IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRRDD10, DFSDFN10, DFSDFN00, DFSIP300

DFS3400I	RETURN CODE <i>rrrr</i> FROM RACROUTE MACRO FUNCTION <i>ffffff</i> FOR CLASS <i>cccccccc</i>
-----------------	---

or

**RACLIST FAILED, AUTHORIZATION RACROUTE
RETURN CODES *aa*, *bb*, *cc*, *dd* RACLIST RETURN
CODES *ee*, *ff*, *gg*, *hh* RACLIST REASON CODES *ii*, *jj*,
kk, *ll*.**

Explanation

During online change prepare processing, a nonzero return code was found for at least one of the four classes associated with the authorization function. This message does not indicate a failure of the prepare process. The codes have the following meanings:

Codes

Explanation

- aa**
RACROUTE return code for DATABASE class.
- bb**
RACROUTE return code for SEGMENT class.
- cc**
RACROUTE return code for FIELD class.
- dd**
RACROUTE return code for OTHER class.
- ee**
RACLIST return code for DATABASE class.
- ff**
RACLIST return code for SEGMENT class.
- gg**
RACLIST return code for FIELD class.
- hh**
RACLIST return code for OTHER class.

Codes

Explanation

- ii**
RACLIST reason code for DATABASE class.

Codes

Explanation

- jj**
RACLIST reason code for SEGMENT class.
- kk**
RACLIST reason code for FIELD class.
- ll**
RACLIST reason code for OTHER class.

System action

Online change prepare processing continues.

Chapter 71. DFS messages, DFS3401I - DFS3450

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3401I RACF NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

A **/MODIFY PREPARE** command specified RACF or ALL and the RACF product was not currently active in IMS.

System action

The command is rejected.

DFS3402W NO bbbbbb IN THE INACTIVE LIBRARY

Explanation

Control blocks were missing from the inactive library during **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** processing.

The field *bbbbbb* is a particular IMS control block type such as DMBs from ACBLIB or DDIRs from MODBLKS.

System action

/MODIFY PREPARE or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** processing terminates.

Programmer response

Include the database definitions in the library by using the Online Change Utility. Be sure that the library is APF authorized. IMS requires at least one DMB in ACBLIB for an IMS DB/TM system.

DFS3403W AUTOMATIC IMPORT IS DISABLED, RC=rc

Explanation

Automatic import processing is disabled. *rc* indicates the reason automatic import is disabled. Possible reasons are as follows:

Codes**Explanation**

4

You had specified AUTOIMPORT=NO.

8

You specified AUTOIMPORT=AUTO, but you did not have any resource definition data sets (RDDS) defined and no MODBLKS data set exists. If IMS is

defined with the IMSRSC repository, the repository is empty.

12

Two or more RDDSs are defined, but the RDDSs are empty and no MODBLKS data set exists.

16

RDDS errors were encountered during RDDS initialization preventing automatic import from occurring from an RDDS. Message DFS3368 identifies the RDDSs and their associated errors.

If you specify AUTOIMPORT=RDDS or AUTOIMPORT=AUTO in the Dynamic_Resources section of the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member and IMS is started cold (**/NRE CHKPT 0** or **/ERE COLDSYS**), the value specified for the RDDSER= parameter in the Dynamic_Resources section of the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member determines the action that IMS takes.

When you specify RDDSER=NOIMPORT, IMS is restarted with a cold start without importing any stored resources.

When you use RDDSER=ABORT, IMS terminates abnormally with an IMS abend 3368 with an RC=4.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If you do not want automatic import processing, no action is necessary.

If you want automatic import processing, use the return code *rc* to identify the reason automatic import was disabled. If necessary, correct the specification error in the DFSDFxxx IMS.PROCLIB member. If the resource definition data sets (RDDS) are expected to contain exported data, make sure that automatic export is enabled. If you intended to import definitions from a MODBLKS data set, make sure that the MODBLKS DD statement exists in your IMS control region JCL.

Related information

“DFS3368E” on page 940
ERROR PROCESSING RDDS, RC=*rc*, RDDSDSN=*dsname*

[Abend 3368](#)

DFS3404I EXPORT COMMAND COMPLETE FOR xxxx, DSN=dsname

Explanation

The **EXPORT** command completed.

In the message text:

xxxx

Indicates whether the **EXPORT** command was completed for all of the specified resource and descriptor definitions. xxxx can be ALL, SOME or NONE.

dsname

Indicates the name of the resource definition data set (RDDS) to which the resource and descriptor definitions were exported.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If the **EXPORT** command did not complete successfully for all the resource and descriptor definitions you specified, determine the cause of the error and reissue the **EXPORT** command.

Module:

DFSXP100

**DFS3405I IMPORT COMMAND COMPLETE
 FOR xxxx, DSN=dsname**

Explanation

The **IMPORT** command completed.

In the message text:

xxxx

Indicates whether the **IMPORT** command was completed for all of the specified resource and descriptor definitions. xxxx can be ALL, SOME or NONE.

dsname

Indicates the name of the resource definition data set (RDDS) from which the resource and descriptor definitions were imported.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If the **IMPORT** command did not complete successfully for all of the resource and descriptor definitions that you specified, determine the cause of the error and reissue the **IMPORT** command.

Module:

DFSIP100

**DFS3406I cmd COMMAND COMPLETE FOR
 ALL, REPOTYPE=repotype,**

REPONAME=reponame

Explanation

The command identified *cmd* in the message has completed.

In the message text:

cmd

Indicates the command verb that is processed. *cmd* can be **DELETE**, **EXPORT**, or **IMPORT**.

reponame

Indicates the 44-byte IMSRSC repository name from which the resource definitions are processed.

- For **DELETE**, this name indicates the repository from which the stored resource definitions are deleted.
- For **EXPORT**, this name indicates the repository to which the runtime resource definitions are exported.
- For **IMPORT**, this name indicates the repository from which the stored resource definitions are imported.

repotype

Indicates the 8-byte repository type to which RM is connected. The only supported value is IMSRSC.

System action

IMS continues processing

User response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSIP100, DFSXP100, DFSDEL00

**DFS3407E cmd COMMAND COMPLETE
 FOR NONE, REQUEST=rqstname
 RC=retcode, RSN=rsncode,
 ERRORTXT=errtext,
 MBR=mbr, REPOTYPE=repotype,
 REPONAME=reponame**

or

**cmd COMMAND COMPLETE FOR var1,
REPOTYPE=repotype, REPONAME=reponame**

Explanation

The specified command was completed with an error. The *rqstname*, *retcode*, *rsncode*, *errtext*, and *mbr* values are returned only if the error is due to an RM request error.

In the message text:

cmd

Indicates the command verb that is processed.
cmd can be **DELETE**, **EXPORT**, **IMPORT**, or **QUERY**.

var1

Can be SOME or NONE.

reponame

Indicates the 44-byte IMSRSC repository name from which the resource definitions are processed.

- For **DELETE**, this is the repository name from which the stored resource definitions are deleted.
- For **EXPORT**, this is the repository name to which the runtime resource definitions are exported.
- For **IMPORT**, this is the repository name from which the stored resource definitions are imported.
- For **QUERY**, this is the repository name from which the stored resource definitions are queried from.

reptype

Indicates the repository type. The valid value for *reptype* is IMSRSC.

rqstname

Indicates the RM request that was not successful.
rqstname can be:

- CSLRPDEL for the **DELETE** command
- CSLRPUPD for the **EXPORT** command
- CSLRPQRY for the **IMPORT** or **QUERY** command

retcode

Indicates the RM request return code. See the CSLRRR or CSLSRR macro for the description of the return code.

rsncode

Indicates the RM request reason code. See the CSLRRR or CSLSRR macro for the description of the reason code.

errtext

Indicates the error text from the repository request. The error text can be null or six words of text.

mbr

Indicates the type of request in error. The value can be either LST or RSC.

System action

IMS continues processing

Operator response

Determine the reason for the failed request. Try the command again after the error is resolved.

User response

No action is required.

DFS3409I	AUTOIMPORT=AUTO DETERMINATION IS DEFERRED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DFS3399I message is not issued during IMS initialization if AUTOIMPORT=AUTO is specified in the DFSDFxxx member, along with the REPOSITORY section and the REPOSITORY= statement for the IMSRSC repository. The DFS3409I message is issued instead of DFS3399I during IMS initialization because it is not yet determined whether IMS has connected to the repository or whether the repository has stored resource definitions for the IMS.

During cold start, IMS issues the DFS3399I and DFS3395I messages to indicate where the resource definitions are read for cold start. The DFS3395I message indicates whether automatic import is enabled from the repository, MODBLKS, or RDDS. If automatic import is enabled from the repository and the repository is empty, IMS issues the DFS4405W message and another DFS3395I message to indicate where the resource definitions are to be imported from: RDDS or MODBLKS.

System programmer response

Modify any automation programs that expect the DFS3399I message during IMS initialization.

Module:

DFSRDD10

Related information

[“DFS3395I” on page 949](#)
AUTOMATIC IMPORT STARTED FROM
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

[“DFS3399I” on page 950](#)
AUTOMATIC IMPORT IS ENABLED FROM
XXXXXXX

DFS3410I	DATA SETS USED ARE DDNAME acblib-name format- name 'MODBLKS-name' (time/date stamps if they exist)
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated *ddnames* are the ones which are used for IMS online processing. If time/date stamps exist, they indicate when the last successful **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** or **/MODIFY PREPARE** and **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** or **/MODIFY COMMIT** commands were issued.

In the message text:

acblib-name

The active IMSACB DD in the IMS JCL, which identifies the active ACBLIB library. The *acblib-name* ddname is either IMSACBA or IMSACBB.

Note: If the IMS management of ACBs is enabled in this IMS system by the specification of ACBMGMT=CATALOG in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member, disregard the ACB library ddname. IMS systems that manage ACBs do not use either the IMSACBA or IMSACBN ddnames for any libraries.

format-name

The active FORMAT DD in the IMS JCL, which identifies the active MFS format library. The *format-name* is either FORMATA or FORMATB. If this system is DBCTL, format-name is blank.

modblks-name

The active MODBLKS DD in the IMS JCL, which identifies the active MODBLKS library. The *modblks-name* is either MODBLKSA or MODBLKSB.

modblks-name can be blank. If *modblks-name* is blank, then MODBLKS DD is not defined in the IMS JCL. The MODBLKS DD statements are optional when dynamic resource definition is enabled.

System action

IMS processing continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3411X	UNABLE TO OPEN THE MODSTAT DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS encountered an error trying to open the data set with the ddname of MODSTAT. Either the MODSTAT DD statement does not exist, or the operating system encountered an I/O error during open processing.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3411.

Programmer response

Provide the missing DD statement or create the data set, or both, referenced by the MODSTAT DD statement using the INITMOD procedure and run IMS. See IMS system definition information for the INITMOD procedure.

Related information

[IMS abend 3411](#)

DFS3412	ERROR READING MODSTAT DATA SET
----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation:

An I/O error was detected while attempting to read the MODSTAT data set.

System action:

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3412.

Programmer response

Reconstruct the MODSTAT data set, using the INITMOD procedure with the ddnames indicated on the last successful DFS3410I, or DFS3499I message, and run IMS. For a description of the INITMOD procedure, see the IMS system definition information. For the appropriate recovery actions in an XRF environment, see the information about Extended Recovery Facility. If this message is issued by the Fast Database Recovery region, terminate the active IMS and reconstruct the MODSTAT data set. Then restart IMS, and start the Fast Database Recovery region again.

Related information

[IMS abend 3412](#)

DFS3413X	INVALID CONTENTS IN THE MODSTAT DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

The MODSTAT data set contains invalid data.

The MODSTAT data set must contain the following fields in such order:

```
modifyid,MODBLKSx,IMSACBx,FORMATx
```

Values must be separated by commas, with no imbedded blanks.

modifyid

The MODSTAT identifier number, which is variable length with no limit. This field is usually initialized to 1.

MODBLKSx

The ddname for the active MODBLKS data set, either IMS.MODBLKSA or IMS.MODBLKSB data set

that contains the IMS system definition output. . This field is usually initialized to MODBLKSA. You must define the MODBLKSx field even for an IMS system that does not define the MODBLKS data sets.

IMSACBx

The possible values for the data set suffix xare A and B.

FORMATx

The possible values for the data set suffix xare A and B. This field is usually initialized to FORMATA. You must define the FORMATx field even for an IMS DBCTL environment that does not use the FORMAT libraries.

Note: For more information on the fields, see [Initializing the IMS.MODSTAT data set \(System Utilities\)](#).

If at least one online change has been successfully committed, these fields are followed by an online change prepare timestamp and an online change commit timestamp in the following format: *YYYYDDD HHMMSS offset*. In the timestamp:

- *YYYY* - the year
- *DDD* - the Julian day
- *HH* - the hour
- *MM* - the minutes
- *SS* - the seconds
- *offset* - the UTC time offset in the format -xx:xx or +xx:xx

Note: The timestamps, if applicable, must be in the correct format to avoid IMS restart failure.

The following example shows the values of a valid MODSTAT data set:

```
108,MODBLKSA,IMSACBA,FORMATA 2016099
191653 -07:00 2016100 041751 -07:00
```

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3413.

Programmer response

Check the MODSTAT data set content to ensure that the *modifyid*, the online change fields and the timestamps are in the correct format.

If this message is issued because of an error in the modify identifier number or the online change fields in the MODSTAT data set, use the **INITMOD** procedure to correct the error and retry.

If this message is issued because of an error in the timestamp in the MODSTAT data set, use the Time Sharing Option (TSO) to correct the error and retry.

In other cases, reconstruct the MODSTAT data set, using the **INITMOD** procedure with the ddnames indicated on the last successful DFS3410I, or DFS3499I message, and run IMS.

Related reference

[Initializing the IMS.MODSTAT data set \(System Utilities\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 3413](#)

[DFS3410I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[DFS3499I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3414X NOT ENOUGH STORAGE TO INITIALIZE

Explanation

IMS was unable to allocate storage.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3414.

Programmer response

Increase the amount of storage available to the region, and run IMS.

Related information

[IMS abend 3414](#)

DFS3415X LIBRARY xxxxxxxx IN USE BY ANOTHER OS/VIS TASK

Explanation

The library associated with ddname xxxxxxxx could not be used because it was already in use by another OS/VIS task.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3415.

Programmer response

Wait until the other task has released the library, and run IMS.

Related information

[IMS abend 3415](#)

DFS3416X OPEN FAILED FOR LIBRARY xxxxxxxx

Explanation

The library associated with ddname xxxxxxxx could not be opened at IMS initialization time.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3416.

Programmer response

Determine why open failed, and then run IMS.

Related information

[IMS abend 3416](#)

DFS3417E	CICS IPIC ERROR ON ACTIVE ISC TCP/IP SESSION SENSE=sensecode TEXT=cicsmsgnm
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the exchange of messages between IMS and IBM CICS Transaction Server for z/OS on an active ISC TCP/IP session, IMS received an IP interconnectivity (IPIC) conversation error (IS7) message from CICS.

The sense code indicates the type of error. If CICS passed an error message ID to IMS, the message ID is displayed in the TEXT field.

In the message text:

cicsmsgnm

A nine-character field that contains the CICS error message number, if CICS returned it to IMS. This text is the CICS error message that was issued to the CICS job log.

sensecode

A 4-byte code that indicates the nature of the error. These codes are issued by CICS.

080F0983
Access denied.

080F6051
Security not valid.

08240000
Conversation identifier no longer valid; the task was backed out in CICS.

08390000
The transaction attach was rejected; the IMS system is quiescing.

084C0000
The transaction attach was rejected; transaction is known but disabled in CICS.

08640001
The mirror transaction abended in CICS.

1008600B
CICS system error.

10086021
The transaction attach was rejected; transaction is unknown to CICS.

System action

For sense code 08640001, IMS dequeues the output message. The session remains active.

For all other sense codes, IMS puts the output message back on the message queue and terminates the session.

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

In cases where IMS puts the output message back on the message queue and terminates the session, before you attempt to reestablish the session, determine the cause of the problem and correct it to prevent the same error from occurring again.

For more information about the sense codes, see the CICS documentation or consult with your CICS administrator. Look up the CICS error message in the CICS documentation.

Module:
DFSIPIC0

Related tasks
[ISC support for TCP/IP \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference
[QUERY IMSCON TYPE\(PORT\) command \(Commands\)](#)
[CICS: ISMF - ISC IP Message Formats CICS messages](#)

DFS3418X	UNABLE TO DELETE MODULE xxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The modulexxxxxxx could not be deleted from the active MODBLKSA(B) data set.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

This is probably an IMS internal error.

Problem determination:
35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3419X UNABLE TO LOAD MODULE
 xxxxxxxx RC=xx**

Explanation

The module xxxxxxxx could not be found in the active MODBLKSA(B) data set, or the data set was not APF-authorized. Alternatively, this message indicates that there was not enough virtual storage available in the IMS control region. For a description of the IMODULE LOAD return codes, see IMS system services return code information.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3419.

Programmer response

Determine why the module is missing, and run IMS. Ensure that the active MODBLKSA(B) data set is APF-authorized.

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 3419](#)

**DFS3420X RESIDUAL MESSAGES EXIST FOR
 DELETED TRANSACTIONS**

Explanation

IMS detected existing messages for a transaction that does not exist. The transaction definition does not match the message activity indicated on the IMS system log.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3420.

Programmer response

The log data set is inconsistent with the definition in the MODBLKS data set. The SMB blocks, which were loaded from MODBLKS during initialization, are not the same as those which were last active during the prior IMS execution. This situation can occur if the MODSTAT data set was reconstructed specifying an incorrect ddname of the active MODBLKS data set.

It can also occur by changing the contents of the MODBLKS data set while IMS was not active. Use the same copy of MODBLKS that was in use during the last IMS execution, and restart IMS with a **/ERE** from the last checkpoint that was taken with a memory dumpQ.

Related information

[IMS abend 3420](#)

**DFS3421X UNABLE TO FIND xxxx CONTROL
 BLOCK NAMED yyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

This message is issued during an IMS cold start if a PDIR or RCTE cannot be found because either no PDIRs exist or no RCTEs exist. xxxx is the control block type, PDIR or RCTE. yyyyyyyy is set to DFSHSHT to indicate the internal resource control block hash table is empty.

These blocks can be loaded from MODBLKS, or using an automatic import from the resource definition data set (RDDS).

System action

IMS issues an abend 3421 following message DFS3421X. IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

If dynamic resource definition (DRD) is not enabled, check that IMS.MODBLKSx contains the correct control block modules, DFSSMB0x, DFSPDIRx, DFSDDIRx, and DFSRCTEx. If these checks do not indicate a problem, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

If DRD is enabled, and resource definitions are being imported from the IMS.MODBLKSx data set during a cold start, check that IMS.MODBLKSx contains the correct control block modules, DFSSMB0x, DFSPDIRx, DFSDDIRx, and DFSRCTEx. If resource definitions are being imported from an RDDS during a cold start, check that the correct RDDS is being used and that the RDDS has a complete set of resource definitions. If these checks do not indicate a problem, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Problem determination:

36

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3422X INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR
 resource_type CONTROL BLOCKS.**

Explanation

IMS was unable to acquire enough storage in the required subpool. Subpool 231 (Common CSA/ECSA) is used for most resources; however, some resources use subpools 0 or 251. These blocks might be a group of control blocks loaded into an IPAGE from MODBLKS, or an individual resource that is dynamically created.

In the message text:

resource_type

The resource type can be one of the following:

DBBD

Database descriptor.

DDIR.

Database.

HSMB

Hash SMB. The SMB hash table is full. There are not enough hash table slots, including free pool slots, to add an SMB to the hash table.

PDIR

Program.

PGMD

Program descriptor.

RCNT

Remote lterm block.

RSCX

Resource extension block.

RTCD

Routing code descriptor.

RTCE

Routing code.

SMB

Transaction resource.

TRND

Transaction descriptor.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3422.

System programmer response

For all resource types except RCNT and RSCX, increase the amount of storage in subpool 231.

If RSCX is the resource type, increase the amount of storage in subpool 0.

If RCNT is the resource type, increase the amount of storage in subpool 251.

Problem determination:

36

Module:

DBFRRT00, DFSCPDM0, DFSIINM0, DFSRDB00, DFSRMC00, DFSRPG00, DFSRTR00

Related information

[IMS abend 3422](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3423E

RESOURCE ERROR

TYPE=resourcetype

SERVICE=servicename

FUNC=function **RC=**returncode

NAME=resourcename

MODULE=modulename

Explanation

IMS encountered an error initializing a resource control block.

In the message test:

resourcetype

The resource type can be one of the following:

- **DBBD** – database descriptor
- **DDIR** – database
- **LLB** – Multiple Systems Coupling (MSC) logical link control block
- **LNB** – MSC logical link path (msname) control block
- **MSCL** – MSC logical link control blocks
- **MSCP** – MSC physical link control blocks
- **PDIR** – program
- **PGMD** – program descriptor
- **RCNT** – Remote logical terminal
- **RSCX** – resource extension block
- **RTCD** – routing code descriptor
- **RTCE** – routing code
- **SMB** – transaction
- **TRND** – transaction descriptor

servicename

Name of the service that encountered an error. Other than DFSBCB, the services are internal to IMS.

function

Name of the service function that encountered an error.

returncode

Service return code. If the *servicename* is DFSBCB, see the DFSBCB return codes.

resourcename
Name of the resource that encountered the error.

modulename
Name of the module that encountered the error.

System action

In some cases, IMS terminates abnormally with abend 3423. In other cases, IMS continues processing without the use of the resource.

System programmer response

Check whether your MODBLKS data set is generated at the appropriate IMS release level. If you are starting an IMS that references a MODBLKS data set generated at an older IMS release level, the mismatch usually results in the DFS3423E message. If you have converted any MODBLKS data set from a PDS to a PDS/E, make sure all the MODBLKS data sets are defined as a PDS/E (MODBLKSA, MODBLKSB, and the staging MODBLKS).

If the MODBLKS data set is generated at the same IMS release level, copy the SYSLOG and IMS memory dump and contact IBM Software Support for help. Also save the *servicename*, *function*, *returncode*, and other information from the message.

Module:
DBFNREST0, DBFRRT00, DFSIP300, DFSRDB00, DFSRPG00, DFSRTR00

Related reference
[DFSBCB return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information
[IMS abend 3423](#)

DFS3424I	DFSINSX0 CREATE resourcetype ERROR RC=returncode RSN=reasoncode CC=completioncode NAME=resourcename
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DFSINSX0 user exit attempt to dynamically create a program or a transaction failed. The failure was caused by an invalid attribute or attribute combination. Examples of attribute errors:

- The transaction has an invalid program name.
- Fast Path transaction is defined as non-response mode.
- A transaction that was not defined as Fast Path references a Fast Path program.

In the message text:

resourcetype
The resource type can be one of the following:
PGM - application program
TRAN - transaction

returncode
The **CREATE** command return code. See the return and reason codes table for the **CREATE PGM** or **CREATE TRAN** command.

reasoncode
The **CREATE** command reason code.

completioncode
The **CREATE** command completion code (if applicable).

resourcename
The resource name of program or transaction that encountered the error.

System action

The program or transaction creation fails. IMS issues message DFS064I indicating that the destination was not found or created.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the DFSINSX0 user exit. The DFS3424I message provides the diagnostic information needed to determine the error.

Module:
DFSPGS00, DFSTRS00

Related reference
[CREATE PGM command \(Commands\)](#)
[CREATE TRAN command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3425I	PLEXPARM INIT VALUE rrrrrrrr=vvvvvvvv OVERRIDDEN WITH GLOBAL PLEXPARM VALUE rrrrrrrr=vvvvvvvv
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PLEXPARM value for resource *rrrrrrrr* did not match the value in the Global Plex Parm entry. The value from the Global Plex Parm entry was used.

In the message text:

rrrrrrrr
The Global Plex Parm whose PLEXPARM value is overridden with the value in the Global Plex Parm entry.

vvvvvvvv
The value of the Global Plex Parm.

System action

The value from the Global Plex Parm entry is used for the specified resource.

System programmer response

No action is required.

If the value for the specified resource does not match what is wanted for the IMSplex, use the **UPD IMS SET** command to change the Global Plex Parm value.

Module:
DFSGPM00

DFS3426A	CTL REGION WAITING COMPLETION OF RM PROCESS pppppppp
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS control region initialization is waiting for the IMS initiated Resource Manager (RM) process *pppppppp* to complete.

In the message text:

pppppppp

The IMS initiated RM process on which the IMS initialization is waiting. Possible values are:

UPDIMS

IMS detected that an **UPD IMS** command is in progress.

System action

IMS continues to wait until the process is complete or until there are no other active IMS systems in the IMSplex.

System programmer response

For RM process **UPD IMS**, if a **UPD IMS** command is currently in progress, wait for the command to complete. If a previous **UPD IMS** command did not complete because of an error condition, resolve the error condition. Then use the CONTINUE option on the command to complete the previous command.

Module:
DFSGPM00

DFS3427W	RM REQUEST ERROR - PLEXPARM PARAMETERS NOT OBTAINED FROM RM
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system could not read the PLEXPARM parameters from RM due to an error from the Resource Manager

(RM). The RM error return and reason codes are listed in the DFS3308 issued before this message. You cannot use the same IMS PLEXPARM values as the values in RM.

System action

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

If you want to ensure IMS and RM are in sync, take the following action:

1. After IMS restart is complete, issue a **QRY IMS TYPE(PLEXPARM) SHOW(ALL)** command.
2. If the IMS and RM values in the **QRY IMS** output are identical, no further action is required.
3. If there is a mismatch in the PLEXPARM values between IMS and RM from the **QRY IMS** command output, the user can choose to:

Option 1

Cancel or shut down IMS, fix the RM error reported in the DFS3308 message, and restart IMS.

Option 2

Take the following actions:

- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSTRAN is an N and the IMS value is a Y, issue a **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSTRAN(N)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM.
- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSDB is an N and the IMS value is a Y, issue a **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSDB(N)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM.
- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSAREA is an N and the IMS value is a Y, issue a **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSAREA(N)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM.
- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSTRAN is a Y and the IMS value is an N, issue a **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSTRAN(Y)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM. In addition, issue a **QRY TRAN SHOW(GLOBAL)** command, and then issue the appropriate **UPD TRAN SCOPE(ACTIVE)** commands to ensure that the IMS resources have same status as RM.
- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSDB is a Y and the IMS value is an N, issue an **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSDB(Y)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM. In addition, issue a **QRY DB SHOW(GLOBAL)** command, and then issue the appropriate **UPD DB**

SCOPE(ACTIVE) commands to ensure that the IMS resources have same status as RM.

- If the RM value for PLEXPARM GSTSAREA is a Y and the IMS value is an N, issue a **UPD IMS SET(PLEXPARM(GSTSAREA(Y)))** command to ensure IMS is in sync with RM. In addition, issue a **QRY AREA SHOW(GLOBAL)** command, and then issue the appropriate **UPD AREA SCOPE(ACTIVE)** commands to ensure that the IMS resources have same status as RM.

Module:
DFSGPM00

Related information

“DFS3308E” on page 924
cslname REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*
RC=xxxxxxxx RSN=ssssssss

DFS3428W	THE TOTAL OTMA INPUT MESSAGES(TIB) HAVE REACHED XX% OF THE GLOBAL LIMIT ZZZZ
-----------------	---

Explanation

OTMA internally creates a transaction instance block (TIB) to track each active input message from all members. The YTIB will be freed or released after OTMA completes the CM1 message processing or enqueues the CM0 message. This warning message is intended to inform you that the total number of TIBs from all the OTMA members is reaching the maximum limit, where xx represents 80, 85, 90, or 95 percentages, and zzzz represents the global flood limit specified from OTMA client descriptor or **/START TMEMBER ALL INPUT** command. With this warning message, there could be a potential OTMA global message flood condition.

System action

IMS OTMA continues to process new input messages from all the members until the maximum number of messages is reached.

System programmer response

Determine whether:

- The dependent regions are active to process OTMA messages.
- The remote program inserts back to the i/o PCB for OTMA messages.
- The OTMA clients are flooding IMS.

You might need to reroute OTMA input messages to a different IMS or stop the OTMA clients to prevent the IMS message flood condition. Make sure that the

IMS regions are started to run the OTMA transactions. You might need to contact the system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSYMOM0

DFS3429E	THE TOTAL OTMA INPUT MESSAGES(TIB) HAVE REACHED THE GLOBAL LIMIT ZZZZ
-----------------	--

Explanation

There are too many unprocessed OTMA messages in the system. This is a severe message flood condition. All of the new OTMA transactions, including IMS synchronous program switches, are rejected.

System action

IMS OTMA will reject any new input messages from all the members until the flood condition is relieved.

System programmer response

Determine whether:

- The dependent regions are active to process OTMA messages.
- The remote program inserts back to the I/O PCB for OTMA messages.
- The OTMA clients are flooding IMS.

Make sure that the IMS regions are started to run the OTMA transactions. You might need to contact the system programmer for assistance.

Module:
DFSYMOM0

DFS3430I	THE FOLLOWING MODIFICATIONS WILL OCCUR DURING /MODIFY COMMIT: resource-type 8 chars resource-name 13 chars action 40 chars
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated resources represent the modifications that are brought online during a subsequent successful **/MODIFY COMMIT** command. This message is generated only if you specified the optional LTERM keyword. The resource-type (8 characters), resource-name (13 characters) and action (40 characters) are preceded by blanks.

resource-type

DDIR, DMB, AREA, FORMAT, PDIR, PSB, RCT, SMB

resource-name

Name given to SYSDEF, formats with non-graphic symbols are converted to a 2-character hexadecimal equivalent.

action

- ADDED
- CHANGED
- CHANGED (DSID CHANGED)
- DELETED
- NONE
- NOT CHANGED (PDIR/PSB CHANGE ONLY)
- REPLACED
- SAME (DSI CHANGED)

Programmer response

If the DSIDs have changed, enter the **/DBR AREA** command with keyword GLOBAL in a Block Level Data Sharing environment. Unload the area and take an image copy. Remove the old DSID in the RECON data set using a **DELETE.DBDS** command. Reinitialize the area in the RECON data set using the **INIT.DBDS** command. The **INIT.DBDS** command can fail if a duplicate DSID is found in the same DEDB. Use a specific user-developed application program or OEM utility to reload the DEDB through the change system definitions for the DEDB. Take an image copy after the reload process completes.

Module:
DFSICV20

DFS3431	/MODIFY PROCESSING ALREADY ACTIVE
----------------	--

Explanation

This online change command (**/MODIFY**, **/DISPLAY MODIFY**) is rejected because one of the following situations exists:

- Another online change command (**/MODIFY**, **INITIATE OLC**, **TERMINATE OLC**, or **/DISPLAY MODIFY**) is in progress
- IMS is already in an online change prepare state due to a previous successful **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command.
- If you are using global online change and a previous online change command is taking far longer than expected, the online change command might be hung due to an internal error. The only way to get out of this situation is to cancel the IMS command master. Issue the query member type (IMS) command to find out which IMS is master of the online change phase.

- A **CREATE DB** or **DELETE DB** command that is adding a DEDB or deleting a DEDB is currently active. Try the **/DIS MODIFY** or the **/MODIFY** command again after the **CREATE DB** or **DELETE DB** has completed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Perform one of the following actions:

- If another online change command is in progress, wait for the online change command (**/MODIFY** or **/DISPLAY MODIFY**) to complete before entering this online change command.
- If IMS is already in an online change prepare state, terminate or commit the online change before attempting the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** commands again.

Module:
DFSICVD0, DFSICLV0, DFSICV10, DFSIDPG0

DFS3432	RACF PARAMETER INVALID IF RACF DATA SPACE USED
----------------	---

Explanation

When RACF (or equivalent product) with the GLOBAL=YES support is used, the RACF-defined IMS transactions and command profiles are loaded into a RACF data space. The IMS online change command **/MODIFY PREPARE RACF** cannot be used to refresh these profiles when they are in a RACF data space.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

The RACF-defined IMS profiles in the RACF data space can be refreshed by using the RACF command **SETROPTS RACLIST (classname) REFRESH**. An example of a *classname* is TIMS. TIMS is the RACF *classname* for IMS transaction profiles.

Module:
DFSICVF0

DFS3433W	ACBLIB MEMBER OLC ID MISMATCH MOLCID=yyyyddd hhmms
-----------------	---

Explanation

One or more ACB library member online changes occurred while IMS was not active in the IMSplex. IMS restart processing detected that the value in the MOLCID field in the restart checkpoint log record (X'4001') is not the same value as in the MOLCID field in the OLCSTAT data set. MOLCID=yyyyddd hhmmss is the local time stamp of the last member online change process that was committed while IMS was not active in the IMSplex.

System action

IMS restart continues normally.

System programmer response

If ACBSHR=Y, then the ACB library member online change has been included and the restarting IMS does not need to take any action.

If ACBSHR=N, then its ACB library does not include any ACB member online changes while the restarting IMS is down.

When this message is issued because ACBSHR=N is specified for this IMSplex, it means that:

- IMS systems in the OLCSTAT data set do not share ACB libraries.
- One or more ACB library member online change processes occurred while this IMS was not active in the IMSplex.
- The ACB member online changes that occurred while this IMS was not active in the IMSplex are not in the active ACB library of this IMS.

Manually update the ACB members in the ACB library so that the 1MOLCID field in the X'4001' log record matches the MOLCID field in the OLCSTAT data set.



Attention: If you run this IMS before the MOLCID values match, IMS might have data integrity problems or might terminate abnormally.

To make the MOLCID values match, perform one of the following tasks:

1. Perform one or more ACB member online change processes to synchronize the MOLCID field in the X'4001' log record with the MOLCID field in the OLCSTAT data set.
2. Shut down IMS and run the ACB Maintenance utility.
 - a. Shut IMS down normally.
 - b. Run the ACB Maintenance utility for those member online changes and apply the changed ACBs directly to the active

ACB library. Ensure that the ACB library includes all the ACB library members online up to the time of the MOLCID in DFS3433W.

c. Restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRLP00

DFS3434W	UNABLE TO OPEN DDNAME 'ddname'
----------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

IMS encountered an error trying to open the data set with *ddname*. Either the DD statement does not exist or the operating system has encountered an I/O error during open processing.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

The data set for *ddname* was probably not created. You must create the data set, if it is an I/O error.

DFS3435A	UNABLE TO LOAD MODULE DFSnnnnns. SYSTEM CODE=abcd. REASON CODE=efgh.
----------	--

Explanation

IMS is unable to locate or load the indicated module DFSnnnnns from the inactive MODBLKS data set.

In the message text:

- nnnn**
Represents the MODBLKS member name, either DDIR, PDIR, RCTE, or SMBO.
- s**
Represents the member name suffix.
- abcd**
Represents the 4-digit z/OS LOAD system completion code for theabend that would have been issued had the caller not provided an ERRET exit.
- efgh**
Represents the z/OS LOAD reason code associated with the system completion code.

See the IMODULE LOAD and IMODULE LOCATE return codes documented in the IMS system services return code information.

System action

If the module is necessary for continued operations, the **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** preparation is terminated. Otherwise, the message is a warning and the command attempts to complete.

Programmer response

Be sure that the library is APF authorized. Run the offline MODBLKS system definition steps to build the required modules or run the Online Change utility to copy the MODBLKS data set.

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3436E	INTERNAL BLOCKS MISSING: ERROR CODE= <i>errcode</i> PST=<i>pstno</i> PSB <i>psbname</i> DBD=<i>dbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal error has caused an IMS abend U1143.

In the message text:

dbname

The name of the database that was being altered or accessed by an application program when the missing blocks were detected.

psbname

The name of the PSB that specifies that database and version that the application program is trying to access.

pstno

The program specification table (PST) number relative to zero.

errcode

The error code that identifies when the missing blocks were detected. See the following list of error codes for an explanation of each code.

Error Code

Explanation

01

At the start of the transformation process, IMS detected that the delta blocks that are required for the HALDB alter function were not built.

02

Missing database versioning table.

03

Missing entry in the database versioning table.

05

During the data transformation on a DL/I call that reads the database, IMS detected that the

delta blocks that are required for the HALDB alter function were not built.

06

During the data transformation on a DL/I call that updates the database, IMS detected that the delta blocks that are required to access a version of the database other than the current version were not built.

07

During the data transformation on a DL/I call that reads the database, IMS detected that the delta blocks that are required to access a version of the database other than the current version were not built.

08

An application program attempted to update a variable length segment with data that is longer than the maximum segment length that is defined in the altered DMB for the new database definition.

09

Storage for block DBVW cannot be obtained during PSB scheduling time.

0A

The size of the delta blocks grew larger than its expected size during HALDB online alter processing.

0B

The size of the delta blocks grew larger than its expected size for a database with database versioning enabled.

0C

The HALDB alter function failed to obtain the storage that is required to reformat the segment data from the format defined in the existing database definition to the format defined in the new database definition.

0D

The internal delta blocks that are required to alter a segment from the format defined by the existing database definition to the format defined by the new database definition were not built.

System action

The application program terminates with abend U1143.

System programmer response

For error code 08, determine the maximum length for the variable length segment by reviewing the DBD source. Either change the maximum length that is defined in the DBD source and commit the changes with the Online Change function or modify the application program to reduce the length of the

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

If the I/O error occurred on a data set currently in use by the online IMS system, that system might shortly encounter a similar condition. If the error occurred for an inactive data set, you should recreate that data set.

DFS3440E	CHECKPOINT IS REJECTED - ONLINE CHANGE COMMIT IS IN PROGRESS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/CHECKPOINT** command was rejected because online change commit was in progress.

System action

The **/CHECKPOINT** command is rejected.

Operator response

Try the **/CHECKPOINT** command again after online change commit is completed.

Module:
DFSICM30, DFSRCP00

DFS3441	NOT ENOUGH STORAGE IN SUBPOOL 231 FOR MODIFY
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/MODIFY** or **INITIATE OLC** command processor was unable to get storage from subpool 231.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command when the system activity is decreased and more storage is available.

DFS3442I	CHECKPOINT IS DEFERRED - ONLINE CHANGE COMMIT IS IN PROGRESS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A simple checkpoint was initiated but is deferred because online change commit is in progress. The simple checkpoint was initiated either by a **/CHECKPOINT** command or internally by IMS because the CPLOG value was reached.

System action

The simple checkpoint is deferred. When online change commit completes, IMS initiates a simple checkpoint internally.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRCPO0

DFS3443I	/DISPLAY MODIFY ACTIVE
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

A **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **/MODIFY ABORT** command was entered while a **/DISPLAY MODIFY** command was in progress.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Wait, then reissue the command.

DFS3444W	TRAN <i>trannname</i> CONFLICTS WITH DYNAMIC LTERM, /MODIFY ABORTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE)** command was entered that attempted to add a transaction name that conflicts with a dynamic LTERM name. The *trannname* variable names the transaction that already exists as a dynamically created LTERM.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE)** command is aborted.

Programmer response

Determine whether *trannname* should be a LTERM or a transaction. If it should be an LTERM, remove *trannname* from the inactive MODBLKS you are trying to change to and retry the online change. If *trannname* should be a transaction, delete the dynamic LTERM by removing status and queue counts and initiating a simple checkpoint. To do this, issue the following commands:

```
/STOP USER trannname  
/DEQ USER trannname PURGE  
(or /DEQ LTERM trannname PURGE)
```

```
/START USER tranname  
/CHE
```

After the dynamic LTERM is deleted, retry the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command.

DFS3445	INACTIVE FORMAT LIBRARY IS EMPTY
----------------	---

Explanation

The inactive format library has no members.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command is aborted.

Programmer response

Copy the updated staging format library to the inactive format library and reissue the command.

DFS3446I	INDEX AREA IN MFS BUFFER POOL TOO SMALL. nnnn ENTRIES TRUNCATED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The area in the message format buffer pool (MFBP) reserved during IMS initialization for the two indexes used by the MFBP manager is not large enough to accommodate the increased indexes that would result from the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command being entered.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

If the **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command completes successfully, enter one of the following commands:

- **/MODIFY ABORT**
- **TERMINATE OLC**
- **/MODIFY COMMIT**
- **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)**

If you enter the **/MODIFY ABORT** command followed by the **/MODIFY PREPARE**, or the **TERMINATE OLC** command followed by the **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command, the resident index (\$\$IMSDIR) might be made smaller.

If you enter the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command, the resident index will be

truncated by the number of entries indicated in this message, but the switch to the inactive format library would continue. The reserved area for expansion of the indexes in the MFS buffer pool should be increased at the next IMS restart, or the requirements of the two indexes should be reduced. The reserved area is specified as an EXEC parameter (FBP=) in the IMS procedure.

The additional space requirement can be calculated as:

```
12 x (1 + number of added MFS format blocks/12)  
plus  
14 x (number of new $$IMSDIR entries)
```

DFS3447	UNABLE TO ACQUIRE STORAGE FOR INACTIVE FORMAT LIBRARY DIRECTORIES
----------------	--

Explanation

Storage in the IMS extended private area is unavailable for the hash table, for the prime area (\$\$IMSDIR), or index area of the MFS Dynamic Directory, or for the PDS directory index during **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)**.

System action

The **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reenter the command at a time when system activity has decreased and more storage is available.

DFS3448W	UNEXPECTED EOF ON DDNAME ddname -nn
-----------------	--

Explanation

The library referenced by the DD statement with the name *ddname* does not contain the expected data. This can be because the DD statement specified "DD DUMMY". If the EOF occurred on a FORMAT library which has concatenated data sets, nn indicates on which of the concatenated data sets of the EOF was received.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement, or recreate the data set, and reenter the command.

DFS3449W **AN INVALID DIRECTORY BLOCK
WAS READ FOR *xxxxxxx* - *nn***

Explanation

During a **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE)** command for an online change operation that included changing the MFS format library, an invalid directory block was read for a data set that has the DDNAME indicated in the message by *xxxxxxx* (FORMATA or FORMATB) and a number *nn* indicating the concatenated data set for that DDNAME.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

The data set indicated in this message has an error in the partitioned data set directory. This data set will need to be restored from a backup, or be recreated.

DFS3450 **/DBR NEEDED BEFORE
PARTITIONED DATABASE CAN BE
CHANGED/DELETED**

Explanation

Online change was initiated to either change or delete one or more HALDBs which have not been taken offline with a **/DBR** command.

Operator response

Issue a **/DBR** command for any HALDBs being changed or deleted, along with any logically related databases, primary indexes, or secondary indexes.

Module:
DFSICV30

Chapter 72. DFS messages, DFS3451 - DFS3500W

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3451 A /MODIFY PREPARE COMMAND
IS NOT IN EFFECT**

Explanation

A **/MODIFY PREPARE** command must be in effect before a **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **ABORT**, or a **/DISPLAY MODIFY** command can be processed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Issue a **/MODIFY PREPARE** command which specifies the requested changes.

**DFS3452 WORK IN PROGRESS FOR
RESOURCES TO BE CHANGED/
DELETED**

Explanation

The **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** or **/MODIFY COMMIT** command processing found that the resources to be changed or deleted have active work pending and are directly affected by this online change.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Issue the **/DISPLAY MODIFY** command or the **/DISPLAY MODIFY ALL** command to determine which resources still have active work pending. When the **/DISPLAY MODIFY** command indicates that all resources are to be changed or deleted and no longer have any active work pending, reissue the **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** or **/MODIFY COMMIT** command.

Module:
DFSICV30

**DFS3453 ERROR WRITING MODSTAT DATA
SET**

Explanation

An I/O error was detected while attempting to write the MODSTAT data set.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reconstruct the MODSTAT data set with the ddnames indicated on the last successful DFS3410I or DFS3499I message. See the IMS system definition information about reconstruction of MODSTAT. For the appropriate recovery actions in an XRF environment, see the IMS system administration information.

Related concepts

[Recovery in an XRF complex \(System Administration\)](#)

**DFS3454I I/O ERROR READING RESIDENT
DIRECTORY (\$\$IMSDIR) ddname
{-nn}**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command was reading the resident directory (\$\$IMSDIR) member from the inactive FORMAT library. If the error occurred on a FORMAT library that has concatenated data sets, nn indicates on which of the concatenated data sets the error was received. *ddname* is the name of the DD statement for the library for which the I/O error occurred.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Recreate the resident directory (\$\$IMSDIR) on the inactive FORMAT library. Copy the \$\$IMSDIR member from the active FORMAT library to the inactive data set, and the updates then reapplied, using the MFS Service utility.

DFS3455I /MODIFY ABORT IN PROGRESS

Explanation

A **/DISPLAY MODIFY**, **/MODIFY PREPARE**, or **/MODIFY COMMIT** was entered while a **/MODIFY ABORT** was in progress.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Wait for the termination to finish, then resubmit the command.

Module:
DFSICVDO

DFS3457	CHECKPOINT IN PROGRESS. COMMAND REJECTED.
----------------	--

Explanation

A checkpoint is in progress; the command cannot succeed and a commit cannot be performed.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Reenter the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (COMMIT)** command at a later time.

DFS3458	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE IN AOIP POOL
----------------	--

Explanation

The Automated Operator Interface (AOI) exit interface module was called to pass a command to the Type-1 Automated Operator exit routine (DFS AOUE0), but the interface module failed to obtain storage from the Automated Operator Interface buffer pool (AOIP).

System action

The command is ignored.

Output destination

The error message is returned to the console that the command was entered from.

User response

This condition can be a temporary condition that can be resolved by reentering the command later. If the command fails again, notify the system programmer.

Problem determination

Use the **/DISPLAY POOL** command to display the processor storage utilization statistics for AOIP.

Module:
DFSICLP0, DFSICM20, DFSYCM20

Related reference
[/DISPLAY POOL command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3459	MODIFY COMMIT TERMINATED - ALL DATABASE IN-DOUBTS MUST BE RESOLVED
----------------	---

Explanation

You cannot perform an online change until all in-doubt data in the system is resolved.

System action

IMS processing continues but no online change is performed.

Programmer response

You can resolve the in-doubts either by reconnecting the coordinator controller and IMS or by using an operator command. Then you can perform the online change.

DFS3460	/MODIFY PREPARE IN PROGRESS
----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The IMS command module is currently processing a **/MODIFY PREPARE** command and the IMS command module has not yet acknowledged completion of the command to the entering terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command after the command response to the **/MODIFY PREPARE** command is received.

Module

DFSICVDO

DFS3461	/MODIFY COMMIT IN PROGRESS
----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The IMS command module is currently processing a **/MODIFY COMMIT** command and it has not yet

acknowledged completion of the command to the entering terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command after the command response to the **/MODIFY COMMIT** command is received.

Module

DFSICVDO

DFS3462I	DEDB xxxxxxxx NOT VALID FOR /DBD COMMAND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The **/DBDUMP** command does not apply to DEDBs.

System action

The named database will be removed from the command, and the remaining databases, if any, will be processed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3463I	SPECIFIC MSDB xxxxxxxx NOT VALID FOR /DBD COMMAND
-----------------	--

Explanation

The **/DBDUMP** command is used to dump all the MSDBs to the MSDB dump data set by specifying the special parameter MSDB with the DATABASE keyword when entering the **/DBDUMP DB** command, or by entering the **/DBDUMP DB ALL** command.

System action

The named database will be removed from the command, and the remaining databases, if any, will be processed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3464I	MSDB xxxxxxxx NOT VALID FOR /DBR COMMAND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The **/DBRECOVERY** command does not apply to Fast Path MSDBs.

System action

The named database will be removed from the command, and the remaining databases, if any, will be processed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3465I	DATABASE xxxxxxxx IN ERROR
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The **/START DB** command did not process because a dynamic backout failure occurred for the specified database.

System action

The named database will be removed from the command and the remaining databases, if any, will be processed.

Programmer response

Issue the **/DBR** command to get the specified database offline, perform a batch backout, and then issue the **/START DB** or **UPDATE DB START (ACCESS)** command.

DFS3466I	DDIR FOR DATABASE dddddddd NOT FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

The database keyword parameter *ddddddd* in the **/START**, **/STOP**, **/DBD**, or **/DBR** command is not known to the IMS system. A DDIR could not be found for database *ddddddd* by a command processing module.

System action

IMS ignores the invalid parameter and continues to process any other database keyword parameters on the command.

Programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the corrected database parameters.

DFS3467I ERROR READING MODSTAT DATA SET

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while reading the MODSTAT data set or the contents of the MODSTAT data set are invalid. The error was encountered during initialization for a batch DBD type IMS region.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend U821.

Programmer response

Reconstruct the MODSTAT data set with the corrected ddnames before executing the batch job.

Problem determination

1, 3, 17

Related information

[IMS abend 0821](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
[IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.](#)

DFS3468I UNABLE TO OPEN DDNAME ddname IN DLS REGION

Explanation

The DL/I subordinate address space option was selected. As part of processing a **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command, the indicated DDNAME cannot be opened in the DL/I subordinate address space. Either the indicated DDNAME was not defined in the DL/I subordinate address space region JCL, or the operating system encountered an error during OPEN processing.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command is ignored.

Programmer response

The indicated DDNAME might not be defined in the DL/I subordinate address space JCL, or the data set specified might not exist.

DFS3469I IN= PARAMETER IGNORED FOR TYPE=ACTVACB

Explanation

The IN= parameter in the OLCUTL procedure is not required when TYPE=ACTVACB.

System action

The Online Change Copy utility (DFSUOCU0) ignores the IN= parameter and continues processing.

Module

DFSUOCU0

DFS3470 TRANSACTION CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE FOR USE (I:sss1/name1, D:sss2/name2)

Explanation

The transaction is in the process of being modified, or the application program and databases associated with the transaction are currently being modified.

In the message text:

sss1/name1

The source SYSID and source LTERM name for the input system.

sss2/name2

The destination SYSID and destination LTERM or TRAN code of the processing system

System action

The entered transaction is rejected by IMS.

Operator response

Reenter the transaction at a later time when the transaction or its resources are not being modified, and are available for use.

DFS3471 ROUTING CODE CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE FOR USE

Explanation

The routing code selected for this transaction is currently being modified.

System action

The entered transaction is rejected by IMS.

Operator response

Reenter the transaction at a later time when the routing code is not being modified, and is available for use.

**DFS3472 DEVICE FORMAT CHANGED,
MESSAGE RETURNED TO QUEUE**

Explanation

IMS MFS detected that the format currently used to format this device was dynamically modified by the Online Change function.

System action

The output message that was in progress has been returned to the IMS message queue.

Operator response

The message can be requested again; however, the new MFS format can result in some data being formatted differently.

**DFS3476I UPDATE MSLINK COMMAND
COMPLETED, CC= xx**

Explanation

The **/UPDATE MSLINK** command you issued from an IMS terminal has completed. xx identifies the completion code.

When you issue an **UPDATE MSLINK** command through the Operations Manager (OM), it processes as a type-2 command and does not issue this message.

System action:

If the completion code is 00, the **/UPDATE MSLINK** command completed successfully. If the completion code is non-zero, the command encountered a problem.

Operator response

If the completion code is 00, no action is required.

If the completion code is non-zero, see the completion code table in the information for the **UPDATE MSLINK** command. Correct the problem and reissue the command.

System programmer response:

See the Operator response.

Module:

DFSIU100

Related reference

[UPDATE MSLINK command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS3478 OUTPUT MESSAGE CANCELED BY
STATICOUTSEC OPTION**

Explanation

IMS canceled the transaction output message for static VTAM terminals because the current user doesn't match the user who initiated the transaction. This action is at the request of the **STATICOUTSEC** parameter that is specified in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member. If the terminal is in response mode and the current user has a different ID than the user ID that initiated the transaction, IMS sends this message in place of the transaction output message.

System action:

IMS sends this message instead of the canceled message. The processing continues.

Output Destination:

3270 user terminal.

User response:

This is an informational message. Check your procedures to determine if you must take any actions.

Problem determination:

5, 14

Module:

DFSCOF00, DFSCFE00

Related reference

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3480I INVALID LIBRARY TYPE
PARAMETER**

Explanation

The library type parameter was not one of the following values for the Online Change utility:

ACB
FORMAT
MODBLKS

System action

The copy is not done and the utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the utility.

Module:

DFSUOCU0

**DFS3481I INVALID INPUT DDNAME
PARAMETER**

Explanation

The input ddname parameter for the Online Change utility is not one of the following values:

S
I

System action

The copy is not done and the utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the utility.

**DFS3482I INVALID OUTPUT DDNAME
PARAMETER**

Explanation

The output ddname parameter for the Online Change utility is not one of the following values:

B
A
O
U

System action

The copy is not done and the utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter, and rerun the utility.

**DFS3483 ERROR DURING ENQUEUE
DDNAME=dddddddd**

Explanation

An error was detected while attempting to enqueue DD name *dddddddd* before copying.

System action

The copy is not done, and the utility is terminated.

System programmer response

Correct the DD statement.

**DFS3484I ERROR READING THE MODSTAT
DATA SET**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to read the MODSTAT data set before copying.

System action

The copy is not done and the utility is terminated.

Programmer response

Determine whether the content of MODSTAT is correct. If the data set has been destroyed, recreate it based on the last DFS3499I message, and resubmit the job.

Related information

[“DFS3499I” on page 987](#)

ACTIVE DDNAMES: *modblks-name acbllib-name
format-name* MODSTAT ID: *nnnn*

**DFS3485I *jobname* WAITING FOR DATASET
*data set name***

Explanation

The data set indicated by the message was already in use by another task. It has caused the indicated job to wait for the release of the data set.

System action

The indicated job waits until the data set becomes available.

Operator response

No action is required.

When the data set becomes available, the indicated job will run.

DFS3486 IEBCOPY PARAMETER ERROR

Explanation

One of the IEBCOPY parameters specified (WORK, SIZE, or LIST) contained an invalid parameter. The following are error examples:

- One or more IEBCOPY parameters are specified on the PROC and EXEC statements, but not specified as input parameters.
- One or more IEBCOPY parameters are specified on the PROC and EXEC statements, but not specified as input parameters.

System action

The Online Change Copy utility fails.

System programmer response

Correct the IEBCOPY parameter on the Online Change Copy utility and try running the utility again.

Module:
DFSUOCU

DFS3487 ALL KEYWORD INVALID

Explanation

The ALL keyword is invalid when both dynamic resource definition (DRD) and the IMS directory are enabled. The IMS system rejects the /MODIFY command.

System action

The command is not executed.

User response

Reissue the /MODIFY command without the ALL keyword.

Module:
DFSICV10

Related reference
[/MODIFY command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS3488 ERROR DURING ENQUEUE FOR
DDNAME dddddddd**

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to enqueue the inactive library dddddddd during the /MODIFY PREPARE or INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE) command. The library does not exist or was in use by the copy utility.

System action

If the library is MATRixa or MATRixB, processing of the /MODIFY PREPARE or INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE) command continues; otherwise, it is terminated.

Operator response

If the /MODIFY PREPARE or INITIATE OLC PHASE (PREPARE) command was terminated and no message DFS3499I was issued, resubmit the command when the data set is available.

**DFS3489 OUTPUT MESSAGE CANCELED BY
USER OUTPUT EDIT ROUTINE**

Explanation

IMS canceled the output message at the request of your physical terminal output edit routine. If the terminal is in response mode, IMS sends this message in place of the output message that would have satisfied response mode. If a system restart occurred, then IMS resets response mode and does not send message DFS3489 after a request to discard the response message.

System action

IMS sends this message instead of the canceled message.

Operator response

This is an informational message. Consult your procedures to determine if you must take any action.

Problem determination:
5, 14

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3490I APPC TIMEOUT ACTIVE,
MVS=xxxx MINS, yy SECS,
IMS=zzzz MINS.**

Explanation

APPC timeout is active. xxxx is the number of minutes and yy is the number of seconds for the APPC MVS timeout value. zzzz is the number of minutes for the APPC IMS timeout value. These values are defined by the APPCIOT parameter in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member.

System action

IMS checks every xxxx minutes or yy seconds to determine whether an APPC call issued under the dependent region task control block (TCB) is inactive after more than xxxx minutes. See the message text for DFS3492W for additional information.

zzzz is the number of minutes an application is allowed to remain inactive. Inactive means that the application could not respond within the time out limit.

Programmer response

This message is for information only.

Related information

DFS3492W
APPC/IMS TIMEOUT LIMIT REACHED FOR LU
luname, TP-ID *tp-id*, ASYNC. CONVERSATION.
INACTIVE SINCE *xxxx* SECONDS.

DFS3491I **APPC/IMS TIMEOUT
DEACTIVATED. (SYSTEM
SHUTDOWN) (TIMER CANCELED)
(DFSTIMER ERROR, RC=*xx*) (APPC
NOT ACTIVE (APPCIOT = 0) (NO
MVS SUPPORT)**

Explanation

APPC/IMS timeout is inactive. The message includes the reason why APPC/IMS timeout is inactive.

If the reason is NO MVS SUPPORT, APPC/MVS does not support the timeout service. The current z/OS level does not support the APPC/MVS timeout service.

When APPCIOT = 0 is listed, the APPCIOT parameter in DFSDCxxx member has been defined as zero, or has been changed to zero by the **/CHANGE** command.

Programmer response

If the reason is (DFSTIMER ERROR), report the problem to IBM Software Support. Otherwise, this is an informational message.

DFS3492W **APPC/IMS TIMEOUT LIMIT
REACHED FOR LU *luname*, TP-
ID *tp-id*, ASYNC. CONVERSATION.
INACTIVE SINCE *xxxx* SECONDS.**

or

**APPC/IMS TIMEOUT LIMIT REACHED FOR LU
luname, TP-ID *tp-id*, REGION *region-id*. INACTIVE
SINCE *xxxx* SECONDS.**

Explanation

APPC/IMS timeout detected a dependent region or an asynchronous conversation that might have hung. The values of the message text are:

luname

The VTAM LU name of the session.

tp-id

The TP-ID of the APPC conversation.

region-id

The IMS-dependent region ID or ASYNC. For an asynchronous conversation, the region ID is CONV.

xxxx

The number of seconds the conversation is waiting for a response to an APPC call.

Programmer response

Issue a **V NET,INACT** command for the *luname* to clean up the dependent region or an asynchronous conversation that is potentially hung. **V NET,INACT** stops all conversations for the *luname*, which could be more than just the hung conversation.

If the hung conversation is a batch-job, the *luname* will be APPC/MVS; in this case, issuing a **V NET,INACT** stops all APPC/MVS sessions. Use the *tp-id* to determine the job-name by issuing the **D APPC,TP,ALL** command, and cancel the batch job.

DFS3493I **MODBLKS KEYWORD INVALID
WHEN DYNAMIC RESOURCE
DEFINITION ENABLED**

Explanation

The command was not processed because the keyword is invalid in an IMS system with dynamic resource definition (DRD) enabled.

System action:

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Use DRD commands to modify resources online.

DFS3494E **OTMA HAS TIMED OUT FOR
TMEMBER/TPIPE *xxxx/yyyy***

or

OTMA HAS TIMED OUT FOR TMEMBER/TPIPE *xxxx/yyyy* RT=*rt_token*

or

OTMA HAS TIMED OUT FOR TMEMBER/TPIPE *xxxx/yyyy* AND MOVED THE OUTPUT TO *zzzz*

Explanation

OTMA timed out waiting for an ACK or NAK from the OTMA target member (tmember or client) *xxxx* with the transaction pipe (tpipe) *yyyy* has initiated a CMO timeout action for a missing ACK or NAK.

If the OTMA tpipe supports multiple active RESUME TPIPE requests, the hexadecimal token number,

rt_token, that identifies the RESUME TPIPE call is also displayed.

If the zzzz field is present, the CM0 output message has been rerouted to the output tpipe zzzz. If the member supports the hold queue, the message is moved to the hold queue of the tpipe zzzz.

For an IMS callout message through ICAL, the IMS application that issues the synchronous callout request receives a return code of X'100' and a reason code of X'104'. The message is discarded.

In the message text:

rt_token

The identifying hexadecimal token number of the RESUME TPIPE call.

xxxx

The name of the OTMA client.

yyyy

The name of the TPIPE on which the time out occurred.

zzzz

The TPIPE name to which the output was rerouted.

System action:

Processing continues.

Operator response

Identify the cause of the missing ACK or NAK for this timeout condition. It could be an application program or a failure in the network component.

Programmer response

Make sure that your program issues an ACK or NAK to IMS for the received CM0 output message. Also, it is possible that there is a network failure so that the ACK or NAK cannot arrive at IMS OTMA.

If the OTMA client is IMS Connect, you can issue the IMS command QUERY IMSCON TYPE(CLIENT) RTTOKEN(*rt_token*) to identify the IMS Connect client.

Problem determination

Examine the network trace to identify which component in the network did not forward the ACK or NAK to IMS. Make sure that your program issues an ACK or NAK to IMS for the received CM0 output message or synchronous callout message.

A possible cause of this problem is that there is a network failure so that the ACK or NAK cannot arrive at IMS OTMA.

Module:

DFSYP00

DFS3495W

**OTMA HAS BEEN WAITING
FOR AN ACK FROM TMEMBER/
TPIPE xxxx/yyyy FOR OVER zzzz
SECONDS.**

Explanation

OTMA detected that member xxxx with transaction pipe (tpipe) yyyy has been waiting for an acknowledgment for more than zzzz seconds. Because the OTMA CM0 ACK timeout function has been turned off, OTMA does not take the timeout action to reroute the output message.

System action:

Processing continues. The tpipe remains in a hang status. All of the queued output messages on the tpipe are not delivered until the ACK or NAK is received.

Operator response

Identify the cause of the missing ACK or NAK for this timeout condition. The problem might be an application program, or a failure in the network component. You can restart the tpipe manually with a **/STOP TMEMBER tpipe** and then a **/START TMEMBER tpipe** command.

Programmer response

Make sure that your program issues an ACK or NAK to IMS for the received CM0 output message. Also, it is possible that there is a network failure so that the ACK or NAK cannot arrive at IMS OTMA.

Problem determination:

Examine the network trace to identify which component in the network did not forward the ACK or NAK to IMS.

Module:

DFSYP00

DFS3496W

**DMB XXXXXXXX IN INACTIVE
ACBLIB NOT COMPATIBLE WITH
IMS**

Explanation

The level of the inactive library is not compatible with the current IMS release.

System action

The **/MODIFY PREPARE ACBLIB** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (COMMIT** command terminates.

Programmer response

Verify that the JCL specifies the correct library and that ACBGEN is performed at the appropriate level for the current release of IMS

**DFS3497A AN INVALID MOLC LOG RECORD
DETECTED AND IGNORED
RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**A PRIOR MOLC UOW FOUND, THE UOW IS
BEING IGNORED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**INTERNAL MOLC ERROR RSN=aaaaaaaa
RC=bbbbbbbb TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**INTERNAL MEMBER ONLINE CHANGE
ERROR RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC ERROR PROCESSING AN INCOMPLETE
UOW RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC ERROR, PDIR BLOCK COULD NOT
BE FOUND PDIR=ddddddd RSN=aaaaaaaa
RC=bbbbbbbb TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC ERROR, DDIR BLOCK COULD NOT
BE FOUND PDIR=eeeeeee RSN=aaaaaaaa
RC=bbbbbbbb TOKEN=cccccccccccccc**

Explanation

During IMS restart, Extended Recovery Facility (XRF) or Fast Database Recovery (FDR) tracking, an

unrecoverable error was encountered while processing member online change log records. The member online change unit of work was most likely not completed, and the member online change must be redone. See the explanation of the reason codes for detailed information.

In the message text:

ddddddd

The name of the missing PDIR

eeeeeee

The name of the missing DDIR

aaaaaaaa

The reason code

bbbbbbbb

The return code

cccccccccccccc

The member online change unit of work token

The reason code can be one of the following:

Codes

Explanation

01

Internal error. An invalid log record type 70xx was passed to the member online change processing module and was ignored.

02, 03, 05, 06, 07, or 0A

A type 70xx (7002, 7003, 7004 or 7005) log record was read for a new member online change unit of work, while the previous member online change unit of work did not contain the unit of work termination log record (a type 7006 or 7010). The previous member online change unit of work is terminated and cleanup is performed, and the new unit of work is initialized. Missing log records or log tapes can cause this problem.

04

A 7002 log record contained no members to process. This member online change unit of work generated no work. This situation is most likely due to a member online change which did not update any ACBLIB members.

08

A 7005 log record was processed for a member online change indicating the user terminated the member online change unit of work. The member online unit of work is terminated.

09

A 7005 log record was processed, indicating the user committed the member online change unit of work. If this problem is an XRF tracking IMS with FDBR and ACBSHR=N is specified, the member online unit of work is committed. If this problem is an XRF tracking IMS with FDBR and ACBSHR=Y

is specified, no action is required by this IMS; the commit on the active IMS completed successfully.

OB

A 7010 log record was found as the only log record in this unit of work. See the subsequent DFS3497I to determine how IMS handled this member online change unit of work.

OC

A 7010 log record was found by the tracking IMS at the end of a unit of work log stream, indicating you aborted the member online change unit of work. ACBSHR=N was specified so IMS aborted the member online unit of work.

OD

A 7010 log record was found at the end of a unit of work log stream, indicating you aborted the member online change unit of work. ACBSHR=Y was specified, so no IMS action is required. This is an informational message only.

OE

A 7002 was the only log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit of work. The existence of the 7002 indicated the unit of work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been aborted, so IMS aborted the member online change unit of work.

OF

A 7003 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit of work. The existence of the 7003 indicated the unit of work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been aborted, so IMS aborted the member online change unit of work.

10

A 7003 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit of work. The existence of the 7003 indicated the unit of work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been completed, so IMS committed the member online change unit of work.

11

A 7004 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit of work. The existence of the 7004 indicated the unit of work had completed; however, because the subsequent 7010 was missing, the state of the resources being changed is unknown. The member online change unit of work is committed.

12

This is due to an internal error, where part of the internal control block structure is missing. The member online change process is aborted.

1B or 21

This problem is due to a get main failure. The most likely cause is a lack of available storage. The return code for the get main is included in the message.

1C

The member online change process could not read the OLCSTAT data set; the member online change process is aborted.

1D

A DDIR was missing from the library during member online change processing. The online change process skips this member and the member online change process continues.

1E

A PDIR was missing from the library during member online change processing. The online change process skips this member and the member online change process continues.

1F or 20

An internal error occurred during initialization processing for a member online change. The member online change process is aborted.

13, 15, 17, or 19

During tracking with ACBSHR=NO, the member online change process was attempting to delete a member from the tracking ACBLIB, but the member does not exist. This code indicates the ACBLIBs are now out of sync between the active and the tracker. IMS terminates abnormally.

22

A 7002 was the only log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit of work. The existence of the 7002 indicated the unit of work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been committed, so IMS recommitted the member online change unit of work.

2D, 2E, 2F, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 41, or 42

A previous unit of work for member online change still existed when one of the following log records was processed: 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7007, 7008, 7012, 7013, 7014, 7015. No action is required. Missing log records or log tapes can cause this problem.

36, 37, 38, 39, 3A, 3B, 3C, 3D, 43 or 44

One of the following log records was processed, but there was no associated 7002 record in the log: 7003, 7004, 7005, 7007, 7008, 7012, 7013,

7014 or 7015. No action is required. Missing log records or log tapes can cause this problem.

System action

The member online change incomplete unit of work is committed or aborted. See the description of the reason code under **Programmer response** for additional information.

Programmer response

The responses depend on the reason codes as follows:

01

An invalid log record was passed to the modules that process the member online change log records. To assist in correcting this internal error, run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support.

02, 03, 05, 06, 07, or 0A

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message. The 7002 for the incomplete member online change unit of work contains the member names which were not processed. To process these, the member online change must be redone for the missing members; also contact IBM Software Support.

04

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support. This problem is an internal error, as the 7002 must contain member names to process. If any member online changes were performed in this time frame, verify all member online changes for completeness. If any member online changes were found to have failed, the member online change must be redone.

12

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. This problem is an internal error. The member online change unit of work is not completed and must be redone. If you feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1D

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. The PDIR or DDIR to member online change was missing from the staging or active ACBLIB. The member online change for these missing members must be redone. If you

feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1E

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. The PDIR or DDIR to member online change was missing from the staging or active ACBLIB. The member online change for these missing members must be redone. If you feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1F or 20

To help IBM correct this internal error, run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support.

08, 09, 0B, 0C, 0D, 0E, 0F, 10, or 11

No response required, as these are informational messages only. If you feel you received these messages in error, or that there is an issue, contact IBM Software Support.

1C

Verify that the OLCSTAT data set exists, and is available for member online change in read only mode. The member online change unit of work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

1B

Free ECSA storage for the member online change process. The member online change unit of work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

21

Free private storage for the member online change process. The member online change unit of work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

13, 15, 17, or 19

The missing member name was contained in the message. The member online change for this member must be redone for the tracking IMS ACBLIB. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members that were part of this member online change. Then verify that the member online change has completed for the other members in the type 7002 log record.

Module:

DFSMOL10, DFSMOL20

DFS3497I **MOLC 7005 LOG RECORD
FOUND, UOW ABORTED
RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

**MOLC 7005 LOG RECORD FOUND, UOW
COMMITTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7010 LOG RECORD FOUND, NO PROCESSING
REQUIRED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7010 LOG RECORD FOUND,
UOW ABORTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7003 LOG RECORD FOUND,
UOW ABORTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7002 LOG RECORD FOUND, UOW
COMMITTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7003 LOG RECORD FOUND, UOW
COMMITTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

or

**MOLC 7004 LOG RECORD FOUND, UOW
COMMITTED RSN=aaaaaaaa RC=bbbbbbbb
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc**

Explanation

During IMS restart, Extended Recovery Facility (XRF) or Fast Database Recovery (FDR) tracking, an incomplete member online change unit-of-work

was encountered. The most likely cause was IMS abnormally terminating while member online change was active, or XRF/FDBR tracking. The member online change log records contained enough information to allow IMS to determine if the user had committed or terminated the member online change unit of work (UOW). Based upon this information the unit-of-work was recommitted or terminated. See the explanation of the reason codes for detailed information.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The reason code

bbbbbbbb

The return code

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change unit of work token

The reason code can be one of the following:

Codes

Explanation

01

Internal error. An invalid log record type 70xx was passed to the member online change processing module and was ignored.

02, 03, 05, 06, 07, or 0A

A type 70xx (7002, 7003, 7004 or 7005) log record was read for a new member online change unit-of-work, while the previous member online change unit of work did not contain the unit-of-work termination log record (a type 7006 or 7010). The previous member online change unit-of-work is terminated and cleanup is performed, and the new unit-of-work is initialized. Missing log records or log tapes can cause this problem.

04

A 7002 log record contained no members to process. This member online change unit of work generated no work. The cause is likely a member online change that did not update any ACBLIB members.

08

A 7005 log record was processed for a member online change indicating that you terminated the member online change unit-of-work. The member online unit-of-work is terminated.

09

A 7005 log record was processed, indicating the user committed the member online change unit-of-work. If this problem is an XRF tracking IMS with FDBR and ACBSHR=N is specified, the member online unit-of-work is committed. If this problem is an XRF tracking IMS with FDBR and ACBSHR=Y is specified, no action is required

by this IMS as the commit on the active has completed successfully.

OB

A 7010 log record was found as the only log record in this unit-of-work. See the subsequent DFS3497I for information about how IMS handled this member online change unit of work.

OC

A 7010 log record was found by the tracking IMS at the end of a unit-of-work log stream, indicating you terminated the member online change unit-of-work. ACBSHR=N was specified so IMS terminated the member online unit-of-work.

OD

A 7010 log record was found at the end of a unit-of-work log stream, indicating you terminated the member online change unit-of-work. ACBSHR=Y was specified, so no IMS action is required.

OE

A 7002 was the only log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit-of-work. The existence of the 7002 indicated the unit-of-work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been terminated, so IMS terminated the member online change unit of work.

OF

A 7003 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit-of-work. The existence of the 7003 indicated the unit-of-work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been terminated, so IMS terminated the member online change unit of work

10

A 7003 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit-of-work. The existence of the 7003 indicated the unit-of-work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been completed, so IMS recommitted the member online change unit of work.

11

A 7004 was the last log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit-of-work. The existence of the 7004 indicated the unit-of-work had completed. However, because the subsequent 7010 is missing, the state of the resources being online changed are unknown. The member online change unit of work is committed.

12

This problem is due to an internal error, where part of the internal control block structure is missing. The member online change process is terminated.

1B or 21

This problem is due to a get main failure. The most likely cause is a lack of available storage. The return code for the get main is included in the message.

1C

The member online change process could not read the OLCSTAT data set, the member online change process is terminated.

1D

A DDIR was missing from the library during member online change processing. The online change process skips this member and the member online change process continues.

1E

A PDIR was missing from the library during member online change processing. The online change process skips this member and the member online change process continues.

1F or 20

An internal error occurred during initialization processing for a member online change. The member online change process is terminated.

13, 15, 17, or 19

During tracking with ACBSHR=NO, the member online change process was attempting to delete a member from the tracking ACBLIB, but the member does not exist. This indicates the ACBLIBs are now out of sync between the active and the tracker. IMS is abnormally terminated.

22

A 7002 was the only log record found in the log stream for this member online change unit-of-work. The existence of the 7002 indicated the unit-of-work was initiated, but the subsequent 7004, 7005, and 7010 were not found. IMS read the OLCSTAT data set and found the member online change unit of work had been committed, so IMS committed the member online change unit of work.

System action

The member online change incomplete unit of work is committed or terminated. See the description of the reason code under **Programmer response** for additional information.

Programmer response

The responses depend on the reason codes as follows:

01

An invalid log record was passed to the modules that process the member online change log records. To help in correcting this internal error, run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support.

02, 03, 05, 06, 07, or 0A

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message. The 7002 for the incomplete member online change unit-of-work contains the member names that were not processed. To process these members, the member online change must be redone for the missing members along with contacting IBM Software Support.

04

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support. This problem is an internal error, as the 7002 must contain member names to process. If any member online changes were performed in this time frame, verify all member online changes for completeness. If any member online changes were found to have failed, the member online change must be redone.

12

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. This problem is an internal error. The member online change unit-of-work is not completed and must be redone. If you feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1D

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. The PDIR or DDIR to member online change was missing from the staging or active ACBLIB. The member online change for these missing members must be redone. If you feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1E

Run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records for the token described in the message, and contact IBM Software Support. The PDIR or DDIR to member online change was missing from the staging or active ACBLIB. The member online change for these missing members must be redone. If you feel you received these messages in error, contact IBM Software Support.

1F or 20

To help in correcting this internal error, run DFSERA10 to extract all 7002, 7003, 7004, 7005, 7006, 7010, and 70FF log records and contact IBM Software Support.

08, 09, 0B, 0C, 0D, 0E, 0F, 10, or 11

No response required, as these are informational messages only. If you feel you received these messages in error, or that there is an issue, contact IBM Software Support.

1C

Verify that the OLCSTAT data set exists, and is available for member online change in read only mode. The member online change unit-of-work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

1B

Free up ECSA storage for the member online change process. The member online change unit-of-work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

21

Free private storage for the member online change process. The member online change unit-of-work must be redone. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members to redo.

13, 15, 17, or 19

The missing member name was contained in the message. The member online change for this member must be redone for the tracking IMS ACBLIB. Run DFSERA10 to extract the 7002 for the token described in the message to obtain a list of the members that were part of this member online change and verify that the member online change has completed for the other members in the type 7002 log record.

Module:

DFSMOL10, DFSMOL20

DFS3498W *bbbb nnnnnnnn eeeeeeeee....*

Explanation

/MODIFY PREPARE, INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE), or **/MODIFY COMMIT** processing detected an invalid condition in the MODBLKS or ACBGEN output. This problem or situation occurred during prepare processing, unless otherwise noted as commit processing.

In the message text:

bbbb

Block type, if applicable DMB represents a DMB in ACBLIB. DDIR represents a database in MODBLKS. PSB represents a PSB in ACBLIB. SMB represents a transaction in MODBLKS.

nnnnnnnn

The name of the block, if applicable.

eeeeeeee....

The problem or situation encountered, which might be one of the following:

ALREADY DEFINED AS PARTITION CHANGE

Issued when a database defined in the MODBLKS data set is already defined as a HALDB partition. Once a database is defined as a HALDB partition to DBRC and IMS, it remains defined to IMS as a HALDB partition until you cold start IMS and cannot be changed into a MODBLKS database, even if the HALDB partition is deleted from DBRC.

ALREADY DEFINED AS DATABASE CHANGE

Issued when the online change prepare detects that a DDIR in the MODBLKS data set that is being added exists. If this situation does occur, it is probably an internal error. Online change prepare is rejected.

ALREADY DEFINED AS DATABASE COMMIT

Issued when the online change commit detects that a DDIR in the MODBLKS data set that is being added exists. If this situation does occur, it is probably an internal error. Online change commit proceeds in spite of this error. Once a database is defined as a HALDB partition to DBRC and IMS, it remains defined to IMS as a HALDB partition until you cold start IMS and cannot be changed into a MODBLKS database, even if the HALDB partition is deleted from DBRC.

ALREADY DEFINED AS PARTITION COMMIT

Issued when the online change commit detects that a member in the MODBLKS data set is defined using the same name as an existing HALDB partition added since the prepare phase. The HALDB partition definition prevails. Online change commit proceeds in spite of this error. Subsequent PREPARE commands fail with DFS3498W DDIR *dbname* ALREADY DEFINED AS PARTITION CHANGE as long as the database remains in the inactive MODBLKS data set.

ALREADY DEFINED AS TRANSACTION

This string is issued when a **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** detects that a transaction being added by an online change was added as a CPIC transaction by the same name since prepare. Online Change

proceeds in spite of this error. The transaction remains a CPIC transaction. If you prefer the MODBLKS definition, define the transaction again in the inactive MODBLKS dataset and do another online change.

NOT IN ACTIVE LIBRARY

Issued when **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** is specified with the BLDL option, to cause information message DFS3498I to be issued for each PSB or DMB not found in the inactive ACBLIB. This message does not affect the success of the command.

NOT IN INACTIVE LIBRARY

Issued when **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** is specified with the BLDL option, to cause information message DFS3498W to be issued for each PSB or DMB not found in the active ACBLIB. This message does not affect the success of the command.

PDIR NAME IS INVALID

Issued when a transaction being added or changed defines an application program name that does not exist.

SID NUMBER IS INVALID

Issued when a transaction being added or changed defines a SYSID that is larger than the maximum SYSID that was used at IMS cold start.

SNO - COMPARE

Issued when the online change compare function detects that a DMB or PSB in ACBLIB is being changed, but cannot find the associated local control block (DDIR or PDIR). This error should not occur (SNO), since the local control block did exist when the BLDL list was built.

SNO - INSERT CHANGE

Issued when online change tries to insert a changed DMB or PSB into the change list, but cannot find the associated local control block (DDIR or PDIR). This error should not occur (SNO) and usually indicates that the wrong MODBLKS data set is being used. It might also indicate an internal error.

SNO - INSERT DELETE

Issued when online change tries to insert a deleted DMB or PSB into the delete list, but cannot find the associated local control block (DDIR or PDIR). This error should not occur (SNO) and usually indicates that the wrong MODBLKS data set is being used. It might also indicate an internal error.

SYSID CHNG IS INVALID

Issued when a transaction is being changed from local to remote and at least one other

type of change to the transaction or application program is being attempted as well.

UNSUPPORTED MSDB ADDITION

Issued when online change attempts to add, change, or delete an MSDB database in MODBLKS or DMB in ACBLIB, which is not supported.

UNSUPPORTED MSDB CHANGE

Issued when online change attempts to change an MSDB database in MODBLKS or DMB in ACBLIB, which is not supported.

UNSUPPORTED MSDB DELETION

Issued when online change attempts to delete an MSDB database from MODBLKS or DMB from ACBLIB, which is not supported.

System action

For a **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)** command, the command is terminated. For a **/MODIFY COMMIT** command, the online change commit succeeds, except for the specified database. The database remains a HALDB partition.

Programmer response

Correct the problem, run the MODBLKS GEN or ACBGEN again, run the Online Change utility, and retry online change.

For a **/MODIFY COMMIT** command that failed with DFS3498W DDIR *dbname* ALREADY EXISTS AS PARTITION COMMIT, perform an online change to remove this database definition from your MODBLKS gen. Otherwise, each subsequent attempt to do an online change will fail on the **/MODIFY PREPARE** command with DFS3498W DDIR *dbname* ALREADY EXISTS AS PARTITION CHANGE. Also, the database reverts to a non-HALDB database at the next IMS cold start.

For the warning SID NUMBER IS INVALID, generate a transaction with a SYSID that does not exceed the maximum SYSID. Or, cold start IMS with the MODBLKS data set that contains the transaction defined with the highest SYSID.

Module:

DFSCPD00, DFSRMDD0, DFSRMDM0, DFSRMPS0, DFSRMSM0

DFS3499I **ACTIVE DDNAMES:** *modblks-name acblib-name format-name*
MODSTAT ID: *nnnn*

Explanation

This message indicates online change status including the active online change libraries and the current modify ID. IMS issues this message when the following IMS commands are entered from the master terminal or system console:

- IMS restart
- Simple checkpoint
- **/MODIFY PREPARE**, to indicate the current active online change libraries before the new definitions are committed
- **/MODIFY COMMIT**, to indicate the new active online change libraries, after online change is committed

In the message text:

modblks-name

Active MODBLKS DD in the IMS JCL, that identifies the active MODBLKS library. *modblks-name* is either MODBLKSA or MODBLKSB. If the MODBLKS DD cards are omitted from the IMS JCL and online change for MODBLKS is disabled, this variable is blank.

acblib-name

Active IMSACB DD in the IMS JCL, that identifies the active ACBLIB library. *acblib-name* is either IMSACBA or IMSACBB.

format-name

Active FORMAT DD in the IMS JCL, that identifies the active MFS format library. *format-name* is either FORMATA or FORMATB. If this system is DBCTL, *format-name* is blank.

nnnn

Modify ID number. When you initialize the MODSTAT data set, you decide what number to assign as the modify ID. Every time online change is successful, this number increments by 1. If you initialized this number to 0, the value indicates how many online changes have been successful since cold start. The modify ID is used to recover security status during an emergency restart.

This message is also issued after:

- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/DBD**
- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/DBR**
- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/CHE**

DFS3500W **GLOBAL STATUS FOR *rsrctype* RESOURCES IS DISABLED**

Explanation

The global status for database, DEDB area, or transaction resources is disabled at this IMS. *rsrctype* can be DB (database), AREA, or TRAN (transaction).

Any DB, AREA, or TRAN commands that are issued with SCOPE(ALL) are treated as SCOPE(ACTIVE), and global status is not updated. If a DB or AREA command is issued as GLOBAL, global status is not updated.

System action

IMS continues restart processing.

System programmer response

No action is required.

If you want to maintain global status for commands processed from this IMS, take the following actions:

1. Cancel IMS or shut down IMS after the restart completes. After the error condition reported in the DFS3308 message is fixed, restart IMS. IMS is then synchronized with the RM status and no additional action is required.
2. Allow IMS restart to complete. Then do the following:

- a. Correct the error condition reported in the DFS3308 message.
- b. Issue the appropriate **UPDATE IMS SET(PLEXPARM)** command to enable global status at this IMS.
- c. Issue **QRY TRAN** (or **DB** or **AREA**) **SHOW(GLOBAL)** commands to see the resources with global status.
- d. Issue the appropriate **SCOPE(ACTIVE)** commands to ensure this IMS is synchronized with RM status.

Module:

DFSGST20

Related information

DFS3308E

cs/type REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*

RC=xxnnnnnn RSN=ssssssss

Chapter 73. DFS messages, DFS3501W - DFS3550I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3501W GLOBAL STATUS NOT OBTAINED
FOR xxxx RESOURCES ADDED
WITH ONLINE CHANGE**

Explanation

Online Change processing encountered an error trying to determine the global status for added transaction or database resources.

In the message text:

xxxx
DB or TRAN, indicating either a database or a transaction

The added database or transaction status might be different from the status maintained in the RM resource structure.

A DFS3308 message might accompany this message, containing additional error information of any resource manager (RM) request errors and the RM return and reason codes.

System action

The databases or transactions added by the online change are available for use without the global status from RM applied.

User response:

Get the global status for the added transaction and database resources by issuing a **QRY TRAN SHOW(GLOBAL)** or **QRY DB SHOW(GLOBAL)** to obtain the information from RM. You can then use an **UPD TRAN** or **UPD DB** command with **SCOPE(ACTIVE)** and the appropriate **START** or **STOP** to ensure that IMS is synchronized with RM global status.

Module:

DFSGST40

Related information

[DFS3308E](#)
csltype REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*
RC=xxnnnnnn RSN=ssssssss

**DFS3503 Resource initialization is not
complete, try the command again**

Explanation

Your command cannot be completed because the resource needed has not been fully initialized.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Try the command again.

Module:

DFSICL30

**DFS3505E SECTION=section_name IS
REQUIRED, PROCLIB MEMBER
proclibmem, JOBNAME=job_name
or
parmname1=value1 IS REQUIRED
WHEN parmname2=value2;
PROCLIB MEMBER proclibmem,
JOBNAME=job_name
or
ACBMGMT=CATALOG AND
CATALOG=Y IS REQUIRED IN
PROCLIB MEMBER proclibmem,
JOBNAME=job_name**

Explanation

If an error was found while processing DFSDF parameters from the PROCLIB data set, this message is issued.

If the message text states that a section name is required, the section name required for this configuration was not found in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

If the message text states that a particular parameter and value are required when another parameter name and value are present in the PROCLIB member, the required parameter was not enabled during IMS or Batch initialization.

If the message text states that ACBMGMT=CATALOG and CATALOG=Y are required in the PROCLIB member, IMS management of ACBs was enabled, and either ACBMGMT=CATALOG or CATALOG=Y was not specified.

In the message text:

section=name

Indicates the name of the required section.

parmname1=value1

Indicates the parameter name and value in the PROCLIB member that was not specified.

parmname2=value2

Indicates the parameter name and value in the PROCLIB member that was specified.

proclibmem

Indicates the name of the PROCLIB member.

job_name

Indicates the name of the job for which initialization failed.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with a 0071abend.

System programmer response

Correct the PROCLIB member definition, and try IMS initialization again.

Module:

DFS3DF00, DFS3DF10

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3507E **parmname=value IS NOT SPECIFIED IN USER EXIT userexit, JOBNAME=job_name**

Explanation

If an error was found while processing Catalog definition User Exit, this message is issued. If a required parameter is not enabled by the User Exit during Batch initialization, then this message will be triggered.

If IMS management of ACBs is enabled without CATALOG being enabled, this message is also issued.

In the message text:

parmname=value

Indicates the name of parameter in the User Exit definitions that was not enabled.

userexit

Indicates the name of the PROCLIB member.

job_name

Indicates the name of the batch job for which initialization failed.

System action

Batch Job initialization terminates with a 0071abend.

System programmer response

Correct the User Exit parameter definition, and try Batch Job again.

Module:

DFS3DF10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

DFS3511I **ODBA failed to connect to ODBM for reason: xxxxxxxxxxxx RC=nnnn**

Explanation

During initialization of the database resource adapter (DRA), ODBA attempted to connect to ODBM. However, the attempt failed for one of the following reasons, which is indicated in the message after "reason":

UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE

Indicates that storage could not be obtained for the DFSCDA block.

RRMS REGISTRATION FAILED

Indicates that the request to register to RRMS failed.

ODBM REGISTRATION FAILED

Indicates that the request to register to ODBM failed.

SCI REGISTRATION FAILED

Indicates that the request to register to SCI failed.

The return code *nnnn* provides additional information about the cause of the error:

- If the reason text is UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE, *nnnn* is the return code from the STORAGE OBTAIN service.
- If the reason text is RRMS REGISTRATION FAILED, *nnnn* is 4 if the failure occurred because no CDA was present, or 8 if the error occurred because an invalid IMSplex name was specified.
- If the reason text is ODBM REGISTRATION FAILED, *nnnn* is the return code from the CSLSCQRY request or 8 if the CSLSCQRY request is not the cause of the failure.
- If the reason text is SCI REGISTRATION FAILED, *nnnn* is the return code from the CSLSCREG request.

System action

Initialization continues using the normal ODBA path. Transactions are sent directly to ODBA instead of being routed through ODBM.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Severity:

8

DFS3513E THE DIRECTORY DATA SET NAMES IN THE FAILED IMS AND THE TRACKING IMS DO NOT MATCH. UOW ABORTED. TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc.

Explanation

The high level qualifier in the name of the IMS directory data set of the failed IMS does not match the high level qualifier in the name of the IMS directory data set of the Fast Database Recovery (FDBR) region.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc
The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

System action

The FDBR region cannot complete the member online change unit of work (UOW). When the failed IMS is restarted, IMS will commit the unit of work.

System programmer response

The content of the <CATALOG> section of the DFSDFxxx member that is used by the restarted IMS must be identical to the DFSDFxxx member that was used by the failed IMS. Correct any discrepancy and restart IMS.

Module:
DFSMOL20

- Related concepts**
[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)
- Related reference**
[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3515E BLDL PROCESSING FOR *rsc_name* ENCOUNTERED AN I/O ERROR IN THE DIRECTORY DATA SET THAT IMS CANNOT FIX.

Explanation

While the system was searching the IMS directory, an I/O error occurred that IMS cannot fix.

In the message text:

rsc_name
The name of the DBD or PSB resource that is associated with the I/O error.

System action

The IMPORT command or the automatic activation of the DDL definitions ends abnormally.

System programmer response

The IMS directory data sets must be rebuilt by running the IMS Catalog ACB Recovery utility.

Module:
DFSMOLS0

- Related information**
[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3521W CHECKPOINT IS REJECTED – DEDB ALTER IS IN PROGRESS

Explanation

The checkpoint request was rejected because the DEDB Alter utility was running.

System action

The **/CHECKPOINT** command fails.

Programmer response

Enter the **/CHECKPOINT** command after the DEDB Alter utility ends.

Module

DFSRCPO0, DFSICM30

- Related reference**
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)
[/CHECKPOINT command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3523W CA RECEIVED RC *mmmm* RSN *nnnn* FROM INIT DBRC DUE TO EXTRA LOGS IN JCL

Explanation

Change Accumulation utility module DFSUCMN0 made an Init DBRC call and received reason code 1, which indicates that there are more logs in the DFSULOG DD statement than DBRC allows.

In the message text:

mmmm
Indicates the return code that is returned from DBRC.

nnnn
Indicates the reason code that is returned from DBRC.

This condition is a result of the time that is elapsed between execution of the **GENJCL .CA** command and the Change Accumulation utility, during which the state of the RECON data set changed. If the two steps are run one after the other, this condition should not occur.

System action

Processing terminates with RC=03.

Programmer response:

Rerun the **GENJCL .CA** command and the Change Accumulation utility in succession.

Module:

DFSUCMNO

Related reference

[Database Change Accumulation utility \(DFSUCUM0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS3525E	IMS COULD NOT REGISTER WITH ENF FOR RACF EVENT NOTIFICATION, RC=<i>ret_code</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS initialization, IMS attempted to register with the z/OS event notification facility (ENF) to listen for notifications of changes to the OTMA security definitions in RACF, but the attempt to register failed. IMS registers with ENF so that the OTMA cached ACEEs can be automatically refreshed when changes to the RACF definitions occur.

In the message text:

ret_code

The ENFREQ return code that is received from z/OS. The z/OS ENFREQ macro is used by z/OS subsystems to register with ENF.

System action

Initialization continues, but OTMA cached ACEEs will not be refreshed automatically when changes are made to their corresponding RACF definitions.

System programmer response

Look up the ENFREQ return code in z/OS *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference Vol 2*.

Module:

DFSYCTL0

DFS3527E	THE OLCSTAT DATA SET NAME IS NOT SPECIFIED
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFSUOCU0 is invoked with the &OUT parameter G, which indicates that the target library is indicated by the OLCSTAT data set. However, the OLCSTAT data set name is not specified. Either the OLCSTAT data set is not specified with the OLCSTAT DD statement or the SYSIN DD statement, or the SYSIN DD statement is specified, but the OLCSTAT data set name does not start in column 1.

System action

The copy is not done, and the utility is terminated.

System programmer response

Specify the OLCSTAT data set name in the SYSIN DD statement data area, starting in column 1, so that the OLCSTAT data set can be dynamically allocated.

Alternatively, specify the OLCSTAT data set name with the OLCSTAT DD statement so that the job allocates the OLCSTAT data set.

Module:

DFSUOCU0

DFS3529	/TRACE SET ON FOR MONITOR IN PROGRESS, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation

The **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command was entered before a previous **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command completed.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command.

Programmer response:

If commands are entered through an automation program, change the program to increase the time between the **/TRACE SET ON MONITOR** command and the **/TRACE SET OFF MONITOR** command.

Module:

DFSICLN4

DFS3531E	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OTMA TMEMBERS REACHED. NO NEW TMEMBERS CAN BE CREATED
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS OTMA has reached the maximum number of TMEMBERS and will not allow any more to join.

System action

New client bid requests will be rejected with OTMA NAK X'0007'. IMS transactions on shared queues back-end systems that require a new TMEMBER will be rejected with abend U0367.

System programmer response

OTMA TMEMBERS are rebuilt across IMS warm and emergency restarts. It requires an IMS cold start to reset the OTMA TMEMBERS. Until then, route requests that require a new TMEMBER to other IMS systems.

Module:
DFSYMOMO

DFS3535E	DFS3535E BLDL PROCESSING FOR <i>rsc_name</i> ENCOUNTERED AN I/O ERROR IN THE STAGING DATA SET THAT IMS CANNOT FIX.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While the system was searching the staging data set, an I/O error occurred that IMS cannot fix.

In the message text:

rsc_name
The name of the DBD or PSB resource that is associated with the I/O error.

System action

The IMPORT command or the automatic activation of the DDL definitions ends abnormally.

System programmer response

The IMS staging data set must be rebuilt by running the IMS Catalog ACB Recovery utility.

Module:
DFSMOLS0

DFS3537E	AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED. CHANGED PSB <i>psb_name</i> REFERENCES A DELETED DBD <i>dbd_name</i>. REGION <i>regionname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PSB *psb_name* references a database that was deleted from IMS.

In the message text:

dbd_name
The name of the database that was deleted.

psb_name

The *psb_name* that is being changed that references the deleted database.

System action

The automatic activation of the PSB change failed. Any uncommitted work is backed out from the IMS catalog.

Programmer response

In the statement *psb_name*, delete the statements that reference the deleted database. After you complete the corrections, resubmit the DDL or the change to the PSB.

Module:
DFSOLC70

Related reference
[CREATE PROGRAMVIEW \(Application Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS3539E	AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED FOR MEMBER <i>rsc_name</i> ON THE STAGING DATA SET.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred when IMS attempted to access the staging data set.

In the message text:

rsc_name
The name of the DBD or PSB resource that experienced the I/O error.

System action

The IMPORT command or the DDL activation process ends abnormally.

Programmer response

If the staging data set was taken offline by the z/OS system administrator, have the data set brought back online. Otherwise, restore or rebuild the IMS directory data sets. After the data set is online or the IMS directory is restored, resubmit the IMPORT command or the DDL definition statements.

Module:
DFSMOLS0

Related information
[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3541E	AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED FOR RESOURCE <i>rsc_name</i> ON THE DIRECTORY DATA SET.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred when IMS attempted to access the directory data set.

In the message text:

rsc_name

The name of the DBD or PSB resource that experienced the I/O error.

System action

The IMPORT command or the DDL activation process ends abnormally.

Programmer response

If the IMS directory data set is offline, bring it online. Otherwise, restore or rebuild the IMS directory data sets.

Resubmit the IMPORT command or the DDL definition statements. During the processing of the resubmitted changes it is normal to see reason code 121 (resource has no change) in the SPOC output or message DFS4387I.

Module:

DFSMOLS0

Related information

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3542I	THE NAME OPERAND IS OMITTED OR INVALID ON THE FOLLOWING MSPLINK STATEMENT(S): STATEMENT NOS - <i>nnn</i>,...
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following occurred on each statement indicated by *nnn*:

- The NAME keyword parameter was specified but TYPE=VTAM was not indicated.
- The NAME keyword parameter was not specified by TYPE=VTAM was indicated.
- More than one NAME operand was specified.
- The operand did not begin with an alphabetic character or contained more than 8 alphanumeric characters.

System action

The NAME parameter is ignored on the indicated statement, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Specify the NAME parameter with TYPE=VTAM or, if specified, ensure that it begins with an alphabetic character and contains no more than 8 alphanumeric characters.

Severity:

8

DFS3543I	UOW IGNORED. TIMESTAMP IN THE DIRECTORY DATA SETS DOES NOT MATCH THE LOG RECORD 7002. TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc
-----------------	---

Explanation

The timestamp of a member in the IMS directory does not match the timestamp in log record 7002. This UOW might have been completed by another task while this IMS was down.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

System action

During the IMS restart or the FDBR take over, the processing of the UOW from either an IMPORT command or an automatic DDL activation is skipped.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSMOL20

DFS3544I	DUPLICATE VTAM NODE NAMES ARE SPECIFIED ON THE FOLLOWING MSPLINK STATEMENTS: NAME - <i>name1</i> STATEMENT NOS - <i>nnn</i>,... NAME - <i>name2</i> STATEMENT NOS - <i>nnn</i>,...
-----------------	---

Explanation

The remote system VTAM node name indicated by *namex* was specified on multiple MSPLINK macros on statements *nnn*.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct VTAM node name specifications on indicated MSPLINK statements to remove duplicates.

Severity:
8

DFS3545	ACBLIB KEYWORD IS INVALID WHEN THE IMS DIRECTORY IS ENABLED
---------	---

Explanation

The ACBLIB keyword is invalid on the /MODIFY command because the IMS system is configured to use the IMS directory instead of an ACB library.

System action

The command is ignored.

User response

Reissue the /MODIFY command without the ACBLIB keyword.

Module:
DFSICV10

Related reference
[/MODIFY command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3547E	UNABLE TO LOAD ALTERED DEFINITIONS FOR DATABASE db_name, RSN=rsn
----------	--

Explanation

In an attempt to satisfy a request to access a database that is currently being altered, IMS was unable to load the data management block (DMB) that contains the new structure of the database from the ACB staging library.

In the message text:

rsn

The reason code that identifies the cause of the load error. See the list below for an explanation of each reason code.

Possible cause: The possible cause is indicated by the reason code included in the message text. The possible causes include:

- 1
- Dynamic allocation of the staging ACB library failed. See message DFS2503W for more information.

- 2
- Dynamic deallocation of the staging ACB library failed. See message DFS2503W for more information.
- 3
- The staging ACB library failed to open. See DFS0730I for more information.
- 4
- An I/O error occurred while attempting to load from the staging ACB library. Check the volume where the data set is located.
- 5
- The requested DMB was not found in the staging ACB library or the staging ACB library is empty. Ensure that the staging ACB library contains the ACB member for the database identified in the message text.
- 6
- An error occurred while reading the requested DMB from the staging ACB library. Check the volume where the data set is located.
- 7
- An error occurred while resolving the DMB in memory. The DMB loaded from the staging ACB library is not in the expected format. Try regenerating the ACB member by using an IMS Version 13 or later system.
- 8
- Unable to obtain storage. This is probably an internal error.
- 9
- The requested member does not appear to be defined to IMS. This is probably an internal error.
- 10
- Internal parameter list error occurred. This is probably an internal error.

System action:
The DMB for the altered database is not loaded. The database authorization attempt fails. IMS issues DFS047A.

System programmer response

Look up the reason code in the preceding list to determine the cause of the error. Check for any z/OS messages that indicate the cause of the failure.

Ensure that the necessary members are in the staging ACB library. Ensure the staging ACB library is accessible to IMS and included in the MDA member.

If the problem persists, call IBM Software Support.

Problem determination:
1, 9, 18, 19, 36, 40.

Module:
DFS5OP00

Related information

“DFS047A” on page 25
UNABLE TO OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION FOR
DATA BASE xxxxxxxx. REASON CODE = zz. PSB=
psbname.

“DFS2503W” on page 713
DYNAMIC *action_type* FAILED
FOR DATA SET NAME
xxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxx
DATABASE NAME *dbdname* REASON CODE
yyyyyy

“DFS0730I” on page 249
UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH
DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON x, yy, z
DATABASE *dbdname* *programid*

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3549E	DB VERSIONING ERROR: RS=<i>rsnc</i> PST=<i>pstno</i> PSB=<i>psbname</i> DB=<i>dbname</i> VERSN=<i>vernum</i> SEGM=<i>segmname</i>
-----------------	--

or

DB VERSIONING ERROR: RS=*rsnc* PST=*pstno*
PSB=*psbname* DB=*dbname* VERSN=*vernum*
SEGM=*segmname* FIELD=*fld_name*

Explanation

An application program attempted to access a prior version of a High Availability Large Database (HALDB), but IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to access prior versions of the database, because the latest version of the database contains a change in the database definition (DBD) that is not supported by database versioning.

Application programs cannot access any prior version of the database, unless the application programs are changed or the unsupported change is removed from the database.

In the message text:

dbname

The name of the database that contains the unsupported change.

fld_name

The name of the field that contains the unsupported change.

psbname

The name of the PSB that specifies that database and version that the application program is trying to access.

pstno

The PST number relative to zero.

rsnc

The reason code that identifies the DBD change that is not supported by the ALTER option. See the following list of reason codes for an explanation of each code.

segmname

The name of the segment that contains the unsupported change.

vernum

The version number of the database version that the application program was trying to access.

Reason code

Unsupported change

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 3 | The exit routine changed. |
| 4 | The number of segments changed. |
| 9 | The segment was changed from fixed length to variable length or vice versa. |
| 10 | The insert rule changed. |
| 11 | The delete rule changed. |
| 12 | The segment code changed |
| 14 | A secondary index was added or changed. Either the SRCH operand, the SUBSEQ operand, or the DDATA operand references the newly added fields. |
| 16 | The name of the segment was changed, or a field in the segment was either deleted or moved to another segment. |
| 17 | The key length of the field changed. |
| 18 | The field length changed. |
| 19 | The value of the TYPE keyword on the FIELD statement changed. |

22

The segment length is truncated.

23

Either the length of a fixed-length segment that is involved in a logical relationship changed (excluding secondary index) or the minimum or maximum length of a variable-length segment changed.

System action

IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to provide access to prior versions of the database. Only the most recent version of the database can be accessed.

IMS returns a status code to the application program or the application code abends.

System programmer response

Determine whether you need to keep the changes in the database or remove them.

Keeping the changes requires all application programs to be modified to access the new database structure. The prior versions of the database cannot be accessed anymore.

Removing the changes allows you to enable database versioning. However, if the database was updated since the changes were made, you must recover the physical database to the prior version. Any updates to the database that were made by application programs that used the current version of the database are lost.

Module:

DFS5DBB0

Related concepts

[Database modifications supported by database versioning \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 74. DFS messages, DFS3551E - DFS3600I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3551E **CATALOG=Y CANNOT BE
SPECIFIED IN A DCCTL SYSTEM.**

Explanation

A DCCTL IMS system was brought online with a DFSDFxxx member that has ACBMGMT=CATALOG and CATALOG=Y specified. The IMS catalog is not supported in DCCTL systems.

System action

The IMS system terminates with a U0071abend.

Programmer response

Correct the above parameters from the DFSDFxxx member and bring up the DCCTL IMS system again.

Module:

DFSRDB30

Related concepts

[DCCTL environment \(System Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3553E **AN ISC TCPIP SESSION FAILED
TO INITIATE - NODE = *nodename*
USER = *username* RSNCD=*nnn***

Explanation

An ISC TCP/IP session failed to start. The request to start the session might have originated in IMS or in a remote session partner, such as a CICS subsystem.

In the message text:

nodename

The node name used in the request to start the ISC TCP/IP session.

For requests that originate from IMS, the node name displayed in the message text might be provided by a Logon exit routine (DFSLGNX0), a logon descriptor, the NODE keyword in an **/OPNDST** command, or by the NAME keyword in a TERMINAL system definition macro.

For requests that originate from the session partner, the node name displayed in the message text is provided by the session partner.

username

The user name associated with the session initiation request.

nnn

The reason code that describes the possible cause of the failure. The possible codes and their meanings include:

003

IMS data communications processing has not been started. Issue the **/START DC** command and attempt to initiate the session again.

004

An SOPB storage request failed for a newly created IMS terminal control block. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

005

An installation-supplied Logon exit routine (DFSLGNX0) specifies both AUTOSIGN and NOAUTSGN for a static ISC TCP/IP terminal. The AUTOSIGN and NOAUTSGN values are mutually exclusive.

007

The session partner attempted to start an ISC TCP/IP session with a terminal that is not statically defined to IMS and ETO is not enabled in this IMS system. Either statically define a terminal by coding the TYPE and TERMINAL system definition macros and the ISCTCPIP keyword in the DFSDCxxx PROCLIB member, or enable ETO dynamic terminals by specifying ETO=Y in the IMS or DCC startup procedure and coding an ETO logon descriptor for the terminal.

009

The system latch cannot be obtained. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

010

An installation-supplied Logon exit routine (DFSLGNX0) rejected the logon attempt of a request to start an ISC TCP/IP session. Review the code of the DFSLGNX0 exit routine to determine why the logon attempt was rejected.

011

No logon descriptor was found.

012

An IMS terminal control block cannot be obtained. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

013

The internal dispatcher prefix block cannot be located. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

014

IMS failed to hash the IMS terminal control block. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

015

The session partner attempted to start an ISC TCP/IP session with a node that does not support ISC TCP/IP.

016

The ISC TCP/IP node is stopped.

017

A **/CLSDST** command was issued to disconnect the target node.

018

A TCPWORK storage request failed for a newly created IMS terminal control block. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

019

A TCPWORK storage request failed for an existing IMS terminal control block. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

022

The request to start a session specified a node name that has one or more existing sessions. The logon descriptor specified in this request is different from the logon descriptor in use by the existing sessions that are active with this node. Change the logon descriptor that is used in the request to start a session or specify a different node name. To see the logon descriptor that is currently in use by this node, use the **QUERY NODE** command.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

Find the reason code that was displayed in the message text in the preceding list for an explanation of the possible cause of the error and what actions you can take.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36

Module:

DFSTCPS0

Related tasks

[ISC support for TCP/IP \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference

[QUERY NODE command \(Commands\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS355E

**AN INTERNAL ISC TCPIP ERROR
WAS DETECTED - NODE =
nodename USER = username
RSNCD=nnn**

Explanation

An ISC TCP/IP session failed.

In the message text:

nodename

The node name of the ISC TCP/IP session.

For sessions that are initiated from IMS, the node name displayed in the message text might be provided by a Logon exit routine (DFSLGNX0), a logon descriptor, the NODE keyword in an /OPNDST command, or by the NAME keyword in a TERMINAL system definition macro.

For sessions that initiated from the session partner, the node name displayed in the message text is provided by the session partner.

username

The user name associated with the session.

nnn

The reason code that describes the possible cause of the failure. The possible codes and their meanings include:

001

An invalid message was received from the remote system. This error is an internal error

encountered by IMS or the session partner. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

002

The IPIC request segment IS-06 was not found in the input message received from the remote system. This error is an internal error. Collect the documentation indicated in the problem determination section and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

008

A destination IMS terminal control block cannot be found. Either the target terminal is not statically defined or its dynamic terminal control block does not exist.

021

IMS received a negative response from either IMS Connect or the session partner.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

Find the reason code that was displayed in the message text in the preceding list for an explanation of the possible cause of the error and what actions you can take.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36

Module:

DFSTCPS0

Related tasks

[ISC support for TCP/IP \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference

[QUERY NODE command \(Commands\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3561E	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE ABOVE 16 MEG FOR PSB xxxxxxxx.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The block builder was unable to obtain sufficient storage above 16 MB to build the required PSB control block. In the message text, xxxxxxxx identifies the PSB block.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Increase the region or partition size, and run the program again.

DFS3563I	bbb NAME nnnnnnnn NOT FOUND.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

DFSIIRS0 was not able to find the name *nnnnnnnn* of control block *bbb*. The possible control blocks are CNT, CLB, or LNB.

System action

The IMS initialization is terminated with an abend code of 0220.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct set of control blocks from a system definition is being used. Verify the SUFFIX specification in System Definition, and the SUF specification in the IMS procedure.

Severity:

8

Related information

[IMS abend 0220](#)

DFS3565E	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE ABOVE 16 MEG FOR DBD xxxxxxxx.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The block builder was unable to obtain sufficient storage above 16 MB to build the required DBD control block. In the message text, xxxxxxxx identifies the DBD block.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally.

Programmer response

Increase the region or partition size, and run the program again.

DFS3571A	THE OPCODE ON THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT IS INVALID.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An OPCODE that exceeded eight characters was found.

System action

Names checking continues, but the Stage 2 input is not generated.

Programmer response

Correct the OPCODE in error and re-execute the preprocessor.

Severity:

8

DFS3573A	MISSING PARM FIELD ERROR DETECTED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the input parameters was missing from the DFSLGD00 utility JCL.

System action

Processing terminates with return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the proper parameter and rerun the job.

Severity:

8

DFS3575I	UOW IGNORED. TIMESTAMP IN STAGING DATA SET DOES NOT MATCH THE LOG RECORD 7002. TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member timestamp of a member in the staging data set of the IMS directory does not match the timestamp in log record 7002. This UOW might have been completed by another task while this IMS was down.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

System action

During the IMS restart or the FDBR take over, the processing of the UOW from either an IMPORT command or an automatic DDL activation is skipped.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSMOL20

DFS3576A	OPEN ERROR FOR DDNAME XXXXXXXX
-----------------	---

Explanation

An open error occurred in module DFSLGD00.

System action

Processing terminates with return code 12.

Programmer response

Correct the DDNAME in error and rerun the job.

Severity:

12

DFS3578A	OPEN ERROR FOR DDNAME = ddname RETURN CODE = 12
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to open a BPAM data set failed. Return code 12 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from OPEN.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

See *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP* (SC26-4506).

DFS3579I	USER EXIT2 REQUEST = 90 FROM DFSSS060. INPUT IS NOT IN STANDARD FORMAT, END STATEMENT MISSING. RESOURCE TYPE = resource type.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Return code 90 signals the SORT/SPLIT utility to process the current user resource type as a standard resource. In this case, the exit routine is not called for the remainder of the current user resource type. This message warns you that the END statement is missing, which might cause compiler errors after the Sort/Split utility completes. A report is generated.

System action

The SORT/SPLIT utility generates return code 02. Processing continues.

Programmer response

If a compiler error occurs, you must add an END statement either through the initial input to Stage 1 or through exit routine 2. If you add the END statement through the exit routine, you must also put it at the end of each member.

DFS3580A	READ ERROR IN RESOURCE INFORMATION FILE. MEMBER NAME = <i>member name</i> RETURN CODE = 12
-----------------	---

Explanation

A read error in the resource information file (RIFL) is caused by the one of the following:

- The record was not found.
- An I/O error occurred.
- The first record is not the RIFL record.

A report is not generated. Return code 12 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not an I/O return code.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Review the RIFL to ensure that the first record is the RIFL record and that it contains the number of resource types found in the RIFL. For more information, see *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP*.

DFS3581A	READ ERROR. MEMBER NAME = <i>member name</i> RETURN CODE = 12
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred during the read of a block from an input member. Return code 12 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not an I/O return code.

System action

Processing is terminated.

Programmer response

See the *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP*.

DFS3581W	READ ERROR. MEMBER NAME = <i>member name</i> RETURN CODE = 04
-----------------	--

Explanation

Premature end of file. One of the following conditions occurred. End of file was reached while: reading the first block of a member; there were no more blocks to read, but the record count in the Resource Information File has not yet been met; a complete multi-record resource has not been read.

Return code 04 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not an I/O return code.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort or write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

Determine if the resource read count in the RIFL is correct. Verify the input resource record count and determine if records are missing or the count is wrong.

DFS3582W	WRITE ERROR. MEMBER NAME = <i>member name</i> RETURN CODE = 04
-----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while attempting to write a block.

Return code 04 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not an I/O return code.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort or write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

See *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP* for more information.

DFS3583A	GETMAIN FAILED. STORAGE REQUESTED = <i>bytes of storage</i> STORAGE ALREADY GETMAINED location of storage 16M LINE = <i>accumulated bytes of storage</i> RETURN CODE = 12
-----------------	--

Explanation

The amount of storage already obtained by GETMAIN plus the amount requested exceeds the total storage available. A report is generated. Return code 12 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from GETMAIN.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Increase the region size and re-execute the utility function.

DFS3584A **FIND ERROR. MEMBER NAME =**
member name RETURN CODE = 12

Explanation

The resource information file (RIFL) member was not found. Return code 12 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from FIND.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the member name, including the suffix of the RIFL member name, is correct in Stage 1.

DFS3584W **FIND ERROR. MEMBER NAME =**
member name RETURN CODE = 04

Explanation

A member for a resource type was not found. Return code 04 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from FIND.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort or write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct number of members, and member names, are generated by Stage 1.

DFS3585I **STOW DELETE FAILED. MEMBER**
NAME = member name RETURN
CODE = 02

Explanation

STOW DELETE failed while deleting a user resource type member from the input data set as a clean-up procedure. Return code 02 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from STOW.

System action

The utility function continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3585W **STOW stow function FAILED.**
MEMBER NAME = member name
RETURN CODE = 04

Explanation

One of the following problems occurred:

- STOW ADD return code is greater than 4.
- A return code greater than 8 was returned from a STOW REPLACE after a STOW ADD returned a return code of 4.
- STOW REPLACE return code is greater than 8.
- STOW DELETE return code is greater than 8.

Return Code 04 is a Sort/Split utility return code, not a return code from STOW.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort nor write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

See *Data Administration: Macro Instruction Reference for MVS/DFP*.

DFS3586W **SORT ERROR. RESOURCE TYPE =**
resource type RETURN CODE = 04

Explanation

The count passed to DFSSS030 was either greater than the maximum allowable or less than the minimum allowable. Return code 04 is from the Sort/ Split utility.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort nor write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

Rerun the Stage 2 from beginning. If the problem persists, then rerun Stage 1 from the beginning.

DFS3587I	MEMBER ALREADY EXISTS AND WAS REPLACED. MEMBER NAME = <i>member name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued during a cleanup procedure. Return code 02 is from the Sort/Split utility.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3588W	EXPECTED <i>record type</i> RECORD NOT FOUND AT <i>input</i> RECORD LOCATION <i>resource read count</i> RESOURCE TYPE = <i>resource type</i> RETURN CODE = 04
-----------------	--

Explanation

A record type of CSECT, GEN, END, or LAST was not found where expected in the input file.

Return code 04 is from the Sort/Split utility.

System action

Stops processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort or write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. A report is generated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the record specified is in the correct location in the input file during Stage 1. Stage 1 might have passed an incorrect count, whereby the number of records is either greater or less than the actual count.

DFS3589A	INVALID RESOURCE TYPE FROM RESOURCE INFORMATION FILE. RESOURCE TYPE = <i>resource type</i> RETURN CODE = 12
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unrecognized resource type was passed by Stage 1. Return code 12 is from the Sort/Split utility.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the resource types passed to Sort/Split utility conform with guidelines.

DFS3590A	INVALID COUNT(S) FROM RESOURCE INFORMATION FILE. RESOURCE TYPE = <i>resource type</i> RETURN CODE 12
-----------------	---

Explanation

A problem was encountered with a resource information file. One or more of the following strings shown in the message indicate what was incorrect:

- RECORD COUNT: Count is not greater than zero.
- RECORDS PER RESOURCE: Count is less than one or greater than nine.
- MEMBER COUNT: Count is less than one or greater than nine.
- SPLIT COUNT: Count is not greater than zero.

Return code 12 is from the Sort/Split utility.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input counts are within the guidelines.

