Print Services Facility for z/OS



AFP Download Plus

Version 4, Release 5.0

Note:

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page 197.

This edition applies to the IBM Print Services Facility Version 4 Release 5 Modification 0 for z/OS, Program Number 5655-M32, and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

This edition replaces S550-0433-04.

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About this publication

This publication provides information about AFP Download Plus, a licensed feature of IBM[®] Print Services FacilityTM (PSF) for $z/OS^{®}$. This publication was written with the assumption that you are familiar with Advanced Function Presentation (AFP), PSF for z/OS, and z/OS UNIX System Services concepts.

Who should read this publication

The information in this publication is directed to several audiences:

- The job submitter on a z/OS system who submits a job for processing by AFP Download Plus.
- The system programmer responsible for customizing AFP Download Plus on the z/OS system.
- The system console operator responsible for starting, stopping, and monitoring AFP Download Plus.
- The diagnostician responsible for diagnosing problems.

How this publication is organized

This publication contains reference and user's guide information. It is organized in parts with information common to the AFP Download Plus sender and receiver components in Part 1, information for using the sender component of AFP Download Plus in Part 2, and information for using the receiver component of AFP Download Plus in Part 3.

Part 1 contains these chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Introducing AFP Download Plus" describes how AFP Download Plus differs from other PSF features; describes the AFP Download Plus sender and receiver communication; explains how AFP Download Plus works; lists highlights, limitations, and software requirements; describes performance considerations; and describes considerations for using MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.
- Chapter 2, "Planning the size of the working directory" describes how to determine the size of the working directory that AFP Download Plus uses.
- Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus" describes how to install the AFP Download Plus program, including the sender and the receiver components of the program.

Part 2 contains these chapters:

- Chapter 4, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus sender" describes the tasks that you perform to configure the sender.
- Chapter 5, "Operating the AFP Download Plus sender" describes how to start, stop, cancel, restart, and monitor the sender.
- Chapter 6, "Using the AFP Download Plus sender" describes how the job submitter uses JCL to direct a data set to the sender. It also describes how to specify the AFPPARMS control statement, direct output to receiver systems, monitor error messages, and recover from errors.

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• Chapter 7, "Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus sender" describes how to diagnose problems with the sender, including how to use the PSF for z/OS trace and dump facilities.

Part 3 contains these chapters:

- Chapter 8, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS" describes how to configure the receiver on a secondary z/OS system.
- Chapter 9, "Operating the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS" describes how to start, stop, and query the status of the receiver, how to locate transmitted files on receiver file systems, and how to use the **apshhsub** exit program, the **apshhmds** exit program, or your own exit program when you start the receiver.
- Chapter 10, "Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus receiver" describes how to diagnose problems with the receiver.

Part 4 contains appendixes, notices, a glossary, and a bibliography. The appendixes include:

- Appendix A, "Syntax for file names"
- Appendix B, "SMF type 6 accounting records"
- Appendix C, "AFPSTATS report"
- Appendix D, "Download receiver support"
- Appendix E, "Installation verification program example"
- Appendix F, "Connectivity test for AFP Download Plus"
- Appendix G, "Accessibility"

Understanding the syntax notation used in this publication

These rules apply to coding illustrations throughout this publication:

- Bold highlighting identifies commands, keywords, files, directories, and other items whose names are predefined by the system, or items that must be entered as is, such as **DUPLEX** and **BLOCK**.
- Variable data is printed in *italics*. Enter specific data to replace the characters in italics; for example, for PRT*nnnn* you could enter **PRT0002**. Italics also identify the names of publications.
- Type these symbols exactly as they appear in the command syntax:
 - Comma , Equal sign = Parentheses () Period .
- Monospacing identifies examples of specific data values, examples of text similar to what you might see displayed, examples of portions of program code similar to what you might write as a programmer, messages from the system, or information you should actually type.
- Do not enter these symbols as part of a parameter or option:
 - Vertical Bar | Underscore ____ Brackets [] Braces {} Ellipsis ...
- A vertical bar between two values means that you select only one of the values.
- An underscored value means that if an option is not specified, the underscored value, called the default, is used.

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- Brackets around a value mean that you do not have to select the value; the value is optional.
- Braces around a value mean that you must select one of the mutually exclusive values. For example, { THIS | THAT }
- An ellipsis that follows a command or set of commands indicates that the command or set of commands can be repeated.

Related information

 Publications that are referred to in this document or that contain more information about AFP, InfoPrint Manager, and related products are listed in the "Bibliography" on page 211. For information about all z/OS product publications, see *z*/OS *Information Roadmap*.

For more information about z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, and PSF for z/OS go to these web pages:

- z/OS website at http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/
- z/OS output management software at http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/zos/ printsoftware/
- IBM Print Services Facility (PSF) for z/OS at www.ibm.com/systems/z/zos/ printsoftware/psfhome_z_ww.html
- Ricoh Production Print Software at http://rpp.ricoh-usa.com/products/ software/

To obtain the latest documentation updates for z/OS base elements and optional features that result from DOC APARs and PTFs, go to the DOC APARs and ++HOLD DOC web page at:

http://publibz.boulder.ibm.com/cgi-bin/bookmgr_OS390/Shelves/ZDOCAPAR

To obtain the latest documentation updates for PSF for z/OS, see the appropriate SYS1.SAMPLIB members in Table 1.

Member	Publication
APSGADP5	PSF for z/OS: AFP Download Plus, S550-0433
APSGCUS5	PSF for z/OS: Customization, S550-0427
APSGDGN5	PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis, G550-0428
APSGDLG5	PSF for z/OS: Download for z/OS, S550-0429
APSGMAC5	PSF for z/OS: Messages and Codes, G550-0432
APSGSEC5	PSF for z/OS: Security Guide, S550-0434
APSGUSR5	PSF for z/OS: User's Guide, S550-0435

Table 1. SYS1.SAMPLIB Members for PSF Documentation Updates

How to send your comments to IBM

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We appreciate comments from you about this publication. Please comment on the clarity, accuracy, and completeness of the information or give us any other feedback that you might have.

Use one of these methods to send us your comments:

- Send an email to: mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com
- Visit the Contact z/OS web page at: http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/webqs.html
- Mail your comments to this address: IBM Corporation Attention: MHVRCFS Reader Comments Department H6MA, Building 707 2455 South Road Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400
- Fax the comments to us as follows: From the United States and Canada: 1+845+432-9405 From all other countries: Your international access code +1+845+432-9405

Include this information:

- Your name and address
- Your email address

U.S.A.

- Your telephone or fax number
- The publication title and order number: PSF V4R5 for z/OS: AFP Download Plus S550-0433-05
- The topic and page number related to your comment
- The text of your comment

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Do not use the feedback methods listed above. Instead, do one of these:

- Contact your IBM service representative.
- Call IBM technical support.
- Visit the IBM Support web page at: http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/support/

Summary of Changes

PSF for z/OS: AFP Download Plus, S550-0433-05:

This publication contains additions and changes to information previously presented in *PSF for z/OS: AFP Download Plus,* S550-0433-04. The technical additions and changes are marked with a revision bar (|) in the left margin.

General changes:

- AFP Download Plus now supports InfoPrint Manager for Linux as a download receiver.
- References to "InfoPrint ProcessDirector" have been changed to the product's new name "Ricoh ProcessDirector".
- References to z/OS Font Collection, which is a base element of z/OS Version 2 Release 1.0, have been added to references for AFP Font Collection.
- "UNIX file system" has been changed to "z/OS File System (zFS)" because zFS is the strategic file system for z/OS.
- Text that says "IBM recommends" has been removed or rewritten.

New information:

- AFP Download Plus now transmits files to Content Manager OnDemand for archiving. See "AFP Download Plus system communication" on page 5 and "Software requirements" on page 14.
- The "Highlights" section has been updated with support for Mixed Object Document Content Architecture Presentation Interchange Set 3 (MO:DCA IS/3). See "Support MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set data streams" on page 12.
- "Considerations for processing MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files" on page 16 has been added.
- "Enabling AFP Download Plus in the SYS1.PARMLIB member" on page 30 has been added.
- "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 has been added.
- Table 10 on page 51 has been updated with auxiliary-files-modca-level and save-auxiliary-files AFPPARMS parameters.
- New Printer Inventory parameters, Auxiliary files MOD:DCA level, PINST trace dsname, and Save auxiliary files have been added to Figure 8 on page 72, Figure 9 on page 72, "PINST trace dsname" on page 75, "Auxiliary files MO:DCA level" on page 76, and "Save auxiliary files" on page 97.
- Appendix F, "Connectivity test for AFP Download Plus," on page 193 shows how you can perform a connectivity test to an existing receiver before doing a complete, customized installation.

Changed information:

- The ACIF column in Table 2 on page 4 has been updated.
- "Limitations" on page 13 has been updated for files that are not compliant with MO:DCA IS/3.
- "Software requirements" on page 14 has been updated.
- Information in Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus," on page 27 has been updated.

- Minimum storage requirements for FSSs and FSAs have been updated in Table 7 on page 36.
- Information that AFP Download Plus supports IPv4 and IPv6 has been added to "Configuring TCP/IP" on page 39.
- "Creating a startup procedure" on page 39 has been updated with a note about updating the startup procedure to generate auxiliary files that are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.
- Figure 6 on page 41 has been updated with a sample FSA that uses MO:DCA IS/3 separator pages and message files.
- The description of "UNICODE" on page 47 has been updated for the EXEC PARM statement.
- The defaults member name in the AFPPARMS control statement can be either DEFAULTS or AFPDPDEF. See "How members in the data set are specified" on page 49, "Selection hierarchy for AFPPARMS parameters" on page 49, and "AFPPARMS parameter selection hierarchy" on page 137.
- These AFPPARMS parameters have been updated in Table 10 on page 51:
 - compression, dataset-grouping, direct-download, send-messages-on-failure, and send-separator-pages have been updated with notes about MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.
 - formdefs has been updated with a note about when a job sent to the receiver might fail to print or be archived, without any error messages.
 - An "X" has been removed from the OUTPUT JCL column for working-directory.
- "APSHPRM1 sample member for AFPPARMS" on page 62 has been updated.
- The PRINTDEV parameters CHARS, DSHDR, JOBHDR, JOBTRLR, and MESSAGE have been updated in Table 12 on page 65 and the Printer Inventory parameters Character sets, Compression, Data set grouping, Direct download, Send messages on failure, and Send separator pages have been updated in Table 13 on page 75 with notes about MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files. Also see "Sending z/OS separator pages" on page 116, CHARS parameter in Table 21 on page 127, and "Sending messages to the receiver system" on page 140.
- "Resources Included Inline: Form definitions" on page 95 has been updated with a note about when a job sent to the receiver might fail to print or be archived, without any error messages.
- The descriptions of "Unicode enabled" on page 76 and "IP address" on page 86 have been updated.
- GETHOSTBYNAME has been removed from the list of pending commands in Table 19 on page 122 while FREEADDRINFO, GETADDRINFO, and PTON have been added.
- The CHARS and FCB default values for the JES3 initialization statement parameter "PDEFAULT" on page 106 have been updated to indicate that the PRINTDEV value for CHARS or PAGEDEF is used when WS=U or WS=C is specified on the DEVICE statement. Also, "JES3 WS parameter in the Device statement" on page 107 has been updated.
- In Table 20 on page 124, GETHOSTBYNAME has been removed from the list of pending commands for the INITIALIZING TCP/IP status and TCP/IP INTERFACE CONNECTED sub-status while FREEADDRINFO, GETADDRINFO, and PTON have been added. Also, FREEADDRINFO has been added to the list of pending commands for the TERMINATING TCP/IP status and TCP/IP INTERFACE CONNECTED sub-status.
- "Monitoring error messages" on page 139 has been updated to clarify when the message data set is sent to the receiver.

- A block size recommendation has been added to "Allocating a PSF trace data set" on page 144 and "Allocating an FSS trace data set" on page 145.
- Figure 14 on page 146 has been updated for z/FS tracing support.
- "Selecting an exit program" on page 152 and "Using the apshhmds exit program" on page 160 have been updated with information about MO:DCA IS/3 compliant data sets.
- "Using the apshhmds exit program" on page 160 has been updated with a note about how **-o** attributes are selected in a multiple data set job.
- Appendix D, "Download receiver support," on page 187 has been updated with current releases and support.

Deleted information:

- References to the Unicode-enabled parameter have been deleted in:
 - Table 8 on page 40
 - Figure 6 on page 41
 - FONTPATH and OBJCPATH in Table 12 on page 65
- The Close libraries when idle parameter has been removed from the Printer Inventory. See Figure 9 on page 72, Table 13 on page 75, and "Reviewing default program properties table entries" on page 111. The XTP7CLOS exit has been removed from Table 17 on page 110.

Part 1. Introduction and installation

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This section contains these chapters that give an overview of the AFP Download Plus product and explain how to install it:

Chapter 1, "Introducing AFP Download Plus"

This chapter describes how AFP Download Plus differs from other PSF features; describes the AFP Download Plus sender and receiver communication; explains how AFP Download Plus works; lists highlights, limitations, and software requirements; describes performance considerations; and describes considerations for using MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.

Chapter 2, "Planning the size of the working directory"

This chapter describes how to determine the size of the working directory that AFP Download Plus uses.

Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus"

This chapter describes how to install the AFP Download Plus program, including the sender and the receiver components of the program.

Chapter 1. Introducing AFP Download Plus

 (PSF) for 2/OS (hereafter referred to as PSF). AFP Download Plus distributes AF data from a z/OS system to a program such as: Content Manager OnDemand InfoPrint Manager for Linux InfoPrint Manager for Linux InfoPrint Manager for Vindows Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX Ricoh ProcessDirector for Vindows PSF for z/OS AFP Download Plus accepts a data set from the Job Entry Subsystem (JES) spool-line data, XML data, or Mixed Object Document Content Architecture (MO:DCA) data, transforms the data into Mixed Object Document Content Architecture for Presentation (MO:DCA-P), if required, and then distributes the AFP data set and all resources that are required for printing, emailing, faxing, or archiving. Notes: "InfoPrint Manager" refers to InfoPrint Manager for AIX, Linux, and Window unless otherwise specified. "Ricoh ProcessDirector" refers to InfoPrint ProcessDirector and Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX, Linux, and Window unless otherwise specified. 		AFP Download Plus is a separately ordered feature of IBM Print Services Facility
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	1	for using MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.

How AFP Download Plus differs from other PSF features

PSF and three of its features, AFP Download Plus, Download for z/OS, and AFP Conversion and Indexing Facility (ACIF), perform various functions on print data. Each feature has its own specific purpose depending on where the print data is coming from and where the AFP data is being sent.

These descriptions summarize PSF and each of the features:

PSF PSF is the z/OS printer-driver program that manages and controls data that is transmitted to AFP printers. PSF obtains the print data from the JES spool, combines the data with the necessary resources from system and user resource libraries, transforms the data into the Intelligent Printer Data Stream (IPDS), and sends the result to the printer.

AFP Download Plus

AFP Download Plus sends AFP data and all resources to a receiving system for processing. This feature obtains data from the JES spool, obtains resources from system and user resource libraries, transforms the data to MO:DCA-P (if required), and builds a MO:DCA resource group. AFP Download Plus temporarily stores the resource group in a file in a z/OS

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File System (zFS) working directory before sending it to the receiving system. AFP Download Plus can temporarily store the MO:DCA-P data in a file in the working directory before sending it to the receiving system or, optionally, send the MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiving system without storing it in a temporary file in the working directory. The MO:DCA-P data and resource group can optionally be encoded, compressed, or both before sending them to the receiving system.

Download for z/OS

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Download for z/OS sends data, without transforming it, to a receiving system for printing or archiving. This feature obtains the data from the JES spool (but does not obtain any resources) and requires a routing-control data set to specify where the data is sent.

ACIF ACIF is a batch utility that formats data from a data set to create documents that you can print, view, or archive. ACIF provides indexing capabilities and packages AFP resources in a separate file so you can view, distribute, archive, and retrieve document files across systems.

AFP Download Plus performs similar functions as Download for z/OS and ACIF, but it is not a replacement for Download for z/OS or ACIF. AFP Download Plus has its own unique capabilities, including these advantages:

- The data is obtained from the JES spool, not a data file as with ACIF.
- The data is downloaded automatically and consists entirely of MO:DCA-P data.
- All required resources for printing can be included in the downloaded file, including PSF and JES default resources.
- Installation exit processing, similar to PSF, is reflected in the downloaded file.
- SMF type 6 records are produced, similar to PSF.
- Resource Access Control Facility (RACF[®]) checking is performed for user resource libraries.
- Distributed data can optionally be protected by secure transmission.

Table 2 shows how AFP Download Plus differs from PSF, Download for z/OS, and ACIF.

Table 2. Comparison of AFP Download Plus and other PSF features

Function	AFP Download Plus	PSF	Download for z/OS	ACIF
Obtains input from	JES spool data set	JES spool data set	JES spool data set	User's data set
Transforms data set from	Line data MO:DCA-P XML	Line data MO:DCA-P XML	No transform	Line data MO:DCA-P XML
Transforms data set to	MO:DCA-P	IPDS	No transform	MO:DCA-P
Obtains required resources	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Puts resources inline	Yes	No	No	No (resources are put inline manually)
Requires receiver resource library synchronization	No	N/A	Yes	N/A
Protects resource libraries with RACF	Yes	Yes	N/A	No
Encodes data and resource group	Yes, optionally	No	No	No

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Function	AFP Download Plus	PSF	Download for z/OS	ACIF
Processes jobs with multiple data sets	Yes	Yes	Yes, with Exit 15	No
Counts pages and sheets	Yes-uses -opagecount, -osheetcount, SMF6IMPS, and SMF6LPGE	Yes-uses SMF6IMPS and SMF6LPGE	No	N/A
Compresses data sets with LZW compression	Yes	No	No	No
Indexes documents	No	No	No	Yes
Connects to	Download receiver	Printer	Download receiver	N/A
Sends data to	z/OS AIX Windows Linux	Printer	z/OS AIX Windows Linux	N/A
Sends messages when errors stop transformation	Yes, optionally	Yes	No	No
Sends separator pages	Yes, optionally	Yes, optionally	No	No
Uses working directory	Yes-resources; optionally-MO:DCA-P data	No	No	No
Uses routing-control data set	No	No	Yes	No
Creates SMF data (SMF type 6 records can vary)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Supports PSF installation exits	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 15	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 14, and 16	15	No

Table 2. Comparison of AFP Download Plus and other PSF features (continued)

AFP Download Plus system communication

AFP Download Plus uses a sender-receiver model for communication between the z/OS operating system and an AIX, Windows, Linux, or other z/OS system, as shown in Figure 1 on page 6.

- The sender initiates the TCP/IP connection and sends data to another system.
- The *receiver* is on the other system where it receives data from the sender and then distributes the data to a print, archive, email, or fax destination.

AFP Download Plus is a sender on the z/OS system where it is installed with PSF. This can be considered the primary z/OS system. AFP Download Plus can also be installed on a secondary z/OS system, in which case it is a receiver.

Keep in mind: When AFP Download Plus is installed on a z/OS system, it can act as both the sender and the receiver. However, in this publication, the sender is always considered to be on the primary z/OS system while the receiver is always considered to be on the secondary z/OS system (also referred to as the remote system), or on an AIX, Windows, or Linux operating system.

Data that is sent to a receiver can be printed by PSF for z/OS (or another z/OS printer-driver program), InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector, or archived

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by Content Manager OnDemand. InfoPrint Manager can also distribute the data to other output destinations, such as those that email or fax documents.

Each sender with a TCP/IP connection to a receiver is considered a functional subsystem application (FSA). A JES printer definition identifies an FSA with the JES2 PRT statement or the JES3 DEVICE statement. A receiver destination is defined to an FSA with an IP address and a port number.



Figure 1. Sender-receiver relationship of AFP Download Plus. The IP address and port values are examples only; you should use values valid for your system.

As shown in Figure 1, a sender can transmit data from multiple FSAs to more than one receiver, although each TCP/IP connection can handle only one file at a time. Multiple receivers can run on the same system, and any one receiver can accept data from more than one sender, again receiving one file at a time.

The IPADDR and PORTNO parameters in the PRINTDEV statement or the IP address and Port number parameters in the Printer Inventory identify the IP address and port number with which the sender establishes a TCP/IP connection to the receiver system. The IP address parameter must specify the TCP/IP address of the system the receiver is running on. The port number parameter must be the same port number that is defined for the receiver.

The sender initiates a TCP/IP connection to the target receiver when AFP Download Plus has data to transmit and then disconnects after receiving confirmation from the receiver that the data has been completely transmitted.

Note: The target receivers must be started before AFP Download Plus attempts to transmit a document; otherwise, the TCP/IP connection cannot be established.

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How AFP Download Plus works

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AFP Download Plus uses several methods to send AFP data and all resources to a receiving system for processing. AFP Download Plus uses a temporary file in a working directory to store the resource group and either places the MO:DCA-P data in a temporary file in the working directory (non-direct download method) or sends the data directly to the receiving system (direct download method).

The working directory that AFP Download Plus uses is a z/OS File System (zFS). You must allocate and mount a zFS that is large enough to accommodate the temporary UNIX files that are produced by AFP Download Plus. To determine the size of the zFS, see Chapter 2, "Planning the size of the working directory," on page 19.

This section describes the methods AFP Download Plus uses to send data to the receiver and shows how AFP Download Plus distributes a data set to receivers on different operating systems.

Non-direct download method

The default method that AFP Download Plus uses to send data to the receiver is the non-direct download method. With this method, AFP Download Plus uses temporary files in a working directory to store both the MO:DCA-P data and resources. Figure 2 shows these steps in the non-direct download method:

- 1. AFP Download Plus obtains data from the JES spool and obtains resources from system and user resource libraries.
- 2. AFP Download Plus transforms the print data set to MO:DCA-P and places the data in a temporary file. Likewise, it identifies every resource that is required by the spool data set and collects them in a second temporary file.
- **3**. AFP Download Plus transmits the two temporary files to the receiving system. Because the resources must be at the front of the document, the resource file is sent first and the MO:DCA-P file is sent second.

After the receiving system confirms that it has received all the data, AFP Download Plus deletes the temporary files from the working directory and the print data set from the spool.



Figure 2. Non-direct download method for sending data to a receiver

Direct download method

An optional method that AFP Download Plus uses to send data to the receiver is the direct download method. With this method, AFP Download Plus transforms the print data set to MO:DCA-P and then sends the data directly to the receiving system. Figure 3 shows these steps in the direct download method:

- 1. AFP Download Plus obtains data from the JES spool and obtains resources from system and user resource libraries.
- 2. AFP Download Plus transforms the print data set to MO:DCA-P and then sends the data directly to the receiving system. At the same time, it identifies every resource that is required by the spool data set and collects them in a temporary file.
- **3.** AFP Download Plus transmits the resources in the temporary file to the receiving system.

After the receiving system confirms that it has received all the data, AFP Download Plus deletes the temporary files from the working directory and the print data set from the spool.



Figure 3. Direct download method for sending data to a receiver

To use the direct download method, you must set a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory (see "direct-download" on page 53 or "Direct download" on page 81). Also, the receiver must support the direct download function. See Appendix D, "Download receiver support," on page 187 for the download receivers that support the function.

Data set distribution to receivers

Figure 4 on page 9 shows how AFP Download Plus distributes a data set from the z/OS JES spool for distribution to receivers on different operating systems: z/OS, AIX, Windows, and Linux.

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Figure 4. AFP Download Plus data set distribution

This scenario describes the steps that are shown in Figure 4:

- 1. Users submit jobs on a z/OS system, creating system output on the JES spool in either a JES2 or JES3 environment. The job submitters can specify job control language (JCL) parameters that direct the output data sets to AFP Download Plus. The data sets can contain line data, XML data, or MO:DCA-P data streams.
- 2. The AFP Download Plus sender selects output data sets from the JES spool according to installation-defined JES work-selection criteria that correspond to JCL parameters specified by the job submitters. AFP Download Plus transforms line data and XML data to MO:DCA-P, if required, and collects the resources for the output data set.

- **3**. The AFP Download Plus sender transmits MO:DCA-P data, resources, and information about the job to receiver systems in the Internet Protocol network. The operating systems can be z/OS, AIX, Windows, and Linux.
- 4. On the receiver system, the AFP Download Plus receiver, InfoPrint Manager receiver, or Ricoh ProcessDirector receiver saves the transmitted data and resources in a file and then submits it to PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector.
- 5. PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector sends the data for printing, emailing, or faxing.

Highlights

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Some highlights of AFP Download Plus are:

Compress files

Optionally, the temporary files that are stored in the z/OS File System (zFS) and the data that is transmitted to the receiving system can be compressed by AFP Download Plus with the LZW compression algorithm. Compressing these files minimizes the size requirement on the zFS and reduces TCP/IP transmission time. For more information, see "compression" on page 52 or "Compression" on page 78.

Count pages and sheets in data sets

With AFP Download Plus users can use the page accounting function to count the number of pages and sheets in a data set and send the number to the receiver. For more information, see "page-accounting-supported" on page 58 or "Page accounting supported" on page 88.

Define AFP Download Plus FSAs in the Printer Inventory

An ISPF panel in the Infoprint Server Printer Inventory lets you define an FSA specifically for AFP Download Plus. The panel includes parameters that you would otherwise need to define on the PRINTDEV statement or the EXEC PARM statement of the startup procedure, in PSF installation Exit 7, or in the AFPPARMS control statement. For more information, see "Printer Inventory" on page 70.

Distribute data sets automatically

AFP Download Plus distributes data sets the same way PSF does: the IPADDR and PORTNO parameters in the PRINTDEV statement or the IP address and Port number parameters in the Printer Inventory identify the receiver to which the data set is sent. Distribution of data sets can be transparent to the job submitter, requiring little or no modification to existing application JCL statements. AFP Download Plus supports IP addresses as host names, in dotted-decimal notation, and in colon hexadecimal notation.

Encode data for secure transmission

AFP Download Plus optionally encodes all data before transmission. The data is then decoded by the receiver. For more information, see "secure-transmission" on page 60 or "Secure transmission" on page 97.

Guarantee data transmission

AFP Download Plus guarantees the transmission of data by monitoring the data and retransmitting a document from the last successful recovery point if it detects that bytes have not been received. AFP Download Plus also verifies that all data has been successfully accepted by the receiver before

deleting a data set from the z/OS system. For information about changing the transmission recovery interval, see "transmit-recovery-pages" on page 62 or "Recovery pages" on page 93.

Include resources inline

AFP Download Plus includes all resources that are required for processing inline with the distributed file, including any PSF and JES default resources. The job submitter can choose which type of resources to include inline with the Resources included inline Printer Inventory parameters or with AFPPARMS control statement parameters. You can include one or more of these resources inline: BCOCA, GOCA, IOCA, and PTOCA with OEG objects, color management resources (CMRs), FOCA fonts, form definitions, object containers, overlays, page segments, and TrueType and OpenType fonts. For example, you can choose to include form definitions inline, but not include fonts inline.

Make use of multiple FSAs

Multiple AFP Download Plus FSAs can transmit data to the same remote system at the same time. This includes FSAs that are sending multiple data set jobs.

Manage system seamlessly

The system operator manages AFP Download Plus with the same JES or System Display and Search Facility (SDSF) commands that are used to manage PSF for z/OS.

Notify job submitter of transmission

When requested with the JCL NOTIFY parameter, AFP Download Plus notifies up to four users when it finishes processing a document. Whenever AFP Download Plus creates a message file, even if you have not requested notification, AFP Download Plus sends a notification message. If users are not specified or if those specified cannot be contacted, AFP Download Plus sends a notification to the job submitter. AFP Download Plus always puts a copy of the notification message in the system log.

Perform RACF validation

AFP Download Plus performs RACF validation for user specified resource repositories in a partitioned data set.

Process installation exits

Many of the installation exits supported by PSF are also supported by AFP Download Plus. Exits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 15 are supported.

Process jobs with multiple data sets

An output group on z/OS can contain multiple data sets. With AFP Download Plus, users can use the multiple data set function to send data sets to remote systems so all of the data sets in an output group print in sequence, with no intervening files, no NPRO processing between files, and only one header and trailer page for the set. For information about enabling the multiple data set function, see "dataset-grouping" on page 53 or "Data set grouping" on page 79.

Note: Download for z/OS uses the OUTGRP parameter on Exit 15 to process multiple data set jobs. However, AFP Download Plus ignores the OUTGRP parameter on Exit 15 and uses the dataset-grouping AFPPARMS parameter or the Data set grouping Printer Inventory parameter instead.

Process message files

Whenever a data set ends because of an error, AFP Download Plus notifies the receiver about the problem. The receiver might print a message or it might ignore the error.

Produce AFPSTATS audit trail report

When requested, AFP Download Plus produces the AFPSTATS report as an audit trail.

Produce SMF type 6 accounting records

AFP Download Plus produces System Management Facility (SMF) type 6 records with statistics about the job, such as the number of bytes transmitted and other processing information.

Send messages when errors stop transformation

When transformation ends with an error, AFP Download Plus can send the error message data set to the receiver. For more information, see "send-messages-on-failure" on page 61 or "Send messages on failure" on page 97. For information about configuring the receiver to receive messages, see Chapter 8, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS," on page 151.

Send MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiver

To reduce the size of the zFS and perform fewer I/O calls to the working directory, AFP Download Plus can send the MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiving system without storing it in a temporary file in the working directory. For more information, see "direct-download" on page 53 or "Direct download" on page 81.

Send separator pages

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AFP Download Plus can be configured to send the active PSF for z/OS separator pages to the receiver. For more information, see "send-separator-pages" on page 61 or "Send separator pages" on page 98.

Support MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set data streams

AFP Download Plus supports MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set (IS) data streams, including MO:DCA IS/3. MO:DCA IS/3 is the first interchange set to achieve industry consensus through a rigorous open standards process. It introduces new function, such as multiple page PDF and TIFF object support, and improves existing functions. For more information, see "Considerations for processing MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files" on page 16.

Transform data to MO:DCA-P

AFP Download Plus converts a z/OS spool data set into MO:DCA-P, if it is not already in that format, and then distributes the MO:DCA-P data. The distributed file is always MO:DCA-P and no other products are needed to convert or distribute the data.

View messages in the Infoprint Server common message log

If you have a license for the Infoprint Server feature of z/OS, you can use Infoprint Central to view FSA and print job messages that AFP Download Plus has written to the Infoprint Server common message log. With the common message log function, you can also use Infoprint Central to:

- Search for print jobs and view the properties for each job.
- Release held print jobs, delete jobs, change the priority of jobs, and move jobs (as long as AFP Download Plus has not started processing the jobs)

For more information, see "Printer Inventory" on page 70.

Limitations

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AFP Download Plus has these functional limitations:

ACIF user exits

AFP Download Plus does not recognize user exits previously written for and used with ACIF.

Direct-printing support

AFP Download Plus is not supported in direct-printing mode. AFP Download Plus is supported only in deferred-printing mode.

Line data indexing

AFP Download Plus does not index line data.

Message files

When AFP Download Plus sends messages to the receiver, these are the limitations:

- When message APS8239I is sent to the receiver for errors that caused processing to stop (see "send-messages-on-failure" on page 61 or "Send messages on failure" on page 97), resources that are specified on the startup procedure are not sent inline. Printing the message causes "resource not found" error messages unless the resources are already available to the receiving system or are manually made available.
- Message files are not compliant with MO:DCA IS/3 unless you make them compliant. See "Considerations for processing MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files" on page 16.

Printer-resident only fonts

The 4028 printer and printers that emulate the 4028 use a set of fonts that are only resident in the printer. Host versions of these fonts exist, but they contain only formatting information for an application, not the actual raster font pattern data. Without the font pattern data, these fonts cannot be put inline and are not supported by AFP Download Plus. If any of these fonts are used, AFP Download Plus issues message APS279I and stops processing the job.

Separator page support

When AFP Download Plus generates and sends separator pages to the receiver, these are the limitations:

- Only one data set header is sent to the receiver when multiple copies of a print job are requested. The receiver then prints only one copy of the data set header even though multiple copies of the job are printed. This differs from PSF, which prints a data set header with each copy of the print data set.
- The receiver spools the separator pages with the rest of the job (as if they are part of the user's job); this means that they are no longer recognized as separator pages. Therefore, any separator page functions (such as offset stacking, edge marks, and mark forms) are not performed by the print server on the receiving system (such as PSF for z/OS).
- Separator pages are not compliant with MO:DCA IS/3 unless you make them compliant. See "Considerations for processing MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files" on page 16.

Software requirements

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You install and configure AFP Download Plus on a z/OS system to send data. In
addition, you can install and configure AFP Download Plus on a z/OS system to
receive data. In both cases, before you install the AFP Download Plus feature,
ensure that you have met these software requirements:

- Communications Server element of z/OS with IP Services
- PSF Version 4 Release 5.0 for z/OS (Program Number 5655–M32). See *PSF for z/OS: Introduction* for the PSF software requirements.

To use these Infoprint Server Printer Inventory parameters, you must be using z/OS 1.13 or later:

- Direct download
- Display status
- Log messages
- No response action
- No response action: Notify
- Paper length
- Paper width
- Recovery pages
- Report Line-Mode Conversion paper-length errors
- Resources Included Inline: Presentation text objects (PTOCA)
- Response timeout
- Use Line-Mode Migration LINECT

To use these Infoprint Server Printer Inventory parameters, you must be using z/OS 2.1:

- Auxiliary files MO:DCA level
- PINST trace dsname
- Save auxiliary files

To use the common message log with the Infoprint Server Printer Inventory, z/OS 1.13 or later is required. Also, a z/OS 1.13 or later level of JES2 or JES3 is required.

Ensure that the remote system servers receiving data from AFP Download Plus are at or above these levels:

- Content Manager OnDemand for Multiplatforms Version 8 Release 5.0 or later (Program Number 5724–J33)
- InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (Program Number 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (Program Number 5648–F40)
- InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (Program Number 5648–F40)
- InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (Program Number 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (Program Number 5648–F40)
- InfoPrint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (Program Number 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX Version 3 Release 0 or later (Program Number 5765–H30)
- InfoPrint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (Program Number 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux Version 3 Release 0 or later (Program Number 5765–H30)

 	 InfoPrint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (Program Number 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows Version 3 Release 0 or later (Program Number 5765–H30)
	The download receiver levels that are required to use these AFP Download Plus functions are listed in Appendix D, "Download receiver support," on page 187:
	Direct download
	Extended receiver information
	 Internet Protocol Version 6 (colon hexadecimal notation)
	LZW compression
I	• MO:DCA IS/3 files
	Multiple data set
	Page accounting
	Secure transmission
	Separator pages

Performance considerations

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AFP Download Plus runs as a JES functional subsystem (FSS). AFP Download Plus reads resources from libraries and obtains records from the JES spool. AFP Download Plus then transforms the records to a MO:DCA-P data stream and stores it in temporary files in a z/OS File System (zFS) working directory with the resource group data or, optionally, immediately transmits the MO:DCA-P data to the receiving system. When the transform processing is complete, AFP Download Plus transmits the data in the temporary files to the receiving system.

If allowed, AFP Download Plus uses a large amount of the available processor while reading the resources and transforming the data. It is possible to see AFP Download Plus use 70% or more of the processor during the transform phase of processing, if that much is available. If a spike in processor usage causes system workload balancing problems, you can refer to the Workload Manager (WLM) documentation for information about limiting AFP Download Plus. You might want to create a resource group, service class, and classification rules in WLM to limit the AFP Download Plus started task (APSHPOSE) processor use by service unit or time.

You should place AFP Download Plus in a separate WLM service class from PSF for z/OS because they have dissimilar performance characteristics. Limiting PSF can cause the printers that are driven by PSF to pause because they have to wait for data.

- You should also:
 - For TCP/IP-attached receivers that use a 1000Base-T Ethernet connection, make sure the speed on both the z/OS host system and the receiver is set to 1000 megabits per second (Mbps)/full duplex operation. If the 1000Base-T Ethernet connection on the receiver does not have a 1000 Mbps/full duplex setting, make sure that it is set to auto-negotiation and the host system is set to 1000 Mbps/full duplex.
 - For TCP/IP-attached receivers that use a 100Base-T Ethernet connection, make sure both the z/OS host system and the receiver are set to 100 Mbps/full duplex operation.
 - Turn off all tracing for the receiver.

• If you are using a Windows receiver, be aware that your antivirus program might increase processor use, which reduces AFP Download Plus performance.

To reduce the size of the zFS, reduce I/O calls to the working directory, and possibly reduce processor usage, AFP Download Plus can send the MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiving system without storing it in a temporary file in the working directory. The receiver takes over some of the processing rather than AFP Download Plus doing it all. For more information, see "direct-download" on page 53 or "Direct download" on page 81.

AFP Download Plus sends recovery points to verify the transmission byte count. If the byte count does not match the current recovery point, AFP Download Plus retransmits a document from the last successful recovery point. AFP Download Plus synchronizes transmitted data with the receiver based on the AFPPARMS parameter (see "transmit-recovery-pages" on page 62), the Printer Inventory parameter (see "Recovery pages" on page 93), or at the end of a file. You can use the transmit-recovery-pages or Recovery pages parameter to change the synchronization frequency, which might improve AFP Download Plus performance. Setting the transmit-recovery-pages or Recovery pages parameter to "0" gives the best performance because AFP Download Plus only synchronizes the transmitted data with the receiver at the end of a file. The worst performance is obtained when you set the transmit-recovery-pages or Recovery pages parameter to "1".

Several other AFP Download Plus functions can affect performance:

- Encoding all data before transmission can reduce performance. For more information, see "secure-transmission" on page 60 or "Secure transmission" on page 97.
- Compressing data before transmission decreases the amount of data that is sent to the receiver, thus reducing the transmission time. However, because of the time that is required to compress and decompress the data, the overall performance might not be improved.

For more information about establishing performance goals and processing capacity boundaries, see *z*/OS *MVS Initialization and Tuning Guide* and *z*/OS *MVS Programming: Workload Management Services*.

Considerations for processing MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files

AFP Download Plus supports MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set data streams. MO:DCA IS/3, the latest interchange set, is the first interchange set to achieve industry consensus through a rigorous open standards process. It improves existing functions and introduces new functions, such as Begin Print File (BPF) and End Print File (EPF) structured fields, and multiple page PDF and TIFF object support. The BPF and EPF structured fields are the first and last structured fields in a MO:DCA IS/3 file.
To correctly process a MO:DCA IS/3 file, you must use applications that claim support for MO:DCA IS/3; otherwise, you have no assurance that the file is processed correctly. For example, when an application concatenates two MO:DCA IS/3 compliant print files, the EPF structured field in the first file and the BPF structured field in the second file must be removed to create a single MO:DCA IS/3 compliant file that is enclosed by a BPF and EPF structured field pair. See <i>Mixed Object Document Content Architecture Reference</i> for more information about IS/3.

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MO:DCA IS/3 data streams can use only TrueType and OpenType fonts; FOCA fonts are not allowed. AFP Download Plus might add auxiliary files, such as separator pages and message files, to a job. Typically, these auxiliary files use FOCA fonts and do not contain BPF and EPF structured fields; therefore, they are not MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. If AFP Download Plus processes a MO:DCA IS/3 data stream with non-MO:DCA IS/3 auxiliary files and sends the job to a receiver that concatenates the files into a single file, the resulting file is not MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. To prevent this problem, the auxiliary files must be MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.

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The AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS uses the **afpconcat** exit program to concatenate a multiple data set job to a single data set. This concatenation process preserves the files as MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. If you send MO:DCA IS/3 files as a group to any other receiver that concatenates multiple data sets, make sure that the concatenation process does not remove all BPF and EPF structured fields. Otherwise, the resulting single data set print file is no longer MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.

To ensure that the files AFP Download Plus transmits remain compliant with MO:DCA IS/3, you must make sure that these guidelines are followed:

- When AFP Download Plus processes MO:DCA IS/3 data streams, only TrueType and OpenType fonts should be used, not FOCA fonts.
- Any auxiliary files that AFP Download Plus might add to a job must be compliant with MO:DCA IS/3.
- The receiver and applications that process the print file must support MO:DCA IS/3.
- If you have a multiple data set job with one or more MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files and you want the data sets and any auxiliary files to remain compliant, you must make sure that the MO:DCA IS/3 files are preserved if the receiver concatenates the data sets.

See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for more information.

Chapter 2. Planning the size of the working directory

AFP Download Plus uses a working directory to store two types of files:

Permanent error message files

These files remain in the file system until you delete them. Error message files are created by AFP Download Plus when a processing error occurs. The files are located in the *workdirectory*/userinfo directory, where *workdirectory* is the name of the working directory that is specified by a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory (see "working-directory" on page 62 or "Working directory" on page 99). *workdirectory* is set to a default value of /var/psf/.

See "Monitoring error messages" on page 139 for more information about error message files and how to delete them.

Temporary files for transformed data and resources

These are files that AFP Download Plus creates and then deletes when it has finished processing a data set. Temporary files are located in the *workdirectory*/**afpdp**/*fsaname* directory, where *workdirectory* is the name of the working directory that is specified by a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory and *fsaname* specifies the name of the FSA associated with the sender. *workdirectory* is set to a default value of /var/psf/.

Because error message files are small in size and not many should exist, this chapter only describes how to estimate the size of the working directory for the temporary files that AFP Download Plus creates. However, you should allocate at least one cylinder of space for the error message files.

AFP Download Plus uses a temporary file in the working directory to store the resources and either places the MO:DCA-P data in a temporary file in the working directory before sending the resources and data to the receiving system or, if a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory is set (see "direct-download" on page 53 or "Direct download" on page 81), sends the MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiving system.

Because the working directory contains all the resources that are required by the print data set and might contain the entire print data set in its MO:DCA-P form, you must allocate and mount a z/OS File System (zFS) that is large enough to hold the temporary files that AFP Download Plus creates. If the file system you allocate is too small, an AFP Download Plus abend leaves partial temporary files in the zFS. These partial temporary files are deleted by AFP Download Plus the next time that the FSA is successfully started. When planning for the working directory, overestimating the size is better than underestimating.

The performance of the working directory is also an important consideration when planning for the file system. In addition to the physical disk subsystem that is selected for the file system, the file structure (zFS or HFS) has an impact on file system performance. Because a z/OS File System (zFS) has higher performance characteristics than a Hierarchical File System (HFS) and is the strategic file system for z/OS, you should allocate a zFS rather than an HFS.

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When planning the size of the zFS for the AFP Download Plus sender, keep in mind that the AFP Download Plus receiver (z/OS, AIX, Windows, or Linux operating system) needs a file system of a comparable or larger size to receive the data from the AFP Download Plus sender. See "Creating working directories" on page 151.

For information about using zFS, see *z*/OS UNIX System Services Planning and *z*/OS Distributed File Service zFS Administration.

The factors to consider when estimating the size of the working directory are:

- Compression
- Concurrent FSAs
- Direct download of data
- Non-direct download of data

Compression factor

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AFP Download Plus can optionally compress the MO:DCA-P data and resources before temporarily storing them in the zFS or sending the data to the receiver. You use a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory to compress data (see "compression" on page 52 or "Compression" on page 78).

Not all data compresses at the same rate, but generally you can expect a compression rate of about 50% and a reduction in the size requirement for the working directory.

Some data does not compress well and some data is larger after compression. These types of data do not compress well:

- Input data with large amounts of data that is already compressed, such as image data
- Small input data sets (5 KB or less)
- TrueType and outline fonts

Also, keep in mind that more processor capacity is required to run the compression and extraction algorithms.

Concurrent FSAs factor

Concurrent FSAs are FSAs that run AFP Download Plus senders and z/OS receivers at the same time.

Running a large number of concurrent FSAs can cause conflict for the file system. Therefore, if performance is slow, consider allocating several zFSs (one for each of the concurrent FSAs) as opposed to a single zFS for all the FSAs.

Note:

You should allocate separate zFSs for AFP Download Plus senders and receivers that are running on the same z/OS system.

Direct download factor

1	AFP Download Plus can use the optional direct download function to send MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiving system without storing it in a temporary file in the zFS. You set a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory (see "working-directory" on page 62 or "Working directory" on page 99) to use the direct download function.
	When AFP Download Plus is using the direct download function, the working directory contains only resources and not MO:DCA-P data. Based on the job that requires the largest number of resource bytes, estimate the size of the working directory. The working directory size must be larger than the resource bytes required.
I	By using the direct download function, you might see a reduction of up to 90% in the size of the zFS. For example, as the size of the MO:DCA-P data increases compared to the size of the resources, you see more of a reduction in the size of
I	the zFS. Also, with a reduction in I/O calls to the working directory, you might see less processor use than you are typically used to.

Non-direct download factor

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By default, AFP Download Plus uses temporary files in the working directory to store the resources and MO:DCA-P data before sending them to the receiving system. When AFP Download Plus is using this non-direct download method, you should consider these factors for estimating and calculating the correct size of a working directory:

- Print data set size
- Expansion factor with required resources

This section also explains how to calculate the size of the zFS when using the non-direct download method.

Print data set size

To estimate the working directory size, you must understand the size of the largest print data set to be processed by AFP Download Plus. You can estimate the largest print data set size from:

- Pages produced
- · Lines or records
- Byte count

Estimation from pages produced

Some print applications produce approximately the same number of pages each time. Therefore, you can use the number of pages that are produced to estimate the size for the print data set being processed.

To do this estimation, you must determine a page size in bytes for the number of pages produced. Pages can vary greatly in size from a few hundred bytes to thousands of bytes. You must understand your own print application well enough to determine the appropriate page size. Keep in mind that the page size can vary greatly from print data set to print data set. For example, the average page size for one data set might be 0.7 KB while another is 27 KB.

Use the formula (*Pages x PageSize*) to estimate the print data set size to use in calculating the size for the zFS. Remember, it is better to overestimate and adjust later than it is to underestimate.

If you do not know the number of pages a print application produces, or the print data set is a MO:DCA-P file and you are a JES2 user, you can use SDSF to determine the number of pages in the print data set. After the print data set is on the JES spool, look at the Tot-Page column on the SDSF output panel.

If you are a JES3 user, you can use the ***I,J=jobname,E** command to display the pages for a MO:DCA-P format print data set that is on the JES spool.

Estimation from lines or records

If you know the logical record length (LRECL) of a print job, you can use the metrics, lines or records, to estimate the print data set size. When the record format is fixed, you can use the number of lines (or records) with the record length to compute the size of the print data set in bytes.

Use the formula (*Lines* x *LRECL*) to estimate the print data set size to use in calculating the size for the zFS.

For line data files in the JES2 spool, you can use SDSF to determine the number of records in the print data set. Look at the Tot-Rec column on the SDSF output panel.

If you are a JES3 user, you can use the ***I,J=jobname,E** command to determine the number of lines in a print data set on the JES spool.

Estimation from byte count

You can inspect the individual print data sets in the JES spool to get the most accurate estimate of the print data set size. You use the byte count value as the size for a print data set. Remember to figure the size of the largest print data set that the AFP Download Plus FSA processes.

You can use SDSF to determine the byte count of jobs in the JES2 spool:

- 1. Enter ? next to your print job on the SDSF output panel. You see the SDSF Job Data Set Display panel.
- 2. Look at the Byte-Cnt column.

If you are a JES3 user, you can use the ***I,J=jobname,E** command to display the bytes for a MO:DCA-P format print data set that is on the JES spool.

Expansion factor

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You use the expansion factor for estimating the working directory size. The expansion factor is the amount the transformation and resource collection processes cause the data to grow.

During print data set processing, the spool data set is transformed from its original format to MO:DCA-P. Also, AFP Download Plus collects all the resources that are required to print the data set (such as fonts, page segments, and overlays) and includes them inline in the document sent to the receiver. The number and size of the resources have a bearing on the size of the working directory that is needed to process the print data set.

When calculating the size of the zFS, an expansion factor is multiplied by the largest print data set size to allow for transforming the print data set and including

the resources inline. The suggested expansion factor is 20% or a value of 1.2; however, because not all print data sets have the same characteristics, you might need to adjust the value of the expansion factor. Also, for small print data sets, print data sets requiring a large number of resources, or print data sets that use large resources, the resources might require more space in the zFS.

Sample calculations for directory size

This section shows how to calculate the size of the zFS when AFP Download Plus is using the non-direct download method. The formula that you use takes into account the print data set size, expansion factor, and concurrent FSAs. The formula is:

DataSetSize x ExpFactor x FSAs = FileSysSize

The values are:

DataSetSize

Size of the largest print data set

ExpFactor

Expansion factor of 20% or 1.2

FSAs

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Number of concurrent FSAs

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FileSysSize
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Size of the zFS in bytes

Keep in mind: If you are using data compression and the files compress well, you reduce the calculated zFS size by 50% with this calculation: *FileSysSize* x 50%

Calculation examples

The tables in this section show calculation examples depending on whether you are estimating the print data set size from pages (Table 3), lines or records (Table 4 on page 24), or byte count (Table 5 on page 24). The values in the tables have been rounded up because it is better to overestimate.

The calculations in these tables assume that each active FSA is simultaneously processing the largest sized print data set (the most demanding scenario). If not, you might need to adjust the calculations appropriately.

Calculations when estimating from pages: Table 3 shows calculation examples when estimating from pages with this formula:

[(Pages x PageSize) = DataSetSize] x ExpFactor x FSAs = FileSysSize

		Lar	gest	print data	set	size						
I	Print job	Number of pages	x	Average page size	=	Largest Size	x	Expansion Factor	x	Number of concurrent FSAs	=	z/OS File System size
	Test1	65,000		27,000		1,755 M		1.2 (= 2,106 M)		3		6,318 M
	Test2	100,000		660		66 M		1.2 (= 79.2 M)		3		238 M
	Note: Tl	ne average	pag	e size can	vary	greatly fro	m p	rint data set to	prir	nt data set.		1

Table 3. Estimating from pages. M = 10⁶

Calculations when estimating from lines or records: Table 4 shows calculation examples when estimating from lines or records with this formula:

[(Lines x LRECL) = DataSetSize] x ExpFactor x FSAs = FileSysSize

	Large	st p	rint data	set s	size						
Print job	Number of lines (records)	x	LRECL	=	Largest Size	x	Expansion Factor	x	Number of concurrent FSAs	=	z/OS File System size
Test3	5,000,000		133		665 M		1.2 (= 798 M)		5		3,990 M
Test4	25,000,000		133		3,325 M		1.2 (= 3,990 M)		5		20 G
Note:	Note: The print jobs in this table are simple line data jobs.										

Table 4. Estimating from lines or records. M = 10⁶; G = 10⁹

Calculations when estimating from byte count: Table 5 shows calculation examples when estimating from byte count with this formula:

[ByteCount = DataSetSize] x ExpFactor x FSAs = FileSysSize

Table 5.	Estimating	from	byte	count.	M = 10 ⁶
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Print job	Largest print data set size (Byte count)	x	Expansion Factor	x	Number of concurrent FSAs	=	z/OS File System size
Test1	1,656 M		1.2 (= 1,988 M)		3		5,954 M
Test2	65 M		1.2 (= 78 M)		3		234 M
Test3	619 M		1.2 (= 743 M)		5		3,715 M
Test4	2,148 M		1.2 (= 2,578 M)		5		12,890 M

Note: This calculation method is the most accurate.

Calculation scenario

An application that is called RACER is processed by AFP Download Plus. AFP Download Plus reads the print data set from the JES spool and sends it to another system for printing. These factors are known:

- The print data set produced by RACER is the largest print data set that this AFP Download Plus FSA has to process.
- The average byte size of the RACER application's print data set on the JES spool is 110 M, where M = 10⁶.
- Only one FSA is running AFP Download Plus.

These are the steps for calculating the size of the zFS in bytes:

1. Because you know the byte count, use the formula for estimating from byte count:

ByteCount x ExpFactor x FSAs = FileSysSize

See Table 5 on page 24 for examples.

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- 2. Calculate the file system size with ByteCount = 110 M and FSAs = 1: 110 M x 1.2 x 1 = 132 M
- 3. Convert 132 M to megabytes (MB), where 1 MB = 1,048,576: 132,000,000 / 1,048,576 = 125 MB
 - **Note:** For allocation purposes, it is better to have a value in gigabytes (GB) or megabytes (MB), where 1 GB = 1,073,741,824.

In this scenario, the zFS must be allocated with a size of 125 MB or larger in order for AFP Download Plus to process RACER. If you are using data compression and the files compress well (see "Compression factor" on page 20), you can reduce the 125 MB or larger size by 50%.

Chapter 3. Installing AFP Download Plus

	The AFP Download Plus feature includes software for both the sender and receiver. You can configure your system to use just the sender or the receiver, or you can use both components on the same system. If you are using AFP Download Plus to send jobs from one z/OS operating system to another, you must install AFP Download Plus on both z/OS systems.
	Note: Each AFP Download Plus installation requires a separate IBM license.
 	This section describes how to install the AFP Download Plus feature. If you are migrating from Download for z/OS to AFP Download Plus, you might want to perform a connectivity test to an existing receiver before doing a complete, customized installation. If so, see Appendix F, "Connectivity test for AFP Download Plus," on page 193.
	To install AFP Download Plus, perform these steps:
1	1. Make sure that you are at the correct program levels. See "Software requirements" on page 14
	 Install AFP Download Plus on the z/OS operating system. See the <i>Program</i> Directory for AFP Download Plus for instructions.
	3 . Establish security with group and user profiles. See "Establishing security" on page 28.
	4. Change directory ownership. See "Changing directory ownership" on page 29.
	5. Create a working directory. See "Creating a working directory" on page 29.
	6. Set the PATH environment variable. See "Setting the PATH environment variable" on page 30.
	7. Configure the SYS1.PARMLIB member for AFP Download Plus. See "Enabling AFP Download Plus in the SYS1.PARMLIB member" on page 30.
	 Configure the AFP Download Plus sender on the z/OS operating system. See Chapter 4, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus sender," on page 35.
	9. Configure a receiver. Do one of these:
	• Configure the AFP Download Plus receiver on the secondary z/OS operating system. See Chapter 8, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS," on page 151.
	 Configure a download receiver on an AIX, Windows, or Linux operating system to receive data from the AFP Download Plus sender. See these publications:
	– InfoPrint Manager for AIX: Procedures
1	– InfoPrint Manager for Linux: Procedures
	– InfoPrint Manager for Windows: Procedures
	– Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX: Planning and Installing
	- Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux: Planning and Installing
	– Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows: Planning and Installing
	 Information center on Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux: Publications, Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX: Publications, or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows: Publications

Establishing security

To establish security for AFP Download Plus, you must create a group profile, such as APSADMIN, which defines the users who are authorized to control and use various functions of AFP Download Plus. You must also create a user profile, such as APS, which gives the sender authority to access the group profile.

To create the group profile and user profile, you can use the Resource Access Control Facility (RACF) or another program that follows System Authorization Facility (SAF) protocol to establish security. Do this:

 Create a group profile with an OMVS group identifier (GID). For example, this RACF command defines group APSADMIN: ADDGROUP APSADMIN OMVS(GID(number))

where *number* is a unique GID number with values 1 - 2147483647.

2. Define a user profile with an OMVS user identifier (UID). For example, these RACF commands create the user APS and grant access to the APSADMIN group:

ADDUSER APS DFLTGRP(APSADMIN) OMVS(UID(number)) NOPASSWORD

where *number* is a unique UID number with values 1 - 2147483647.

Note: NOPASSWORD defines the user ID as a protected user ID.

3. Define the startup procedure that you are using to the RACF STARTED class. If you want to use the RACF Started Procedures Table (ICHRIN03) instead, see *z/OS Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide*. For example, these RACF commands define the startup procedure, AFPPLUS and relate the user ID, APS, and group ID, APSADMIN:

```
SETOPTS GENERIC(STARTED)
REDEFINE STARTED AFPPLUS.* STDATA(USER(APS) GROUP(APSADMIN))
SETROPTS CLASSACT(STARTED) RACLIST(STARTED)
SETROPTS RACLIST(STARTED) REFRESH
```

4. Grant READ access to this privilege profile to be able to change the ownership of any file that is used by AFP Download Plus. For example, these RACF commands grant READ access to user APS:

```
SETROPTS CLASSACT(UNIXPRIV)
SETROPTS RACLIST(UNIXPRIV)
RDEFINE UNIXPRIV SUPERUSER.FILESYS.CHOWN UACC(NONE)
PERMIT SUPERUSER.FILESYS.CHOWN CLASS(UNIXPRIV) ID(APS) ACCESS(READ)
SETROPTS RACLIST(UNIXPRIV) REFRESH
```

5. Set up a RACF data set profile definition for each resource library data set listed in the startup procedure (such as FONTLIB, PDEFLIB, and FDEFLIB). Also, use the RACF PERMIT command to give the user ID from the RDEFINE command access to the data set. For example:

ADDSD 'dsn.*' OWNER(xx) UACC(NONE) GENERIC PERMIT 'dsn.*' GENERIC ID(APS) ACC(READ)

- 6. Create user IDs with OMVS segments for each user you want included in the group. Each OMVS segment must have a unique UID number with values 1 2147483647.
- Connect the user IDs to the group. For example, this RACF command connects a user ID to the APSADMIN group: CONNECT (userid) GROUP(APSADMIN)

Changing directory ownership

After you create the APSADMIN group, you must change ownership of the AFP Download Plus installation directories and files (/usr/lpp/psf) to APSADMIN group ownership. Do this:

- 1. Mount in read/write mode the file system that contains /usr/lpp/psf.
- Run this command from an rlogin shell or from an OMVS session: chgrp -R APSADMIN /usr/lpp/psf

Creating a working directory

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To use AFP Download Plus, you need a z/OS File System (zFS) that is set up as a working directory. To create the working directory, you must:

- 1. Allocate the zFS.
- 2. Set up the working directory.
- **3**. Mount the zFS.

This section summarizes the steps for creating the working directory. It also describes how to monitor the zFS. See *z/OS Distributed File Service zFS Administration* for complete instructions about creating a working directory and estimating, allocating, and mounting a zFS.

Allocating the z/OS File System

To allocate a z/OS File System (zFS) that AFP Download Plus can use as the working directory:

- 1. Calculate the size of the zFS. See Chapter 2, "Planning the size of the working directory," on page 19.
- 2. Allocate a zFS based on the size you calculated. The data set you allocate must be large enough to contain, on one or more volumes, data that equals the megabytes (MB) or gigabytes (GB) you calculated.

Setting up the working directory

AFP Download Plus uses a working directory to save data before it sends print data sets to the receiving system. You specify the working directory name with a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory (see "working-directory" on page 62 or "Working directory" on page 99), or you can use the default value of **/var/psf**/.

To set up the working directory:

1. Create the working directory in your file system or as a separate file system in its own zFS data set (it is recommended that you use a separate file system).

Sysplex users: The working directory file system must be system-specific. If the working directory is defined in the BPXPRM*xx* SYS1.PARMLIB member, it must be designated NOAUTOMOVE.

2. Change the group owner of the working directory with this command, where *workdirectory* is the working directory name:

chgrp APSADMIN workdirectory

 Change the permissions of the working directory with this command: chmod 775 workdirectory

I	Mounting the z/OS File System
I	To mount the z/OS File System (zFS):
I	1. Use TSO or z/OS UNIX System Services to mount the new zFS to the working directory (see "Setting up the working directory" on page 29).
	If you are using multiple mounts within the file system, mount each file at the mount points with settings such as these:
	 /workdirectory/afpdp
	 /workdirectory/afpdp/fsaname
	<i>workdirectory</i> is the working directory name and <i>fsaname</i> is the FSA name that is specified with the PRT(<i>nnn</i>) parameter in the JES2 PRT statement (see "PRT statement" on page 101) or the JNAME parameter in the JES3 DEVICE statement (see "DEVICE statement" on page 105).
	Tip: To make the mount point permanent, specify it in the BPXPRM <i>xx</i> SYS1.PARMLIB member.
I	For more information, see z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.
I	Monitoring the z/OS File System
I	You can monitor the z/OS File System (zFS) usage and adjust the size when appropriate. For information about monitoring zFS, see <i>z</i> /OS UNIX System Services Planning and <i>z</i> /OS Distributed File Service zFS Administration.
	Tip: Use the zFS threshold monitoring function aggrfull to report space usage that is based on total aggregate disk size.

Setting the PATH environment variable

You must change the PATH environment variable in the **/etc/profile** file to include the directories for the AFP Download Plus executable files. Do this:

1. Edit /etc/profile.

Notes:

- a. You must have authority to edit the /etc/profile file.
- b. The environment variables are case-sensitive; therefore, enter the values exactly as shown.
- Add this to the PATH environment variable: /usr/lpp/psf/local:/usr/lpp/psf/bin
- 3. Log out and then log in again for the new PATH to become available.

Enabling AFP Download Plus in the SYS1.PARMLIB member

After you install AFP Download Plus, ensure that SYS1.PARMLIB contains member IFAPRD*xx* and that AFP Download Plus is enabled in the member. Figure 5 on page 31 shows the PRODUCT entry that IFAPRD*xx* must contain for AFP Download Plus. Note that the STATE value is set to ENABLED.

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PRODUCT OWNER('IBM CORP') NAME('PSF for z/OS') ID(5655-M32) VERSION(*) RELEASE(*) MOD(*) FEATURENAME('Download Plus') STATE(ENABLED)

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Figure 5. PRODUCT entry for AFP Download Plus in your IFAPRDxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB

Part 2. Using AFP Download Plus to transform and send data

This section contains these chapters with tasks for working with the sender component of AFP Download Plus:

Chapter 4, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus sender"

This chapter describes the tasks that you perform to configure the sender.

Chapter 5, "Operating the AFP Download Plus sender"

This chapter describes how to start, stop, cancel, restart, and monitor the sender.

Chapter 6, "Using the AFP Download Plus sender"

This chapter describes how the job submitter uses JCL to direct a data set to the sender. It also describes how to specify the AFPPARMS control statement, direct output to receiver systems, monitor error messages, and recover from errors.

Chapter 7, "Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus sender"

This chapter describes how to diagnose problems with the sender, including how to use the PSF for z/OS trace and dump facilities.

Chapter 4. Configuring the AFP Download Plus sender

This chapter describes the tasks that you must perform to configure the sender after you have installed AFP Download Plus on your z/OS operating system. See Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus," on page 27 for information about installing the feature.

The tasks for configuring the AFP Download Plus sender on the z/OS operating system are:

- 1. Plan for AFP Download Plus.
- 2. Configure TCP/IP.
- 3. Create the AFP Download Plus startup procedure.
- 4. Define JES initialization statements.
- 5. Write installation exits.
- 6. Review the program properties table (PPT) entry.

These tasks are described in the following sections.

Planning considerations

AFP Download Plus operates as a JES functional subsystem (FSS). An FSS is an extension of JES, which runs in its own address space. Within the FSS, the AFP Download Plus program runs as a functional subsystem application (FSA), using the support facilities of the FSS to communicate with JES. Several AFP Download Plus FSAs can run in the same FSS.

These sections describe the planning decisions that you should consider before writing a startup procedure and coding the JES2 or JES3 initialization statements:

- How many FSSs and FSAs to define
- What region size to define for each FSS
- What JES work-selection criteria to specify for each FSA
- How to differentiate AFP Download Plus from PSF for z/OS
- What to do so the output from AFP Download Plus remains MO:DCA IS/3 compliant

Deciding how many FSSs and FSAs to define

For improved throughput and more efficient use of system resources, you can define more than one FSA within an FSS. You also can define more than one FSS. Table 6 lists the maximum number of FSSs and FSAs you can define.

Table 6.	Number	of FSSs	and	FSAs	supported
----------	--------	---------	-----	------	-----------

Number of FSSs	Number of FSAs per FSS				
32767 maximum for JES2 2000 maximum for JES3	128 maximum (see Note)				
Note: The actual number of FSAs per FSS might be limited by the amount of storage each AFP Download Plus FSA requires below the 16-megabyte line. See "Determining FSS region size" on page 36 to determine how much virtual storage size each FSA requires.					

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Determining FSS region size

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The region-size requirements for each AFP Download Plus FSS depend on:

- Whether the trace option is active
- The number of FSAs supported by the FSS

An installation option that can affect storage requirements is the size of the trace table. The default is 128 KB per FSA. See *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis* for more information about tracing.

You specify the amount of storage that is required by each AFP Download Plus FSS on the EXEC JCL statement of the startup procedure (see "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45). Table 7 shows the minimum storage that is required for AFP Download Plus. The storage includes all subpools that are associated with each of the AFP Download Plus-related task control blocks.

Table 7. Minimum storage required for FSS and FSAs

FSA	Below 16 Megabyte	Above 16 Megabyte
The first FSA in an FSS	0.6 MB below 16 MB	8.2 MB above 16 MB
Each additional FSA in the FSS	0.2 MB below 16 MB	1.4 MB above 16 MB

Defining work-selection criteria

You define work-selection criteria for each AFP Download Plus FSA during JES initialization. These criteria determine which output data sets the AFP Download Plus FSA selects from the JES2 or JES3 spool.

You can use JES2 and JES3 to specify numerous work-selection criteria, which correspond to JCL parameters. See the appropriate *JES Initialization and Tuning Guide* and *JES Initialization and Tuning Reference* for your system for information about the possible criteria. Some work-selection criteria that you might consider for data sets to be processed by AFP Download Plus are:

- Output class of the data set
- Form name
- Destination name

You specify the work-selection criteria for each AFP Download Plus FSA on a parameter of a JES initialization statement:

- WS parameter of the JES2 PRT(*nnn*) statement
- WS parameter of the JES3 DEVICE statement

Differentiating AFP Download Plus from PSF for z/OS

The FSS for AFP Download Plus is similar to the FSS you might already have defined for PSF for z/OS. Thus, you can use similar JES initialization statements to define the AFP Download Plus FSS and FSAs, and your AFP Download Plus startup procedure can be similar to the existing PSF startup procedure. You must give the AFP Download Plus FSS and FSAs different names and make modifications in these areas:

JES work-selection criteria

You must specify different JES work-selection criteria for the AFP Download Plus FSA than for the PSF for z/OS FSA. For example, if class A

is specified for the PSF for z/OS FSA, you must specify a different class or a different work-selection criteria, such as destination, for the AFP Download Plus FSA.

Printing defaults

When you define an FSA, you can specify defaults for several printing options. However, to transmit a data set to an AIX, Windows, or Linux operating system for printing, you might not want to specify defaults on the z/OS system. See "Specifying defaults in JES2" on page 103 and "Specifying defaults in JES3" on page 108.

Startup procedure

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The startup procedure must specify a different program entry point for AFP Download Plus. Some of the parameters on the PRINTDEV statement do not apply to AFP Download Plus. See "PRINTDEV parameters" on page 64 for the PRINTDEV parameters that do apply to AFP Download Plus.

Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant

AFP Download Plus accepts input files that are identified as MO:DCA IS/3 compliant and transmits them as MO:DCA IS/3. For MO:DCA IS/3 files to remain compliant, AFP Download Plus must transmit them to receivers that support MO:DCA IS/3. All applications that process the print file must also support MO:DCA IS/3.

Even though a receiver supports MO:DCA IS/3, you must still make sure that it preserves IS/3 compliant files on output. For example, the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS uses the **afpconcat** exit program to concatenate a multiple data set job to a single data set. This concatenation process preserves the files as MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. However, another receiver might use an exit program that concatenates multiple data sets and removes all Begin Print File (BPF) and End Print File (EPF) structured fields, resulting in a single data set print file that is no longer MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.

To ensure that all MO:DCA IS/3 files that AFP Download Plus transmits remain compliant with MO:DCA IS/3, check these items:

- To make sure the auxiliary files that AFP Download Plus sends to the receiver, such as separator pages and message files, are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant, do these:
 - 1. Create or update a PRINTDEV statement in the startup procedure that specifies a message OUTPUT statement with these entries:
 - A page definition that uses only TrueType and OpenType fonts, not FOCA fonts. For example, the OUTPUT statement can specify the P1TT6462 sample page definition that is shipped with PSF. P1TT6462 is equivalent to the P1A06462 default message page definition, except that it uses TrueType and OpenType fonts.
 - A form definition that either is compiled with the COMPIS3 PPFA parameter or is one of the sample IS/3 form definitions that is shipped with PSF: F1I30110 for simplex or F1I30111 for duplex. To use the COMPIS3 parameter in PPFA, you must have PTF UK79320 installed.

See PRT004 in Figure 6 on page 41 for more information.

- 2. When sending separator pages, create or update a PRINTDEV statement in the startup procedure that specifies separator OUTPUT statements with these entries:
 - A page definition that uses only TrueType and OpenType fonts, not FOCA fonts. For example, the OUTPUT statements can specify the P1TT6483 sample page definition that is shipped with PSF. P1TT6483 is equivalent to the P1V06483 default separator page definition, except that it uses TrueType and OpenType fonts.
 - A form definition that either is compiled with the COMPIS3 PPFA parameter or is one of the sample IS/3 form definitions that is shipped with PSF: F1I30110 for simplex or F1I30111 for duplex. To use the COMPIS3 parameter in PPFA, you must have PTF UK79320 installed.

See PRT004 in Figure 6 on page 41 for more information.

- **3**. Set a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory to the IS/3 level (see "auxiliary-files-modca-level" on page 51 or "Auxiliary files MO:DCA level" on page 76). When processing auxiliary files, AFP Download Plus checks that the files contain TrueType and OpenType fonts. If they contain FOCA fonts, AFP Download Plus stops processing.
- 4. Test that the auxiliary files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant by doing these:
 - a. Set a parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Printer Inventory to **Yes** (see "save-auxiliary-files" on page 60 or "Save auxiliary files" on page 97) and then run AFP Download Plus. During processing, AFP Download Plus ignores the parameters for compression, direct download, and send messages on failure; saves the auxiliary files in the job submitter's default message directory, **/var/psf/userinfo/***userid*; and does not send any files to the receiver.
 - b. Run the MO:DCA validation tool of your choice on the saved auxiliary files to determine whether your files are compliant. The AFP Consortium, http://www.afpcinc.org, provides an IS/3 validation tool that you can use. The validation tool indicates whether MO:DCA errors are present in the file. See *Mixed Object Document Content Architecture Reference* for more information about resolving IS/3-related errors.
 - **c.** Fix the files if they contain errors, run AFP Download Plus, and then run the MO:DCA validation tool. Do this until the files are compliant. The saved auxiliary files are replaced each time that you run AFP Download Plus.
 - d. When testing is complete, set the parameter for saving auxiliary files to **No**.
- If you have a multiple data set job with one or more MO:DCA IS/3 compliant data sets and you want the data sets and any auxiliary files to remain compliant, do one of these:
 - Send the job to a receiver that does not concatenate data sets.
 - Send the job to a receiver that preserves MO:DCA IS/3 files during the concatenation process.
 - Set an AFPPARMS parameter or Printer Inventory parameter to No (see "Data set grouping" on page 79 or "dataset-grouping" on page 53), and send the job to a receiver that does not preserve MO:DCA IS/3 files during the concatenation process.

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Configuring TCP/IP

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AFP Download Plus uses TCP/IP to send data to PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector, and supports IPv4 and IPv6. TCP/IP configuration parameters, in addition to other network considerations, can affect how fast data is sent. For information about configuring TCP/IP, see z/OS *Communications Server: IP System Administrator's Commands*. For AFP Download Plus, also check the recommendations that are listed in *PSF for z/OS: Customization*.

You should use a buffer size of 256 KB for TCPRCVBUFRSIZE and TCPSENDBFRSIZE. You can specify these parameters in the TCPCONFIG statement in the hlq.PROFILE.TCPIP data set. See *z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference* for information about the TCPCONFIG statement and the PROFILE.TCPIP search order.

Creating a startup procedure

Before starting the AFP Download Plus sender, you must create a cataloged startup procedure to define FSAs for the sender and indicate how the job is to be processed. The startup procedure identifies:

- Program name and region size.
- AFP Download Plus resources.
- Defaults for processing with different FSA destinations. You can define different defaults for each FSA.

Include the startup procedure in a library that is known to either JES2 or JES3. See the appropriate *JES Initialization and Tuning Guide* for your installation for more information about startup procedure libraries.

Notes:

- 1. To generate auxiliary files that are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant, such as separator pages and message files, see "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the changes you need to make in the startup procedure.
- 2. You can define initialization parameters in the Infoprint Server Printer Inventory instead of the startup procedure. Using the Printer Inventory is more efficient than using the startup procedure because when you change parameters in the Printer Inventory, you do not need to restart all the FSAs in the startup procedure; you need to restart only the FSA for which you changed parameters. See "Printer Inventory" on page 70 for information about how to use parameters in the Printer Inventory instead of the startup procedure. For more information about the Printer Inventory, see *PSF for z/OS: Customization*.

This section describes sample startup procedures, JCL statements for the startup procedure, the AFPPARMS control statement, PRINTDEV parameters, and Printer Inventory parameters.

Sample startup procedure

Table 8 on page 40 lists the sample startup procedures that are provided with AFP Download Plus in SYS1.PROCLIB.

Member name	Description
APSWAFPP	Startup procedure for AFP Download Plus, which includes the use of Quick Response (QR) Code bar codes with SOSI data, extended code pages that are stored in UNIX files, RAT-installed resources, such as TrueType and OpenType fonts and data object resources, and an IS/3-defined FSA.
APSWAFP2	Startup procedure for AFP Download Plus.

Table 8. Sample startup procedure members in SYS1.PROCLIB

Figure 6 on page 41 shows an example of an AFP Download Plus sender startup procedure with four FSAs that send data to different receivers running on the same system. The startup procedure name is AFPPLUS and the FSA names are PRT001, PRT002, PRT003, and PRT004.

The JES2 initialization statements for this sender are shown in Figure 11 on page 100; the JES3 initialization statements are shown in Figure 12 on page 104.

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	//AFPPLUS	PROC			
	//*******	*****	***:	***************************************	
	//* This s	sample startup procedure defi	ine	s the DD, OUTPUT, and	
	<pre>//* PRINTDEV JCL for four AFP Download Plus destinations.</pre>				
	//*				
	//*******	*****	***	***************************************	
	//STEP01	EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE, REGION=4M,	, PA	RM=(,,,,TCPIP,)	
	//*******	*****	***	***************************************	
	//AFPSTATS	DD DSN=INST.AFPPLUS.AFPSIAIS	s,D	I SP=SHR	
	//AFPPARMS	DD DSN=FSS.PDS.AFPPARMS,DISF	2=21	HR	
	//*				
	//MSGDSR	OUIPUI PAGEDEF=A06462,			
	11	FURMDEF=A10110,			
	11	PIMSG=NU,			
	// //100UDD		بد/		
	//	FORMDEE-A10120 CHARS-60D8	1.	FORMER, ALTERNATIVE RIN +/	
	//	OUTDUT DACEDEE-TT6483	1.	10R HEADED SEDADATOD USING TOUETVDE +/	
	//	FORMDEF=130110	/*	FONTS SPECIFIED IN THE PAGEDEE */	
	//.10BTLR	OUTPUT PAGEDEE=V06483	/*	JOB TRATLER PAGE */	
	//	FORMDFF=A10110, CHARS=60D8	/*	FORMDEF: MAIN BIN */	
	//JOBTIS3	OUTPUT PAGEDEF=TT6483	/*	JOB TRAILER SEPARATOR USING TRUETYPE */	
	//	FORMDEF=I30110	, /*	FONTS SPECIFIED IN THE PAGEDEF */	
	//DSHDR	OUTPUT PAGEDEF=V06483,	/*	DATA SET SEPARATOR */	
	//	FORMDEF=A10110,CHARS=60D8	/*	FORMDEF: MAIN BIN */	
	//DSHIS3	OUTPUT PAGEDEF=TT6483	/*	JOB DATA SET SEPARATOR USING TRUETYPE*/	
	11	FORMDEF=I30110	/*	FONTS SPECIFIED IN THE PAGEDEF */	
	//MSGDS	OUTPUT PAGEDEF=A08682,	/*	MESSAGE DATA SET FOR ERRORS */	
	//	FORMDEF=A10110,CHARS=60D8			
	//MSGIS3	OUTPUT PAGEDEF=TT6462,	/*	MESSAGE DATA SET USING TRUETYPE */	
	11	FORMDEF=I30110	/*	FONTS SPECIFIED IN THE PAGEDEF */	
	//*******	*****	***	***************************************	
	//* AFP Dov	wnload Plus RESOURCES:			
	//*******	***************************************	***:	***************************************	
	//* 240-pe	I raster font and outline for	nt	library	
	//FUNI01	DD DSN=INSI.FUNI240,DISP=SH	ל חו		
		DD DSN=SYS1.FUNILIBB,DISP=SF	1K 0		
	//* 200 po	DD DSN=SISI.FUNIULN,DISP=SHF	< + '	libnany	
	//* 300-pe		1 5	TIDIALY	
	//	DD $DSN=SYS1$ FONT300 $DISP=SHF$, ,		
	11	DD DSN=SYS1 FONTOIN DISP=SHE	, ,		
	11	DD DSN=SYS1.SENTILIB.DISP=SE	IR		
	//*				
	//TTFONT01	DD PATH='/usr/lpp/fonts/worl	ldt	vpe'	
	//	DD PATH='/usr/lpp/PSF/fonts/	/tt	f/'	
	//*	······································			
	//OBJ01	DD PATH='/u/objc/dataobiresc	our	ce/'	
	11	DD PATH='/u/objc/colormgmtre	eso	urce/'	
	//*	- •			
-1					

Figure 6. Example of an AFP Download Plus startup procedure (Part 1 of 4)

//PSEG01 // //PSEG02 //*	DD DSN=INST.R240.PSEGLIB,D DD DSN=SYS1.PSEGLIB,DISP=S DD DSN=INST.R300.PSEGLIB,D	ISP=SHR HR ISP=SHR
//OLAY01 // //OLAY02	DD DSN=INST.R240.OVERLIB,D DD DSN=SYS1.OVLYLIB,DISP=S DD DSN=INST.R300.OVERLIB,D	ISP=SHR HR ISP=SHR
//PDEF01 // //*	DD DSN=INST.PDEFLIB,DISP=S DD DSN=SYS1.PDEFLIB,DISP=S	HR HR
//FDEF01 // //*	DD DSN=INST.FDEFLIB,DISP=S0 DD DSN=SYS1.FDEFLIB,DISP=S0	HR HR
//0C01 //	DD DSN=INST.OCLIB,DISP=SHR DD DSN=SYS1.OCLIB,DISP=SHR	
//******** //* This	FSA defines a destination t	**************************************
//* -	Writes transform messages to	o a zFS file. When errors stop
//* //*	transformation, sends message resources specified on the l	ges to the receiver system using the MESSAGE OUTPUT statement.
//* -	Attempts connection forever	
//* -	Connects to PORT 6100.	
//* -	Defaults to using the 240-pe	el raster font library.
//PRT001	CNTI	***************************************
//PRT001	PRINTDEV FONTDD=*.FONT01,	
11	FONT240=*.FONT01,	
	FONT300=*.FONT02,	
	OVIYDD=*.0LAY01.	
11	OVLY240=*.0LAY01,	
11	OVLY300=*.0LAY02,	
	PSEGDD=*.PSEG01,	
	PSEG300=*.PSEG01,	
11	PDEFDD=*.PDEF01,	
	FDEFDD=*.FDEF01,	
	MESSAGE=*.MSGDS, OBJCONDD=* 0C01	
	PAGEDEF=A06462,	
11	FORMDEF=A10110,	
	JOBHDR=*.JOBHDR,	/* JOB HDR OUTPUT */
	DSHDR=* DSHDR	/* JOB ILR OUTPUT */ /* DS SEPARATOR */
11	CHARS=60DB,	
11	TRACE=YES,	
	DATACK=BLUCK, DIMSC-VES	
	CONNINTV=0,	
11	IPADDR=9.99.999.9,	
//	PORTNO=6100	
// PKIUUI	ENDENTE	

Figure 6. Example of an AFP Download Plus startup procedure (Part 2 of 4)

//******		مان
//*********	is FSA defines a destination that.	*****
//* -	- Redirects transform messages to spool. When errors stop t	ransformation,
//*	sends messages to the receiver system using the resources	specified on
//*	the MESSAGE OUTPUT statement.	
//* -	- Passes the default of block data check reporting to the d	estination.
//* -	- Attempts connection forever.	
//* -	- CONNECTS TO PURE 8500.	
//*******	- Delaults to using the soo-per raster font fibraly.	*****
//PRT002	2 CNTL	
//PRT002	2 PRINTDEV FONTDD=*.FONT02,	
11	FONT240=*.FONT01,	
11	FONT300=*.FONT02,	
	FONTPATH=*.ITFONT01,	
	OVLIDD-*.0LAT02, OVLY240=+ 0LAY01	
11	OVI Y300=*.01 AY02.	
11	PSEGDD=*.PSEG02,	
11	PSEG240=*.PSEG01,	
11	PSEG300=*.PSEG02,	
//	PDEFDD=*.PDEF01,	
	FUEFUU=*.FUEF01, MESSACE-+ MSCDSD	
	PAGENEF=A06462	
11	FORMDEF=A10110,	
11	JOBHDR=*.JOBHDR, /* JOB HDR OUTPUT */	
11	JOBTRLR=*.JOBTLR, /* JOB TLR OUTPUT */	
11	DSHDR=*.DSHDR, /* DS SEPARATOR */	
	CHARS=60DB,	
	ΙΚΑΔΕ-ΤΕΣ, ΠΔΤΔΓΚ=ΒΙ ΟΓΚ	
11	PIMSG=YES.	
11	CONNINTV=0,	
11	IPADDR=9.99.999.9,	
//	PORTNO=8500	
//PR1002	2 ENDCNIL	
//********	is FSA defines a destination that.	*******
//* -	- Writes transform messages to a zFS file. When errors stop	
//*	transformation, sends messages to the receiver system usi	ng the
//*	resources specified on the MESSAGE OUTPUT statement.	
//* -	- Maps raster font references to outline font references.	
//* -	- Uses object container libraries that contain data object	resources
//*	- Passes the default of allow data check reporting to the d	estination
//* =	- Attempts connection for 10 minutes.	estination.
//* -	- Connects to PORT 7200.	
//******	***************************************	*****
//PRT003	3 CNTL	
//PRT003	3 PRINTDEV FONTDD=*.FONT02,	
	FUNI24U=*.FUNIUI, FONT300-+ FONT02	
	FONTPATH=*.TTFONT01.	
	OBJCPATH=*.OBJ01,	
11	OVLYDD=*.OLAY02,	
//	0VLY240=*.0LAY01,	
//	OVLY300=*.0LAY02,	
	PSEGDD=*.PSEGD2,	
	r)=c24U=*.r)=c01, DSFC300=+ DSFC02	
	PDEFDD=*.PDEF01.	

Figure 6. Example of an AFP Download Plus startup procedure (Part 3 of 4)

<pre>// FDEFDD=*.FDEF01, // MESSAGE=*.MSGDS, // OBJCONDD=*.0C01, // PAGEDEF=A06462, // FORMDEF=A10110, // JOBHDR=*.JOBHDR, // JOBTRLR=*.JOBTLR, // DSHDR=*.JOBTLR, // DSHDR=*.JOBTLR, // CHARS=60DB, // TRACE=YES, // MAP2OLN=YES, // DATACK=UNBLOCK, // PIMSG=YES, // CONNINTV=600, // IPADDR=9.99.999.9, // PORTNO=7200 //PRT003 ENDCNTL //</pre>	/* JOB HDR OUTPUT */ /* JOB TLR OUTPUT */ /* DS SEPARATOR */
<pre>//***********************************</pre>	**************************************
//* - Generates separator pages	and message data sets that use only TrueType
//* and OpenType fonts so the	files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. The AFPPARMS
//* Yes for send separator page	ges and IS/3 for auxiliary files MO:DCA level.
<pre>//* - Writes transform messages //* transformation, sends mess</pre>	to a zFS file. When errors stop sages to the receiver system using the
//* resources specified on the	e MESSAGE OUTPUT statement, which only
<pre>//* uses Iruelype and Openlype //* IS/3 compliant.</pre>	e fonts for print files that are MO:DCA
<pre>//* - Passes the default of bloc</pre>	ck data check reporting to the destination.
<pre>//* - Attempts connection foreve //* - Connects to PORT 8500.</pre>	er.
<pre>//* - Defaults to using the 300-</pre>	-pel raster font library for data sets that
//* are not MO:DCA IS/3 compl //* - Does not use the CHARS pay	iant. rameter: for print files that are not MO:DCA
//* IS/3 compliant, you can sp	pecify CHARS to include raster fonts.
//************************************	***************************************
//PRT004 PRINTDEV FONTDD=*.FONT02	,
// FONT240=*.FONT01, // FONT300=*.FONT02.	
// FONTPATH=*.TTFONT01,	
// OVLYDD=*.0LAY02, // OVLY240=* OLAY01	
// OVLY300=*.0LAY02,	
// PSEGDD=*.PSEG02,	
// PSEG300=*.PSEG02,	
// PDEFDD=*.PDEF01,	
// FDEFDD=*.FDEF01, // MESSAGE=*.MSGIS3.	
// FORMDEF=I30110,	
// JOBHDR=*.JOBHIS3, // JOBTRLR=*.JOBTIS3.	/* JOB TLR OUTPUT */ /* JOB TLR OUTPUT */
// DSHDR=*.DSHIS3,	/* DS SEPARATOR */
// TRACE=YES,	
// PIMSG=YES,	
// CONNINTV=0,	
// PORTNO=8500	
//PRT004 ENDCNTL	
//^	

Figure 6. Example of an AFP Download Plus startup procedure (Part 4 of 4)

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Note: This sample JCL assumes that the AFP Download Plus programs are in a data set that is part of the standard system search order; if not, include a STEPLIB statement to identify the data set.

JCL statements for the startup procedure

This section describes the statements and parameters that are shown in Figure 6 on page 41.

proc_name PROC

Specifies the name of the startup procedure. *proc_name* must be specified in the JES2 FSS or the JES3 FSSDEF initialization statement.

EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE[,REGION=nnnn{K | M}] [,TIME=NOLIMIT]

[,PARM=({'INV=piname'

NSTddname,trace_type,prompt,trace_size,tcpip_name,UNICODE})]

Specifies the name of the AFP Download Plus program and identifies any special processing parameters. This statement is required.

PGM=APSHPOSE

Specifies the name of the AFP Download Plus executable program.

REGION=*nnn*{**K** | **M**}

Specifies the amount of storage that is required by the sender. Value range: 0 - 9999 K or 0 - 2047 M, where:

- K Kilobytes
- M Megabytes

See Table 7 on page 36 for the minimum storage that is required for AFP Download Plus.

TIME=NOLIMIT

Specifies NOLIMIT to prevent TIMEOUT abends.

PARM=({'INV=*piname'* | *NSTddname*,*trace_type*,*prompt*,*trace_size*, *tcpip_name*,**UNICODE})**

Specifies parameters for using the Infoprint Server Printer Inventory or PSF tracing values. See "Using the PSF trace facility" on page 143 for more information about tracing.