DFS3591W	INVALID RETURN CODE URC = <i>user exit return code</i> FROM <i>user exit module</i>. RESOURCE TYPE = <i>resource type</i> RETURN CODE = 04
-----------------	---

Explanation

DFSSS050 or DFSSS060 issued a return code that was not in the guidelines. Return code 04 is from the Sort/ Split utility.

System action

Stop processing this resource type. The Sort/Split utility does not sort nor write any further resource types. However, the utility continues to read the resource types and verify the read counts. The exit routines are not called for this job. A report is generated.

Programmer response

Ensure that only those return codes allowed from the exit routines are used.

DFS3592A	THE RECFM FOR DDNAME=<i>ddname</i> IS NOT F OR FB RETURN CODE=12
-----------------	---

Explanation

The LGENIN and LGENOUT data sets must have a DCB parameter of RECFM=F or RECFM=FB.

System action

The utility function was terminated.

Programmer response

Redefine the indicated data set with a RECFM=F or RECFM=FB.

Severity:
12

DFS3594E	AN ISC CSLSCMSG REQUEST FAILED, <i>active_process</i>, RETCODE = <i>rc</i>, RSNCODE = <i>rsn</i>, LOSTSESS = <i>cause</i>, MODULE =<i>mod_name</i> , NODE = <i>nodename</i> , USER = <i>username</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

SCI returned a non-zero return code or reason code to IMS in response to a CSLSCMSG request for services for an ISC TCP/IP parallel session. The terminal session is terminated.

In the message text:

active_process

The ISC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

SENDMSG

When SCI encountered the error, ISC was attempting to send an ISC message to a remote CICS system by way of the parallel session identified in the message text.

SESSTERM

When SCI encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS subsystem that the terminal session was terminated.

SESSINIT

When SCI encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system of the session initiation of the parallel session terminal identified in the message text.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable ISC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The SCI instance that is managing communications between IMS and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The SCI instance that is managing communications between IMS and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

username

The name of the affected user..

mod_name

The name of the module that detected the error.

nodename

The name of the affected parallel session..

rc

The CSLSCMSG return code issued by SCI.

rsn

The CSLSCMSG reason code issued by SCI.

Possible cause: The cause of this message is identified by the SCI return and reason codes and possibly by

the value that is displayed in the LOSTSESS field in the message text.

System action

The terminal session is terminated. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The problem could be in either the local or remote IMSplex network. Look up the return and reason codes for the CSLSCMSG request. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP that might help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36

Module:

DFSCTERO

Related reference

[CSLSCMSG: send message request \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3595E	IMS CONNECT ERROR MESSAGE RECEIVED, <i>active_process</i>, RETCODE = <i>rc</i>, RSNCODE = <i>rsn</i>, LOSTSESS = <i>cause</i>, MODULE = <i>mod_name</i>, NODE = <i>nodename</i>, USER = <i>username</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS Connect detected an error while processing a request or message from ISC and returned a non-zero return or reason code to IMS. The error message is returned to the local IMS system that issued the request or message.

In the message text:

active_process

The ISC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

SENDMSG

When IMS Connect encountered the error, ISC was attempting to send an ISC message to a remote CICS system by way of the parallel session identified in the message text.

SESSTERM

When IMS Connect encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system that the terminal session was terminated.

SESSINIT

When IMS Connect encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system of the session initiation of the parallel session terminal identified in the message text.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable ISC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS. The possible values include:

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

mod_name

The name of the module that detected the error.

nodename

The name of the affected parallel session terminal.

rc

The return code issued by IMS Connect. Some of the return codes that are more likely to be returned by IMS Connect are documented in the following table. All of the IMS Connect return and reason codes are documented in the HWSHRR macro.

rsn

The reason code issued by IMS Connect. Some of the reason codes that are more likely to be returned by IMS Connect are documented in the

following table. All of the IMS Connect return and reason codes are documented in the HWSHRR macro.

Possible cause: The cause for this message can be determined by reviewing the return and reason codes and the value of LOSTSESS.

The following table lists some of the more likely return and reason codes that IMS Connect might return to IMS. The explanations of any IMS Connect return and reason codes that are not in the following table can be found in the IMS Connect HWSHRR macro.

Table 21. Common IMS Connect return and reason codes for message DFS3595E		
Return code	Reason code	Meaning
X'0C00001C'	X'0000700C'	A message could not be sent to CICS. Usually message HWSG4040W or HWSG4080W is also issued.
X'0C00001C'	X'00007020'	The ISC datastore in IMS Connect has been stopped. Use UPDATE IMSCON TYPE(ISC) START(COMM) to start it.
X'0C00001C'	X'00007030'	The ISC datastore in IMS Connect has been stopped. Use UPDATE IMSCON TYPE(ISC) START(COMM) to start it.
X'0C00001C'	X'00007040'	The ISC datastore in IMS Connect has been stopped. Use UPDATE IMSCON TYPE(ISC) START(COMM) to start it.
X'0C00001C'	X'00007060'	The ISC datastore in IMS Connect cannot be found. Check the ISC statement in the IMS Connect configuration.
X'0C00001C'	X'00007084'	The ISC datastore in IMS Connect has been stopped. Use UPDATE IMSCON TYPE(ISC) START(COMM) to start it.

System action:

The parallel session is terminated. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The problem could be in the IMSplex network. Check for other messages from SCI, the IMS Connect instances, or TCP/IP that might help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36

Module:

DFSCTERO

Related reference

[HWS messages \(IMS Connect\) \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3596E

ISC TCPIP DETECTED AN ERROR,
active_process, RETCODE = rc,
RSNCODE = rsn, LOSTSESS =
cause, MODULE =mod_name,
NODE = nodename, USER =
username

Explanation

The ISC TCP/IP device dependent module (DDM) detected an error while processing a message or request associated with the ISC logical link identified in the message text.

In the message text:

active_process

The ISC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

SENDACK

When ISC TCP/IP encountered the error, ISC was attempting to send an ISC ACK/NACK message to a remote CICS system by way of the parallel session identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

SENDMSG

When ISC TCP/IP encountered the error, ISC was attempting to send an ISC message to a remote CICS system by way of the parallel session identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

SESSTERM

When ISC TCP/IP encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system that the terminal session was terminated. The session is identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

SESSINIT

When ISC TCP/IP encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system of the session initiation of the ISC TCP/IP parallel session identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable ISC process. The troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

nodename

The name of the affected parallel session terminal.

mod_name

The name of the module that detected the error.

rc

The return code issued by the ISC device dependent module (DDM). The ISC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

rsn

The reason code issued by the ISC DDM. The ISC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

username

The name of the affected user.

Possible cause: The possible cause is indicated by the return and reason codes included in the message text and described in the following table.

The return and reason codes are also listed in the TCPWORK DSECT in the LU6WA macro in the IMS.SDFSMAC data set.

Table 22. IMS ISC DDM return and reason codes for message DFS3596E

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
X'00000004'	X'00000004'	DFSPOOL GET storage error. (DFSC7B0)
X'00000004'	X'00000064', X'00000068', X'00000070', X'0000009C', X'000000C8', X'000000D0', X'000000D4', X'000000DC', X'000000E0', X'000000EC', X'000000F0', X'00000104'	IMS detects an error during a session initiation. Refer to the reason codes for DFS3649A for more information. (DFSC7B0)
X'00000004'	Sense code X'08640001' from IS07 IPIC request	IMS receives a sense code of DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SVC for an output message that is being sent. The output message is dequeued. (DFSC2A0)
X'00000008'	Other sense code from IS07 IPIC request	IMS receives a sense code other than the DEALLOCATE_ABEND_SVC for an output message that is being sent. The output message is washed back on the message queues and the session is terminated. (DFSC2A0)
X'00000008'	X'00000000'	An error occurs when IMS attempts to send a response for an input message that is being received. The session is terminated. (DFSC3B0)
X'0000000C'	X'00000004'	DFSPOOL GET storage error. (DFSC7F0)
X'00000014'	X'00000004'	DFSPOOL GET storage error. (DFSC7C0)
X'00000216'	X'00000000'	IMS detects a security specification in the IS02 CAPEX response message from CICS. (DFSC7B0)
X'0000xyxy' Where: xx Response from IS02 CAPEX message yy Reason from IS02 CAPEX message	X'00000000'	IMS detects non-zeroed values of response and reason in the IS02 CAPEX response message from CICS. (DFSC7B0)

System action:

The parallel session is terminated. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The module identified in the message text is where the error

occurred. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP to help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

After the cause of the error is corrected, restart the link.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36.

Module:

DFSTCERO

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3597E	ISC DETECTED AN INTERNAL LOGIC ERROR, <i>active_process</i>, RETCODE = <i>rc</i>, RSNCODE = <i>rsn</i>, LOSTSESS = <i>cause</i>, MODULE = <i>mod_name</i>, NODE = <i>nodename</i>, USER = <i>username</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An ISC device dependent module (DDM) detected an internal logic error.

In the message text:

active_process

The ISC process that was active when the error occurred. Possible values include:

SENDMSG

When ISC encountered the error, ISC was attempting to send an ISC message to a remote CICS system by way of the parallel session that is identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

SESSTERM

When ISC encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system that the parallel session was terminated. The parallel session is identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

SESSINIT

When ISC encountered the error, ISC was attempting to notify IMS Connect and the remote CICS system of the initiation of the parallel session that is identified in the message text by the *nodename* and *username* values.

UNKNOWN

Displayed when the error occurred during an unidentifiable ISC process. The

troubleshooting and recovery procedure is the same as for the regular active process types.

cause

The cause of a lost session, as reported either by SCI through the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine or by IMS.

The possible values include:

ICONABE

The local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

ICONSTOP

The local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

NONE

Neither IMS nor the CSL SCI Notify Client exit routine recorded a cause for the lost session.

SCIABE

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance terminated unexpectedly.

SCISTOP

The local SCI instance that is managing communications between the local IMS system and the local IMS Connect instance was shut down.

mod_name

The name of the module that detected the error.

nodename

The name of the affected ISC TCP/IP parallel session terminal.

rc

The return code issued by the ISC DDM. The ISC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

rsn

The reason code issued by the ISC DDM. The ISC DDM return and reason codes that are associated with this message are documented in the following table.

username

The name of the user associated with the affected ISC TCP/IP parallel session terminal.

Possible cause: The possible cause is indicated by the return and reason codes included in the message text.

IMS ISC device dependent module return and reason codes for message DFS3597E

The following return and reason codes are also listed in the TCPWORK DSECT in the LU6WA macro in the IMS.SDFSMACT data set.

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
DFSPPOOL RC	X'00000004 '	DFSPPOOL GET storage error
DFSPPOOL RC	X'00000008 '	DFSPPOOL release storage error
CELL POOL RC	X'0000000C '	CELL pool (CPOOL) get error
CELL POOL RC	X'00000010 '	CELL pool (CPOOL) free error
	X'00000014 '	Invalid post code or post condition detected
	X'00000018 '	Invalid AWE detected
	X'0000001C '	Invalid ISC directive (DFSMSDIR) detected
	X'00000020 '	Invalid buffer header control block (BUFMSHDR) detected
	X'00000024 '	Invalid message control block (BUFMSCB) detected
	X'00000028 '	Immediate shutdown request received from partner IMS
	X'0000002C '	Invalid or unexpected ISC Link (MSLINK) status detected
	X'00000030 '	Unexpected bracket initiation stop (BIS) message received
	X'00000034 '	Unexpected error message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000038 '	Invalid restart message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'0000003C '	Invalid shutdown message control block (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000040 '	Unexpected return code received from internal routine
	X'00000044 '	SCIWORK area error

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
	X'00000048 '	Queue error detected (CTB5QERR set)
	X'0000004C '	Queue buffer chaining error detected
	X'00000050 '	AWE chaining error detected
	X'00000054 '	Output edit error
	X'00000058 '	Input edit error
QMGR RC	X'0000005C '	Unexpected return code from the message queue manager
	X'00000060 '	DFSMSGPL macro error, message prefix bad
	X'00000064 '	Invalid response MSCB (BUFMSCB) received
	X'00000068 '	Invalid internal condition detected
	X'0000006C '	Internal control block error
	X'0000007C '	LXB (Link extension block) was posted by the SCI MSG exit, DFSSXIN0, but the LXBTCCLBP was zero. This problem should not occur.
	X'000000FC '	Undetermined error

System action:

The parallel session is terminated. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the error from the RETCODE, RSNCODE, and LOSTSESS values. The module identified in the message text is where the error occurred. Check for other messages from SCI, IMS Connect, or TCP/IP to help with the diagnosis. Collect the X'6701' error records from the IMS log.

DFS3597E is issued for internal logic errors. If the problem persists, call IBM Software Support.

Problem determination:

1, 5, 6, 14, 36.

Module:

DFSCTERO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3600I UNABLE TO INITIALIZE
EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM(S)
- member, RC=mm,
JOBNAME=JJJJJJJJ**

or

**SUBSYSTEM DEFINITION SPECIFICATION ERROR
FOR SSM = member, JOBNAME=JJJJJJJJ**

or

STMNT (nnn), 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx' (yyyyyyyyyy)

or

STMNT (nnn), (DB2AF DEF INVALID FOR DEP REG)

or

STMNT (nnn), KEYWORD 'xxxxxxxx' (yyyyyyyyyy)

Explanation

IMS found an error while processing the External Subsystem PROCLIB Member (SSM). The member name consists of the 4-byte IMSID followed by the 4-byte SSM parameter. The SSM parameter is specified either as an execute parameter in the member, DFSPBxxx or on the **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command. The JOBNAME value where applicable specifies the job name of the region where the error was detected. At least one of three versions of the DFS3600I messages is displayed depending on the type of error. The versions are the following:

• **UNABLE TO INITIALIZE**

This message indicates that IMS found an error which prevented the PROCLIB member from being processed. Any external subsystem defined in the member is not connected to IMS. The character string, member, indicates the name of the PROCLIB member which was being processed. The value mm is one of the following return codes:

**Code (hex)
Meaning**

04
A failure occurred while attempting to read the PROCLIB member. Ensure the member name specified is correct and resides in PROCLIB.

08
Storage could not be obtained for a buffer to contain the PROCLIB member statements.

0C
Storage could not be obtained for an external subsystem definition element.

18
The PROCLIB member did not contain any valid subsystem definitions.

Note: If RC=18 is received from a dependent region, the SSM= parameter might point to a PROCLIB member which contained no entries. This problem prohibits the dependent region from any subsystem connections. In this case, this message is for information only. The dependent region initialization continues normally.

• **SUBSYSTEM DEFINITION SPECIFICATION ERROR**

If one or more errors were found while processing an external subsystem definition, then this message is issued. The variable member, indicates the name of the PROCLIB member which was being processed. For each definition error, a message is issued to indicate which statement was in error and the text in error. One STMNT error message is issued for each error in the PROCLIB member. Multiple errors in a single statement produces multiple messages. The value nnn is the statement number within the member. The character string xxxxx is the text in error. If the character string, KEYWORD, precedes the error text, then the error text represents a keyword parameter. The character string yyyyyyyy is one of the following error reason codes:

OMITTED

A required parameter was omitted from the external subsystem definition. The subsystem definition is found to be invalid, therefore, a subsystem connection is not established.

IGNORED

A parameter is specified in the external subsystem definition which is not applicable to the type of subsystem being defined. This parameter is ignored and processing continues. If the rest of the subsystem definition is valid, a subsystem connection is established at the appropriate time.

INVALID

The error text represents invalid data in the subsystem definition statement. If the character string, KEYWORD, precedes the error text, then the value for the parameter was invalid. Otherwise, the error text represents data that could not be interpreted as part of a subsystem definition. The subsystem definition was found to be invalid, therefore, a subsystem connection is not established.

DUPLICATE

A specific value for a parameter was specified for more than one subsystem definition. The subsystem definition is considered invalid and is ignored. All SSN parameter values must be unique within a member.

- DB2AF DEF INVALID FOR DEP REG

An SSM parameter was provided to the dependent region job; the parameter identified the PROCLIB member that included a definition for a DB2 subsystem to be accessed with the DB2 Attach Facility. This definition is unavailable in an MPP or BMP region and is ignored. Processing continues. Definitions for the DB2 Attach Facility can only be provided to the control region in the SSM parameter.

System action

If the UNABLE TO INITIALIZE message is displayed, IMS external subsystem initialization processing failed.

None of the external subsystems defined in the member are connected to IMS.

If a statement is processed and an error occurs that causes the subsystem definition to become invalid, then that external subsystem are not connected to IMS.

Programmer response

Correct the errors in the SSM PROCLIB member.

For UNABLE TO INITIALIZE errors, use the **/START SUBSYS SSM** command to start the external subsystem initialization process, which starts all valid subsystems defined in the member.

For STMNT errors, use the **/START SUBSYS** command to start one or more external subsystem connections.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 34 and save the SSM PROCLIB member

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 75. DFS messages, DFS3601 - DFS3650I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3601 EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM(S) NOT
DEFINED. COMMAND REJECTED.**

Explanation

The external subsystem was not defined, and the command was rejected. One of the following errors occurred:

1. The external subsystem name specified on the IMS command has not been defined to IMS.
2. The SUBSYS keyword was used on a **/START**, **/STOP**, **/DISPLAY**, or **/CHANGE** command, but IMS was not made aware of the presence of external subsystems using the SSM parameter.
3. SSM was specified, but the SSM PROCLIB member contained no valid subsystem definitions.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Ensure that the subsystem name specified is correct, and reenter the command. If the problem persists, notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message.

Programmer response

Corresponding to the error conditions in the Explanation, take one of the following actions:

1. The subsystem name was defined incorrectly or misspelled in the IMS SSM PROCLIB member. Correct the subsystem name, and update the SSM PROCLIB member.
2. Specify the IMS parameter SSM with a valid member name.
3. In this case, an IMS abend 3041 occurred previously. This problem is an indication that the subsystem PROCLIB member specified using the SSM execute parameter contains no invalid external subsystem definitions. When there are no subsystems to support, the task (TCB) that supports the subsystem structure is then terminated with abend 3041. Correct the PROCLIB member definitions. If IMS is running when the member is corrected, enter the **/START SUBSYS**

command to cause IMS to read the new definitions and establish subsystem connections.

Problem determination:

34

Related information

[IMS abend 3041](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3602I xxxxx SUBSYSTEM RESOLVE-IN-
DOUBT FAILURE, RC=yyyy**

Explanation

The indicated external subsystem (xxxx), resolve-in-doubt exit, indicated that the resolution of recovery was unsuccessful. There are outstanding recovery units. IMS and the external subsystem cannot resolve (that is, COMMIT|ABORT), previously active recovery units (that is, work requests).

System action

IMS terminates the external subsystem connection. IMS continues to function minus that external subsystem connection.

Operator response

Ensure that the database administrator is aware of this message. Upon the request of the database administrator, you can issue either the **/CHANGE** command or cold start IMS. Remember that the cold start method erases from IMS memory the fact that these recovery units are outstanding.

System programmer response

You can correct the problem with the IMS **/CHANGE** command and restart the failing subsystem connection with the IMS **/START** command, or cold start IMS.

**DFS3603I xxxxxxxxx RESOURCE FAILURE FOR
SUBSYSTEM zzzz REASON CODE -
yyzzaaaa**

or

**xxxxxxx LOAD FAILED FOR SUBSYSTEM zzzz
REASON CODE - yyzz**

Explanation

During the initial processing of the external subsystem structure, the allocation or processing of a required resource xxxxxxxx failed. zzzz specifies the subsystem name of the module to which it is related. IMS attempts to load the subsystem module when the SSM parameter is specified.

One of the following code numbers, represented by the yy value, indicates the reason for the failure.

Code (hex) Explanation

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | The resource named in the message was not found - the zz value is the IMODULE LOAD return code. |
| 02 | Insufficient storage available - the zz value equals the IMODULE GETMAIN return code. |
| 03 | The resource named in the message was not found - the zz value is the IMODULE LOAD return code. |
| 04 | Insufficient storage available - the zz value equals the IMODULE GETMAIN return code. |
| 05 | Open failure for DFSESL DD statement - the zz value equals the OPEN return code. |
| 06 | The resource named in the message was not found - the zz value is the IMODULE LOAD return code. |
| 07 | The resource named in the message was not found (DFSESI40) - the zz value equals the OS LOAD macro return code. |
| 08 | The resource named in the message was not found - the zz value equals the BLDL return code. |
| 09 | The resource named in the message was not loaded - the zz value equals the return code associated with the MVS system code aaaa. |
| 0A | The data set type cannot be determined - the zz value is the return code from the ISITMGD macro call. The aaaa value is the ISITMGD reason code. |

See the IMODULE return code information.

System action

Subsystem connections between IMS and the specified subsystem are not established, and initialization processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message.

System programmer response

Ensure that the subsystem load library is accessible to IMS. IMS provides a DD statement (DFSESL) to alleviate this problem. The external subsystem modules can be in any z/OS authorized library accessible by IMS (that is, JOBLIB, STEPLIB or DFSESL).

Increase the region size to accommodate the external subsystem modules, and document the storage requirements in the external subsystem documentation.

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)
[z/OS: ISITMGD completion codes](#)

DFS3604I	/STA COMMAND FAILED WITH RETURN CODE xxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to create the external subsystem mother task by the **/START** command processor failed with one of the following return codes:

Code

Meaning

0050

The subsystem member name was already specified by a previous **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command, or the SSM= EXEC parameter was specified on the IMS JCL.

0051

The SSM keyword parameter length was not 1 - 4 characters.

0052

No parameter was specified following the SSM keyword.

0053

A parameter was specified for the SUBSYS keyword. If the SSM keyword is specified, the SUBSYS keyword cannot have any parameters.

0054	Too many parameters were specified following the SSM keyword.
0401	An invalid return code was received from the PROCLIB processor.
0403	An IMODULE GETSTOR request failed to obtain a subsystem definition element. No subsystems can be connected to IMS.
0404	No valid SSM entries were specified.
0501	No ESET prefix
0502	Attach list count is zero
0503	No ESET exists for subsystem
0504	Unable to obtain SIDX block
0505	Unable to obtain quick save area
0506	Global ESET already attached
05FF	IMS in SHUTDOWN/ESS task in process of abending—request rejected
04FF	IMS in SHUTDOWN/ESS task in process of abending—request rejected
0101	No list passed to build routine
0103	Unable to obtain quick save area
0104	Unable to obtain the Global External Subsystem Entry
01FF	IMS in SHUTDOWN/ESS task in process of abending—request rejected

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message.

System programmer response

Take one of the following actions based on the code:

Code

Meaning

0050

External subsystem connection processing has already been done. To start a specific subsystem, use the **/START SUBSYS xxxx** command.

0051

Reenter the **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command with a parameter xxxx of 1 to 4 characters.

0052

Reenter the **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command with a parameter xxxx of 1 to 4 characters.

0053

Reenter the **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command without any additional parameters.

0054

Reenter the **/START SUBSYS SSM xxxx** command without any additional parameters.

0401

The subsystem PROCLIB member name is invalid or an error occurred while trying to read the member. Verify that the PROCLIB member name is correct and resides on IMS.PROCLIB, then reenter the command.

0403

IMS was unable to get private storage for a work area. The **/START SUBSYS** command can be reentered. If the resource shortage is temporary, storage might be available at a later time. If a storage shortage still exists, more working storage might be allocated to IMS by increasing the region (RGN) parameter on the IMS startup procedure.

0404

The IMS.PROCLIB member specified by the SSM parameter does not contain any valid entries. Message DFS3600I was issued for each specific error.

0501

IMS logic error: follow the procedures for software problems.

0502

IMS logic error: follow the procedures for software problems.

0503

IMS logic error: follow the procedures for software problems.

0504

IMS was unable to get working storage. This condition can temporary; reenter the command. If the condition persists, more working storage might be allocated to IMS by increasing the region (RGN) parameter on the IMS procedure.

0505

Take the same action indicated in return code 0504.

0506

IMS logic error; follow the procedures for software problems.

05FF

No action required.

04FF

No action required.

0101

IMS logic error: follow the procedures for software problems.

0103

Take the same action indicated in return code 0504.

0104

Take the same action indicated in return code 0504.

01FF

No action required.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 34

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3605I

**ESS/ESI MODIFY COMMAND
REJECTED, code xx (y)**

Explanation

During an attempt to modify the external subsystem with the MVS **MODIFY** command, an error was detected. The reason code xx describes the error. The value y represents up to 12 bytes of the **MODIFY** command input data. The following reason codes and their meanings can appear:

Code (hex)**Meaning****04**

The subsystem name specified in the **MODIFY** command does not have an active subtask. No task control block (TCB) exists for the external subsystem daughter task.

08

No external subsystems have been attached to IMS.

0C

The external subsystem name in the **MODIFY** command is not defined to IMS.

10

The IMS ID is invalid.

14

The external subsystem name in the **MODIFY** command is too long. The name must be from 1 to 8 characters.

18

The external subsystem in the **MODIFY** command is not waiting for a notify message.

1C

The IMSID/RSENAME in the internal **MODIFY** command does not match the name in the SCD/FRB.

20

The external subsystem name was not specified in the **MODIFY** command. The name must be from 1 to 8 characters.

System action

IMS cannot perform the requested action. The command is rejected.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer that this message has been received.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

Code (hex)**Meaning****04**

Check the spelling and format of the **MODIFY** command.

08

Either SSM was not specified in the EXEC parameters or there was a failure in the initialization of the external subsystem.

0C

If the command was entered by the operator, check the spelling and format of the **MODIFY** command. Otherwise, the **MODIFY** command was an internal command sent from the external subsystem to notify IMS that the external subsystem was ready to continue the identify process. Make sure that the SSM PROCLIB member has not been changed.

10

IMS logic error; follow the procedures for software problems.

- 14** IMS logic error; follow the procedures for software problems.
- 18** This return code can result if IMS has been up and down without a connection to the external subsystem.
- 1C** IMS logic error; follow the procedures for software problems.
- 20** IMS logic error; follow the procedures for software problems.

Problem determination:

5, 6, 35

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3606I **www** **EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM**
INITIALIZATION FAILED, FC =
xxxx, RC = yy, JOBNAME = zzzzzzzz

Explanation

Initialization exit processing was unsuccessful for the external subsystem (*www*). The external subsystem returned a nonzero return code. The function code, *xxxx*, indicates the module that detected the error. This module can be an IMS or external subsystem exit module. For the function code value and the module name that detected the error, see the IMS return codes and function codes information. The return code *yy*, set by the detecting module, indicates the function that failed in the detecting module.

To distinguish one region from another, *JOBNAME = zzzzzzzz* is also provided. This information is necessary because all the supported regions must do initialization processing.

For the function code values defined in IMS DSECT DFSESFC, see the IMS return code and function code information.

System action

IMS initialization continues. Subsystem connections are not established. In the IMS control region, when the initialization exit processing fails in this manner, the TCB representing the external subsystem connection is terminated without an abend.

In the dependent region case, the following list of return codes indicates the IMS action:

yy = 08

Initialization unsuccessful - IMS does not initiate a connection to the subsystem for the life of this IMS-dependent region execution.

yy = 20

The external subsystem supplied exit has encountered an invalid condition while processing the request. If an application is involved, it terminates with a 3044 abend.

yy = ??

Unsupported return code received from the initialization exit. If an application is involved, it terminates with a 3049 abend.

Operator response

Notify the proper installation personnel about the receipt of this message, then follow the installation action.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated problem, and restart the failing external subsystem connection using the IMS **/START SUBSYS** command, or, if an application program was involved, restart the application using **/START TRAN, UPDATE TRAN START(Q,SCHD)**, and **/START PROGRAM** commands.

yy = 08

The error was encountered by the external subsystem initialization exit; see the external subsystem documentation for the action to take.

yy = 20

The error was encountered by the external subsystem initialization exit; see the external subsystem documentation for the action to take.

yy = ??

The error was encountered by the external subsystem initialization exit; see the external subsystem documentation for the action to take.

Problem determination:

35

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3607I **xxxx SUBSYSTEM yyyy EXIT**
FAILURE, FC = ww, RC = zz,
JOBNAME = nnnnnnnn

Explanation

IMS was not able to finish processing successfully for external subsystem (xxxx) exit (yyyy). The external subsystem attachment package returned a nonzero return code. The function code, ww, is the ID for the module that indicates the detected error. For the function code values and the module name that detected the error, see the IMS return code and function code information. The return code, zz, is passed back by the external subsystem exit.

To distinguish one region from another, JOBNAME = nnnnnnnn is also provided. This information is necessary because the required connection management routines run in the control as well as in the dependent regions. Without JOBNAME, it would be impossible to determine which region had the problem.

System action

The TCB representing external subsystem connection continues to run without the TCB representing the failing external subsystem.

For the return code value, the following action occurs:

Return code	Description
-------------	-------------

X'08'	TERMINATE IDENTIFY unsuccessful. IMS continues termination processing as if the function completed normally.
-------	--

X'08'	SUBSYSTEM TERMINATE unsuccessful. IMS continues termination processing. Future connection requests will be honored.
-------	---

X'0C'	IDENTIFY unsuccessful. Because of the failure in the external subsystem, IMS terminates the application program with abend 3044, if one is involved.
-------	--

X'20'	IMS terminates the application program with abend 3044, if one is involved.
-------	---

X'??'	Unsupported return code. IMS terminates the application program with abend 3049, if one is involved.
-------	--

Operator response

Notify the proper installation personnel about the receipt of this message, then follow the installation action.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated problem and restart the failed external subsystem by using the IMS **/START SUBSYS** command. Or if an application program was involved, restart the application program with a **/START TRAN, UPDATE TRAN START(Q,SCHD)**, and **/START PROGRAM** commands.

Return code	Description
-------------	-------------

X'08'	TERMINATE IDENTIFY unsuccessful. See the external subsystem documentation for action.
-------	---

X'08'	SUBSYSTEM TERMINATE unsuccessful. See the external subsystem documentation for action.
-------	--

X'0C'	IDENTIFY unsuccessful. See the external subsystem documentation for action.
-------	---

X'20'	See the external subsystem documentation for action.
-------	--

X'??'	Unsupported return code; save all documentation (that is, console logs, log data set, memory dumps).
-------	--

Problem determination:
35

Related reference
Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support (Messages and Codes)

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3608I	xxxx SUBSYSTEM REQUIRED EXIT MISSING yyyy, JOBNAME = zzzzzzzz.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was not able to finish processing successfully for external subsystem (xxxx). A required exit (yyyy) was unavailable. zzzzzzzz is the name of the job that encountered the problem. JOBNAME is required because more than one region can have connections to the external subsystem. yyyy can be one of the following values:

ID
ID IDENTIFY EXIT

RID
RESOLVE-IN-DOUBT EXIT

SNON
SIGNON EXIT

CRT
CREATE THREAD EXIT

CMP
COMMIT PREPARE EXIT

CMC
COMMIT CONTINUE EXIT

ABC
ABORT AND CONTINUE EXIT

TRTD
TERMINATE THREAD EXIT

SNOF
SIGNOFF EXIT

TERM
TERMINATE IDENTIFY EXIT

SNO
SUBSYSTEM NOT OPERATIONAL EXIT

STE
SUBSYSTEM TERMINATION EXIT

NORC
NORMAL CALL EXIT

ECHO
ECHO EXIT

CMD
COMMAND EXIT

System action

A subsystem connection is not established. If a connection exists, it is terminated in the normal termination sequence, and the task structure (TCB) is collapsed for the control region. If an application is involved, it terminates with abend 3049.

Operator response

Notify the installation personnel about the receipt of this message, then follow the installation action.

Programmer response

Ensure that the subsystem load library is accessible to IMS. IMS provides a DD statement (DFSESL) to alleviate this problem. The external subsystem modules must be in a z/OS authorized library accessible by IMS (that is, JOBLIB, STEPLIB or DFSESL). Use the IMS **/START SUBSYS** command to restart the failing external subsystem connection when the problem has been resolved. If this action does not solve the problem, then check the External subsystem

documentation to determine which exits are provided. The Explanation identifies the required exits.

Problem determination:
34

Related information

[IMS abend 3049](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3609	EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM TASK ABENDING/ABENDED. COMMAND REJECTED.
----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS external subsystem task terminated abnormally or was in the process of terminating when the **/START SUBSYS** command was entered.

System action

The command is rejected. IMS continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Enter the **/START SUBSYS** command as soon as the termination has completed to restart the connection.

DFS3610	SUBSYSTEM STOPPED, COMMAND REJECTED.
----------------	---

Explanation

The external subsystem is already in a stopped state. The stopped state can be the direct result of:

- A previous **/STOP SUBSYS** command.
- An external subsystem termination.
- Either the mother or daughter task abended.
- The existence of outstanding recovery elements from a previous IMS execution.
- An IMS abnormal termination.

System action

The command is rejected. IMS continues to process.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer of this message.

System programmer response:

If you want to restart the external subsystem connection, enter the **/START SUBSYS** command. If the external subsystem connection is already in a stopped state, reentering the **/STOP SUBSYS** command has no affect.

DFS3611I	EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM xxxx CONNECTION TERMINATED RC=y
-----------------	---

Explanation:

See message DFS3611W for the explanation.

Related information

DFS3611W
EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM xxxx CONNECTION
TERMINATED RC=y

DFS3611E	EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM xxxx CONNECTION TERMINATED RC=y
-----------------	---

Explanation:

See message DFS3611W for the explanation.

Related information

DFS3611W
EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM xxxx CONNECTION
TERMINATED RC=y

DFS3611W	EXTERNAL SUBSYSTEM xxxx CONNECTION TERMINATED RC=y
-----------------	---

Explanation

The daughter task control block (subtask TCB) attached for subsystem xxxx terminated.

Reason code y, a single character value, indicates the cause of the termination, represented by one of the following codes:

**Reason code
Meaning**

- B** The IMS external subsystem daughter task (TCB attached for each connected subsystem) terminated abnormally. Some of theabend conditions can prohibit the invocation of the exit.
- C** The external subsystem notified IMS that it is terminating in a quiesce fashion. IMS ensures that new connections are not established and permits existing ones to terminate normally.
- D** The external subsystem notified IMS that it is terminating abnormally (catastrophic). IMS ensures that new connections are not attempted and terminates existing ones.
- E** The connection between the subsystems is being quiesced by IMS. IMS does not shut down,

but remains available. The termination of the connection is the result of the IMS **/STOP** command, a bad return code from an exit, or a missing required exit.

F

The connection between the subsystems terminated because the IMS termination service exit was started by an external subsystem exit, and allowed the external subsystem code to request that the connection be terminated.

System action

IMS continues normal termination processing.

Operator response

The external subsystem can be restarted using the **/START** command.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions based on the reason code:

**Reason code
Meaning**

- B** The external subsystem TCB terminated. A spin-off memory dump is created for debugging purposes if the spin-off memory dump facility is active. Determine the cause of theabend, and take corrective action.
- C** The external subsystem quiesced by IMS terminated. No action required.
- D** The external subsystem terminated abnormally. Determine the cause of the shutdown of the external subsystem (that is, forced shutdown command). The external subsystem should provide adequate problem determination material.
- E** The connection stopped. No action is required.
- F** The connection terminated internally. An external subsystem exit instigated the termination of the connection and provided adequate problem determination information by the external exit.

Problem determination:

34

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3612I **OPTIONAL xxxxxxxx SUBSYSTEM EXIT NOT PRESENT.**

Explanation

IMS attempted to start an optional external subsystem exit and found that the external subsystem did not supply that exit. This message is sent when the following exit is absent:

```
xxxxxxx = command
```

System action

If one of the optional exits are not present, IMS performs this command:

```
xxxxxxx = command
```

IMS runs the command exit when a valid **/SSR** command is entered from a terminal or an automated operator interface (AOI) application. If the exit is not present, IMS indicates this problem by this message. The **/SSR** command and the external subsystem command are ignored. IMS continues normal operation.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

This problem might be an external symptom of an IMS or external subsystem logic error. First check the external subsystem documentation to ensure that it furnishes a command exit. If it does, ensure that the subsystem in question is started. If the problem still exists, a memory dump is required to aid in isolating the problem. Use the **OS MODIFY (F)** command to terminate the IMS external subsystem mother task (ESSM).

Problem determination:

34

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3613I **xxx TCB INITIALIZATION COMPLETE.**

Explanation

The component identified by xxx has completed its initial processing.

In the message text, xxx indicates:

ALC

LU 6.2 task control block (TCB): allocate the LUM TCB

ALM

LU 6.2 TCB: Asynchronous LUM TCB

CTL

Control region TCB (primarily data communication)

CTX

Control region auxiliary TCB

DC

Data communications TCB

DGS

Diagnostic Services TCB

DLG

DASD log TCB (writing and reading of the log)

DLI

DLI serialization TCB

DRC

Database recovery, DBRC, TCB

DYC

Dynamic allocation TCB

DYC RECALL

Dynamic allocation recall subtask

ESS

External subsystem TCB (appears only if SSM is specified on the EXEC statement)

FP

Fast Path TCB (appears only if Fast Path is installed)

FP2

Fast Path TCB 2 (appears only if Fast Path is installed)

LSO

Local storage option TCB

LUM

LU 6.2 TCB: logical unit manager master TCB

MOD

IMS control, MODIFY TCB

RCF

RACF sign on and sign-off TCB

ODM

ODBA Syncpoint task manager TCB

ODS

ODBA Syncpoint request processing TCB

OID
An OTMA server task control block TCB

RDS
Restart data set TCB (writing/reading of the restart data set)

RLM
LU 6.2 TCB: receive LUM TCB

RRS
Resource Recovery Service TCB

RST
Restart TCB, an IMS restart and checkpoint processing

STC
Storage compression TCB

STM
Storage management TCB (job step TCB)

SQ1
Shared queues TCB 1

SQ2
Shared queues TCB 2

TCO
Time-controlled operations TCB

TMC
Transaction Manager TCB

TRA
External trace TCB

XCF
Cross-system coupling facility TCB

Multiple instances of the TCBs (RRS, DYx, and RCF, for example) can be created during the life of an IMS session as the workload requires. The initialization of each new TCB produces this message.

System action

After sending this message, the identified component will process any queued work requests.

System programmer response

If IMS fails during or immediately after the initialization process, the absence of this message helps in identifying the component in which the failure occurred.

Module:
DFSXDGS0, DFSYDTL0 for OID TCB

DFS3614I	DFSTRA (TRACE CONTROL BLOCK) CANNOT BE INITIALIZED
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the initial processing of the tracing function to obtain storage for DFSTRA, there was not enough shareable CSA storage available.

System action

The IMS tracing function is not activated during this run of IMS. No other action is taken by this failure, and the initial processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Increase the size of CSA.

DFS3615I	UNABLE TO IMODULE LOAD DFSTRA10
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the initial processing of the tracing function, an IMODULE LOAD was unsuccessful for module DFSTRAx, where xx can be 10, 20 or 30.

System action

This message is issued during the initialization. The IMS tracing function is not activated during this run of IMS, and the initial processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

Ensure that all IMS modules are contained in the authorized libraries concatenated in the job stream.

DFS3616I	- THE cccc PARM IS INVALID - THE TRACE IS ON IN CORE
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS encountered an invalid trace table option statement for the cccc trace table. Valid trace options are listed in the IMS system definition information.

An example of a valid DFSVSMxx trace line is OPTIONS DISP=OUT

System action

The invalid parameter is ignored and IMS continues initialization.

Operator response

If you want the trace to go to the OLDS, issue the **/TRACE SET ON TABLE cccc OPTION LOG** command. Inspect the DFSVSMxx member and correct any trace specifications that are incorrect or notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3618	SPECIFIED COMMAND RECOGNITION CHARACTER (CRC) NOT FOUND
----------------	--

Explanation

The command recognition character (CRC) specified on the **/SSR** command was either not defined to IMS or incorrectly specified on the command. Therefore, IMS could not associate it with an external subsystem.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Notify the installation personnel about the receipt of this message to ensure that you have the correct CRC for the subsystem. Then reenter the command.

Programmer response

Ensure that the CRC defined for the external subsystem is correct in the external subsystem PROCLIB member entry.

DFS3619I	UNABLE TO LOAD MODULE DFSESI70 DUE TO RC xx
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the processing of the **/CHA SUBSYS** command, an IMODULE LOAD for module DFSESI70 was issued. The load failed indicated by return code xx.

System action

The command is rejected. IMS continues to process.

Operator response

For an explanation of IMODULE LOAD return code xx, see the IMS system services return code information. This problem might be caused by a concatenation of libraries in the job stream. Tell the system programmer that you received this message.

Related reference

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3620I	REQUIRED RESOURCE UNAVAILABLE - RC=uu - FC=vv RESOURCE ID=xxxxxxx - SUBSYS NAME = yyyy - JOBNAME = zzzzzzzz.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS system encountered a resource constraint while processing a request to connect to an external subsystem.

The following values for the return code (RC-uu), function code (FC-vv), resource ID-xxxxxxx, subsys name-yyyy and jobname-zzzzzzz are defined:

uu

The return code is passed back to the caller. For information about return codes and function codes, see the IMS Return code and function code information.

vv

The function code indicates the module name that encountered the problem. For information about return codes and function codes, see the IMS Return code and function code information.

xx..xx

The resource ID indicates that a resource was required but could not be obtained or was nonexistent. The possible values are:

GESE

Indicates that the external subsystem, to which IMS was attempting to connect, did not have an external subsystem entry defined in the subsystem PROCLIB member specified in the control region JCL or the procedure (SSM=). IMS allows different SSM values to be specified, each containing a different subsystem definition for the control and dependent regions (MPP, BMP, IFP). However, a connection is attempted by IMS only for those PROCLIB members specified in the control region. The PROCLIB member which is specified by the SSM parameter for the region (indicated by JOBNAME), contains a subsystem definition that did not exist in the control region.

AWE

Indicates that an IMS module was unable to acquire an asynchronous work element (AWE) to initialize processing.

yyyy

Indicates the subsystem where the connection failed.

ZZZZZZZZ

Indicates the region where the connection failed. The PROCLIB member specified using the SSM parameter for this region contains a subsystem definition which is not contained in the control region member.

System action

The attempt to connect to the external subsystem is stopped, and this message is issued to assist in determining the problem.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

The installation action is dependent upon the resource ID. Take one of the following actions, dependent upon the resource ID.

GESE

If you want to connect to the external subsystem, then add the subsystem definition to the control region subsystem PROCLIB member.

AWE

Increase the size of the shareable storage (CSA) by 4 K increments until IMS runs successfully.

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS3621I	RECOVERY OUTSTANDING FOR SUBSYSTEM xxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The external subsystem xxxx has outstanding recovery units, network identifier (NIDs), but is not defined by the SSM PROCLIB member. Because the entries are undefined, IMS and the external subsystem cannot resolve the COMMIT or ABORT of previous active work requests.

System action

IMS retains the outstanding recovery units until the programmer takes corrective action.

Programmer response

Do one of the following:

- Define the external subsystem to IMS using the SSM PROCLIB member and start by using the **/START** command or the IMS restart command.
- Delete the outstanding recovery units using the **/CHANGE** command.
- Perform a cold start.

DFS3622I	STORAGE COMPRESSION DISABLED - STIMER FAILED, RC=y
-----------------	---

Explanation

The online storage compression function issued the STIMER macro. The return code y indicates that clock damage occurred.

System action

IMS processing continues. The storage compression function is now inoperative.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message, then refer the problem to hardware personnel.

Problem determination:

35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3623E	STRG-COMP IMODULE ERR=a BLK=b, ADDR=c, RTN=d, SP=e
-----------------	---

Explanation

The online storage compression function issued this message before terminating abnormally. Storage compression was unable to FREEMAIN storage. The values of a, b, c, d, and e are:

Value

Meaning

a

A hexadecimal IMODULE delete return code.

b

The 4-character name of the storage pool that owns the storage.

c

The address of the storage IMS tried to FREEMAIN.

d

An indicator as to which IMODULE delete, DFSBCB60, issued X'00' - routine at label FREE.

e
The subpool number specified on IMODULE in decimal.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally and module DFSBCB60 issues IMS abend 3058, subcode 12.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer about the receipt of this message.

Programmer response

For problem analysis, see the description in abend 3058, for subcode 12.

Problem determination:
35

Related information

[IMS abend 3058](#)
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3624I	<i>jobname- psbname- pstid- code - bbcc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This informational message accompanies several IMS pseudoabends. It provides diagnostic information for the pseudoabended application. This message contains the following information:

Value

Description

jobname

The name of the job that encountered the pseudoabend.

psbname

The application program name (PSB).

pstid

The PST ID.

code

The pseudoabend code.

bbbb

A hexadecimal return code, *bbbb*, which identifies the cause of the abend, as well as the module that detected the condition.

cccc

A hexadecimal return code, *cccc*, which identifies the function of the module that detected the condition.

For example:

JOBNAME	PSBNAME	PSTID	CODE	RC	FC
DFS3624I	IMF4MPR1	RCDBS4	00006	3045	0004 0293

System action

This message does not cause IMS to take any adverse action; it is informational. The accompanying pseudoabend indicates the action IMS will take.

Programmer response

For the possible combinations of the return codes and function codes this message can return, see the IMS Return code and function code information. The return code (RC) is the value set in register 15 at the point where the error was detected. It represents the error condition for debugging purposes. The function code (FC) represents the module that detected the problem. The module name and the return code help determine why the application program was pseudoabended without looking at a memory dump.

Problem determination:
35

Module:

DFSESPRO

Related reference

[Return and function codes associated with the external subsystem support \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3625E	STRG-COMP PAGE FREE ERROR RC=z
-----------------	---

Explanation

The online storage compression function issued this error message before terminating abnormally. Storage compression attempted to unfix one or more IPAGEs using IMSAUTH FUNC=PGFREE and received a nonzero return code.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally and module DFSBCB60 issues abend 3058, subcode 13.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer of the receipt of this message.

Programmer response

For problem analysis for the description of subcode 13, see 3058 information.

Related information
[IMS abend 3058](#)

DFS3626I RESTART HAS BEEN ABORTED

Explanation

IMS terminated the restart process. Error messages issued before this one indicate the problem.

System action

The restart is terminated and awaits another command.

Operator response:

After correcting the problem, restart the IMS system.

Problem determination:
35

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3627I DYC|DYS TCB RETRY IN PROGRESS DUE TO SYS|IMS xxxx

Explanation

The dynamic control services TCB ESTAE has received control and is attempting a retry of the process that encountered an error. DYC is the dynamic allocation service in the IMS control region. DYS is the dynamic allocation service in the DL/I subordinate address space. The reason for the retry is abend code xxxx, which is either a system (SYS) or IMS code.

System action

A retry of the request issued to the dynamic control services TCB is attempted. In addition, a software log record containing a copy of the System Diagnostic Work Area (SDWA) is written to the SYS1.LOGREC data set. The log record contains an eye-catcher field that identifies the failure as "IMS DYN ALLOCATE".

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

In most cases, receiving this message is no cause for alarm, although a database or data set might not have been allocated or deallocated. External user action might be required to process the request. However, if the problem persists, an investigation of the SYS1.LOGREC data set might be necessary to obtain diagnostic information about the failure.

DFS3628E DOUBLE AWE RELEASE DETECTED IN MODULE DFSBCB30

Explanation

The IMS control block storage manager, DFSBCB30, detected a double release of an IMS internal control block called an AWE. IMS collects internal diagnostic information for this problem and issues this message to document that this condition occurred.

This message is issued only one time per IMS checkpoint interval, regardless of how many double AWE frees occurred.

System action

IMS processing continues, however, a double free of an AWE is a symptom of an internal processing error within IMS, and unpredictable results might occur.

System programmer response

Take a memory dump of the IMS control and DLI regions and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSBCB30

DFS3628I DB2 RRSF SETUP FAILED - XXXXXXXXXXXX

Explanation

The DB2 Attach Facility could not be established in the Java™ region for the reason given by xxxxxxxxxx. The possible reasons for the failure are:

- GETMAIN FOR AFB FAILED
- ACCESS TO *db2id* STOPPED
- UNABLE TO OPEN DFSDB2AF

System action

The dependent region terminates abnormally with a 3056 except for the reason, ACCESS TO *db2id*

STOPPED, where *db2id* is the subsystem name which was provided in a **/STOP SUBSYS** command.

System programmer response

For UNABLE TO OPEN DFSDB2AF, ensure that access to the defined data set is available to the dependent region. Also ensure that the DB2 library is APF-authorized. For ACCESS TO *db2id* STOPPED, if the dependent region needs access, stop the region, issue a **/STA SUBSYS** command and restart the region. If access is not needed, nothing need be done.

Module:
DFSD2AF0

Related information
[IMS abend 3056](#)

DFS3629I	DB2 RRSF FUNC=xxxx FAILED - RC=yyyy, RS=zzzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DB2 Attach Facility function xxxx failed with return code yyyy and reason code zzzz. The possible functions are:

- IDENTFY
- SIGNON
- CREATE THD
- TERM THD

System action

The dependent region terminates abnormally with a 3056.

Programmer response

Contact the system programmer.

Module:
DFSD2AF0

Related concepts
[DB2 codes](#)
Related information
[IMS abend 3056](#)

DFS3630	GENERIC PARAMETER IS NOT ALLOWED
----------------	---

Explanation

A generic parameter was entered for a command or keyword that does not allow generic parameters.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reenter the command with non-generic parameters.

Module:
DFSICLN0

DFS3631E	MSC=Y IS SPECIFIED BUT NO SYSID IS DEFINED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

MSC=Y is specified in the IMS execution parameters, but no MSC system identifiers (SYSIDs) are assigned to the IMS system. At least one SYSID must be assigned to the IMS system when MSC=Y is specified in the IMS execution parameters.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with abend 565.

User response

Assign at least one SYSID to the IMS system or specify MSC=N in the IMS execution parameters. When the changes are complete, cold start IMS.

Assign a SYSID to the IMS system by specifying the SYSID parameter in the MSC section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

Alternatively, you can assign a SYSID to the IMS system by coding the MSNAME macro as input during the IMS stage-1 system definition process. The stage-1 input must also include an MSPLINK macro and an MSLINK macro.

Module:
DFSRMC10

Related reference
[MSC section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)
[MSNAME macro \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3632	COMMAND ONLY VALID FOR ISC SESSIONS
----------------	--

Explanation

A command with the keyword combination NODE or NODE and USER was entered, where the NODE parameter was not ISC. This command, with the NODE or NODE and USER keywords included, is valid only for ISC nodes.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Reenter the command without the USER keyword or with a NODE parameter that is ISC.

DFS3633	GENERIC PARAMETER RESOURCES NOT FOUND, NO ACTION TAKEN
----------------	---

Explanation

A command with only generic parameters was entered. None of the generic parameters applied to existing resources. For example, if the command **/IDLE NODE ABC* CD%F** were entered, this message is issued if there were no resources whose names started with ABC or no resources whose first, second, and fourth characters were C, D, and F.

Operator response

Check whether the generic parameter applies to the intended resource.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS3634	LOGOND OR USERD NOT VALID WITH STATIC RESOURCE
----------------	---

Explanation

The **/OPNDST NODE** command erroneously included the keyword LOGOND or USERD with a static terminal or user, or a dynamic ISC terminal or user. The LOGOND keyword applies only to dynamic non-ISC terminals and the USERD keyword applies only to dynamic non-ISC users.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Re-enter the command, omitting the LOGOND keyword, if the terminal is static or dynamic and ISC. Re-enter the command, omitting the USERD keyword, if the user is static or dynamic and ISC.

DFS3635	COMMAND NOT ALLOWED FOR STATIC USERS
----------------	---

Explanation

A command with the keyword USER that applies only to dynamic users was issued for a static user. The command is one of the following:

/BRO USER
/END USER
/EXC USER
/EXIT CONV USER
/RSTART USER
/TEST USER

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the command for a dynamic user.

DFS3636	INVALID ASSIGNMENT BETWEEN STATIC AND DYNAMIC USERS
----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following incorrect forms of the **/ASSIGN** command was attempted:

- **/ASSIGN LTERM static {T0} USER dynamic**
- **/ASSIGN LTERM dynamic {T0} USER static**
- **/ASSIGN USER static {T0} USER dynamic**
- **/ASSIGN USER dynamic {T0} USER static**

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Issue one of the following correct forms of the **/ASSIGN** command:

- **/ASSIGN LTERM dynamic {T0} USER dynamic**
- **/ASSIGN LTERM static {T0} USER static**
- **/ASSIGN USER dynamic {T0} USER dynamic**
- **/ASSIGN USER static {T0} USER static**

DFS3637	USER IN USE, CANNOT PROCESS COMMAND
----------------	--

Explanation

The user referred to in the **/ASSIGN** command cannot be reassigned because the user is signed on or is in conversation mode, preset mode, or response mode.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Wait for the user to sign off or to terminate conversation mode, preset mode, or response mode, and then try the **/ASSIGN** command again.

DFS3638	IMPROPER REASSIGNMENT FOR LUTYPE6 OR DYNAMIC TERMINALS
----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to improperly assign an LUTYPE6 or dynamic terminal, user, or LTERM. The assignment is incorrect for one of the following reasons:

- The **/ASSIGN INPUT LTERM** and **/ASSIGN OUTPUT LTERM** forms of the **/ASSIGN** command are not allowed for dynamic or LUTYPE6 logical terminals.
- An LUTYPE6 or dynamic LTERM cannot be assigned to a node because these types of logical terminals are associated with users.
- An LUTYPE6 LTERM or user cannot be assigned to a non-LUTYPE6 user.
- A non-LUTYPE6 LTERM or user cannot be assigned to an LUTYPE6 user.
- An LTERM cannot be assigned to a dynamic or LUTYPE6 terminal.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Make an appropriate reassignment for LUTYPE6 or dynamic nodes, LTERMs, or users.

DFS3639	USER KEYWORD INVALID IF NODE PARAMETER IS GENERIC
----------------	--

Explanation

A command with the keyword combination **NODE** and **USER** was supplied with a generic **NODE** parameter.

System action

The command is ignored.

User response

Enter a nongeneric **NODE** parameter with the **USER** keyword.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS3640W	xxxxxxx HAS AN INVALID DYNAMIC TERMINAL DESCRIPTOR TYPE OF y
-----------------	---

Explanation

While processing ETO descriptors, IMS found a descriptor that cannot be identified as a **LOGON**, **MSC**, **USER**, or **DEVICE** descriptor type.

System action

The descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Locate the descriptor with the resource name of xxxxxxxx. Correct the descriptor type of y to L, M, U, or D. If this descriptor must be present, restart IMS.

Problem determination:
1, 6

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3641W	xxxxxxx HAS AN INVALID PARAMETER FOR KEYWORD yyyyyyyy. DEFAULTS FOR THIS KEYWORD WERE USED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing ETO descriptors, IMS found an incorrect parameter for keyword yyyyyyyy.

System action

The parameters specified for the keyword are ignored, and the default values are used.

System programmer response

Locate the descriptor with the resource name of xxxxxxxx. Correct the parameter in error. If the defaults selected for the keyword are incorrect, restart IMS.

Problem determination:
1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3642E THE STAGING DATA SET IS FULL.

Explanation

The staging data set of the IMS directory is full. The staging data set is used to hold resource changes that are waiting to be written to the IMS directory for activation in the online IMS system.

System action

The IMPORT command or the automatic activation of the DDL definitions ends abnormally.

User response

The staging data set must be expanded by running a catalog utility. Resubmit the IMPORT command or reactivate the DDL definitions.

Module:

DFSMOLS0

Related information

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3643I USER xxxxxxxx HAS EXCEEDED DLQT VALUE. LAST ACCESSED ON yyyyddd.

Explanation

User xxxxxxxx has queued messages or outstanding status and has not been accessed since yyddd, which exceeds the time period specified on the DLQT JCL parameter. User xxxxxxxx was last accessed when it was created, signed on, or signed off. Other possibilities are when messages were dequeued, or queues were assigned away. User xxxxxxxx has been marked as having a status of DEADQ.

System programmer response

Verify that the time period specified on the DLQT JCL parameter is not unreasonably short.

For ISC users, determine why the ISC user was not allocated to a node for the DLQT time period.

For dynamic users, if the user name is defined to enhanced security such as RACF, verify that user xxxxxxxx can access the queue by signing on. If the dynamic user name is not defined to enhanced security such as RACF, and thus cannot be signed

on, determine why messages were queued or status applied to that user.

To aid the investigation of why messages were queued and to remove the status of DEADQ, use the **/ASSIGN** command to reassign queues and retrieve the data for evaluation.

To purge the data and to remove the DEADQ status, use the **/DEQUEUE** command. If status no longer applies to the user, remove the status using a command or by signing the user on and taking the necessary actions to reset the undesired status.

Delete dynamic users who were created inadvertently. To cause the user structure to be deleted, all the messages must be dequeued or the queues assigned away, and the status must be removed. Then, the user structure will be deleted at the next simple checkpoint.

Problem determination:

1, 6

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3644 NO RESOURCES FOR NODE nnnnnnnnn

Explanation

This message is issued for one of the following reasons:

- IMS could not acquire the control blocks required for the creation of a dynamic terminal structure.
- The created terminal structure could not be added to the IMS hash table for such structures.

Both reasons represent serious system failures.

System action

The command or logon attempt is ignored and processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the information in the DFS3672I message to further identify the nature of the problem. Consult the IMS diagnostic information for the meanings of the indicated code and qualifier. Contact the IMS support representative for further action.

User response

Try the action that generated this message again.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3645I LOGON REJECTED - NODE
nnnnnnnnn

Explanation

A terminal attempted to establish a session with IMS but the attempt was unsuccessful.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

This message appears when:

- The terminal is defined as the primary or secondary master terminal for the alternate system in an XRF environment.
- ETO=NO was in effect, thus precluding session establishment attempts from terminals not defined to IMS. If ETO=YES was specified at startup, verify that ETOFEAT=YES was specified in the IMSCTRL macro and that message DFS3648I was not issued by any installation-supplied initialization exit, DFSINTX0.
- Required user data was not provided for parallel session ISC and ETO FIN/SLU P terminals. The user data was not provided, or an installation-supplied logon exit, DFSLGNX0, cleared the user data. Make sure that the user data is supplied or not cleared. See the "Format for CINIT user data parameters" topic in *IMS Version 15.5 System Programming APIs* for CINIT user data parameters.
- An installation-supplied logon exit, DFSLGNX0, rejected the logon attempt without issuing its own message to indicate why the session was rejected.
- No logon descriptor was found describing the characteristics of the terminal attempting session establishment.

- An ISC session was initiated using the generic resource name but the IMS initialization user exit specified the option to disable VGR for ISC.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related reference

[Format for CINIT user data parameters \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3646I UNRECOGNIZED OR
INCONSISTENT DEVICE
ATTRIBUTES. DESC = nnnnnnnnn -
NODE = xxxxxxxxx

or

UNRECOGNIZED OR INCONSISTENT DEVICE
ATTRIBUTES. DESC = LLLLLLLL, NODE =
NNNNNNNN, SCR/USE = AABBCDDXXYY/Z1Z2

Explanation

For the first message form, either the IMS logon descriptor name for the given node was incompatible with the characteristics of that node as specified in the CINIT, or the Device Characteristics Table was not found.

For the second message form, the SCR field refers to the screen size information presented to IMS by the logging-on terminal.

AABB

The default screen size (AA = lines, BB = columns) in hexadecimal.

CCDD

The alternate screen size (CC = lines, DD = columns) in hexadecimal.

XX

The screen size control byte in hexadecimal.

YY

The video/prINTER identifier (applicable to non-SNA 3270 devices only).

The USE field identifies the actual screen size used by IMS in searching the Device Characteristics Table for a matching entry.

Z1

Number of lines of screen size in hexadecimal.

Z2

Number of columns of screen size in hexadecimal.

IMS also searches the DCT for a match on feature information. The feature information from the ETO logon descriptor is compared with the feature information in the DCT entry.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

For the first message form, determine whether descriptor *nnnnnnnn* correctly describes node *xxxxxxx*. Correct the named descriptor, or create a new one specifically for the named node. Verify existence of Device Characteristics Table.

For the second message form, the MFS Service utility can be used to list the entries in the DCT to see what entries are currently defined. The feature information in the ETO logon descriptor (the descriptor *LLLLLLLL* is identified in the message) and the 'USE' screen size values (identified in the message) must both match a single entry in the DCT. Most likely, the MFS DCT utility needs to be used to add an entry to the DCT for the screen size and feature combination that was not found.

Problem determination:
1, 6, 10

- Related concepts**
[LU2 and non-SNA 3270 screen size and model information \(Communications and Connections\)](#)
[MFS device descriptors \(System Definition\)](#)
- Related tasks**
[Administering the Extended Terminal Option \(Communications and Connections\)](#)
- Related reference**
[MFS Device Characteristics Table utility \(DFSUTB00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)
- Related information**
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.](#)

DFS3647W MISPLACED OR DUPLICATE DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx. CONTENTS ARE IGNORED.

Explanation

IMS initialization has already processed descriptor records for descriptor name *xxxxxxx*. However, a descriptor with the same resource name was found and ignored.

System action

The descriptor records in error are ignored and processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the error by discarding or repositioning descriptors in IMS.PROCLIB as required.

Problem determination:
1, 6, 10

Related information
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.](#)

DFS3648 ETO SUPPORT NOT AVAILABLE - DISABLED VIA DFSINTX0

Explanation

The initialization exit routine DFSINTX0 returned a return code of 4 to IMS. A return code of 4 indicates that dynamic terminal support is not wanted, even if it was requested using the ETO= parameter in the JCL or the DFSPByyy member. Since output security is only available for ETO terminals, none of the terminals in the system has output security.

System action

IMS does not allow the creation of any ETO terminals or users until the next IMS restart.

Operator response

- If ETO terminal support is not wanted, no action is required.
- If ETO terminal support is required, contact the IMS system programmer for assistance.

DFS3649A /SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.

(3270/SLU2 type devices) IMS Sign on panel

or

**(Non-3270/SLU2 devices) /SIGN COMMAND
REQUIRED FOR IMS *imsid*. NODE *node name*. (NO
OUTPUT SECURITY AVAILABLE (,REJECTED *reason*.)**

Explanation

The user of a terminal requiring sign on, which includes all ETO terminals except ISC, SLU P, and FINANCE terminals, must enter valid sign-on data before IMS will accept other input data, such as transactions, commands, and message switches. The only commands permitted at this time are **/SIGN** and **/RCLSDST**.

For 3270 terminals, the first form of the message appears and the sign-on data can be entered into the panel displayed. For non-3270 terminals, the second form of the message appears; use the **/SIGN** command when permitted.

If this message is sent again due to the rejection of a sign-on attempt, the reason for the rejection will be shown after the word REJECTED.

The last form of this message, the key message, is displayed when the pre-edit message was unable to be built. For all the conditions that cause DFS3649 to be sent, see [“Conditions for signon for DFS3649”](#) on page 1038.

See the following list for the reason codes *reason* and their meanings:

Code (dec)

Meaning

04	User profile is not defined to RACF.	44	OIDCARD parameter is invalid for specified user.
08	Password is not authorized, or was not specified.	48	User is not authorized to use the terminal.
12	Password has expired.	52	User is not authorized to use the application.
16	New password is invalid.	56	Reserved.
20	User is not defined to the group.	60	Reserved.
24	RACINIT was failed by the installation exit routine.	64	Reserved.
28	User access has been revoked.	68	Reserved.
32	RACF is not active.	72	Reserved.
36	The user's access to the specified group has been revoked.	76	SIGNON internal error
40	OIDCARD parameter is required but not supplied.	80	Terminal is in conversation.
		84	Reserved.
		88	Terminal is in Preset Mode.
		92	Terminal is in Response Mode.
		96	The terminal is not authorized to this conversation. For a static terminal or a dynamic terminal with the SPQBname the same as the node name, you are not allowed to sign on unless all conversations are held, or you are authorized to use the transaction for the active conversation.
		100	Rejected by DFSCSGNO exit routine.
		104	Storage unavailable to process request.
		108	Reserved.
		112	Rejected by DFSSGNX0 exit routine.
		116	The structure of the /SIGN command is in error.
		120	Resources unavailable for command.
		124	The LTERM name returned by DFSSGNX0 exit exists as LU 6.2 descriptor name
		128	Syntax error detected by IMS.

- 132** Storage unavailable to IMS while processing signon or signoff parameters, or one of the parameters is invalid.
- 136** Return code 104 from ARM call. Storage was unavailable to complete this call.
- 140** Return code 108 from ARM call. A system error caused this call to fail.
- 144** User ID has more than eight characters.
- 148** Descriptor specified by the USERD parameter could not be found, or no user descriptor could be found (DFSUSER could not be found).
- 152** User descriptor specified has more than eight characters.
- 156** User structure is already allocated to a terminal structure.
- 160** Associated printer user structure exists and is temporary.
- 164** Descriptor name returned in the associated printer output buffer by DFSSGNX0 does not exist in the system.
- 168** DFSUSER user descriptor does not exist in the system, and no other descriptor was specified to build the associated printer structure.
- 172** Associated printer structures could not be obtained using DFSBCB.
- 176** Specified user ID is currently in use as a dynamic user. It is unavailable at this time as a static user ID. Or, the specified user ID is not valid for this terminal type because it was statically defined with the system definition SUBPOOL macro for use with static ISC parallel session nodes.
- 180** USERD parameter cannot be specified by a static terminal.
- 184** Queues returned in the user output queue buffer that modify the existing user structure do not belong to the existing user.
- 188** Queues returned in the user output queue buffer that modify the existing user structure are not defined in the system.
- 192** User ID returned in the user output queue buffer from DFSSGNX0 contains invalid characters.
- 196** Associated print user name returned in the associated print output buffer from DFSSGNX0 contains invalid characters.
- 200** Queues returned in the user output queue buffer from DFSSGNX0 contain special prefixes reserved to IMS or contain invalid characters. If no buffer data is returned by DFSSGNX0, the parameter in error might have been entered as signon data.
- 204** Queues returned in the user output queue buffer from DFSSGNX0 are not unique in this IMS system. If no buffer data is returned by DFSSGNX0, then DFSUSER is used as the descriptor but an LTERM with the same name as the user ID exists.
- 208** Queues returned in the user output queue buffer from DFSSGNX0 contain names that are currently defined as transaction names in this IMS system.
- 212** User structure blocks could not be obtained using DFSBCB.
- 216** User is allocated, but it is not ISC/SLU P/FINANCE.
- 220** User is allocated, and though it is ISC/SLU P/FINANCE, the user address does not match the new user address.
- 224** User exists and is trying to sign on, but sign-on has the status of having the stopped bit turned on by the **/STOP USER** command.
- 228** Sign-on exit routine DFSSGNX0 returned an invalid ICOMPT value that was not between 1 and 4.
- 232** Signon exit routine DFSSGNX0 returned an invalid COMPT value that was not between 1 and 4.
- 236** User existed as a real user and not a temporary user, but the user does not have any queues.
- 240** Static or dynamic terminal with this user ID exists on the system.

- 244**
LU6, SLU P, or FINANCE ETO terminal entered a /**SIGN** command, but there are no user structures available under this terminal.
- 248**
Associated printer buffer from DFSSGNX0 has a LUNAME that does not follow the correct naming conventions.
- 252**
Associated Printer buffer from DFSSGNX0 has a logon descriptor which does not follow the correct naming conventions.
- 256**
Associated Printer buffer from DFSSGNX0 has a mode table name which does not follow the correct naming conventions.
- 260**
Static user was not found for the user allocation of a static ISC parallel session. A dynamic user was used for the user allocation of a static ISC parallel session, or a static user was used for the sign-on to an ETO terminal session.
- 264**
Session initiation occurred for an ETO terminal that is an output-only device, but no sign-on data (user ID and optionally user password and user descriptor) was included. The session is terminated.
- 268**
MSGDEL specifications for the USER and static ISC parallel session terminal did not match. They must be the same.
- 272**
The user structure name has been overridden by DFSSGNX0 exit, either because a name was provided in USEQUSTN or as a result of suffixing. This name exists as a user descriptor and, therefore, cannot be used as a user structure name by the user signing on.
- 276**
The user exists and is currently being used by as part of an /**ASSIGN**, /**STOP**, or /**OPNDST** command.
- 280**
An LTERM name with a suffix added contained more than eight characters.
- 284**
Temporary user structure is currently in use by another ITASK. Wait a moment and try again.
- 288**
The user sign-on exit, DFSSGNX0, has returned an invalid value in either the SGNOSRM1 or SGNOSRM2 field.
- 292**
A static terminal attempted to sign on and register the user ID to RM. However, the sign-on is rejected due to an error in RM registration.
- 296**
The user exists, but the user has Fast Path input in progress and the user was defined with no Fast Path recovery (RCVYFP=NO). The Fast Path program must complete before the user is allowed to sign on.
- 300**
Password verification is required.
- 304**
Password verification failed.
- 308**
A failure occurred in obtaining CTBWORK.
- 312**
The user is stopped from signing on.
- 316**
A user in Fast Path response mode attempted to sign on to an IMS system that is not Fast Path capable or is not using an EMHQ structure.
- 320**
A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: user type.
- 324**
A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: number of assigned CNTs.
- 328**
The user resource in RM does not have a fixed segment.
- 332**
The user is currently active.
- 336**
The limit has been reached for user update attempts.
- 340**
The user is owned by another IMS.
- 344**
The user update failed.
- 348**
The user ID is owned by an active IMS.
- 352**
The assigned CNT was not found.
- 356**
The node query produced no RM output.
- 360**
The node query failed.
- 364**
User signon failed. The user attempted to log on as a static terminal, but the node is already defined to RM as a dynamic terminal; or the user attempted

to log on as a dynamic terminal, but the node is already defined as static.

368

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: session manager session.

372

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: user or subpool support.

376

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: device type.

380

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: output-only.

384

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: output-only.

388

A mismatch occurred between the local IMS and RM: output edit.

392

The node update did not produce RM output.

396

The node update failed.

400

There is no storage.

404

Node cleanup has no RM output.

408

Node cleanup failed.

412

Node delete has no RM output.

416

Node delete failed.

420

There is no LTERM for this signon.

428

The user currently allocates to a different node.

432

An error in the RACF database occurred. For more information, see system abend 483-4C in *z/OS MVS System Codes* (SA22-7626).

436

CQS is unavailable, which causes the registration of interest to fail.

- For ETO terminal, the user is signed off.
- For static non-stsn terminal that requires signon, the session persists. The user is signed off if already signed on.

440

The user is allocated to a different node on the local IMS system.

444

Sign-on was unable to update the node resource in RM. This condition is temporary; try the sign-on again.

448

An application is using an LTERM associated with this user. This condition is a temporary. Please try the sign-on again.

500

Either the user profile is not defined to RACF, or the password is not authorized or was not specified.



Attention: For reason codes 4-52, see *z/OS Security Server RACF System Programmer's Guide* (SA22-7681) for further details.

Conditions for signon for DFS3649

Message DFS3649 is sent for various reasons. The following table contains the conditions under which these messages are sent to different devices.

In the table, a "Y" in the cell indicates that the condition is valid for the device listed at the top of that column. An "N" indicates that this condition will not cause message DFS3649 to be sent to the device listed at the top of that column. Blank cells in the tables indicate that the condition is not applicable to the device listed at the top of that column.

Because 3270 printers are output-only devices, they never receive message DFS3649.

Numbers 058, 064, 165, 2467, 2469, 3650, 3662, and 3664 in the table indicate that messages DFS058, DFS064, DFS165, DFS2467, DFS2469, DFS3650, DFS3662, and DFS3664 are received instead of DFS3649.

A sign-on failure for an output-only device causes message DFS2085 to be sent to the MTO with the reason code from the DFS3649 message.

Table 23. Conditions that message DFS3649 is sent to certain devices								
Condition	3270	3270 P	FI N	SL U1	SL U2	SL U4	SL U P	LU 6 NT O
Session initiation (simple)	Y			Y	Y	Y		Y
Session initiation-NOTERM specified, static terminal	N			N	N	N		N

Table 23. Conditions that message DFS3649 is sent to certain devices (continued)									
Condition	32 70	32 70 P	FI N	SL U1	SL U2	SL U4	SL UP	LU 6	NT O
Session initiation- NOTERM specified, ETO terminal, without user data ¹	Y			Y	Y	Y			Y
Session initiation with sign-on data	36 50			36 50	36 50	36 50			36 50
Session initiation (unattached mode)				N		N			
Session initiation (autologged on)	N			N	N	N			N
Session initiation with bad sign-on data	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y			Y
/SIGN ON failure, static terminal, sign-on not required	Y		24 67	Y	Y	Y	24 67	24 67	Y
/SIGN ON failure, static terminal, sign-on required	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
/SIGN ON failure, dynamic terminal	Y		24 69	Y	Y	Y	24 69	24 69	Y
Tran or command entered before sign-on when sign-on required-static terminal	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
Tran or command entered before sign-on when sign-on required-dynamic terminal	Y		16 5 24 69 06 4 36 62	Y	Y	Y	16 5 24 69 06 4 36 62	16 5 24 69 06 4 36 62	Y
/SIGN OFF, static terminal, sign-on not required	05 8		05 8	05 8	05 8	05 8	05 8	05 8	05 8
/SIGN OFF, static terminal, sign-on required	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y

Table 23. Conditions that message DFS3649 is sent to certain devices (continued)									
Condition	32 70	32 70 P	FI N	SL U1	SL U2	SL U4	SL UP	LU 6	NT O
/SIGN OFF, dynamic terminal	Y		05 8	Y	Y	Y	05 8	05 8	Y
Remember: 1 OPTION=NOTERM does not affect the issuance of the DFS3649 message for dynamic terminals because NOTERM is specified on the USER descriptor. DFS3649 is not suppressed when NOTERM is specified on the USER descriptor because NOTERM is not reflected in the blocks for the node until after sign-on.									

System action

IMS processes signon input data when entered. If the sign-on is successful, message DFS3650I is sent to the terminal. Message DFS3650I provides the status of the terminal session and user.

Operator response

Enter valid signon data as requested. For RACF, the sign-on data consists of the following strings:

User ID

A user identification of eight characters or less.

User Descriptor

An optional keyword indicating a user descriptor name of eight characters or less that is used by IMS to build a user control block structure.

Password

An optional keyword indicating a password of eight characters or less (or, if supported, a password phrase of 100 characters or less) that is associated with the user identification. This field will have a non-display attribute. The password is required when RACF is used to verify the sign-on.

Group

An optional keyword indicating a group name of eight characters or less that is associated with the user ID.

New Password

An optional keyword indicating a new user password of eight characters or less (or, if supported, a password phrase of 100 characters or less) that replaces the current user password specified in the password field. This field will have a non-display attribute.

Related reference

[z/OS: System code 483](#)

Related information

“DFS3650I” on page 1040

SESSION STATUS.

IMS Session Status Summary for 3270/SLU2 Devices

DFS3650I SESSION STATUS. IMS Session Status Summary for 3270/SLU2 Devices

Explanation

Session initiation was successfully completed for IMS terminals. For terminals requiring sign-on security, including dynamically defined terminals, the user has successfully signed on to IMS. This message details the status of the session and the user. The status conditions indicated under current session status are:

ASR		RESP	RESP -
INP	LOCK		
MFST		TEST	RESP - INP -
FP	TRA		
C1/C2/C3/C4	INOP	CONV - HLD	
EXCL	ACTIV		
INC - LTRM		*PWD - CHG*	CONV - ACT

The definitions of these terminal status indicators are in [Status and attributes for the /DISPLAY command \(Commands\)](#).

The status condition *PWD-CHG* indicates that the password for the current user was changed during signon processing.

The status condition INC-LTRM indicates that the LTERMs requested by the user signon exit (DFSSGNX0), or defined as part of the user descriptor used to build the user structure, were not all successfully allocated to the user. Normally, the requested LTERM could not be obtained because a CNT exists by that name and is currently assigned to a different user. A **/DIS ASMT USER** command can be issued to determine which LTERMs were allocated successfully to the user.

For ACF/VTAM terminals with 6 to 11 lines, the PRESET DESTINATION and CURRENT SESSION STATUS lines are omitted. For ACF/VTAM terminals with less than six lines and the MFS formatted master terminal, only the first line are displayed.

The third form of the message, the key message, is displayed when the pre-edit message was unable to be built. For all of the conditions that cause DFS3650 to be sent, see [Session status for DFS3650I](#).

Session status for DFS3650I

This message is sent for various reasons. The following table contains the conditions under which these messages are sent to different devices.

In the following table, a Y in the cell indicates that the condition is valid for the device listed at the top of that column. An N indicates that this condition does not cause message DFS3649A to be sent to the device listed at the top of that column. Blank cells in the tables indicate that the condition is not applicable to the device listed at the top of that column.

Table 24. Conditions for the DFS3650 message

Condition	3270	3270P	FI N	SLU1	SLU2	SLU4	SLUP	LU6	NT O
Session initiation, static terminal, sign-on not required	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y			Y
Sign-on completed-NOTERM specified	N	N		N	N	N			N
Session initiation with good sign-on data	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y			Y
Session initiation (unattached mode)				N		N			
Session initiation (autologged on)	N	N		N	N	N			N
/SIGN ON, static terminal	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
/SIGN ON, dynamic terminal	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

System action

The IMS system continues processing.

Operator response

Verify the status of the session and user. It is possible to enter input such as transactions, commands, and message switches.

Chapter 76. DFS messages, DFS3651I - DFS3700

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3651I	LOGON REJECTED - NODE nnnnnnnn. DEFAULT LOGON DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx REQUIRED BUT NOT FOUND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While creating the correct session control blocks for node *nnnnnnnn*, IMS determined that the default logon descriptor *xxxxxxx* was required but not found.

System action

The logon attempt is rejected.

System programmer response

Determine if the node was rejected because it was of an LU type not supported by the installation. If the node is a valid type, determine why the default logon descriptor for that type could not be located.

User response

Contact the system programmer.

DFS3652X	DYNAMIC TERMINAL DESCRIPTORS NOT AVAILABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization or the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility was unable to locate the ETO descriptors from the library with the ddname PROCLIB. IMS initialization requires at least one valid logon descriptor and one valid user descriptor when ETO=YES is requested. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility requires at least one device descriptor.

System action

IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0015. The MFS Device Characteristics Table utility ends with a return code of 12.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine whether the descriptor members that should contain ETO descriptors exist in the data set with the ddname PROCLIB. The member names are DFSDSCM*a* and DFSDSCT*b*, where *a* is the IMS nucleus suffix and *b* is from the DSCT parameter, during IMS initialization. If running the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, *a* and *b* are from the DSCMSUF and DSCTSUF parameters.

If the members do not exist, create them. If they do exist, determine why IMS was not able to locate the members in the data set with the ddname PROCLIB, or why the required descriptors do not exist in the members.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[IMS abend 0015](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3653	ATTRIBUTE MIXED WITH SPECIFIC PARAMETER.
----------------	---

Explanation

A command was entered with a mix of attributes and parameters. If an attribute is specified, all other parameters must be attributes. If a non-attribute parameter is specified, all other parameters must be non-attribute parameters.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Reenter the command with all attribute parameters or all non-attribute parameters.

DFS3654	COMMAND NOT ALLOWED FOR DYNAMIC TERMINALS.
----------------	---

Explanation

An **/EXCLUSIVE NODE** or **/TEST NODE** command was entered for a node that is an ETO terminal.

Commands **/EXCLUSIVE NODE** and **/TEST NODE** are invalid for ETO terminals.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Enter the command again with a node parameter that is static, or enter **/EXCLUSIVE USER** or **/TEST USER** to associate exclusive or test status with the user.

Module:
DFSICL50

DFS3655	USER SIGNED ON, /EXIT USER COMMAND INVALID
----------------	---

Explanation

In the **/EXIT** command with only the CONV and USER keywords (the NODE is not specified), the specified user is signed on. This format of the **/EXIT** command is valid only when the user is not signed on.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Reenter the **/EXIT** command with the NODE keyword.

DFS3656A	IMS PASSWORD VERIFICATION
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation:

For an explanation and actions, see DFS3656.

Related information

[DFS3656](#)
IMS PASSWORD VERIFICATION, PLEASE RE-
ENTER NEW PASSWORD:

DFS3656	IMS PASSWORD VERIFICATION, PLEASE RE-ENTER NEW PASSWORD:
----------------	---

or

**IMS PASSWORD VERIFICATION, SIGN ON WITH
VERIFY KEYWORD**

Explanation

The user of a VTAM terminal is attempting to change the password or password phrase during a signon. When password or password phrase verification is

enabled, this message prompts the user to reenter the new password or password phrase.

The first form of the message, which contains the text **PLEASE RE-ENTER NEW PASSWORD:** is the one normally received by the user, and prompts the user to reenter the new password or password phrase. The password or password phrase is not displayed to the terminal.

The second form of the message, which contains the text **SIGN ON WITH VERIFY KEYWORD**, is the one normally received when there are resource constraints, and it is not possible for IMS to issue the first form. In this case, the user is prompted to reenter the password or password phrase using the **/SIGN ON** command.

System action

IMS verifies that the new password or password phrase entered as a response to this message matches the password or password phrase originally entered. If verification is successful, signon completes successfully, and message DFS3650I is displayed with the status, *PWD-CHG*, to indicate the password or password phrase was changed. If verification is unsuccessful, signon fails with DFS3649A, return code 304.

Operator response

If the first form of the message is received, reenter the new password or password phrase. The new password or password phrase is not displayed on the terminal.

If the second form of the message is received, enter the **/SIGN ON VERIFYxxxxxxx** command, where xxxxxxxx is the new password or password phrase.

Related information

[“DFS3649A” on page 1034](#)
[/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.](#)

[“DFS3650I” on page 1040](#)
[SESSION STATUS.](#)
[IMS Session Status Summary for 3270/SLU2
Devices](#)

DFS3657	DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyyyyyyyyyy IN MEMBER DFSYDTC EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM OF 50 RECORDS. DESCRIPTOR IGNORED.
----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was initializing dynamic descriptors and found a descriptor which had more than the maximum of 50 records.

System action

The descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

If the descriptor must be present, shorten it to 50 records or less. Then restart IMS.

Problem determination:

1, 6

Module:

DFSYIDCO

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3658X GET REQUEST FAILED FOR
 xxxxxxxx DESCRIPTOR BLOCK.**

Explanation

IMS was unsuccessful in obtaining a storage for descriptor block xxxxxxxx while initializing the ETO terminal or LU 6.2 descriptor.

System action

IMS abnormally terminates with abend 0095.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

If dynamic resources are required, increase the available storage to the IMS control region.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[IMS abend 0095](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3659X SYN ERROR OCCURRED READING
 DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy IN
 MEMBER DFSYDTC**

or

**I/O ERROR OCCURRED READING DESCRIPTOR
yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy IN MEMBER DFSYDTC**

Explanation

IMS initialization or the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility received an I/O error while reading the descriptor records for descriptor name xxxxxxxx from the member yyyyyyyy of IMS.PROCLIB. When this message is received from the MFS Device Characteristics Table utility, xxxxxxxx contains DCTABLE.

System action

IMS initialization abnormally terminates with abend 0015. The MFS DCT Utility ends with a return code of 12.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Rebuild member yyyyyyyy of IMS.PROCLIB for which the I/O error occurred.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Module:

DFSYIDCO

Related information

[IMS abend 0015](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3660W EDIT ROUTINE xxxxxxxx DEFINED
 BY DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyyy
 CANNOT BE FOUND. DESCRIPTOR
 IGNORED.**

Explanation

IMS was processing the EDIT= parameter of logon descriptor yyyyyyyy when the search for the physical edit routine xxxxxxxx was unsuccessful. If the edit routine xxxxxxxx is not used by any static terminals defined in the IMS system definition, you must bind it into IMS.SDFSRESL.

System action

The descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Correct the physical edit routine name on descriptor `yyyyyyyy`, if it is incorrect. If the physical edit routine name `xxxxxxx` is correct, link edit the module into the `IMS.SDFSRESL`. The descriptor `yyyyyyyy` is unavailable until the problem is corrected and IMS is restarted.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3661W	DESCRIPTOR <code>xxxxxxx</code> HAS AN INVALID OR DUPLICATE KEYWORD <code>yyyyyyyy</code>. THE KEYWORD IS IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While IMS was processing the definition for ETO descriptor `xxxxxxx`, an invalid keyword (unrecognizable string or invalid for this device type) or duplicate keyword `yyyyyyyy` was found.

System action

The invalid or duplicate keyword string is ignored.

System programmer response

Locate the descriptor having the resource name of `xxxxxxx`. Correct the keyword in error. If the default selected by IMS for the erroneous keyword is incorrect, restart IMS with the corrected descriptor.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3662W	COMMAND REJECTED BY <i>reason</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when a command from a terminal is rejected by security checking.

If enhanced command security is included in the IMS system, the command initially goes through a RACF security check.

reason can be one of the following:

RACF; *return code*

DFSCCMD0

DEFAULT COMMAND SECURITY

If RACF rejected the command, and the DFSCCMD0 user exit routine did not override the RACF rejection, IMS displays the message: `COMMAND REJECTED BY RACF; return code`.

Possible return codes from RACF:

USER NOT AUTH; RC=08

User is not authorized for the command by RACF.

SIGNON REQUIRED

Command is RACF-protected and the user is not signed on.

RACF NOT ACTIVE; RC=12

RACF is not active, and RACF transaction or command class is active.

INVALID EXIT RC; RC=16

RACF installation exit routine returned an invalid return code.

INSTALL ERROR; RC=20

RACF is not installed or an incorrect level of RACF is installed.

RACF POE ERROR; RC=24

The RACF profile has a conditional access list, the port-of-entry field in the security token is filled by blanks, and the port-of-entry class is active.

NO PASSWORD; RC=36

RACF password verification is required but no password was given.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

You are not authorized to use the command that was rejected. See the system programmer if you believe you should be authorized to use the rejected command.

Module:

DFSCIOB0

DFS3663I	UNSUPPORTED DEVICE-TYPE LOGON REJECTED- NODE <code>xxxxxxx</code>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LU type, as specified in the CINIT of the logging-on terminal, is not allowed by IMS.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that the mode table entry for the indicated LU specifies an LU type acceptable to IMS. Verify that the mode table entry for the indicated LU specifies device characteristics correctly.

DFS3664I	DFSDFxxx SYSID nnnn IS IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS ALREADY DEFINED AS A SYSID FOR A REMOTE SYSTEM
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *nnnn* value specified in the SYSID= parameter in the MSC section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member is already defined as a SYSID for a remote IMS system in an MSC network. IMS rejects this *nnnn* value because it is an invalid local SYSID override value.

System action

This message is issued to report error conditions for the IMS master terminal operator.

System programmer response

Correct the SYSID= value and restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRMC00

Related tasks

[Defining a SYSID \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference

[MSC section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3665W	DESCRIPTOR MSNAME xxxxxxxx CONTAINS DUPLICATE REMOTE LTERM yyyyyyyy.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization detected that descriptor xxxxxxxx contains a remote LTERM name of yyyyyyyy that is a duplicate of another remote LTERM in the system.

System action

The remote LTERM xxxxxxxx is ignored and processing continues.

Operator response:

Remove the duplicate remote LTERM from the MSNAME descriptor.

DFS3666W	DESCRIPTOR NAME xxxxxxxx CONTAINS INVALID CHARACTERS. DESCRIPTOR IS IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization detected that descriptor xxxxxxxx contains invalid characters and does not conform to the IMS rules for valid resource names. All descriptor names must be 1 to 8-alphanumeric characters, that is, letters A through Z, digits 0 through 9, and national characters #, \$, and @. For logon and user descriptors, the first character must be alphabetic (A-to-Z, #, \$, or @).

System action

The descriptor xxxxxxxx is ignored and processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the name in error.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3667W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx CONTAINS AN INVALID NAME OF yyyyyyyy. THIS REMOTE LTERM IS IGNORED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS initialization detected that descriptor xxxxxxxx contains a remote LTERM name yyyyyyyy that does not conform to IMS rules for valid LTERM names.

The rules for the LTERM name are:

- It cannot match a transaction name or an MSNAME link name.
- It cannot start with the characters INQU.
- It cannot be WTOR or DFSMTCNT.
- All remote LTERM names must be 1 to 8-alphanumeric characters, that is, letters A through Z, digits 0 through 9, and national characters #, \$, and @.

If the queue name is omitted in the LTERM parameter, field yyyyyyyy contains N/A.

System action

The remote LTERM xxxxxxxx is ignored and processing continues.

System programmer response

Change the name in error.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3668W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx CONTAINS QUEUE yyyyyyyy WITH AN INVALID NAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS initialization detected that descriptor xxxxxxxx contains a queue name yyyyyyyy that does not conform to the IMS rules for valid LTERM names.

The rules for the LTERM name are:

- It cannot match a transaction name or an MSNAME link name.
- It cannot start with the characters INQU.
- All LTERM names must be 1 to 8-alphanumeric characters, that is, letters A through Z, digits 0 through 9, and national characters #, \$, and @.

If the queue name is omitted in the LTERM parameter, field yyyyyyyy contains N/A.

System action

Descriptor xxxxxxxx is ignored, and processing continues.

System programmer response

Change the queue name in error.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3669W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx CONTAINS QUEUE ALREADY DEFINED BY DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyyy.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization processed descriptor records for descriptor name yyyyyyyy. A subsequent descriptor, xxxxxxxx, attempted to build a control block with the same name as the control block built by descriptor yyyyyyyy.

System action

Descriptor xxxxxxxx is ignored, and processing continues.

System programmer response

Remove the duplicate queue name from either descriptor.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3670W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx HAS INVALID PARAMETER yyyyyyyy FOR KEYWORD zzzzzzzz. THE DEFAULT WAS USED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS initialization detected an error in descriptor xxxxxxxx for parameter yyyyyyyy on keyword zzzzzzzz.

System action

The default for this parameter is used. The remaining parameters for this keyword are skipped, and the defaults are used instead.

System programmer response

Correct the invalid parameter in descriptor xxxxxxxx.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3671I	INVALID DESCRIPTOR SPECIFIED. DESC = aaaaaaaaaa NODE = bbbbbbbb
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS did not recognize the logon descriptor name as specified in the user data field of the logging-on node CINIT. This message is also issued for an invalid descriptor name override provided by the logon exit (DFSLGNX0).

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that the descriptor name specified in the logon request is defined to IMS.

DFS3672I	SESSION ERROR. TYPE=aaa CODE=bb QUAL.=cc MSG=dddd IPADDR..PORT=eee.eee.eee.eee..ffff ff
-----------------	--

Explanation

A session establishment or disconnection error occurred. This message supplies information to assist in diagnosing the problem indicated by message DFSdddd.

In the message text:

aaa
The VTAM exit driven when the error occurred.

bb
The location code of the error.

cc
The location qualifier of the error.

dddd
The DFS message number.

eee.eee.eee.eee
The TCP/IP address.

ffff
The TCP/IP port number.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the indicated information to further identify the nature of the problem.

Related reference

[Qualifier codes \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS3673W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx CONTAINS LTERM yyyyyyyy WHICH IS STATICALLY DEFINED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued when a remote LTERM or a queue for the descriptor xxxxxxxx is already defined to the system. If yyyyyyyy is already defined, then it must have been defined during the system definition.

System action

For a remote LTERM, then it is ignored. If this is a queue for a descriptor, the user descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Remove the descriptor or the LTERM definition in the system definition.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3674W	MNPS SPECIFIED, USERVAR IGNORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

In an extended recovery facility (XRF) environment, the MNPS and USERVAR keywords were both specified during IMS initialization, in IMS execution parameters, or DFSHSBxx PROCLIB member. These are mutually exclusive keywords, and MNPS overrides the USERVAR keyword.

System action

IMS operates XRF using MNPS. The USERVAR is ignored.

Operator response

Verify that MNPS is the environment you want, and reinitialize IMS if necessary.

System programmer response

Verify MNPS and USERVAR are defined correctly in the IMS execution parameters or PROCLIB members, or both.

Module:
DFSAINBO

DFS3675I	INVALID LOGON TO THE APPLID ACB - NODE <i>nodename</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an extended recovery facility (XRF) environment, IMS was using MNPS for session persistence. As a result, there were two VTAM application control blocks (ACB) in use - the MNPS ACB and the APPLID ACB. The APPLID ACB can only be used by the MTO and the XRF surveillance link. However, a VTAM terminal *nodename*, which is not the MTO or surveillance link, attempted to logon to the APPLID ACB.

System action

IMS rejects the logon attempt.

Operator response

Log the terminal onto the MNPS ACB. Use **/OPNDST** command to automatically use this ACB, or use **/DISPLAY ACTIVE DC** or **/DISPLAY HSB** to determine the MNPS ACB name.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSCNXAO

DFS3676I	ETO SUPPORT NOT AVAILABLE- FEATURE NOT INSTALLED OR LICENSED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Initialization of the Extended Terminal Option (ETO) had been requested using the execution parameter ETO=Y. However, initialization detected that the ETO feature has not been installed or licensed.

System action

IMS initialization terminates with abend 3476.

Operator response

See system programmer response.

System programmer response

You can suppress this message by changing the IMS execution parameter to ETO=N. If ETO is required, it must be installed or licensed.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10, 13

Related information

[IMS abend 3476](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3677W	aaaaaaaa HAS AN INVALID PARAMETER FOR KEYWORD bbbbbbbb. KEYWORD IS IGNORED, DEFAULT NOT USED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS was processing dynamic terminal descriptors when it encountered an invalid parameter for keyword *bbbbbbbb*.

System action

The keyword is ignored, but the default is not used.

System programmer response

Locate the descriptor with the resource name *aaaaaaaa*. Correct the invalid parameter. If IMS cannot run without this keyword, IMS must be restarted.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3678E	TYPE <i>t</i> DESCRIPTOR <i>desc_id</i> IN MEMBER <i>member</i> EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM OF <i>nnn</i>. IT WAS IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of type-*t* descriptors in the DFSYDTx PROCLIB members exceeds the maximum number, *nnn*, that can be defined for the descriptor type. The descriptor identified in the message text is ignored.

OTMA initializes descriptors in the order in which they are coded in the DFSYDTx PROCLIB member. The

descriptor identified in the message text by *desc_id* might not be the descriptor that was added to cause the maximum number to be exceeded.

In the message text:

t

The descriptor type, either D or M.

Type D descriptors are OTMA destination descriptors. Type M descriptors are OTMA client descriptors and the DFSOTMA descriptor, if it is defined.

desc_id

The ID of the descriptor. For type D descriptors, this is the destination name. For type M descriptors, this is the OTMA client name.

member

The name of the OTMA DFSYDTx member in the IMS.PROCLIB data set that contains the descriptors.

nnn

The maximum allowable number of descriptors for the descriptor type that is identified by *t*.

System action

This message is issued, OTMA ignores the descriptor, and IMS continues to run normally. The client or destination definitions in the descriptor that is identified in the message text are not available for use.

Programmer response

Either adjust the maximum allowable number of descriptors for the descriptor type that is identified in the message text or delete or reuse any descriptors that are no longer required.

The maximum for client (type-M) descriptors is defined by the MDESCMAX parameter in the DFSOTMA descriptor. The default is 255.

The maximum for destination (type-D) descriptors is defined by the DDESCMAX parameter in the DFSOTMA descriptor. The default is 510.

For destination descriptors for ALTPCB destinations, if you cannot increase the maximum allowable number and you cannot delete or modify any existing destination descriptors to accommodate the new descriptor, you can code the definitions in the OTMA Destination Resolution exit routine (OTMAYPRX) and the OTMA User Data Formatting exit routine (DFSYDRU0).

If you modified any client descriptors or the DFSOTMA descriptor, restart IMS to add the changes to the online IMS system.

If you modified any destination descriptors in the DFSYDTx member, you must cold start IMS to add the changes to the online system.

If you modified or replaced any destination descriptors by using the **UPDATE OTMADESC**, **DELETE OTMADESC**, and **CREATE OTMADESC** commands, you do not need to restart IMS.

Module:

DFSYIDC0

Related reference

[DFSYDTx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3679E	THE DIRECTORY DATA SET IS FULL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS directory data set is full.

System action

The processing for the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE (CATALOG)** command or the automatic activation of the DDL definitions ends abnormally.

User response

Resubmit the IMPORT command or DDL statements. Because some resource changes might have been processed already, it is normal to see reason code 121 (resource has no change) or message DFS4387I.

Module:

DFSMOLS0

Related information

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS3680W	UNABLE TO ADD EDIT ROUTINE xxxxxxx IN DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyy TO TABLE. DESCRIPTOR IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS issues this message during initialization when it cannot expand the size of the dynamic user edit routine name and address table.

System action

The descriptor ignored.

System programmer response

Increase the amount of virtual storage available to IMS.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3681W	DESCRIPTOR NAME XXXXXXXX SAME AS TRANSACTION NAME.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued when the LU 6.2 descriptor initialization routine attempts to create a descriptor which has the same name as a transaction name initialized by the ETO initialization routine.

System action

This LU 6.2 descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Remove the descriptor definition from the input.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3682W	DESCRIPTOR NAME XXXXXXXX SAME AS STATIC LTERM NAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when the LU 6.2 descriptor initialization routine attempts to create a descriptor which has the same name as a static LTERM name initialized by the ETO initialization routine.

System action

This LU 6.2 descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Remove the descriptor definition from the input.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3683W	DESCRIPTOR NAME XXXXXXXX SAME AS DESCRIPTOR LTERM NAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when the LU 6.2 descriptor initialization routine attempts to create a descriptor which has the same name as a descriptor LTERM name initialized by the ETO initialization routine.

System action

This LU 6.2 descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Remove the descriptor definition from the input.

Problem determination:

1, 6, 10

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3684W	DESCRIPTOR xxxxxxxx EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM OF 8 LTERMS. DESCRIPTOR IGNORED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was initializing dynamic descriptors and found a user descriptor which had more than the maximum of 8 LTERM= keywords.

System action

The descriptor is ignored.

System programmer response

Reduce the number of LTERM keywords specified on the user descriptor to 8 or less, then restart IMS.

Problem determination:

1, 6

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3685I	<i>variable output headings</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued to improve the readability of the output written by the ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility (DFS3UACB).

In the message text:

variable output headings

The output headings printed with this message include:

- COMBINEDACBGEN&POPULATEUTILITY
- ***POPULATIONINPUTPARMS***
- ***ENDOFPOPULATIONPARMS***

System action

The DFS3UACB utility continues processing and writing additional output to the console.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3UACB

Related reference

[ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3UACB\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS3686I *variable message text RC=rc*

Explanation

This message is issued to indicate the processing status of the ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility (DFS3UACB).

In the message text:

rc

The return code, if any, issued by the DFS3UACB utility.

variable message text

The output headings printed with this message include:

- DFS3UACB ACBGEN PROCESS COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY, RC=00
- DFS3UACB ACBGEN PROCESS COMPLETE, RETURN CODE RC=xx
- DFS3PPRM DD CARD FOUND, DEFAULT PARMS BEING OVERRIDDEN
- DFS3UACB CATALOG POPULATE PROCESS COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY, RC=00
- DFS3UACB CATALOG POPULATE PROCESS COMPLETE, RETURN CODE RC=xx

System action

Processing continues until the final status message is issued.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3UACB

Related reference

[ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3UACB\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS3687E *variable message text*

Explanation

The ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility (DFS3UACB) encountered an error.

In the message text:

variable message text

The message text that follows the message number. The message text can be one of the following:

- DFS3PPRM DD DUMMY NOT ALLOWED
- AN ERROR OCCURRED OPENING THE DFS3PPRM DATASET
- NO DFS3PPRM STATEMENTS FOUND
- UNEXPECTED ERROR - UNABLE TO DETERMINE SOURCE

System action

Processing continues until the final status message is issued.

Programmer response

If you intended to provide a DFS3PPRM DD statement, correct the error and rerun the utility.

If the default settings of the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) are acceptable, you do not need to take any action.

Module:
DFS3UACB

Related reference

[ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3UACB\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS3688I **Transaction aaaaaaaa
expired: EXPRTIME=nnnnnn,
ELAPSE=sssss**

or

Transaction expired

or

**Transaction *aaaaaaaa* expired: ELAPSE=*ssssss*
TPIPE=*pp* TMEMBER=*mm***

Explanation

A transaction has been discarded because it has expired. This message is sent to the terminal as an informational message. The decision to cause the transaction to expire was based on the difference between the transaction arrival time and the store clock (STCK) value at GU time. The difference is compared with the EXPRTIME value of the scheduler message block (SMB). If the difference is equal to or greater than the EXPRTIME value, the transaction is discarded and log record X'67D0' is written. In the message, TRAN is the SMBNAME, EXPRTIME is the EXPRTIME parameter of the TRANSACT macro, and ELAPSE is the difference between the STCK value at GU time and the transaction arrival time.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The transaction code.

mm

The tmember name for the OTMA input message.

nnnnnn

The time specified in the SMB.

pp

The tpipe name for the OTMA input message.

ssssss

The difference between the transaction arrival time and the STCK value at GU time. The elapsed time is represented in hexadecimal number.

The second version of this message is sent to the terminal only when a DFSPPOOL GET fails.

System action

After discarding the transaction, the system retrieves the next transaction in the message queue and processes it. If no message exists, a QC status code is returned to the message processing program (MPP).

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3689W

**USE OF {TRAN|LTERM|DB|PROG}
resourcenam BY {LOCK|UNLOCK}
REJECTED; *reason***

Explanation

The transaction, LTERM, database, or program resource entered as a parameter on the /LOCK or /UNLOCK command is not authorized for use by the user entering the command. The *reason* for the rejection is:

RESOURCE NOT AUTH; RC=08

User is not authorized to this IMS resource by RACF.

RACF NOT ACTIVE; RC=12

RACF is not active.

BY RACF EXIT; RC=16

RACF exit gave an invalid return code.

INSTALL ERROR; RC=20

RACF is not installed or an incorrect level of RACF is installed.

RACF POE ERROR; RC=24

The RACF profile has a conditional access list, the port-of-entry field in the security token is filled by blanks, and the port-of-entry class is active.

RACF DS DELETED; RC=28

The resource class was selected by RACROUTE REQUEST=LIST GLOBAL=YES, but the RACF data space was deleted.

NO PASSWORD; RC=36

User verification is required; no password was supplied.

WRONG PASSWORD; RC=40

User verification failed password.

IMS EXIT CD; RC=xx

The IMS resource was not authorized. xx is the return code.

Note: RC= represents a decimal value.

Additional codes can be supplied by a user-written IMS exit routine.

System action

The command entered is ignored.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with the correct password, or enter another IMS resource that does not violate security.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

None.

Module:
DFSICL90

**DFS3690 XRF CLASS 1 RECOVERY
CHANGED TO CLASS 2 NODE X
(USER Y)**

Explanation

Node X was defined for XRF class 1 support, but the session could not be recovered successfully during the takeover process by the alternate IMS system. Takeover for node X is changed to that of class 2.

System action

The session with node X is terminated and then automatically restarted by IMS as defined for XRF class 2 support. Additional information is available using IMS trace records (X'6701' with IDs of 'HCSW', 'CVCV', and 'CVCT'). If sign-on was required, then a DFS3649A /SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED message is sent.

Operator response:
(entering terminal operator) The terminal operator might be required to sign on again as appropriate. Enter the last input again and the last output might be sent again by IMS.

Programmer response

IMS automatically terminates the session with node X and then automatically attempt to reestablish it. If subsequent session failures occur, the session can also be reestablished by node x or by an IMS /OPNDST command.

Problem determination:
1, 5, 6, 12, 14, 36

Module:
DFSCMT50

Related information
DFS3649A
/SIGN COMMAND REQUIRED.
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3691W GENERIC RESOURCES START/
STOP FAILED, SETLOGON
RC=xx,FDB2=yy**

Explanation

An IMS system attempted to join a generic resource group, but failed.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the RC and FDB2 fields, see *z/OS Communications Server IP and SNA Codes* (SC31-8791) or *VTAM Messages and Codes* (SC31-6493). Correct the problem before retrying.

If RC=14x and FDB2=86x, the problem is caused by existing VTAM sessions with IMS. Issue a **/CLSDST NODE** command from a non-VTAM terminal (such as the system console) for any active VTAM terminals, including the MTO.

Related reference
[z/OS: RPL RTNCD and FDB2 return code combinations](#)

**DFS3692W GENERIC RESOURCES INVALID
FOR XRF SYSTEMS, GRSNAME
IGNORED.**

Explanation

A generic resources command was attempted on an Extended Recovery Facility (XRF)-capable system. IMS XRF systems cannot participate as members of a generic resources group.

**DFS3693W SYSTEM NOT GENERIC
RESOURCES CAPABLE -
COMMAND REJECTED**

Explanation

A generic resources command, such as **/DISPLAY AFFIN**, was issued on an IMS system that is not currently configured to support generic resources.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Enable either TCP/IP generic resources or VTAM generic resources, and then reenter the command.

**DFS3694W START GENERIC RESOURCES
TERMINATED, VTAM FUNCTION
NOT ENABLED**

Explanation

IMS attempted to join a Generic Resource Group, but VTAM is not enabled for the generic resources function.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that VTAM is sysplex capable, and connected to the generic resource CF structure ISTGENERIC. After making this corrections, you can attempt to start IMS generic resources using the **/START VGRS** command.

Programmer response

Enable generic resources, then reenter the command.

DFS3700	PARAMETER ALL NOT VALID WITH KEYWORD
----------------	---

Explanation

The parameter ALL is not allowed for the keyword specified in the command. The IMS keyword table (DFSCKWD0) was modified to prevent the use of the ALL parameter with this keyword for IMS commands (except for commands entered by an AOI application) by specifying **ALL=NO** on the KEYWD macro.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Reenter the command specifying individual resource names or a range of resource names, if applicable.

Related reference

[IMS Command Language Modification facility \(DFSCKWD0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

Chapter 77. DFS messages, DFS3701I - DFS3750A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3701I **INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO
RESTART AREA *areaname*-AREA
STOPPED**

Explanation

During an emergency restart, the emergency restart processor, DBFERSTO, was unable to obtain storage for an internal control block, ADSC, used to recover the named DEDB area data set. Consequently, DBFERSTO was not able to restart the area.

System action

The indicated area is stopped and emergency restart continues.

Programmer response

Either restart IMS with more virtual storage or continue with the current restart, and run the Database Recovery utility, DFSURDB0, for the indicated area.

DFS3702I **AREA/ADS OPEN FAILED
REASON CODE=*nn message
subtext***

Explanation

IMS is shutting down or IRLM is being disconnected from this IMS.

The DEDB area or ADS failed to open. The reason code indicates the cause of the failure. The second message contains one of the following reason codes and *message subtext* (*nn*) which briefly explains the cause for the error.

Code (Dec)
message subtext

- 01** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* DEVICE TYPE NOT SUPPORTED
- 02** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* EQE EXISTS
- 03** LOCK FOR UPDATE TO AREA=*areaname* FAILED
- 04** AREA=*areaname* CI SIZE > USER DEFINED BUFFER SIZE

- 05** AREA=*areaname* BUFFER PAGE-FIXING FAILED
- 06** AREA=*areaname* AUTHORIZATION FAILED
- 07** UNLOCK FOR UPDATE TO AREA=*areaname* FAILED
- 08** LOCK FOR READ TO AREA=*areaname* FAILED
- 09** AREA=*areaname* HAS NO AVAILABLE ADS
- 10** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* DUPLICATE *ddname* FOUND
- 11** AREA=*areaname* SPACE FOR ADSC(S) UNAVAILABLE
- 12** AREA=*areaname* RECEIVED A BAD RETURN CODE FROM DBRC
- 13** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* MEDIA MANAGER CONNECT FAILED
- 14** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* INCONSISTENT DSN SPECIFIED BETWEEN IN RECON AND IN ALLOCATED DATA SET
- 16** AREA=*areaname* VSO I/O TOLERATED DATA LOST
- 17** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* ALLOCATION FAILED
- 18** AREA=*areaname* UPDATE LEVEL INCONSISTENCY EXISTS
- 19** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* 2ND CI I/O ERROR OCCURRED
- 20** AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* RDJFCB/MODCB ERROR
- 21** AREA=*areaname* ACCESS INTENT IS NOT UP/EX FOR REORGANIZATION RECOVERY
- 22** AREA=*areaname* REORGANIZATION IDENTIFICATION FAILED

23 AREA=*areaname* ALL THE ADS'S ENCOUNTERED 2ND CI ERROR

24 AREA=*areaname* NOTIFY TO OTHER SUBSYSTEM(S) FAILED

25 AREA=*areaname* SOME ADS ENCOUNTERED 2ND CI ERROR

26 AREA=*areaname* ACBLIB AREA NUMBER NOT EQUAL DMAC

27 AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* GETMAIN FOR MEDIA MANAGER CONTROL BLOCKS FAILED

28 AREA=*areaname* DBD AND DATA SET DEFINITIONS INCONSISTENT

29 AREA=*areaname* IMS LEVEL OF AREA NOT SUPPORTED

30 AREA=*areaname* CALC. NEXT SDEP NOT WITHIN SDEP RANGE.

31 AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* THE HIGH RBA IS LESS THAN THE END OF THE AREA

34 AREA=*areaname* 2ND CI EEQE OWNED BY SHARING SYSTEM

35 AREA=*areaname* UNABLE TO OBTAIN VSO CONTROL BLOCK

36 AREA=*areaname* UNABLE TO OBTAIN VSO CONTROL BLOCK

37 AREA=*areaname* REQUEST FOR DATA SPACE FAILED

38 AREA=*areaname* DATA SPACE AUTHORIZATION FAILED

39 AREA=*areaname* UNABLE TO OBTAIN VSO CONTROL BLOCK

40 AREA=*areaname* IMODULE GETMAIN FAILURE OCCURRED

41 AREA=*areaname* COUPLING FACILITY CONNECT FAILED

42 AREA=*areaname* VSO AREA HAS IOT EEQES

44 AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname* MADS I/O timing is detected

45 AREA=*areaname* REQUEST FOR VLOCK FAILED.

46 DEDBGT2K FUNCTION NOT ENABLED.

System action

When an open ADS failure occurs during the processing of the DEDB area data set Create utility, the named area continues processing. An invalid return code is returned to the utility. Otherwise, the area is stopped.

Programmer response

Code (dec)

Meaning

01 Check the appropriate VSAM catalog or JCL DD statements if a disk device is specified for the named ADS. If dynamic allocation occurs, check the dynamic allocation parameter list to find a device type specified for the named ADS. If a different device type was specified, correct the device type to the disk device and rerun the job.

02 This condition should not occur. Check why the named ADS was changed to an available status. After changing the named ADS status to an unavailable status, rerun the job.

03 The application program terminates when the dependent region abends. After preparing the tracing facilities for lock, rerun the job.

This reason code can be issued if a Fast Path area open failed because the PI limit of 63 active waiters was reached.

04 Check the database definition (DBD) and the VSAM definition for the named area. Also, check the BSIZ in the startup procedure. Correct the control interval (CI) size or buffer size (BSIZ), and rerun the job.

05 The number of allocated buffers is not sufficient to fill the buffer allocation request. The number of allocated buffers is defined by the DBBF parameter in the IMS EXEC parameters.

For a description of the dbbf value, see the IMS system definition information.

- 06** Follow the Programmer response of message DFS3709A or DFS3711A either of which might precede this message.
- 07** See the description for reason code 03 in this message.
- 08** See the description for reason code 03 in this message.
- 09** Check an ADS list of the DBRC RECON data set and change at least one ADS to an available status by using the **CHANGE . ADS** command.
- 10** The named ddname exists in the IMS subsystem, which means the ADS has been opened. If the ADS to be opened is already open, delete the DD statement for the named ddname. If the named ddname was incorrect, and thus coincidentally matched another ddname in the IMS subsystem, correct the input ddname and then rerun the job.
- 11** Rerun the job later when the common service area (CSA) usage is low.
- 12** Check the information given for the DBRC RECON data set for the named area. If the information is incorrect, correct the error and rerun the job.
- 13** Follow the programmer response in message DFS2569I, which precedes this message.
- 14** Either the dsname specified in the ADS list of the DBRC RECON data set, the JCL DD statement, or the dynamic allocation parameter list is incorrectly specified. Correct the specified dsname and rerun the job.

16

Case 1

The area had the virtual storage option active when an XRF takeover occurred, and an EEQE was created to show that the area had I/O tolerated data in its data space. Before the I/O toleration purge, one of the following events occurred:

- The area was shut down internally due to a severe error and has not yet been recovered.
- IMS failed and was restarted with a cold start; the area has not yet been recovered

Case 2

The VSO area lost connection to its structure, and an EEQE for RBA 0 was created to indicate area has I/O tolerated data in the old structure. If an area is able to reconnect to the old structure, IMS resolves the I/O toleration data and deletes the EEQE. If the area was connected to a new structure, the I/O tolerated data in the old structure is lost.

In either case, the I/O tolerated data has been lost and the area must be recovered. Ensure the ADS marks unavailable. Run the database recovery utility to recover the lost data and delete the EEQE.

17

If a DD statement is specified, specify the correct ddname. If the DD statement is missing, specify a DD statement. (The DD statement is located in the control region JCL.) If a dynamic allocation failed, follow the programmer response for DFS2502W or DFS2503W. Then, rerun the job.

18

Run your database print program or a VSAM access method service program to print all the area data sets. Find at least one correct ADS, issue a **CHANGE . ADS** command for those ADSs that are incorrect, change the available status to an unavailable status, and rerun the job. Or follow your recovery procedure.

19, 20

Check the DBRC RECON data set if the named ADS is set to an unavailable status. If the named ADS was set to an available status, change the status by the **CHANGE . ADS** command and rerun the job.

21

Reorganization recovery is requested, but ACCESS INTENT is neither UP nor EX. Set ACCESS INTENT to UP or EX with **/START DB ACCESS** or **UPDATE DB START(ACCESS) SET(ACCTYPE())** command and rerun the job.

22

The system tried to check whether the reorganization utility was running or had been running among subsystems, but failed. Either IMS or IRLM might not be working correctly, thus causing a notify error. Rerun the job, and if the same error persists, restart IMS, IRLM, or both.

23

In a block level sharing environment, reorganization recovery ended successfully, and the system then tried to update the second CI or the area, but failed. Run the database recovery utility to recover the area, and then rerun the job.

24

In a block level sharing environment, reorganization recovery ended successfully. The

system then tried to update the second CI of the area for the other subsystems, but failed. Either IMS or IRLM might not be working correctly, thus causing a notify error. Rerun the job, and if the same error persists, restart IMS or IRLM, or both, then rerun the job.

25

Check which area data sets are not available in the DBRC RECON data set. If you want to recover the area data set, run the DEDB Area Data Set Create utility, or rerun the job.

27

Start the area when the common service area (CSA) usage is low.

28

DBD information in the DMAC is inconsistent with the area definition as found in the second CI of the area or area data set.

Note: This message could be seen if the DEDB Alter utility was run, and PREOPEN opened the area before restart or the XRF tracker processed the log records to complete the DEDB Alter based on the log record stream. Verify that the DMAC from the IMS memory matches the DMAC on the ADS before attempting to recover the DEDB area. This verification can be accomplished by manually inspecting the DMACs, or by forcing the area to open by issuing **/STO AREA** , **/STA AREA**, and running a job to access the DEDB area. If the DMACs match or the area can be accessed, no further action is required.

One of the following events occurred:

1. An area definition was changed by a DBDGEN (for example, CFSIZE, number of UOW elements, number of RAPS). If the DBDGEN is to be changed, redefine it and rerun the job.
2. An area was redefined with different characteristics, such as CFSIZE or CYLINDERS. If an area definition is to be changed, the area must be reorganized by an UNLOAD/LOAD operation. Check the last DBDGEN and VSAM DEFINE for consistency with the current characteristics or the area data set.

29

During area open, the second CI of the area was found to have a structure for an IMS Release level earlier than Version 1 Release 3. Determine why the identifier is incorrect. Rerun the job with the correct data set.

The area must be reinitialized. Unload the area, run the Initialization utility, and then reload the area.