INV=*piname*

Specifies the 4-character name of the Printer Inventory that is specified in the Infoprint Server configuration file. This parameter indicates that AFP Download Plus uses the Printer Inventory and obtains parameters from the specified Printer Inventory for each FSA in the startup procedure. All other parameters in the PARM field are ignored when PSF uses the Printer Inventory.

For more information about using the Printer Inventory, see "Printer Inventory" on page 70.

NSTddname

Specifies the name of a DD statement defining the output data set in which to record the NST trace output. This name must conform to the standard JCL DD naming conventions.

This parameter specifies that the NST trace is to start during AFP Download Plus initialization if you have specified TRACE=YES on the PRINTDEV statement and have defined the NST trace data set in a DD statement. If you want the NST trace to be started dynamically, do not specify *NSTddname*.

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the NST trace dsname parameter.

trace_type

Specifies which FSA trace to start:

- FULL Specifies an FSA full external trace.
- **<u>INTR</u>** Specifies an FSA internal trace. INTR is the default value.
- **IPDS** Specifies an FSA Intelligent Printer Data Stream (IPDS) external trace. This value is not used in AFP Download Plus.

LIMIT

Specifies a shortened FSA external trace.

SYNC Specifies an FSA SYNC external trace.

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the Trace mode parameter.

prompt Specifies whether an operator response is required to initialize the AFP Download Plus operator interface:

PROMPT

Specifies that each time the sender is initialized, the operator is to receive a message, APS620A. The message prompts the operator to issue a response, which notifies AFP Download Plus to initialize the AFP Download Plus operator interface. The response can be any AFP Download Plus operator interface command; it is directed to all FSAs or to the notify subtask.

Thereafter, the operator can type commands, such as those to start functional subsystem interface (FSI) or FSA component traces, before AFP Download Plus starts processing data sets. Prompting occurs even if the startup procedure does not include tracing specifications.

NOPROMPT

Specifies that the AFP Download Plus operator interface is to be initialized automatically. No operator response is required. NOPROMPT is the default value.

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the Trace prompt parameter.

trace_size

Specifies the number of 4 KB pages of storage to allocate for each internal FSA trace table. Valid values are from 1 - 999. The default is 32 (128 KB) per FSA. This allocation occurs only if PSF internal tracing is active.

Note: When the number of pages that are specified is more than 32, and the specified region is greater than 32 MB, increase the REGION size. To determine how large an increase is needed, use this equation where *number of FSAs active* is the maximum number of FSAs active while the sender is running:

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the Trace table size parameter.

tcpip_name

Specifies the name of the TCP/IP address space. If this parameter is not specified, AFP Download Plus uses the default name of TCPIP.

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the TCP/IP job name parameter.

UNICODE

Specifies that AFP Download Plus is enabled to use the system conversion services that z/OS provides. This parameter is ignored because AFP Download Plus with PSF 4.5 or later is always Unicode-enabled.

The equivalent parameter in the Printer Inventory is the Unicode enabled parameter.

OUTPUT

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Specifies the page definitions, form definitions, and fonts that are used to format the different pages in a job or data set, including job header pages, data set header pages, job-trailer pages, and pages that are used for formatting messages.

To redirect messages for viewing or processing by another FSA, you use these parameters on OUTPUT statements for message pages: CHARS, CLASS, COLORMAP, COMSETUP, DEST, FORMDEF, PAGEDEF, PIMSG, RESFMT, and TRC. All other parameters are ignored.

For information about how to specify OUTPUT so that the messages are redirected for viewing or processing by another FSA, see "Redirecting messages" on page 139.

- **DD** Identifies the system libraries that contain:
 - Resources that are used for processing (fonts, page segments, overlays, page definitions, form definitions, and object containers)
 - Traces and reports (AFP Download Plus external trace data set and AFP Download Plus AFPSTATS report)

Note: If specified, AFP Download Plus ignores the PRTINFO DD statement.

CNTL

Indicates the beginning of program control statements for each FSA.

The FSA name on the CNTL statement must match the label on the subsequent PRINTDEV and ENDCNTL statements. For JES3, the FSA name must match the name that is specified on the JNAME parameter on the JES3 DEVICE initialization statement. For JES2, the FSA name must match the name on the PRT*nnnn* initialization statement.

PRINTDEV

Specifies default FSA-initialization parameters. A PRINTDEV statement is entered for each FSA defined in an AFP Download Plus startup procedure.

The FSA name on the PRINTDEV statement must match the label on the CNTL and ENDCNTL statements, and the JES2 PRT*nnnn* initialization statement or the JNAME parameter on the JES3 DEVICE initialization statement.

See Table 12 on page 65 for a description of the PRINTDEV parameters. Many of the PRINTDEV parameters can be defined in the Printer Inventory. For more information about using Printer Inventory parameters instead of PRINTDEV parameters, see "Printer Inventory" on page 70.

ENDCNTL

Specifies the end of the program control statements for the FSA. This statement is only specified if you specify PRINTDEV parameters.

The FSA name on the ENDCNTL statement must match the label on the preceding CNTL and PRINTDEV statements, and the JES2 PRT*nnnn* initialization statement or the JNAME parameter on the JES3 DEVICE initialization statement.

AFPPARMS control statement in the startup procedure

Additional parameters that AFP Download Plus uses to transform and distribute JES spool data sets are contained in an AFPPARMS control statement. You can specify this control statement with the AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure and on a job-by-job basis with the AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement (see "Specifying the AFPPARMS control statement on the OUTPUT statement" on page 136).

This is an example of the AFPPARMS DD statement in the startup procedure: //AFPPARMS DD DSN=FSS.PDS.AFPPARMS,DISP=SHR

The AFPPARMS control statement that is specified with the AFPPARMS DD name is a partitioned data set. The data set name should end with a qualifier of AFPPARMS. Also, you should use **DISP=SHR** to let AFP Download Plus process the spool data sets for multiple FSAs.

How the AFPPARMS data set is allocated

Table 9 shows how the AFPPARMS data set specified with the AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure or the AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement should be allocated.

Attribute	Value	Туре	Description
DCB=DSORG=	PO or PS	Required	Data set organization (see Note 1 on page 49)
DSNTYPE=	LIBRARY	Required	Data set defined as PDSE
DCB=RECFM=	xx	Required	Any value except "U"
DCB=LRECL=	nnnn	Required	Maximum bytes in the record (see Note 2 on page 49)
DISP=	SHR	Required	Data set can be shared
SPACE=	(CYL,(<i>nn</i> ,1,10))	Required	Direct access storage device (DASD) cylinders that are required to process data (see Note 3 on page 49)

Table 9. Allocation of AFPPARMS data set attributes

Table 9. Allocation of AFPPARMS data set attributes (continued)

Attribute	Value	Туре	Description

Notes:

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- 1. The data set organization for the AFPPARMS data set on the OUTPUT statement can be PO or PS. The data set organization for the AFPPARMS in the startup procedure must be PO.
- 2. Any record size is valid; however, use a small record size, such as DCB=LRECL=120, to conserve DASD space.
- **3**. Space requirements depend on the type of DASD that is used and on the number of FSAs that are specified in the startup procedure.

How members in the data set are specified

The parameters in the AFPPARMS control statement are used by AFP Download Plus as defaults to process the spool data sets for each FSA. The AFPPARMS control statement can contain a defaults member, named either DEFAULTS or AFPDPDEF, and members with the same names as the FSA names specified in the startup procedure. These members are optional, but you can use them to associate AFPPARMS parameters to specific FSAs.

Note: The AFPPARMS control statement can contain only one defaults member, DEFAULTS or AFPDPDEF, not both.

You can use an FSA member name to specify parameters that apply to that FSA. For example, if you want to associate AFPPARMS parameters to an FSA named PRT619, which is specified in the startup procedure, you specify the parameters in a member that is named PRT619 in the AFPPARMS control statement. AFP Download Plus finds the member in the data set and uses the AFPPARMS parameters to process the spool data sets for the PRT619 FSA.

You can also use the defaults member to specify default parameters that apply to all FSAs in the FSS. However, if a member for a specific FSA is specified, it is also used and overrides the same parameters that are specified in the defaults member. For example:

The DEFAULTS member specifies these parameters:

overlays = inline
foca-fonts = inline
The PRT619 member specifies these parameters:
foca-fonts = not-inline
object-containers = inline
Therefore, the parameter values AFP Download Plus uses are:
overlays = inline
foca-fonts = not-inline
object-containers = inline

Notice that the foca-fonts value is overridden by the value in the PRT619 member, but the overlays value remains the same.

Selection hierarchy for AFPPARMS parameters

This hierarchy shows the order that AFP Download Plus uses to select AFPPARMS parameters:

- 1. AFPPARMS control statement on the OUTPUT JCL statement
- 2. Printer Inventory

- **3.** FSA member name in the AFPPARMS control statement that is specified in AFP Download Plus startup procedure
- 4. Defaults member name, either DEFAULTS or AFPDPDEF, in the AFPPARMS control statement that is specified in AFP Download Plus startup procedure

Syntax of the AFPPARMS control statement

The syntax guidelines for the AFP Download Plus control statement are:

• A parameter is a *keyword=value* pair.

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- Spaces are allowed after the keyword and before the value (on either side of the =).
- Only one parameter is allowed on a line.
- A parameter can span multiple lines. For example, the keyword can be on the first line, = can be on the next line, and the value can be on the third line.
- Parameter keywords and values can be specified in uppercase, lowercase, or mixed case.
- Comments are delimited with #. AFP Download Plus ignores everything on a line after the # character.

Figure 7 shows an example of the AFPPARMS control statement syntax.

```
#-----#
# This is an example AFPPARMS control statement that demonstrates #
# the syntax rules for specifying the control statements #
#-------#
goca-box=yes # A simple control parameter
GOCA-frac-Line=Yes # Different cases
pass-oid = allow # Blanks before and after =
formdefs # A keyword preceded by spaces
# A blank line
= # = on its own line
# A blank line
inline # The value for the "formdefs" keyword
mcf2-format=CF overlays=inline # Not allowed--two parameters on one line
```

Figure 7. Sample AFP Download Plus control statement

Parameters for the AFPPARMS control statement

Table 10 on page 51 shows the parameters that are valid in the AFPPARMS control statement. An "X" in a column indicates that the parameter can be specified by the:

- AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure
- AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement

Notes:

- 1. If you specify parameters in the AFPPARMS control statement when you are using the Printer Inventory, the parameters in the AFPPARMS control statement are ignored.
- 2. When you change parameters for the defaults member in the AFPPARMS control statement, you must restart all the FSAs in the startup procedure.

Table 10. AFPPARMS con	rol statement parameters
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	Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
 	auxiliary-files-modca-level={IS3 <u>none</u> }	Specifies the MO:DCA Interchange Set level that auxiliary files, such as separator pages and message files, support.	Х	
Ι		The values are:		
		IS3 Auxiliary files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. Note: Make sure that changes have been made to the PRINTDEV statement for this FSA so that auxiliary files are generated correctly. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37.		
 		none Auxiliary files do not support a MO:DCA IS level. This is the default.		
 		See "Auxiliary files MO:DCA level" on page 76 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
	bcoca={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all BCOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is inline . See "Resources Included Inline: Bar code objects (BCOCA)" on page 94 for the parameter you	Х	Х

Table 10. AFPPARMS control statement parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL	
cmr-objects={inline-all <u>inline-generic</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether color management resource (CMR) objects required to print or view the output file are included inline.	Х	X	
	The values are:			
	 inline-all These objects are included inline: All CMR objects that are referenced in the data stream. All CMR objects for all device types and models that are referenced by data object or CMR resource access tables (RATs) and mapped to a generic instruction CMR. 			
	Note: Link CMR objects are not included inline.			
	 inline-generic These objects are included inline: All CMR objects that are referenced in the data stream. All non-device specific CMR objects that are referenced by data object or CMR RATs. 			
	This is the default. Note: Link CMR objects are not included inline.			
	not-inline No CMR objects are included inline.			
	See "Resources Included Inline: Color management resources" on page 94 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.			
compression={ <u>none</u> lzw}	Specifies whether the compression function is used to compress the transformed data before it is sent to the remote system. When lzw is specified, the data is compressed with the LZW compression algorithm. The default is none , which indicates that the data is not compressed.	X	X	
	Notes:			
	1. AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the save-auxiliary-files parameter is specified for validating MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.			
	2. See "Compression" on page 78 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.			
Table 10. AFPPARMS	S control	statement	parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
dataset-grouping={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether the multiple data set function is used when sending the job to the remote system. This parameter is only valid in the data set specified by the AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure. The default is no . Note: When this parameter is set to yes and the job contains MO:DCA IS/3 print files, ensure that your receiver supports and preserves MO:DCA IS/3 files. See "Data set grouping" on page 79 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	
direct-download={ <u>none</u> modca}	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus stores data in a temporary directory or sends it directly to the receiver. The values are: none AFP Download Plus stores the MO:DCA-P and resource data that is created from the JES spool print data in temporary UNIX files until transmission to the receiver. This is the default. modca AFP Download Plus sends the MO:DCA-P data that is created from the JES spool print data directly to the receiver. The resource data is stored in a temporary UNIX file until transmission to the receiver.	X	
	 Notes: AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the save-auxiliary-files parameter is specified for validating that files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. See "Direct download" on page 81 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. 		

Table 10. AFPPARMS control statement parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
display-afpdp-status={yes <u>no</u> }	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus activates the processing status feature.	Х	
	The values are:		
	yes AFP Download Plus processing status is activated and stays activated for the life of the FSA or until the DISPLAY,STATUS=AFPDP operator interface MODIFY command is issued. Processing status is reported at the end of the spool data set in message APS8559I for both the spool data set transformation to MO:DCA-P and the transformed document transmission. See "Viewing the operator status message when AFPPARMS activates the status feature" on page 62.		
	no AFP Download Plus processing status is not activated. This is the default.		
	See "Display status" on page 81 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. Also, see "Reporting AFP Download Plus processing status" on page 118 for information about activating the status feature with the operator interface.		
foca-fonts={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all font character sets and code pages that are required to print or view the output file are included inline. If mcf2ref=cf is specified, AFP Download Plus also includes coded fonts inline; otherwise, coded fonts are not included inline. The default is inline . See "Resources Included Inline: Font objects (FOCA)" on page 95 for the parameter you specify	X	X
formdefs={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	 When using the Frinter Inventory. Specifies whether the form definition that is used in processing the file is included inline. The default is inline. Note: The job that is sent to the receiver might fail to print or be archived, without any error messages, in these situations: You set these parameters for a job that is sent with separator pages: formdefs=not-inline dataset-grouping=yes You set these parameters for a job that is sent with multiple data sets: formdefs=not-inline dataset-grouping=yes See "Resources Included Inline: Form definitions" 	X	X
	on page 95 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		

Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
goca={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all GOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is inline .	Х	X
	See "Resources Included Inline: Graphics objects (GOCA)" on page 95 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
goca-box={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether GOCA box drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is no .	X	X
	Notes:		
	 The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver. 		
	2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify yes for this parameter.		
	See "GOCA Box orders" on page 84 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
goca-frac-line={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether GOCA fractional line width drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is no .	X	X
	Notes:		
	1. The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.		
	2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify yes for this parameter.		
	See "GOCA Set Fractional Line Width orders" on page 84 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
goca-process-color={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether GOCA process color drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is no .	X	X
	Notes:		
	1. The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.		
	2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify yes for this parameter.		
	See "GOCA Set Process Color orders" on page 84 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		

Table 10. AFPPARMS control statement parameters (continued)

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Table 10.	AFPPARMS	control	statement	parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
image-output-format={asis <u>ioca</u> }	Specifies the image data format AFP Download Plus produces in the output document. IM1 images can be saved in the same format as in the input file or converted to uncompressed Image Object Content Architecture (IOCA) images.	Х	X
	Most printers support both IM1 and IOCA image formats, but IM1 images cannot be rotated or rescaled correctly at different printer resolutions. Print servers, such as PSF, convert IM1 images to uncompressed IOCA when the IM1 image resolution differs from the actual printer resolution. Because AFP Download Plus does not know what printer the output might be printed on, by default it converts IM1 images to uncompressed IOCA.		
	Because uncompressed IOCA images are often greater in size than the original IM1 images, printer performance can be slower. If you have problems with printer performance, specify image-output-format=asis so the IM1 images are not converted to IOCA.		
	The values are:		
	asis All image data is produced in the same format as in the input file.		
	ioca All image data is produced in uncompressed IOCA format. This is the default.		
	See "Image output format" on page 85 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
ioca={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all IOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is inline .	X	X
	See "Resources Included Inline: Image objects (IOCA)" on page 95 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		

Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
ioca-replicate-trim-func={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether the IOCA Replicate and Trim function is used when converting IM1 celled images. This parameter might reduce the number of bytes needed for a raster image, allowing it to display or print faster. When set to yes , this parameter is only accepted if the image-output-format parameter is set to ioca . The default is no . Note: The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver. See "IOCA replicate and trim function" on page 85 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	X
mcf2-format={ <u>cpcs</u> cf}	 Specifies the way AFP Download Plus builds the Map Coded Font Format 2 (MCF-2) structured field. The values are: cpcs AFP Download Plus uses the names of the code page and character set to build the MCF-2 structured field. AFP Download Plus opens and reads the contents of all coded fonts that are specified in MCFs in the input file or input resources. This is the default. cf AFP Download Plus uses the name of the coded font to build the MCF-2 structured field. This is recommended when processing double-byte character set (DBCS) fonts. See "Map Coded Font (MCF) Format 2 name" on page 86 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. 	X	X
object-containers={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all object container files requested by the input data stream are included inline. The default is inline . See "Resources Included Inline: Object containers" on page 95 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	Х	Х
overlays={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all overlays required to print or view the output document file are included inline. The default is inline . See "Resources Included Inline: Overlays" on page 96 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	Х

Table 10. AFPPARMS	control statement	parameters	(continued)
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Table 10. AFPPARMS	control statement	parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
page-accounting-supported={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether AFP Download Plus supports the page accounting function. When set to yes , AFP Download Plus counts the number of pages and sheets in the data set. The number of pages and sheets is sent to the receiver in the -o attributes, -opagecount and -osheetcount, respectively. This parameter is only valid in the data set specified by the AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure. The default is no . See "Page accounting supported" on page 88 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
page-segments={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all page segments required to print or view the output document file are included inline. The default is inline .	X	X
	page 96 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
paper-length=nnnn[.mmm]unit	Specifies the actual paper length to be used for Line-Mode Migration or Line-Mode Conversion. The default is 14IN .		Х
	The values are:		
	<i>nnnn</i> Specifies the 1- to 4-digit decimal number that indicates the paper length.		
	<i>mmm</i> Specifies the 1- to 3-digit decimal number that indicates the paper length.		
	unit Specifies one of these measurement units:		
	IN Inches		
	CM Centimeters		
	MM Millimeters		
	POINTS Points (1/72 inch)		
	Note: If you specify the unit as PELS or POINTS, you must specify the value as a whole number with no decimal point.		
	See "Paper length" on page 89 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
	See information about Line-Mode Migration and 3800 Line-Mode Conversion considerations for AFP Download Plus in <i>PSF for z/OS: Customization</i> .		

Parameter	Description		Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
paper-width=nnnn[.mmm]unit	Specifies the actual paper width Line-Mode Migration or Line-M This value does not include the default is 13.2IN .	to be used for ode Conversion. carrier strips. The	Х	Х
	The values are:			
	nnnn Specifies the 1- to 4-digit de indicates the paper width.	ecimal number that		
	mmm Specifies the 1- to 3-digit de indicates the paper width.	ecimal number that		
	unit			
	Specifies one of these measured	urement units:		
	IN Inches			
	CM Centimete	ers		
	MM Millimeter	rs		
	PELS Picture ele	ements (1/240 inch)		
	POINTS Points (1/	72 inch)		
	Note: If you specify the unit as PELS or POINTS, you must specify the value as a whole number with no decimal point.			
	See "Paper width" on page 90 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.			
	See information about Line-Mod 3800 Line-Mode Conversion con Download Plus in <i>PSF for z/OS:</i>	le Migration and siderations for AFP <i>Customization</i> .		
pass-oid={allow <u>disallow</u> }	Specifies whether AFP Downloa information from the resource a the Begin Object Container (BOO when placing TrueType and Op	d Plus passes OID ccess table (RAT) to C) structured field enType fonts inline.	Х	Х
	The values are:			
	allow Allows OID information to including TrueType and Op	be passed when enType fonts.		
	disallow Does not allow OID inform with TrueType and OpenTy is the default.	ation to be included pe fonts inline. This		
	Note: The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.			
	See "Object identifier (OID) forr the parameter you specify when Inventory.	nat" on page 88 for using the Printer		

Table 10. AFPPARMS control statement parameters (continued)

Table 10. AFPPARMS	control statement	parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
ptoca={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	 Specifies whether all PTOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is inline. See "Resources Included Inline: Presentation text objects (PTOCA)" on page 96 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. 	Х	Х
save-auxiliary-files={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether all auxiliary files, such as separator pages and message files, are saved in the job submitter's default message directory, /var/psf/userinfo/userid. AFP Download Plus never transmits these files to the receiver. The system programmer can validate that these files are IS/3 compliant before using them in production. When this parameter is specified, AFP Download Plus ignores the compression, direct-download, and send-messages-on-failure parameters if they are specified. The default is no. Note: See "Save auxiliary files" on page 97 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	
secure-transmission={ <u>yes</u> no}	Specifies whether data is encoded before transmission. This parameter is only valid in the data set specified by the AFPPARMS DD name in the startup procedure. The default is yes . See "Secure transmission" on page 97 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	

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Table 10. AFPPARMS	S control	statement	parameters	(continued)
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	Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
	send-messages-on-failure={ <u>all</u> generic-only}	Specifies which messages are sent to the receiver system when the print job has errors that stop transformation. The values are:	Х	
		all AFP Download Plus transforms the messages for the data set that has errors and sends them to the receiver system as a MO:DCA-P file. This is the default. Note: Use this value when you want to send a MO:DCA IS/3 compliant message file to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.		
		 generic-only AFP Download Plus generates message APS8239I and sends it to the receiver system as line data. Note: This value must not be specified when using dataset-grouping=yes to send multiple data set jobs to the z/OS receiver system because the receiving system cannot receive jobs with both line data and MO:DCA-P data sets. 		
 		 Notes: 1. AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the save-auxiliary-files parameter is specified for validating that files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. 		
		 See "Send messages on failure" on page 97 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. 		
	send-separator-pages={yes <u>no</u> }	Specifies whether AFP Download Plus sends the separator pages for a job. The default is no .	Х	
 		 Notes: 1. Specify this parameter when you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make. 		
		 See "Send separator pages" on page 98 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory. For more information, see "Sending z/OS separator pages" on page 116. 		

Table 10. AFPPARMS	control statement	parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description	Startup Proc	OUTPUT JCL
transmit-recovery-pages=nnnnn	Specifies a number that indicates how often AFP Download Plus synchronizes with the receiving system to determine whether the transmitted data has been received and if not, retransmits the data from the last successful recovery point. Values: 0 - 65535; the default is 1000 . When 0 is specified, AFP Download Plus does not synchronize the transmitted data with the receiver until the end of a file.	X	
	See "Recovery pages" on page 93 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.		
truetype-fonts={ <u>inline</u> not-inline}	Specifies whether all TrueType and OpenType base fonts, linked fonts, and font collections that are required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is inline . Note: When processing each TrueType or OpenType font, if the value in a Data-Object Font Descriptor triplet (X'8B') is set to ON to indicate that a font is inline, it overrides truetype-fonts=not-inline and includes that font, and all linked fonts, inline. See "Resources Included Inline: TrueType fonts" on page 96 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	X
working-directory=pathname	Specifies the name of the working directory that AFP Download Plus uses to store error messages files and temporary files for transformed data and inline resources. The <i>pathname</i> can be 1 - 256 characters in length; the default is /var/psf/ . AFP Download Plus adds the beginning and ending slashes if they are missing and uses the name as an absolute path. See "Working directory" on page 99 for the parameter you specify when using the Printer Inventory.	X	

APSHPRM1 sample member for **AFPPARMS**

The APSHPRM1 sample member, which contains the AFPPARMS parameters, is in SYS1.SAMPLIB. You can either view the sample online or print it. You can also copy the sample to your AFPPARMS data set to use as the defaults member or as the member for one of your FSAs.

After modifying it to contain only control statement parameters that are valid for OUTPUT JCL, you can also use the sample member as the member for the AFPPARMS data set or as the sequential data set specified on the OUTPUT statement for the job.

Viewing the operator status message when AFPPARMS activates the status feature

The display-afpdp-status parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement activates the AFP Download Plus processing status feature.

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When the status feature is activated, AFP Download Plus issues status report message, APS8559I, to the operator's console and the JES log. The message is issued at the end of the spool data set for both the spool data set transformation to MO:DCA-P and transformed document transmission. This report message is only displayed when the FSA is active. The format of the message is:

APS8559I jobname, jobid, stepname, ddname, jobpart, eventdata.

The values are:

jobname

Specifies the name of the job currently being processed.

jobid

Specifies the job identifier of the spool data set being processed.

stepname

Specifies the step name of the job being processed.

ddname

Specifies the DD name for the step name being processed.

jobpart

Specifies the part of the job that is being processed.

eventdata

Specifies a combination of these:

Transformed bytes=nnnnnn

The number of bytes that result from AFP Download Plus transforming data to MO:DCA-P format. This value is always displayed.

Transmitted=ppppp

The percentage of the total number of transformed bytes that AFP Download Plus has transmitted to the receiving system.

Transmitted bytes=ggggggg

The number of bytes that AFP Download Plus has transmitted to the receiving system.

Compressed bytes=*ccccccc*

When compression is activated for the FSA or data set, the number of bytes that result from AFP Download Plus compressing the data.

Table 11 shows how the AFP Download Plus mode determines what other event data the message displays.

Table 11. Event data displayed in APS8559I message when AFPPARMS activates the status feature

AFP Download Plus Mode	Message Displays
Compression off Direct download off	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Transmitted= <i>ppppp</i> For example:
	APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00722, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 647MB, Transmitted= 58%.

AFP Download Plus Mode	Message Displays
Compression on Direct download off	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Compressed bytes= <i>cccccc</i> , Transmitted= <i>ppppp</i> For example:
	APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00728, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Compressed bytes= 203363, Transmitted= 100%.
Compression off Direct download on	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Transmitted bytes= <i>ggggggg</i> For example:
	APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00724, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Transmitted bytes= 1312KB.
Compression on Direct download on	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Compressed bytes= <i>cccccc</i> , Transmitted bytes= <i>ggggggg</i> For example:
	APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00726, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Compressed bytes= 203348, Transmitted bytes= 203348.

Table 11. Event data displayed in APS8559I message when AFPPARMS activates the status feature (continued)

If AFP Download Plus is still in the process of transforming the data, you can see 0% for the transmitted percentage. For example,

APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00728, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 405KB, Transmitted= 0%.

PRINTDEV parameters

You can use PRINTDEV parameters to define default FSA-initialization options for all data sets transmitted by the AFP Download Plus sender. Table 12 on page 65 describes the parameters that can be included in a PRINTDEV statement. All parameters are optional unless specified otherwise.

Notes:

- 1. Many of the parameters in this table can be defined in the Infoprint Server Printer Inventory. When that is the case, the parameter is marked with an asterisk (*) and you are referred to Table 13 on page 75.
- 2. If you specify parameters that are marked with an * in the PRINTDEV statement when you are using the Printer Inventory, the parameters in the PRINTDEV statement are ignored.
- **3.** If you specify parameters in the PRINTDEV statement and **do not** use the Printer Inventory, you must restart all the FSAs in the startup procedure when you change a parameter in the PRINTDEV for an existing FSA.

Table 12. Initialization parameters for the PRINTDEV statement. (*) indicates that if you are using the Printer Inventory, this parameter is ignored in the PRINTDEV and must be specified in the Printer Inventory.

Parameter	Description
CHARS (*)	Specifies the last 4 characters of up to four default coded font names. AFP Download Plus adds the coded font names to the page definition and the inline resource group. See "Character sets" on page 77 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: CHARS=(fontname1[, fontname2][,fontname3][,fontname4])
	Note: When processing a MO:DCA IS/3 print file, AFP Download Plus does not add the specified coded fonts to the inline resource group because raster fonts cannot be used in a MO:DCA IS/3 file.
COLORMAP (*)	Specifies the member name of the printer default color mapping table on the receiver system. AFP Download Plus puts the table in the inline resource group and exports this parameter for use by the printer on the receiver system. See "Color map" on page 77 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: COLORMAP=(membername)
COMPRESS (*)	Specifies whether AFP Download Plus should compress data (blanks) in line data before transforming it to MO:DCA-P. See "Blank compression" on page 77 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: COMPRESS=YES <u>NO</u>
COMSETUP (*) (required for microfilm device only)	Specifies the member name of the printer default microfilm setup resource object container on the receiver system that is generated with the utility provided with your microfilm device. AFP Download Plus puts the object container in the inline resource group and exports this parameter for use by the microfilm device on the receiver system. See "Com setup member" on page 78 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: COMSETUP=membername
CONNINTV (*)	Specifies the connect interval, in seconds, during which AFP Download Plus attempts to start a connection with the receiver system. When the connect interval expires and the connection is not complete, AFP Download Plus issues a message and stops the FSA. See "Connect interval" on page 78 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: CONNINTV=nnnnn, where nnnnn is a value from 0 - 86400.
DATACK(*)	Specifies the character and position errors the printer reports. AFP Download Plus exports this parameter for use by the printer on the receiver system. See "Print error reporting" on page 92 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: DATACK= <u>BLOCK</u> UNBLOCK BLKCHAR BLKPOS
	DATACK=BLOCK Specifies that the printer is not to report character or position errors. BLOCK is the default.
	DATACK=UNBLOCK Specifies that the printer is to report all character and position errors.
	DATACK=BLKCHAR Specifies that the printer is not to report character errors. (The destination reports only position errors.)
	DATACK=BLKPOS Specifies that the printer is not to report position errors. (The destination reports only character errors.)

Parameter	Description
DSHDR	Identifies the OUTPUT statement that specifies the form definition and page definition that are used to format and print data set header pages.
	Syntax: DSHDR=*.label Note: Use this parameter when you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.
DUMP (*)	Specifies that a conditional memory dump of the sender address space is produced when a specific reason code, restartable abend, or message occurs. See "Dump: Code" on page 82, "Dump: Count" on page 82, and "Dump: Message ID" on page 83 for the Printer Inventory parameters.
	Syntax: DUMP= ([reasoncode ABD0nnn] [,msgid,count])
	Note: For a description of the syntax of this parameter and an explanation of restartable abends, see <i>PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis</i> .
FDEFDD (required)	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the form definition libraries.
(required)	Syntax: FDEFDD=*.label
FONTDD (required)	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the default font libraries for Font Object Content Architecture (FOCA) fonts (the default library is used when the data does not indicate a resolution).
	Syntax: FONTDD=*.label
FONTPATH	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the paths for font libraries, which contain extended code pages or TrueType and OpenType fonts.
	Syntax: FONTPATH=*.label
	Note: For more information about extended code pages, see <i>PSF for z/OS: User's Guide</i> .
FONT240	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the 240-pel font libraries.
	Syntax: FONT240=*.label
FONT300	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the 300-pel font libraries.
	Syntax: FONT300=*.label
FORMDEF (*) (required)	Specifies a default form definition. See "Form definition" on page 83 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: FORMDEF=fdefname
IPADDR (*) (required)	Identifies the Internet Protocol (IP) address or host name of the TCP/IP-attached receiver system. See "IP address" on page 86 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	SYNTAX: IPADDR='ip-address' or 'host-name'
JOBHDR	Identifies the OUTPUT statement that specifies the form definition and page definition that are used to format and print job-header separator pages.
	Syntax: JOBHDR=*.label Note: Use this parameter when you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.

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Parameter	Description
JOBTRLR	Identifies the OUTPUT statement that specifies the form definition and page definition that are used to format and print job-trailer separator pages.
	Syntax: JOBTRLR=*.label Note: Use this parameter when you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.
MAP2OLN (*)	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus maps fonts to outline fonts and places outline fonts in the inline resource group. Use this parameter if the printer on the receiver system supports outline fonts, you have existing applications that use raster fonts, and you want to use outline fonts without changing the applications. Also, see "Map to outline fonts" on page 86 and "Recover from font not found" on page 93 for Printer Inventory parameters.
	SYNTAX: MAP2OLN=YES (YES,CONT) (YES,QUIT) <u>NO</u>
	MAP20LN=YES AFP Download Plus maps raster fonts to outline fonts and stops processing the job if a requested raster font cannot be mapped to an outline font.
	MAP20LN= (YES, CONT) AFP Download Plus maps raster fonts to outline fonts and continues processing a job if a requested raster font cannot be mapped to an outline font. AFP Download Plus sends the original raster font to the receiver destination.
	MAP20LN=(YES, QUIT) AFP Download Plus maps raster fonts to outline fonts and stops processing the job if a requested raster font cannot be mapped to an outline font.
	MAP20LN=N0 AFP Download Plus does not map raster fonts to outline fonts (default).
MESSAGE	Identifies the OUTPUT statement that specifies the options that are used to format and print messages that are redirected to a spool data set or another FSA for processing, sent to the receiver system, or both. For more information about redirecting messages, see "Redirecting messages" on page 139.
	Syntax: MESSAGE=*.label Note: Use this parameter when you want to send a MO:DCA IS/3 compliant message file to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.

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Parameter	Description
NORESP (*)	Specifies the action that AFP Download Plus takes when the time specified by the RESPTIME parameter expires before a response is received from the download receiver. See "No response action" on page 87 and "No response action: Notify" on page 87 for Printer Inventory parameters.
	Syntax: NORESP= <u>NOTIFY</u> NOTIFY(node.userid) NOTIFY(OPERATOR) TERMINATE
	NORESP=NOTIFY AFP Download Plus notifies JES that an expected response was not received from the download receiver. This condition is also displayed by SDSF. NOTIFY is the default.
	NORESP=NOTIFY (<i>node.userid</i>) AFP Download Plus sends a message to the specified user ID and JES indicating that an expected response was not received from the download receiver. The node and period can be omitted if the user ID is on the node on which AFP Download Plus is running.
	NORESP=NOTIFY (OPERATOR) AFP Download Plus sends a message to the system operator and JES indicating that an expected response was not received from the download receiver.
	NORESP=TERMINATE AFP Download Plus stops the FSA. The system operator must issue a command to restart the FSA. The data set that is active when the FSA is stopped is restarted from the last checkpoint.
OBJCONDD	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the object container library.
(required with COLORMAP and COMSETUP)	Syntax: OBJCONDD=*.label
OBJCPATH	Identifies the 1- to 8-character name of the DD statement that specifies the paths for object container libraries, which contain data object resources, including color management resources (CMRs).
	Syntax: OBJCPATH=*.label
OVLYDD	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the default overlay libraries. Required if OVLY240 or OVLY300 is specified (the default library is used when data does not indicate a resolution); otherwise, optional if no attempt is made to process an overlay from the system overlay library.
	Syntax: OVLYDD=*.label
011240	Svntax: OVLY240=* label
OVLY300	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the 300-pel overlay libraries.
	Syntax: OVLYDD=*.label
PAGEDEF (*) (required)	Specifies the default page definition. See "Page definition" on page 88 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: PAGEDEF=pdefname
PDEFDD (required)	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the page definition libraries.
	Syntax: rDerDD=".uutei

Table 12. Initialization parameters for the PRINTDEV statement (continued). (*) indicates that if you are using the Printer Inventory, this parameter is ignored in the PRINTDEV and must be specified in the Printer Inventory.

Parameter	Description
PIMSG (*)	Indicates whether all message groups that are generated in the processing of a data set are reported. Also indicates the maximum number of message groups that are written. See "Print error messages" on page 91 and "Print error messages: Maximum messages" on page 92 for the Printer Inventory parameters.
	Syntax: PIMSG=(<u>YES</u> [,nnn] NO [,nnn])
	<i>nnn</i> indicates the maximum number of messages and specifies that after AFP Download Plus has generated <i>nnn</i> message groups, it is to end processing of the data set and purge the data set from the spool. The final count of written messages might be more than <i>nnn</i> message groups if the message groups are generated for errors that are reported during processing for data that is transmitted before the message count is reached. A value of 0 allows data set processing to continue, regardless of the number of message groups that are generated, unless an error that stops processing occurs. The default is YES,16 .
PORTNO (*)	Specifies the port number with which AFP Download Plus is to establish a connection and transmit data. See "Port number" on page 90 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: PORTNO=nnnnn, where nnnnn is a value 5001 - 65535. The default value is 5001.
PRMODE (*)	Indicates the default processing mode AFP Download Plus uses to process data sets containing both single-byte and double-byte fonts. See "Default process mode" on page 80 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: PRMODE=SOSI1 SOSI2 SOSI3 SOSI4
	PRMODE=SOSI1 specifies that each shift-out, shift-in code is converted to a blank and a Set Coded Font Local text control.
	PRMODE=SOSI2 specifies that each shift-out, shift-in code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control.
	PRMODE=SOSI3 specifies that the shift-in code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control and two blanks. A shift-out code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control.
	PRMODE=SOSI4 specifies that each shift-out, shift-in code is to be skipped and not counted when calculating offsets for the data set. SOSI4 is used when double-byte character set (DBCS) text is converted from ASCII to EBCDIC. When SOSI4 is specified, the page definition offsets are correct after conversion; therefore, the user does not need to account for SOSI characters when computing FIELD offsets. The data conversion that AFP Download Plus makes for SOSI4 is the same as for SOSI2.
	Notes:1. AFP Download Plus only uses this parameter if you are not using the Printer Inventory or Exit 7 and the PRMODE keyword is not specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement.
	 If this parameter is not specified in the PRINTDEV statement, the Printer Inventory, or Exit 7, and the PRMODE keyword is not specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement, AFP Download Plus defaults to either line data or MO:DCA-P, depending on the type of data stream.
PRTERROR (*)	Controls whether the PRTERROR parameter is accepted on the OUTPUT JCL statement. See "Error disposition supported" on page 83 for the Printer Inventory parameter.
	Syntax: PRTERROR=HONOR NOTHONOR
	PRTERROR=HONOR specifies that AFP Download Plus accepts PRTERROR if specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement for data sets processed at this destination.
	PRTERROR=NOTHONOR specifies that AFP Download Plus ignores PRTERROR if specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement for data sets processed at this destination. This is the default.

Parameter	Description
PSEGDD	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the default page segment libraries. In addition to page segments, the page segment library might contain Bar Code Object Content Architecture (BCOCA), Graphics Object Content Architecture (GOCA), and Image Object Content Architecture (IOCA) resources. Required if PSEG240 or PSEG300 is specified (the default library is used when data does not indicate a resolution); otherwise, optional if no attempt is made to process a page segment from the system page segment library. Syntax: PSEGDD=*.label
PSEG240	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the 240-pel page segment libraries. Syntax: PSEG240= *. <i>label</i>
PSEG300	Identifies the DD statement that specifies the 300-pel page segment libraries. Syntax: PSEG300= *. <i>label</i>
RESPTIME (*)	 Specifies the maximum number of seconds AFP Download Plus should wait for a response from the download receiver. See "Response timeout" on page 96 for the Printer Inventory parameter. Syntax: RESPTIME=nnnn, where nnnnn is a value from 0 - 86400. The default value is 0, which means AFP Download Plus waits indefinitely for a response. Note: When the RESPTIME parameter is specified, the NORESP parameter must also be
	specified to tell AFP Download Plus what action to take when no response is received within the time specified.
TRACE (*)	Specifies AFP Download Plus tracing. For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis.</i> See FSA trace dsname, NST trace dsname, Trace mode, Trace prompt, and Trace table size Printer Inventory parameters in Table 13 on page 75 for more information. Syntax: TRACE=YES NO

Printer Inventory

With AFP Download Plus you can use default FSA-initialization, tracing, and execution option parameters that are defined in the Printer Inventory instead of those defined in:

- PRINTDEV statement (see "PRINTDEV parameters" on page 64) or the EXEC statement (see "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45) of the AFP Download Plus startup procedure
- AFPPARMS control statement (see "Parameters for the AFPPARMS control statement" on page 50)
- Exit 7 initialization (INIT) call (see Table 17 on page 110)

With the Printer Inventory, you can define an FSA in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure and JES initialization statements before the FSA is actually used. When the new FSA is added, you can assign variable parameters for it in the Printer Inventory. This saves you time because you do not need to restart all the FSAs in a startup procedure when you add a new FSA or change parameters for an existing FSA. The Printer Inventory also makes it much easier to define parameters than through the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, the AFPPARMS control statement, or Exit 7. See *PSF for z/OS: Customization* for more information about the Printer Inventory.

You can use the Printer Inventory component of Infoprint Server to define an FSS and AFP Download Plus FSAs without licensing the Infoprint Server feature of z/OS. For more information, see *z/OS Infoprint Server Printer Inventory for PSF*. If you want to use Infoprint Central, you must have a license for the Infoprint Server feature.

Infoprint Central and common message log

When you define an FSS and AFP Download Plus FSAs in the Printer Inventory, you can use Infoprint Central to start, stop, and view properties of each AFP Download Plus FSA. If AFP Download Plus is writing messages to the Infoprint Server common message log, you can also:

- View FSA and print job messages that AFP Download Plus has written to the common message log.
- Search for print jobs and view the properties for each job.
- Release held print jobs, delete jobs, change the priority of jobs, and move jobs (as long as AFP Download Plus has not started processing the jobs).

To enable AFP Download Plus to write messages to the common message log, you must customize AFP Download Plus and select the Log messages parameter in the Printer Inventory. The common message log is only supported on z/OS 1.13 or later. See *PSF for z/OS: Customization* for information about customizing AFP Download Plus to use the common message log with the Printer Inventory.

Specifying Printer Inventory parameters

To use the Printer Inventory, you must:

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- 1. Specify the Printer Inventory name on the INV parameter in the PARM field of the EXEC statement for the startup procedure:
 - // EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=('INV=piname')

where *piname* is the 4-character name of the Printer Inventory that is specified in the Infoprint Server configuration file. For example, // EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=('INV=AOP1') specifies the default name of the Printer Inventory.

- 2. Specify the parameters that you want to use in the Printer Inventory:
 - Use the **aopmig** Printer Inventory migration program to copy parameters from the PRINTDEV statement, the EXEC PARM statement, and the AFPPARMS control statement into the Printer Inventory (see *PSF for z/OS: Customization*). You must manually migrate parameters from Exit 7.
 - Use the Printer Inventory Definition Utility (PIDU) or Infoprint Server ISPF panels to define parameters in the Printer Inventory.
 - **Note:** When you use the Printer Inventory, do not specify the parameters in the PRINTDEV statement or the AFPPARMS control statement because AFP Download Plus ignores them. You **must** specify the parameters in the Printer Inventory if you want to use them.
- **3.** Select the Log messages parameter in the Printer Inventory to use the Infoprint Server common message log.

Figure 8 on page 72 shows a sample ISPF panel for defining an FSS for AFP Download Plus.

Add PSF Command ==>	FSS
FSS Name <u>AFPFSS</u> Description . <u>AFP Downlo</u> ad Plus	(extend)
TCP/IP job name NST trace dsname PINST trace dsname Trace table size 32 _ Trace prompt _ Unicode enabled / Log messages	

Figure 8. Sample ISPF Printer Inventory panel for defining an FSS for AFP Download Plus

Figure 9 shows sample pages of ISPF panels that are used to define the parameters for an AFP Download Plus FSA.