30

The RBA calculated as the next position to insert sequential dependents (DMACNXTS) is not within the range of valid RBAs for sequential dependents for the area. Print the second CI for the area. If the error is not apparent from the second CI (DMAC), contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

31

The high used RBA of the AREA/ADS was not equal to the high allocated RBA. The Fast Path AREA might have been defined to VSAM, but the Fast Path format/initialization program might not have been run, or the Database Image Copy utility or the DEDB Area Data Set Create utility might not have completed successfully.

Use the list catalog (**LISTCAT**) command to find the high used and high allocated values. Delete and redefine the AREA/ADS. Then, recover the AREA/ADS by either using the DEDB Initialization utility and an application to restore the data, or the Database Image Copy utility and a forward recovery method.

34

During Open processing of the specified Area, it was determined that an EEQE exists for the second CI of the Area and that the EEQE is owned by a sharing IMS subsystem. On the sharing subsystem, use the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command to eliminate the EEQE.

35

During Area open, a request for a VSO control block failed. Rerun job when CSA use is lower.

36

During Area open, a request for a new VSO control block failed. Rerun job when CSA use is lower.

37

A request for a new data space was issued during open processing of the Area, but the request failed. See DFS2444I, which precedes this message.

38

A new data space was obtained during open processing of the Area, but the request for authorization of the data space failed. See DFS2445I, which is precedes this message.

39

During Area open, a request for a new VSO control block failed. Rerun job when CSA use is lower.

40

Determine if insufficient CSA/ECSA storage has been allocated to IMS, or if excessive storage is being used.

41 The area is not loaded into the Coupling Facility. This situation does not prevent access to the area unless preceded by message DFS2819A.

42 A **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command was issued but the area was not started because it has IOT EEQEs. Message DFS2492I is generated before message DFS3702I RSN=42. See message DFS2492I for additional information.

45 ADS is still in long busy mode at open time. During open processing for an SVSO area, a request to get the VLOCK failed. This lock serializes the SVSO processing across a data sharing environment.

46 Stop IMS and specify DEDBGT2K=Y in the FASTPATH section. Then, restart IMS.

Related information

“DFS2492I” on page 710
AREA *aaaaaaaa* HAS IOT EEQE - CANNOT ACTIVATE VSO

“DFS3709A” on page 1060
UNABLE TO OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION FOR DATA BASE *dbname* AREA *areaname*. REASON CODE=*nn*

“DFS3711A” on page 1064
NONRECOVERABLE DEDB AUTHORIZATION ERROR DEDB=*dddddddd* AREA=*aaaaaaaa*

DFS3704E	DFS <i>DFIDNO</i> VER/REL=vvvv/rrrr, DFS <i>SRNID</i> VER/REL=vvvv/rrrr
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ESAF In-Doubt Notification exit routine module (DFS*DFIDNO*) is not at a compatible release or version level with DFS*SRNID*, the input parameter list for the exit routine. In the message text:

vvvv
Version number

rrrr
Release number

The version and release numbers for the DFS*DFIDNO* exit routine must match those of the DFS*SRNID* parameter list.

System action:

The exit routine reports the failure and returns control to IMS.

User response:

Verify that the correct DFS*DFIDNO* exit routine module is defined to IMS.

Problem determination:

This message indicates that DFS*SRNID* is trying to pass input data to the exit routine module and that the exit routine module is unable to interpret the data because it is not at the same level.

DFS3703I	SIZE OF INDEPENDENT OVERFLOW HAS BEEN INCREASED FOR AREA xxxxxxxx AREA DATA SET DDN <i>adsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During open processing of DEDB area *xxxxxxx*, differences were found between the DBD from the ACBLIB and the area data set. These differences indicate that the size of the independent overflow part of the area was increased by the user with a DBDGEN.

System action

The control block containing information from the ACBLIB is updated with the information from the ADS, and normal open processing continues.

User response

If the size of the area's IOVF was increased by a DBDGEN, no action is necessary.

DFS3705I	AREA=<i>areaname</i> DD=<i>ddname</i> CLOSED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data set was closed normally by an internal stop request by the **/STOP ADS** or **/STOP AREA** command to the area or ADS.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Programmer response

If the ADS is closed because of error conditions or because an internal stop request was issued, and if message DFS2574I with a recovery-needed status is issued to the master terminal operator following this message, submit an area or ADS recovery utility. No action is required if message DFS2574 is not accompanied with a recovery-needed status.

Related information

“DFS2574I” on page 731

AREA=aaaaaaaa CLOSED|STOPPED,
(RECOVERY NEEDED, RSN=nn)

DFS3706I **AUTOMATIC SDEP BUFFER
MANAGEMENT DID NOT RUN ON
AREA *areaname* OF DATABASE
database: Cause**

Explanation

The area that is being examined currently has a utility that is running against it.

In the message text, *Cause* is one of the following conditions:

- DUE TO UTILITY RUNNING *ims_id*
- DUE TO AREA LOCK UNAVL *ims_id*

areaname

The name of the area that SDEP buffer management is processing.

database

The database for the area that SDEP buffer management is processing.

ims_id

The ID for the IMS that contains the area that SDEP buffer management is processing.

System action

SDEP buffer management processing against this area will not occur until the next SDEP buffer management cycle.

System programmer response

Allow the utility to complete. This area will be processed during the next SDEP buffer management cycle.

Module:

DBFAQC00

DFS3707A **PROCESSING INTENT
VALIDATION ERROR BECAUSE
NO DMCB FOUND. DBD=*dbdname*
PSB=*psbname***

Explanation

During the PSB PROCOPT validation process at the dependent region schedule time, the internal control block, DMCB, was unable to find the IMS online subsystem. The internal control block, DMCB of the named DEDB, is referenced by the named PSB.

System action

The named PSB is stopped. For an MPP, the input message is not processed. For a BMP or an IFP, the dependent region terminates abnormally with abend 0046.

Programmer response

This problem can occur if the DEDB is not defined in the database statement for the IMS online subsystem. If required, the MSGEN listing must be checked and the IMS online subsystem must be regenerated.

Problem determination:

6, 8, 9, 10, 18, 19

Related information

[IMS abend 0046](#)

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

DFS3708W **DATA BASE=*dbname*
AREA=*areaname* IS NOT
REGISTERED WITH DBRC**

Explanation

The named database or area was not registered with DBRC. IMS treats the area as though you specified exclusive use for the subsystem.

System action

OPEN processing continues for the area.

Programmer response

If the area integrity protection is wanted in the data sharing environment, register the area to DBRC. If registration is not wanted, make sure that no application program currently updates the area across the IMS subsystems.

DFS3709A **UNABLE TO OBTAIN
AUTHORIZATION FOR DATA BASE
dbname AREA *areaname*. REASON
CODE=*nn***

Explanation

The IMS online subsystem failed to acquire the database usage authorization through DBRC during the DEDB area open time. The following list indicates the explanation and action for each reason code (*nn*):

Codes

Explanation

For nn=01

The requested authorization and current authorization are incompatible. If you are trying to use data sharing, some possible causes of this error are:

- The DBRC database SHARELVL might be invalid.
- The database access intent among subsystems is conflicting.
- IRLM are incorrectly connected to one another and to IMS.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: One of the following responses should be made:

1. Close the area in the other subsystems holding the incompatible database authorization by entering a **/STOP** or **/DBR** command, and restart the area by entering a **/START** command in this subsystem.
2. Wait until the other subsystems close the area, and restart the area by entering a **/START** command in this subsystem.

For nn=02

The database is not registered in the RECON data set.

For nn=03

The DEDB or area status prohibits further authorization in the DBRC RECON data set because of a global **/DBR**, **/STOP** command or because of an internal database or area stop command.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: The following responses should be made:

1. Analyze the reason for the status that prohibits further authorization, and take the required action if necessary.
2. Reset the authorization status for the database or area by using the DBRC command, **CHANGE . DB**, or **DBDS**, and restart the area by entering a **/START** command in this subsystem.

For nn=05

The area is marked as needing an image copy in the DBRC RECON data set.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: Run the Database Image Copy utility, DFSUDMP0, for the named area, and restart the area by using the **/START** command after the utility has run successfully.

For nn=06

The area is marked as needing recovery in the DBRC RECON data set, or there are no area data sets in AVAIL status for the area.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: Run the Database Recovery utility, DFSURDB0, for the named area, and restart the area by using the **/START** command after the utility has run successfully.

For nn=08

The requesting online subsystem is not authorized to share the named area with other subsystems.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: One of the following responses should be taken:

1. If an environment with inter-system data sharing and two IRLMs is required, change the SHARELVL from 2 to 3 by using the DBRC **CHANGE . DB** command for the named database and restart the area by using the **/START** command.
2. If an environment with intrasystem data sharing and a single IRLM is required, run the online subsystem under the host processor authorized for the named area.

For nn=09

The DBRC RECON data set indicates that the named area has been previously authorized in one or more online subsystems. Because the exit verification indicates that the subsystems are inactive, the named area cannot be authorized.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: Wait until another online subsystem ends restart processing and closes the area, and then restart the area by using the **/START** command in the subsystem.

If the area was involved in data sharing with more than one IRLM, the IRLMs must be reconnected.

For nn=10

The area was previously authorized to the subsystem.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: Close the area holding the incompatible database authorization by entering a **/STOP** or **/DBR** command; then restart the area by entering a **/START** command.

For nn=11

An invalid parameter was found in the database usage compatibility evaluation process. Probably, the database/area record in the DBRC RECON data set is corrupted.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: This condition is unlikely. Correct the problem associated with DBRC, and contact IBM Software Support for further assistance.

For nn=18

The DBRC RECON data set indicates that the named area has "Alter Count" set.

The named area cannot be authorized either a DEDB Alter for the area is currently in progress or the master IMS which the previous DEDB Alter utility for the named area ran under has been abnormally terminated and has not yet been restarted.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online system, and the status code "FH" is returned to the application.

Programmer response: If the DEDB Alter utility is currently in progress, wait until the utility finishes and retry. If the DEDB Alter utility is not currently in progress, restart the master IMS so that the RECON status will be cleaned when processing restarts, or use the following DBRC commands:

- **CHANGE.DB** with **NOALTER** to reset "Alter" status.
- **CHANGE.DBDS** with **NODBQUI** to reset "Quiesce" status.

For nn=20

The named database or area is not registered with DBRC, and the **FORCER** option is specified in the DBRC RECON data set record.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code 'FH' is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: Register the named area and area data sets with DBRC using the **INIT.DBDS** and **INIT.ADS** commands, and

restart the named area by using the **/START** command in this subsystem.

For nn=22

The database or area is currently authorized to another subsystem.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

Programmer response: You must issue a **/DBR** command for the database or area for all IMS subsystems at that site before trying the action again.

For nn=41

The area is quiesced or in the process of being quiesced.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

Programmer response: Wait for the quiesce to end and rerun the job which failed authorization. The status of the area can be determined by issuing the **/DISPLAY AREA QSC**, the **QUERY AREA** command, or **LIST.DBDS DBD(dbname) AREA(areaname)** and examining the output.

For nn=42

The area is not quiesce held and image copy is attempting authorization.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

Programmer response: Wait for the quiesce to end and rerun the job which failed authorization. The status of the area can be determined by issuing the **/DISPLAY AREA QSC** command, the **QUERY AREA** command, or **LIST.DBDS DBD(dbname) AREA(areaname)** and examining the output.

If the image copy failed, wait for the quiesce to end or until the **QUIESCE HELD** flag is set on. You can set the **QUIESCE HELD** flag on using the **UPD START(QUIESCE) OPTION(HOLD)** command processing when quiesce has occurred.

For nn=43

The DBRC RECON data set indicates that the named area has a randomizer name that is different from the ACBLIB randomizer name that was passed in the ACBSHR=N environment. The named area cannot be authorized because the randomizer names are different.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online system, and the status code "FH" is returned to the application.

Programmer response: Update the ACB library to reflect the DEDB ACB member change by using

local online change, member online change, or global online change.

**DFS3710A UNABLE TO OBTAIN
AUTHORIZATION IN UTILITY
FOR DATA BASE=dbname
AREA=areaname. REASON
CODE=nn**

Explanation

The nn value in the message indicates the reason for the authorization failure in the DEDB utility. The following list indicates the explanation and action for each nn code:

For nn=01

The requested state and the current authorization state are incompatible.

System action: The Fast Path utility being used is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response: One of the following actions should be taken:

- Close the area in other subsystems holding the database authorization by entering a **/STOP** or **/DBR** command.
- Wait until other IMS subsystems close the area, and rerun the job.

For nn=06

Either there is no available ADS, or the area is marked as needing recovery in the DBRC RECON data sets. The Database Image Copy utility, DFSUDMPO, is unable to obtain authorization for a recovery-needed area.

System action: The utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response: Run the Database Recovery utility, DFSURDBO, before running the Database Image Copy utility to get a correct memory dump.

For nn=07

The ACCESS parameter of the online subsystem is unacceptable for running the DEDB Online utility.

System action: Processing is terminated for area.

Programmer response: Verify the ACCESS parameter of the online subsystem. Ask the master terminal operator to change the database ACCESS parameter by using the **/START** command. Change it to a level which is compatible with the current DEDB Online utility.

For nn=08

The requesting online subsystem is not authorized to share the named area with other subsystems.

System action: The named area is stopped for the online subsystem, and the status code FH is returned to the application programs.

Programmer response: One of the following actions should be taken:

- If an environment with intersystem data sharing and two IRLMs is required, change the SHARELVL from 2 to 3 by using the DBRC **CHANGE .DB** command for the named database; then restart the area by using the **/START** command.
- If an environment with intrasystem data sharing and a single IRLM is required, run the online subsystem under the host processor authorized for the named area.

For nn=10

The area has been previously authorized to the subsystem.

System action: The offline utility is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response: Duplicate job names might have been used for the same area. Wait until another IMS subsystem closes the area, and resubmit the job.

For nn=15

The Database Recovery utility is run against a DEDB area when all other subsystems are not marked abnormally terminated for the Database Recovery utility.

System action: The Database Recovery utility is not invoked for this area. The Database Recovery utility terminates.

Programmer response: Make sure that there is no subsystem that has already authorized this area and that has not abnormally terminated. If a subsystem has authorized the area, wait until that subsystem unauthorizes the area, and then rerun the Database Recovery utility.

For nn=16

The area is not marked as recovery-needed in the DBRC RECON data sets. The DEDB Initialization utility is unavailable to obtain authorization for a recovery-not-needed area.

System action: The DEDB Initialization utility terminates.

Programmer response: Make sure that the area is valid for initialization. If the area should be initialized, then force the area to a recovery-needed status using a **CHANGE .DBDS** command, redefine the area using a VSAM access method service command, specify the utility area control

statements again except for the ones already initialized, and rerun the utility.

For nn=20

The named database or area is not registered with DBRC and FORCER option is specified in the DBRC RECON record.

System action: The Fast Path utility being used is not invoked for this area.

Programmer response: Register the named area and area data sets with DBRC using **INIT.DBDS** and **INIT.ADS** commands, and resubmit the job.

For nn=22

The area is currently authorized to another subsystem.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

System programmer response: Issue a **/DBR** command for the area for all IMS subsystems.

For nn=41

The area is quiesced or in the process of being quiesced.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

Programmer response: Wait for the quiesce to end and rerun the job which failed authorization. The status of the area can be determined by issuing the **/DISPLAY AREA QUIESCE** command, the **QUERY AREA** command, or **LIST.DBDS DBD(dbname) AREA(areaname)** and examining the output.

For nn=42

The area is not quiesce held and image copy attempting authorization.

System action: Authorization for the requested activity is denied.

Programmer response: Wait for the quiesce to end and rerun the job which failed authorization. The status of the area can be determined by issuing the **/DISPLAY AREA QSC** command, the **QUERY AREA** command, or **LIST.DBDS DBD(dbname) AREA(areaname)** and examining the output.

If the image copy failed, wait for the quiesce to end or until the QUIESCE HELD flag is set on. You can set the QUIESCE HELD flag on using the **UPD START(QUIESCE) OPTION(HOLD)** command processing when quiesce has occurred.

Problem determination:

6, 10, 17

Module:

DBFDBAU0

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3711A

**NONRECOVERABLE DEDB
AUTHORIZATION ERROR
DEDB=dddddddd AREA=aaaaaaaa**

Explanation

DEDB authorization determined that a unrecoverable DEDB contains a sequential dependent (SDEP) segment type.

In the message text:

dddddddd

The database that experienced the error.

aaaaaaaa

The area that experienced the error.

System action

Authorization fails.

Programmer response

Change the DEDB database definition (DBD) to remove the Sequential Dependent (SDEP) segment type.

Module:

DBFDBAU0

DFS3711W

**NONRECOVERABLE DEDB
INTEGRITY WARNING
DEDB=dddddddd AREA=aaaaaaaa**

or

**NONRECOVERABLE DEDB INTEGRITY WARNING
ZZZZZZZZZZ**

Explanation

Emergency Restart or XRF Takeover determined that one or more DASD writes failed to complete for area **aaaaaaaa**. The area might be corrupted.

In the message text:

dddddddd

The database that experienced the error.

aaaaaaaa

The area that experienced the error.

ZZZZZZZZZZ

The warning text. This text can be:

REGISTRATION INCLUDED SDEPS

One or more of the DEDBs that use sequential dependent segments (SDEP) has been registered as unrecoverable, and the SDEP segments in the current control interval (CI) might be corrupted.

System action

The errors are ignored and ERE or XRF takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

Schedule the area or database to either be reinitialized or restored from a backup. Continued use might result in errors (for example, abend 1026).

Module:

DBFERS20

DFS3712A	(ccccffss) AREA=areaname DD=ddname READ ERROR, CI- RBA=nnnnnnnn SEVERE ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

A read error occurred in the data set at control interval (CI) RBA *nnnnnnnn*. *ccccffss* represents the Media Manager error return code used for problem determination.

System action

IMS closes the data set and stops the area if the data set is the only one available in this area. If a permanent I/O error (indicated by Media Manager error return code X'0020FF10') has **not** occurred, an MVS SDUMP can be taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set by the Media Manager FRR routine or the Fast Path I/O error routine.

Programmer response

Run the DEDB Create utility for this data set, or run the Database Recovery utility for this area, if the area is in recovery-needed status.

Problem determination

1, 6, 11, 20 Problem determination is effective when the error return code is not X'0020FF10'.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3713A	(ccccffss) AREA=areaname DD=ddname WRITE ERROR, CI- RBA=nnnnnnnn SEVERE ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

A write error occurred in the data set at control interval (CI) RBA *nnnnnnnn*. The number of deactivated records reached the system-defined data set error threshold, or a DEDB control CI (second CI) write error occurred. The variable *ccccffss* represents the Media Manager error return code used for problem determination.

System action

IMS closes the data set. IMS stops the area if the data set is the only one available in this area. If a permanent I/O error (indicated by Media Manager error return code X'0020FF10') has **not** occurred, an MVS SDUMP can be created to the SYS1.DUMP data set by the Media Manager FRR routine or the Fast Path I/O error routine.

Programmer response

Run the DEDB Create utility for this data set, or run the Database Recovery utility for this area, if the area is in recovery needed status.

Problem determination

1, 6, 11, 20 Problem determination is effective when the Media Manager error return code is not X'0020FF10'.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3714I	RECORD DEACTIVATION INITIATED BY SUBSYSTEM=ssid FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname CI-RBA=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

The deactivation of records by subsystem *ssid* was completed for control interval (CI) RBA *nnnnnnnn* (hexadecimal). The value of *nn* in the error queue element (EQE) indicates the number of acceptable

deactivated records. *ssid* is the subsystem ID of the originating subsystem.

System action

IMS continues processing.

**DFS3715I DEDB AREA xxxxxxxx PROCESS
STARTED, RSN=rr**

Explanation

DEDB area open startup processing started for multiple areas, based on the values for the FPOPN and FPRLM startup parameters. The process xxxxxxxx can be:

- PREOPEN
- REOPEN
- RESTART
- CLOSE
- RLM REVR

The processing had the following result:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 00** Startup successful.
- 01** Startup terminated due to shutdown close startup.
- 02** Startup terminated due to IRLM disconnect startup.
- 03** Startup failed due to out of storage condition.

Note: In rare cases, this message can be issued upon an IMS cold start if the FULLSEG option is specified for a DEDB via DBRC.

System action

Area open startup processing completes.

**DFS3717I DEDB AREA CONTROL
BLOCK NOTIFY FAILURE -
AREA STOPPED. DBD=dbdname
AREA=areaname**

Explanation

IMS encountered a problem with IRLM when modifying the area status for the named area and attempting to notify other subsystems to synchronize the area status.

System action

The indicated DEDB area is stopped globally and sets the prohibit further authorization status in the DBRC RECON data sets.

Programmer response

Check the status of IRLM. If IRLM is active, restart the area using the **/START AREA GLOBAL** command. If IRLM is not active, restart the area using the **/START AREA GLOBAL** command after emergency restart.

**DFS3718I WAITING FOR AREA READ I/O
DURING DISCONNECT**

Explanation

During an area disconnect, there was an outstanding READ I/O that did not complete. IMS waits a maximum of two minutes before continuing with the disconnect.

Only one message per area is issued to the console for the disconnect, although a check is performed at one-second intervals to see if the disconnect can continue for the outstanding READ I/O against the area.

System action

System action continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3719I DEDB AREA xxxxxxxx PROCESS
COMPLETED, RSN=rr**

Explanation

DEDB area open startup processing completed. The process xxxxxxxx can be:

- PREOPEN
- REOPEN
- RESTART
- CLOSE
- RLM REVR

The processing had the following result:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 00** The process completed successfully.
- 01** The process terminated before completion because of a **/CHE FREEZE** command to terminate the IMS subsystem.

02

The process terminated before completion because of an IRLM disconnect.

03

The process did not run because of an inability to obtain sufficient storage.

Note: In rare cases, this message can be issued upon an IMS cold start if the FULLSEG option is specified for a DEDB via DBRC.

System action

Area open startup processing completes.

DFS3720I **NOTIFIED AREA|ADS=areaname|
adsname NOT FOUND IN THIS
SUBSYSTEM**

Explanation

The named area or ADS was not found in the receiving subsystem.

System action

IMS continues processing.

DFS3721I **STOP ADS REJECTED DUE
TO ONLY 1 AVAIL ADS.
AREA=xxxxxxx DD=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

The **/STOP ADS** command was invalid for the named ADS in the area because the named ADS is the only available ADS in the area.

System action

The **/STOP ADS** command is ignored for the named ADS.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3722I **IMS=iiiiiii SSID=ssss
SSTYPE=tttttt ACTION=yyyyyy
RECOVERY
TOKEN='aaaaaaaaxxxxxxxxxxxxxx'**

Explanation

The FDBR In Doubt Notification user exit routine received an in doubt unit of recovery (UOR). This message indicates the IMS system where the work originated, the name of the external subsystem where the UOR needs to be resolved, the type of external

subsystem (such as DB2, MQ, or WOLA), the required resolution action (either COMMIT or ABORT), and the recovery token for the UOR.

In the message text:

iiiiiii
The 8-character IMS system name.

ssss
The 8-character external subsystem name.

ttttttt
The 8-character external subsystem type.

yyyyyyy
The in-doubt action that the exit routine must take to resolve the UOR: COMMIT, ABORT, or UNKNOWN.

aaaaaaaaxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
The 16-byte recovery token for the UOR in printable format. The token is enclosed with single quotation marks because it might contain blanks. In the recovery token:

aaaaaaaa
8-byte character section of the recovery token. The character data is left-aligned and padded with blanks.

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
8-byte hexadecimal section of the recovery token.

System action:
IMS continues processing normally.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3723E **DFS FIDNO GETSTORE FAILURE**

Explanation:
A GETSTORE request from the ESAF indoubt notification user exit routine (DFS FIDNO) failed to acquire storage.

System action:
The exit routine reports the failure and returns control to IMS.

Operator response:
The exit routine requires a small amount of storage, which indicates that the storage pool is close to exhaustion. Examine the system console log and any relevant dumps produced around the time of the error to determine what is consuming storage.

DFS3724I **ERROR PROCESSING DBRC
RECON AREA=areaname
FUNC=function RC=nn**

Explanation

The DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMIN0) was unable to successfully complete the DBRC call.

In the message text:

areaname

The DEDB database area name.

function

The function that was called. Possible values include:

SIGNON

Sign-on call

SIGNOFF

Sign-off call

AUTH

Area authorization call

UNAUTH

Area unauthorization call

INIT

INIT function call

INIT0

INIT0 function call

INIT1

INIT1 function call

EOD

EOD function call

EOJ

EOJ function call

nn

The reason code for the processing error.

Note: A previous DBRC message might also be issued to further explain the DFS3724I message.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Check the DBRC message (if issued) that preceded this message and follow the programmer response in that message.

Related reference

[Return codes from Sign-on Normal call \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[Return codes from Sign-off Normal call \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[Return codes from Authorization calls \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[Return codes from Unauthorization call \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

DFS3725I AREA=areaname JCL DD STATEMENT DOES NOT EXIST

Explanation

The DEDB Area Initialization utility, DBFUMIN0, was unable to find a JCL DD statement corresponding to the ddnames in the ADS list of the DBRC RECON data set.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that all DD statements for the DEDB areas (or multiple area data sets) are correct. If you are initializing the multiple area data sets of an area, the area must be registered in the DBRC RECON data set and these area data sets must be in an unavailable status in the RECON data set. The use of DBRC must either default to YES, or be specified as DBRC=Y in the EXEC parameter for DBFUMIN0.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3726A FPE AREA IMAGE COPY TERMINATED ABNORMALLY FOR AREA=areaname REASON CODE=nn

Explanation

Database Image Copy utility processing failed for the named area. The following nn values indicate the reason for the failure.

Code (dec)

Meaning

00

Loading of the area authorization module, DBFDBAU0, from the IMS SDFSRESL to the main storage failed.

04

The DBRC interface failed.

08

The area authorization failed.

- 12** No DATAIN DD statement was specified in the JCL. The ddname specified in the DATAIN DD statement of the Database Image Copy utility must match the names registered in the ADS list of the target area.
- 16** The consistency check for the input data sets failed. This check compares the CUSN of the second control interval for each data set entered.
- 20** No input ADS is available and the Database Image Copy utility cannot take a backup copy from any of the data sets in the area. Before this message, messages DFS3727I, DFS3728I, DFS3729I, DFS3730I, or DFS3762I might be issued.
- 24** The IC utility either cannot find a clean ADS (no EQE) for the area, or the only ADS specified as input has EQE.
- 28** The area status changed to a recovery-needed status in the DBRC RECON data set during the image copy operation. This problem can occur during an XRF takeover, when recovery-needed status is temporary. The status is reset to indicate recovery not needed, once takeover is complete.
- This situation can also occur if IMS loses connectivity with the coupling facility, causing CASTOUT to fail. The write error, EEQE with a null EQERBA, is registered to DBRC and the area is marked as temporary recovery-needed. After CASTOUT is successful, the status is reset to indicate that recovery is not needed.
- 32** An invalid data set name is specified in the DATAIN DD statement. The data set name specified in the DATAIN DD statement of the Database Image Copy utility must match the names registered in the ADS list of the target area.
- 36** No available ADS was found in the ADS list of the DBRC RECON data set. When ADSs are unavailable, the area cannot be specified as input to the Database Image Copy utility.
- 40** Only one ADS is specified as input when the MADS I/O timing environment (MADSIOT) is enabled.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the code you received.

Code (Dec) Action

- 00** Check if DBFDBAU0 exists in the SDFSRESL.
- 04** See the DBRC message related to this message.
- 08** Check the message for the area authorization related to this message.
- 12** Specify the correct ddname in the DATAIN DD statement, and resubmit the job.
- 16** Check to see if all the input data sets are at the same level, specify the correct data sets in the DATAIN DD statement, and resubmit the job.
- 20** Check messages DFS3727I, DFS3728I, DFS3729I, DFS3730I, or DFS3762I and correct the error. Then resubmit the job.
- 24** Recover the area and create a data set which does not have any EQE, and resubmit the job.
- 28** List the RECON to determine if the area is in recovery-need status; if so, recover the area and create a data set which does not have any EQE. Resubmit the job.
- 32** Specify the correct dsname in the DATAIN DD statements, and resubmit the job.
- 36** Specify the correct area name or recover the AREA, and resubmit the job.
- 40** Resubmit the job with at least two ADSs specified as input.

Module:
DBFUMDPO

DFS3727I (OPEN ERROR | RECORD SIZE ERROR) FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname

Explanation

The Database Image Copy utility failed to open a data set or found a record size inconsistent with the control interval (CI) size for the named DEDB area and ADS. This ADS cannot be used any longer.

System action

The Database Image Copy utility tries to open the next data set.

DFS3728I **VSAM ERROR REQUEST=(GET|VERIFY|POINT) FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The VSAM request failed for the named area and ADS but did not fail when the EQEON request was made. EQEON indicates that a Database Image Copy utility, finding an error queue element (EQE), avoids reading the control interval from ADS. ADS is still used as the input DEDB to a Database Image Copy utility.

System action

The Database Image Copy utility attempts to get the next available data set.

DFS3729I **(RDJFCB|MODCB) ERROR FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The Database Image Copy utility issued an RDJFCB or MODCB OS macro to the named ADS and failed. The named ADS is not used for the input DEDB to the Database Image Copy utility.

System action

The Database Image Copy utility attempts to get the next available data set.

DFS3730I **SECOND CI (READ|POINT) ERROR FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The Database Image Copy utility tried to read or point to the DEDB second control interval (second CI) and failed. The ADS of the *ddname* is not used as input DEDB to the Database Image Copy utility.

System action

The Database Image Copy utility attempts to get the next available data set.

DFS3731I **REORGANIZATION (BUILD|COPY) PHASE ENTERED FOR AREA=*areaname* UOW=*nnnnnnnn***

Explanation

The Reorganization utility entered into the build or copy phase.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3732I **DUPLICATE DDNAME STATEMENT SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The program encountered a DDNAME statement that was previously specified.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line. Further processing, such as scanning the next input line, is done according to the user specification in the ERRORACTION statement.

Programmer response

Correct the DEDB utility input and rerun the job.

DFS3733A **FPE AREA OFFLINE RECOVERY TERMINATED ABNORMALLY FOR AREA=*areaname* (DD=*ddname*) REASON CODE=*nn***

Explanation

The offline database recovery for a DEDB failed. The following *nn* values indicate the reason for the failure:

Code (dec)	Meaning
00	The area authorization module, DBFDBAU0, was not found in the IMS resident library.
04	A DBRC call and FUNC=INIT failed.
08	The area authorization failed.
12	No data set1 DD statement specified in the JCL. If DBRC is used and the Area is registered, the ddname specified in data set1 DD statement must match the names registered in the ADS list of the target Area.

If DBRC is used, but the Area is not registered, or if DBRC is not used, the ddname specified in the data set1 DD statement must match the *areaname*.

- 16** The area status conflicted with the requested recovery mode. The area status does not match the requested recovery mode. For DEDB recovery, the area must be in one of the following status:
- If in full recovery, the area must be in the recovery-needed status.
 - If in track recovery, the area must be in the recovery-not-needed status and the data set must be available.
- 20** Unable to open the ACB for the target data set.
- 24** Unable to read the second control interval for the target data set.
- 28** DBRC was not initialized for this region and was unable to authorize the area. If the system does not have DBRC, this message is issued.
- 36** Unable to get the control interval size for the target data set. For DEDB track recovery, SHOWCB is issued to get the length of the CI for a later reading of the second CI, but it failed.
- 40** Unable to change the VSAM control block (RPL). For DEDB track recovery, MODCB is issued to set the relative byte address of the second control interval for reading, but it failed.
- 44** An invalid data set name was issued. For a DEDB, the dsname specified in the data set1 DD statement of the Database Recovery utility must match the names registered in the ADS list of the target area.
- 48** The RDJFCB macro failed. Check the IEC131I message.
- 52** No ADS record is found in the DBRC RECON data set.

System action

The program terminates. For reason code 32, the system sets the data set unavailable status in the ADS list of the DBRC area record. The area status is set to the recovery-needed status if the data set is the last one in the area.

Programmer response

Respond based on the return code *nn* as follows:

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 00** Check if DBFDBAU0 exists in SDFSRESL.
- 04** See the DBRC message related to this message and check it.
- 08** Check the message related to the area authorization.
- 12** First check to see if DBRC is used or not. (This can be done by checking the DBRC positional parameter in the EXEC parameter or the IMSCTRL DBRC parameter in the IMS system definition macro.)
- If DBRC is used and the Area is registered, specify one of the ddnames of the ADS list in the data set1 DD statement. If DBRC is used, but the Area is not registered, or if DBRC is not used, specify the areaname in the data set1 DD statement then resubmit the job.
- 16** Specify the correct recovery mode according to the area status in DBRC RECON data set and resubmit the job.
- 20** Check the other message related to this message.
- 24** Check other messages related to this message.
- 28** Check if the system has DBRC.
- 32** Recover the data set and the area if the area is in recovery-needed status.
- 36** Rerun the job.
- 40** Rerun the job.
- 44** Specify the correct dsname in the data set1 DD statement and resubmit the job.
- 48** Follow the operator response described in the IEC131I message.
- 52** Print the DBRC RECON data set and check the ADS list of the named area. If there is not any ddname in the ADS list, register at least

one ddname in the DBRC RECON data set using an **INIT.ADS** command. After the registration, recover the named area by a Database Recovery utility and rerun the job.

Related reference

[z/OS: IEC131I](#)

DFS3734I	AUTOMATIC SDEP BUFFER MANAGEMENT HAS BEGUN ON <i>ims_id</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:

Automatic SDEP buffer management started processing areas for this IMS.

System action

No action is required.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DBFAQC00

DFS3735I	AUTOMATIC SDEP BUFFER MANAGEMENT HAS COMPLETED WITH RETURN CODE <i>xx sysid</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Automatic SDEP buffer management completed processing the areas for this IMS. The return code is for diagnostic purposes.

Code (dec)

Meaning

00

Successful execution.

04

No areas.

08

Unable to get storage.

12

Area list changed.

System action:

These are all terminating errors for that instance of automatic SDEP buffer management execution. The automatic SDEP buffer management will be triggered at the next execution.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DBFAQC00

DFS3736A

**VALIDATION CALL FAILED FOR
AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
Code=*xx***

Explanation

IMS Fast Path attempted to validate the status of the ddname specified in the DDNAME control statements and discovered an error condition. In the message text, the code *xx* can have one of the following values:

Code

Meaning

IA

The status of ADS in the DDNAME statement conflicts with the one in the ADS list in the DBRC RECON data set. If the DEDB Create utility is requested, the status of the ADS is available in the RECON data set. If the DEDB Compare utility is requested, the status of the ADS is unavailable in the RECON data set.

IB

The ddname is not found in the RECON data set.

System action

The utility is not activated for the requested area.

Programmer response

Specify the correct ddname in the DDNAME statement, and resubmit the job.

DFS3737A

**DMAC SYNCHRONIZATION FAILED
FOR AREA=*areaname***

Explanation

In the environment of sharing an area among subsystems at the block level, DMAC, which contains the area information, must be identical among the subsystems. Because of some error in the lock failure, second control interval write failure, notify failure, and so on, DMAC synchronization cannot be maintained on the area.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates and the area is marked as stopped.

Programmer response

After the area is restarted, resubmit the job.

DFS3738A

**TOO MANY DDNAME STATEMENTS
SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The program encountered too many ddname statements. The count of the ddname statements must be less than or equal to 6 for the DEDB Create utility and less than or equal to 7 for the Compare utility.

System action

The DEDB utility program stops scanning the current input line and further processing is specified by the user in the **ERRORACTION** command.

Programmer response

Correct the input, and rerun the DEDB utility.

DFS3739A	I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO READ FROM AREA=areaname
-----------------	--

Explanation

The utility, DBFUMRIO, attempted to read from one of the opened data sets of the area, and encountered an I/O error.

System action

The DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, terminates.

Programmer response

Recover the defected control interval using the offline Database Recovery utility, DFSURDB0, and rerun the job.

DFS3740I	IN AREA=areaname, CI'S WITH MATCHED CONTENT=mmm, CI'S with UNMATCHED CONTENT=nnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The utility compared all records in the area and found that *mmm* control intervals (CI) had identical contents, and *nnn* control intervals had different contents.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If any CI has a different content, check the memory dump record listing on the SYSPRINT data set.

DFS3741I	EITHER ADS IN ERROR. COMPARE IMPOSSIBLE FOR
-----------------	--

**AREA=areaname DD1=ddname1
DD2=ddname2**

Explanation

A read error occurred on either the *ddname1* or *ddname2* area data sets and comparison of the control interval content is impossible. Message DFS3739A is issued before this message and specifies on which ADS the read error occurred.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related information

[“DFS3739A” on page 1073](#)
I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO
READ FROM AREA=areaname

DFS3742A	INTERNAL COMMAND TO STOP AN ADS FAILED FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	---

Explanation

An internal command to stop an area data set (ADS) failed because of a system error (area lock failure or notify failure), and ADS cannot be stopped. The command is issued after an I/O error occurred on the named area and ADS during the copy phase of the DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO. The ADS is not usable.

System action

This utility terminates.

Programmer response

Enter a **/STOP ADS** command to stop this ADS globally, and rerun the job. This error can occur due to a lock or notify failure.

DFS3743A	SETTING AN ADS TO AVAILABLE STATUS FAILED FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the available phase, the DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, set the named area data set (ADS) to an available-failed status since the ADS is stopped or deleted from the ADS list in the DBRC RECON data set.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Check if ADS is correctly stopped or deleted from the DBRC RECON data set. Add the entry for the named ADS to the DBRC RECON data set if the ADS entry is deleted, and rerun the job.

**DFS3744A FORMATTING OF ALL NEW ADS(S)
FAILED FOR AREA=*areaname*
REASON CODE=*nn***

Explanation

The Create utility, DBFUMRIO, in its format phase, failed to format all of the area data sets (ADS) of the named area because of error code *nn*. The reason code *nn* can be one of the following values:

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** Area lock failed.
- 02** The DBRC interface failed. Reading the ADS list from the RECON data set or writing the ADS list onto the RECON data set failed.
- 04** The formatting of all new ADSs failed.
- 05** An internal command to stop an ADS failed because of a system error (area lock or notify failure).
- 06** The VSAM control block (RPL) manipulation and MODCB RPL failed.
- 07** The data set verification failed and this message is issued when:
1. Defined control interval (CI) size is inconsistent with the DBD parameter.
 2. Insufficient space is defined for the new ADS.
- 08** The dynamic allocation or opening of the new ADS for formatting failed. You can also receive this error when the VSAM cluster was not defined.
- 09** The storage GETMAIN for the VSAM control block (RPL) work area failed.
- 0A** The AREA has EEQE.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that all newly issued ADSs are stopped among all the subsystems. If they are not stopped, enter the **/STOP ADS** command to stop the area data set globally. When this action is done, take the following action:

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** Rerun the job.
- 02** Ensure that the area record exists in the DBRC RECON data set and rerun the job.
- 03** Remove EQE from the current active ADSs using the offline Database Recovery utility, DFSURDB0. When this action is done, rerun the job.
- 04** Define another VSAM data set for any new ADS, and rerun the job.
- 05** Rerun the job.
- 06** Rerun the job.
- 07** Define another VSAM data set with the correct control interval size and space and rerun the job.
- 08** The application program terminates when the dependent region abends. After preparing the tracing facilities for lock, rerun the job. One possible cause is that the VSAM cluster was not defined.
- 09** Rerun the job.
- 0A** Remove EQE from the current active ADS using the offline database recovery utility, DFSURDB0. Then rerun the job.

**DFS3745I CREATE FAILED BECAUSE REGION
STOP FOR AREA=*areaname***

Explanation

The **/STOP REGION** command was entered and the utility region was stopped.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3746A FORMATTING OF AN ADS FAILED
FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
REASON CODE=*nn***

Explanation

In the format phase in Create utility, DBFUMRIO, the formatting of a new area data set (ADS) failed. One of the following reason codes *nn* indicates the cause for the failure:

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** The dynamic allocation or opening of the new ADS for formatting failed.
- 02** I/O error or long busy error occurred during the formatting of a new ADS.
- 03** To format a new ADS, the ADS must be registered in the DBRC RECON data set first. In this case, the ADS was not registered in the DBRC RECON data set.
- 04** The control interval (CI) size of the new VSAM data set is not the same as the one specified in DBD.
- 05** The defined VSAM data set space is smaller than the current active ADS VSAM data set. The new ADS VSAM data set must be equal to or larger than the current active ADS.
- 06** After formatting the new VSAM data set, the utility, DBFUMRIO, closes the data set to reopen the data set with the ICIP option, but a close error occurred.
- 07** After closing the new VSAM data set, the utility, DBFUMRIO, opened the data set with the ICIP option, but an open error occurred.
- 08** The ADS of the named *ddname* was stopped by the operator and formatting of the ADS failed.

System action

The utility stops formatting the ADS of the named *ddname*.

Programmer response

Check the RECON data set if the named ADS is stopped or inadvertently deleted from the RECON data set. If it is not stopped, add the ADS entry to the DBRC RECON data set, and rerun the job.

**DFS3747A OPEN PROCESS IN COPY PHASE
FAILED FOR AREA=*areaname*
REASON CODE=*nn***

Explanation

The Create utility, DBFUMRIO, in its copy phase, failed to open all of the area data sets (ADS) among all of the subsystems sharing the area at the block level, because of the reason code *nn*.

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** The area lock failed.
- 02** Notifying other subsystems to open an ADS failed.
- 03** Stopping an ADS failed due to system failure.
- 04** Opening of all ADSs among all the subsystems failed.

System action

This Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that all new ADSs to be created are stopped among all the subsystems sharing the area in block level. If not, enter the **/STOP ADS** command to stop all new ADSs globally. When this action is done, take the following action.

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** Rerun the job.
- 02** Rerun the job.
- 03** Rerun the job.
- 04** Check the reason for the failure of the ADS to open and correct the error. When this action is done, rerun the job.

DFS3748A **OPENING AN ADS AMONG
OTHER SUBSYSTEMS FAILED FOR
AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

At the beginning of the copy phase in the DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, the utility requested other subsystems sharing the area in block level to open the area data set (ADS) of the named *ddname*, but the ADS failed to open in some of the subsystems.

System action

The DEDB Create utility terminates the operation on this ADS and continues to create new ADSs.

Programmer response

Check the reason why the ADS opened unsuccessfully, correct the error, and rerun the job.

DFS3749I **CREATE (FAILED|COMPLETED)
FOR AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The create operation for the area data set (ADS) with *areaname* and *ddname* failed or completed.

System action

None.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3750A **I/O ERROR OR LONG BUSY
OCCURRED WHEN ATTEMPTING
TO WRITE TO AREA=*areaname*
DD=*ddname***

Explanation

The DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, attempted to write onto the target data set *ddname* and *areaname*, and encountered an I/O error.

System action

The DEDB Create utility terminates the create operation on this ADS, and continues to create new ADSs.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Chapter 78. DFS messages, DFS3751A - DFS3800

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3751A CREATE FAILED IN
AVAILABLE PHASE FAILED
FOR AREA=*areaname* REASON
CODE=*nn***

Explanation

The DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, in its available phase, in attempting to set all area data sets (ADS) to an available status, failed because of reason code *nn*.

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** The area lock failed.
- 02** The notification to other subsystems to set ADSs to an available status failed.
- 03** The DBRC interface failed. Reading the ADS list from the RECON data set or writing the ADS list onto the RECON data set failed.
- 04** All ADSs were not found in the ADSC chain or the ADS list in the RECON data set.
- 05** ADSC chain is invalid because of a system failure.
- 06** A **/STOP ADS** command failed because of a system failure.

System action

This DEDB Create utility terminates. All the new ADSs are still unavailable and cannot be used.

Programmer response

Ensure that all new ADSs to be created are stopped among all of the other subsystems. If they are not, enter the **/STOP ADS** command to stop the new ADS globally. When this action is done, take the following action:

Code (dec)

Meaning

- 01** Rerun the job.
- 02** Rerun the job.

- 03** Ensure that the area record exists in the RECON data set, and rerun the job.

- 04** Ensure that new ADSs to be created are registered in the RECON data set, and rerun the job.

- 05** Rerun the job.

- 06** Rerun the job.

**DFS3752A CREATE FAILED IN COPY PHASE
FOR AREA=*areaname***

Explanation

An I/O error occurred on the last new-active area data set (ADS), and no new ADS are to be created.

System action

The Fast Path utility being used terminates.

Programmer response

Do the following steps:

1. Ensure that all new ADSs to be created are stopped among all the other subsystems. If the ADSs are not stopped, then enter the **/STOP ADS** command to stop the new ADSs globally.
2. Define the new VSAM data set.
3. Rerun the job.

**DFS3753I COMPARE NOT PERFORMED
BECAUSE I/O ERROR OR
LONG BUSY OCCURRED FOR
AREA=*areaname* DD=*ddname*
RBA=*nnnnnnnn***

Explanation

The DEDB AREA Data Set Compare utility tried to read a control interval (CI) from all of the requested ADSs to compare each CI. The Compare utility excluded the indicated control interval from the compare operation, because an I/O error occurred on the CI in the ADS of the *ddname*.

System action

Processing continues.

**DFS3754A UTILITY=*utility-name*
TERMINATED BECAUSE
AREA=*areaname* STOPPED**

or

**UTILITY=*utility-name* SKIPPED PROCESSING FOR
AREA=*areaname* BECAUSE AREA IS STOPPED |
QUIESCED**

Explanation

In the first form of this message, the named Fast Path utility being used terminated because the named area stopped. In the second form, *utility-name* skipped processing the area because the area is stopped.

If the area is quiesced, the second form of this message is issued and the *utility-name* skips processing the area.

System action

In the first form of this message, the Fast Path utility being used terminates. In the second form, the Fast Path utility continues with the next area in the input stream.

Operator response

Restart the area using a **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** command, and rerun the named utility.

If the area is quiesced, stop the quiesce by issuing a **UPDATE AREA STOP (QUIESCE)** command, and rerun the named utility.

**DFS3755E AN ERROR OCCURRED DURING
A STOW OPERATION ON THE
DIRECTORY DATA SET FOR
RESOURCE *rsc_name* RC=*xx*
RSN=*yy*.**

Explanation

An error occurred while the system attempted a z/OS STOW operation.

System action

The IMPORT command or the DDL activation process ends abnormally.

System programmer response

See the STOW Completion Codes in z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets for a detailed explanation of return codes and reason codes.

Run the catalog utility to rebuild the IMS directory data sets or otherwise restore the IMS directory. After the IMS directory is restored, resubmit the IMPORT command or the DDL definition statements.

Module:

DFSMOLS0

Related reference

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

Related information

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

**DFS3756A COMPARE UTILITY TERMINATED
BECAUSE COMPARABLE ADS
COUNT IS LESS THAN 2**

Explanation

During the compare processing, the DEDB Compare utility terminated because the comparable area data set (ADS) count was less than 2. This might have been caused by a **/STOP ADS** command or an internal command issued to stop an ADS. The ADS to be compared was stopped.

System action

The DEDB Compare utility terminates.

**DFS3757I NO DATA SET REGISTERED IN
DBRC RECON ADS LIST FOR
AREA=*areaname***

Explanation

The IMS DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMINO) found that no area data set (ADS) is registered corresponding to the area in the ADS list of the DBRC AREA record.

System action

The utility terminates.

Programmer response

Register the ADSs in the DBRC RECON record by using the DBRC **INIT.ADS** command, and then rerun the utility.

Problem determination:

3, 8, 35

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3758I	DD=ddname DATA SET NAME MISMATCH IN DBRC RECON ADS LIST AND IN JCL DD STATEMENT FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMINO) found that the data set name in the DBRC RECON ADS list does not match the one in the JCL DD statement.

System action

The utility terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that the data set names in the DBRC RECON record and in the JCL DD statement are correct, and then rerun the job.

DFS3759I	COMPARE NOT PERFORMED BECAUSE ADS IS STOPPED FOR AREA=areaname DD=ddname RBA=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Compare utility tried to read a control interval (CI) from all of the requested area data sets (ADS) to compare each CI. Because the ADS of the named ddname is stopped by a **/STOP ADS** command or an internal command, the utility excluded the indicated CI from the compare operation. The remaining CIs for this ADS are read nor compared.

System action

Processing continues.

DFS3760A	AREA=areaname NOT REGISTERED IN DBRC RECON DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

For the DEDB Create utility, DBFUMRIO, or DEDB compare utility, DBFUMMH0, the area name must be registered in the DBRC RECON data set.

System action

The utility terminates.

Programmer response

Register the named area and its ADSs in the DBRC RECON data set, and rerun the job.

DFS3761I	OPEN/CLOSE RECOVERY FAILED FOR AREA=areaname, (READ WRITE) ERROR, RBA=nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

A read or write error occurred in the named area at the indicated CI number during the open/close recovery processing. Messages DFS2571I or DFS2572I might be issued before this message.

System action

Open or close recovery processing terminates. The named area is stopped and set to a recovery-needed status in the DBRC RECON data set.

Operator response

Run the Database Recovery utility to recover the named area. Then rerun the job.

DFS3762I	CI-RBA=nnnnnnnn ERROR FEEDBACK=xxxxxxx IN RESPONSE TO A VSAM (GET POINT) REQUEST ON AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred when the Database Image Copy utility attempted to read from or point to a DEDB area. The VSAM GET or POINT macro encountered a problem.

System action

The Database Image Copy utility tries to read from or point to a DEDB area in the next available data set.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Related reference

[z/OS: GET--Retrieve a record \(VSAM macro\)](#)

[z/OS: POINT--Position for access \(VSAM macro\)](#)

[z/OS: VSAM macro return and reason codes](#)

DFS3763I	DEDB AREA DATA SET CONTROL BLOCK NOTIFY FAILURE - AREA STOPPED. DBD=dbdname AREA=areaname DD=ddname
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS encountered a problem with IRLM when modifying the status of the area data set for the named area data set and attempting to notify the other subsystems to synchronize the status during emergency restart. The status change had been requested in the failing system.

System action

The indicated DEDB area is stopped, and the emergency restart continues.

Programmer response

Restart the area using the **/START AREA GLOBAL** command after emergency restart.

Problem determination:
6, 27

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3764I	DEDB AREA DATA SET STOP SYNCHRONIZATION NOT AVAILABLE - AREA STOPPED. DBD=<i>dbname</i> AREA=<i>areaname</i> DD=<i>ddname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS attempted to stop the area data set during emergency restart. This situation can occur if an I/O error existed for the named area data set during emergency restart or if an external or internal stop area data set (ADS) was processing when the system failed. If an external or internal stop ADS was processing, the stop ADS was not available during the emergency restart. Therefore, IMS forced the area to stop.

System action

The indicated DEDB area is stopped, and the emergency restart continues.

Programmer response

Restart the area using the **/START AREA GLOBAL** command after emergency restart. You must run either the DEDB Area Data Set Create utility, DBFUMRIO, or the Database Recovery utility, DFSURDB0, for the indicated data set.

DFS3765I	DEDB AREA CONTROL BLOCK NOTIFY FAILURE - AREA STOPPED. DBD=<i>dbname</i> AREA=<i>areaname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

During emergency restart IMS encountered a problem with IRLM when modifying the area status for the named area and attempting to notify other subsystems to synchronize the status. The status change had been requested in the failing system.

System action

The indicated DEDB area is stopped, and the emergency restart continues.

Programmer response

Restart the area using the **/START AREA GLOBAL** command after the emergency restart.

DFS3766A	NOTIFY REQUEST TO STOP AN ADS FAILED FOR AREA=<i>xxxxxxxx</i> DD=<i>yyyyyyyy</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

During ERE processing the system tried to stop the specified area data set (ADS) in each of the subsystems sharing the ADS, but failed. The status of the ADS in all subsystems remains in copy phase status or in format phase status.

System action

System continues its operation.

Operator response

The user must stop the ADS in all subsystems sharing this ADS by **/STOP ADS** command.

DFS3766W	PSB <i>pppppppp</i> REQUIRES STOPPED DEDB DATA BASE <i>dddddddd</i>, PSB STOPPED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Because a required Fast Path DEDB, *dddddddd*, was unavailable, scheduling ended and PSB, *pppppppp*, stopped.

System action

Processing stops.

DFS3767A **NOTIFY REQUEST TO SET AN ADS
TO AVAILABLE STATUS FAILED
FOR AREA=xxxxxxx DD=yyyyyyy**

Explanation

During ERE processing the system tried to set the specified area data set (ADS) to available status in all subsystems sharing the ADS, but failed. The status of the ADS in each subsystem remains in copy phase status. The status of the ADS in RECON D/S is in available status.

System action

System continues its operation.

Operator response

As there is a difference in the ADS status between each subsystem and the RECON D/S, the operator should stop the area which accesses this ADS by **/STOP AREA** or **UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD)** command, then restart the area.

DFS3768A **DBRC REQUEST TO SET AN ADS
TO UNAVAILABLE STATUS FAILED
FOR AREA=xxxxxxx DD=yyyyyyy**

Explanation

During ERE processing, the system tried to set the specified area data set (ADS) to unavailable status in the RECON data set, but failed. The status of the ADS in the RECON data set remains in copy phase status.

System action

System continues its operation.

Operator response

The operator must set the status of the ADS to unavailable status by a DBRC command. Make sure the status of the ADS is in unavailable status, both in the RECON data set and in each subsystem.

DFS3769I **INVALID SYNTAX IN START OR
STOP TIME PARM**

Explanation

The program encountered an error in a start time or stop time parameter.

System action

The DEDB utility program terminates with a return code of 08.

Operator response

Correct the invalid input parameter and rerun the utility.

DFS3770W **SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME
OUT DURING START AREA
PROCESSING FOR AREA areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME OUT DURING
STOP AREA PROCESSING FOR AREA areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME BETWEEN
SUBSYSTEMS HAS BEEN EXCEEDED**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
(reason) areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
CTLBLK SYNC areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
ALLOC/OPEN ADS areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED - UOW
LOCK INIT areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED - STOP
ADS areaname**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED - STOP
AREA *areaname***

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
START AREA *areaname***

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
SHVSO SYNC**

or

**SYNCHRONIZING PROCESS TIME EXCEEDED -
SHSDEPS SYNC**

Explanation

Subsystem resource synchronization did not finish within a reasonable amount of time. This situation might be a valid condition and might resolve itself. If IMS determines that a hang exists, IMS attempts to resolve the wait. IMS might reject the process and issue the second form of the message, or it might have resolved the hang (allowing the process to retry). In either instance, if the first form of the message terminates without outside intervention, then no action is necessary.

If the first version of the message persists, then a hang condition exists and must be resolved manually. In the message text, you might receive the following variables:

reason

Identifies the cause of the exceeded time, and is one of the following situations:

CTLBLK SYNC

IMS must synchronize internal information.

ALLOC/OPEN ADS

An ADS is opening as part of an area open or ADS create action.

UOW LOCK INIT

IMS is converting to UOW lock mode due to starting a utility.

STOP AREA

An area is being stopped. This stop might be due to a command or internal stop.

START AREA

An area is starting.

SHVSO SYNC

SHVSO information has been internally data synchronized.

SHSDEPS SYNC

SHSDEP information has been internally data synchronized.

areaname

Identifies the affected area.

System action

If the first form of the message persists, then the originating system (the system receiving the message) is waiting for an action from a sharing partner that is not completing. This situation indicates a hang. The only way to resolve the hang is based on the reason from the first form of the message.

Operator response

Determine if any subsystem participating in block level sharing is experiencing problems. If a subsystem is in a busy state because the processor load is heavy or the processor STOP key was pressed, no action is necessary. If a subsystem is in a wait or loop condition, that subsystem must be terminated by entering a / **STOP** or **MVS MODIFY** command; otherwise, the wait or loop condition can continue indefinitely.

Programmer response

If this message has been issued multiple times, the other subsystem is not in a processor-busy condition, the processor STOP key was not pressed, and the other subsystem has a severe problem. Contact IBM Software Support after appropriate data has been collected. Capture memory dumps of all IMS subsystems in the sysplex.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 14

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3771I

**AREA *areaname* CANNOT BE
PROCESSED DUE TO 2ND CI EEQE
(BUFFER)**

Explanation

The AREA *areaname* could not be processed for one of these reasons:

- The **/STO AREA (LOCAL) or UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD)** command was not processed because the AREA has a second CI EEQE buffer.
- The **/STOP AREA GLOBAL, UPDATE AREA STOP(SCHD), /STOP ADS, /DBR DB, UPDATE DB STOP(ACCESS)**, or **/DBR AREA** command was not processed because the AREA has a second CI EEQE.

System action

Command processing for the AREA terminates.

Operator response

Enter the **/UNLOCK** command or the OS GO reply command to purge all EEQEs after I/O prevention is resolved. Then reenter the failed command.

DFS3772I	AREA areaname STOPPED. RECOVERY NEEDED DUE TO 2ND CI EEQE BUFFER
-----------------	---

Explanation

During **/CHECKPT FREEZE** processing the named AREA was stopped and its status marked as recovery-needed, if the AREA was registered in DBRC. This condition occurred because the AREA has a second CI EEQE buffer, which could not be written to the physical data set.

System action

After stopping the AREA, the system continues processing.

Programmer response

Recover the AREA using the Database Recovery utility.

DFS3773I	AREA=areaname DD=ddnameSTOP AREA GENERATED BY ADS CLOSE ERROR.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the close of an ADS data set of a multiple area data set (ADS) area that is being shared by two or more IMS subsystems, an I/O error occurred while updating the second CI of that ADS data set. This situation causes internal **/STOP AREA** commands to be generated and sent to the IMS subsystems currently sharing the area. After stopping the area, the system continues processing.

System action

The system closes the area, issues this message, and continues processing.

Operator response

Restart the area just closed to allow processing of the area to resume using its remaining ADS data sets.

Module:
DBFMPCL0

DFS3774A	INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR CONTROL BLOCKS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The GETMAIN macro failed due to a shortage in memory for SP=0. Because of this condition, the input statements in the DFSHALDB data set are not read and therefore, not validated.

System action

The job terminates with pseudoabend 0201 and the following reason code:

REASON=00000028
GETMAIN failure for control block storage.

Programmer response

Increase the size value of the REGION parameter.

Module:
DBFSHSPIO
Related information
[IMS abend 0201](#)

DFS3775A	OPEN FAILURE OF DDNAME DFSHALDB
-----------------	--

or

**DATASET ATTRIBUTES FOR DDNAME DFSHALDB
ARE NOT VALID**

Explanation

A DFSHALDB data set failed to open, the RECFM is not fixed block format, or the LRECL is not equal to 80.

System action

The job terminates abnormally with pseudoabend 0201 and one of the following reason codes:

REASON=00000016

Indicates RECFM

REASON=00000020

Indicates LRECL

REASON=00000024

Indicates DFSHALDB failed to open.

Programmer response

- For a reason code of 16, make sure the RECFM is FB.
- For a reason code of 20, make sure the LRECL is 80.
- For a reason code of 24, use the accompanying DFS0730I message to determine the cause of the open failure.

Module:

DFSHSPI0

Related information[“DFS0730I” on page 249](#)UNABLE TO OPEN OR CLOSE DATASET WITH DDNAME *ddname* FOR REASON *x*, *yy*, *z* DATABASE *dbdname* *programid*[IMS abend 0201](#)

DFS3776A HALDB SELECTIVE PARTITION PROCESSING NOT ALLOWED IN xxx REGION

Explanation

Data set DFSHALDB, containing input statements, is not allowed in a job for either an IFP, JMP, or MPP. In the message text, xxx is either an IFP, JMP, or MPP

System action

The job terminates abnormally with pseudoabend 0201 and the following reason codes:

REASON=00000012

Indicates IFP, JMP, or MPP.

Programmer response

Either remove the input statements while retaining data set DFSHALDB, or exclude data set DFSHALDB from the JCL.

Module:

DFSHSPI0

Related information[IMS abend 0201](#)

DFS3777A HALDB STATEMENTS READ AND VALIDATED FOR SELECTIVE PARTITION PROCESSING RC=xx

Explanation

For message DFS3777A, the return code (xx) is one of the following:

04

At least one statement was validated and accepted. However, at least one other statement had a syntax error or there were more than 20 statements whose syntax was correct.

08

All statements were validated and rejected due to syntax errors.

System action

The job terminates with pseudoabend 0201 and a reason code of either 04 or 08.

Programmer response

Correct the syntax error and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSHSPI0

Related information[IMS abend 0201](#)

DFS3777I HALDB STATEMENTS READ AND VALIDATED FOR SELECTIVE PARTITION PROCESSING RC=xx

Explanation

For message DFS3777I, the return code (xx) is equal to 00, meaning that all statements have been validated and accepted.

System action

The job continues processing.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSHSPI0

DFS3778A INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO ACQUIRE HSPB CONTROL BLOCK

Explanation

There was no storage available in SP=241 for the HSPB control block in key 7.

System action

None.

Request assistance from an operating system programmer to correct the condition.

Module:
DFSHSPK0

Module:
DFSHSPK0

DFS3779A	PCB=(yyyyyyyyy,ppppppppp), xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
----------	--

or

PCB=(nnnn,pppppppp,NUM=yyy), xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Explanation

For the first form of this message, in the message text:

yyyyyyyyy
The NAME/LABEL.

pppppppp
The partition name that was found on a statement provided by DFSHALDB.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

One of the following error conditions:

- DBPCB NUMBER IN ERROR
- PARTITION NAME IN ERROR
- NAME/LABEL IN ERROR
- PCB FOR NON-HALDB

For the second form of this message, in the message text:

nnnn
The DBPCB number

yyy The range, if specified

pppppppp
The partition name that was found on a statement
provided by DFSHALDB.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

One of the following error conditions:

- DBPCB NUMBER IN ERROR
- PARTITION NAME IN ERROR
- NAME/LABEL IN ERROR
- PCB FOR NON-HALDB

For a further explanation of this message, see message DFS3779E.

Related information
DFS3779E

HALDB SELECTIVE PARTITION PROCESSING
ABEND U0202

DFS3779E	HALDB SELECTIVE PARTITION PROCESSING ABEND U0202
----------	---

Explanation

In at least one of the cards that were successfully validated as "Syntactically correct," the reasons for the error conditions are:

- There is a DBPCB number greater than the number of DBPCBs in the list found in the PSB.
- The partition name is either misspelled or it cannot be found in the database referenced by the DBPCB number or the NAME/LABEL. This condition could be the case if a partition name in the target database is supplied when using a DBPCB which has PROCSEQ.
- The NAME or LABEL supplied cannot be found in any DBPCB in the list found in the PSB.
- The DBPCB number or NAME/LABEL references a non-HALDB PCB.

System action

Pseudoabend 0202 is issued.

Programmer response

Correct the DBPCB number, the NAME/LABEL, the partition name, or remove the entry that is specifying a target partition name, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSHSPP0

Related information

IMS abend 0202

```
DFS3780I      ACTIVE DDNAMES: modblks-name  
              DFSDIRC format-name MODSTAT  
              ID: nnnn
```

Explanation

This message indicates online change status including the active online change libraries and the current modify ID. IMS issues this message in the following cases:

- IMS restart
- Simple checkpoint
- **/MODIFY PREPARE** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(PREPARE)**, to indicate the current active online change libraries before the new definitions are committed

- **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE (COMMIT)**, to indicate the new active online change libraries, after online change is committed

In the message text:

modblks-name

Active MODBLKS DD in the IMS JCL, that identifies the active MODBLKS library. *modblks-name* is either MODBLKSA or MODBLKSB. If the MODBLKS DD cards are omitted from the IMS JCL and online change for MODBLKS is disabled, this variable is blank.

DFSDIRC

The data set ddname of the internally managed IMS directory data set.

format-name

Active FORMAT DD in the IMS JCL, that identifies the active MFS format library. *format-name* is either FORMATA or FORMATB. If this system is DBCTL, *format-name* is blank.

nnnn

Modify ID number. When you initialize the MODSTAT data set, you decide what number to assign as the modify ID. Every time online change is successful, this number increments by 1. If you initialized this number to 0, the value indicates how many online changes have been successful since cold start. The modify ID is used to recover security status during an emergency restart.

This message is also issued after:

- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/DBD**
- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/DBR**
- Simple checkpoint invoked by **/CHE**

DFS3781	DB:name AREA:name DAMAGE AT RBA:xxxxxxx OFFSET:nnnnn LENGTH:aa
----------------	---

Explanation

During emergency restart, XRF takeover, or the recovery phase of Fast Database Recovery, damage to the control interval (CI) was detected. The area is stopped.

In the message text, the variables and their meanings are:

DB

Database name

AREA

Area name

DAMAGE AT RBA

Relative byte address of the damaged control interval

OFFSET

Relative offset of the damage within the CI

LENGTH

Length of the damage

System action

IMS issues the normal area-stopped messages.

Programmer response

The area must be recovered.

DFS3782I	DB:O'name' AREA:name ADS:name 2ND CI DAMAGE DETECTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

Damage to the second control interval (CI) was detected during DMAC refresh at the first open following an XRF takeover.

User response

Take one of the following actions:

- If multiple area data sets (MADS) are defined, change the ADS copy damaged by the second CI to unavailable status for a subsequent recovery Start the area with the remaining valid ADS copies.
- If multiple area data sets (MADS) are not defined, recover the area.

DFS3784I	PCB=(nnnn,ppppppp) IS REPLACED BY DFS3784I PCB=(ddddddd,ppppppp,NUM=yy y)
-----------------	--

Explanation

After associating the DBPCB number *nnnn* of the HALDB statement with the DBPCB label or name specified in the DBPCB control block, the processing detected duplicate HALDB statements with a DBPCB label or name of *ddddddd*. When this occurs the DBPCB label or name takes precedence over the DBPCB referenced by the *nnnn* number. *yyy* indicates the range, if specified.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

**DFS3785E DIAGNOSE AWE INITIALIZATION
FAILED – *reason_text***

Explanation

An unrecoverable error was encountered while initializing the diagnostic AWE processor. Services offered by this AWE processor will not be available until the problem is corrected and IMS is restarted.

In the message text:

reason_text

Used to identify the specific error encountered.
The reason text can be:

DGSW GETSTOR FAILED RC=*retcode*

During initialization of the diagnostic AWE processor DGS TCB, a GETSTOR call was made to allocate storage for the DGSW (Diagnostics Work Area). However, the GETSTOR call returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*.

System action

IMS continues processing, but the services offered by the diagnostic AWE processor will not be available until the problem is resolved and IMS is restarted.

System programmer response:

If this is the only storage shortage error encountered while starting IMS, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSDGS80

**DFS3786E DIAGNOSE AWE PROCESSING
ERROR – *reason_text***

Explanation

An unrecoverable error was encountered during processing of a diagnostic AWE. This message is issued during diagnostic AWE processing when an unrecoverable error or an invalid AWE request is encountered.

In the message text:

reason_text

Identifies the specific error:

DUPLICATE INITIALIZATION AWE

A duplicate initialization AWE request was received. Because only one initialization AWE request is allowed, the duplicate request is ignored.

DUPLICATE TERMINATION AWE

A duplicate termination AWE request was received. Because only one termination AWE

request is allowed, the duplicate request is ignored.

request QUEUED PRIOR TO INIT

An AWE request was received before the initialization AWE request was received and processed. The initialization AWE request must be the first AWE that is queued and processed. In the reason text, *request* identifies the type of AWE request that was received. The AWE is ignored.

UNKNOWN AWE FUNCTION: *hex_id*

An AWE request was received that is unknown to the diagnostic AWE processor. In the reason text, *hex_id* identifies the hexadecimal identifier of the unknown AWE function that was requested. The AWE is ignored.

System action

IMS continues processing, but the diagnostic AWE service requested did not complete successfully.

System programmer response:

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSDGS80

**DFS3787E DIAGNOSE SYSOUT PROCESSING
ERROR – *reason_text***

Explanation

An unrecoverable error was encountered during processing of the SYSOUT request of a **/DIAGNOSE** command. The message is issued during **/DIAGNOSE** command SYSOUT processing when an unrecoverable error is encountered.

In the message text:

reason_text

Identifies the specific error:

INVALID FUNCTION CODE SPECIFIED

A call that was made to **/DIAGNOSE** command SYSOUT I/O services requested an invalid function. The invalid request is ignored. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error.

INVALID STATE FOR *function* REQUEST

A call that was made to **/DIAGNOSE** command SYSOUT I/O services requested the out-of-sequence function identified in the reason text. The invalid request is ignored. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error.

ALLOCATION FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while allocating the requested SYSOUT data set. Ensure that a valid SYSOUT class was specified and that JES

services are available. If the error persists, note the return code in the reason text: *retcode*. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error, and save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error.

DCBB GETSTOR FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while allocating the requested SYSOUT data set. A GETSTOR call was made to allocate DCBB storage, and GETSTOR returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. If the IMS storage problem is temporary, issue the request again later. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

SIOB GETSTOR FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while allocating the requested SYSOUT data set. A GETSTOR call was made to allocate SIOB storage, and GETSTOR returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. If the IMS storage problem is temporary, issue the request again later. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

DECB GETSTOR FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while allocating the requested SYSOUT data set. A GETSTOR call was made to allocate DECB storage, and GETSTOR returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. If the IMS storage problem is temporary, issue the request again later. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

DATASET OPEN FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while opening the requested SYSOUT data set. System OPEN services returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. Save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error. Also, retain the system or IMS job log that might contain the z/OS IEC message related to the error. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error.

DATASET CHECK FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while checking a write buffer for the SYSOUT data set. System CHECK services returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error, and save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error. Also, retain the system or IMS job log that might contain the z/OS IEC message related to the error.

DATASET CLOSE FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while closing the SYSOUT data set. System CLOSE services returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error, and save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error. Also, retain the system or IMS job log that might contain the z/OS IEC message related to the error.

DATASET WRITE FAILED RC=*retcode*

An error was encountered while writing to the SYSOUT data set. System WRITE services returned with a nonzero return code: *retcode*. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error, and save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error. Also, retain the system or IMS job log that might contain the z/OS IEC message related to the error.

DATASET SYNAD/ABEND EXIT CALLED

An error was encountered with the SYSOUT data set. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error, and save the IMS system log that contains a diagnostic X'67D0' log record, which provides more detailed information about the error. Also, retain the system or IMS job log that might contain the z/OS IEC message related to the error.

DATASET WRITING PAST LAST BLOCK

A call that was made to **/DIAGNOSE** command SYSOUT I/O services requested an out-of-sequence WRITE function. The invalid request is ignored. Contact IBM Software Support to report the error.

System action

IMS continues processing, but the **/DIAGNOSE** command SYSOUT requested did not complete successfully.

System programmer response:

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSDGS82

Related reference

[/DIAGNOSE SNAP command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3788I

DIAGNOSE SYSOUT DATA SET
dsname action FOR SNAP resource
TKN(token)

Explanation

The requested SYSOUT data set for the **/DIAGNOSE** command was opened or closed.

In the message text:

dsname

Name of the SYSOUT data set.

action

Action to be taken for the data set: OPENED or CLOSED.

resource

Name of the **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command resource that is associated with the SYSOUT data set request.

token

Unique 8-byte hexadecimal token that is associated with the SYSOUT request of the **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command. This token is the same as the token that is included in message DFS3789I and can be used to correlate command actions and SYSOUT results.

System action

The SYSOUT data set for the **/DIAGNOSE** command is opened or closed successfully.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSDGS82

Related reference

[/DIAGNOSE SNAP command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3789I	DIAGNOSE COMMAND SNAP resource QUEUED TO SYSOUT TKN(token)
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/DIAGNOSE** command with OPTION(SYSOUT) was issued, the SNAP data capture process has completed, and the results have been successfully enqueued to the DGS AWE processor for SYSOUT processing.

In the message text:

resource

SNAP resource type that is specified in the command.

token

Unique 8-byte hexadecimal token that is associated with the SYSOUT request of the **/DIAGNOSE SNAP** command. This token is the same as the token that is included in message

DFS3788I and can be used to correlate command actions and SYSOUT results.

System action

The requested **/DIAGNOSE** command has been successfully processed, and the requested SNAP data has been enqueued for SYSOUT processing.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSDGS9C

Related reference

[/DIAGNOSE SNAP command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS3792	QCNT KEYWORD INVALID WITH DISPLAY BY ATTRIBUTE OPTION
----------------	--

Explanation

The QCNT keyword cannot be used on a **/DISPLAY USER** command if the users are to be displayed by attribute. The QCNT keyword cannot be used on a **/DISPLAY NODE** command if the nodes are to be displayed by attribute.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Either specify a specific user or node, or omit the QCNT keyword. Then reenter the command.

Module:

DFSIDPE0, DFSIDPBO

DFS3794W	AN INCOMPLETE SNAPQ CHECKPOINT MAKES TAKEOVER IMPOSSIBLE. ALTERNATE SYSTEM IS TERMINATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An XRF alternate system began reading the SNAPQ checkpoint necessary to achieve its tracking phase, and the checkpoint was found to be incomplete.

System action

The alternate IMS is shut down.

Programmer response

Restart the active and alternate systems.

DFS3795I **IOT EEQE PURGE FAILED.**
AREA=areaname RBA=xxxxxxx
RC=yy

Explanation

During I/O toleration EEQE purge processing, at least one EEQE could not be purged. For each EEQE that is not purged, IMS issues this message followed by message DFS0488I. *areaname* identifies the name of the associated area; *xxxxxxx* identifies the RBA of the associated CI. Reason code *yy* has the following meanings.

Code (dec) Meaning

- 04** The request to get the CI lock failed.
- 08** The request to get the area lock failed.
- 12** The area OPEN request failed.
- 16** I/O error occurred while attempted to purge the EEQE.
- 20** I/O toleration purge was preparing to write tolerated data for a VSO area, but an area data set was stopped (or in the process of being stopped) due to a write error on the second CI. The area data set stop can cause the entire area to stop; in this case, if purge continues it can abend.

System action

IMS continues processing, but skips the EEQE purge.

Operator response

Issue the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command later to purge the EEQEs.

If the return code is 12, issue the **/START AREA** or **UPDATE AREA START(ACCESS)** command for the named areas; then issue the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** again.

IMS issues return code 16 only if XRF takeover processing has not completed when you request the EEQE purge. If you reenter the **/UNLOCK** command after the takeover processing is complete, the purge is usually successful. To display any EEQEs that were not purged, enter the **/DIS DB ALL BKERR**.

If the area is stopped, recover the area.

DFS3796W **AT LEAST ONE FAST PATH EEQE**
STILL EXISTS.

Explanation

While processing a normal shutdown, IMS detected that at least one EEQE (Extended Error Queue Element) still exists.

System action

Normal shutdown processing continues.

Operator response:

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

See message DFS3867I to determine the appropriate action to take.

Related information

[“DFS3867I” on page 1108](#)

AUTOMATIC /UNLOCK SYSTEM WILL BE DONE

DFS3798 **SB NOT INITIALIZED**

Explanation

A **/START SB** command was not processed because a SBONLINE control statement was not provided in member DFSVSMxx of IMS.PROCLIB.

System action

IMS has not loaded any Sequential Buffering (SB) modules and does not process the **/START SB** command.

User response

Provide a SBONLINE control statement in the appropriate DFSVSMxx member of IMS.PROCLIB if you want to use SB.

DFS3799 **SB NOT FUNCTIONAL**

Explanation

The **/START SB** command was not processed because previous IMS software problems prevented the use of Sequential Buffering (SB).

System action

IMS discards the **/START SB** command.

User response

Check for previously issued error messages describing the software problem that caused IMS to deactivate SB.

**DFS3800 UNABLE TO ACQUIRE STORAGE
FOR MFS DYNAMIC DIRECTORY
EXPANSION****Explanation**

Storage in the IMS extended private area is unavailable for expanding the MFS Dynamic Directory during initialization.

System action

The MFS Dynamic Directory will be stabilized. No more format blocks will be added. The directory

will remain stabilized, and this message will not be reissued until after the next IMS restart or after the successful completion of a **/CHANGE DIRECTORY MFS** command. This command will restore the MFS Dynamic Directory back to the "primed" state that existed just after IMS initialization.

Programmer response

Allow the IMS system to run with the MFS Dynamic Directory stabilized until the next restart, or if feasible, issue the **/CHANGE DIRECTORY MFS** command.

Chapter 79. DFS messages, DFS3801 - DFS3850A

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3801 CHKPT SNAPQ REQUIRED ON
ACTIVE SYSTEM**

Explanation

An alternate system in the XRF complex sends this message to the master terminal operator (MTO) if the alternate system fails to locate the SNAPQ checkpoint of the active system after thirty seconds.

System action

The alternate system continues.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Determine whether the active system has taken a SNAPQ checkpoint. If not, force a manual SNAPQ checkpoint by entering a **/CHE SNAPQ** command on the active system. If this message persists after the active system has taken a SNAPQ checkpoint, a problem might exist with the alternate system. Cancel the alternate system with a memory dump.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3802W XRF NOT POSSIBLE - ONLY ONE
RDS ALLOCATED.**

Explanation

An XRF-defined IMS system was started, but only one restart data set (RDS) DD statement was included in the JCL.

System action

The IMS alternate system being started terminates abnormally. Any other IMS system starts continue, but the system will not be XRF-capable.

Programmer response

If you want an XRF-capable system, shut down the IMS system. Include the IMSRDS and the IMSRDS2 DD statements for the restart data sets; then restart the IMS system.

**DFS3803I ENTER /SWITCH TO CAUSE THE
BACKUP TO TAKEOVER**

Explanation

The alternate (backup) system detected a potential failure of the active system, but the operator must approve all takeovers.

System action

The alternate system continues tracking the active system.

Operator response:

(master terminal) To initiate a takeover, enter **/ SWITCH SYSTEM FORCE** on the alternate system.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3804I LATEST RESTART CHKPT: yyddd/
hhmmss, LATEST BUILDQ CHKPT:
yyddd/hhmmss**

or

**[LATEST] [RESTART] CHKPT: yyddd/hhmmss,
HSBID=xx – [LATEST] BUILDQ CHKPT: yyddd/
hhmmss, HSBID=xx**

or

**LOG READ CHKPT: yyddd/hhmmss – RESTART
CHKPT: yyddd/hhmmss, HSBID=xx – BUILDQ
CHKPT: yyddd/hhmmss, HSBID=xx**

Explanation

At the completion of each IMS checkpoint, IMS issues this message to inform you of the last checkpoint ID that is valid for loading DC blocks. When running in an XRF environment, it indicates which IMS system (HSBID) wrote the CHKPT. The latest RESTART or RESTART CHKPT indicates which IMS system must be restarted when an XRF system abends. The exception to this is a BLDQ restart, which can be done by either IMS system.

The first form of this message is issued in a non-XRF environment.

The second form of this message is typically issued when running in XRF. For XRF systems following a shutdown checkpoint or a restart, the word LATEST does not appear in the message, and the word RESTART is abbreviated to RST.

The third form of this message is issued only after a takeover occurs, and when the system checkpoint needed for IMS recovery was written before the LAST DC CHKPT and before the takeover. The new checkpoint ID, LOG READ CHKPT, indicates only the checkpoint at which IMS starts reading the input log. The checkpoint ID does not have an HSBID and must not be used when determining which IMS system to restart.

In some circumstances, IMS might not have been able to issue this message with a latest checkpoint during a shutdown or cancel. In such circumstances, a later restart might show a different CHKPT.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Operator response:
(master terminal) This information is useful for determining which IMS system to restart after an XRF takeover.

DFS3805	SURVEILLANCE KEYWORD INVALID - NO XRF CAPABILITY
----------------	---

Explanation

A **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command was entered on a system that is not XRF-capable.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response:
If you want XRF capability, define the IMS system as an XRF-capable system.

DFS3806	BACKUP KEYWORD INVALID - NO XRF CAPABILITY
----------------	---

Explanation

You entered an **/ERE BACKUP** command or a **/STOP BACKUP** command on a system that is not XRF-capable.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

If you want XRF capability, define the IMS system as an XRF-capable system.

DFS3807	MORE THAN 1 PARAMETER IN /STA OR /STO SURVEILLANCE COMMAND
----------------	---

Explanation

A **/START** or **/STOP SURVEILLANCE** command was entered with more than one SURVEILLANCE parameter. The SURVEILLANCE parameter must be one of these:

LNK
RDS
LOG
ALL

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Reenter the command with a single SURVEILLANCE parameter.

DFS3808I	RDS LNK LOG SURVEILLANCE ALREADY STARTED STOPPED
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- A **/START SURVEILLANCE** command was entered, but the specified type of surveillance had already been started
- A **/STOP SURVEILLANCE** command was entered, but the specified type of surveillance had already been stopped.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3809	NO LINK SURVEILLANCE - LINK NOT DEFINED
----------------	--

Explanation

A **/START** or **/STOP SURVEILLANCE LNK** command was entered, but an Intersystem Communication (ISC)

link between the active and the alternate IMS systems is not defined to IMS.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Define an ISC link to the XRF-capable IMS system if you want this type of surveillance.

DFS3810	KEYWORD ACTIVE OR BACKUP DOES NOT MATCH SYSTEM OR IS MISSING
---------	--

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- The keyword indicating whether the **/SWITCH SYSTEM** command is being entered on the active or the alternate (backup) system (ACTIVE/BACKUP) does not correspond to the actual system.
- The keyword ACTIVE is missing. The keyword ACTIVE must be specified when the **/SWITCH SYSTEM** command is entered on the active system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Be sure of the status (active or alternate) of the system on which you are entering the command.

DFS3811I	LNK RDS LOG SURVEILLANCE ACTIVE INACTIVE; INTERVAL TIMEOUT VALUE CHANGED FROM xx TO yy
----------	---

Explanation

This informational message responds to the **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command, and is issued with the DFS058I CHANGE COMMAND COMPLETED message. The following information is given in the message:

- which type of surveillance was changed (LNK|RDS|LOG)
- whether that type of surveillance was active or inactive
- the original (xx) and new (yy) interval or timeout values.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Check that the command produced the intended results.

Related information
“DFS058I” on page 34
CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT KKK P01, P02, P03, P04, P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.

DFS3812I	BACKUP LNK RDS LOG INTERVAL VALUE OF xx HAS BEEN FORCED TO ACTIVE VALUE OF yy
----------	---

Explanation

This informational message, issued in response to the **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command, indicates that IMS modified system data in order to continue processing the command. When the timeout or the interval value is being changed by entering **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** on the alternate (backup) system, and the alternate interval value is less than the active interval value, the alternate interval value defaults to the active interval value. This message is issued with the DFS058I CHANGE COMMAND COMPLETED message.

System action

IMS continues processing the command with the modified data.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Check the command produced the intended results. If you want different results, reenter the **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command.

Related information
“DFS058I” on page 34
CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT KKK P01, P02, P03, P04, P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.

DFS3813	SYSTEM NOT XRF CAPABLE - COMMAND REJECTED
---------	---

Explanation

The **/DIS HSB** or **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command was entered on a system that is not XRF-capable.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

If you want XRF capability, define the IMS system as an XRF-capable system.

Module:
DFSICLNO

DFS3814 FORCE KEYWORD IS REQUIRED

Explanation

The FORCE keyword is required when entering **/ SWITCH** from an alternate system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If you want to switch processing from the current active system to the alternate system, add the FORCE keyword, and reenter the command.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3815 RDS SURVEILLANCE NOT
STARTED DUE TO WRITE ERROR
ON THE ACTIVE**

Explanation

The command to start restart data set (RDS) surveillance was rejected because a previous write error was encountered on the active system.

System action

The command to start RDS surveillance is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the write error. The restart data set (RDS) might have to be reformatted.

**DFS3816 COMMAND REJECTED - SNAPQ
CHECKPOINT NOT YET FOUND**

Explanation

You cannot start or stop surveillance before the alternate system is synchronized with the active

system by processing a SNAPQ checkpoint from the active system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Wait until the active system issues the INSYNCH message, DFS3858I. Then reenter the **SURVEILLANCE** command.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related information

“DFS3858I” on page 1106
INSYNCH ARRIVED FROM THE BACKUP
SYSTEM

**DFS3817 SURVEILLANCE KEYWORD
PARAMETER IS MISSING OR
INVALID**

Explanation

A **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE**, **/START SURVEILLANCE**, or **/STOP SURVEILLANCE** command was rejected for one of the following reasons:

- The SURVEILLANCE parameter was missing or invalid.
- More than one SURVEILLANCE parameter was entered.

Valid SURVEILLANCE parameters are LNK, restart data set (RDS), LOG, and ALL.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Correct the SURVEILLANCE parameter; then enter the command again.

**DFS3818 INTERVAL KEYWORD PARAMETER
IS MISSING OR INVALID**

Explanation

A **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command was rejected for one of the following reasons:

- The INTERVAL value was missing or invalid.
- More than one INTERVAL value was entered.

The INTERVAL value must be greater than 0 and less than 100.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Correct the INTERVAL value; then reenter the command.

DFS3819	TIMEOUT KEYWORD PARAMETER IS MISSING OR INVALID
----------------	--

Explanation

A **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command was rejected for one of the following reasons:

- The TIMEOUT value was missing or invalid.
- More than one TIMEOUT value was entered.

The TIMEOUT value must be greater than 0 and less than 100.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Correct the TIMEOUT value; then reenter the command.

DFS3820	TOD NOT OPERATIONAL/AVAILABLE
----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The Time-of-Day (TOD) clock was unavailable for use by the surveillance function.

System action

Normal processing continues, but ISC surveillance and restart data set (RDS) surveillance are disabled.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3821	GETMAIN FAILED FOR TIMER WORKAREAS
----------------	---

Explanation

The surveillance does not function because temporary storage for a work area was unavailable.

System action

Processing continues without ISC and restart data set (RDS) surveillance.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Retry the command. If it fails again, increase the size of the control region before the next startup.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3822	INVALID SURVEILLANCE REQUEST
----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

A **/START** or **/STOP SURVEILLANCE** command was entered with an invalid parameter. The SURVEILLANCE parameter must be one of the following: LNK, RDS, LOG, or ALL.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

Reenter the command with the correct parameter.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3823	I/O ERROR DURING SURVEILLANCE READ/WRITE ON xxxxxxx
----------------	--

Explanation

A read or write error occurred on the restart data set (RDS) while RDS surveillance was active. The variable xxxxxx has one of the following values:

IMSRDS

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS DD statement.

IMSRDS2

The error occurred on the data set defined by the IMSRDS2 DD statement.

System action

Processing continues, but RDS surveillance stops and no longer participates in the takeover decision.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Determine the cause of the I/O error and reformat the RDS, if necessary. You can do RDS formatting only when restarting the active system.

**DFS3824 COMMAND INVALID FOR BACKUP
 SYSTEM**

Explanation

An invalid command was entered on the alternate (backup) system or the command syntax was not correct for the alternate system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Reenter the command on the active system or correct the command syntax and reenter on the alternate system.

**DFS3825 COMMAND INVALID FOR ACTIVE
 SYSTEM**

Explanation

The **/STOP BACKUP** command was entered on an active system. The **/STOP BACKUP** command is only valid if entered on an alternate (backup) system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

If you intended to terminate the alternate system, reenter the command on the alternate system.

**DFS3826 TRANSACTION KEYWORD
 PARAMETER IS MISSING OR
 INVALID**

Explanation

The TRANSACTION parameter on a **/CHANGE TRANSACTION MAXRGN** command was invalid or missing. The TRANSACTION parameter was invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The transaction code was greater than 8 characters.
- The transaction code was not known to IMS.
- Load balancing was not in effect for the specified transaction.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

Check the transaction code; then reenter the command.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3827 MAXRGN KEYWORD PARAMETER
 IS MISSING OR INVALID**

Explanation

A **/CHANGE TRANSACTION MAXRGN** command was rejected because the MAXRGN parameter was invalid or missing. The MAXRGN parameter was invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The MAXRGN parameter must be in the range of 0 and 255 inclusive.
- Multiple MAXRGN parameters were entered.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Correct the MAXRGN parameter; then reenter the command.

**DFS3828 UNABLE TO PROCESS /DISPLAY
 OLDS COMMAND - LOG NOT
 AVAILABLE**

Explanation

A **/DISPLAY OLDS** command was entered during the initialization or tracking phase of the alternate system, when log data sets are unavailable.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Delay entry of the **/DIS OLDS** command until the alternate system has taken over and has become the active system. Only at this time is the log data sets available.

**DFS3829 NOBACKOUT KEYWORD INVALID
 WITH DATABASE ALL**

Explanation

The DATABASE parameter ALL cannot be used with the parameter NOBACKOUT.

System action

The command is rejected.

Programmer response

Reenter the command with one or more specific DATABASE parameters.

DFS3830	NO DEFERRED PAGE FIXING WAS DONE
----------------	---

Explanation

The active system found no requests for deferred page fixing for IMS systems in an XRF complex.

System action

The system continues with normal processing.

Programmer response

If you want deferred page-fixing, see information about defining IMS.PROCLIB members for XRF.

DFS3831	MODETABLE KEYWORD INVALID WITH DISPLAY BY ATTRIBUTE OPTION
----------------	---

Explanation

The MODETABLE keyword cannot be used on a / **DISPLAY NODE** command if the nodes are to be displayed by attribute.

System action

The command is rejected

Operator response:

Reenter the command with the ALL keyword rather than specific node names.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3832I	LNK RDS LOG TIMEOUT VALUE OF xx HAS BEEN FORCED TO yy
-----------------	--

Explanation

This informational message, issued in response to the /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command, indicates that IMS changed system data in order to continue processing the command. It is issued in the following cases:

- When the timeout value is being changed by entering /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** on the alternate system and the new timeout value is less than twice the alternate interval value
- When the timeout value is being changed by entering /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** on the active system and the new timeout value is less than twice the active interval value
- When the interval value is being changed by entering /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** on the alternate system and twice the new interval value is greater than the alternate timeout value
- When the interval value is being changed by entering /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** on the active system and twice the new interval value is greater than the active timeout value.

This message is issued with the DFS058I CHANGE COMMAND COMPLETED message.

System action

IMS continues processing the command with the modified data.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Be sure the command produced the intended results. If you want different results, reenter the /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related information

“DFS058I” on page 34
CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT KKK P01, P02, P03, P04, P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.

DFS3833I	BACKUP LNK RDS LOG INTERVAL VALUE OF xx HAS BEEN FORCED TO LNK RDS LOG INTERVAL VALUE OF yy
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message can be issued in response to a / **CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command to indicate that IMS changed system data in order to continue processing the command. It is issued in the following cases:

- When the interval value is being changed by entering /**CHANGE SURVEILLANCE LNK** or / **CHANGE SURVEILLANCE RDS** on the alternate (backup) system and the new alternate interval value is less than the alternate LOG interval value.

- When the interval value is being changed by entering **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE LOG** on the alternate system and the new alternate interval value is greater than the alternate RDS and LNK interval values.
- When the interval value specified on the LOG parameter is greater than the interval value specified on the RDS or LNK parameter. The interval value for the LOG parameter must be less than or equal to the restart data set (RDS) and LNK interval values. This restriction applies to original specifications made in member DFSHSBxx, or to specifications changed with a **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command.

This message is issued together with the DFS058I CHANGE COMMAND COMPLETED message.

System action

IMS continues processing the command with the modified data.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Be sure the command produced the intended results. If you want different results, reenter the **/CHANGE SURVEILLANCE** command.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related information

[“DFS058I” on page 34](#)

CCC COMMAND COMPLETED EXCEPT KKK P01, P02, P03, P04, P05, P06, P07, ...ETC.

DFS3834W ALTERNATE IS (IN DANGER OF) FALLING BEHIND

Explanation

The IMS XRF alternate subsystem has fallen behind or is in danger of falling behind in the processing of log records produced by the active IMS XRF subsystem.

Statistics are gathered over one minute intervals to determine if either of these conditions has occurred. When either condition occurs, the message is highlighted and frozen on the system console until the condition clears up.

The "falling behind" condition might extend the time of a takeover should one be necessary.

System action

The IMS alternate continues tracking the active and can catch up over time. This message is frozen and highlighted on the system console until the alternate

has caught up sufficiently. At that time, the message is no longer highlighted and rolls off the screen.

Operator response

Alert the system programmer of continued "in danger" messages so that appropriate preventive action can be taken. When the alternate is falling behind, the elapsed time of a takeover can be extended. You can estimate the time lag behind the active by entering the **/DISPLAY HSB** command.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the "falling behind" periods, take any appropriate preventive actions, and contact IBM Software Support for assistance, if necessary.

Some actions to consider are:

- Assure a good balance between the use of Short and Long Message Queue data sets.
- Assure that the message queues are not filling up for a device that has been turned off.
- Increase the number of Message Queue buffers assigned to the Active and XRF Alternate systems.
- If you are experiencing high I/O rates on any of the devices that contain the Message Queue data sets, consider splitting up those data sets with the highest I/O activity across different devices.

DFS3835W WAITING FOR THE FDBR REGION RECOVERY FOR IMSID *imsid*

Explanation

The indicated IMS subsystem is restarting after a prior failure, but is in a wait state until the associated Fast Database Recovery region (FDBR) completes cleanup from the prior failure. One of the following conditions might have occurred:

- The FDBR region is running and performing recovery.
- The FDBR region is waiting for some action as indicated on the FDBR region syslog.
- A failure (such as XCF communications breakdown) occurred in the central processing complex (CPC) on which the FDBR region is running.
- The FDBR region is in an abnormal wait or loop.

System action

This message remains on the operator console during recovery processing by the FDBR region. Upon completion the system removes this message from the console

Operator response

If the FDBR region for the indicated *imsid* is running and performing recovery, it is generating messages indicating recovery progress; no action is required.

If the FDBR region is waiting for some action as indicated on the FDBR region SYSLOG, perform the action specified in the related messages.

If a failure (such as XCF communications breakdown) has occurred in the central processing complex (CPC), initiate database recovery by entering the z/OS **MODIFY** command (F *fdproc*, RECOVER).

If the FDBR region is in an abnormal wait or loop, cancel the FDBR region.

Module:
DFSRST00

DFS3838I	XRF INITIAL DB PRE-OPEN COMPLETE
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an XRF complex, the alternate system attempted to preopen all DL/I databases and all DEDB area data sets that were open at the time the active system processed the initial SNAPQ checkpoint.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3839I	XRF INITIAL DC PRE-OPEN COMPLETE
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an XRF complex, the alternate IMS system checked the status of all terminals and opened and scheduled backup session initiation for all Class 1 terminals that are logged on to the active system at the time of the initial SNAPQ checkpoint.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3840	OPEN ERROR FOR DDNAME=PROCLIB
----------------	--

Explanation

The data set defined by the PROCLIB DD statement could not be opened.

System action

Processing continues without XRF capability.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the PROCLIB DD statement.

DFS3841I	LNK RDS LOG SURVEILLANCE INTERVAL VALUE EXCEEDS ALLOWABLE LIMIT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An interval value for LNK, restart data set (RDS), or LOG surveillance in PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx exceeded 99 seconds.

System action

The default interval values for LNK, RDS, or LOG surveillance are used.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Define the correct values in PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx.

DFS3842I	LNK RDS LOG SURVEILLANCE TIMEOUT VALUE EXCEEDS ALLOWABLE LIMIT
-----------------	---

Explanation

A timeout value for LNK, restart data set (RDS), or LOG surveillance in PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx exceeded 999 seconds.

System action

The default timeout values for LNK, RDS, or LOG surveillance are used.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Define the correct values in PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx.

**DFS3843I START COMMAND REJECTED-xxx
SURV. NOT STARTED ON ACTIVE
SYSTEM.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to start LNK, LOG, restart data set (RDS), or ALL surveillance on the alternate system, but the corresponding surveillance was not started on the active system.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Be sure the appropriate surveillance is started on the active system first.

Programmer response

No action is required.

**DFS3844I MSDB DDNAME= MSDBCPx
SUCCESSFULLY UNALLOCATED**

Explanation

In an XRF-capable system, two MSDB checkpoint data set pairs are allocated for startup. After the MSDBs are loaded, only one of the two data set pairs is used. The MSDB checkpoint data set pair that is not used is deallocated. This message is issued after deallocation for each of the two data sets in the pair.

System action

z/OS dynamically deallocated (SVC 99) the data set associated with the ddname identified in the message. Normal operation continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

**DFS3845 NO SURVEILLANCE VALUES
SPECIFIED, DEFAULTS WILL BE
USED**

Explanation

The XRF-related parameters in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB did not contain SURV (surveillance) values.

System action

Processing continues using default surveillance values.

Operator response:

If this message was unexpected, contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Verify that the default surveillance values are acceptable. If not, create a SURV entry in member DFSHSBxx.

**DFS3846I SURVEILLANCE FUNCTION NOT
SUPPORTED IN A NON-XRF
ENVIRONMENT**

Explanation

Surveillance cannot be performed on a system that is not XRF-capable.

System action

Surveillance is not performed.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

If you want XRF capability, define the IMS system as an XRF-capable system.

**DFS3847 FORMAT ERROR IN READING
FROM PROCLIB PARAMETER IN
COLUMN xx**

Explanation

The parameters in the PROCLIB data set member DFSHSBxx or DFSFDRxx are formatted incorrectly. Value xx identifies the column number where the error was detected.

System action

Processing continues, but any parameters in DFSHSBxx that follow the format error are ignored. For errors in DFSFDRxx, Fast Database Recovery (FDBR) terminates with an IMS abend 0574.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the format of the parameters in the PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx or DFSFDRxx.

Related information

IMS abend 0574

**DFS3848 BLDL FAILED FOR FOLLOWING
MODULES**

Explanation

One or more user-written preinitialization routines were not found. The routines that could not be found are listed in the message.

System action

The dependent region is terminated with abend 0588.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

The load modules listed in the error message are specified in the DFSINTxx member in PROCLIB, but cannot be found in any of the program libraries available to the job step. If these load modules do not need to be executed, they should be removed from DFSINTxx. If they are to be executed, the load modules must be linked to a library accessible to the job step.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 6, 11, 35

Related information

[IMS abend 0588](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3849 PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON JOB/
LINK/SVCLIB FOR FOLLOWING
MODULES**

Explanation

A permanent I/O error was detected while attempting to locate the user-written preinitialization routines. The load modules not located because of the I/O error are listed in the message.

System action

The dependent region is terminated with pseudoabend 0588.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

See the information about abend 0588.

Related information

[IMS abend 0588](#)

**DFS3850A ENTER /STA DC COMMAND TO
OPEN VTAM ACB**

Explanation

The alternate IMS system in an XRF complex could not open VTAM ACB during system initialization, although the active system could open its VTAM ACB.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Be sure the VTAM minor node (APPLID) referred to by the VTAM ACB is correctly initialized; then issue **/START DC** on the alternate system.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

1, 3, 6, 10 and the VTAM definition of the VTAM minor node (APPLID) referred to by the VTAM ACB for the IMS system.

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 80. DFS messages, DFS3851I - DFS3900I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3851I YOU CANNOT CHANGE XRF
SPECIFICATIONS IN THIS
RESTART**

Explanation

This message is issued only in an XRF environment for one of the following reasons:

- The HSBID parameter is incorrect.

The HSBID parameter in the JCL of the system being restarted (NRE/ERE) must be the same as the HSBID parameter in the JCL of the failing system in the XRF complex. To determine the correct JCL (active/alternate) to use:

1. On the secondary console (hardcopy device), find the last "DFS3804I LAST CHKPT ID VALID FOR RESTART: yyddd/hhmmss" message.
2. Determine the date and time from the DFS3804I message.
3. On the secondary console (hardcopy device), find the "DFS994I *CHKPT yyddd/hhmmss*ctype rtype START COMPLETED" message whose date and time match the DFS3804I message.
4. Determine the IMS ID from the DFS994I message.
5. Use this IMS ID JCL for the emergency restart.

- The RSENAME parameter is incorrect.

The RSENAME parameter in the JCL of the alternate system being restarted (/ERE BACKUP) must be the same as the RSENAME parameter in the JCL of the active system in the XRF complex. The RSENAME parameter is located in IMS PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx. The xx represents the two characters of the HSMBR=xx parameter in the IMS control region JCL.

- The USERVAR parameter is incorrect.

The USERVAR parameter in the JCL of the alternate system being restarted (/ERE BACKUP) must be the same as the USERVAR parameter in the JCL of the active system in the XRF complex. The USERVAR parameter is found in the IMS PROCLIB member DFSHSBxx. The xx represents the two characters of the HSMBR=xx parameter in the IMS control region JCL.

System action

The system terminates with abend 3141.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Correct the error based on the information in the Explanation of this message.

Related information

[IMS abend 3141](#)

**DFS3852I THE OTHER SYSTEM IS NOT THE
ACTIVE SYSTEM**

Explanation

While bringing up an alternate system, the X'4001' log record from the active system contained an HSBID value of zero. A zero value is invalid for an IMS active system in an XRF complex.

System action

The system terminates with abend 3141.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Be sure that the correct log file was selected for the restart.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination

5, 8 (for both the active system and the alternate system)

Related information

[IMS abend 3141](#)

["IMS problem determination" on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem
determination is accomplished by using
procedures established by IBM.

**DFS3853I DEDB AREA IS NOT AUTHORIZED
WITH DBRC. AREA STOP HAS
BEEN REQUESTED FOR AREA = ,
DB = .**

Explanation

During a takeover, the alternate system verifies that all Fast Path areas opened by processing the failing

system log are authorized with DBRC. The area named in this message is not authorized with DBRC.

System action

The Fast Path area is internally stopped and closed.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Look for other error messages describing problems with this area. If none are found, the area can be restarted.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3854A	WHEN THE PREVIOUS ACTIVE IMS SUBSYSTEM TERMINATES, REPLY 'UNLOCK' [IMSID=<i>imsid</i> ASID=<i>asid</i> RSE=<i>rsename</i>]
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS system in an XRF complex is terminating in I/O toleration mode. Unless the previous active system has terminated, the termination of the current IMS system threatens the integrity of the databases.

The information in brackets will not be displayed if insufficient storage is available to display the complete message.

System action

The termination of the IMS system is waiting for the operator to guarantee that the previous active system has terminated.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Master terminal operator response: Reply UNLOCK only after the previous active system has terminated.

Note: UNLOCK does not purge IOT EEQEs.

DFS3855I	DEDB AREA HAS NO OPEN ADSCS AT TIME OF TAKEOVER. AREA STOP REQUESTED FOR AREA = , DB = .
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the tracking phase in an XRF complex, the alternate system could not open all area data sets (ADS) that were opened by the active system. Since there were no valid ADSs open at takeover time, the area was stopped.

System action

The area is closed and stopped. An error message describing the ADS open failure should have been issued before this message.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Look for another error message that describes the ADS open failure. Correct the error as indicated in the message; then restart the area.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 6

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3856I	REQSYNC WAS PROCESSED TO TAKE SNAPQ CHKPT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The REQSYNC (SNAPQ checkpoint request) sent from the alternate system was processed, and SNAPQ checkpoint process was scheduled in the active system.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3857I	OKTOSYNC ARRIVED FROM THE ACTIVE SYSTEM
-----------------	--

Explanation

The alternate system received a signal that indicates the active system began taking the SNAPQ checkpoint process from the active system.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3858I	INSYNCH ARRIVED FROM THE BACKUP SYSTEM
-----------------	---

Explanation

The active system received a signal indicating the alternate (backup) system synchronized with the active system by processing the SNAPQ checkpoint records from the alternate system.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3859I	PRIORITY <i>n</i> TERMINAL SESSIONS SWITCHED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The former alternate system (now the active system) has taken over all terminal sessions with priority level *n* that were active at the time the previous active system failed.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3860I	ALL TERMINAL SESSIONS SWITCHED
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The former alternate system (now the active system) has taken over all terminal sessions that were active at the time the previous active system failed.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3861	SYSTEM TAKEOVER OCCURRED
----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user at session takeover that system takeover completed in the host system.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3862	INVALID LOGON REQUEST IN THE ALTERNATE SYSTEM
----------------	--

Explanation:

For information and actions, see message DFS3862I.

Related information

[DFS3862I](#)

INVALID LOGON REQUEST IN THE ALTERNATE SYSTEM - NODE *nodename*

DFS3862I	INVALID LOGON REQUEST IN THE ALTERNATE SYSTEM - NODE <i>nodename</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The alternate system in an XRF complex can accept a LOGON request from one of the following during the tracking phase:

- MTO terminal
- ISC link between the active and alternate IMS systems
- Class 1 terminal that is eligible for a backup session, has an active session on the active system, and has no backup session currently active. For an ETO terminal, both the physical terminal and the terminal user's control blocks must exist and be coupled together.

The first form of the message is issued by the **/OPNDST** command processor. The command references an invalid node (not the MTO or ISC link). The second form of the message is issued by the LOGON or SCIP exit if a LOGON represents a node ID that is not one of the valid node names.

System action

The LOGON request is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) Log on from an acceptable terminal.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3863	FORMAT RDS CONFLICTS WITH BACKUP KEYWORD
----------------	---

Explanation

FORMAT RDS is invalid in a **/ERE** command that contains the keyword BACKUP.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

If you are trying to bring up an alternate (backup) system, reenter the command specifying BACKUP without FORMAT RDS. Only SM, LM, QC, and SP are allowed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3864	FORMAT WADS CONFLICTS WITH BACKUP KEYWORD
----------------	--

Explanation

FORMAT WADS is invalid in a **/ERE** command that contains the keyword BACKUP.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

If you are trying to bring up an alternate (backup) system, reenter the command specifying BACKUP without FORMAT WADS. Only SM, LM, QC, and SP are allowed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3865	FORMAT ALL CONFLICTS WITH BACKUP KEYWORD
----------------	---

Explanation

FORMAT ALL is invalid in a **/ERE** command that contains the keyword BACKUP.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response:

(master terminal) If you are trying to bring up an alternate (backup) system, reenter the command specifying BACKUP without FORMAT ALL. Only SM, LM, QC, and SP are allowed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3866	BACKUP KEYWORD INVALID - NO MODSTAT2
----------------	---

Explanation

The XRF alternate (backup) IMS system issues this message if an **/ERE** command with the BACKUP option is entered, but no MODSTAT2 is available.

System action

The **/ERE** command is rejected.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

Make sure the MODSTAT2 ddname is specified in the JCL procedure and the data set exists.

DFS3867I	AUTOMATIC /UNLOCK SYSTEM WILL BE DONE
-----------------	--

Explanation

At least one Fast Path EEQE (unwritten buffer) was not written out by the I/O Toleration Purge function. After emergency restart processing completes, IMS will internally process the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command to rerun the I/O Toleration purge function.

System action

As long as the EEQEs exist, normal transaction I/O requests continue to be honored, but the results are maintained in the EEQE buffer. The actual I/O from the EEQE buffer takes place after the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command processing is complete.

Operator response

No action is required.

DFS3868	THE IMSID NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE CHECKPOINT RSE NAME
----------------	--

Explanation

Since the previous IMS startup was an XRF-capable system, the following ERE startup, even though not XRF-capable, must specify an IMSID that matches

the checkpointed recoverable service element (RSE) name.

System action

The system terminates with abend 3141.

Operator response:

Change the IMSID PROCLIB parameter in the JCL of the system being restarted to match that of the checkpointed RSE name.

Problem determination

5, 8 (for both the failing system and the system being restarted)

Related information

IMS abend 3141
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3869I	THE ACTIVE SYSTEM MAY HAVE FAILED REASON CODE=xx.
----------	---

Explanation

The alternate system detected a potential failure of the active system, but the operator must approve all takeovers. This message is issued only when nonautomatic takeover has been requested by specifying AUTO=NO in member DFSHSBxx. The operator must enter **/SWITCH SYSTEM FORCE** to enable takeover to proceed. This message is issued every 30 seconds, as long as the takeover remains pending.

Reason code xx is defined below. The codes can be issued by themselves, or in combination. For example, X'82' combines X'80' and X'02'.

Code (hex)

Meaning

- 02 ESTAE exit entered
- 04 IRLM failure
- 08 /SWITCH entered
- 10 LOG surveillance
- 20 System LNK surveillance
- 40 Restart data set (RDS) surveillance

80

VTAM termination

System action

The alternate system continues tracking the active system.

Operator response

Enter the **/SWITCH SYSTEM FORCE** command if you want takeover to continue.

DFS3870I	RDS LNK LOG INTERVAL VALUE HAS BEEN FORCED TO nnn
----------	---

Explanation

The interval values for restart data set (RDS), LNK, or LOG surveillance specified on the alternate system were less than the interval values specified on the active system. The alternate interval values must be greater than or equal to the active interval values. The interval values are checked during the synchronization phase, and when an interval value is changed on the active system and a type X'6D' record is written to the system log.

User response:

Check the interval values.

DFS3871I	JOINAVM WAS SUCCESSFUL
----------	------------------------

Explanation

In an XRF complex or a Fast Database Recovery environment, the connection with the z/OS component, the Availability Manager, was established successfully with the JOINAVM call.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3872I	AVM CONNECTION FAILED
----------	-----------------------

Explanation

In an XRF complex or a Fast Database Recovery environment, the connection with the z/OS component, the Availability Manager, failed. AVM functions such as I/O prevention is not performed during a takeover.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

1, 3

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3873I	JOINRSE MODE=ACTIVE BACKUP WAS SUCCESSFUL
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IMS system was successfully registered with the Availability Manager as either the active system or the alternate (backup) system of an XRF complex. To the Availability Manager, the XRF-capable IMS system is a recoverable service element (RSE) consisting of both an active system and an alternate system. The name of the RSE that this IMS system is "joining" can be found on the RSENAME parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB.

In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the subsystem name of the active IMS is used as the RSE. When an IMS system that is enabled for Fast Database Recovery issues this message, it is ready for I/O prevention invocation. The Fast Database Recovery region does not issue this message.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3874I	LEAVE RSE MODE=IOP TAKEOVER WAS ISSUED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Availability Manager was notified that the IMS system issuing this message is no longer considered part of the XRF recoverable service element (RSE). The name of the RSE can be found on the RSENAME parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB. In

an FDBR environment, the subsystem name of the active IMS is used as the RSE.

When this message is issued by the active IMS, I/O prevention or Takeover was requested.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3875I	LEAVEAVM MODE=NORMAL ABEND WAS ISSUED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A LEAVEAVM call with normal mode or abnormal mode was issued to reset the connection with the availability manager.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3876	AVM I/O COMPLETED UNSUCCESSFULLY
----------------	---

Explanation

The I/O request against the availability manager completed unsuccessfully.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:

1, 3, 5

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3877I	JOINRSE FAILED
-----------------	-----------------------

Explanation

The IMS system failed to register as either the active system or the alternate system of an XRF complex. The name of the recoverable service element (RSE) can be found on the RSENAME parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB.

In a Fast Database Recovery environment, the subsystem name of the active IMS is used as the RSE. When this message is issued by the active IMS, I/O prevention is not invoked in case of IMS failure. The Fast Database Recovery region does not issue this message.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:
1, 3

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3878I	AVM RECEIVE THREAD INITIALIZATION FAILED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ITASK creation for the availability manager RECEIVE THREAD failed.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Problem determination:
1, 3

Related information
“IMS problem determination” on page 1
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3879I	RDS LNK LOG INTERVAL VALUE HAS BEEN FORCED TO MINIMUM
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either an interval value of 0 or no interval value was defined for restart data set (RDS), LNK, or LOG surveillance. A value of 1 is set during system initialization.

User response:
Check the interval value.

DFS3880I	RDS LNK LOG TIMEOUT VALUE HAS BEEN FORCED TO MINIMUM
-----------------	---

Explanation

A timeout value of 0, 1, or no timeout value was defined for restart data set (RDS), LNK, or LOG surveillance.

System action:
A value of 2 is set during system initialization.

User response:
Check the timeout value.

DFS3881I	RDS LNK LOG TIMEOUT VALUE HAS BEEN FORCED TO <i>nnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The timeout values for restart data set (RDS), LNK, or LOG surveillance on the alternate system were less than twice the interval values. The timeout value was forced to *nnn*. Values are checked for validity during the synchronization phase, and when the timeout value or the interval value on the active system is changed and a type X'6D' record is written to the log.

User response:
Check the timeout values.

DFS3882I	DEPENDENT REGION PROCESSING ENABLED
-----------------	--

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent when transaction processing in the IMS-dependent regions is enabled.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3883I	ALL BACKOUTS COMPLETE
-----------------	------------------------------

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent when all restart dynamic backouts for all accessible databases have completed. All databases that were not accessible are stopped.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

Take one of these actions:

- Enter the **LIST.DB ALL** command to determine which databases have the backout-needed flag on.
- Enter the **DISPLAY DATABASE** command with the BKERR parameter to determine which databases were not backed out.

DFS3884I NO BACKOUTS NEEDED

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent if restart dynamic backouts are not needed.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3885I NO FAST PATH FORWARD RECOVERY NEEDED

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent if Fast Path forward recovery is not needed.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3886I FAST PATH FORWARD RECOVERY COMPLETE

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent when Fast Path forward recovery processing has completed.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3887I IRLM TAKEOVER ISSUED

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent when IRLM TAKEOVER is issued.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3888I NORMAL IRLM OPERATION RESUMED

Explanation

If critical event messages were requested in the KEYEVENT parameter in the DFSHSBxx member of PROCLIB, this message is sent when normal IRLM operation has resumed following an IRLM PURGE TAKEOVER.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3889A SYSTEM DATA SETS INCONSISTENT DDNAME-NNNNNNNN, RC=xx

Explanation

While processing an X'4001' log record from the previous (or active) IMS system during a normal or an emergency restart, a conflict was detected between a

data set name and volume in the previous (or active) system and a data set name and volume in the restart system.

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 04** During a normal or an emergency restart of the active system, the DSNAMES or VOLIDs used were different. They must be the same unless a cold start or a BLDQ option is specified.
- 08** During an emergency restart, the number of data sets for the short and long message data sets must be consistent. If a change is required, either a cold start or the BLDQ option is required.
- 0C** During an emergency restart in an XRF environment, the Queue Manager System Data Sets (qblks-shmsg-lgmsg) for the backup system were different. They must be different than the System Data Sets used by the active system.
- 10** During an emergency restart in an XRF environment, the system data sets for the backup system online change and restart data set were different. They must be the same as the active system.

System action

The system terminates with abend 0598.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL so that the ddname given in the message is no longer in conflict.

Related information
[IMS abend 0598](#)

DFS3890I	TAKEOVER REQUESTED REASON CODE=rc
-----------------	--

Explanation

The alternate system sends this message when it determines that a takeover should occur. The reason codes (rc) are:

Code (hex)
Meaning

- 80** VTAM termination

- 40** Restart data set (RDS) surveillance
- 20** System LNK surveillance
- 10** LOG surveillance
- 08** /**SWITCH** entered
- 04** IRLM failure
- 02** ESTAE exit entered

These reason codes can be issued by themselves or in combination. For example, X'82' combines X'80' and X'02', VTAM termination and ESTAE exit entered.

System action

Takeover processing begins.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3891I	TAKEOVER IN PROGRESS
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The alternate system sends this message after the IMS system log from the active system has been processed by the alternate system.

System action

Takeover processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3892	WAITING FOR I/O PREVENTION TO COMPLETE
----------------	---

Explanation

Takeover by the alternate system cannot proceed until I/O prevention on the active system has completed.

System action

The alternate system is waiting to be notified that I/O prevention is complete in the active system: either the response /**UNLOCK** to message AVM005A or the /**UNLOCK SYSTEM** command from the alternate system Master Terminal Operator (MTO).

Operator response:

(master terminal) Make sure that the failing system can no longer generate I/O requests. When this is true, the alternate system MTO can either enter the **/UNLOCK SYSTEM** command or reply **/UNLOCK** to the MVS AVM message to allow takeover to proceed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3893I	F NET, USERVAR, ID=varname, VALUE=value FAILED WITH RTNFDBK=nnnn, SENSE=mmmm
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **MODIFY USERVAR** command resulted in an unexpected return code from VTAM. The following information is given in the message:

nnnn

Hexadecimal value of RPLRTNCD/RPLFDB2 fields of RPL

mmmm

Hexadecimal value of RPLSSNSI field of RPL

System action

The IMS XRF system continues.