Add Command ==>	PSF FSA, AFP Download Plus	
FSA Name Description Location	. AFPDP2 . AFP Download Plus (extend) . Building 001 (extend)	
Operator sec <u>AF</u> Processing I	urity profile P2PROF nformation:	
Processing I Blank c Consoli Release Page ac Save Lin Save au Default p Paper wid Paper vid Paper len Resolutio Image out Auxiliary Map Coded	<pre>normation: ompression date IM1 images data set when repositioning counting supported Line-Mode Conversion paper-length errors e-Mode Migration LINECT xiliary files rocess mode th</pre>	
Printer Supp GOCA Bo GOCA Se GOCA Se IOCA re Object	orted Functions: x orders t Fractional Line Width orders t Process Color orders plicate and trim function identifier (OID) format	
Resources: Form defi Page defi Character Color map Com setup _ Map to _ Recover	nition <u>A10110</u> nition <u>A08682</u> sets <u>60D8</u> member outline fonts from font not found	

Figure 9. Sample ISPF Printer Inventory panel for defining an AFP Download Plus FSA (Page 1 of 2)

I

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```
Add
                                            PSF FSA, AFP Download Plus
 Command ==>
 FSA Name. . . <u>AFPD</u>P2
                                                                                             _ (extend)
 Description . AFP Download Plus
 Location. . . Building 001
                                                                                                (extend)
                                                                                              More: -
 Resources Included Inline:
     / Bar code objects (BCOCA)
     7 Font objects (FOCA)
     7 Form definitions
     7 Graphics objects (GOCA)
     7 Image objects (IOCA)
     7 Object containers
     7 Overlays
     7 Page segments
     7 Presentation text objects (PTOCA)
     7 TrueType fonts
     Color management resources. . 3 1. None 2. All 3. Generic
 Error Reporting Values:
    _ Error disposition supported
       Send msgs to SYSOUT
     Print error messages . . . 2 1. No 2. Yes
    \begin{array}{c} \text{Maximum messages...16} \\ \text{Maximum messages...16} \\ \text{Print error reporting...1} \\ \text{In None 2. All 3. Character 4. Position} \\ \text{Send messages on failure .1} \\ \text{In All 2. Generic only} \\ \end{array}
 Connection:
     Connect Interval. . . 600 (0-86400 seconds)
     No response action. \frac{1}{1} 1. Notify JES 2. Notify user
3. Notify operator 4. Terminate
         Notify . . . . . . _____
     Response timeout. . . (0-86400)
IP address . . . . . 9.99.99.87
                                           (0-86400)
                                                                                          ____(extend)
     Transmission:
     _ Data set grouping
     / Secure transmission
    _ Send separator pages
      Display status
     \begin{array}{c} \overline{\text{C}} \text{ompression.} & . & 1 \\ \text{Direct download.} & \overline{1} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{1. None} \\ \text{2. } \text{MO:DCA-P} \\ \end{array} 
     Recovery pages . 1000 (0-65535)
 Debugging:
     Dump:
         Code . . ____
                               _ Message ID . . _____ Count . . 1 (1-99)
     Trace:

        Trace mode
        .
        .
        2
        1. None
        2. Internal
        3. Sync

        4. Full
        5. Limit
        6. IPDS

           Trace table size . 32 (1-999)
           FSA trace dsname . ___
 3800 Compatibility:
       Override default font
     Set media origin to 3800 origin for:
         _ Data set
```

Figure 10. Sample ISPF Printer Inventory panel (Page 2 of 2)

Table 13 on page 75 describes the parameters that you can define in the Printer Inventory and compares them to the parameters you can define on the PRINTDEV statement or the EXEC PARM statement of the startup procedure, in PSF installation Exit 7, or in the AFPPARMS control statement. All parameters are optional unless specified otherwise.

When you are defining parameters on the ISPF panels, see the online help for information about each parameter. For more information about the Printer

Inventory and Exit 7 parameters, see PSF for z/OS: Customization.

iance in this inventory parameter				
Printer Inv	entory			
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description	
	Function	nal Subsystem (FSS) Para	meters	
Note:	If you change the value for an FS	S parameter, you must re	start the FSS to pick up the new value.	
Log messages Values: / = Yes Blank = No	log-messages Values: yes no		Indicates whether AFP Download Plus writes messages to the Infoprint Server common message log. The default is No. Note: $z/OS 1.13$ or later is required to use this parameter.	
NST trace dsname	nst-trace-dsname	PARM= (NSTddname)	Specifies the name of the data set that AFP Download Plus directs a notify subtask (NST) trace to. This name must be different from both the data set name AFP Download Plus directs an FSA external trace to and the PINST trace data set name. The trace data set must exist and be cataloged before the first sender FSA is started.	
			Note: An NST trace is recorded only if an FSA internal or external trace of the page printing writer (PPWTR) component is also active for that FSA.	
			For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .	
PINST trace dsname	pinst-trace-dsname		Specifies the name of the data set that AFP Download Plus directs a Printer Inventory notify subtask (PINST) trace to. This name must be different from both the data set name AFP Download Plus directs an FSA external trace to and the NST trace data set name. The trace data set must exist and be cataloged before the first sender FSA is started.	
			Note: A PINST trace is recorded only if an FSA internal or external trace of the page printing writer (PPWTR) component is also active for that FSA.	
			For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .	
TCP/IP job name	tcpip-job-name	PARM= (,,,tcpip_name)	Specifies the name of the TCP/IP startup procedure. If you have changed the name of the TCP/IP startup procedure, specify the new name for this parameter. If you do not use this parameter, the FSA uses the default TCP/IP startup procedure name of TCPIP .	

Printer In	/entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Trace prompt Values: / = Yes Riont - No	trace-prompt Values: yes	PARM= (,,prompt)	Indicates whether an operator response is required each time the FSS starts to initialize the AFP Download Plus operator interface. The default is No .
	21		For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .
Trace table size	trace-table-size	PARM= ("trace_size)	Specifies a number that indicates how many 4 KB pages of storage are allocated for the FSA trace table. This allocation occurs only if the trace mode is Full , Internal , Limit , or Sync .
			Values: 1 - 999
			The default is 32 .
			For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .
Unicode enabled Values: / = Yes Blank = Yes	unicode-enabled Values: yes no	PARM= (,,,,UNICODE)	Specifies that AFP Download Plus is enabled to use the system conversion services that z/OS provides. This parameter is ignored because AFP Download Plus with PSF 4.5 or later is always Unicode-enabled.
	Functional Sul	bsystem Application (FS/	() Parameters
Auxiliary files MO:DCA level Values:	auxiliary-files-modca-level Values:	auxiliary-files-modca- level	Specifies the MO:DCA Interchange Set level that auxiliary files, such as separator pages and message files, support.
1 = None 2 = IS/3	none IS3		Values: None: Auxiliary files do not support a MO:DCA IS level (default).
			IS/3 : Auxiliary files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. Note: Make sure that changes have been made to the PRINTDEV statement for this FSA so that auxiliary files are generated correctly. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37.

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Blank compression Values:	blank-compression Values:	COMPRESS	Specifies whether AFP Download Plus should compress data (blanks) in line data before transforming it to MO:DCA-P.
/ = Yes Blank = No	yes no		Values: Yes: Causes AFP Download Plus to compress contiguous blanks.
			No: AFP Download Plus does not compress blanks (default).
			Notes:
			1. Blank compression is a data-compression function in AFP Download Plus. It reduces the amount of data that has to be sent through the TCP/IP attachment and might improve the throughput
			2. AFP Download Plus compresses any string of more than five contiguous blanks within line data.
Character sets	chars	CHARS	Specifies the last 4 characters of the coded font name. A font name must contain 1 - 4 alphanumeric or national characters; up to four default font names can be specified. AFP Download Plus adds the coded font names to the page definition and the inline resource
			group. Note: When processing a MO:DCA IS/3 print file, AFP Download Plus does not add the specified coded fonts to the inline resource group because raster fonts cannot be used in a MO:DCA IS/3 file.
Color map	color-map	COLORMAP	Specifies the member name (1 - 8 alphanumeric or national characters) of the printer default color mapping table. The color mapping table is an object container resource that is used to tell the printer what colors to use for various identifiable parts of the data stream. AFP Download Plus puts the table in the inline resource group and exports this parameter for use by the printer.
			You should use a prefix of M1 for color mapping table resources. The full member name must be specified, such as M1SYSTEM. Note: For printers not supporting color mapping table object container resources, this parameter is ignored.

Printer Inv	rentory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Compression Values: 1 = None 2 = LZW	compression Values: none lzw	compression	Indicates whether the LZW compression algorithm is used to compress the transformed data before it is sent to the remote system. The default is None . AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the Save auxiliary files parameter is specified for validating that files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.
Com setup member	com-setup-member	COMSETUP	Specifies the member name (1 - 8 alphanumeric or national characters) of the printer default microfilm setup resource object container that is generated with the utility provided with your microfilm device. AFP Download Plus puts the object container in the inline resource group and exports this parameter for use by the microfilm device. This parameter is used only when output is being sent to a microfilm device.
			You should use a prefix of H1 for microfilm setup resources. The full member name must be specified, such as H1SETUPS. Note: Required for microfilm devices only; for non-microfilm devices, this parameter is ignored.
Connect interval	printer-connect-interval	CONNINTV	Specifies the number of seconds during which AFP Download Plus attempts to connect to the receiver system. When the connect interval expires and the connection is not complete, AFP Download Plus issues a message and stops the FSA. If Connect interval=0 , AFP Download Plus attempts to connect for an unlimited time.
			The connect interval is set when attempting to connect to the receiver system (connect).
			Values: 0 - 86400
			The default value is 600 , which indicates that AFP Download Plus attempts the connection for 10 minutes.

	Description	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus consolidates a multiple-celled IM1 image into a single IOCA image. The default is No , which indicates that AFP Download Plus converts a multiple-celled IM1 image to multiple IOCA images.	This change improves performance only if the image is a 240-pel IM1 celled image that requests replication. For any other case, this change might degrade performance.	Indicates whether the multiple data set function is used when sending the job to the remote system. The default is No . Note: When this parameter is set to yes and the job contains MO:DCA IS/3 print files, ensure that your receiver supports and preserves MO:DCA IS/3 files.
	Equivalent Parameter	XTP7C2SI		dataset-grouping
entory	PIDU	consolidate-im1-images Values: yes no		afpdp-dataset-grouping Values: yes no
Printer Inv	ISPF Panel	Consolidate IM1 images values: / = Yes Blank = No		Data set grouping Values: / = Yes Blank = No

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Default process mode	default-process-mode	PRMODE XTP7PRMD	Indicates the default processing mode AFP Download Plus uses to transform data sets containing both single-byte and double-byte fonts.
			Values: AFP Download Plus ignores all values but these:
			SOSI1 Each shift-out, shift-in code is converted to a blank and a Set Coded Font Local text control.
			SOSI2 Each shift-out, shift-in code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control.
			SOSI3 The shift-in code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control and two blanks. A shift-out code is converted to a Set Coded Font Local text control.
			SOSI4 Each shift-out, shift-in code is to be skipped and not counted when calculating offsets for the data set. SOSI4 is used when double-byte character set (DBCS) text is converted from ASCII to FRCDIC When SOSIA is
			specified, the page definition offsets are correct after conversion; therefore, the user does not need to account for SOSI characters when computing FIELD offsets. The
			is the same as for SOSI2.
			Notes:
			1. AFP Download Plus only uses this parameter if the PKMUDE keyword is not specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement.
			2. If this parameter is not specified in the Printer Inventory, Exit 7, or the PRINTDEV statement, and the PRMODE parameter is
			not specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement, AFP Download Plus defaults to MO·DCA-P

•			
Printer In	/entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Direct download Values:	direct-download Values:	direct-download	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus stores data in a temporary directory or sends it directly to the receiver.
1 = None 2 - MO·DCA-P	none modes-n		The values are:
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2	moucarp		
			Values: None: AFP Download Plus stores the MO:DCA-P and resource data that is created from the JES spool print data in temporary UNIX files until transmission to the receiver. This is the default.
			MO:DCA-P : AFP Download Plus sends the MO:DCA-P data that is created from the JES spool print data directly to the receiver. The resource data is stored in a temporary UNIX file until transmission to the receiver.
			Notes:
			1. AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the Save auxiliary files parameter is specified for validating that files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.
			2. z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter in the Printer Inventory.
Display status Values: / = Yes	display-afpdp-status Values: yes	display-afpdp-status	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus activates the processing status feature. The default is No. Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter in the
Blank = No	no		Printer Inventory.

Printer Inv	rentory			
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description	
Dump: Code	dump-code	DUMP	Identifies a reason code that causes a conditional memory dump of the sender address space when the reason code occurs. The reason code can be:	
			 A seven-character hexadecimal abend reason code for an abend for which AFP Download Plus does not typically produce a memory dump, such as a restartable abend; the first 3 characters of an abend reason code are always ABD. For example: ABD011C 	
			See <i>PSF for z/OS: Messages and Codes</i> for a list of abend reason codes.	
			 An 8-character hexadecimal PSF reason code; you can enter the hexadecimal characters only or the hexadecimal characters with a prefix of 0x. For example: 09600c00 	
			 See PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis for a list of PSF reason codes. An integer from 0 - 2147483647. For example: 157289480 	
			Notes:	
			1. If both a reason code and a message ID are specified, a dump occurs at the first occurrence of either one.	
			2 . For an explanation of restartable abends, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .	
Dump: Count	message-count-before-dump	DUMP	Specifies the number of times the message that is specified by the Dump: Message ID parameter is issued before AFP Download Plus produces a conditional memory dump.	
			Values: 1 - 99	
			The default is 1.	

Printer Inv	rentory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Dump: Message ID	dump-message-id	DUMP	Identifies an AFP Download Plus message that causes a conditional memory dump of the sender address space when the message occurs. The dump occurs after the message is issued for the number of times specified by the Dump: Count parameter.
			Syntax: APSmmmt
			nnn 3- to 4-digit message number
			t One of these type codes:A Message requiring operator actionI Information message
			Examples: APS8961, APS2001A Note: If both a reason code and a message ID are specified, a dump occurs at the first occurrence of either one.
Error disposition supported Values: / = Yes Blank = No	error-disposition-supported Values: yes no	PRTERROR	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus accepts the error disposition that is specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement when AFP Download Plus stops processing a data set because an error occurs during processing. The default is No . Note: The Printer Inventory values are equivalent to these PRTERROR values in the PRINTDEV statement: Yes = HONOR No = NOTHONOR
Form definition (required)	form-definition	FORMDEF	Specifies a required 1- to 8-character default form definition. Form definition names in AFP Download Plus must begin with an F1 prefix or AFP Download Plus adds the prefix. If the name is 3 or more characters and the first 2 characters are the F1 prefix, AFP Download Plus uses the name as is. Otherwise, if the name does not begin with the F1 prefix and is a maximum of 6 characters, the form definition name begins with F1, which is part of the name and not the prefix, and is a maximum of 6 characters, you must include the prefix, and is a maximum of 6 characters, form definition name begins with F1, which is part of the name form definition name is F1A20 , you must code F1F1A20 as the form definition.

Printer Inv	/entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
FSA trace dsname	fsa-trace-dsname	ddname	Specifies the data set that AFP Download Plus directs an FSA trace to when the trace mode is Full , Limit, or Sync. The trace data set must exist and be cataloged before the sender FSA is started.
			For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .
GOCA Box orders Values:	goca-box-supported Values:	goca-box	Indicates whether GOCA box drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is No .
/ = Yes Blank = No	yes no		Notes: 1. The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.
			2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify Yes for this parameter.
GOCA Set Fractional Line Width orders	goca-fractional-line-supported Values:	goca-frac-line	Indicates whether GOCA fractional line width drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is No.
Values: / = Yes	yes		Notes:
Blank = No			1. The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.
			2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify Yes for this parameter.
GOCA Set Process Color orders Values:	goca-process-color-supported Values:	goca-process-color	Indicates whether GOCA process color drawing orders are supported by the printer on the receiver system. The default is No.
/ = Yes Blank = No	yes no		Notes:
			1. The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.
			2. When using the PPFA DRAWGRAPHIC command in a page definition, you should specify Yes for this parameter.

Printer In	rentory			
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description	
Image output format Values: 1 = IOCA 2 = Unchanged	image-output-format Values: ioca unchanged	image-output-format	Indicates the image data format AFP Download Plus produces in the output document. IM1 images can be saved in the same format as in the input file or converted to uncompressed Image Object Content Architecture (IOCA) images.	
			Most printers support both IM1 and IOCA image formats, but IM1 images cannot be rotated or rescaled correctly at different printer resolutions. Print servers, such as PSF, convert IM1 images to uncompressed IOCA when the IM1 image resolution differs from the actual printer resolution. Because AFP Download Plus does not know what printer the output might be printed on, by default it converts IM1 images to uncompressed IOCA.	
			Because uncompressed IOCA images are often greater in size than the original IM1 images, printer performance can be slower. If you have problems with printer performance, specify Image output format =Unchanged so the IM1 images are not converted to IOCA.	
			Values: IOCA: All image data is produced in uncompressed IOCA format. This is the default.	
			Unchanged : All image data is produced in the same format as in the input file.	
IOCA replicate and trim function Values: / = Yes Blank = No	ioca-replicate-trim-supported Values: yes no	ioca-replicate-trim-func	Indicates whether the IOCA Replicate and Trim function is used when converting IM1 celled images. This parameter might reduce the number of bytes needed for a raster image, allowing it to display or print faster. When set to Yes , this parameter is only accepted if Image output format=IOCA . The default is No .	
			Note: The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.	

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
IP address	printer-ip-address	IPADDR	Identifies the 1- to 250-character Internet Protocol (IP) address or host name of the TCP/IP-attached receiver system. Specify one of these:
			 Host name; for example, denver.mysystem
			 Dotted decimal address in the format <i>nnn.nnn.nnn</i>; for example, 20.97.8.201
			 Colon hexadecimal address in the format:
			инип:пиппипипипипипипипипипипипипипипипи
			 Leading zeroes in each hexadecimal value can be omitted. For example: 2001:db8:85a3:0:0:8a2e:c22:384e
			 One sequence of repeat zero values can be omitted. For example: 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:c22:384e
			 The last 2 hexadecimal digits can be in dotted decimal notation. For example: 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:12.34.56.78
Map Coded Font (MCF) Format 2 name Values:	mcf2-format Values: codepage-character-set	mcf2-format	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus uses the names of the code page and character set to build the MCF-2 structured field or the name of the coded font.
1 = Code page and character set 2 = Coded font	coded-font		Values: Code page and character set: AFP Download Plus opens and reads the contents of all coded fonts that are specified in MCFs in the input file or input resources. This is the default.
			Coded font: This is recommended when processing DBCS fonts.
Map to outline fonts Values: / = Yes Blank = No	map-to-outline-fonts Values: yes no	MAP2OLN XTP7MTOF	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus maps fonts to outline fonts. Use this parameter if your printer supports outline fonts, you have existing applications that use raster fonts, and you want to use outline fonts without changing the applications. The default is No .
			See "MAP2OLN" on page 67 for the parameter you specify in the PRINTDEV.

Printer Ir	nventory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Vo response action /alues: 1 = Notify IFS	no-response-action Values: notify-ies	NORESP	Specifies what action AFP Download Plus takes when the time specified by the Response timeout parameter expires and a response has not been received from the download receiver.
2 = Notify user 3 = Notify operator 4 = Terminate	notify-user notify-operator terminate		Values: Notify JES: AFP Download Plus notifies JES that an expected response was not received from the download receiver. This condition is also displayed by SDSF (default).
			Notify user: AFP Download Plus sends a message to the user ID specified by the No response action: Notify parameter and to JES indicating that an expected response was not received from the download receiver.
			Notify operator : AFP Download Plus sends a message to the system operator and to JES indicating that an expected response was not received from the download receiver.
			Terminate : AFP Download Plus stops the FSA. The system operator must issue a command to restart the FSA. The data set that is active when the FSA is stopped is restarted from the last checkpoint.
			Notes:
			1. z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.
			When the No response action parameter is specified, the Response timeout parameter must also be specified.
Vo response action: Notify	no-response-notify	NORESP	Specifies the user ID that AFP Download Plus sends a message to when an expected response is not received from the download receiver before time expires. This parameter is used when Notify user is specified by the No response action parameter. Note: $z/OS1.13$ or later is required to use this parameter.

	Description	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus passes OID information when placing TrueType and OpenType fonts inline. The default is No .	Note: The value that you select affects how line data is transformed to MO:DCA-P before it is sent to the receiver.	See "pass-oid" on page 59 for the parameter you specify in the AFPPARMS control statement.	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus supports the page accounting function. When set to Yes , AFP Download Plus counts the number of pages and sheets in the data set. The number of pages and sheets is sent to the receiver in the -o attributes, -opagecount and -osheetcount, respectively. The default is No .	Specifies a required 1- to 8-character default page definition. Page definition names in AFP Download Plus must begin with a P1 prefix or AFP Download Plus adds the prefix. If the name is 3 or more characters and the first 2 characters are the P1 prefix, AFP Download Plus uses the name as is. Otherwise, if the name does not begin with the P1 prefix and is a maximum of 6 characters, the page definition name begins with P1, which is part of the name and not the prefix, and is a maximum of 6 characters, you must include the prefix in the page definition name. For example, if the page definition.									
	Equivalent Parameter	pass-oid			page-accounting- supported	PAGEDEF									
entory	PIDU	oid-format-supported Values : yes	по		page-accounting-supported Values: yes no	page-definition									
Printer Invo	ISPF Panel	Object identifier (OID) format Values: / = Yes	Blank = No		Page accounting supported Values: / = Yes Blank = No	Page definition (required)									
r PRINTDEV parameters (continued)		Description	Specifies the actual paper length to be used for Line-Mode Migration or Line-Mode Conversion. The default is 14IN .	Syntax: nunn[nunu]unit	nnnn 1- to 4-digit decimal number that indicates the paper length.	mm 1- to 3-digit decimal number that indicates the paper length.	unit One of these measurement units:	CM Centimeters	IN Inches	MM Millimeters	PELS Picture elements (1/240	Points (1/72 inch)	If you specify the unit as PELS or POINTS, you must specify the value as a whole number with no decimal point.	Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.	See information about Line-Mode Migration and 3800 Line-Mode Conversion considerations for AFP Download Plus in <i>PSF for z/OS: Customization</i> .
--	--------------	----------------------	--	------------------------	---	--	---	----------------	-----------	----------------	------------------------------	--------------------	--	---	--
C PARM, Exit 7 (XTP7), c		Equivalent Parameter	paper-length												
s compared to AFPPARMS, EXE	entory	PIDU	paper-length												
Table 13. Printer Inventory parameters	Printer Inve	ISPF Panel	Paper length												

(contin
/ parameters
, or PRINTDEV
(XTP7)
Exit 7
PARM,
EXEC
VFPPARMS ,
ompared to A
parameters c
r Inventory
3. Printe
ole 15
2

· ·		Description	Specifies the actual paper width to be used for Line-Mode Migration or Line-Mode Conversion. This value does not include the carrier strips. The default is 13.2IN .	Syntax: nnnn[.mmm]unit	<i>nnnn</i> 1- to 4-digit decimal number that indicates the paper width.	<i>mmm</i> 1- to 3-digit decimal number that indicates the paper width.	unit One of these measurement units:	LM Centimeters IN Inches	MM Millimeters PELS Picture elements (1/240	POINTS Points (1/72 inch)	If you specify the unit as PELS or POINTS, you must specify the value as a whole number with no decimal point.	Note: $z/OS 1.13$ or later is required to use this parameter.	See information about Line-Mode Migration and 3800 Line-Mode Conversion considerations for AFP Download Plus in <i>PSF for z/OS: Customization</i> .	Specifies the port number with which AFP Download Plus is to establish a connection. The port number identifies the appropriate internal process in the receiver system. The port number must match the TCP/IP port number for the receiver.	Values: 5001 - 65535	The default port is 5001 .
		Equivalent Parameter	paper-width											PORTNO		
	entory	PIDU	paper-width											port-number		
	Printer Inv	ISPF Panel	Paper width											Port number		

Printer Inv	rentory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Print error messages Values:	print-error-messages Values:	PIMSG	Indicates whether all message groups that are generated in the processing of a data set are written to a file.
1 = No 2 = Yes	no yes		Values No: Specifies that no message groups are to be written unless an error occurs that forces a premature end to the processing of the data set. If that happens, the message group describing the error that stopped processing is written.
			Yes : Specifies that all message groups that are generated in the processing of a data set are to be written to a file (default). If a data set is not completed because of an error, message groups that are generated up to this error are written, including the message group describing the error that stopped processing.
			Notes:
			 Reaching the message count value specified by the Print error messages: Maximum message parameter is one error that forces a premature end to processing.
			2. The PIMSG parameter that is specified on the OUTPUT statement in the startup procedure for the message data set,
			referenced by the MESSAGE keyword, also affects the rerouting of messages.

			~ ~
Printer In	/entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Print error messages: Maximum messages	print-error-messages-maximum	PIMSG	Indicates the maximum number of message groups that are written to a file when a value is specified for the Print error messages parameter. When the maximum number is reached, processing of the data set stops and the data set is purged from the spool. The final count of written messages might be more than the value for maximum messages if the message groups are generated for errors that are reported during processing for data that is transmitted before the message count is reached. Values: 0 - 999
			A value of 0 means the data set is processed until complete and all message groups are written unless an error occurs that stops processing. The default is 16 . Note: Messages are written depending on whether Yes or No is specified for the Print error messages parameter.
Print error reporting Values: 1 = None 2 = All 3 = Character 4 = Position	print-error-reporting Values: none all character position	DATACK	Specifies whether the printer reports character and position errors. AFP Download Plus exports this parameter for use by the printer. Character errors are caused by trying to use a code point that is not assigned to a character in a font. Position errors are caused by trying to print outside the valid printable area or off the logical page. Some printers use exception highlighting to mark position errors on the printed page.
			Values: None: Do not report any character or position errors (default). This is equivalent to BLOCK in the PRINTDEV DATACK parameter.
			All : Report all character and position errors. This is equivalent to UNBLOCK in the PRINTDEV DATACK parameter.
			Character: Report only character errors. This is equivalent to BLKPOS in the PRINTDEV DATACK parameter.
			Position : Report only position errors. This is equivalent to BLKCHAR in the PRINTDEV DATACK parameter. Note: This parameter also produces error messages, unless Print error messages=No .

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Recover from font not found Values: / = Yes Blank = No	recover-from-font-not-found Values: yes no	MAP2OLN XTP7RFNF	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus should make sure the outline font that is derived from the mapped font exists before proceeding. Use this parameter if your printer supports outline fonts, you have requested that AFP Download Plus map to outline fonts, and you do not want pages in your job ended because the outline font identified through the mapped font did not exist on the host. The default is No .
			See "MAP2OLN" on page 67 for the parameter you specify in the PRINTDEV.
Recovery pages	transmit-recovery-pages	transmit-recovery- pages	Specifies a number that indicates how often AFP Download Plus synchronizes with the receiving system to determine whether the transmitted data has been received and if not, retransmits the data from the last successful recovery point.
			Values: 0 - 65535. The default is 1000 . When 0 is specified, AFP Download Plus does not synchronize the transmitted data with the receiver until the end of a file. Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter in the Printer Inventory.
Release data set when repositioning Values: / = Yes Blank = No	release-ds-when-repositioning Values: yes no	XTP7RDSR	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus should release spool data sets it has obtained from JES when it is repositioning to handle an exception reported while transforming. Releasing data sets might reorder the data sets when transforming resumes. The default is No.
Report Line-Mode Conversion paper-length errors Values: / = Yes Blank = No	report-line-mode-conversion- paper-length-errors Values: yes no	XTP7LMCM	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus reports message APS973I for Line-Mode Conversion paper-length errors. Values: Yes The message is reported. No The message is suppressed. This is the default. Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.
			For more information about 3800 Line-Mode Conversion considerations for AFP Download Plus, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Customization</i> .

Printer Inv	rentory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Resolution	resolution	XTP7FMT	 Indicates the resolution at which the output is formatted. AFP Download Plus uses this value to choose the associated resolution system library that has previously been defined by the system programmer. If this parameter is blank, AFP Download Plus uses the default system library. Values: Values: The data was formatted with resources at 240 pels per inch. 300 The data was formatted with resources at 300 pels per inch. Note: The resolution value specified is used for all jobs unless you override it with the Exit 7 BDSC.
Resources Included Inline: Bar code objects (BCOCA) Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	inline-bcoca-objects Values: yes no	bcoca	Indicates whether all BCOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is Inline .
Resources Included Inline: Color management resources Values: 1 = None 2 = All 3 = Generic	inline-color-management- resources Values: none all generic	cmr-objects	 Specifies whether color management resource (CMR) objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. Values: None: No CMR objects are included inline: All: These objects that are referenced in the data stream. All CMR objects for all device types and models that are referenced by data object or CMR resource access tables (RATs) and mapped to a generic instruction CMR. Generic: These objects are included inline: All CMR objects that are referenced in the data stream. All CMR objects for all device types and models that are referenced by data object or CMR resource access tables (RATs) and mapped to a generic instruction CMR. Generic: These objects are included inline: All non-device specific CMR objects that are referenced by data object or CMR RATs. This is the default.

(continued)
' parameters
or PRINTDEV
xit 7 (XTP7),
XEC PARM, E
FPPARMS, E
parameters compared to A
3. Printer Inventory
Table 13

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Resources Included Inline: Font objects (FOCA) Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	inline-foca-objects Values: yes no	foca-fonts	Indicates whether all font character sets and code pages that are required to print or view the output file are included inline. If Map Coded Font (MCF) Format 2 name=2 is specified, AFP Download Plus also includes coded fonts inline; otherwise, coded fonts are not included inline. The default is Inline .
Resources Included Inline: Form definitions Values : / = Inline Blank = Not inline	Values: Values: yes no	formdefs	 Indicates whether the form definition that is used in processing the file is included inline. The default is Inline. Note: The job that is sent to the receiver might fail to print or be archived, without any error messages, in these situations: You set these parameters for a job that is sent with separator pages: Resources Included Inline: Form definitions=Not inline Data set grouping=Yes You set these parameters for a job that is sent with multiple data sets: You set these parameters for a job that is sent with nultiple data set grouping=Yes You set these parameters for a job that is sent with multiple data set grouping=Yes
Resources Included Inline: Graphics objects (GOCA) Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	inline-goca-objects Values: yes no	goca	Indicates whether all GOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is Inline .
Resources Included Inline: Image objects (IOCA) Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	inline-ioca-objects Values: yes no	ioca	Indicates whether all IOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is Inline .
Resources Included Inline: Object containers Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	inline-object-containers Values: yes no	object-containers	Indicates whether all object container files requested by the input data stream are included inline. The default is Inline .

	Description	Indicates whether all overlays required to print or view the output document file are included inline. The default is Inline .	Indicates whether all page segments required to print or view the output document file are included inline. The default is Inline .	Indicates whether all PTOCA objects required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is Inline . Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.	Indicates whether all TrueType and OpenType base fonts, linked fonts, and font collections that are required to print or view the output file are included inline. The default is Inline . Note: When processing each TrueType or OpenType font, if the value in a Data-Object Font Descriptor triplet (X'BB') is set to ON to indicate that a font is inline, it overrides Not inline and includes that font, and all linked fonts, inline.	 Specifies the maximum number of seconds AFP Download Plus should wait for a response from the download receiver. Values: 0 - 86400. The default is 0, which means AFP Download Plus waits indefinitely for a response. Notes: When the Response timeout parameter is specified, the Noresponse action parameter must also be specified to tell AFP Download Plus what action to take when no response is received within the time specified. z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.
	Equivalent Parameter	overlays	page-segments	ptoca	truety pe-fonts	RESPTIME
entory	PIDU	inline-overlays Values: yes no	inline-page-segments Values: yes no	inline-ptoca-objects Values: yes no	inline-truetype-fonts Values: yes no	response-timeout
Printer Inv	ISPF Panel	Resources Included Inline: Overlays Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	Resources Included Inline: Page segments Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	Resources Included Inline: Presentation text objects (PTOCA) Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	Resources Included Inline: TrueType fonts Values: / = Inline Blank = Not inline	Response timeout

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
ave auxiliary files /alues: / = Yes Blank = No	save-auxiliary-files Values: yes no	save-auxiliary-files	Specifies whether all auxiliary files, such as separator pages and message files, are saved in the job submitter's default message directory, <i>/var/psf/userinfo/userid</i> . AFP Download Plus never transmits these files to the receiver. The system programmer can validate that these files are IS/3 compliant before using them in production. When this parameter is specified, AFP Download Plus ignores the Compression, Direct download, and Send messages on failure parameters if they are specified. The default is No .
secure transmission /alues: / = Yes Blank = No	secure-transmission Values: yes no	secure-transmission	Indicates whether data is encoded before transmission. The default is Yes .
send messages on failure /alues: 1 = All 2 = Generic only	send-messages-on-failure Values: all generic-only	send-messages-on- failure	 Specifies which messages AFP Download Plus sends to the receiver when an error stops transformation of the print job or the operator cancels processing. Values: All: AFP Download Plus sends all messages for the data set to the receiver in a MO:DCA-P file (default). Note: Use this value when you want to send a MO:DCA IS/3 compliant message file to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make. Generic only: AFP Download Plus sends message APS2391 to the receiver as line data to indicate that the data set could not be specified when using Data set grouping to send multiple data set jobs to the z/OS receiver system because the receiver system cannot receive jobs with both line data and MO:DCA-P data sets. Note: AFP Download Plus ignores this parameter when the Save auxi1iary files parameter is specified for validating that files are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.
send msgs to SYSOUT (alues: / = Yes Blank = No	send-messages-to-sysout Values: yes no	XTP7MDSD	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus redirects a message data set as a SYSOUT data set to another CLASS or DEST for viewing or printing.

Т

Printer Inv	entory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Send separator pages Values:	send-separator-pages Values:	send-separator-pages	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus sends the separator pages for a job to the receiver. The default is No .
/ = Yes Blank - No	yes		Notes:
	2		1. Use this parameter when you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver. See "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the other changes you need to make.
			For more information, see "Sending z/OS separator pages" on page 116.
Set media origin to 3800 origin for: Data set Values: / = Yes Blank = No	set-3800-dataset-origin Values: yes no	XTP738MO	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus sets the user's data set media origin on continuous-forms printers to the 3800 media origin (top left corner). The default is No .
Trace mode Values: 1 = None	trace-mode Values: none	PARM= (<i>,trace_type</i>) Note: Applies to all FSAs in the FSS.	Specifies the type of AFP Download Plus tracing that is started during FSA initialization. For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .
z = Internal 3 = Sync 4 = Full	internal sync full		Values: None: No AFP Download Plus tracing is started during AFP Download Plus initialization.
5 = Limit 6 = IPDS	limit ipds		Internal : An internal trace is started (default). It reflects only the most recent history of AFP Download Plus processing.
			Sync : An FSA SYNC external trace is started. An internal trace is also started.
			Full: An FSA full external trace is started. An internal trace is also started.
			Limit : A shortened FSA external trace is started along with an internal trace.
			IPDS : An FSA IPDS trace is started along with an internal trace. This value is not used in AFP Download Plus. Note: The FSA trace dsname parameter is required when the trace mode is Full , IPDS , Limit , or Sync .

Printer Inv	rentory		
ISPF Panel	PIDU	Equivalent Parameter	Description
Trace table size	trace-table-size	PARM= (<i>"trace_size</i>) Note: Applies to all FSAs in the FSS.	Specifies a number that indicates how many 4 KB pages of storage are allocated for the FSA trace table. This allocation occurs only if the trace mode is Full , Internal , Limit , or Sync .
			Values: 1 - 999
			The default is 32 .
			For more information about using traces, see <i>PSF for z/OS</i> : <i>Diagnosis</i> .
Use Line-Mode Migration LINECT Values: / = Yes Blank = No	use-line-mode-migration-linect Values: yes no	XTP7LCNT	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus uses line count (LINECT) in Line-Mode Migration for calculating the number of lines on a page. Values: Yes LINECT is used. No LINECT is used. Note: z/OS 1.13 or later is required to use this parameter.
Working directory	working-directory	working-directory	Specifies the 1- to 256-character name of the working directory that AFP Download Plus uses to store error messages files and temporary files for transformed data and resources. The default is /var/psf/. AFP Download Plus adds the beginning and ending slashes if they are missing and uses the name as an absolute path.
3800 compatibility: Override default font Values: / = Yes	override-3800-default-font Values: yes no	XTP7HDF	Indicates whether AFP Download Plus tells the 3800 to replace the hardware default font with the first font in the current font list. The default is No .

/ = Yes Blank = No

Defining a JES2 functional subsystem

To define an AFP Download Plus sender in a JES2 environment, code these JES2 initialization statements as part of JES2 initialization:

- One FSS statement to define each sender
- · One PRT statement (also called a printer definition) for each sender FSA

In addition to the FSS and PRT statements, these JES2 initialization statements have considerations for AFP Download Plus:

- On the JES2 SPOOLDEF statement, specify **TRKCELL=5** for improved performance. Also, specify **TRKCELL=YES** on the PRT statement.
- On the JES2 OUTCLASS statement, specify BLNKTRNC=NO if you do not want JES2 to truncate trailing blanks for data sets in an output class that AFP Download Plus processes. The setting of this parameter can affect the formatting of the output. The default is BLNKTRNC=YES, which can cause problems with MO:DCA-P data.

Sample JES2 initialization statements

Figure 11 shows sample JES2 statements for one AFP Download Plus sender and its associated FSA named PRT001.

```
FSS(AFPPLUS) PROC=AFPPLUS,HASPFSSM=HASPFSSM,AUTOSTOP=YES
PRT(001) CKPTSEC=30,CLASS=A,START=NO,
    FSS=AFPPLUS,MODE=FSS,PRESELCT=YES,
    PRMODE=(LINE,PAGE,SOSI1,SOSI2),
    TRKCELL=YES,UCS=0,WS=(Q)
```

Figure 11. Sample JES2 initialization statements. These statements are commonly found in the initialization-deck member of SYS1.PARMLIB. Continuation characters are not shown.

"FSS statement" describes the JES2 initialization statements that are shown in Figure 11, including some additional parameters that you might want to specify for an AFP Download Plus sender and FSA.

Note: For detailed descriptions of each of the parameters, see *z*/*OS JES2 Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

FSS statement

The FSS initialization statement defines the sender to JES2. The FSS statement is associated with one or more PRT statements that define each FSA. The FSS initialization statement is optional but recommended. If you omit it, JES2 generates a default FSS when an FSA is started.

The FSS statement contains these parameters for AFP Download Plus:

FSS(fssname)

Specifies the 1- to 8-character name of the sender. The FSS name must match the FSS name in the PRT(*nnnn*) statement for each associated FSA.

PROC=procedurename

Specifies the name of the procedure for starting this sender. This parameter is required. The procedure must be defined before the sender is started (see "Creating a startup procedure" on page 39). A sample AFP Download Plus startup procedure is named AFPPLUS in Figure 6 on page 41.

HASPFSSM= HASPFSSM

Specifies the 1- to 8-character JES load module to be loaded into the sender address space.

This parameter is optional. For AFP Download Plus, either omit the parameter or specify the default value of **HASPFSSM**.

AUTOSTOP={YES | NO}

Specifies whether the sender address space (FSS) is to be stopped automatically if all FSAs under control of the sender are stopped.

This parameter is optional; if you omit it, the default is **NO**.

PRT statement

A PRT statement (also called a printer definition) is required to define each FSA.

The PRT(*nnnn*) statement contains these parameters:

PRT (nnnn)

Specifies the name of an FSA that is associated to the sender, where *nnnn* is 1to 5-digits. In addition to the PRT(*nnnn*) format, AFP Download Plus accepts the PRINT*nnn* and PRINTER*n* formats, if the name is no more than 8 characters. In this publication, PRT(*nnnn*) is used to represent the FSA definition statement.

CKPTMODE={PAGE | SEC}

Specifies whether checkpointing of a data set being transformed is based on the number of pages or on time. If you specify both CKPTPAGE and CKPTSEC, the CKPTMODE parameter determines which value is used. This parameter is optional.

Note: AFP Download Plus checkpoints data sets; however, when an error occurs, AFP Download Plus restarts from the beginning of a job, not from a checkpoint.

CKPTPAGE=nnn

Specifies the number of pages between checkpoints of a data set being transformed.

Note: AFP Download Plus checkpoints data sets; however, when an error occurs, AFP Download Plus restarts from the beginning of a job, not from a checkpoint.

CKPTSEC={nnnnn | 0}

Specifies the seconds between checkpoints of a data set being transformed. The value must be 0 - 32767.

The default is **0**, which means AFP Download Plus only checkpoints a data set if a checkpoint value is specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement for the data set.

Note: AFP Download Plus checkpoints data sets; however, when an error occurs, AFP Download Plus restarts from the beginning of a job, not from a checkpoint.

CLASS=n

Specifies the output class that is processed by this FSA. List all classes to be selected by this FSA; do not separate each class with a comma.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, this FSA selects data sets with any output class.

FCB=pdefname

Specifies the 1- to 4-character name of a default page definition. Do *not* code the P1 prefix of the page definition. This name is translated to uppercase.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, JES2 determines the default page definition from the NIFCB parameter of the JES2 PRINTDEF statement. If no default is specified on the PRINTDEF statement, the default is that specified on the PRINTDEV statement in the FSS startup procedure.

FORMS=(formnames)

Specifies the 1- to 8-character form names processed by this FSA. List 1 - 8 different form names that can be selected by this FSA; separate each form name with a comma.

If you designate **F** as a work-selection criterion on the WS parameter, the FSA selects data sets whose form name matches one of the values specified here.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it and do not specify **F** as a work-selection criterion, this FSA selects data sets with any form name.

FSS=fssname

Specifies the name of the sender FSS associated with this FSA. This parameter is required.

MODE=FSS

Specifies that the FSA is managed by an AFP Download Plus sender. This parameter is optional. The default is **FSS** if you do not code the FSS parameter.

PRESELCT={YES | NO}

Specifies whether output data sets are preselected for this FSA. This parameter is optional. If you omit it, the default is **YES**.

PRMODE=(processingmodes)

Specifies the data-set processing modes that are supported by this FSA. Separate the modes with commas. List all PRMODE values to be accepted by this FSA, because the FSA processes only data sets with a mode that matches one of the values specified in this parameter:

- **LINE** Specifies that data sets containing line data are selected.
- **PAGE** Specifies that data sets containing MO:DCA-P data are selected.
- **SOSI***n* Specifies that data sets with the shift-out, shift-in processing mode of SOSI1, SOSI2, SOSI3, or SOSI4 for double-byte fonts are selected.

installation-defined

Specifies any mode that your installation has defined.

Specify both **LINE** and **PAGE** for FSAs that are to transmit both types of data sets.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, the default is LINE.

SEP={YES | NO}

Specifies whether this FSA produces job-header and job-trailer separator pages. The default is **YES**.

SEPDS={YES | NO}

Specifies whether this FSA produces formatted data set header separator pages. The default is **NO**.

START={YES | NO}

Specifies whether JES2 is to automatically start this FSA whenever JES2 starts. If you specify **NO**, the operator must start the FSA.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, YES is the default.

TRKCELL={YES | NO}

I

Specifies whether track-cell despooling is to be used with this FSA. You specify the size of the track cell, in terms of buffers, in the TRKCELL parameter of the JES2 SPOOLDEF statement. For improved performance, you should specify **TRKCELL=YES** on this statement and **TRKCELL=5** on the JES2 SPOOLDEF statement.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, the default is **NO**.

UCS={fontname | 0}

Specifies the 1- to 4-character default font name. **0** specifies that no default font is passed to AFP Download Plus.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, JES2 determines the default font from the NIUCS parameter of the PRINTDEF statement or, if NIUCS is not specified, from the PRINTDEV statement of the startup procedure.

WS=(criteria)

Specifies the work-selection criteria for this FSA; separate each value with a comma. See the *z*/OS *JES2 Initialization and Tuning Reference* for the valid values and defaults.

This parameter is optional but recommended. If you omit it, the FSA selects output data sets for processing according to default work-selection criteria.

Specifying defaults in JES2

You can specify defaults for processing options on JES2 initialization statements PRINTDEF and PRT(*nnnn*) and on the PRINTDEV statement of the AFP Download Plus startup procedure.

To specify *no* defaults in a JES2 environment, code the JES2 and PRINTDEV statements as shown in Table 14.

Option	PRT(nnnn) Statement	PRINTDEF Statement	PRINTDEV Statement
Data Check Blocking	Not applicable	Not applicable	Omit DATACK parameter
Fonts UCS=0		Omit NIUCS parameter	Omit CHARS parameter
Form Definition Not applicable		Not applicable	Omit FORMDEF parameter
Page Definition Omit FCB parameter		Omit NIFCB parameter	Omit PAGEDEF parameter

Table 14. Specifying no defaults in JES2.

Defining a JES3 functional subsystem

To define a sender for AFP Download Plus in a JES3 environment, code these JES3 initialization statements as part of the JES3 initialization processing for the z/OS system:

One FSSDEF statement to define each sender

• One DEVICE statement (also called a printer definition) to define each sender FSA

Sample JES3 initialization statements

Figure 12 shows sample JES3 statements for an AFP Download Plus sender and its associated FSA named PRT001.