Operator response

Notify the IMS system programmer.

System programmer response

The return codes are explained in *z/OS Communications Server SNA Programming* (SC31-8829) and *VTAM Messages and Codes* (SC31-6418). Also, verify that SPO (Secondary program operator) or PPO (Primary program operator) is specified in the VTAM definition library for this application.

Related reference

[z/OS: RPL return code \(RTNCD,FDB2\) combinations](#)

DFS3894I	THE HOTID FOR THE XRF PRIMARY AND THE ALTERNATE CANNOT BE EQUAL
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued only by an IMS alternate system during the synchronization phase of an XRF complex. The HSBID parameter of the alternate system is compared to the HSBID parameter of the primary system. (The HSBID parameter is referred to

in the message text as the HOTID parameter.) These IDs must be different. The HSBID for the alternate system is obtained from the initialization JCL; the HSBID for the primary system is obtained from the checkpoint SNAPQ currently being read.

System action

This message precedes a 3141 abend.

Programmer response

There are three possible causes and solutions for this problem.

- The primary system JCL has been submitted on the alternate central processor complex (CPC). Submit the correct job.
- The primary/alternate HSBIDs have been changed. Correct the HSBID parameters.
- The active system has not taken a checkpoint since a takeover occurred. Enter a **/CHE SNAPQ** command on the active system.

Related information

[IMS abend 3141](#)

DFS3895	TAKEOVER OCCURRED - NO REPLY AVAILABLE
----------------	---

Explanation

Another system was to process a front-end switch message entered at a terminal. The reply is lost because takeover occurred before the reply arrived.

System action

If the reply comes after takeover, the reply message is not sent to the terminal.

User response

Reenter the input message.

DFS3896I	ATTEMPTING TO PURGE OLDS BUFFERS
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS is beginning to purge the OLDS buffers.

System action

The system attempts to purge the OLDS buffers. If the purge is successful, message DFS616I, OLDS BUFFERS SUCCESSFULLY PURGED, is printed, and IMS termination continues. If the purge fails, message DFS616I, OLDS BUFFER PURGE FAILED, is printed,

and the termination of IMS continues. If one of these messages does not appear immediately, the failed active system is probably hanging on the reserve of the OLDS by the alternate system. No further action occurs until the system is canceled again.

Programmer response

If this message is followed by message DFS616I, no operator intervention is required. If the system hangs, the operator must issue a second cancel, which results in I/O Prevention and the continuation of IMS termination.

Module:
DFSFDLF0

Related information
“DFS616I” on page 209
SYSTEM LOG DATASET NOT CLOSED- LOG
WRITE ERROR

DFS3897W	SCP LEVEL MUST BE AT LEAST MVS/XA 2.1.3 - NO XRF CAPABILITY
-----------------	--

Explanation

The z/OS level you are running is not capable of supporting XRF. This message was generated because this IMS system was defined with XRF. If the SCP level is 2.1.3, be sure that the availability manager is system defined with z/OS.

System action

Processing continues without XRF capability.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

If XRF capability is wanted, re-IPL with the correct level of z/OS.

DFS3898W	NO HSB PROCLIB MEMBER - NO XRF CAPABILITY
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set defined by the PROCLIB DD statement did not contain the member DFSHSBxx, which provides the XRF parameters for the IMS system.

System action

Processing continues without XRF capability.

Operator response:
Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

If XRF capability is wanted, create a PROCLIB data set member called DFSHSBxx.

DFS3899W	HSBID NOT SPECIFIED IN EXEC PARM - NO XRF CAPABILITY
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS system is not XRF-capable unless the HSBID parameter is specified in the EXEC parameter of the control region. Only a value of 1 or 2 is accepted. Processing with XRF capability is bypassed.

System action

Processing continues without XRF capability.

Programmer response

No action is required.

DFS3900I	DFSACCS0 PARAMETER ERROR, nnnnnnnn, cccccccc
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter storage access module (DFSACCS0) detected an invalid storage access request parameter: The variable *nnnnnnnn* is the invalid parameter field name; *ccccccc* is the invalid parameter field.

System action

DFSACCS0 does the following:

1. Issues this message.
2. Calls DFSATRY0 to issue message DFS2400I.
3. Snaps the formatter control blocks.
4. Returns to the formatter retry routine with storage access return code 12.

User response

Use the diagnostic output to determine the cause of the problem.

Chapter 81. DFS messages, DFS3901W - DFS3950A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS3901W	IMS DUMP REQUEST ERROR - INVALID PARAMETER, aaaaaaaa,bbbbbbbb
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS dump assist module (DFSFDMP0) detected an invalid IMS memory dump request parameter while analyzing the DFSDPARM control block passed with a DFSDUMP request. Either the error initiating the memory dump request or an IMS internal error might have caused this memory dump request error: The variable *aaaaaaaa* is the invalid parameter field name; *bbbbbbbb* is the invalid parameter field.

System action

DFSFDMP0 ignores the error field contents and continues with the IMS memory dump request.

Operator response

You do not need to act immediately, but tell the IMS system programmer that you received this message.

DFS3902W	IMS DUMP REQUEST ERROR -INVALID CALLER TYPE, xx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The caller type passed to the IMS memory dump assist module (DFSFDMP0) in the DFSDPARM control block for an IMS memory dump request was invalid. The hexadecimal field *xx* identifies the caller type. One of the following conditions caused this error:

- The level of DFSOFMD0 was not the same as the level of the DFSDUMP macro and the DFSDPARM control block.
- The DFSDPARM control block was overlaid.
- The IMS memory dump requester did not use the DFSDUMP macro to insert the caller ID field in the DFSDPARM control block.

System action

DFSFDMP0 creates a memory dump of the caller's address space and the control region address space only.

Operator response

You do not need to act immediately, but tell the IMS system programmer that you received this message.

DFS3903W	IMS DUMP REQUEST ERROR - INVALID DUMP TITLE LENGTH, yy
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS dump assist module (DFSFDMP0) detected an invalid memory dump title length while processing an IMS memory dump request. The length precedes the actual title and cannot exceed 98 decimal bytes, excluding the length byte. Field *yy* shows the invalid length.

System action

DFSFDMP0 uses the first 98 bytes of the title and continues processing.

Operator response

You do not need to act immediately, but tell the IMS system programmer that you received this message.

DFS3904I	A DUPLICATE DUMP WAS SUPPRESSED BY DAE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS dump assist module (DFSFDMP0) received a return code of X'08' with a reason code of X'0B' from SDUMP while processing an IMS DUMP request.

System action

The operating system did not take an SDUMP. IMS does not retry the memory dump.

Operator response

Notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3905W	IMS DUMP REQUEST ERROR - t SDUMP PROCESSING ERROR, RC=r-ccc
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS dump assist module (DFSFDMP0) received a nonzero return code from SDUMP while processing an

IMS SDUMP request. The meanings of the variables are:

t
P or S, indicating whether the request was a primary or secondary SDUMP request

r
SDUMP return code
04=partial memory dump created
08=no dump created

ccc
The reason code taken from SDUMP (the value is UNK, if no reason code was available). For a partial memory dump (return code=04), the value of ccc is N/A. In this case, obtain the reason code from z/OS message IEA911E or IEA611E.

System action

If this is the primary SDUMP request (t=P), IMS retries with a secondary SDUMP for the following conditions:

- A partial memory dump was created (return code 4) which was not due to a QUIESCE=YES request that could not be honored.
- No memory dump was created (return code 8), but the reason code is one of the following: 001, 255, 005 through 009. A retry is not attempted if the internal parameter list passed by the caller of the dump assist routine specifies no secondary memory dump.

If the secondary SDUMP fails, this message is issued with (t=S) when the SDUMP return code is 4; or when the reason code does not indicate that the SVC memory dump was suppressed either because of another SVC dump in progress or because a SYS1.DUMP data set was unavailable.

When both SDUMP requests fail, IMS online memory dump formatting is permitted if the FMTO parameter you specified allows it.

Operator response

See the SDUMP message issued before this message to determine if any action must be taken. Make sure that the dump produced is processed according to your installation procedures.

Related reference
[z/OS: SDUMP return and reason codes](#)

DFS3906A	REPLY "S" TO SKIP, OR "U" TO RETRY AFTER CLEARING A DUMP DATA SET
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IMS SDUMP request failed because all system memory dump data sets are currently full.

System action

The operating system did not create an SDUMP.
IMS waits for the operator to respond.

Operator response

You can retry the request, skip taking a memory dump, or reissue the equivalent of a primary memory dump.

To retry the SDUMP request, clear one or more memory dump data sets and reply U.

To skip creating a memory dump, reply S, but be aware that IMS does not try to create any more SDUMPs for this IMS error.

To reissue the equivalent of the primary SDUMP request, enter an operator **DUMP** command for the IMS CTL, DL/I, DBRC, and IRLM address spaces; then reply S to the message you receive.

If the FMTO parameter specified allows online formatting, and if you replied S, online formatting can be initiated.

Related information
[DFS3906I](#)
DFS DUMP FAILED BECAUSE ALL SYSTEM DUMP DATA SETS ARE FULL

DFS3906I	DFS DUMP FAILED BECAUSE ALL SYSTEM DUMP DATA SETS ARE FULL
-----------------	---

Explanation

For a detailed explanation and actions, see DFS3906A

Related information
[DFS3906A](#)
REPLY "S" TO SKIP, OR "U" TO RETRY AFTER CLEARING A DUMP DATA SET

DFS3907A	REPLY "S" TO SKIP, OR "U" TO RETRY AFTER CURRENT DUMP COMPLETES.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An SDUMP for another task not belonging to this IMS system was being taken at the time the SDUMP was issued.

System action

The operating system did not satisfy the IMS SDUMP request because it can create only one SDUMP at a time.

IMS action: IMS waits for the operator to respond.

Operator response

If you receive one of the following messages, reply "U" to retry the SDUMP request:

```
IEA911E COMPLETE DUMP ON
SYS1.DUMPxx....
      OR
IEA911E PARTIAL DUMP ON
SYS1.DUMPxx....
```

If you are not sure if the current memory dump has completed, reply U. IMS reissues message DFS3907A if the current memory dump has not completed.

If you want to skip taking a memory dump, reply S. However, be aware that IMS does not try to create any more SDUMPs for the current error. IMS tries to produce alternative diagnostic information (such as online memory dumps, spin-off memory dumps, software LOGREG entries, and dependent region memory dumps).

Related information

[DFS3907I](#)
DFSDUMP FAILED BECAUSE A DUMP IS IN PROGRESS.

DFS3907I	DFSDUMP FAILED BECAUSE A DUMP IS IN PROGRESS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For a detailed explanation and actions, see DFS3907A

Related information

[DFS3907A](#)
REPLY "S" TO SKIP, OR "U" TO RETRY AFTER CURRENT DUMP COMPLETES.

DFS3908E	ABEND <i>code</i> IN OTMA SVC INIT MODULE DFSYSVIO, PSW=<i>psw1psw2</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An abend occurred while module DFSYSVIO was in control. Module DFSYSVIO is the module that initializes the OTMA Callable Services SVC service, and is typically run as a stand-alone job before running applications that use the OTMA Callable Services. DFSYSVIO processing is protected by an internal ESTAE, which attempts to retry from the abend and

clean up any global resources (such as common storage) that DFSYSVIO obtained. This message is issued to alert the operator that an abend occurred.

In the message text:

code

The abend code. For system abends, the format of *code* is Sxxx, where xxx is the 3-digit abend code in hexadecimal. For user abends, the format of *code* is Udddd, where dddd is the 4-digit abend code in decimal.

psw1

The first word of the PSW at abend.

psw2

The second word of the PSW at abend.

System action

The DFSYSVIO ESTAE collects diagnostic data about the abend, and then resumes execution in a cleanup routine within DFSYSVIO. This routine attempts to release any global resources that DFSYSVIO obtained as a part of its processing. DFSYSVIO then issues message DFS3911E and returns to its caller. Typically, unless the abend occurred at the very end of DFSYSVIO processing, the OTMA SVC routine is not initialized.

The first time that DFSYSVIO abends, its ESTAE creates an SDUMP of the address space, and causes a record to be written to the SYS1.LOGREC data set to document the abend. If DFSYSVIO abends a second time or more (within one execution), its ESTAE does not create another SDUMP. However, it does write another record to SYS1.LOGREC.

System programmer response

Save any memory dump, SYSLOG, and SYS1.LOGREC information and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSYSVIO

Related information

"DFS3911E" on page 1120
ERROR INITIALIZING OTMA SVC - *details*

DFS3909A	CQS SUBSYSTEM IS UNAVAILABLE FOR <MSGQ EMHQ> - REPLY RETRY WHEN READY OR ABORT TO TERMINATE IMS
-----------------	--

Explanation

During an IMS restart, an unsuccessful attempt was made to resynchronize with the CQS subsystem for the shared queues structures identified in the message. The CQS subsystem was unavailable.

System action

IMS waits for the reply to this message. If the reply is RETRY, IMS attempts to connect to CQS. If the reply is ABORT, IMS terminates with abend 0231, return code 01. This message is reissued if the reply is not recognized.

Operator response

Either enter RETRY when CQS is ready or ABORT to terminate IMS. This message can be issued for the message queue (MSGQ) and for the expedited message handler queue (EMHQ).

Module:

DFSRLP00 (for MSGQ), DBFHCAS0 (for EMHQ)

Related information

[IMS abend 0231](#)

DFS3910I	IMS IN A SHARED QUEUE ENVIRONMENT IS UNABLE TO RESYNC WITH CQS
-----------------	---

Explanation

During a warm or emergency restart, IMS failed to resynchronize with the CQS subsystem.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0231-xx. See abend 0231 for an explanation of subcode xx.

User response

Correct the identified error and restart IMS.

Module:

DFSIRST00, DFSRLP00

Related information

[IMS abend 0231](#)

DFS3911E	ERROR INITIALIZING OTMA SVC - details
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred in module DFSYSVIO. DFSYSVIO is the module that initializes the OTMA Callable Services SVC service, and is typically run as a stand-alone job before running applications that use the OTMA Callable Services. When DFSYSVIO cannot complete the OTMA callable services initialization, it issues message DFS3911E to indicate why initialization failed.

In the message text:

details

A short summary of the reason why the OTMA Callable Services SVC initialization failed. *details* corresponds with the return code issued by the DFSYSVIO module, and might be one of the following codes:

NOT EXECUTING IN PSW KEY 7

DFSYSVIO was not given control in PSW key 7. DFSYSVIO must run as an authorized program in PSW key 7. Add DFSYSVIO to the program properties table. See *IMS Version 15.5 System Programming APIs* for instructions.

ESTAE CREATE FAILED, RC=rc

DFSYSVIO attempted to establish a z/OS recovery routine (ESTAE), but the create ESTAE call failed. *rc* is the return code from the MVS ESTAE macro.

BPESVC INIT FAILED, RC=rc

DFSYSVIO could not initialize the BPE SVC service. *rc* is the return code from the BPESVC initialization call.

BLDL FOR DFSYSVC0 FAILED, RC=rc

An MVS BLDL call for module DFSYSVC0 failed. Ensure that DFSYSVC0 is included in the library from which you are running DFSYSVIO. *rc* is the return code from the MVS BLDL macro call.

GET FOR STORAGE FAILED, RC=rc

DFSYSVIO could not get storage required for the OTMA Callable Services SVC module. *rc* is the return code from the MVS STORAGE macro call.

LOAD FOR DFSYSVC0 FAILED, RC=rc

An MVS LOAD call for module DFSYSVC0 failed. *rc* is the return code from the MVS LOAD macro call.

BPESVC REGISTRATION FAILED, RC=rc

Registration of the OTMA Callable Services SVC routine with BPESVC (BPE SVC services) failed. *rc* is the return code from the BPESVC REGISTER macro call.

ABEND OCCURRED DURING INITIALIZATION

An abnormal termination occurred during DFSYSVIO processing. This message can be preceded by a DFS3908E message indicating the abend code and PSW, and by an SDUMP of the address space of the DFSYSVIO job.

System action

Module DFSYSVIO terminates. The OTMA Callable Services SVC is not initialized (or, if it was previously initialized, is not replaced).

System programmer response

For environmental errors (such as DFSYSVC0 not being in the same library as the one from which you are running DFSYSVIO), correct the error and rerun DFSYSVIO. For NOT EXECUTING IN PSW KEY 7 error, ensure that the library where DFSYSVC0 resides is APF authorized. For other problems contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSYSVIO

Related reference

[BPESVC codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[z/OS: ESTAE return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

[z/OS: STORAGE OBTAIN return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: LOAD return and reason codes](#)

Related information

[“DFS3908E” on page 1119](#)

ABEND *code* IN OTMA SVC INIT MODULE
DFSYSVIO, PSW=*psw1psw2*

**DFS3912W IMS DUMP FORMAT CONTROL
PARAMETER ERROR, cccccccc**

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) did not recognize or process option *cccccccc* in the memory dump format control data set.

System action

DFSOFMD0 continues scanning the format options, ignoring the invalid options. If more than 3 invalid options are detected, DFSOFMD0 closes the memory dump format control data set and processes any valid options received.

User response

Correct the invalid options by ensuring that:

- The option is correctly spelled.
- The option has only one qualifier (although the option can be repeated.)

Then rerun the memory dump formatting job for these options. This message is followed by message DFS3913I, which indicates whether IMS offline formatting will continue.

Related information

[“DFS3913I” on page 1121](#)

IMS DUMP FORMATTING DISCONTINUED

**DFS3913I IMS DUMP FORMATTING
DISCONTINUED**

or

IMS DUMP FORMATTING CONTINUING

Explanation

This message indicates whether IMS offline memory dump formatting is continuing after a previous error.

System action:

IMS offline dump formatting either continues or stops.

User response

If offline memory dump formatting stopped, correct the errors based on previous messages, and rerun the formatting job for any options that did not format.

**DFS3914I IMS DUMP FORMATTER BUFFER
CONTROL BLOCK INTERNAL
ERROR DETECTED**

Explanation

One of the following internal IMS Dump Formatter processing errors (related to IMS dump storage buffers) occurred:

- The memory dump storage buffer prefixes were overlaid.
- IMS memory dump formatting was interrupted while prefix rechainning was in progress.
- An error occurred in the IMS memory dump format storage access routine.

System action

IMS snaps the memory dump formatter control blocks and then returns control to AMDPRDMP/IPCS with RC=8.

User response

Use the diagnostic output to determine the cause of the problem.

**DFS3915I GETMAIN FAILED FOR AN IMS
FORMATTING DUMP BUFFER.**

or

FREEMAIN FAILED FOR AN IMS FORMATTING DUMP BUFFER.

Explanation

The IMS Dump Formatter was unable to get or free storage for IMS memory dump storage buffers.

System action

After a GETMAIN or FREEMAIN failure, the Print Service Routine prints a SNAP of the memory dump formatting control blocks, IMS memory dump formatting terminates, and AMDPRDMP receives control with RC=4.

User response

If the error occurred during a FREEMAIN, use the diagnostic output to determine the cause of the problem. If the error occurred during a GETMAIN, rerun the job with a larger region size.

DFS3916W	RC=01,DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - REGISTER SAVEAREA
-----------------	---

or

RC=02, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - COMMUNICATION AREA

or

RC=03, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - DUMP BUFFER PREFIXES

or

RC=04, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - DUMP BUFFERS

or

RC=06, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - RELOCATED SCD

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) received a nonzero return code from GETMAIN while

trying to get storage for a required IMS offline memory dump formatting control block.

System action

The memory dump formatter is unable to continue and returns control to AMDPRDMP with RC=4.

User response

Increase the storage provided for AMDPRDMP; then rerun the failing job. If the problem continues, notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3917W	RC=07, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - IMS DUMP FORMATTER MODULES.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to get storage needed to relocate the IMS Offline Dump Formatter modules.

System action

DFSOFMD0 tries to load the needed modules from current libraries to continue processing.

User response

If you want to format the memory dump using the Offline Dump Formatter modules in the memory dump, increase the storage provided for AMDPRDMP, and rerun the job. If the problem continues, check the DFSAVECT vector table control block to make sure that it was not overlaid. The address of this control block is at the beginning of load module DFSABND0, which is pointed to by field SCDCABN0 or SCDDABN0 in the SCD.

If you do not want to use the IMS Offline Dump Formatter modules in the memory dump for formatting, make sure that the Offline Dump Formatter modules are available in load module DFSABND0.

For more help, contact the IMS system programmer.

DFS3918W	RC=05, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - RELOCATED FP ESCD.
-----------------	---

or

RC=08, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - RELOCATED CBT HEADER

or

RC=10, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - RELOCATED CBT TABLE

or

RC=310, DFSOFMD0 UNABLE TO GETMAIN STORAGE FOR - FAST PATH EPST WORK BUFFER

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to get storage needed to relocate the Fast Path ESCD, the Fast Path work buffer, Control Block Table Header, or the Control Block Table (CBT). The IMS Offline Dump Formatter is unable to format the CBT or CBTE subset options or any other option that uses CBT FIND services to locate control blocks.

System action

IMS memory dump formatting continues, but Fast Path control blocks are not formatted.

DFSOFMD0 disables all CBT use and continues with IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization.

User response

Increase the storage provided for AMDPRDMP and rerun the job. If the problem continues, notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3919W **RC=*rc*, *reason_test***

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was attempting to locate the SCD with the TCBFSA pointer, but was unable to access the needed dump storage. This situation might be the result of using an invalid or incomplete dump, or by specifying an invalid IMS job name.

In the message text, *rc* and *reason_test* can be one of the following values:

- **RC=00, UNKNOWN ERROR**
- **RC=01, RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE**
- **RC=02, RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE**
- **RC=03, UNABLE TO FIND IMS SCD**
- **RC=04, DUMP BUFFERS**
- **RC=05, RELOCATED FP ESCD**
- **RC=06, RELOCATED SCD**

- **RC=07, DUMP FORMATTER MODULES**
- **RC=08, RELOCATED CBT HEADER**
- **RC=09, SAP SORT WORK AREA**
- **RC=10, RELOCATED CBT TABLE**
- **RC=11, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND CVT**
- **RC=13, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND JESCT**
- **RC=14, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND SSCT**
- **RC=27, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND ASVT**
- **RC=45, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND IMS TCB**

System action

IMS Offline Dump Formatting terminates.

User response

Be sure that you are using the correct level of DFSOFMD0. If you are using a SYSMDUMP, an operator-requested dump, or a stand-alone dump, check with the system programmer that all necessary storage areas are being dumped. If the problem continues, notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3920W	RC=15, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND CBT HEADER
-----------------	--

or

RC=18, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND CBT TABLE

or

RC=25, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND FP ESCD

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to find the IMS CBT control blocks or the Fast Path ESCD control block in the dump.

System action

IMS dump formatting continues with all Fast Path-related formatting or CBT-related services are disabled.

User response

Check that you are using a level of DFSOFMD0 compatible with the level of your IMS system. If you are using a SYSMDUMP, an operator-requested dump, or a stand-alone dump, check with your z/OS system programmer to be sure that all necessary storage areas are being dumped. If the problem continues, notify your IMS system programmer.

DFS3921W	RC=26, DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP - UNABLE TO FIND DFSABND0
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to find the named module in the dump.

System action:

DFSOFMD0 tries to load a new copy of the named module from current libraries to continue processing.

User response

If you are using a SYSMDUMP, an operator-requested dump, or a stand-alone dump, check with your z/OS system programmer to ensure that all necessary storage areas are being dumped. Then examine the dump to be sure that IMS was not in early initialization or late termination. For additional help, see your IMS system programmer.

DFS3922W	RC=16, DFSOFMD0 LOAD FAILED FOR - LOAD MODULE DFSABND0, ENTRY POINT = DFSABND0
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to load new copies of the IMS Offline Dump Formatter modules from current libraries because the dump formatter load module was missing or did not contain a DFSABND0 entry point.

System action

IMS offline dump formatting stops, and control is returned to AMDPRDMP with RC=8.

System programmer response

Be sure that DFSABND0 is available for the correct IMS release and is correctly bound with an entry point of DFSABND0.

User response

Use the IMS dump formatter modules in the dump, or make sure that load module DFSABND0 is available in the current libraries; then rerun the job.

DFS3923I	OTMA SVC INITIALIZATION COMPLETE - DFSYSVC0 A=xxxxxxxx L=yyyyyyyy
-----------------	--

Explanation

Module DFSYSVC0 was successfully loaded and registered with BPE.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

The address where DFSYSVC0 was loaded

yyyyyyyy

The length of module DFSYSVC0

System action

DFSYSVC0 is successfully loaded and registered with BPE.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSYSVIO

DFS3924W	RC=19, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA SET- UNABLE TO FIND DD STMNT
-----------------	--

or

**RC=20, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA
SET - UNABLE TO OPEN DATA SET**

or

RC=21, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA SET - READ/CHECK FAILED

or

RC=36, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA SET - "FMTIMS" KEYWORD NOT FOUND

or

RC=41, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA SET - RECFM FORMAT INVALID

or

RC=42, DFSOFMD0 ERROR WITH DFSFRMAT DATA SET- LRECL/BLKSIZE INCOMPATIBLE

Explanation

Either DFSOFMD0 was unable to find, open, or read the IMS dump format control data set, or the DFSFRMAT DD statement or data set contained invalid data. The specific form of the message issued indicates the problem.

System action

IMS dump formatting continues using the SUMMARY option.

User response

Make sure that

- A valid DFSFRMAT DD statement is included for IMS offline dump formatting.
- The dump format control data set is present and valid.
- The DFSFRMAT data set specifies RECFM=F or RECFM=FB with valid LRECL and BLKSIZE values.
- The FMTIMS control statement is specified first in the DFSFRMAT data set.

For more help, contact your IMS system programmer.

DFS3925W	RC=22, DFSOFMD0 AMDPRDMP PARMLIST ERROR - UNABLE TO FIND EXTENSION
-----------------	---

or

RC=23, DFSOFMD0 AMDPRDMP PARMLIST ERROR - NO JOBNAME PARAMETER FOUND

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization (DFSOFMD0) was unable to find the AMDPRDMP exit parameter list extension that contains the IMS job name required for IMS dump formatting.

System action

IMS offline formatting stops, and control is returned to AMDPRDMP with RC=8.

User response

Be sure that you have provided a valid IMSDUMP verb with a valid job name. If the problem continues, notify your z/OS system programmer.

DFS3926W	RC=24, DFSOFMD0 EXIT PARAMETER LIST ERROR - JOBNAME IS NOT AN IMS SUBSYSTEM
-----------------	--

or

RC=28, DFSOFMD0 EXIT PARAMETER LIST ERROR - JOBNAME ASCB NOT FOUND

Explanation

Either the address space control block (ASCB) for the IMSDUMP jobname in the AMDPRDMP exit parameter list was missing in the current dump, or an ASCB for the jobname was present but did not have a matching SSCT entry for subsystem type "DB" or "DC". The error can happen when any of these conditions occur:

- The necessary storage was not dumped.
- The jobname was incorrect.
- The IMS job terminated before the memory dump was created.
- A jobname was provided for a non-IMS job.

System action

IMS dump formatting stops, and control is returned to AMDPRDMP with RC=8.

User response

Be sure that:

- You provide the correct dump.

- The IMS jobname is valid.
- All necessary storage is dumped.
- IMS was in the dump.
- IMS was not in early initialization or late termination.

For additional help, see your z/OS system programmer.

Related reference

[Offline Dump Formatter utility \(DFSOFMD0\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS3927W	DFSDPARM PARAMETER LIST NOT ALLOCATED, PARTIAL OFFLINE DUMP MAY RESULT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

You did not pass a DFSDPARM control block containing certain DFSDUMP options to the IMS dump assist module (DFSFDMP0). DFSFDMP0 used the default options instead.

System action

DFSFDMP0 returns to the issuer of DFSDUMP with RC=8. SDUMP processing continues.

Operator response

No immediate action is necessary, but tell your IMS system programmer that you received this message.

DFS3928W	UNRECOVERABLE ERROR DURING IMS DUMP REQUEST MAY RESULT IN NO OFFLINE DUMP.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS SDUMP processing stopped because problems were encountered during request processing in IMS SDUMP. If a memory dump was not already produced, no memory dump is created.

System action

DFSFDMP0 returns to the issuer of DFSDUMP with RC=8. Alternate online diagnostics, such as spin-off memory dumps, software LOGREG entries, and dependent region memory dumps, are allowed.

Operator response

No immediate action is necessary, but tell the IMS system programmer that you received this message.

System programmer response

Examine the diagnostic output, including the LOGREC entries created for the memory dump processing errors, to determine the cause of the problem.

DFS3929W	<i>name</i> ADDRESS SPACE STORAGE IS NOT IN THIS DUMP
-----------------	--

Explanation

The private address space storage for the *name* address space was not dumped. In the message text, *name* can be one of the following:

CTL
DLI
DBRC

System action

IMS offline memory dump formatting continues, but some options can be bypassed, and some blocks might not be formatted.

User response

Be sure that you provided the correct memory dump. This situation can be valid for:

- Any IMS memory dump in which the CTL, DL/I, or DBRC address space was not requested.
- SYSMDUMPs, secondary-request IMS memory dumps, operator-initiated SVC memory dumps that did not request the CTL or DL/I, or both, address spaces.
- z/OS-initiated SVC memory dumps.

For more help, see your IMS system programmer.

DFS3930I	DFSOFMD0 WAS NOT ASSEMBLED AT THE SAME MVS SP LEVEL AS THE IMS DUMPED OR THE DUMP IS NOT MACHINE READABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

z/OS control blocks cannot be analyzed correctly because either the IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization module was not assembled at the same z/OS SP level as the dumped IMS system, or the memory dump was not machine readable, or the data set is not a memory dump.

System action

IMS memory dump formatting is terminated.

User response

Be sure that DFSOFMD0 is assembled at the correct z/OS level for this memory dump and that the memory dump is machine readable. For more help, see your IMS system programmer.

DFS3930W	DFSOFMD0 ENCOUNTERED ERROR WITH DUMP- RC45, DFSOFMD0 IMS LEVEL DOES NOT MATCH DUMP
-----------------	---

Explanation

The version or release level of DFSOFMD0 is incompatible with the level of IMS found in the memory dump. IMS dump formatting initialization code must be compatible with the IMS control blocks in the memory dump. IMS Offline Dump Formatting is not performed.

System action

Make sure that a compatible library is used and rerun the memory dump formatting job.

DFS3931W	DFSFDMP0 UNABLE TO GET SRB BLOCK STORAGE, NO IMS OFFLINE DUMP ATTEMPTED.
-----------------	---

or

DFSFDMP0 UNABLE TO GET WORK AREA STORAGE, NO IMS OFFLINE DUMP ATTEMPTED.

Explanation

The IMS dump assist module was unable to obtain either private storage needed for the internal work area or CSA storage needed for the SDUMP SRB interface. Message DFS629I was not sent, and no IMS SDUMP memory dump was created.

System action

DFSFDMP0 returns to the issuer of DFSDUMP with RC=36. Online memory dump formatting is not suppressed.

Operator response

No action is required.

If the message indicates that work area storage is unavailable, tell the IMS system programmer to provide additional virtual storage for the failing address space. If the message indicates that SRB

block storage is unavailable, the system might need to be inspected to determine what is causing the shortage of global storage.

Related information

“DFS629I” on page 215
IMS *ttt* TCB <action> IMS|SYS *sss|uuuuuuuuuu*IMS
ttt TCB <action> IMS|SYS *sss|uuuuuuuuuu*

DFS3932I	IMS DUMP REQUEST COMPLETED - RETURN CODE = <i>ccc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

DFSFDMP0 completed an IMS SDUMP request. The meanings of *ccc* are:

- 00** Successful completion
- 04** DFSDUMP parameter error; memory dump created
- 08** No parameter list or GETMAIN failed; memory dump created
- 12** Multiple address space identifier (ASID) dump failed; simple memory dump created
- 20** DFSDUMP already in progress; no memory dump created
- 24** Dump already created or not allowed
- 28** DFSDUMP parameter error; memory dump created
- 32** Dump not created because operator replied 'S' (SKIP) to an operator WTOR message
- 36** Internal processing error; no memory dump created
- 40** No dump attempted because a previous offline memory dump failed
- 48** SDUMP processing error; see message DFS3905W for a description of the SDUMP reason code.

System action

DFSFDMP0 returns to the issuer of DFSDUMP with the return code listed in the message.

Operator response

No action is required.

**DFS3933W THIS APPEARS TO BE A
DUMP OF IMS DURING EARLY
IMS INITIALIZATION. DUMP
FORMATTING WILL BE ALLOWED
TO CONTINUE, BUT FORMATTING
ERRORS MAY OCCUR BECAUSE
CONTROL BLOCKS ARE NOT FULLY
BUILT.**

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter initialization routine determined that one or more of the IMS address spaces was not fully initialized so that some of the IMS control blocks might not be fully built and initialized. Message DFS3934W follows to indicate which IMS address spaces were not fully initialized.

System action

IMS memory dump formatting continues, but unpredictable formatting errors can occur.

User response

Use the formatted output with caution, remembering that control blocks that were not fully initialized can contain formatting errors.

Related information

“DFS3934W” on page 1128
RC=38 CTL ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT FULLY
INITIALIZED.

**DFS3934W RC=38 CTL ADDRESS SPACE WAS
NOT FULLY INITIALIZED.**

or

**RC=39 DL/I ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT FULLY
INITIALIZED.**

or

**RC=40 DBRC ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT FULLY
INITIALIZED.**

Explanation

The named IMS address space was not fully initialized when the memory dump was created so that some of the IMS control blocks in this address space might not be fully built and initialized.

System action

IMS memory dump formatting continues, but unpredictable formatting errors can occur.

User response

Use the formatted output with caution, remembering that formatting errors can occur for control blocks that were not fully initialized.

**DFS3935I IMS SYMBOL SERVICE ERROR,
RC=nn**

Explanation

IPCS returned a nonzero return code for an IMS create symbol request, where *nn* is the IPCS symbol create service return code.

System action

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter proceeds with the next IMS symbol.

User response

However, the noted symbol does not exist for the current memory dump.

Related reference

[z/OS: Symbol service](#)

**DFS3936I IMS SYMBOL SERVICES
UNAVAILABLE**

Explanation

Symbol create services are unavailable for the current formatting invocation. One of the other symbol service error messages might precede this message.

System action

Symbol create services are unavailable for the current formatting invocation.

User response

See the previous symbol create service messages.

**DFS3937I UNABLE TO ACCESS STORAGE
WHILE FORMATting THE ccc...ccc**

Explanation

During memory dump formatting, an error was encountered while attempting to access dumped storage. The field *ccc...ccc*, which can be up to 16

bytes in length, identifies the control block or data area being formatted.

In an online environment, memory dump storage is in the IMS Dump Formatter.

The most common memory dump storage access errors are:

- STORAGE NOT AVAILABLE. The requested storage was not in the memory dump.
- PARTIAL STORAGE AVAILABLE. A portion of the requested storage was in the memory dump.

System action

For most errors, a diagnostic memory dump immediately follows this message. This diagnostic memory dump consists of the following:

- The contents of SDWA, which includes the PSW, completion code, module ID, registers, and a memory dump of the SDWA area.
- Instruction area, which includes 128 bytes of data before and after the failing instruction (total of 256 bytes).
- Communications area, which is the control block used by the IMS Dump Formatter for intercommunication between the formatting modules.
- Save area, which is a memory dump of the save area set used by the memory dump formatter.
- The memory dump formatter module vector table.
- Dump formatter storage buffer header and prefixes (offline formatting only).
- Dump option request block storage (offline formatting only).

Following the diagnostic memory dump of the error, the dump formatter continues formatting the next IMS control block requested.

A diagnostic memory dump is suppressed when any of the following forms of ccc...ccc is received:

- 'PSB' (and there is no DL/I storage in the memory dump)
- 'AUTO OPTION PROC' (and debug was not requested)
- 'ABND DIAG. AREA'
- 'SA - EP ADDRESS'
- 'SAP'
- 'ECB PREFIX'
- 'SAVE AREA'
- 'REGISTER AREA'
- 'SA - INV FWD PTR'
- 'QUEUE BUFFERS'

- 'UEHB'
- 'LATCH LIST'
- 'ECB STORAGE'
- 'XMCI BLOCK'
- 'USE LIST (CULE)'

User response

Despite the failure of the IMS Dump Formatter, the output might still provide enough information to help you diagnose your original problem. If the memory dump formatter output does not provide enough information, contact the IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Use the diagnostic memory dump to determine the cause of the problem. If the diagnostic memory dump is suppressed, contact the IMS system programmer.

DFS3938W TRACE TABLE WITH NAME cc
 REQUESTED -- NOT FOUND

Explanation

The requested trace table could not be found for an IMS Offline Dump Formatter TRACE request. This usually indicates an invalid name was requested. This does not indicate a valid trace exists and was not started.

System action

The TRACE option formatter terminates the current request and continues with the next trace request.

User response

Ensure that a appropriate IMS trace table name has been requested. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

Related reference
[Type-1 trace table interface \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS3939I ccccccc FORMATting
 TERMINATED -- WORKAREA
 STORAGE UNAVAILABLE

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter internal work areas needed to process the request could not be obtained, where ccccccc was the formatter option requested. An inadequate amount of storage to GETMAIN work area space causes the failure. The message also occurs if more than 63 dump formatter low-level

option requests are made during the same formatter invocation.

System action

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter skips the current request and attempts to process the next formatting request.

User response

Ensure that the IMS Offline Dump Formatter has sufficient storage and reissue the request. For TSO use, make sure that the region size is adequate. For batch jobs, increase the region size and rerun the job. See the IMS system programmer for assistance.

When requesting memory dump formatter options from a user TSO CLIST facility, use no more than 63 options at one invocation.

DFS3940I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- UNEXPECTED DUMP STORAGE ACCESS ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter was unable to access storage while searching or processing control blocks for the named option's request, where cccccccc was the formatter option requested. A nonzero return code from IPCS storage access service routine indicated this condition. One of the following caused this condition:

- An attempt was made to format memory dumps that do not contain the requested control block storage.
- Errors in the dumped storage with invalid addresses prevented the requested formatting.
- An invalid formatter request caused the formatter to request unavailable memory dump storage.

The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated, precedes the error message. Obtain the required information by requesting the format output with the associated high-level formatting option, such as DC, DB, or SPST. Message DFS3937I and a SNAP of the memory dump formatter blocks precede the error message.

System action

The IMS memory dump formatter skips further requests for the option and continues with the next formatter option.

User response

Ensure that the storage is present (CTL, DL/I, or CSA as needed). Ensure that the formatter request was valid. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

Related information

[“DFS3937I” on page 1128](#)
UNABLE TO ACCESS STORAGE WHILE
FORMATTING THE ccc...ccc

DFS3941I	TRACE TABLE FORMATTING TERMINATED DUE TO BAD TRACE CONTROL BLOCK ADDRESS - cccccccc
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter found an invalid trace table control block while processing a TRACE option request, where cccccccc is the bad address.

System action

TRACE option formatting terminates, and the IMS Offline Dump Formatter continues with the next option.

User response

No action is required.

However, some of the requested trace tables were not formatted.

DFS3942I	IMS DUMP FORMAT REQUEST INCOMPLETE OR IN ERROR - cccccccc
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter found an error in a format request requiring types or arguments, where cccccccc is the text in error.

System action

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter ignores the current request, purges remaining recognizable qualifiers, and continues parsing the next format request.

User response

Correct the format request error and resubmit the failing request. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3944I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- NO REQUEST CHAIN FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named IMS formatting option was selected, but no valid formatting requests were found, where cccccccc was the formatter option requested.

The request header line which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated precedes the error message. The argument might have been an invalid request (no ARGUMENT, or invalid TYPE).

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter skips the named option requests and continues with the next memory dump formatter option.

User response

Ensure that the named option requests are valid, like the request type, argument, and qualifier keywords. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3945I	CLB/LLB FORMATTING TERMINATED -- NO BLOCKS FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

CLB/LLB option requests were made, but a requested block did not occur in the system that was dumped. The error message is issued if the dumped IMS was damaged, and CLB/LLB block pointers are no longer valid, or the dumped IMS was not generated to have any of the requested blocks.

The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated, precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter skips the current request and continues with the next request. Either CLBs exist without LLBs, or LLBs exist without CLBs.

User response

Ensure that the CLB or LLB option requests were valid and the memory dump is formatting. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3946I	PST NOT FORMATTED -- REQUESTED PST IS NOT A SYSTEM PST
-----------------	---

Explanation

The requested PST was not an active system PST. An invalid SYSPST request (the PST might be a DPST instead) caused this condition.

System action

The SYSPST option formatter terminates the current request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that all SYSPST formatting requests are valid. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3947I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- UNEXPECTED FORMATTER PROGRAM ERROR
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter ESTAE was entered while processing the named option, where cccccccc was the requested formatter option. A DFS2400I message and a SNAP of the IMS Offline Dump Formatter control blocks usually precede this error message. The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused the messages to be generated, usually precedes the DFS2400I message.

System action

The memory dump formatter skips all requests for the named option and continues with the next option.

User response

Save the memory dump that was being processed and report the problem to the IMS system programmer.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Problem determination

Rerun with DIAG option; then: 2, 4, 8, 11.

Related information

“DFS2400I” on page 683
ERROR WHILE ATTEMPTING TO FORMAT THE
ccc...ccc

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)

IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3948E	OTMA C/I CLIENTS ARE STILL ACTIVE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OTMA C/I initialization utility DFSYSVIO was run while OTMA C/I clients were still active. Running SVC initialization with existing OTMA C/I clients can result in XCF errors.

System action

The utility issues DFS3950A and waits for a response.

Operator response:

The OTMA C/I clients can be identified by using DGRS, RES=(DFSOTMA, *).

User response:

Terminate the OTMA C/I clients, and respond to DFS3950A.

Module:

DFSYSVIO

Related information

[“DFS3950A” on page 1132](#)
REPLY RETRY, BYPASS OR CANCEL

DFS3949W	INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE FOR COMPLETE SB DUMP-FORMATting
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Sequential Buffering (SB) dump formatting module was unable to GETMAIN a work area required for formatting all SB control blocks and SB buffers.

System action

Dump formatting continues; however, some SB control blocks or buffers, or both, are not formatted.

User response

Increase the amount of virtual storage available to IMS memory dump formatting.

DFS3950A	REPLY RETRY, BYPASS OR CANCEL
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The OTMA C/I initialization utility DFSYSVIO was run while OTMA C/I clients were still active. Running SVC initialization with existing OTMA C/I clients can result in XCF errors.

System action

The utility waits for a response.

Operator response:

The OTMA C/I clients can be identified by using DGRS, RES=(DFSOTMA, *).

User response

Terminate the clients, and reply "RETRY" to try to initialize the SVC again.

If the clients cannot be terminated, reply "CANCEL" to stop the utility without initializing the SVC.

If the clients are orphaned and will not be used again, reply "BYPASS" to proceed with the SVC initialization.



Attention: Extreme care must be taken with this option because it might cause XCF errors if those existing clients try to use OTMA C/I again.

Module:

DFSYSVIO

Chapter 82. DFS messages, DFS3951 - DFS4000I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS3951 TAKEOVER OCCURRED--ENTER
PA2 FOR RESPONSE MODE REPLY**

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user that system takeover has completed. The user is in response mode.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter PA2 to receive the response mode reply.

**DFS3952 TAKEOVER OCCURRED--ENTER
PA2 FOR CONVERSATION MODE
REPLY**

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user that system takeover completed. The user is in conversation mode.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter PA2 to continue the conversation mode.

**DFS3953 TAKEOVER OCCURRED--ENTER
PA2 FOR OUTPUT MESSAGE**

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user that system takeover completed.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter PA2 to receive the output message.

**DFS3954 TAKEOVER OCCURRED--REENTER
THE LAST INPUT (/FORMAT MAY
BE NECESSARY)**

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user that system takeover has completed. It also indicates the action that the user must take to continue the session.

The last input entered before the takeover has been lost. The input could be data, a PA key, a PF key, or a clear key.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter the **/FORMAT** command to get the last format. If the next input generates unexpected output, enter PA2.

**DFS3955 TAKEOVER OCCURRED--ENTER
PA2, THEN REENTER THE LAST
INPUT**

Explanation

This message is issued when the former alternate system (now the active system) informs the terminal user that system takeover has completed. The user is in conversation mode.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter PA2, then reenter the last input. If the next input generates unexpected output, enter PA2.

**DFS3956I SYSTEM PST FORMATTING
TERMINATED -- NO SYSTEM PSTS
COULD BE FOUND**

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter SYSPST option requests were made, but the dumped system does not appear to have any SYSPSTs. This condition is valid only if the dumped IMS system was in early initialization at the time of the memory dump. Storage errors in the dumped IMS system cause this condition.

System action

SYSPST option formatting terminates and the formatter continues with the next option.

User response

No action is required.

However, no SYSPST formatting is possible.

DFS3957I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- INVALID ADDRESS CHARACTERS IN ARGUMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The named option ADDRESS argument contained non-hexadecimal characters, where cccccccc is the formatter option requested. The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated, precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter skips the current request for the named option.

User response

Ensure that option request arguments are valid. Valid hexadecimal values are 0-9, A-F. The address argument must be 1 to 8 hexadecimal characters in length. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3958I	CLB FORMATTING TERMINATED -- INVALID CHARACTERS IN CID ARGUMENT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter CLB request, the VTAM communication identifier (CID) argument, contained non-hexadecimal characters. The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated, precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter skips the current CLB request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the CID arguments are valid. Valid hexadecimal values are 0-9, A-F. The CID is 8 hexadecimal characters in length and is the node network address. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3959I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- ADDRESS ARGUMENT IS INVALID
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter named request ADDRESS argument was determined to be in an invalid storage address range for option cccccccc. Errors in the dumped storage, or an invalid formatting request, might have caused this condition.

The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated, precedes the error message.

System action

The memory dump formatter terminates the current request.

User response

Ensure that the ADDRESS arguments are valid. IMS control blocks cannot occur in the first 4 K of storage. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3960I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- INVALID NUMBER ARGUMENT REQUESTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter request for the named option had a NUMBER argument that was larger than the largest system definition number or 0, where cccccccc was the formatter option requested. An invalid formatting request NUMBER argument or errors in the dumped IMS system might have caused this condition.

The request header line, which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that generated this message, precedes the error message.

System action

The memory dump formatter terminates the current request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the requested that NUMBER arguments are valid. Numbers must be nonzero, decimal, and valid for the IMS system dumped. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3961I	THE REQUESTED PST IS EITHER A SYSTEM PST OR A DPST THAT HAS NEVER BEEN USED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter DPST option found a PST to satisfy a request, but was unable to confirm its DPST/SYSPST status. If an unused DPST was selected, this condition is valid. But an invalid request for a system PST under the DPST formatting option might have caused this condition.

System action

The request is terminated, and DPST option formatting continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that all DPST formatting requests are valid. You can format the requested PST as a SYSTEM PST. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3962I	cccccccc FORMATTING TERMINATED -- NO BLOCKS FOUND
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS Offline Dump Formatter requests were made for the named option, but the dumped IMS system does not seem to have any blocks where cccccccc is the requested option. If no blocks were generated, this condition is valid. Storage errors in the dumped system cause this condition.

System action

The IMS memory dump formatter skips the named option and continues with the next option.

User response

Ensure that option request arguments are valid. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3963I	CLB FORMATTING TERMINATED -- REQUESTED LTERM NOT FOUND
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Explanation

While processing an IMS Offline Dump Formatter communication line block (CLB), no communication name table (CNT) was found with an LTERM name to match the request. An invalid LTERM name argument for the request usually causes this condition. But a request for an LTERM that is not active can cause this condition.

System action

The memory dump formatter terminates the current CLB formatting request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the CLB option requests are valid. Ensure that the CLB LTERM argument refers to a valid IMS LTERM name. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3964I	CLB FORMATTING TERMINATED -- REQUESTED NODE NAME NOT FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

No communication line block (CLB) was found with a node name to match the CLB request NODE argument. An invalid NODE argument for the request usually causes this condition. But requests for dynamically created terminal blocks when the terminal is not currently connected to IMS can also cause this condition.

The request header line which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter terminates the current CLB formatting request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the CLB option requests are valid. Ensure that the CLB NODE argument refers to a valid IMS node name. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3965I **cccccccc FORMATTING
TERMINATED -- BLOCK FAILED
VALIDITY CHECK**

Explanation

The control block that was requested for option cccccccc failed to pass a control block validity check. An invalid request (an address argument) usually causes this condition. Errors in the dumped IMS can also cause this condition.

The request header line which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated precedes the error message.

The validity check ensures a given pointer in the control block points to the expected target location. For example, it verifies that the requested CLB points to a valid CTB in the requested CLB.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter terminates the current request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the option requests and their arguments are valid. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3966I **CLB FORMATTING TERMINATED --
REQUESTED CID NOT FOUND**

Explanation

While processing an IMS Offline Dump Formatter CLB option, no CLB was found with a VTAM Communication ID (CID) to match the CID request argument requested. One of the following situations caused this condition:

- The CID argument is invalid.
- Dynamically created terminal blocks were requested when the terminal was not connected to IMS.
- Storage errors were in the dumped IMS system.
- VTAM terminals were requested that are not currently connected to IMS.

The request header line which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS memory dump formatter terminates the current CLB formatting request and continues with the next request.

User response

Ensure that the CLB option requests are valid. Ensure that the CID qualifier refers to a valid, connected IMS node. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3967I **INVALID SAP ADDRESS IN
CLB/LLB -- SAP NOT FORMATTED**

Explanation

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter detected an invalid save area prefix address while attempting to format a save area prefix associated with a requested CLB/LLB. Storage errors in the dumped IMS system cause this condition. The invalid address is found in the CLB/LLB ECB prefix that is formatted after this message.

System action

The IMS Offline Dump Formatter skips the save area prefix formatting for the current CLB/LLB.

User response

For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

Problem determination:

2, 4, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS3968I **cccccccc FORMATTING
TERMINATED -- INVALID NUMBER
CHARACTERS IN ARGUMENT**

Explanation

The named option NUMBER argument contained non-decimal characters, where cccccccc is the formatter option requested.

The request header line which contains the requested formatter request type and argument that caused this message to be generated precedes the error message.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter skips the current request for the named option.

User response

Ensure that option request arguments are valid. Valid decimal values are 0-9. The number argument must be

one to four decimal numbers in length. For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

DFS3970 FAST PATH EXECUTION NOT POSSIBLE.

Explanation

This message is issued when a terminal that cannot process a Fast Path transaction attempts to enter a Fast Path transaction. To process a Fast Path transaction, a terminal must support response mode.

System action

The system rejects the attempt and does not schedule the transaction.

Programmer response

When this message is issued, check the relationship between the terminal and transaction to make sure that all system definitions are correct.

DFS3971 UNABLE TO PROCESS FAST PATH DUE TO EMH SHORTAGE

Explanation

IMS was unable to obtain an Expedited Message Handling (EMH) buffer for the size requested to process the Fast Path transaction.

System action

IMS rejects the Fast Path transaction and sends this message to the terminal user.

System programmer response

Determine the current EMH buffer usage. Stop or close terminals and sessions that currently have EMH buffers but do not need them. This action frees EMH buffers for use by terminals and sessions that require them.

The next time you restart IMS, increase the EMH buffer pool definitions for the buffer sizes needed.

DFS3974W UNABLE TO WRITE OUTPUT RECORDS FROM THE IMS DUMP FORMATTER TO DATA SET: *data_set_name*

Explanation

The IMS Dump Formatter was unable to open or allocate the data set identified in the message text by *data_set_name*. It was trying to use the data set for writing log records from dump log buffers.

System action

If you provided an existing data set, check that it was created in the proper format. If you did not create the data set, then the system was unable to allocate the data set.

System programmer response

Provide a valid data set to be used to write the records, or allow the formatter to create one.

Module:
DFSAAED1

DFS3975W UNABLE TO WRITE REPORT DATA FROM THE IMS DUMP FORMATTER TO THE OUTPUT DATA SET: *data_set_name*

Explanation

The IMS Dump Formatter was unable to open or allocate the data set identified in the message text by *data_set_name* for use in writing report data.

System action

If you provided an existing data set, check that it was created in the correct format. If you did not create the data set, then the system was unable to allocate the data set.

System programmer response

Provide a valid data set to be used to write the records, or allow the formatter to create one.

Module:
DFSAAED1

DFS3976E *utility name*UTILITY FAILED TO OPEN THE *ddname* DATA SET

Explanation

A utility failed to open one of the required data sets. In the message text:

utility name
The utility that encountered the problem.

ddname
The data set that failed to open. Possible values for *ddname* are:

- SYSUT1
- REPORT
- SYSPRINT
- CONTROL
- RDDSDSN

System action

The indicated utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSKJOB0, DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO, DFSURST0

DFS3977E *routine name* **ROUTINE FAILED TO OPEN THE *ddname* DATA SET**

Explanation

A routine failed to open one of the required data sets. The routine is started by utility DFSURCM0.

In the message text:

routine name

The routine that encountered the problem.

ddname

The data set that failed to open. Possible values for *ddname* are:

MODBLKS
JOBLIB
STEPLIB
SDFSRESL

System action

The indicated routine fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSKMOD0, DFSKNUC0

DFS3978E *utility name* **UTILITY FAILED TO CLOSE THE *ddname* DATA SET**

Explanation

A utility failed to close one of the required data sets successfully.

In the message text:

utility name

The utility that encountered the problem.

ddname

The data set that failed to close. Possible values for *ddname* are:

SYSUT1

REPOR
SYSPRINT
CONTROL
MODBLKS
RDDSDSN

System action

The indicated utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO

DFS3979E *routine name* **ROUTINE FAILED TO CLOSE THE *ddname* DATA SET**

Explanation

A routine failed to close one of the data sets successfully. The routine is started by utility DFSURCM0.

In the message text:

routine name

The routine that encountered the problem.

ddname

The data set that failed to close. Possible values for *ddname* are:

MODBLKS
JOBLIB
STEPLIB
SDFSRESL

System action

The indicated routine fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:

DFSKMOD0, DFSKNUC0

DFS3980E *utility name* **UTILITY FAILED TO LOAD MODULE *module name*, RC=*rc***

Explanation

A utility was unable to load a module.

In the message text:

utility name

The utility that encountered the problem.

module name

The module for which load failed. Possible values for *module name* are:

DFSCNVT0
DFSKMOD0

rc

The return code from the load request.

System action

The indicated utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Check to make sure one of the data sets listed in the JOBLIB or STEPLIB concatenation contains the indicated module name.

Module:

DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO

DFS3981E *utility name* **UTILITY FAILED TO OBTAIN STORAGE, SIZE=*strgsize*, COMPONENT=*component***

Explanation

A utility encountered an error when trying to obtain storage for the component.

In the message text:

utility name

The utility that encountered the problem

strgsize

The amount of storage requested

component

The component for which the storage request failed

System action

The indicated utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Increase the region size available to the utility.

Module:

DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO, DFSURST0

DFS3982W *utility name* **UTILITY FAILED TO FREE STORAGE, SIZE=*strgsize*, FREEMAINRC=*rc*, COMPONENT=*component***

Explanation

An error occurred when a utility tried to free storage for a component.

In the message text:

utility name

The utility that encountered the problem

strgsize

The amount of storage to be freed

rc

The return code from the MVS FREEMAIN request

component

The component for which the storage request failed

System action

The utility terminates successfully with a return code 4.

Programmer response

This is probably an internal error. Search the problem-reporting databases to find a correction for the problem. If none exists, contact IBM Software Support. Provide the JCL, SYSLOG, and memory dump if available.

Module:

DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO, DFSURST0

DFS3983E **THE DFSURCM0 UTILITY FAILED TO FIND THE TRANSACTION EDIT ROUTINE FOR TRANSACTION CODE *transaction code***

Explanation

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) was unable to determine the transaction edit routine to be associated with the transaction identified in the message text by *transaction code*. This message might be the result of one of the following:

1. An IMS.SDFSRESL data set was not supplied, or did not contain a nucleus member DFSVNUCx with a suffix matching the value specified on the SUFFIX= control statement.
2. If the resource definition data set (RDDS) is being created from the system definition input, the CONTROL DD statement does not reference the data set created by the DFSURST0 utility OUTPARMS DD statement.
3. The data set referenced by the CONTROL DD statement does not contain EDITRTN control statements for the indicated transaction code.

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Based on the possible cause of the problem, perform one of these actions:

- For **1**, ensure that an IMS.SDFSRESL data set is supplied which contains the nucleus member DFSVNUCx with a suffix matching the value specified on the SUFFIX= control statement.
- For **2**, ensure that data set created by the DFSURST0 utility OUTPARMS DD statement is included in the data set concatenation for the CONTROL DD statement code.
- For **3**, ensure that EDITRTN control statements are supplied for *transaction code*.

Module:
DFSURCMO

**DFS3984I DUMP FOR ABEND xxxxx
 SUPPRESSED BY DUMP OVERRIDE
 TABLE.**

or

**DUMP FOR ABEND xxxxx FORCED BY DUMP
OVERRIDE TABLE.**

Explanation

There is an entry for abend xxxxx in the memory dump override table (DFSFDOT0) to force/suppress the memory dump generated for this abend.

System action

When FORCE is specified a memory dump is taken if that abend occurs. When SUPPRESS is specified a memory dump is not generated. After this procedure is processed the regular post-abend procedure will occur.

Programmer response

When the information is incorrect, modify the memory dump override table entry in DFSFDOT0. When the message is correct then no further action is necessary.

**DFS3985W NO CBTE ENTRY FOUND FOR SAPS
 - SUMMARY ENDS**

Explanation:

Save area prefixes (SAP) storage was not obtained, or the pointer to the storage is damaged.

System action:

The save area summary option terminates, and the IMS Offline Dump Formatter continues with the next option.

User response:

For assistance, see the IMS system programmer.

**DFS3986 IMS SYSTEM IS NOT FDR CAPABLE
 - COMMAND REJECTED**

Explanation

The **/DIS FDR** or **/CHA FDR** command was entered on an IMS system that is not enabled for Fast DB Recovery.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

If you want to run the IMS system with Fast DB Recovery, rerun the job with the correct EXEC parameters and DFSFDRxx IMS.PROCLIB member.

Module:
DFSCMT50

**DFS3987 FDR CAPABLE ENVIRONMENT
 NOT COMPLETED - COMMAND
 REJECTED**

Explanation

An IMS system was enabled for Fast DB Recovery. However, the Fast DB Recovery environment is not completed because restart is in progress and the XCF JOIN request has not been performed yet.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

After the restart operation or cold start completes, enter the command again.

Module:
DFSCMT50

**DFS3988E THE DFSKMOD0 ROUTINE IS
 MISSING THE MODBLKS DD
 STATEMENT OR DD DUMMY IS
 SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The JCL specified for the Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) was missing the DD MODBLKS statement, or a DD DUMMY was specified for MODBLKS.

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Make sure that the MODBLKS DD statement is specified in the JCL and that a valid data set is specified.

Module:
DFSKMOD0

DFS3989W	THE DATA SET SPECIFIED FOR THE <i>dd_name</i> DD STATEMENT DOES NOT CONTAIN MEMBER <i>member name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set specified in a DD statement in the JCL for the Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility did not contain the indicated member.

In the message text:

dd_name
The data set that is missing the member. Values include:

- MODBLKS
- JOBLIB
- STEPLIB
- SDFSRESL

member name
The missing member.

System action

Processing continues. This message is accompanied by message DFS3990E, if this problem is a terminating error.

Programmer response

If the indicated DD statement is MODBLKS, ensure that you specified the correct MODBLKS data set associated with the MODBLKS DD statement. Ensure that the value specified for the SUFFIX= control statement specifies the correct suffix for the members you want in the MODBLKS data set.

If the indicated DD statement is JOBLIB, STEPLIB or SDFSRESL, ensure that the data set contains the DFSVNUCx member with a suffix value matching the value specified with the SUFFIX= control statement. If the data set containing the DFSVNUCx member with a suffix value matching the value specified with the SUFFIX= control statement does not contain the executable modules for the Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility, do not specify this data set with the JOBLIB or STEPLIB DD statement, but specify this data set with the SDFSRESL DD statement.

Module:
DFSKMOD0, DFSKNUC0
Related information

[“DFS3990E” on page 1141](#)
NO MEMBERS WITH SUFFIX: *suffix* WERE FOUND IN THE MODBLKS DATA SET.

DFS3990E	NO MEMBERS WITH SUFFIX: <i>suffix</i> WERE FOUND IN THE MODBLKS DATA SET.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set specified in the MODBLKS DD statement for the Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) did not contain any MODBLKS members whose names contained a value for suffix that matched the suffix supplied in a control statement or the default value. These members are required for processing. This message is accompanied by one or more occurrences of message DFS3989W, identifying the missing members.

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct MODBLKS data set has been specified with the MODBLKS DD statement. Also, ensure that the value specified for the SUFFIX= control statement indicates the correct suffix for the members in the MODBLKS data set.

Module:
DFSURCM0
Related information
[“DFS3989W” on page 1141](#)

THE DATA SET SPECIFIED FOR THE *dd_name*
DD STATEMENT DOES NOT CONTAIN MEMBER
member name

DFS3991E **RECORDS FOR THE SELECTED
CHECKPOINT ARE INCOMPLETE.
THE RDDS WAS NOT CREATED.**

Explanation

The checkpoint records in the control statements or the default specification processed by the Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) did not contain an X'4098' record. That record identifies the end of the checkpoint records. This situation might result from one of the following circumstances:

- You specified an incorrect checkpoint ID for processing.
- Log data sets might be missing from the SYSUT1 DD statement concatenation.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

If a checkpoint ID is specified with the CHKPTID= statement, ensure that this checkpoint contains both the X'4001' record (beginning of checkpoint) and the X'4098' record.

If no checkpoint ID was specified, ensure that the log data set that includes the X'4098' record is included in the SYSUT1 DD statement concatenation of the log data sets at the end of the log data sets.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS3992E ***utility name* UTILITY
ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR
PARSING THE CONTROL DATA**

Explanation

The utility identified by *utility name* in the message text encountered an error while trying to parse the control statements in the CONTROL data set. This message is accompanied by a more specific error message describing the problem.

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Check the accompanying messages to determine the parsing errors that you must correct in the CONTROL data set.

Module:
DFSURCM0, DFSURCLO

DFS3993E **AN INVALID VALUE WAS
ENCOUNTERED BY THE
DFSURCM0 UTILITY FOR THE
SYSTYPE CONTROL STATEMENT**

Explanation

An invalid value was supplied for the SYSTYPE= keyword on a statement in the CONTROL data set. The allowable values are:

DB
DC
DBDC

System action

The indicated utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid value for the keyword.

Module:
DFSURCM0

DFS3994I **IMS SYNC WITH RM GLOBAL
STATUS COMPLETE- *yyyy.ddd*
*hh:mm:ss.ms***

Explanation

Global status is read from Resource Manager (RM) during IMS initialization. This message indicates that IMS is in sync with RM global status.

In the message:

yyyy - the year
ddd - the day
hh:mm:ss.ms - local time

System action

IMS continues processing. Any global status updated in RM after this message and before an IMS restart is complete is not applied at this IMS that is restarting. All commands sent to this IMS are not processed as restart is not complete.

System programmer response:

After restart is complete, issue commands with SCOPE (ACTIVE) to ensure this IMS is in sync with RM status.

Module

DFSGST10

DFS3995E	REQUIRED KEYWORD MODBLKSHLQ= WAS NOT SUPPLIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The JCL specified for the Stage 1 pre-parser (DFSURST0) was missing the DD MODBLKS statement, or a DD DUMMY was specified for MODBLKS.

System action

The Stage 1 pre-parser fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that the MODBLKSHLQ= control statement is specified with the CONTROL DD statement.

Module:
DFSURST0

DFS3996E	ONLY ONE SPECIFICATION OF CHKPTID IS ALLOWED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system found multiple values for the CHKPTID= keyword in the CONTROL data set.

System action

The utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Supply a single specification of the CHKPTID= keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS3997E	CHECKPOINT ID <i>checkpoint id</i> NOT FOUND IN THE LOG. THE RDDS DATA SET WAS NOT WRITTEN
-----------------	---

Explanation

The checkpoint ID *checkpoint id*, specified in the CHKPTID= control statement, did not match any checkpoint in the log.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Specify a valid checkpoint ID if processing a specific ID is required, or omit this control statement. In this case the last checkpoint ID on the log will be processed.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS3998E	NO COMPLETE CHECKPOINTS WERE FOUND IN THE LOG IN THE INDICATED TIME RANGE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The log did not include both the begin and end checkpoint log records. The checkpoint records were incomplete. Possible reasons include:

- The records for a checkpoint span multiple log data sets.
- A value for STARTTIME was specified which was after the time stamp on any beginning checkpoint record on the log.
- A value for STOPTIME was specified which occurred before the time stamp on the end checkpoint record for the checkpoint being processed.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that sufficient log data sets are concatenated to contain all the records for a checkpoint. If you specify a STARTTIME, ensure that the value does not represent a time later than the time after the last beginning checkpoint on the log. If you supply a STOPTIME, ensure that the value specified does not occur before the end of the checkpoint being processed.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS3999W	A STOP TIME WAS SUPPLIED WHICH EXCEEDS THE TIME RANGE IN THE LOG. STOP TIME: <i>stop time</i> TIME ON LAST RECORD: <i>record time</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A value for the STOPTIME keyword was supplied in the CONTROL data set. The stop time value exceeded the latest time stamp on the last processed log record. This situation might be valid; however, it might indicate that the concatenation of log data sets in DD SYSUT1 is incomplete.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) continues processing. It terminates successfully with a return code 4.

Programmer response

Ensure that all of the log data sets you want are included in the SYSUT1 DD concatenation.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS4000I	OFFLINE DUMP FORMATTING INITIALIZATION <i>action</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

After detecting an error in offline dump formatting initialization, IMS indicates what action it will take.

Depending on the severity of the error, the action will be either CONTINUING or DISCONTINUED.

System action

IMS takes the action indicated in the message.

Operator response

If the action is DISCONTINUED, contact the system programmer. If the action is CONTINUING, no response is necessary.

System programmer response

Verify that the input data set, input parameters, and JCL are correct.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 83. DFS messages, DFS4001 - DFS4050A

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4002E **FAILURE ENCOUNTERED
PROCESSING TYPE-2 COMMAND
LOG RECORDS
DFSURCLO ROUTINE: *routine name*
RESOURCE: *resource name*
TYPE:*type name*
FUNCTION:*function type*
VERB:*verb type***

Explanation

The routine, identified in the message text, was processing type-2 command log records for the indicated resource.

In the message text:

routine name

The routine associated with DFSURCLO that was processing the resource. Possible values are:

DFSKDB20
DFSKPG20
DFSKTR20
DBFKRT20

resource name

The name of the resource that was being processed at the time of failure.

type name

The type of resource that was being processed at the time of failure. Possible values are:

DDIR
PDIR
SMB
RCTE

function type

The type of process that was being performed at the time of failure. Possible values include:

- FINDFAIL – an error retrieving data for the resource.
- CREFAIL – an error creating the resource.
- DUP – a resource being created already exists.

verb type

The type of processing that was indicated by the Type-2 Command Log record. Possible values for *verb type* are:

CRE
DEL

UPD

System action

The indicated routine fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

This message indicates an internal error in module DFSURCLO. Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSURCLO

DFS4003E **FAILURE EXTENDING THE ARRAY
FOR RECORD TYPE *record type*.
RC:*rc***

Explanation

An error occurred trying to obtaining additional storage for an internal array used to process the indicated record type.

In the message text:

record type

The type of record. Possible values are:

X4004
X4006
X4007
X4083

rc

The return code from the MVS GETMAIN.

System action

The routine fails with the return code *rc*.

Programmer response

Check the return code from the MVS GETMAIN request to determine the cause of the failure.

Module:

DFSURCLO

DFS4004W **LOG WRAPS AFTER RECORD
record number
CURRENT RECORD TIME STAMP:
time stamp
PRIOR RECORD TIME STAMP :
*time stamp***

Explanation

The value for the store clock time on the current record is earlier than the store clock time on the prior record. Time stamps must always be in ascending order. The possible reasons for this problem include:

- The log being processed is an open OLDS data set. An Open OLDS data set does not have an end-of-file mark, such that records following the current entry in the OLDS are residual from the last time the log was used.
- Multiple logs have been concatenated as input and are out of sequence.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) treats the prior record, with the larger time stamp value, as the end of file and performs end-of-log processing. It terminates successfully with return code 4.

Programmer response

If multiple log data sets are being processed, ensure that the log data sets are concatenated in the proper order. If this message was issued because of processing an open OLDS, even if the processing was successful, close the OLDS by issuing a **/SWI OLDS** command. Then run the utility again to avoid the message.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS4005E	THE DFSKNUC0 ROUTINE IS MISSING THE <i>dd_name</i> DD STATEMENT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The JCL specified for the DFSKNUC0 routine, invoked by utility DFSURCM0, was missing the indicated DD KS statement. Possible values for *dd_name* are:

JOBLIB
STEPLIB
SDFSRESL

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that you have a JOBLIB, STEPLIB or SDFSRESL DD statement specified in the JCL, and that a valid data set is specified.

Module:
DFSCKMOD0

DFS4006E	AN INVALID CHKPTID (<i>chkptid</i>) WAS SUPPLIED IT MUST BE OF THE FORMAT: <i>yyddd/hhmmss</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value supplied for the CHKPTID= keyword in the CONTROL data set was invalid. The value was not of the format *yyddd/hhmmss*.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the specification for the CHKPTID= keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS4007E	AN INVALID STARTTIME OR STOPTIME WAS SUPPLIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value you supplied for the STARTTIME= or STOPTIME= keyword in the CONTROL data set was invalid.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the specification for the STARTTIME or STOPTIME= keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO

DFS4008E	THE STOPTIME PRECEDES THE STARTTIME
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value you supplied for the STOPTIME= keyword represents an earlier time than the value supplied for the STARTTIME= keyword in the CONTROL data set. The STOPTIME must be later than the STARTTIME.

System action

The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the specification for the STARTTIME or STOPTIME= keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO

Chapter 84. DFS messages, DFS4101A - DFS4150I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4138E *utility name* **UTILITY RDDSIN
SPECIFIES AN INVALID RDDS.**

Explanation

The data set specified by the RDDSIN DD statement is invalid. It might be invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The data set may not be an RDDS.
- The data set may be an RDDS, but a status of GOOD was not contained in the header record.

System action

The indicated utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Specify a valid RDDS for the RDDSIN DD statement.

Module:
DFSURCP0

DFS4139E **IMSID IS MISSING OR INVALID.
imsid WAS SPECIFIED.**

Explanation

The value supplied for the IMSID= keyword in the CONTROL data set was missing or was invalid. The value for IMSID must be a string containing 1 to 4 characters.

Utilities DFSURCL0 and DFSURCP0 do not require this keyword. This error situation is triggered only in these two utilities if the value is incorrectly specified. This keyword is required by utility DFSURCM0.

System action

The utility fails with a return code 8.

Programmer response

Correct the specification for the IMSID= keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCL0, DFSURCM0, DFSURCP0

DFS4140E **NULL VALUES ARE NOT ALLOWED
IN UTILITY *utility name* FOR
KEYWORD *keyword*.**

Explanation

The indicated keyword was supplied in the CONTROL or SYSIN data set without an associated value. A value for this keyword must be supplied.

In the message text:

utility name

The name of the utility that encountered the problem

keyword

The keyword that is missing a value

System action

The indicated utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Supply a value for the indicated keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCL0, DFSURCM0, DFSURCP0

DFS4141E **A NUMERIC VALUE EXCEEDING
7 CHARACTERS WAS SUPPLIED
TO UTILITY *utility name* FOR
KEYWORD *keyword*.**

Explanation

The numeric value that you supplied in the CONTROL or SYSIN data set for the indicated keyword exceeded 7 characters. The maximum number of numeric characters allowable is 7.

In the message text:

utility name

The name of the utility that encountered the problem

keyword

The keyword that exceeded 7 characters

System action

The indicated utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Supply a valid value for the indicated keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO, DFSURCMO, DFSURCP0

**DFS4142E YOU SUPPLIED NON-NUMERIC
DATA TO UTILITY *utility name* FOR
KEYWORD *keyword*.**

Explanation

The value that you supplied in the CONTROL or SYSIN data set for the indicated keyword was non-numeric; however, the keyword requires a numeric value to be supplied.

In the message text:

utility name
The name of the utility that encountered the problem

keyword
The keyword that requires a numeric value

System action

The indicated utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Supply a value for the indicated keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSURCLO, DFSURCMO, DFSURCP0

**DFS4143E AN EMPTY INPUT FILE TO UTILITY
DFSKJOB0 WAS FOUND; CHECK
THAT IMS SYSTEM STAGE 1
FAILED**

Explanation

The file referenced by the INFILE DD statement should contain the JCL stream created by a prior successful run of a IMS System Stage 1; however, this file is empty. It might be invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The IMS System Stage 1 step did not complete successfully.
- The INFILE DD statement for DFSKJOB0 does not reference the data set containing the output from IMS System Stage 1.

System action

The utility fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that IMS System Stage 1 runs successfully and that the INFILE DD references the data set containing the output from IMS System Stage 1.

Module:
DFSKJOB0

**DFS4144E *utility name* UTILITY WAS UNABLE
TO PROCESS MODBLKS: *member***

Explanation

The utility identified by *utility name* in the message text encountered an error while trying to process the member identified by *member* from the MODBLKS data set. This message is accompanied by a more specific error message describing the problem. These additional error messages include:

DFS3977E
DFS3981E
DFS3988E

System action

The Create RDDS from MODBLKS utility (DFSURCM0) fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Check the accompanying messages to determine the problem encountered during the processing of the indicated member in MODBLKS data set.

Module:
DFSURCM0

Related information

[“DFS3977E” on page 1138](#)
routine name ROUTINE FAILED TO OPEN THE
ddname DATA SET

[“DFS3981E” on page 1139](#)
utility name UTILITY FAILED
TO OBTAIN STORAGE,
SIZE=*strgsize*,COMPONENT=*component*

[“DFS3988E” on page 1140](#)
THE DFSKMOD0 ROUTINE IS MISSING THE
MODBLKS DD STATEMENT OR DD DUMMY IS
SPECIFIED

**DFS4145I THE DDL-DEFINED PSB *psb_name*
IS INSERTED INTO THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
pst_name.**

Explanation

The partition specification table (PST) task that is identified in the message text is adding the program view (PSB) that is identified in the message text to the IMS directory data set. The PSB was not previously in the IMS directory data set.

In the message text:

psb_name

The program view (PSB) that is added to the IMS directory data set.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The PST task adds the PSB to the IMS directory data set and continues processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

Depending on whether the application program that uses the PSB was created in the online IMS system before the DDL was submitted, the PSB might or might not be active and ready for use.

If the application program was created before the DDL was issued, the PSB is active and ready for use.

If the application program was not created before the DDL was issued, the PSB remains inactive until the application program is created.

Programmer response

Determine if the application program was already created in the IMS system by issuing either of the following commands:

- QUERY PGM
- /DISPLAY PGM

If the application program does not yet exist for the PSB, you can create one either by either issuing the CREATE PGM IMS type-2 command or by coding the APPLCTN stage-1 system definition macro, performing system definition, and restarting IMS.

Module:

DFSOLC70

Related reference

[QUERY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

[/DISPLAY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

[CREATE PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4146W

**THE DIRECTORY DATA SET WAS
UPDATED WHILE THIS IMS WAS
OFFLINE.**

Explanation

While this IMS system was offline, another IMS system updated the active application control blocks ACBs in the IMS directory data set of the IMS catalog that is shared by this IMS system.

System action

This IMS system restarts and uses the updated ACBs.

System programmer response

Determine whether the updated ACBs have any impact on the application programs that this IMS system supports and take appropriate action.

Module:

DFS RDB30

Related information

[The IMS catalog in multi-system configurations \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4148I

**THIS IMS REGION IS REGISTERED
AS AN IMS VUE PRODUCT**

Explanation

The IMS region is registered with the System Management Facility (SMF) as an IMS Value Unit Edition (VUE) product. IMS regions are registered with SMF during initialization. This message is issued during IMS control region initialization and IMS batch region initialization if the region is registered with SMF as either an IMS Database VUE product or an IMS Transaction Manager VUE product.

System action

The IMS control region or the IMS batch region is registered with SMF as an IMS VUE product.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSSMF00

Chapter 85. DFS messages, DFS4151I - DFS4200I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4151I **THE DDL-DEFINED PSB *psb_name*
IS INSERTED INTO THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

After the database specified by *dbdname* was stopped and restarted at the tracking site, the database tracker determined that a database update log record was being applied out of the expected sequence.

In most cases, no error exists.

In the message text:

dbdname

The name of the shadow database.

insid

The IMS system from which the log was routed.

pri

The PRILOG time of the log.

lsn

The log sequence number of the database (X'50') log record being applied to the shadow database.

usn

The update sequence number (USN) in the database update log record being applied to the shadow database.

System action

Database tracking continues.

Operator response

If it is unclear whether or not an error exists, contact IBM Software Support for programming assistance.

Module

DFS4151I, DFS4152I, DFS4153I, DFS4154I, DFS4155I, DFS4156I, DFS4157I, DFS4158I, DFS4159I, DFS4160I, DFS4161I, DFS4162I, DFS4163I, DFS4164I, DFS4165I, DFS4166I, DFS4167I, DFS4168I, DFS4169I, DFS4170I, DFS4171I, DFS4172I, DFS4173I, DFS4174I, DFS4175I, DFS4176I, DFS4177I, DFS4178I, DFS4179I, DFS4180I, DFS4181I, DFS4182I, DFS4183I, DFS4184I, DFS4185I, DFS4186I, DFS4187I, DFS4188I, DFS4189I, DFS4190I, DFS4191I, DFS4192I, DFS4193I, DFS4194I, DFS4195I, DFS4196I, DFS4197I, DFS4198I, DFS4199I, DFS4200I

DFS4154W **The number of active APPC
conversations has reached xx% of
the maximum limit of *limit*.**

Explanation

The number of active APPC/IMS conversations that are currently being processed in 31-bit storage by IMS

reached xx percent of the maximum allowable number of active APPC/IMS conversations.

In the message text:

xx

The percentage of the 31-bit limit for active APPC/IMS requests that the current number of active APPC/IMS conversations represents.

limit

The maximum allowable number of active APPC/IMS conversations that can be processed concurrently by IMS.

The default limit for active APPC conversations is 5,000.

System action

IMS continues normal processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Determine if either IMS is having a problem processing APPC/IMS transaction requests or if there is a sudden flood of incoming APPC/IMS transactions.

If both IMS processing performance and the number of incoming APPC/IMS requests are within acceptable ranges, consider increasing the APPC/IMS limits that are currently in effect. The APPC/IMS limits are specified on the APPCMAXC parameter in the DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

Module:

DFS62FD0

Related information

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4155W **Maximum limit for active APPC
conversations has been reached.
New requests will be queued in 64
bit storage.**

Explanation

The number of active APPC conversations in 31-bit storage reached the limit that is currently in effect.

System action

IMS queues any new APPC /IMS conversation requests in 64-bit storage until IMS can accept them for processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Determine if either IMS is having a problem processing APPC/IMS transaction requests or if there is a sudden flood of incoming APPC/IMS transactions.

If both IMS processing performance and the number of incoming APPC/IMS requests are within acceptable ranges, consider increasing the APPC/IMS limits that are currently in effect. The APPC/IMS limits are specified on the APPCMAXC parameter in the DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

Module:

DFS62FD0

Related information

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4156W	The number of APPC requests in 64 bit storage has reached xx% of the maximum limit of yyyyyyyy.
----------	---

Explanation

The number of APPC/IMS requests that are currently queued in 64-bit storage reached the xx percent of the maximum allowable number yyyyyyyy.

In the message text:

xx

The percentage of the maximum allowable number that the current number of queued APPC/IMS requests represents.

yyyyyyyy

The maximum allowable number of APPC/IMS requests that can be queued in 64-bit storage.

System action

IMS continues normal processing. Incoming APPC/IMS requests continue to be queued to 64-bit storage until they can be accepted for processing by IMS.

Operator response

No action is required.

Determine if either IMS is having a problem processing APPC/IMS transaction requests or if there is a sudden flood of incoming APPC/IMS transactions.

If both IMS processing performance and the number of incoming APPC/IMS requests are within acceptable ranges, consider increasing the APPC/IMS limits that are currently in effect. The APPC/IMS limits are specified on the APPCMAXC parameter in the DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

Module:

DFS62FD0

Related information

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4157W	The number of queued APPC requests reached the maximum limit. All input from APPC clients is stopped.
----------	---

Explanation

The number of APPC/IMS conversation requests that are queued in 64-bit storage waiting to be accepted by IMS for processing reached the limit that is currently in effect.

System action

IMS issues a request to z/OS to stop further input from APPC clients.

Operator response

No action is required.

Determine if either IMS is having a problem processing APPC/IMS transaction requests or if there is a sudden flood of incoming APPC/IMS transactions.

If both IMS processing performance and the number of incoming APPC/IMS requests are within acceptable ranges, consider increasing the APPC/IMS limits that are currently in effect. The APPC/IMS limits are specified on the APPCMAXC parameter in the DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

Module:

DFS62FD0

Related information

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4158I	Queuing of APPC requests to 64 bit storage has been stopped.
----------	--

Explanation

APPC/IMS stopped using 64 bit storage to queue APPC requests. Enough 31 bit storage is available to continue normal processing.

System action

IMS receives and processes APPC/IMS conversations in 31-bit storage normally without queuing incoming APPC/IMS requests to 64-bit storage.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS62FD0

Related information

[DFSDCxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4159E	ACBSHR= CAN ONLY BE CHANGED BY IMS xxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

This IMS system is attempting to change the sharing characteristic for the IMS catalog directory by specifying a value for **ACBSHR=** that is different than what was specified when the first IMS started using the IMS catalog directory. The IMS catalog directory can be used by another IMS system. Only the specified system can change the sharing characteristic of the IMS catalog directory.

System action

IMS terminates with abend U0071.

Output destination

The Systems Console

Operator response

Check that the specification of the ACBSHR and ALIAS parameters for this IMS are correct.

Module:
DFSRDB30

DFS4160E	ACBSHR=N IS SPECIFIED, BUT THE DIRECTORY IS SHARED BY OTHER IMS SYSTEMS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This IMS system is referencing an IMS catalog that is shared by other IMS systems, but this IMS system cannot share the IMS catalog because ACBSHR=N is specified in a PROCLIB member that this IMS system uses. When the IMS management of application control blocks (ACBs) is enabled, ACBSHR=N indicates that the IMS catalog and the ACBs in the IMS directory data set are not shared.

The ACBSHR=N can be specified in either the DFSCGxxx member or the COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section of the DFSDFxxx member of the PROCLIB data set.

Either the ACBSHR specification of the IMS system is incorrect, the IMS system is referencing the wrong IMS catalog, or the IMS catalog was set up by an IMS system that specified ACBSHR=Y.

System action

IMS terminates with abend U0071.

Operator response

Check that the specification of the ACBSHR and ALIAS parameters for this IMS are correct.

If this IMS system must share the IMS catalog, specify ACBSHR=Y in the appropriate PROCLIB member. The ACBSHR parameter can be specified in the following locations:

- [COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)
- [DFSCGxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

If the IMS system is referencing the wrong IMS catalog, correct the specification of the ALIAS= parameter in the CATALOG section of the DFSDFxxx member. If necessary, run one of the IMS Catalog population utilities to load the ACBs that are required by this IMS system into the IMS catalog and its associated IMS directory data sets.

If the ACBSHR and ALIAS specifications for the IMS system are correct, the IMS catalog must be re-created to set it up as a non-shared IMS catalog.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related concepts

[The IMS catalog in multi-system configurations \(System Definition\)](#)

Related tasks

[Setting up the IMS catalog \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

[DFSCGxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

[COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4161I	FDR FOR (imsid) TRACKING STARTED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region is established and is tracking the IMS system identified by *imsid*.

System action

Processing continues.

Module

DFSFDR10

DFS4162E	ERROR OPENING THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS directory data set failed to open.

System action

The IMS restart or cold start failed with abend 071.

System programmer response

Check for other error messages, such as z/OS message IEC143I, that might indicate the cause of the problem. After the error is corrected, restart IMS.

Module:
DFSRDB30

DFS4164W	FDR FOR (<i>imsid</i>) TIMEOUT DETECTED DURING LOG AND XCF SURVEILLANCE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region detected a timeout status during log and XCF surveillance. One of following conditions might have occurred:

- The identified IMS system is in a wait.
- The identified IMS system is in a loop.
- A failure occurred on the z/OS on which the identified IMS system is running.
- A failure occurred in the central processing complex (CPC) on which the identified IMS system is running.

System action

This message is retained in the operator console. The Fast DB Recovery region continues tracking. If the Fast DB Recovery region is able to read a new log record, or if XCF surveillance detects the IMS system resumed normal processing, this message is deleted from the console.

Operator response

If the IMS system is in a wait or loop, cancel IMS, if necessary. If z/OS or the CPC failed, reset the system and enter the MVS MODIFY command (**F** **fdipro**, **RECOVER**) to initiate database recovery in the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDR90

DFS4165I	FDR FOR (<i>imsid</i>) XCF DETECTED ACTIVE SYSTEM RESUMED
-----------------	--

Explanation

XCF notified the Fast DB Recovery region that the identified IMS system exited timeout status indicated in message DFS4165W and has resumed normal processing.

System action

Processing continues.

Module

DFSFDR80

Related information
“DFS4165W” on page 1156
FDR FOR (*imsid*) XCF DETECTED TIMEOUT ON ACTIVE IMS SYSTEM, REASON = *reason*

DFS4165W	FDR FOR (<i>imsid</i>) XCF DETECTED TIMEOUT ON ACTIVE IMS SYSTEM, REASON = <i>reason</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

XCF notified the Fast DB Recovery region that a timeout occurred on the IMS system identified by *imsid*. The variable *reason* is one of the following:

IMS SURV., DIAGINFO = *nnnnnnnn*
XCF reported the timeout. At least one IMS TASK or ITASK might be in a loop or wait state in the IMS system. The *nnnnnnnn* indicates which TASK or ITASK might have caused the timeout. *nnnnnnnn* is made of two parts. The first 2 bytes indicate the TASK or ITASK getting the timeout, and the second 2 bytes indicate whether another TASK or ITASK might be involved, as shown in the following table:

Table 25. TASK or ITASK involvement	
TASK or ITASK in timeout	TASK or ITASK possibly involved
Bit 0 x'8000' CTL TCB	IMS Control Task

Table 25. TASK or ITASK involvement (continued)	
TASK or ITASK in timeout	TASK or ITASK possibly involved
Bit 1 x'4000' XFP TCB	Fast Path Control Task
Bit 2 x'2000' CST ITASK	Common Services ITASK
Bit 3 x'1000' CHK ITASK	Checkpoint ITASK
Bit 4 x'0800' SAS ITASK	DLISAS ITASK
Bit 5 x'0400' FP CST00	Fast Path Common Services ITASK
Bit 6 x'0200' FP CSTS0	Fast Path Common Services dependent ITASK
Bit 7 x'0100' reserved	

IMS SURV., DIAGINFO = N/A

XCF detected the timeout. The IMS address space might be non-dispatchable or the status exit routine might have failed.

SYSTEM, DIAGINFO = nnnnnnnn

XCF detected the timeout. The failure or event was at the z/OS-system level. The nnnnnnnn represents the GEPLFLGS word of the list of input parameters from the XCF group exit routine. The values are documented in *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 3 (IVT-RCWK)* (GA22-7583), under macro IXCYGEPL. In addition, you might find this information in the IXCYGEPL macro in SYS1.MACLIB.

System action

Processing continues.

If log surveillance also detects a timeout status, DFS4164W follows this message.

Operator response

Check the status of the IMS and z/OS systems. If IMS is in a loop or a wait state, terminate IMS with the MVS **MODIFY** command (**F activeims,DUMP**) to initiate database recovery in the Fast DB Recovery region.

If a z/OS or hardware failure occurred, reset the system and enter the MVS **MODIFY** command (**F fdiprocc,RECOVER**) to initiate database recovery.

System programmer response

Call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DFSFDR80

Related reference

[z/OS: IXCYGEPL heading information](#)

Related information

“DFS4164W” on page 1156

FDR FOR (*imsid*) TIMEOUT DETECTED DURING LOG AND XCF SURVEILLANCE

DFS4166I FDR FOR (*imsid*) DB RECOVERY PROCESS STARTED, REASON = *reasonid*

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region stopped tracking the identified IMS system and started database recovery for the reason indicated in *reasonid*, which is one of the following:

IMS FAILURE

An IMS system failure was detected by a X'06' log record. The Fast DB Recovery region automatically initiated recovery.

RECOVER COMMAND

Recovery was initiated by the MVS MODIFY command (**F fdiprocc,RECOVER**).

XCF NOTIFICATION

Recovery was initiated by MVS XCF notification.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region started database recovery.

Module

DFSFDR00

DFS4167A FDR FOR (*imsid*) WAITING FOR ACTIVE SYSTEM TO COMPLETE I/O PREVENTION. REPLY "UNLOCK" WHEN I/O PREVENTION COMPLETES.

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region cannot continue until the identified IMS system completes I/O prevention.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region waits for the operator's reply.

Operator response

Make sure that the failing IMS system completed I/O prevention, as follows:

- Look for message AVM006E with an *rrename* that matches the *imsid* in this message.
- If message AVM006E does not appear, manually stop I/O for the IMS system. To do this, manually switch DASD or reset the system.

Then reply UNLOCK in response to this message.

Module

DFSFD00

**DFS4168I FDR FOR (*imsid*) DATABASE
RECOVERY COMPLETED**

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region completed database recovery.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region terminates normally.

Operator response

Restart the identified IMS system.

Module

DFSFD00

**DFS4169I FDR FOR (*imsid*) PROCESS
TERMINATED**

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region terminated because the identified IMS system terminated normally or because the MVS MODIFY TERM command (F *fdproc*, TERM) was issued.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region terminates normally.

Module

DFSFD00

**DFS4170I FDR FOR (*imsid*) NORMAL
TERMINATION DETECTED FOR
ACTIVE SYSTEM**

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region detected that the identified IMS system terminated normally.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region stops tracking and terminates normally.

Module:

DFSFD10

**DFS4171I FDR FOR (*imsid*) ACTIVE IMS
TERMINATION NOTIFIED BY XCF.
OPERATION RESUMED.**

Explanation

MVS XCF notified the Fast DB Recovery region that the active IMS system terminated. Message DFS4167A was issued.

System action

Message DFS4167A is cleared from the console and the Fast DB Recovery region resumes database recovery.

Module:

DFSFD00

Related information

[“DFS4167A” on page 1157](#)

FDR FOR (*imsid*) WAITING FOR ACTIVE
SYSTEM TO COMPLETE I/O PREVENTION.
REPLY "UNLOCK" WHEN I/O PREVENTION
COMPLETES.

**DFS4172I FDR FOR (*imsid*) ACTIVE SYSTEM
NOT FOUND OR IN FAILED STATUS**

Explanation

The *imsid* of the IMS system was verified by the Fast DB Recovery region. However, either the *imsid* was not identified to IRLM, or the identified system has a failed status.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region waits for the active system to join the group.

Operator response

Use the IRLM MODIFY command (F *irlmproc*, STATUS) to display the status of the identified IMS system. To ensure that the IMS system is active, check that the *imsid* specified in the IMSID parameter of the EXEC statement is identical to the *imsid* of the active system. Correct any errors and restart, or let ARM restart, the IMS active system.

If the IMS system is XRF capable, RSENAME is used for the identifier instead of *imsid*, which causes this message and an abend.

Module:
DFSFDR70

DFS4173E FDR FOR (*imsid*) CHECKPOINT LOG HAS INCONSISTENCY

Explanation

The checkpoint log records created by the identified IMS system have one of the following inconsistencies:

- The identified IMS system was not enabled for Fast DB Recovery.
- The identified IMS system did not use IRLM.

Possible reasons for this problem are:

- Incorrect parameter specification of the IMS system or the Fast DB Recovery region
- Incorrect DD statements in the OLDS or IMSRDS in an IMS or Fast DB Recovery procedure.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

Make sure that the IMS system is enabled for Fast DB Recovery, and that Fast DB Recovery reads the correct OLDS. Correct any errors. Then restart the IMS system and the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDR10

DFS4174E NO FDRMBR EXEC PARAMETER SPECIFIED

Explanation

The FDRMBR parameter was not specified on the EXEC statement in the Fast DB Recovery procedure or on the control statement in the DFSPBxxx IMS.PROCLIB member.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

Specify the correct FDRMBR parameter in the Fast DB Recovery procedure or on the control statement in the DFSPBxxx IMS.PROCLIB member. Then rerun the job.

Module:

DFSZINT0

DFS4175E NO ACTIVEIMSID PARAMETER SPECIFIED

Explanation

The *imsid* was not specified in the ACTIVEIMSID parameter on the control statement in member DFSFDRxx of IMS.PROCLIB.

System action

If the Fast DB Recovery region issues this message, the Fast DB Recovery region is terminated. If the IMS system issues this message, processing continues without Fast DB Recovery.

Operator response

Specify the correct ACTIVEIMSID parameter in member DFSFDRxx, or specify the correct suffix of member DFSFDRxx on the FDRMBR parameter in the procedure. Restart the Fast DB Recovery region, or terminate the IMS system and rerun it with Fast DB Recovery.

Module:
DFSZINT0

DFS4176E FDR FOR (*imsid*) UNABLE TO ESTABLISH CHKPT - *reason*

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region could not establish a checkpoint ID from which to start. *reason* identifies the cause and can be one of the following reasons:

ACTIVE SYSTEM ALREADY SHUTDOWN

The IMS restart data set indicated the identified IMS system was already terminated.

CHKPT ID NOT FOUND IN IMSLOG

The Fast DB Recovery region could not locate a checkpoint ID that the IMS system with Fast DB Recovery had written.

If neither of these reasons was shown, see the documentation for the messages issued before this message for more information.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region terminates abnormally.

Operator response

Make sure that all of the following are true:

- The identified IMS system is running.

- The correct restart data set (RDS) is being used for the Fast DB Recovery region, and it is the same RDS that the IMS system with Fast DB Recovery is using.
- The DBRC RECON data set and OLDSs are the correct ones, properly allocated in shared DASD environment, and accessible from both the IMS system and the Fast DB Recovery region.

Correct the error and restart the job.

Module:
DFSFDRO0

DFS4177E FDR FOR (*imsid*) XCF JOIN FAILED.

Explanation

An XCF JOIN failed. The second line of this message further explains the problem. It can be one of the following strings:

MORE THAN ONE MEMBER JOINED XCF GROUP *groupname*

The Fast DB Recovery region found that more than one member attempted to join the XCF group with the identified *imsid* and *groupname*. An XCF group can have only one IMS system and one Fast DB Recovery region. A Fast DB Recovery region is already tracking the IMS system represented by *imsid*.

XCF GROUP *groupname* XCF MEMBER STATE IS NOT ACTIVE

The Fast DB Recovery region found that the IMS system joined the XCF group, but the status is not active.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

For the first form of this message:

If the IMS system represented by *imsid* is the one you want to track and a Fast DB Recovery region is already tracking it, no action is necessary. If the IMS system is not the one you want to track, specify the correct GROUPNAME, ACTIVEIMSID, or both, in member DFSFDRxx in IMS.PROCLIB, or specify the correct suffix of member DFSFDRxx in the FDRMBR parameter in the Fast DB Recovery procedure. Restart the Fast DB Recovery region.

For the second form of this message:

Make sure that the IMS system is enabled for Fast DB Recovery. Specify the correct GROUPNAME, ACTIVEIMSID, or both, in member DFSFDRxx. Alternatively, specify the correct suffix of member DFSFDRxx on the FDRMBR parameter in the Fast DB

Recovery procedure. Restart the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDR70

**DFS4178E FDR FOR (*imsid*) IMSID OR XCF
GROUP NAME IN CHECKPOINT
RECORD AND FDR PROCEDURE
ARE NOT IDENTICAL**

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region found an inconsistency in the *imsid*, XCF group name, or both, of the IMS system in the X'4001' checkpoint begin log record and in the Fast DB Recovery procedure. They were not identical.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

Specify the correct GROUPNAME parameter in the DFSFDRxx member of IMS.PROCLIB, or specify the correct suffix of member DFSFDRxx in the FDRMBR parameter in the Fast DB Recovery procedure. Then restart the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDR10

**DFS4179E FDR FOR (*imsid*) IRLM request
FAILED, RC=*nn*, REASON=*xxxx***

Explanation

The IRLM request *request* issued by the Fast DB Recovery region failed with return code *nn* and reason code *xxxx*.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

See the IRLM request return and reason code information to determine the cause of the error. After correcting the error, restart the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDRO0, DFSFDR70

Related tasks

[IRLM return and reason codes](#)

**DFS4180E UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE
FROM request, RC=*nn***

**REASON=xxxxxxx. IMS IS NOT
FDR CAPABLE.**

or

**FDR FOR (imsid) UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE FROM
request, RC=nn REASON=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

The Fast DB Recovery region or the identified IMS system issued the named XCF request, but the request failed with the return code *nn* and reason code *xxxxxxx*. The first form of the message is issued by the Fast DB Recovery region; the second form is issued by the IMS system.

System action

If the Fast DB Recovery region issued this message, the Fast DB Recovery region is terminated. If the IMS system issued this message, IMS continues processing without Fast DB Recovery.

Operator response

See the XCF return and reason codes in *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* (SA22-7618). Correct the cause of the error.

Module:

DFSFDRA0, DFSFDR70

Related information

[z/OS: Abstract for MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference](#)

DFS4181W	FDR FOR (imsid) DB RECOVERY CANNOT START BECAUSE ACTIVE SYSTEM IS STILL RUNNING
-----------------	--

Explanation:

For the explanation and actions, see DFS4181A.

Related information

[DFS4181A](#)

FDR FOR (imsid) FOR DB RECOVERY, ENTER "RECOV". TO CONTINUE TRACKING, ENTER "TRACK".

DFS4181A	FDR FOR (imsid) FOR DB RECOVERY, ENTER "RECOV". TO CONTINUE TRACKING, ENTER "TRACK".
-----------------	---

Explanation

Database recovery was initiated by the MVS MODIFY command (**F fdrproc RECOVER**). The Fast DB Recovery region issued an IDENTIFY RECOVERY request to IRLM to start database recovery, but the identified IMS system was still running.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region waits for the operator's reply.

Operator response

If database recovery was invoked by the **F fdrproc RECOVER** command, make sure that you entered the correct command for the correct Fast DB Recovery region.

If the correct command was entered for the correct Fast DB Recovery region, reply **RECOVER** to the DFS4181A message.

If the command was not correct or was entered for the wrong region, reply **TRACK** to the DFS4181A message.

Module:

DFSFDR00

DFS4182W	FDR FOR (imsid) DB RECOVERY CANNOT START BECAUSE ACTIVE SYSTEM IS STILL RUNNING
-----------------	--

Explanation

After an X'06' log record was detected, the Fast DB Recovery region issued an IRLM IDENTIFY RECOVERY request to initiate database recovery. However, the IRLM indicated that the identified IMS system did not issue an IRLM QUIT request.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region attempts to issue the IDENTIFY RECOVERY request to IRLM again.

Operator response

If this message continues to be issued, make sure that the active IMS system has terminated. If it has not terminated, force termination of IMS. If the active IMS system has terminated, issue a MODIFY command (**F ir1mproc, STATUS**) on the active system to determine the status of the IRLM. If the IRLM is not working correctly, create an SDUMP and terminate it. If the IRLM is working correctly, it is probably a Fast DB Recovery error. Create an SDUMP of the Fast DB Recovery region and terminate it with an MVS MODIFY

(F) STOP command. Contact IBM Software Support, if necessary.

Module:
DFSFDR00

DFS4183E	FDR FOR (<i>imsid</i>) MODIFY <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND REJECTED. FDR IS IN INITIALIZATION OR RECOVERY PHASE.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The identified MODIFY command was rejected because the Fast DB Recovery region was being initialized or was already in a recovery process.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region continues its current processing.

Module:
DFSFDR60

DFS4185E	FDR FOR (<i>imsid</i>) UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE FROM DBRC SIGNON REQUEST, RC=<i>return code</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

FDR issued a SIGNON request to DBRC and received an unexpected return code.

System action

The Fast DB Recovery region is terminated.

Operator response

Resolve the problem; then restart the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSFDR10

Related reference
[Return codes from Sign-on Normal call
\(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4186E	THE HOUR VALUE FOR SDEPTIME MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 23 <i>ims_id</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation:
The SDEPTIME parameter is in 24-hour format, so the hour value must be 00 - 23.

System action:
The SDEPTIME parameter is rejected and the default value of 2300 is taken.

System programmer response:

Correct the SDEPTIME parameter in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member. The change takes effect the next time that IMS is restarted.

Module:
DBFFATC1

Related reference
[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member
\(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4187E	THE MINUTE VALUE FOR SDEPTIME MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 59 <i>ims_id</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation:
The minutes value of the SDEPTIME parameter must be 0 - 59.

System action:
The SDEPTIME parameter is rejected and the default value of 2300 is taken.

System programmer response:
Correct the SDEPTIME parameter in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member. The change takes effect the next time that IMS is restarted.

Module:
DBFFATC1

Related reference
[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member
\(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4188E	NON-NUMBER SPECIFIED AS HOUR OR MINUTE FOR SDEPTIME <i>ims_id</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:
The hour or minute value of the SDEPTIME parameter is not a valid decimal number.

System action:
The SDEPTIME parameter is rejected and the default value of 2300 is taken.

System programmer response:
Correct the SDEPTIME parameter in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member. The change takes effect the next time that IMS is restarted.

Module:
DBFFATC1

Related reference
[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member
\(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4190I	IMS SYSTEM IS FDR CAPABLE
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation
This IMS system is enabled for Fast DB Recovery.

System action

Processing continues with Fast DB Recovery.

Module:
DFSZINT0

**DFS4191E FDR PROCLIB MEMBER DFSFDRxx
COULD NOT BE ACCESSED**

Explanation

The system was not able to access the data set defined on the DD statement in member DFSFDRxx of IMS.PROCLIB.

System action

If this message is issued by the Fast DB Recovery region, the Fast DB Recovery region is terminated. If this message is issued by the IMS system, processing continues without Fast DB Recovery.

Operator response

Specify the correct data set on the IMS.PROCLIB DD statement. Alternatively, specify the correct suffix of member DFSFDRxx on the FDRMBR parameter in the Fast DB Recovery procedure. Then restart the IMS system or the Fast DB Recovery region.

Module:
DFSZINT0

**DFS4192E ACTIVEIMSID PARAMETER IS
INCORRECT**

Explanation

The *imsid* specified on the ACTIVEIMSID parameter in IMS.PROCLIB member DFSFDRxx was not identical to the *imsid* of the IMS control region being started.

System action

Processing continues without Fast DB Recovery.

Operator response

If you want to run the system with Fast DB Recovery, shut down the IMS system. Specify the correct *imsid* on the ACTIVEIMSID parameter in IMS.PROCLIB member DFSFDRxx. Then restart the IMS system.

Module:
DFSZINT0

**DFS4194E IMSCATHLQ HIGH LEVEL
QUALIFIER INVALID OR MISSING.**

Explanation

Either the value that is specified on the IMSCATHLQ= statement in the utility JCL is invalid or no value is specified.

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Ensure that the high level qualifier of the IMS catalog is correctly specified on the IMSCATHLQ= statement. For example, IMSCATHLQ=IMS.DFSCD000.

Module:
DFS3LU00

Related information

[IMS Catalog Library Builder utility \(DFS3LU00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4195E dd__name DD STATEMENT
MISSING.**

Explanation

The JCL for an IMS catalog utility is missing a required DD statement. The DD statement is identified in the message text.

In the message text:

dd__name
The name of the DD statement that is missing. The possible values are as follows:

- ACBLIB
- DBDLIB
- DBDSOR
- IMSD0000
- LUSYSPT
- PSBLIB
- PSBSOR
- SYSAIN
- SYSLIB
- SYSLIN

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Add the missing DD statement to the utility JCL. For the following DD statements, if you do not require the associated output, you can correct the error by

removing the corresponding control parameter from the SYSIN DD statement:

- ACBLIB
- DBDLIB
- DBDSOR
- PSBLIB
- PSBSOR

After the JCL is corrected, run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3LU00, DFS3CM00

Related information

[IMS Catalog Library Builder utility \(DFS3LU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4196E THE *variable text* DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = yy.

Explanation

The data set that is identified in the message text failed to open. The return code that is included in the message text is issued by the [IMS catalog API \(DFS3CATQ\) \(System Programming APIs\)](#).

In the message text:

variable text

Describes the data set that failed to open. The possible text values are:

- ACB LIBRARY
- CATALOG DIRECTORY
- DBD LIBRARY
- DBD SOURCE LIBRARY
- PSB LIBRARY
- PSB SOURCE LIBRARY
- SYSAIN
- SYSLIN

rc

The return code that was issued by the [IMS catalog API \(DFS3CATQ\) \(System Programming APIs\)](#).

A return code of 20 is an internal error that indicates that the catalog API returned without an output area pointer.

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Confirm that the data sets are available and correctly specified in the JCL.

Look up the return code in the IMS catalog API documentation.

After the problem is corrected, run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3LU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Library Builder utility \(DFS3LU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[IMS catalog API \(DFS3CATQ\) \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4197E UNABLE TO GET CATALOG MEMBER LIST, RC = xxxx.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Library Builder utility issued a LIST request to the IMS catalog API to retrieve a list of resources in the IMS catalog. The LIST request failed.

In the message text:

xxxx

The return code issued by the IMS catalog API LIST request.

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Look up the return code in the IMS catalog API LIST request documentation.

After the problem is corrected, run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3LU00

Related reference

[List request \(LIST\) for the IMS catalog API \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

[IMS catalog API \(DFS3CATQ\) \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

**DFS4198E UNABLE TO GET CATALOG MEMBER *mbr_name*, RC = rc
UNABLE TO GET CATALOG MEMBER *mbr_name*, RC = rc, RSN = *rsn***

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Library Builder utility issued a GET request to the IMS catalog API to retrieve a specific resource from the IMS catalog. The GET request failed.

In the message text:

mbr_name
The name of the ACB, DBD, or PSB resource that the IMS Catalog Library Builder utility was trying to get from the IMS catalog.

rc
The return code issued by the IMS catalog API GET request.

rsn
The reason code issued by the IMS catalog API GET request.

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Look up the return code in the IMS catalog API GET request documentation.

After the problem is corrected, run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3LU00

Related reference
[Get request \(GET\) for the IMS catalog API \(System Programming APIs\)](#)
[IMS catalog API \(DFS3CATQ\) \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4199W	A new mode of Resume TPIPE request needs to be submitted for IMS synchronous callout messages
-----------------	--

Explanation

There were IMS synchronous callout messages in the OTMA TPIPE queue waiting to be retrieved. However, the Resume TPIPE request received was only targeted for asynchronous output messages.

System action

Processing continues for only asynchronous callout messages.

Operator response

Issue a new Resume TPIPE request with the correct processing mode for synchronous callout messages that are waiting to be processed.

The byte-3 of OTMA state data prefix can be used to set the Resume TPIPE processing mode. When the flag X'80' is set in the byte, it means the Resume TPIPE can be issued to retrieve only the synchronous callout messages.

When the flag X'40' is set in the byte, it means the Resume TPIPE can be issued to retrieve both synchronous callout messages and asynchronous messages. The synchronous callout messages are processed and delivered before the asynchronous messages.

Module:
DFSYQAB0

DFS4200I	- tcbtype TCB INITIALIZATION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The database recovery service completed initialization of the Database Recovery Manager or Recovery Data Manager master task control block (TCB). The *tcbtype* can be:

RWM
The master TCB for database recovery has completed initialization.

RWD
A daughter TCB for database recovery has completed initialization

If the message is issued by the Database Recovery Manager, the message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal. If the message is issued by Recovery Data Manager, the message destination is only the z/OS system console.

System action

Processing continues.

Module:
DFSRVM00, DFSRWM00

Chapter 86. DFS messages, DFS4201I - DFS4250

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4201I *ttt TASK INITIALIZATION FAILED,
reason, RC=return code*

Explanation

The IMS Database Recovery Facility detected an error during initialization. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

ttt

Identifies which class of task detected the problem.

reason

Identifies the problem, and is one of the following:

- LOAD module
- OBTAIN control block
- CREATE DISPATCHER WORK AREA
- CREATE WORK UNIT
- RELEASE QSAV

return code

Represents internal diagnostic information.

System action

The IMS Database Recovery Facility terminates normally.

System programmer response

Take the appropriate action for the reason you received:

OBTAIN control block

Increase the region size in the startup JCL.

LOAD module

Ensure that the module named is in the RESLIB for the IMS.

If the problem is not alleviated by the appropriate action or if no action is listed for the reason in the message, record the return code and call IBM Software Support.

DFS4214I *aaaaaaaa PIPE FAILURE
DETECTED: bbbbbbb, rc =
nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

An error occurred for one of two reasons:

- During processing of the initial **/RECOVER** command, the database recovery service was unable to create an IMS pipe.
- During termination of the Recovery Data Manager, the database recovery service experienced an error while attempting to close or deallocate an IMS pipe.

The message destination is the system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The type of IMS pipe that experienced the error, which is either CONTROL or RECORD.

bbbbbbb

Indicates the pipe failure that was detected and is one of the following:

- ALESERV
- BUFSIZE
- DSPSERV
- ESTAEX
- LOAD BUFSIZE
- STORAGE
- Any other value indicates a z/OS failure.

nnnnnnnn

The return code of the failing service.

System action

The database recovery service function shuts down.

System programmer response

The Recovery Data Manager component of database recovery service experienced an error while attempting to obtain storage related to pipe processing. Increase your region size.

If *bbbbbbb* is LOAD BUFSIZE, a module is probably missing from your SDFSRESL and must be added.

If *bbbbbbb* is any other value, record the error information and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DFS4215I **UNABLE TO WRITE TO type PIPE,**
RC=return code

Explanation

One of the write-to-pipe subcomponents of the database recovery service detected an error writing to an IMS pipe. The message destination is the system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

type
The type of IMS pipe that experienced the error, which is either CONTROL or RECORD.

return code
The return code of the failing service.

System action

The database recovery service terminates the current recovery instance.

System programmer response

Record the error information and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSRWPRO, DFSRWPW0

DFS4216I **DATABASE RECOVERY SERVICE**
DISABLED FOR type: reason

Explanation

The database recovery service is unable to detect full function database data sets or Fast Path areas. The message destination is the system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

type
Indicates one of the following:
FULL FUNCTION
The DLISAS region has not been detected
FAST PATH
Fast Path has not been generated into the system.

reason
Indicates the reason for failure, and is one of the following functions:
• DLISAS REGION NOT DETECTED
• FAST PATH NOT DETECTED

System action

The database recovery service rejects recovery processing.

System programmer response

To recover either the FULL FUNCTION or FAST PATH function, enter the **/RECOVER** and **/DISPLAY RECOVERY** database recovery service commands on an IMS with the appropriate function enabled.

Module:
DFSRWM00

DFS4217I **DATABASE RECOVERY SERVICE**
DISABLED: reason RETURN CODE
=return code

Explanation

The database recovery service is unable to perform recovery on the IMS processing the **/RECOVER** command. The message destination is the system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

reason
Indicates the cause of the error, and is one of the following:
• FACILITY NOT INSTALLED
• DLISAS REGION AND FAST PATH NOT DETECTED
• UNABLE TO ATTACH ORS TCB
• CREATE ADDRESS SPACE ERR
• UNABLE TO LOAD MODULES
• GET ORS STORAGE FAILURE

return code
A macro return code.

System action

The database recovery service rejects recovery processing.

System programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the *reason* received:

UNABLE TO LOAD MODULES
Increase the region size for the IMS processing the **/RECOVER** command.

FACILITY NOT INSTALLED
The recovery facility was not detected during processing of the **/RECOVER** command. RETURN

CODE = 0 means the database recovery service is not installed. Issue the **/RECOVER** command on an IMS where the recovery facility is installed.

DLISAS REGION AND FAST PATH NOT DETECTED

Run the database recovery service on an IMS that has the function in the message.

UNABLE TO ATTACH ORS TCB

Check the *return code* for the ATTACH macro and take appropriate action.

CREATE ADDRESS SPACE ERR

Check the *return code* for the ASCRE macro and take appropriate action.

GET ORS STORAGE FAILURE

Increase the region size for the IMS processing the **/RECOVER** command.

If you followed the specified action for the reason listed in the message and the problem did not resolve, record the error information and contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DFSRWMI0, DFSRWM00

Related reference

[z/OS: ATTACH return codes](#)

[z/OS: ASCRE macro return and reason codes](#)

Explanation

The database recovery service detected an error while reading from the pipe indicated by *type*. The message destination is the system console and the IMS master terminal (if this IMS is DB/DC).

In the message text:

type

The type of IMS pipe that experienced the error, which is either CONTROL or RECORD.

return code

The return code of the failing service.

System action

The database recovery service terminates the current recovery instance.

System programmer response

Record the error information and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:

DFSRWPRO, DFSRVPRO

DFS4218I	UNABLE TO READ FROM <i>type</i> PIPE, RC =<i>return code</i>
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Chapter 87. DFS messages, DFS4251 - DFS4300

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4260I	ERROR DETECTED FOR COMMAND: RECOVER ADD, REASON=<i>reason</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A command error was detected for an database recovery service related command.

In the message text:

reason

If the reason is NOTHING TO ADD, processing continues. If the reason is DBRC STORAGE FAILURE, recovery processing terminates for this recovery instance.

System programmer response

This message indicates an internal IMS error. The command is ignored.

Problem determination

Set a SLIP TRAP on the error message, then call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFS4260I, DFS4261I, DFS4262I, DFS4263I, DFS4264I, DFS4265I, DFS4266I, DFS4267I, DFS4268I, DFS4269I, DFS4270I, DFS4271I, DFS4272I, DFS4273I, DFS4274I, DFS4275I, DFS4276I, DFS4277I, DFS4278I, DFS4279I, DFS4280I, DFS4281I, DFS4282I, DFS4283I, DFS4284I, DFS4285I, DFS4286I, DFS4287I, DFS4288I, DFS4289I, DFS4290I, DFS4291I, DFS4292I, DFS4293I, DFS4294I, DFS4295I, DFS4296I, DFS4297I, DFS4298I, DFS4299I, DFS4300I

DFS4261I	UNABLE TO ADD TO <i>rcvlist</i> <i>entrytype entryname: reason</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *entryname* specified in the **/RECOVER ADD** command could not be added to the specified recovery list. If a recovery list was not specified in the **/RECOVER ADD** command, "To *rcvlist*" is not included in the message text.

If a duplicate entry was detected, the duplicate is ignored. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

rcvlist

The specified recovery list.

entrytype

If a member of a group is not part of the ACBGEN for the IMS processing the **/RECOVER ADD** command or is not defined in the RECON, "*entrytype*" is not included in the message.

entrytype is one of the following:

- DBDS
- AREA
- DATABASE
- GROUP (if DBDSGRP, CAGRP, DATAGROUP, or RECOVGRP was specified in the **/RECOVER** command)

entryname

A keyword specified on the **/RECOVER ADD** command and is one of the following: DB, DBDS, DBGRP, DBDSGRP, or CAGRP.

reason

The reason can be one of the following:

ALREADY ON RECOVERY LIST

The entry listed is already on the recovery list specified by *rcvlist*.