```
FSSDEF,FSSNAME=AFPPLUS,PNAME=AFPPLUS,TYPE=WTR
DEVICE,CARRIAGE=(YES,6),CHARS=(YES,60D8),
        CKPNTSEC=30,DTYPE=PRTAFP1,
        FSSNAME=AFPPLUS,
        JNAME=PRT001,JUNIT=(,SYS1,UR,ON),
        MODE=FSS,PM=(LINE,PAGE,SOSI1,SOSI2),
        WC=(R),WS=(CL)
```

Figure 12. Sample JES3 initialization statements. These statements are commonly found in the initialization-deck member of SYS1.PARMLIB. Continuation characters are not shown.

"FSSDEF statement" describes the JES3 initialization statements that are shown in Figure 12, including some additional parameters that you might want to specify to define a sender.

FSSDEF statement

The FSSDEF initialization statement is optional but recommended. If you omit it, JES3 generates a default sender when an FSA is started. The FSSDEF statement contains these parameters:

FSSNAME=*fssname*

Specifies the name of this sender. Each sender must have a unique 1- to 8-character name. This sender name must match the sender name in the DEVICE statement for each associated FSA.

This parameter is required.

PNAME=procedurename

Specifies the name of the procedure for starting this sender. The procedure must be defined before the sender is started (see "Creating a startup procedure" on page 39). A sample AFP Download Plus startup procedure is named AFPPLUS in Figure 6 on page 41.

SYSTEM=systemname

Specifies the JES3 processor on which the sender runs. This parameter is optional. JES determines the default from the DEVICE statement.

TERM={YES | NO}

Specifies whether the sender stops if the JES3 global address space is stopped by a *RETURN or *DUMP operator command. This parameter is optional; if you omit it, the default is **NO**.

TYPE=WTR

Specifies that the sender is an output writer. This parameter is required.

Note: For detailed descriptions of each of the parameters, see *z*/*OS JES3 Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

DEVICE statement

A DEVICE statement (also called a printer definition) is required to define each FSA. The DEVICE statement contains these parameters:

CARRIAGE=({YES | NO}, pdefname)

Specifies the JES default page definition.

- **YES** Specifies that the page definition can be changed during the startup procedure.
- **NO** Specifies that the page definition cannot be changed during the startup procedure.

pdefname

Specifies the 1- to 4-character name of the page definition be used as a default. Do *not* code the P1 prefix of the page definition.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, JES3 determines the default page definition from the CARRIAGE parameter of the JES3 OUTSERV initialization statement. If you omit the CARRIAGE parameter in the OUTSERV statement, the default is **6**, that is, page definition **P16**. If you do not want JES3 to supply a default page definition to AFP Download Plus, specify **PDEFAULT=FCB**.

CHARS=({YES | NO}, fontname)

Specifies a 1- to 4-character default font name. **NO** specifies that no default font is passed to AFP Download Plus.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, JES3 determines the default font from the CHARS parameter of the JES3 OUTSERV initialization statement. If you omit the CHARS parameter of the OUTSERV statement, the default is **GS10**. If you do not want JES3 to supply a default font value to AFP Download Plus, specify **PDEFAULT=CHARS**.

CKPNTPG=nnn

Specifies the number of pages between checkpoints of a data set being transformed.

Note: AFP Download Plus checkpoints data sets; however, when an error occurs, AFP Download Plus restarts from the beginning of a job, not from a checkpoint.

CKPNTSEC=nnnnn

Specifies the seconds between checkpoints of a data set being transformed. The value must be 0 - 32767.

This parameter is optional. If not specified, AFP Download Plus only checkpoints a data set if a checkpoint value is specified on the OUTPUT JCL statement for the data set.

Note: AFP Download Plus checkpoints data sets; however, when an error occurs, AFP Download Plus restarts from the beginning of a job, not from a checkpoint.

DTYPE=PRTnnnn

Specify the device type for an FSA. This parameter is required.

DYNAMIC={YES | NO}

Specifies whether JES3 is to start and stop this FSA dynamically.

- **YES** Specifies that JES3 is to start this FSA whenever work is available for it. JES3 stops this FSA, and deactivates the address space when no work is available.
- **NO** Specifies that the operator is to start and stop this FSA. Specify **NO** to keep the address space active between transmission of data sets.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, the default is NO.

FORMS=({YES | NO}, formname)

Specifies the form name that is processed by this FSA.

- **YES** Specifies that the form name can be changed during the startup procedure.
- **NO** Specifies that the form name cannot be changed during the startup procedure.

formname

Specifies the 1- to 8-character name of the form to be processed by this FSA. If you designate **FORMS** as a work-selection criterion on the WS parameter, the FSA selects data sets whose form name matches the value specified here.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it and do not specify forms as a work-selection criteria, this FSA selects data sets with any form name.

FSSNAME=*fssname*

Specifies a unique sender FSS associated with this FSA. This value must match the value that is coded for the FSSNAME parameter in the corresponding FSSDEF statement.

This parameter is optional. If you omit it, the default is the name of this FSA, as specified with the JNAME parameter.

HEADER={YES | NO}

Specifies whether this FSA produces job-header and data set header separator pages. The default is **YES**.

JNAME=fsaname

Specifies the unique 1- to 8-character name of this FSA. This parameter is required.

JUNIT=(,main,msgdest[,{ON | OFF}])

Specifies information for the FSA:

	main The na	ame of the pro	cessor to whi	ch the FSA	is attached.
--	-------------	----------------	---------------	------------	--------------

- *msgdest* Destination information for messages about the FSA.
- **ON | OFF** Indicator of whether the FSA is initially online or offline.

This parameter is required.

MODE=FSS

Specifies that this FSA is managed by an AFP Download Plus sender. This parameter is required.

PDEFAULT={NONE | CHARS | FCB | CHARS, FCB}

Specifies whether JES3 is to use certain JES3 default values during sender processing or ignore them. If JES3 ignores the default values, AFP Download Plus uses default values for CHARS, PAGEDEF, or both, that are defined in the PRINTDEV statement. See Table 12 on page 65 for information about the PRINTDEV statement.

	NONE		Specifies that JES3 is to use JES3 default values for font name (UCS or train) and page definition name (FCB or CARRIAGE); AFP Download Plus does not use the CHARS and PAGEDEF values specified in the PRINTDEV statement.
	CHARS		Specifies that JES3 is to ignore the JES3 default value for font name (UCS or train); AFP Download Plus uses the CHARS value specified in the PRINTDEV statement when the WS=U parameter is specified on the DEVICE statement.
	FCB		Specifies that JES3 is to ignore the JES3 default value for page definition name (FCB or CARRIAGE); AFP Download Plus uses the PAGEDEF value specified in the PRINTDEV statement when the WS=C parameter is specified on the DEVICE statement.
	CHARS, F	FCB	Specifies that JES3 ignores the JES3 defaults for both font name (UCS or train) and page definition name (FCB or CARRIAGE); AFP Download Plus uses the PRINTDEV value for CHARS when the WS=U parameter is specified on the DEVICE statement and the PRINTDEV value for PAGEDEF when the WS=C parameter is specified on the DEVICE statement.
	This pa	rameter	is optional. The default is NONE .
РМ=	(process Specifie Separat accepted that ma	s <i>ingmode</i> es the da e the mo d by this atches or	ta-set processing modes that are supported by this FSA. odes with commas. List all processing mode values to be s FSA because the FSA processes only data sets with a mode ne of the values specified in this parameter:
	LINE	Specifie	es that line-format data sets are selected.
	PAGE	Specifie	s that composed-page data sets are selected.
	SOSIn	Specifie SOSI1, S	es that data sets with the shift-out, shift-in processing mode of SOSI2, SOSI3, SOSI4 for double-byte fonts are selected.
	installat	<i>ion-defin</i> Specifie	ed as any mode that your installation has defined.
	This pa	rameter	is optional. If you omit it, the default is LINE, PAGE.
WC=	(classes Specifie selected CLASS data set	s) es the ou d by this as a wo ts that m	tput classes that are processed by this FSA. List all classes to be FSA; separate each class with a comma. If you designate ork-selection criterion on the WS parameter, this FSA selects natch the values specified here.
	This pa output	rameter class.	is optional. If you omit it, this FSA selects data sets with any
WS=	(criter) Specifie comma and the	<i>ia)</i> es the wo . See the e default	ork-selection criteria for this FSA; separate each value with a <i>z/OS JES3 Initialization and Tuning Reference</i> for the valid values .
	For an A	AFP Dov	wnload Plus FSA, consider these values:
	С	Causes JCL stat	JES3 to pass the FCB name that is specified on the OUTPUT tement to the FSA.

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- **CL** Specifies that the FSA selects only those data sets with the same class as specified in the WC parameter of this statement.
- **D** Specifies that the FSA selects only those data sets with the same destination name as in the DGROUP parameter of this statement.
- **F** Causes JES3 to pass the form name that is specified as a JCL parameter to the FSA.
- **U** Causes JES3 to pass the font name that is specified as a JCL parameter to the FSA.

Notes:

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- 1. This parameter is optional but recommended. If you omit it, the FSA selects output data sets for processing according to default work-selection criteria.
- 2. If you want AFP Download Plus to use the FCB specified in the FCB JCL parameter to format output, specify WS=C as one of the work-selection criteria. Otherwise, JES3 does not pass the FCB name that is specified in JCL to the FSA.
- 3. If you want AFP Download Plus to use the form name that is specified in the FORMS JCL parameter to select printer definitions in the Printer Inventory, specify WS=F as one of the work-selection criteria. Otherwise, JES3 does not pass the form name that is specified in JCL to the FSA.
- 4. If you want AFP Download Plus to use the page definition that is specified in the PAGEDEF (or FCB) JCL parameter, specify WS=C as one of the work-selection criteria. Otherwise, JES3 does not pass the page definition name that is specified in JCL to the FSA.
- 5. If you want AFP Download Plus to use the font that is specified in the CHARS (or UCS) JCL parameter, specify WS=U as one of the work-selection criteria. Otherwise, JES3 does not pass the font name that is specified in JCL to the FSA.

Specifying defaults in JES3

You can specify defaults on JES3 initialization statements (OUTSERV and DEVICE) and on the PRINTDEV statement of the AFP Download Plus startup procedure.

To specify *no* defaults in a JES3 environment, code the JES3 and PRINTDEV statements as shown in Table 15.

Option	DEVICE Statement	OUTSERV Statement	PRINTDEV Statement
Data Check Blocking	Not applicable	Not applicable	Omit DATACK parameter
Fonts Specify PDEFAULT CHARS and omit CHARS parameter		Omit CHARS parameter	Omit CHARS parameter
Form Definition	Not applicable	Not applicable	Omit FORMDEF parameter
Page Definition Specify PDEFAUL FCB and omit CARRIAGE parameter Parameter		Omit CARRIAGE parameter	Omit PAGEDEF parameter

Table 15. Specifying no defaults in JES3.

Writing installation exits

AFP Download Plus supports PSF for z/OS installation exits that you can use to code and install modifications to AFP Download Plus functions. Table 16 describes the PSF installation exits that AFP Download Plus supports.

Exit	Name	CSECT
1	Job header	APSUX01/APSUC01
2	Job trailer	APSUX02/APSUC02
3	Data set header	APSUX03/APSUC03
4	Logical-record processing	APSUX04/APSUC04
5	SMF type 6 record	APSUX05/APSUC05
6	Message	APSUX06/APSUC06 Note: AFP Download Plus produces some messages that are not produced by PSF.
7	Resource- management	APSUX07/APSUC07 Note: Some Exit 7 options are not supported in AFP Download Plus. See Table 17 on page 110 for the options that are supported.
8	Line-mode migration	APSUX08/APSUC08
15	Print parameter	APSUX15/APSUC15 Note: AFP Download Plus uses Exit 15 the same way Download for z/OS does, except AFP Download Plus ignores the OUTGRP parameter because it is not supported by the receiver. Instead, to process jobs with multiple data sets, use the multiple data set function available in AFP Download Plus (see "dataset-grouping" on page 53).

Table 16. PSF installation exits for AFP Download Plus

For information about PSF installation exits, see PSF for z/OS: Customization.

Resource-management exit processing

AFP Download Plus supports all Exit 7 subroutine calls, including:

- Initialization call (INIT)
- Begin-data-set call (BDSC)
- Resource access call (RAC)
- Resource load call (RLC)
- Resource deletion call (RDC)

Note: No resources are deleted for AFP Download Plus.

• Termination call (TERM)

Table 17 on page 110 shows the APSUX07 or APSUC07 options that AFP Download Plus supports. For more information about the Exit 7 Resource Management options, see *PSF for z/OS: Customization*.

Table 17. Exit 7 options supported by AFP Download Plus

Exit 7 option	Description
XTP7ASAP	Gather AFP statistics about the output file: 0 = No, do not gather AFP statistics for this output file (default). 1 = Yes, gather AFP statistics for this output file.
XTP7C2SI	Convert a multiple-celled IM1 image to a single IOCA image: 0 = No, do not convert to single IOCA image (default). 1 = Yes, convert to single IOCA image.
XTP7FMT	 Specify resolution at which the data set is formatted: 0 = No format resolution is specified (default). 240 = Data is formatted at 240 pels per inch resolution. 300 = Data is formatted at 300 pels per inch resolution.
XTP7HDF	 Override the 3800 default font: 0 = No, use the 3800 default font (default). 1 = Yes, replace the 3800 default font with the first font in the current font list.
XTP7HQUE	Send data set to JES and mark it as unprintable: 0 = No, delete the data set (default). 1 = Yes, mark the data set as unprintable.
XTP7LCNT	Use line count (LINECT) in Line-Mode Migration to calculate the number of lines on a page: 0 = No, do not use LINECT (default). 1 = Yes, use LINECT.
XTP7LMCM	Report message APS973I for Line-Mode Conversion paper-length errors in AFP Download Plus: 0 = No, suppress the message (default). 1 = Yes, report the message.
XTP7MDSD	Send messages to the SYSOUT data set: 0 = No, the message data set is not sent to SYSOUT (default). 1 = Yes, the message data set is sent to SYSOUT.
XTP7MTOF	Map fonts to outline fonts: 0 = No, do not map to outline fonts (default). 1 = Yes, map to outline fonts.
XTP7PRMD	Specify the default processing mode PSF uses to process data sets containing both single-byte and double-byte fonts: SOSI1 , SOSI2 , SOSI3 , SOSI4 .
XTP7RDSR	Release data set when repositioning: 0 = No, do not release data sets when repositioning (default). 1 = Yes, release data sets when repositioning.
XTP7RFNF	 Recover from font not found: 0 = No, do not query the host font libraries to ensure that the mapped font exists (default). 1 = Yes, query the host font libraries for the mapped font.
XTP7RSTR	Control whether AFP Download Plus is automatically restarted after an abend: 0 = No, do not restart after an abend. 1 = Yes, restart after an abend (default).
XTP7TDS	Stop processing the current data set: 0 = No, do not stop processing the data set (default). 1 = Yes, stop processing the data set.

Table 17. Exit 7 options supported by AFP Download Plus (continued)

Exit 7 option	Description
XTP738MO	 Set the user's data set media origin to the 3800 media origin: 0 = No, the data set media origin is not set to the 3800 media origin (default). 1 = Yes, the data set media origin is set to the 3800 media origin.

Reviewing default program properties table entries

z/OS supplies an internal default program properties table (PPT) entry for AFP Download Plus. The internal default values are:

PPT PGMNAME (APSHPOSE)

KEY(1) NOSWAP NOPRIV CANCEL SYST NODSI PASS AFF(NONE) NOPREF

These are the recommended values and no changes are required. However, you can change them by specifying a PPT entry in the SCHEDxx member in the system PARMLIB with overriding values for APSHPOSE. For more details, see *z*/*OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*. Modification of any values other than NODSI might cause a JES abend, or other unexpected results to occur.

Specifying NODSI (nonexclusive use of data sets) in the PPT lets other programs, such as OGL and PPFA, change the resources while AFP Download Plus is running. NODSI also lets Data Management functions occur, such as compression and library migration. However, these functions can cause problems for AFP Download Plus if they run while AFP Download Plus is active. Therefore, you must manually exclude AFP Download Plus resource libraries from the Data Management functions. If you do not want to manually exclude the resource libraries, you must use DSI in the PPT entry.

Specifying DSI and running AFP Download Plus with DISP=SHR causes other programs to wait until AFP Download Plus no longer has the resource libraries open. Therefore, DSI prevents programs from updating or changing the resource libraries while AFP Download Plus is active. Typically, AFP Download Plus has the resource libraries open as long as any FSA is running.

Chapter 5. Operating the AFP Download Plus sender

This chapter describes how to operate the AFP Download Plus sender, including how to:

- Start a sender and its FSAs.
- Cancel the current transformation on an FSA.
- Restart the current transformation on an FSA.
- Stop a sender and its FSAs.
- Set up AFP Download Plus to send z/OS separator pages.
- Use operator interface commands for AFP Download Plus.

You operate an AFP Download Plus sender just as you operate a PSF FSS and FSA, or any other JES output writer. For more information about the JES2 and JES3 commands that are described in this chapter and additional JES commands that you can use to manage an output writer, see z/OS JES2 Commands or z/OS JES3 Commands. For more information about the MVSTM commands that are described in this chapter, see z/OS MVS System Commands.

Although this chapter shows only MVS and JES commands, you can also use System Display and Search Facility (SDSF) commands or the commands of a comparable product to start and stop FSAs and to display and cancel data sets. See *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization* for more information about SDSF commands.

Starting the sender and FSAs

Before you start an AFP Download Plus sender, you must:

- Create a cataloged startup procedure for the FSS.
- Define one or more FSAs.
- Start the AFP Download Plus receiver or equivalent receiver on the receiver system (see "Starting the receiver manually" on page 153). You should start the receiver before the FSA attempts to transmit any data to it; otherwise, a TCP/IP error occurs.

The first two tasks are described in Chapter 4, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus sender."

After the required tasks are accomplished, you can enter commands at the operator console to start each FSA. You do not need to enter a special command to start the sender because JES starts the sender automatically when you start the first FSA.

In JES2, if the FSA was defined with the START=YES parameter on the JES2 PRT(*nnnn*) statement, JES2 automatically starts the FSA when you bring up the z/OS operating system. JES3 does not support the automatic start option.

Starting an FSA requires some coordination with TCP/IP and the receiver on the z/OS, AIX, Windows, or Linux operating system. To start an FSA:

1. Verify that TCP/IP is started on the z/OS operating system. You can start TCP/IP by entering this MVS command:

\$ tcpip_name

Replace *tcpip_name* with the job name of the TCP/IP address space. The job name of the address space is **TCPIP**, unless changed by your installation.

- 2. Verify that the receiver on the receiver system is started. See "Starting the receiver manually" on page 153.
- 3. Start the FSA by entering this JES2 or JES3 start command:
 - JES2:

\$S fsa name [,fsa name ...]

where *fsa_name* is the name of the PRT(*nnnn*) statement, for example, PRT0001.

JES3:
 *START fsa name

where *fsa_name* is the JNAME parameter of the DEVICE statement.

Canceling a data set during transformation

Use the JES cancel command to stop the processing of a data set during transformation. The data set currently being processed is removed from the JES spool.

Enter this JES2 or JES3 command to cancel a data set:

• JES2:

\$C fsa_name [,fsa_name ...]

where *fsa_name* is the name of the PRT(*nnnn*) statement, for example, PRT0001.

• JES3:

***CANCEL** fsa_name

where *fsa_name* is the JNAME parameter of the DEVICE statement.

Note: When a job is canceled, the only file that might be sent to the receiver system is the message data set, which indicates that the job was canceled. No separator pages are sent to the receiver.

Restarting data set transformation

Use the JES restart command to stop the transformation of a data set and requeue it for processing from the beginning.

Enter this JES2 or JES3 command to restart data set transformation:

• JES2:

\$E fsa_name [,fsa_name ...]

where *fsa_name* is the name of the PRT(*nnnn*) statement, for example, PRT0001.

• JES3:

*RESTART fsa_name

where *fsa_name* is the JNAME parameter of the DEVICE statement.

Stopping the sender and FSAs

Before stopping the AFP Download Plus sender, you must first stop each FSA. You can stop an FSA after it finishes transmitting the current data set to the receiver system, or you can stop it immediately.

Stopping an FSA after the current data set is transmitted

Use this JES2 or JES3 command to stop an FSA *after* transmission of the current data set is complete:

• JES2:

\$P fsa_name [,fsa_name ...]

where *fsa_name* is the name of the PRT(*nnnn*) statement, for example, PRT0001.

• JES3:

*CANCEL,fsa_name

where *fsa_name* is the JNAME parameter of the DEVICE statement.

Stopping an FSA immediately

Use these JES2 or JES3 commands to stop an FSA immediately:

• JES2:

```
$P fsa_name [,fsa_name ... ]
$C fsa_name [,fsa_name ... ]
Or
$P fsa_name [,fsa_name ... ]
$E fsa_name [,fsa_name ... ]
```

where *fsa_name* is the name of the PRT(*nnnn*) statement, for example, PRT0001.

The \$P command followed by the \$C command cancels processing of the current data set, purges it from the spool, and stops the FSA. If the current data set cannot be canceled, the FSA does not stop. You can use the MVS Cancel command to stop the FSA in that case.

The \$P command followed by the \$E command interrupts processing of the current data set, returns it to the spool to be restarted from the beginning, and stops the FSA.

• JES3:

***CANCEL**, *f*sa_name, **T**

where *fsa_name* is the JNAME parameter of the DEVICE statement.

The *CANCEL command cancels the current data set; the T option stops the FSA after the current data set is canceled. If the current data set cannot be canceled, the FSA does not stop. You can use the MVS Cancel command to stop the FSA in this case.

Stopping the sender

Remember: Before stopping the sender, you must first stop all sender FSAs.

In a JES2 environment, if the sender was configured with the AUTOSTOP=YES option on the JES2 FSS(*fss_name*) statement, JES2 stops the sender automatically

after you have stopped all FSAs. If AUTOSTOP=YES was not specified, you must stop the sender with an MVS operator command.

In a JES3 environment, JES automatically stops the sender after you stop all FSAs under its control; therefore, you should not need to stop the sender by using an MVS operator command.

If JES has not automatically stopped the sender, use this MVS operator command after you have stopped all sender FSAs:

C fss_name

where *fss_name* is the name on the FSS(*fss_name*) statement in JES2 or the name in the FSSNAME parameter of the FSSDEF statement in JES3.

Sending z/OS separator pages

AFP Download Plus can be configured to send z/OS separator pages for a job to the receiver.

To set up AFP Download Plus to send separator pages:

- 1. Specify **YES** for the Send separator pages parameter in the Printer Inventory or the send-separator-pages parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement.
- Specify YES for the Data set grouping parameter in the Printer Inventory or the dataset-grouping parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement because when a separator page is sent to the receiver with a job, the job becomes a multiple data set job.
- **3**. For the appropriate separator page, ensure that an installation exit is in a data set pointed to in a STEPLIB DD statement in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure or in a LINKLIB in the standard MVS search order:

Job header separator page APSUX01 or APSUC01

Job trailer separator page APSUX02 or APSUC02

Data set header separator page APSUX03 or APSUC03

- 4. Specify the appropriate JOBHDR, JOBTRLR, and DSHDR PRINTDEV parameters that identify the OUTPUT statement to be used for the separator pages.
- 5. When you want to send MO:DCA IS/3 compliant separator pages to the receiver, see "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the changes you need to make.
- 6. Specify **YES** for the appropriate JES initialization statements:

JES2 SEP and SEPDS

JES3 HEADER

Using the AFP Download Plus operator interface

The AFP Download Plus operator interface can be used to:

- Initialize the operator interface.
- Start traces dynamically.
- Stop traces.

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- Stop FSAs.
- Report AFP Download Plus processing status.
- Display TCP/IP status.

This section describes the operator interface commands that can be used with AFP Download Plus. The MVS MODIFY command can be used as an AFP Download Plus operator interface.

Operator interface commands can be entered at any time while AFP Download Plus is running. However, if a command is directed to a specific FSA, that FSA must be up and running at the time when the command is issued or the command is rejected.

Initializing the operator interface

The AFP Download Plus operator interface must be initialized before any AFP Download Plus operator interface commands are processed.

Be aware: Before the AFP Download Plus operator interface is initialized, only enter parameters on the MODIFY command that do not require an *fsa_name*, such as TRACEON or TRACEOFF; otherwise, the command fails. After the AFP Download Plus operator interface is initialized, you can enter any MODIFY parameter.

You can use the Printer Inventory or the AFP Download Plus startup procedure to indicate whether the operator interface is initialized automatically or whether you are prompted to issue a command to initialize the operator interface:

- To initialize the operator interface automatically without prompting from AFP Download Plus, do one of these:
 - In the Printer Inventory, set the Trace prompt parameter to No (see "Trace prompt" on page 76 for more information).
 - In the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, use the PARM parameter in the EXEC statement. For example,
 - // EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=(,,NOPROMPT)

See "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45 for more information about the PARM parameters.

- To initialize the operator interface after you are prompted from AFP Download Plus to issue a command:
 - 1. Do one of these to prompt for operator interface initialization:
 - In the Printer Inventory, set the Trace prompt parameter to **Yes** (see "Trace prompt" on page 76 for more information).
 - In the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, use the PARM parameter in the EXEC statement. For example,
 - // EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=(,,PROMPT)

See "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45 for more information about the PARM parameters.

2. At the prompt, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the U parameter to initialize the AFP Download Plus operator interface. The syntax of the command is:

{MODIFY | F} fss_name,U

The parameters are:

fss_name

Specifies the name of the AFP Download Plus sender that has been initialized. This parameter is required.

U Specifies that the AFP Download Plus operator interface is to be initialized.

Starting and stopping traces

An AFP Download Plus operator interface command can affect one of these trace environments:

- An NST trace
- An FSA external trace for an active FSA
- FSA external traces for all FSAs that are not yet active
- An FSI trace
- An internal trace

To start a trace dynamically, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the TRACEON parameter. The syntax of the command is: **{MODIFY | F}** *fss name*,**TRACEON[**,*fsa name*]

To stop a trace, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the TRACEOFF parameter. The syntax of the command is:

{MODIFY | F} fss_name,TRACEOFF[,fsa_name]

For more detailed information about using the operator interface command to affect a trace environment, see *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis*.

Stopping FSAs

If you cannot stop or cancel an FSA by using a JES command, you can use the AFP Download Plus operator interface to stop the FSA.

To stop an FSA, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the FORCE parameter. The syntax of the command is:

{MODIFY | F} fss_name, FORCE, fsa_name

For more information about stopping FSAs with the operator interface, see *PSF for z*/*OS*: *Diagnosis*.

Reporting AFP Download Plus processing status

You can use the AFP Download Plus operator interface or AFPPARMS control statement to activate and control the AFP Download Plus status feature, which produces a message that reports the processing status for the current spool data set.

Note: This status feature can cause longer processing time for jobs and affect performance. The performance can be affected by the size of your job and the status interval you choose. For example, if a job is several gigabytes (GBs) in size and the status interval is set to kilobytes (KBs), the job takes longer to process because the status is issued in frequent intervals.

This section describes how to use the operator interface to activate the AFP Download Plus status feature. To use the AFPPARMS control statement, see "display-afpdp-status" on page 54.

Activating the AFP Download Plus status feature with the operator interface

To activate the status feature with the operator interface, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the DISPLAY and STATUS parameters. The syntax of the command is:

```
{MODIFY | F} fss_name,DISPLAY,fsa_name,STATUS=AFPDP
[,SCOPE={OFF | ONCE | SF | FSA }]
[,EVENT={XFORM | XMIT | BOTH }]
[,INTV={SFEND | nnn{KB | MB | GB | S | M } | 500KB}]
```

The required parameters that are used with the MODIFY command to control the AFP Download Plus status feature are:

fss_name

Specifies the name of the FSS for which the AFP Download Plus status is displayed. This parameter must match the FSSNAME parameter of the JES FSSDEF statement for the FSS.

DISPLAY

Specifies that information is displayed on a display console and the system log.

fsa_name

Specifies the name of the FSA for which the AFP Download Plus status is displayed.

STATUS=AFPDP

Specifies that status for AFP Download Plus is displayed on a display console and the system log.

The optional parameters are:

SCOPE={OFF | ONCE | SF | FSA}

The SCOPE parameter specifies the scope of the AFP Download Plus status feature request, including how long the request should be active. The values are:

0FF

Indicates that the status feature should be made inactive.

ONCE

Indicates that the status feature should be active for one occurrence when the command is entered (default).

SF Indicates that the status feature should be active until the current spool data set has completed processing, at which time the status feature is turned off. This value can be used when the INTV parameter is used.

If a STATUS=AFPDP,SCOPE=OFF parameter is issued before the spool data set has completed processing, the status feature is turned off early.

FSA

Indicates that the status feature should be active until this FSA session is stopped. This value can be used when the INTV parameter is used.

If a STATUS=AFPDP,SCOPE=OFF parameter is issued before the FSA is stopped, the status feature is turned off early.

EVENT={XFORM | XMIT | BOTH }

The EVENT parameter specifies which events are to be included in the AFP Download Plus status feature request. The values are:

XFORM

Generates status feature message APS8559I for the spool data set transformation to MO:DCA-P.

XMIT

Generate status feature message APS8559I for the transformed document destination transmission.

BOTH

Generate status message APS8559I for both the spool data set transformation to MO:DCA-P and the transformed document transmission (default).

INTV={SFEND | nnn{KB | MB | GB | S | M } | 500KB}

The INTV parameter specifies how often AFP Download Plus should report processing status in message APS8559I. This parameter can be used when SCOPE values SF and FSA are used.

SFEND

Report processing status only at the end of the spool data set.

nnn{**KB** | **MB** | **GB** | **S** | **M** }

Report processing status in an interval of 1 to 999 kilobytes, megabytes, gigabytes, seconds, or minutes, where:

- **KB** Kilobytes (32 KB is the minimum interval)
- MB Megabytes
- **GB** Gigabytes
- **S** Seconds
- M Minutes

500KB

Report processing status every 500,000 bytes that are processed (default).

This example shows the MODIFY command that is used to display AFP Download Plus status for the current spool data set, reporting only transmission activity, at an interval of 500 KB, when the FSS name is WTRES600 and the FSA name is PRT619: MODIFY WTRES600, DISPLAY, PRT619, STATUS=AFPDP, SCOPE=SF, EVENT=XMIT

Viewing the operator status message when the operator interface activates the status feature

When the status feature is activated, AFP Download Plus issues status report message, APS8559I, to the operator's console and the JES log. The message is issued at the end of each page or resource that is processed in a job. This report message is only displayed when the FSA is active. The format of the message is:

APS8559I jobname, jobid, stepname, ddname, jobpart, eventdata.

The values are:

jobname

Specifies the name of the job currently being processed.

jobid

Specifies the job identifier of the spool data set being processed.

stepname

Specifies the step name of the job being processed.

ddname

Specifies the DD name for the step name being processed.

jobpart

Specifies the part of the job that is being processed.

eventdata

Depending on the EVENT value that is specified with the DISPLAY,STATUS=AFPDP parameters and the AFP Download Plus mode, specifies one or more of these:

Transformed bytes=nnnnnn

The number of bytes that result from AFP Download Plus transforming data to MO:DCA-P format. This value is always displayed.

Transmitted=ppppp

The percentage of the total number of transformed bytes that AFP Download Plus has transmitted to the receiving system.

Transmitted bytes=ggggggg

The number of bytes that AFP Download Plus has transmitted to the receiving system.

Compressed bytes=ccccccc

When compression is activated for the FSA or data set, the number of bytes that result from AFP Download Plus compressing the data.

Table 18 shows how the EVENT parameter value and the AFP Download Plus mode determine what other event data the message displays.

Table 18. Event data displayed in APS8559I message when the operator interface activates the status feature

EVENT=	AFP Download Plus Mode	Message Displays	
XFORM	No effect	Transformed bytes=nnnnnn	
BOTH XMIT ¹	Compression off Direct download off	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Transmitted= <i>ppppp</i> For example:	
		APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00722, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 647MB, Transmitted= 58%.	
BOTH XMIT ¹	Compression on Direct download off	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Compressed bytes= <i>ccccccc</i> , Transmitted= <i>ppppp</i> For example:	
		APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00728, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Compressed bytes= 203363, Transmitted= 100%.	
BOTH XMIT ¹	Compression off Direct download on	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Transmitted bytes= <i>ggggggg</i> For example:	
		APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00724, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Transmitted bytes= 1312KB.	
BOTH XMIT ¹	Compression on Direct download on	Transformed bytes= <i>nnnnnn</i> , Compressed bytes= <i>ccccccc</i> , Transmitted bytes= <i>ggggggg</i> For example:	
		APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00726, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 1312KB, Compressed bytes= 203348, Transmitted bytes= 203348.	
1 With VMIT the message is not displayed until transmission has started			

1. With XMIT, the message is not displayed until transmission has started.

If AFP Download Plus is still in the process of transforming the data, you can see 0% for the transmitted percentage. For example,

APS8559I WTRPOSE1 WTRPOSE1 *** PRT660 (TCPIP) SIMP1K, JOB00728, STEP1, SYSUT2, USER, Transformed bytes= 405KB, Transmitted= 0%.

Displaying TCP/IP Status

You can use the AFP Download Plus operator interface to dynamically display the status of a TCP/IP connection on the console and system log.

To display TCP/IP status, type the MODIFY (or F) command with the DISPLAY and STATUS=TCPIP parameters. The syntax of the command is: **{MODIFY | F}** *fss name*,**DISPLAY**,[*fsa name*],**STATUS=TCPIP**

The display TCP/IP status command is the same as the display TCP/IP status command for PSF. For more information about the command parameters, see *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis*.

Figure 13 shows a sample of the TCP/IP status output displayed on the system log with the APS699I message when the MVS MODIFY command is entered with the DISPLAY and STATUS=TCPIP parameters.

```
F WTRES600,DISPLAY,PRT619,STATUS=TCPIP
APS639I WTRES600 WTRES600 *** COMMAND (DISPLAY) ACCEPTED.
APS699I TCP/IP DISPLAY STATUS 645
PENDING
FSANAME...... TCP/IP STATUS..... COMMANDS.....
PRT619 READY TCP/IP IS ACTIVE
DESTINATION CONNECTED
```

Figure 13. Status output displayed on the system log (sample)

The TCP/IP status output displayed on the console and system log consists of a primary TCP/IP status and might consist of one or two sub-statuses and a pending command. The primary TCP/IP statuses, sub-statuses, and pending commands that might be displayed on the console and system log for AFP Download Plus are described in Table 19.

Table 19. TCP/IP status, sub-status, and pending command descriptions

TCP/IP Status Type	Description
Primary Status	
INITIALIZING TCP/IP	AFP Download Plus is in the process of initializing the TCP/IP interface. Issue the MODIFY command again and if the same TCP/IP status is displayed, there is most likely a problem with the interface. Additional messages have already been or will be issued describing the problem in more detail. See "Note" on page 124.
TCP/IP IS ACTIVE	AFP Download Plus has initialized the TCP/IP interface and is ready to start transmitting a job or is actively transmitting a job. This is the normal status for the TCP/IP interface.

Table 19. 7	TCP/IP status,	sub-status,	and	pending	command	descriptions	(continued)
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TCP/IP Status Type	Description
TCP/IP IS INACTIVE	The TCP/IP interface between AFP Download Plus and TCP/IP is inactive because either:
	• The interface has not started yet (INITAPI). This can occur when there is no work for AFP Download Plus or when AFP Download Plus is in the process of transforming the data and has not started transmitting data; therefore, AFP Download Plus is not connected to the receiver destination.
	• The interface has stopped (TERMAPI) and has not restarted yet (INITAPI). This can occur when there is no more work for AFP Download Plus after transmitting the previous data set; therefore, AFP Download Plus is not connected to the receiver destination.
TERMINATING TCP/IP	AFP Download Plus is in the process of stopping the TCP/IP interface. Issue the MODIFY command again and if the same TCP/IP status is displayed, there is most likely a problem with the interface. Additional messages have already been or will be issued describing the problem in more detail. See "Note" on page 124.
Sub-Status	
TCP/IP INTERFACE CONNECTED	When AFP Download Plus is initializing the TCP/IP interface, this sub-status indicates that INITAPI has successfully completed. When AFP Download Plus is stopping the TCP/IP interface, this sub-status indicates that CLOSE has successfully completed but TERMAPI has not. Issue the MODIFY command again and if the same TCP/IP status is displayed, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note" on page 124.
DESTINATION CONNECTED	When TCP/IP is active, this sub-status indicates that CONNECT has successfully completed. This is the normal sub-status for the TCP/IP interface.
READY	This sub-status indicates that AFP Download Plus is connected to the receiver destination.
Pending Command	
CLOSE	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the CLOSE command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note" on page 124.
CONNECT	Whenever this command is pending, AFP Download Plus is unable to connect with the receiver destination. An APS6513I message either has already been issued or will be issued with more details, including the TCP/IP error number (errno) received. See "Note" on page 124.
FREEADDRINFO	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the FREEADDRINFO command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface.
GETADDRINFO	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the GETADDRINFO command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface.
INITAPI	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the INITAPI command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note" on page 124.

TCP/IP Status Type	Description	
IOCTL	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the IOCTL command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
PTON	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the PTON command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface.	
RECV	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the RECV command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
SELECT READ	Select was issued for a Read operation only. Whenever this command is pending, AFP Download Plus is waiting for a response from the receiver destination, which is not responding.	
SEND	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the SEND command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
SHUTDOWN	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the SHUTDOWN command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
SOCKET	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the SOCKET command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
TERMAPI	Issue the MODIFY command again and if the TERMAPI command is still pending, there is most likely a problem with the interface. See "Note."	
Note: If the problem is only occurring on one TCP/IP-attached destination, it is most likely a receiver problem. If the problem is occurring on all or multiple TCP/IP-attached destinations, it is most likely a problem with TCP/IP and you should contact your TCP/IP administrator.		

Table 19. TCP/IP status, sub-status, and pending command descriptions (continued)

When the TCP/IP status is displayed on the console and system log, it might be displayed in combination with a sub-status or a pending command. Each sub-status might have another sub-status, pending command, or both that is displayed with it. Table 20 shows the possible combinations of TCP/IP statuses, sub-statuses, and pending commands that can be displayed on the console and system log.

Table 20. TCP/IP status combinations displayed on the console

TCP/IP Status	Sub-Status	Pending Command
TCP/IP IS INACTIVE	None	None
INITIALIZING TCP/IP One sub-status or pending command might be displayed with this status.		INITAPI
	TCP/IP INTERFACE CONNECTED	One of these might be displayed with the sub-status:
		• CONNECT
		FREEADDRINFO
		GETADDRINFO
		• IOCTL
		• PTON
		• SOCKET

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Table 20. TCP/IP status combinations displayed on the console (continued)

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TCP/IP Status	Sub-Status	Pending Command
TCP/IP IS ACTIVE	DESTINATION CONNECTED	One of these might be displayed with
The sub-status is always displayed	READY is displayed.	the sub-status:
with this status.		• RECV
		SELECT READ
		• SEND
TERMINATING TCP/IP	DESTINATION CONNECTED	One of these might be displayed with
One sub-status is always displayed		the sub-status:
with this status.		CLOSE
		• SHUTDOWN
	TCP/IP INTERFACE CONNECTED	One of these might be displayed with
		the sub-status:
		FREEADDRINFO
		• TERMAPI

Chapter 5. Operating the AFP Download Plus sender $\qquad 125$

Chapter 6. Using the AFP Download Plus sender

This chapter describes how a job submitter uses job control language (JCL) to direct a data set to AFP Download Plus, which then transmits the data set to a receiver system. At the receiver system, the data set can be printed, emailed, or faxed. If you are using PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector, you should be familiar with concepts of AFP, such as form definitions, page definitions, and fonts. See *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide* for an introduction to AFP and the JCL used to print with PSF for z/OS.

This chapter also describes how to specify the AFPPARMS control statement, direct output to receiver systems, monitor error messages, and recover from errors.

Using JCL Parameters

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Table 21 lists all of the JCL parameters that you might specify in the DD or OUTPUT JCL statements when you submit a data set for processing with AFP Download Plus. In the table, an "X" in a column indicates that the parameter can be:

- · Specified in the DD statement
- Specified in the OUTPUT statement
- Sent to the receiver system

The parameters that are required for submitting the data set to the receiver system are contained in -0 attributes. The -0 attributes are derived from parameters that are specified in z/OS, including the DD and OUTPUT JCL statements.

Note: In JES3, many JCL parameters, such as CHARS, FCB, and FORMS, do not override the JES defaults unless the parameter is included as a writer-selection criteria for the device (see "JES3 WS parameter in the Device statement" on page 107).

AFP Download Plus sends -o attributes to the receiver system during processing. See Table 22 on page 134 for the JCL parameters that are sent as -o attributes.

JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
ADDRESS=('address1'[,'address2'] [,'address3'][,'address4'])		Х	Х	Indicates one to four address lines to be put on output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
AFPPARMS='dsname[(membername)]'		Х		Indicates the name of the AFPPARMS control statement that contains additional AFP Download Plus parameters. See "Specifying the AFPPARMS control statement on the OUTPUT statement" on page 136.
AFPSTATS={YES <u>NO</u> }		Х		Indicates whether an AFPSTATS report is generated. See Appendix C, "AFPSTATS report," on page 175

Table 21. JCL parameters for AFP Download Plus

JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
BUILDING=building		Х	Х	Indicates the building identifier to be put on output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
BURST={YES NO}	X	X	Х	Indicates whether continuous-forms paper is separated into single sheets at the receiver destination. This parameter is not always accepted by print servers at receiver destinations. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
CHARS=(fontname1[,fontname2] [,fontname3][,fontname4])	X	X		Indicates one to four coded fonts that AFP Download Plus integrates into the MO:DCA-P data set. AFP Download Plus puts this parameter in the inline resource group. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used. Note: When processing a MO:DCA IS/3 print file, AFP Download Plus does not add the specified coded fonts to the inline resource group because raster fonts cannot be used in a MO:DCA IS/3 file.
CKPTPAGE= pages		Х		Indicates the number of pages between data-set checkpoints, which is the interval at which AFP Download Plus checkpoints the spool data set with JES.
CKPTSEC= seconds		Х		Indicates the number of seconds between data-set checkpoints, which is the interval at which AFP Download Plus checkpoints the spool data set with JES.
CLASS=class		Х	X	Indicates the output class that is assigned to the output data set at the receiver destination. If the class is specified on the SYSOUT parameter in the DD statement, it overrides the CLASS parameter in the OUTPUT statement. AFP Download Plus forwards this parameter for use on the receiver system.
COLORMAP=membername		Х	X	Specifies the object container member name of the color mapping table resource at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus puts the table in the inline resource group and forwards this parameter for use by the printer on the receiver system.
COMSETUP=membername		X	X	Specifies the object container member name of the microfilm setup resource at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus puts the object container in the inline resource group and forwards this parameter for use by the microfilm device on the receiver system.
CONTROL={PROGRAM SINGLE DOUBLE TRIPLE}		Х		Indicates the line spacing AFP Download Plus uses when transforming line data to MO:DCA-P.

Table 21. JCL parameters for AFP Download Plus (continued)

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Table 21.	JCL	parameters	for AFP	Download	Plus	(continued)
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JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
COPIES= (nnn,(groupvalue1,groupvalue8))	X	X	Х	Indicates the number of copies that are printed at the receiver destination (when the receiver destination supports this parameter). If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
DATACK={BLOCK UNBLOCK BLKCHAR BLKPOS}		Х	Х	Specifies the character and position errors the printer reports at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
DCB=OPTCD=J	X			Indicates that the data set contains table reference characters (TRCs). You can also specify table reference characters in the TRC parameter on the OUTPUT statement; however, if DCB=OPTCD=J is specified, it overrides the TRC parameter on the OUTPUT statement.
DCB=RECFM={recordformat}[A M]	X			Indicates whether ANSI or machine carriage-control characters exist in a data set with line data. See <i>z/OS MVS JCL Reference</i> for <i>recordformat</i> values you can use, such as FB, V, or VB. A for ANSI control characters or M for machine-code control characters can be specified with any record format, such as: RECFM=FBA.
DEPT= <i>department</i>		Х	X	Indicates the department identifier to be put on output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.

JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
DEST= [node.]name '[node.]IP:ipaddress'	X	X	X	Specifies an IP address for the output data set. This IP address does not affect the transmission of the data set to a receiver system. AFP Download Plus always uses the IP address that is specified on the PRINTDEV statement for the FSA to transmit a data set to a receiving system. This parameter provides an extra value, which a shell script, destination control file, or exit routine on the receiving system can optionally use to route a file to a particular device attached to the receiving system. The administrator must modify the IBM-supplied shell script, destination control file, or exit routine to use this parameter. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used. Note: If you specify a destination name in the DEST JCL parameter. Therefore, if your system programmer configured the AFP Download Plus startup procedure to select jobs that are based on destination name (that is, WS=R is specified as JES work-selection criteria), you must specify a destination name and you cannot specify the DEST=IP parameter. Or, you can remove the destination name from the JES work-selection criteria for the FSA you are using.
DUPLEX={NO NORMAL TUMBLE}		Х	X	Indicates whether printing is done on both sides of each sheet at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
FCB=pdefname	X	X		Indicates the name of the page definition AFP Download Plus uses to format line data to MO:DCA-P. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used.
FLASH=(flashname,[count])	X	X	X	Indicates the name of the forms flash that is printed at the receiver destination and the number of copies. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
FORMDEF=fdefname		X	X	Indicates the name of the form definition that is used for processing the data set. AFP Download Plus puts this parameter in the inline resource group

Table 21. JCL parameters for AFP Download Plus (continued)

			Plus puts this parameter in the inline resource group.
FORMLEN=xx.yyyIN xx.yyyCM	Х	Х	Indicates the paper length in inches or centimeters that is used to print the data set at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.

Table 21.	JCL	parameters	for AFP	Download	Plus	(continued)
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JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
FORMS=formname		Х	Х	Indicates the name of the form that the print operator is notified to load at the receiver destination. If you specify the form name on the SYSOUT parameter in the DD statement, it overrides the FORMS parameter in the OUTPUT statement. AFP Download Plus forwards this parameter for use on the receiver system.
INTRAY=nnn		Х	Х	Indicates the tray number from which paper is selected at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
LINECT=nnn		Х		Indicates the maximum number of lines that are processed on each output page.
NAME=name		Х	Х	Indicates a name identifier to be put on output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
NOTIFY=(node.userid1[,node.userid2] [,node.userid3][,node.userid4])		X		Indicates up to four users who are notified when AFP Download Plus has finished processing the data set. If users are not specified or if those specified cannot be contacted, AFP Download Plus sends a notification to the job submitter. Whenever AFP Download Plus creates a message file, even if you have not requested notification, AFP Download Plus sends a notification message. AFP Download Plus always puts a copy of the notification message in the system log. See "Specifying message notification" on page 140.
OFFSETXB=nnnn[.mmm]unit		Х	Х	Indicates the offset in the x direction of the logical page origin from the media origin for the backside of each sheet. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
OFFSETXF=nnnn[.mmm]unit		Х	Х	Indicates the offset in the x direction of the logical page origin from the media origin for the front side of each sheet. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
OFFSETYB=nnnn[.mmm]unit		Х	Х	Indicates the offset in the y direction of the logical page origin from the media origin for the backside of each sheet. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
OFFSETYF=nnnn[.mmm]unit		X	Х	Indicates the offset in the y direction of the logical page origin from the media origin for the front side of each sheet. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.

JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
OUTBIN=nnnn		Х	Х	Indicates the number of the output bin into which the print job is placed at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
OVERLAYB= overlayname		Х	Х	Indicates the member name of a medium overlay that is placed on the backside of each sheet. AFP Download Plus puts this parameter in the inline resource group.
OVERLAYF= overlayname		Х	Х	Indicates the member name of a medium overlay that is placed on the front side of each sheet. AFP Download Plus puts this parameter in the inline resource group.
PAGEDEF =pdefname		Х		Indicates the member name of the page definition AFP Download Plus uses to format line data to MO:DCA-P.
PIMSG={ <u>YES</u> NO (YES,nnn) (,nnn)		Х		Indicates whether all message groups generated in the processing of a data set are written to a file.
PRMODE={SOSI1 SOSI2 SOSI3 SOSI4 aaaaaaaa}		Х		Indicates the default processing mode AFP Download Plus uses to process data sets containing both single-byte and double-byte fonts.
PRTERROR=HOLD QUIT DEFAULT		Х		Indicates whether AFP Download Plus accepts the error disposition that is specified when AFP Download Plus stops processing a data set because an error occurs during processing.
PRTQUEUE=' printqueuename'		Х	Х	Indicates the name of the target print queue at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
RESFMT={P240 P300}		X		Indicates the resolution at which the output is formatted.
ROOM=room		Х	Х	Indicates the room identifier to be put on output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
SEGMENT=pagecount	X		X	Indicates that part of the output for a job is spooled to print while the job is still running, or indicates that different segments of a job are printed simultaneously on different printers at the receiver destination. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.

Table 21. JCL	parameters	for AFP	Download	Plus	(continued)
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JCL parameter	DD	OUTPUT	Recvr	Description
SYSOUT=(class,,formname)	Х		X	Indicates the output class and the form name that is assigned to the output data set at the receiver destination. You can also specify the output class and form name in the CLASS and FORMS parameters of the OUTPUT statement. However, if you specify the SYSOUT, it overrides the CLASS and FORMS parameters in the OUTPUT statement. AFP Download Plus forwards this parameter for use on the receiver system.
TITLE=title		Х	Х	Indicates the description to be put on the output separator pages. AFP Download Plus does not use this parameter but forwards it for use on the receiver system.
TRC={YES <u>NO</u> }		Х		Indicates that the data set contains table reference characters. If you also specify table reference characters with the DCB=OPTCD=J parameter in the DD statement, it overrides the TRC parameter.
UCS=fontname	Х	Х		Indicates the name of the coded font that AFP Download Plus integrates into the MO:DCA-P data set. If you specify the parameter in both a DD statement and an OUTPUT statement, the parameter value on the DD statement is used.
USERLIB= ('libname1','libname2','libname8')		Х		Indicates the name of the user libraries containing AFP resources for processing the data set.
USERPATH= ('libpath1','libpath2','libpath8')		Х		Indicates the name of the UNIX file resource path libraries that contain TrueType and OpenType fonts.

Syntax for JCL parameters

The syntax for the JCL parameters in Table 21 on page 127 is described in detail in *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide*.

For more details about how to code the parameter values, see the *JCL Reference* for your operating system.

JCL parameters sent as -o attributes

Just before AFP Download Plus transmits the MO:DCA-P file to the receiver system, it forwards JCL parameters, which are required to submit the file for printing on the receiver system. The JCL parameters that are forwarded are called -0 attributes and contain the original z/OS JCL parameters for the print file, the PSF defaults, and the JES defaults. AFP Download Plus uses the -0 attributes to schedule the MO:DCA-P file for printing on the receiver system.

Table 22 lists the -o attributes that might be sent to the receiver system. All -o attributes that are required or are specified on the JCL OUTPUT statement are sent to the receiver system for each data set type (data set header, job header, job trailer, message, and user), unless otherwise noted. If the attribute is derived from more than one statement, the order of the statements indicates their priority. For example, if the BURST parameter is specified in both the DD statement and the OUTPUT statement, AFP Download Plus forwards the attribute from the DD statement because it has a priority of "1".

Notes:

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- 1. AFP Download Plus replaces nulls (X'00') and blanks (X'40') in the values of text parameters with X'1C' to make it possible for AIX and Linux to parse the text string.
- **2**. The OUTPUT statement that is listed in the Location column always refers to the user's JCL OUTPUT statement, unless otherwise noted.

Note:

Table 23 on page 162 describes the syntax for the -o attributes.

Table 22. -o attributes AFP Download Plus sends to the receiver system

			Derived from		
Description	-o attribute	Required	Location	Parameter	
Address	-oaddress1 -oaddress2 -oaddress3 -oaddress4		OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT	ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS	
Building	-obu		OUTPUT	BUILDING	
Burst	-oburst		1. DD 2. OUTPUT	BURST	
Carriage control	-occ={yes no} ¹	1	Sender		
Carriage control type	-occtype=m ²		Sender		
Character sets	-ochars ³		 OUTPUT (for data set type) PRINTDEV (user data set only) 	CHARS	
Color mapping table	-ocolormap		 OUTPUT (for data set type) PRINTDEV (user data set only) 	COLORMAP	
Microfilm setup	-ocomsetup		 OUTPUT (for data set type) PRINTDEV (user data set only) 	COMSETUP	
Transmissions	-ocop ²		 DD OUTPUT (for data set type) 	COPIES=nnn	

			Derived from	
Description	-o attribute	Required	Location	Parameter
Data check handling	-odatac ⁴	1	1. OUTPUT 2. PRINTDEV	DATACK
Data type	-odatat=af line	1	Sender	
Department	-ode		OUTPUT	DEPT
Duplexing	-odu ²		OUTPUT	DUPLEX
File type	-ofiletype={dshdr jobhdr jobtrl message} ⁵	100	Sender	
Form definition	-of		 OUTPUT (for data set type) PRINTDEV 	FORMDEF
File format	-ofileformat={record stream}	~	Sender	
Forms flash	-oflash		1. DD 2. OUTPUT 3. JES	 FLASH FLASH DEVFLASH
Form length	-oformlength ²		OUTPUT	FORMLEN
Input tray	-oin ⁶		OUTPUT	INTRAY
Destination IP address	-oipdest		1. DD 2. OUTPUT	DEST=IP
Job name	-ojobn	-	JOB	
Name	-ona		OUTPUT	NAME
Node ID	-ono	~	z/OS system	
X offset, back overlay	-ooffxb ⁶		OUTPUT	OFFSETXB
X offset, front overlay	-ooffxf ⁶		OUTPUT	OFFSETXF
Y offset, back overlay	-ooffyb ⁶		OUTPUT	OFFSETYB
Y offset, front overlay	-ooffyf ⁶		OUTPUT	OFFSETYF
Output bin	-ooutbin ⁶		OUTPUT	OUTBIN
Backside overlay	-oovlyb ⁶		OUTPUT	OVERLAYB
Front side overlay	-oovlyf ⁶		OUTPUT	OVERLAYF
Output class	-opa class	100	 DD OUTPUT JES 	 SYSOUT CLASS CLASS=default
Output destination	-opa destination		1. DD 2. OUTPUT	DEST
Output forms name	-opa forms		 DD OUTPUT JES 	 SYSOUT FORMS FORMS
Output job ID	-opa jobid		JES	
Output segment ID	-opa segmentid		DD	SEGMENT
Page count	-opagecount			
Page definition	-opagedef ⁷		 OUTPUT (Message) PRINTDEV 	PAGEDEF
Print queue	-oprtqueue		OUTPUT	PRTQUEUE

Table 22. -o attributes AFP Download Plus sends to the receiver system (continued)

Table 22.	-o attributes A	FP Download	Plus se	ends to the	receiver sy	stem (continued)
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			Derived from	
Description	-o attribute	Required	Location	Parameter
Programmer name	-opr		JOB	
Resolution	-ore		OUTPUT (for the data set type)	RESFMT
Room	-oro		 OUTPUT JOBPARM 	ROOM
Sheet count	-osheetcount			
Table reference characters	-otrc ⁷		1. DD 2. OUTPUT	TRC
Title	-oti		OUTPUT	TITLE
User ID	-ous		z/OS system	

1. No is only used when AFP Download Plus sends the APS8239I message.

2. This attribute is not sent when AFP Download Plus sends the APS8239I message.

3. This attribute is only sent to the receiver system when "generic only" is specified on the send-messages-onfailure parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Send messages on failure parameter in the Printer Inventory and AFP Download Plus sends the APS8239I message.

4. For separators and messages, this attribute is always set to **block**.

5. AFP Download Plus does not send this attribute for the user data set.

6. AFP Download Plus only sends this attribute for the user data set.

7. AFP Download Plus only sends this attribute for message APS8239I.

Specifying the AFPPARMS control statement on the OUTPUT statement

Additional parameters that AFP Download Plus uses to transform and distribute JES spool data sets are contained in an AFPPARMS control statement. You specify this control statement with the AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement at job submission. The parameters in the AFPPARMS control statement are associated with a current JES spool data set and used by AFP Download Plus to process the spool data set. For example:

//OUT1 OUTPUT PAGEDEF=MYDEF, // AFPPARMS='MY.PDS.PARMS(MEMBER)', // USERLIB='MY.RESOURCE.DATASET'

The AFPPARMS parameter has this syntax:

AFPPARMS='dsname[(membername)]'

The values are:

dsname

Specifies the 1- to 44-character data set name that contains AFP Download Plus parameters. Data set names can contain alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) and national (@,#,\$) characters.

membername

Specifies an optional 1- to 8-character member name within the data set that contains AFP Download Plus parameters. The data set and member name can be 4- to 54-characters. Member names can contain alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) and national (@,#,\$) characters.

AFPPARMS data set allocation

Table 9 on page 48 shows how the AFPPARMS data set specified with the AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement should be allocated.

AFPPARMS parameter selection hierarchy

This hierarchy shows the order that AFP Download Plus uses to select AFPPARMS parameters:

- 1. AFPPARMS control statement on the OUTPUT JCL statement
- 2. Printer Inventory

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- **3.** FSA member name in the AFPPARMS control statement that is specified in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure
- 4. Defaults member name, either DEFAULTS or AFPDPDEF, in the AFPPARMS control statement that is specified in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure

AFPPARMS control statement syntax and parameters

See "Syntax of the AFPPARMS control statement" on page 50 for the syntax guidelines to use with the AFPPARMS control statement.

See "Parameters for the AFPPARMS control statement" on page 50 for the parameters that are valid in the AFPPARMS control statement that is specified by the AFPPARMS parameter on the OUTPUT JCL statement.

Directing output to a receiver system

To transmit your output to a receiver system, you must direct the output to the AFP Download Plus sender. To do this, you specify the JES work-selection criteria that is defined by your installation for the AFP Download Plus sender on either the DD or OUTPUT JCL statements for the data set. For example, you might need to specify a particular output class to direct output to the AFP Download Plus sender in your installation. Consult your system programmer for the appropriate values to specify.

To direct an output data set to a particular receiver system and to a particular destination on that system, you specify the appropriate routing criteria on either the DD or OUTPUT JCL statements for the data set. The routing criteria can include one or more of these JCL parameters:

- Output class
- Destination name
- Form name

Each combination of class, destination, and form name you specify can direct the data set to a different receiver system and to a different destination on that system.

The examples in this section show how to specify the class, destination, and form name in JCL statements to direct an output data set to a particular receiver system, such as PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, or Ricoh ProcessDirector.

Consult with your z/OS system programmer to determine the appropriate values to specify for the class, destination, and form name in your installation. You might not need to specify all three parameters. For example, by simply specifying a particular class, you could direct the output data set to the AFP Download Plus sender and also to a particular system and destination.

Examples:

1. This example shows how to direct an output data set to a receiver system and destination by specifying output class R, which is a JES work-selection criterion for the AFP Download Plus sender.

//AFPUSERA JOB ... //STEP1 EXEC PGM=USERA //DD1 DD SYSOUT=R

2. This example shows how to direct an output data set to a receiver system and destination by specifying output class R, destination ZOSPHX, and form name PSF6. This example shows how to specify these values on a DD statement.

//AFPUSERA JOB ... //STEP1 EXEC PGM=USERA //DD1 DD SYSOUT=(R,,PSF6),DEST=ZOSPHX

- **Note:** If the form name is more than 4 characters, you must specify the name on an OUTPUT statement. Example 3 shows an OUTPUT statement.
- **3**. This example shows how to direct an output data set to the same system and destination as in the second example. However, this example shows how to specify these values on an OUTPUT statement. Note that the DD statement must refer to the OUTPUT statement. Also, the DD statement must include a null class value when you specify the class on the OUTPUT statement.

```
//AFPUSERA JOB ...
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=USERA
//OUTDS OUTPUT CLASS=R,FORMS=PSF6,DEST=ZOSPHX
//DD1 DD SYSOUT=(,),OUTPUT=(*.OUTDS)
```

Directing output to multiple receiver systems

To transmit an output data set to more than one system or to more than one destination on the same system, you can create multiple output data sets. You do this by using multiple OUTPUT JCL statements. On each OUTPUT statement, specify the class, form, or destination name that corresponds to the receiver system and the destination to which you want that data set transmitted.

This example shows how to specify multiple OUTPUT statements to transmit an output data set to different systems or to different destinations on one system at the same time.

Note: Contact your system programmer to determine the appropriate values to specify for the class, destination, and form name in your installation.

This example shows how to request that AFP Download Plus transmit an output data set three times:

- 1. The first transmission is to the AIX system identified with destination AIXDEN.
- 2. The second transmission is to the Windows system identified with destination WINSEAT1.
- **3**. The third transmission is to the z/OS system identified with destination ZOSPHX.

The OUTPUT parameter on the DD statement references three OUTPUT JCL statements; therefore, AFP Download Plus transmits the data set three times. Because class R is the class for all three transmissions, this example specifies the

class in the DD statement. However, because the destination name is different for each transmission, this example specifies the destination on the three OUTPUT statements.

//AFPUSERA JOB ... //STEP1 EXEC PGM=USERA //OUTDS1 OUTPUT DEST=AIXDEN //OUTDS2 OUTPUT DEST=WINSEAT1 //OUTDS3 OUTPUT DEST=ZOSPHX //DD1 DD SYSOUT=(R),OUTPUT=(*.OUTDS1,*.OUTDS2,*.OUTDS3)

Monitoring error messages

During processing, AFP Download Plus collects and writes messages to a zFS file when errors occur, and then notifies the job submitter and the operator about the location of the messages. The messages are written to a file in the **/var/psf/userinfo**/userid directory, where userid is the job submitter's system user ID. The job submitter owns the userid directory and can delete any of the message files in the directory.

The message file name has an extension of MSG. See Figure 15 on page 171 for the format of the rest of the file name.

Because AFP Download Plus does not delete the message files that it creates, you should periodically delete the message files to conserve disk space. AFP Download Plus provides a sample script, **apshhcln.sh**, that you can use to delete the message files. The sample script is located in the **/usr/lpp/psf/samples** directory and the prolog indicates how to use the script.

You can decide to redirect the messages to a new spool data set on AFP Download Plus or to an FSA for printing. Keep in mind though, redirecting messages can make it more difficult to locate and associate the messages with the print application.

You can also decide to notify users other than the job submitter that errors occurred and where the error messages are located.

By default, when errors cause transformation to stop, AFP Download Plus transforms the message data set to a MO:DCA-P file. Then, rather than sending the data set with errors, AFP Download Plus sends the message data set MO:DCA-P file with associated resources to the receiver system. If the messages are only informational, the data set is sent to the receiver but the message data set is not.

Redirecting messages

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Instead of AFP Download Plus writing the transform error messages to a zFS file, you can redirect processing error messages to a new spool data set on AFP Download Plus or to an FSA for printing. Do one of these:

• To redirect to a new spool data set, specify CLASS=*n* and PIMSG=NO on the OUTPUT JCL statement that is specified on the MESSAGE parameter in the PRINTDEV statement. For example,

//MSGDSR OUTPUT CLASS=n,PIMSG=NO

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```
//PRT001 PRINTDEV MESSAGE=*.MSGDSR
```

 To redirect to an FSA for printing, specify DEST=fsaname (where fsaname is the name of the FSA) on the OUTPUT JCL statement that is specified on the MESSAGE parameter in the PRINTDEV statement. For example, //MSGDSR OUTPUT DEST=fsaname

```
.
.//PRT001 PRINTDEV MESSAGE=*.MSGDSR
```

Specifying message notification

You can specify that AFP Download Plus notify up to four users when it finishes processing a data set. A notification message advises a user that the job has been completed, successfully or unsuccessfully, indicates which output is finished, incomplete, or unprintable, and indicates the location of the message file. Whenever AFP Download Plus creates a message file, even if you have not requested notification, AFP Download Plus sends a notification message. If users are not specified or if those specified cannot be contacted, AFP Download Plus sends a notification to the job submitter. AFP Download Plus always puts a copy of the notification message in the system log.

To use message notification in AFP Download Plus, specify the NOTIFY parameter in an OUTPUT statement. For example:

//OUTPUT1 OUTPUT NOTIFY=(DEST01.USERID1)
//DD1 DD SYSOUT=N,OUTPUT=(*.OUTPUT1)

The NOTIFY parameter has this syntax:

```
NOTIFY=(node.userid1[, node.userid2][,node.userid3][,node.userid4])
The values are:
```

node

Specifies a 1- to 8-alphanumeric character node for a system where the notification is to be sent. The node is optional if it is the same as the system that processes the job.

userid

Specifies a 1- to 8-alphanumeric character user ID of the person who is to receive the notification.

For more information about the NOTIFY parameter and examples of using the parameter, see *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide*.

Keep in mind: Notification messages are placed in the TSO BROADCAST data set structure. If AFP Download Plus sends a large number of notification messages, the data set might fill up. If you see a console message, such as IKJ579I CANNOT EXECUTE SEND, you must increase the size of the BROADCAST data set. See *z*/OS *TSO/E Customization*.

Sending messages to the receiver system

When errors cause transformation to stop, AFP Download Plus, by default, transforms the message data set into a MO:DCA-P file and sends it to the receiver system. To specify which resources to use to transform the message data set, you must specify these:

• A corresponding message data set OUTPUT statement

• A MESSAGE PRINTDEV parameter for each FSA defined in your startup procedure

For example: //MSGDS OUTPUT PAGEDEF=A08682,FORMDEF=A10110,CHARS=60D8 .

//PRT001 PRINTDEV MESSAGE=*.MSGDS

If a MESSAGE PRINTDEV parameter is not specified or a required resource is not specified on the message data set OUTPUT statement, a default resource that is specified in the PRINTDEV statement is used.

Message files that are sent to the receiver system are designated with **-ofiletype=message**. The AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS submits the message file to the spool just as it does for other files it receives.

By default, when a message file or message APS8239I is received, InfoPrint Manager receivers discard the print job, and Ricoh ProcessDirector receivers hold the print job without printing it. To change the default so the receivers print the job, see *InfoPrint Manager: Reference* or the Ricoh ProcessDirector information center.

If you do not want the message data set transformed and sent to the receiver system, you can specify "generic only" on the send-messages-on-failure parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement or the Send messages on failure parameter in the Printer Inventory. Specifying "generic only" causes AFP Download Plus to send message APS8239I to the receiver system as line data without sending inline resources.

Notes:

- 1. You must not specify "generic only" when using the dataset-grouping or Data set grouping parameter to send multiple data set jobs to the z/OS receiver system because the receiver system cannot receive jobs with both line data and MO:DCA-P.
- 2. When you want to send a MO:DCA IS/3 compliant message file to the receiver, see "Configuring AFP Download Plus so files remain MO:DCA IS/3 compliant" on page 37 for the changes you need to make.

Recovering from errors

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During data set transmission to the receiver, AFP Download Plus creates recovery points that are based on the setting of the AFPPARMS parameter (see "transmit-recovery-pages" on page 62) or the parameter in the Printer Inventory (see "Recovery pages" on page 93). If a transmission error occurs, AFP Download Plus retransmits the data set from the last successful recovery point. AFP Download Plus also retransmits a document from the last successful recovery point if it detects that all the data has not been received. AFP Download Plus verifies that all data has been successfully received by the system before deleting a data set from the z/OS system.

Chapter 7. Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus sender

This chapter contains information to help the diagnostician identify a problem with the sender component of AFP Download Plus and report it to IBM. This chapter describes:

- How to use the PSF for z/OS trace facility with the sender
- How to use the PSF for z/OS dump facility with the sender

Before you use the PSF trace and dump facilities, determine whether or not the problem you have encountered is one that other users have reported and that has been fixed. See the *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis* for information about how to construct a keyword string to search in IBMLink. If you determine that your problem has not already been reported, see the *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis* for information about how to report a problem.

The messages and abend codes that are issued by the sender are described in *PSF for z/OS: Messages and Codes*. The modules that produce each AFP Download Plus message are listed in *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis*.

Using the PSF trace facility

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You can use the same trace facilities that you use with PSF for z/OS. These facilities are described in detail in *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis*. This section provides an overview of the trace facilities available for the sender.

You specify trace parameters in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure and on the MODIFY operator command. If you suspect the problem is in the sender component of AFP Download Plus, you should request an FSA full external trace, tracing all components. An FSA full external trace includes an internal wrap trace and a recording of all events occurring on the FSI. The sender does not have a separate component identifier.

These are some examples of traces you can perform:

Starting a trace while the sender is running:

To obtain a full external trace and direct the trace data to a Generalized Trace Facility (GTF) data set, follow this procedure:

- 1. Start GTF, requesting USR records of type FD0 and FD4.
- 2. In the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, specify **PARM=(,INTR)** on the EXEC statement and **TRACE=YES** on the PRINTDEV statement for the FSA you want to trace so that you obtain an internal trace starting when the sender is initialized. These are the default values, so you can omit the PARM parameter and the TRACE parameter. For information about tracing parameters in the startup procedure, see "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45.
- 3. Start the sender FSA.
- 4. Enter this PSF operator interface command to start a full external trace: MODIFY fss_name,TRACEON,fsa_name,FORMAT=GTF,MODE=FULL

where *fss_name* is the name of the sender, and *fsa_name* is the name of the FSA you want to trace.

- 5. Run the failing job.
- 6. Enter this AFP Download Plus operator interface command to end the trace:

MODIFY *fss_name*,**TRACEOFF**,*fsa_name*

7. Stop GTF.

Starting a trace at initialization of the sender:

To obtain a full external trace that begins during the startup procedure for the sender and then direct the trace output to a PSF trace data set, follow this procedure:

- 1. In the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, specify **TRACE=YES** on the PRINTDEV statement for the FSA you want to trace so that tracing starts during the sender initialization. **TRACE=YES** is the default, so you can omit the TRACE parameter. For information about tracing parameters in the startup procedure, see "JCL statements for the startup procedure" on page 45.
- 2. In the startup procedure, include a DD statement to allocate a PSF trace data set. The name of the DD statement must match the name of the FSA to be traced. See "Allocating a PSF trace data set" for more information.
- **3.** For some problems, IBM support might ask you to also include a DD statement to allocate an FSS trace data set (also called an NST trace data set). Specify the name of the DD statement in the PARM parameter, as shown in Step 4. See "Allocating an FSS trace data set" on page 145 for more information.
- 4. In the startup procedure, specify the PARM=(,FULL) parameter on the EXEC statement. For example:

//stepname EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=(,FULL)

If you are requesting an FSS trace data set, also specify the name of the DD statement for the data set. For example:

//stepname EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=(fss_ddname,FULL)

where *fss_ddname* is the name of the DD statement for the FSS trace in the startup procedure.

- 5. Run the failing job.
- 6. Enter this PSF operator interface command to end the trace: **MODIFY** *fss name*,**TRACEOFF**,*fsa name*

where *fss_name* is the name of the sender, and *fsa_name* is the name of the FSA.

Allocating a PSF trace data set

You can direct trace output either to a GTF data set or to a PSF trace data set; however, you must direct trace output to a PSF trace data set if you start tracing during initialization of the sender. To direct the trace to a PSF trace data set, specify a DD statement for the PSF trace data set in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure. The name of this DD statement must be the name of the FSA you want to trace; that is, the name must match the name on the PRINTDEV statement. Include a DD statement for each FSA you want to trace.

When you allocate a PSF trace data set, specify these DCB parameters:

• Record length of 80

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- Block size that is a multiple of 80; for better performance, 27920 is recommended
- Record format of either F, U, or FB
- Sequential organization (PS)

The size of the trace data set depends on the size of the data sets being transmitted because the transmitted data is part of the trace. You must allocate larger trace data sets for larger data sets.

This example allocates a trace data set with a record format of FB, a record length of 80, a block size of 27920, a primary space allocation of 5 cylinders, and a secondary space allocation of 10 cylinders:

```
//ddname DD DSNAME=DOWNLOAD.TRACE,UNIT=3390,VOL=SER=SYS000,
// DISP=(NEW,KEEP,CATLG),SPACE=(CYL,(5,10),RLSE)
// DCB=BLKSIZE=27920
```

where *ddname* is the name of the FSA you want to trace.

Allocating an FSS trace data set

AFP Download Plus makes more trace entries during the initialization of the sender than PSF does, and AFP Download Plus directs these trace entries to an FSS trace data set (also called an NST trace data set). This means that to trace some problems, you might need to allocate an FSS trace data set as well as a PSF trace data set.

Specify the name of the DD statement for the FSS trace data set in the EXEC statement of the AFP Download Plus startup procedure. For example: //stepname EXEC PGM=APSHPOSE,PARM=(fss_ddname,FULL)

where *fss_ddname* is the name of the DD statement that allocates the FSS trace data set.

When you allocate an FSS trace data set, specify these DCB parameters:

- Record length of 80
- Block size that is a multiple of 80; for better performance, 27920 is recommended
- Record format of either F, U, or FB
- Sequential organization (PS)

Formatting trace data in a PSF trace data set

The trace output contains unformatted data. You can format the PSF trace data set by using the PSF trace post formatter program, APSTRFMT, which is included in SYS1.SAMPLIB. You must stop the sender before formatting the trace data. Figure 14 on page 146 shows a sample JCL for starting the PSF trace post formatter.

```
//APSWTRCF JOB 'ACCOUNT #', 'NAME', MSGLEVEL=(1,1)
//* PSF TRACE FORMATTER INVOCATION JCL
//STEP01 EXEC PGM=APSTRFMT,REGION=100K
             /* REGION = (3 * BLKSIZE) + 20K
//*
                       /* BLKSIZE = TRACEIN BLOCKSIZE
//*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//*TRACEIN DD PATH='tracein' /* SET TO PSF GENERATED z/FS FILE NAME
//TRACEIN DD UNIT=unit, /* UNIT CAN BE TAPE OR DASD
// DSN=tracein, /* SET TO PSF TRACE DATA SET NAME
11
           DISP=SHR,
          VOL=SER=volser /* SERIAL NUMBER OF VOLUME
11
//
         DSN=traceout, /* SET TO DATA SET NAME WHERE
          FORMATTED RECORDS ARE PLACED
DISP=disp, /* DISPOSITION OF TRACE OUT
VOL=SER=volser /* SERIAL NUMBER OF VOLUME
//*
11
11
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
     TYPE=SHORT
/*
//
```

Figure 14. Sample JCL for starting the PSF trace formatter

The TRACEIN DD statement identifies the trace data set that contains the trace data; therefore, specify the attributes of that data set in the DD statement.

The TRACEOUT DD statement identifies the data set into which the formatted trace output is stored. The parameters that are specified on the DD statement are device-dependent. Specify these DCB parameters:

- Record length of 117, which is the default.
- Block size that is a multiple of 117. If it is not specified, or is not a multiple of 117, it defaults to 1287.
- Record format of FBA, U, or FB. The default is FBA.
- Sequential organization (PS).

You can specify three TYPE options on the SYSIN DD statement:

SHORT	Excludes some PSF data, specifically PPCC trace entries. For some entries, only the first 32 bytes of data are traced. In a truncated entry, a '<' is placed in the space between the address and the start of the data in the trace output data set. This is the default.
TITLES	Only headers are printed for the trace entry being formatted.
LONG	All data is included in the trace data set.

Formatting and printing GTF trace data

You can print GTF trace data sets by using the Interactive Problem Control System (IPCS). You can also use IPCS with the COMMANDS parameter GTF USR(FD1) to view the data at a display terminal. For more information about using IPCS, see *z*/OS MVS IPCS User's Guide.

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Using the PSF dump facility

You can use the same dump facilities that you use with PSF for z/OS. These facilities are described in detail in *PSF for z/OS: Diagnosis*.

As with PSF for z/OS, you can request a conditional dump of PSF control blocks by specifying the DUMP parameter on the PRINTDEV statement in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure. See Table 12 on page 65 for more information about the PRINTDEV statement.

You can request that a conditional dump occur when:

- A PSF reason code or restartable abend reason code occurs.
- A specific AFP Download Plus message is issued.

A conditional dump causes an AFP Download Plus abend to occur. The dump goes directly to SYS1.DUMPxx; you can print or view it by using IPCS.

In this example, a dump occurs the second time message APS8000I is issued: DUMP=(,APS8000I,2)

Part 3. Using AFP Download Plus to receive and process data

This section contains these chapters with tasks for working with the receiver component of AFP Download Plus on z/OS:

Chapter 8, "Configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS" This chapter describes how to configure the receiver on a z/OS system.

- **Chapter 9, "Operating the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS"** This chapter describes how to start, stop, and query the status of the receiver and how to locate transmitted files on receiver file systems. It also describes how to use the **apshhsub** exit program, the **apshhmds** exit program, or your own exit program when you start the receiver.
- Chapter 10, "Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus receiver" This chapter describes how to diagnose problems with the receiver.

The AFP Download Plus receiver runs on z/OS under z/OS UNIX System Services. All of the commands in this environment are case-sensitive.

To use InfoPrint Manager receivers, see InfoPrint Manager for AIX: Procedures, InfoPrint Manager for Linux: Procedures, or InfoPrint Manager for Windows: Procedures.

To use Ricoh ProcessDirector receivers, see the information center on *Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX: Publications, Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux: Publications,* or *Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows: Publications.*

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Chapter 8. Configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS

This chapter describes the tasks that you must perform to configure the AFP Download Plus receiver after you have installed AFP Download Plus on a z/OS system. See Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus," on page 27 for information about installing the feature.

The tasks for configuring the AFP Download Plus receiver on the z/OS system are:

- 1. Create working directories.
- 2. Select an exit program.
- 3. Set up the receiver to handle APS8239I messages, if necessary.

These tasks are described in the following sections.

Creating working directories

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The AFP Download Plus receiver uses a working directory to store a temporary copy of the job data it receives from the sender. You must create the working directory and have write access to it before you start the receiver. The size of the z/OS File System (zFS) on the receiver depends on these:

- When AFP Download Plus is using the non-direct download method (storing MO:DCA-P data in a temporary file on the sender), the size of the file system on the receiver must be comparable to the file system on the sender.
- When AFP Download Plus is using the direct download method (sending MO:DCA-P data directly to the receiver system), the size of the file system on the receiver must be larger than the file system on the sender. This is because when the receiver has received the data file and the resource file, it creates one file by copying the data file to the end of the resource file. Therefore, the zFS must be large enough to contain the resource file, the data file, and a copy of the data file.
 - **Keep in mind:** The receiver must support the direct download function to receive files when AFP Download Plus is using the direct download method. See Appendix D, "Download receiver support," on page 187 for the receivers that support the direct download function.
- When AFP Download Plus is using compression, the size of the file system on the receiver must be larger than the file system on the sender to contain both compressed and uncompressed data.

See Chapter 2, "Planning the size of the working directory," on page 19 for information about determining the size of the zFS on the sender.

When you create the working directory, you should use this directory scheme and characteristics so all users in the APSADMIN group have access to the receiver:

- Directory: /var/psf/download/portnumber
- Group owner: APSADMIN
- Permissions: 770

Selecting an exit program

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The receiver calls an exit program to process jobs after receiving the transformed file from the sender. The exit program can be **apshhsub** or **apshhmds**, which are provided with AFP Download Plus, or it can be an exit program that you create.

The **apshhsub** exit program lets you submit individual jobs to the spool on the receiving system with the same characteristics as from the spool on the sending system. With **apshhsub**, you can automatically reassign job attributes that are based on criteria you specify in an attribute mapping file.

The **apshhmds** exit program processes multiple data sets into a single data set and then uses the **apshhsub** exit program to put the individual job on the JES spool.

Note: In this release of AFP Download Plus, the **apshhmds** exit program concatenates multiple data sets that are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant, resulting in a file that is MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. In earlier releases of AFP Download Plus (PSF 4.3 and 4.4), the **apshhmds** exit program removes the BPF and EPF structured fields when it is concatenating multiple data set jobs that are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant, which creates a new file that is not MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.

For information about using **apshhsub**, **apshhmds**, or creating your own exit program, see Chapter 9, "Operating the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS," on page 153.

Setting up the receiver to handle APS8239I messages

When the AFPPARMS send-messages-on-failure=generic-only parameter or the Printer Inventory Send messages on failure=Generic only parameter is specified, AFP Download Plus sends an APS8239I message file to the receiver for errors that caused processing to stop. Any resources that are specified on the message data set OUTPUT statement in the AFP Download Plus startup procedure are sent to the receiver in -0 attributes (see Table 22 on page 134). However, the resources themselves are not sent inline.

To avoid receiving "resource not found" error messages when you print the message file, you must:

- Manually make the resources available to the receiving system, if they are not already available.
- Place the resources in the appropriate libraries.

Chapter 9. Operating the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS

The AFP Download Plus receiver uses a working directory to store a temporary copy of the job data that it receives from the sender. When all the data has been received, the receiver calls an exit program and passes the file name to the exit program for processing of the data.

Before the sender can transmit transformed data to the receiver system, you must start the receiver. When you start the receiver, you tell it the name of the working directory that you want it to use. You must create the directory before you start the receiver, and you must have write access to the directory when you start the receiver (see "Creating working directories" on page 151).

This chapter describes how to operate the AFP Download Plus receiver on z/OS, including how to:

- Start the receiver manually, including using the **apshhsub** exit program, using the **apshhmds** exit program, creating and using your own exit program, and using the attributes from the sender.
- Start the receiver automatically.
- Stop and query the status of the receiver.
- Locate transmitted files on receiver file systems.

Keep in mind: The sender and the receiver must be operating in the same system locale. If they are not, unpredictable results can occur.

Starting the receiver manually

To start the AFP Download Plus receiver manually, use this command from an **rlogin** shell or an OMVS session:

apshhrcd -p PortNum -d Directory -x ExitProg [-X ExitParms] [-n 1] [-k] [-q Queue] [-t] [-m 1] [-w]

This command causes the receiver to monitor the specified port number, receive a transformed file and write it to the specified directory, and call the specified exit program as jobs are received.

The command options are:

-p PortNum

Specifies the port number that the receiver monitors. This is a required option and must match the port number that is specified in the sender configuration.

-d Directory

Specifies the name of the working directory where the receiver saves the file that it receives. This is a required option.

Note: The user who starts **apshhrcd** must have permission to write to the specified directory (the user must be in the APSADMIN group and the directory must be writable by the APSADMIN group).

-x ExitProg

Specifies the exit program that the receiver calls to process jobs after receiving the file. This is a required option. The exit programs that are

provided with AFP Download Plus are **apshhsub**, which spools the job (see "Using the apshhsub exit program" on page 155), and **apshhmds**, which groups multiple data sets into a single data set (see "Using the apshhmds exit program" on page 160).

- **Note:** The **apshhmds** exit program only supports MO:DCA-P data. If you are processing multiple data set jobs that contain line data, you must use **apshhsub**.
- -X ExitParms

Specifies additional parameters for the exit program that the receiver calls. The exit program that is provided with AFP Download Plus provides a number of functions by using these additional parameters (see "Using the apshhsub exit program" on page 155). If you create your own exit program, you can specify additional parameters for other functions (see "Creating your own exit program" on page 161).

-n 1

Specifies that the receiver should receive and process one job at a time. If you do not specify this option, the receiver starts the exit program in the background, causing jobs to be received and processed concurrently. This option is required when the **apshhmds** exit program is specified.

- -k Specifies that the receiver should save a copy of the options string from the sender in a file. The file name has the same syntax as that for Parameter 1 in "Creating your own exit program" on page 161. See Appendix A, "Syntax for file names," on page 171.
- -q Queue
 - Specifies the queue name to be passed to the exit program.
- -t Specifies that the trace mechanism for **apshhrcd** is turned on. See "Diagnosing problems with apshhrcd" on page 169.
- -m 1

Specifies that the receiver should receive and process multiple data sets. This option is required when the **apshhmds** exit program is specified.

-w Specifies that a return code is issued to indicate whether a single data set created from multiple data sets was successfully spooled. The return code values are:

0	The data set was successfully spooled.
Non-zero	The data set was not spooled.

This option is only used when the **apshhmds** exit program is specified.

The command in this example shows how to start the receiver so it uses the **apshhsub** exit program to process jobs:

apshhrcd -p 6001 -d /var/psf/download/6001 -x apshhsub -X afpstats=yes -n 1 &

The command options indicate:

- -p The receiver monitors port 6001.
- -d The receiver uses /var/psf/download/6001 for its working directory.
- -x The receiver calls the **apshhsub** exit program.
- -X The exit program requests an AFPSTATS report.
- -n 1 The receiver receives and processes one job at a time.
- & The shell environment runs the receiver as a background process so you can enter other commands on the command line while the receiver is running.

Note: Access permissions for files that are created by the receiver are controlled by the file mode creation mask. The **umask** command displays or sets the file mode creation mask. In most cases, you should set the file mode creation mask to a value of **0007**. With this value, files that are created by the receiver are accessible by the owning user and group. See the **chmod** and **umask** commands in *z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference* for information about file permissions and the file mode creation mask.