ALREADY STARTED

The recovery list specified by *rcvlist* already started recovery processing.

COMMAND TOO LONG

The number of elements specified on the **/RECOVER ADD** command is larger than that allowed by the recovery product for a single **/RECOVER ADD** command. Split the **/RECOVER ADD** command into multiple commands.

DATABASE IS OLR CAPABLE

The object specified by *entryname* is OLR capable and the **/RECOVER ADD** command was issued to a release of IMS that does not support recoveries with OLR capable databases. Rerun the recovery on a level of IMS that supports OLR capable databases.

DATABASE HAS NO DATA SETS

The database does not have any database data sets defined to it.

DATABASE IS DEFINED AS GSAM

The database recovery service cannot recover GSAM database types.

DLI/SAS REGION UNDETECTED

The **/RECOVER ADD** command attempted to add a full function DBDS to the recovery list on a system that does not have a DL/I SAS region.

FAST PATH NOT INSTALLED

The **/RECOVER ADD** command attempted to add a Fast Path AREA to the recovery list on a system that does not have FP installed.

INDEX OR ILE DATA SET

The DBDS has not been added to the recovery list because it is either a Primary index or ILDS data set and cannot be recovered. These data sets are recovered by the Index/ILDS Rebuild utility.

NOT DEFINED IN RECON

The entry specified by *entryname* is not defined for RECON.

NOT FOUND IN ACBGEN

The entry specified by *entryname* is not defined to the IMS issuing the message. It is possible that the entry is not defined in IMS Stage 1.

NOTHING ADDED

Nothing was added to the recovery list.

UNKNOWN REASON FROM DBRC

DBRC encountered an unexpected condition and returned an unknown reason code to the Database Recovery Manager.

INVALID SMSOPTS PARAMETER

An unsupported or incorrect SMSOPTS parameter is detected. Message DFS4289 follows this message. For more information, see DFS4289.

System action

The database data sets that make up the *entryname* are not added to the recovery list. The databases, areas, or both are not recovered by the database recovery service.

System programmer response

Examine the **/RECOVER ADD** command and compare it with the corresponding ACBGEN or RECON entries. Reissue the command with the correct entry names.

If *reason* is UNKNOWN REASON FROM DBRC, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSRWCA0

Related information

“DFS4289” on page 1182
SMS_OPTION IGNORED

DFS4262I

**INVALID RESPONSE FROM DBRC
FOR COMMAND RECOVER ADD,
REASON=*reason***

Explanation

DBRC returned an invalid response due to a database recovery service related command. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

reason

The reason code returned by DBRC, which is internal diagnostic information.

System programmer response

This message indicates an internal IMS error. The command is ignored.

Problem determination

Set a SLIP TRAP on the error message, and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSRWCRO, DFSRWCD0, DFSRWCP0, DFSRWCA0

DFS4263I

**THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES ARE
ADDED TO THE RECOVERY LIST
token:**

Explanation

This message is followed by a series of DFS4265I messages. It indicates that one or more entries were added to the recovery list as a result of the **/RECOVER ADD** command. *token* is supplied by the user on the **/RECOVER ADD** command or generated by IMS.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

The database data set or area name listed in the subsequent DFS4265I messages are added to the recovery list.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCA0

Related information

[“DFS4265I” on page 1173](#)
name AUTHORIZED BY *ssid*

DFS4264I RECOVERY STARTED FOR
(options):

Explanation

The **/RECOVER START** command was issued and no errors were detected. Database recovery service processing started for the database data set and areas listed in the subsequent DFS4265I messages. *options* specifies parameters on the **/RECOVER START** command. If no parameters were specified, the following default values for the options are listed:

ERRORCONT
STAGLOBAL
STALOCAL
NOSTA

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

/RECOVER START command processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCS0

DFS4265I name AUTHORIZED BY ssid

Explanation

This message lists the database data set or area that the database recovery service started a recovery for. Either DFS4263I or DFS4264I follows this message. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

name

Indicates the database data set name (*dbname* *ddname*) or area name for recovery.

ssid

If the database data set or area is authorized by an IMS, *ssid* identifies the authorizing *ssid*. This message is issued for each IMS that authorized a database data set or area in the recovery list.

System action

/RECOVER command processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCA0, DFSRWCS0, DFSRWCR0, DFSRWCP0

DFS4266I UNABLE TO RECOVER: dbname,
reason

Explanation

A database recovery service **/RECOVER START** command was issued, but the database data set or area cannot be recovered. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

dbname

Identifies the database data set or area that could not be recovered.

reason

Indicates the cause of the error and is one of the following:

AUTHORIZATION FAILED, RC = XX

Authorization processing failed to properly authorize one or more of the database data sets or areas in the recovery list. *XX* identifies the DBRC return code.

HALDB MASTER IS STOPPED

The master database for a HALDB partition has been stopped. Although the database recovery service requires that the partitions being recovered be stopped, the master database must be started. Start the master database, and then reissue the **/RECOVER START** command.

IMAGE COPY NOT AVAILABLE

DBRC was unable to locate a usable image copy for the database data set.

INVALID RCVTIME

DBRC determined that the RCVTIME specified falls in the middle of an ALLOC for this entry, and the Pitr option was not specified.

LOGS MARKED IN ERROR

DBRC determined that none of the log data sets are usable. They may be marked in error.

NEEDS HIGHER RELEASE LOG

DBRC detected logs created by a higher release IMS. The database cannot be selected if it was updated by an IMS operating at a higher release.

NO IC TAKEN AFTER A Pitr

Recovery for the database data set or area failed because a point-in-time (Pitr) recovery was performed earlier and no image copy was taken afterward. Because backout information may have been deleted from the RECON due to the prior Pitr recovery, a new recovery may result in a corrupted database.

NO PRILOG FOUND

DBRC was unable to locate a PRILOG record. This condition should not occur. Call IBM Software Support for assistance.

NO RECOV RECORD FOUND

The USEDDBDS option was specified on the **/RECOVER ADD** command, but the latest recovery recorded in RECON was not for a time stamp recovery, or the DBDS or AREA is marked in RECON as needing recovery.

NOT FOUND

One or more of the database data sets or areas in the recovery list is not listed in the RECON data set.

If the database data set or area has been removed from the system in Online Change and no longer needs to be recovered, use the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command to remove the data set or area from the recovery list. If the database data set or area has been removed from the system in Online Change and now must be recovered, use Online Change to add it back to the system; then re-issue the **/RECOVER START** command.

NOT OFFLINE

One or more of the database data sets or areas in the recovery list was not taken offline with an IMS **/DBR** command. When the database is in this state, proper operation of the database recovery service cannot be guaranteed.

RECOV RECORD UNUSABLE

The USEDDBDS option was specified on the **/RECOVER ADD** command, but the DBDS or

AREA has been updated or reorganized since the latest recovery recorded in the RECON.

REORG LATER THAN IMAGE COPY

The REORG utility ran against the database data set but there is no subsequent image copy data set registered in the RECON.

System action

If ERRORCONT was specified for the database data set or area, processing continues for the remaining members in the database recovery service recovery list. If ERRORCONT was not specified, recovery stops.

System programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the specified reason:

AUTHORIZATION FAILED

Determine which IMS did not stop the appropriate database or area, then stop the database or area with the IMS **/DBR** command.

HALDB MASTER IS STOPPED

The master database for a HALDB partition must be started for recovery. Start the master database and reissue the **/RECOVER START** command.

IMAGE COPY NOT AVAILABLE

Verify that an image copy is available for the database data set and not migrated to another site.

INVALID RCVTIME

Non-Pitr time stamp recoveries cannot fall in the middle of an ALLOC boundary. Adjust the time used for the time stamp recovery or reissue the **/RECOVER START** command specifying Pitr.

LOGS MARKED IN ERROR

Verify that the log data sets are available and not migrated to another site.

NEEDS HIGHER RELEASE LOGS

Logs created on a higher release IMS cannot be used for recovery on a lower release IMS. This situation can occur when running multiple IMS systems in coexistence mode. Rerun the recovery on the level of IMS in which the logs were created.

NO PRILOG FOUND

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

NO IC TAKEN AFTER A Pitr

After a point-in-time recovery, take an image copy so that subsequent recoveries have a valid starting point. If you know the integrity of the database will not be compromised, delete the RECOV record by using the DBRC **DELETE .RECOV** command, then rerun the recovery.

NO RECOV RECORD FOUND

Recover the DBDS or AREA using a nonstandard image copy. Then inform DBRC of the recovery with a **NOTIFY.RECOV** command specifying the time that the recovery was run (current), and the time to which the DBDS or AREA was recovered. Then the database recovery service can be used to recover the DBDS or AREA with the USEDDBDS parameter.

NOT FOUND

The database data set or area was deleted from the RECON data set after the **/RECOVER ADD** command was issued. If the database data set or area is legitimate and needs to be recovered, define it in RECON.

NOT OFFLINE

The database data set or area was not stopped on the IMS performing recovery. Stop the database or area with the IMS **/DBR** command.

RECOV RECORD UNUSABLE

Changes have been made to the DBDS or AREA since the last recovery; as a result, you must run the recovery again. Recover the DBDS or AREA using a nonstandard image copy. Then inform DBRC of the recovery with a **NOTIFY.RECOV** command specifying the time that the recovery was run (current) and the time to which the DBDS or AREA was recovered. Then the database recovery service can be used to recover the DBDS or AREA with the USEDDBDS parameter.

REORG LATER THAN IMAGE COPY

A DBDS or AREA cannot be recovered using an image copy taken prior to a reorganization.

Module

DFSRWCSO

DFS4267I RECOVERY NOT STARTED, reason

Explanation

The database recovery service **/RECOVER START** command was issued but recovery cannot continue, as indicated by *reason*:

DBRC AUTHORIZATION FAILURE

An IMS has one or more database data sets or areas authorized in the recovery list.

DBRC RECOVER START FAILURE

An IMS internal error in DBRC caused the recovery to fail.

ERRORABORT SPECIFIED

An error was detected with one database data set or area while the database recovery service attempted to start recovery, and ERRORCONT was specified on the **/RECOVER START** command. For

more information about the type of failure, see DFS4266I.

INCOMPLETE RECOVERY GROUP

Recovery failed because one or more members of a recovery group were not included in the recovery list. This message is followed by one or more DFS4284I messages listing the members of the recovery group that are not in the recovery list.

NO RECOVERABLE ENTRIES

None of the entries in the recovery list can be recovered due to one or more errors.

ONLINE CHANGE IN PROGRESS

A **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command was in progress when the **/RECOVER START** command was issued. The **/RECOVER START** command is rejected.

RECOVERY LIST NOT FOUND

No recovery list was found with a token matching the one provided with the command.

RECOVERY NOT STARTED, ALREADY IN PROGRESS

The recovery was not started because it is already processing.

RECOVERY NOT STARTED, OTHER RECOVERY IN PROGRESS

The recovery was not started because another recovery is currently in progress.

RECOVERY TIME GREATER THAN RUN TIME

The input recovery time on a **/RECOVER START** command is greater than the current time.

UNABLE TO CREATE ITASK

An IMS internal error caused the recovery to fail. Report the problem to IBM Software Support.

UNABLE TO GET CCCCCCCCCC

An IMS internal error caused the recovery to fail. Report the problem to IBM Software Support. CCCCCCCCCC is one of the following IMS internal resources:

- QSAV
- PST
- EPST
- APSB LATCH
- PSBP LATCH
- AUTHORIZATION PARM LIST

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

The current database recovery service recovery instance is aborted.

System programmer response

Take the appropriate action based on the *reason* received:

DBRC AUTHORIZATION FAILURE

Either the IMS is out of storage or an internal IMS failure occurred. See previously issued DBRC messages for additional information. If you cannot determine the cause of the error, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

DBRC RECOVER START FAILURE

Either the IMS is out of storage or an internal IMS failure occurred. See previously issued DBRC messages for additional information. If you cannot determine the cause of the error, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

ERRORABORT SPECIFIED

Correct the error and restart recovery. See DFS4266I for the proper action.

INCOMPLETE RECOVERY GROUP

Specify the whole group, redefine the group, do not specify PITR (point in time recovery), or specify NOCHECK. See DFS4284I for additional information.

NO RECOVERABLE ENTRIES

Prior messages should have been issued regarding failures for each entry. See the previous messages for the appropriate action.

ONLINE CHANGE IN PROGRESS

Reissue the **/RECOVER START** command when the **/MODIFY COMMIT** or **INITIATE OLC PHASE(COMMIT)** command completes.

RECOVERY LIST NOT FOUND

Create a recovery list with the name you specified or enter the name of an existing list.

RECOVERY NOT STARTED, ALREADY IN PROGRESS

The recovery is running. No action is necessary.

RECOVERY NOT STARTED, OTHER RECOVERY IN PROGRESS

Stop the other recovery or wait until it finishes.

RECOVERY TIME GREATER THAN RUN TIME

Enter the command **/RECOVER START** with the correct time to start recovery.

UNABLE TO CREATE ITASK

Either the IMS is out of storage or an internal IMS failure occurred. If you cannot determine the cause of the error, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

UNABLE TO GET CCCCCCCCCC

Either the IMS is out of storage or an internal IMS failure occurred. If you cannot determine the cause of the error, call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSRWCIO

Related information

[“DFS4266I” on page 1173](#)

UNABLE TO RECOVER: *dbname, reason*

[“DFS4284I” on page 1181](#)

RECOVERY GROUP *grpname* MEMBER *member*
NOT IN RECOVERY LIST

DFS4268I

**THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES WERE
REMOVED FROM THE RECOVERY
LIST:**

Explanation

This message is followed by a series of DFS4265I messages. It indicates that one or more entries were removed from the recovery list as a result of **/RECOVER REMOVE** command.

System action

The *names* listed in the subsequent DFS4265I messages are removed from the recovery list.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCRO

DFS4269I

RECOVERY LIST IS NOW EMPTY

Explanation

One of the following instances occurred:

- The **/RECOVER REMOVE** command processed and removed the last database data set or area from the recovery list.
- The **/RECOVER REMOVE ALLENTS** command processed.
- The **/RECOVER STOP** command processed and stopped the last database data set or area in the recovery list.
- The **/RECOVER STOP ALLENTS** command processed.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC

IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

The recovery instance is deleted.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCRO, DFSRWCP0

DFS4270I UNABLE TO REMOVE *resource_type*
resource_name: reason

Explanation

An database recovery service **/RECOVER REMOVE** command was issued but could not process. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

resource_type

Identifies the type of resource the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command was issued against, and is one of the following:

- LIST
- DBDS
- AREA
- DB

resource_name

Identifies the name of the resource specified in the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command.

reason

Indicates one of the following causes for the failures:

COMMAND TOO LONG

The number of elements specified on the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command is larger than that allowed by the recovery product for a single **/RECOVER REMOVE** command. Split the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command into multiple commands.

NOT IN RECOVERY LIST

The database data set or area specified in the command was not part of the recovery list.

NOT DEFINED IN RECON

The DB, CAGRP, DBDSGRP, or DATAGROUP resource types could not be found in RECON.

NOTHING REMOVED

No database data set or area was removed as a result of the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command.

RECOVERY IN PROGRESS

A **/RECOVER REMOVE** command was issued when recovery was in progress for the recovery list.

RECOVERY LIST DOES NOT EXIST

A **/RECOVER REMOVE** command was issued, but the identified recovery list does not exist.

THIS IS A FAST PATH AREA

A **/RECOVER REMOVE DBDS** was specified in the command, but the entry was a Fast Path area.

THIS IS NOT A FAST PATH AREA

A **/REC REMOVE AREA** AREA name command was entered and the AREA name identified an FF DBDS in the recovery list.

Determine the appropriate AREA name, or enter **/RECOVER REMOVE DBDS dbd dbds**.

System action

If the *resource_type* is LIST, the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command is aborted. Otherwise, processing continues for those resources not identified by the error.

System programmer response

Determine why the command failed and if necessary, reissue the command.

Module

DFSRWCRO

DFS4273I RECOVER command COMMAND
REJECTED, *rsn*

Explanation

A **/RECOVER** command is rejected because of the *rsn* listed in the message.

In the message text:

command

One of the following:

- ADD
- REMOVE
- START
- STOP

rsn

One of the following:

DRF WAS UNABLE TO START

A failure during database recovery initialization resulted in the **/RECOVER** command being rejected. See accompanying messages and correct the problem before issuing the **/RECOVER** command.

RECOVERY ADDRESS SPACE FAILED

A failure during database recovery address space initialization resulted in the **/RECOVER** command being rejected. See accompanying or related messages and correct the problem before issuing the **/RECOVER** command.

TERMINATION IN PROGRESS

The recovery environment is terminating due to a **/RECOVER TERMINATE** command. Wait for termination processing to complete before issuing the **/RECOVER** command.

FEATURE NOT INSTALLED

IMS is unable to detect the presence of a database recovery product. If a database recovery product is installed, ensure that IMS has access to the libraries containing the database recovery product before issuing the **/RECOVER** command.

System action

The **/RECOVER** command is rejected.

System programmer response

Take the appropriate action described in the message explanation section. If the *rsn* indicates that an internal error exists, report the symptom and all diagnostic data to IBM. If the *rsn* indicates a correctable condition, correct the error and issue the **/RECOVER** command.

Module

DFSRWM00

DFS4274I	UNABLE TO STOP <i>resource_type</i> <i>resource_name:</i> <i>reason</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An database recovery service **/RECOVER STOP** command was issued but could not process. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

In the message text:

resource_type

Identifies the type of resource the **/RECOVER STOP** command was issued against, and is one of the following:

- LIST
- DBDS
- AREA
- DB

resource_name

Identifies the name of the resource specified in the **/RECOVER STOP** command.

reason

Indicates the cause of the error, and is one of the following:

RECOVERY NOT IN PROGRESS

A **/RECOVER STOP** command was issued when recovery was not in progress.

NOT IN RECOVERY LIST

The database data set or area specified in the command is not in the recovery list.

NOT IN RECON

The DB, CAGRP, DBDSGRP or DATAGROUP resource type was not found in RECON.

SAVE REQUIRES ALLENT

A **/RECOVER STOP** command was issued with the SAVE option, but ALLENTRIES was not specified.

NOTHING REMOVED

No database data set or area was stopped as a result of the **/RECOVER REMOVE** command.

THIS IS A FAST PATH AREA

A **/RECOVER STOP** command was issued with the DBDS option, but the entry is a Fast Path area.

System action

If the *resource_type* is LIST, then the **/RECOVER STOP** command aborts. Otherwise, processing continues for other resources.

System programmer response

Determine why the command failed and if necessary, reissue the command.

Module

DFSRWCPO

DFS4275I	THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES WILL HAVE RECOVERY STOPPED:
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is followed by a series of DFS4265I messages. It indicates that one or more entries will have recovery stopped as a result of the **/RECOVER STOP** command. The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

The *name* listed in the subsequent DFS4265I messages will have their recovery stopped.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRWCPO

DFS4277I RECOVERY COMPLETE FOR:
dbdname ddname

Explanation

The database recovery service issues this message for each entry in the recovery list for which recovery completed. *dbdname ddname* represents the DBDS or AREA that completed recover.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

If *STAGLOBAL* was specified in the original **/RECOVER** command for *name*, the DBDS or AREA is automatically started globally. If *STALOCAL* was specified, it is automatically started in the IMS issuing the message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRWME0

DFS4278I UNABLE TO COMPLETE RECOVERY
FOR: *dbdname ddname*

Explanation

The database recovery service is unable to complete recovery for the DBDS or AREA specified *dbdname* and

ddname. This can be a result of a DBDS or AREA failure that occurred during recovery, or failure to restore the Image Copy for the DBDS or AREA.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the failure and rerun recovery when corrected.

Module

DFSRWME0

DFS4279I THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES ARE
AUTHORIZED TO AN IMS:

Explanation

The database recovery service detected full function database data sets, Fast Path areas, or both during recovery to any time-stamp recovery that might need to be recovered. The database data sets and areas being recovered are updated by units of recovery that also update the ones identified in subsequent DFS4265I messages.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Determine if the database data sets, areas, or both listed in subsequent DFS4265I messages need to be recovered to the same point in time as the recovery that caused this message.

Module:

DFSRWPRO

Related information

[“DFS4265I” on page 1173](#)
name AUTHORIZED BY *ssid*

DFS4280I UNABLE TO START *type* FOR THE
RECOVERY LIST *token*, RC=*return*
code

Explanation

The database recovery service is unable to start the areas or databases, indicated by *type*, associated with the recovery *token*. The message destination is the z/OS system console.

System action

The areas or databases are recovered but not started.

System programmer response

Issue the **/START AREA, UPDATE AREA START (ACCESS)** or **/START DATABASE** command. Report this failure to IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSRWME0

DFS4282A	ERROR PROCESSING PROCLIB MEMBER DFSORSXX: error
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error was detected while processing the IMS PROCLIB member DFSORSxx. One or more DFS4282A messages might be issued, depending on the number of errors detected. The **/RECOVER** command that was processing fails.

In the message text, *error* is one of the following problems:

FAILURE PARSING, IKJPARS RC = rc

The TSO IKJPARS service detected an error in the parameters specified in the DFSORSxx member. IKJPARS returned the code shown as *rc*.

PARAMETER IN ERROR: yyyy

An invalid value was detected on a parameter in DFSORSxx. The incorrect parameter is indicated by *yyyy*.

TSO ENVIRONMENT IS NOT AVAILABLE

The TSO environment was not available. As a result, the DFSORSxx member could not be processed.

UNABLE TO DELETE STORAGE, IMODULE RC = rc

The DFSORSxx member parsing module, DFSRWPP0, was unable to free working storage it had obtained to process the member. IMODULE GETMAIN returned the code shown as *rc*. For information about IMODULE return codes, see the IMS system services return code information.

UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE, IMODULE RC = rc

The DFSORSxx member parsing module, DFSRWPP0, was unable to obtain the storage necessary to process the member. IMODULE GETMAIN returned the code shown as *rc*. For

information about IMODULE return codes, see the IMS system services return code information.

System action

The **/RECOVER** command that was processing fails.

Operator response

Take the appropriate action for the error you received:

FAILURE PARSING, IKJPARS RC = rc

From the messages in the SYSTSPRT data set, determine the parameters in error in the DFSORSxx member. Correct the parameters and reissue the **/RECOVER** command.

PARAMETER IN ERROR: yyyy

Correct the parameters indicated in DFSORSxx and reissue the **/RECOVER** command.

TSO ENVIRONMENT IS NOT AVAILABLE

Ensure that the TSO environment is available and resubmit the job.

UNABLE TO DELETE STORAGE, IMODULE RC = rc

Make note of the message and IMODULE return code and report the problem to IBM Software Support. No immediate corrective action is required; however, this message might be a sign of an internal logic error within IMS or problem with (IMS or z/OS) storage management.

UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE, IMODULE RC = rc

Determine the reason for IMODULE GETMAIN failure based on the reason code. If the problem is due to fragmented storage, you might need to issue an z/OS IPL.

Module:

DFSRWPP0

Related reference

[z/OS: Checking return codes from the Parse Service Routine](#)

[IMS system services return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4283I	EARLY END OF RECOVERY FOR: token
-----------------	---

Explanation

The database recovery service is ending early due to a failure that was encountered during the recovery. This error occurs if ERRORABORT was specified on the **/RECOVER START** command and a DBDS or AREA failure occurred during recovery, or the image copy for the DBDS or AREA failure to restore.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS).

This message is also sent to the LTERM that issued the **/RECOVER START** command.

System action:
None.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the failure, correct it, then rerun the recovery.

Module:
DFSRWME0

DFS4284I	RECOVERY GROUP <i>grpname</i> MEMBER <i>member</i> NOT IN RECOVERY LIST
-----------------	--

Explanation

The **/RECOVER START** command was issued with members of the recovery group indicated in the message by *grpname*. However, not all members of the recovery groups are in the recovery list. DFS4284I is issued for each member of the recovery list. This message follows message DFS4267I.

In the message text:

grpname
The name of the recovery groups.

member
The database or area name in the recovery group.

System action

The command is not executed.

System programmer response

Add all the members of the recovery groups to the recovery list using the **/RECOVER ADD** command, then issue **/RECOVER START**, or issue **/RECOVER START** with the NOCHECK parameter specified.

DFS4285I	END OF RECOVERY FOR: <i>token</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Online Recovery Service issues this message when all recovery processing for the current recovery completes. *token* represents the recovery list token specified on the **/RECOVER START** command which initiated this recovery.

The message destination is the z/OS system console and the IMS master terminal (if this is a DB/DC IMS). This message is also sent to the issuer of the command.

System action

Processing continues.

Module

DFSRWME0

DFS4286I	DATABASE RECOVERY SERVICE IS BEING TERMINATED
-----------------	--

Explanation

A **/RECOVER TERMINATE** command was issued, and the database recovery service is being removed from the system.

System action

The database recovery service resources are released by IMS.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRVM00

DFS4287I	DATABASE RECOVERY SERVICE HAS TERMINATED
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/RECOVER TERMINATE** command was issued, and the database recovery service terminated.

System action

The database recovery service resources are released.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRVM00

DFS4288I	DATABASE RECOVERY SERVICE IS UNABLE TO TERMINATE
-----------------	---

Explanation

A **/RECOVER TERMINATE** command was issued while a recovery was in progress.

System action

The command is ignored.

System programmer response

Wait until the current recovery completes before issuing the **/RECOVER TERMINATE** command. You can use the **/REC STOP ALLENT** command to stop the current recovery if you do not need it to complete.

Module

DFSRVM00

DFS4289 SMS_OPTION IGNORED

Explanation

The SMS_OPTION is not supported and was rejected. The **/RECOVER ADD** command failed. This message follows DFS4261I.

System action

ORS recovery does not start.

System programmer response

Issue the **/RECOVER ADD** command with supported SMSOPTS parameters.

Module

DFSRWCA0

Related information

[“DFS4261I” on page 1171](#)
UNABLE TO ADD TO rcvlist entrytype entryname: reason

DFS4299I xxxx

Explanation

A message was issued by the IMS Online Recovery Service ORS. The 'message-id' and 'message-text' are documented in the *IMS Online Recovery Service for z/OS, User's Guide* (SC27-0944).

System action

The system response is documented in the *IMS Online Recovery Service for z/OS, User's Guide*.

Operator response:
(master terminal) Take the appropriate action identified for the 'message-id' in the *IMS Online Recovery Service for z/OS, User's Guide*.

User response

Take the appropriate action identified for the 'message-id' in the *IMS Online Recovery Service for z/OS, User's Guide*.

Module

DFSRWPRO

Chapter 88. DFS messages, DFS4301E - DFS4350E

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4304E **CALL TO DBRC FAILED. RC=*retcode***

Explanation

DBRC was called from DFSKARCO, but the processing did not complete successfully.

System action

Processing terminates with condition code of 8.

User response

Determine the problem and resubmit the job. The problem might be due to one of the following:

- The SYSIN input should consist of the character string LIST.LOG; however, the SYSIN input could be invalid or omitted.
- DD statements for the RECON data sets might not have been included in the JCL.
- The IMS level of the RECON data sets might not match the level of the IMS.SDFSRESL included in the JOBLIB or STEPLIB DD statements in the JCL.

You can use the SYSPRINT output from DFSKARCO to determine the problem.

Module:
DFSKARCO

DFS4305W **THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF
VOLERS WAS EXCEEDED FOR
THE DATA SET: *data set name***

Explanation:

The indicated data set spans multiple volumes. The maximum number of volumes that are automatically extracted by utility DFSKARCO is 8; however in this case, the number of VOLERS exceeds this value. The first 8 VOLERS are included in the generated JCL; however any subsequent VOLERS are omitted.

System action:

Processing continues. At the end of processing, a condition code of 4 is returned.

System programmer response:

Update the generated JCL to supply the omitted VOLSER values to the DD statement associated with the indicated data set name before submitting the JCL.

Module:
DFSKARCO

DFS4309E **REQUIRED KEYWORD *keyword*/
HAS NOT BEEN SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The indicated *keyword* is required, but was not included with the control statements for the utility.

System action

Processing terminates with condition code of 8.

User response

Specify a value for the keyword and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSKARCO

DFS4310E **PREVIOUS CONTROL STATEMENT
CONTAINED NO VALID
KEYWORDS**

Explanation

A control statement was encountered that did not contain any valid keywords.

System action

Processing terminates with condition code of 8.

User response

Correct or remove the control statement and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFSKARCO

DFS4311E **TIMESTAMP CONTROL
STATEMENTS MUST INCLUDE
CENTURY**

Explanation

Start or Stop of date-related keywords that contained values which did not begin with the century portion of a date.

System action

Processing terminates with condition code of 8.

User response

Correct the control statement and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFSKARCO

DFS4312E	NO LOG DATASETS FOUND MATCHING SELECTION CRITERIA
-----------------	--

Explanation

No entries in RECON match the combination of SSID, STRTTIME, or STOPTIME that was specified in CNTLCRDS.

System action

Processing terminates with condition code of 8.

User response

Determine what the appropriate selection criteria should be and resubmit the job. The SYSPRINT output from DFSKARCO can be used to determine which subsystems and time periods are appropriate.

Module:

DFSKARCO

DFS4313I	FEWER LOGS MATCHED SELECTION CRITERIA THAN WERE REQUESTED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LOGCOUNT= parameter specified a number of log data sets to be selected; however, fewer log data sets matched the selection criteria specified in the control statements.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSKARCO

DFS4320E	SOME LOG DATA SET NAMES ARE UNAVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY WERE CHANGED BY DBRC PRILOG RECORD COMPRESSION. THE LOG DATA SET NAMES WERE NOT EXTRACTED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

DBRC PRILOG record compression replaced the data set name for sets of log data sets with the character string DSN=**** COMPRESSED DATA SET **** in the RECON data sets for the time range specified for processing by utility DFSKARCO. Because the data set names are no longer present in RECON, DFSKARCO is not able to extract them.

System action

Processing continues.

If a range of log data set names are found within the time range specified for processing by DFSKARCO that have not been subject to DBRC PRILOG record compression, an indication of this subset of time ranges is included in the summary report generated by DFSKARCO. At end of processing, a condition code of 8 is returned.

Programmer response

Supply STRTTIME and STOPTIME control statements to restrict the utility to a range for which log data set names are available, and resubmit the utility.

Module:

DFSKARCO

DFS4321I	ACTIVE OLDS DATA SET: <i>data set name</i> WAS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SELECTED DATA SETS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Online Log Data Sets (OLDS) were selected for processing by the RECON Query of Log Data Set Names utility. You specified the NOACTIVEOLDS control statement to exclude the active OLDS from the list of data set names extracted by the utility.

In the message text:

data set name

The name of the active OLDS that was excluded from the list

System action

The RECON Query of Log Data Set Names utility continues processing.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSKARCO

DFS4324E **PSB *psb_name* REFERENCED A DELETED DBD *dbd_name*. PST *pst_name*.**

Explanation

The program view (PSB) *psb_name* cannot be deleted from the IMS directory data set because there is no DROP PROGRAMVIEW DDL statement for this PSB in this work unit.

In the message text:

- dbd_name***
The name of the database that is to be deleted by the DROP DATABASE DDL statement in this work unit.
- psb_name***
The name of the program view (PSB) that contains the reference to the database *dbd_name*, but is not deleted in this work unit.
- pst_name***
The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The program view (PSB) *psb_name* is not deleted from the directory. The database *dbd_name* in the DROP DATABASE statement is not deleted from the directory.

User response

- If the PSB is still needed, submit a DROP PROGRAMVIEW statement and a CREATE PROGRAMVIEW statement to remove the reference to the database *dbd_name* from the PSB.
- If the PSB is no longer needed, submit a DROP PROGRAMVIEW statement to delete the PSB completely.

- Module:**
DFSOLC70
- Related information**
[DROP DATABASE \(Application Programming APIs\)](#)
[DROP PROGRAMVIEW \(Application Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4326E **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS SUBMISSION ABORTED. PST *pst_name***

Explanation

The DDL definitions cannot be activated. This message is preceded by an error message that indicates the

- error, such as DFS4328E, DFS4344E, DFS4340E, DFS4341E, DFS4349E, or DFS3537E.
- In the message text:
pst_name
The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

- The processing of the instructions from the DDL stream is terminates.
- Operator response:**
Look for any previous error messages, such as DFS4328E, DFS4344E, DFS4340E, DFS4341E, DFS4349E, or DFS3537E, to determine the cause of failure.
- Operator response:**
Resolve the error and resubmit the DDL statements again.

- Module:**
DFS3DL40, DFS3DL50

DFS4328E **DDL CHANGES COULD NOT BE ACTIVATED. OTHER CHANGES IN PROGRESS. REGION *regionname***

Explanation

- IMS is already processing other changes to database resources and cannot process the current DDL submission.
- The resource changes in progress might have been initiated by the submission of DDL statements or the execution of any of the following commands:
 - IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)
 - CREATE DB
 - DELETE DB

- In the message text:
regionname
EXPLANATION

System action

The automatic activation of the DDL definition failed. Any uncommitted work is backed out.

User response

- No action is required.
- Wait for the change in progress to complete and resubmit the DDL statements to IMS.

If another online change command is in progress, wait for it to complete before performing the automatic activation of the DDL definitions again.

If IMS is already in an online change prepare state from an online change command and the command is not IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG), terminate or commit the online change before performing the automatic activation of the DDL definitions again.

Module:
DFS3DL40

**DFS4329I THE DDL-DEFINED DBD *dbd_name*
IS INSERTED INTO THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

The partition specification table (PST) task that is identified in the message text is adding the database (DBD) that is identified in the message text to the IMS directory data set. The DBD was not previously in the IMS directory data set.

In the message text:

dbd_name
The database (DBD) that is added to the IMS directory data set.

pst_name
The name of the PST task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The PST task adds the DBD to the IMS directory data set and continues processing any further instructions from the DDL stream.

Depending on the activation options specified, the database might be in a stopped state or might still be unknown to the online system.

Programmer response

Determine if the database is known to the online system by issuing either of the following commands:

- QUERY DB
- /DISPLAY DB

If the database is not found, issue the CREATE DB IMS type-2 command or code the DATABASE stage-1 system definition macro, perform system definition, and restart IMS.

Module:
DFSOLC70

Related reference
[QUERY DB command \(Commands\)](#)
[/DISPLAY DB command \(Commands\)](#)
[CREATE DB command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4330I ACBLIB KEYWORD IS INVALID
WHEN DIRECTORY IS ENABLED.**

Explanation

The /MODIFY PREPARE ACBLIB command is not processed because the ACBLIB keyword is invalid in an IMS system with IMS management of ACBs enabled.

System action

The command is ignored.

Programmer response

Use DDL commands to make changes in the IMS Catalog and activate them in the directory using the IMPORT DEFN commands to bring the changes online.

**DFS4331E ERROR ALLOCATING THE IMS
DIRECTORY BOOTSTRAP DATA
SET FOR REASON *rc***

or

**ERROR READING THE IMS DIRECTORY BOOTSTRAP
DATA SET FOR REASON *rc***

Explanation

The following reason codes can be returned with DFS4331E:

Codes	
	Explanation
1	Failed to obtain storage.
2	Failed to enqueue the data set.
3	Waiting to allocate the data set. Either the data set is already allocated or another job is using it.
4	Failed to set up a timer to detect when the data set is available for allocation.
5	Failed to open the data set.

- 6** An End-Of-Data occurred while reading the data set.
- 7** An I/O error occurred while reading the data set.
- 8** An error occurred while closing the data set.
- 9** An error occurred while de-allocating the data set.
- 10** Failed to allocate the data set. The sub code sc is described in z/OS MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Services Guide or in MVS/ESA Programming Authorized Assembler Services Guide under dynamic allocation error codes.
- 11** Error when dequeuing the data set.
- 12** The high level qualifier name of the data set cannot be determined. The high level qualifier name is from the catalog database data set name. It is retrieved from DBRC if DBRC=Y is specified or the IMS Catalog HALDB Partition Definition data set if DBRC=N is specified.
- 13** The data set is not created yet.
- 14** Waiting to allocate. The data set is in use.
- 15** Exceeded specified wait time.
- 16** The contents are incompatible or invalid.

For dynamic allocation, look up the explanation of the MVS dynamic allocation reason code in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

System action

For reason code 3, the IMS online system waits up to 150 seconds and the batch job waits with no limit until the data set is available for allocation. For other reason codes, the IMS online system terminates with an abend U071 and the batch job terminates with an abend U0821.

System programmer response

For a problem caused by data set contention, correct the problem and restart IMS or rerun the batch job.

Module:
DFSDSSM0

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS4332E	ERROR ALLOCATING THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET FOR REASON <i>rc</i> or ERROR ALLOCATING THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET FOR REASON <i>rc</i> SUBCODE <i>sc</i> SPECIFIED IN BSDS
-----------------	---

Explanation

In the message text:

rc

The reason code for the error.

The following reason codes can be issued with DFS4332E:

Codes

Explanation

- 1** Failed to obtain storage.
- 2** Waiting to allocate the data set. Either the data set is already been allocated or another job is using it.
- 3** Failed to set up a timer to detect when the data set is available for allocation.
- 4** Failed to open the data set.
- 5** Failed to allocate the data set. The sub code sc is described in z/OS MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Services Guide or in MVS/ESA Programming Authorized Assembler Services Guide under dynamic allocation error codes. The IMS directory data set name that could not be allocated is specified in the bootstrap data set (BSDS).
- 6** Failed to enqueue the data set.
- 7** An error occurred while closing the data set.
- 8** An error occurred while dequeuing the data set.
- 9** An error occurred while de-allocating the data set.

For dynamic allocation, look up the explanation of the MVS dynamic allocation reason code in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

System action

For reason code 2, the IMS online system waits up to 150 seconds and the batch job waits with no limit until the data set is available for allocation. For other reason codes, the IMS online system terminates with an abend U071 and the batch job terminates with an abend U0821.

System programmer response

For a problem caused by data set contention, correct the problem and restart IMS or rerun the batch job.

For dynamic allocation, look up the system programmer response for the MVS dynamic allocation reason code in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

Module:

DFSDDSM0 DFSRDB30 DFSBIND0 DFSMOLSO

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS4333E	ERROR ALLOCATING THE IMS DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET FOR REASON <i>rc</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The staging data set for the IMS directory contains IMS application control blocks that are to be imported into the directory. While processing either a DDL request or an IMPORT command, an error occurred when IMS attempted to read the staging data set.

In the message text:

rc

The reason code for the error.

The following reason codes can be issued with DFS4333E:

Codes

Explanation

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 1 | Failed to obtain storage. |
| 3 | The wait time of 150 seconds has expired for IMS online. The DDL process terminates. |
| 4 | Failed to open the data set. |
| 5 | Failed to set up a timer to detect when the data set is available for allocation. |
| 6 | Failed to enqueue the data set. |

System action

The DDL request or the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command fails.

System programmer response

For dynamic allocation, look up the explanation of the MVS dynamic allocation reason code in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

Module:

DFSDDSM0

Related reference

[z/OS: Interpreting error reason codes from DYNALLOC](#)

DFS4334W	WAITING TO READ THE IMS DIRECTORY BOOTSTRAP DATA SET. IT IS EITHER IN USE OR ALREADY ALLOCATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the startup of an online IMS system or a batch job, IMS or the batch job could not read the bootstrap data set of the IMS directory because it was being used by another job.

System action

IMS or the batch application program waits until the data set becomes available and then resumes startup processing.

For an online IMS system, if the contention persists for more than 150 seconds, the IMS system terminates with abend U0071.

For a batch application program, IMS does not impose a limit on the amount of time that the application program can wait. If the data set does not become available, the application program will wait forever unless it implements its own timer or someone manually terminates the application program.

System programmer response

If the data set becomes available and startup processing resumes within an acceptable amount of time, no action is necessary.

For a batch job, if the data set does not become available within an acceptable amount of time and the batch application program does not time out on its own, resolve the contention for the data set and, if necessary restart the batch job.

For an online IMS system, if the data set does not become available within 150 seconds, the IMS system issues DFS4331E and terminates with abend U0071.

Module:
DFSDSSM0

**DFS4335E ACBMGMT=CATALOG IS
SPECIFIED, BUT THE IMS
DIRECTORY DOES NOT EXIST.**

Explanation

During the startup of an online IMS system or a batch job, the IMS directory was enabled by the specification of ACBMGMT=CATALOG, but either the IMS directory is not created yet or, in rare cases, the bootstrap data set for the IMS directory cannot be found.

System action

IMS startup terminates with abend U0071 or the batch job terminates with abend U0821.

System programmer response

To restart IMS from an ACB library without the IMS directory, change the ACBMGMT specification in the <CATALOG> section of the DFSDFxxx member back to ACBMGMT=ACBLIB and restart IMS.

If the error occurred while you are attempting to enable the IMS management of ACBs for the first time, see [Enabling IMS management of ACBs \(System Definition\)](#).

If error occurred while running with an existing IMS directory, the error is probably caused by a missing or corrupted bootstrap data set. If the bootstrap data set is missing or corrupted, the IMS directory needs to be rebuilt.

You can use either the IMS Catalog Database Library utility (DFS3LU00) to rebuild the IMS directory from the IMS catalog or the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) to rebuild the IMS directory from ACB library data sets.

Module:
DFSDSSM0

Related tasks

[Enabling IMS management of ACBs \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Library Builder utility \(DFS3LU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4336W WAITING TO READ THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. IT IS
EITHER IN USE OR ALREADY
ALLOCATED.**

Explanation

During the startup of an online IMS system or a batch job, IMS or the batch job could not read the IMS directory data set because it was being used by another job.

System action

IMS or the batch job waits until the data set becomes available and then resumes startup processing.

For an online IMS system, if the contention persists for more than 150 seconds, the IMS system terminates with abend U0071.

For a batch application program, IMS does not impose a limit on the amount of time that the application program can wait. If the data set does not become available, the application program will wait forever unless it implements its own timer or someone manually terminates the application program.

System programmer response

If the data set becomes available and startup processing resumes within an acceptable amount of time, no action is necessary.

For a batch job, if the data set does not become available within an acceptable amount of time, resolve the contention for the data set and, if necessary restart the batch job.

For an online IMS system, if the data set does not become available within 150 seconds, the IMS system issues DFS4332E and terminates with abend U0071.

Module:
DFSDSSM0

**DFS4337E THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET
CANNOT BE FOUND.**

Explanation

During the startup of an online IMS system or a batch job, IMS or the batch job could not find the directory data set of the IMS catalog. Either the directory data set was not created yet or it cannot be found for some other reason.

System action

IMS startup terminates with abend U0071. Batch jobs terminate with abend U0821.

System programmer response

Determine why the directory data set was not found.

If the directory data set is not created yet, create it by running the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00).

Module:
DFSDSSM0

DFS4338W	WAITING TO READ THE IMS DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET. IT IS EITHER IN USE OR ALREADY ALLOCATED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the processing of a DDL request or the IMPORT command, IMS was unable to read the staging data set of the IMS directory because it was already allocated or in use by another job.

System action

IMS waits and resumes processing of the DDL request or the IMPORT command when the data set becomes available.

If the contention persists for 150 seconds, IMS issues message DFS4333E and terminates the processing of the DDL request or IMPORT command. Any updates to the IMS catalog that were made during the processing of a DDL request are backed out.

System programmer response

After the contention has been resolved, attempt the process again.

Module:
DFSDSSM0

DFS4339E	THE IMS DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET CANNOT BE FOUND.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing either a DDL request or an IMPORT command that updates database or program view definitions, IMS attempted to read the staging data set for the IMS directory, but the data set could not be found. Either the data set was not created yet or it otherwise cannot be found.

System action

The DDL request or IMPORT command fails.

System programmer response

Determine why the staging data set was not found.

If the staging data set is not created yet, create it by running the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00).

Module:
DFSDSSM0

DFS4340E	AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED FOR DBD <i>dbd_name</i>. REASON=<i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Updates to the database that is identified by the DBD name in the message could not be activated automatically because of the reason that is identified in the message text by the reason code.

In the message text:

dbd_name

The name of the database (DBD) that could not be activated.

pst_name

The PST name of the process that was updating the IMS directory data set.

reason_text

Text that describes the reason that the DDL request could not be activated.

System action

The automatic activation of the DDL definition failed. Any uncommitted work is backed out.

Administrator response

Review the reason code, correct the problem, and resubmit the DDL statements to IMS.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4341E	AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED FOR PSB <i>psb_name</i>. REASON=<i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Updates to the definition of the program view (PSB) that is identified in the *psb_name* field in the message could not be activated automatically because of the reason that is described in the *reason_text* field in the message.

In the message text:

psb_name

The name of the program view (PSB) that could not be activated.

pst_name

The PST name of the process that was updating the IMS directory data set.

reason_text

Text that describes the reason that the DDL request could not be activated.

System action

The automatic activation of the DDL definition failed. Any uncommitted work is backed out.

System programmer response

Review the reason code, correct the problem, and resubmit the DDL statements to IMS.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4342E IMODULE INIT FAILED; RC=xx
RSN=yyyyyyyy

Explanation

An error occurred during the initialization of the IMS IMODULE service. IMS initialization cannot continue.

In the message text:

xx

A return code that indicates the specific initialization function that failed. Possible values are:

04

Unable to load the IMS storage management module DFSMODU0. The reason code is a combination of the two values that are returned from the z/OS LOAD macro. The top half of the reason code is the abend code that the z/OS LOAD service would have issued if it had been called unconditionally. The lower half of the reason code is the reason code that is associated with the abend code. For example, 08060004 means system abend 806, reason code 04.

08

Unable to obtain storage for the IMODSTAT block (the internal IMS storage manager main control block). The reason code is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE macro.

0C

Unable to obtain storage for the internal IMODULE trace table. The reason code is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE macro.

10

Unable to obtain storage for the dynamic storage for the IMODULE service initialization

module DFSMODX0. The reason code is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE macro.

14

Unable to obtain storage for the 64-bit storage tracking object for private storage. The reason code is the return code from the z/OS IARV64 macro.

18

Unable to obtain storage for the 64-bit tracking object for common storage. The reason code is the return code from the z/OS IARV64 macro.

1C

Unable to load the IMS storage cleanup module DFSMODU2. The reason code is a combination of the two values that are returned from the z/OS LOAD macro. The top half of the reason code is the abend code that the z/OS LOAD service would have issued if it had been called unconditionally. The lower half of the reason code is the return code that is associated with the abend code. For example, 08060004 means system abend 806, reason 04.

20

Unable to obtain storage for a work area for the IMS storage cleanup routine DFSMODU2. The reason code is the return code from the z/OS STORAGE macro.

24

A DL/I separate address space (DLISAS) region attempted to initialize IMS IMODULE services; however, the associated IMS control region was not running with DLISAS and did not allocate an IMODULE IMODASCT block for DL/I. This error can be caused by erroneously starting a DL/I address space directly, outside of IMS system's control, when the associated control region is a DCCTL IMS or is running with LSO=Y (no DL/I).

28

A DLISAS region attempted to initialize IMS IMODULE services; however, another DL/I region had already initialized IMODULE services for the same control region. This error can be caused by erroneously starting a second DL/I address space directly, outside of IMS system's control, when there is already a DL/I address space started for the same IMS control region.

yyyyyyyy

A reason code that is the return code of the service that failed. For IARV64 return codes, see *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference Vol 2* (SA22-7610). For codes from STORAGE, see *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized*

Assembler Services Reference Vol 4 (SA22-7612).
For information about the abend code and the reason code from LOAD, see *z/OS MVS System Codes (SA22-7626)*.

System action:

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 0684.

System programmer response:

If the error described in this message is caused by environmental conditions, such as insufficient storage or module missing from IMS.SDFSRESL, correct the problem. Then, restart the address space. Otherwise, save any memory dump and SYSLOG information and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSMODX0

Related reference

[z/OS: IARV64 macro return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: STORAGE OBTAIN return and reason codes](#)

[z/OS: z/OS MVS System Codes](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0684](#)

DFS4343E	IMS STORAGE CLEANUPABEND <i>abend_code</i> PSW=<i>psw</i> RSN=<i>rsn</i> <i>modname</i>=<i>module_address</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An abnormal termination occurred in IMS storage cleanup processing during IMS termination.

In the message text:

abend_code

The abend code that was received; Sxxx for a system abend, Uxxxx for a user abend.

psw

The PSW (program status word) content at the time of the termination.

rsn

The abend reason code, if any; N/A if there is none.

modname

The name of the IMS cleanup module that detected the termination. This module might not be the one in which the termination occurred.

module_address

The address of the module identified with *modname*.

System action

When an abnormal termination occurs during IMS storage cleanup, the storage cleanup recovery routine receives control from z/OS. The recovery routine analyzes the abend, takes appropriate action, and

gathers diagnostic data. The recovery routine will take an SDUMP for the first abend that occurs during processing. If possible, the recovery routine will recover from the termination and return control to the storage cleanup routine to continue releasing storage.

For abends after the first, the recovery routine will issue message this message and create an error entry in LOGREC, but does not take another SDUMP.

System programmer response:

Save a copy of the memory dump and the LOGREC records pertaining to this termination. Then contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSMODX0

DFS4344E	AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED. REASON=<i>reason_text</i> PST <i>psst_name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Updates to a database or program view that were submitted to IMS via DDL statements could not be activated automatically because of the reason that is identified in the message text by the reason code.

In the message text:

psst_name

The PST name of the process that was updating the IMS directory data set.

reason_text

The code that indicates the reason that the DDL request could not be activated.

System action

The automatic activation of the DDL definition failed. Any uncommitted work is backed out.

Administrator response

Review the reason code, correct the problem, and resubmit the DDL statements to IMS.

Module:

DFS3DL40, DFS3DL50, DFSOLC70

DFS4349E	AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED. PSB <i>psb_name</i> NOT REBUILT FOR DBD <i>dbd_name</i>. REGION <i>psst_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DDL definitions cannot be activated. The program view (PSB) that is shown in the *psb_name* field

references a database, *dbd_name*, but the PSB was not rebuilt for the DBD changes.

In the message text:

dbd_name

The name of the database that was modified.

psb_name

The program view (PSB) that was not rebuilt.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The automatic activation of the DDL definitions fails.

Administrator response

Add the DDL definition changes for this PSB along with the DDL definitions for this changed DBD and submit the DDL again.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4350E *ddname function ERROR, RC=rc*

Explanation

The identified function failed for the *ddname* data set. The return codes for the OPEN and CLOSE functions are in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. RDJFCB return codes are in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services*.

In the message text:

ddname

Data set name.

function

Any of the following functions can result in this message:

- OPEN
- CLOSE
- RDJFCB

rc

Return code from the function.

System action

The utility terminates.

System programmer response:

Ensure that the DD statement for the data set is defined correctly.

Module:
DFS3UCD0

Related reference

[z/OS: OPEN--Connect Program and Data \(BDAM, BISAM interface to VSAM, BPAM, BSAM, QISAM interface to VSAM, and QSAM\)](#)

[z/OS: CLOSE--Disconnect Program and Data \(BDAM, BISAM, BPAM, BSAM, QISAM, and QSAM\)](#)

[z/OS: RDJFCB macro specification](#)

Chapter 89. DFS messages, DFS4351E - DFS4400E

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4351E *pgmname* ENCOUNTERED AN
ERROR TRYING TO READ THE
ddname DATA SET RC=*rc*

Explanation

The utility identified by *pgmname* attempted to read the data set identified by *ddname* but encountered an error in the BPERDPDS macro that opens and reads the data set.

In the message text:

pgmname
The module ID.

ddname
The data set that encountered the read error.

rc
The return code from BPERDPDS.

System action:
The utility terminates.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response:
Ensure that the data set name is correct.

Module:
DFS3UCD0

DFS4352E *pgmname* ENCOUNTERED AN
ERROR TRYING TO READ THE
ddname DATA SET RC=*rc*

Explanation

The utility identified by *pgmname* encountered an error while trying to parse the information in the data set identified by *ddname*. The BPEPARSE service is used to parse the data set.

In the message text:

pgmname
The module ID.

ddname
The data set that encountered the parsing error.

rc
The return code from BPEPARSE.

System action:

The utility terminates.

System programmer response:
Additional BPE messages are generated at the same time as this message. See those messages for more information about the parsing error.

Module:
DFS3UCD0

DFS4353I *pgmname* PROCESSING
COMPLETED, RC=*rc* RSN=*rsn*

Explanation

The *pgmname* utility completed processing successfully. This message is typically followed by additional utility or macro messages.

In the message text:

pgmname
The module ID.

rc
The return code from the utility.

rsn
The reason code from the utility.

System action:
The utility terminates.

Programmer response:
If the return code is not zero, errors might have occurred during processing. Examine the other messages generated by the utility to determine if troubleshooting is necessary.

Module:
DFS3UCD0

Related reference
[IMS catalog partition definition data set utility \(DFS3UCD0\)](#)

DFS4354E FAILURE OBTAINING STORAGE,
RC=*rc* RSN= *rsn*

Explanation

The utility identified by *pgmname* encountered an error while obtaining storage. This error usually occurs because the region size is not large enough.

In the message text:

pgmname
The module ID.

rc

Reason code from the STORAGE OBTAIN macro.

rsn

Identifies the type of storage block:

1

Grammar

2

Parsed output

3

Definition control block

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Increase the region size where the utility is running and run the job again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4355E	HIKEY=YES CANNOT BE SPECIFIED WITH PARTSEL, HALDB=<i>dbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

A HALDB can either use a partition selection exit or high key values, but not both.

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the HALDB SYSIN statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility and run the job again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4356I	HALDB <i>dbname</i> SUCCESSFULLY DEFINED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DFS3UCD0 utility successfully created the partition definition data set for the *dbname* database.

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4357E	NO PART STATEMENT SPECIFIED IN SYSIN FOR HALDB=<i>dbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SYSIN statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility does not contain any PART statements for the HALDB identified by *dbname*.

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Either add a PART statement for the database or remove the HALDB statement for the database and run the job again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4358E	PART STATEMENT HAS NO CORRESPONDING HALDB STATEMENT, HALDB=<i>dbname</i> PART=<i>partname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is no HALDB statement specified for the identified partition.

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the SYSIN statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility. Either add an appropriate HALDB statement or remove the identified PART statement and run the job again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4359E	KEYWORDS KEYSTCHAR AND KEYSTHEX CANNOT BE SPECIFIED TOGETHER, HALDB=<i>dbname</i> PART=<i>partname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The KEYSTCHAR and KEYSTHEX parameters of the HALDB PART statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility are mutually exclusive. Either specify the partition high key value or selection string in character format (KEYSTCHAR) or in hexadecimal format (KEYSTHEX).

System action:

The utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the HALDB PART statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility and run the job again

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4360E	<i>statement</i> STATEMENT CONTAINS AN INVALID VALUE IN KEYWORD
-----------------	--

**keyword, HALDB=dbname
PART=partname**

Explanation

The indicated keyword value is invalid. This typically occurs because an illegal character was used, because the value is too long or too short, or because a numeric value was outside the valid range.

In the message text:

statement

The statement containing the invalid parameter value.

keyword

The keyword for which the invalid parameter value was specified.

dbname

The HALDB database name specified for the utility.

partname

The HALDB partition name specified for the utility.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the keyword value and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

**DFS4361E MORE BLOCKSIZE VALUES ARE
SPECIFIED THAN THE NUMBER
OF DATA SET GROUPS (nn),
HALDB=dbname PART=partname**

Explanation

The HALDB named *dbname* uses *nn* data set groups. The PART statement of the DFS3UCD0 utility job specified more than *nn* block size values for the BLOCKSIZE parameter.

In the message text:

nn

The number of data set groups the *dbname* HALDB uses.

dbname

The database name.

partname

The HALDB partition name.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the BLOCKSIZE parameter and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

**DFS4362E A HIGH KEY IS REQUIRED FOR
THIS PARTITION, HALDB=dbname
PART=partname**

Explanation

The PART statement for the identified HALDB partition (*partname*) did not specify a high key value. The HALDB identified by *dbname* does not use a partition selection exit routine, so a high key value is required.

In the message text:

dbname

The database name.

partname

The HALDB partition name.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Specify a high key value with either the KEYSTCHAR parameter or the KEYSTHEX parameter and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

**DFS4363E A PARTITION SELECTION EXIT IS
REQUIRED WHEN HIKEY=NO IS
SPECIFIED, HALDB=dbname**

Explanation

A HALDB statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility with the keyword HIKEY=NO must use a partition selection exit routine. No PARTSEL keyword was included, or the name was not valid.

In the message text:

dbname

The database name.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Specify a partition selection exit routine with the PARTSEL keyword and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again. You can specify the exit routine name in either the SYSIN statement for the utility or in the DBDLIB member for the database.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

**DFS4364E statement STATEMENT SPECIFIES
A DUPLICATE nametype NAME,
HALDB|PART=name**

Explanation

HALDB names and HALDB partition names must be globally unique.

In the message text:

statement

The SYSIN statement where the duplicate name is located.

nametype

The type of resource that is using a duplicate name.

name

The database or database partition name.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the duplicate name and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4365E **INVALID KEY OR STRING VALUE
SPECIFIED IN PART STATEMENT,
HALDB=dbname PART=partname
RSN=reason**

Explanation

The *partname* PART statement for the DFS3UCD0 utility specified an invalid high key value with either the KEYSTCHAR or KEYSTHEX keyword.

In the message text:

dbname

The HALDB name.

partname

The HALDB partition name.

reason

The reason why the specified key value is invalid:

KEY TOO LONG

The specified high key value is longer than the root key length for the HALDB.

ODD NUMBER HEX

An odd number of characters was specified for the KEYSTHEX parameter. Hexadecimal values must contain an even number of characters.

INVALID HEX

An invalid character was specified for the KEYSTHEX parameter. Hexadecimal values can include the numerals 1-9 and the letters A-F.

DUPLICATE KEY

High key values for each partition of a HALDB must be unique within that HALDB. The

specified key value was used in a previous PART statement.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the KEYSTCHAR or KEYSTHEX parameter value and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4366E **TOO MANY PARTITIONS
SPECIFIED FOR HALDB=dbname**

Explanation

HALDBs cannot have more than 1001 partitions.

In the message text:

dbname

The HALDB name.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Reduce the number of HALDB partitions defined for this HALDB and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4367E **ddname CANNOT CONTAIN
CONCATENATED DATA SETS**

Explanation

A DD statement submitted for the DFS3UCD0 utility contains multiple data sets. Multiple data sets are not supported by the utility.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD statement name

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the DD statement and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4368E **DBDLIB PROCESSING ERROR,
RSN=rsncode DB=dbname**

Explanation

The IMS catalog partition definition data set utility encountered an error while processing the IMS DBDLIB.

In the message text:

rsncode

One of the following reason codes:

- 1 No IMS DD statement
- 2 IMS DD open error
- 3 Database not found in DBDLIB
- 4 Specified DB is not a HALDB

dbname

For reason codes 3 and 4, this field indicates the database name that was either not found or that is not a HALDB. For reason codes 1 and 2, this field is blank.

System action:

The DFS3UCD0 utility terminates.

Programmer response:

Correct the DD statement and run the DFS3UCD0 utility again.

Module:

DFS3UCD0

DFS4369I THE DDL-DEFINED DBD *dbd_name* REPLACED A PRIOR INSTANCE OF THE DBD IN THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST *pst_name*

Explanation

The partition specification table (PST) task that is identified in the message text is replacing an existing instance of the database (DBD) that is named in the message text with an updated, DDL-defined instance of the DBD.

In the message text:

dbd_name

The database (DBD) that is replaced in the IMS directory data set.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The PST task replaces the DBD in the IMS directory data set with the updated DBD and continues processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

The database remains in a stopped state.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSOLC70

Related reference

[QUERY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

[/DISPLAY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4370I SHUTDOWN IS CHECKING RESOURCES FOR AUTOEXPORT TO REPOSITORY TYPE=*reptype*. NAME=*reponame*.

Explanation

When an IMS shutdown command is issued to an IMS system that has automatic export (autoexport) to the IMSRSC repository enabled, IMS shutdown first processes automatic export to the repository before starting the IMS shutdown processing. The DFS4370I message is issued before the automatic export to the IMSRSC repository is started by IMS.

The DFS4370I message indicates that IMS shutdown is starting to check for resource and descriptor definitions that have been created or updated since the last EXPORT or automatic export and should be written to the repository. The main IMS shutdown process does not start until after the resource checking is done and the automatic export (if needed) has successfully completed.

The DFS4370I message is issued to the system console and MTO even if the shutdown command is issued from the OM API. The message indicates IMS system action and is not a command response.

After the DFS4370I message is issued, the IMS system starts the autoexport processing, which can result in one of the following:

- The autoexport processing during IMS shutdown waits because another automatic export, EXPORT command, IMPORT command, or a CREATE, UPDATE or DELETE IMS command is in progress.
- The autoexport during IMS shutdown finds resource definitions to be exported and initiates the autoexport. In this case, the DFS4390I INITIATED message is issued followed by the DFS4390I COMPLETED | FAILED message. If autoexport during

IMS shutdown fails, the DFS4391I message is issued indicating that IMS shutdown processing is terminated. Refer to the user actions in message DFS4391I for actions that can be taken.

- The autoexport during IMS shutdown finds no resource definitions to be exported. In this case, no other autoexport messages are issued and IMS shutdown begins.

When another autoexport or other IMS EXPORT, IMPORT, CREATE, UPDATE, or DELETE commands are in progress it is possible for there to be delay between the DFS4370I message and either IMS shutdown starting or the DFS4390I messages. If the autoexport or EXPORT command is long running because of the number of resource definitions being written to the repository, the delay might be significant.

In the message text:

reptype

The repository type. The only valid value is IMSRSC.

reponame

The repository name.

System action

Refer to the previous explanation in this topic on IMS actions after the DFS4370I is issued. IMS shutdown processing will start after automatic export to repository is successful or there are no resource definitions to autoexport. IMS shutdown will fail if there is an error during autoexport.

User response

If the DFS4370I message is issued by IMS and IMS does not start IMS shutdown processing or IMS does not issue the DFS4390I AUTOEXPORT messages, then IMS is waiting for automatic export at shutdown processing to start. Check to see whether any prior automatic export is in progress or if other IMPORT, EXPORT, CREATE, UPDATE, or DELETE commands are in progress.

Also look for any highlighted messages in RM to see if autoexport from IMS is waiting for any locks.

IMS cannot start shutdown processing until the autoexport is completed.

Module:
DFSICM30

DFS4371W	IMS STOPPED TRANSACTION OR PROGRAM TO ACTIVATE DDL DEFINITIONS FOR PSB <i>psb_name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

DDL statements that change the definition of the program view (PSB) that is identified in the message text were submitted to IMS. To activate these changes, IMS stopped a transaction or a program.

System action

The transaction or program associated with the PSB identified in the message text is stopped. The PSB definition changes are activated. The transaction or program remains stopped.

Operator response

After IMS finishes activating the PSB changes, restart the transaction or program. For a transaction, use either the type-2 command UPDATE TRAN START(SCHD) or the type-1 /START TRAN command. For a program, use either the type-2 command UPDATE PGM START(SCHD) or the type-1 /START PGM command.

Module:

DFS4372I	THE DDL-DEFINED PSB <i>psb_name</i> REPLACED A PRIOR INSTANCE OF THE PSB IN THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The partition specification table (PST) task that is identified in the message text is replacing an existing instance of the program view (PSB) that is identified in the message text with an updated, DDL-defined instance of the PSB.

In the message text:

psb_name

The program view (PSB) that is replaced in the IMS directory data set.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The PST task replaces the PSB in the IMS directory data set with the updated PSB and continues processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSOLC70

Related reference

[QUERY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)
[/DISPLAY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4373I **IMS INITIALIZATION IS WAITING
FOR IMS *ims_id* TO COMPLETE AN
IMPORT FROM THE SHARED IMS
CATALOG**

Explanation

This IMS system is waiting for IMS *ims_id* to finish processing an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command.

System action

The IMS system waits.

Programmer response

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS)
SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the current status of import processing.

Module:

DFSRDB30

Related reference

[IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command
\(Commands\)](#)
[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4374W **I/O ERROR READING MEMBER
DFSIMSL.**

Explanation

The IMS system could not read the DFSIMSL member of the IMS directory data set of a shared IMS catalog. The DFSIMSL member is an automatically generated list of the IMS systems that share the IMS catalog.

System action

The IMS system attempts to rebuild member DFSIMSL.

Programmer response

Perform a warm start of the other IMS systems that share this same IMS catalog to ensure the list IMS ID in the DFSIMSL member is current before issuing the **IMPORT** command again.

Module

DFSRDB30

DFS4375I

**UOW ABORTED FOR ONLINE
ACTIVATION OF ACB RESOURCE:
FOUND LOG RECORD 70nn.
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc.**

Explanation

During IMS restart or an FDBR takeover, updates were found in the IMS catalog database that were not committed.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

nn

The last two digits of the four digit log record number. For example, possible log records that might be displayed include:

- 7005
- 7007
- 7008
- 7014
- 7015

System action

IMS backs out all updates to the IMS directory data set for the UOW that corresponds to the uncommitted updates in the IMS catalog.

System programmer response

Issue the **IMPORT** command again or resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:

DFSMOL20

DFS4376I

**UOW COMMITTED FOR ONLINE
ACTIVATION OF ACB RESOURCE:
FOUND LOG RECORD 70nn.
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc.**

Explanation

The updates to both the catalog database and the directory data sets have been committed.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

nn

The last two digits of the four digit log record number. For example, possible log records that might be displayed include:

- 7005
- 7007
- 7008
- 7014
- 7015

System action

At IMS restart or at FDBR take over, because the updates to the catalog database have been committed, IMS also committed all changes to the IMS directory data sets for this UOW.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSMOL20

DFS4377I **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL
SUBMISSION COMPLETE. RC=00.
PST *pst_name***

Explanation

All of the instructions in a DDL stream were successfully applied to the IMS directory data set.

In the message text:

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

rc

The return code issued by the PST task.

System action

Depending on the type of resource updates and the activation options specified, the resource changes might be activated immediately or the resources might require additional steps, such as issuing the IMS type-2 CREATE command, before they are active in the IMS system.

Administrator response:

Confirm that the resources are active by using IMS type-2 QUERY commands and, if they are not, take any additional necessary steps to activate the resources.

Module:

DFS3DL50

Related reference

[QUERY DB command \(Commands\)](#)

[QUERY PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

[CREATE DB command \(Commands\)](#)

[CREATE PGM command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4379W **IMS STOPPED DATABASE
dbd_name TO ACTIVATE DDL
DEFINITION CHANGES.**

Explanation

DDL statements that change the definition of the database that is identified in the message text were submitted to IMS. To activate these changes, IMS stopped the database.

System action

The database identified in the message text is stopped. The database definition changes are activated. The database remains stopped.

Operator response

After IMS finishes activating the database changes, restart the database by issuing either the type-2 command UPDATE DB START(ACCESS) or the type-1 / START DB command.

Module:

DFS4380W **OTMA XCF MESSAGES FROM
member name HAVE REACHED
80% OF THE MAXIMUM MESSAGE
LIMIT *nnn***

Explanation:

OTMA processing could slow down because a problem with RACF I/O, queue manager I/O, or other unknown internal component was encountered by the IMS system. XCF messages from an OTMA client, such as IMS Connect or IBM MQ, can pile up in the IMS causing a potential flood condition. When OTMA detects this condition, OTMA issues this warning message. It then sends out a protocol message to the OTMA client so that the client can reroute the subsequent transactions to a different IMS. The XCF messages from the OTMA client eventually are processed by the IMS when the slow down condition is relieved or resolved. If the OTMA transaction expiration function is activated in the IMS system, these XCF messages could be discarded.

System action:

Processing continues. An OTMA protocol message with the warning status is sent to the OTMA client.

System programmer response:

A potential XCF message flood has occurred in this IMS. Reroute new transaction requests to a different IMS.

Module:
DFSYSND0

DFS4381I **OTMA XCF MESSAGE FLOOD
CONDITION HAS BEEN RELIEVED
FOR MEMBER *name***

Explanation:

The OTMA XCF message count has reached 50% of the maximum limit. OTMA has considered this condition as a relieve condition and issued this informational message.

System action:

Processing continues. An OTMA protocol message with the OK status is sent to the OTMA client.

System programmer response:

An XCF message flood has been resolved. This IMS is OK to process new transactions from OTMA clients.

Module:
DFSYSND0

DFS4382W **THE TOTAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
nnnnnnnn HAS REACHED 80% OF
mmmmmm for MEMBER *name***

Explanation

OTMA detected that the number of transaction pipes (tpipe) has reached or exceeded 80% of the maximum number *mmmmmm*, which you set in the descriptor file. OTMA issues this warning message for each OTMA member.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The current number of tpipes

mmmmmm

The limit number of tpipes you set for this member

name

The name of the member

System action:

The system continues to create tpipes.

System programmer response:

Start monitoring the number of tpipes for each member. Issue a checkpoint three times to clean the idle tpipes.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4383E **THE TOTAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
nnnnnnnn HAS REACHED 100% OF
mmmmmm for MEMBER *name***

Explanation

OTMA detected that the number of transaction pipes (tpipe) has reached or exceeded the maximum limit indicated by *mmmmmm*, which you set in the descriptor file. OTMA issues this message for each OTMA member.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The current number of tpipes

mmmmmm

The limit number of tpipes you set for this member

name

The name of the member

System action:

Processing stops. IMS ceases creating tpipes and issues this message.

System programmer response:

An OTMA tpipe overflow has occurred in this IMS. OTMA stops creating new tpipes. Issue a checkpoint three times to clean the idle tpipes. The system can then continue to create new tpipes.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4384I **THE TOTAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
nnnnnnnn HAS DECREASED BELOW
xx% OF *mmmmmm* for MEMBER
*name***

Explanation

OTMA detected that the number of transaction pipes (tpipes) has fallen below *xx* percentage of the maximum limit indicated by *mmmmmm*, which you set in the descriptor file. OTMA issues this relief message for each OTMA client.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The current number of tpipes

xx

The relief level of the maximum limit. This relief level can be set in the OTMA client descriptor. The default is 50.

mmmmmm

The limit number of tpipes you set for this member

name

The name of the member

System action:

The system continues to create tpipes.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4385E	THE GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT <i>nnnnnnn</i> HAS REACHED 100% OF <i>kkkkkk</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

OTMA detected that the total number of transaction pipes (tpipe) has reached or exceeded the monitoring point indicated by *kkkkkk*.

In the message text:

nnnnnnn

The current global number of tpipes.

kkkkkk

The global monitoring point. This number is the highest *MAXTP* among the OTMA clients when DFSOTMA *MAXTP* is not specified.

System action:

IMS rejects any subsequent tpipe creation requests from OTMA clients and IMS applications. The **/DISPLAY OTMA** command will display MAX TPIPE for the USER-STATUS of the OTMA server.

System programmer response:

Issue the **/DISPLAY OTMA** command to view the TPCNT value, which is the total tpipes in use, and the MAXTP value, which is the global tpipe limit specified. You can issue the **IMS /CHECKPOINT** command three times to force the tpipe cleanup so that idle tpipes in the system can be deleted. You can also specify a new global tpipe limit by using the DFSOTMA *MAXTP* parameter.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4386I	THE GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT <i>nnnnnnnn</i> HAS DECREASE BELOW 80% OF <i>kkkkkk</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

OTMA detected that the total number of transaction pipes (tpipe) has fallen below 80% of monitoring point indicated by *kkkkkk*.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The current global number of tpipes.

kkkkkk

The global monitoring point. This number is the highest number of tpipes you set for all members.

System action:

The system continues to create tpipes.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4387I	MEMBER <i>rsc_name</i> HAS NO CHANGE
-----------------	---

Explanation

During the processing of an IMPORT command or the DDL activation, found a member in the staging data set that is the same as the one in the directory data set.

In the message text:

rsc_name

The name of the DBD or PSB resource that has no change.

System action

The IMPORT command or the DDL activation process continues. A rerun of the IMPORT command or DDL activation due to data set I/O error or data set full condition may cause the member to be copied to the directory again.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4388W	THE TOTAL OTMA INPUT MESSAGES(TIB) HAVE REACHED OR EXCEEDED THE GLOBAL LIMIT <i>nnn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:

OTMA detected that the total number of commit mode 1 (CM1) message blocks (YTIB) has reached or exceeded the warning limit indicated by *nnn* in the message text. OTMA considers this message flood condition as a global warning for all the OTMA clients.

System action:

Processing continues. An OTMA protocol message with the warning status is sent to all OTMA clients.

System programmer response:

An OTMA message flood has occurred in this IMS. Reroute the new transaction requests to a different IMS.

Module:
DFSYFD00

DFS4390I **AUTOMATIC EXPORT *func*type
FOR REPOSITORY TYPE=*repot*ype,
NAME=*repon*ame**

Explanation

The DFS4390I message indicates the start, completion, or failure of the automatic export to the IMSRSC repository.

In the message text:

***func*type**

INITIATED, COMPLETED, or FAILED.

A DFS4390I message with *func*type=INITIATED is issued when the automatic export processing to the repository was started.

A DFS4390I message with *func*type=COMPLETED is issued when the automatic export processing to the repository was completed successfully.

A DFS4390I message with *func*type=FAILED is issued when the automatic export processing to the repository failed due to an error.

type

The repository type.

name

The repository name.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

User response

If a DFS4390I message with *func*type of both INITIATED and COMPLETED is issued, the resource definitions in IMS and the repository are in synchronization. No action is needed.

If a DFS4390I message with *func*type of both INITIATED and FAILED is issued, there was an error during automatic export to the repository. For more information about the error, see the DFS4401E message. After the error is resolved, issue the **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO) OPTION(CHANGESONLY)** command or wait for the next automatic export.

If you need to cold start IMS when automatic export has not been done, refer to the procedures for retrieving the resources to be exported from the IMS log by using the Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCLO) with the EXPORTNEEDED parameter.

Module:

DFSXP000

Related reference

[Create RDDS from Log Records utility \(DFSURCLO\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS4401E” on page 1207](#)

RM *requestname* ERROR, RC=*rc* RSN=*rsn*
ERRORTXT=*errortext*

DFS4391E **IMS SHUTDOWN CANNOT
COMPLETE DUE TO *reason*text**

Explanation

In the message text:

***reason*text**

Explains the reason for the error. *reason*text can be one of the following:

AUTOEXPORT ERROR

The IMS shutdown checkpoint cannot be started due to an error while automatic exporting to the IMSRSC repository.

System action:

Shutdown is canceled.

User response

The user response depends on the *reason*text value, as follows:

AUTOEXPORT ERROR

See the DFS4401E message, which indicates the error during automatic export. Fix the error and try the IMS shutdown again.

Alternatively, you can turn off AUTOEXPORT with the **UPDATE IMS SET(AUTOEXPORT(N))** command and then try the IMS shutdown command again. Because AUTOEXPORT is not enabled, IMS will not automatically export any resource definitions that were created or modified since the last **EXPORT** command or automatic export to the IMSRSC repository.

Module:

DFSICM30

Related reference

[UPDATE IMS command \(Commands\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS4401E” on page 1207](#)

RM *requestname* ERROR, RC=*rc* RSN=*rsn*
ERRORTXT=*errortext*

DFS4400E **RM IS NOT ENABLED
TO USE REPOSITORY FOR
REPOTYPE=*repot*ype**

Explanation

IMS is defined to import stored resource definitions automatically from the IMSRSC repository, as specified with AUTOIMPORT=REPO or AUTOIMPORT=AUTO and the REPOSITORY section. However, Resource Manager (RM) is not enabled to

use the repository for the defined repository type. You must take one of the following actions:

- Enable RM with the repository before IMS is restarted
- Modify IMS to disable automatic import from the repository
- Remove the definitions in the REPOSITORY section

In the message text:

reptype

Indicates the repository type. The valid value for *reptype* is IMSRSC.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend code 0400, subcode 01.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

Modify the AUTOIMPORT option in the dynamic resource definition section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB

member to disable automatic import from the repository, or enable RM to use the repository.

User response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related concepts

[IMS initialization with the IMSRSC repository \(System Administration\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0400](#)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

Chapter 90. DFS messages, DFS4401E - DFS4450I

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4401E **RM requestname ERROR, RC=rc**
 RSN=rsn ERRORTEXT=errortext

Explanation

An error occurred while processing the specified RM request type.

If the error message is issued during IMS autoexport to the IMSRSC repository, then the autoexport was not successful. The error return and reason code indicate the error. Once the error is resolved, you can issue an **EXPORT DEFINITION(CHANGESONLY)** command or wait for the next autoexport to trigger the write of the changed resource definitions to the IMSRSC repository.

In the message text:

requestname

Indicates the RM request type that failed or that an IMS, OM, RM, or SCI function failed when automatic import or automatic export was preparing to issue an RM request.

rc

The high-order byte of the return code helps you identify the address space that returned the error.

X'00'

Identifies an IMS error, where the return code and reason code is mapped by the DFSCMDRR macro.

X'01'

Identifies an SCI error, where the return code and reason code is mapped by the CSLSRR macro.

X'02'

Identifies an OM error, where the return code and reason code is mapped by the CSLORR macro.

X'03'

Identifies an RM error, where the return code and reason code is mapped by the CSLRRR macro.

After you determine the address space that returned the error, you can further investigate the return and reason codes returned from the source macro.

rsn

Indicates the reason code from the specified RM request type. For a description of the reason code, see the CSLSRR or CSLRRR macro.

errortext

Indicates error text. *errortext* can be blank or the error text from the RM request type, which provides more information about the error.

errortext can have the following value:

CHANGE LIST

Indicates that the attempt to delete the change list failed. If the change list exists, it is processed the next time IMS warm starts or emergency restarts, or deleted the next time IMS cold starts.

This message can be issued in any of the following situations:

- During IMS cold start
- While the IMS change list is being imported internally during IMS warm or emergency restart
- While the IMS change list is being deleted during IMS warm start, emergency restart, or cold start
- During IMS automatic export to the IMSRSC repository

System action

If this message is issued during IMS cold start while resource definitions are being imported automatically from the IMSRSC repository, the IMS system ends abnormally with abend code 3368. If the message is issued during IMS change list processing, the IMS system continues processing.

If the DFS4401E message with ERRORTEXT=CHANGE LIST is issued after the IMS restart is complete, IMS initiates a simple checkpoint to be able to log the change list time in the checkpoint log record. The IMS checkpoint is taken so that the residual change list that was not deleted is not reprocessed at IMS restart.

The DFS4401E message might be accompanied by a DFS4744E message to provide additional information for an RM error that occurred.

If the DFS4401E message is issued during the autoexport processing after the DFS4390I AUTOEXPORT INITIATED message, then IMS continues processing. The resource definitions are

not yet exported to the IMSRSC repository. If the DFS4401E message is issued during autoexport processing during IMS shutdown processing, the IMS shutdown is aborted. You cannot shut down IMS until the resource definitions are successfully exported to the repository or automatic export to the repository is turned off.

System programmer response

The RM return and reason codes are described in the CSLRRR macro.

If this message resulted in termination of IMS, fix the problem that resulted in the RM error and then restart IMS. If this message is issued while IMS is processing the change list, the resource definitions that were being imported might be in NOTINIT-xx-REPOCHGLIST state. The resources and descriptors remain NOTINIT until IMS is restarted and the next internal import from the change list succeeds, or until you issue an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command to successfully import the resource and the descriptor definitions from the repository. You can issue the **QUERY DB, QUERY PGM, QUERY RTCODE**, and **QUERY TRAN** commands to display the resources that are in the NOTINIT-xx-REPOCHGLIST state. There are no **QUERY** commands for displaying descriptors in NOTINIT state because descriptors do not have status. See message DFS4414I for names of the descriptors that are still in NOTINIT state if the internal import from the change list failed.

If the DFS4401E message with **ERRORTEXT=CHANGE LIST** is issued by IMS during restart processing, it indicates that IMS was not able to delete the IMS change list from the IMSRSC repository. You must issue a **DELETE DEFN TYPE(CHGLIST)** command to delete the change list from the repository.

If the DFS4401E message is issued during the autoexport processing after the DFS4390I **AUTOEXPORT INITIATED** message, then IMS continues processing. Because the resource definitions are not yet exported to the IMSRSC repository, after the error is resolved, you can issue an **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO) OPTION(CHANGESONLY)** command to manually export the resource definitions or wait for the next automatic export.

If the DFS4401E message is issued during autoexport processing during IMS shutdown processing, the IMS shutdown is aborted. You cannot shut down IMS until the resource definitions are successfully exported to the repository or automatic export to the repository is turned off. After the error is resolved, you can attempt to shut down IMS so that the automatic export is successful or you can turn off automatic export

by using the **UPDATE IMS SET(AUTOEXPORT(N))** command.

Module:

DFSIP300, DFSRPS60, DFSICM30, DFSRPS50

Related concepts

[IMS initialization with the IMSRSC repository \(System Administration\)](#)

Related tasks

[Cold starting an IMS system that uses the IMSRSC repository \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

Related reference

[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

0400 (Messages and Codes)

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

DFS4402W	THE REPOSITORY SECTION IS IGNORED BECAUSE IMS IS ENABLED WITH <i>variabletext</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The REPOSITORY section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set is ignored because IMS is not enabled with DRD (MODBLKS=OLC) or IMS is not using RM services (RMENV=N).

In the message text:

variabletext

Can be one of the following values:

MODBLKS=OLC

RMENV=N

The DFS4402W message is issued only if the REPOSITORY section is defined in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set along with MODBLKS=OLC and RMENV=N.

System action

IMS continues processing with MODBLKS=OLC or RMENV=NO. IMS is not enabled to use the IMSRSC repository.

System programmer response:

If IMS will be enabled with MODBLKS=OLC or RMENV=NO, remove the REPOSITORY= statement from the DFSDFxxx member so that the DFS4402W message is not issued at the next restart. Or, if the IMSRSC repository is to be enabled, modify IMS to be

enabled with DRD if MODBLKS=OLC and to use RM services by removing the RMENV=NO statement.

Module:
DFSDFN10

Related concepts

[IMS initialization with the IMSRSC repository \(System Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS4403E REPOSITORY= STATEMENT IS
NOT DEFINED FOR REPOSITORY
TYPE=repotype**

Explanation

During IMS initialization, it was detected that the REPOSITORY= statement was not coded in the REPOSITORY section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set.

In the message text:

repotype

Indicates the repository type.

When *repotype* is IMSRSC, the REPOSITORY= *statement* is not defined in the DFSDFxxx member and the repository section header might not be defined. If AUTOIMPORT=AUTO is specified, IMS issues this message and AUTOIMPORT from RDDS or MODBLKS. If AUTOIMPORT=REPO is specified, IMS initialization terminates abnormally with abend 0071 and RC=27,2108.

System action

If AUTOIMPORT=REPO is specified, IMS initialization ends abnormally with IMS abend code 0071 and return code 27,2108.

If AUTOIMPORT=AUTO is specified, IMS initialization resource definitions are read from RDDS or MODBLKS if they are defined and not empty.

Operator response

No action is required.

System programmer response

For AUTOIMPORT=REPO, add the REPOSITORY= statement to the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set and restart IMS.

For AUTOIMPORT=AUTO, if the resource definitions are to be imported from the repository, add the REPOSITORY= statement to the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set and restart IMS.

If using RDDS or MODBLKS is valid, no action is needed.

User response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSDFN10

Related reference

[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[IMS abend 0071](#)
[“IMS problem determination” on page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS4404I IMS CONNECTED TO
RMNAME=rmname FOR
REPOSITORY TYPE=repotype
REPOSITORY NAME=reponame**

Explanation

IMS successfully connected to the repository whose name and type are shown in the message.

In the message text:

rmname

Indicates the Resource Manager (RM) name.

repotype

Indicates the repository type. The only valid value is IMSRSC.

reponame

Indicates the repository name.

System action:

Processing continues.

Operator response

No action is required.

User response

No action is required.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Related concepts

[IMS initialization with the IMSRSC repository \(System Administration\)](#)

Related tasks

[Cold starting an IMS system that uses the IMSRSC repository \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

Related reference

[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4405W	REPOSITORY FOR REPOTYPE=<i>reptype</i> IS EMPTY, REPONAME=<i>reponame</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS connected successfully to the repository whose name and type are indicated in the message. However, Resource Manger (RM) indicated that the repository was empty. No resources are imported from the repository.

At the end of IMS cold start, you must issue the **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO)** command or run the RDDS-to-Repository utility (CSLURP10) to populate the runtime resource definitions to the repository.

In the message text:

reptype

Indicates the repository type. The only valid value is IMSRSC.

reponame

Indicates the repository name.

System action

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

Issue the **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO)** command or use CSLURP10 to export the runtime resource definitions to the repository.

User response

Issue the **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO)** command or use CSLURP10 to export the runtime resource definitions to the repository.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSIP300

Related tasks

[Cold starting an IMS system that uses the IMSRSC repository \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

Related reference

[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4406E	REPOSITORY= STATEMENT FOR REPOTYPE=<i>reptype</i> INCONSISTENT OVER RESTART
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS.PROCLIB member DFSDFxxx was inconsistent with REPOSITORY for REPOTYPE=*reptype* usage before the restart.

In the message text:

reptype

The repository type

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0168 and code X'1C'.

Programmer response

Correct the IMS.PROCLIB member DFSDFxxx to include or not include REPOSITORY usage by adding or deleting the statement: REPOSITORY=(TYPE=*reptype*) in the <SECTION=REPOSITORY> section.

Non-XRF and XRF active systems need come up with repository usage as follows:

1. Changing from REPO(Yes) to REPO(No) is only allowed on a cold start
2. Changing from REPO(No) to Repo(Yes) is allowed on NRE. It is also allowed on ERE if an **UPD** IMS command was used before the restart to successfully connect to the repository.
3. Changing Repo(No) to Repo(No) is always allowed unless an **UPD** IMS command was used before the restart to connect to the repository.
4. Changing Repo(Yes) to Repo(Yes) is always allowed.

XRF alternate systems need to come up with repository usage consistent with the SNAPQ checkpoint from which it was restarted.

Module:

DFSRLP00

Related information
[IMS abend 0168](#)

DFS4407A **IMS IS NOT ENABLED TO
USE THE REPOSITORY FOR
REPOTYPE=repotype**

Explanation

A TAKEOVER (TKO) occurred on an XRF alternate system that has failed processing a type22 record for the command: **UPD IMS SET(LCLPARM(REPO(Y) REPOTYPE(repotype)))**. The command was successful on the XRF active system.

In the message text:

repotype
The repository type

System action

Processing continues, but the DFS4407A message remains highlighted on the console until an **UPD** command to connect to the repository is processed on the new XRF active system.

Operator response

No action is required.

Programmer response

Correct any problems that might cause repository connection failures, and issue the **UPD** command on the new XRF active system again.

Module:
DFSIU130

DFS4407E **IMS IS NOT ENABLED TO
USE THE REPOSITORY FOR
REPOTYPE=repotype**

Explanation

An extended recovery facility (XRF) alternate system failed processing a type22 record for command **UPD IMS SET(LCLPARM(REPO(Y) REPOTYPE(repotype)))**. The command was successful on the XRF active system.

In the message text:

repotype
The repository type

System action

Processing continues, but the XRF active is now using the repository while the XRF alternate is not.

Programmer response

Correct any problems that might cause repository connection failures, and issue the **UPD** IMS command on the active IMS again.

Module:
DFSIU130

DFS4408I **REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST
PROCESSING INITIATED**

Explanation

This message is issued at the end of IMS restart (warm start or emergency restart), after log record processing, if the restarting IMS is enabled with the IMSRSC repository. If the restarting IMS is enabled with the IMSRSC repository, IMS determines whether a change list exists and should be processed.

If a change list exists, all change list resources and descriptors are quiesced and imported internally from the repository asynchronously from IMS restart. The change list resources and descriptors are marked as NOTINIT, with a status of NOTINIT-xx-REPOCHGLIST, so that no work can be processed for them until the change list resources are imported into IMS. If any of the resources on the change list do not exist, a new resource is created with no attributes defined, taking the default value if any, and marked NOTINIT.

If a change list does not exist, this message is followed by message DFS4412I.

System action:

IMS reads the change list from the repository and starts processing the list by importing the stored resource definitions into IMS as runtime resource definitions. Change list processing might be finished after IMS restart completes. If change list processing is successful, message DFS4412I is issued.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRPS20

DFS4409A **REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST
IS NOT ACCESSIBLE - IMS
RESOURCES MAY BE OUT OF SYNC**

Explanation

During IMS restart (warm start or emergency restart), IMS was unable to access the IMSRSC repository to determine whether a change list existed.

This message is preceded by the following message:

DFS4401E RM CSLRPxxx REQUEST FAILED, RC=xxxxxxx
RSN=xxxxxxx ERRORTXT=

The DFS4401E message indicates why the repository is not accessible. For example, the repository is not accessible if the repository is stopped, the Repository Server is down, or RM is down.

If the change list does not exist in the repository, there is no problem.

If the change list exists in the repository, the IMS runtime resource definitions are out of synchronization with the stored resource definitions in the repository. The change list contains the list of resources and descriptors that were imported while IMS was down.

System action:

During IMS restart, IMS does not create or update resources and descriptors that are listed in the change list. The change list in the IMSRSC repository is not deleted. The change list will be processed and deleted the next time IMS restarts.

User response

Correct the problem, shut down the IMS, and then restart it, so that the change list processing can be completed successfully and the change list is deleted.

Alternatively, if you do not want to shut down IMS, you can take one of the following actions:

- Issue the **QUERY DB, QUERY DBDESC, QUERY PGM, QUERY PGMDISC, QUERY RTC, QUERY RTCDESC, QUERY TRAN, or QUERY TRANDESC** command by using time stamps to determine which resource definitions are outdated. Then, import those resources by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command.
- Import all resources again, by issuing the command: **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO) NAME(*) TYPE(ALL) OPTION(UPDATE)**.

If an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command is issued to update the IMS runtime definitions with the stored resource definitions in the repository, a **DELETE DEFN TYPE(CHGLIST)** command must be issued to delete the IMS change list from the repository.

Module:

DFSRPS60

DFS4410I **REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST
PROCESSING SUCCEEDED FOR
RSCTYPE=rsctype COUNT=count**

Explanation

Runtime resource definitions for IMS resources and descriptors are now synchronized with the stored definitions in the IMSRSC repository.

During IMS restart, IMS detected a change list for the IMS in the repository and applied the changes by creating and updating resources or descriptors for the specified resource type.

One DFS4410I message is issued for each resource type that is processed. For example, if only programs and transactions are in the change list, you receive two of these messages, one for PGM and the other for TRAN.

The IMS change list contains resources or descriptors that were imported while IMS was down. It does not contain resources or descriptors that were deleted while IMS was down.

In the message text:

rsctype

Indicates the resource type, which can be DB, DBDESC, PGM, PGMDISC, RTCODE, RTCDESC, TRAN, or TRANDESC.

count

Indicates the count of resources that were created, updated, or both.

System action:

Resources are created or updated, and the NOTINIT status is reset. At the end of successful IMS change list processing, the change list is deleted from the repository.

User response:

Start the databases that were updated so that they are usable.

Module:

DFSIP100

DFS4411E **REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST
PROCESSING FAILED RC=rc
RSN=rsn**

Explanation

IMSRSC repository change list processing encountered an error. The change list contains the names of resources and descriptors that were imported while the IMS was down.

In the message text,

rc

Indicates the **IMPORT** command return code, which is documented in the DFSCMDRR macro.

rsn

Indicates the **IMPORT** command reason code, which is documented in the DFSCMDRR macro.

System action

All of the database, program, routing code, and transaction resources that are named in the change list will continue to have a status of NOTINIT-xx-REPOCHGLIST. This status prevents these resources from being used until the situation that caused change list processing to fail is corrected and the resources are imported successfully from the repository.

The change list is not deleted from the repository; it will be processed and deleted the next time IMS restarts.

User response

Correct the problem, and take one of the following actions:

- Shut down IMS, and then restart it, so that the change list processing can be completed successfully and the change list is deleted.
- Alternatively, if you do not want to shut down IMS, you can take one of the following actions:
 - Issue the following commands to determine which resources are in NOTINIT status because the change list processing failed:

```
QUERY DB STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY PGM STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY RTC STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY TRAN STATUS(NOTINIT)
```

For every resource that has a status of NOTINIT-XX-REPOCHGLIST, import the resource by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command. When you issue the **IMPORT** command, import databases and programs before routing codes and transactions.

Find the DFS4414I REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST PROCESSING INITIATED FOR DESCRIPTOR messages and import those descriptors from the repository by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command.

- Issue the **QUERY DB, QUERY DBDESC, QUERY PGM, QUERY PGMDESC, QUERY RTC, QUERY RTCDDESC, QUERY TRAN, or QUERY TRANDESC** command by using time stamps to determine which resource definitions are outdated. Then, import those resources by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command.
- Import all the resources and descriptors from the IMS change list so that the IMS runtime definitions can be updated with the stored resource definitions from the IMSRSC repository. For example, you can issue the following **IMPORT** command:

```
IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO) NAME(*)
TYPE(ALL) OPTION(UPDATE)
```

- After the resource definitions are imported to update the IMS runtime definitions with the stored resource definitions from the repository, you must issue a **DELETE DEFN TYPE(CHGLIST)** command to delete the IMS change list from the repository. If the **DELETE DEFN** command is not issued, the change list will be processed at the next IMS restart.

Module:

DFSIP100, DFSRPS60

Related reference

[IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(REPO | RDDS\) command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4412I REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST PROCESSING COMPLETED

Explanation

IMS restart completed processing the IMSRSC repository change list.

If the restarting IMS is enabled with the repository and the change list does not exist, message DFS4412I follows a DFS4408I message.

If the restarting IMS is enabled with the repository and the change list exists, message DFS4412I follows zero or more DFS4410I messages. Message DFS4412I indicates that all of the resource types have been successfully processed. Because IMS change list processing is done in parallel with IMS restart, this message might be issued after IMS restart completes.

Message DFS4412I is not issued if DFS4411E message, which indicates that change list processing failed, is issued.

System action:

The change list, if one existed, is deleted from the repository.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRPS60

DFS4413E REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST PROCESSING FAILED FOR RSCNAME=rscname RSCTYPE=rsctype CC=cc

Explanation

Import from the change list failed for the specified resource.

In the message text:

rscname

Indicates the name of the resource.

rsctype

Indicates the resource type, which can be DB, DBDESC, PGM, PGMDESC, RTC, RTCDESC, TRAN, or TRANDESC.

cc

Indicates the **IMPORT** command completion code, which is documented in the DFSCMDRR macro.

System action:

Import from the change list fails. The resources remain marked NOTINIT.

User response

Correct the problem, shut down IMS, and then restart it, so that the change list processing can be completed successfully and the change list is deleted.

Alternatively, if you do not want to shut down IMS, you can take one of the following actions:

- Issue the following commands to determine which resources are in NOTINIT status because the change list processing failed:

```
QUERY DB STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY PGM STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY RTC STATUS(NOTINIT)
QUERY TRAN STATUS(NOTINIT)
```

For every resource that has a status of NOTINIT-XX-REPOCHGLIST, import the resource by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command. When you issue the **IMPORT** command, import databases and programs before routing codes and transactions.

Find the DFS4414I REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST PROCESSING INITIATED FOR DESCRIPTOR messages and import those descriptors from the repository by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command.

- Issue the **QUERY DB, QUERY DBDESC, QUERY PGM, QUERY PGMDESC, QUERY RTC, QUERY RTCDESC, QUERY TRAN, or QUERY TRANDESC** command by using time stamps to determine which resource definitions are outdated. Then, import those resources by using the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO)** command.
- Import all resources again, by issuing the command: **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(REPO) NAME(*) TYPE(ALL) OPTION(UPDATE)**.

Module:

DFSIP100, DFSIP200

Related reference

[IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(REPO | RDDS\) command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4414I

**REPOSITORY CHANGE LIST
PROCESSING INITIATED FOR
DESCRIPTOR NAME=descname
TYPE=desctype**

Explanation

IMSRSC repository change list processing is initiated for the specified descriptor name. If change list processing fails after this message is issued, the descriptor remains in NOTINIT status and cannot be updated, referenced as a model, or exported to the repository or an RDDS.

In the message text:

descname

Indicates the name of the descriptor.

desctype

Indicates the descriptor type, which can be DBDESC, PGMDESC, RTCDESC, or TRANDESC.

System action:

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRPS60

DFS4419I

**RESOURCE DEFINITIONS NOT
EXPORTED FOR REPOSITORY
TYPE=repotype, NAME=reponame**

Explanation

If IMS is shut down normally with a **/CHECKPOINT FREEZE, /CHECKPOINT DUMPQ, or /CHECKPOINT PURGE** command and there are new or updated resource definitions that have not been exported to the IMSRSC repository, the DFS4419I message is issued during the shutdown process. This message indicates that the definitions stored in the repository are not in synchronization with the IMS system's online definitions at the time of shutdown. After the DFS4419I message is issued, IMS continues to shut down.

In the message text:

repotype

Indicates the repository type. The only valid value is IMSRSC.

reponame

Indicates the repository name.

System action:

IMS continues to shut down.

Operator response

No action is required.

User response

If IMS is warm started after a normal shutdown during which the DFS4419I message was issued, its online resource definitions are recovered from the log and are the same as they were at shutdown time. The **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO) OPTION(CHANGESONLY)** command must be issued after IMS is up to ensure that the latest resource definitions are exported to the IMSRSC repository.

If IMS is cold started after a normal shutdown during which the DFS4419I message was issued, and its resource definitions are imported from the repository, the online definitions will not be the same as they were at the time of shutdown unless the repository was updated before the cold start. The Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCL0) and the RDDS to Repository utility (CSLURP10) can be used to update the repository with the most current MODBLKS resource definitions in the IMS log before cold starting the IMS. The RDDS and CSLURP10 utility do not support MSC resources, so MSC resources must be re-created by using the IMS type-2 **CREATE** commands.

If an RDDS was created by the Create RDDS from Log Records utility (DFSURCL0) with the EXPORTNEEDED parameter to hold any new or modified resources that were not exported to the IMSRSC repository before IMS was shut down, you can specify that RDDS on the **IMPORT** command after IMS cold starts from the repository.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSICM30

DFS4420E THE JCL IS MISSING A SYSIN DD STATEMENT.

Explanation:

The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility (DFS3PU10) requires a SYSIN DD statement, but one was not provided.

User response:

Provide a SYSIN statement with the name of the data set that contains the input parameters for the utility. The DCB parameters for the data set are RECFM=FB and LRECL=80.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4421E THE JCL IS MISSING A SYSUT1 DD STATEMENT.

Explanation:

The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility requires a SYSUT1 data set for output from the analysis function and input to the purge function.

User response:

Provide a SYSUT1 DD statement and run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4422E THE SYSIN DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = 666666.

Explanation

The MVS open operation failed for the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility SYSIN data set. 666666 is the return code from the request.

System action:

The utility terminates.

User response:

Determine the underlying problem with the data set and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4423E THE SYSUT1 DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = 666666.

Explanation

The MVS open operation failed for the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility SYSUT1 data set. 666666 is the return code from the request.

System action:

The utility terminates.

User response:

Determine the underlying problem with the data set and resubmit the job.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4424E UPDATE STATEMENTS WERE PROVIDED IN PURGE MODE.

Explanation:

Both MODE PURGE and one or more UPDATE statements were specified at the same time. UPDATE statements are not supported by the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility when MODE PURGE is specified. The utility supports UPDATE statements when either the MODE statement is omitted or when either MODE ANALYSIS or MODE BOTH is specified.

User response:

Either remove the UPDATE statements from the SYSIN data set or change the MODE statement to either ANALYSIS or BOTH. When the changes are complete, run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4425E	UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE 22 ON A 4444 CALL FOR CATALOG RECORD 88888888.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Record Purge Utility received an unexpected status code from a catalog DL/I call.

In the message text:

22
Status code from the DL/I call

4444
DL/I call type

88888888
Catalog resource name

System action:
The utility ends with a U1002 abend.

User response:
Ensure that no duplicate DELETE statements are included in the SYSUT1 data set and that the DB names in any UPDATE statements are correct. If no errors are found in the utility input data sets, consult the troubleshooting information for the specific DL/I status code.

Module:
DFS3PU10

Related information
[IMS abend 1002](#)

DFS4426I	A DELETE STATEMENT WAS WRITTEN TO THE SYSUT1 DATA SET FOR PSB <i>mbr-name</i> INSTANCE=<i>yydddhmmssst</i>
-----------------	---

or

**A DELETE STATEMENT WAS WRITTEN TO
THE SYSUT1 DATA SET FOR DBD *mbr-name*
INSTANCE=*yydddhmmssst* DBVER=*version***

Explanation

The utility generated a DELETE statement in the SYSUT1 data set for the instance of the DBD or PSB member that is identified in the message text. The

instance is uniquely identified by the timestamp value *yydddhmmssst*. When the utility is run in PURGE mode, the utility reads the DELETE statement from the SYSUT1 data set and deletes the instance from the IMS catalog.

In the message text:

mbr-name
The name of the DBD or PSB member.

version
The DBD version number of the DBD instance. For PSB instances, this field is not included in the message text.

yydddhmmssst
The ACBGEN timestamp that uniquely identifies the instance of the DBD or PSB member.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4427E	INQY ENVIRON CALL FAILED, RC=<i>xxxx</i> REASON=<i>yyyy</i> STATUS=<i>aa</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected status code was returned while processing the INQY ENVIRON call. This message can occur when you run the IMS Catalog Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) in an environment that does not have the IMS database code installed, such as in a DCCTL environment.

In the message text:

xxxx
AIB return code

yyyy
AIB reason code

System action

The utility ends with a U0071 abend and return code 16.

System programmer response:
Ensure that proper environment is being used to run the utility.

Module:
DFS3PU10

Related reference
[AIB return and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

IMS abend 1002

0071 (Messages and Codes)

DFS4428E **STATUS CODE 22 ON A 4444 CALL
WAS RECEIVED FOR *dbdpsbnm*
segnamee timestampppppp.**

Explanation

An unexpected status code was returned for a DL/I call made by the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility to retrieve a record from the IMS catalog database.

In the message text:

22

Status code

4444

DL/I call type

dbdpsbnm

Resource type

segnamee

Member name

timestampppppp

ACB generation timestamp for the record

System action:

The utility terminates with a U1002 abend.

User response:

Verify that the version of the record associated with the indicated timestamp was not previously deleted by the utility. Correct the cause of the status code and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFS3PU10

DFS4429E **RETURN CODE *rc* WAS SET DUE TO
AN ERROR. CORRECT THE ERROR
AND RERUN THE JOB.**

or

CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR. REASON CODE=*rs*.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility encountered a problem with the utility control statements in either the SYSIN or SYSUT1 data set. If the problem is in the SYSIN data set, in most cases the utility continues to process the remaining statements; however, if MODE BOTH is specified, in most cases the utility terminates before the purge function executes. If the problem is in the SYSUT1 data set, for most errors the

utility terminates immediately without processing the subsequent statements.

In the message text:

rs

The reason code that identifies the cause of the error. Depending on the severity of the error, the return code that is issued by the utility upon termination might be 4 or 8.

DFS4429E can include any one of the following possible reason codes.

01

More than one MODE statement was found in the SYSIN DD statements.

02

The MODE type is either missing or invalid.

03

An UPDATE statement was submitted without either the DBD or PSB keyword.

04

The member name in either an UPDATE statement or a DELDBVER statement is missing, too long, or otherwise invalid.

05

More than one wildcard character (*) was used in a member name.

06

Either the number of instances to retain was not specified or the number was longer than 5 characters.

07

The specified number of DBD or PSB instances to retain is invalid.

08

The specified number of DBD or PSB instances to retain is greater than the maximum of 65535.

09

The specified number of days to retain DBD or PSB instances is longer than 5 characters.

10

The specified number of days to retain DBD or PSB instances is an invalid number.

11

The specified number of days to retain DBD or PSB instances is greater than the maximum of 65535.

12

The UPDATE statement for the utility contains a duplicate member name but with a different number of instances or days. The retention criteria in the member record was not updated.

13

Invalid statement in the SYSIN data set. The statement might be specified incorrectly or two or

more statements might be incompatible with each other.

14

Missing input for the SYSIN statement.

15

Invalid DELETE statement. Any statements that were specified before this one in the SYSUT1 data set were executed successfully. Subsequent statements were not processed.

16

Invalid DELDBVER statement. With MODE PURGE, any statements that were specified before this one in the SYSUT1 data set were executed successfully. Subsequent statements were not processed.

17

No matching records for the UPDATE statement.

Execution continues normally and the utility issues return code 4 upon completion.

18

Invalid use of a wildcard character (*).

19

Invalid statement in the SYSUT1 data set.

20

An error occurred that generated one of the following messages:

- DFS4420E
- DFS4421E
- DFS4422E
- DFS4423E
- DFS4424E
- DFS4485E

This code is no longer issued with DFS4429E.

24

Open print_DCB failure.

This code is no longer issued with DFS4429E.

System action

If the error was encountered in the SYSIN data set, in most cases the utility continues processing the remaining control statements in the SYSIN data set; however, if MODE BOTH is specified, the utility terminates before the purge function executes. If the error was encountered in the SYSUT1 data set, in most cases, the utility terminates without processing the remaining control statements in the SYSUT1 data set.

Depending on the severity of the reason code in DFS4429E, the utility issues return code 4 or, in most cases, 8 upon termination.

User response:

Review the explanation for the code, correct the underlying error, and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3PU10

DFS4430I

NO MEMBERS WERE ADDED TO THE SYSUT1 DATA SET DUE TO AN ERROR OR CURRENT RETENTION CRITERIA.

or

AN ANALYSIS OF THE IMS CATALOG DID NOT FIND ANY DBD OR PSB INSTANCES THAT ARE ELIGIBLE FOR DELETION.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility analyzed the records in the IMS catalog and did not find any DBD or PSB instances that are eligible for deletion. The utility did not write any DELETE statements to the SYSUT1 data set.

Neither the age of each DBD and PSB instance nor the quantity of DBD and PSB instances in each record exceed the retention criteria values set in either the header segment of a record or in the CATALOG section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

If a DELDBVER statement was specified in the SYSIN data set, either the utility did not find the version number in the DBD record or the utility did not find the DBD record in the IMS catalog.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU10

DFS4431I

NO MEMBERS WERE DELETED DUE TO AN ERROR OR NONE MATCHED THE DELETE STATEMENT.

Explanation:

The DELETE statements in the SYSUT1 data set did not match any records in the IMS catalog database. The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility did not delete any records.

User response:

Ensure that the DELETE statements in the SYSUT1 data set match existing catalog records by running the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility in analysis mode.

Module:

DFS3PU10

**DFS4432E UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE *sc* ON
A GHNP CALL FOR AN INSTANCE
OF *mbr-type mbr-name*.**

Explanation

While attempting to retrieve DBD or PSB segments for member *mbr-name* from the IMS catalog, the Catalog Record Purge utility received an unexpected DL/I status code. The receipt of the status code indicates either a problem with the utility or a corruption of the IMS catalog.

In the message text:

mbr-name

The name of the DBD or PSB member that the GHNP call attempted to access.

mbr-type

Type of the member, DBD or PSB, that the GHNP call attempted to access.

sc

The DL/I status code that was returned.

User response:

Consult the status code information and, if possible, correct the underlying problem. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU10

Related reference

[DL/I status code explanations \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Record Purge utility \(DFS3PU10\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

- Add or modify the MODE statement in the SYSIN data set to specify either ANALYSIS or BOTH.
- Remove the DELDBVER statement from the SYSIN data set. When MODE PURGE is specified, DELDBVER can be specified only in the SYSUT1 data set.

Module:

DFS3PU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Record Purge utility \(DFS3PU10\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4434I INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst* OF
DBD name WAS ADDED TO A
NEWLY CREATED RECORD IN THE
IMS CATALOG.**

or

**INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst* OF PSB name WAS
ADDED TO A NEWLY CREATED RECORD IN THE IMS
CATALOG.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility successfully added an instance of metadata for the DBD or PSB name to the IMS catalog. This was the first instance of metadata for this DBD or PSB; that is, a root segment had to be added for this name. The DBD or PSB segment (plus its dependents) with time stamp *yydddhmmssst* was added under this new root.

System action:

Processing continues. Message DFS4437I is issued when all changes since the previous checkpoint or the start of the utility have been committed.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4433E THE SYSIN DATA SET CONTAINS
DELDVER STATEMENTS WITH
A MODE PURGE STATEMENT OR
WITHOUT A MODE STATEMENT.**

Explanation

One or more DELDBVER statements were specified in the SYSIN data set, but either a MODE statement was not specified or MODE PURGE was specified. When DELDBVER statements are specified in the SYSIN data set, either MODE ANALYSIS or MODE BOTH must also be specified.

When MODE PURGE is specified in the SYSIN data set, DELDBVER statements can be specified only in the SYSUT1 data set.

User response

Depending on your needs take either of the following actions:

**DFS4435I INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst* OF
DBD name WAS ADDED TO AN
EXISTING RECORD IN THE IMS
CATALOG.**

or

INSTANCE yydddhhmmssth OF PSB name WAS ADDED TO AN EXISTING RECORD IN THE IMS CATALOG.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility successfully added an instance of metadata for the DBD or PSB name to the IMS catalog. This was not the first instance of metadata for this DBD or PSB; that is, a root segment already existed for this name. The DBD or PSB segment (plus its dependents) with time stamp yydddhhmmssth was added under this existing root.

System action:
Processing continues. Message DFS4437I is issued when all changes since the previous checkpoint or the start of the utility have been committed.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4436I	INSTANCE yydddhhmmssth OF DBD name IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG AND WAS NOT ADDED.
-----------------	--

or

INSTANCE yydddhhmmssth OF PSB name IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG AND WAS NOT ADDED.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog already contained a root segment for the DBD or PSB name, and under this root there was an existing DBD or PSB segment with time stamp yydddhhmmssth. Because DBDs or PSBs with the same name and the same time stamp are assumed to represent identical instances of the DBD or PSB, nothing was added to the catalog.

System action:
Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4437I	UPDATES TO THE IMS CATALOG HAVE BEEN COMMITTED. CHECKPOINT ID nnnnnnnn
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility issued a CHKP (checkpoint) call to commit the prior updates to the IMS catalog. If the utility subsequently fails, updates up to this point, as indicated by messages DFS4434I and DFS4435I, do not have to be backed out.

System action:
Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4438E	THE CONTROL STATEMENT DATA SET (DDNAME SYSINP) FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = rc
-----------------	--

Explanation

In opening the data set referred to by the DD statement with the ddname SYSINP, the IMS Catalog Populate utility encountered return code rc from an OPEN macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc
The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS OPEN macro instruction.

System action:
The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

System programmer response:
Ensure that the DD statement with the ddname IMS refers to a sequential data set with 80-character fixed-length records.

Module:
DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4439E **AN INVALID OPTION WAS SPECIFIED IN THE CONTROL STATEMENT DATA SET (DDNAME SYSINP)**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility did not recognize the information in the data set that was referred to by the DD statement with ddname SYSINP.

System action:

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

System programmer response:

You can specify several options by separating each other with blanks or commas.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4440I **THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY WILL LIST THE DBD AND PSB INSTANCES THAT ARE ADDED TO THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility found no control statement data set (ddname SYSINP) in the JCL or no option NOISRTLIST in the data set.

System action:

For each instance of a DBD or PSB added to the IMS catalog, the IMS Catalog Populate utility issues message DFS4434I or DFS4435I, which identifies the new DBD or PSB segment.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4441I **THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY WILL NOT LIST THE DBD AND PSB INSTANCES THAT ARE ADDED TO THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility found the NOISRTLIST option in the control statement data set (ddname SYSINP).

System action:

The utility does not issue message DFS4434I or DFS4435I for the DBD and PSB segments inserted in the IMS catalog.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4442I **THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY WILL LIST THE DBD AND PSB INSTANCES THAT ALREADY EXIST IN THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility found the option DUPLIST in the control statement data set (ddname SYSINP).

System action:

For each instance of a DBD or PSB that was not added to the IMS catalog because it was a duplicate of an existing instance, the utility issues message DFS4436I, which identifies the duplicate DBD or PSB segment that was not inserted.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4443I **THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY WILL NOT LIST THE DBD AND PSB INSTANCES THAT ALREADY EXIST IN THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility found no control statement data set (ddname SYSINP) in the JCL or no option DUPLIST in the data set.

System action:

The utility does not issue DFS4436I messages for instances of DBDs and PSBs that were not added to the IMS catalog because they were duplicates of existing instances in the catalog.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4444I DISPLAY FROM ID=xxxx

Explanation

xxxx is the IMSID. For DBCTL, specifying the execution parameter keyword PREMSG=N causes messages to be issued without DFS000I as a prefix message. The IMSID is appended to the end of the message. Display command output includes prefix message DFS4444I in order to include the IMSID.

Module:

DFSDQMG0

**DFS4445I CMD ACCEPTED ON SUBSYSTEM
INTERFACE: *command text imsid***

or

**CMD FROM MCS/E-MCS CONSOLE
USERID=xxxxxxxx:*command text imsid***

or

CMD FROM INTERNAL READER: *command text imsid*

Explanation

This message displays a command that was entered from an MCS or E-MCS console, the internal reader, or from another source such as an MGCR macro. All three forms of the message can be issued in a DBCTL system. A DB/DC or DCCTL system (which specifies CMDMCD=Y,C,R or B) sees only the first form of the message. The message variables are:

xxxxxxxx

The user ID of the console from which the command was entered

command text

The command that was entered

imsid

The name of the system processing the command

Commands that are entered as a reply to an outstanding WTO are included in the job log. If the command text is not required for commands entered from an MCS or E-MCS console, the message might be suppressed.

Module:

DFSDQMG0

**DFS4446E xxxxxxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy DEFINED TO
RM AS zzzzzzzzzz**

Explanation

IMS attempted to register a resource (yyyyyyyy) with the Resource Manager (RM) as resource type xxxxxxxxxxxx,. However, the resource was already registered as a different resource type (zzzzzzzzzz) within the same name type group.

In RM, a name type is a group of resource types in which a given resource cannot be registered concurrently as more than one resource type.

In IMS, the *finddest* name type is the resource that is normally the destination of a message. The following resource types are associated with the "finddest" name type:

CPIC

A CPIC-defined transaction for APPC.

DESCRIPTOR

The APPC descriptor.

LTERM

The VTAM logical terminal name.

MSNAME

The MSC logical link path.

TRAN

A statically defined transaction.

System action

If this error occurs during IMS initialization, the system might issue abend 3308. Otherwise, the current process is rejected and online processing continues.

Operator response

If the rejected resource is correct, try deleting the existing resource in RM. For example, use the **/CLS** command to remove LTERM resources. Otherwise, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Redefine the rejected resource to ensure that it is defined correctly and consistently in the IMSplex.

Module:

DFSRMD00, DFSRMIU0, DFSSLON0

DFS4447E **RM REQUEST ERROR, *rmreq***
RC=nnnnnnnn RMRC=xxxxxxxx
RMRSN=yyyyyyyy

Explanation

This message is issued asynchronously by an IMS control region command or other process when a Resource Manager (RM) access service request fails.

In the message text:

rmreq

The type of RM request, and is one of the following values:

- QUERY
- CLEANUP
- UPDATE (for an update or delete request)

nnnnnnnn

The return code from the RM access service:

Return code **Meaning**

X'10000004'

Input parameter is invalid.

X'10000008'

No storage for AWE control block.