Using the apshhsub exit program

The receiver can call the **apshhsub** exit program to process jobs that it receives from the sender. You can specify **apshhsub** in these cases:

- You are processing individual jobs from the sender.
- You have a multiple data set job that contains line data.
 - **Note:** If you have a multiple data set job that contains MO:DCA-P data only, you should specify the **apshhmds** exit program (see "Using the apshhmds exit program" on page 160).

You can specify special parameters for **apshhsub** to use, specify an attribute mapping file so **apshhsub** can reassign job attributes, and monitor messages from **apshhsub**.

Specifying special parameters

The **apshhsub** exit program uses special parameters to control its operation. You specify these special parameters with the -X option on the **apshhrcd** command. For example:

apshhrcd -p PortNum -d Directory -x apshhsub -X "afpstats=yes sdsname=nodeid"

These are the special parameters that you can specify for the **apshhsub** exit program:

afpstats={yes | no}

Indicates whether the exit program requests an AFPSTATS report for the file being processed (see Appendix C, "AFPSTATS report," on page 175). The default is **no**.

debug={yes | <u>no</u>}

Indicates whether the exit program is run in debug mode. In debug mode, the exit program keeps the original data file for the job and a messages file in the working directory. The messages file has the same name syntax as that for Parameter 1 in "Creating your own exit program" on page 161 (see Appendix A, "Syntax for file names," on page 171). The default is **no**.

intids={yes | no}

Indicates whether the exit program adds internal message identifiers to the beginning of messages that it writes to the log file. Internal message identifiers contain the source file name and line number for where the message was issued. The default is **no**.

jobhold={yes | no}

Indicates whether the exit program holds the job after it is spooled. The default is **no**.

jobinfo={sender | generate}

Indicates whether the job name and job identifier the exit program assigns to the job it submits are from the sender or generated from the system.

The values are:

sender

The exit program uses the original job name and job identifier that is passed by the sender. This is the default unless either the job name or job identifier is missing, in which case the exit program uses the job name and job identifier that the system generates.

generate

The exit program uses the job name and job identifier that the system generates.

log={error | all | none}

Indicates which messages the exit program saves to the log file when it processes jobs.

The values are:

- **error** The exit program only saves messages for jobs for which it finds problems. This is the default.
- **all** The exit program saves messages for every job it processes.

none The exit program does not save any messages.

See "Viewing messages issued from apshhsub" on page 159 for an example of the message log file.

mapfile=FileName

Indicates the directory and file name of the attribute mapping file that the exit program uses to reassign job attributes when it submits a job. For example, mapfile=/var/psf/xyz.map

If the file is in the receiver working directory, you only need to specify the file name. For example,

mapfile=xyz.map

See "Specifying mapping attributes" on page 157 for more information about the attribute mapping file.

sdsname={userid | nodeid | segmentid}

Indicates which 1- to 8-character identifier the exit program appends to the end of the spool data set name.

The values are:

userid

The exit program appends the user ID that is received from the sender. This is the default.

nodeid

The exit program appends the node ID that is received from the sender.

segmentid

The exit program appends the segment ID that is received from the sender.

For example, if sdsname=userid, the user ID from the sender is JOEDOE, and the data set name is MYJOB.SIMPLE.STC02523.D0000103, the exit program appends the user ID to the end of the spool data set name, like this: MYJOB.SIMPLE.STC02523.D0000103.JOEDOE

Notes:

1. Each special parameter must be entered in lowercase with no blank spaces before or after the equal sign.

2. If you separate two or more special parameters with blank spaces, the special parameters must be enclosed in double quotation marks.

Specifying mapping attributes

The **apshhsub** exit program typically uses the original attributes from the sender when it submits the job. However, because work-selection criteria can vary between systems, **apshhsub** can use an attribute mapping file to modify job attributes for the receiving system.

With an attribute mapping file, you can specify that jobs matching certain criteria are assigned new job attributes. For example, you can specify that jobs from a certain user ID on one system are sent to a particular destination on the receiver system. Based on the criteria you specify in the attribute mapping file, the **apshhsub** exit program automatically reassigns the job attributes. The **mapfile** special parameter lets **apshhsub** know the name of the attribute mapping file (see "Specifying special parameters" on page 155).

The attribute mapping file lists criteria values that map to one or more attributes. The criteria values start in the first column of the file. Each attribute is placed on its own line following the criteria values and is preceded by one or more blank spaces. If a job meets the criteria, **apshhsub** uses the attributes on the next lines.

In this example, class=T and class=R are criteria values, while destination=PRT007 and destination=PRT016 are attributes. Class T jobs are assigned the destination PRT007 and class R jobs are assigned the destination PRT016:

```
class=T
destination=PRT007
class=R
```

destination=PRT016

Notes:

- 1. Because **apshhsub** checks all criteria values in the file, more than one criteria value can apply to a given job. Therefore, the associated mapping attributes can complement or override each other.
- 2. **apshhsub** does not validate the attribute values from the mapping file. If you provide a value that is not valid, **apshhsub** either assigns a default value or ignores the entry.

Formatting conventions: The criteria values and attributes are simple keyword=value pairs. The keywords are the -o attributes that are passed from the sender to the receiver (see "JCL parameters sent as -o attributes" on page 134). The exception is that instead of the -opa attributes, the keywords class, destination, forms, jobid, and segmentid are used. Spaces are not allowed between the keyword and its value.

Conventions specific for criteria are:

- Values can be any string of characters, but cannot contain spaces.
- Values can contain the wildcard characters ? and *, where ? matches any single character and * matches any number of characters.
- The keyword=value pair, *=*, can be used for criteria that applies to all jobs.
- Two or more keyword=value pairs on the same line that are separated by a blank space, indicate an AND condition. A job must meet all the criteria to map to the attribute.

• Two or more keyword=value pairs on separate, consecutive lines indicate an OR condition. A job can meet any of the criteria to map to the attribute.

Conventions specific for attributes are:

- Multiple attributes can be listed for a criteria value. The attributes are on separate, consecutive lines following the criteria value.
- Values can be any string of characters if they conform to the syntax rules for the attribute.
- Values for -o attributes can be substituted by delimiting the keyword with two leading and two trailing percent signs. For example, to add the sender's node at the end of the title for all jobs, use this:

-oti=My node is %%-ono%%

=

If the job was sent from node ACME, the title on the receiving system becomes "My node is ACME".

Keep in mind: If **apshhsub** does not recognize the substitution keyword, it cannot substitute the value. For example, if you typed -omo instead of -ono, the title becomes "My node is %%-omo%%".

The attribute mapping file can contain comments and blank lines; however, lines with criteria values or attributes cannot contain comments. A comment line starts with **#**.

Attribute mapping file example: This example shows different mapping criteria in an attribute mapping file:

```
#_____#
# Example of a simple attribute assignment: #
# Jobs from userid SMITH are sent to the
                                    #
# destination "PRT123". #
-ous=SMITH
  destination=PRT123
#-----#
# Example of a *=* wildcard: #
# All jobs are redirected to class A. #
#-----#
*=*
 class=A
#-----#
# Example of an OR condition with wildcards: #
# Jobs whose name starts with INV* or ACCT* are #
# redirected to class J.
                                     #
#-----#
-ojobn=INV*
-ojobn=ACCT*
 class=J
#-----#
# Example of AND condition a matter
# Jobs from node ACME with forms INSURE are #
# and the FORMS value is #
# Example of AND condition & multiple attributes: #
                                     #
# redirected to class L and the FORMS value is
# changed to ACINSURE.
#-----#
-ono=ACME forms=INSURE
  class=l
  forms=ACINSURE
```

#------#
Example of substitution:
Add the sender's node and user ID to the
beginning of the title for all jobs. If the job
is sent from node ACME by user SMITH, and the
title is "TEST JOB", the title becomes
"ACME.SMITH.TEST JOB".
#
*-----#
=

-oti=%%-ono%%.%%-ous.%%.%%-oti%%

Viewing messages issued from apshhsub

When the **apshhsub** exit program finishes processing the job, **apshhsub** either saves the messages to a log file in the receiver working directory or it discards all the messages. The **log** special parameter determines if **apshhsub** saves all messages to the log file, saves only messages for problems, or discards all messages (see "Specifying special parameters" on page 155).

The log file in which **apshhsub** saves the messages is named **apshhsub**.*PortNum*.log, where *PortNum* is the port number that the receiver monitors. For example, assume you start the receiver with this command:

apshhrcd -p 6250 -d /var/psf/myreceiver -x apshhsub

The message log file for **apshhsub** is: /var/psf/myreceiver/apshhsub.6250.log

You can view the messages in the log file. The messages for a successfully processed job look like this:

APSH0007 2005-08-25 10:14:21 MDT - submit started. APSH0009 Parameters: 'AFPDP.BLDPSRV5.PRT660.COBRYJ.JOB04740.COBRY521.STE APSH0009 Input file: P1.SYSUT2.STD.2005237.10142007473.PRD' APSH0009 Options: '-odatat=af -oburst=no -occ=yes -occtype=m -ocop=1 -odatac=unblock -ofileformat=stream -of=F1A10110 -ojobn=PAYROLL -ono=ACME -opr=AFPRM521 -ous=SMITH -opa=class=L,destination=LOCAL,forms=STD,jobid=JOB04740' APSH0009 Queue: '6250' APSH0009 Port: Extra arguments: 'afpstats=yes log=all mapfile=6250.map' Trace: '0' APSH0009 APSH0009 Trace: APSH0011 Options mapped from attrib.map: APSH0012 Line 2: 'class=J' APSH0019 The SYSOUT data set contains 500 records. APSH0021 The final disposition is NORMAL. APSH0008 2005-08-25 10:14:21 MDT - submit ended (rc 0).

Messages APSH0007 and APSH0008 show the start and end time for the submit process, along with the return code. If an error occurs during processing, the file contains a message specific to the problem and the return code is a number other than 0.

Message APSH0009 shows the input parameters that were passed from the receiver (**apshhrcd**). These parameters include the -o attributes from the sender.

Messages APSH0011 and APSH0012 show an attribute that **apshhsub** reassigned from the attribute mapping file, **attrib.map**.

Messages APSH0019 and APSH0021 show the number of records and the final data set disposition.

Using the apshhmds exit program

The receiver can call the **apshhmds** exit program to process multiple data set jobs that it receives from the sender, put the data sets into a single data set, and place the job on the JES spool. You specify **apshhmds** when you have a multiple data set job that contains MO:DCA-P data only; otherwise, if the multiple data set job contains line data, you must use **apshhsub** (see "Using the apshhsub exit program" on page 155).

Use **apshhmds** when you want to:

- Process all the data sets as one data set.
- Print the data sets in the order they are transmitted.
- Generate copies of one or more data sets in the job.

apshhmds uses the **afpconcat** program to put multiple data sets into a single data set, and then uses the **apshhsub** exit program to put the job on the JES spool. The **afpconcat** program can only support MO:DCA-P data and might fail if a data set contains line data.

Note: In this release of AFP Download Plus, when the **afpconcat** program concatenates multiple data sets, the concatenation process preserves files as MO:DCA IS/3 compliant. In earlier releases of AFP Download Plus (PSF 4.3 and 4.4), the **apshhmds** exit program removes the BPF and EPF structured fields when it is concatenating multiple data set jobs that are MO:DCA IS/3 compliant, which creates a new file that is not MO:DCA IS/3 compliant.

Because **apshhmds** uses **apshhsub** during processing, you can specify **apshhsub** special parameters, including an attribute mapping file, with the -X option on the **apshhrcd** command. For example:

apshhrcd -p PortNum -d Directory -x apshhmds -X "debug=yes log=all" -n 1 -m 1 &

- **Important:** When you specify the **apshhmds** exit program on the **apshhrcd** command, be sure to:
 - Make sure **afpconcat** and **apshhsub** reside in the same directory as **apshhmds**.
 - Specify the **-n 1** and **-m 1** options.
 - Specify the **&** option if you want to run the receiver as a background process.

See "Specifying special parameters" on page 155 and "Specifying mapping attributes" on page 157 for more information.

Keep in mind:

- 1. When PSF prints a multiple data set job that AFP Download Plus has processed with the **apshhmds** exit program and you have specified that PSF produce a data set header page for each data set, only one data set header page is printed.
- If you want data set separator pages in between each data set, you must enable them on AFP Download Plus. See "Sending z/OS separator pages" on page 116.
- 3. -o attributes are not derived from each data set in a multiple data set job. Instead, -o attributes are selected from the first user data set and are used in all other data sets, including the data sets for header and trailer pages.

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Viewing messages issued from apshhmds

When the **apshhmds** exit program finishes processing the job, **apshhmds** either saves the messages to a log file in the receiver working directory or it discards all the messages. The **log** special parameter determines if **apshhmds** saves all messages to the log file (**log=all**), saves only messages for problems (**log=error**), or discards all messages (**log=none**). See "Specifying special parameters" on page 155.

The log file in which **apshhmds** saves the messages is named **apshhmds**.*PortNum*.log, where *PortNum* is the port number that the receiver monitors. For example, assume you start the receiver with this command:

apshhrcd -p 6250 -d /var/psf/myreceiver -x apshhmds -X log=all -n 1 -m 1 &

The message log file for **apshhmds** is: /var/psf/myreceiver/apshhmds.6250.log

When messages are saved to a log file with **log=error** or **log=all**, **apshhmds** also creates a file containing status information for each job that is processed. Each file is appended to the **apshhmds**.*PortNum*.**log** file with the name *JobName*.**MDSLOG**, where *JobName* is the file name for the job.

You can view the messages in the log file. When you use **debug=no**, the messages **apshhmds** saves to the log for a successfully processed job look like this:

APSH0049 2006-11-19 13:55:33 EST - submit started. APSH0062 Processing completed successfully for job AFPDP.BLDPTCP5.PRT660.JULMER.JOB00141.MULTI5.STEP1.SYSUT2.STD.2006323.13553138861.JOB.

apshhmds saves more information to the log when you use **debug=yes**. For example, the messages for a successfully processed job look like this:

```
APSH0049 2006-11-19 13:31:48 EST - submit started.
```

```
APSH0064 Parmlist:
 Base: /usr/lpp/psf/bin/
 Parm list file:
   AFPDP.BLDPTCP5.PRT660.JULMER.JOB00139.MULTI5.STEP1.SYSUT2.STD.2006323.13314647129.JOB
 Oueue:
 Null parm:
 Port: 6100
 -X arguments: debug=yes log=all
 Trace: 1
APSH0064 Parmlist:
 /usr/lpp/psf/bin/apshhsub
 AFPDP.BLDPTCP5.PRT660.JULMER.JOB00139.MULT15.STEP1.SYSUT2.STD.2006323.13314647129.PRD
  '"-odatat=af -oburst=no -occ=yes -occtype=m -ocop=1 -odatac=block -ofileformat=stream
 -of=F1A10110 -ojobn=MULTI5 -ono=BLDPTCP5 -opagecount=5 -opr=1EMRFF -osheetcount=5
  -ous=JULMER -opa=class=S,destination=LOCAL,forms=STD,jobid=JOB00139 "' " " 6100
  'debug=yes log=all' 1
APSH0062 Processing completed successfully for job
 AFPDP.BLDPTCP5.PRT660.JULMER.JOB00139.MULT15.STEP1.SYSUT2.STD.2006323.13314647129.JOB.
```

Message APSH0049 shows the start time for the submit process and message APSH0062 shows that processing completed successfully. If an error occurs during processing, message APSH0063 indicates that processing failed for the job.

Message APSH0064 shows the input parameters that were passed from the receiver (**apshhrcd**). These parameters include the **-**0 attributes from the sender.

Creating your own exit program

You can create your own exit program to use with the receiver. The exit program can be a script or an executable file. When the receiver calls the exit program, the

current working directory is the value that is specified for **apshhrcd** -d when the receiver was started. All files that are associated with the job are in the current working directory.

Notes:

1. When using an exit program you have created, make sure that you do not specify the **m** -1 option with the **apshhrcd** startup command.

The receiver passes a positional parameter list to the exit program. The parameter list consists of these items:

Parameter 1

Specifies the name of the file that contains the job data. See Appendix A, "Syntax for file names," on page 171 for the file name syntax.

Parameter 2

Specifies the attribute list that goes with the job data. The attribute list contains information from the sending z/OS system and the JCL that was used to submit the job to the sender. See "Using the attributes from the sender" for details.

Parameter 3

Specifies the queue name that was specified when the receiver was started (**apshhrcd -q**).

Parameter 4

Reserved for future use.

Parameter 5

Reserved for future use.

Parameter 6

Specifies the port number that was specified when the receiver was started (**apshhrcd -p**).

Parameter 7

Specifies the extra arguments that were specified when the receiver was started (**apshhrcd -X**).

Parameter 8

Specifies 1 if apshhrcd -t is used; otherwise, specifies 0.

Using the attributes from the sender

The sender passes a number of attributes through **apshhrcd** to the exit program. The sender components of AFP Download Plus and Download for z/OS send similar attributes; however, they are not identical. Table 23 shows the attributes, their descriptions, which senders pass them (AFP Download Plus or Download for z/OS), and a description of how the exit program uses them.

Table 23. Attributes from the sender.	AFPDP = AFP Download Plus; Downld = Dow	vnload for z/OS; MFP = Message
file processing (generic message APS	382391 only)	

Attribute	Description	From AFPDP	From Downld	Exit Program Usage
-oaddress1=string1 -oaddress2=string2 -oaddress3=string3 -oaddress4=string4	These attributes come from the ADDRESS parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The values are strings of up to 60 characters.	Yes	Yes	ADDRESS text unit

Attribute	Description	From AFPDP	From Downld	Exit Program Usage
-obu=string	This attribute comes from the BUILDING parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 60 characters.	Yes	Yes	BUILDING text unit
-oburst=yes no	This attribute comes from the BURST parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is either yes or no .	Yes	No	BURST text unit
-occ=yes no -occtype=m a z	These attributes come from the input data set. If -occ=yes , then -occtype is one of these:	Yes	Yes	Data set attribute
	• m for machine			
	 a for ANSI-EBCDIC z for ANSI-ASCII 			
-ochars=list	This attribute comes from the CHARS parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a list of fonts. Each font name is separated by a comma.	MFP only ¹	Yes	CHARS text unit
-ocolormap=name	This attribute comes from the COLORMAP parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the name of a color map resource.	Yes	No	COLORMAP text unit
-ocomsetup=name	This attribute comes from the COMSETUP parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the name of a microfilm setup resource.	Yes	No	COMSETUP text unit
-ocop=nnn	This attribute comes from the COPIES parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the number of copies to print.	Yes	Yes	COPIES text unit
-odatac=unblock blkpos blkchar block	This attribute comes from the DATACK parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	Yes	Yes	DATACK text unit
-odatat=af line	This attribute is generated by the sender. For AFP Download Plus, the value is af , which means the input is MOD:CA-P. For Download for z/OS, the value is line , which means the input is line data.	Yes	Yes	Determine type of I/O for AFP versus line data
-ode=string	This attribute comes from the DEPT parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 60 characters.	Yes	Yes	DEPT text unit
-odu=tumble normal no	This attribute comes from the DUPLEX parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	Yes	Yes	DUPLEX text unit
-of=name	This attribute comes from the FORMDEF parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value name is the name of a form definition.	Yes	Yes	FORMDEF text unit

Table 23. Attributes from the sender (continued). AFPDP = AFP Download Plus; Downld = Download for z/OS; MFP = Message file processing (generic message APS8239I only)

Attribute	Description	From AFPDP	From Downld	Exit Program Usage
-ofileformat=stream record	This attribute is generated by the sender. For AFP Download Plus, the value is stream . For Download for z/OS, the value is record .	Yes	Yes	Not used
-ofiletype=dshdr jobhdr jobtrl message	This attribute specifies that the file sent is a separator page file or a message file. Message files are sent when an error stops transformation.	Yes (separators and messages)	No	Determine type of file received
-oflash=name,n -oflash=name -oflash=,n	This attribute comes from the FLASH parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value name is the name of an overlay. The value n is the number of copies to flash with the overlay.	Yes	No	FLASH text unit
-oformlength=nn[.mmm]IN CM	This attribute comes from the FORMLEN parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value specifies the length of pages to print.	Yes	Yes	FORMLEN text unit
-oin=nnn	This attribute comes from the INTRAY parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the number of the input tray to use.	Yes	Yes	INTRAY text unit
-oipdest=string	This attribute comes from the DEST parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the text that comes after the string IP: in the value of the original DEST parameter.	Yes	Yes	DEST text unit (when -opa destination= <ip>)</ip>
-ojobn=jobname	This attribute comes from the JOB JCL statement. The value is the job name.	Yes	Yes	Job scheduler block
-ona=string	This attribute comes from the NAME parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 60 characters.	Yes	Yes	NAME text unit
-ono=nodeid	This attribute comes from the sender. The value is the name of the system where the job was submitted.	Yes	Yes	Optionally reused in short data set name
-ooffxb=offset -ooffxf=offset -ooffyb=offset -ooffyf=offset	These attributes come from the OFFSET <i>xx</i> parameters of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value that is offset is the offset amount and units that were specified in the job.	Yes	Yes	OFFSET <i>xx</i> text units
-ooutbin=nnnnn	This attribute comes from the OUTBIN parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the number of the input tray to use.	Yes	Yes	OUTBIN text unit
-oovlyb=name -oovlyf=name	These attributes come from the OVERLAY <i>x</i> parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the name of an overlay.	Yes	Yes	OVERLAY <i>x</i> text units

Table 23. Attributes from the sender (continued). AFPDP = AFP Download Plus; Downld = Download for z/OS; MFP = Message file processing (generic message APS8239I only)

Attribute	Description	From AFPDP	From Downld	Exit Program Usage
-opa class=class	This attribute comes from the CLASS parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	Yes	Yes	CLASS text unit
-opa destination=dest -opa destination= <ip></ip>	This attribute comes from the DEST parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. A value of <ip></ip> indicates - oipdest contains a TCP/IP routing destination.	Yes	Yes	DEST text unit; see -oipdest.
-opa forms=formname	This attribute comes from the FORMS parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	Yes	Yes	FORMS text unit
-opa jobid=jobid	This attribute is generated by the sending system. The value is the job identifier for the job.	Yes	Yes	Job scheduler block
-opa OUTGRP=FIRST NEXT LAST	This attribute comes from Exit 15. It indicates the sequence in the event of a multiple data set job. Note: Download for z/OS uses the OUTGRP parameter on Exit 15 to process multiple data set jobs. However, AFP Download Plus ignores the OUTGRP parameter on Exit 15 and uses the parameter in the AFPPARMS control statement instead (see "dataset-grouping" on page 53).	No	Yes	Not used
-opa segmentid=segment	This attribute is generated based on the SEGMENT parameter of the DD JCL statement. The sending system generates segment identifiers as it segments the job.	Yes	Yes	Optionally reused in short data set name
-opagecount=nnn	This attribute specifies the number of pages in the data set.	Yes	No	Not used
-opagedef=name	This attribute comes from the PAGEDEF parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is the name of a page definition.	MFP only ¹	Yes	PAGEDEF text unit
-opr=string	This attribute comes from the JOB JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 20 characters.	Yes	Yes	Not used
-oprmode=LINE PAGE mode	This attribute comes from the PRMODE parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value can be LINE , PAGE , or a 1- to 8-character process mode.	No	Yes	PRMODE text unit
-oprtqueue=string	This attribute comes from the PRTQUEUE parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 127 characters.	Yes	Yes	PRTQUEUE text unit

Table 23. Attributes from the sender (continued). AFPDP = AFP Download Plus; Downld = Download for z/OS; MFP = Message file processing (generic message APS8239I only)

Attribute	Description	From AFPDP	From Downld	Exit Program Usage
-ore=240 300	This attribute comes from the RESFMT parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	Yes	Yes	RESFMT text unit
-oro=string	This attribute comes from the ROOM parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 60 characters.	Yes	Yes	ROOM text unit
-osheetcount=nnn	This attribute specifies the number of sheets in the data set.	Yes	No	Not used
-oti=string	This attribute comes from the TITLE parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement. The value is a string of up to 60 characters in length.	Yes	Yes	TITLE text unit
-otrc=yes no	This attribute comes from the TRC parameter of the OUTPUT JCL statement.	MFP only ¹	Yes	TRC text unit
-ous=userid	This attribute comes from the sender. The value is the user ID of the person who submitted the job.	Yes	Yes	Optionally reused in short data set name

Table 23. Attributes from the sender (continued). AFPDP = AFP Download Plus; Downld = Download for z/OS; MFP = Message file processing (generic message APS8239I only)

Notes:

1. When send-messages-on-failure=generic-only.

2. Some translation occurs with *string* values. Blank spaces in the original string are translated to 0X'FF'. Also, any single or double quotation marks (' or ") are translated to accent characters (`).

Starting the receiver automatically

You can start the AFP Download Plus receiver automatically during system initialization. Do this:

- 1. Edit **/etc/rc**, which is a script that z/OS runs whenever the system is started.
- **2.** Add the **apshhrcd** command at the end of the script. If there are timing issues with the startup of TCP/IP (for example, **apshhrcd** starts before TCP/IP is ready), place a sleep command just before the **apshhrcd** command.
- **Note:** To save any error messages that might be written by the receiver, redirect **stderr** to a file.

Stopping and querying the receiver

When you start the AFP Download Plus receiver, it creates a script file that you can use to stop the receiver or check its status. The script file contains a comment with the **apshhrcd** command that was issued so you can see how the receiver was started.

Keep in mind: Only the user who started the receiver or a superuser can use the script file.

Stopping the receiver

To stop the receiver, run this script file: /tmp/apshhrcd.PortNum.sh

where *PortNum* is the port number you specified to start the receiver. The file contains a command that stops the receiver process.

Querying the status of the receiver

To determine whether the receiver is running, do one of these:

• Enter the UNIX **fuser** command with the script file to list which processes have a file open:

fuser /tmp/apshhrcd.PortNum.sh

where *PortNum* is the port number you specified to start the receiver. When the receiver creates the script, the file is left open. If the receiver stops, the system closes the file. Therefore, if the **fuser** command reports a process identifier, the receiver is running. Otherwise, the receiver is stopped.

 Enter the UNIX ps and grep commands to query the processes on the system and report the ones that correspond to the receiver:
 ps -ef | grep "apshhrcd"

Locating files on the receiver

When the receiver stores data from the sender, it uses a file name that is based on information from the sender. The format of the file name depends on the sender. Appendix A, "Syntax for file names," on page 171 shows the file format for AFP Download Plus and Download for z/OS files to help you locate files on the receiver.

Chapter 10. Diagnosing errors with the AFP Download Plus receiver

This chapter contains information to help the diagnostician identify a problem with the receiver component of AFP Download Plus on z/OS and report it to IBM. This chapter describes:

- Diagnosing problems with the **apshhrcd** command
- Diagnosing problems with the **apshhsub** or **apshhmds** exit program

Diagnosing problems with apshhrcd

If you have problems while using **apshhrcd**, rerun the command with these changes:

 Redirect stderr to a file. This example tells the shell that stderr is being redirected to a file that is called some.file: apshhrcd... 2> some.file &

This might work to find messages that could not be written to the message log file.

• Specify the -t option to enable the **apshhrcd** trace mechanism. This option writes a file called **trace.log**.*PortNum* to the receiver's working directory. This trace can get as large as 10 KB. After it reaches that level, the file is renamed **trace.log**.*PortNum* and the receiver creates a new **trace.log**.*PortNum* file.

Diagnosing problems with an exit program

If you have problems while using the **apshhsub** or **apshhmds** exit program, try these suggestions:

- Look at messages in the message log. See "Viewing messages issued from apshhsub" on page 159 or "Viewing messages issued from apshhmds" on page 161.
- Rerun the **apshhrcd** command with these changes:
 - Redirect stderr to a file. This example tells the shell that stderr is being redirected to a file called some.file:
 apshhrcd... 2> some.file &

This might work to find messages that could not be written to the message log file.

- Use **-X debug=yes** to keep and examine the original data file and a message file for the job in the working directory.
- Use **-X jobhold=yes** to hold the job on the spool so you can look at it before it is released to its destination.
- Use -X intids=yes to add internal message identifiers to the beginning of the messages that indicate where the messages are issued.

See "Specifying special parameters" on page 155 for information about specifying the -X options.

Appendix A. Syntax for file names

Figure 15 shows the file name syntax for AFP Download Plus and Download for z/OS files.

```
AFP Download Plus:
     AFPDP.system.fsa.userid.jobid.jobname.step.dd.form.ccyyddd.time.ext
Download for z/0S:
     system.jobname[.step][.form].[cc]yyddd.time.ext
Where:
system
          = Name of the z/OS system
fsa
          = Name of the FSA that processed the data set
userid
          = User who submitted the job
jobid
          = Job identifier that was assigned by the z/OS system
 jobname
         = Job name from the job
step
          = Step name from the job
          = DD name from the job
dd
          = FORMS name from the job
form
          = Century the job was processed
СС
yyddd
          = Julian date the job was processed
 time
          = Time the job was processed in the form hhmmsstuvwx where:
              hh: hours
              mm: minutes
              ss: seconds
              t: tenths of a second
              u: hundredths of a second
              v: thousandths of a second
              w: ten-thousandths of a second
              x: hundred-thousandths of a second.
             = Extension:
   ext
                 Receiver files--
                   PRD:
                          Data files
                   JOB:
                          PRD file names in multiple data set job
                   JCL:
                          JCL parameters
                   LOG:
                          Message log files
                   MDSLOG: Temporary message log for apshhmds
                          Control file (internal use only)
                   CNTL:
                 Sender files--
                   MSG: Message files
                   AFP: MO:DCA-P data files
                   RGP: Resource group files
                   RVF: Recovery files
                   JCL: JCL parameters
```

Figure 15. File format for file names

All of the components of the file name come from the sender's z/OS system. For example, the *userid* is that of the user who originally submitted the job. These characters in the file name are translated to an underscore:

\$ * # % & | , > < () \ " ' @ ? = ; ~ ` blank (X'40') null (X'00')

Note: These are working files; therefore, the receiver typically deletes them after they have been processed.

Appendix B. SMF type 6 accounting records

AFP Download Plus creates a System Management Facility (SMF) type 6 record for each data set it processes, even if an error prevents transmission of the data. For example, AFP Download Plus writes a record even if there is a problem connecting to the receiver system. If AFP Download Plus releases the data set to the system and then processes the same data set again, AFP Download Plus writes another SMF record for the data set.

The mapping of the record is the same as the mapping of the SMF type 6 record for PSF. AFP Download Plus creates these sections in the SMF type 6 record:

- Base section
- Common section
- Second extension
- Enhanced SYSOUT Support (ESS) section
- File-transfer section

See *PSF for z/OS: Customization* or *z/OS MVS System Management Facilities (SMF)* for the format of the SMF type 6 record for PSF.

Note: AFP Download Plus supports Exit 5 to allow modification of the SMF record.

Appendix C. AFPSTATS report

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While AFP Download Plus is processing a print file, it can collect detailed information about the file, such as whether the file is MO:DCA IS/3 (the value specified in the MO:DCA Interchange Set triplet (X'18'); see *Mixed Object Document Content Architecture Reference* for more information), what resources are used, how the resources are referenced in the job, and the data sets from which the resources are obtained. AFP Download Plus writes this information to a file and then presents it in an AFP Download Plus Statistics (AFPSTATS) report, which you can view online or print.

The AFPSTATS report summarizes these resource types:

- Character set
- Coded font
- Code page
- Form definition
- Object container
- Overlay
- Page definition
- Page segment
- TrueType and OpenType fonts

The AFPSTATS repository

Before an AFPSTATS report can be generated, the system programmer must change the AFP Download Plus startup procedure to define the AFPSTATS repository (the file where AFPSTATS reports are written) and then allocate the data set. This repository must be an existing PDSE data set. For information about defining the AFPSTATS repository, see *PSF for z/OS: Customization*.

AFP Download Plus adds a new member to this data set for every request it gets to produce an AFPSTATS report. AFP Download Plus generates the member name and records this name in the zFS message file with message APS4001I. See the messages in the zFS message file to determine where AFP Download Plus placed the AFPSTATS report.

Requesting an AFPSTATS report

You can request an AFPSTATS report for any AFP Download Plus file you own. However, the AFPSTATS report option is only activated if the system programmer adds the appropriate AFPSTATS DD statement to the AFP Download Plus startup procedure, such as:

APFSTATS DD DSN=INST.AFPPLUS.AFPSTATS,DISP=SHR

These are the ways that you can request an AFPSTATS report:

• To request a report from the sender, use the AFPSTATS keyword on the OUTPUT JCL statement (see Table 21 on page 127):

```
//OUT1 OUTPUT AFPSTATS=YES,...
//PRINT1 DD SYSOUT=A,OUTPUT=*.OUT1...
//
```

The valid values for AFPSTATS are YES, Y, NO, and N. NO is the default.

- To request a report from the AFP Download Plus receiver, use the **afpstats** special parameter with the **apshhsub** exit program to specify whether an AFPSTATS report is generated (see "Using the apshhsub exit program" on page 155).
- To request a report from the sender or the AFP Download Plus receiver, use XTP7ASAP in installation Exit 7 to specify whether an AFPSTATS report is generated. For information about using Exit 7 to request an AFPSTATS report, see *PSF for z/OS: Customization*.
- **Note:** Any value that you specify for AFPSTATS in the OUTPUT JCL or the **apshhsub** exit program can be overridden by XTP7ASAP in Exit 7. If the value is overridden by Exit 7, message APS7004I is printed in the message data set.

This example shows a job stream that produces a file and an AFPSTATS report.

//JOB1 JOB ... //STEP1 EXEC PGM=MYAPPL //OUTMP OUTPUT AFPSTATS=YES //MYPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,OUTPUT=*.OUTMP //

The softcopy AFPSTATS report is stored on your system in the AFPSTATS repository. You can view the report online or you can format it and print a hardcopy version.

AFPSTATS report details

The AFPSTATS report that AFP Download Plus generates is similar to the AFPSTATS report that PSF generates. The information in this publication describes the softcopy record format for the SUMM-AFPDP record and the AFP Download Plus Summary section in the softcopy and hardcopy reports, which are specific to AFP Download Plus. For detailed information about other parts of the report, including the softcopy record format, descriptions of the individual report records, and descriptions of sections in a hardcopy report, see *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide*.

Softcopy report

The softcopy version of the AFPSTATS report is stored on your system in the AFPSTATS repository and can be viewed or formatted and printed. AFP Download Plus generates a unique member name for the report and records this name in message APS4001I in the zFS message file. The softcopy report is composed of variable-length records, with a maximum length of 512 characters per record. All records begin with a 10-character Layout ID or format identifier.

SUMM-AFPDP record format

The SUMM-AFPDP record is specific for the AFP Download Plus AFPSTATS report and summarizes statistics about AFP Download Plus processing, including sheet count, index counts, and data set processing speed. Figure 16 on page 177 shows the format and description of the SUMM-AFPDP record.

OFFSET DECIMAL	OFFSET HEX	ТҮРЕ	LENGTH	NAME (DIM)	DESCRIPTION
	=======		======		
13	(D)	STRUCTURE	208	ASP_SUMMAFPDP	
13	(D)	CHARACTER	8	ASPA_JOBID	Jes job identifier
21	(15)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
22	(16)	CHARACTER	8	ASPA_JOBNAME	Job name from JCL
30	(1E)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
31	(1F)	CHARACTER	8	ASPA_USERID	Job user ID
39	(27)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
40	(28)	CHARACTER	8	ASPA_SUBDATE	Job submission date
48	(30)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
49	(31)	CHARACTER	8	ASPA_SUBTIME	Job submission time
57	(39)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
58	(3A)	CHARACTER	10	ASPA_STRTDATE	Job start date
68	(44)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
69	(45)	CHARACTER	10	ASPA ENDDATE	Job end date
79	(4F)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
80	(50)	CHARACTER	10	ASPA STRTTIME	Job start time
90	(5A)	CHARACTER	1	* –	Column separator
91	(5B)	CHARACTER	10	ASPA ENDTIME	Job end time
101	(65)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
102	(66)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA LOGICPAG	Ε
	()				Logical pages in print file
116	(74)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
117	(75)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA SHEFTCNT	Sheet count in print file
131	(83)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
132	(84)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA TRANSBYT	F
	()			_	Number of bytes transformed
146	(92)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
147	(93)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA TRANSBPS	Transformed bytes per second
161	(A1)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
162	(A2)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA SENTRYTE	s
102	(//=)	onnationent	1.		Number of bytes sent
176	(B0)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
177	(B1)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA SENTRPS	Rytes sent per second
101	(BF)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
102	(CO)	CHARACTER	14	ASPA TOTAL RPS	Total hytes proc per second
206	(CE)	CHARACTER	1	*	Column separator
200	(CE)	CHARACTER	1/	ΔΩΟΔ ΙΝΠΕΥΩΝΤ	Evisting index counts
207	(01)	CHANACIEN	14	ASIA_INDEACINT	EXISTING HINER COULLS

SUMM-AFPDP record contains statistics about AFP Download Plus processing

Figure 16. SUMM-AFPDP record format for summary of AFP Download Plus processing statistics

For detailed information about the softcopy record format and descriptions of other report records in the AFPSTATS report, see *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide*.

Sample softcopy report

Because each record in the softcopy AFPSTATS report can be 512 characters wide, you might have to scroll to see all of the information. The example in Figure 17 on page 178 has been truncated to fit on the page. The SUMM-AFPDP record that is specific for AFP Download Plus is at the end of the softcopy report.

REPORTLVL TITLE	AFPSTATS 4.5.0 0002 AFP Print File Information.	PDP Statistics	Report								
PAGEFOOTER	Print File Information.	Dete Comme	T D.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		FCA 4		FCA Durlate		C	
PRINTFILF	JOB ID JOBname Stepname JOB00117 DCMR103 STEP1	e Data Source Deferred-spoo	1 03/02/20	ate Irans lime 1 014 15:11:57 /	AFPDP 4.5.0	FOR z/OS Defer	red-printing	FSA Printe PRT660 AFP DO	r litle WNIOAD PIUS	System DFV5	CPU ID FF0218
COMMENT			,,.				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
TITLE	Processing Detail. Processing Detail										
HEADING	Res Name Resource Type	Lib Type Re	source Size A	Relative Page Da	ata Set Name			Volume Dis	position	Transmiss	ion
RESOURCE	P1CMR103 Page Definition	User	1,298	1 PS	SFMVS.FVT.R4	30.RESOURCE		USR085 PSF	memory		1
RESOURCE	T1D0BASE Code Page	System	1,400	1 PS	SFDAT.CUST.A	PAR.R320.RESOU	IRCE	PSFC01 Dow	nload		1
RESOURCE	CODOGT12 Character Set	System	39,640	1 PS	SFDAT.CUST.A	PAR.R320.RESOU	IRCE	PSFC01 Dow	nload		1
EVENT	Event=Complete	Page=	253	3 P3	Transmissio	30.RESOURCE	1 Page number	= USR085 Int	egrated into pa 4	ge	1
COMMENT											
COMMENT	The statistics in this rep	port may contai	n inaccuracies	s caused by erro	or recovery	and operator a	ictions making	it unsuitable	for accounting	purposes.	
TITLE	Resource Summary by Name.										
PAGEFOOTER	Resource Summary by Name.	Lib Type	Tota	al Manne	nd Inc	ludod	101	Othon	Soft	Inlined	Ianonod
SUMM-NAME	B1IOB3 Page Segment	User	1018	1 Mappe	0 INC	1	0	0	1	0	ignored 0
SUMM-NAME	CODOGT12 Character Set	System		4	0	0	0	4	0	1	0
SUMM-NAME SUMM-NAME	PICMR103 Page Definition	User		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
SUMM-NAME	T1D0BASE Code Page	System		4	0	0	ō	4	0	1	0
NOTE	The statistics in this rep	port may contai	n inaccuracies	s caused by erro	or recovery	and operator a	ctions making	it unsuitable	for accounting	purposes.	
TITLE	Resource Summary by Data S	Set.									
PAGEFOOTER	Resource Summary by Data S	Set.									
SECTION	User Libraries.										
SUMM-DSN	Data set=PSFMVS.FVT.R430.1	RESOURCE		VOL=SEF	R=USR085						
SUMM-DSN-R COMMENT	B110B3 F10FF0 P	1CMR103									
SECTION	System Libraries.										
SUMM-DSN	Data set=PSFDAT.CUST.APAR	.R320.RESOURCE		VOL=SEF	R=PSFC01						
COMMENT	CODOGIIZ IIDOBASE										
NOTE	The statistics in this rep	port may contai	n inaccuracies	s caused by erro	or recovery	and operator a	ctions making	it unsuitable	for accounting	purposes.	
TITIF	Resource Summary by Resour	rce Type.									
PAGEFOOTER	Resource Summary by Resource	rce Type.									
COMMENT	Peference Summary										
HEADING-RF	Resource Type	Unique	JCL	Mapped	Included	Other	Total				
SUMM-REF	Page Definition	1	1	0	0	0	1				
SUMM-REF	Coded Font	1	0	4	0	0	4				
SUMM-REF	Character Set	1	0	0	0	4	4				
SUMM-REF SUMM-REF	Code Page Page Segment	1 2	0	0	0	4	4				
SUMM-REF	Overlay	0	õ	õ	0	õ	0				
SUMM-REF	Object Container	0	0	0	0	0	0				
COMMENT	тие/орен туре	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SUMM-REF	All resource types	7	2	4	2	8	16				
SECTION	Location Summary.										
HEADING-LC	Resource Type	Unique	Inline	User	Security	System	PSF Default				
SUMM-LOC	Page Definition	1	0	1	0	0	0				
SUMM-LOC	Coded Font	1	õ	Ō	0	1	0				
SUMM-LOC	Character Set	1	0	0	0	1	0				
SUMM-LOC	Page Segment	2	0	2	0	0	0				
SUMM-LOC	Overlay	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SUMM-LOC SUMM-LOC	Ubject Container True/Open Type	0	0	0	0	0	0				
COMMENT	inde, open 13pe	0	Ū.	0	0	0	0				
SUMM-LOC	All resource types	7	Θ	4	0	3	0				
SECTION	Disposition Summary.										
HEADING-DP	Resource Type	Unique	Soft	Inlined	Ignored	Memory	Exists				
SUMM-DISP	Form Definition	1	0	0	0	1	0				
SUMM-DISP	Coded Font	1	Θ	0	0	1	3				
SUMM-DISP	Character Set	1	0	1	0	0	3				
SUMM-DISP	Page Segment	2	2	Ō	0	õ	0				
SUMM-DISP	Overlay Object Container	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SUMM-DISP	True/Open Type	0	0	0	0	0	0				
COMMENT	411	-					-				
SUMM-DISP COMMENT	All resource types	/	2	2	Θ	3	9				
NOTE	The statistics in this re	port may contai	n inaccuracies	s caused by erro	or recovery	and operator a	ctions making	it unsuitable	for accounting	purposes.	
COMMENT	Processing Summary										
PAGEFOOTER	Processing Summary.										
COMMENT	Summany of Pages										
HEADING-SP	Total Pages I	Records	File Size	Avg Page Size	Sm	allest	Largest	Small Page	Large F	'age X1	form Bytes
SUMM-PAGE	4	35	1,269	317		262	376	3		4	837920
NOTE	The statistics in this rep	port may contai	n inaccuracies	s caused by erro	or recovery	and operator a	ctions making	it unsuitable	for accounting	purposes.	