X'1000000C'

No storage for blocks or buffer.

X'10000010'

Update failed. No hidden block returned.

X'10000012'

Update failed. Version mismatch. Hidden block returned.

X'10000014'

Query failed.

X'10000018'

Delete failed.

X'1000001C'

No hidden blocks created.

X'10000020'

Hidden blocks returned.

X'10000024'

Update failed for a resource owned by the local IMS. No hidden block is returned.

X'10000028'

Update bypassed because duplicate local lterm control blocks (CNTs) exist for the node or user.

xxxxxxxx

The return code from the RM call.

yyyyyyyy

The reason code from the RM call.

System action

The command parameter is rejected.

Operator response

A problem exists with the retrieval or update of the resource in RM that is associated with the failed parameter. This command, and other commands, might continue to fail with the parameter in error until the resource problem is corrected.

For return code X'10000028', attempt to delete the user by signing off the user or by taking a simple checkpoint. Gather type 72 log records to determine the process that created the duplicate local lterms.

Module

DFSICLC0, DFSICLE0, DFSICLJ0, DFSICLN0,
DFSICLP0, DFSICL50, DFSICL60, DFSICL70,
DFSIC440, DFSIC450, DFSIDPB0, DFSIDPE0,
DFSIDP10, DFSIDP40, DFSIDP70, DFSIDP80,
DFSOCM30, DFSRMCL0, DFSRMSR0, DFSRMS00

Related concepts

[Issue CSL RM requests to manage global resources \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4448A **RM RESOURCE STRUCTURE
USAGE MISMATCH**

Explanation

When IMS registers with a Resource Manager (RM) during IMS initialization or when an RM joins the IMSplex, IMS is informed whether RM is using a resource structure or not. Afterward, message DFS4448A is issued if RM changes the resource structure usage.

System action

Online processing continues. IMS does not change its use of the resource structure. If IMS was not using a resource structure, it ignores the new resource structure. If IMS was using a resource structure, limited terminal processing continues. However, no new terminals or users are allowed access to IMS,

and certain processes (including IMS shutdown) hangs until a resource structure is enabled.

If a **/NRESTART** or **/ERESTART** command was processing (other than COLDCOMM or COLDSYS), and IMS issues message DFS4448A, IMS abends with 0233.

Operator response

Determine if RM was started properly; if not, terminate RM and restart it. Otherwise, terminate IMS and cold start TM so the resource structure change will be recognized by TM.

Module:
DFSCSL40, DFSRLP00

DFS4449W	SNGLSIGN MULTSIGN FORCED BY RESOURCE MANAGER
-----------------	---

Explanation

A starting IMS system in an IMSplex environment attempted to specify a value for single or multiple signons (SGN= keyword in the IMS startup parameters, or as a keyword on the **/NRE** or **/ERE** command). The value conflicts with the value maintained by the Resource Manager (RM). To ensure consistency for each system in the IMSplex, RM maintains the signon specification of the first IMS that joins the IMSplex. Every IMS that joins afterward must also use the first value specified.

System action

IMS processing continues. Single and multiple signons use the global specification from RM.

Operator response

If you want to use the signon value from the local IMS, shut down all IMS systems. Restart the local IMS first with the correct signon specification.

Module:
DFSIRACO

DFS4450I	RESOURCE STRUCTURE REPOPULATION STARTING COMPLETE
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an IMSplex environment, IMS received a structure repopulate directive from the Resource Manager. IMS is either starting or has completed repopulating the resource structure with all locally known resources.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRMSRO

Chapter 91. DFS messages, DFS4451I - DFS4500E

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4451I **LOGON REJECTED, NODE**
 xxxxxxx, RC=yy

Explanation

In an IMSplex environment, a VTAM terminal (xxxxxxx) attempted to log on to IMS and IMS attempted to register the terminal to Resource Manager (RM). However, IMS rejected the logon attempt. Most logon failures are the result of the node already being registered to RM due to a previous logon or a command issued and state data verification failed.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The VTAM terminal IMS attempted to register onto RM.

yy

The reason code for the failure. The following list provides the reason codes and their meanings.

Reason

Meaning

01

The node was stopped.

02

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: a static terminal as opposed to a dynamic terminal.

04

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: a single session as opposed to a parallel-session.

05

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: node device type.

06

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: output-only (CTB4OUTP).

07

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: output-only (CTBCPRT1).

08

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: MFS use (CTT2DIT).

09

The node is already logged on to another active IMS system.

0A

The node is already logged on to another IMS system, but this IMS cannot determine the state of the owning system.

0B

The data in the static-node-user resource DATA2 is invalid.

0C

The data in the static-node-user resource is invalid.

0D

The data in the static-node-user resource is invalid.

0E

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: the number of assigned LTERMS. Static terminal and LTERM definitions must be consistent, and the **/ASSIGN** command must be used consistently in each IMS system.

0F

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: node device type.

10

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: the order of assigned LTERMS. Static terminal and LTERM definitions must be consistent, and the **/ASSIGN** command must be used consistently in each IMS system.

11

The node with LOCAL status recovery mode is owned by another system in the IMSplex. The IMS that owns the node failed, but the user logon exit, DFSLGNX0, has not indicated that the logon can continue in this situation.

12

The node is already logged on to another IMS system, but this IMS cannot determine the state of the owning system.

13

The node is already logged on to another active IMS system.

14

A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: an assigned LTERM in RM is not found in the local system. Static terminal and LTERM definitions must be consistent, and the **/ASSIGN** command must be used consistently in each IMS system.

- 15** A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: static/dynamic LTERM.
- 16** A mismatch occurred between the local and RM definition: an assigned LTERM in the local system exists in RM but is assigned to a different node. Static terminal and LTERM definitions must be consistent, and the **/ASSIGN** command must be used consistently in each IMS system.
- 17** A system error occurred. The DFSPOOL GET storage request failed.
- 18** An RM system error occurred. RM did not return output on a CSLRMUPD request.
- 19** An RM system error occurred. Output that was returned on a CSLRMUPD request contained invalid data.
- 1A** IMS attempted to register a node or LTERM but it was already registered to RM as a different resource type within the same name type group. Message DFS4446E is also be issued.
- 1B** An unrecognized condition code was returned on a CSLRMUPD output list entry.
- 1C** An unrecognized return or reason code was returned on a CSLRMUPD request. Message DFS3308E should also be issued.
- 1D** IMS attempted to register the node and LTERMs but failed after certain recoverable errors occurred. IMS retried the registrations but reached the retry limit.
- 1E** The node had user information in RM, but the user resource could not be found in RM. This is a temporary condition. Retry the terminal logon.
- 1F** The STSN node with LOCAL status recovery mode is owned by another system in the IMSplex. The owning IMS failed but the user logon exit, DFSGLGNX0, did not indicate that the logon can continue in this situation.
- 20** A user in Fast Path response mode attempted to log on to an IMS system that is not Fast Path capable or is not using an EMHQ structure.

System action

Operator response

Module:

DFS4452I	RESOURCE CLEANUP STARTING COMPLETE FOR xxxx
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When an IMS terminates in an IMSplex environment, the resources it maintained in the Resource Manager (RM) must be cleaned up. When IMS terminates normally, IMS cleans up during shutdown. When IMS terminates abnormally, a surviving IMS in the IMSplex performs the cleanup. If there is no other active IMS, the failed IMS cleans up when it restarts.

System action

normal shutdown or restart resumes after cleanup completes.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRMCLO

DFS4453I LTERM MSGQ|EMHQ MESSAGES
 UNLOCKED FOR xxxx

Explanation

When an IMS terminates abnormally in an IMSplex environment, the LTERM messages that were locked from the MSGQ or EMHQ structures must be unlocked so that they can be made available to terminals or users accessing another IMS system in the IMSplex. The surviving IMS in the IMSplex unlocks the messages with cleaning up resources. In addition, when a restarting IMS connects with CQS, it unlocks any remaining messages, which also results in appropriate CQS cleanup.

The message text indicates which messages were unlocked, MSGQ or EMHQ. The variable xxxx indicates the system for which messages were unlocked.

System action

When the unlock process is performed by a different IMS, the unlocking is performed asynchronously and normal online processing continues. When the unlock process is performed by the restarting IMS, normal restart resumes after unlocking is complete.

Module:
DFSRMCLO

DFS4454A WAITING FOR xxxx TO COMPLETE
 RESOURCE CLEANUP, REPLY,
 RETRY OR CANCEL

Explanation

When another IMS in the IMSplex is cleaning up for the initializing IMS, this Write to Operator with Reply (WTOR) message is issued during IMS initialization. IMS cannot continue initializing until cleanup is complete.

If you reply with RETRY, IMS attempts to complete initialization. If you reply with CANCEL, IMS terminates abnormally with user abend 3308.

System action

IMS waits until a response to the WTOR is entered.

Operator response

Determine the status of the system that is performing the cleanup; that system should issue message DFS4452I when it completes. After message DFS4452I is issued, enter RETRY. If the system cannot complete the cleanup, terminate the system, which permits the initializing IMS to restart.

Module:
DFSRMCLO

Related information
[IMS abend 3308](#)

DFS4455E RESOURCE CLEANUP ERROR FOR
 xxxx, RC=yy

Explanation

An error occurred while resources were being cleaned up or messages unlocked for a terminating or initializing IMS system.

In the message text:

xxxx The IMS ID of the terminating or initializing system
yy The reason code for the error. The following list

provides the reason codes and their meanings.

Reason
Meaning

- 01 A system error occurred. A DFSPPOOL GET storage request failed.
- 02 An error return code issued by CQS when MSGQ LTERM messages are being unlocked.
- 03 An error issued by CQS when EMHQ LTERM messages are being unlocked.
- 04 An error occurred while node resources in Resource Manager (RM) were being cleaned up.
- 05 An error occurred while user resources in RM were being cleaned up.
- 06 An error occurred while user ID resources in RM were being cleaned up.
- 07 MSGQ and EMHQ messages could not be unlocked because IMS is not registered with CQS.

08

MSGQ LTERM messages could not be unlocked because IMS is not connected to the MSGQ structure.

09

EMHQ LTERM messages could not be unlocked because IMS is not connected to the EMHQ structure.

System action

IMS continue processing.

Programmer response

You can perform cleanup processing again by issuing a simple checkpoint. If the problem persists, restart the IMS system that was not cleaned properly, or contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFSRMCL0

DFS4456A RESOURCE STRUCTURE FAILED

Explanation

IMS received a "resource structure failed" directive from the Resource Manager.

System action

Limited online processing can continue, but terminal and user resource status cannot be committed until the resource structure becomes available. Until then, no new terminals or users can access IMS, and terminals or user access might hang (including during IMS shutdown).

Operator response

Determine and correct the problem with the resource structure.

Module:
DFSRMSR0

**DFS4457E RM REGISTRATION FAILED,
NAME=xxxxxxx**

Explanation

IMS attempted to register to a Resource Manager (RM) in the IMSplex, but the registration was rejected. Message DFS3308E is also issued with the error return and reason codes.

In the message text, xxxxxxxx is the name of the Resource Manager for which registration failed.

System action

IMS continues processing. If there are other RM systems active, IMS can continue communicating with them.

Operator response

Determine why RM rejected the registration. Determine if SCI, RM, and CQS are operating properly on the affected RM's system. Restart RM if required.

Module:
DFSCSL40

Related information

["DFS3308E" on page 924](#)
csltype REQUEST ERROR, *macroname*
RC=xxxxxxxx RSN=ssssssss

**DFS4461E NEITHER AN ACB LIBRARY OR A
CATALOG IMPORT DATA SET IS
SPECIFIED IN THE UTILITY JCL.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) requires either an ACB library or a catalog import data set as input, but the utility JCL does not include a DD statement for either type of input.

To specify an ACB library as input, an IMSACB01 DD statement is required. To specify a catalog import data set as input, a CCUCATIM DD statement is required.

System action

The utility ended with return code 12. No records were loaded or inserted into the IMS catalog.

Programmer response

Specify either the IMSACB01 DD statement or the CCUCATIM DD statement in the DFS3PU00 utility JCL.

The IMSACB01 DD statement must refer to a single ACB library or to a concatenation of ACB libraries. If you specify additional IMSACBnn DD statements, the ddnames must use increasing numeric values in the last two character positions with no missing intermediate values. For example, IMSACB02, IMSACB03, IMSACB04, and so on.

The CCUCATIM DD statement must refer to a catalog import data set that contains a copy of an IMS catalog.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4462E FAILURE OPENING THE ACBLIB
WITH DDNAME IMSACBxx. OPEN
RC = rc.**

Explanation

An ACB library data set failed to open for the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00). The ACB library is referenced in the utility JCL by the ddname, IMSACBxx, shown in the message.

In the message text:

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS OPEN macro instruction when the ACB library failed to open.

xx

The numbers that make up the final two characters of the ddname that references the ACB library that failed to open.

System action

The utility ends with return code 12. No records are loaded or inserted into the IMS catalog.

Programmer response

Check that the DD statement identified in the message text references the ACB library data set correctly. After the error is corrected, rerun the DFS3PU00 utility

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4463E FAILURE OPENING THE ACBLIB
WITH DDNAME IMSACBxx TO
READ THE DIRECTORY. OPEN RC
= rc.**

Explanation

In opening the ACBLIB referred to by the DD statement with the ddname IMSACBxx to identify ACBLIB members from the directory, the Catalog Populate utility encountered return code rc from an OPEN macro instruction

System action

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement with the ddname IMSACBxx refers to an ACBLIB.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4464E FAILURE OPENING THE ACBGEN
CATALOG WORK FILE. (DDNAME
ACBCATWK) OPEN RC = rc**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) received return code rc from an OPEN macro instruction when attempting to open the ACB generation work file that is referred to by the ACBCATWK DD statement.

In the message text:

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement with the ddname ACBCATWK refers to the sequential file created during ACB generation. The work file has a list of the ACB library members from which the catalog records are created. No DCB information needs to be provided on the DD statement.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)
[z/OS: OPEN return codes](#)

**DFS4465W THE JCL IS MISSING AN IMS
DD STATEMENT FOR THE PSB
LIBRARY THAT CONTAINS PSB
psb-name**

Explanation

The PSB identified by *psb-name* in the message text references a GSAM database, but the JCL for the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) does not include an IMS DD statement for the PSB library. When a

PSB references a GSAM database, the utility JCL must contain an IMS DD statement to identify the PSB library data set that contains the original PSB member.

The DFS3PU00 utility requires access to the original PSB member to create a PSB record in the IMS catalog for a PSB that references a GSAM database.

In the message text:

psb-name

The PSB that contains PCBs that reference a GSAM database.

System action

No catalog record is built for PSB *psb-name* or for any of the GSAM databases that are referenced by PCBs in the PSB. The utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rerun the Catalog Populate utility with a DD statement that has ddname IMS and that refers to your IMS.PSBLIB and IMS.DBDLIB containing PSB *psb-name* and any referenced GSAM DBDs.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4466W	PSB <i>psb-name</i> WAS NOT FOUND IN PSBLIB. BLDL RC = <i>rc</i>. THE PSB WAS NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In order to build the catalog record for PSB *psb-name*, which has GSAM PCBs, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read the PSB from IMS.PSBLIB but encountered return code *rc* from a BLDL macro instruction, most likely because the PSB was not in IMS.PSBLIB.

In the message text:

psb-name

The PSB that contains PCBs that reference a GSAM database.

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS BLDL macro instruction.

System action

No catalog record was built for PSB *psb-name* or for any of the GSAM databases that were referenced by PCBs in the PSB. The utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rerun the Catalog Populate utility with a DD statement that has ddname IMS and that refers to your IMS.PSBLIB and IMS.DBDLIB containing PSB *psb-name* and any referenced GSAM DBDs.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)
[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS4467W	ERROR LOADING PSB <i>psb-name</i> FROM PSBLIB. LOAD RC = <i>rc</i>. THE PSB WAS NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In order to build the catalog record for PSB *psb-name*, which has GSAM PCBs, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read the PSB from IMS.PSBLIB but encountered return code *rc* from a LOAD macro instruction, most likely because the member *psb-name* was not a load module created by the standard PSBGEN process.

In the message text:

psb-name

The PSB that contains PCBs that reference a GSAM database.

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS LOAD macro instruction.

System action

No catalog record was built for *psb-name* or for any of the GSAM databases that are used by PCBs in the PSB. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Code an IMS DD statement that refers to your IMS.PSBLIB and IMS.DBDLIB data sets that contain the PSB *psb-name* and any referenced GSAM DBDs.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)

[z/OS: LOAD - Bring a load module into virtual storage](#)

DFS4468E	THE PSB OR DBD LIBRARY DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = <i>rc</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In opening the PSBLIB and DBDLIB referred to by the DD statement with the ddname IMS, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered return code *rc* from an OPEN macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement with the ddname IMS refers to a concatenation of your IMS.PSBLIB and IMS.DBDLIB.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)

[z/OS: OPEN return codes](#)

DFS4469W	THE JCL IS MISSING AN IMS DD STATEMENT FOR THE DBD LIBRARY THAT CONTAINS DBD <i>dbd-name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) attempted to build the catalog record for the logical DBD *dbd-name*, but the JCL for the DFS3PU00 utility does not include an IMS DD statement for the DBD library.

In the message text:

dbd-name

The DBD that the DFS3PU00 utility could not create a record for in the IMS catalog.

System action

No catalog record was built for the DBD *dbd-name* or for any PSB with a PCB that references this database. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rerun the DFS3PU00 utility with a DD statement that has ddname IMS and that refers to your IMS.DBDLIB containing DBD *dbd-name*.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)

DFS4470W	GSAM DBD <i>dbdname</i> NOT IN DBDLIB. BLDL RC=<i>rc</i>. DBD AND REFERENCING PSBS WERE NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In order to build the catalog record for the GSAM DBD *dbdname*, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read the DBD from IMS.DBDLIB but encountered return code *rc* from a BLDL macro instruction, most likely because the DBD was not in IMS.DBDLIB.

Important: In a managed ACBs environment, the error type of the message, DFS4470E is issued, because this GSAM PSB is unusable without the DBD existing in the directory. In a catalog-only environment, the warning type of this message, DFS4470W is issued, because IMS still uses the DBDLIB.

In the message text:

dbdname

The GSAM DBD that the DFS3PU00 utility could not create a record for in the IMS catalog.

System action

In a catalog-only environment, no catalog record was built for DBD *dbdname*. The utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Make sure that the required DBD library is referenced correctly by an IMS DD statement in the JCL for the DFS3PU00 utility. If the DBD library is correctly referenced, make sure that the required DBD member

has been generated by the DBD Generation utility. After the corrections are complete, rerun the utility.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS4470E **GSAM DBD *dbdname* NOT IN DBDLIB. BLDL RC=*rc*. DBD AND REFERENCING PSBS WERE NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

To build the catalog record for the GSAM DBD *dbdname*, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read the DBD from the directory (if managed ACBs is enabled) or IMS.DBDLIB (if managed ACBs is not enabled) but encountered return code *rc* from a BLDL macro instruction, most likely because the DBD was not in the directory or IMS.DBDLIB.

Important: In a managed ACBs environment, the error type of the message, DFS4470E is issued, because this GSAM PSB is unusable without the DBD existing in the directory. In a catalog-only environment, the warning type of this message, DFS4470W is issued, because IMS still uses the DBDLIB.

In the message text:

dbdname

The GSAM DBD that the DFS3PU00 utility could not create a record for in the IMS catalog.

System action

In a managed ACBs environment, no catalog record was built for DBD *dbdname*. The utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 8.

Programmer response

In a managed ACBs environment, ensure that the DBD exists in the directory. In a catalog-only environment, make sure that the required DBD library is referenced correctly by an IMS DD statement in the JCL for the DFS3PU00 utility. If the DBD library is correctly referenced, ensure that the required DBD member has been generated by the DBD Generation utility. After the corrections are complete, rerun the utility.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS4471W **LOGICAL DBD *dbd-name* NOT IN DBDLIB. BLDL RC=*rc*. THE DBD AND REFERENCING PSBS WERE NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

In order to build the catalog record for the logical DBD *dbd-name*, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read the DBD from IMS.DBDLIB but encountered return code *rc* from a BLDL macro instruction, most likely because the DBD was not in IMS.DBDLIB.

In the message text:

dbd-name

The name of the logical DBD that the DFS3PU00 utility did not find in any DBD library referenced in the utility JCL.

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS BLDL macro instruction.

System action

No catalog record was built for DBD *dbd-name* or for any PSB with a PCB that references this database. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Make sure that the required DBD library is referenced correctly by an IMS DD statement in the JCL for the DFS3PU00 utility. If the DBD library is correctly referenced, make sure that the required DBD member has been generated by the DBD Generation utility. After the corrections are complete, rerun the utility.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[z/OS: BLDL completion codes](#)

DFS4472W **ERRORS READING *dbd-count* GSAM OR LOGICAL DBDS. METADATA FOR PSB *psb-name* WAS NOT WRITTEN IN THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation

In order to build the catalog record for PSB *psb-name*, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) tried to read one or more GSAM or logical DBD members from the IMS.DBDLIB data set because these databases were referenced by PCBs in the PSB. The DBD members either could not be read from the IMS.DBDLIB data set or encountered errors in being converted into catalog records. The number of DBD members errors is shown in the *dbd-count* position in this error message.

Error messages issued by the DFS3PU00 utility before this error message identify the specific errors of the DBDs members.

In the message text:

dbd-count

The number of GSAM or logical DBD members that could not be read or that contained errors.

psb-name

The name of the PSB that the DFS3PU00 utility could not create a PSB record for in the IMS catalog.

System action

No record was built in the IMS catalog for the PSB member *psb-name* or for any of the DBDs that could not be processed correctly. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Check the error messages that were issued by the DFS3PU00 utility before this message. Look for at least as many preceding error messages as the number shown in this error in the *dbd-count* position. After all errors have been corrected, rerun the DFS3PU00 Catalog Populate utility.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4473E	DCPL RETURN CODE <i>ret_code</i> FROM DECODER-BUILDER PROCESSING MEMBER <i>resource-name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) received an unrecognized return code in an internal decoder-builder parameter list (DCPL) while processing the

DBD or PSB member *resource-name*. This is an internal IMS error.

In the message text:

ret_code

The unrecognized return code from the DCPL.

resource-name

The DBD or PSB member that the DFS3PU00 utility was processing when the error was encountered.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility continues processing the other DBD and PSB members and ends with return code 8.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4474E	UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE <i>status-code</i> INSERTING THE RECORD FOR <i>resource-name</i> IN THE CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) received an unexpected PCB status code when making a DL/I call to insert a segment in the IMS catalog for the DBD or PSB member identified in the error message by *resource-name*. The status code could indicate one of the following errors:

- An IMS system error
- A structural error in one of the DBDs that define the IMS catalog or in one of the PSBs that provide access to the IMS catalog
- Unsupported manipulation of the contents of the IMS catalog

In the message text:

resource-name

The name of the DBD or PSB that the DFS3PU00 utility was attempting to insert into the IMS catalog when the error occurred.

status-code

The DL/I PCB status that the DFS3PU00 utility received.

System action

The Catalog Populate utility fails with user abend code 1002 followed by return code 16. If your JCL has SYSUDUMP, SYSABEND, or SYSMDUMP DD statement, a dump is produced.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS catalog DBDs, DFSCD000 and DFSCX000, were installed correctly in your IMS.DBDLIB and that the IMS catalog PSBs, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, and DFSCPL00, were installed correctly in your IMS.PSBLIB. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[DL/I status code explanations \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4475E	ERROR ATTACHING DFSRRC00, PROGRAM <i>pgm-name</i>. ATTACH RC =rc.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An MVS ATTACH macro instruction gave return code of *rc* when the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) was attaching an internal instance of an IMS system called *pgm-name*, where *pgm-name* is either DFS3PU01 or DFS3PU03.

In the message text:

pgm-name

The name of the program that the DFS3PU00 utility was attempting to attach when the error occurred.

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS MVS ATTACH macro.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Look up the MVS ATTACH macro return code in the z/OS publications. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: ATTACH and ATTACHX return and reason codes](#)

DFS4476E	ERROR ATTACHING DFSUPNT0. ATTACH RC = rc.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An MVS ATTACH macro instruction gave return code of *rc* when the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) was attaching an internal instance of an IMS system to do partition initialization for one of the catalog's partitions.

In the message text:

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS MVS ATTACH macro.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Look up the MVS ATTACH macro return code in the z/OS publications. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: ATTACH and ATTACHX return and reason codes](#)

DFS4477E	ABEND cccc COLLECTING CATALOG STRUCTURE INFORMATION FOR DBD PSB <i>name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The abend cccc occurred in a subtask of the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00).

In the message text:

cccc

The number of the abend that occurred in the DFS3PU00 utility subtask.

name

The name of the DBD or PSB being processed at the time of the abend. The text "FOR DBD|PSB

name" is not present when the abend cannot be attributed to a specific DBD or PSB name.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Look up the abend in the appropriate documentation. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4478E	ABEND cccc INSERTING A CATALOG RECORD FOR DBD PSB name
-----------------	---

or

DFS4478E ABEND cccc DUE TO SOME UNKNOWN ERROR.

Explanation

The abend cccc occurred in the subtask of the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) that inserts or updates catalog records into the catalog, such as abend U1002.

In the message text:

cccc

The number of the abend that occurred in the DFS3PU00 utility subtask.

name

The name of the DBD or PSB for which an instance was being inserted at the time of the abend. The text "INSERTING A CATALOG RECORD FOR DBD|PSB name" is not present when the abend cannot be attributed to a specific DBD or PSB name.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Look up the abend in the appropriate documentation. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. After you correct the error, run the job again. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

Related information

[1002 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4479E	ABEND cccc IN PARTITION INITIALIZATION SUBTASK.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The abend cccc occurred in the subtask of the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) that does partition initialization for one of the catalog's partitions.

In the message text:

cccc

The number of the abend that occurred in the DFS3PU00 utility subtask.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Look up the abend in the appropriate documentation. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related concepts

[IMS abend codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4480E	INCORRECT EXECUTION PARAMETERS PASSED TO DFS3PU00.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) was invoked with an incorrect JCL EXEC statement. There was either an incorrect name in the PGM parameter or incorrect information in the PARM parameter.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 20.

Programmer response

Correct the JCL and rerun the DFS3PU00 utility. The PGM parameter on the EXEC statement must specify DFS3PU00, not DFSRRC00. The PARM parameter must specify:

- A region type of DLI, DBB, or BMP
- A PSB name of DFSCPL00, DFSCP001, or DFSCP000
- A program name of DFS3PU00

For example:

```
EXEC PGM=DFS3PU00,  
  PARM=(DLI,DFS3PU00,DFSCPL00,,,,,,,,,Y,N,,,,,  
  ,,'DFSDF=001')
```

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
[\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4481E	UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE status-code ON PARTITION INITIALIZATION OF CATALOG DATABASE catalog-dbd.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) received an unexpected PCB status code after issuing a DL/I call to initialize a partition in the IMS catalog database. The status code could indicate one of the following errors:

- An IMS error
- A structural error in one of the DBDs that define the IMS catalog or in one of the PSB provide access to the IMS catalog
- Unsupported manipulation of the contents of the IMS catalog

In the message text:

catalog-dbd
The name of the IMS catalog database that contains the partition that the DFS3PU00 utility

was attempting to initialize when the status code was received.

status-code
The name of the logical DBD that the DFS3PU00 utility did not find in any DBD library referenced in the utility JCL.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends with return code 16.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS catalog DBDs, DFSCD000 and DFSCX000, were installed correctly in your IMS.DBDLIB and that the IMS catalog PSBs, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, and DFSCPL00, were installed correctly in your IMS.PSBLIB. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
[\(System Utilities\)](#)
[About DL/I status codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4482E	THE PSB USED TO INVOKE THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY REFERS TO A CATALOG WITH AN UNEXPECTED STRUCTURE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered an inconsistency between its internal logic and the IMS catalog DBD that is referenced by the PSB specified on the PARM parameter in the EXEC statement of the DFS3PU00 utility JCL. For example, the DBD might not have the expected segment names, number of segments, or number of secondary indexes.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility did not update the catalog and ends with return code 20.

Programmer response

Ensure that the IMS catalog DBDs, DFSCD000 and DFSCX000, were installed correctly in your IMS.DBDLIB and that the IMS catalog PSBs, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, and DFSCPL00, were installed correctly in your IMS.PSBLIB.

Confirm that the JCL for the DFS3PU00 utility is correctly coded. The JCL must specify one of the IMS catalog PSBs and must refer to the IMS.DBDLIB,

IMS.PSBLIB, and IMS.ACBLIB data sets that contain the DBDs and PSBs of the IMS catalog itself. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4483E CATALOG DATA SET CREATION
OR VALIDATION FAILED FOR THE
DATA SET WITH DDNAME *catalog-*
*dbds***

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) attempted to create the database data sets for the IMS catalog, but encountered one of the following errors:

- Data set creation failed for the database data set identified by the ddname in the error message
- An IMS catalog database data set with the ddname shown in the error message already exists, but its characteristics do not meet the new requirements for the data set

The job output has one or more messages describing the exact problem.

In the message text:

catalog-dbds

The ddname of the database data set that could not be created or validated for the IMS catalog.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility did not load the catalog and ends with return code 12.

Programmer response

Check the messages in the job output and make the necessary corrections.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4484E THERE WAS NO VOLUME SERIAL
NUMBER TO CREATE THE DATA
SET WITH DDNAME *catalog-dbds***

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) attempted to create the IMS catalog database data set identified by the ddname shown in the error message. Because the data set is a non-SMS managed VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS), a volume serial number is required, but none was specified.

In the message text:

catalog-dbds

The ddname of the database data set that could not be created by the DFS3PU00 utility.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility did not load the catalog and ends with return code 12.

Programmer response

Code a volume serial number on the IXVOLSER parameter in the catalog section of the applicable DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set or set the IXVOLSER in the IMS Catalog Definition user exit routine (DFS3CDX0). The IXVOLSER parameter defines a single volume serial number that the DFS3PU00 utility uses to create all of the following VSAM KSDSs of the IMS catalog database:

- The indirect list data set (ILDS)
- The primary index data set
- The secondary index data set

For greater control over the placement of the IMS catalog database data sets, to do such things as spread the data sets across different volumes, you can create the data sets yourself. To estimate the space requirements of the IMS catalog data sets, you can run the DFS3PU00 utility in analysis-only mode.

Another option is to specify that the data set be SMS-managed. In this case, instead of providing a volume serial number, code the SMS storage class, data class, and management class parameters in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or in the DFS3CDX0 user exit routine.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)
[IMS Catalog Definition exit routine \(DFS3CDX0\)](#)
(Exit Routines)

DFS4485E THE CATALOG WAS NOT ENABLED.

Explanation

The IMS catalog is not enabled in this IMS system.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) ends with return code 20.

Programmer response

Enable the IMS catalog in one of the following ways:

- For an online IMS system, in the IMS catalog section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set.
- For a DLI or DBB batch job, in the IMS catalog section of the DFSDFxxx member that is specified on the PARM parameter of the EXEC statement in the DFS3PU00 utility JCL.
- For a DLI or DBB batch job, in the IMS Catalog Definition user exit routine (DFS3CDX0) that your installation has installed in the IMS.SDFSRESL data set.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4486E	THERE IS NO CATALOG PARTITION FOR THE RECORD WITH ROOT KEY "root-key".
-----------------	---

Explanation

While analyzing the input ACB libraries prior to updating or loading the IMS catalog, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) found a DBD or PSB member that requires a record key that is higher than the highest high key of any partition in the IMS catalog. Based on the current partition definitions, the IMS catalog cannot contain the record identified in the error message.

In the message text:

root-key

The key of the root segment that is higher than the highest high key that is defined for any partition in the IMS catalog.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility ends abnormally withabend code U1002-0C.

Programmer response

Correct the definition of the partitions of the IMS catalog, such that the highest partition high key can accommodate the highest possible root key of the catalog record required for any DBD or PSB member.

The root keys of IMS catalog records consist of an 8-character string beginning with "DBD" or "PSB" followed by the 8-character DBD or PSB name. For the last or only partition there must be a high-key value high enough to include all of your possible PSB names.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related tasks

[Changing the high key of a partition \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4487E	THERE IS A PARTITION SELECTION EXIT FOR THE CATALOG, BUT THIS IS NOT ALLOWED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) found that a HALDB Partition Selection exit routine is specified in the HALDB master database definition of the IMS catalog database. The IMS catalog does not support HALDB Partition Selection exit routines.

System action

The Catalog Populate utility ends with return code 20.

Programmer response

Change the HALDB master database definition to specify key-range partition selection instead of a Partition Selection exit routine. You can use the DBRC command **CHANGE .DB**.

When you define the high-key value of the last or only partition in the IMS catalog, the value must be high enough to include all possible PSB names. The root keys in the catalog consist of an eight-character string beginning with "DBD" or "PSB", followed by an eight-character member name.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4488W THE FORMAT OF THE DBD OR PSB MEMBER *member-name* IS NOT RECOGNIZED.

Explanation

The format of the member identified in the *member-name* position of the error message is inconsistent with the expected format.

Possible causes for receiving this message include:

- DBD or PSB members use an obsolete format.
- Members in the target data set are not DBD or PSB members.
- The number of GSAM PCBs exceeds 255.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) does not create a record in the IMS catalog for the member identified in the error message. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the IMS catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Verify that the IMS DD statement references the correct IMS.DBDLIB and IMS.PSBLIB data set. Verify that the IMSACBnn DD statement references the correct IMS.ACBLIB data set. If necessary, rerun the DFS3PU00 utility after the error is corrected.

If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PDBD, DFS3PPSB, DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4489W AN ACB MEMBER CONTAINS INCOMPLETE INFORMATION FOR A VIRTUALLY PAIRED SEGMENT: DBD=*dbd-name*

Explanation

While processing an ACB library, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered a DBD that contains incomplete information about a virtually paired segment. The DBD is identified in the error message.

The DBD in the ACB library is incomplete because the ACB member was built by an IMS system that does not support the IMS catalog.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility does not create a record in the IMS catalog for the DBD identified in the error message. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the IMS catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rebuild the ACB member for the DBD that is identified in the error message by running an ACB generation utility with the following utility control statement specified:

```
BUILD DBD=(dbd-name) ,BLDPSB=NO
```

After the ACB member is rebuilt, rerun the DFS3PU00 utility.

Module:
DFS3DBD0, DFS3PU00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility \(DFSUACB0\)](#) (System Utilities)

DFS4490W AN ACB MEMBER CONTAINS AN INCOMPLETE REFERENCE TO A SECONDARY INDEX: PSB=*psb-name*

Explanation

While processing an ACB library, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) found a PSB that has incomplete information about a reference to a secondary index. The PSB is identified in the error message.

The PSB in the ACB library is incomplete because it was built by an IMS system that does not support the IMS catalog.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility does not create a record in the IMS catalog for the PSB identified in the error message. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rebuild the ACB member for the PSB that is identified in the error message by running the ACB Maintenance

utility with the following utility control statement specified:

```
BUILD PSB=psb-name
```

After the ACB member is rebuilt, rerun the DFS3PU00 utility.

Module:
DFS3PCTL, DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)
[Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility \(DFSUACB0\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4491W AN INVALID DBD NAME WAS FOUND IN MEMBER *member-name*

Explanation

Within the DBD or PSB identified in the error message, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) found a referenced DBD name that did not follow the naming requirements for a DBD. This error is probably an IMS software error.

System action

No catalog record was built for member. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rerun the DFS3PU00 utility with a DD statement that has ddname IMS and that refers to your IMS.DBDLIB or IMS.PSBLIB containing the invalid DBD name. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3DBD0, DFS3DEDB, DFS3GSAM, DFS3INDX, DFS3LOG0, DFS3MSDB, DFS3SDBD, DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4492W AN INVALID SEGMENT NAME WAS FOUND IN MEMBER *member-name*

Explanation

Within the DBD or PSB identified in the error message, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) found a segment name that did not follow the naming requirements for a segment. This error is probably an IMS software error.

System action

No catalog record was built for member. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Rerun the DFS3PU00 utility with a DD statement that has ddname IMS and that refers to your IMS.DBDLIB or IMS.PSBLIB containing the member. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3DBD0, DFS3INDX, DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4493W AN INTERNAL ERROR OCCURRED BUILDING CATALOG SEGMENTS FOR *member-name*

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered an internal error building a catalog record for the member identified in the error message.

System action

No catalog record was built for the member. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Ensure that your JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3DDB0, DFS3DPB0, DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4494E *member-name* IS A BACK-LEVEL ACBLIB MEMBER.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered an ACB library member that was generated by an IMS system that does not support the IMS catalog.

System action

No catalog record was built for the member. The utility continues to insert other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Ensure that your JCL to run the DFS3PU00 utility refers to ACB libraries that were generated by a version of IMS that supports the IMS catalog. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3DDB0, DFS3DPB0, DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4495E THE CATALOG IMPORT DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = rc.

Explanation

In opening the catalog import data set referred to by the CCUCATIM DD statement, the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered return code rc from an OPEN macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc

The return code received by the DFS3PU00 utility from the z/OS DFSMS OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the CCUCATIM DD statement refers to a catalog import data set.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Copy utilities \(DFS3CCE0, DFS3CCIO\) \(System Utilities\)](#)
[z/OS: OPEN return codes](#)

DFS4496E THE CATALOG IMPORT DATA SET DOES NOT CONTAIN CATALOG RECORDS.

Explanation

The import function of the IMS Catalog Copy utility did not find any catalog records in the catalog import data set referred to by the CCUCATIM DD statement.

System action

The utility ends with return code 12. The catalog is not updated.

Programmer response

Verify that the export function of the IMS Catalog Copy utility successfully copied the catalog records to the export data set referred to by the CCUCATEX DD statement.

Verify that the export data set created by the export function of the IMS Catalog Copy utility is the data set that is now referenced by the CCUCATIM DD statement in the JCL for the import function of the IMS Catalog Copy utility.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Copy utilities \(DFS3CCE0, DFS3CCIO\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4497E DBD MEMBER *dbd_name* USES ISAM, WHICH IS NOT A SUPPORTED ACCESS METHOD.

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered a DBD member for a database that uses the ISAM access type. IMS does not support the ISAM access type.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility does not create a record in the IMS catalog for the DBD member. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the IMS catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

No action is necessary; however, no metadata about the ISAM database is stored in the IMS catalog. If the ISAM database is no longer used by your installation, consider removing the input statements for the ISAM database from the input to the DBD Generation utility so that the next time you rebuild the DBD and ACB libraries, you do not receive this message.

Module:

DFS3DDB0, DFS3DPB0, DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4498W **AN ACB MEMBER CONTAINS A
REFERENCE TO A DBD THAT
IS NOT FOUND IN ACBLIB:
MBR=*mbrname***

Explanation

An ACB member references one or more DBD members that are missing from the ACB library. The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) cannot create a record for the ACB member in the IMS catalog.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility does not create a record in the IMS catalog for the ACB member identified in the error message. The DFS3PU00 utility continues inserting other records in the catalog and ends with return code 4.

Programmer response

Run the ACB Maintenance utility to rebuild any missing members in the ACB library. After the ACB members are rebuilt, rerun the DFS3PU00 utility.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Copy utilities \(DFS3CCE0,
DFS3CCIO\)](#) (System Utilities)

DFS4499E **ERROR IN CALL TO DFS3DATE
*cause***

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) encountered an internal error while calling module DFS3DATE. DFS3DATE converts ACB member timestamps into the timestamp format that is used in the IMS catalog records.

In the message text:

cause

The cause of the error. Possible causes include:

LESS THAN 3 PARMS SPECIFIED

The parameter list that the calling module passed to module DFS3DATE was missing one or more of the following required elements:

- A status code area

- A function code
- A timestamp area

TOO MANY PARMS SPECIFIED

The parameter list that the calling module passed to module DFS3DATE contained more than five parameters.

UNKNOWN FUNCTION CODE

The calling module specified an invalid function code to module DFS3DATE.

INSUFFICIENT PARMS FOR FUNCTION

The calling module did not supply all the required parameters to module DFS3DATE for the specified function code.

INVALID DATE SPECIFIED IN CALL

The calling module provided an invalid date format to module DFS3DATE.

ERROR IN ROUTINE DT03

Module DFS3DATE unexpectedly failed in routine DT03 while attempting to validate a user-supplied timestamp.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility terminates abnormally with return code 16 and issues an ABENDU1002 for diagnostic purposes.

Programmer response

Capture a memory dump of the DFS3PU00 job and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3DATE, DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4500E **THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF
ERROR MESSAGES SPECIFIED BY
THE ERRORMAX OPTION HAS
BEEN EXCEEDED.**

Explanation

The ERRORMAX=*n* option was present in the control statement data set, and the IMS Catalog Populate utility encountered more than *n* occurrences of problems that suppressed writing DBD and PSB metadata in the IMS catalog.

System action:

The IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 12.

Programmer response

To increase the allowed number of diagnostic messages, increase the value for the ERRORMAX option in the control statement data set. Otherwise, correct the problems reported by the previous messages.

Module:

DFS3PU00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

Chapter 92. DFS messages, DFS4501 - DFS4600I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS4503A INVALID IMSID ON SYSIN
RECORD**

Explanation:

An IMSID specified in a SYSIN record is invalid. The IMSID must start in column 1, be 1-4 characters in length, contain alphanumeric characters, and contain blanks in the rest of the record.

System action:

The Global Online Change Utility fails.

Operator response:

Correct the IMSID and run the DFSUOLC0 utility again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

Explanation:

You specified an IMSID more than once in the SYSIN records. You can specify a particular IMSID only once in a SYSIN record. Multiple IMSIDs are supported in the SYSIN records, but they must all be different names.

System action:

The global online change utility DFSUOLC0 fails.

Operator response:

Delete the duplicate IMSID or correct the name. Then run the DFSUOLC0 utility again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4504A INVALID PARAMETER xxxx=yyyy

Explanation

Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) encountered an error in the input parameter.

In the message text:

xxxx

The keyword for which the parameter is invalid. It can be one of the following:

FUNC
ACBS
MDBS
FMTS
MDID
PLEX
VERS

yyyy

The parameter.

System action:

The system does not perform any validity checking on the SYSIN records as the input parameters are not valid. The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response:

Correct the error parameter and retry the utility function.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

**DFS4506A OLC IN PROGRESS. CANNOT
ACCESS OLCSTAT**

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) failed to initialize the OLCSTAT dataset because a global online change is in progress. Global online change locks the OLCSTAT data set so that nothing else can update it while it is being changed.

System action:

The Global Online Change Utility fails.

Operator response:

Wait for the global online change to complete or terminate the global online change, before running the Global Online Change utility.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4507A SYSPRINT OPEN FAILED

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) encountered an error in opening the OLCSTAT data set.

System action:

The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response:

This problem is likely the result of a JCL error. Check that your DD statements for the data set are defined correctly. Correct the problem and rerun the utility.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

**DFS4505A DUPLICATE IMSID ON SYSIN
RECORD**

DFS4508A FUNC=UNL, NO LOCK HELD

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) could not unlock the OLCSTAT data set because the data set is not locked with the lock word OLCINP.

System action:

The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response

The **UNLOCK** function is not required because the OLCSTAT data set is not locked. An online change in progress might have completed and unlocked the OLCSTAT data set.

You should continue processing with the next DFSUOLC0 action that you want to take.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4509A	FUNC=ADD, IMSID ALREADY IN OLCSTAT, SYSIN RECORD
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) encountered an error while adding an IMSID to the OLCSTAT data set, because the ID already exists in the OLCSTAT.

System action:

The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response:

The IMSID that you are trying to add is already in the OLCSTAT. Correct the IMSID to be added by changing to an IMSID not in the OLCSTAT data set, and retry the **ADD** function.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4510A	FUNC=DEL, IMSID NOT IN OLCSTAT, SYSIN RECORD
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) encountered an error in deleting the IMSID you had specified from the OLCSTAT data set because the ID does not exist in the OLCSTAT.

System action:

The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response:

The IMSID that you are trying to delete is not in the OLCSTAT. Change the IMSID to be deleted to an IMSID that is in the OLCSTAT data set, and try the **DEL** function again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4511A	SYSIN RECORD COUNT EXCEEDS MAX OF <i>nn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:

The count of IMSIDs specified as SYSIN records exceeded the maximum supported value of *nn*.

System action:

The global online change utility DFSUOLC0 fails.

Operator response:

Remove the excess IMSIDs and run the DFSUOLC0 utility again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4512A	NO SYSIN RECORDS FOR FUNC=<i>xxx</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0) encountered an error because it did not find any SYSIN records for *xxx*.

In the message text, *xxx* can be:

ADD

DEL

System action:

The DFSUOLC0 utility terminates with a return code of 4.

User response:

Modify the JCL to add the SYSIN record with the IMSID that you want to add or delete, and try the utility function again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4513A	FUNC=ADD, ADDING SYSIN IMSID TO OLCSTAT <i>nn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:

The Global Online Change utility was attempting to add IMSIDs to the OLCSTAT data set with FUNC=ADD; the IMSIDs were specified in the SYSIN records. However, the count of IMSIDs already defined in the OLCSTAT data set plus the IMSIDs to be added exceeds the maximum supported value of *nn*.

System action:

The global online change utility DFSUOLC0 fails.

Operator response:

Remove the excess IMSIDs and run the DFSUOLC0 utility again.

Module:

DFSUOLC0

DFS4514A	MISMATCH IN UTILITY AND MACRO VERSION# DETECTED
-----------------	--

Explanation:

An attempt was made to initialize the OLCSTAT data set with the Global Online Change utility (DFSUOLC0). The system detected a mismatch between the utility and the DFSOLCS parmlist versions.

System action:

The Global Online Change utility fails with return code 04.

User response:

This problem is an IMS internal error. Apply corrective maintenance so that the levels for the utility and the DFSOLCS macro match.

Module:
DFSUOLC0

**DFS4515W THE GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
HAS REACHED THE xx% OF THE
GLOBAL LIMIT OF nnnnnn.**

Explanation

OTMA detected that the total number of transaction pipes (tpipes) has reached or exceeded the xx% of the global TPIPE threshold indicated by nnnnnn.

In the message text:

xx%

The warning level, which is specified through the MAXTPWN parameter in the DFSOTMA member of the OTMA client descriptor.

nnnnnn

The global threshold for tpipes, which is either the DFSOTMA MAXTP value or the highest MAXTP among the OTMA clients when DFSOTMA MAXTP is not specified.

System action:

The system continues to create tpipes.

System programmer response:

Start monitoring the number of tpipes for all the members. Issue a checkpoint three times to clean the idle tpipes.

Module:
DFSYFD00

**DFS4516E THE GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
HAS REACHED THE GLOBAL LIMIT
OF nnnnnn.**

Explanation

The MAXTP limit is specified for the DFSOTMA descriptor entry in the OTMA client descriptor to monitor the growth of TPIPE for all of the OTMA clients. When the number of TPIPEs in use has reached this limit, IMS issues this error.

In the message text:

nnnnnn

The global TPIPE warning threshold, which is the MAXTP limit specified for DFSOTMA in the OTMA client descriptor.

System action:

IMS rejects any subsequent TPIPE creation requests from OTMA clients and IMS applications. The / **DISPLAY OTMA** command will display MAX TPIPE for the USER-STATUS of the OTMA server.

Programmer response:

Issue the / **DISPLAY OTMA** command to view the TPCNT value, which is the total TPIPEs in use, and the MAXTP value, which is the TPIPE limit specified in the OTMA client descriptor. You can issue the IMS / **CHECKPOINT** command three times to force the tpipe cleanup so that idle tpipes in the system can be deleted.

Module:
DFSYFD00

**DFS4517I THE GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT
HAS DECREASED BELOW xx% OF
THE GLOBAL LIMIT OF nnnnnn.**

Explanation

OTMA detected that the total number of transaction pipes (tpipes) for all the OTMA members has fallen below xx% of the global TPIPE threshold indicated by nnnnnn.

In the message text:

xx

The relief level, which is specified through the MAXTP parameter for DFSOTMA in the OTMA client descriptor.

nnnnnn

The global threshold for tpipes, which is either the DFSOTMA MAXTP value or the highest MAXTP among the OTMA clients when DFSOTMA MAXTP is not specified.

System action:

The system continues to create tpipes.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSYFD00

**DFS4518I UPDATES TO THE IMS CATALOG
HAVE BEEN COMMITTED.
CHECKPOINT ID nnnnnnn**

Explanation

This message indicates that updates to the catalog are committed.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The checkpoint ID that is associated with the commit.

System action:

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

The checkpoint frequency of 200 updates may be changed by specifying the **RESOURCE_CHKP_FREQ** parameter for the utility.

Module:

DFS3PU10, DFS3CM00

DFS4519E	BOTH THE LOAD PSB DFSCPL00 AND THE STATEMENT MANAGEDACBS=UPDATE OR MANAGEDACBS=STAGE ARE SPECIFIED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the load PSB DFSCPL00 is specified in the EXEC parameters in the utility JCL neither UPDATE nor STAGE can be specified on the MANAGEDACBS utility control statement.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility terminates with return code 8.

System programmer response

Either change the PSB in the EXEC parameters or change the value of the MANAGEDACBS utility control statement to SETUP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4520I	INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i> OF DBD PSB <i>name</i> WAS ADDED TO THE IMS DIRECTORY.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS ACBLIB member *name* with timestamp *yydddhmmssst* was copied from the ACBLIB to the IMS catalog directory.

In the message text:

name

The ACLIB member name.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

You can suppress this and other similar informational messages by specifying NOISRTLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4521I	INSTANCE <i>acb-yydddhmmssst</i> OF DBD PSB <i>name</i> REPLACED INSTANCE <i>dir-yydddhmmssst</i> IN THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contained an existing member *name* with timestamp *dir-yydddhmmssst*. This member was deleted, and the ACBLIB member *name* with timestamp *acb-yydddhmmssst* was successfully copied from the ACBLIB to the IMS catalog directory to replace it.

In the message text:

name

The ACBLIB member name.

acb-dddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was added to the IMS catalog directory.

dir-yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was already in the IMS catalog directory.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

You can suppress this and other similar informational messages by specifying NOISRTLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)

DFS4522I **INSTANCE *acb-yydddhmmssst*h OF DBD|PSB *name* WAS NOT ADDED TO THE DIRECTORY. A LATER INSTANCE *dir-yydddhmmssst*h EXISTS**

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contains existing an existing member *name* with timestamp *dir-yydddhmmssst*h. This member was retained in the directory because the timestamp *acb-yydddhmmssst*h for ACBLIB member *name* is earlier than the timestamp of the member already in the directory.

In the message text:

name

The member name in the directory and in the ACBLIB.

*acb-dddhmmssst*h

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was rejected for inclusion in the directory.

*dir-yydddhmmssst*h

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that is already in the IMS catalog directory.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

For ACBLIB members with earlier timestamps who want to replace their corresponding directory members with later timestamps, provide the MANAGEDACBS=(UPDATE,ACBLIB) parameter in the

control statements data set (ddname SYSINP) as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility.

To suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)

DFS4523E **AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED READING ACBLIB INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst*h OF DBD|PSB *name* system-produced-SYNAD-message-text**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to read member *name* from the ACBLIB in order to copy it to the IMS directory. However, the internal BPAM macro instructions that the utility used detected an I/O error.

In the message text:

name

The ACLIB member name.

*yydddhmmssst*h

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member.

system-produced-SYNAD-message-text

The I/O error message produced by DFSMS.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory, and execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of *system-produced-SYNAD-message-text* refer to the description of the SYNADAF macro in z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets, and take any actions suggested.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
(System Utilities)
z/OS: DFSMS SYNADAF macro

DFS4524E **AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED WRITING INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst*h OF DBD|PSB**

name system-produced-SYNAD-message-text

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to write member *name* to the IMS directory. However, the internal BPAM macro instructions that the utility used detected an I/O error.

In the message text:

name

The ACLIB member name.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member.

system-produced-SYNAD-message-text

The I/O error message produced by DFSMS.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory, and execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the *system-produced-SYNAD-message-text* that was issued by DFSMS, refer to the description of the SYNADAF macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*, and take any actions suggested.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4525E	DBD PSB <i>name</i> COULD NOT BE ADDED TO IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET <i>nn</i>. Cause.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to write member *name* to one of the IMS directory data sets. However, the internal STOW macro instruction that the utility used detected an error, or the directory data sets are full.

In the message text, *Cause* is one of the following conditions:

- DFSMS STOW MACRO RETURN CODE *rc* REASON CODE *rs*.
- THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SETS ARE FULL.

name

The ACBLIB member name.

nn

The data set position in the concatenation of data sets that form the IMS directory.

rc

The return code issued by the STOW macro instruction.

rs

The reason issued by the STOW macro instruction.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory, and execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return and reason codes refer to the description of the completion codes of the STOW macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to resolve the problem.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

DFS4526E	THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET <i>nn</i> FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC =<i>rc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

As part of building the IMS directory the IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to open one of the IMS directory data sets. However, the internal OPEN macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

nn

The data set position in the concatenation of data sets comprising the IMS directory.

rc

The return code given by the OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The IMS directory was not built, and execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return codes of the non-VSAM OPEN macro, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return codes for the DFSMS non-VSAM OPEN macro](#)

DFS4527E	THE IMS DIRECTORY BOOTSTRAP DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC =rc
-----------------	---

Explanation

As part of building the IMS directory the IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to open the bootstrap data set for the IMS directory. However, the internal OPEN macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

rc
The return code given by the OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The IMS directory was not built, and the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return codes of the non-VSAM OPEN macro, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return codes for the DFSMS non-VSAM OPEN macro](#)

DFS4529E	DELETING MEMBER DBD PSB name FROM IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET nn FAILED WITH STOW RETURN CODE rc REASON CODE rs
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to delete the existing member *name* from one of the IMS directory data sets. However, the internal STOW macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

name
The ACLIB member name.

nn
The data set position in the concatenation of data sets comprising the IMS directory.

rc
The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

rs
The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory. The execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminates with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return and reason codes refer to the description of the completion codes of the STOW macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

DFS4530E	RENAMING MEMBER DBD PSB name IN IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET nn FAILED WITH STOW RETURN CODE rc REASON CODE rs
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to rename an encrypted form of member name in one of the IMS directory data sets to the true name. However, the internal STOW macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

name

The ACLIB member name.

nn

The data set position in the concatenation of data sets comprising the IMS directory.

rc

The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

rs

The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory. The execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminates with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return and reason codes refer to the description of the completion codes of the STOW macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

DFS4531I **INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst* OF DBD|PSB *name* IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY AND WAS NOT ADDED.**

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contains existing an existing member name with timestamp *yydddhmmssst*, so this member was not added to or replaced in the directory.

In the message text:

name

The member name in the directory and in the ACBLIB.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was rejected for inclusion in the directory.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

To suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4532E **THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY DATA SET *nn* FAILED TO CLOSE. CLOSE RC =*rc***

Explanation

Near the completion of processing IMS directory the IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to close one of the IMS directory data sets. However, the internal CLOSE macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

nn

The data set position in the concatenation of data sets comprising the IMS directory.

rc

The return code given by the CLOSE macro instruction.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return codes of the non-VSAM CLOSE macro, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[z/OS: Return codes for the DFSMS non-VSAM CLOSE macro](#)

**DFS4533I *nnn* MEMBERS WERE ADDED TO
THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY.**

Explanation

A total of *nnn* ACBLIB members were copied as new members into the IMS catalog directory from the ACBLIBs used as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility.

In the message text:

nnn

The total number of resources added to the IMS directory.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4534I *nnn* MEMBERS WERE REPLACED
IN THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY.**

Explanation

A total of *nnn* ACBLIB members were copied as replacement members into the IMS catalog directory from the ACBLIBs used as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility.

In the message text:

nnn

The total number of existing resources in the IMS directory that were replaced by instances of those resources from the ACB library.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4535I *nnn* MEMBERS WERE STAGED TO
BE ADDED TO THE IMS CATALOG
DIRECTORY.**

Explanation

A total of *nnn* ACBLIB members were copied from the ACBLIBs used as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility to the IMS catalog directory staging data set to be subsequently added as new members in the IMS catalog directory.

In the message text:

nnn

The total number of ACBs that were written to the staging data set.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues normal processing.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

**DFS4536I *nnn* MEMBERS WERE STAGED
TO BE REPLACED IN THE IMS
CATALOG DIRECTORY.**

Explanation

A total of *nnn* ACBLIB members were copied from the ACBLIBs used as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility to the IMS catalog directory staging data set to be subsequently added as replacement members in the IMS catalog directory.

In the message text:

nnn

The total number of resource instances that were copied from the input ACB libraries into the staging data set of the IMS directory.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4537I **INSTANCE *yydddhmmssst* OF DBD|PSB *name* IS HELD FOR INSERTION INTO THE IMS DIRECTORY BY THE IMPORT COMMAND.**

Explanation

The IMS ACBLIB member *name* with timestamp *yydddhmmssst* was copied from the ACBLIBs used as input to the IMS Catalog Populate utility to the IMS catalog directory staging data set to be subsequently added as a new member in the IMS catalog directory.

In the message text:

name

The ACLIB member name.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

You can suppress this and other similar informational messages by specifying NOISRTLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4538I **INSTANCE *acb-yydddhmmssst* OF DBD|PSB *name* IS HELD FOR IMPORT INTO THE IMS DIRECTORY TO REPLACE *dir-yydddhmmssst*.**

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contains an existing member *name* with timestamp *dir-yydddhmmssst*. The ACBLIB member name with timestamp *acb-yydddhmmssst* was copied to the IMS catalog directory staging data set to subsequently replace the IMS catalog directory member.

In the message text:

name

The ACBLIB member name.

dir-yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that is already in the IMS catalog directory.

acb-yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was added to the IMS catalog directory staging data set.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

You can suppress this and other similar informational messages by specifying NOISRTLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4539I **INSTANCE *acb-yydddhmmssst* OF DBD|PSB *name* WAS NOT STAGED. A LATER DIRECTORY INSTANCE *dir-yydddhmmssst* EXISTS.**

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contains an existing member *name* with timestamp *dir-yydddhmmssst*. The ACBLIB member name with timestamp *acb-yydddhmmssst* was not copied to the IMS catalog directory staging data set as a replacement for the directory member because its timestamp was earlier than the directory members timestamp.

In the message text:

name

The ACBLIB member name.

dir-yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that is already in the IMS catalog directory.

acb-yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that was not added to the IMS catalog directory staging data set.

System action

The IMS Catalog Populate utility continues to run.

System programmer response

To suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4540E	ADDING MEMBER DBD PSB <i>name</i> IN THE DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET FAILED WITH STOW RETURN CODE <i>rc</i> REASON CODE <i>rs</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to write member *name* to the IMS directory staging data set. However, the internal STOW macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

rc

The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

rs

The return code given by the STOW macro instruction.

name

The ACLIB member name.

System action

The member *name* was not added to the IMS directory, and execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return and reason codes refer to the description of the completion codes of the STOW macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

DFS4541E	THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC =<i>rc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

As part of building the IMS directory the IMS Catalog Populate utility tried to open the IMS directory staging data set. However, the internal OPEN macro instruction that the utility used detected an error.

In the message text:

rc

The return code given by the OPEN macro instruction.

System action

The IMS directory was not built, and the IMS Catalog Populate utility terminated with return code 8.

System programmer response

For an explanation of the return codes of the non-VSAM OPEN macro, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. Take the appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

Module:

DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)
[z/OS: Return codes for the DFSMS non-VSAM OPEN macro](#)

DFS4542I	INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i> OF DBD PSB <i>name</i> IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY AND WAS NOT STAGED.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS catalog directory already contains an existing member *name* with timestamp *dir-yydddhmmssst*, so the ACBLIB member name with the same timestamp was not copied to the IMS catalog directory staging data set as a replacement for the directory member.

In the message text:

name

The ACBLIB member name.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the ACBLIB member that is already in the IMS catalog directory.

System action

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

To suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4545I DBD|PSB *name* WAS DELETED FROM THE IMS DIRECTORY.

Explanation

As part of processing a DELETE or DELDBVER statement, the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility deleted member *name* from the IMS directory.

In the message text:

name
The ACB name in the IMS directory.

System action:
None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4546I DBD|PSB *name* WAS DELETED FROM THE IMS DIRECTORY STAGING DATA SET.

Explanation

As part of processing a DELETE or DELDBVER statement, the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility deleted member *name* from the IMS directory staging data set.

In the message text:

name
The ACB name in the IMS directory staging data set.

System action:
None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3DU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4547W *name* WAS NOT PURGED BECAUSE IT IS RESERVED AS THE NAME OF AN IMS CATALOG RESOURCE.

Explanation

As part of processing a DELETE statement, the IMS Catalog Record Purge utility found that member *name* was to be deleted from the IMS catalog and the IMS directory. However, the first four characters of *name* match the alias name of the IMS catalog and cause conflicts with the names of the catalog PSBs and DBDs. These names are reserved for the catalog PSBs and DBDs and cannot be purged.

In the message text:

name
The ACB name in the IMS catalog and IMS directory.

System action:
Deletion of the member name from the IMS catalog and IMS directory is suppressed.

User response:
Do not delete the PSB or DBD instances from the IMS catalog.

Module:
DFS3PU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Record Purge utility \(DFS3PU10\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS4548E THE IMS DIRECTORY CANNOT BE UPDATED BY THE CATALOG PURGE UTILITY EXCEPT IN A BATCH JOB.

Explanation:
The IMS Catalog Purge utility must update the IMS directory, but the IMS system under which the utility is running might also be using the directory without any serialization with the utility. To prevent conflicts

between the online IMS system and the utility, the utility is not permitted to run.

System action:

The IMS directory was not updated, and the IMS Catalog Purge utility ended with return code 12.

System programmer response:

Run the IMS Catalog Purge utility as a batch job in a DL/I or DBB region, and ensure that no active IMS systems with ACBGMT=CATALOG specified in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set are also running.

Module:

DFS3PU10

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Record Purge utility \(DFS3PU10\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

**DFS4549E VALIDATION OF DD cccccccc
FAILED. REASON CODE=rc [ERROR
CODE=ec]**

Explanation

Validation of the data set associated with DD cccccccc failed for the reason indicated in reason code rc. Optionally, the service identified by reason code rc failed with the error code indicated by error code ec.

System action

Processing of the utility terminated.

Output destination:

The Systems console

System programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by the reason code or error code and restart the job.

Table 26. Reason or error code	
Code	Explanation
1	The data set has members in it. The data set must be empty in order to proceed.
2	More than one data set is concatenated to the DD. Only one data set can be associated with the DD.
3	The data set is not a PDS-E.

Table 26. Reason or error code (continued)	
Code	Explanation
4	The data set name does not match the naming convention for the IMS Catalog Directory. See Data Set Names of the IMS Directory Data Sets for more details.
5	A DCB attribute of the data set is improper for DD cccccccc.
6	You cannot set DISP=SHR because the utility needs exclusive use of the data set.
7	A failure occurred while an attempt was made to open the data set.
10	The call to the DEVTYPE macro failed with error code ec. Check the DEVTYPE return code for the possible causes for error code ec.
11	The call to the ISITMGDA macro failed with error code ec. Check the ISITMGD return code for the possible causes for error code ec.

**DFS4550W INSTANCE yyyydddhhmmssth OF
DBD | PSB name WAS NOT
PURGED FROM THE IMS CATALOG
BECAUSE IT CONTAINS AN
ACTIVE | A PENDING INSTANCE**

Explanation

In the message text:

name

The DBD or PSB member name that could not be purged.

yyyydddhhmmssth

The time stamp of the DBD or PSB member active or pending instance that could not be purged in the format of yyyy for year, ddd for the Julian day, hh for the hour, mm for the minutes, ss for the seconds, and th for the thousands of a second.

The DELETE statements attempted to purge active or pending instances from the IMS Catalog while IMS was online. The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility did not delete any records.

System action

The DFS3PU10 utility fails with a return code 4.

User response:

If the PSB or DBD has been removed from the ACBLIB, then manually delete the member from the DIRECTORY PDSE dataset.

Module:
DFS3PU10

DFS4551E	THE MSC= EXECUTION PARAMETER CANNOT CHANGE WITHOUT A COLD START
-----------------	--

Explanation

A warm or emergency restart was attempted after the value of the MSC= execution parameter was changed. The restart failed because a cold start is required to change the value of the MSC= execution parameter.

The value of the MSC= parameter might have been changed explicitly in a startup procedure or, if the MSC= parameter is not specified in a startup procedure, IMS might have changed the effective value of the MSC= execution parameter automatically based on the presence or absence of a DFSCLL3x member for MSC resources in the IMS.SDFSRESL data set.

System action

IMS terminates with abend 0168 and reason code X'1E'.

User response

Either change the value of the MSC= execute parameter to its value at the last cold start of the IMS system, or cold start IMS. The second DFS1929I that is issued to the SYSLOG during restart indicates the incorrect value of the MSC= execute parameter.

Module:
DFSRLP00

Related tasks

[Enabling MSC with the MSC= execution parameter \(Communications and Connections\)](#)

Related reference

[MSC= parameter for procedures \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4552W	I/O ERROR WRITING MEMBER DFSIMSL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS system could not write to the DFSIMSL member of the IMS directory data set of a shared IMS catalog. The DFSIMSL member is an automatically generated list of the IMS systems that share the IMS catalog.

System action

The IMS system attempts to rebuild member DFSIMSL after the restart process completes.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSRDB30

DFS4553W	MEMBER xxxxxxxx PROCESSED. AN IMPROPER CONDITION WAS DETECTED. REASON nnnnn.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while IMS was processing a member in the IMS catalog directory data set.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The name of the member being processed.

nnnnn

The reason code for the error. The following list provides the reason codes and their meanings.

Reason
Meaning

1

The named member was found in a data set other than the first data set of the IMS catalog directory data sets concatenation. This is an unexpected condition and might cause a problem with other IMS processes.

System action

For reason code 1, IMS initialization proceeds.

Programmer response

For reason code 1, contact IBM Software Support to determine how this situation should be resolved.

Module

DFSRDB30

DFS4554E UNABLE TO WRITE TO LIBRARY

Explanation

An error occurred while the IMS Catalog Library Builder utility was attempting to write to an output data set.

System action

The utility terminates. No output is generated.

Operator response

Review the error messages that were written to the console to identify the cause of the error and the data set that the utility was trying to write to.

After the problem is corrected, run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3LU00

Related reference

[Get request \(GET\) for the IMS catalog API \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4560E TRACE TABLE *nnnn* IS NOT A VALID TRACE TABLE.

Explanation

The type-2 trace table name that is specified in the TRCLEV statement in the DIAGNOSTICS_STATISTICS section of the DFSDFxxx member is not a valid trace table name.

In the message text:

nnnn

The trace table name that is specified in the TRCLEV statement.

System action:

IMS continues processing. You can use the **UPDATE TRACE** command to start tracing.

System programmer response:

Specify a valid trace table name in the TRCLEV statement. See the TRCLEV parameter in the [DIAGNOSTICS_STATISTICS](#) section of the [DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#) topic for the valid trace table names.

Module:
DFSDFN10

DFS4561E ERROR LOADING TRACE SERVICES MODULE *mmmmmmmm* IMODULE LOAD RC= *nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

IMS was unable to load the specified module.

In the message text:

mmmmmmmm

The name of the module for which the error occurred.

nnnnnnnn

The return code from the IMODULE service.

System action:

IMS abends with a U0630 abend.

System programmer response:

Determine the reason for the IMODULE LOAD failure from the RC value returned and correct the problem. If you are unable to resolve the problem, save the SYSLOG and the dump, and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSTRI00

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4562E ERROR ALLOCATING SPACE FOR THE *tttt* TRACE TABLE. BLOCK TYPE *bbbb* BCB SERVICE RC= *nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

IMS was unable to allocate space for type-2 trace table by using BCB services.

In the message text:

tttt

The name of the trace table for which space could not be allocated.

bbbb

The BCB block type that could not be allocated.

nnnnnnnn

The return code from BCB services.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

If you are unable to resolve the problem, save the SYSLOG and the dump and call IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DFSTRSV0

DFS4570E USER EXIT LOAD FAILURE. EXIT TYPE - *ttttttt* MODULE NAME - *mmmmmmmm* IMODULE LOAD RC - *rr*

Explanation

or

**USER EXIT SETUP FAILED. EXIT TYPE -
ttttttt MODULE NAME - mmmmmmm REASON -
rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr RC - rr**

Explanation

IMS was unable to load a user exit routine. The exit routine name is defined in the USER_EXITS section of the DFSDFxxx member.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The user exit type. If this field is USRXINIT, the error is from user exit initialization services and not related to an individual user exit routine. In this case, *mmmmmmmm* is blank. If this field is USRXRFSH, the error is during **REFRESH USEREXIT** command processing and not related to a particular user exit type.

mmmmmmmm

The name of the user exit routine or the control block for which the error occurred.

If the user exit routine name is USXGRAMR, the message refers to storage required for the parsed grammar output of the user exit definitions in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

If the user exit type is FASTMON, FASTMONL (entry of user exit lists) is displayed in the MODULE NAME field.

rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr

The reason the user exit setup failed. This can be one of the following strings:

BCB RELEASE ERROR

Storage for the USXI or USXS control blocks could not be released by BCB services.

BCB GET ERROR

Storage for the USXI or USXS control blocks could not be obtained from BCB services.

BLDL ERROR

BLDL failed for the indicated module name. If RC=04, the specified module could not be found.

IMOD FREE ERROR

Storage for the indicated module could not be released using IMODULE FREE.

IMOD GETM ERROR

Storage for the indicated module could not be obtained using IMODULE GETMAIN.

IMOD GETS ERROR

Storage for the indicated module could not be obtained using IMODULE GETSTOR.

LOAD ERROR

LOAD failed for the indicated module name.

NO EXITDEF STMT

No EXITDEF statement in the DFSDFxxx member for the specified exit type.

PARSE ERROR

An error was encountered while parsing the DFSDFxxx member. If the error was a parse error (as opposed to an error in the parsing service), BPE003E messages give more information on the error.

PDS READ ERROR

An error was encountered while reading the DFSDFxxx member. The MODULE NAME field indicates the member that was read.

STOR OBTN ERROR

Storage for the indicated module could not be obtained using STORAGE.

rr

The return code issued by the services that are associated with the reason text of this message. If there is no return code from the service, this field is blank.

This message is also issued while processing the output EXITDEF parameter in the USER_EXITS section of the DFSDFxxx member during IMS initialization or during the processing of the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

System action

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response

If the user exit setup failed because of a storage error, check that the region size of the address space is large enough. Increase the region size by changing the REGION= parameter on the IMS control region JCL and restart IMS.

If the user exit setup failed because of a BLDL or a LOAD error, check the PROCLIB member to ensure the exit routine name is correct. If the name is correct in the PROCLIB member, ensure that the load module is available to the control region.

Module

DFSUSRXI, DFSUSX00

Note: If the Module field is ****NONE****, the error does not have a user exit module associated with it.

Related reference

[IMODULE return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4571E **USER EXIT TYPE *ttttttt* IS NOT A VALID USER EXIT TYPE**

Explanation

The user exit type specified on the EXITDEF statement in the USER_EXITS section of the DFSDFxxx member is not a valid user exit type.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The user exit type specified on the EXITDEF statement

This message is also issued while processing the output EXITDEF parameter in the USER_EXITS section of the DFSDFxxx member during IMS initialization or during the processing of the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

Specify a valid user exit type on the EXITDEF statement. See the IMS system definition information for the valid user exit types.

Module:

DFSUSRXI

DFS4572E **USER EXIT TYPE IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR MULTI-EXIT ROUTINE SUPPORT**

Explanation

The user exit type *ttttttt* is a valid user exit type, but it is not eligible for multi-exit routine support.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The user exit type

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

Check the PROCLIB member to ensure that all of the exits that are listed are eligible for multi-exit support. Remove any that are not.

Module:

DFSUSRXI

DFS4573E **UNABLE TO CALL USER EXIT TYPE – *ttttttt* FUNCTION - *ffffff* REASON - *cccccccccccccccc* RC - *rr***

Explanation

IMS was unable to call any exit routines of the specified user exit type.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The user exit type.

ffffff

The function code that was to be passed to the exit. If there is no function code, this part is blank.

cccccccccccccccc

The reason the exit type could not be called. Possible reasons are:

IMOD GETM ERROR

An IMODULE GETMAIN error was encountered.

NO DPST STORAGE

The PSTDUXIB field that is supposed to point to the pre-allocated storage for the interface block and parameter list for dependent region PSTs (DPSTs) was 0. Return code *rr* is 8.

rr

The return code from the service that received an error. If the error does not have a return code, this field is blank.

System action

In most cases, the IMS system continues processing. However, the IMS system might take additional actions to the IMSMON and the FASTMON exit type in the following circumstances:

- If the message is issued for IMSMON, IMS does not call the IMSMON exit type and continues processing regardless of the reported reason. This message is issued only once for the lifetime of the IMS system. If the storage shortage is eventually relieved, the calling of the IMSMON exit type resumes.
- If the message is issued for FASTMON, IMS does not call the FASTMON exit type and continues processing. This message is issued only once for the lifetime of the IMS system.

System programmer response

If this is a storage shortage, the region size of the address space might be too small. Increase the region size by changing the REGION= parameter on the IMS control region JCL and restart IMS.

If the problem persists, save any memory dumps and IMS logs and contact IBM Software Support. If no memory dumps were produced, create a console dump of the IMS control region.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 25, 36, 41

Module:

DFSSTM0, DFSTRM00, DFSMNTR0

Related reference

IMODULE return codes (Messages and Codes)

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS4574W DUPLICATE USER EXIT ROUTINE
 DEFINED. TYPE- *ttttttt* MODULE
 NAME - *mmmmmmmm***

Explanation

A duplicate user exit routine was defined in the EXITS parameter of the EXITDEF statement for the indicated user exit type. The exit is only loaded one time and is called only one time.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The user exit type

mmmmmmmm

The user exit module name

System action:

The second user exit module name is ignored and IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

Check the EXITS parameter that is in error and either correct or remove the user exit routine name.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 25, 36, 41

Module:

DFSUSX00

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on page 1
 IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS4575E ERROR IN ADD ROUTINE FOR
 EXIT TYPE *ttttttt*. SERVICE -
ssssssssssssssss SERVICE RC -
*rrrr***

Explanation

An error was encountered in the add routine for user exit type *ttttttt*. The add routine for a user exit type is run when the user exit type is added by the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

ttttttt

The user exit type.

ssssssssssssssss

The service in which the error was encountered.

rrrr

The reason code received from the service that failed.

System action:

The user exit type is not added.

System programmer response

If the error is a storage error, check that the region size of the address space is large enough. Increase the REGION= parameter on the IMS control region JCL and restart IMS.

If the problem persists, create a console dump of the IMS control region and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSIR010, DFSUSX90

**DFS4576W ERROR IN DEL ROUTINE FOR
 EXIT TYPE *ttttttt*. SERVICE -
ssssssssssssssss SERVICE RC -
*rrrr***

Explanation

An error was encountered in the delete routine for user exit type *ttttttt*.

The delete routine for a user exit type is run when the user exit type is deleted by the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

ttttttt

The user exit type.

ssssssssssssssss

The service in which the error was encountered.

rrrr

The reason code received from the service that failed.

System action:

The user exit type is deleted. If the error is a storage release error, the storage is still allocated. If the user exit type is added at a later time by the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command, the storage will be reused.

System programmer response

You can use the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command to add the user exit type and then delete the user exit type again with the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command. IMS will run the delete routine for the user exit type and retry the failing service.

If the problem persists, create a console dump of the IMS control region and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

**DFS4585W RASE SECURITY USER EXIT
DELETED. NO RASE SECURITY
USER EXIT CALL WITH
pppppppppppppppppp**

Explanation

The Resource Access Security user exit (RASE) was deleted with the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

pppppppppppppppppp

The ISIS, ODBASE, and ODBMSECURE parameter values.

An ISIS value of A or C specifies that resource security checking is to be done using RACF and the RASE user exit (ISIS=A) or the user exit only (ISIS=C).

ODBASE=Y specifies that the RASE user exit is called if it exists.

An ODBMSECURE value of A specifies that resource security checking is to be done using both RACF and the RASE user exit. An ODBMSECURE value of E specifies that resource security checking is to be done using only the RASE user exit.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

If you do not want to run with the RASE user exit, no action is necessary. If you want to run with the RASE user exit, modify the DFSDFxxx member to define your RASE user exit routine and reissue the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command for the RASE user exit type.

Module:

DFSIR010

**DFS4586E LOGEDIT USER EXIT COULD NOT
BE ADDED. NO LOG RECORDS
SELECTED FOR EDITING.**

Explanation

No log records are selected to be passed to the LOGEDIT user exit, so the LOGEDIT user exit is not added. This message can be issued during IMS initialization or as a result of the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command.

If it is issued during IMS Initialization, the LOGEDIT user exit is defined with the EXITDEF statement in the DFSDFxxx member. The LOGEDIT user exit is deleted.

If the message is issued as a result of the **REFRESH USEREXIT** command, the LOGEDIT user exit is not added.

The log record types that are to be passed to the LOGEDIT user exit are identified with the LOGEDIT statement in the DFSVSMxx member.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

You must identify the log record types to be passed to the LOGEDIT user exit in the LOGEDIT statement in the DFSVSMxx member at IMS start up. IMS must be restarted to pick up the log record types.

Module:

DFSIR010, DFSXLGI0

**DFS4587E IMSMON EXIT PROCESSING
ERROR - eeeeeeeeeeeeeee RC = rr**

Explanation

IMS encountered a problem that is related to calling the IMSMON exit type or managing associated storage.

eeeeeeeeeeeeeeee

Reason text for the failure. Possible reason texts are as follows:

FREESTR MONEXTBL

IMODULE FREESTOR error for the storage of the array that is passed to the exits for them to register interest in SLOG (DC monitor work area) codes. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

FREESTR LMONARRY

IMODULE FREESTOR error for the storage for the SLOG interest array that is checked by IMS to see whether any exit registered interest in a particular SLOG code. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

GETSTOR SLOG ARY

IMODULE GETSTOR error for obtaining the SLOG interest array that is used by IMS. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

rr

The return code that is associated with the reason text.

System action

System action differs depending on the reason text.

FREESTR MONEXTBL

IMS continues processing.

FREESTR LMONARRY

IMS continues processing.

GETSTOR SLOG ARY

The IMSMON exit type will not be called. The LMONNSLA flag is set to indicate the condition.

System programmer response

If the reason text is GETSTOR SLOG ARY, the region size of the address space might be too small. Increase

the region size by changing the REGION= parameter on the IMS control region JCL and restart IMS.

If the problem persists, save any memory dumps and IMS logs and contact IBM Software Support. If no memory dumps were produced, create a console dump of the IMS control region. If the IMSMON exit in question is a vendor product, contact the vendor for guidance.

Problem determination

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 15, 25, 36, 41.

Module:

DFSMNTR0

Related information

“IMS problem determination” on [page 1](#)
IMS messages and codes problem determination is accomplished by using procedures established by IBM.

**DFS4588E FASTMON EXIT PROCESSING
ERROR - eeeeeeeeeeeeeeee RC = rr**

Explanation

The IMS system encounters a problem that is related to calling the FASTMON exit type or managing the associated storage.

In the message text:

eeeeeeeeeeeeeeee

The reason text for the failure, which can be one of the following texts:

FREESTR MONEXTBL

IMODULE FREESTOR error for the storage of the array that is passed to the exits for them to register interest in the SLOG (DC monitor work area) codes. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

FREESTR LMONARRY

IMODULE FREESTOR error for the storage for the SLOG interest array that is checked by the IMS system to see whether any exit registered interest is in a particular SLOG code. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

GETSTOR SLOG ARY

IMODULE GETSTOR error for obtaining the SLOG interest array that is used by the IMS system. Return code *rr* is the IMODULE return code.

rr

The return code that is associated with the reason text.

System action

System action differs depending on the reason text:

- For FREESTR MONEXTBL, IMS continues processing.
- For FREESTR LMONARRY, IMS continues processing.
- For GETSTOR SLOG ARY, the **FASTMON** exit type is not called.

System programmer response

If the reason text is GETSTOR SLOG ARY, the region size of the address space might be insufficient. Increase the region size by changing the **REGION=** parameter on the IMS control region JCL and restart the IMS system.

If the problem persists, save any memory dumps and IMS logs then contact IBM Software Support. If no memory dumps were produced, create a console dump of the IMS control region. If the **FASTMON** exit in question is a vendor product, contact the vendor for guidance.

Problem determination:

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 15, 25, 36, 41.

Module:

DFSMNTR0

Related information

[IMS problem determination \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS4591E THE DIRECTORY DATA SET
NAMES IN THE FAILED IMS
AND THE RESTARTED IMS DO
NOT MATCH. UOW ABORTED.
TOKEN=cccccccccccccccc.**

Explanation

The <CATALOG> section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member of the failed IMS and the restarted IMS is not the same. The high level qualifier in the name of the IMS directory data set of the failed IMS does not match the high level qualifier in the name of the IMS directory data set of the restarted IMS.

In the message text:

cccccccccccccccc

The member online change (MOLC) unit of work (UOW) token.

System action

IMS restart terminates abnormally with abend 0053.

System programmer response

The content of the <CATALOG> section in the DFSDFxxx member that is used by the restarted IMS must be identical to the DFSDFxxx member that was used by the failed IMS. Correct any discrepancy and restart IMS.

Module:

DFSMOL20

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

**DFS4593E ACBSHR=Y IS SPECIFIED, BUT
THE DIRECTORY DATA SET IS FOR
A NON SHARED IMS SYSTEM.**

Explanation

This IMS system is configured to share application control blocks (ACBs) with other IMS systems in an IMSplex, by a specification of ACBSHR=Y in either the DFSCGxxx member or the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS . PROCLIB data set. However, the sharing attribute indicators in the IMS directory data set member DFSIMSL indicate that the IMS directory is set up for exclusive use by another IMS system.

System action

IMS terminates abnormally with abend U0071.

System programmer response

Confirm that the ACBSHR parameter is correctly specified in the restarting IMS system. The ACBSHR parameter might be specified in either the DFSCGxxx member or the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS . PROCLIB data set.

If the ACBSHR specification in the PROCLIB member is incorrect, change the specification to ACBSHR=N.

If the ACBSHR specification in the PROCLIB member is correct, either the restarting IMS system is referencing the wrong IMS catalog, or the IMS catalog was not set up with the correct ACBSHR specification.

If the IMS system is referencing the wrong IMS catalog, specify the alias name of the correct IMS catalog on the ALIAS parameter in the <CATALOG> section of the DFSDFxxx member of the restarting IMS system.

The IMS directory sharing attributes are maintained in the DFSIMSL member in the IMS directory and were initially set by the first IMS system that used

the IMS directory. The sharing attributes were set based on the conditions that existed when the first IMS that was using the directory data sets was started. If the first IMS had specified ACBSHR=Y, had a COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section in the DFSDFxxx member, and had specified RMENV=Y in that section, then the directory sharing attributes were set to allow the directory to be shared by other IMS systems. Only IMS systems specifying ACBSHR=Y are allowed to use such a directory.

If the first IMS did not meet all of those conditions, either by specifying ACBSHR=N or did not have a COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section in the DFSDFxxx member or had specified RMENV=N, then the directory sharing attributes were set to allow only use by the first IMS. No other IMS is allowed to share the directory.

If the directory sharing attributes need to be changed, the first IMS system that set the sharing attributes in the DFSIMSL member must be configured to satisfy the conditions for sharing the directory and then that IMS system must be restarted.

Module:

DFS RDB30

Related concepts

[The IMS catalog in multi-system configurations \(System Definition\)](#)

Related tasks

[Setting up the IMS catalog \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

[DFSCGxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

[COMMON_SERVICE_LAYER section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[0071 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS4594W THE CURRENT CHANGE
TO ACBGMGT SUPPORT IS
INADVISABLE WITH A RESTART
USING CHECKPOINT**

Explanation

While the IMS system was restarting, IMS detected that the IMS catalog changed since the application control blocks (ACBs) were last loaded into the online IMS system. If the changes that were made to the IMS catalog introduce a mismatch between the ACBs in the online IMS system and the ACBs in the IMS directory data set, IMS abends when the mismatch is encountered.

System action

IMS continues processing. If IMS encounters a mismatch between the ACB blocks in the IMS directory and the ACB blocks that IMS loaded into memory from the logs during the emergency restart, IMS abends.

System programmer response

Confirm that the IMS system is referencing the correct IMS catalog. The parameters in the <CATALOG> section in the DFSDFxxx member that is used by the restarted IMS must be identical to the DFSDFxxx member that was used by the failed IMS. Correct any discrepancy and restart IMS.

Confirm that the changes to the IMS catalog are intentional.

If the IMS system is referencing the correct IMS catalog and the changes are intentional, use a cold start to add the current changes to the IMS catalog into the IMS system.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related concepts

[IMS directory data sets \(System Definition\)](#)

Related reference

[CATALOG and CATALOGxxxx sections of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4596E	OLC COMMIT REJECTED. INVALID MEMBER IN FMTLIB <i>ddname</i> -<i>nn</i> <i>mbrname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An online change commit command, **/MODIFY COMMIT**, was rejected because an invalid member was detected in the inactive FMTLIB data set. The member is invalid because it contains an invalid directory size; that is, the directory size is negative or greater than 32767 bytes.

In the message text:

ddname

The 7-character FMTLIB DD name, which is either FORMATA or FORMATB.

nn

The 2-byte FMTLIB data set concatenation number within the FMTLIB DD statement.

mbrname

The 8-character invalid member name in the FMTLIB data set.

For example, if a module is erroneously copied into the inactive FMTLIB before the **/MODIFY COMMIT**

command is issued, the **/MODIFY COMMIT** command might fail with this error. If the member is an actual MFS format with an invalid directory size, the first two characters of the format name are unprintable hexadecimal values that might appear as blanks or other non-alphanumeric characters in this output. The first two characters of the format name might appear as different non-alphanumeric characters when browsing the FMTLIB with TSO.

System action:

The online change commit command is rejected.

Output destination of message

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

Operator response:

Delete the invalid member from the FMTLIB data set and either reissue the **/MODIFY COMMIT** command or abort the online change by using the **/MODIFY ABORT** command.

Module:
DFSICV50

DFS4597I	DBD <i>dbd_name</i> IS DELETED FROM THE CATALOG AND THE DIRECTORY. PST <i>pst_name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The database was deleted from both the catalog database and the directory data set by a DROP DATABASE DDL statement.

In the message text:

dbd_name

The name of the database that was deleted.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

IMS continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSMSLS0

DFS4598I	PSB <i>psb_name</i> IS DELETED FROM THE CATALOG AND THE DIRECTORY. PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program view (PSB) was deleted from both the catalog database and the directory data set by a DROP PROGRAMVIEW DDL statement.

In the message text:

psb_name

The name of the program view (PSB) that was deleted.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

IMS continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSMOLS0

DFS4599E	RECOVERY UTILITY FAILED TO CLEANUP DIRECTORY REASON=reasontext
----------	--

Explanation

The recovery utility to clean up the directory failed and the cause of failure was explained in the reason text.

System action

The cleanup job failed.

System programmer response

Correct the cause of failure and run the cleanup utility again.

Module:

DFSOLC80 DFSPCC30

DFS4600E	RSN=02 AREA areaname SERIALIZATION PROCESS FAILED
----------	--

Explanation

The area serialization process failed. One or more preceding DFS4600I messages describe the reason for the area serialization failure.

During the DEDB Alter process, the DEDB area is serialized and unserialized for one or more instances. When the DEDB area fails serialization, the DFS4600E RSN=02 message is issued for the last serialization instance.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

Module:

DBFDAQA0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4600I	RSN=00 AREA areaname SERIALIZATION PROCESS STARTED
----------	--

or

RSN=01 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION PROCESS ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
----------------------	---

or

RSN=03 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION FAILED – THREAD yyyyyyyy UPDATED THE AREA BUT WAS NOT SERIALIZED
----------------------	--

or

RSN=04 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION FAILED – THREAD yyyyyyyy WITH UPDATE INTENT FOR THE AREA WAS NOT SERIALIZED
----------------------	---

or

RSN=06 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT WHILE ATTEMPTING TO SERIALIZE THE AREA
----------------------	---

or

RSN=07 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT – RETRY STARTING
----------------------	---

or

RSN=08 AREA areaname	SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT – RETRY STARTING
----------------------	---

or

RSN=09 AREA *areaname* SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT – RETRY STARTING

or

RSN=0A AREA *areaname* SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT – RETRY STARTING

or

RSN=0B AREA *areaname* SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT – RETRY STARTING

or

RSN=0C AREA *areaname* SERIALIZATION TIMED OUT WHILE ATTEMPTING TO SERIALIZE THE AREA

Explanation

During the DEDB Alter process, the DEDB area needed to be serialized with application threads.

- If the serialization process completes successfully, RSN=01 is the last message in the stream.
- If the serialization process fails, the last message in the stream is DFS4600E RSN=02 with a preceding DFS4600I message to explain the failure.

During the DEDB Alter process, the DEDB area is serialized and unserialized for one or more instances. The DFS4600I RSN=00 and DFS4600I RSN=01 messages are issued when the DEDB area is serialized successfully for each instance. When the DEDB area fails serialization, the DFS4600I RSN=00 and DFS4600E RSN=02 messages are issued for the last serialization instance.

Reason code

Meaning

RSN00

The area serialization process started for area *areaname*.

RSN01

The area serialization process ended successfully. The area was serialized by the DEDB Alter utility.

RSN03

The area serialization process failed. Thread *yyyyyyyy* updated area *areaname*, but area *areaname* was not correctly serialized.

RSN04

The area serialization process failed. Thread *yyyyyyyy* was not involved with serializing area *areaname*, but the task was unable to determine if this was acceptable.

RSN06, RSN0C

The area serialization process timed out while attempting to serialize the area in exclusive mode.

RSN07, RSN08, RSN09, RSN0A, RSN0B

The area serialization process timed out while attempting to serialize the area in exclusive mode. Another attempt to serialize the area will be made because RETRY YES or RETRY *retry_value* was specified as a DEDB Alter utility input option.

System action

If the area serialization is successful, the DEDB Alter utility continues processing. If the area serialization is unsuccessful, the DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

Module:

DBFDAQA0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Chapter 93. DFS messages, DFS4601E - DFS4650I

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS4601E RSN=02 DEDB *dedbname*
SERIALIZATION PROCESS FAILED**

or

Explanation

The DEDB serialization process failed. One or more DFS4601I messages that precede describes the reason for the DEDB serialization failure.

**RSN=07 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT – RETRY STARTING**

or

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

Module:
DBFDAQA0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**RSN=08 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT – RETRY STARTING**

or

**RSN=09 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT – RETRY STARTING**

**DFS4601I RSN=00 DEDB *dedbname*
SERIALIZATION PROCESS
STARTED**

or

**RSN=0A DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT – RETRY STARTING**

or

or

**RSN=01 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION PROCESS
ENDED SUCCESSFULLY**

**RSN=0B DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT – RETRY STARTING**

or

or

**RSN=03 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION FAILED
– THREAD *yyyyyyyy* UPDATED THE DEDB BUT WAS
NOT SERIALIZED**

**RSN=0C DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT WHILE ATTEMPTING TO SERIALIZE THE DEDB**

or

Explanation

During the DEDB Alter process, the DEDB database needed to be serialized with application threads.

- If the process completed successfully, RSN=01 will be the last message in the stream.
- If the serialization process fails, the last message in the stream will be DFS4601E RSN=02 with a preceding DFS4601I message to explain the failure.

**RSN=04 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION FAILED –
THREAD *yyyyyyyy* WITH UPDATE INTENT FOR THE
DEDB WAS NOT SERIALIZED**

or

**Reason code
Meaning**

**RSN=06 DEDB *dedbname* SERIALIZATION TIMED
OUT WHILE ATTEMPTING TO SERIALIZE THE DEDB**

RSN00

The DEDB serialization process started for DEDB *dedbname*.

RSN01

The DEDB serialization process ended successfully. The area was serialized by the DEDB Alter utility.

RSN03

The DEDB serialization process failed. Thread *yyyyyyyy* updated DEDB *dedbname*, but DEDB *dedbname* was not correctly serialized.

RSN04

The area serialization process failed. Thread *yyyyyyyy* was not involved with serializing DEDB *dedbname*, but the task was unable to determine whether this was acceptable.

RSN06, RSN0C

The DEDB serialization process timed out while attempting to serialize the area in exclusive mode.

RSN07, RSN08, RSN09, RSN0A, RSN0B

The DEDB serialization process timed out while attempting to serialize the DEDB in exclusive mode. Another attempt to serialize the DEDB will be made because RETRY YES or RETRY *retry_value* was specified as a DEDB Alter utility input option.

System action

If the DEDB serialization is successful, the DEDB Alter utility continues processing. If the DEDB serialization is unsuccessful, the DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

Module:

DBFDAQAO

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4602E BOTH ACTIVE AND SHADOW ARE SPECIFIED

Explanation

Both ACTIVE and SHADOW control statements are specified for the DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMINO). These control statements are mutually exclusive, because the utility cannot format both active area data sets and shadow data sets in the same execution.

System action

The DEDB Initialization utility terminates without processing the function.

System programmer response

Specify the ACTIVE control statement to format active area data sets in one execution. Specify the SHADOW control statement to format shadow area data sets and shadow image copy data sets in another execution.

Module:

DBFUMINO

Related reference

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMINO\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4603I DBRC QUIESCE END ERROR FOR DEDB ALTER, DEDB=dddddddd RC=rrrrrrr RSN=rrrrrrr MODULE=bbbbbbbbb

or

DBRC QUIESCE END ERROR FOR DEDB ALTER, AREA=aaaaaaaa RC=rrrrrrr RSN=rrrrrrr MODULE=bbbbbbbbb

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The QUIESCE in progress flag was still active in DBRC, and when IMS attempted to reset the QUIESCE flag, the DBRC call failed. The RC is set by DBRC for the DSPDBQ END call. The RSN code identifies from where in the code the message was issued.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

List the RECON data sets and verify if the QUIESCE in progress flag is still on. If it is, reset the quiesce in progress flag.

Module:

DBFEDA00

DFS4604I DBRC ALTER EOJ ERROR FOR DEDB ALTER AREA=aaaaaaaa RC=rrrrrrr MODULE=bbbbbbbbb

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The DEDB ALTER flag was on in the RECONS for the AREA=aaaaaaaa. The RC is set by DBRC for the

ALTEREOJ call. The RSN code identifies from where in the code the message was issued.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

List the RECON data sets and verify if the DEDB ALTER in progress flag is still on. If it is, reset the ALTER in progress flag.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4605I	RESTART ERROR PROCESSING 5961 LOG RECORD, COULD NOT FIND AREA=aaaaaaaa MODULE=bbbbbbbb
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. IMS could not find the AREA=aaaaaaaa and could not process related 5961 log records.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

If the AREA was validly removed, no action is necessary. If it was not, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4606I	COULD NOT DELETE THE BLOCKS FOR DEDB ALTER DEDB=ddddddd RC=rrrrrrr RSN=aaaaaaaa MODULE=bbbbbbbb
-----------------	--

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The ACTIVE ACBLIB contained an encrypted member, which IMS was unable to delete. The RC is set by DBFMOLSO during the UNDO COPYLBOCKs call. The RSN code identifies from where in the code the message was issued.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

Verify that the encrypted member is no longer needed. If it is not, delete it from ACBLIB. If you are using a shared ACBLIB, all restarting data sharing IMS subsystems attempt cleanup, but only the first IMS to lock the ACBLIB finds the blocks to delete.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4607I	COULD NOT FIND THE DDIR FOR DEDB ALTER DEDB=ddddddd RC=rrrrrrr MODULE=bbbbbbbb
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. IMS could not find the DEDB=ddddddd and could not process related 5961 log records. The RC is set by DFSCBTS when the DDIR cannot be found.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

If the AREA was properly removed, no action is necessary. If it was not, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4608E	COULD NOT UNDO MOLC FOR DEDB ALTER DEDB=ddddddd RC=rrrrrrr RSN=aaaaaaaa MODULE=bbbbbbbb
-----------------	--

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. IMS detected that the STAGING member for the DEDB=ddddddd had been copied into the active library at the time of the IMS failure. The attempt to restore the ACTIVE ACBLIB member failed. The RC is set by DBFMOLSO during the UNDO MOLC call. The RSN code identifies from where in the code the message was issued.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

Verify that the DEDB member in the ACTIVE ACBLIB is from the STAGING member. If it is, the DEDB member in the ACTIVE ACBLIB must be manually restored from the backup ACBLIB of active members.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4609I	THE DEDB ALTER MOLC PROCESS WAS CLEANED UP DURING RESTART DEDB=dddddddd MODULE=aaaaaaaa
-----------------	--

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. IMS detected that the STAGING member for the DEDB=dddddddd had been copied into the active library at the time of the IMS failure. The attempt to restore the ACTIVE ACBLIB completed successfully.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4610E	ONLY ONE <i>keyword</i> KEYWORD IS ALLOWED PER UTILITY EXECUTION
-----------------	---

Explanation

In the message text, *keyword* is one of the following control statements: ADDAREA, ALTERAREA, ALTERDB, REPLRAND, RETRY, RETRYWAIT, TIMEOUT, TYPE, or UNKEYSEG.

The DEDB Alter utility supports only one of each of these control statements per utility execution. However, one or more of these control statements was specified multiple times.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without processing the function.

System programmer response

Delete all except one of each of the control statements that are listed in the message explanation, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4611E	TIMEOUT VALUE SPECIFIED IS INCORRECT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The TIMEOUT value must be a 1- to 3-digit numeric value from 1 - 999.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the TIMEOUT value or delete it so that the default TIMEOUT value of 15 seconds will be used, and then resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4613E	DEDB ALTER TERMINATED BECAUSE EEQE EXISTS
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run with the ALTERAREA function to alter an area online. However, the area to be altered has one or more extended error queue elements (EEQEs).

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Recover the area to be altered and resolve the EEQEs.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related concepts

[DL/I I/O errors and recovery \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4614E DEDB ALTER REQUIRES A 2 STAGE
RANDOMIZER**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility detected that the DEDB database to be altered does not use a 2-stage randomizer. The DEDB Alter utility supports only DEDB databases that use a 2-stage randomizer.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

- Convert the DEDB database to use a 2-stage randomizer:
- If the randomizer is a 1-stage randomizer, unload and reload the DEDB database using a 2-stage randomizer. Perform an online change to change the randomizer from a 1-stage randomizer to a 2-stage randomizer.
 - If the randomizer is a 2-stage-randomizer-like randomizer (defined as 1-stage randomizer but behaves as a 2-stage randomizer), perform an online change to change the randomizer from a 1-stage randomizer to a 2-stage randomizer.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related concepts
[DL/I I/O errors and recovery \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4615E ADDAREA, ALTERAREA,
REPLRAND AND ALTERDB ARE
MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility detects that more than one of the following control statements are specified. However, the following control statements are mutually exclusive and only one of the statements can be specified:

- ADDAREA
- ALTERAREA
- REPLRAND
- ALTERDB

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response:
Correct the error caused by specifying more than one mutually exclusive control statement, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4616E RETRY VALUE SPECIFIED IS
INCORRECT**

Explanation

RETRY specifies the number of times the DEDB Alter utility retries the commit process after the TIMEOUT value expires. The RETRY value must be NO (do not retry), YES (retry until the utility succeeds), or a numeric value from 1 through 99.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response
Correct the RETRY value or delete it so that the default value of NO is used, and then resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4617E RETRYWAIT VALUE SPECIFIED IS
INCORRECT**

Explanation

RETRYWAIT specifies the length of time that the DEDB Alter utility waits to retry the commit process after the TIMEOUT value expires. The RETRYWAIT value must be a 1- to 3-character numeric value from 1 - 999 (which represents seconds).

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the RETRYWAIT value or delete it so that the default value of 60 seconds is used, and then resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4618E	ANOTHER DEDB ALTER UTILITY IS ALREADY RUNNING AGAINST DEDB <i>dedb_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Another DEDB Alter utility is already running against the same DEDB database. Only one DEDB Alter utility can be active on one DEDB database in IMS data-sharing systems.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Wait until the other DEDB Alter utility completes, and then resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4619E	MINVERS NOT MATCHING REQUIREMENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility cannot be run because the MINVERS value is not set to 13.1 or higher in the RECON data set. To run the DEDB Alter utility, the MINVERS value must be 13.1 or higher.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Set the MINVERS value in the RECON data to at least 13.1 by issuing the **CHANGE.RECON** command, and then resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)
[CHANGE.RECON command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4620E	DEDB ALTER VALIDATION ERROR: <i>Cause</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility detected an invalid condition in the DEDB DBD member in the staging ACB library for the DEDB database to be altered.

In the message text, *Cause* is one of the following conditions:

- DEDB ALTER REQUIRES A 2-STAGE RANDOMIZER
- SAME RANDOMIZER NAME BUT ATTRIBUTE CHANGE
- SAME RANDOMIZER NAME FOUND FOR REPLRAND
- ALTERAREA ONLY SUPPORTS CHANGING ONE AREA
- AREA CHANGE FOUND FOR REPLRAND FUNCTION
- NUMBER OF AREAS IN DEDB CHANGE FOUND
- ORDER OF AREAS IN DEDB CHANGE FOUND
- AREA ATTRIBUTE CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
- FIELD ATTRIBUTE CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
- SECONDARY INDEX CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
- SEGM ATTRIBUTE CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
- ATTRIBUTE CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED
- STAGING ACBLIB IS EMPTY
- AREA *area_name* DOES NOT EXIST
- DEDB *dedb_name* MEMBER NOT IN STAGING ACBLIB
- DEDB *dedbname* MEMBER NOT IN STAGING DIRECTORY
- SHADOW AREA SDEP PART IS LESS FOR ALTERAREA FUNCTION
- SHADOW RANDOMIZER IS NOT REENTRANT
- SEGMENT EDIT/COMPRESSION EXIT NOT SUPPORTED
- INCONSISTENCY FOUND IN DEDB AND RECON DEFINITIONS
- ADDED AREAS ARE NOT TO THE END OF DEDB *dedbname*

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the DEDB DBD definition, rerun the DBDGEN utility and the ACBGEN utility to the staging ACB library, and then rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFDASPO

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[Database Description \(DBD\) Generation utility \(System Utilities\)](#)

[Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility \(DFSUACB0\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4621E	DEDB ALTER SYSTEM ERROR: Cause
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility encountered a system error.

In the message text, *Cause* is one of the following conditions:

- GET STORAGE ERROR
- IMS INTERNAL ERROR
- DATA SHARING ERROR

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Resubmit the DEDB Alter utility to gather diagnostic information: a dump of the IMS and the DEDB Alter utility regions. Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DBFDASPO, DBFDAI60

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4622E	DEDB ALTER ENVIRONMENT ERROR: Cause
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either the DEDB Alter utility encountered an environment error accessing the staging ACB library or the DEDB Alter was run concurrently with online change. The DEDB Alter utility and online change process cannot be run concurrently.

In the message text, *Cause* is one of the following conditions:

- ONLINE CHANGE PHASE IN PROGRESS
- STAGING ACBLIB ACCESS ERROR
- STAGING ACBLIB ALLOCATION ERROR
- STAGING ACBLIB OPEN ERROR
- STAGING DIRECTORY ACCESS ERROR
- STAGING DIRECTORY ALLOCATION ERROR
- STAGING DIRECTORY OPEN ERROR ERROR
- DIRECTORY ACCESS ERROR
- DIRECTORY ALLOCATION ERROR
- DIRECTORY OPEN ERROR
- ACTIVE ACBLIB ACCESS ERROR
- ACTIVE ACBLIB ALLOCATION ERROR
- ACTIVE ACBLIB OPEN ERROR
- DRD OR DB QUIESCE COMMAND IN PROGRESS
- AUTHORIZED SUBSYSTEM *ims_name* IS NOT A MEMBER OF ALTERGRP *alter_group*
- ACBSHR= VALUE DOES NOT MATCH

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the environment error, and then resubmit the job.

Module:

DBFDASPO, DBFDAI60

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4623W	NO AREA ATTRIBUTE CHANGE FOUND FOR ALTERAREA FUNCTION
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter the attributes for the area specified in *area_name*. However, the DEDB Alter utility detected that there were no area attribute changes.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues to perform the requested function.

System programmer response

If area attribute change was omitted, rerun the DBDGEN utility and the ACBGEN utility to reflect the area attribute change, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4624I	DEDB ALTER SHADOW RANDOMIZER <i>randname</i> LOADED FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area with a randomizer change or to replace a randomizer. The shadow randomizer specified in *randname* was loaded successfully for DEDB *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues to perform the requested function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

DFS4625E	DEDB ALTER SHADOW RANDOMIZER <i>randname</i> UNLOADED FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area with a randomizer change or to replace a randomizer. However, the DEDB Alter utility encountered a terminating error. The shadow randomizer specified in *randname* was unloaded successfully for DEDB *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the error that caused the DEDB Alter utility to terminate, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFDASPO

DFS4626I	DEDB ALTER SHADOW RANDOMIZER <i>randname</i> REPLACED ACTIVE RANDOMIZER <i>randname</i> FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area with a randomizer change or to replace a randomizer, and completed successfully. The shadow randomizer specified in *randname* was replaced by the active randomizer *randname* for DEDB *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility successfully completed the requested action.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

DFS4627E	DEDB ALTER SHADOW RANDOMIZER <i>randname</i> LOAD FAILED FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	--

or

**DEDB ALTER SHADOW RANDOMIZER *randname*
UNLOAD FAILED FOR DEDB *dedbname***

or

**DEDB ALTER OLD ACTIVE RANDOMIZER *randname*
UNLOAD FAILED FOR DEDB *dedbname***

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area with a randomizer change or to replace a randomizer, but terminated without performing the requested function, for one of the following reasons:

- The utility could not load the shadow randomizer specified in *randname*.
- The utility could not unload the shadow randomizer specified in *randname*.
- The utility could not unload the old active randomizer specified in *randname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates with or without completing the requested action.

System programmer response

Resolve the randomizer load failure and resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4628I	IMS <i>ims_name</i> JOINED LEFT ALTERGRP <i>alter_group</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS system *ims_name* joined or left the DEDB Alter data-sharing group *alter_group* defined in DBFxxxxx by the ALTERGRP parameter in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

System action

The IMS system joined or left the DEDB Alter DBFxxxxx data-sharing group.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDAI60

DFS4629E	IMS <i>ims_name</i> ERROR JOINING LEAVING ALTERGRP <i>alter_group</i>, RC=<i>return_code</i>, RSN=<i>reason_code</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS system *ims_name* encountered an error when it joined or left the DEDB Alter data-sharing group *alter_group* defined in DBFxxxxx by the ALTERGRP parameter in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

System action

IMS encountered an error joining or leaving the DEDB Alter DBFxxxxx data-sharing group.

After an XRF takeover, the new active IMS system would get DFS4629E when it tried to join the ALTERGRP group while the old active IMS system had not left the ALTERGR group yet.

After the new active IMS system join error, the new active IMS would retry joining the ALTERGRP group at IMS system checkpoint time until it successfully joins the ALTERGRP group.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDAI60

DFS4630E	AN UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE OF <i>status_code</i> WAS ENCOUNTERED WHEN ATTEMPTING AN <i>call_type</i> CALL FOR SEGMENT <i>segment_name</i> IN THE SHADOW ADS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During DEDB Alter utility processing of the ALTERAREA function, a status code was returned on the indicated call, which was attempting to update the shadow area data sets.

In the message text:

status_code

The DL/I status code returned on the call type.

call_type

One of the following:

- DELETE
- INSERT
- LOCATE
- UPDATE

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without performing the requested function.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support. Rerun the DEDB Alter utility with FPTRACE to collect documentation that might be necessary to determine the problem. If the problem persists, consider using an offline reorganization method.

Module:
DBFDARDO, DBFDARIO, DBFDARRO, DBFDAR20

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4631E	UTILITY FAILED DUE TO AN UPDATE TO UNKEYED SEGMENT <i>segname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB alter utility has specified the option UNKEYSEG=ISRTFILA which indicates the utility should terminate if updates involving unkeyed segments are made during the processing of the utility. In this case, one of the following conditions occurred during the processing of the utility.

1. A unkeyed segment was replaced or deleted.
2. An unkeyed segment with an insert rule of HERE was inserted.

System action

The utility terminates and the shadow area datasets are marked in error.

System programmer response

Consider rerunning the utility during a period of less activity, or change the UNKEYSEG option to allow updates to unkeyed segments during DEDB alter.

Module:
DBFDAR00

DFS4632E	DEDB ALTER TERMINATED BECAUSE SEGMENT <i>segname</i> HAS AN UNKEYED PARENT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB alter utility has specified the option UNKEYSEG=ISRTFILA which indicates the utility should terminate if updates involving unkeyed segments are made during the processing of the utility. In this case at least one segment in the hierarchical path to the segment that was updated is unkeyed.

System action

The utility terminates and the shadow area datasets are marked in error.

System programmer response

Consider rerunning the utility during a period of less activity, or change the UNKEYSEG option to allow updates to unkeyed segments during DEDB alter.

Module:
DBFDAR00

DFS4634I	THE DEDB ALTER COPY BLK PROCESS WAS
-----------------	--

**CLEANED UP DURING
RESTART DEDB=dddddddd
MODULE=aaaaaaaa**

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The ACTIVE ACBLIB contained an encrypted member, which IMS was able to delete.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4635I	THE DEDB ALTER QUIESCE FLAGS WERE CLEANED UP IN DBRC DURING RESTART DEDB=dddddddd MODULE=aaaaaaaa
-----------------	--

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The QUIESCE in progress flag was still active in DBRC, which IMS was able to reset.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4636I	THE DEDB ALTER ALTER EOJ FLAGS WERE CLEANED UP IN DBRC DURING RESTART DEDB=dddddddd MODULE=aaaaaaaa
-----------------	--

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. The DEDB ALTER flag was on in the RECONS data set, which IMS was able to reset.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4637E	RSN=06 <i>type name</i> FAILED TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THE ONLINE ENVIRONMENT - UTILTIY TO BE TERMINATED
----------	--

Explanation

The utility failed to serialize with online activity and is being terminated.

In the message text, *type* and *name* can be either of the following combinations:

AREA areaname
Indicates the name of the DEDB area.

DEDB dedbname
Indicates the name of the DEDB.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

A failure to serialize is caused by a thread not issuing a commit while DEDB ALTER is attempting to serialize with online activity. This is normally caused by a long-running BMP or some type of conversational transaction that did not issue a commit due to a lack of activity.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDAQ00

DFS4637I	RSN=00 <i>type name</i> WAS ABLE TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THE ONLINE SYSTEM SYS3
----------	---

or

RSN=01 *type name* WAS NOT ABLE TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THREAD *yyyyyyyyy* SYS3

or

RSN=02 *type name* WAS NOT ABLE TO SYNCHRONIZE AS DEDB ALTER WAS STOPPED SYS3

or

RSN=03 *type name* WAS NOT ABLE TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THREAD *yyyyyyyyy* SYS3

or

RSN=04 *type name* FAILED TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THE ONLINE ENVIRONMENT - RETRY ATTEMPTED SYS3

or

RSN=05 *type name* TIMED OUT ATTEMPTING TO SYNCHRONIZE WITH THE ONLINE ENVIRONMENT SYS3

Explanation

In the message text, *type* and *name* can be either of the following combinations:

AREA areaname
Indicates the name of the DEDB area.

DEDB dedbname
Indicates the name of the DEDB.

The meaning of this message depends on the reason code (RSN=), as follows:

Reason code	Meaning
-------------	---------

RSN00	The area or DEDB serialization process finished for area <i>areaname</i> .
-------	--

RSN01	The area or DEDB serialization process failed. Thread <i>yyyyyyyyy</i> was accessing area <i>areaname</i> and did not issue a commit in a timely manner, allowing the DEDB Alter utility to serialize with the thread.
-------	--

RSN02	The area or DEDB serialization process failed. The DEDB Alter utility was stopped (internally or by using the /STO RGN command) while serialization was in progress.
-------	--

RSN03

The area or DEDB serialization process failed.
Thread yyyyyyyy was accessing area *areaname* and did not issue a commit in a timely manner, allowing the DEDB Alter utility to serialize with the thread.

RSN04

The area or DEDB serialization process failed for area *areaname*. Another attempt to serialize the area will be made because TIMEOUT or RETRY YES or both, or because RETRY *retry_value* was specified as a DEDB Alter utility input option.

RSN05

The area or DEDB serialization process timed out while attempting to serialize the area with active threads.

System action

If the area or DEDB serialization is successful, the DEDB Alter utility continues processing. If the area or DEDB serialization is unsuccessful, the DEDB Alter utility terminates processing without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

A failure to serialize is caused by a thread not issuing a commit while the DEDB Alter utility is attempting to serialize with online activity. This is normally caused by a long running BMP, or some type of conversational transaction that did not issue a commit due to a lack of activity.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDAQ00

DFS4639E	REQUESTED VERSION <i>req_v_nmbr</i> OF DEDB <i>dedbname</i> WAS NOT FOUND IN THE CATALOG
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS was unable to find the specified version of the data entry database (DEDB) in the catalog.

In the message text:

req_v_nmbr
The version number.

dedbname
The name of the data entry database (DEDB).

System action:
IMS cannot build the internal blocks that are required to provide access to prior versions of the database. Only the most recent version of the database can be accessed.

System programmer response:

Determine whether the catalog is online and configured properly. If the catalog is available, determine whether the version requested by your application is in the catalog. If the catalog was not populated with the information about the old version of the database, this version of the database cannot be accessed.

Module:
DBFVER00

DFS4640E	SPECIFIED AREA IS NOT REGISTERED TO RECON
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DEDB area specified in the ALTERAREA *area_name* function of the DEDB Alter utility is not registered to DBRC in the RECON data sets. The DEDB Alter utility supports only DEDB databases that are registered in the RECON data sets.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Register the DEDB database to DBRC in the RECON data sets, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)
[CHANGE.RECON command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4641E	AT LEAST ONE AVAILABLE SHADOW AREA DATA SET AND ONE AVAILABLE SHADOW IMAGE COPY DATA SET ARE REQUIRED
-----------------	--

Explanation

At least one shadow area data set, or the one shadow image copy data set, is not defined or marked as available to DBRC in the RECON data sets.

The DEDB Alter utility requires at least one shadow area data set and one shadow image copy data set to be defined and marked as available to DBRC in the RECON data sets for ALTERAREA function.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the data set availability error, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4642E SPECIFIED DEDB *dedb_name* IS NOT REGISTERED TO RECON

Explanation

The DEDB database specified in the DBD parameter of the DEDB Alter utility is not registered to DBRC in the RECON data sets.

The DEDB Alter utility supports only DEDB databases that are registered in the RECON data sets.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Register the DEDB database to DBRC in the RECON data sets by using the **INIT.DB** command, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related reference
[INIT.DB command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4643E PRIVATE BUFFER ALLOCATION FAILED

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility cannot get private buffers for the ALTERAREA function.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the private buffer allocation error, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related concepts
[Defining a private buffer pool using the DFSVSMxx IMS.PROCLIB member \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4644E DEDB ALTER SHADOW AREA DATA SET OR IMAGE COPY DATA SET OPEN FAILED

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility cannot open the shadow area data set or the shadow image copy data set for the ALTERAREA function.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

For the specific OPEN failure, locate the OPEN error message in the SYSLOG to take the appropriate action for the shadow area data set or the shadow image copy data set. Correct the OPEN failure, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

DFS4645W RETRYWAIT IS IGNORED BECAUSE RETRY IS SPECIFIED OR DEFAULTED TO NO

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility ignored the RETRYWAIT *retrywait_value* control statement because the RETRY control statement was specified (or defaulted to NO). The RETRYWAIT and RETRY control statements are mutually exclusive.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues processing without using the RETRYWAIT *retrywait_value* control statement.

System programmer response

If you want the RETRYWAIT *retrywait_value* control statement to be used, change the RETRY control statement to RETRY *retry_value* or RETRY YES, and then resubmit the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

**DFS4646I DEDB ALTER SHADOW XXX =
 shadow_dataset_name**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility runs using the ALTERAREA function. Message DFS4646I is issued for each shadow area data set name and the shadow image copy data set name that is used for the utility.

XXX is either ADS for area data set or IDS for image copy data set.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues processing.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

**DFS4648E DEDB ALTER TERMINATED
 BECAUSE SORT FAILED**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility terminated because the sort processing encountered an error or abnormal termination.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminated without completing the requested function.

System programmer response:
Check for the cause of the error by reviewing DFSORT messages issued on the job log or system log. After fixing any environmental errors, rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFDAU70

**DFS4649E DEDB ALTER CANNOT ALLOCATE
 TEMPORARY DATA SETS FOR SORT
 MESSAGES**

Explanation

During DEDB Alter utility execution, IMS cannot allocate a temporary data set for sort messages because a data set with a duplicate data set name exists.

System action

A system output data set is allocated for sort messages instead, and processing continues.

Programmer response

If sort messages need to be issued in DEDB Alter utility job log, delete the duplicate data set on the volume.

Module

DBFDAS10

**DFS4650I DEDB ALTER SHARING IMS
 LATE REPLY IS RECEIVED AND
 IGNORED**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run in the IMS system. A sharing IMS system sent a reply to the master IMS system. When the master IMS received the reply, the DEDB Alter utility had already been terminated in the master IMS. The DEDB Alter sharing IMS late reply was ignored.

System action

The IMS where the DEDB Alter utility was run received and ignored the late reply from a sharing IMS system.

Module:
DBFDAI60

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Chapter 94. DFS messages, DFS4651E - DFS4700

This topic contains the following messages:

**DFS4651E ALTERGRP GROUP NAME IS NOT
DEFINED OR INVALID, BUT DBD
dedbname IS SHRLEVEL=2|3**

Explanation

During DEDB Alter utility processing of the ALTERAREA function, an unexpected status code was returned on the specified call, which attempted to update the shadow area data sets. The DEDB Alter utility was run against a DEDB database that is defined as SHRLEVEL=2 or SHRLEVEL=3 in DBRC. However, the ALTERGRP=xxxxx parameter, which defines the DEDB Alter data-sharing group, is not defined in the FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

When the ALTERGRP=xxxxx is not defined, the DEDB database is changed only in the local IMS system. Because the DEDB database is defined as a shared database, the DEDB Alter function is not allowed.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response

Add the ALTERGRP=xxxxx parameter to the <SECTION=FASTPATH> section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. Restart the IMS system to join the ALTERGRP=xxxxx DEDB Alter data-sharing group. Rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFDAU70

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4652E DEDB ALTER DATA SHARING
ERROR: error AT imsid**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility encountered either a serialization failure, a commit failure, an initialization failure, or a no response failure at *imsid*.

In the message text:

error

One of the following:

- SERIALIZATION FAILED
- COMMIT FAILED
- ONE OR MORE DATA SHARING IMS SYSTEMS DID NOT RESPOND
- INITIALIZATION FAILED

imsid

The IMS ID of the IMS subsystem that encountered this error.

System action:

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response:

Correct the environment error, and resubmit the job.

Module:
DBFDAU70

**DFS4660E DEDB ALTER WAS UNABLE TO
READ DATA FROM THE ORIGINAL
AREA: STATUS CODE XX RSN
CODE XX RETURN CODE nnnn**

Explanation

While attempting to read data from the area that alter is being run against, an error occurred. This might be due to a long-running BMP holding the lock against the area that is being altered.

Status Code

Explanations for status codes can be found on the [Fast Path utility status and reason codes page](#).

RSN Code

Explanations for reason codes can be found on the [Fast Path utility status and reason codes page](#).

Return Code

This is for internal diagnostic purposes.

Module:
DBFDAU70

Related reference

[Fast Path utility status and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS4661E DEDB ALTER WAS UNABLE TO
COMMIT DATA TO THE SHADOW
AREA: STATUS CODE XX RETURN
CODE nnnn**

Explanation

DEDB Alter encountered an error when issuing a syncpoint against the new area.

Status Code

Explanations for status codes can be found on the [Fast Path utility status and reason codes](#).

Return Code

This is for internal diagnostic purposes.

Module:

DBFDAU70

Related reference

[Fast Path utility status and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4662E	DEDB ALTER WAS UNABLE TO COPY DATA TO THE SHADOW AREA: STATUS CODE xx RETURN CODE nnnn
----------	--

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility encountered an error when copying data to the new area. This is an internal error. Contact IBM Software Support.

In the message text:

xx

Explanations for status codes can be found in the [Fast Path utility status and reason codes](#).

nnnn

This return code is for internal diagnostic purposes.

The DEDB Alter utility can return the following reason codes. You can find the reason codes within messages in the Alter job log.

Reason code

Explanation

200

Cannot find a non-IOVF CI. This is an internal error and should be reported to IBM. A U1026 abend might also be issued.

204

A bad segment code was found. This is an internal error and should be reported to IBM. A U1026 abend might also be issued.

208

A bad segment code was found. This is an internal error and should be reported to IBM. A U1026 abend might also be issued.

212

A thread detected a randomizer error during DEDB Alter processing. Status was set, and DEDB Alter detected it. The shadow and active randomizers

randomized the same key to different areas, which is not allowed.

216

A thread detected an I/O error on the shadow area data set.

Module:

DBFDAU70

Related reference

[Fast Path utility status and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Related information

[1026 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4663E	DEDB ALTER INITIALIZATION FAILED
----------	----------------------------------

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility found other dependent regions that are holding the DEDB area on which the DEDB utility works. It might also be the result of another initialization failure. For more information, see the job log.

System action

Utility job fails with return code 8.

System programmer response

Correct any errors indicated in the job log and rerun the utility job later.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4664I	ALL SHADOW ADS/IDS ARE MARKED UNAVAILABLE
----------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility made shadow data sets unavailable due to a severe error.

System action

Utility job fails with return code 8.

System programmer response

Delete / define / format shadow data sets. Check the reason for the error by using the SYSLOG and JOB LOG. After fixing the error, rerun the utility job.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

DEDB Alter utility (DBFUDA00) ([Database Utilities](#))

DFS4665I ALL SHADOW ADS/IDS REMAIN AVAILABLE

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility left shadow data sets available because the error did not affect shadow data sets.

System action

Utility job fails with return code 8.

System programmer response

Check the reason for the error by using the SYSLOG and JOB LOG. After fixing the error, rerun the utility job.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

DEDB Alter utility (DBFUDA00) ([Database Utilities](#))

DFS4666E CONNECT SETUP FAILED

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility detected a logging error while connecting the AREA data set.

System action

Utility job fails with return code 8.

System programmer response

Check the reason for the error by using the SYSLOG and JOB LOG. After fixing the error, rerun the utility job.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

DEDB Alter utility (DBFUDA00) ([Database Utilities](#))

DFS4667I MEMBER *imsname* LEFT ALTERGRP GROUPNAME=*grpname*

Explanation

During the DEDB Alter utility is running, the sharing IMS *imsname* left the specified ALTERGRP.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminated without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Resubmit the job after the sharing IMS is restarted if it was abnormally terminated. Resbmit the job anytime if the sharing IMS was not abnormally terminated.

Module:

DBFDAU70

DFS4668I MEMBER *imsname* DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN DEDB ALTER FOR DEDB *dedbname*

Explanation

When the DEDB Alter utility is running, the sharing IMS *imsname* joins the ALTERGRP at DEDB Alter commit time. The sharing IMS did not participate in the DEDB Alter process for DEDB *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility completed the requested function without the sharing IMS participation.

System programmer response

Make the local online change at the sharing IMS to reflect the DEDB Alter change, if necessary.

Module:

DBFDAI60

DFS4669E A FAILED IMS SUBSYSTEM HAS AUTHORIZED AT LEAST ONE AREA OF DEDB *dedbname*

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility attempted to alter an area of a DEDB database that has at least one area that is authorized by a failed IMS subsystem.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility is terminated without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Resubmit the job after the failed subsystem is restarted.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

DFS4671I	COULD NOT CLEAN UP AFTER DEDB ALTER DUE TO MISSING DATA IN LOGS. ALTER TOKEN=tttt tttt
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS restart, IMS detected that the DEDB Alter utility was running when IMS abnormally terminated. Not all log records for the DEDB Alter utility run were detected, so clean up could not be performed. This situation can occur when a restart checkpoint, an XRF start checkpoint, or a FDBR start checkpoint spans the DEDB ALTER execution.

Reason codes:

01

While processing the emergency restart command against DEDB ALTER, the restart checkpoint spanned the DEDB ALTER run. The data required for the **/ERE** command to complete DEDB ALTER was on log records that were logged before the restart checkpoint. The **/ERE** command was unable to find the required data.

02

During Extended Recovery Facility (XRF) tracking, an internal error occurred during DEDB ALTER ADD AREA processing. The data required for XRF to complete DEDB ALTER was on log records that were logged before the restart checkpoint. XRF was unable to find the required data.

03

During Fast Database Recovery (FDBR) tracking, an internal error occurred during DEDB ALTER ADD AREA processing. The data required for FDBR to complete DEDB ALTER was on log records that were logged before the restart checkpoint. FDBR was not able to find the required data.

System action

Emergency restart continues.

System programmer response

The DEDB Alter utility was not completed, so manual cleanup must be performed before the AREA can be used. Instruct USER DFSERA10 to pull all log records for this IMS with the specified token to determine which log records were processed. To determine

which DEDB/AREA needs to be cleaned up before use, compare this information with the DEDB Alter utility jobs that were active when the IMS abnormally terminated.

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4672E	NO SHADOW AREAS EXIST for DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. However, there are no shadow areas defined in the RECON for the *dedbname* DEDB database.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Define shadow areas for the *dedbname* DEDB database and DEDB area data sets for each shadow area. Format DEDB area data sets using the ACTIVE control statement for the DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMIN0). Then rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFUMMS0

Related tasks

[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4673E	NO AREA DATA SETS EXIST FOR SHADOW AREA <i>areaname</i> FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. However, there are no area data sets defined in the RECON for the *areaname* shadow area for the *dedbname* DEDB database.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Define DEDB area data sets for each shadow area for the *dedbname* DEDB database. Format DEDB area data sets using the ACTIVE control statement for the DEDB Initialization utility (DBFUMIN0). Then rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFUMMS0

Related tasks

[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4674E NUMBER OF SHADOW AREA
 EXCEEDED UNDER DEDB
 dedbname**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. However, the maximum of 100 areas that can be added for a single execution of the DEDB Alter utility is exceeded.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Reduce the number of areas to be added to 100 or less, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFUMMS0

Related tasks

[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4675E DEDB ALTER FAILED TO ADD
 AREAS**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. However, the DEDB Alter utility failed to add the areas and terminated without performing the requested function.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the DEDB Alter utility failure. Correct the problem, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related tasks

[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4676E ANOTHER DEDB ALTER WITH
 ADDAREA FUNCTION IS ALREADY
 RUNNING**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. However, there is already another DEDB Alter utility running with the ADDAREA function. The DEDB Alter utility terminated without performing the requested function, because only one DEDB Alter utility running with the ADDAREA function can be run in an IMSplex at a time.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Wait until the DEDB Alter utility that is already running completes, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFUMMS0

Related tasks

[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4677E DEDB ALTER DOES NOT SUPPORT
DBRC REUSE ATTRIBUTE FOR
AREA XXXXXXXX**

Explanation

DBRC detected the REUSE attribute on the DEDB area (XXXXXXX) specified by the DEDB Alter utility (DBFUDA00) ALTERAREA control statement.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates with RC=8 without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Change the REUSE attribute of the area that the DEDB Alter utility is to be executed on to NOREUSE. Change the attribute by issuing the command CHANGE . DBDS DBD (name) AREA (name) NOREUSE.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[CHANGE.DBDS command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4678E DBRC ENCOUNTERED ERRORS
RECORDING THE IMAGE COPY
CREATED BY DEDB ALTER**

Explanation

While attempting to record a user image copy created by DEDB Alter utility (DBFUDA00) processing, DBRC encountered a severe error.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates with RC=8. The ALTER IN PROGRESS status remains on for the DEDB.

System programmer response

Refer to any supporting DBRC messages and address the problems as appropriate. Because the DEDB Alter

utility terminated abnormally, the alter status of the DEDB will need to be reset before the utility can be run again.

1. Reset the ALTER IN PROGRESS flag for the DEDB by issuing the CHANGE . DB DBD (name) NOALTER command.
2. Issue the CHANGE . ADS command to mark the shadow ADSs as unavailable.
3. Reformat the shadow ADSs.
4. Run the DEDB Alter utility again.

Module:

DBFUDA00

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

[CHANGE.DB command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4679E DEDB ALTER FAILED TO LOAD
MAIN PROGRAM**

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility failed to load DBFDAU70 from the STEPLIB.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates with RC=8.

System programmer response

Ensure that the libraries on STEPLIB are accessible and that the DBFDAU70 library is properly built.

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4682I DEDB ALTER SHADOW AREA
areaname ADS = area_dsn**

or

DEDB ALTER SHADOW AREA *areaname*

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database.

For the first version of the message, the DEDB area to be added is *areaname* and the area data set name

is *area_dsn*. This message is issued in the DEDB Alter utility job output.

For the second version of the message, the DEDB area to be added is *areaname*. This message is issued in the IMS job output.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues to process the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDAU70, DBFDASPO

Related tasks
[Adding a DEDB area online with the DEDB Alter utility \(Database Administration\)](#)

Related reference
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4683I	DEDB ALTER ADDED AREA <i>areaname</i> for DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation:
The DEDB Alter utility is run with the ADDAREA function to add one or more DEDB areas to the end of a DEDB database. The DEDB area to be added is specified as *areaname*, and the DEDB data set name is specified as *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues to process the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4684I	DEDB ALTER SHADOW SEGMENT EDIT/COMPRESSION EXIT <i>exitname</i> LOADED FOR SEGMENT <i>segmname</i> FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:
The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area, to add an area, or to replace a randomizer, by adding a Segment Edit/Compression exit routine for segment

segmname. The shadow Segment Edit/Compression exit routine *exitname* has been loaded successfully for segment *segmname* for DEDB database *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility continues to perform the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4685I	DEDB ALTER SHADOW SEGMENT EDIT/COMPRESSION EXIT <i>exitname</i> UNLOADED FOR SEGMENT <i>segmname</i> FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation:
The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area, to add an area, or to replace a randomizer, by adding a Segment Edit/Compression exit routine for segment *segmname*. The shadow Segment Edit/Compression exit routine *exitname* has been unloaded successfully for segment *segmname* for DEDB database *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response:
Correct the error that caused the DEDB Alter utility to terminate, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4686E	DEDB ALTER SHADOW SEGMENT EDIT/COMPRESSION EXIT <i>exitname</i> LOAD FAILED FOR SEGMENT <i>segmname</i> FOR DEDB <i>dedbname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

or

DEDB ALTER SHADOW SEGMENT EDIT/ COMPRESSION EXIT *exitname* UNLOAD FAILED FOR SEGMENT *segmname* FOR DEDB *dedbname*

Explanation

The DEDB Alter utility was run to alter an area, to add an area, or to replace a randomizer, by adding a Segment Edit/Compression exit routine.

The first version of the message is issued when the DEDB Alter utility cannot load the shadow Segment Edit/Compression exit routine *exitname* for segment *segmname* for DEDB database *dedbname*.

The second version of the message is issued when the DEDB Alter utility cannot unload the shadow Segment Edit/Compression exit routine *exitname* for segment *segmname* for DEDB database *dedbname*.

System action

The DEDB Alter utility terminates without performing the requested DEDB Alter function.

System programmer response:

Correct the error that caused the failure to load or unload the Segment Edit/Compression exit routine, and rerun the DEDB Alter utility.

Module:

DBFDASPO

Related reference

[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4687E ERROR PROCESSING SYNC PROGRAM SWITCH - details

Explanation

An error occurred during synchronous program switch processing for a DL/I ICAL call.

In the message text:

details

A summary of the underlying cause of the error. This description corresponds with the return code issued by the IMS module that threw the error and is one of the following:

INTERNAL POST FAILED, RC=

IMS module DFSYSCS0 examined the PST fields and determined that it cannot post the ICAL for the synchronous program switch. IMS issues this error message to the system console and MTO with the return code from DFSYSCS0. IMS also creates an X'67D0' log record with the error details.

System action:

IMS attempts to issue a timeout for this synchronous program switch request.

Programmer response:

Collect the X'6701' and X'67D0' log records and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSYTIB0 or DFSYSCS0

Related reference

[Format of X'67' log record \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS4688E ERROR PROCESSING ICAL - details

Explanation

An error occurred in the synchronous callout processing for DL/I ICAL.

In the message text:

details

A short summary of the reason why IMS failed to process this ICAL. *details* corresponds with the return code issued by an IMS module, and might be one of the following values:

- INTERNAL POST FAILED, RC= *rc*

IMS module DFSYSCS0 examined the program specification table (PST) fields and determined that it cannot post ICAL. IMS issues this error message to system console and MTO with RC from the DFSYSCS0. IMS also generates a 67D0 log record to show the error information.

System action

The IMS timer routine later tries to timeout this ICAL.

System programmer response:

Prepare the 6701 and 67D0 log records and contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFSYSCS0, DFSYMEM0

DFS4690I DEDB ALTER DATABASE STARTED FOR DEDB *xxxxxxx*: *Text*

Explanation

The ALTERDB control statement was specified to add fields to existing free space in a segment for DEDB *xxxxxxx*.

In the message text, *Text* is one of the following conditions:

- ADD NEW FIELDS

System action:

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4691I DEDB ALTER DATABASE
COMPLETED FOR DEDB xxxxxxxx**

Explanation:
The add new fields function for DEDB xxxxxxxx completed successfully.

System action:
None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFDASPO

Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)
[Control statements for the DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

**DFS4692E DEDB ALTER DATABASE FAILED
FOR DEDB xxxxxxxx
or
DEDB ALTER DATABASE FAILED
FOR DEDB xxxxxxxx: Text**

Explanation
The ALTERDB function failed to add new fields to DEDB xxxxxxxx.

In the message text, *Text* is one of the following conditions:

- NEW FIELD OVERLAYS EXISTING FIELD**
Issued when the new fields overlay existing fields.
- EXISTING FIELD CHANGE NOT SUPPORTED**
Issued when the location or length of existing fields is changed.
- NO ALTERDB ATTRIBUTES CHANGE**
Issued when no new fields are found.
- FAILED TO GET WORKAREA**
Issued when work storage could not be obtained for the new fields.

System action:
The DEDB Alter utility ends with RC=8

System programmer response

In the DBDGEN utility input that is used to alter the DEDB DBD definitions to the staging ACBLIB, ensure that all of the following conditions are met. Then, rerun the DEDB Alter utility by using the ALTERDB function.

- New fields do not overlay each other or overlay existing fields, or both.
- Existing fields are not modified.
- Attributes are changed for the ALTERDB function.
- Sufficient space exists for the new fields.

If message DFS4692E does not contain *Text*, check associated error messages to identify the corrective action.

Module:
DBFDASPO, DBFDAU70
Related reference
[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Chapter 95. DFS messages, DFS4701 - DFS4750

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4701I THE DEDB ALTER MOLC PROCESS WAS COMPLETED BY THE TRACKING IMS, DEDB=dddddddd MODULE=DBFEDA00

Explanation

During XRF or FDBR tracking of a DEDB ALTER with ACBSHR=N, the required updates to the ACBLIB from the STAGING ACBLIB completed successfully. This is an informational message only.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Module:
DBFEDA00

DFS4703I DEDB ALTER COULD NOT FIND THE SHADOW DEDB, DEDB=dedbname RC=nnnnnnnnn RSN=cccc MODULE=DBFEDA00

Explanation

During extended recovery facility (XRF) or Fast Database Recovery (FDBR) region tracking of a DEDB Alter utility processing, the DEDB shadow area data set cannot be found. This is because the DEDB Alter utility fails to open the ACBLIB staging library to obtain the definition of the shadow area data set.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnnn

The return code from the DEDB Alter utility, which can be one of the following codes:

00000008

Parameter error.

00000010

Environment error.

00000014

System error.

cccc

The reason code for the error, which can be one of the following opitons:

64

Getting storage failure.

90

Internal error.

AD

Dynamic deallocation failure.

C1

Database not found.

CF

Parameter value conflict.

120

Empty ACBLIB staging library.

130

ACBLIB staging library allocation failure.

132

Opening ACBLIB staging library failure.

135

ACBLIB staging library I/O error.

1FD

IMS staging directory data set I/O error.

235

Empty staging directory.

System action

The XRF or FDBR region continues tracking.

Output destination

The systems console

System programmer response

Ensure that the DEDB definition in the ACB library of the XRF or FDBR region is consistent with that in the active ACB library.

Module:
DBFEDA00

Related reference

[DEDB Alter utility \(DBFUDA00\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

DFS4704E THE SYSDATA SET FAILED TO OPEN.

Explanation

The MVS open operation failed for the IMS Catalog Alias Names utility (DFS3ALIO) SYSIN data set.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Determine the underlying problem with the data set, and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4705E	ALIAS THAT BEGINS WITH <i>nnnn</i> IS INVALID.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An alias that approaches column 72 of the SYSIN record is invalid.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Examine the alias near column 72 of the SYSIN record. Make sure that it is a 4-character alias that is alphanumeric and does not exceed column 72. Update the SYSIN control card and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4706E	ALIAS <i>nnnn</i> DOES NOT BEGIN WITH AN ALPHA CHARACTER.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *nnnn* alias prefix must have an alphabetic character in the first position.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Update the SYSIN control card and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4707E	ALIAS <i>nnnn</i> CONTAINS NON-ALPHANUMERIC CHARACTER.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *nnnn* alias prefix must contain alphanumeric characters in the second through fourth position.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Update the SYSIN control card and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4708E	NUMBER OF ALIASES IN SYSIN EXCEEDED 250.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The utility allows up to 250 aliases in the SYSIN data set.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Update the SYSIN control card and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4709E	ALIAS THAT BEGINS WITH <i>nnnn</i> HAS MORE THAN 4 CHARACTERS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An alias with more than 4 characters was detected.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Update the SYSIN control card and submit the job again.

Module:

DFS3ALIO

DFS4710E	ERROR FOUND ON SYSIN RECORD.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The utility could not run because of an error in the SYSIN data set as indicated by an accompanied error message.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Determine the underlying problem with the data set, and submit the job again.

Module:
DFS3ALIO

DFS4711E THE SYSLIN DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN.

Explanation

The MVS open operation failed for the IMS Catalog Alias Names utility SYSLIN data set.

System action

The utility terminates.

User response:

Determine the underlying problem with the data set, and submit the job again.

Module:
DFS3ALIO

DFS4712E DDL [GET STORAGE | LOAD | DFSDF READ] FAILURE OCCURRED

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function encounters a system error during Auto Import or Auto Create processing. The status for the new resources is different depending on whether the DDL system failure occurs before or after Auto Import processing. The following are the possible scenarios:

- Scenario 1: If the DDL system failure occurs before Auto Import processing, the new definitions from the DDL CREATE job remain pending in the IMS Catalog.
- Scenario 2: If the DDL system failure occurs after Auto Import processing, the new resources from the DDL CREATE job is created and activated in the IMS systems and catalog.

System action

In scenario 1, the DDL CREATE function for Auto Import or Auto Create processing terminates, but the requested function is not complete. The new definitions from DDL CREATE remain in the IMS catalog in "Pending" state.

In scenario 2, the DDL CREATE function for Auto Import or Auto Create processing terminates. The Auto Import function is completed to create and activate the new resources in the IMS systems and IMS catalog.

System programmer response

For scenario 1, perform all the necessary steps to create and activate the new resources manually by

using the new definitions in the IMS catalog in the "Pending" state as required by the IMPORT DEFN command. See [IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command \(Commands\)](#)

For scenario 1 and 2, perform all the steps that are required for data set creation for the database resources newly created by DDL. See [Automation options for DDL CREATE statements \(Database Administration\)](#)

Module:
DFS3DD00, DFS3DD40, DFS3DD60

DFS4713E CYLINDERS, TRACKS OR DATACLAS REQUIRED IN PROCLIB TO CREATE DEDB SDEP DATA SETS

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the CYLINDERS or TRACKS keyword is required when DATACLAS is not specified in <SECTION=DDL> of DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member for DEDB with SDEP.

System action

The DDL data set creation stops processing this DEDB without completing the requested function and starts processing the next DEDB.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to create data sets for the DDL created databases manually.

For DDL CREATE DATABASE data set creation, correct the <SECTION=DDL> of DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. For non-SMS managed data sets, specify the CYLINDERS or TRACKS keyword. If both CYLINDERS and TRACKS keywords are specified, the CYLINDERS keyword is used. For SMS-managed data sets, specify the DATACLAS keyword.

When **PREALLOC=Y** is specified for Fast Path DEDB ADS with SDEP defined and the ADS is pre-allocated, you must specify the following parameters:

- **CYLINDERS=** or **TRACKS=**
- SMS class: **DATACLAS=** or **STORCLAS=** or **MGMTCLAS=**

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4714E VOLUME IS NEEDED WHEN STORCLAS IS NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the VOLUME keyword is required when STORCLAS is not specified in <SECTION=DDL> of DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to create data sets for the DDL created databases manually.

For DDL CREATE DATABASE data set creation, correct the <SECTION=DDL> of DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member. For non-SMS managed data sets, specify the VOLUME keyword. For SMS-managed data sets, specify the STORCLAS keyword.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4715E **AREA DATA SET *cluster_name*
ALLOCATION FAILED**

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed to allocate the DEDB Area data set using *cluster_name*.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to create data sets for the DDL created databases manually.

Refer to accompanying IDC messages for allocation details.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4716E **DDL SECTION IS NOT FOUND IN
DFSDFxxx PROCLIB**

Explanation

AUTOCREATE=YES in <SECTION=CATALOG>: The DDL CREATE function detects that <SECTION=DDL> is not found in DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. <SECTION=DDL> is required for AUTOCREATE=YES.

System action

The DDL CREATE function for Auto Create processing terminates without completing the requested function. The new definitions from DDL CREATE remain pending in the IMS Catalog.

System programmer response

1. Perform all the necessary steps to create and activate the new resources by manually using the new definitions that are pending in the IMS catalog as required by the IMPORT DEFN command. See [IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command \(Commands\)](#)
2. Perform all the steps that are required for data set creation for the database resources that are created by DDL. [Automation options for DDL CREATE statements \(Database Administration\)](#)

For future DDL CREATE DATABASE data set creation, add <SECTION=DDL> to DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4716I **DDL SECTION IS NOT FOUND IN
DFSDFxxx PROCLIB**

Explanation

AUTOCREATE=NO in <SECTION=CATALOG>: the DDL CREATE function detects that <SECTION=DDL> is not found in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set. <SECTION=DDL> is not required for AUTOCREATE=NO.

System action

The DDL CREATE function continues to process the requested function.

System programmer response

- If the DDL CREATE function for Auto Import processing completes successfully, no action is required.
- If the DDL CREATE function for Auto Import processing terminates without completing the requested function, the new definitions from DDL CREATE remain pending in the IMS catalog. Perform

all the necessary steps to create and activate the new resources manually by using the new definitions that are pending in the IMS catalog as required by using the `IMPORT DEFN` command. See `IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)` command (Commands).

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4717E	DDL SECTION PARAMETER IS INVALID
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DDL Auto Import or Auto Create processing detects an invalid parameter in `<SECTION=DDL>` of the `DFSDFxxx` member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

The DDL section parameter in error is identified in BPE0003D messages.

System action

The DDL CREATE function for Auto Import or Auto Create processing terminates without completing the requested function.

The new definitions from the DDL CREATE function remain pending in the IMS catalog.

System programmer response

Resolve `<SECTION=DDL>` parameter errors. Perform all the necessary steps to create and activate new resources manually by using the new definitions that are pending in the IMS catalog as required by the `IMPORT DEFN` command. See `IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)` command (Commands).

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4718E	AREA areaname REGISTRATION FAILED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the database registration to the DBRC failed for the newly DDL created database.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Correct the DBRC database registration error and perform the database registration to DBRC manually.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4719E	TYPEFP ONLY CREATE DEDB AREAS
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation:

An invalid type was specified for the `DSN=` or `DSNDATA=` parameter in the DDL section of the `DFSDFxxx` member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set.

System action:

Processing for the DDL statement that was issued to create the data set is terminated.

System programmer response

Use one of the following methods to create the DEDB area data set:

- Create the DEDB area data set manually by using the IMS generation utilities.
- If you use the CREATE DATABASE DDL statement to create the DEDB area data set, in the DDL section of the `DFSDFxxx` member, correct the DDL type to specify TYPEFP in the `DSN=` or `DSNDATA=` parameter.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4720I	DRA open thread option active/inactive
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message indicates whether DRA open thread support is active or inactive.

When DRA open thread support processing is active, the DRA does not attach dedicated IMS DRA thread task control blocks (TCBs). Instead, the DRA uses CICS TCBs that are intended for increased parallelism within the CICS/DRA environment.

DRA open thread support is active if it is enabled by the `OPENTHRD=CCTL` option and uses CICS Version 4.2 or later.

DFS4721I	DRA monitoring of thread CPU usage is active/inactive
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DRA will (active) or will not (inactive) monitor and report to IMS, the accumulated CPU usage statistics related to DRA threads. The time is reported in IMS 07 log record DLRTIME field, and to the

CCTL in DRA thread statistics field PAPLCTM1. This option is set through the DFSPRP parameter, TIMETHREADCPU. Thread CPU usage timing can be inactive only when Open Thread is enabled (See the OPENTHRD parameter). When monitoring is inactive (TIMETHREADCPU=NO), timers are not set, and the accumulated time of 0 (zero) is reported to IMS at thread completion. It is recommended that the usage monitoring be turned off only if you know that:

- CCTL accumulates the thread time that includes IMS processing time, or
- IMS 07 log record DLRTIME field is not used to determine thread CPU usage time

System action

System programmer response

Module:

DFS4722I	CTL RGN U0785 DUE TO Ssss Uuuuu AND A CRITICAL WAITNOT COMPLETING IN MPP JMP BMP JBP IFP DBT nnnnnnnn
----------	---

Explanation

An abend occurred in a dependent region thread while the thread was in system critical wait.

sss

Represents the system abend of the dependent region abend code. If the abend is a user abend, the system code is represented by S000.

uuuuu

Represents the user abend of the dependent region abend code. If the abend is a system abend, the user code is represented by 0000.

nnnnnnnn

Job name of the terminating dependent region.

Module

DFSASK00, DFSDTTA0

DFS4723A	SETI NOT ALLOWED DUE TO FPSISETI=N
----------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The FPSISETI=N statement is specified in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set. Therefore, the Set Index Maintenance Off (SETI) control statement on the //DFSCTL DD statement does not take effect.

System action

The maintenance suppression job terminates with user abend code 1060 (U1060).

Output destination

The master terminal

Programmer response

Choose one of the following actions:

- Remove the SETI statement and resubmit the job.
- Change **FPSISETI=N** to **FPSISETI=Y**, restart IMS, and resubmit the job.
- Remove the FPSISETI statement , restart IMS, and resubmit the job.

Module

DBFCPY00

Related reference

[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

[Set Index Maintenance Off \(SETI\) control statement \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4725I	CHANGE DATA CAPTURE FOR UPDATES MADE BY <i>jobname</i> WILL BE SUPPRESSED.
----------	--

Explanation

Where

jobname

The job name of a CCTL or ODBM address space.

Database or database segment updates made by the CCTL or ODBM job *jobname* are not captured, even if a Data Capture exit routine is specified on the **EXIT=** parameter of the DBD for the database. The updates are not captured despite any DBD specifications because the CCTL or ODBM job *jobname* is specified on the **SUPPDCAPNAME=** parameter, which is in the DATABASE section of the DFSDFxxx member.

System action:

Processing continues without capture of the database or database segment updates made by the CCTL or ODBM job *jobname*.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

No user action required if this was the intended behavior. Otherwise, update the **SUPPDCAPNAME=** parameter in the DATABASE section of the DFSDFxxx

member and restart IMS. Or, change the CCTL or ODBM job name so that change capture is not suppressed.

Module:
DFSDASIO

Related reference

[DATABASE section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

**DFS4730E AREA DATA SET *dataset_name*
 FORMAT FAILED**

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the DEDB Area data set initialization failed for the newly DDL created database.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to format data sets and register the database for the DDL created databases manually.

Module:
DFS3DD00

**DFS4731E UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE FOR
 [*PARM*]*ALLOC*[*UNALLOC*]**

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the DEDB Area data set initialization failed to get work storage.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to format data sets and register the database for the DDL created databases manually.

Module:

DFS3DD90

**DFS4732E DYNAMIC [*ALLOCATION*]
 UNALLOCATION] FAILED RC=*xx*
 RS=*yyyy* FOR *dataset_name***

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the DEDB Area data set initialization failed to dynamically allocate or unallocate Area data set.

xx
DYNALLOC return code.

yyyy
DYNALLOC reason code.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to format data sets and register the database for the DDL created databases manually.

Module:
DFS3DD90

DFS4733E FORMATTER LOAD FAILED RC=*xx*

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the DEDB Area data set initialization failed to load DBFUMINO.

xx
return code from IMODULE LOAD call.

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Perform the steps to format data sets and register the database for the DDL created databases manually.

Module:
DFS3DD90

DFS4734E FORMATTER FAILED RC=xx

Explanation

The DDL CREATE function has successfully auto-imported the newly DDL created resources to the IMS system and catalog.

During the creation of the data set, the DDL data set creation failed because the DEDB Area data set initialization failed to format AREA data set.

xx
return code from DBFUMIN0

System action

The DDL data set creation terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

See [DEDB Initialization utility \(DBFUMIN0\) \(Database Utilities\)](#) for the meaning of the return code and DBFUMIN0 messages in SYSPRINT output.

Perform the steps to format data sets and register the database for the DDL created databases manually.

Module:
DFS3DD90

DFS4735I cluster_name IS ALLOCATED

Explanation

A data set is allocated by using DDL.

In the message text:

cluster_name
The name of VSAM cluster.

System action:
Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3DD40

**DFS4736I DATA COMPONENT NAME is
data_component_name**

Explanation

If the **DSNDATA=** parameter is specified in the DDL section of DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set, this message follows message DFS4735I to show the data component name. If the **DSNDATA=** parameter is not specified, this message is not issued.

Instead, the data component name is shown in the previous IDC0512I message.

In the message text:

data_component_name
The name of VSAM data component name

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFS3DD40

Related information
[“DFS4735I” on page 1300](#)
cluster_name IS ALLOCATED

**DFS4741I PSB *psb_name* IS UPDATED
IN THE CATALOG AND THE
DIRECTORY. PST *pst_name***

Explanation

The program view (PSB) was added to both the catalog database and the directory data set by an ADD PROGRAMVIEW DDL statement, or changed in both the catalog database and the directory data set by DROP PROGRAMVIEW and CREATE PROGRAMVIEW statements.

In the message text:

psb_name
The name of the program view (PSB) that was added or changed.

pst_name
The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

IMS continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSMOLS0

**DFS4742E DBD *dbd_name2* MUST BE
CHANGED TO REMOVE THE
LOGICAL TIE TO A DELETED DBD
dbd_name1. PST *pst_name***

Explanation

The database *dbd_name1* cannot be deleted by a DROP DATABASE DDL statement because the database *dbd_name1* has a logical tie to the database *dbd_name2*, and the database *dbd_name2* is not deleted in this work unit.

In the message text:

dbd_name1

The name of the database that is to be deleted by the DROP DATABASE DDL statement.

dbd_name2

The name of the database that has a logical tie to *dbd_name1* but is not deleted in this work unit.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action

The database *dbd_name1* is not deleted from the directory.

User response

If the database *dbd_name2* is still needed, submit an ALTER DATABASE DDL statement to remove the reference to the database *dbd_name1* from the DBD.

If the database *dbd_name2* is no longer needed, submit a DROP DATABASE DDL statement to delete the DBD.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4743I	DBD <i>dbd_name</i> IS DELETED FROM THE STAGING DATA SET. PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Database *dbd_name* has been deleted from both the IMS catalog database and the IMS directory data set.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4744E	RM <i>errortype</i> ERROR, RSCNAME=<i>rscname</i>
-----------------	--

**RSCTYPE=*rsctype* CC=*cc*
CCTEXT=*cctext***

Explanation

This message is issued after message DFS4401E to provide additional information for an RM error that occurred.

If the RM error occurred during IMS autoexport to the IMSRSC repository, the autoexport was not successful. The type of error that occurred is indicated in message DFS4744E. The RM return and reason code can be found in the second and third words of the ERRORTXT= field of message DFS4401E. For a description of the RM return and reason code, see the CSLRRR macro.

In the message text:

errortype

Indicates the type of RM error that occurred.

errortype can have the following value:

- RESOURCE VALIDATION

rscname

Indicates the name of the resource that was being processed when the RM error occurred.

rsctype

Indicates one of the following types of resources that was being processed when the RM error occurred:

- DB
- DBDESC
- LTERM
- MSLINK
- MSNAME
- MSPLINK
- PGM
- PGMDISC
- RTC
- RTCDESC
- TRAN
- TRANDESC

cc

Indicates the four character IMS completion code that represents the error. For a list of IMS completion codes, see the DFSCMDRR macro.

cctext

Indicates completion code text that explains the error.

System action:

If messages DFS4401E and DFS4744E are issued during autoexport processing, IMS continues processing even though the autoexport failed. If messages DFS4401E and DFS4744E are issued when autoexport is processed during IMS shutdown, IMS shutdown is aborted.

System programmer response

Complete one of the following actions:

- If an RM error occurs during autoexport processing and the autoexport fails, after the error is resolved, issue the **EXPORT DEFN TARGET(REPO) OPTION(CHANGESONLY)** command to manually export the new or updated MODBLKS resource definitions. Or, you can wait for the next autoexport to export the new or updated MODBLKS or MSC resource definitions, or both.
- If messages DFS4401E and DFS4744E are issued when autoexport is processed during IMS shutdown, you must either enable the resources to be successfully exported to the repository or disable the repository for IMS to shut down successfully.

Module:
DFSXP000"

Related reference

[EXPORT command \(Commands\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS4401E” on page 1207](#)

RM *requestname* ERROR, RC=*rc* RSN=*rsn*
ERRORTXT=*errortext*

DFS4745I	PSB <i>psb_name</i> IS DELETED FROM THE STAGING DATA SET. PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

PSB *psb_name* has been deleted from the staging data set as part of the DDL DROP program views processing.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4746I	PSB <i>psb_name</i> IS DELETED FROM THE STAGING DATA SET. IT
-----------------	---

REFERENCED A DELETED DBD
dbd_name* PST *pst_name

Explanation

PSB *psb_name* referenced a deleted database *dbd_name* and it has been deleted from the staging data set as part of the DDL DROP database processing.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4747E	AUTOMATIC IMPORT FAILED FOR RESOURCE=<i>resourcename</i> AS AN LNB / RCNT / SMB BECAUSE IT ALREADY EXISTS AS AN LNB / RCNT / SMB
-----------------	---

Explanation

Automatic import from the IMSRSC repository failed for the resource named *resourcename* as message destination resource type *LNB / RCNT / SMB*, because it already exists with the same name as a different message destination resource type of *LNB / RCNT / SMB*. Message destination types of resources include remote logical terminals (LTERMs), transactions, and MSC logical link paths (MSNAMEs).

In the message text:

resourcename

Indicates the name of the resource for which the error occurred.

The message destination type of resource can be one of the following:

LNB

MSC logical link path (MSNAME) control block

RCNT

MSC remote LTERM control block

SMB

Transaction control block

System action

IMS cold start continues with automatic import without creating the resource *resourcename* for the different message destination resource type of *LNB / RCNT / SMB*. Instead, the resource *resourcename* of

the original message destination resource type of *LNB / RCNT / SMB* is automatically imported.

System programmer response

After automatic import and IMS cold start have completed, do all of the following tasks to prevent message DFS4747E from being issued at the next IMS cold start:

- Determine which message destination resource type (LTERM, MSNAME, or transaction) you want to define for resource *resourcename*.
- For every message destination resource type that you do not want defined for resource *resourcename*, issue the `DELETE DEFN TARGET(REPO) TYPE(LTERM | MSNAME | TRAN) NAME(resourcename)` command.
- If the message destination resource type you want to define for resource *resourcename* failed during automatic import, either cold start IMS again, or delete the resource locally and create it again locally with the correct message destination resource type.

Module:
DFSIP300

DFS4748E	STOW ERROR, NO STORAGE AVAILABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

No more virtual storage was available for a STOW macro to update the PDSE directory of the IMS Catalog directory.

This error is in effect only when **ACBMGMT=CATALOG** is specified in either the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or the equivalent DFS3CDX0 user exit to enable the IMS management of ACBs.

Programmer response

Correct the condition that led to the storage error, and rerun the program. Consider increasing the region size on the JOB card.

If the problem persists, contact IBM service.

Module:
DFSUAMB1

DFS4749E	STOW ERROR RC = xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

An error occurred during a STOW macro update to the PDSE directory of the IMS Catalog directory.

This error is in effect only when **ACBMGMT=CATALOG** is specified in either the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or the equivalent DFS3CDX0 user exit to enable the IMS management of ACBs.

Programmer response

Correct the condition that led to the STOW error, and rerun the program.

For more information about STOW completion codes, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets - non-VSAM Macro Instructions*.

Module:
DFSUAMB1

Related reference

[z/OS: Return and reason codes for the DFSMS STOW macro](#)

DFS4750W	USING IRLM IS RECOMMENDED FOR DIRECTORY CLEANUP
-----------------	--

Explanation

IRLM was not used when the batch recovery utility was running to clean up the directory. IRLM is used to serialize the update of the directory data set between the online and batch processing.

System action

The batch recovery utility continues the directory cleanup.

Programmer response

Ensure that the batch recovery utility is running only when the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command and the DDL definition activation are not running at the same time. Issue **IMPORT MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(ALL)** to determine whether an import processing is in progress.

Module:
DFSOLC10

Chapter 96. DFS messages, DFS4751 - DFS4800

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4751I *utilityname* **READING MEMBER
mbrname FROM IMS xxxxxxxx
DIRECTORY**

Explanation

This message indicates whether the utility that is called is reading from the IMS catalog or staging directory instead of from the DBD, PSB, or ACB libraries.

This only occurs when ACBMGMT=CATALOG is specified in either the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or equivalent DFS3CDX0 user exit to enable IMS managed ACBs.

In the message text, the variables have the following meanings:

utilityname

Indicates one of the following utilities is called:

- DBFUMINO
- DFSBBO00
- DFSUDMP0
- DFSURDB0

mbrname

Indicates the name of the DBD resource that is being read from the IMS catalog or staging directory.

xxxxxxx

Indicates the directory from which the DBD resource is being read. Possible values include:

- CATALOG
- STAGING

Note: The DBD resource will only be read from the STAGING directory when ACBMGMT=CATALOG, and the STAGING keyword has been specified in the SYSIN DD card.

System action

The utility continues to process the requested function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DBFUMINO, DFSBACK0, DFSUDMP0, DFSURDB0

DFS4752I **READING DBD MEMBERS FROM
IMS xxxxxxxx DIRECTORY.**

Explanation

This message indicates that the utility that is called is reading DBDs from the IMS catalog or staging directory instead of from the DBD, PSB, or ACB libraries.

This only occurs when ACBMGMT=CATALOG is specified in either the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or equivalent DFS3CDX0 user exit to enable IMS managed ACBs.

In the message text, the variable has the following meaning:

xxxxxxx

Indicates the directory from which the DBD resource is being read. Possible values include:

- CATALOG
- STAGING

Note: The DBD resource will only be read from the STAGING directory when ACBMGMT=CATALOG, and the STAGING keyword has been specified in the SYSIN DD card.

System action

The utility continues to process the requested function.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSPCC30, DFSUCCT0, DFSPRCT1

DFS4753E *utilityname* **FAILED READING
MEMBER mbrname FROM IMS
CATALOG DIRECTORY. RC:
XXXXXXXXX RSN: YYYYYYYY.**

Explanation

This message indicates the IMS catalog API GET request has failed.

In the message text, the variables have the following meanings:

utilityname

Indicates the name of the utility program being called.

mbrname

Indicates the name of the DBD resource that is being read from the IMS catalog directory.

RC

Return code from the IMS catalog API GET request.

RSN

Reason code from the IMS catalog API GET request.

System action

The utility stops to process the requested function.

System programmer response

Identify the reason for the failure by referencing the catalog API GET request return and reason codes for GET requests and then correct the problem. For more information, see "Chapter 41. Get request (GET) for the IMS catalog API" in the *System Programming APIs* guide.

If you cannot resolve the problem, contact IBM Software Support.

Module

DFSDLB00, DFSUCCT0, DFSPRDBD, DFSPRPAR

DFS4754A	CATALOG DIRECTORY operation FAILED. RC: <i>nnnnnnnn</i> RSN: <i>yyyyyyyy</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS catalog directory OPEN or CLOSE operation has failed.

In the message text, the variables have the following meanings:

operation

The IMS Catalog directory operation that failed. Possible values are OPEN or CLOSE.

nnnnnnnn

Return code for the IMS catalog directory operation failure.

yyyyyyyy

Reason code for the IMS catalog directory operation failure.

System action:

The application program terminates abnormally. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response:

Identify the reason for the failure by referencing the job output and correct the problem.

Source

Utility terminates

Module

DFSPRCT1

DFS4755E	DATABASE RESOURCE STATE ERROR. DBD <i>dbd_name</i> REASON= <i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

There are work still in progress for database *dbd_name* that is changed or deleted on a single IMS system.

System action

The automatic activation for DDL statements failed.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4756E	PROGRAM RESOURCE STATE ERROR. PSB <i>psb_name</i> REASON= <i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

There are work still in progress for PSB *psb_name* that is changed or deleted on a single IMS system.

System action

The automatic activation for DDL statements failed.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4757I	NON-RETRYABLE <i>ttttttt</i> REQUEST FAILURES AT CHKPT <i>yyddd</i>/
-----------------	---

hhmmss. COUNT:ccccccccc
OLDEST UOWSTCK:
ssssssssssssssssssss OLDEST QNAME:
nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn OLDEST
UOWE TIME: yyyy.jjj hh.mm.ss
GMT

Explanation

During IMS system checkpoint unit of work (UOW) retry processing, one or more CQS requests failed with non-retryable return codes for UOWs with deferred CQS actions. IMS writes X'3F' log records containing the UOW IDs that are associated with the failed CQS requests, and then deletes its internal record of the UOWs. This message indicates that this situation occurred.

This message also can be issued during IMS emergency restart (ERE) processing when IMS encounters X'3F' records for discarded UOWs from an earlier checkpoint. Thus, two separate DFS4757I messages might be received for the same discarded UOWs - one at checkpoint, and one during emergency restart. This ensures that this message either is not missed or is not lost if IMS abends after discarding the UOWs but before being able to issue the message.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The type of the CQS request that failed as the request was retried and can be one of the following values:

- CQSPUT
- CQSUNLCK

yyddd/hhmmss

The timestamp, which identifies the checkpoint that invoked the retries of the CQS requests.

ccccccccc

The number of the CQS requests that failed for the specified CQS request type.

ssssssssssssssssssss

The type 01/03 log record's UOW store clock token, MSGPROTK. This value indicates the time when the message was inserted into the queue manager.

nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn

The destination queue for the oldest CQSPUT or CQSUNLCK UOW. If the destination queue name contains only printable EBCDIC characters, QNAME is an 8-byte value that contains this printable queue name. If the destination queue name contains non-printable characters, QNAME is a 16-byte hexadecimal value that contains the queue name.

yyyy.jjj hh.mm.ss

The store clock value from UOWSTCK, converted to yyyy.jjj hh.mm.ss format, where yyyy is the year, jjj is the Julian day of the year, and hh.mm.ss is the time of day in GMT.

System action

IMS continues processing.

Output destination

The Master Terminal and System Console

Programmer response

Collect IMS log data between OLDEST UOWE TIME and the time DFS4757I is issued and contact IBM Software Support. If DFS4757I is issued with CQSPUT, the discarded message can be re-enqueued; if it is issued with CQSUNLCK, a warm start of IMS or CQS can unlock the message from the shared queues.

Module:

DFSQURS0 and DFSQRSQ0

Related reference

[CQSPUT request \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

[CQSUNLCK request \(System Programming APIs\)](#)

DFS4758A GET BSDS HLQ FAILED

Explanation

This message is issued when an IMS DFSDSSM0 GET BSDS request has failed.

System action:

The application program terminates abnormally. IMS processing continues.

System programmer response:

Identify the reason for the failure by referencing the job output and correct the problem.

Source

Utility terminates

DFS4759E ERROR OCCURRED WHILE PROCESSING DBRC. error_text RC = nn.

Explanation

A DBRC request failed.

In the message text:

error_text

The error that occurred while the DBRC request was being processed. Possible values and their meanings include:

BSDS NOT SET

An error occurred while setting the BSDS HLQ.

BLDL ERROR

The BLDL failed to locate the DBRC router.

INIT0 ERROR

The INIT0 phase of the DBRC initialization failed.

INIT1 ERROR

The INIT1 phase of the DBRC initialization failed.

DBRC REQUIRED

A utility program attempted to run without the DBRC.

nn

The reason code for the DBRC processing failure. For more information, see [DBRC request return codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#).

System action

The utility stops processing the requested function.

Programmer response

Examine the error text and return code in the message text to determine the root cause of the processing failure. If applicable, fix the problem. Then resubmit the DBRC request.

DFS4760E	UNABLE TO ALLOCATE CTC DEVICE, MSPLINK <i>msplink</i>, ADDR <i>addr</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS restart processing attempted to re-create a dynamic MSC channel-to-channel (CTC) physical link (MSPLINK) that was created during a previous instance of IMS by using a **CREATE MSPLINK** command. However, the request to dynamically allocate the CTC device failed. The following conditions are some of the possible reasons that cause this error:

- Another IMS system on the same logical partition (LPAR) has created a dynamic MSPLINK that uses the same CTC address.
- The CTC device was modified offline or detached from the IMS system.
- Available storage is not enough to process the dynamic allocation request.

In the message text:

msplink

The name of the physical link.

addr

The CTC device address.

System action

If the problem is internal to the IMS system, such as storage unavailability, IMS restart processing abends, usually with the abend code U0168.

If the problem is external to the IMS system, IMS restart processing continues and the dynamic MSPLINK is created. However, the new dynamic MSPLINK is not usable for MSC communications, and the status of the dynamic MSPLINK is NOTOPEN.

Output destination

The z/OS system console.

Operator response

Use appropriate MVS commands to determine why the CTC address is not available.

To enable communications for the dynamic CTC MSPLINK, complete the following steps:

1. Delete the existing MSPLINK by using a **DELETE MSPLINK** command.
2. Create the MSPLINK by using a **CREATE MSPLINK** command to allocate the CTC device again.

Module:

DFSRMP20

Related reference

[CREATE MSPLINK command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4761E	OPEN DCB FAILURE FOR CTC DEVICE, MSPLINK <i>msplink</i>, ADDR <i>addr</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The request to dynamically allocate the channel-to-channel (CTC) device during the IMS restart processing was successful, but the DCB that is associated with the device could not be opened. One possible reason for this error is that the available storage is not enough to process the dynamic allocation request.

In the message text:

msplink

The name of the physical link.

addr

The CTC device address.

System action

If the problem is internal to the IMS system, such as storage unavailability, IMS restart processing abends, usually with the abend code U0168.

If the problem is external to the IMS system, IMS restart processing continues and the dynamic MSPLINK is created. However, the new dynamic MSPLINK is not usable for MSC communications, and the status of the dynamic MSPLINK is NOTOPEN.

Output destination

The z/OS system console.

Operator response

Use appropriate MVS commands to determine why the CTC address is not available.

To enable communications for the dynamic CTC MSPLINK, complete the following steps:

1. Delete the existing MSPLINK by using a **DELETE MSPLINK** command.
2. Create the MSPLINK by using a **CREATE MSPLINK** command to allocate the CTC device again.

Module:
DFSRMP20

Related reference

[CREATE MSPLINK command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4764A	ONLINE CHANGE COMMIT PHASE 2 FAILED, SO IMS IS STUCK IN AN ONLINE CHANGE STATE
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred during online change commit phase 2. The error might be a result of an internal error. The IMS system can neither commit the online change nor abort it.

System action

The **/MODIFY** command is rejected. IMS is stuck in an online change state. Resources that were deactivated for the online change remain inactive.

Output destination:
The system console.

User response

Perform the following steps:

- Issue the **/DISPLAY MODIFY MODS** command and save the output.

- Produce an IMS dump.
- Save the X'22' and X'70' log records.
- Contact IBM and provide the documentations: the output of the **/DISPLAY MODIFY MODS** command, the system dumps, and the X'22 and X'70' log records.
- Use the **/CHE FREEZE** command to shut down IMS and then restart IMS. If that doesn't work, cancel IMS and perform an emergency restart.

It is likely that some of the resource changes did not take effect if the commit phase 2 internal error occurred before those resources could be changed and log a X'22' log record. You can use the **/DISPLAY** command for the resources that are named in the **/DISPLAY MODIFY MODS** command output before IMS shut down to determine whether some of the changes did not take effect.

If all changes took effect, the output of the **/DISPLAY** command includes the newly added resources, omits the deleted resources, and shows the new values of the changed resources.

If some of the changes did not take effect, you can retry the online change that failed or perform an IMS cold start from the current libraries.

Module:
DFSICLV0

Related reference

[/DISPLAY ACT command \(Commands\)](#)

[/DISPLAY MODIFY command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4765E	<i>resource-type1 resource-name</i> EXISTS IN THE IMS CATALOG. <i>resource-type2 resource-name</i> IS NOT ADDED TO THE IMS CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) detected that a DBD or a PSB with the same name as the PSB or DBD that was being added already exists in the IMS Catalog header. Having a DBD and a PSB with the same name in the IMS Catalog is not allowed.

In the message text:

resource-type1

The type of the resource that already exists in the IMS Catalog. Either DBD (if *resource-type2* value is PSB) or PSB (if *resource-type2* value is DBD).

resource-type2

The type of the resource that was being added to the IMS Catalog but was not added, due to having the same name as the resource that already exists in the catalog. Either PSB (if *resource-type1* value is DBD) or DBD (if *resource-type1* value is PSB).

resource-name

The name of both the resource that already exists in the catalog and the resource that was being added but was not added.

System action

The DFS3PU00 utility issues this error message, ends with return code 8, and continues processing the other DBD and PSB members.

Programmer response

No action is needed.

Module

DFS3PU00

DFS4766W	IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) FAILED TO UPDATE TIMESTAMPS IN THE CATALOG, COMMAND TOKEN=command_token
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command failed to update one or more timestamps in the catalog. The directory data set was updated, but an error occurred while the active timestamps in the catalog header records were being updated.

In the message text:

command_token

The 8-byte command token that can be used to find the associated X'70' log records in the IMS log data sets.

System action

DFS4766W is issued only to the command master system.

System programmer response

Use the IMS Catalog Maintenance utility (DFS3CM00) to fix the catalog header timestamps.

Module

DFSOLC00

DFS4768E	ERROR DETECTED DURING AUTOMATIC IMPORT OF MSC CTC LINK, MSPLINK=msplink, ADDR=addr, RC=rc
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred during the automatic import of an MSC CTC physical link definition from the IMSRSC repository during IMS cold start.

In the message text:

addr

The CTC adapter device ID that is used for the MSC CTC physical link.

msplink

The CTC physical link name that is imported from the IMSRSC repository.

rc

Indicates the reason for the failure.

- 8** The CTC device is not available.
- 12** The CTC adapter device number is not a CTC device.
- 16** Dynamic allocation of CTC device failed.
- 20** Failed to open the CTC DCB
- 24** No DDNAME is available.

System action

IMS cold start continues and the CTC physical link definition is imported, but the CTC link is not usable for IMS communications.

Output destination:

This message is sent to the z/OS system console.

Operator response

Complete one of the following actions to enable communications for a CTC physical link that is not usable:

- Delete the CTC physical link by using the **DELETE MSPLINK** command, and then re-create the CTC link with a valid CTC adapter device number by using the **CREATE MSPLINK** command.
- Use the **UPDATE MSPLINK** command to update the existing definition with a valid CTC adapter device number.

Before you create a new CTC physical link or update the existing CTC physical link, ensure that the CTC adapter device number is prepared in your system and that the CTC physical link in the partner system is also prepared.

Problem determination

- For return code 8, use MVS commands to determine why the CTC adapter device ID failed for dynamic allocation. The device might be offline or used by another system.
- For return code 12, check the system and ensure that a device is a CTC device.
- For return code 16, this is a system error.
- For return code 20, open DCB failed.
- For return code 24, all DDNAMEs from DFSM0000 to DFSM9999 are in use.

Module:
DFSMP500

DFS4769E	THE LOAD FOR IMS CATALOG USER EXIT DFS3CDX0 FAILED. REASON CODE: <i>return_code</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the IMS BATCH DFSDFxxx processor attempted to load the IMS Catalog Definition exit (DFS3CDX0), an error occurred.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code in register 15 identifies the error for the load.

System action:

Processing fails with an abend unless the failure occurred because a module was not found.

System programmer response:

To resolve the problem, check the return code in .

Module:
DFS3DF10

DFS4770I	THE CTC DDNAME <i>ddname</i> WAS DEALLOCATED AFTER ITS ASSOCIATED MSPLINK WAS DELETED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified DD name was associated with a statically defined channel-to-channel (CTC) MSC physical link (MSPLINK). However, the MSPLINK was deleted in a prior instance of IMS.

This message is issued during IMS warm start or emergency restart to indicate that IMS has deallocated the indicated DD name and that its CTC device address is now available.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD statement name

System action:

IMS restart continues.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRRMP20

DFS4771E	DATABASE RESOURCE STATE ERROR ON <i>ims_id</i> DBD <i>dbd_name</i> REASON= <i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

There are work still in progress for database *dbd_name* that is changed or deleted on IMS *ims_id*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation for DDL statement failed across all IMSs.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4772E	PROGRAM RESOURCE STATE ERROR ON <i>ims_id</i> PSB <i>psb_name</i> REASON= <i>reason_text</i> PST <i>pst_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

There are work still in progress for program *psb_name* that is changed or deleted on IMS *ims_id*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation for DDL statement failed across all IMSs.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4774E **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL
FAILED FOR DBD *dbd_name* ON
ims_id RSN= *reason_text* PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

Database *dbd_name* failed to be added or changed or deleted on IMS *ims_id*. The cause of error is specified on the *reason_text*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation for DDL statement failed across all IMSs.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4775E **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL
FAILED FOR PSB *psb_name* ON
ims_id RSN= *reason_text* PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

PSB *psb_name* failed to be added or changed or deleted on IMS *ims_id*. The cause of error is specified on the *reason_text*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation for DDL statement failed across all IMSs.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4776E **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF
DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED ON
ims_id REASON= *reason_text* PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

The coordinated automatic activation failed on IMS *ims_id*. The cause of error is specified on the *reason_text*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation for DDL statement failed across all IMSs.

System programmer response

Correct the problem stated on the reason text and resubmit the DDL statements. Look for error messages DS4753E, DFS4771E, DFS4774E, DSF4756E, DFS4772E and DFS4775E.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4777I **THE DDL-DEFINED PSB *psb_name*
IS REFRESHED IN THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

PSB *psb_name* has been copied to the directory data set from the staging data set. There is no content change to the PSB except ACB generated timestamp change only.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4778I **THE CTC DDNAME *ddname* WAS
DEALLOCATED BECAUSE THE CTC
ADDRESS WAS CHANGED FOR
MSPLINK *msplink***

Explanation

The specified DD name was associated with a statically defined channel-to-channel (CTC) MSC physical link (MSPLINK). However, the CTC device address assigned to the link was changed by using the **UPDATE MSPLINK** command in a prior instance of IMS.

This message is issued during IMS warm start or emergency restart to indicate that IMS has deallocated the indicated DD name and that its device address is now available.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD statement name

msplink

The name of the CTC physical link

System action:

IMS restart continues.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

Operator response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSRMP20

DFS4779I **THE DDL-DEFINED PSB *psb_name***
IS COPIED TO THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
pst_name

Explanation

PSB *psb_name* has been copied to the directory data set from the staging data set.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4780I **THE DDL-DEFINED DBD *dbd_name***
IS COPIED TO THE IMS
DIRECTORY DATA SET. PST
pst_name

Explanation

Database *dbd_name* has been copied to the directory data set from the staging data set.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully.

System programmer response

None.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4781I

AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL
DEFINITIONS COMPLETE ON
ims_id RC=00. PST *pst_name*

Explanation

The coordinated automatic activation of DDL statements has completed successfully on IMS *ims_id*.

System action

IMS completed the automatic activation of DDL statement successfully across active sharing IMSs in the plex.

System programmer response

None.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4782E **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF**
DDL DEFINITIONS FAILED ON
ims_id REASON= *reason_text* PST
pst_name

Explanation

The coordinated automatic activation of DDL statements failed on IMS *ims_id*.

System action

The coordinated automatic activation of DDL statements failed across active sharing IMSs in the plex.

System programmer response

Correct the problem and resubmit the DDL statements.

Module:

DFSOLC70

DFS4783I **AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL**
DEFINITIONS NOT DONE ON
ims_id REASON= *reason_text* PST
pst_name

Explanation

The coordinated automatic activation of DDL statements was not done on IMS *ims_id*. This IMS is being either shutdown or abended. Or, it no longer wants access to the shared directory and has changed its ACBSHR parameter from a Yes to a NO.

System action

The automatic activation of DDL statement completed successfully. IMS *ims_id* has been removed from the list of IMS accessing this shared directory data set.

System programmer response

None.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4784E	UNSUPPORTED KEYWORDS SPECIFIED IN DSN OR DSNDATA
-----------------	---

Explanation

In the DDL section of the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set, invalid keywords, except for the &DBNAME and &AREANAME symbols if used, were specified in the **DSN=** or **DSNDATA=** parameter.

System action

Creation of a DEDB area data set by using DDL terminates without completing the requested function.

System programmer response

Use one of the following methods to create the DEDB area:

- Create the DEDB area data set manually by using the IMS generation utilities.
- If you use the CREATE DATABASE DDL statement to create the DEDB area data set, in the DDL section of the DFSDFxxx member, modify the **DSN=** or **DSNDATA=** parameter to use valid keywords.

Module:
DFS3DD00

Related reference

[DDL section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4785W	DEDB <i>dedb_name</i> AREA <i>area_name</i> DATASET <i>dataset_name</i> ALREADY EXISTS
-----------------	---

Explanation

A DDL statement was submitted to create *dataset_name*, but the data set already exists.

In the message text:

dedb_name

Name of the DEDB.

area_name

Name of the DEDB area.

dataset_name

Name of the DEDB area data set.

System action

Because the DEDB area data set *dataset_name* already exists, the **/START DB** and **/START AREA** commands are issued by IMS.

System programmer response

Check whether the DEDB area data set *dataset_name* is the data set that you require. If the *dataset_name* data set that is being used by IMS is not the data set that you require, undo the resources or manually change the data set.

Module:
DFS3DD00

DFS4787I	DEF_NBA=nnnn, DEF_OBA=nnnn WERE SPECIFIED BUT NOT USED DUE TO 64-BIT BUFFER MODE NOT ACTIVATED.
-----------------	--

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

The default NBA and default OBA are not applied to the BMP procedure, and NBA= and OBA= of the BMP cannot be omitted. The DEF_NBA and DEF_OBA parameters are valid only when FPBP64=Y is specified. Enable the Fast Path 64-bit buffer mode and restart IMS.

Module

DBFFATC1

Related reference

[FASTPATH section of the DFSDFxxx member \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4794I	AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS <i>ims_id</i> THIS IMS COMPLETED IMPORT COMMAND PROCESSING.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS system that shares the IMS catalog took over the processing. This IMS system committed the import processing and the resources are active in the system.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** was committed and the resources are active in this IMS system.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4795I **AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS**
ims_id **THIS IMS COMPLETED THE**
ACTIVATION OF DDL-DEFINED
SOURCES. PST *pst_name*

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended while serving as the master system for the activation of DDL-defined database resources for PST *pst_name*. Another IMS system took over the processing. The import processing was committed by this IMS system.

In the message text:

ims_id

The master IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

The DDL definition activation was committed.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4796E **AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS**
ims_id **THE IMPORTED PSBS AND**
DMBS ARE NOT USABLE.

Explanation

The command master IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended

during the processing of a global **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS system took over processing, but failed to back out the updates that were made to the IMS directory data sets. The affected databases and program views cannot be scheduled. See the previously issued DFS4894E message for more details.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

IMS was unable to back out the updates to the IMS directory data sets.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** again. You can also issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and, if necessary, how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4797E **AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS**
ims_id **THE DDL-DEFINED PSBS**
AND DMBS ARE NOT USABLE. PST
pst_name

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the activation of DDL resource definitions. Another IMS system took over processing, but could not back out the updates that were made to the IMS directory data sets. The affected databases and program views cannot be scheduled. See the previously issued DFS4895E message for more details.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

IMS was unable to back out the updates to the IMS directory data sets.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:
DFSOLC80

Related reference
[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4798I AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS
 ims_id THIS IMS CANCELLED THE
 IMPORT COMMAND PROCESSING.**

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS system that shares the IMS catalog took over the processing. The catalog import processing was canceled on this IMS.

In the message text:

ims_id
The IMS system that abended.

System action:
The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command was aborted.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:
Correct the error identified in the reason text. You can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and, if necessary, how to respond.

Module:
DFSOLC80
Related reference
[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4799I AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS
 ims_id THIS IMS CANCELLED THE
 ACTIVATION OF DDL-DEFINED
 RESOURCES. PST *pst_name***

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the activation of

DDL resource definitions. Another IMS system took over processing. The catalog import processing was canceled on this IMS.

In the message text:

ims_id
The IMS system that abended.

pst_name
The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:
The DDL definition activation was aborted.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:
Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:
DFSOLC80
Related reference
[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4800W NO ACBLIBS WERE SPECIFIED IN
 THE JCL. THE ENTIRE CONTENTS
 OF THE CATALOG WILL BE
 EXPORTED.**

Explanation

The IMSACB DD statement is omitted. All records in the Catalog will be exported.

System action
The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response
No action is required.

Module
DFS3CCE0

Chapter 97. DFS messages, DFS4801 - DFS4900

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4801E **NO CCUCATEX *DDname* WAS
SPECIFIED IN THE JCL.**

Explanation

The required CCUCATEX DD statement is omitted.

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Provide the output data set on the CCUCATEX DD statement and then run the utility again.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4802E **UNKNOWN SEGMENT TYPE,
segmtype, WAS ENCOUNTERED IN
THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

An unknown segment type as indicated in *segmtype* was detected when an instance from IMS catalog was copied to the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4803I **DBD *dbdname* WITH TIME STAMP
time-stamp WAS COPIED TO THE
EXPORT DATA SET.**

Explanation

A copy of the DBD as indicated in *dbdname* with the *time-stamp* value was put into the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4804I **PSB *psbname* WITH TIME STAMP
time-stamp WAS COPIED TO THE
EXPORT DATA SET.**

Explanation

A copy of the PSB as indicated in *psbname* with the *time-stamp* value was put into the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4805I ***maxcount segmtype* SEGMENTS
WERE COPIED TO THE EXPORT
DATA SET.**

Explanation

The *maxcount* number of segments with segment type as indicated in *segmtype* were copied into the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4806W **MEMBER *membername* WAS NOT FOUND IN THE IMSACB DD CONCATENATION. ALL VERSIONS OF THIS MEMBER WILL BE EXPORTED.**

Explanation

The resource that is named in the *membername* was not found in the data set provided in the IMSACB DD statement. All instances that are found in the IMS catalog for the member are copied into the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4807W **TIME STAMP *time-stamp* FOR XXX *membername* IS NOT IN THE CATALOG. ALL INSTANCES OF THIS MEMBER WILL BE EXPORTED.**

Explanation

The resource that is named in the *membername* with the TIME STAMP of *time-stamp* was not found in IMS catalog. All instances that are found in the IMS catalog for the member are copied into the EXPORT data set.

System action

The issuing utility continues.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4808E **UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE 22 WAS RECEIVED WHEN TRYING TO RETRIEVE A SEGMENT FROM THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

An unexpected status code was received while the utility was retrieving a segment from IMS catalog.

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4809E **FAILURE OPENING THE *ddname* DCB OCCURRED OPEN RC = *xxxxxx*.**

Explanation

An error was detected on an OPEN call to the DCB for *ddname* with the return code *xxxxxx* from the OPEN call.

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Check the OPEN RC and the associated DCB, correct the error if possible and then run the utility again.

If the problem cannot be resolved, contact IBM Software Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4810I **ALL MEMBERS IN THE SYSUT1 DATA SET WERE SUCCESSFULLY DELETED. | ALL OF THE MEMBER INSTANCES THAT ARE REFERENCED IN THE SYSUT1 DATA SET WERE DELETED FROM THE IMS CATALOG.**

Explanation:

The IMS Catalog Record Purge utility successfully deleted the outdated records from the IMS catalog database.

System action:

Processing continues.

User response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU10

DFS4811E	THE CCUDIREX DD STATEMENT WAS SUPPLIED BUT THERE IS NO IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY TO BE EXPORTED.THE IMS CATALOG COPY CONTROL DATA SET CCUDIRIM FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = xxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message can indicate either of the following actions:

- Although, the CCUDIREX DD statement was supplied to define the output data set for the copy of the IMS catalog there is no IMS catalog directory to be exported, if you are running the IMS Catalog Export utility (DFS3CCE0).
- An error was detected on an OPEN call to the data set that is provided on the CCUDIRIM DD statement with the return code xxxxxx from the OPEN call, if you are running the IMS Catalog Import utility (DFS3CCIO).

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Select from the following options for the utility you ran:

- Correct the environment error of the IMS catalog directory and then, run the IMS Catalog Export utility again.
- Check the OPEN RC and the associated DD statement, correct the error if possible and then run the IMS Catalog Import utility again.

If the problem cannot be resolved, contact IBM® Software Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0, DFS3CCIO

DFS4812E	THE CCUDIREX DD STATEMENT SPECIFIES A DATA SET NAME THAT IS TOO LONG.UNABLE TO ALLOCATE IMPORTED DATA SET <i>dsname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message can indicate either of the following actions:

- The CCUDIREX DD statement specifies an output data set whose name exceeded 44 characters, if you are running the IMS Catalog Export utility (DFS3CCE0).
- An error was detected when allocating the data set name identified in *dsname*, if you are running the IMS Catalog Import utility (DFS3CCIO).

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Select from the following options for the utility you ran:

- Correct the data set name issue and then run the IMS Catalog Export utility again.
- Check the data set identified, correct the underlying problem if possible and then run the IMS Catalog Import utility again.

If the problem cannot be resolved, contact IBM® Software Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0, DFS3CCIO

DFS4813I	THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR IMPORT OF THIS IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY: <i>list of dsname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

If you used the CCUDIREX DD statement to copy the active ACBs of the IMS catalog, a list is generated of the output data sets that are created and that must be available to the system where the IMS Catalog Import utility will be used. The list of the output data sets is printed at the end of the export job output.

System action

The issuing utility completes.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4814E **RDJFCB FAILURE OCCURRED FOR
THE *ddname* DATA SET. RDJFCB
RC = *xxxxxx*.**

Explanation

An error was detected on an RDJFCB call for *ddname* with the return code *xxxxxx* from the RDJFCB call.

System action

The issuing utility failed.

System programmer response

Check the RDJFCB RC and the associated *ddname*, correct the error if possible and then run the utility again.

If the problem cannot be resolved, contact IBM Software Support.

Module

DFS3CCE0

DFS4830I **OTMA ENDED RESUME TPIPE FOR
TMEMBER/TPIPE *xxxx/yyyy* RT=
*zzzz***

Explanation

This message is issued for one of the following reasons:

While OTMA was waiting for an ACK or NAK from the OTMA target member (tmember or client) *xxxx* with the transaction pipe (tpipe) *yyyy*, a CMO timeout action or an IMS command such as /STOP TMEMBER TPIPE canceled the wait for an ACK or NAK and ended a resume tpipe request from the target member. IMS also sends out the protocol message "cancel resume output for tpipe hold queue request protocol command" to the target member.

When the DL/I ICAL call has a large amount of request data (greater than 32000 bytes) with a small timeout value, it is likely to trigger the timeout action. This message was issued and the resume tpipe request was canceled.

Explanation

In the message text:

xxxx

Name of the OTMA client.

yyyy

Name of the tpipe.

zzzz

Resume tpipe token set by the OTMA client (such as IMS Connect).

System action:

Processing continues.

Operator response:

Identify the cause of the missing ACK or NAK for the resume tpipe request. The cause might be an application program or a failure in the network component.

Programmer response

The programmer response can be one of the following:

Ensure that your program issues an ACK or NAK to IMS for the received CMO output message. Also, it is possible that the ACK or NAK cannot arrive at IMS OTMA because of a network failure. You can submit multiple resume tpipe requests to IMS. When one ends, the other can continue to retrieve messages from IMS.

A system delay in IMS might slow down the ICAL processing. Increase the DL/I ICAL call timeout value by changing the AIBRSFLD value in the ICAL call. If AIBRSFLD is not specified, use the **UPDATE OTMADESC** command or code the DFSYDTx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set to increase the timeout value for the ICAL call.

Problem determination

The problem determination can be one of the following:

Examine the network trace to identify which component in the network did not forward the ACK or NAK to IMS. Ensure that your application program issues an ACK or NAK to IMS for the received CMO output message or synchronous callout message.

Examine the 67D0 log record to find out the root cause.

Module:

DFSYQAB0

DFS4831E **NO STORAGE IN SUBPOOL 230
FOR OTMA INPUT.**

Explanation:

IMS XCF message exit for OTMA received an input message. However, IMS failed to allocate an IMS AWE block from subpool 230 to process the input message.

System action:

IMS OTMA might not be able to function properly to process the rest of messages from the client.

Programmer response:

You might need to contact your DBA or system programmer for assistance.

Module:

DFSYMGX0

DFS4832E IMS DIRECTORY NOT CLEANED UP AFTER IMS *ims_id* ABENDED AND THIS IMS COMPLETED ACTIVATION OF DDL DEFINITIONS. PST *pst_name*.

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the commit phase of activation processing of DDL-defined resources. Another IMS took over the processing. The processing was committed in this IMS system, but the clean up of the IMS directory could not complete.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

The automatic activation of the DDL defined resources was committed in this IMS system.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4833E IMS DIRECTORY NOT CLEANED UP AFTER IMS *ims_id* ABENDED AND THIS IMS CANCELLED IMPORT PROCESSING.

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of a global **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS took over the backout processing and the import processing was canceled on this IMS system, but the clean up of the IMS directory did not complete.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

The updates made to the directory were aborted.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4834E IMS DIRECTORY NOT CLEANED UP AFTER IMS *ims_id* ABENDED AND THIS IMS COMPLETED IMPORT COMMAND PROCESSING.

Explanation

The master IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during commit processing of a global **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS system took over the processing and the updates are reflected in this IMS system, but the clean up of the IMS directory cannot complete.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

The updates made to the IMS directory were committed.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4835I IMS INITIALIZATION IS WAITING FOR IMS *ims_id* TO COMPLETE A DDL DEFINITION ACTIVATION FROM THE SHARED IMS CATALOG

Explanation

This IMS system is waiting for the IMS system identified in the *ims_id* of the message text to finish processing a DDL definition activation task. After this task ends, the initialization of this IMS system continues. If there is no active DDL definition activation task in progress, this indicates the directory data sets were not cleaned up.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

The IMS system waits.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to check the status of activation processing and, if necessary, how to respond.

Module:

DFSRDB30

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4840E	THE JCL IS MISSING A SYSIN DD STATEMENT
-----------------	--

Explanation

The JCL for the IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) is missing the required SYSIN DD statement.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Add the missing SYSIN DD statement to the JCL and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

DFS4841E	AN INVALID OPTION WAS SPECIFIED IN THE CONTROL STATEMENT. DATA SET (DDNAME SYSIN).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The member name specified on the SYSIN DD statement in JCL was invalid.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

Programmer response

Correct the SYSIN DD statement to **MBR=ALL** and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

DFS4842E	THE SYSIN DATA SET FAILED TO OPEN. OPEN RC = nnnnnn.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Error occurred when the IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility opens the SYSIN data set. *nnnnnn* is the return code.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

Programmer response

Correct the SYSIN data set and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

DFS4843E	CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The SYSIN control statement specified in the JCL for IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility is invalid.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Correct the SYSIN data set and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

DFS4844E	MEMBER NAME INVALID
-----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

The member name specified on the SYSIN control statement in JCL was invalid.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Correct the member name to **MBR=ALL** and run the utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

**DFS4846E UTILITY ONLY RUNS AS DLI
 BATCH REGION**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility runs only as DL/I batch.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Set the EXEC parameter to DL/I and run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3RU00

**DFS4847E METADATA UNAVAILABLE FOR
 THE RESOURCE *nnnnnnnn***

Explanation

Metadata information is unavailable for the target resource in the IMS catalog. *nnnnnnnn* is the name of the target resource.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Ensure that all resources are recovered during the IMS catalog recovery process, and then run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3RU00

**DFS4848E NOT ENOUGH STORAGE TO BUILD
 METADATA FOR *nnnnnnnn***

Explanation

The IMS system ran out of storage to build metadata information for the target IMS resource. *nnnnnnnn* is the name of the target resource.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Increase the system storage and then run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3RU00

**DFS4849E DIRECTORY DATA SETS ALREADY
 IN USE**

Explanation

The IMS directory data sets cannot be rebuilt because they are open or in use.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

Close the IMS directory data sets and then run the utility again.

Module:
DFS3RU00

**DFS4850E *nnnnnnnn* DATABASE TYPE NOT
 SUPPORTED**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Directory recovery utility tried to access resources in MSDB or Shared Secondary Index Database, which are not supported by the utility. *nnnnnnnn* is the resource name.

System action

The IMS Catalog Directory recovery utility failed.

System programmer response

To restore the ACBs in databases of non-supported access type databases and programs that refer them, perform ACBGEN and then run the Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) with directory setup option to recover these members to directory data sets.

Module:
DFS3RU00

DFS4851E INVALID PSB

Explanation

The PSB that was specified on the EXEC parameters in the JCL is invalid.

System action

The issuing IMS catalog utility failed.

System programmer response

Correct the PSB name and run the utility again. Specify DFSCP000 (ACBMGMT=ACBLIB) or DFSCP001 (ACBMGMT=CATALOG) and run the utility again. Specify DFSCP001 when running the Catalog Maintenance utility.

Module:

DFS3RU00, DFS3LU00, and DFS3CM00

**DFS4852E NOT ENOUGH STORAGE TO
RECOVER RESOURCE nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

While the IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) was processing to recover a target IMS resource, the IMS system ran out of storage to build an internal block.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

Is the name of the target IMS resource that was not recovered.

System action:

The IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) fails.

Output destination of message

The job output of the DFS3RU00 utility.

Programmer response:

In the JCL for the region that the DFS3RU00 utility is running in, increase the region size. Then, run the DFS3RU00 utility again.

Module:

DFS3RU00

Related reference

IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) (System Utilities)

**DFS4861W EDIT ROUTINE DFSCNTE0
UNAVAILABLE FOR LTERM
xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

The static logical terminal was defined with EDIT=YES on the NAME macro, but the message switching input edit routine, DFSCNTE0, was not loaded successfully by the IMS system.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

Indicates the logical terminal (LTERM) name.

System action

Static terminals that are defined to use the message switching input edit routine (EDIT=YES was defined on the NAME macro) will not have access to the DFSCNTE0 routine. The terminal will be treated as if EDIT=NO was specified on the NAME macro. IMS will have previously issued DFS1934E to indicate that the edit routine was not loaded.

IMS continues initialization.

Output destination

The System Console

System programmer response

Perform the following steps:

1. Check message DFS1934E that was previously issued. This message indicates that DFSCNTE0 could not be loaded.
2. Make sure that DFSCNTE0 exists in one of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets.
3. Identify the cause to the load failure and correct the failure.
4. Cold or warm start the IMS system again for the exit routine to be loaded.

Module:

DFSAINB0

Related information

"DFS1934E" on page 555
module FAILED TO LOAD modulename ERROR CODE=xxxxxxxx.

**DFS4862W EDIT ROUTINE xxxxxxxx
UNAVAILABLE FOR NODE yyyyyyyy**

Explanation

The physical terminal input or output edit routine that was defined for the terminal could not be loaded during IMS initialization. The routine was defined by the EDIT= keyword in the IMS System Definition TYPE macro associated with the indicated terminal for static terminals, or in the EDIT= keyword of the ETO node descriptor for dynamic terminals.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

Indicates the physical terminal edit routine name.

yyyyyyy

Indicates the terminal node name.

System action

Static terminals that are defined to use the physical terminal edit routine (**EDIT=YES** specified on the **TERMINAL** macro) do not have access to the input or output routine. The terminal is treated as if **EDIT=NO** was specified on the **TERMINAL** macro. Message DFS1934E is issued to indicate that the edit routine was not loaded.

Dynamic terminals that are defined to use the physical terminal edit routine (**EDIT=** was defined on the node descriptor) do not have access to the input or output routine. The terminal is treated as if **EDIT=** was not specified on the node descriptor. If the node descriptor is properly defined in the DFSDSCMx or DFSDSCTy member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set, message DFS3660W is issued to indicate that the edit routine is ignored for the descriptor.

IMS continues initialization or is restarted.

Output destination

The System Console

System programmer response

Perform the following steps:

1. Check message DFS1934E or DFS3660W that was issued previously. Both messages indicate which physical terminal edit routines could not be loaded.
2. Make sure that the physical terminal edit routine exists in one of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets.
3. Identify the cause to the load failure and correct the failure.
4. For dynamic terminals, delete the terminal. For SLUP and FINANCE terminals, issue the **CHANGE NODE CLODESESS** command to allow the terminal to be deleted if necessary.
5. Warm or cold start the IMS system again for the exit routine to be loaded.

Module:

DFSAINB0, DFSCRPB0, DFSCRPD0

Related reference

[TERMINAL macro \(System Definition\)](#)

[DFSDSCMx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

[DFSDSCTy member of the IMS PROCLIB data set \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

[“DFS1934E” on page 555](#)

module FAILED TO LOAD *modulename* ERROR CODE=xxxxxxx.

[“DFS3660W” on page 1043](#)

EDIT ROUTINE xxxxxxxx DEFINED BY
DESCRIPTOR yyyyyyyy CANNOT BE FOUND.
DESCRIPTOR IGNORED.

DFS4863W

**EDIT ROUTINE xxxxxxxx
UNAVAILABLE FOR LINE yyyy
PTERM zzzz**

Explanation

The physical terminal input or output edit routine that is defined for the terminal cannot be loaded during the IMS initialization. The routine was defined by the **EDIT=** keyword in the IMS System Definition LINEGRP macro associated with the indicated terminal.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

Indicates the physical terminal edit routine name.

yyyy

Indicates the communication line number.

zzzz

Identifies the physical terminal number.

System action

Static terminals that are defined to use the physical terminal edit routine (**EDIT=YES** specified on the **TERMINAL** macro) do not have access to the input or output edit routine. The terminal is treated as if **EDIT=NO** was specified on the **TERMINAL** macro. Message DFS1934E is issued to indicate that the edit routine is not loaded.

IMS continues initialization.

Output destination

The System Console

System programmer response

Perform the following steps:

1. Check message DFS1934E that was issued previously. The message indicates which physical terminal edit routines cannot be loaded.
2. Make sure that the physical terminal edit routine exists in one of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets.
3. Identify the cause to the load failure and correct the failure.
4. Warm or cold start the IMS system again for the exit routine to be loaded.

Module:

DFSAINB0

Related information

“DFS1934E” on page 555
module FAILED TO LOAD modulename ERROR
CODE=xxxxxxx.

DFS4864W	FRONT END SWITCH UNAVAILABLE FOR NODE xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The physical terminal is defined with **OPTION=FES** on the TERMINAL macro, or on the Extended Terminal Option (ETO) node descriptor. However, the Front-End-Switch exit routine, DFSFEBJ0, was not loaded successfully by the IMS system. The load failure is due to one of the following causes:

- DFSFEBJ0 is not available
- **FESEXIT=Y** is not specified in the IMS startup parameters.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

Indicates the physical terminal node name.

System action

Terminals that are defined to use the Front-End-Switch exit routine (**OPTIONS=FES** specified on the TERMINAL macro or on the ETO node descriptor) do not have access to the DFSFEBJ0 routine. The terminal is treated as if **OPTIONS=NOFES** is specified. If **FESEXIT=Y** is specified in the IMS startup parameters, then message DFS1934E is issued to indicate that DFSFEBJ0 is not loaded correctly.

IMS continues initialization or is restarted.

Output destination

The System Console

System programmer response

Perform the following steps:

1. Make sure that **FESEXIT=Y** is specified in the IMS startup parameters.
2. Check message DFS1934E that was issued. This message indicates that DFSFEBJ0 cannot be loaded correctly.
3. Make sure that DFSFEBJ0 exists in one of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets.
4. Identify the cause to the load failure and correct the failure.
5. Warm or cold start the IMS system again for the exit to be loaded.

Module:

DFSAINB0, DFSCRPB0, DFSCRPD0

Related reference

[Front-End Switch exit routine \(DFSFEBJ0\) \(Exit Routines\)](#)

[TERMINAL macro \(System Definition\)](#)

Related information

“DFS1934E” on page 555
module FAILED TO LOAD modulename ERROR
CODE=xxxxxxx.

DFS4865E	MODULE IRRSPW00 IS REQUIRED FOR SGNGENRC=Y, BUT IT IS UNAVAILABLE.
-----------------	---

Explanation:

SGNGENRC=Y was specified, but IMS was unable to load the required SAF load module IRRSPW00.

System action:

IMS initialization terminates abnormally with abend 0718.

System programmer response

Ensure that the IRRSPW00 module, which is provided by RACF, is included in one of the following locations:

- LPA
- A library in LINKLIST
- One of the IMS.SDFSRESL concatenated data sets

Then, cold or warm start the IMS system to load the IRRSPW00 module.

Module:

DFSAINB0

DFS4866E	SGNGENRC=Y IS INVALID BECAUSE RACF IS NOT ENABLED. SGNGENRC=N WILL BE USED.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

SGNGENRC=Y is specified but cannot not take effect because RACF is not enabled for IMS.

System action:

IMS initialization continues with the default value, N, for the **SGNGENRC=** parameter.

Output destination:

The System Console.

System programmer response:

Ensure that the **RACF=** parameter is specified.

Module:

DFSAINB0

DFS4867A	OPEN FAILED ON ddname - ENCRYPTED OLDS REQUIRES ICSF
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS logger attempted to open the encrypted online log data set (OLDS) with the data definition name *ddname*. A return code indicated that the data set could not be opened because the Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF) subsystem, which is required, was not active.

In the message text:

ddname

The data definition name for the encrypted OLDS that could not be opened.

System action

The *ddname* in the message identifies either a data control block (DCB) for an OLDS that is being written to (DFSOLPxx) or a DCB for an OLDS that is being read from (DFSOLRxx).

For an encrypted OLDS that is being written to, IMS continues processing normally with the current active OLDS until this OLDS becomes full. At 10-second intervals, IMS will retry the OPEN request on the OLDS that could not be opened until it successfully opens or until the request fails with a different return code. After the current active OLDS becomes full, IMS processing stops until another OLDS is successfully opened.

For an encrypted OLDS that is being read from, IMS continues processing normally. At 10-second intervals, IMS will also retry the OPEN request to read the OLDS until it successfully opens or until the request fails with a different return code.

Output destination of message

This message is displayed in the systems console and the master terminal.

Programmer response:

Start the ICSF subsystem so that IMS can successfully open the encrypted OLDS.

Module:

DFSFDLS0

DFS4874I	THE ALLOCATION OF THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY DATA SETS FAILED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Library Builder utility (DFS3LU00) could not allocate the system data sets of the IMS catalog by using the data set high level qualifier name that is specified on the IMSCATHLQ utility control statement.

System action:

The utility terminates without building any output.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Input the correct HLQ name or DFSMDA member name and rerun the utility.

Module:

DFS3LU00, DFS3LU10, DFS3LU20

DFS4876E	CSL IS NOT ENABLED IN THIS IMS. CSL IS REQUIRED TO ACCESS A SHARED IMS CATALOG.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This IMS system attempted to access an IMS catalog that is shared by one or more other IMS systems, but the required IMS Common Service Layer (CSL) components are not enabled in this IMS. The CSL Operations Manager (OM), Resource Manager (RM), and the Structured Call Interface (SCI) must be enabled in all IMS systems that access a shared IMS catalog.

System action:

IMS terminates with abend U0071.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Activate IMS CSL with OM, RM, and SCI.

Module:

DFS RDB30

DFS4877E	RM IS NOT ENABLED IN THIS IMS. CSL WITH RM IS REQUIRED TO ACCESS A SHARED IMS CATALOG.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This IMS system attempted to access an IMS catalog that is shared by one or more other IMS systems, but the Resource Manager (RM) component of the IMS Common Service Layer (CSL) is not enabled in this IMS. The CSL Operations Manager (OM), Resource Manager (RM), and the Structured Call Interface (SCI) must be enabled in all IMS systems that access a shared IMS catalog.

System action:

IMS terminates with abend U0071.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Activate IMS CSL with OM, SCI, and RM.

Module:

**DFS4878I THE CURRENT IMS VERSION IS
vv.r.m FUNCTION LEVEL nnnnnnnn**

Explanation

This message is issued during IMS cold start and IMS restart to indicate the current IMS version and function level. The current IMS function level identifies the latest PTF that contains one or more new IMS functions that are delivered by IMS regardless of whether the function is enabled or not in the IMS system. The IMS function level can change across an IMS restart if a PTF with an updated IMS function level in the IMS function table (DFSFNCT0) is applied.

This message appears before the DFS994I message for COLD START COMPLETED, WARM START COMPLETE, or EMERGENCY START COMPLETED (including COLD COMM, COLDBASE, and COLDSYS).

In the message text:

m
Indicates the IMS modification level within the IMS version and release. If the IMS modification level is greater than 9, 2 characters are used for this variable (*mm*).

nnnnnnnn
Indicates the current IMS function level as a full word decimal number represented as 8 characters. The current IMS function level represents the latest function that is installed in the IMS system regardless of whether the function is enabled or not in the IMS system. For example, the first IMS function level is 00000001. The 15th IMS function level is decimal 00000015, which is represented as X'0000000F' in log records and dumps.

r
Indicates the IMS release within the version. If the IMS release number is greater than 9, 2 characters are used for this variable (*rr*).

vv
Indicates the IMS version.

System action:
IMS proceeds normally.

Output destination of message:
This message is sent to the z/OS system console

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSRST00

**DFS4879I THE IMS FUNCTION *functionname*
IS ENABLED**

Explanation

This message is issued by the **UPDATE IMSFUNC** command when an IMS function is successfully enabled.

In the message text:

functionname
Indicates the name of the IMS function that was successfully enabled. The function name can be up to 16 characters in length.

System action:
IMS proceeds normally.

Output destination of message:
This message is sent to the z/OS system console

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DBFNRST0, DFSIU210, DFSRFN20

**DFS4880W AUTOMATIC ACTIVATION OF DDL
SUBMISSION NOT DONE ON
ims_id REASON= *reason_text* PST
*pst_name***

Explanation

Resource definition changes that were submitted by using DDL could not be activated automatically on the IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field because the IMS system was either shut down or it abended. If another IMS system committed the resource changes in the IMS directory, the IMS system will load the updated ACB blocks when it restarts.

In the message text:

ims_id
The IMS ID of the system in which automatic activation did not complete.

pst_name
The name of the task that submitted the DDL statement.

reason_text
Either SHUTDOWN or ABENDED.

System action:
The command master system continues the automatic activation of the DDL statements.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to the z/OS operator console.

System programmer response:
Take any appropriate action that is needed to ensure that the application programs are in sync with ACB changes when IMS *ims_id* is restarted.

Module:
DFSOLC70

**DFS4881I THE IMS FUNCTION *functionname*
IS DISABLED**

Explanation

This message is issued by the **UPDATE IMSFUNC** command when an IMS function is successfully disabled.

In the message text:

functionname

Indicates the name of the IMS function that was successfully disabled. The function name can be up to 16 characters in length.

System action:

IMS proceeds normally.

Output destination of message:

This message is sent to the z/OS system console

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSIU210, DFSRFN20

**DFS4882A ISSUE QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS)
SHOW(ALL) FOR WAIT ANALYSIS
IF OTHER IMS ACTIVE**

Explanation

Issue the recommended **QUERY** command on active IMSs to determine the status of the shared catalog directory data sets and take action to allow IMS restart to proceed.

System action

The IMS system waits for the completion of catalog import cleanup processing.

Output destination

The Systems Console

Programmer response

If the output of the **QUERY** command shows status IMPABORT, a master IMS abnormally ended while it is processing the catalog import. Other IMS participants might have taken over the cleanup of the shared directory data sets but failed, or there is no active IMS to clean up the shared directory data sets. If there are other active IMSs that share the directory data

sets, issue the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command on one of the active IMSs to clean up the shared directory data sets. If there are no other active IMSs, run the batch recovery utility (DFS3RU00) to clean up the shared directory data sets.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related reference

[QUERY commands \(Commands\)](#)
[IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4883A TO EXIT WAIT, TAKE
ACTION RECOMMENDED UNDER
PROGRAMMER RESPONSE OF
MESSAGE DFS4883A**

Explanation

A master IMS abended during a catalog import processing. Other IMS participants might have taken over the cleanup of the shared directory data sets but failed, or there is no active IMS to clean up the shared directory data sets.

System action

This IMS waits for the completion of catalog import cleanup processing.

Output destination

The Systems Console

Programmer response

If there are other active IMSs that share the directory data sets in the IMSplex, issue the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command on one of the active IMSs to clean up the shared directory data sets. If there are no other active IMSs, run the batch recovery utility (DFS3RU00) to clean up the shared directory data sets.

Module:
DFSRDB30

Related reference

[IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command \(Commands\)](#)

**DFS4888I UOW LOCK NOTIFY RECEIVED
TIMEOUT RESPONSE FROM *ims_id***

Explanation

In a Fast Path environment, the IRLM notify process is used to notify all of the IMS subsystems in an

IMS sysplex of a request. An IMS system waits until all other IMS systems in the sysplex respond to the IRLM notify process. Or, an IMS system waits until a timeout response is returned to the notify process, and then the request is terminated by the IMS system that initiated the request.

This message was issued because an IMS system in an IMS sysplex sent a unit of work (UOW) lock mode transition message to other members of the sysplex for high-speed sequential processing (HSSP) or high-speed reorganization (HSR). A timeout then occurred in the UOW lock mode transition process, and a timeout response was returned by the IMS system *ims_id* to the IRLM notify process. This indicates that the IMS system *ims_id* is holding CI locks on the area data set.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that returned a timeout response to the UOW lock mode transition message.

Output destination

This message is displayed on the terminal of the IMS system that initiated the UOW lock request.

System programmer response

Use local diagnostic tools to find the lock owner and take appropriate action.

Module:
DBFICLIO

DFS4890E	THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY CANNOT BE RUN AS A BMP FOR MANAGEDACBS=SETUP
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS™ Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) cannot be run as a BMP in an ACBMGMT=ACBLIB environment when the MANAGEDACBS=SETUP utility control statement is specified.

System action:
The IMS Catalog Populate utility terminates with return code 12 without performing the MANAGEDACBS=SETUP function.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to DFS3PU00 utility job output.

System programmer response:
Rerun the IMS Populate utility as a batch job in a DL/I or DBB region.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related tasks
[Enabling IMS management of ACBs \(System Definition\)](#)
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4891E	THE DFS3PU00 UTILITY FAILED DUE TO AN UNKNOWN ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS™ Catalog Populate (DFS3PU00) utility failed due to an unknown error.

System action:
The IMS Catalog Populate utility terminates with return code 12 without performing the requested function.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to DFS3PU00 utility job output.

System programmer response:
Ensure that the JCL to run the IMS Catalog Populate utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Populate utility \(DFS3PU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS4892E	UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE sc RECEIVED FOR FUNCTION function
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected status code occurred while a function is being processed.

This message can occur when you run the IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) in a system that does not have the IMS database code installed, such as a DCCTL system.

In the message text:

sc
Indicates the status code that occurred.

function
Indicates the name of the function that was being called.

System action

The process terminates with a U0071 abend with return code 88.

Output destination

DFS3PU00 utility job output

System programmer response:

Ensure that the proper environment is being used to run the process.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS4894E **AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS**
***ims_id* THE TAKE OVER OF PSB**
AND DMB IMPORT PROCESSING
FAILED. REASON= *reason_text*

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. Another IMS system attempted to take over the processing, but the take over attempt failed.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

reason_text

Text that describes the reason for the failure.

System action:

The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command failed.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Correct the error identified in the reason text. You can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and, if necessary, how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4895E **AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS**
***ims_id* THE TAKE OVER OF THE**
DDL DEFINITION ACTIVATION
FAILED. REASON= *reason_text* PST
pst_name

Explanation

The master IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the activation processing of DDL-defined resources. Another IMS

system attempted to take over the processing, but the take over attempt failed.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

reason_text

Text that describes the reason for the failure.

System action:

The activation of the DDL-defined resources failed.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Correct the error identified in the reason text. You can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and, if necessary, how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4896I **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)**
PROCESSED ONE OR
MORE RESOURCES, COMMAND
TOKEN= *command_token*

Explanation

If the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command does not detect any prepare phase errors, DFS4896I is issued at each sharing IMS system indicating **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** is in progress.

command_token is the 8-byte command token that can be used to find its associated 70 log records in the IMS log data sets.

System action:

IMS continues the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** processing.

System programmer response

DFS4896I is the first of two messages issued for **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. DFS4896I is issued at each sharing IMS system when there is no prepare phase error detected.

If the command is successful, DFS4897I is the second of the two messages issued that indicates that the command completed.

If the command fails, DFS4898E is the second of the two messages that indicates that the command failed.

For processing details, see the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command log, command response, and its associated 70 log records that is identified by the *command_token* in the IMS log data sets.

Module:
DFSOLC70

DFS4897I	IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) COMPLETED, COMMAND TOKEN=<i>command_token</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command processed one or more resources and the import command completed successfully. DFS4897I is issued at each sharing IMS system.

The *command_token* is the 8-byte command token can be used to find its associated 70 log records in the IMS log data sets.

System action:
IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command successfully imported one or more resources.

System programmer response

DFS4897I is the second of two messages issued for IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command that indicates that the command completed successfully.

For processing details, see the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command log, command response, and its associated 70 log records that is identified by the *command_token* in the IMS log data sets.

Module:
DFSOLC00, DFSOLC20

DFS4898E	IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) FAILED, COMMAND TOKEN=<i>command_token</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command processed one or more resources, but the command encountered an error, and the import process failed. DFS4898E is issued at each sharing IMS system.

The *command_token* is the 8-byte command token that can be used to find its associated 70 log records in the IMS log data sets.

System action:

IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) encountered an error, and the command failed.

System programmer response

DFS4898E is the second of two messages issued for IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command. The command encountered an error, and the command failed.

For processing details, see the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command log, command response, and its associated 70 log records that is identified by the *command_token* in the IMS log data sets.

Module:
DFSOLC00, DFSOLC20

DFS4899W	GSAMPCB WAS SPECIFIED ON THE MANAGEDACBS CONTROL STATEMENT BUT NO GSAM RESOURCES FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Catalog Populate utility runs as DLI using PSB DFSCP001. The GSAMPCB parameter was specified on the MANAGEDACBS= control statement to indicate the GSAM resources that were included so that the catalog members information gather task does not use the IEFRDER batch log data set. However, no GSAM resources were found.

System action:
The Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response

If the Catalog Populate utility completes successfully and no GSAM resources were expected to be processed, no action is needed.

If the Catalog Populate utility fails, resolve the reported error that caused the utility failure and rerun the utility. To request batch logging, remove the GSAMPCB parameter on the MANAGEDACBS= control statement to show that no GSAM resources are included.

If the Catalog Populate utility completes successfully but GSAM resources were expected to be processed, review the input PSBLIB and ACBLIB data sets to ensure PSBs referring to GSAM resources exist and re-run the utility.

If the Catalog Populate utility fails, resolve the reported error that caused the utility failure and rerun the utility. If no GSAM resources will be involved, you can remove the GSAMPCB parameter on the

MANAGEDACBS= control statement to prevent the warning message.

Module:
DFS3PU00

Chapter 98. DFS messages, DFS4901 - DFS5000

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS4901E THE LOAD FOR DFSMDA MEMBER
***name* FAILED FOR IMS CATALOG**
HLQ. REASON=*reason_text*

Explanation

When IMS attempted to access the IMS directory data sets of the IMS catalog, an error occurred when IMS attempted to retrieve the high-level qualifier of the IMS directory data sets from an IMSCATHLQ DFSMDA member.

In the message text:

name

The name of the IMSCATHLQ DFSMDA macro statement that defines the high-level qualifier of the IMS directory data sets.

If the error occurred when the IMS Catalog Library Builder utility (DFS3LU00) was running, the name that is displayed in the message is the value that is specified on the IMSCATHLQ control statement in the utility JCL. The name that is specified on the IMSCATHLQ control statement must match the name that is specified on the DDNAME parameter of the IMSCATHLQ DFSMDA member that contains the HLQ of the IMS directory data sets.

If the error occurred when an application program attempted to access a GSAM database, the name that is displayed is the alias name of the IMS catalog with HLQ appended. IMS uses this value to retrieve the IMSCATHLQ DFSMDA member that defines the HLQ of the IMS directory data sets. The alias name is specified in either the CATALOG section of the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member or in the DFS3CDX0 exit routine.

reason_text

The reason can be one of the following strings:

GETMAIN FAILURE

A request for storage failed.

DFSMDA MEMBER NOT FOUND

A DFSMDA member that matches the MDA member name displayed in the message text could not be found.

BLDL ERROR

An error occurred during a BLDL macro call for the DFSMDA member.

INVALID DFSMDA MEMBER

The DFSMDA member that is identified in the message text contains an error. Check the DFSMDA statements that define the member.

LOAD ERROR

An error occurred while attempting to load the DFSMDA member.

BSDS FAILED OPEN

The boot strap data set of the IMS directory failed to open.

BSDS FAILED ALLOC

The boot strap data set of the IMS directory failed to allocate.

System action:

The process terminates abnormally.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Module:

DFS3LU00, DFS3LU10, DFS3LU20, DFS3DF00, DFS3DF10

DFS4902W UNABLE TO CLOSE THE CATALOG
DIRECTORY

Explanation:

An attempt was made to close the IMS directory data set during GSAM initialization. This message is returned when the IMS directory data set cannot be closed.

System action:

The IMS dependent region continues to run with the IMS directory data set open.

System programmer response:

Check for error messages, such as z/OS message IEC2xxI, that might indicate the cause of the problem. After the error is corrected, restart the dependent region.

Module:

DFSZDI00

DFS4913E IMS DIRECTORY NOT CLEANED
UP AFTER IMS *ims_id*
ABENDED AND THIS IMS
CANCELLED ACTIVATION OF DDL
DEFINITIONS. PST *pst_name*.

Explanation

The master IMS *ims_id* abended while activating DDL-defined resources. Another IMS system took over processing and this IMS aborted the DDL activation, but the clean up of the IMS directory could not be done.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

The automatic activation for DDL definition statements was aborted.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4930I	OTMA ENDED CONVERSATIONAL TRANSACTION CONVID=<i>convID</i> FOR TMEMBER/TPIPE <i>tmember_name</i>/<i>tpipe_name</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

A conversational transaction was ended by IMS Open Transaction Manager Access (OTMA) because the transaction is idle, and IMS resources that were allocated to the transaction are released.

In the message text:

convID

The ID of the conversational transaction.

tmember_name

The name of the OTMA target member (tmember).

tpipe_name

The name of the transaction pipe (tpipe) queue that holds the conversational transaction.

System action:

IMS processing continues.

Output destination of message:

This message is sent to the z/OS system console.

Operator response

No action is required.

Tip: To control the timeout interval for idle conversational transactions and to ensure resources that were allocated to the idle transactions are removed from IMS storage, specify a value for the **ENDCONV=** parameter in the DFSOTMA descriptor of the DFSYDTx member of the IMS PROCLIB data set.

Module:

DFSYTIB0

Related reference

[DFSOTMA descriptor syntax and parameters \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS4934I	CATALOG IMPORT COMMAND IN PROGRESS ON IMS <i>ims_id</i>. WAIT FOR COMPLETION.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PSB that is used by this batch job is being modified by an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command on the IMS system identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that is processing the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command that is modifying the PSB.

System action:

The batch job waits for the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command to complete.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console for the batch job.

System programmer response:

No action is necessary; however, to check the status of **IMPORT** command processing you can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command.

Module:

DFSBIND0

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4965E	CSVQUERY FOR MODULE <i>xxxxxxx</i> FAILED WITH RC=<i>yyyy</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

Is a module in the MODBLKS data set.

yyyy

Is a return code.

The CSVQUERY request was issued by IMS at cold start to determine the size of a module xxxxxxxx in the MODBLKS data set, but the request failed with return code yyyy.

System action:

IMS terminates abnormally with abend 1155.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Use the return code yyyy to determine why the CSVQUERY request failed and to correct the problem. Then, cold start IMS.

Problem determination:

1,4

Module:

DBFRRT00, DFSRDB00, DFSRPG00, DFSRTR00

Related information

[1155 \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS4994I	nnnnnn MESSAGE(S) MOVED TO THE type COLD QUEUE DURING IMS/CQS RESYNC
-----------------	---

Explanation

During IMS/CQS resync, IMS attempts to resolve the status of messages that CQS has moved to the cold queue. In some cases, the status cannot be resolved because there is not enough information on the IMS and CQS logs. When this happens, IMS leaves the messages on the cold queue. This can occur when:

- IMS is cold started (messages are in COLD status), or
- The double-failure situation occurs where both the structure fails (and has to be rebuilt from the log) and CQS also fails (messages are in UNKNOWN status).

IMS issues the DFS4994I message when one or more messages is in either "COLD" or "UNKNOWN" status and is left on the CQS cold queue.

In the message text:

nnnnnn

A six digit decimal number indicating the number of messages that were moved to the cold queue.

type

The IMS structure type - either MSGQ for the shared message queue structure, or EMHQ for the shared expedited message handler queue structure.

System action:

IMS continues processing.

System programmer response:

Messages on the CQS cold queue may or may not have been processed by the prior instance of IMS. You can use a queue management tool (for example, the IBM IMS Queue Control Facility for z/OS or equivalent) to examine the messages on the cold queue and either delete or unlock them as appropriate.

Module:

DFSQ030, DBFSQ030

DFS4997I	AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS <i>ims_id</i> THIS NEW MASTER IMS ABORTED THE ACTIVATION OF DDL-DEFINED RESOURCES. PST <i>pst_name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended while processing the coordinated activation of DDL-defined resources. This IMS system took over the processing and aborted the activation of the resources.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

IMS aborts the activation of the DDL-defined resources.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Resubmit the DDL statements for activation. To check the status of activation processing, you can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Related reference

[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS4998I	AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS <i>ims_id</i> THIS NEW MASTER IMS COMMITTED THE ACTIVATION OF DDL-DEFINED RESOURCES. PST <i>pst_name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended while processing the coordinated activation of DDL-defined resources. This IMS system took over the processing and committed the activation of the resources.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

pst_name

The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

The activation of the DDL-defined resources completes.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS4999I	AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS <i>ims_id</i> THIS NEW MASTER IMS ABORTED IMPORT COMMAND PROCESSING.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The master IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of a global **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. This IMS system took over the processing and aborted the updates to the catalog directory data sets.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

IMS aborts the processing of the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Resubmit the command.

Module:

DFSOLC80

DFS5000I	AFTER ABEND OF MASTER IMS <i>ims_id</i> THIS NEW MASTER IMS COMMITTED IMPORT COMMAND PROCESSING.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The master IMS system that is identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text abended during the processing of a global **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command. This IMS system took over the processing and committed the updates to the IMS catalog directory data sets.

In the message text:

ims_id

The IMS system that abended.

System action:

The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command completed.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSOLC80

Chapter 99. DFS messages, DFS5001 - DFS5100

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS5002I RECOVERY UTILITY WAITS FOR IRLM RECONNECT TO PROCEED WITH CLEANUP OF DIRECTORY

Explanation

IRLM was not active when the utility is running.

System action

The batch recovery utility waits for IRLM to reconnect to proceed.

Programmer response

Restart IRLM and modify the IMS system to reconnect to IRLM.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5003I BATCH DIRECTORY CLEANUP UTILITY COMPLETE

Explanation

The recovery utility to clean up the directory was successful.

System action:
No action.

Output destination

The systems console

Module:
DFSPCC30

DFS5004I IMS DIRECTORY RECOVERY UTILITY ABORTED UPDATES MADE BY IMPORT DEFN SOURCE (CATALOG) COMMAND ON *ims_id* DFS5004I TOKEN=*token_id*

Explanation

IMS *ims_id* abended in the middle of processing an IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command. An IMS directory recovery utility was run and the cleanup to the directory data sets was successfully. A list of resource names that were backout from the directory data sets can be extracted from the log x7002. Run

the DFSERA30 utility with the following control card to print out the log x7002.

```
OPTION PRINT  
OFFSET=13,FLDTYP=X,FLDLLEN=8,VALU  
E=token_id
```

System action

The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command was aborted.

System programmer response

Run the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command again.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5005I IMS DIRECTORY RECOVERY UTILITY ABORTED UPDATES MADE BY DDL DEFINITION ACTIVATION PST *pst_name* on *ims_id* DFS5005I TOKEN=*token_id*

Explanation

IMS *ims_id* abended in the middle of processing a DDL definition activation for PST *pst_name*. An IMS directory recovery utility was run and the cleanup to the directory data sets was successful. A list of resource names that were backout from the directory data sets can be extracted from the log x7002. Run the DFSERA30 utility with the following control cards to print the log x7002.

```
OPTION PRINT  
OFFSET=13,FLDTYP=X,FLDLLEN=8,VALU  
E=token_id
```

System action

The DDL DEFINITION activation was aborted.

System programmer response

Run the DDL DEFINITION activation command again.

Module:

DFS5006I **IRLM IS NOT ACTIVE AND
CATALOG LOCK NOT OBTAINED
FOR UPDATES TO DIRECTORY**

Explanation

The internal resource lock manager (IRLM) is not active when the **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE (CATALOG)** command or DDL definition activation process is in progress. The IMS directory data sets are not cleaned up.

System action

Processing continues.

Output destination

The z/OS system console

Programmer response:

Issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command to determine the status of activation processing and how to respond.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5006W **IRLM IS NOT ACTIVE AND
CATALOG LOCK NOT OBTAINED
FOR UPDATES TO DIRECTORY**

Explanation

The master IMS system abended during the processing of either an **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE (CATALOG)** command or DDL statements. This IMS system attempted to take over processing, but could not get a lock on the IMS catalog directory because IRLM was not active. The directory data sets were not cleaned up.

System action:

Cleanup processing continues locally, but the IMS directory was not cleaned up.

Output destination of message:

The message is sent to the z/OS system console.

System programmer response:

Check the status of activation processing by issuing the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command and take any actions necessary as required by the displayed status.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5007I **{PSB | DBD} (psbname | dbdname)
EXTENDED OPERAND TABLE SIZE
= xxxxxxxx BYTES**

Explanation:

The PSB or DBD named in the message has been inserted or replaced in the ACBLIB. The member has xxxxxxxx bytes of database metadata for the IMS catalog stored in the external operand table.

System action:

None.

System programmer response

To estimate the total size of the member that is stored in the ACBLIB, complete one of the following tasks:

- Add the control block size that is contained in message DFS0940I to the size of the extended operand table that is displayed in message DFS5007I.
- See the member with this name that was generated by ACBGEN to the ACBLIB.

Module:

DFSUAMBO

Related information

[DFS0940I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS5008W **CATALOG RESOURCE IGNORED
FOR PSB=ALL psb_member**

Explanation

In an environment where the IMS management of application control blocks (ACBs) is enabled, the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility (DFSUACB0) is run with PSB=ALL specified and an IMS catalog program specification block (PSB) is encountered during application control block generation. The PSB member is ignored and is not generated to the IMS.ACBLIB data set.

In the message text:

psb_member

The PSB member that is ignored.

System action

No action is required.

Output destination

The job log of the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility (DFSUACB0)

System programmer response

To generate the PSB member to the IMS.ACBLIB data set for the IMS catalog, specify the names of the PSBs on the **PSB=** statement.

Module:
DFSUACB0

DFS5010I	IMS DIRECTORY RECOVERY UTILITY COMMITTED UPDATES MADE BY IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) COMMAND ON <i>ims_id</i> DFS5010I TOKEN=<i>token_id</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS *ims_id* abended in the middle of processing an IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command. An IMS directory recover utility(DFS3RU00) was run and the directory data sets were cleaned up successfully. A list of resource names that were committed to the directory data sets can be extracted from the log x7002. Run the DFSERA30 utility with the following control card to print the log x7002.

```
OPTION PRINT  
OFFSET=13,FLDTYP=X,FLDLEN=8,VALU  
E=token_id
```

System action

The **IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG)** command was committed.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5011I	IMS DIRECTORY RECOVERY UTILITY COMMITTED UPDATES MADE BY DDL DEFINITION ACTIVATION PST <i>pst_name</i> ON <i>ims_id</i> DFS5011I TOKEN=<i>token_id</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

PSt *pst_name* abended in the middle of processing a DDL definition activation. An IMS directory recovery utility was run and the cleanup of the directory data sets were successfully. A list of resource names that were committed to the directory data sets can be extracted from the log x7002. Run the DFSERA30

utility with the following control cards to print the log x7002.

```
OPTION PRINT  
OFFSET=5,FLDTYP=X,FLDLEN=2,VALUE=7002
```

```
OPTION PRINT  
OFFSET=13,FLDTYP=X,FLDLEN=8,VALU  
E=token_id
```

System action

The DDL DEFINITION activation command was committed.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSOLC80

DFS5013I	DDL DEFINITION ACTIVATION IN PROGRESS. PST <i>pst_name</i> ON IMS <i>ims_id</i>. WAIT FOR COMPLETION.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PSB that is used by this batch job is being changed online by DDL statements that are being processed by the IMS system identified in the *ims_id* field of the message text.

In the message text:

ims_id
The IMS system that is processing the DDL statements.

pst_name
The PST name of the task that is processing the instructions from the DDL stream.

System action:

The batch job waits for the DDL definition activation process to complete.

Output destination of message:
The message is sent to the z/OS system console for the batch job.

System programmer response:
No action is necessary; however, to check the status of the processing of the DDL statements you can issue the **QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS)** command.