Figure 17. AFPSTATS softcopy report (Part 1 of 2)

COMMENT SECTION HEADING-EL EVENT-LIST COMMENT	Significant Events. Page number Event type 4 Processing complete	Resource	
SECTION	Unused Inline Resource.		
HEADING-UU	Resource Type Res Name		
UIR-LIST	NONE		
TITLE	AFP Download Plus Summary.		
PAGEFOOTER	AFP Download Plus Summary.		
COMMENT			
HEADING-DL	Job ID Jobname User ID Sub Date Sub	Time Start Date End Date Start Time End Time Logical	Pages Sheet Count Transform Byte Transform BPS Sent Bytes
SUMM-AFPDP	JOB00117 DCMR103 DEGUELL 14032 15:	0:00 03/02/2014 03/02/2014 15:11:00 15:11:57	4 4 837920 14700 837920
COMMENT			
NOTE	The statistics in this report may conta	n inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator acti	ons making it unsuitable for accounting purposes.

Figure 17. AFPSTATS softcopy report (Part 2 of 2)

Hardcopy report

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The hardcopy report contains the same information as the softcopy report, but it is formatted in sections and has page numbers. Each section is formatted to 8.5×11 inches in a combination of landscape and portrait orientation. Table 24 shows the summary section in the hardcopy report that is specific for the AFP Download Plus AFPSTATS report.

Table 24. AFP Download Plus summary section in the AFPSTATS Report

Report Section Title	Description	Corresponding Softcopy Record
AFP Download Plus Summary	Summarizes statistics about AFP Download Plus processing, including sheet count, index counts, and data set processing speed.	SUMM-AFPDP

For information about the other sections that make up a hardcopy report, see *PSF for z/OS: User's Guide*.

Generating a hardcopy AFPSTATS report

To generate a hardcopy AFPSTATS report, use this IBM-supplied page definition and form definition to format the softcopy report:

- Page definition: P1ASAP03
- Form definition: F1ASAP01

The page definition, P1ASAP03, uses PPFA record formatting and conditional processing constructs to define the resulting AFPSTATS report. It uses proportional spaced, sans-serif fonts from AFP Font Collection, Program Number 5648–B33, or z/OS Font Collection, a base element of z/OS V2R1, Program Number 5650–ZOS.

This example shows a job stream that formats an existing AFPSTATS report for printing:

//JOB1	JOB	•••
//STEP1	EXEC	PGM=IEBGENER
//SYSPRINT	DD	SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN	DD	DUMMY
//OUTRL	OUTPUT	PAGEDEF=ASAP03,FORMDEF=ASAP01
//SYSUT2	DD	SYSOUT=*, OUTPUT=*.OUTRL
//SYSUT1	DD	DSN=WRTES600.AFPSTATS(A0317900),DISP=SHR
//		

Sample hardcopy AFPSTATS report

Note: The fonts in the printed version of your AFPSTATS report might be different from those shown here.

		AFPDP Statist	ics Report - 4.5.0 Level 0002		
		Prin	it File Information		
Print File Information		Sender		Receiver	
Job ID	JOB00117	Level	AFPDP 4.5.0 FOR z/OS	Type	AFPD-00
Jobname	DCMR103	FSA	PRT660	Printer Title	AFP Download Plus
Stepname	STEP1	System	DEV5	Intm Device	None
Data Source	Deferred-spool	CPU ID	FF0218A52064	Attachment	TCP/IP
Trans Date	03/02/2014	FSA Attachment	Deferred-printing	Port Number	06250
Trans Time	15:11:57			Identifier	9.17.164.215
Interchange Set	Unknown			Remote System	PSFforZOS
				Operating System	OS/390 [®] SRV2 18.00 03 2064
				Version	3.1
				Compile Date	Jun 11 2013

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Print File Information

		Processing Detail	
	Resource type=Page Definition	Library type=User	Relative page= 1 Disposition=PSF memory
	Size = 1,298	Volume=USR085	DSN=PSFMVS.FVT.R430.RESOURCE
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 1	
F1OFF0			
	Resource type=Form Definition	Library type=User	Relative page= 1 Disposition=PSF memory
	Size = 331	Volume=USR085	DSN=PSFMVS.FVT.R430.RESOURCE
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 1	
T1D0BASE			
	Resource type=Code Page	Library type=System	Relative page= 1 Disposition=Download
	Size= 1,400	Volume=PSFC01	DSN=PSFDAT.CUST.APAR.R320.RESOURCE
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 1	
C0D0GT12			
	Resource type=Character Set	Library type=System	Relative page= 1 Disposition=Download
	Size= 39,640	Volume=PSFC01	DSN=PSFDAT.CUST.APAR.R320.RESOURCE
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 1	
B1IOB3			
	Resource type=Page Segment	Library type=User	Relative page= 3 Disposition=Integrated into page
	Size = 253	Volume=USR085	DSN=PSFMVS.FVT.R430.RESOURCE
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 3	
Event=Complete	Page=	4	
	Transmission Count= 1	Page number= 4	
Note:	The statistics in this report may contain in	ccuracies caused by error recov	ery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting
	purposes.	3	

Processing Detail

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				Resource Su	umary by i	Name					
				Reference					Disposition		
Res Name B1IOB3	Resource Type	Lib Type	Total Mapped	l Included	<u> JCL</u>	Other	Soft	Inlined	Ignored	Memory	Exists
C0D0GT12	Page Segment	User	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
F10FF0	Character Set	System	4	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	б
P1CMR103	Form Definition	User	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0
T1D0BASE	Page Definition	User	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	Ц	0
	Code Page	System	4	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	б

Page - 3 Note: The statistics in this report may contain inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting purposes. Resource Summary by Name

Resource Summary by Data Set

User Libraries Data set=PSFMVS.FVT.R430.RESOURCE VOL=SER=USR085 B1IOB3 F1OFF0 P1CMR103 System Libraries Data set=PSFDAT.CUST.APAR.R320.RESOURCE VOL=SER=PSFC01 C0D0GT12 T1D0BASE VOL=SER=PSFC01

Note:

The statistics in this report may contain inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting purposes.

Resource Summary by Data Set

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Resource Summary by Resource Type

Reference Summary						
Resource Type	Unique	JCL	Mapped	Included	Other	Total
Page Definition	1	1	0	0	0	1
Form Definition	1	1	0	0	0	1
Coded Font	1	0	4	0	0	4
Character Set	1	0	0	0	4	4
Code Page	1	0	0	0	4	4
Page Segment	2	0	0	2	0	2
Overlay	0	0	0	0	0	0
Object Container	0	0	0	0	0	0
True/Open Type	0	0	0	0	0	0
All resource types	7	2	4	2	8	16

Location Summary

Resource Type	Unique	Inline	User	Security	System	PSF Default
Page Definition	1	0	1	0	0	0
Form Definition	1	0	1	0	0	0
Coded Font	1	0	0	0	1	0
Character Set	1	0	0	0	1	0
Code Page	1	0	0	0	1	0
Page Segment	2	0	2	0	0	0
Overlay	0	0	0	0	0	0
Object Container	0	0	0	0	0	0
True/Open Type	0	0	0	0	0	0
All resource types	7	0	4	0	3	0

Disposition Summary

Resource Type	Unique	Soft	Inlined	Ignored	Memory	Exists
Page Definition	1	0	0	0	1	0
Form Definition	1	0	0	0	1	0
Coded Font	1	0	0	0	1	3
Character Set	1	0	1	0	0	3
Code Page	1	0	1	0	0	3
Page Segment	2	2	0	0	0	0
Overlay	0	0	0	0	0	0
Object Container	0	0	0	0	0	0
True/Open Type	0	0	0	0	0	0
All resource types	7	2	2	0	3	9

Note: The statistics in this report may contain inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting purposes.

Resource Summary by Resource Type

Processing Summary

Summary of Pages

Total pages	4		
Records	35		
File size	1,269		
Average page size	317		
Smallest page size	262	Page number=	3
Largest page size	376	Page number=	4
Transformed bytes	837920		

Note: The statistics in this report may contain inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting purposes.

Significant Events

Page number	Event type	Resource
4	Processing complete	

Unused Inline Resources

Resource Type NONE Resource Name

Processing Summary

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AFP Download Plus Summary

Print File Information

Job ID	JOB00117	Jobname	DCMR103	3	User ID	DEGUELL
Job submission	: Date	14061	Time	15:11:30		

AFP Download Plus Information

Processing: Start Date	03/02/2014	End Date 03/02/2014	
Processing: Start Time	15:11:57	End Time 15:12:03	
AFP Download Plus Logical	Pages	4	
AFP Download Plus Sheet G	Count	4	
Transformed Bytes	28665030	Transformed Bytes per Second	4777505
Sent Bytes	28665030	Sent Bytes per Second	3185003
Total Processing Bytes per S	econd	3822004	
Existing Index Count	25		

Note: The statistics in this report may contain inaccuracies caused by error recovery and operator actions making it unsuitable for accounting purposes.

AFP Download Plus Summary

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Appendix D. Download receiver support

AFP Download Plus provides support for functions that require different levels of the download receiver. This appendix describes the download receiver levels that can be used for each of the functions AFP Download Plus provides.

Direct download support

	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:
I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
l I	• InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) with PTF UO00917 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
I	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)
 	 InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) with PTF UO00918 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)

Extended receiver information support

	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:
l	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
l I	 InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
l	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)
l I	 InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
l I	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)

Internet Protocol Version 6 support

This function, also referred to as colon hexadecimal notation for IP addresses, requires the download receiver from this product:
• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
• InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) with Product Update 9 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)
• InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) with Product Update 9 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
• Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)

LZW compression support

	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:	
I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS	
	 InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40) 	
l	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)	
	 InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40) 	
	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)	
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30) 	
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30) 	
MO:DCA IS/3 file support		
l	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:	
I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.4.0 for z/OS or later	
	 InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) with Product Update 9 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40) 	
l	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)	
	 InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) with Product Update 9 or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40) 	
I	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765-H26) or	

- Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
- Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
- Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later(PN 5765–H30)

Multiple data set support

This function requires the download receiver from one of these products: • AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS I InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648-F35) or Version 4 • Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40) • InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40) InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648-F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40) • Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765-H30) Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765-H30) Т Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 1 5765-H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765-H30)

Page accounting support

	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:
I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
	 InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648-F40)
	 InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
Secure	transmission selection support

	This function requires the download receiver from one of these products:
I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
l I	 InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
I	 InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
l I	• InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
 	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
 	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
1	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)

Separator pages support

> This function requires the download receiver from one of these products: • AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS

I	• AFP Download Plus feature of PSF 4.5.0 for z/OS
l I	• InfoPrint Manager for AIX Version 4 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F35) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
I	• InfoPrint Manager for Linux Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
l I	• InfoPrint Manager for Windows Version 2 Release 3.0 (PN 5648–F36) or Version 4 Release 4.0 (PN 5648–F40)
l I	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for AIX Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H26) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for AIX 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
l I	• Infoprint ProcessDirector for Linux Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H27) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Linux 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)
 	 Infoprint ProcessDirector for Windows Version 2 Release 4.0 or later (PN 5765–H28) or Ricoh ProcessDirector for Windows 3.0 or later (PN 5765–H30)

Appendix E. Installation verification program example

Figure 18 is a sample of the printed installation verification program (IVP) for AFP Download Plus.



Figure 18. IVP Example for AFP Download Plus

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Appendix F. Connectivity test for AFP Download Plus

When installing AFP Download Plus for the first time, you might want to perform a connectivity test to an existing receiver before doing a complete, customized installation. A connectivity test installs AFP Download Plus with all defaults, provided samples, and minimal space allocations to verify communication with the receiver.

To perform a connectivity test for AFP Download Plus:

- 1. Make sure that the existing receiver is at the appropriate support level for AFP Download Plus. See Appendix D, "Download receiver support," on page 187.
- 2. Follow Steps 2 through 8 in Chapter 3, "Installing AFP Download Plus," on page 27 and make these changes:
 - Create the default /var/psf/ working directory with a size of 1 MB.
 - Configure the AFP Download Plus sender with these suggestions:
 - a. Define only one FSA.
 - b. If you already have PSF or Download for z/OS installed, use the same work-selection criteria or change the class.
 - c. Do not configure for MO:DCA IS/3 compliant files.
 - d. If Download for z/OS is installed, update the EXEC statement to specify PGM=APSHPOSE; otherwise, do these to create a startup procedure:
 - 1) Copy and use the APSWAFPP sample startup procedure in SYS1.PROCLIB.
 - **2)** Follow the Required Actions in the sample prolog to change the procedure to run on your system.
 - **3)** Comment out the AFPPARMS DD statement so you can use all the default AFPPARMS values.
 - 4) Delete all but one FSA.
 - 5) Do not create an AFPPARMS data set or use the Printer Inventory.
 - e. Define either JES2 or JES3 initialization statements.
 - f. Do not use any installation exits.
 - g. Use the default program properties table (PPT) entry.
 - Start the sender. See "Starting the sender and FSAs" on page 113.
 - Update the APSIVPAJ sample installation verification program (IVP) to use the class that is defined for your AFP Download Plus FSA.
 - Submit the job to verify that no terminating errors are issued and the job is successfully processed by the receiver.

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Appendix G. Accessibility

Accessible publications for this product are offered through the z/OS Information
Center, which is available at http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/bkserv/. If
you experience any accessibility problems with the z/OS Information Center, send
an email to mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com or write to the following address:
IBM Corporation
Attention: MHVRCFS Reader Comments
Department H6MA, Building 707
2455 South Road
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400
USA
Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted
mobility or limited vision use software products successfully. The major

mobility or limited vision, use software products successfully. The major accessibility features in z/OS let users:

- Use assistive technologies such as screen readers and screen magnifier software.
- Operate specific or equivalent features by using only the keyboard.
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size.

Using assistive technologies

Assistive technology products, such as screen readers, function with the user interfaces found in z/OS. Consult the assistive technology documentation for specific information when using such products to access z/OS interfaces.

Keyboard navigation of the user interface

Users can access z/OS user interfaces by using TSO/E or ISPF. For more information, see *z*/OS *TSO/E Primer*, *z*/OS *TSO/E User's Guide*, and *z*/OS *ISPF User's Guide Vol I*. These guides describe how to use TSO/E and ISPF, including the use of keyboard shortcuts or function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys and explains how to modify their functions.
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- For information about z/OS software support lifecycles, see the web page at: http://www.ibm.com/software/support/systemsz/lifecycle/
- For information about currently-supported IBM hardware, contact your IBM representative.

Programming interfaces

This publication includes documentation of intended programming interfaces that the customer can use to write programs to obtain the services of AFP Download Plus.

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Glossary

This glossary defines technical terms and abbreviations used in PSF for z/OS documentation. If you do not find the term you are looking for, view the IBM terminology website at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/globalization/terminology/

These cross-references are used in this glossary:

- See. Refers to preferred synonyms or to defined terms for acronyms and abbreviations.
- See also. Refers to related terms that have similar, but not synonymous, meanings, or to contrasted terms that have opposite or substantively different meanings.

Α

abend. See abnormal end of task.

abnormal end of task (abend). The termination of a task, job, or subsystem because of an error condition that recovery facilities cannot resolve during processing

ACIF. See AFP Conversion and Indexing Facility.

Advanced Function Presentation (AFP). A set of licensed programs, together with user applications, that use the all-points-addressable concept to print data on a wide variety of printers or to display data on a variety of display devices. AFP includes creating, formatting, archiving, retrieving, viewing, distributing, and printing information.

Advanced Interactive Executive (AIX). A UNIX operating system developed by IBM that is designed and optimized to run on POWER[®] microprocessor-based hardware, such as servers, workstations, and blades.

AFP. See Advanced Function Presentation.

AFP Conversion and Indexing Facility (ACIF). An optional feature of PSF for z/OS that converts a print file into a MO:DCA document, creates an index file for later retrieval and viewing, and retrieves resources used by an AFP document into a separate file.

AFP Download Plus. An optional feature of PSF for z/OS that distributes AFP data from a z/OS operating system to an AIX, Windows, Linux, or other z/OS operating system for printing, emailing, or faxing, or to an OnDemand server for archiving.

AFP Download Plus receiver. The component of AFP Download Plus that receives data from the sender and then distributes the data to a printer, email, or fax destination.

AFP Download Plus sender. The component of AFP Download Plus that initiates a TCP/IP connection and sends data to a receiver.

AFP Font Collection. An IBM licensed product that includes a set of utilities, and a single font source for all AFP operating systems.

AFP Statistics (AFPSTATS) report. Contains summary data about the resources used to print a document. The AFPSTATS report is used to indicate in which libraries AFP Download Plus found a resource, diagnose some resource selection problems, obtain statistical data about how a print file is printed, and diagnose some print file printing performance problems.

AFPSTATS report. See AFP Statistics report.

AFPSTATS repository. A data set where AFP Statistics (AFPSTATS) reports are written.

AIX. See Advanced Interactive Executive.

alphanumeric. Pertaining to a character set that contains letters, digits, and other characters, such as punctuation marks.

American National Standards Institute (ANSI). A private, nonprofit organization whose membership includes private companies, U.S. government agencies, and professional, technical, trade, labor, and consumer organizations. ANSI coordinates the development of voluntary consensus standards in the U.S.

American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII). A standard code used for information exchange among data processing systems, data communication systems, and associated equipment. ASCII uses a coded character set consisting of 7-bit coded characters. See also Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code.

ANSI. See American National Standards Institute.

ASCII. See American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

В

bar code. An array of elements, such as bars, spaces, and two-dimensional modules, that encode data in a

L

particular symbology. The elements are arranged in a predetermined pattern following unambiguous rules defined by the symbology.

Bar Code Object Content Architecture (BCOCA). An architected collection of constructs used to interchange and present bar code data.

BCOCA. See Bar Code Object Content Architecture.

bin. An enclosure on a printer that contains source or destination media, including paper, foils, labels, card stock, or microfilm.

С

carriage control character. A character that is used to specify a write, space, or skip operation. See also control character.

case-sensitive. Pertaining to the ability to distinguish between uppercase and lowercase letters.

character. (1) Any symbol that can be entered on a keyboard, printed, or displayed. For example, letters, numbers, and punctuation marks are all characters. (2) In a computer system, a member of a set of elements that is used for the representation, organization, or control of data. See also control character. (3) In bar codes, a single group of bars and spaces that represent an individual number, letter, punctuation mark, or other symbol.

character set. A defined set of characters that can be recognized by a configured hardware or software system. A character set can be defined by alphabet, language, script, or any combination of these items. See also font character set.

checkpoint. A place in a program at which a check is made, or at which a recording of data is made to allow the program to be restarted in case of interruption.

CMR. See color management resource.

coded font. A font file that associates a code page and a font character set. For double-byte fonts, a coded font associates multiple pairs of code pages and font character sets.

code page. A particular assignment of code points to graphic characters. Within a given code page, a code point can only represent one character. A code page also identifies how undefined code points are handled. See also coded font.

colon hexadecimal notation. The syntactical representation for a 128-bit integer that consists of eight groups of four hexadecimal numbers, separated by colons. IP addresses can be represented in colon hexadecimal notation. See also dotted decimal notation and host name.

color management resource (CMR). An object that provides color management in presentation environments.

color mapping table. A MO:DCA object that is used to map color values specified in a source color space to color values specified in a target color space. This object is loaded into printers that support the color mapping table.

command. A request from a terminal or automated operator for the performance of an operation or service, or a request in a batch-processing job or print file for the operation or execution of a particular program.

communication. See data communication.

complex text. Unicode-encoded text that cannot be rendered in the traditional one-code-point to one-glyph fashion, such as bidirectional Arabic text or combined Hindi characters.

connection. In data communication, an association established between entities for conveying information.

console. A display station from which an operator can control and observe the system operation.

continuous forms. A series of connected forms that feed continuously through a printing device. The connection between the forms is perforated so that the user can tear them apart. Before printing, the forms are folded in a stack, with the folds along the perforations.

control character. (1) A character that represents a command that is sent to an output device, such as a printer or monitor. Examples are line-feed, shift-in, shift-out, carriage return, font change, and end of transmission. See also carriage control character. (2) A character whose occurrence in a particular context initiates, modifies, or stops a control function.

copy group. An internal object in a form definition or a print data set that controls such items as modifications to a form, page placement, and overlays.

D

DASD. See direct access storage device.

data check. A synchronous or asynchronous indication of a condition caused by erroneous data or incorrect positioning of data. Some data checks can be suppressed.

data communication. Transfer of data among functional units by means of data transmission protocols.

data control block (DCB). A control block used by access method routines in storing and retrieving data.

data object resource. An object container resource or IOCA image resource that is either printer resident or downloaded. Data object resources can be:

- Used to prepare for the presentation of a data object, such as with a resident color profile resource object
- Included in a page or overlay through the Include Object (IOB) structured field; for example, PDF single-page and multiple-page objects, Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) objects, and IOCA images
- Called from within a data object; for example, PDF resource objects

data set. The major unit of data storage and retrieval, consisting of a collection of data in one of several prescribed arrangements and described by control information to which the system has access. See also file.

data stream. The commands, control codes, data, or structured fields that are transmitted between an application program and a device, such as printer or nonprogrammable display station.

DCB. See data control block.

default. Pertaining to an attribute, value, or option that is assumed when none is explicitly specified.

deferred-printing mode. A printing mode that spools output through JES to a data set instead of printing it immediately. Output is controlled by using JCL statements. See also direct-printing mode.

destination control file. In a Windows environment, a user-modifiable file for simpler mapping of JCL to InfoPrint Manager parameters.

direct access storage device (DASD). A device that allows storage to be directly accessed, such as a disk drive.

direct-printing mode. A printing mode that gives PSF exclusive use of a channel-attached printer. Output is printed immediately and is not spooled through JES. See also deferred-printing mode.

document. (1) A machine-readable collection of one or more objects that represent a composition, a work, or a collection of data. (2) Data that has already been composed into pages and that contains a Begin Document and an End Document structured field.

dotted decimal notation. The syntactical representation for a 32-bit integer that consists of four 8-bit numbers written in base 10 and separated by periods (dots). IP addresses can be represented in dotted decimal notation. See also colon hexadecimal notation and host name.

double-byte coded font. A font in which the characters are defined by 2 bytes. The first byte defines

the coded font section; the second byte defines the code point in the code page specified for that section. See also single-byte coded font.

download. To transfer data from a computer to a connected device, such as a workstation or a printer. Typically, users download from a large computer to a diskette or fixed disk on a smaller computer or from a system unit to an adapter.

Download for z/OS. An optional feature of PSF for z/OS that uses TCP/IP to automatically send data sets from the JES spool, without formatting them, directly to a PSF for z/OS, InfoPrint Manager, Ricoh ProcessDirector, or OnDemand server.

duplex. Pertaining to printing on both sides of a sheet of paper.

Ε

EBCDIC. See Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code.

exception highlighting. The markings placed on the printed page to indicate the location of a data-stream error.

execution. The process of carrying out an instruction or instructions of a computer program by a computer.

exit. An instruction in an application, routine, or subroutine that causes control to pass to another application, routine, or subroutine. See also installation exit.

exit routine. A program that receives control from another program in order to perform specific functions.

Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code (**EBCDIC**). A coded character set of 256 eight-bit characters developed for the representation of textual data. EBCDIC is not compatible with ASCII character coding. See also American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

extended code page. A code page that is stored in a partitioned data set (PDS or PDSE) in a font resource library or in a UNIX file in a font path library. Extended code pages might contain Unicode values that a printer uses to print EBCDIC or ASCII encoded text strings with TrueType and OpenType fonts.

F

file. (1) A collection of related data that is stored and retrieved by an assigned name. A file can include information that starts a program (program-file object), contains text or graphics (data-file object), or processes a series of commands (batch file). (2) See also data set.

flash. See forms flash.

FOCA. See Font Object Content Architecture.

font. (1) A family or assortment of characters of a given size and style, for example, 9-point Bodoni modern. A font has a unique name and might have a registry number. (2) A particular type style (for example, Bodoni or Times Roman) that contains definitions of character sets, marker sets, and pattern sets. See also coded font and double-byte coded font.

font character set. (1) Part of an AFP font that contains the raster patterns, identifiers, and descriptions of characters. See also character set. (2) A Font Object Content Architecture (FOCA) resource containing descriptive information, font metrics, and the digital representation of character shapes for a specified graphic character set.

Font Object Content Architecture (FOCA). An architecture that defines the content of digital font resources by means of a set of parameter definitions.

form. (1) A physical piece of paper or other medium on which data is printed. See also medium, page, and sheet. (2) A display screen, printed document, or file with defined spaces for information to be inserted.

form definition. An AFP resource object used by PSF that defines the characteristics of the form or printed media, including: overlays to be used, duplex printing, text suppression, the position of composed-text data on the form, and the number and modifications of a page.

forms flash. In AFP support on the 3800 Printing Subsystem, a means of printing an overlay by using a negative plate projected on a form.

FSA. See functional subsystem application.

FSI. See functional subsystem interface.

FSS. See functional subsystem.

functional subsystem (FSS). An extension of JES that runs in an address space separate from the JES address space. An FSS provides support for an auxiliary function to JES processing, such as a peripheral device or other component.

functional subsystem application (FSA). (1) An area within the functional subsystem (FSS) that drives and manages a single printer. FSAs are identified with JES printer definitions. (2) An application that uses the support facilities of the functional subsystem (FSS) to communicate with JES.

functional subsystem interface (FSI). A set of services that allows communication between the JES address space or DPSS and the PSF functional subsystem.

G

generalized trace facility (GTF). A z/OS service program that records significant system events such as I/O interrupts, SVC interrupts, program interrupts, or external interrupts.

GOCA. See Graphics Object Content Architecture.

Graphics Object Content Architecture (GOCA). An architecture that provides a collection of graphics values and control structures used to interchange and present graphics data.

GTF. See generalized trace facility.

Η

hexadecimal. Pertaining to a numbering system that has a base of 16.

HFS. See hierarchical file system.

hierarchical file system (HFS). A system for organizing files in a hierarchy, as in a UNIX system.

host address. See Internet Protocol address.

host name. The network name given to a computer. Sometimes, host name is used to mean the fully qualified domain name; other times, it is used to mean the most specific subname of a fully qualified domain name. For example, if mycomputer.city.company.com is the fully qualified domain name, either of these host names can be used: mycomputer.city.company.com or mycomputer. See also colon hexadecimal notation and dotted decimal notation.

T

Image Object Content Architecture (IOCA). An architecture that provides a collection of constructs used to interchange and present images, such as printing image data on a page, page segment, or overlay.

InfoPrint Manager. A print management product that runs on an AIX, Linux, or Windows operating system. InfoPrint Manager handles the scheduling, archiving, retrieving, and assembly of a print job and its related resource files. It also tracks the finishing and packaging of the printed product.

InfoPrint ProcessDirector. A print management product that runs on AIX, Linux, and Windows operating systems. InfoPrint ProcessDirector supports job submission from z/OS host systems by using Download for z/OS and AFP Download Plus and from other systems that use file copying methods or the **lpd** protocol. See also Ricoh ProcessDirector. **Infoprint Server.** An element of z/OS that supports printing on local printers and remote printers in an Internet Protocol or SNA network. With Infoprint Server, users can submit print requests from remote workstations in an Internet Protocol network, from z/OS UNIX System Services applications, from batch applications, from VTAM[®] applications (such as CICS[®] or IMS[™]), and from SAP R/3.

inline. Pertaining to spooled input data that is read into a job by a reader. See also inline resource.

inline resource. A resource contained in a print file or a print data set.

input/output (I/O). Pertaining to a device, process, channel, or communication path involved in data input, data output, or both.

installation exit. The means specifically described in an IBM software product's documentation by which an IBM software product can be modified by a customer's system programmers to change or extend the functions of the IBM software product. Such modifications consist of exit routines written to replace one or more existing modules of an IBM software product, or to add one or more modules or subroutines to an IBM software product.

Intelligent Printer Data Stream (IPDS). An all-points-addressable data stream that lets users position text, images, graphics, and bar codes at any defined point on a printed page. IPDS is the strategic AFP printer data stream generated by PSF.

Internet Protocol (IP). A protocol that routes data through a network or interconnected networks. This protocol acts as an intermediary between the higher protocol layers and the physical network. See also Transmission Control Protocol and Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

Internet Protocol (IP) address. A unique address for a device or logical unit on a network that uses the IP standard. See also colon hexadecimal notation, dotted decimal notation, and host name.

I/O. See input/output.

IOCA. See Image Object Content Architecture.

IP. See Internet Protocol.

IP address. See Internet Protocol address.

IPDS. See Intelligent Printer Data Stream.

J

JCL. See job control language.

JES. See Job Entry Subsystem.

JES2. An MVS subsystem that receives jobs into the system, converts them to internal format, selects them for processing, processes their output, and purges them from the system. In an installation with more than one processor, each JES2 processor independently controls its job input, scheduling, and output processing. See also Job Entry Subsystem and JES3.

JES3. An MVS subsystem that receives jobs into the system, converts them to internal format, selects them for processing, processes their output, and purges them from the system. In complexes that have several loosely coupled processing units, the JES3 program manages processors so that the global processor exercises centralized control over the local processors and distributes jobs to them by using a common job queue. See also Job Entry Subsystem and JES2.

JES spool. A program that performs a peripheral operation, such as printing, while the computer is busy with other work. A common name for the JES2 or JES3 spool.

job control language (JCL). A command language that identifies a job to an operating system and describes the job's requirements.

Job Entry Subsystem (JES). An IBM licensed program that receives jobs into the system and processes all output data that is produced by jobs. See also JES2 and JES3.

L

library. (1) A system object that serves as a directory to other objects. A library groups related objects, and allows the user to find objects by name. (2) A data file that contains copies of a number of individual files and control information that allows them to be accessed individually. (3) A partitioned data set or a series of concatenated partitioned data sets.

licensed program. A separately priced program and its associated materials that bear a copyright and are offered to customers under the terms and conditions of a licensing agreement.

line data. Data prepared for printing on a line printer without any data placement or presentation information. Line data can contain carriage-control characters and table-reference characters (TRC) for spacing and font selections.

logical page. The defined presentation space on the physical form. All the text and images in the print data must fit within the boundaries of the logical page, which has specified characteristics, such as size, shape, orientation, and offset. See also form and physical page.

Μ

medium. (1) The material on which computer information is stored. Examples of media are diskettes, CDs, DVDs, and tape. (2) The physical material, such as paper, on which data is printed. See also form, page, and sheet.

medium overlay. An electronic overlay that is called by the medium map of a form definition for printing at a fixed position on the form. See also page overlay.

microfilm. A film containing a photographic record of printed matter, on a reduced scale.

microfilm device. An output device that presents a hardcopy on microfilm.

microfilm setup resource. A setup file that contains information used to present AFP data on microfilm. See also object container.

Mixed Object Document Content Architecture (**MO:DCA**). An architected, device-independent data stream for interchanging documents.

Mixed Object Document Content Architecture for Presentation (MO:DCA-P). The subset of MO:DCA that defines presentation documents. PSF supports MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set data streams.

MO:DCA. See Mixed Object Document Content Architecture.

MO:DCA data. Print data that has been composed into pages. Text-formatting programs (such as DCF) can produce composed text data consisting entirely of structured fields. ACIF or AFP Download Plus can transform line data or XML data to MO:DCA data.

MO:DCA-P. See Mixed Object Document Content Architecture for Presentation.

MO:DCA IS/1. See MO:DCA Presentation InterchangeSet 1.

MO:DCA IS/3. See MO:DCA Presentation InterchangeSet 3.

MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set 1 (MO:DCA

IS/1). A subset of MO:DCA that defines an

l interchange format for presentation documents.

MO:DCA Presentation Interchange Set 3 (MO:DCA

IS/3). A subset of MO:DCA that defines an

interchange format for presentation documents. The
 MO:DCA IS/3 data stream includes structured fields

that are not found in MO:DCA IS/1.

mount. To make a file system accessible.

Multiple Virtual Storage (MVS). An IBM operating system that accesses multiple address spaces in virtual storage.

MVS. See Multiple Virtual Storage.

0

object container. A MO:DCA structure that carries object data, which might or might not be defined by a presentation architecture.

OpenType font. An extension of the TrueType font format that adds support for PostScript outlines and more support for international character sets and advanced typographic control.

option. A specification in a statement that can influence the running of the statement.

outline font. A font whose graphic character shapes are defined by mathematical equations rather than by raster patterns. See also raster font.

output writer. A part of JES that receives job output from the system spool.

overlay. (1) A resource object that contains predefined presentation data, such as text, image, graphics, and bar code data, that can be merged with variable data on a page or form while printing. See also page overlay and medium overlay. (2) The final representation of a collection of predefined presentation data on a physical medium.

Ρ

page. (1) A collection of data that can be printed on one side of a sheet of paper or a form. (2) A data stream object delimited by a Begin Page structured field and an End Page structured field. A page can contain presentation data such as text, image, graphics, and bar code data. See also logical page and physical page.

page definition. An AFP resource object used by PSF that defines the rules for transforming line data and XML data into MO:DCA data and text controls, such as width of margins and text orientation.

page overlay. An electronic overlay that can be called for printing and positioned at any point on the page by an Invoke Page Overlay structured field in the print data. See also medium overlay.

Page Printer Formatting Aid (PPFA). An IBM licensed program with which to create and store form definitions and page definitions, which are resource objects used for print-job management. These stored objects are used to format printed output.

page segment. An AFP resource object containing text, image, graphics, or bar code data that can be positioned on any addressable point on a page or an electronic overlay.

parameter. A value or reference passed to a function, command, or program that serves as input or controls actions. The value is supplied by a user or by another program or process.

physical page. A single surface (front or back) of a form. See also form, logical page, and page.

port. (1) A hardware interface to which an I/O device is attached for the purpose of sending and receiving data. (2) An end point for communication between applications, generally referring to a logical connection. A port provides queues for sending and receiving data. Each port has a port number for identification.

PPFA. See Page Printer Formatting Aid.

Presentation Text Object Content Architecture

(PTOCA). An architecture that provides a collection of constructs used to interchange and present presentation text data, such as printing text data on a page, page segment, or overlay.

print data set. A data set created by an application program that contains the actual information to be printed and, optionally, some of the data that controls the format of the printing. The types of print data sets are composed text, line format, XML data, and mixed format. See also print file.

Printer Control Language (PCL). The Hewlett Packard page description language that is used in laser and ink-jet printers.

Printer Inventory. In Infoprint Server, a set of files that contain information about printers. The Printer Inventory includes such objects as printer definitions, functional subsystem (FSS) definitions, and job selection rules for IP PrintWay.

print file. A file that is created for the purpose of printing data. A print file includes information to be printed and, optionally, some of the data that controls the format of the printing. See also print data set.

print job. One or more documents submitted in the same job to be printed on the same printer.

print queue. A list of print jobs waiting to be printed.

Print Services Facility (PSF). An IBM licensed program that manages and controls the input data stream and output data stream required by supported page printers.

processor. In a computer, the part that interprets and processes instructions. Two typical components of a processor are a control unit and an arithmetic logic unit.

program temporary fix (PTF). For System i[®], System p[®], and System z[®] products, a package containing individual or multiple fixes that is made available to all licensed customers. A PTF resolves defects and might provide enhancements.

protocol. A set of rules controlling the communication and transfer of data between two or more devices or systems in a communications network.

PSF. See Print Services Facility.

PTF. See program temporary fix.

PTOCA. See Presentation Test Object Content Architecture.

R

RACF. See Resource Access Control Facility.

raster font. A font in which the characters are defined directly by the raster bit map. See also outline font.

RAT. See resource access table.

recovery point. The number of pages or buffers from which AFP Download Plus retransmits data.

resolution. A measure of the sharpness of an image, expressed as the number of lines per unit of length or the number of points per unit of area discernible in that image.

resource. A collection of printing instructions used, in addition to the print data set, to produce the printed output. Resources include coded fonts, font character sets, code pages, page segments, overlays, form definitions, and page definitions.

Resource Access Control Facility (RACF). An IBM licensed program that provides for access control by identifying users to the system, verifying users of the system, authorizing access to protected resources, logging unauthorized attempts to enter the system, and logging accesses to protected resources.

resource access table (RAT). An array of data that is used to map a resource name specified in the MO:DCA data stream to information used to find and process the resource on a given system.

resource name. The name under which an AFP resource object is stored, the first 2 characters of which indicate the resource type.

- Ricoh ProcessDirector. A print management product,
- | formerly named InfoPrint ProcessDirector, that runs on

AIX, Linux, and Windows operating systems. Ricoh
ProcessDirector supports job submission from z/OS
host systems by using Download for z/OS and AFP
Download Plus and from other systems that use file
copying methods or the lpd protocol.

S

SDSF. See System Display and Search Facility.

sheet. A division of the physical medium; multiple sheets can exist on a physical medium. For example, a roll of paper might be divided by a printer into rectangular pieces of paper, each representing a sheet. Envelopes are an example of a physical medium that comprises only one sheet. The IPDS architecture defines four types of sheets: cut-sheets, continuous forms, envelopes, and computer output on microfilm. Each type of sheet has a top edge. A sheet has two sides, a front side and a back side. See also form.

shell script. A program or script, that is interpreted by the shell of an operating system.

shift-out, shift-in (SOSI). Special EBCDIC or ASCII characters that exist in the data stream to indicate the switches between double-byte fonts and single-byte fonts.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). A set of protocols for monitoring systems and devices in complex networks. Information about managed devices is defined and stored in a Management Information Base (MIB).

single-byte coded font. A font in which the characters are defined by a 1-byte code point. A single-byte coded font has only one coded font section. See also double-byte coded font.

SMF. See System Management Facilities.

SMF type 6 record. A record that AFP Download Plus uses to record data for each data set.

SNMP. See Simple Network Management Protocol.

SOSI. See shift-out, shift-in.

spool. The system function of putting files or jobs into disk storage for later processing or printing. An abbreviation for "simultaneous peripheral operations online."

startup procedure. A program used to start an application and to specify initialization parameters, libraries that contain system resources, and routing-control information.

structured field. (1) A self-identifying string of bytes and its data or parameters. (2) A mechanism that permits variable length data to be encoded for transmission in the data stream.

syntax. The rules for the construction of a command or statement.

SYSIN. See system input stream.

SYSOUT. See system output stream.

System Display and Search Facility (SDSF). An IBM licensed program that provides a menu-driven, full-screen interface that is used to obtain detailed information about jobs and resources in a system.

system input stream (SYSIN). A data definition (DD) statement used to begin an in-stream data set. See also system output stream.

system library. A collection of data sets or files in which one or more system resources are stored.

System Management Facilities (SMF). A component of z/OS that collects and records a variety of system and job-related information. Examples of information collected by SMF are statistics, accounting information, and performance data.

system output stream (SYSOUT). A data definition (DD) statement used to identify a data set as a system output data set. See also system input stream.

Т

table reference character (TRC). A numeric character corresponding to the order in which font character sets have been specified. The TRC is used to select a font character set during printing.

TCP/IP. See Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

TCP/IP-attached. Pertaining to a device that is linked to an operating system through an Internet Protocol network and receives data from the system by using an application-layer protocol for IPDS printers. Some TCP/IP-attached printers require the i-data 7913 IPDS Printer LAN Attachment.

trace. (1) A record of the processing of a computer program or transaction. The information collected from a trace can be used to assess problems and performance. (2) A DB2[®] for z/OS facility that provides the ability to collect monitoring, auditing, performance, accounting, statistics, and serviceability (global) data.

transmission. The sending of data from one place for reception elsewhere.

Transmission Control Protocol (TCP). A

communications protocol used in the Internet and in any network that follows the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standards for internetwork protocol. TCP provides a reliable host-to-host protocol in packet-switched communications networks and in interconnected systems of such networks. See also Internet Protocol.

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

(TCP/IP). An industry-standard, nonproprietary set of communications protocols that provide reliable end-to-end connections between applications over interconnected networks of different types.

TRC. See table reference character.

TrueType font. A font format based on scalable outline technology in which the graphic character shapes are based on quadratic curves. The font is described with a set of tables contained in a TrueType font file.

U

UCS. See universal character set.

Unicode. A character encoding standard that supports the interchange, processing, and display of text that is written in the common languages around the world, plus some classical and historical texts. For example, the text name for \$ is "dollar sign" and its numeric value is X'0024'. The Unicode standard has a 16-bit character set defined by ISO 10646.

universal character set (UCS). A printer feature that permits the use of a variety of character arrays. See font.

UNIX file. An object that exists in a hierarchical file system. Examples of UNIX files are a DFSMS Hierarchical File System (HFS), a Network File System (NFS), a temporary file system (TFS), and the z/OS File System (zFS).

UNIX System Services. See z/OS UNIX System Services.

V

value. In programming, the alphabetic or numeric contents of a variable, parameter, special register, field, or storage location.

X

XML data. Data identified with the Extensible Markup Language (XML), which is a standard metalanguage for defining markup languages that is based on Standard Generalized Markup Language (SGML). For printing on page printers, a page definition is required to provide the data placement and presentation information. The XML data processed by PSF can be encoded in EBCDIC, ASCII, UTF-8 or UTF-16.

Ζ

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zFS. See z/OS File System.

z/OS. An IBM mainframe operating system that uses 64-bit real storage.

z/OS File System (zFS). A type of file system that resides in a Virtual Storage Access Method (VSAM) linear data set (LDS). zFS contains files and directories that can be used by z/OS UNIX System Services to provide data access over IP networks.

z/OS Font Collection. A base element of z/OS V2R1 that contains a comprehensive set of fonts, including AFP outline fonts, AFP raster fonts, and WorldType fonts (TrueType and OpenType fonts).

z/OS UNIX System Services. An element of z/OS that creates a UNIX environment which conforms to the XPG4 UNIX 1995 specifications and provides two open systems interfaces on the z/OS operating system: an application program interface (API) and an interactive shell interface.

Bibliography

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This bibliography lists the titles of publications containing additional information about PSF, AFP, the z/OS operating system, InfoPrint Manager, Ricoh ProcessDirector, and related products.

The titles and order numbers might change from time to time. To verify the current title or order number, consult your IBM marketing representative.

You can obtain many of the publications listed in this bibliography from the AFP Consortium, http://www.afpcinc.org, and the z/OS printing software web page: http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/zos/printsoftware/supportmanuals_ww.html

You can obtain InfoPrint Manager and Ricoh ProcessDirector publications from the Ricoh Production Print Information Center: http://rpp.ricoh-usa.com/help/index.jsp

Advanced Function Presentation (AFP)

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AFP Toolbox User's Guide	S544-5292
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Architecture	
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Graphics Object Content Architecture for Advanced Function Presentation Reference	AFPC-0008
Image Object Content Architecture Reference	AFPC-0003
Intelligent Printer Data Stream Reference	AFPC-0001
Mixed Object Document Content Architecture Reference	AFPC-0004
Presentation Text Object Content Architecture Reference	SC31-6803
Fonts	·
IBM AFP Fonts: Font Samples	S544-3792
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Print Management

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	InfoPrint Manager for AIX: Procedures	G550-1066
I	InfoPrint Manager for Linux: Getting Started	G550-20263
I	InfoPrint Manager for Linux: Introduction and Planning Guide	G550-20262
I	InfoPrint Manager for Linux: Procedures	G550-20264
	InfoPrint Manager for Windows: Getting Started	G550-1072
	InfoPrint Manager for Windows: Introduction and Planning Guide	G550-1071
	InfoPrint Manager for Windows: Procedures	G550-1073
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Content Manager OnDemand

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IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand for Multiplatforms: Indexing Reference	SC18-9235	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand for Multiplatforms: Installation and Configuration Guide	SC18-9232	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand for Multiplatforms: Introduction and Planning Guide	GC18-9236	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand: Messages and Codes	SC27-1379	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand: Report Distribution Installation, Use, Reference	SC18-9233	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand: User's Guide	SC27-0836	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand for Multiplatforms: Web Enablement Kit Implementation Guide	SC18-9231	
IBM DB2 Content Manager OnDemand: Windows Client Customization Guide	SC27-0837	

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