Module:
DFSBIND0

Related reference
[QUERY MEMBER command \(Commands\)](#)

DFS5055I RESTART LOG RECORD READ PASS
n status; LSN=lsn

Explanation

The IMS emergency restart or normal restart log read is in progress or is completed. This message is issued when the IMS log is first read at IMS restart, then every 30 seconds after that to indicate progress, displaying the log sequence number of the log record just read. The IMS log contains log records with log sequence numbers that increase by 1 for each subsequent log record. The DFS5055I message is issued a final time when the log read process is complete.

In the message text:

n

The restart log read pass number, which can either be 1 or 2 for emergency restart, or 1 for normal restart.

Normal restart reads through the IMS log only once, so this value is 1.

Emergency restart (except for **/ERE COLDSYS**) reads through the IMS log twice. Pass 1 processes the MODBLKS resource (DDIRs, PDIRs, RCTEs, and SMBs) checkpoint log records (type4004, type4006, type4007, type4083) to create the MODBLKS resource control blocks before applying log records to those resource control blocks. Pass 2 processes the remaining log records to return IMS to its state before IMS went down. Pass 2 starts over reading from the beginning of the log, so the log sequence number might be lower than the last log sequence number seen in pass 1. The type40 log records processed in pass 1 are skipped in pass 2.

status

The restart log read status.

IS IN PROGRESS means the restart log read process is in progress for PASS 1 or PASS 2.

HAS COMPLETED means that the restart log read process is completed for PASS 1 or PASS 2.

lsn

The log sequence number (LSN), which is a hexadecimal log sequence number that identifies an individual log record. Each IMS log record contains its unique log sequence number at the end of the log record. An underscore is printed to separate the two halves of the 8-byte LSN for readability even though the LSN does not contain an underscore.

An example log sequence number is
00000000_00000171.

The first DFS5055I message that is issued when IMS reads the log does not display a log sequence number of 00000000_00000001 because logger and statistics log records that are not needed for restart come before the first type40 checkpoint log record on the IMS log. These include log records such as type42, type06, type43, type48, type27, and type45.

System action:

IMS restart continues to read and process log records.

Output destination

This message appears on the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Operator response

If IMS restart is making progress, no action is required.

If this message does not appear at regular 30-second intervals, IMS restart is not making progress. IMS restart might be hung. Take a dump of the IMS system and contact IBM support.

Module:

DFSRLP00

**DFS5060I STOP REGION COMMAND NOT
PROCESSED FOR REGION *nnnnn*;
REASON TEXT=xxxxxx{UP TO 32
BYTES OF MESSAGE}**

Explanation

A **/STOP REGION** command for the dependent region did not complete successfully. The reason text will indicate the reason of the error.

Analysis

For a reason text of REGION-STATUS-INVALID, The **/STOP REGION ABDUMP FORCE** command was issued for a region not in WAIT-INIT-INPROG or TERM-PENDING status.

System action

The entered command is ignored. The IMS and the dependent region, which is identified by *nnnnn*, continue running.

Programmer response

Issue a **/DIS ACTIVE REGION** command and issue the appropriate command for stopping the region not in WAIT-INIT-INPROG or TERM-PENDING status.

Module

DFSSTOP0

DFS5100E **OSAM LDS READ | WRITE
IS IN ERROR - FUNC=aa,
STATUS=bb,cc,dddd,eeee;
DFS5100E OSAM LDS FAILING
CCW=ff,gg LOG=hhh; DFS5100E
OSAM LDS DSN=dsname**

Explanation

An OSAM MM I/O error was encountered. A two- or three-line message, each numbered DFS5100E, is generated:

- The first line indicates whether the I/O operation was READ or WRITE, the OSAM operation type, and the ending status of the operation.
- The second line indicates the failing channel command word, the I/O completion code, and the IMS log record types under which OSAM I/O control blocks were logged. The second line is not displayed if the I/O operation was not started.
- The third line shows the name of the data set on which the error was located.

The variable fields are defined in the following sections.

FUNC=aa (OSAM operation types)

01 Read-specific OSAM block.

02 Reserved.

03 Read multiple OSAM buffers.

04 Reserved.

05 Reserved.

06 Reserved.

07 Reserved.

08 Write-specific OSAM block.

09 Reserved.

0A Write queued buffers.

0B Reserved.

0C Format logical cylinder. (Internal function)

0D Reserved.

0F Reserved.

10 Reserved.

11 Reserved.

12 Reserved.

13 Virtual format logical cylinder. (Internal function)

STATUS=bb
The POST code from the competed operation.

cc
The DECB status code (DECBSTAT) is defined as follows:

01 Reserved.

02 Reserved.

03 Reserved.

04 Channel program protection error.

05 Incorrect length error.

06 Permanent I/O error.

07 Reserved.

08 Reserved.

09 RBN beyond current end of data set.

0A End of file reached.

0B Reserved.

0C Reserved.

0E Reserved.

0F Reserved.

10 Reserved.

- 11** Reserved.
- 12** I/O prevented.
- 13** Write queue errors (buffer prefix contains status).
- 14** Reserved.
- 15** Chained read error (buffer prefix contains status).
- 16** Reserved.
- 17** Reserved.
- 18** Reserved.
- 19** Reserved.
- 1A** Reserved.
- 1B** I/O request terminated abnormally because of program check or machine check in IOS or appendage.
- 1C** Channel program check.
- 1D** Record not found.
- 1E** Reserved.
- 1F** Reserved.
- 20** Reserved.
- 21** Media Manager error.
- 22** Encryption buffer storage request error.
- 23** DFSAOSFM error.
- 24** Unable to allocate a MMCLP control block.
- 25** Unable to allocate a MMRQ control block.

dddd

The unit and channel status of the CSW.

eeee

The first two sense bytes if the unit status in the CSW indicates unit check. If a unit check is not indicated, periods (.) are displayed.

If the I/O operation was not started, the character string I/O NOT STARTED is displayed instead of the status bytes, the residual byte counts, and the first two sense bytes.

FAILING CCW=

ff

Operation code.

gg

I/O completion code.

LOG=hhhh

The IMS log record types under which the OSAM I/O control blocks were logged.

6204

An X'6204' record was logged.

GERR

An attempt to log an X'6204' record failed because of a GETMAIN error.

LERR

An attempt to log an X'6204' record failed because of a logging error.

System action:

Processing continues. If the I/O error involves a user database, the message DFS0451I is displayed. See the explanation in that message.

Operator response:

Issue the **/START DATABASE** command. Then, check whether the errors are resolved.

Module:

DFSOSAOS8M

DFS5386I

OTMA IS DISCONNECTING FROM MEMBER *tmembername*

Explanation

IMS Open Transaction Manager Access (OTMA) received a disconnection request from an OTMA target member (*tmember*).

IMS automated operator interface (AOI) exits can use this message to identify whether an OTMA *tmember* has disconnected from OTMA.

In the message text:

tmembername

The z/OS cross-system coupling facility (XCF) member name of the OTMA *tmember*.

System action:

OTMA stops XCF communication with the *tmember*.

Output destination:

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

User response

No action is required.

Chapter 100. DFS messages, DFS7001 - DFS7500

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS7411I **OTMA lightweight TPIPE function is activated. TPIPE weighting factor (WGF) is nn%.**

Explanation

The OTMA lightweight tpipe support is enabled after the user specifies **LITETP=YES** in the DFSYDTx IMS.PROCLIB member. This support allows less storage to be used for tpipes that are created in a shared queues back-end IMS system to process front-end input transactions. Because of the reduction in storage size, a weighting factor (WGF) is used to calculate the adjusted tpipe count for tpipe flood control.

In the message text:

nn

The percentage of the weight factor, which is used in calculating the adjusted tpipe count for tpipe flood control. It is also the percentage of the storage size that a lightweight tpipe uses in comparison to a regular tpipe. This percentage is usually 28%, which means a lightweight tpipe uses 28% of the storage size that a regular tpipe uses.

System action:

None.

Output destination:

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response:

No action is required.

Related reference

[DFSOTMA descriptor syntax and parameters \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS7412I **ADJUSTED OTMA TPIPE COUNT FOR MEMBER member IS nnnnnnn (FETP=xxxxxxx, BETP=yyyyyyy, WGF=zz%).**

Explanation

The DFS7412I message is an additional informational message that is issued after an OTMA member's flood-related messages are issued, such as DFS4382W, DFS4383E, or DFS4384I. It shows the adjusted member tpipe count that is used for detecting the flood condition for the specified OTMA member.

This message is issued only after the OTMA lightweight tpipe function is enabled by specifying **LITETP=YES** in the DFSYDTx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set.

In the message text:

member

The OTMA client member.

nnnnnnnn

The adjusted tpipe count that accounts for the less storage used by back-end tpipes.

This value is calculated as follows:

$$\text{adjusted tpipe count} = \text{xxxxxxx} + (\text{yyyyyyy} * \text{zz})$$

xxxxxxx

The front-end tpipe count.

yyyyyyy

The back-end tpipe count.

zz

The percentage of the weighting factor in calculating the adjusted tpipe count for tpipe flood control.

System action:

None.

Output destination:

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response:

No action is required.

Related reference

[DFSOTMA descriptor syntax and parameters \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS7413I **ADJUSTED GLOBAL OTMA TPIPE COUNT IS nnnnnnn (FETP=xxxxxxx, BETP=yyyyyyy, WGF=zz%).**

Explanation

The DFS7413I message is an additional informational message issued after global flood-related messages are issued, such as DFS4515W, DFS4516E, DFS4517I, DFS4385E, or DFS4386I. It shows the adjusted global tpipe count that is used for detecting global flood condition.

This message is issued only after the OTMA lightweight tpipe function is enabled by specifying **LITETP=YES** in the DFSYDTx member of the IMS.PROCLIB data set.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

The adjusted global tpipe count that accounts for the less storage used by back-end tpipes.

This value is calculated as follows:

$$\text{adjusted tpipe count} = \text{xxxxxxx} + (\text{yyyyyyy} * \text{zz})$$

xxxxxxx

The front-end tpipe count.

yyyyyyy

The back-end tpipe count.

zz

The percentage of the weighting factor in calculating the adjusted tpipe count for tpipe flood control.

System action:

None.

Output destination:

This message appears on the IMS master terminal and the write-to-operator (WTO) terminal.

Programmer response:

No action is required.

Related reference

[DFSOTMA descriptor syntax and parameters \(System Definition\)](#)

DFS7415I	INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i>-1 OF DBD PSB <i>name</i> NOT ADDED TO THE IMS CATALOG. LATER INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i>-2 EXISTS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a managed ACB environment, this member name with timestamp *yydddhmmssst*-1 was not added to the IMS catalog because the later instance with timestamp *yydddhmmssst*-2 already exists in the IMS catalog and directory.

In the message text:

name

The member name.

***yydddhmmssst*-1**

The timestamp of the member that was not inserted to IMS catalog.

yydddhmmssst-1 represents the timestamp in the format of *yy* for year, *ddd* for day, *hh* for hour, *mm* for minutes, *ss* for seconds, and *th* for thousandths of a second.

***yydddhmmssst*-2**

The timestamp of the active member that is already in the IMS catalog and directory.

System action:

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues and the job finishes with a return code of 4.

System programmer response:

To override this behavior, specify UNCOND in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7416I	INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i> OF GSAM DBD PSB <i>name</i> IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG DIRECTORY AND WAS NOT ADDED
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog directory already contains an existing GSAM member name with timestamp of *yydddhmmssst*, so this member was not added to or replaced in the directory.

In the message text:

name

The member name in the directory.

yydddhmmssst

The timestamp of the GSAM member that was rejected for inclusion in the directory.

yydddhmmssst represents the timestamp in the format of *yy* for year, *ddd* for day, *hh* for hour, *mm* for minutes, *ss* for seconds, and *th* for thousands of a second.

System action:

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response:

No action is required. However, to suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

DFS7417I	INSTANCE <i>yydddhmmssst</i> OF GSAM DBD PSB <i>name</i> NOT HELD FOR DIRECTORY IMPORT. IT IS ALREADY IN THE IMS DIRECTORY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMS Catalog directory already contains an existing GSAM member name with timestamp *yydddhmmsssth*, so the GSAM member name with the same timestamp was not copied to the IMS Catalog directory staging data set as a replacement for the directory member.

In the message text:

name

The GSAM member name.

yydddhmmsssth

The timestamp of the GSAM member that is already in the IMS catalog directory.

yydddhmmsssth represents the timestamp in the format of *yy* for year, *ddd* for day, *hh* for hour, *mm* for minutes, *ss* for seconds, and *th* for thousands of a second.

System action:

Execution of the IMS Catalog Populate utility continues.

System programmer response:

No action is required. However, to suppress this and other similar informational messages, specify NODUPLIST in the input control statements for the IMS Catalog Populate utility in a data set that is referenced by the ddname SYSINP.

Module:

DFS3DU10

DFS7419E **INSTANCE *yydddhmmsssth* OF GSAM DBD *name* IS ALREADY IN THE IMS CATALOG**

Explanation

In the message text:

name

The GSAM database name.

yydddhmmsssth

The time stamp of the GSAM DBD that was not inserted to the IMS catalog.

yydddhmmsssth represents the time stamp in the format of *yy* for year, *ddd* for day, *hh* for hour, *mm* for minutes, *ss* for seconds, and *th* for thousandths of a second.

The IMS catalog already contains a root segment for the GSAM DBD name, and under this root, there was an existing GSAM DBD segment with time stamp of *yydddhmmsssth*.

Because a GSAM DBD with the same name and the same time stamp are assumed to represent identical

instances of the GSAM DBD, nothing was added to the IMS catalog.

System action:

The DFS3PU00 continues, and the job finishes with return code 12.

System programmer response

Perform a DBDGEN on the GSAM database that is specified on the MANAGEDACBS=(STAGE,GSAM=*dbname*) or MANAGEDACBS=(UPDATE,GSAM=*dbname*) control card.

Important: The DBDGEN time stamp precision is only to the minute (MM/DD/YYYY.MM). Therefore, changes to the same GSAM DBD should not be done until after one minute.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7420E **GSAM DBD *name* IS NOT IN THE DBDLIB. THE BLDL RC = *rc*. THE DBD WAS NOT ADDED TO THE CATALOG**

Explanation

The GSAM DBD specified in the GSAM parameter does not exist in the DBDLIB.

In the message text:

name

The GSAM database name.

rc

The return code returned by the DFS3PU00 utility from BLDL macro call.

System action:

The IMS Catalog Populate utility DFS3PU00 fails with return code 12.

System programmer response:

Rerun the DFS3PU00 utility with a DBDLIB on the IMS DD card that contains the DBD specified on the GSAM parameter of the MANAGEDACBS control statement.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7421E **THE MANAGEDACBS CONTROL STATEMENT DOES NOT SUPPORT THE GSAM PARAMETER**

Explanation

The GSAM parameter on the MANAGEDACBS control card that is specified with the STAGE or UPDATE parameter is only valid for the DFS3PU00 utility.

DFS3UACB does not support the GSAM parameter with the MANAGEDACBS control statement because ACBGEN is not required for a GSAM database.

System action:

The DFS3UACB utility ended with return code 12.

System programmer response:

Remove the GSAM parameter from the MANAGEDACBS control statement, or run the Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) instead with the GSAM parameter specified in the STAGE or UPDATE parameter.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7422E **DBD *name* SPECIFIED ON THE GSAM PARAMETER OF THE MANAGEDACBS CONTROL STATEMENT IS NOT A GSAM DBD**

Explanation

The GSAM parameter on the MANAGEDACBS control card that is specified with the STAGE or UPDATE parameter is only valid for a GSAM database.

In the message text:

name

The non-GSAM DBD name.

System action:

The DFS3PU00 utility ended with return code 12.

System programmer response:

Run the Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00) with a GSAM DBD specified on the GSAM parameter of the MANAGEDACBS control statement parameter.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7423E **IF START= OR END= PARAMETER IS SPECIFIED, STARTDAY= OR ENDDAY= PARAMETER IS REQUIRED.**

Explanation

The IMS Fast Path Log Analysis utility, DBFULTA0, expects the STARTDAY= parameter if the START= parameter is provided. The utility also expects the ENDDAY= parameter if the END= parameter is specified.

System action:

Execution terminates.

System programmer response:

Correct the input parameters as required.

DFS7424E **IF STARTDAY= PARAMETER IS SPECIFIED, START= PARAMETER IS REQUIRED**

Explanation

The IMS Fast Path Log Analysis utility, DBFULTA0, expects the START= parameter if the STARTDAY= parameter is specified.

System action:

Execution terminates.

System programmer response:

Correct the input parameters as required.

DFS7429E **CATALOG RESOURCE NOT FOUND FOR CATRSCS=YES, *catalog-psb***

Explanation

The Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility found that an IMS catalog PSB is missing from the PSB library when the utility runs with BULD PSB=ALL,CATARSCS=YES.

In the message text:

catalog-psb

The name of the IMS catalog PSB that is missing from the PSB library.

System action

The utility terminates with a return code of 8.

Output destination

The job log of the Application Control Blocks Maintenance utility(DFSUACB0).

System programmer response:

Ensure that the PSB library contains all the IMS catalog PSBs. If all the IMS catalog PSBs are in the PSB library, rerun the job.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7430W **CATALOG RESOURCE *catalog-resource* IS NOT PROCESSED WHEN MANAGEDACBS=STAGE.**

Explanation

The IMS Catalog Populate utility found that the catalog resources other than DFSCD000 exist in the ACBLIB when STAGE is specified on the MANAGEDACBS utility control statement.

In the message text:

catalog-resource

The name of the IMS catalog PSBs, DFSCPL00, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, DFSCP002, DFSCP003, or the IMS catalog DBD, DFSCX000 that are in the ACB library.

System action:

The utility continues processing but generates a return code of 4.

System programmer response:

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7431I	IFAWIC connection failed - RC= xxxxxxxx, RSN= yyyyyyyy
-----------------	---

Explanation

IMS attempted to register with IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator and received a nonzero return code xxxxxxxx with a reason code yyyyyyyy. The value for xxxxxxxx can be one of the following values:

RC 00000004

The combined length of the persistent component and activity areas, together with the BPE overhead, was larger than the maximum number of pages that are allowed for an IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator buffer. An IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator buffer currently allows 16 4K pages at maximum. For INITMT, the reason might also be either one of the lengths of the persistent component or activity areas, or the lengths of both, were negative.

RC 00000008

One or both of the persistent component length and activity areas length were not a multiple of 16. The length is required to be a multiple of 16 to preserve quadword alignment for instructions like CDSG. This return code is only for INITMT.

RC 0000000C

The SMF 98 subtype value was zero. This return code is only for INITMT.

RC 00000010

The address that was passed in BPEMTSRV_OUTBUFPTR was zero. This return code is only for INITMT.

RC 00000030

IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator (Micro-Trend) services are not available on this system.

RC 00000034

The LOAD request of BPEMTX00 failed. yyyyyyyy contains the return code from the LOAD request.

RC 00000038

The LOAD request of BPEMTEN0 failed. yyyyyyyy contains the return code from the LOAD request.

RC 0000003C

The ENFREQ request for BPEMTEN0 failed. yyyyyyyy contains the return code from the ENFREQ request.

RC 00000040

IFAWIC registration received higher than a warning RC. yyyyyyyy contains the reason code returned by IFAWIC. See the IFAWIC documentation in the z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference EDT-IXG manual for details.

RC 00000044

The BPEMTSRV call is not supported in a cloned copy of BPE.

RC 000000F8

The function requested is unknown.

RC 000000FC

The parmlist version is not supported by BPEMTSV0.

Note: This message will be suppressed when IMS runs on a pre-z14 machine, or if IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator is not available, or both.

System action

IMS continues processing with no statics being passed to IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator.

Programmer response

If IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator participation is needed, see the return and reason codes to determine the cause of failure, fix the problem and restart IMS.

Related information

[z/OS: IFAWIC — IBM z/OS Workload Interaction Correlator](#)

DFS7432I	DFS7432I xxxx ADDRESS SPACE LEVEL RACF DB2 SECURITY REQUESTED FOR JOBNAME = zzzzzzzz
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IMS dependent region with jobname zzzzzzzz was initialized with RLA=Y for external subsystem (xxxx). This message is sent to system console and IMS MTO.

System action

The dependent region address space level ACEE will be passed to Db2 for ESAF calls if

ESAF_SIGNON_ACEE and TCB level ACEE are not present.

Operator response:
None

System programmer response:
None

Problem determination:
None

Module:
DFSESD10

DFS7433E	IMPORT PHASE <i>phase</i> FAILED BECAUSE RM PROCESS STEP SENT TO IMS <i>imsid</i> TIMED OUT, COMMAND TOKEN=<i>command_token</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IMS IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command or DDL automatic import phase failed because the RM process step that was sent to the IMS to perform the online change phase timed out. This can occur if SCI is down, RM is down, or the IMS or RM could not respond to the RM process step in time. For the IMPORT command, the timeout value is the OM timeout value that is specified with the command.

In the message text:

phase

A 4-character string that identifies the internal online change phase that failed. If the phase is CMT2 or CMT3, the directory was successfully updated and the import was committed.

imsid

The ID of the IMS for which the RM request timed out. It is unknown whether the IMS participated in this online change phase.

command_token

The 8-byte import start STCK time stamp that can be used to find its associated 70 log records in the IMS log data sets.

System programmer response

If the online change phase is CMT2 or CMT3, the directory update was successful and the import was committed. Issue the QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS) command to see the state of the IMSs. Issue the QUERY IMSPLEX SHOW(STATUS) command to see whether any IMS, SCI, or RM address spaces are down.

Start IMS, SCI, or RM again, if applicable.

If one or more IMSs are in an online change state of commit phase 2 or later, the directory updates are committed. Issue the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command that is routed to the previous import command master to finish the import and get all of the IMSs out of an online change state.

For a DDL error, issue the DDL request again.

Module:
DFSOLC00

Related concepts

[What to do if the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command or DDL automatic import times out in a managed ACBs environment \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

DFS7434W	UNEXPECTED AIB RETURN CODE <i>xxxx</i> REASON CODE <i>yyyy</i> FOR <i>nnnnnnnn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected AIB return code was returned while processing a GUR DL/I call. This message can occur when you run the IMS Catalog Recovery utility (DFS3RU00).

In the message text:

xxxx

AIB return code.

yyyy

AIB reason code.

nnnnnnnn

DBD or PSB for the GUR request.

System action:

The utility continues processing with a return code of 4.

System programmer response:

Check the utility job output or system log for additional messages and to determine whether the object was recovered.

Module:
DFS3RU00

Related reference

[AIB return and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS7435E	VALIDATION FAILED FOR THE ACBGEN CATALOG WORK FILE (DDNAME ACBCATWK)
-----------------	---

Explanation

The validation failed because one of the following conditions occurred:

Condition 1: concatenated data sets

The DD name ACBCATWK contains concatenated data sets that are not supported by the IMS Catalog Populate utility.

Condition 2: insufficient working storage

There was a failure obtaining working storage for the ACB generation work data set validation.

Condition 3: could not read the job file control block

There was a failure reading the job file control block for the ACB generation work data set validation.

In the message text:

Table 27. Return and reason codes for validation of the ACB generation work data set failure

Return code	Reason code	Meaning
12	4	Multiple ACB generation work data sets are not supported.
12	8	Storage failure.
12	12	Reading the job file control block failure.

System action:

The utility ended with return code 12. The catalog was not updated.

Programmer response

Take the following actions depending on the condition that occurred:

Condition 1: concatenated data sets

Correct the ACBCATWK DD statement and run the IMS Catalog Populate utility again.

Condition 2: insufficient working storage

Contact IBM Software Support.

Condition 3: could not read the job file control block

Contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3PU00

DFS7436E STEPLIB IS NOT APF AUTHORIZED

Explanation

All or some libraries on STEPLIB of the DEDB ALTER JOB are not APF-authorized.

System action:

The DEDB Alter utility terminates with RC=8.

Operator response:

No action is required.

System programmer response:

APF authorize libraries on STEPLIB of the DEDB ALTER JCL and rerun.

DFS7438E

**SEQUENCE NUMBER ERROR ON
TPIPE=tpipe MEMBER=member.
TPIPE HAS BEEN STOPPED.**

Explanation

A sequence number error occurred on an MQ synchronized tpipe. This error message is issued because of one of the following reasons:

- Input sequence number is too high. This is issued by DFSYTIB0.
- Output sequence number is invalid and purge is not requested. This is issued by DFSYACK0.
- Invalid sequence number during client-bid resynchronization. This is issued by DFSYMEM0.

In the message text:

tpipe

The tpipe on which the error is detected.

member

The OTMA client member on which the error is detected.

System action:

The tpipe is stopped. For more information, see MQ CSQxxxxx error messages.

System programmer response:

Use the **MQ RESET TPIPE** command to reset recoverable sequence numbers and restart the tpipe. If required, use the **MQ RESET TPIPE** command to resolve the unit of recovery. Refer to MQ documentation for command syntax.

Module:

DFSYACK0, DFSYMEM0, DFSYTIB0

Related reference

[RESET TPIPE on z/OS](#)

DFS7439E

**ERROR ATTACHING PROGRAM
pgm-name. ATTACH RC=rc.**

Explanation

An MVS ATTACH macro instruction gave a return code of rc when it attempted to attach a task to run a program.

In the message text:

pgm-name

The name of the program that the DFS3RU00 utility was attempting to attach when the error occurred.

rc

The return code received by the DFS3RU00 utility from the z/OS MVS ATTACH macro.

System action:

The DFS3RU00 utility ends with return code 16.

System programmer response:

Look up the MVS ATTACH macro return code in the z/OS publications. Ensure that the JCL to run the DFS3RU00 utility is correct. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Module:

DFS3RU00

Related reference

[AIB return and reason codes \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

DFS7440W	UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE <i>sc</i> ON A <i>dli</i> CALL FOR AN INSTANCE OF <i>type name</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unexpected DL/I status code was received on a DL/I call.

In the message text:

sc

The status code that was received.

dli

The DL/I call.

type

The type of resource (DATABASE or PROGRAM).

name

The name of the database or program.

System action:

The utility continues processing with a return code of 8.

System programmer response:

Check the utility job output or system log for additional messages and to determine whether the object was recovered.

Module:

DFS3RU00

DFS7441I	<i>xxxxxxx</i> DBD=<i>aaaaaaaaaaaa</i> PSB= <i>bbbbbbbbbbbb</i> RECOVERED: DBD= <i>cccccccccc</i> PSB=<i>dddddddddd</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued as a heartbeat message while the IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) is running.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

ACTIVE or PENDING, which indicates which objects are being recovered.

aaaaaaaaaaaa

The number of active or pending DBDs are to be recovered.

bbbbbbbbbbbb

The number of active or pending PSBs are to be recovered.

cccccccccc

The number of active or pending DBDs that were processed so far.

dddddddddd

The number of active or pending PSBs that were processed so far.

System action:

The utility continues processing.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3RU13

DFS7442W	<i>aaaaaaaaaaaa</i> <i>bbbbbbbbbbbb</i> NOT RECOVERED. RELATED <i>cccccccccc</i> <i>dddddddddd</i> WAS NOT <i>eeeeeeee</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A resource cannot be recovered because a required related object is not being recovered.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaaaaaa

The type of resource: DBD or PSB.

bbbbbbbbbbbb

The name of the resource.

cccccccccc

The related object type: DBD or PSB.

dddddddddd

The related object name.

eeeeeeee

FOUND or RECOVERED indicates that the related object was not found in the recover scope or that the related object was found but could not be recovered.

System action:

The utility continues processing.

System programmer response:

Take appropriate action as necessary to rebuild the unrecovered resource.

Module:
DFS3RU1A

DFS7443E	CATALOG RESOURCES UNAVAILABLE. UNABLE TO BRING UP IMS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DFS7443E message is issued in a managed ACB environment if IMS does not find the required IMS catalog DBD and PSB resources in the directory during IMS initialization. The resources that need to be present in the directory to bring up IMS are DFSCD000, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, DFSCX000, and DFSCPL00.

Operator response:

Ensure that the following catalog data base descriptors (DBDs) and program specification blocks (PSBs) are present in the directory: DFSCD000, DFSCP000, DFSCP001, DFSCX000, and DFSCPL00.

DFS7444E	OTMA CANNOT PROCESS A RESUME TPIPE FOR TMEMBER/ TPIPE xxxx/yyyy DUE TO A TIMING ERROR
-----------------	--

Explanation

When OTMA ran into a timing error for the internal control block creation for a **RESUME TPIPE** request from a client such as IMS Connect, OTMA did a quick retry on the **RESUME TPIPE** request but failed.

In the message text:

xxxx

The name of the OTMA client that sends the **RESUME TPIPE** request.

yyyy

The name of the transaction pipe (tpipe) to be created.

System action:

The **RESUME TPIPE** request is rejected with a NAK message with sense code x'28' and reason code x'07'.

Operator response:

None.

System programmer response:

Resubmit the **RESUME TPIPE** request from the OTMA client.

Problem determination:

Take an IMS dump to examine the tpipe related control blocks for the client or use the OTMA trace bytes to trace the creation of the tpipe and its hold queue for the timing error.

Module:
DFSYMEM0

Related tasks

[OTMA diagnostic aids \(Diagnosis\)](#)

DFS7445A	IMPORT TIMED OUT AFTER DIRECTORY UPDATES COMMITTED. CHECK IF IMPORT NEEDS TO BE RETRIED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command or DDL automatic import timed out after the directory updates were committed.

Operator response

Check whether the import succeeded by using one or more of the following methods:

- Issue the QUERY MEMBER TYPE(IMS) SHOW(STATUS) command to see whether any IMSs remain in an online change state and if so, whether the online change is committed.
- Issue the QRY IMSPLEX SHOW(STATUS) command to see whether any IMSs, SCIs, or RMs are down in the IMSplex. Timeouts can be caused by an IMS address space involved in the import failing.

If one or more IMSs are stuck in an online change state, you can resolve this by doing the following tasks:

- Address the reason for the failure; for example, start SCI again, start RM again, or start other components that failed.
- Issue the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command to finish the import and remove the IMSs out of an online change state. The IMPORT command should be routed to the IMS that was the import command master of the previous IMPORT DEFN SOURCE(CATALOG) command or DDL automatic import that timed out because it knows the state of the import. This is the IMS that issued the DFS7445A message.

Module:
DFSOLC00

Related concepts

[What to do if the IMPORT DEFN SOURCE\(CATALOG\) command or DDL automatic import times out in a managed ACBs environment \(Operations and Automation\)](#)

DFS7447E	CHKPT STATEMENT INVALID IN IRLM ENVIRONMENT
-----------------	--

Explanation:

The CHKPT statement specified via SYSIN is not valid within an IRLM environment.

System action:

The Batch Backout utility (DFSBB000) terminates with return code 8.

Operator response:

Resolve the CHKPT statement and the IRLM environment and restart the Batch Backout utility (DFSBB000).

Programmer response:

Determine if the Batch Backout utility (DFSBB000) needs to be ran within an IRLM environment. If the IRLM environment is necessary, remove the CHKPT statement; if not, correct the JCL for the Batch Backout utility (DFSBB000) before restarting.

Related reference

[Batch Backout utility \(DFSBB000\) \(Database Utilities\)](#)

Chapter 101. DFS messages, DFS9001 - DFS9500

This topic contains the following messages:

DFS9000E	VALID VERBS - CREATE ALTER DROP COMMIT DDL ROLLBACK DDL COMMENT ON
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The utility failed because it encountered a non-supported SQL statement.

Operator response:

Remove non-DDL statements from the IMSSQL DD card.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9001W	<i>ddl_engine_warning</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation:

DDL processing warnings will be prefixed by DFS9001W, where *ddl_engine_warning* is a warning issued by the DDL engine.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9002E	<i>import_error_details</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation:

The utility failed during the Import processing and error details are prefixed with DFS9002E. The utility ends with return code 12.

Operator response:

Take an action based on the error details and re-run the job. Detailed Import error details can also be found in CTL region log, where *import_error_details* is the error information about the failure of DDL triggered Import.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9003E	ACTIVATE CONTROL OPTION IS ONLY SUPPORTED IN A DL/I BATCH REGION OF THE UTILITY.
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The ACTIVATE control option is only supported if you run the utility in a DL/I batch region.

Operator response:

Re-run the utility as DL/I batch region.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9004E	DYNAMICPROGRAMVIEW WITH CREATEYES CONTROL OPTION IS
-----------------	--

**NOT SUPPORTED IN A DL/I BATCH
REGION OF THE UTILITY.**

Explanation:

The CREATEYES control option is not supported if you run the utility in a DL/I batch region.

Operator response:

Remove CREATEYES and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9005E	AUTOACTIVATE AND DYNAMICPROGRAMVIEW CONTROL OPTIONS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

The AUTOACTIVATE and DYNAMICPROGRAMVIEW control options are mutually exclusive on the SYSINID DD card.

Operator response:

Remove AUTOACTIVATE control option and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9006E	AUTOACTIVATE WAS UNABLE TO GET AN EXCLUSIVE HOLD OF THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SETS.
-----------------	---

Explanation:

The AUTOACTIVATE control option in a DL/I batch region requires an IMSplex to be offline.

Operator response:

Bring IMSplex offline and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9007E	AN ABEND HAPPENED DURING THE DL/I BATCH DDL PROCESSING.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

An abend happened during the DDL processing in a DL/I batch region.

Operator response:

Analyze the job log to determine the root cause of the abend.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9008E THIS FUNCTION IS NOT
AVAILABLE AT THE CURRENT IMS
MAINTENANCE LEVEL.**

Explanation:

The BMP mode of the utility requires IMS 15.3 or later versions. The DL/I batch region mode of the utility requires IMS 15.4 or later versions.

Operator response:

Upgrade to the required IMS version for the mode of the utility you are using.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9009E THE JCL IS MISSING AN IMSSQL
DD STATEMENT.**

Explanation:

The utility uses IMSSQL DD card to provide DDL statements as input.

Operator response:

Use IMSSQL DD card and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9010I EMPTY STAGING DIRECTORY
DATA SET.**

Explanation:

The ACTIVATE control option failed because of an empty staging directory data set. The utility ends with return code 4.

Operator response:

First run CREATE/ALTER DDLs without the ACTIVATE control option, and then re-run the utility with ACTIVATE control option.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9011E INCORRECT EXECUTION
PARAMETERS PASSED TO
DFS3ID00.**

Explanation:

The utility was invoked with incorrect EXEC parameters.

Operator response:

Fix the EXEC parameters and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9012E UTILITY ONLY RUNS AS BMP OR
DLI BATCH REGION.**

Explanation:

The IMS Data Definition utility runs as BMP region. DLI region will be supported in the following beta drop.

Operator response:

Re-run utility as BMP region.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9013E ERROR ATTACHING DFSRRC00,
PROGRAM 88888888. ATTACH RC
= 666666.**

Explanation:

The utility was unable to attach to IMS region controller.

Operator response:

Re-run utility as BMP region.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9014E INVALID PSB. USE DFSCP001.

Explanation:

The PSB specified on the EXEC parameters is invalid.

Operator response:

Use IMS Catalog update PSB and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9015E THE MANAGEDACBS WAS NOT
ENABLED.**

Explanation:

The utility requires managed ACBs environment.

Operator response:

Enable mACB on the system and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9016E UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE 22
RECEIVED FOR FUNCTION 4444**

Explanation:

The utility received non-blank status code on the DLI call and caused the utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Take an action based on the status code and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9017E INQY ENVIRON CALL FAILED,
RC=airc REASON=airs STATUS=22**

Explanation:

The utility issued Inquiry Environ call and the failure caused utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Take an action based on the AIB return and reason code.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9018E DDL IS NOT SUPPORTED IN DCCTL ENVIRONMENT.

Explanation:
DDL statements are not supported in DCCTL environment. The utility ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
None.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9019E NOT ENOUGH STORAGE TO BUILD INTERNAL CONTROL BLOCKS.

Explanation:
The utility's request for 31-bit storage failed and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
Increase the virtual storage for the job and re-run the utility.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9020E REQUEST FOR 64 BIT STORAGE FAILED.

Explanation:
The utility's request for 64-bit storage failed and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
Increase the virtual storage for the job and re-run the utility.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9021E UNABLE TO START BPE LIMITED SERVICES.

Explanation:
The utility failed to start the BPE Limited Function Services (LFS). See the BPESTART services and the BPE0042E for details of the error.

Operator response:
See the BPE0042E message for details on why BPE LFS could not be started.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9022E BPE READ SERVICE FAILED TO READ DDL STATEMENTS.

Explanation:
The utility failed to read DDL statements. See the BPE services for details of the error.

Operator response:

See the BPE message for details on why BPERDPDS could not read the DDL statements.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9023E NO VALID DDL STATEMENT FOUND.

Explanation:
The utility failed to find valid DDL statement and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
Re-run the utility with valid semicolon terminated DDL statements.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9024E SQL STATEMENT TERMINATOR CHARACTER NOT PROVIDED.

Explanation:
The utility found DDL statement without terminator semicolon and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
Re-run the utility after adding semicolon at the end of DDL statements.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9025E UNABLE TO OPEN DDLTRACE DATASET.

Explanation:
The utility was unable to open DDLTRACE dataset and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:
Fix the DDLTRACE DD card and re-run the utility.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9026E DDLTRACE DATASET FULL. PARTIAL DDL EVENTS WRITTEN.

Explanation:
The utility was unable to write DDL events to the DDLTRACE dataset because dataset is full. The utility ends with return code 4.

Operator response:
None

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9027E UNABLE TO OPEN RSCLST DATASET.

Explanation:
The utility was unable to open RSCLST dataset and ends with return code 12.

Operator response:

Fix the RSCLST DD card and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9028E UNABLE TO OPEN CONTROL
STATEMENT DATA SET (DDNAME
SYSINID).**

Explanation:

In opening the data set referred to by the DD statement with the ddname SYSINID, the DFS3ID00 utility encountered a non-zero return code from an OPEN macro instruction.

Operator response:

Ensure that the DD statement with the ddname IMS refers to a sequential data set with 80-character fixed-length records.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9029E AN INVALID OPTION WAS
SPECIFIED IN THE CONTROL
STATEMENT DATA SET (DDNAME
SYSINID).**

Explanation:

The utility did not recognize the information in the data set that was referred to by the DD statement with ddname SYSINID. The utility ended with return code 12.

Operator response:

You can specify several options by separating each other with blanks.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9030I SIMULATION DRIVEN CHANGES
TO THE IMS CATALOG AND
DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.**

Explanation:

The utility rolled back all the changes made to the IMS Catalog database and Directory data sets because a SIMULATE control option was specified on the DD statement with ddname SYSINID.

Operator response:

None.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9031W IMS DDL UNIT OF WORK WAS
ROLLED BACK BECAUSE NEITHER
COMMIT DDL STATEMENT NOR
AUTOCOMMIT CONTROL OPTION
WAS SPECIFIED.**

Explanation:

The utility performed the auto Rollback because no COMMIT DDL statement was found for the whole DDL unit of work, and neither AUTOCOMMIT control option was specified on the DD statement with ddname SYSINID.

Operator response:

Add COMMIT DDL statement or specify AUTOCOMMIT control option on the DD statement with ddname SYSINID.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9032W SOME DDL UNIT OF WORK WAS
ROLLED BACK BECAUSE NEITHER
COMMIT DDL STATEMENT NOR
AUTOCOMMIT CONTROL OPTION
WAS SPECIFIED.**

Explanation:

The utility performed the auto Rollback for some DDL unit of work because no COMMIT DDL statement was found and neither AUTOCOMMIT control option was specified on the DD statement with ddname SYSINID.

Operator response:

Add COMMIT DDL statement to the subject DDL unit of work or specify AUTOCOMMIT control option on the DD statement with ddname SYSINID.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9033I LOGICAL DBD *dbd_name* IS
DELETED FROM THE CATALOG.
PST *pst_name*.**

Explanation:

The logical database was deleted from the catalog database by a DROP DATABASE DDL statement, where *dbd_name* is the name of the logical database that was deleted.

Operator response:

No action is required.

Module:

DFS3DL40

**DFS9034W INCOMPLETE MULTI-LINE
COMMENT WAS FOUND. DDL
STATEMENTS FOLLOWING THE
INCOMPLETE COMMENT WERE
IGNORED.**

Explanation

A comment is not closed correctly with a comment delimiter. The utility ignores the rest of the DDL statements and continues the processing. The utility ends with return code 4.

User response

Make sure that the comment delimiter is specified properly. This error is likely to cause other errors. Some statements might not have been processed as a result of a missing comment delimiter.

Module

DFS3ID00

DFS9035E	IMS DIRECTORY DATASET OPEN ERROR.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

ACTIVATE control option failed to get exclusive access of the IMS Directory data set.

Operator response

Make sure IMSplex is down to run the utility with ACTIVATE control option.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9036E	STAGING DIRECTORY DATASET OPEN ERROR.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

The utility in a DL/I batch region failed to get exclusive access of the staging data set.

Operator response:

Make sure staging data set is not in use and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9037E	COPYING FROM STAGING TO THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET FAILED.
-----------------	---

Explanation:

ACTIVATE control option failed to copy runtime block from the staging to IMS directory data set.

Operator response:

Looks for the error details on the system console.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9038E	RESOURCE 88888888 WAS NOT FOUND IN THE STAGING DATA SET.
-----------------	---

Explanation

ACTIVATE control option failed to find runtime block of the requested resource in the staging directory data set.

In the message text:

- 88888888: The name of the resource not found in the staging directory data set.

Operator response:

Check if resource is in the staging directory data set.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9039E	ACTIVATE DRIVEN DL/I 4444 CALL FAILED, RC=<u>aibrc</u> REASON=<u>aibrs</u> STATUS=22
-----------------	---

Explanation

The utility issued a DL/I call, and a failure caused the utility to end with return code 12.

In the message text:

- 4444: The name of the failing DL/I call function.
- 22: DL/I call status code.
- aibrc: AIB return code.
- aibrs: AIB reason code.

Operator response:

Take appropriate action based on the AIB return and reason code.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9040E	IMS CATALOG DB NOT AVAILABLE, DL/I 4444 CALL FAILED, RC=<u>aibrc</u> REASON=<u>aibrs</u> STATUS=22
-----------------	---

Explanation

The utility issued a DL/I call and the failure caused utility to end with return code 12. The following info is present in the message:

- 4444: The name of the failing DL/I call function
- 22: DL/I call status code
- aibrc: AIB return code
- aibrs: AIB reason code.

Operator response:

Looks for the error details on the system console.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9041E	DBD 88888881 REFERENCED BY THE PSB 88888882 WAS NOT FOUND IN THE IMS DIRECTORY AND STAGING DATA SETS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During the activation of a PSB, a referenced database was not found the IMS Directory as well as the staging data sets. The failure caused the utility to end with return code 12.

In the message text:

88888881

The name of the referenced database.

88888882

The name of the PSB.

User response

Alter the failing PSB to remove the non-existent DB PCB. Alternatively, create the referencing database.

Module

DFS3ID00

DFS9042E	PSB 88888881 NOT REBUILT FOR CHANGED DBD 88888882.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Activation of an altered database failed because a referencing PSB was not rebuilt. This failure caused utility to end with return code 12.

The utility issued a DL/I call and the failure caused utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Ensure that PSBs were rebuilt by prior ALTER DDL.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9043E	DBD 88888881 REFERENCED BY THE DYNAMIC PROGRAMVIEW 88888882 WAS NOT FOUND IN THE IMS DIRECTORY.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

During the activation of a dynamic programview, a referenced database was not found the IMS Directory. The failure caused utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Alter the failing dynamic programview to remove non-existent DB PCB or create the referencing database.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9044E	REBUILT PSB 88888881 FOR CHANGED DBD 88888882 WAS NOT SPECIFIED ON THE RSCLST DD.
-----------------	--

Explanation:

Activation of an altered database failed because a referencing PSB was rebuilt but not specified on the input RSCLST DD. The failure caused the utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Add the PSB name to the input RSCLST DD.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9045E	IMS CATALOG DATABASE IS FULL, ALL CHANGES TO THE IMS CATALOG AND DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.
-----------------	---

Explanation:

No space is available in the IMS catalog database. This failure caused utility to end with return code 12.

Operator response:

Run the Database Backout utility or recreate the database, allocating more space.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9046E	LOCK TIMEOUT PSEUDOABEND HAPPENED, ALL CHANGES TO THE IMS CATALOG AND DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IMS Catalog database lock request timed out by IRLM; a LOCKTIME was specified in either a DFSVSMxx PROCLIB member or DFSVSAMP DD.

Operator response

Investigate why the lock request was timed out and re-run the utility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9047E	IRLM UNAVLAIBLE PSEUDOABEND HAPPENED, ALL CHANGES TO THE IMS CATALOG AND DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A lock could not be granted by the IRLM for one of the following reasons:

1. The IRLM failed or was not available.
2. A system error occurred that prevented the IRLM from completing the lock request. An out-of-storage condition was experienced by the IRLM on a GETMAIN request.

Operator response:

Investigate the lock trace entry for the unsuccessful lock request.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9048E IRLM LOCK TABLE FULL PSEUDOABEND HAPPENED, ALL CHANGES TO THE IMS CATALOG AND DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.

Explanation:

An IRLM out-of-storage condition occurs in the lock table during coupling facility use.

Operator response:

Consider increasing the size of the lock table in the coupling facility.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9049E DEADLOCK PSEUDOABEND HAPPENED, ALL CHANGES TO THE IMS CATALOG AND DIRECTORY WERE ROLLED BACK.

Explanation:

DDL processing stopped due to a resource in a deadlock condition. In the case of an external subsystem resource, the resource was unavailable or in a deadlock condition.

Operator response:

Rerun the job.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9050I DBD|PSB name IS DELETED FROM THE IMS CATALOG.

Explanation:

The IMS ACB member name was deleted from the IMS catalog.

Operator response:

No action is required. Execution of the utility continues.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9051I DBD|PSB name IS DELETED FROM THE IMS CATALOG AND IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET.

Explanation:

The IMS ACB member name was deleted from the IMS catalog and IMS directory data set.

Operator response:

No action is required. Execution of the utility continues.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9052E RESOURCES MATCHING THE WILDCARD 88888888 WERE NOT FOUND IN THE STAGING DATA SET.

Explanation:

ACTIVATE control option failed to find runtime block of the requested resources in the staging directory data set.

Operator response:

Check if resources are in the staging directory data set.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9053I INSTANCE yydddhmmssstth OF DBD|PSB name WAS ADDED TO THE IMS DIRECTORY.

Explanation:

The IMS ACB member name with timestamp yydddhmmssstth was copied from the STG to the IMS catalog directory.

Operator response:

No action is required. Execution of the utility continues.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9054I INSTANCE stg-yydddhmmssstth OF DBD|PSB name REPLACED INSTANCE dir-yydddhmmssstth IN THE IMS DIRECTORY.

Explanation:

The IMS catalog directory already contained an existing member name with timestamp dir-yydddhmmssstth. This member was deleted, and the STG member name with timestamp stg-yydddhmmssstth was successfully copied from the STG to the IMS catalog directory to replace it.

Operator response:

No action is required. Execution of the utility continues.

Module:

DFS3ID00

DFS9055E PSB INTENT LIST READ ERROR.

Explanation:

A read of the PSB intent list requested by the ACTIVATE control option failed.

Operator response:

Check DFS messages in the job log to determine the root cause of the read error.

Module:

DFS3ID00

**DFS9056E AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED
READING ACBLIB INSTANCE
yydddhmmssstth OF DBD|PSB
name**

Explanation:

The utility tried to read member name from the STG data set in order to activate it to the IMS directory. However, the internal BPAM macro instructions that the utility used detected an I/O error.

Operator response:

Check the system produced SYNAD message in the job log and refer to the description of the SYNADAF macro in z/OS® DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets, and take any actions suggested.

Module:
DFS3ID00

**DFS9057E REQUEST FOR 31 BIT STORAGE
FAILED.**

Explanation

Using the ACTIVATE control option to request for 31-bit storage failed.

Operator response:

Make sure enough 31-bit storage is available for the job.

Module:
DFS3ID00

DFS9058E DMB READ REQUEST FAILED.

Explanation

A read of DMB requested by the ACTIVATE control option failed.

Operator response:

Check DFS messages in the job log to determine the root cause of the read error.

Module:
DFS3ID00

**DFS9059W AUTOIMPORT WAS ENABLED AND
NONE OF THE NEWLY CREATED
RESOURCES WERE ACTIVATED.**

Explanation

All newly created resources were not auto-imported because they reference an altered database resource in the same commit scope.

Operator response

User can activate all newly created resources using manual import.

Module:
DFS3ID00

**DFS9060W AUTOIMPORT WAS ENABLED
AND SOME OF THE NEWLY
CREATED RESOURCES WERE NOT
ACTIVATED.**

Explanation

Some newly created resources were not auto-imported because they reference an altered database resource in the same commit scope.

Operator response

User can activate some newly created resources using manual import.

Module:
DFS3ID00

**DFS9103W THE IMS DIRECTORY DATA SET
WAS NOT READ.**

Explanation

There was a problem when trying to locate the active directory information for the catalog DBD DFSCD000.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility may not work as intended due to lack of access to the directory information.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9105W xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy INSTANCE
zzzzzzzzzzzzzz IS NOT PRESENT IN
THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

A specific instance of an object is absent in the catalog.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The object type, such as DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyy

The object name.

zzzzzzzzzzzz

The timestamp.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message when it cannot find the correct instance of an object in the catalog.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9107W *xxx yyyyyyyy* RECORD IS NOT
PRESENT IN THE CATALOG.

Explanation

An object is absent in the catalog.

In the message text:

xxx

The object type, such as DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyy

The object name.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message when it determines that an object is present in the directory but not in the catalog.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9108I *xxxxxxxx yyyyyyyy* TIMESTAMP
aaaaaaaaaaaaaa CORRECTED TO
bbbbbbbbbbbbbb.

Explanation

This message provides information about a timestamp fixed by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

The object type, such as DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyy

The object name.

aaaaaaaaaaaaaa

The old, invalid timestamp.

bbbbbbbbbbbbbb

The new, fixed timestamp.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message after it fixes a timestamp in the catalog header.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9109I **A TOTAL OF *xxxxxxxx* TIMESTAMPS
WERE FIXED IN THE CATALOG.**

Explanation

This message provides a summary of the total number of timestamps fixed by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxx

The number of timestamps fixed.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message after fixing all the invalid timestamps in the catalog header.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9110E **TIMESTAMPS CANNOT BE FIXED
IN A NON-MANAGED ACBS
ENVIRONMENT.**

Explanation

Timestamps cannot be fixed when the Catalog Maintenance utility is run in a non-MACB environment.

System action

This message is issued when the Catalog Maintenance utility is run to fix the timestamps in the catalog header without enabling managed ACBs, and the job terminates with RC=12.

Programmer response

Enable managed ACBs and run the Catalog Maintenance utility again.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9111I NUMBER OF xxxxxxxx TIMESTAMPS
FIXED IN THE CATALOG =
yyyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

This message provides a summary of the number of ACTIVE or PENDING timestamps fixed in the catalog by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The timestamp type, either ACTIVE or PENDING.

yyyyyyyyy

The number of timestamps fixed.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message along with DFS9109I after fixing all the invalid timestamps in the catalog header.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9112W xxx yyyyyyyy IS NOT PRESENT
IN THE zzzzzzz DIRECTORY. | xxx
yyyyyyyyy IS NOT PRESENT IN THE
ACBLIB DATA SET.**

Explanation

An object has a non-zero ACTIVE or PENDING timestamp and is not found in the ACTIVE or STAGING directory dataset.

If IMS management of ACBs is enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the directory is displayed and indicates that a resource has a non-zero ACTIVE or PENDING timestamp and is not found in the ACTIVE or STAGING directory dataset.

If IMS management of ACBs is not enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the ACBLIB data set is displayed and indicates that the resource listed is not found in the ACBLIB data set.

In the message text:

xxx

The resource type, either DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyyy

The object name.

zzzzzzz

The directory type, either ACTIVE or STAGING.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message and continues to process other objects.

Programmer response

If the object is determined to be necessary in the directory, add it and resubmit the Catalog Maintenance utility job.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9113E FAILED TO OBTAIN THE
DIRECTORY HLQ, RC = xxxxxxxx
RSN = yyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

The Catalog Maintenance utility failed because it was not able to retrieve the HLQ. One possible cause is that the utility was run in a non-MACB environment. If this is the case, the value for xxxxxxxx will be 00000036, and the value for yyyyyyyy will be 00000520.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The return code.

yyyyyyyyy

The reason code.

System action

Due to the failure of the utility to retrieve the HLQ, further actions such as opening of the directory and fixing of any timestamps will also fail.

Programmer response

Ensure a valid HLQ is used for the directory datasets or incorporate a DFSMDA member with TYPE=CATDSHLQ. Then resubmit the Catalog Maintenance utility job.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

= **yyyyyyyyy**. | **FAILED TO CLOSE THE IMS ACBLIB DATA SET, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyyyyy.**

DFS9114E **FAILED TO OPEN THE IMS DIRECTORY, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyyyyy. | FAILED TO OPEN THE IMS ACBLIB DATA SET, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

If IMS management of ACBs is enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the directory is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to open the directory.

If IMS management of ACBs is not enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the ACBLIB data set is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to open the ACBLIB data set.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx
The return code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in Open request (OPEN) for the IMS catalog API.

yyyyyyyyy
The reason code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in Open request (OPEN) for the IMS catalog API.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility job terminates with a return code of 12 or higher. For more information, refer to the Return codes section in IMS Catalog Maintenance utility (DFS3CM00).

Programmer response

Ensure the parameters required for using the catalog API to open the directory, such as the HLQ of the directory data sets, are valid. The Catalog Maintenance utility uses the catalog API to access any directory-related information.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS9115W **FAILED TO CLOSE THE IMS DIRECTORY, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN**

Explanation

If IMS management of ACBs is enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the directory is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to close the directory.

If IMS management of ACBs is not enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the ACBLIB data set is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to close the ACBLIB data set.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx
The return code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in Close request (CLOSE) for the IMS catalog API.

yyyyyyyyy
The reason code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in Close request (CLOSE) for the IMS catalog API.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message and continues its processing.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS9116W **FAILED TO LIST THE IMS ACTIVE DIRECTORY, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyyyyy. | FAILED TO LIST THE IMS ACBLIB DATA SET, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyyyyy.**

Explanation

If IMS management of ACBs is enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the directory is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to list the active directory contents. This message might also occur if the directory is empty.

If IMS management of ACBs is not enabled, the version of the message text that mentions the ACBLIB data set is displayed and indicates that a problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to

list the ACBLIB data set contents. This message might also occur if the data set is empty.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The return code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in List request (LIST) for the IMS catalog API

yyyyyyy

The reason code. For more information, refer to the return and reason codes in List request (LIST) for the IMS catalog API

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message and continues its processing.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS9117W	FAILED TO LIST THE IMS STAGING DIRECTORY, RC = xxxxxxxx RSN = yyyyyyy.
----------	--

Explanation

A problem occurred when the Catalog Maintenance utility tried to list the staging directory contents. This message may also occur if the directory is empty.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The return code.

yyyyyyy

The reason code.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message and continues its processing.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS9118E	UNSUPPORTED REGION FOR THE IMS CATALOG MAINTENANCE UTILITY.
----------	---

Explanation

The Catalog Maintenance utility was run in an unsupported region. The utility can only be run in a DLI batch region or a BMP region.

System action

This message is issued when the Catalog Maintenance utility is run in an unsupported region, and the job terminates with RC=12.

Programmer response

Run the Catalog Maintenance utility in either a DLI batch or BMP region.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
(System Utilities)

DFS9119W	DBD <name1> ACTIVE PENDING <timestamp1> SEGMENT <name2> HAS INTERLEAVED XDFLD <name3> DFS9119W DBD <name1> ACTIVE PENDING <timestamp1> SEGMENT <name2> HAS INTERLEAVED DFSCASE FIELD <name3>
----------	--

Explanation

The ACTIVE or PENDING instance for object identified by <name1> with timestamp <timestamp1> and its segment <name2> has an interleaved element identified by <name3>.

The DBDGEN process and the DDL process build a structure known as the field table (FLDTAB). The order of source DBDGEN statements determines the order of the FLDTAB contents. By contrast, DDL builds the FLDTAB in the hierarchical order set by the IMS Catalog (DFSCD000). The hierarchical order ensures consistency when inserting and retrieving the contents whereas DBDGEN has less-restrictive statement-ordering rules. Inconsistencies during use of the DBD can occur in the following conditions:

- If the DBD and referencing PSBs were built by a mixture of DBDGEN, PSBGEN, and DDL.
- If either the DBD or referencing PSBs were recovered by the IMS Catalog Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) but not both.
- If the full directory was recovered by DFS3RU00 and later, either the DBD or referencing PSBs have been modified by DBDGEN or PSBGEN but not all of them.

System action

The IMS Catalog Maintenance utility ends with a return code 4.

Programmer response

Specify the statements in their recommended order. See the recommended order for the DBDGEN FIELD statements in [FIELD statements \(System Utilities\)](#) and the recommended order for the XDFLD statements in [XDFLD statements \(System Utilities\)](#).

See the IMS Catalog Maintenance utility (DFS3CM00) CHECK_FLDTAB option to identify objects that might exhibit inconsistencies during their use if they were created with a mixture of DBDGEN or DDL, or if the IMS Catalog Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) was used to recover only a subset of application objects.

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility \(DFS3RU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9120I	A TOTAL OF xxxxxxxx PARTYPE FIELDS WERE FIXED IN THE CATALOG.
----------	---

Explanation

This message provides a summary of the total number of PARTYPE fields fixed by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx
The number of PARTYPE fields fixed.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message after fixing all the invalid PARTYPE fields.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9121I	xxx yyyyyyyy zzzzzzzz INSTANCE aaaaaaaaaaaaaa HAD XDFLD NAME=nnnnnnnn REPLACED.
----------	---

Explanation

This message indicates that the XDFLD segment was replaced.

In the message text:

xxx
The resource type, either DBD or PSB.
yyyyyyyy
The resource name.
zzzzzzzz
The instance type, either ACTIVE or PENDING.
aaaaaaaaaaaaaa
The timestamp.
nnnnnnnn
The name of the XDFLD segment.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message after fixing an XDFLD segment.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9122I	A TOTAL OF nnnnnnnn aaaaaaaa SEGMENTS WERE FIXED IN THE CATALOG.
----------	--

Explanation

This message provides a summary of the total number of segments with a given name fixed by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn
The total number of segments fixed.
aaaaaaa
The name of the segments fixed.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message at the end of its run.

Module:
DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9123E **TPIPE HWS\$DEF WAS USED FOR
REROUTE DUE TO A BAD TPIPE
tpipe FOR MEMBER member**

Explanation

IMS Connect rejected an OTMA commit-then-send output message by sending back a NAK message to OTMA. However, the reroute tpipe name is invalid in the TMAMHLTM field of the NAK message from IMS Connect. OTMA detected this invalid reroute tpipe name in the NAK message and corrected the error by using the IMS Connect default HWS\$DEF as the reroute tpipe name.

In the message text:

member

The 16-byte IMS Connect member name or the 4-byte super member name.

tpipe

The invalid 8-byte transaction pipe name from IMS Connect for the reroute.

System action

OTMA continues to process the NAK message from IMS Connect and performs the output message reroute by using the tpipe HWS\$DEF.

Programmer response

Make sure the TMAMHLTM field of the NAK message contains valid characters in the tpipe name for the subsequent NAK messages.

Module

DFSYACK0

DFS9124I **xxx yyyyyyyy INSTANCE
aaaaaaaaaaaaaa HAS HAD
INCORRECT zzzzzzzz METADATA
REPAIRED.**

Explanation

This message provides information about the PARTYTYPE field fixed by the Catalog Maintenance utility.

In the message text:

xxx

The resource type, either DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyy

The object name.

aaaaaaaaaaaaaa

The timestamp.

zzzzzzzz

The segment name.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this informational message after it fixes a PARTYTYPE field.

Module:

DFS3CM00

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)
\(System Utilities\)](#)

DFS9125A **AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED ON THE
STAGING DATASET. ONE OR MORE
MEMBERS NEED TO BE MANUALLY
DELETED.**

Explanation

An IMPORT command was run and succeeded, but an I/O error occurred on the staging directory data set while one or more of the imported members were being deleted from the staging directory. As a result, one or more of the imported members remain in the staging directory and need to be manually deleted.

User response

Manually delete the members in the staging directory that remain in the staging data set.

DFS9128I **LOG INITIALIZATION -
DUPLICATE OLDS= ENTRIES
DISCOVERED**

Explanation:

One or more duplicate entries are found in the OLDS= keyword of the OLDSDEF parameter in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

System action:

The duplicate entries are removed from the OLDS= list and IMS continues normal processing.

Programmer response:

Remove the duplicate OLDS= entries from the OLDSDEF= parameter in the DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member.

Module:

DFSPRSL0

DFS9129I **UPDATES TO THE IMS CATALOG
HAVE BEEN ROLLED BACK.**

Explanation:

This message indicates that any uncommitted updates to the IMS catalog have been rolled back.

Module:

DFS3CM00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
[\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9130W UNEXPECTED STATUS CODE *sc* ON
 A *aaaa* CALL.**

Explanation

This message indicates that an unexpected status code was returned on a DLI call.

In the message text:

sc
 The status code returned by the call.

aaaa
 The call performed.

Module:
DFS3CM00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
[\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9135W BACKOUT LIST SIZE ERROR
 IN PSB *nnnnnnnn* HAS BEEN
 CORRECTED.**

Explanation

This message is displayed during PSB schedule time if the number of full function databases with update access is greater than the number of full function databases with update access defined in the PSB, after the issue has been corrected for this schedule. The issue was corrected by adjusting the backout list size to contain every pointer to the update access databases.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn
 The name of the scheduled PSB.

System action

IMS fixes the backout list size in the PSB for this schedule, issues this warning message, and continues to process the PSB.

Programmer response

For further diagnostic support or help with suppressing or re-enabling the issue and display of this message, contact IBM support.

Related information
[DFS9142I \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

**DFS9136E UNMATCHED XDFLD ELEMENTS
 ENCOUNTERED FOR DBD
 *aaaaaaaa***

Explanation

This message indicates that a problem occurred when IMS attempted to locate data of an XDFLD segment within the directory member of the specified DBD. This message might indicate that an internal problem in the DFS3CM00 utility logic occurred or that the object might have to be regenerated in the IMS Catalog and IMS Catalog Directory data set.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
 The resource name.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues a ROLB to roll back any uncommitted catalog updates, and continues processing.

The utility return code when this message is issued is not lower than 12.

Programmer response

The DBD instance in the IMS Catalog and directory, and the instance in the IMS Catalog can be synchronized by generating a new instance of the object.

If the regeneration does not solve the problem, capture the contents of the following items and then, contact IBM Support:

- IMS catalog for the reported resource
- The member from the IMS Catalog directory
- The IMS Catalog staging data sets

Module

DFS3CM00
Related reference
[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\)](#)
[\(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9137I OTMA DRU EXIT RETURNED
 INVALID USER DATA PREFIX
 LENGTH**

Explanation:
An OTMA DRU user exit routine specified an user data prefix length greater than 1024 bytes. OTMA expects the user data prefix length to be within 1024

bytes. Since this length is exceeded, OTMA considers it invalid and generates the status code AX.

Programmer response

Correct the DRU exit routine and ensure that the user data prefix length is not greater than 1024 bytes.

Module:

DFSYFN00

**DFS9139W DBD <name1> DEFINITION
SHOULD BE CORRECTED.
REASON: <rc>**

Explanation

The object identified by <name1> has a characteristic, which needs to be corrected.

Table 28. Reason codes	
Reason code	Description
1	An interleaved XDFLD was found. See message “DFS9119W” on page 1368 for further details.
2	An interleaved DFSCASE FIELD was found. See message “DFS9119W” on page 1368 for further details.

System action

The utility ends with a return code 4.

Programmer response

Specify the statements in their recommended order. See the recommended order for the DBDGEN FIELD statements in FIELD statements (System Utilities) and the recommended order for the XDFLD statements in XDFLD statements (System Utilities).

See the IMS Catalog Maintenance utility (DFS3CM00) CHECK_FLDTAB option to identify objects that might exhibit inconsistencies during their use if they were created with a mixture of DBDGEN or DDL, or if the IMS Catalog Recovery utility (DFS3RU00) was used to recover only a subset of application objects.

Related reference

[IMS Catalog Maintenance utility \(DFS3CM00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

[IMS Catalog Directory Recovery utility \(DFS3RU00\) \(System Utilities\)](#)

**DFS9140W xxx yyyyyyyy HAS CHANGED IN
THE zzzzzzzz DIRECTORY
or
xxx yyyyyyyy HAS CHANGED IN
THE ACBLIB DATA SET**

Explanation

An object has been replaced by a different instance of that object in the indicated directory data set or in the ACBLIB data set during the IMS Catalog Maintenance utility run. Any uncommitted changes made to the catalog have been rolled back.

In the message text:

xxx

The resource type, either DBD or PSB.

yyyyyyyy

The object name.

zzzzzzzz

The directory type, either ACTIVE or STAGING.

System action

The Catalog Maintenance utility issues this warning message, rolls back any uncommitted changes, and continues to process other objects.

Programmer response

Resubmit the Catalog Maintenance utility job.

Module

DFS3CM00

**DFS9142I DFS9135W MESSAGE
SUPPRESSION ACTIVE /
INACTIVE**

Explanation

This message indicates whether or not suppression of the issue and display of message DFS9135W is active or inactive. When suppression of message DFS9135W is active, that message will not be issued or displayed.

System action

When display of the message DFS9135W is disabled or re-enabled, this message is issued.

Related information

[DFS9135W \(Messages and Codes\)](#)

Chapter 102. DFSD messages (DRD utilities)

The ISPF interface for the dynamic resource definition (DRD) utilities issues messages beginning with DFSD.

DFSD001E **Invalid data set specified for panel
selection field**

Explanation

You specified a data set name as a value on an ISPF panel; however, this data set name was not found in the system catalog. One of the following might be a reason for why the data set could not be found:

- The data set name might be incorrect.
- The data set name is correct, but the data set is not cataloged.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- If the data set name was incorrect, supply a valid data set name.
- If the data set is not cataloged, catalog the data set or supply a different data set that has been cataloged.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRDD2, DFSRRDD3, DFSRRDD4

DFSD002E **panel field is required for this
function**

Explanation

You omitted the specification of a value on an ISPF panel; however, this value is required by the function which is being performed. *panel field* in the message text identifies the field that requires a value.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Supply a value for the indicated field.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD2, DFSRRDD3, DFSRRDD4

DFSD003E **You must select a step to perform**

Explanation

You tried to invoke an ISPF panel that requires the selection of a specific step to be performed; however, you neglected to indicate which step you wanted to perform. The panel displays the steps you could select to perform.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Indicate the step you want to perform.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRDD2

DFSD004E **You must specify at least one
function**

Explanation

You attempted to invoke an ISPF panel that allows the selection of one or more functions to be performed; however, you neglected to indicate which functions you wanted to perform. The panel displays the functions you could chose to perform.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Indicate the functions you want to perform.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD4

DFSD005E **You must specify UNIT and
VOLUME as a set**

Explanation

On the Enter Log Data Set Names panel, you selected the step to make a list of log data sets. For one or more data set entries on the panel, you specified either a unit or a volume, but not both. If you specify either one, you must also specify the other.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

For an uncataloged data set, specify both unit and volume.

For a cataloged data set, specify neither unit nor volume.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1A

DFSD006E	You must specify a log data set name if volume or unit are specified
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you selected the step to make a list of log data sets. For one or more data set entries, you specified the unit and volume but did not specify the log data set name.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify the log data set name associated with the unit and volume that you specified.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1A

DFSD007E	log data set name is not cataloged
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you selected the step to make a list of log data sets. For one or more data set entries on the panel, you specified a log data set name that was not found in the system catalog. One of the following might be a reason:

- The data set name might be incorrect.
- The data set name is correct, but the data set is not cataloged.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- Supply a valid data set name, if the data set name was incorrect.
- If the data set is not cataloged, catalog the data set or supply a different data set that has been cataloged.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1A

DFSD008E	The list of log data sets was not found
-----------------	--

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you selected the step to create the resource definition data set (RDDS) from log data set contents. For the selection of technique for making the list, you have indicated that you have entered a list of log data sets; however, this list cannot be found. One of the following might be a reason:

- The PDS member which would contain the data set name list is missing.
- The PDS member which would contain the data set name list is empty

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, perform the step to enter the list of logs and ensure that this step completes without any panel errors.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1

DFSD009E	The list of log data set names extracted from RECON was not found
-----------------	--

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you selected the step to create resource definition data set (RDDS) from log data set contents. For the selection of technique for making the list, you have indicated that you have extracted the list of log data sets from RECON; however, this list cannot be found. In this case, the PDS member that would contain the extracted data set names is missing.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, perform the step to extract the list from RECON, and ensure that this step completes without any panel or runtime errors.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRD1

DFSD010E	Member containing logs from RECON is empty
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you selected to create the resource definition data set (RDDS) from log data set contents. For the selection of the technique to use creating the list, you indicated that you have extracted the list of log data sets from RECON; however, this list was not found. The PDS member that would contain the extracted data set names is empty.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, perform the step to extract the list from RECON, and ensure that this step completes without any panel or runtime errors.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRD1

DFSD011E	The Stage 2 data set was not found DSN: <i>data set name</i> Select the Create Stage 2 JCL step to create it
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from SYSGEN panel, you selected the step to Create Temporary MODBLKS. However, the data set indicated in the message text by *data set name*, which should have been created by your prior processing of the Create Stage 2 JCL step, was not found.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

On the Create RDDS from SYSGEN panel, perform the Create Stage 2 JCL step. Ensure that it runs successfully. Then retry the Create Temporary MODBLKS step.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD2

DFSD012E	The MODBLKS data set was not found DSN: <i>data set name</i> Select the Create Temporary MODBLKS step to create it
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from SYSGEN panel, you selected the step to Process Temporary MODBLKS. However, the data set indicated in the message text by *data set name*, which should have been created by your prior processing of the Create Temporary MODBLKS step, was not found.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

On the Create RDDS from SYSGEN panel, perform the Process Temporary MODBLKS step. Ensure that the step runs successfully, and then retry the Process Temporary MODBLKS step.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD2

DFSD013E	Data Sets were not found for IMS HLQ: <i>ims hlq</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from System Definition panel, you specified a value for IMS HLQ. The value specified for this field should represent the high level qualifier that was used by the IMS systems installer to name your IMS installation data sets used during the sysgen process; for example, hlq.ADFSMAC. However, the system could not find any IMS installation data sets with this high level qualifier.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Verify with the IMS systems installer that the correct value for IMS HLQ is being used.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD2

DFSD014E	CHKPTID must contain all numerics and a slash in position 6
-----------------	--

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you specified an invalid value for CHKPTID. The value specified for this field must exactly match the checkpoint value used in IMS log records. It must be of the format *yyddd/hhmmss* where: *yyddd* represents the Julian date and *hhmmss* represents the time. The / is required.

All of the characters used for the date and time must be numeric.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Ensure that you use the correct syntax for CHKPTID.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD1

DFSD015E	CHKPTID must be 12 characters long
-----------------	---

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you specified an invalid value for CHKPTID. The value specified for this field must exactly match the checkpoint value used in IMS log records. It must be 12 characters long with this format *yyddd/hhmmss* where: *yyddd* represents the Julian date and *hhmmss* represents the time. The / is required.

All of the characters used for the date and time must be numeric.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Ensure that you use the correct syntax for CHKPTID.

Module:

REXX program DFSRRDD1

DFSD016E	Full Julian date is required
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you specified an invalid value for the Start or Stop date. The value you specify must be the Julian date in the format *yyyyddd*.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify a valid value for the Start or Stop date.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRD1B

DFSD017E	Century is required
-----------------	----------------------------

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you specified an invalid value for the century in the Start or Stop date. The value you specify for the century must be 19 or greater.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify a valid value for the century in the Start or Stop date.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRD1B

DFSD018E	Invalid specification for Day
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you specified an invalid value for the day in the Start or Stop date. The value you specify for the day must be between 1 and 366.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify a valid value for the day in the Start or Stop date.

Module:

REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRD1B

DFSD019E **Stop date/time cannot be before start date/time**

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from log records panel, you entered a stop date and time; however, the stop date and time are before the start date and time.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Ensure that the stop date and time is after the start date and time.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1B

DFSD020E **A start time is required for log type SLDS**

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from Log Records panel, you specified a log type of SLDS; however, you did not specify a start time. You must specify a start time with log type SLDS.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify a start time if log type SLDS is specified.

Module:
REXX program DFSRRD1B

DFSD021E **HLQ fields must not contain quotes**

Explanation

On one of the RDDS panels associated with the Manage Resources selection from the IMS Application Menu panel, You entered a high level qualifier for a data set. However, quotes were included in the name. Quotes must not be included in the specification of a high level qualifier. Fields where you specify a high level qualifiers include:

- IMS HLQ
- Temp MODBLKS HLQ
- Work Data Set HLQDS

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Remove the quotes in the high level qualifier names.

Module:
REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRDD2, DFSRRDD3, DFSRRDD4

DFSD022E **Invalid specification for ASM**

Explanation

On the Create RDDS from SYSGEN panel, you entered a value for the ASM parameter that did not use the correct syntax. The error could be one of the following:

- You entered multiple parameters, but did not separate them with commas.
- You entered multiple parameters, but did not enclose them within parentheses.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Correct the syntax error.

Module:
REXX programs DFSRRDD2

DFSD023E **Data set volume and storage class are mutually exclusive**

Explanation

On one of the RDDS panels from the Manage Resources selection on the IMS Application Menu panel, you have entered values for both the RDDS data set volume and DFSMS. These two specifications are mutually exclusive.

System action

ISPF panel processing awaits correction of the error.

System programmer response

Specify either RDDS data set volume or STORCLAS, but not both.

Module:
REXX programs DFSRRDD1, DFSRRDD2, DFSRRDD3, DFSRRDD4 DFSRRDD5

Chapter 103. DFSIX messages (Installation Verification Program dialog)

Messages that are issued from the Installation and Verification Program (IVP) dialog begin with DFSIX.

For information about using the IVP, see [IMS installation verification program \(IVP\) overview \(Installation\)](#).

unnumbered **INPUT PARM *parameter* IS TOO LONG**

Explanation

The value of the parameter identified by keyword *parameter* is too long. The value of the parameter must be no longer than 26 characters. *parameter* can be one of the following values:

- HLQDL
- HLQIPO
- HLQIV
- HLQSY

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Change the parameter value so that it is no longer than 26 characters and rerun the IVP Install dialog.

Module

DFSIXC01

unnumbered **PARAMETER DLTA1, DLTA2, DLTA3, DLTA5, DLTA6, or DLTA7 IS TOO LONG**

Explanation

One or more of the DLTA parameters is too long. The parameters must be no longer than 44 characters.

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Change the parameter so that it is no longer than 26 characters and rerun the IVP Install dialog.

Module

DFSIXC01

unnumbered **PARAMETER DLTA5 MUST NOT BE THE SAME AS DLTA1, DLTA2, OR DLTA3**

Explanation

The DLTA5 parameter cannot have the same value as DLTA1, DLTA2 or DLTA3.

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Change the parameter to a unique value then rerun the IVP Install dialog.

Module

DFSIXC01

unnumbered **PARAMETER DLTA6 MUST NOT BE THE SAME AS DLTA1, DLTA2, OR DLTA3**

Explanation

The DLTA6 parameter cannot have the same value as DLTA1, DLTA2 or DLTA3.

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Change the parameter to a unique value then rerun the IVP Install dialog.

Module

DFSIXC01

unnumbered **SYSISPF=NOT ACTIVE - THIS
CLIST MUST BE INVOKED FROM
WITHIN ISPF**

Explanation

The IVP Install dialog was not started from within ISPF.

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Run the IVP Install dialog from within ISPF.

Module

DFSIXC01

unnumbered **PARAMETER DLT A7 MUST NOT BE
THE SAME AS DLT A1, DLT A2, OR
DLT A3**

Explanation

The DLT A7 parameter cannot have the same value as DLT A1, DLT A2 or DLT A3.

System action

The IVP Install dialog terminates.

Programmer response

Change the parameter to a unique value then rerun the IVP Install dialog.

Module

DFSIXC01

DFSIX000 **aaaaaaaa THE INSTALL/IVP
DIALOG DOES NOT SUPPORT
MULTIPLE USERS**

or

aaaaaaaa mmmmmmmmmmmmmmm

Explanation

This is a general sever error message. The INSTALL/IVP Dialog can only be used by one user at a time. Someone is currently using IVP.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

Identifies the module in which the error occurred.

mmmmmmmmmmmmmmmm

Is the error message. If mmmmmmmmmmmmmmm is THE INSTALL/IVP DIALOG DOES NOT SUPPORT MULTIPLE USERS, see message DFSIX000 for an explanation.

System action

IVP stops processing.

Programmer response

Make sure that IVP is not in use on another ISPF screen. If IVP is in use on another ISPF screen, try again later.

If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX01, DFSIXX07, DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10, DFSIXX11, DFSIXX14, DFSIXX15, DFSIXX16

DFSIX001 **aaaaaaaa ENT ACTION COMPLETE**

Explanation

The entry (ENT) action completed. You are now in ENT mode where one variable displays at a time with help text.

In the message text, aaaaaaaaa is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX002 **aaaaaaaa LST ACTION COMPLETE**

Explanation

The list (LST) action completed. You are now in LST mode where multiple variables display without help text.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX006	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - NXT ACTION WRAPPED TO TOP OF TABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

The next (NXT) action was requested, but the end of the table was reached. Instead of paging forward to the next job, task, or variable, NXT wrapped to the top of the table.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX007	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - PRV ACTION WRAPPED TO BOTTOM OF TABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The previous (PRV) action was requested, but the top of the table was reached. Instead of paging backward to the previous job, task, or variable, PRV wrapped to the bottom of the table.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX010	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - CHG ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The change (CHG) action completed successfully. The changed variables were saved.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX019	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - LST ACTION REJECTED - TABLE IS EMPTY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The list (LST) action could not be completed. The program has not switched to LST mode. An ISPF Table is empty.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The display switches to entry (ENT) mode.

Programmer response

You might be able to continue processing in ENT mode. If problems persist, contact IBM Software Support to report the problem and for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX023	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - PRIOR SESSION COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY FOR <i>ivpenv</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The prior IVP session for environment *ivpenv* completed successfully. In the message text,

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

ivpenv

The IMS environment you were creating, which is one of the following:

- DBB
- DBC
- DBT
- DCC
- XRF

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX01

DFSIX024	aaaaaaaa - PRIOR SESSION COMPLETED UNSUCCESSFULLY FOR <i>ivpenv</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The prior IVP session for the environment *ivpenv* completed unsuccessfully. This situation occurred because the phase in which you were working is incomplete.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

ivpenv

The IMS environment you were creating, which is one of the following:

- DBB
- DBC
- DBT
- DCC
- XRF

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Continue processing IVP where you last stopped.

Module

DFSIXX01

DFSIX025	aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - MUST BE IN THE RANGE mnnnn TO mxxxx MAX
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable is not in the required range. The variable must be between *mnnnn* and *mxxxx*.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable out of range.

mnnnn

The minimum value for the variable.

mxxxx

The maximum value for the variable.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to a value between *mnnnn* and *mxxxx*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX026	aaaaaaaa - REPORT GENERATION IN PROCESS FOR <i>item</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The report requested by the document (DOC) action is being generated.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

item

The job, task, or variable currently being processed.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX029	aaaaaaaa - VARIABLE GATHERING PHASE ENDED FOR ivpenv
-----------------	---

Explanation

The variable gathering phase (which resolves all input) for the *ivpenv* environment completed. In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

ivpenv

The IVP environment.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX030	aaaaaaaa - RFR ACTION COMPLETE - DEFAULT VALUE RESTORED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The restore (RFR) action completed successfully. The variable has been restored to the default value. In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX031	aaaaaaaa - RFR ACTION FAILED - TBMOD FAILED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The restore (RFR) action failed. The variable was not restored to the default value. In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues. The default value is not restored.

Programmer response

Set the variable to the desired value and continue processing. If problems persist, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX032	aaaaaaaa - CHG/RFR ACTION FAILED - DEFAULT VALUE NOT FOUND
-----------------	---

Explanation

The change (CHG) or restore (RFR) action failed. The value of the variable was not changed, or the value was not changed to the default.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues. The default value is not restored.

Programmer response

Set the variable to the desired value and continue processing. If problems persist, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX033	aaaaaaaa - FILE TAILORING PHASE ENDED FOR ivpenv
-----------------	---

Explanation

The File Tailoring phase (which resolves variables before running a job) for the *ivpenv* environment completed.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

ivpenv
The IVP environment.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX034	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - FTL ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The file-tailoring (FTL) action completed successfully. The job, task, or variable has been file-tailored.
In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX035	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - BRM ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The browse (BRM) action completed successfully. An INSTALIB member has been browsed. In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX036	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - BRS ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The browse (BRS) action completed successfully. A source member (DFSSLIB or DFSISRC) has been browsed.
In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX037	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - EDM ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The edit (EDM) action completed successfully. An INSTALIB member has been edited.
In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10, DFSIXX14

DFSIX038 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - INVALID
SUBPARM - LENGTH EXCEEDS
mxxx**

Explanation

The length of the subparameter vvvvvvvv exceeds the maximum length, mxxx.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
The subparameter that exceeds the maximum length.

mxxx
The maximum allowed length for the vvvvvvvv subparameter.

System action

The variable action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the subparameter to a value at or below the maximum value of mxxx.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX039 **aaaaaaaa - ISPF/PDF EDIT
RECOVERY IS NOT SUPPORTED BY
INSTALL/IVP**

Explanation

This message is issued when you edit a member in IVP. IVP does not support ISPF EDIT recovery. The ISPF EDIT profile recovery settings are not used by IVP. This message is displayed each time you edit a member with IVP to remind you that edit recovery is not supported.

In the message text, aaaaaaaaa is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10, DFSIXX14

DFSIX040 **aaaaaaaa - BRM ACTION
IGNORED - NOT AVAILABLE FOR
jtname**

Explanation

The browse (BRM) action is not available for use on the jtname job or task. The INSTALIB member was not browsed.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname
The name of the job or task for which BRM is not valid.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid job or task.

Module

DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX041 **aaaaaaaa - BRS ACTION IGNORED
- NOT AVAILABLE FOR jtname**

Explanation

The browse (BRS) action is not available for use on the jtname job or task. The source members DFSSLIB and DFSISRC were not browsed.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname
The name of the job or task for which BRM was not available.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid job or task.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX042 **aaaaaaaa - EDM ACTION
IGNORED - NOT AVAILABLE FOR
jtname**

Explanation

The edit (EDM) action is not available for use on the *jtname* job or task. The INSTALIB member was not edited.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname

The name of the job or task for which EDM was not available.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid job or task.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX043 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv subparm -
INVALID DATATYPE**

Explanation

The *subparm* subparameter of variable *vvvvvvvv* is not the correct data type, and it contains an invalid character. For example, the variable should be numeric, but it might contain a letter.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The variable containing the *subparm* subparameter with an incorrect data type.

subparm

The subparameter that is the incorrect data type.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *subparm* subparameter so that it contains only valid characters. For information on valid characters, switch to entry (ENT) mode, which provides help text.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX044 **aaaaaaaa - FTL ACTION IGNORED
- NOT AVAILABLE FOR jtname**

Explanation

The file tailoring (FTL) action is not available for use with the *jtname* job or task. File tailoring for the *jtname* job or task did not complete.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname

The job or task for which file tailoring did not complete.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid job or task.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX045 **aaaaaaaa - VARIABLE vvvvvvvv IS
UNKNOWN - ACCEPTED ASIS**

Explanation

This message should not occur. If this message does occur, it is the result of a programming error. The variable *vvvvvvvv* has not been checked for the correct value but is accepted as it is and processing continues.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The unknown variable.

System action

The variable is accepted as it is, and processing continues.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support and report the error.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX046	aaaaaaaa - EXECUTION PHASE ENDED FOR <i>ivpenv</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The execution phase (EXE) for the *ivpenv* environment completed. The IVP job ran successfully.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

ivpenv
The environment in which IVP is running.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX047	aaaaaaaa - EXE ACTION IGNORED - NOT AVAILABLE FOR <i>jtname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The execution (EXE) action is not available for the *jtname* job or task. An INSTALIB job or task was not submitted.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname
The name of the job or task that was not submitted.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid job or task.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX048	aaaaaaaa - EXE ACTION COMPLETE FOR <i>jtname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The execution (EXE) action completed successfully for the *jtname* job or task. An INSTALIB job or task was submitted.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname
The name of the job or task that was submitted.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX049	aaaaaaaa - ALL ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The ALL action completed successfully. File tailoring completed for all jobs, tasks, or variables, starting with the current item.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX052 **aaaaaaaa - DOC ACTION
COMPLETE**

Explanation

The documentation (DOC) action completed successfully. The job or task documentation you just submitted printed.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX054 **aaaaaaaa - CPYSPECL FAILED
DURING OPEN FOR &ixfmsgt**

Explanation

An IVP ISPF table failed to open during CPYSPECL processing.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

&ixfmsgt

The IVP ISPF table that failed to open.

System action

Processing of the current option terminates. You are returned to previous selection panel.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX07

DFSIX055 **aaaaaaaa - CPYSPECL FAILED
DURING TBADD FOR &ixfmsgt**

Explanation

An ISPF table add (TBADD) command failed during CPYSPECL processing.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

&ixfmsgt

The IVP ISPF table that failed the TBADD command.

System action

Processing of the current option terminates. You are returned to previous selection panel.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX07

DFSIX056 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - PLEASE
SPECIFY Y (YES), OR N (NO)**

Explanation

The variable *vvvvvvvv* must be specified as Y or N.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that needs to be specified.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to either Y or N.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX057 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - PLEASE
SPECIFY 6250, 3480, OR 3490**

Explanation

The tape device format, *vvvvvvvv*, must be 6250, 3480, or 3490.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that needs to be specified.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to 6250, 3480, or 3490.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX058 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - MUST BE ALPHNUMERIC (A-Z, 0-9)**

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable must be in alphanumeric characters: A-Z, 0-9.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that must be specified in alphanumeric characters.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to alphanumeric characters only.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX059 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - INVALID LENGTH - MIN/MAX = mnnnn / mxxxx**

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable is not the correct length. The variable must be between *mnnnn* and *mnnnn*.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable with an incorrect length.

mnnnn

The maximum allowable length for the *vvvvvvvv* variable.

mxxxx

The minimum allowable length for the *vvvvvvvv* variable.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the *vvvvvvvv* so that it is between *mnnnn* and *mxxxx*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX060 **aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - PLEASE SPECIFY EITHER JES2 OR JES3**

Explanation

The z/OS program variable, *vvvvvvvv*, must be specified as either JES2 or JES3.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that must be specified.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to either JES2 or JES3.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX061 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - PLEASE SPECIFY A NON-BLANK VALUE*

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable must be a non-blank value.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that needs a non-blank value specified.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to a non-blank value.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX062 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - VALUE MUST BE OF THE FORM nnnnnnn K OR nnnn M*

Explanation

The variable *vvvvvvvv* must be in the form of *nnnnnnn* kilobytes or *nnnn* megabytes.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that needs to be respecified in the correct format.

nnnnnnn

The kilobyte format for *vvvvvvvv*.

nnnn

The megabyte format for *vvvvvvvv*.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to the format of *nnnnnnn* K or *nnnn* M.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX063 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - VALUE RANGE - mnnn K THROUGH mxxx K*

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable must be between *mnnn* kilobytes and *mxxx* kilobytes.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that must be specified in the proper range.

mnnn

The minimum value that can be specified for the *vvvvvvvv* variable.

mxxx

The maximum value that can be specified for the *vvvvvvvv* variable.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable to between *mnnn* K and *mxxx* K.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX064 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - VALUE RANGE - mnnn M THRU mxxx M*

Explanation

The variable *vvvvvvvv* is out of the required range. The variable must be within the range of *mnnn* megabytes to *mxxx* megabytes.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The program name.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that is out of the required range.

mnnn

The minimum value to which *vvvvvvvv* can be set.

mxxx

The maximum value to which *vvvvvvvv* can be set.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the variable *vvvvvvvv* to a value between *mnnn* M and *mxxx* M.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX065	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - TOTAL LENGTH WILL EXCEED <i>mxxx</i> BYTES
----------	--

Explanation

The total length of the values in the JOB statement accounting information variables exceeds the maximum allowable size.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The variable that exceeded the size limitation.

mxxx

The maximum number of bytes allowed in the accounting field.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable so that it is at or below *mxxx*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX066	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - VALUE CONTAINS ILLEGAL CHARACTERS
----------	---

Explanation

The variable *vvvvvvvv* contains characters that are not allowed.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The variable containing illegal characters.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable so that it contains only valid characters. For information on valid characters, switch to entry (ENT) mode, which provides help text.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX067	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - JESX STATEMENTS MUST BEGIN WITH /* or //
----------	--

Explanation

The variable *vvvvvvvv* is a JESx statement and therefore must begin with /* or //.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The name of the variable that must start with either /* or //.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable so that it starts with /* or //.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX068	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - SPR ACTION COMPLETE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The special processing routine (SPR) completed successfully. In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX069	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - <i>subparm</i> - MAY NOT BE BLANK
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *subparm* parameter for the *vvvvvvvv* variable is blank and needs to be specified.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The variable containing the blank parameter.

subparm

The blank parameter that needs to be specified.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Specify a value for the *subparm* parameter.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX070	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - HLQ GROUP <i>group</i> IS UNKNOWN
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message should not occur. If this message does occur, it is the result of a programming error.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

variable containing unknown HLQ group.

group

Group name.

System action

Processing of the variable *vvvvvvvv* is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance and to report the problem.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX071	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - <i>vvvvvvvv</i> - VOL GROUP <i>vol grp</i> IS UNKNOWN
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message should not occur. If this message does occur, it is the result of a programming error.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

variable contains unknown volume group.

vol grp

volume group.

System action

Processing of the variable *vvvvvvvv* is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance and to report the problem.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX072 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - subparm -
MIN/MAX = mnnn / mxxx*

Explanation

The parameter *subparm* in the *vvvvvvvv* variable is not the correct length. The parameter length must be between *mnnn* and *mxxx*.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
The variable containing the *subparm* parameter with the incorrect length.

subparm
The parameter with the incorrect length.

mnnn
The minimum length of the parameter.

mxxx
The maximum length of the parameter.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *subparm* parameter to a value between *mnnn* and *mxxx*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX073 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - CYL / TRK /
nnnnn / REC*

Explanation

One of the options will be displayed. The *vvvvvvvv* variable contains an incorrect parameter type. The parameter must be one of the following types:

CYL
Space allocated in cylinders.

nnnnn
Space allocated in records, which is the average block size.

REC
Space allocated in records. Use this value only for VSAM.

TRK
Space allocated in tracks.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
The variable containing the parameter with an incorrect type.

nnnnn
Space allocated in records, which is the average block size.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the parameter in the *vvvvvvvv* variable to one of the allowable types.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX074 *aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - BLK GROUP
blk grp IS UNKNOWN*

Explanation

This message should not occur. If this message does occur, it is the result of a programming error.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
variable containing unknown BLK group.

blk grp
The block group.

System action

Processing of the variable *vvvvvvvv* is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact IBM Software Support for assistance and to report the problem.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX075	aaaaaaaa - DOC ACTION FAILED - NO RECORDS TO PRINT
-----------------	---

Explanation

The documentation (DOC) action did not find any records to print. No documentation has been printed for variables, jobs, or tasks.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

No records were printed.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09,DFSIXX10

DFSIX076	aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - MUST BE A MULTIPLE OF <i>reclen</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable is a block size parameter and must be a multiple of the record length, *reclen*.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
The variable with an incorrect record length.

reclen
The record length by which the value for *vvvvvvvv* must be multiplied.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable so that it is a multiple of *reclen*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX078	aaaaaaaa - SPR ACTION NOT AVAILABLE FOR JOB/TASK <i>jtname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The special processing routine (SPR) was not available for the *jtname* job or task.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

jtname
The job or task for which the special processing routine was not available.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSIXX10

DFSIX079	aaaaaaaa - REPOSITIONING FAILED - DEFAULTING TO TOP OF TABLE
-----------------	---

Explanation

IVP was unable to reposition the table to the desired entry.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The table displays from the top.

Programmer response

No action is required.

If the message persists, contact IBM Software Support for assistance.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX080	aaaaaaaa - BRS ACTION FAILED - DFSISRC IS NOT AVAILABLE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The browse (BRS) action cannot access the SDFSISRC data set. The source member was not browsed.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

BRS does not run. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Determine why the SDFSISRC data set was not available and correct the problem.

Module

DFSIXX09

DFSIX081	aaaaaaaa - MUST CORRECT ERROR IN VG BEFORE PROCEEDING
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred in the variable gathering (VG) phase of the installation and verification process.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

IVP will not proceed to the next phase until the errors are corrected.

Programmer response

The variables in error are displayed. Correct the variables.

Module

DFSIXX07, DFSIXX07, DFSIXX08

DFSIX082	aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The vvvvvvvv variable contains an invalid value or incorrect format.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa
The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv
The variable containing the invalid value.

System action

The variable vvvvvvvv action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the vvvvvvvv variable to a valid value or format. For information on valid variables, switch to entry (ENT) mode, which provides help text.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX085	aaaaaaaa - CHG/RFR ERROR EXISTS
-----------------	--

Explanation

Errors have occurred during the processing of one or more variables.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The variable action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the errors.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX15

DFSIX086	aaaaaaaa - DOC ACTION FAILED - INCOMPLETE SELECTION
-----------------	--

Explanation

The documentation (DOC) action failed because not all of the required selection was created on the Document Options panel. No variable, job, or task documentation was printed.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The DOC action terminates.

Programmer response

Reissue DOC and supply complete input to all options.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX09, DFSIXX10

DFSIX087	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - VALUES MUST BE EITHER YES OR NO
-----------------	--

Explanation

The variable must be either YES or NO.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the variable to an acceptable value.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX088	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - PLEASE SPECIFY HIR2101
-----------------	---

Explanation

The variable must be set to HIR2101.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The variable action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the variable to HIR2101.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX089	<i>aaaaaaaa</i> - TCP/IP host name is invalid
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid TCP/IP host name was specified.

In the message text, *aaaaaaaa* is the module that was running when this message was issued.

System action

The variable action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Correct the TCP/IP host name value.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX090	<i>ivpenv</i> ENVIRONMENT NOT AVAILABLE (<i>envmemb</i>)
-----------------	---

Explanation

The selected IVP environment is not available in the IVP INSTATBL data set. This means environment has never been created.

In the message text:

ivpenv

The IVP environment (DBB, DBC, DBT, XRF, DCC).

envmemb

The member name of the environment.

System action

The IVP Variable Export utility panel is displayed with this message.

Programmer response

Choose an environment that has been created in the IVP INSTATBL.

Module

DFSIVPEX

DFSIX091	IVP TABLE DATASET <i>ivptbl</i> not found
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IVP INSTATBL data set is not found. The IVP high level qualifier entered in the IVP Variable Export utility main panel is concatenated with INSTATBL to create the data set name.

In the message text:

ivptbl

The IVP INSTATBL data set name.

System action

The IVP Variable Export utility panel is displayed with this message.

Programmer response

Correct the IVP high level qualifier.

Module

DFSIVPEX

DFSIX092	<i>errmsg</i> DSN: <i>ivpdsn</i> MEMBER: <i>ivpmem</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error has occurred accessing the IVP INSTATBL data set.

In the message text:

errmsg

Contains the error:

- MEMBER SPECIFIED, BUT DATASET IS NOT PARTITIONED
- ERROR PROCESSING REQUESTED DATASET
- PROTECTED DATASET
- VOLUME NOT ON SYSTEM
- INVALID DATASET NAME, *ivpdsn*
- MISSING DATASET NAME
- UNAVAILABLE DATASET

ivpdsn

The IVP INSTATBL data set name.

ivpmem

The IVP INSTATBL member name.

System action

The IVP Variable Export utility panel is displayed with this message.

System programmer response

Correct the IVP high level qualifier.

Module

DFSIVPEX, DFSIXX08, DFSIXX22

DFSIX093	EXPORT DATASET <i>expdsn</i> NOT ALLOCATED
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message is displayed on the IVP Export allocation panel. The export data set did not exist so the IVP export allocation panel was displayed giving the user an option of allocating the data set using TSO allocate or the ISPF Dataset Utility Panel (3.2). For some reason the export data set panel did not get allocated.

In the message text:

expdsn

The IVP Export data set name.

System action

The IVP export allocation panel is displayed with this message giving the user the options to allocate the data set.

Programmer response

Resolve any problems associated with the allocation of the export data set, then try again.

Module

DFSIXX22

DFSIX094	ALLOCATION ERROR. RC=<i>rc</i> DSN: <i>expdsn</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IVP was unable to allocate the export data set because of an allocation error.

In the message text:

rc

The TSO allocation error.

expdsn

The export data set name.

System action

Message is displayed on export data set name panel waiting for user input.

Programmer response

Correct the export data set problem, then retry.

Module

DFSIXX08, DFSIXX22

DFSIX095	EXPORT DATASET <i>expdsn</i>. MEMBER NOT FOUND.
-----------------	--

or

EXPORT DATASET *expdsn* DOES NOT EXIST

Explanation

The export data set does not exist or if a PDS, the member does not exist.

In the message text:

expdsn

The export data set name

System action

Message is displayed on export data set name panel waiting for user input.

Programmer response

Correct the export data set problem, then retry.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX096	EXPORT OF VARIABLES COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The export of the IVP variables is successful.

System action

Informational message.

Module

DFSIVPEX, DFSIXX08

DFSIX097	IMPORT OF VARIABLES COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY
-----------------	---

Explanation

The import of the IVP variables is successful.

System action

Informational message.

Module

DFSIXX08

DFSIX098	<i>aaaaaaaa - vvvvvvvv - MUST BE A MULTIPLE OF reclen + 4</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *vvvvvvvv* variable is a BLKSIZE parameter and must be a multiple of the record length, *reclen*, plus 4 additional bytes for the block descriptor word.

In the message text:

aaaaaaaa

The module that was running when this message was issued.

vvvvvvvv

The variable.

reclen

The record length.

System action

The variable *vvvvvvvv* action field is set to ERR, which indicates that the variable is invalid.

Programmer response

Change the *vvvvvvvv* variable so that it is a multiple of *reclen + 4*.

Module

DFSIXX11

DFSIX100	(C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 2003. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message issues IBM's copyright statement.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

No action is required.

Module

REXX program DFSAPPL

DFSIX101	THE HLQ PARAMETER IS MISSING
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

A required parameter was not specified.

System action

The program ends without performing the desired function.

Programmer response

Reissue the command and provide the HLQ parameter. The HLQ is the high level qualifier for IMS data sets.

Module

(REXX programs) DFSAPPL, DFSHDSRT, DFSKBSRT, DFSSCSRT, DFSSPSRT

DFSIX102	AN UNKNOWN PARAMETER WAS SPECIFIED: <i>parm</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

An extra parameter was provided. The parameter is not recognized.

System action

The program continues with the desired function.

Programmer response

Ensure that the parameter was spelled correctly. Exit and start the program again with the correct parameter if applicable.

Module

(REXX programs) DFSAPPL, DFSHDSRT, DFSKBSRT, DFSSCSRT, DFSSPSRT

DFSIX103	IPCS is not set up correctly. Please EXIT from ISPF and issue this command: EXEC '&hlq.SDFSEEXEC(DFSDFSRT)' 'HLQ(&hlq)'
-----------------	--

Explanation

The IMS Dump Formatter requires IPCS and IPCS has not yet been started. Where*&hlq* is the high level qualifier defined by the user.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter is not started.

System programmer response

Issue the command recommended by this message or start IPCS using your local procedures.

Module

DFSDFSRT

DFSIX104	Enter a VOLID for the allocation of the IPCS dump directory or null to exit.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A ddname of IPCSDDIR was not found allocated to the user.

System action

The user is prompted for a VOLID. The program waits until the user responds with a VOLID. If the user presses Enter without typing a VOLID, the program ends without starting the IMS Dump Formatter.

System programmer response

Type a VOLID and press Enter.

Module

DFSDFSRT

DFSIX105	The VOLID specified is not valid: <i>&valid</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The VOLID typed by the user is not valid. The name can be 1 to 6 alphanumeric characters.

System action

The system prompts the user again with message DFSIX104.

System programmer response

Respond to message DFSIX104. Type a VOLID and press Enter.

Module

DFSDFSRT

DFSIX106	Allocation of IPCS dump directory failed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The system attempted to issue a DEFINE CLUSTER command on your behalf and it did not complete successfully.

System action

The IMS Dump Formatter is not started.

System programmer response

Determine why a define cluster command could not work successfully and resolve.

As a circumvention, the user may allocate an IPCS dump directory data set manually. The dump directory is allocated to ddname IPCSDDIR. For more information, see *z/OS MVS Interactive Problem Control System (IPCS) User's Guide*.

DFSIX107 THE DBDLIB WAS NOT FOUND:
dddddd

Explanation

The IMS DD statement is not allocated, and the data set name is not in the form of xxx.DBDLIB, where xxx is the high-level qualifier.

In the message text, *dddddd* represents the DBDLIB data set name that is missing.

System action

The Partition Definition utility is started.

System programmer response

To view the IMS DD statement, select Option 6 on the PDU panel. You can either allocate the IMS DD statement that contains the DBDLIB, or change the DBDLIB data set name to xxx.DBDLIB, where xxx is the high-level qualifier.

Chapter 104. DFSI messages (Syntax Checker)

The Syntax Checker issues messages beginning with DFSI.

DFSI920E	Parameter value invalid xxxxxxxx	System programmer response
Explanation		No action is required.
The parameter at the top of the screen is invalid. xxxxxxxx is optional and gives more information.		
System action		
None.		
System programmer response		
Correct the error. Use F1 (Help key) to view the parameter's description.		
Module		
DFSWPBVP		
DFSI921W	(C) Copyright IBM Corp. 2002. All Rights reserved.	System programmer response
Explanation		No errors were found in any parameter values.
IMS Syntax Checker copyright statement appears when Syntax Checker is started.		
System action		
None.		
System programmer response		
No action is required.		
Module		
DFSWSMBC		
DFSI922I	Member xxxxxxxx is new or empty. All parameters are displayed.	System programmer response
Explanation		To use Syntax Checker to process a member, the member must be supported by Syntax Checker.
The member requested is empty. All possible parameters will be displayed.		
System action		
None.		
System programmer response		
No action is required.		
Module		
DFSWMBLD		
DFSI923I	No errors found in a parameter value.	System programmer response
Explanation		No errors were found in any parameter values.
System action		
Processing continues.		
System programmer response		
No action is required.		
Module		
DFSWMBLD		
DFSI924I	Member xxxxxxxx not currently processed by Syntax Checker	System programmer response
Explanation		The member xxxxxxxx is not processed by Syntax Checker.
System action		
None.		
System programmer response		
To use Syntax Checker to process a member, the member must be supported by Syntax Checker.		
Module		
DFSWSMBC		
DFSI925I	Member xxxxxxxx has no new keywords	System programmer response
Explanation		
System action		

Explanation

User has requested the new keyword display. There are no new keywords in the member.

System action

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWMBLD

DFS1926W	Keyword <i>kkkkkk</i> not valid in Release <i>rrrrr</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The user has chosen to process the PROCLIB member in IMS release *rrrrr*. The keyword *kkkkkk* currently in the member is not valid in release.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Delete the keyword.

Module

DFSWPBKP

DFS1927W	Keyword <i>kkkkkk</i> is not valid for Control Region <i>cccc</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The user has chosen a process the PROCLIB member in IMS control region *cccc*. The keyword *kkkkkk* currently in the member is not valid in the control region.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Delete the keyword.

Module

DFSWPBKP

DFS1930I	Member <i>xxxxxxxx</i> saved in <i>dsn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The member has been successfully saved in *dsn*.

System action

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWMSAV

DFS1932I	Command <i>cccccc</i> is undefined
-----------------	---

Explanation

The command *cccccc* on the command line is not known to Syntax Checker.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command.

Module

DFSWSMBM, DFSWUPCR, DFSWUPDM, DFSWUPNR, DFSWUPSA, DFSWUPSV

DFS1933I	No keywords selected for <i>ccccccc</i> command
-----------------	--

Explanation

The command *ccccccc* on the command line needs to operate on the selected keyword. No keywords selected.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Select the keywords by placing a / in the SEL field.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1934I **No command selected for keyword
kkkkkk**

Explanation

A keyword has been selected but no command has been entered on the command line.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Enter the command on the command line.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1935I **Invalid keyword selected option: o**

Explanation

The selected option o is not valid.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Correct the selected option.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1937I **Equal sign in same line comment
changed to dash**

Explanation

The user has entered a same line comment that contains an equal sign (=). Equal Signs are not allowed in same line comment. It is changed to a dash (-).

System action

Information message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWPBKP

DFS1938I **P COMMAND IGNORED. KEYWORD
DOES NOT IDENTIFY A MEMBER.**

Explanation

The keyword selected with the *P* command does not identify a member of IMS.PROCLIB. The *P* command cannot be processed.

System action

The processing of the *P* command is terminated.

System programmer response

Select a keyword that identifies a member of IMS.PROCLIB. Valid keywords are underlined in the keyword display panel.

Module

DFSWKOPR

DFS1939I **P COMMAND IGNORED. KEYWORD
DOES NOT HAVE A VALUE OR
VALUE IS IN ERROR**

Explanation

The keyword selected with the *P* command does not have a value or the value is in error. The *P* command cannot be processed.

System action

The processing of the *P* command is terminated.

System programmer response

Correct the problem and retry.

Module

DFSWKOPR

DFS1998I **MEMBER *memb* WILL BE
PROCESSED UNDER IMS *rel*
(*ctlreg*)**

Explanation

Processing has been requested for member *memb*. The member is processed under the same IMS release and control region as the original member. This problem is an informational message informing you which IMS region and control region the member will be processed under.

memb
Member name of the member being processed.

rel
IMS release.

ctlreg
IMS control region. This field is only displayed if the member varies by control region.

System action

Informational message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:
DFSWSMBM

DFS1999I	MEMBER <i>memb</i> PROCESSING CONTINUES
-----------------	--

Explanation

The processing of member *memb* continues following the completion of the processing of another member with the *P* option.

memb
Member name.

System action

Informational message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1991I	Member name must be entered as part of the DSN
-----------------	---

Explanation

The member name must be entered as part of the data set name.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Enter the member name as part of the data set name in TSO format.

Module

DFSWUPSA

DFS1992I	Member must be 1-8 characters
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

Member name is invalid. It must be 1-8 characters.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Correct the member name.

Module

DFSWUICR, DFSWUIDH, DFSWUIDM, DFSWUOSA

DFS1993I	No members in dataset <i>dsn</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data set that Syntax Checker was requested to process is empty.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Enter a new member to process or select another data set.

Module

DFSWIOOI

DFS1994I	Member is being used by you or another user
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member is in use either by another user or the current user on another ISPF screen.

System action

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWPBMC

DFS1995I	Change release option cancelled - user request
-----------------	---

Explanation

The user canceled (F3) the change of release process.

System action

The previous keyword display panel is displayed.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1996I	Exit of member cancelled - user request
-----------------	--

Explanation

The user requested to exit or cancel the execution of Syntax Checker but was notified that the member had been modified. The user selects not to exit.

System action

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWSMBM

DFS1997I	Comment not allowed on "blank", Unknown or keywords without values
-----------------	---

Explanation

A comment "C" select code was entered on the "blank": or unknown keyword. Comments are not allowed on the keywords.

System action

None.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWPBMC

DFS1998I	MEMBER <i>memb</i> WILL BE PROCESSED UNDER IMS <i>rel</i> (<i>ctlreg</i>)
-----------------	--

Explanation

Processing has been requested for member *memb*. The member is processed under the same IMS release and control region as the original member. This problem is an informational message informing you which IMS region and control region the member will be processed under.

memb

Member name of the member being processed.

rel

IMS release.

ctlreg

IMS control region. This field is only displayed if the member varies by control region.

System action

Informational message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module:

DFSWSMBM

DFS1999I	MEMBER <i>memb</i> PROCESSING CONTINUES
-----------------	--

Explanation

The processing of member *memb* continues following the completion of the processing of another member with the *P* option.

memb

Member name.

System action

Informational message.

System programmer response

No action is required.

Module

DFSWSMBM

Chapter 105. DFSS messages (IMS abend search and notification)

Messages that are issued from the IMS abend search and notification function begin with DFSS.

For information about using the IMS abend search and notification function, see the IMS system definition information.

For the IMS abend search and notification function, you can get these messages when running from batch:

DFS2225E
DFS2226E
DFS2227E
DFS2228E
DFS2229E

You can receive the messages in this topic when using the IMS abend search and notification ISPF panels.

DFSS001E **"Skeleton lib" DS and "Runtime" DS must not be the same**

Explanation

You use the skeleton library to make the member that contains the name of the IMS abend search and notification procedure available to users. The member is included in the JCL generated by IMS abend search and notification for ISPF-driven invocation. The runtime data set is specified in all of the JCL that invokes the IMS abend search and notification, whether this invocation is abend-driven or ISPF-driven.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Provide two different valid data set names for the skeleton library data set and the runtime data set.

Provide an email address in the **Recipient e-mail address** field or enter a Y in the **Specify additional addresses?** field to specify email addresses in the CONTROL member.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS002E **e-mail address must be specified**

Explanation

When setting up IMS abend search and notification, either specify an email address on the System Setup

panel in the **Recipient e-mail address** field or specify a Y in the **Specify additional addresses?** field.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Provide an email address in the **Recipient e-mail address** field or enter Y in the **Specify additional addresses?** field to specify email addresses in the CONTROL member.

Module:
DFSRASN1, DFSRASN2

DFSS003E **Data set xxxxxxxx not found**

Explanation

A data set specified on the System Setup panel was not found on the z/OS system. xxxxxxxx identifies the data set name.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Specify a valid, existing data set on the System Setup panel.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS004E **No search argument has been provided**

Explanation

For the **On demand interface** panel to generate the email, you must provide at least one search argument.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Provide at least one web search argument on the **On demand interface** panel in one of the following fields:

- PSP for FMID
- Abend Code
- Return Code (RC)
- Module Name
- APAR Number (PE or other)
- Message ID
- Generic Search Argument

Module:
DFSRASN2

DFSS005E	APAR search and MSG search are mutually exclusive
-----------------	--

Explanation

You cannot specify both the **APAR number** and **Message ID** fields on the **On demand interface** panel at the same time.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Specify either the APAR number or the Message ID, but not both.

Module:
DFSRASN2

DFSS006E	Abend prefix must be an S or a U
-----------------	---

Explanation

When entering an abend code, use either an S for a system abend or a U for an IMS abend code (user abend) as a prefix.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Enter a valid prefix for the abend code in the **Abend Code** field.

Module:
DFSRASN2

DFSS007E	The edit of the Abend Search and Notification generated JCL failed with RC=xx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The REXX program failed to open certain members for edit.

System action

Processing is terminated and a message is displayed.

System programmer response

Make sure that your user ID has the correct authority to access the data sets.

Module:
DFSRASN1, DFSRASN2

DFSS008I	xxxxxxx member already exists
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The member you specified in the **System Setup** panel exists and is up-to-date.

In the message text, xxxxxxxx identifies the member, and can be one of the following:

URLS
SYSUT1
CONTROL
SMS
SMSCNTL
PROCLIB
DFSDFXXX
.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Press Enter to continue.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS009I	xxxxxxx member was updated
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

The member xxxxxxxx that you specified in the **System Setup** panel has been updated. xxxxxxxx can be one of the following:

URLS
SYSUT1
CONTROL
SMS
SMSCNTL
PROCLIB
DFSDFXXX

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Press Enter to continue.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS100E	Abend code must be specified with return code (RC)
-----------------	---

Explanation:

If you specify a value for the return code (RC) parameter, you must also specify a value for the Abend code parameter. You did not specify a value for the Abend code.

System action:

Processing stops.

System programmer response:

Make sure that specifications of Return code (RC) are accompanied by specifications of Abend code.

Module:
DFSRASN2

DFSS101I	Change to recipient info: xxxxxxxx member is copied again
-----------------	--

Explanation

You changed the recipient information, and the updates must be propagated to certain members. The existing members are replaced with copies containing the new information.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The member; this can be CONTROL or SMSCNTL.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Press Enter to continue.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS102I	PROCLIB member has been updated due to change to xxxxxxxx
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PROCLIB member contains information that can be modified using the **System Setup** panel. The changes you make on this panel are propagated to the member by creating a copy of the PROCLIB member containing the updated information.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Press Enter to continue.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS103E	The HLQ parameter is missing
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

You must provide the high-level qualifier used to install IMS to access the appropriate data sets.

System action

Processing terminates, and IMS abend search and notification is not started.

System programmer response

Provide the high-level qualifier used to install IMS.

Module:
DFSRASN0

DFSS104E	An unknown parameter was specified: xxxxxxxx
-----------------	---

Explanation

The only valid parameter that you can specify for IMS abend search and notification is HLQ. The parameter indicated by xxxxxxxx was not recognized.

System action

Processing terminates, and IMS abend search and notification is not started.

System programmer response

Ensure that you use HLQ as a parameter and also provide the high-level qualifier used to install IMS.

Module:
DFSRASN0

DFSS105E **Member DFSKCAT0 in data set
"dsname" not found**

Explanation

The program is trying to start DFSKCAT0 to verify that data sets you specified on an ISPF panel are valid. However, the data set named in the error message does not contain the module. You specify the name of the data set that should contain DFSKCAT0 on the panel as the value for the IMS.SDFSRESL parameter.

In the message text:

dsname
The data set that should contain the member
DFSKCAT0

System action

Processing terminates.

System programmer response

Check that the correct data set name is specified as the IMS.SDFSRESL parameter and that the data set exits.

Module:
DFSRASN1

DFSS106E **Skeleton *skeleton* not found**

Explanation

You selected IMS ASN On-Demand Interface and the system tried to validate that the control statement skeletons are available to the program. The program could not access the skeleton identified in the message. These skeletons were created as part of the setup of the IMS Abend Search and Notification. They reside in the data set specified as the **Skeleton lib DS** on the IMS ASN System Setup panel (Option 1).

In the message text:

skeleton
The name of the skeleton that was unavailable.
This can be DFSSPCLI or DFSSPRCI

System action

Processing terminates.

System programmer response

Verify that the skeletons exist in the data set and that your IMS Abend Search and Notification installation is configured correctly to access to the skeleton library data set.

Module:
DFSRASN2

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Bibliography

This bibliography lists all of the publications in the IMS 15.6 library.

Title	Acronym
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming</i>	APG
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Application Programming APIs</i>	APR
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Commands, Volume 1: IMS Commands A-M</i>	CR1
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Commands, Volume 2: IMS Commands N-V</i>	CR2
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Commands, Volume 3: IMS Component and z/OS Commands</i>	CR3
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Communications and Connections</i>	CCG
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Database Administration</i>	DAG
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Database Utilities</i>	DUR
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Diagnosis</i>	DGR
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Exit Routines</i>	ERR
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Installation</i>	INS
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Licensed Program Specifications</i>	LPS
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 1: DFSMessages</i>	MC1
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 2: Non-DFS Messages</i>	MC2
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 3: IMSAbend Codes</i>	MC3
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Messages and Codes, Volume 4: IMSComponent Codes</i>	MC4
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Operations and Automation</i>	OAG
<i>IMS Version 15.5 Release Planning</i>	RPG
<i>IMS Version 15.5 System Administration</i>	SAG
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<i>IMS Version 15.5 System Utilities</i>	SUR



Product Number: 5635-A06
5655-DS5
5655-TM4